RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §15.247(b)(4) and §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

Conducted Power Results

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)
HSDPA (BAND II)	9262	1852.40	24.61
	9400	1880.00	24.79
	9538	1907.60	24.31

Manufacturing tolerance

HSDPA (Peak Power) (BAND II)					
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		

EUT Specification

EUT	GXW Wireless Camera	
Frequency band (Operating)	 WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5825GHz Bluetooth: 2.402GHz~ 2.480GHz UMTS Band II/GSM1900: 1850MHz~1910MHz UMTS Band V/GSM850: 824MHz~849MHz Others _ 	
Device category	Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others	
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure $(S = 5mW/cm^2)$ Seneral Population/Uncontrolled exposure $(S=1mW/cm^2)$	
Duty Cycle	100%	
Antenna diversity	 Single antenna Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity 	
Max. output power (Including turn tolerance)	24.0dBm (251.189mW)	
Antenna gain (Max)	-2dBi (Numeric gain: 0.63)	
Evaluation applied	✓ MPE Evaluation✓ SAR Evaluation	
Note:		
maximum antenna gain is -		
. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum		
separation generally be used MPE distance would be less	l is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the er.	

TEST RESULT

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given
$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4\Pi d^2}$$

Equation 1

Where d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT Output Power=251.189mW

Numeric antenna gain=1.58

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d=20 cm into *Equation 1*:

Fields

The power density $S = 251.189 \times 1.58 / (4 \Pi \times 400) \text{ cm}^2 = 7.90 * \text{e}^{-2} \text{mW/cm}^2$

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is $1.0 \, mW/cm^2$ even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)