

FCC §15.247(i) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)**Standard Applicable**

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), §2.1091, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

| Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (A/m) | Power Density (mw/cm ²) | Averaging Time (Minutes) |
| 0.3-1.34 | 614 | 1.63 | *(100) | 30 |
| 1.34-30 | 824/f | 2.19/f | *(180/f ²) | 30 |
| 30-300 | 27.5 | 0.073 | 0.2 | 30 |
| 300-1500 | / | / | f/1500 | 30 |
| 1500-100,000 | / | / | 1.0 | 30 |

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Test Data

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where:

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally **numeric** gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

802.11b Mode

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): 18.21

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 66.222

Prediction distance (cm): 20

Prediction frequency (MHz): 2412

Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 2.2

Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 1.66

The worst case is power density at predication frequency at 20 cm (mW/cm²): 0.0219

MPE limit for general population exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²): 1.0

802.11g Mode

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): 14.58
Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 28.708
Prediction distance (cm): 20
Prediction frequency (MHz): 2437
Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 2.2
Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 1.66
The worst case is power density at predication frequency at 20 cm (mW/cm²): 0.0095
MPE limit for general population exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²): 1.0

802.11 n20 Mode

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): 17.36
Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 54.450
Prediction distance (cm): 20
Prediction frequency (MHz): 2412
Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 2.2
Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 1.66
The worst case is power density at predication frequency at 20 cm (mW/cm²): 0.0180
MPE limit for general population exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²): 1.0

802.11 n40 Mode

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): 16.89
Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 48.865
Prediction distance (cm): 20
Prediction frequency (MHz): 2412
Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 2.2
Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 1.66
The worst case is power density at predication frequency at 20 cm (mW/cm²): 0.0161
MPE limit for general population exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²): 1.0

Result:

The predicted power density level at 20 cm is 0.0219 mw/cm² for 802.11b, 0.0095 mw/cm² for 802.11g, 0.0180 mw/cm² for 802.11n20 and 0.0161 mw/cm² for 802.11n40 which is below the uncontrolled exposure limit of 1.0 mw/cm². The EUT is used at least 20 cm away from user's body. It is determined as mobile equipment and complies with the MPE limit.