



中认信通

CHINA CERTIFICATION ICT CO., LTD (DONGGUAN)



TEST REPORT

Applicant: SHENZHEN TENDA TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

Address: 6-8 Floor, Tower E3, No. 1001, Zhongshanyuan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China. 518052

FCC ID: V7TRX2

Product Name: Dual-Band Gigabit Wi-Fi 6 Router

Model Number: RX2, TX2

Standard(s): 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C(15.247)
ANSI C63.10-2013
KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

The above equipment has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

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Reviewed By: Sun Zhong

Sun Zhong

Title: Manager

Test Laboratory: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan,
Guangdong, China

Tel: +86-769-82016888

Test Facility

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0123.

Declarations

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol “▲”. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	CR221156529-00A	Original Report	2022/12/15
2.0	CR221156529-00AM1	Sections 4.3 to 4.8 Retest	2023/2/28

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	Dual-Band Gigabit Wi-Fi 6 Router
EUT Model:	RX2
Multiple Models:	TX2
Operation Frequency:	2412-2462 MHz(802.11b/g/n ht20) 2422-2452 MHz(802.11n ht40)
Maximum Peak Output Power (Conducted):	21.12 dBm
Modulation Type:	802.11b:DSSS-DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK 802.11g/n:OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 12V from adapter
Serial Number:	1RR1
EUT Received Date:	2022/12/15
EUT Received Status:	Good
Note: The Multiple models are electrically identical with the test model. Please refer to the declaration letter for more detail, which was provided by manufacturer.	

Operation Frequency Detail: For 802.11b/g/n ht20:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437	/	/
Per section 15.31(m), the below frequencies were performed the test as below:			
Test Channel		Frequency (MHz)	
Lowest		2412	
Middle		2437	
Highest		2462	

For 802.11n ht40:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
3	2422	7	2442
4	2427	8	2447
5	2432	9	2452
6	2437	/	/
Per section 15.31(m), the below frequencies were performed the test as below:			
Test Channel		Frequency (MHz)	
Lowest		2422	
Middle		2437	
Highest		2452	

Antenna Information Detail▲:

Antenna Chain	Manufacturer	Antenna Type	input impedance (Ohm)	Frequency Range	Antenna Gain
2.4G Chain 0	Tenda	Dipole	50	2400-2500MHz	5.0 dBi
2.4G Chain 1	Tenda	Dipole	50	2400-2500MHz	5.0 dBi

The Method of §15.203 Compliance:

- ☒ Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- ☐ Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- ☐ Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Accessory Information:

Accessory Description	Manufacturer	Model	Parameters
Adapter	SHENZHEN HEWEISHUN NETWORK TECHNOLOGY CO.,CTD.	BN073-A12012U	Input:100-240V, 50~60Hz,0.4A Output:12V,1A

1.2 Description of Test Configuration

1.2.1 EUT Operation Condition:

EUT Operation Mode:		The system was configured for testing in Engineering Mode, which was provided by the manufacturer.			
Equipment Modifications:		No			
EUT Exercise Software:		MP_TEST			
The software was provided by manufacturer. The maximum power was configured as below, that was provided by the manufacturer ▲ :					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Power Level Setting	
				Chain 0	Chain 1
802.11b	Lowest	2412	1Mbps	105	100
	Middle	2437	1Mbps	103	105
	Highest	2462	1Mbps	105	105
802.11g	Lowest	2412	6Mbps	90	95
	Middle	2437	6Mbps	95	95
	Highest	2462	6Mbps	65	86
802.11n ht20	Lowest	2412	MCS0	80	80
	Middle	2437	MCS0	80	80
	Highest	2462	MCS0	80	80
802.11n ht40	Lowest	2422	MCS0	80	80
	Middle	2437	MCS0	80	80
	Highest	2452	MCS0	80	80
Note: 1. The above are the worst-case data rates, which are determined for each mode based upon investigations by measuring the average power and PSD across all data rates, bandwidths, and modulations. 2. The device supports SISO in all modes, and MIMO 2T2R in 802.11n modes, per pretest, 2T2R mode was the worst mode and reported for 802.11n modes. 3. The system supports Beamforming and Non-beamforming modes at 802.11n modes. The two modes have same output power, and the Beamforming gain is 3 dBi ▲, which are declared by manufacturer. Therefore, the all RF conducted test were performed at Non-beamforming mode only.					

1.2.2 Support Equipment List and Details

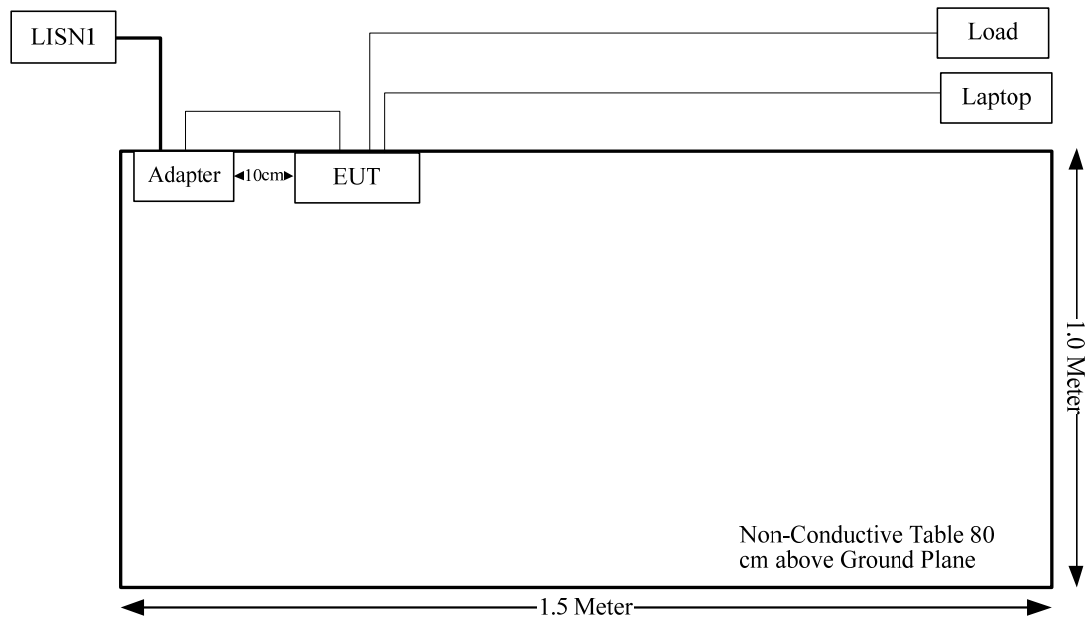
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Lenovo	Laptop	T460S	60PDTEK8
Unknown	Load	Load-1	Load-1

1.2.3 Support Cable List and Details

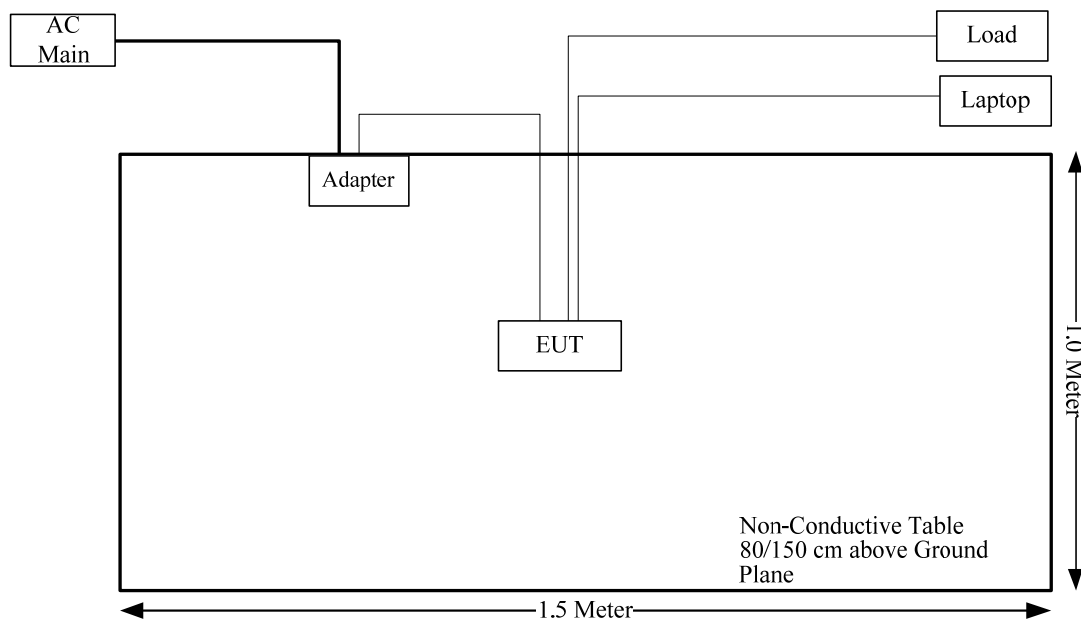
Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length (m)	From Port	To
RJ45 Cable	Yes	No	5	EUT	Laptop
RJ45 Cable*3	Yes	No	5	EUT	Load
DC Cable	No	No	1.2	Adapter	EUT

1.2.4 Block Diagram of Test Setup

AC line conducted emissions:



Spurious Emissions:



1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	30M~200MHz: 4.15 dB,200M~1GHz: 5.61 dB,1G~6GHz: 5.14 dB, 6G~18GHz: 5.93 dB,18G~26.5G:5.47 dB,26.5G~40G:5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.26 dB
Temperature	±1°C
Humidity	±5%
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.4%
Duty Cycle	1%
AC Power Lines Conducted Emission	2.8 dB (150 kHz to 30 MHz)

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Standard(s) Section	Test Items	Result
§15.207(a)	AC line conducted emissions	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.247 (i) & §1.1307 & §2.1091	RF Exposure Evaluation	Compliant

3. REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

3.1 AC Line Conducted Emissions

3.1.1 Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207(a).

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

(b) The limit shown in paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to carrier current systems operating as intentional radiators on frequencies below 30 MHz. In lieu thereof, these carrier current systems shall be subject to the following standards:

(1) For carrier current system containing their fundamental emission within the frequency band 535-1705 kHz and intended to be received using a standard AM broadcast receiver: no limit on conducted emissions.

(2) For all other carrier current systems: 1000 μ V within the frequency band 535-1705 kHz, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms LISN.

(3) Carrier current systems operating below 30 MHz are also subject to the radiated emission limits in §15.205, §15.209, §15.221, §15.223, or §15.227, as appropriate.

(c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

3.1.2 EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
 2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The adapter or EUT was connected to the main LISN with a 120 V/60 Hz AC power source.

3.1.3 EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

3.1.4 Test Procedure

The frequency and amplitude of the six highest ac power-line conducted emissions relative to the limit, measured over all the current-carrying conductors of the EUT power cords, and the operating frequency or frequency to which the EUT is tuned (if appropriate), should be reported, unless such emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit. AC power-line conducted emissions measurements are to be separately carried out only on each of the phase (“hot”) line(s) and (if used) on the neutral line(s), but not on the ground [protective earth] line(s). If less than six emission frequencies are within 20 dB of the limit, then the noise level of the measuring instrument at representative frequencies should be reported. The specific conductor of the power-line cord for each of the reported emissions should be identified. Measure the six highest emissions with respect to the limit on each current-carrying conductor of each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the power cords of associated or peripheral equipment that are part of the test configuration). Then, report the six highest emissions with respect to the limit from among all the measurements identifying the frequency and specific current-carrying conductor identified with the emission. The six highest emissions should be reported for each of the current-carrying conductors, or the six highest emissions may be reported over all the current-carrying conductors.

3.1.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Factor

Factor = attenuation caused by cable loss + voltage division factor of AMN

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Result

3.2 Radiation Spurious Emissions

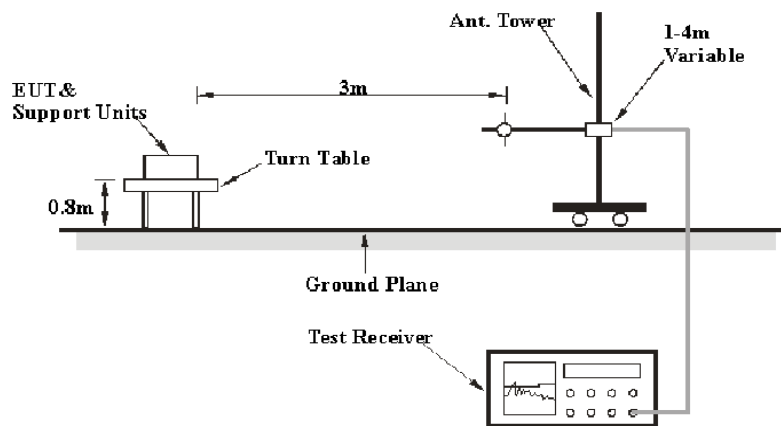
3.2.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (d);

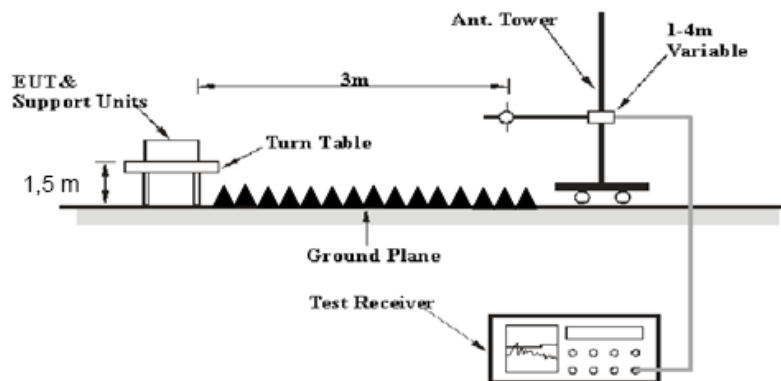
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

3.2.2 EUT Setup

Below 1GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emissions were performed in the 3 meters distance, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

3.2.3 EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

30MHz-1000MHz:

Measurement	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W
QP	120 kHz	300 kHz	120kHz

1GHz- 25GHz:

Measurement	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W
PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz
AV	>98%	1MHz	10 Hz
	<98%	1MHz	1/T

Note: T is minimum transmission duration

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

3.2.4 Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

3.2.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Factor

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss- Amplifier Gain

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Result

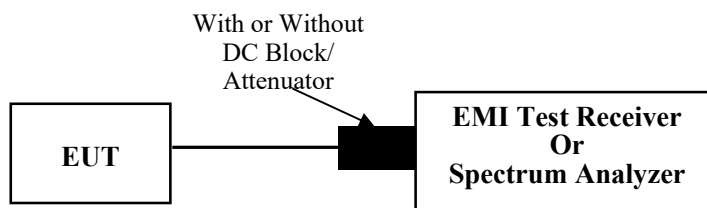
3.3 6 dB Emission Bandwidth:

3.3.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (a)(2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

3.3.2 EUT Setup



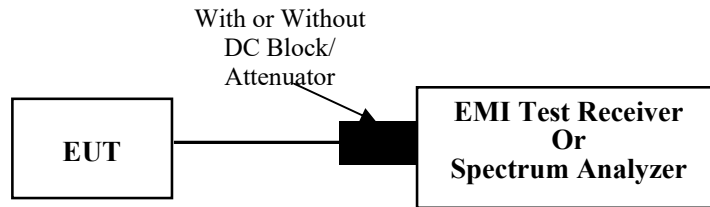
3.3.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.8

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

3.4 99% Occupied Bandwidth:

3.4.1 EUT Setup



3.4.2 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.9.3

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

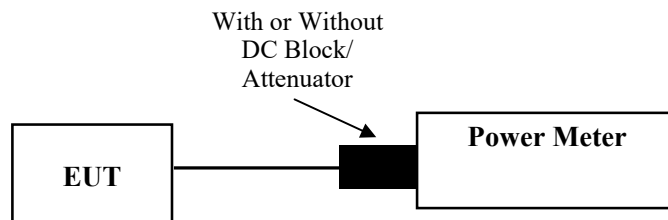
3.5 Maximum conducted output power:

3.5.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (b)(3)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

3.5.2 EUT Setup



3.5.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.9.2.3.2

Method AVGPM-G is a measurement using a gated RF average power meter.

Alternatively, measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Because the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

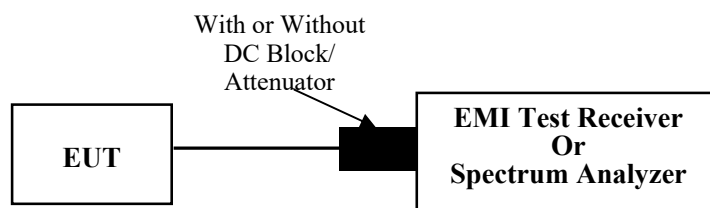
3.6 Maximum power spectral density:

3.6.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

3.6.2 EUT Setup



3.6.3 Test Procedure

When Duty cycle $\geq 98\%$

Method AVGPS-1 uses trace averaging with EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep.

The following procedure may be used when the maximum (average) conducted output power was used to determine compliance to the fundamental output power limit. This is the baseline method for determining the maximum (average) conducted PSD level. If the instrument has a power averaging (rms) detector, then it must be used; otherwise, use the sample detector. The EUT must be configured to transmit continuously ($D \geq 98\%$), or else sweep triggering/signal gating must be implemented to ensure that measurements are made only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level (no transmitter OFF time to be considered):

- Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- Detector = power averaging (rms) or sample detector (when rms not available).
- Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$.
- Sweep time = auto couple.
- Employ trace averaging (rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- If the measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).

When Duty cycle <98%

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.10.7

Method AVGPSSD-3 uses rms detection across ON and OFF times of the EUT with max hold.

The following procedure is applicable when the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., $D < 98\%$), when sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be used to measure only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level, and when the transmission duty cycle is not constant (i.e., duty cycle variations exceed $\pm 2\%$):

- a) Set the instrument span to a minimum of 1.5 times the OBW.
- b) Set sweep trigger to "free run."
- c) Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- d) Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- e) Number of points in sweep $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq \text{RBW} / 2$, so that narrow band signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- f) Sweep time $\leq (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times T$, where T is defined in 11.6.
- g) Detector = RMS (power averaging).
- h) Trace mode = max hold.
- i) Allow max hold to run for at least 60 s or longer as needed to allow the trace to stabilize.
- j) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
- k) If the measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).

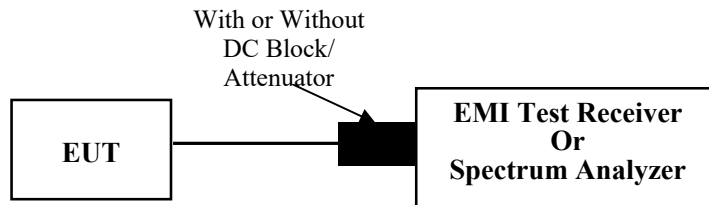
3.7 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge:

3.7.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (d);

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

3.7.2 EUT Setup



3.7.3 Test Procedure

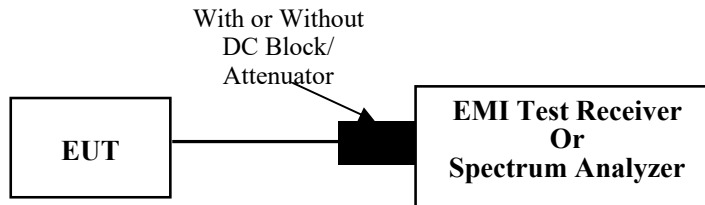
According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.11

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

3.8 Duty Cycle:

3.8.1 EUT Setup



3.8.2 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 11.6

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal:

- 1) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.
- 2) Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
- 3) Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.
- 4) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring the duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7 \mu s$.)

3.9 Antenna Requirement

3.9.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §§15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, 15.221, or §15.236. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

3.9.2 Judgment

Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Antenna Information detail in Section 1.

4. Test DATA AND RESULTS

4.1 AC Line Conducted Emissions

Serial Number:	IRR1	Test Date:	2022/11/29
Test Site:	CE	Test Mode:	Transmitting (802.11b chain 0 middle channel was the worst)
Tester:	Vic Du	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.7	Relative Humidity: (%)	68	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	100.7
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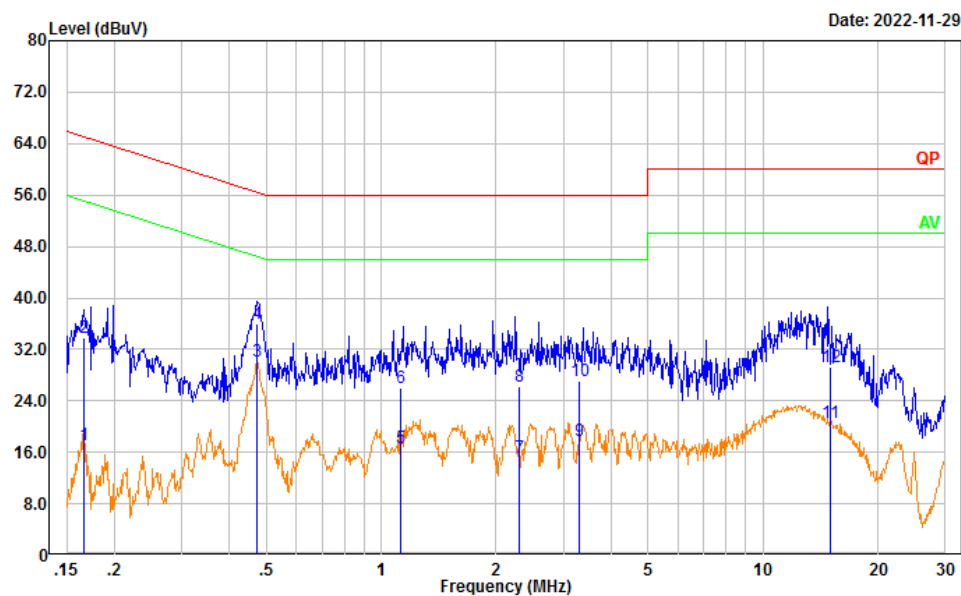
Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	LISN	ENV216	101134	2022/04/01	2023/03/31
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102726	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UTIFLEX	C-0200-01	2022/08/07	2023/08/06
Audix	Test Software	E3	190306 (V9)	N/A	N/A

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Line:

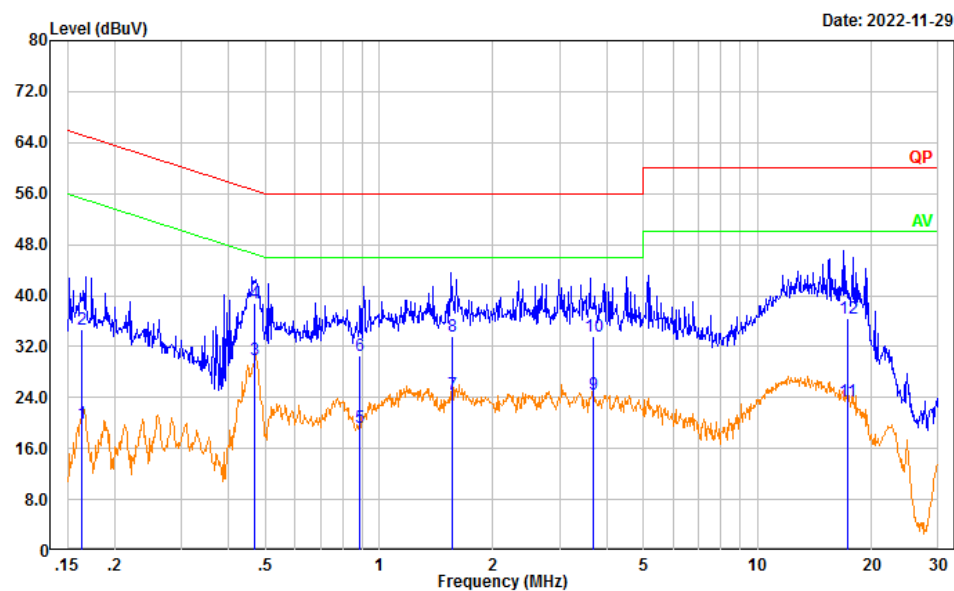
Test Mode: Transmitting
 Port: Line
 Note:



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBUV)	Limit (dBUV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.166	7.51	9.61	17.12	55.15	38.03	Average
2	0.166	24.24	9.61	33.85	65.15	31.30	QP
3	0.474	20.53	9.61	30.14	46.45	16.31	Average
4	0.474	26.44	9.61	36.05	56.45	20.40	QP
5	1.128	7.01	9.62	16.63	46.00	29.37	Average
6	1.128	16.47	9.62	26.09	56.00	29.91	QP
7	2.298	5.47	9.64	15.11	46.00	30.89	Average
8	2.298	16.51	9.64	26.15	56.00	29.85	QP
9	3.304	8.14	9.65	17.79	46.00	28.21	Average
10	3.304	17.39	9.65	27.04	56.00	28.96	QP
11	14.964	10.88	9.69	20.57	50.00	29.43	Average
12	14.964	19.56	9.69	29.25	60.00	30.75	QP

Neutral:

Test Mode: Transmitting
 Port: neutral
 Note:



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.163	10.30	9.61	19.91	55.30	35.39	Average
2	0.163	25.12	9.61	34.73	65.30	30.57	QP
3	0.469	20.37	9.61	29.98	46.53	16.55	Average
4	0.469	29.25	9.61	38.86	56.53	17.67	QP
5	0.891	9.68	9.62	19.30	46.00	26.70	Average
6	0.891	20.99	9.62	30.61	56.00	25.39	QP
7	1.564	14.86	9.63	24.49	46.00	21.51	Average
8	1.564	24.07	9.63	33.70	56.00	22.30	QP
9	3.682	14.79	9.65	24.44	46.00	21.56	Average
10	3.682	23.96	9.65	33.61	56.00	22.39	QP
11	17.286	13.83	9.69	23.52	50.00	26.48	Average
12	17.286	26.78	9.69	36.47	60.00	23.53	QP

4.2 Radiation Spurious Emissions

Serial Number:	1RR1	Test Date:	2022/12/04~2022/12/05
Test Site:	966-1, 966-2	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Carl Xue, Coco Tian	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:					
Temperature: (°C)	22.9~24.6	Relative Humidity: (%)	49	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	101.4

Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Sunol Sciences	Antenna	JB6	A082520-5	2020/10/19	2023/10/18
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102724	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
TIMES MICROWAVE	Coaxial Cable	LMR-600-UltraFlex	C-0470-02	2022/07/17	2023/07/16
TIMES MICROWAVE	Coaxial Cable	LMR-600-UltraFlex	C-0780-01	2022/07/17	2023/07/16
Sonoma	Amplifier	310N	186165	2022/07/17	2023/07/16
Audix	Test Software	E3	201021 (V9)	N/A	N/A
ETS-Lindgren	Horn Antenna	3115	9912-5985	2020/10/13	2023/10/12
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101591	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UFA210A-1-1200-70U300	217423-008	2022/08/07	2023/08/06
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UFA210A-1-2362-300300	235780-001	2022/08/07	2023/08/06
Mini	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	2022/11/09	2023/11/08
PASTERNAK	Horn Antenna	PE9852/2F-20	112002	2021/02/05	2024/02/04
AH	Preamplifier	PAM-1840VH	190	2022/11/09	2023/11/08
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	UFB142A-1-2362-200200	235772-001	2022/08/07	2023/08/06
E-Microwave	Band Rejection Filter	2400-2483.5MHz	OE01902424	2022/08/07	2023/08/06
Mini Circuits	High Pass Filter	VHF-6010+	31119	2022/08/07	2023/08/06

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

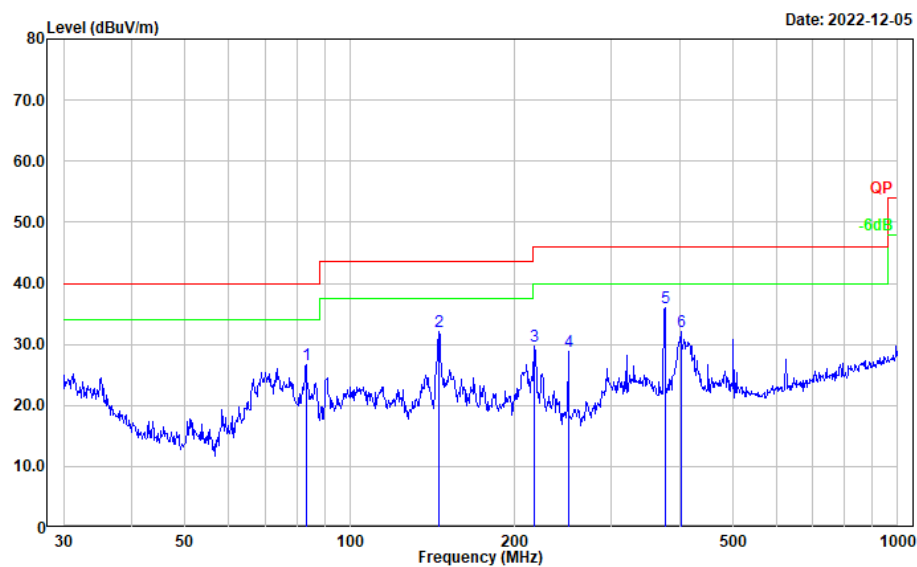
Test Data:

Please refer to the below table and plots.

Note: The device can be mounted in multiple orientations, test was performed with X,Y, Z Axis according to C63.10 figure 8, the worst orientation was photographed and it's data was recorded.

1) 30MHz-1GHz(802.11b Chain 0 Low channel was the worst)**Horizontal:**

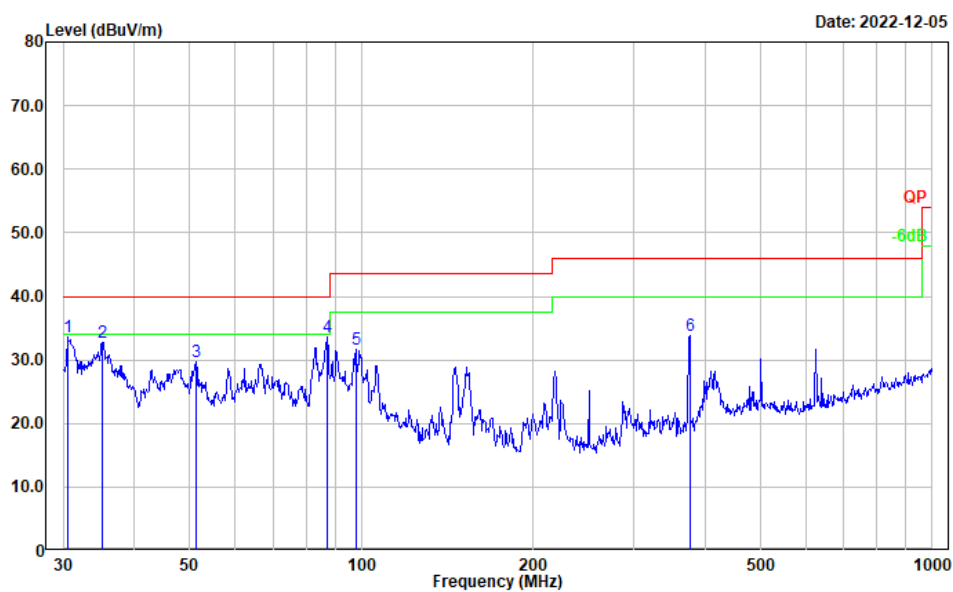
Test Mode: Transmitting
Polarization: horizontal
Note:



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	83.230	43.82	-17.23	26.59	40.00	13.41	Peak
2	145.351	44.06	-11.95	32.11	43.50	11.39	Peak
3	217.544	42.39	-12.73	29.66	46.00	16.34	Peak
4	250.301	41.94	-13.08	28.86	46.00	17.14	Peak
5	375.939	45.39	-9.29	36.10	46.00	9.90	Peak
6	401.839	40.76	-8.71	32.05	46.00	13.95	Peak

Vertical:

Test Mode: Transmitting
Polarization: vertical
Note:



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	30.531	37.55	-4.00	33.55	40.00	6.45	Peak
2	35.128	40.37	-7.58	32.79	40.00	7.21	Peak
3	51.301	46.98	-17.21	29.77	40.00	10.23	Peak
4	87.112	50.63	-17.08	33.55	40.00	6.45	Peak
5	97.798	46.43	-14.85	31.58	43.50	11.92	Peak
6	375.939	43.18	-9.29	33.89	46.00	12.11	Peak

2) 1-25GHz:**802.11b Mode, Chain 0:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector					
Low Channel: 2412 MHz							
2412.000	72.35	PK	H	31.53	103.88	N/A	N/A
2412.000	64.53	AV	H	31.53	96.06	N/A	N/A
2412.000	79.71	PK	V	31.53	111.24	N/A	N/A
2412.000	71.27	AV	V	31.53	102.80	N/A	N/A
2390.000	27.38	PK	V	31.46	58.84	74.00	15.16
2390.000	14.16	AV	V	31.46	45.62	54.00	8.38
4824.000	40.31	PK	V	10.94	51.25	74.00	22.75
4824.000	37.34	AV	V	10.94	48.28	54.00	5.72
7236.000	33.29	PK	V	14.44	47.73	74.00	26.27
7236.000	20.34	AV	V	14.44	34.78	54.00	19.22
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz							
2437.000	70.83	PK	H	31.60	102.43	N/A	N/A
2437.000	62.97	AV	H	31.60	94.57	N/A	N/A
2437.000	76.27	PK	V	31.60	107.87	N/A	N/A
2437.000	69.03	AV	V	31.60	100.63	N/A	N/A
4874.000	44.65	PK	V	11.05	55.70	74.00	18.30
4874.000	41.58	AV	V	11.05	52.63	54.00	1.37
7311.000	37.16	PK	V	14.80	51.96	74.00	22.04
7311.000	34.15	AV	V	14.80	48.95	54.00	5.05
High Channel: 2462 MHz							
2462.000	71.51	PK	H	31.63	103.14	N/A	N/A
2462.000	63.34	AV	H	31.63	94.97	N/A	N/A
2462.000	76.71	PK	V	31.63	108.34	N/A	N/A
2462.000	69.34	AV	V	31.63	100.97	N/A	N/A
2483.500	29.20	PK	V	31.64	60.84	74.00	13.16
2483.500	16.17	AV	V	31.64	47.81	54.00	6.19
4924.000	44.47	PK	V	11.18	55.65	74.00	18.35
4924.000	41.49	AV	V	11.18	52.67	54.00	1.33
7386.000	40.35	PK	V	14.89	55.24	74.00	18.76
7386.000	27.36	AV	V	14.89	42.25	54.00	11.75

802.11b Mode, Chain 1:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector					
Low Channel: 2412 MHz							
2412.000	70.78	PK	H	31.53	102.31	N/A	N/A
2412.000	62.63	AV	H	31.53	94.16	N/A	N/A
2412.000	75.98	PK	V	31.53	107.51	N/A	N/A
2412.000	68.57	AV	V	31.53	100.10	N/A	N/A
2390.000	28.25	PK	V	31.46	59.71	74.00	14.29
2390.000	15.44	AV	V	31.46	46.90	54.00	7.10
4824.000	44.63	PK	V	10.94	55.57	74.00	18.43
4824.000	41.72	AV	V	10.94	52.66	54.00	1.34
7236.000	34.54	PK	V	14.44	48.98	74.00	25.02
7236.000	21.64	AV	V	14.44	36.08	54.00	17.92
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz							
2437.000	71.15	PK	H	31.60	102.75	N/A	N/A
2437.000	63.34	AV	H	31.60	94.94	N/A	N/A
2437.000	76.59	PK	V	31.60	108.19	N/A	N/A
2437.000	69.34	AV	V	31.60	100.94	N/A	N/A
4874.000	42.38	PK	V	11.05	53.43	74.00	20.57
4874.000	38.34	AV	V	11.05	49.39	54.00	4.61
7311.000	34.58	PK	V	14.80	49.38	74.00	24.62
7311.000	24.63	AV	V	14.80	39.43	54.00	14.57
High Channel: 2462 MHz							
2462.000	71.62	PK	H	31.63	103.25	N/A	N/A
2462.000	63.71	AV	H	31.63	95.34	N/A	N/A
2462.000	76.84	PK	V	31.63	108.47	N/A	N/A
2462.000	69.86	AV	V	31.63	101.49	N/A	N/A
2483.500	29.64	PK	V	31.64	61.28	74.00	12.72
2483.500	15.86	AV	V	31.64	47.50	54.00	6.50
4924.000	39.97	PK	V	11.18	51.15	74.00	22.85
4924.000	36.25	AV	V	11.18	47.43	54.00	6.57
7386.000	34.52	PK	V	14.89	49.41	74.00	24.59
7386.000	21.34	AV	V	14.89	36.23	54.00	17.77

802.11g Mode Chain 0:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector					
Low Channel: 2412 MHz							
2412.000	68.60	PK	H	31.53	100.13	N/A	N/A
2412.000	60.47	AV	H	31.53	92.00	N/A	N/A
2412.000	74.25	PK	V	31.53	105.78	N/A	N/A
2412.000	65.84	AV	V	31.53	97.37	N/A	N/A
2390.000	37.40	PK	V	31.46	68.86	74.00	5.14
2390.000	20.96	AV	V	31.46	52.42	54.00	1.58
4824.000	38.38	PK	V	10.94	49.32	74.00	24.68
4824.000	24.95	AV	V	10.94	35.89	54.00	18.11
7236.000	34.25	PK	V	14.44	48.69	74.00	25.31
7236.000	21.64	AV	V	14.44	36.08	54.00	17.92
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz							
2437.000	72.12	PK	H	31.60	103.72	N/A	N/A
2437.000	64.13	AV	H	31.60	95.73	N/A	N/A
2437.000	75.61	PK	V	31.60	107.21	N/A	N/A
2437.000	67.52	AV	V	31.60	99.12	N/A	N/A
4874.000	38.52	PK	V	11.05	49.57	74.00	24.43
4874.000	24.68	AV	V	11.05	35.73	54.00	18.27
7311.000	34.71	PK	V	14.80	49.51	74.00	24.49
7311.000	21.83	AV	V	14.80	36.63	54.00	17.37
High Channel: 2462MHz							
2462.000	60.35	PK	H	31.63	91.98	N/A	N/A
2462.000	52.31	AV	H	31.63	83.94	N/A	N/A
2462.000	65.77	PK	V	31.63	97.40	N/A	N/A
2462.000	57.73	AV	V	31.63	89.36	N/A	N/A
2483.500	38.33	PK	V	31.64	69.97	74.00	4.03
2483.500	21.32	AV	V	31.64	52.96	54.00	1.04
4924.000	35.08	PK	V	11.18	46.26	74.00	27.74
4924.000	22.34	AV	V	11.18	33.52	54.00	20.48
7386.000	34.28	PK	V	14.89	49.17	74.00	24.83
7386.000	21.64	AV	V	14.89	36.53	54.00	17.47

802.11g Mode Chain 1:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBµV)	Detector					
Low Channel: 2412 MHz							
2412.000	72.85	PK	H	31.53	104.38	N/A	N/A
2412.000	64.98	AV	H	31.53	96.51	N/A	N/A
2412.000	76.31	PK	V	31.53	107.84	N/A	N/A
2412.000	68.37	AV	V	31.53	99.90	N/A	N/A
2390.000	35.19	PK	V	31.46	66.65	74.00	7.35
2390.000	19.44	AV	V	31.46	50.90	54.00	3.10
4824.000	34.79	PK	V	10.94	45.73	74.00	28.27
4824.000	21.35	AV	V	10.94	32.29	54.00	21.71
7236.000	33.64	PK	V	14.44	48.08	74.00	25.92
7236.000	20.43	AV	V	14.44	34.87	54.00	19.13
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz							
2437.000	74.26	PK	H	31.60	105.86	N/A	N/A
2437.000	66.53	AV	H	31.60	98.13	N/A	N/A
2437.000	77.13	PK	V	31.60	108.73	N/A	N/A
2437.000	69.04	AV	V	31.60	100.64	N/A	N/A
4874.000	37.74	PK	V	11.05	48.79	74.00	25.21
4874.000	24.11	AV	V	11.05	35.16	54.00	18.84
7311.000	34.52	PK	V	14.80	49.32	74.00	24.68
7311.000	21.35	AV	V	14.80	36.15	54.00	17.85
High Channel: 2462MHz							
2462.000	75.37	PK	H	31.63	107.00	N/A	N/A
2462.000	67.54	AV	H	31.63	99.17	N/A	N/A
2462.000	78.21	PK	V	31.63	109.84	N/A	N/A
2462.000	70.31	AV	V	31.63	101.94	N/A	N/A
2483.500	37.57	PK	V	31.64	69.21	74.00	4.79
2483.500	21.33	AV	V	31.64	52.97	54.00	1.03
4924.000	37.11	PK	V	11.18	48.29	74.00	25.71
4924.000	24.34	AV	V	11.18	35.52	54.00	18.48
7386.000	34.68	PK	V	14.89	49.57	74.00	24.43
7386.000	21.65	AV	V	14.89	36.54	54.00	17.46

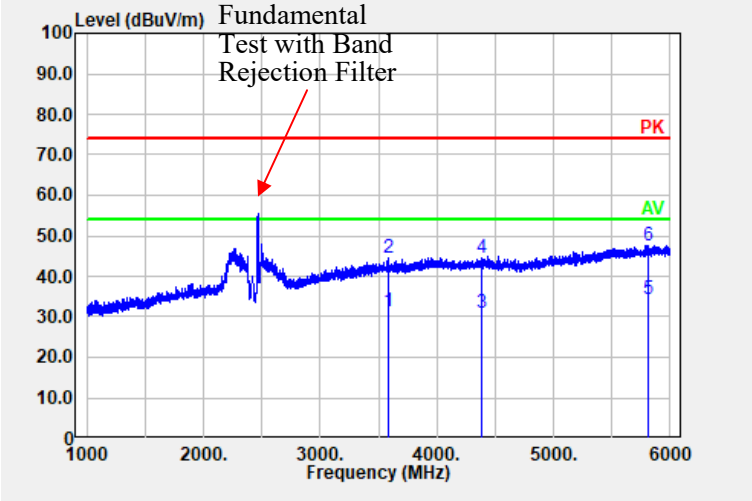
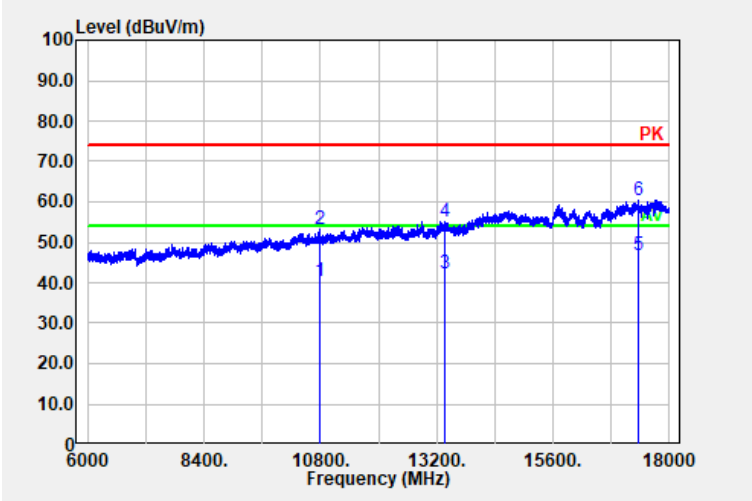
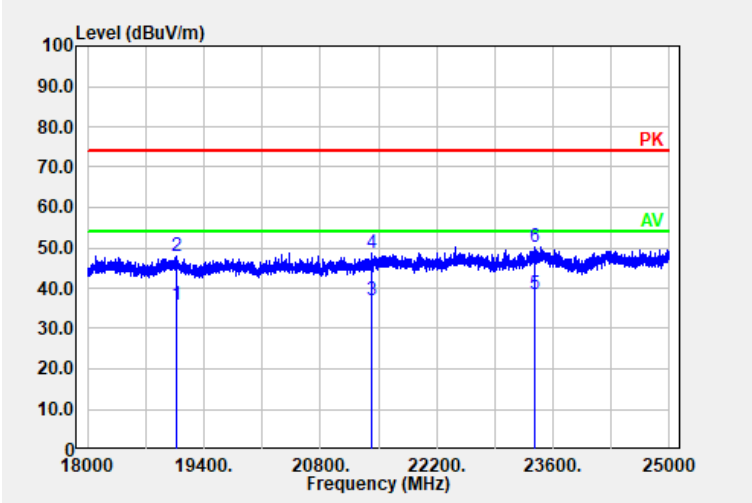
802.11n ht20 Mode(2TX Non-beamforming mode was the worst):

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector					
Low Channel: 2412 MHz							
2412.000	71.66	PK	H	31.53	103.19	N/A	N/A
2412.000	62.34	AV	H	31.53	93.87	N/A	N/A
2412.000	73.69	PK	V	31.53	105.22	N/A	N/A
2412.000	64.79	AV	V	31.53	96.32	N/A	N/A
2390.000	31.49	PK	V	31.46	62.95	74.00	11.05
2390.000	17.39	AV	V	31.46	48.85	54.00	5.15
4824.000	36.64	PK	V	10.94	47.58	74.00	26.42
4824.000	23.12	AV	V	10.94	34.06	54.00	19.94
7236.000	34.10	PK	V	14.44	48.54	74.00	25.46
7236.000	21.56	AV	V	14.44	36.00	54.00	18.00
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz							
2437.000	73.46	PK	H	31.60	105.06	N/A	N/A
2437.000	64.35	AV	H	31.60	95.95	N/A	N/A
2437.000	75.99	PK	V	31.60	107.59	N/A	N/A
2437.000	66.52	AV	V	31.60	98.12	N/A	N/A
4874.000	36.58	PK	V	11.05	47.63	74.00	26.37
4874.000	23.64	AV	V	11.05	34.69	54.00	19.31
7311.000	34.26	PK	V	14.80	49.06	74.00	24.94
7311.000	21.34	AV	V	14.80	36.14	54.00	17.86
High Channel: 2462MHz							
2462.000	73.26	PK	H	31.63	104.89	N/A	N/A
2462.000	64.58	AV	H	31.63	96.21	N/A	N/A
2462.000	75.94	PK	V	31.63	107.57	N/A	N/A
2462.000	65.46	AV	V	31.63	97.09	N/A	N/A
2483.500	28.40	PK	V	31.64	60.04	74.00	13.96
2483.500	14.17	AV	V	31.64	45.81	54.00	8.19
4924.000	34.56	PK	V	11.18	45.74	74.00	28.26
4924.000	21.64	AV	V	11.18	32.82	54.00	21.18
7386.000	33.76	PK	V	14.89	48.65	74.00	25.35
7386.000	20.84	AV	V	14.89	35.73	54.00	18.27

802.11n ht40 Mode(2TX Non-beamforming mode was the worst):

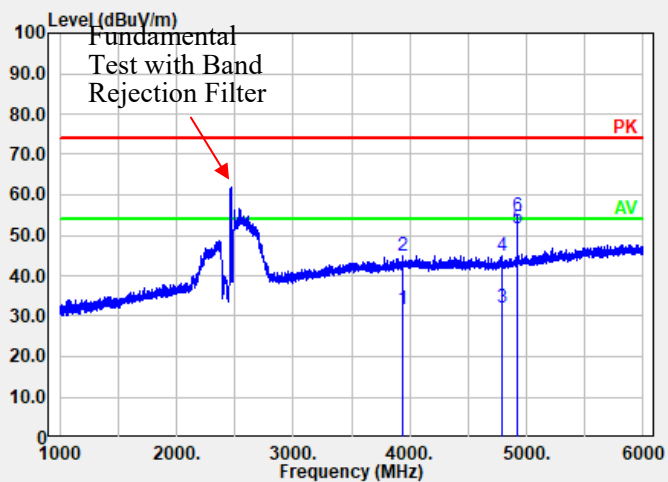
Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBµV)	Detector					
Low Channel: 2422 MHz							
2422.000	69.40	PK	H	31.56	100.96	N/A	N/A
2422.000	59.62	AV	H	31.56	91.18	N/A	N/A
2422.000	73.51	PK	V	31.56	105.07	N/A	N/A
2422.000	62.71	AV	V	31.56	94.27	N/A	N/A
2390.000	33.93	PK	V	31.46	65.39	74.00	8.61
2390.000	19.62	AV	V	31.46	51.08	54.00	2.92
4844.000	34.58	PK	V	10.96	45.54	74.00	28.46
4844.000	22.11	AV	V	10.96	33.07	54.00	20.93
7266.000	34.47	PK	V	14.63	49.10	74.00	24.90
7266.000	21.95	AV	V	14.63	36.58	54.00	17.42
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz							
2437.000	69.35	PK	H	31.60	100.95	N/A	N/A
2437.000	60.21	AV	H	31.60	91.81	N/A	N/A
2437.000	73.28	PK	V	31.60	104.88	N/A	N/A
2437.000	62.73	AV	V	31.60	94.33	N/A	N/A
4874.000	34.62	PK	V	11.05	45.67	74.00	28.33
4874.000	22.51	AV	V	11.05	33.56	54.00	20.44
7311.000	34.17	PK	V	14.80	48.97	74.00	25.03
7311.000	22.58	AV	V	14.80	37.38	54.00	16.62
High Channel: 2452MHz							
2452.000	71.07	PK	H	31.63	102.70	N/A	N/A
2452.000	60.11	AV	H	31.63	91.74	N/A	N/A
2452.000	74.16	PK	V	31.63	105.79	N/A	N/A
2452.000	62.84	AV	V	31.63	94.47	N/A	N/A
2483.500	35.26	PK	V	31.64	66.90	74.00	7.10
2483.500	21.26	AV	V	31.64	52.90	54.00	1.10
4904.000	34.25	PK	V	11.14	45.39	74.00	28.61
4904.000	22.61	AV	V	11.14	33.75	54.00	20.25
7356.000	34.57	PK	V	14.80	49.37	74.00	24.63
7356.000	23.51	AV	V	14.80	38.31	54.00	15.69

Worst Test plots(802.11b mode chain 0 High channel):

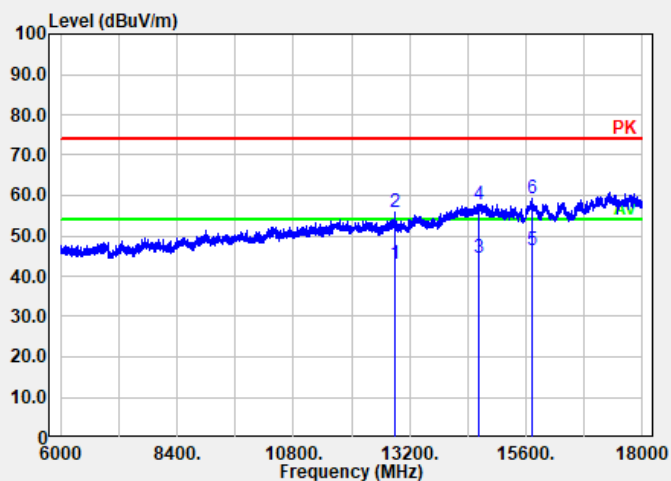
Horizontal	
1-6GHz	
6-18GHz	
18-25GHz	

Vertical

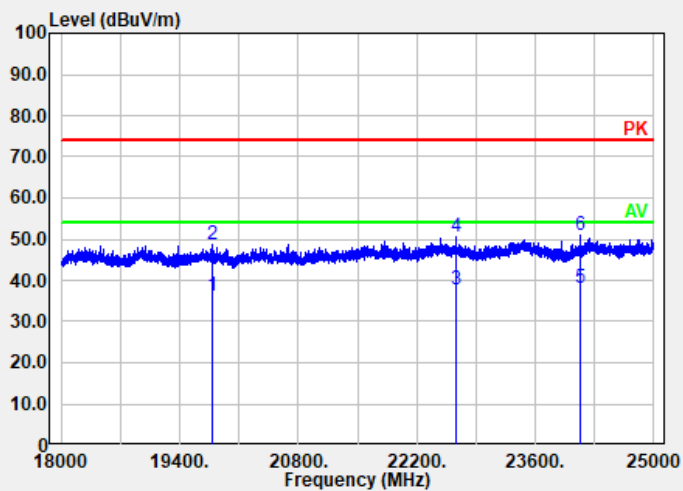
1-6GHz



6-18GHz



18-25GHz



4.3 6 dB Emission Bandwidth:

Serial Number:	1RR1	Test Date:	2023/2/28
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Julie Tan	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	39	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	102.5
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Test Equipment List and Details:

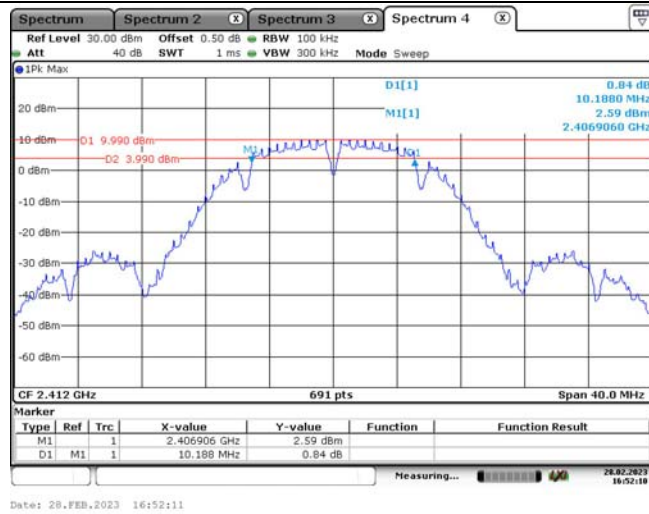
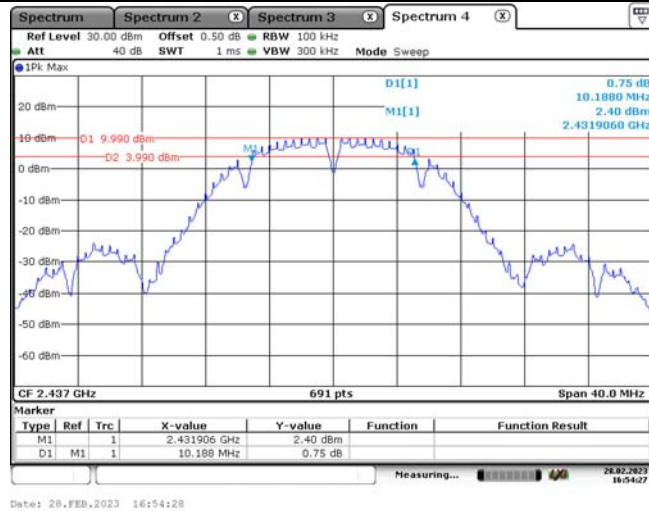
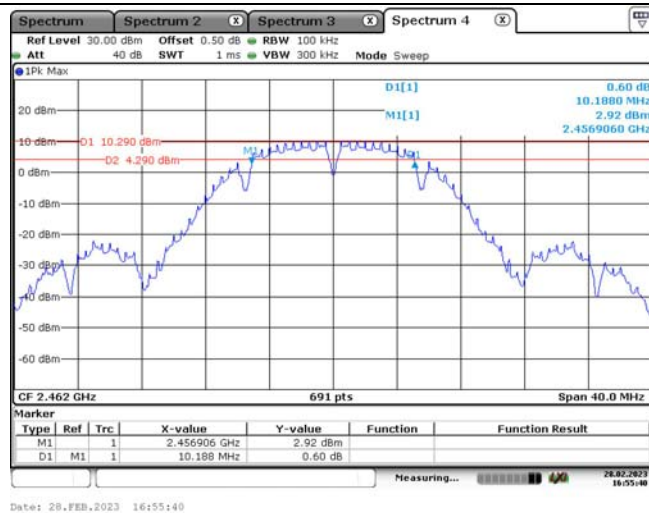
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2022/07/25	2023/07/24
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211003	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554404	Each time	N/A

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

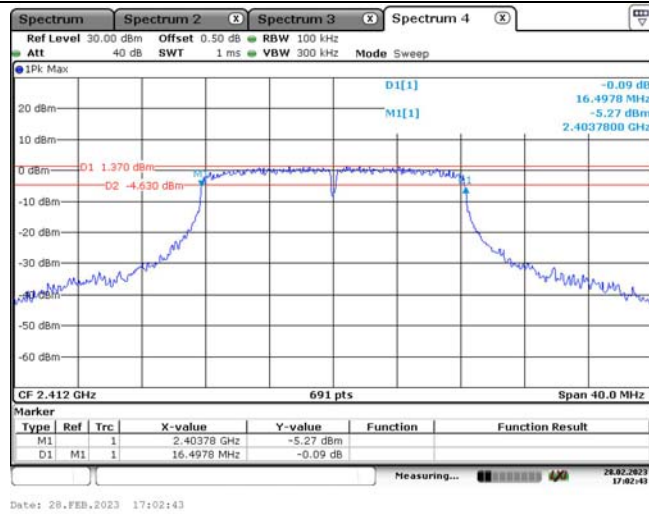
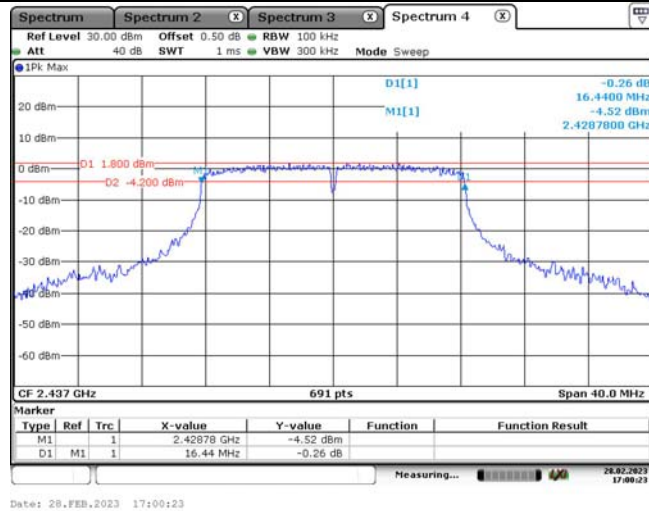
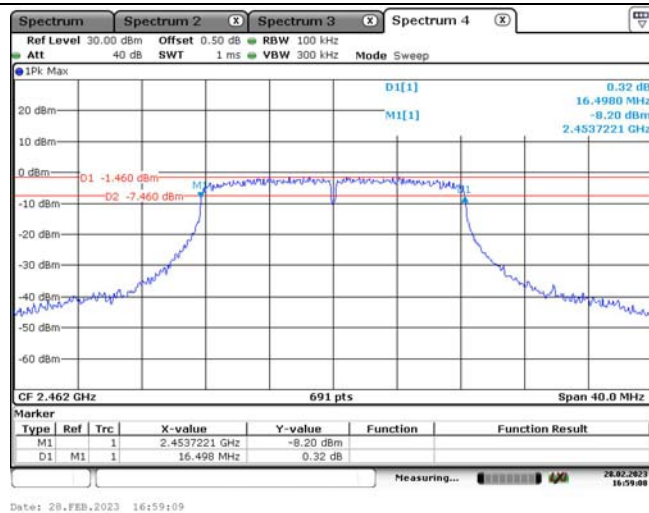
Test Data:

Test Modes	Test Frequency (MHz)	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)	
		Result	Limit
802.11b	2412	10.19	0.5
	2437	10.19	0.5
	2462	10.19	0.5
802.11g	2412	16.5	0.5
	2437	16.44	0.5
	2462	16.5	0.5
802.11n ht20	2412	17.71	0.5
	2437	17.71	0.5
	2462	17.71	0.5
802.11n ht40	2422	35.43	0.5
	2437	35.66	0.5
	2452	35.54	0.5
Note: Test only was performed at Chain 0.			

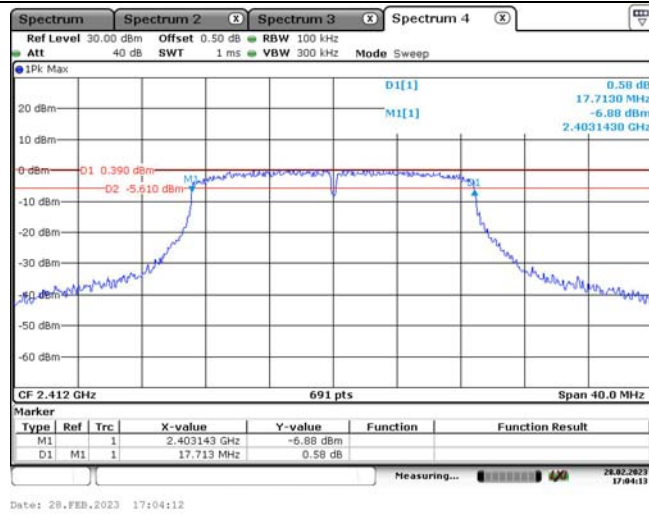
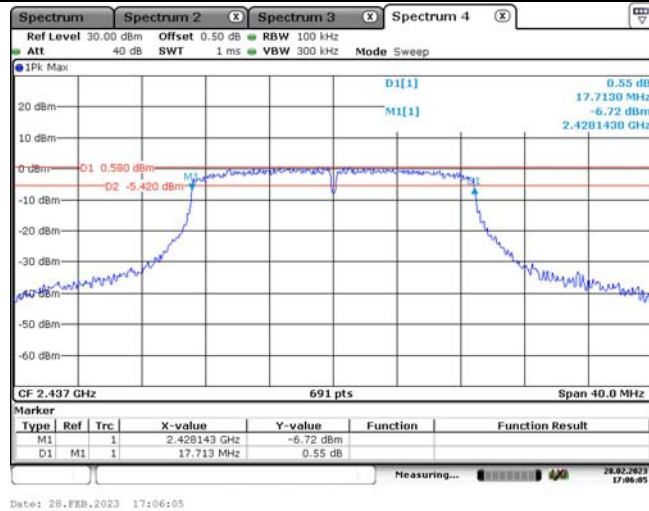
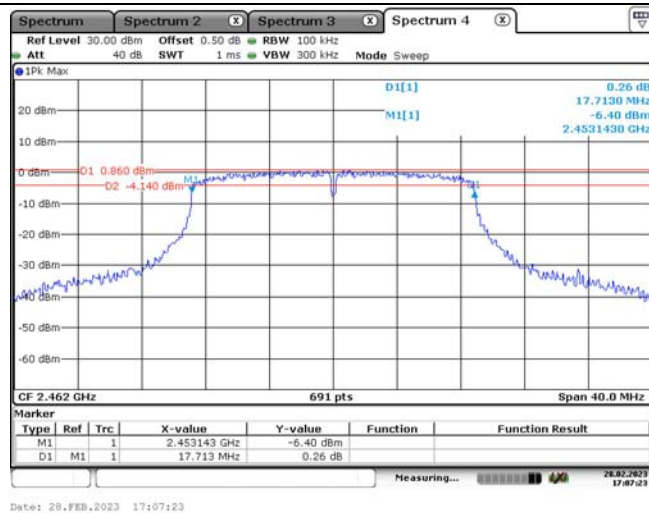
6dB Emission Bandwidth

802.11b
Lowest Channel802.11b
Middle Channel802.11b
Highest Channel

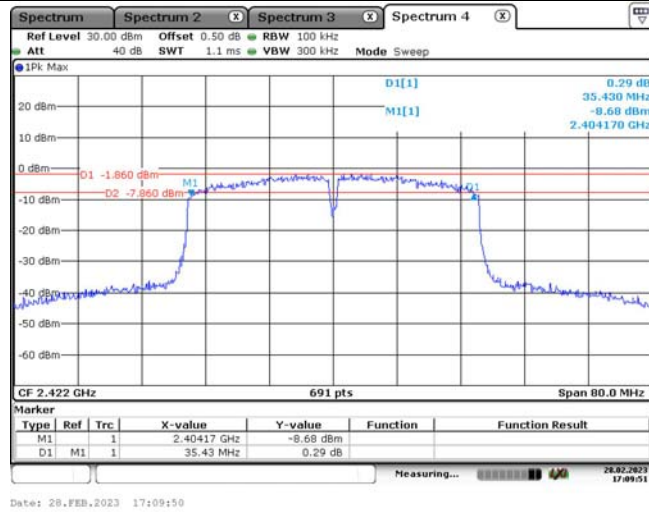
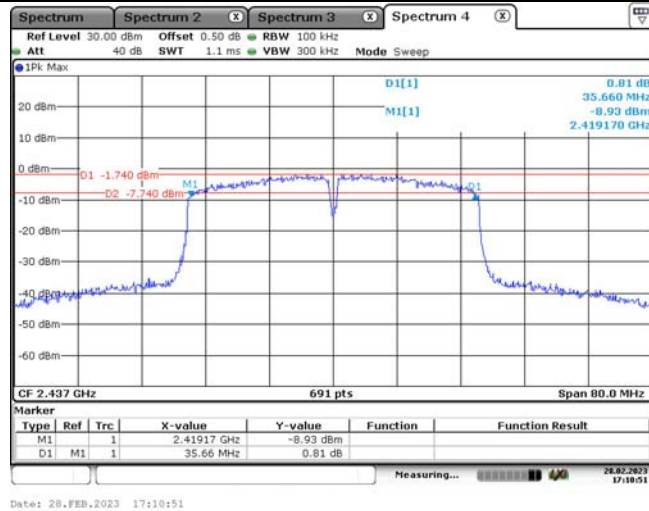
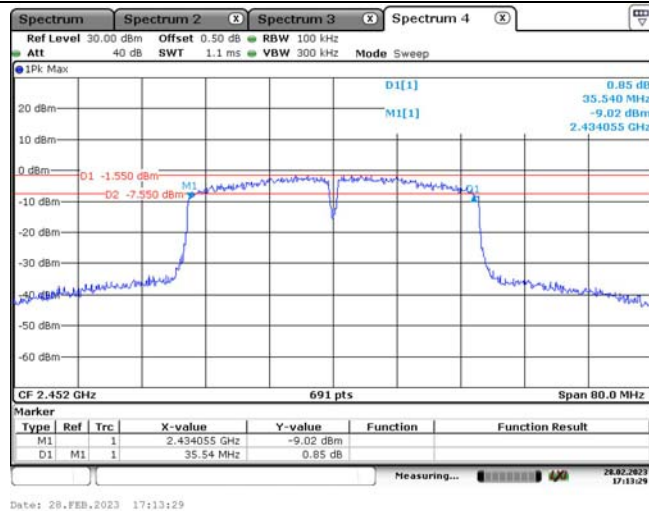
6dB Emission Bandwidth

802.11g
Lowest Channel802.11g
Middle Channel802.11g
Highest Channel

6dB Emission Bandwidth

802.11n ht20
Lowest Channel802.11n ht20
Middle Channel802.11n ht20
Highest Channel

6dB Emission Bandwidth

802.11n ht40
Lowest Channel802.11n ht40
Middle Channel802.11n ht40
Highest Channel

4.4 99% Occupied Bandwidth:

Serial Number:	1RR1	Test Date:	2023/2/28
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Julie Tan	Test Result:	N/A

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	39	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	102.5
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Test Equipment List and Details:

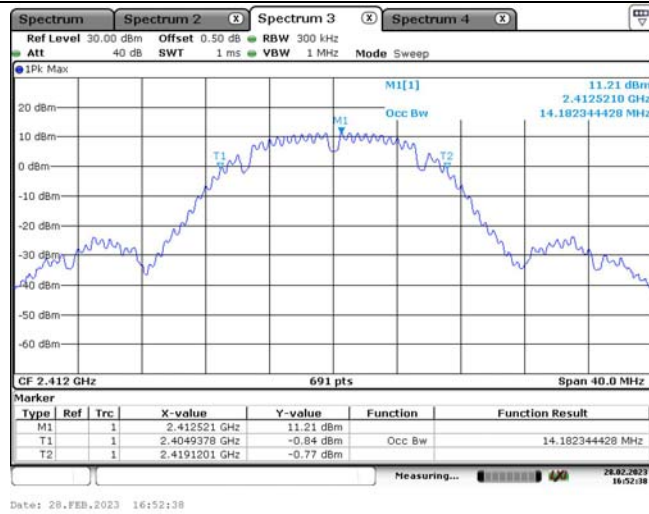
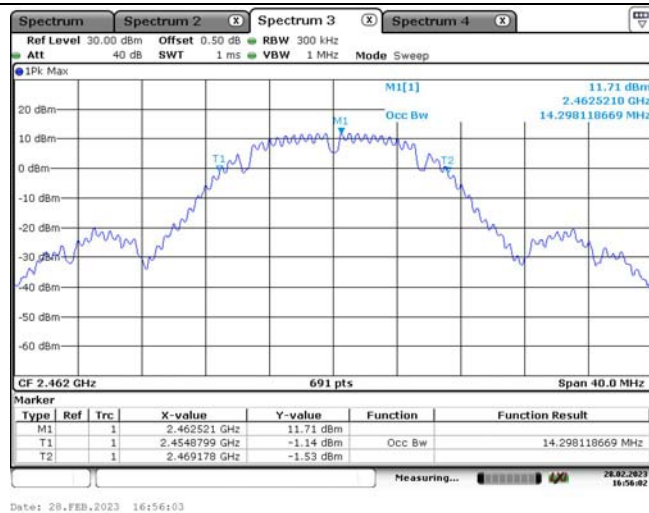
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2022/7/25	2023/7/24
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211003	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554404	Each time	N/A

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

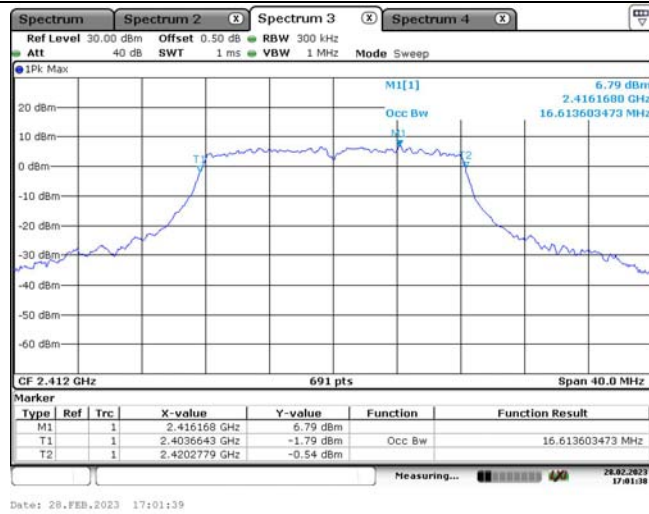
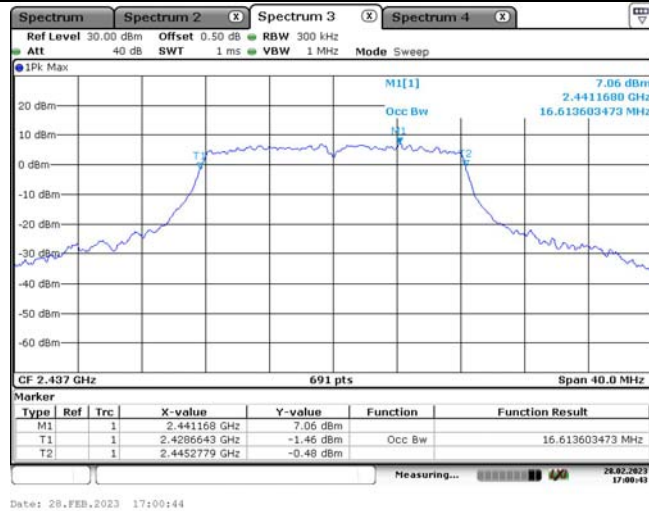
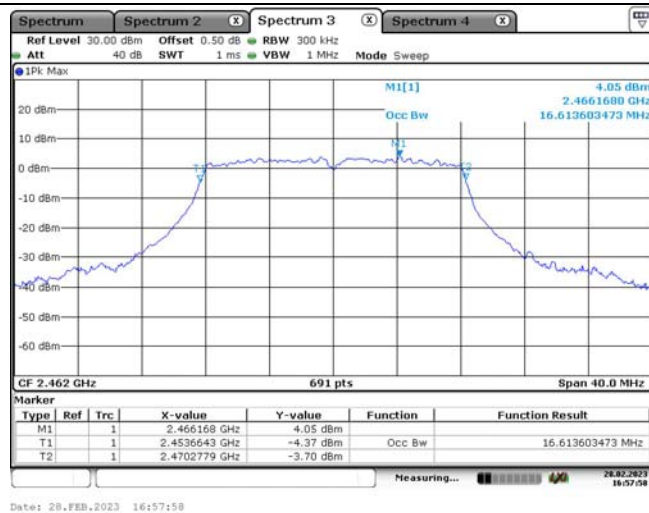
Test Data:

Test Modes	Test Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11b	Lowest	2412	14.182
	Middle	2437	14.24
	Highest	2462	14.298
802.11g	Lowest	2412	16.614
	Middle	2437	16.614
	Highest	2462	16.614
802.11n ht20	Lowest	2412	17.771
	Middle	2437	17.771
	Highest	2462	17.771
802.11n ht40	Lowest	2422	35.543
	Middle	2437	35.543
	Highest	2452	35.543
Note: Test only was performed at Chain 0.			

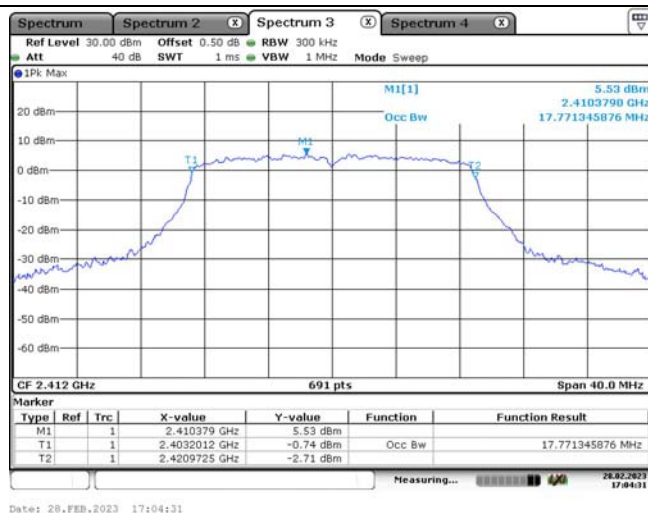
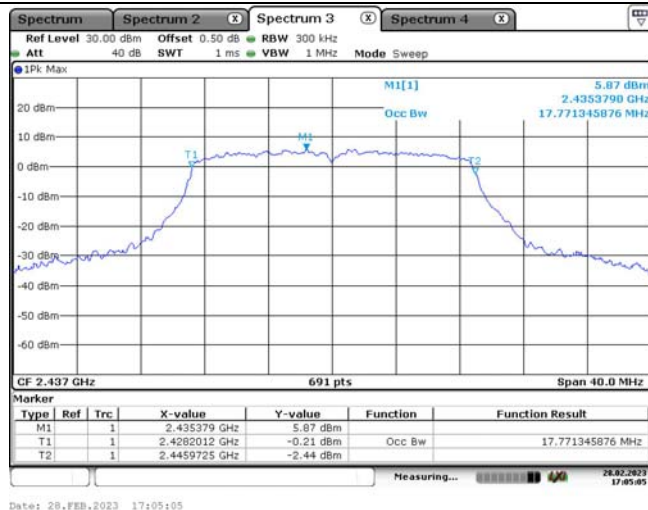
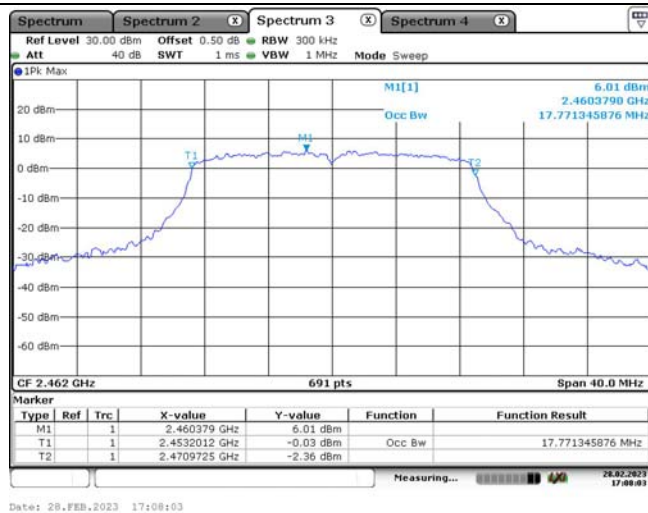
99% Occupied Bandwidth

802.11b
Lowest Channel802.11b
Middle Channel802.11b
Highest Channel

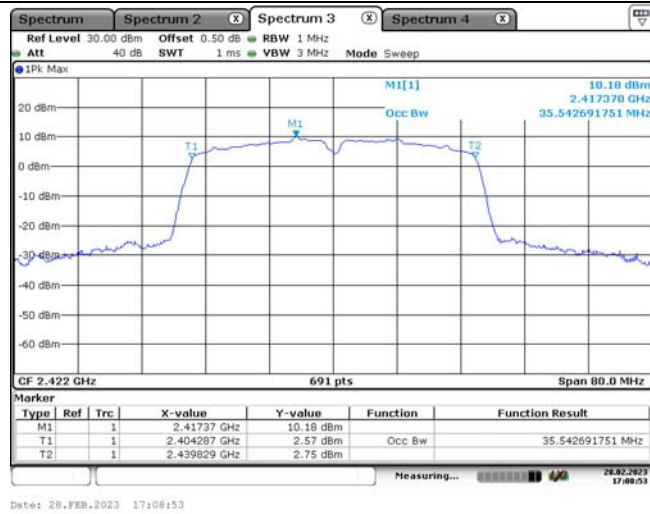
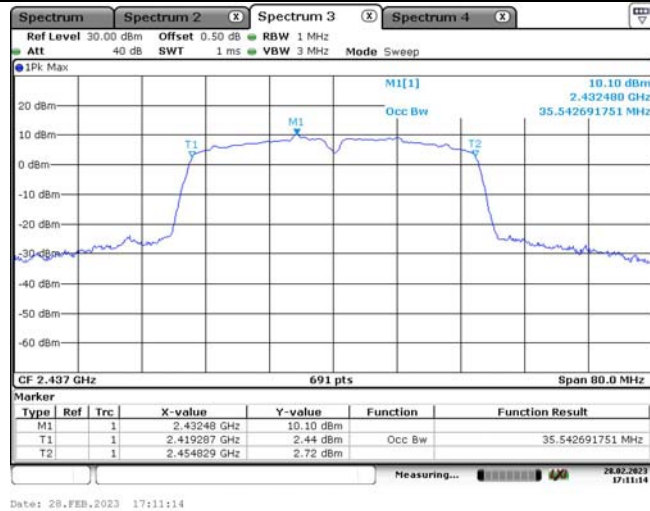
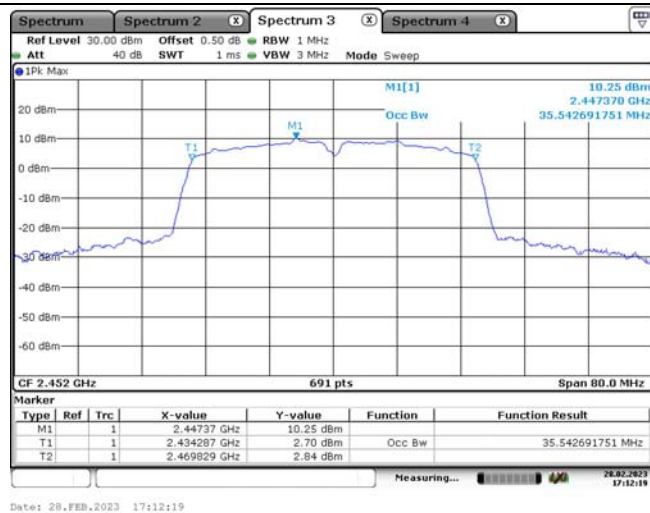
99% Occupied Bandwidth

802.11g
Lowest Channel802.11g
Middle Channel802.11g
Highest Channel

99% Occupied Bandwidth

802.11n ht20
Lowest Channel802.11n ht20
Middle Channel802.11n ht20
Highest Channel

99% Occupied Bandwidth

802.11n ht40
Lowest Channel802.11n ht40
Middle Channel802.11n ht40
Highest Channel

4.5 Maximum Conducted Output Power:

Serial Number:	1RR1	Test Date:	2023/2/28
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Julie Tan	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	39	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	102.5
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	USB Wideband Power Sensor	U2021XA	MY54080015	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211003	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554404	Each time	N/A
eastsheep	Coaxial Attenuator	2W-SMA-JK-18G	21060301	Each time	N/A

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

Test Modes	Test Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Conducted Average Output Power (dBm)			Limit (dBm)
		Chain 0	Chain 1	Total	
802.11b	2412	20.41	20.12	/	30
	2437	20.81	20.52	/	30
	2462	21.12	20.9	/	30
802.11g	2412	17.61	17.31	/	30
	2437	17.96	17.64	/	30
	2462	17.86	17.32	/	30
802.11n ht20	2412	14.36	15.15	17.78	30
	2437	14.76	15.37	18.09	30
	2462	15.13	15.44	18.30	30
802.11n ht40	2422	14.33	14.27	17.31	30
	2437	14.56	14.54	17.56	30
	2452	14.52	14.81	17.68	30

Note:

The maximum antenna gain is 5.0dBi. The device employed Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) for 802.11 MIMO transmitting, per KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01, for power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices:

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for $N_{ANT} \leq 4$;

So:

For Non-beamforming mode:

Directional gain = 5dBi

For Beamforming mode:

Directional gain = 5+3 = 8 dBi

4.6 Maximum power spectral density:

Serial Number:	1RR1	Test Date:	2023/2/28
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Julie Tan	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	39	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	102.5
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2022-07-25	2023-07-24
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211003	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554404	Each time	N/A

* Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data:

Test Modes	Test Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power Spectral Density (dBm/10kHz)			Limit (dBm/3kHz)
		Chain 0	Chain 1	Total	
802.11b	2412	-7.18	-7.03	/	8.00
	2437	-6.85	-7.01	/	8.00
	2462	-5.81	-7.14	/	8.00
802.11g	2412	-13	-13.43	/	8.00
	2437	-12.29	-12.87	/	8.00
	2462	-15.76	-11.06	/	8.00
802.11n ht20	2412	-14.45	-14.41	-11.42	3.00
	2437	-14.32	-14.36	-11.33	3.00
	2462	-13.92	-13.96	-10.93	3.00
802.11n ht40	2422	-16.43	-15.67	-13.02	3.00
	2437	-16.41	-15.79	-13.08	3.00
	2452	-16.25	-15.62	-12.91	3.00

Note 1: The maximum antenna gain is 5 dBi. And beamforming gain is 3dBi. The device employed Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) for 802.11 MIMO transmitting, per KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01, for power spectral density (PSD) measurements on the devices:

$$\text{Array Gain} = 10 \log(N_{\text{ANT}}/N_{\text{SS}}) \text{ dB.}$$

So:

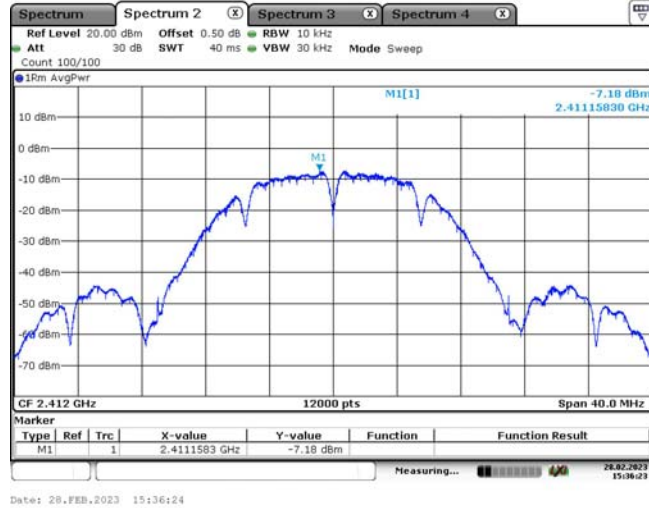
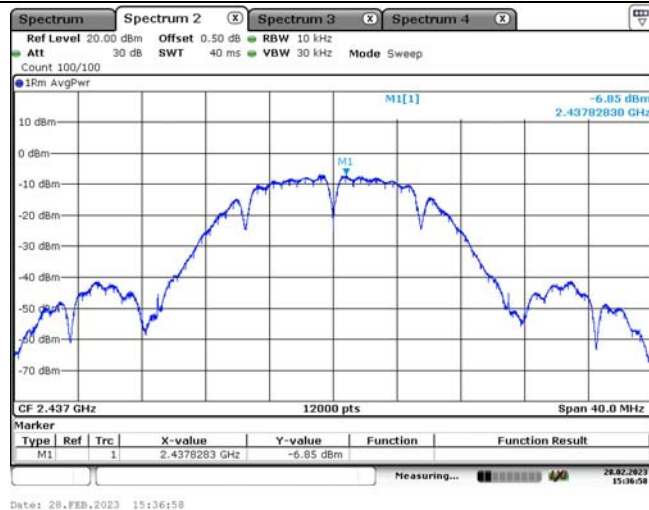
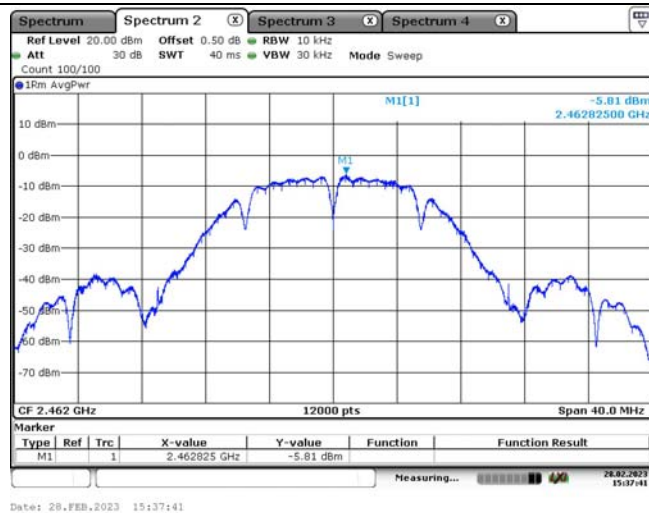
Directional gain = $G_{\text{ANT}} + \text{Array Gain} = 5 + 10 \cdot \log(2/1) = 8 \text{ dBi}$ for Non-beamforming mode

Directional gain = $G_{\text{ANT}} + \text{Array Gain} = 5 + 3 + 10 \cdot \log(2/1) = 11 \text{ dBi}$ for Beamforming mode

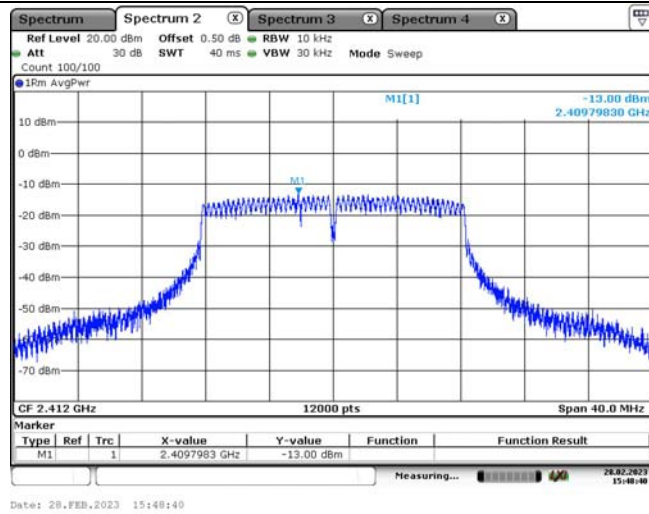
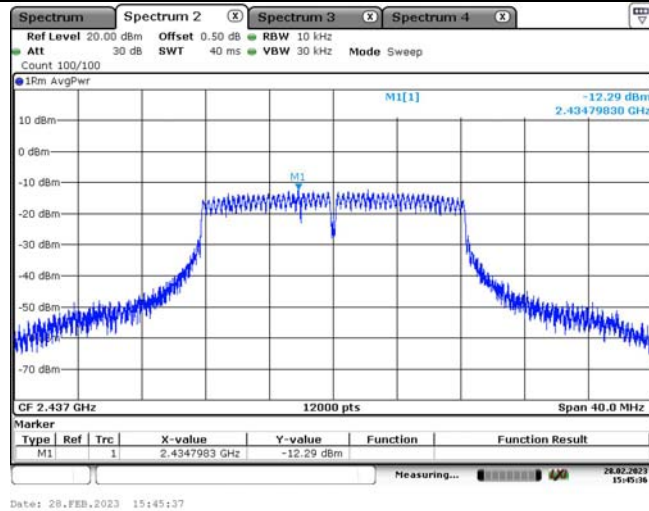
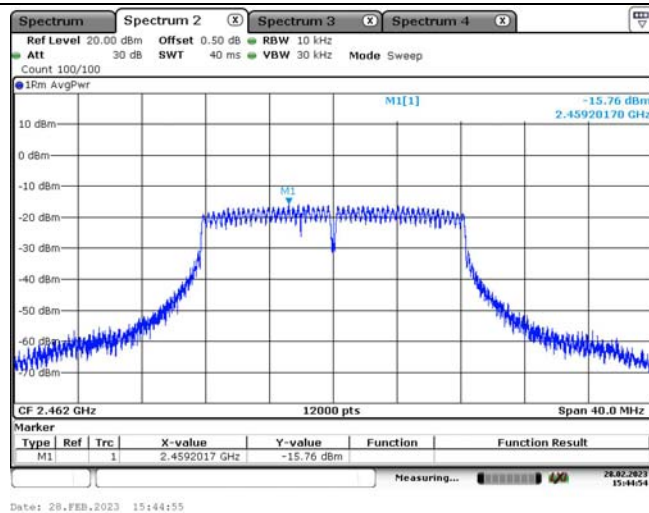
The worst limit Beamforming mode was used in the table.

Chain 0:

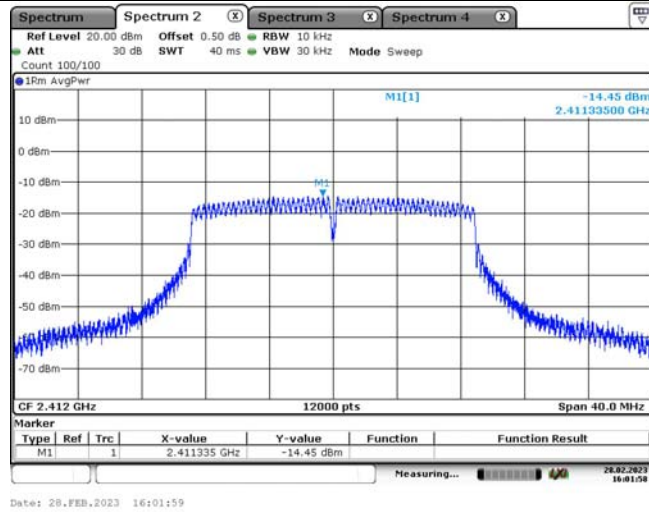
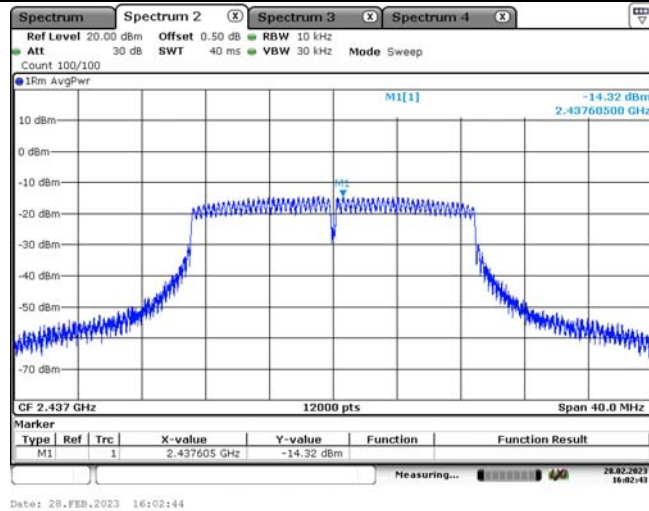
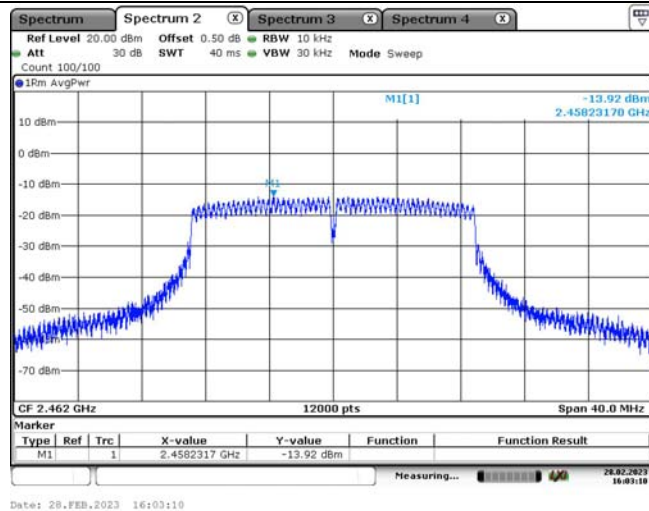
Maximum power spectral density

802.11b
Lowest Channel802.11b
Middle Channel802.11b
Highest Channel

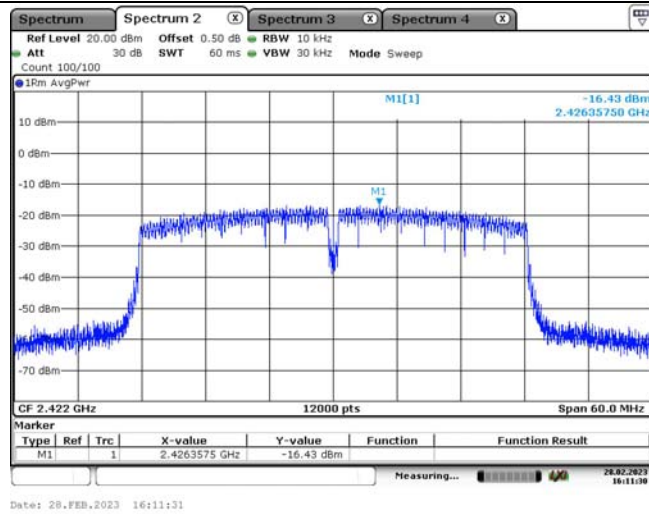
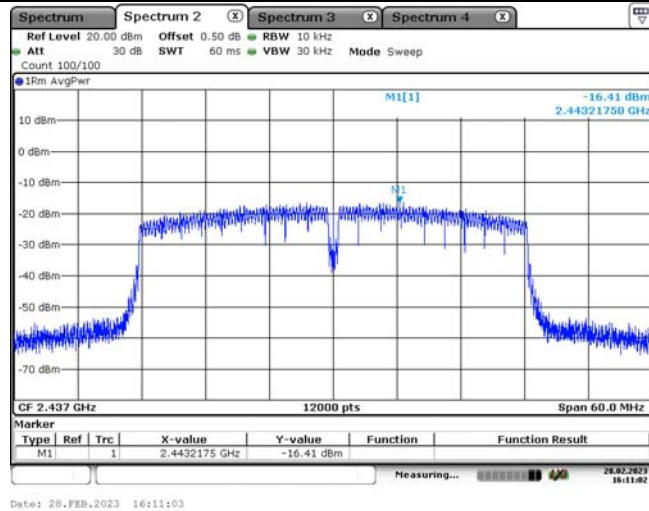
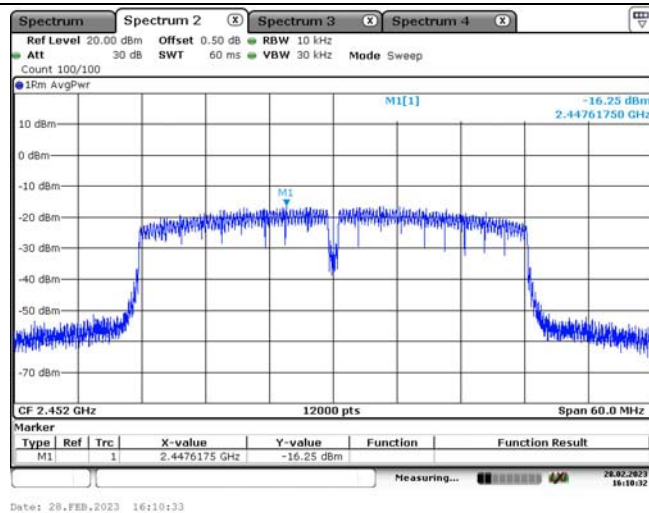
Maximum power spectral density

802.11g
Lowest Channel802.11g
Middle Channel802.11g
Highest Channel

Maximum power spectral density

802.11n ht20
Lowest Channel802.11n ht20
Middle Channel802.11n ht20
Highest Channel

Maximum power spectral density

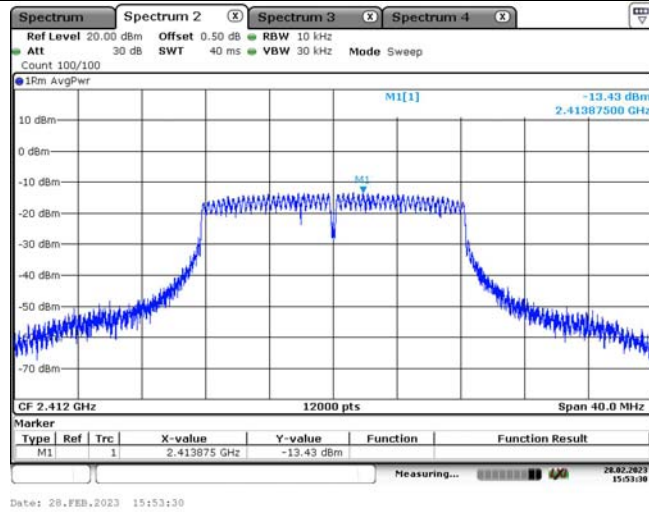
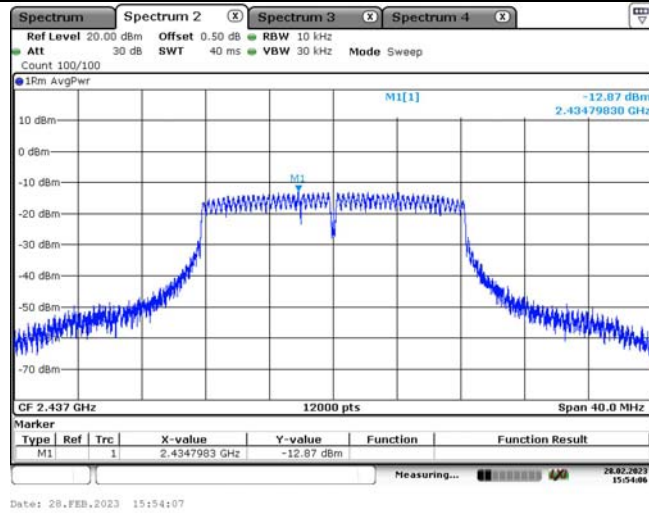
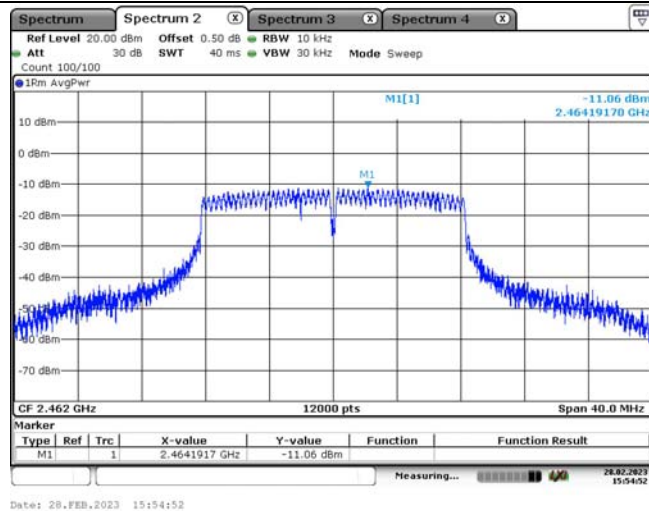
802.11n ht40
Lowest Channel802.11n ht40
Middle Channel802.11n ht40
Highest Channel

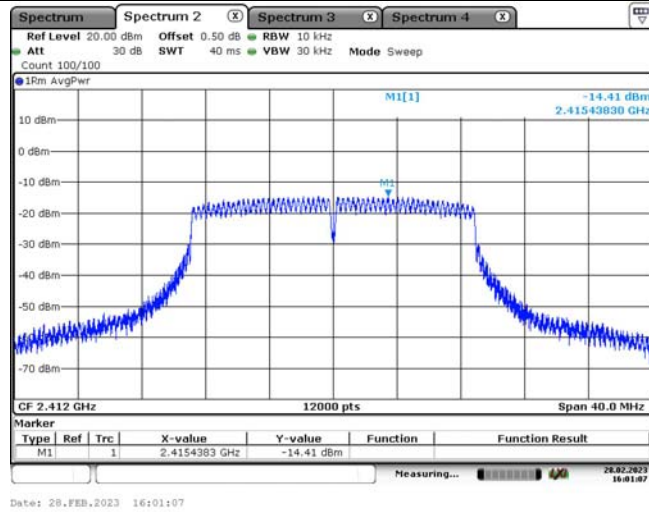
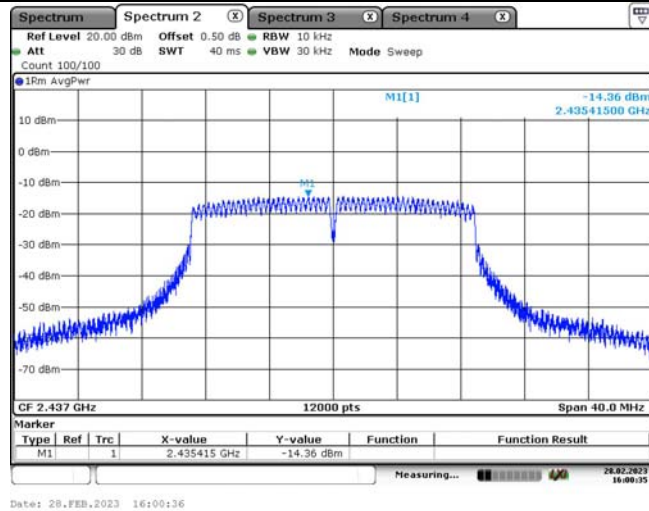
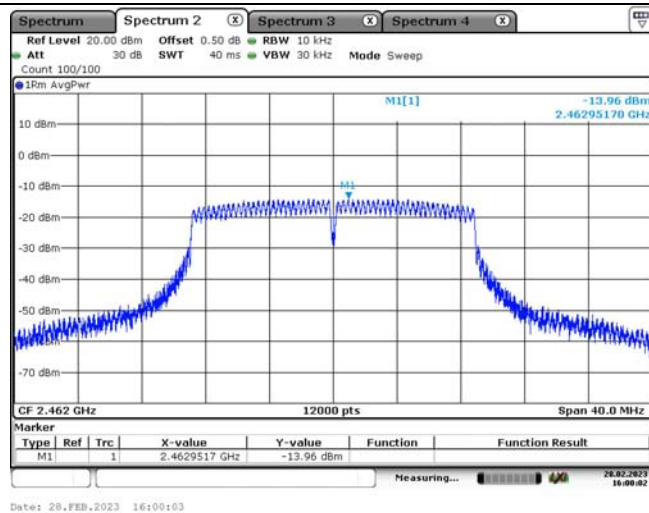
Chain 1:

Maximum power spectral density

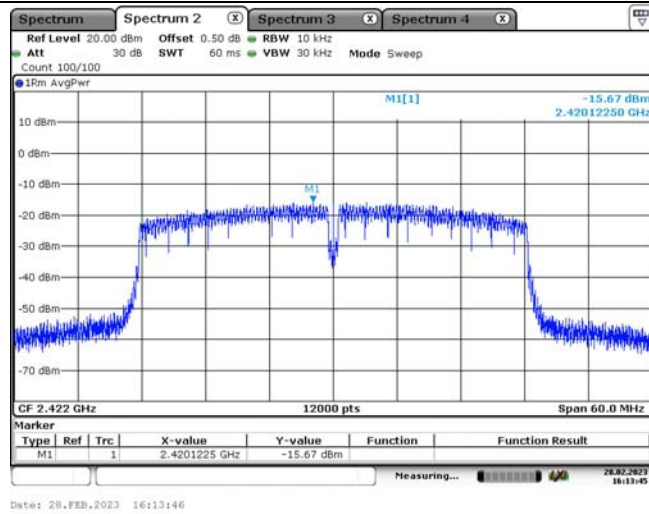
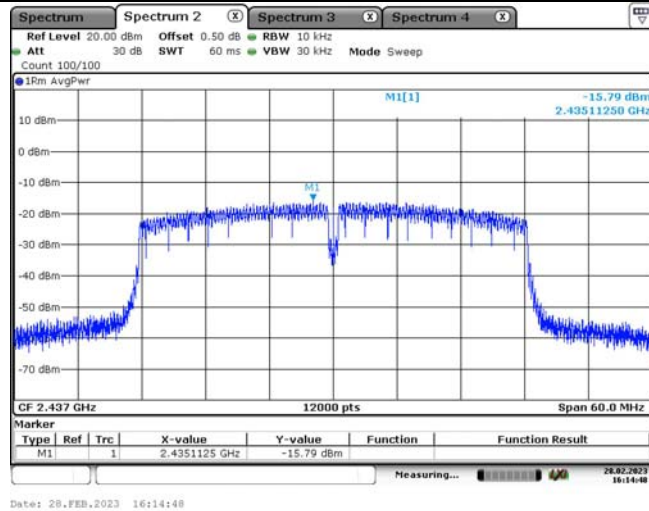
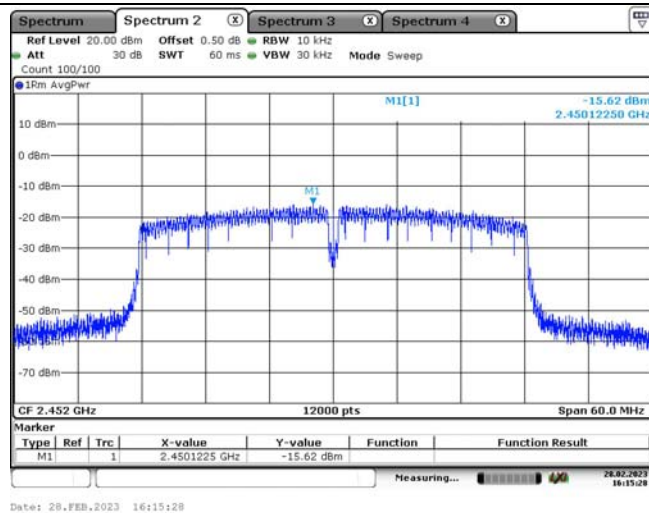
802.11b
Lowest Channel802.11b
Middle Channel802.11b
Highest Channel

Maximum power spectral density

802.11g
Lowest Channel802.11g
Middle Channel802.11g
Highest Channel

Maximum power spectral density802.11n ht20
Lowest Channel802.11n ht20
Middle Channel802.11n ht20
Highest Channel

Maximum power spectral density

802.11n ht40
Lowest Channel802.11n ht40
Middle Channel802.11n ht40
Highest Channel

4.7 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge:

Serial Number:	1RR1	Test Date:	2023/2/28
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Julie Tan	Test Result:	Pass

Environmental Conditions:

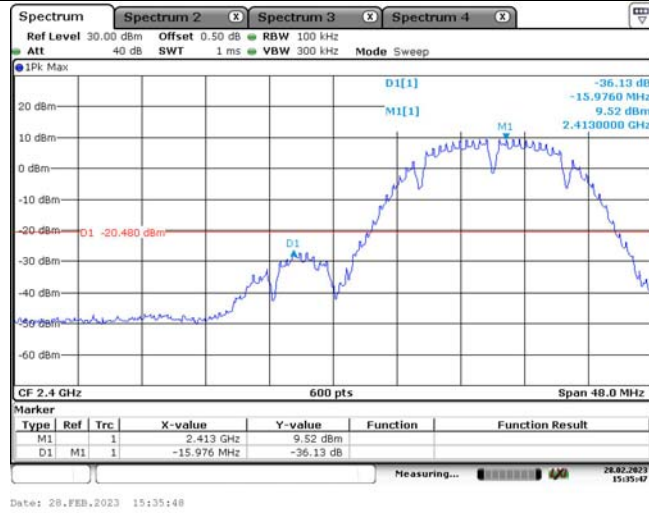
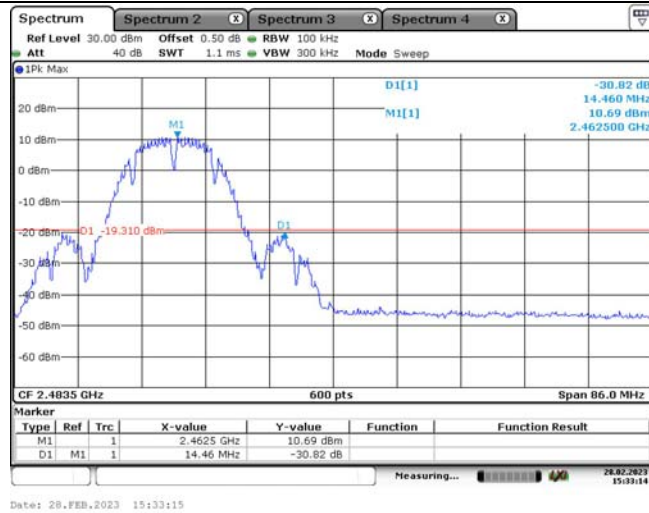
Temperature: (°C)	25.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	39	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	102.5
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Test Equipment List and Details:

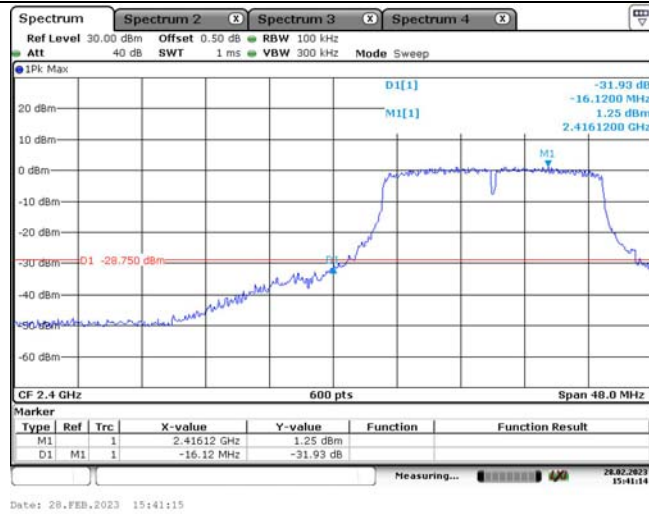
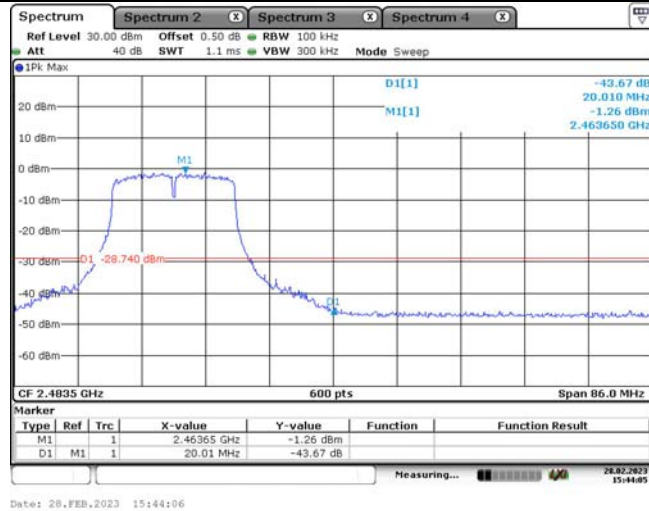
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2022-07-25	2023-07-24
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211003	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554404	Each time	N/A

** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

Chain 0:

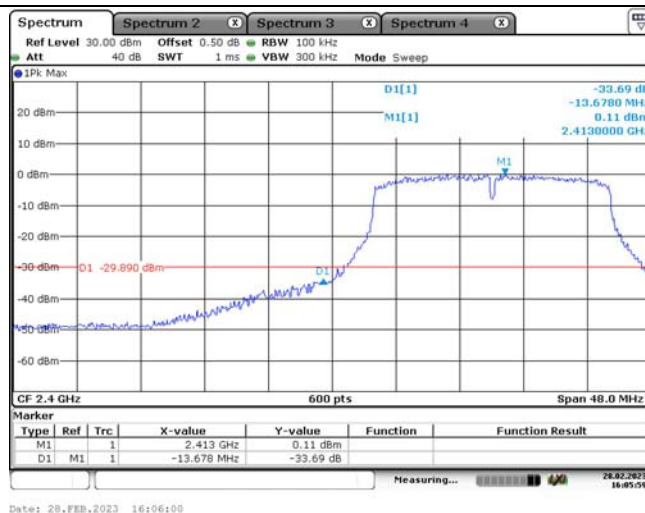
100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge802.11b
Lowest Band edge802.11b
Highest Band edge

100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge

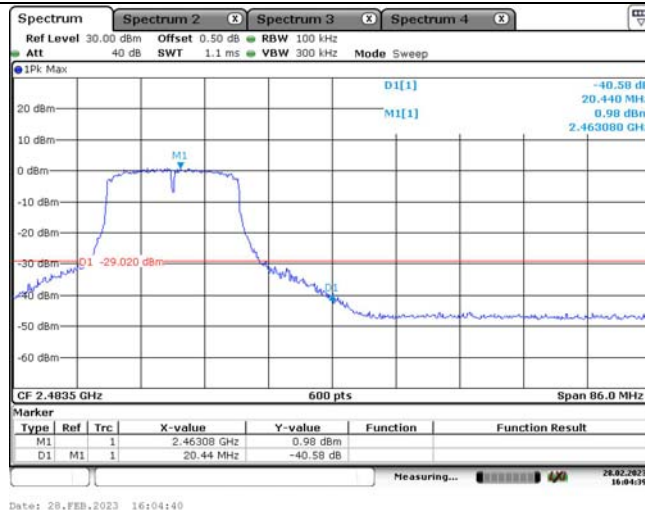
802.11g
Lowest Band edge802.11g
Highest Band edge

100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge

802.11n ht20
Lowest Band edge

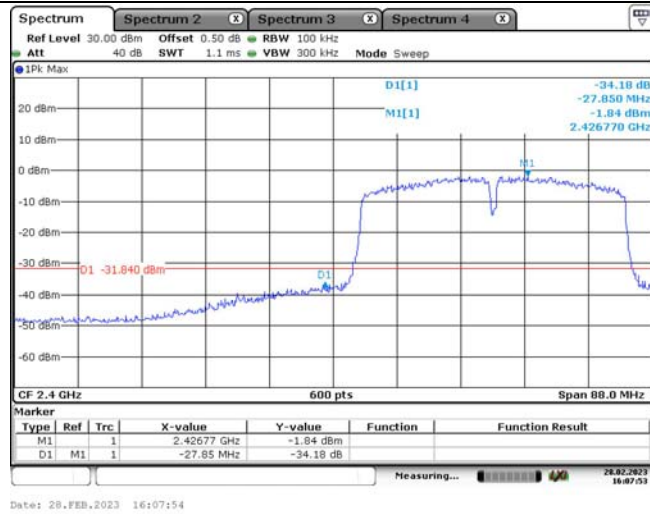


802.11n ht20
Highest Band edge

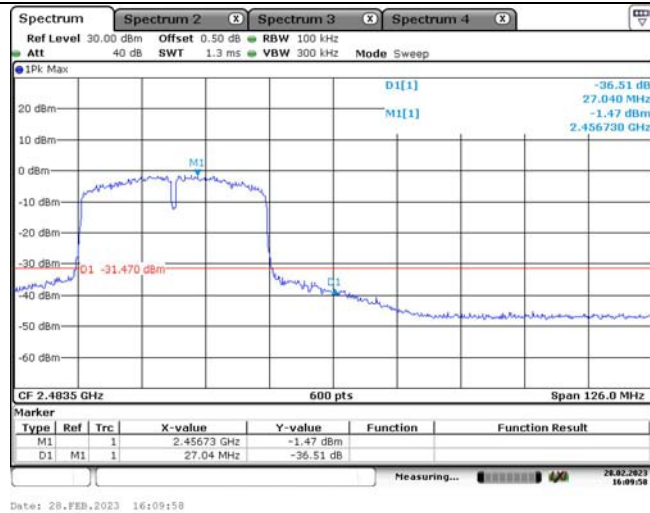


100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge

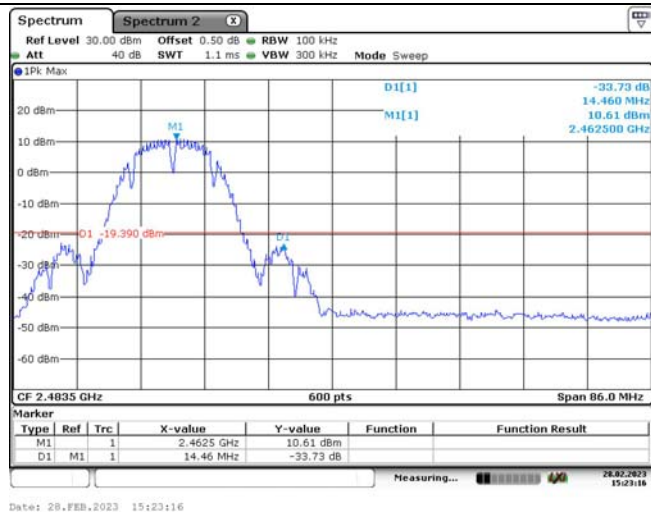
802.11n ht40
Lowest Band edge



802.11n ht40
Highest Band edge

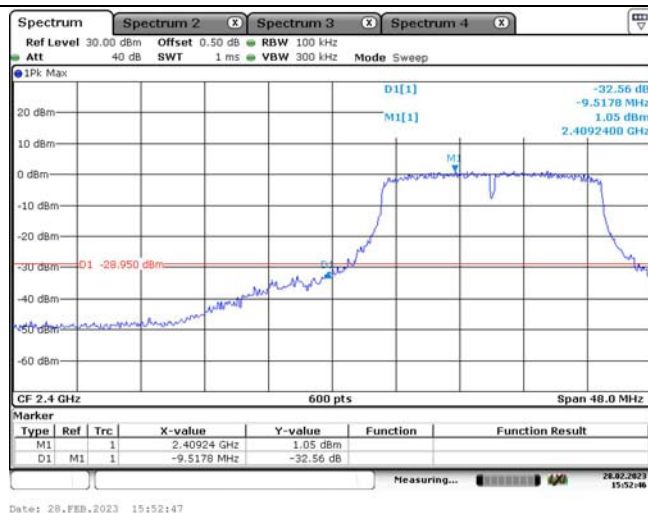


Chain 1:

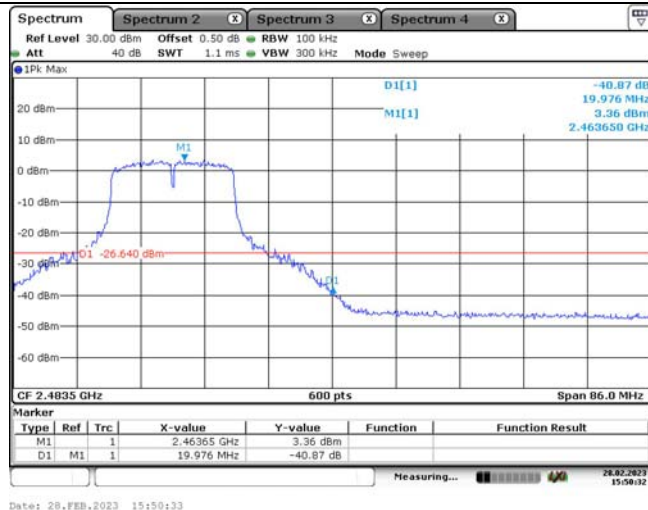
100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge802.11b
Lowest Band edge802.11b
Highest Band edge

100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge

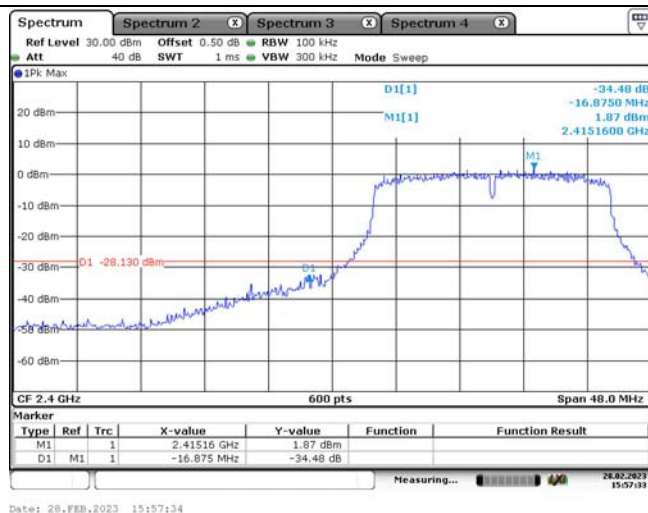
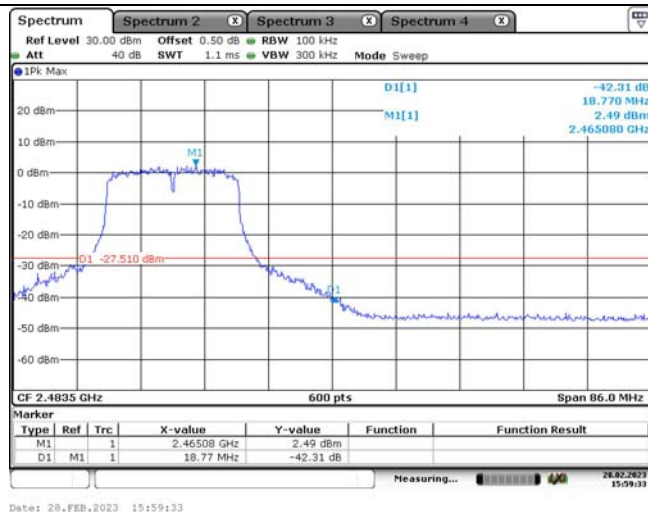
802.11g
Lowest Band edge



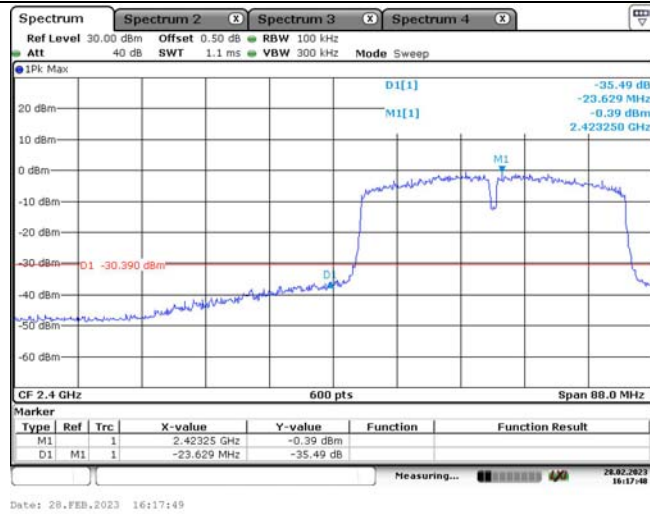
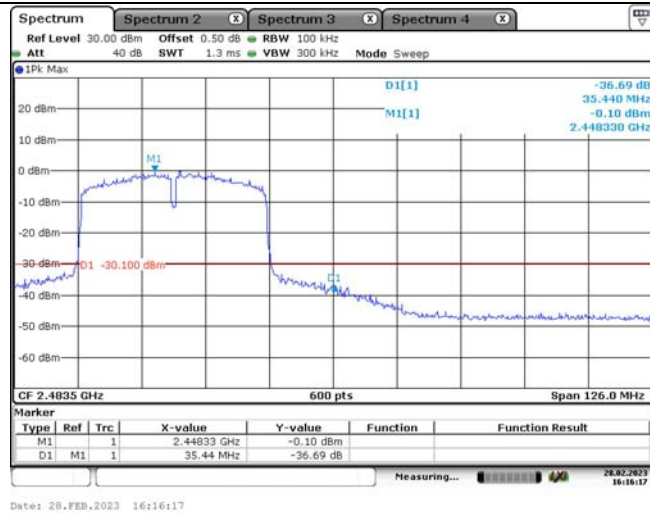
802.11g
Highest Band edge



100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge

802.11n ht20
Lowest Band edge802.11n ht20
Highest Band edge

100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge

802.11n ht40
Lowest Band edge802.11n ht40
Highest Band edge

4.8 Duty Cycle:

Serial Number:	1RR1	Test Date:	2023/2/28
Test Site:	RF	Test Mode:	Transmitting
Tester:	Julie Tan	Test Result:	N/A

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature: (°C)	25.4	Relative Humidity: (%)	39	ATM Pressure: (kPa)	102.5
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Test Equipment List and Details:

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2022-07-25	2023-07-24
zhuoxiang	Coaxial Cable	SMA-178	211003	Each time	N/A
Mini-Circuits	DC Block	BLK-18-S+	1554404	Each time	N/A

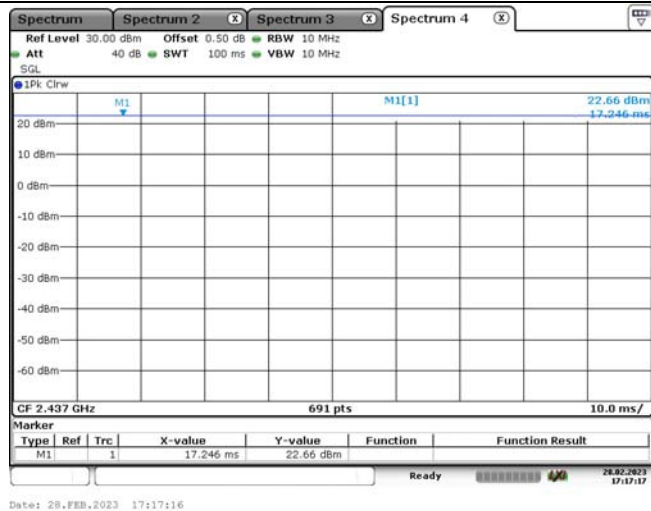
** Statement of Traceability: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).*

Test Data:

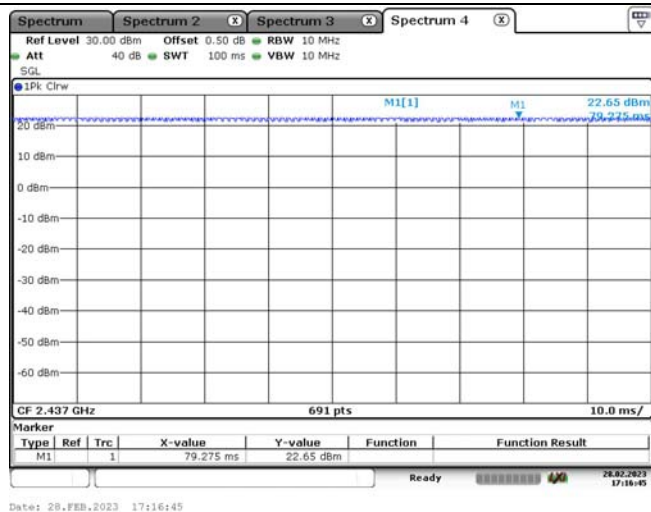
Test Modes	Ton (ms)	Ton+off (ms)	Duty cycle (%)
802.11b	100	100	100.00
802.11g	100	100	100.00
802.11n ht20	100	100	100.00
802.11n ht40	100	100	100.00

Duty Cycle

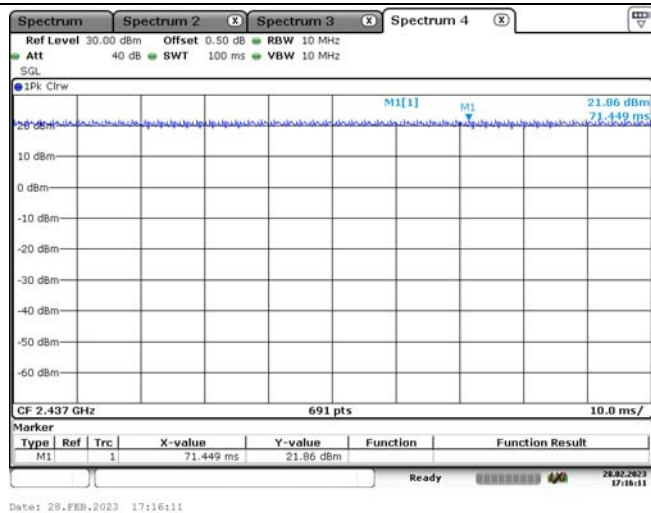
802.11b

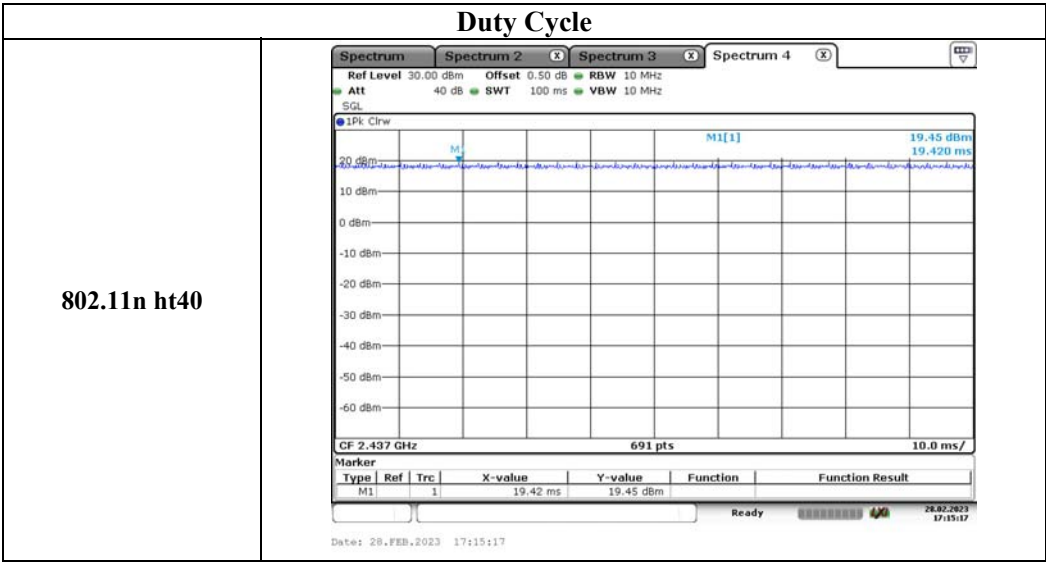


802.11g



802.11n ht20





5. RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

5.1 Applicable Standard

According to §1.1307(b)(3)(i)

(B) Or the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). P_{th} is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

According to KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01:

2.2.2 Simultaneous Transmission with both SAR-based and MPE-Based Test Exemptions

This case is described in detail in § 1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(B) and covers the situations where both SAR-based and MPE-based exemption may be considered for test exemption in fixed, mobile, or portable device exposure conditions. For these cases, a device with multiple RF sources transmitting simultaneously will be considered an RF exempt device if the condition of Formula (1) is satisfied.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k} \leq 1$$

5.2 Measurement Result

Operation Modes	Frequency (MHz)	Distance (mm)	P _{th}		Maximum Conducted Power including Tune-up Tolerance (dBm)	Antenna Gain including Beamforming Gain (dBi)	ERP (P) (dBm)	ERP (P) (mW)	Exemption
			(mW)	(dBm)					
WLAN 2.4G	2412-2462	200	3060	34.86	22	8.0	27.85	610	Compliant
WLAN 5.2G	5150-5250	200	3060	34.86	21	9.0	27.85	610	Compliant
WLAN 5.8G	5725-5850	200	3060	34.86	23	9.0	29.85	966	Compliant

Note: the Maximum Conducted Power including Tune-up Tolerance was declared by manufacturer.

WLAN 2.4G and 5G can transmit simultaneously:

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \left(\frac{P_i}{P_{th_i}} \right) + \sum_{j=1}^b \left(\frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th_j}} \right) + \sum_{k=1}^c \left(\frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k} \right)$$

$$= P_{2.4G}/P_{th-2.4G} + P_{5G}/P_{th-5G}$$

$$= 610/3060 + 966/3060$$

$$= 0.52$$

Result: The device compliant the Exemption at 20cm distances.

===== END OF REPORT =====