

FCC RF Test Report

APPLICANT : Bandrich Inc.
EQUIPMENT : R558C Series LTE/HSPA+ Wi-Fi Router
BRAND NAME : BandLuxe
MODEL NAME : R558C
FCC ID : UZI-R558C889
STANDARD : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
CLASSIFICATION : (DTS) Digital Transmission System

The product was received on Oct. 05, 2016 and testing was completed on Oct. 19, 2016. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C.



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REVISION HISTORY

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FR6O0520	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Oct. 28, 2016

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	$\geq 0.5\text{MHz}$	Pass	-
3.1	-	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(b)	Power Output Measurement	$\leq 30\text{dBm}$	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	$\leq 8\text{dBm}/3\text{kHz}$	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edges	$\leq 20\text{dBc}$	Pass	-
		Conducted Spurious Emission		Pass	-
3.5	15.247(d)	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 0.50 dB at 2483.620 MHz
3.6	15.207	AC Conducted Emission	15.207(a)	Pass	Under limit 5.60 dB at 0.374 MHz
3.7	15.203 & 15.247(b)	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



1 General Description

1.1 Applicant

Bandrich Inc.

6F-2., No.71, Zhouzi St., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 11493, Taiwan(R.O.C)

1.2 Manufacturer

FAIR GOAL ELECTRONIC CO.

1F., No.97-1, Haihu, Luzhu Township, Taoyuan County 338, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	R558C Series LTE/HSPA+ Wi-Fi Router
Brand Name	BandLuxe
Model Name	R558C
FCC ID	UZI-R558C889
EUT supports Radios application	WCDMA/HSPA/LTE WLAN 11b/g/n HT20/HT40
HW Version	1
SW Version	AR_0_00000000_0_001_0202
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Standards-related Product Specification				
Tx/Rx Channel Frequency Range		2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz		
Maximum (Peak) Output Power to antenna		<Ant. 1> 802.11b : 19.43 dBm (0.0877 W) 802.11g : 22.10 dBm (0.1622 W) 802.11n HT20 : 21.52 dBm (0.1419 W) 802.11n HT40 : 21.49 dBm (0.1409 W) <Ant. 2> 802.11b : 19.35 dBm (0.0861 W) 802.11g : 21.91 dBm (0.1552 W) 802.11n HT20 : 21.17 dBm (0.1309 W) 802.11n HT40 : 21.25 dBm (0.1334 W) MIMO <Ant. 1 + 2> 802.11b : 22.54 dBm (0.1795 W) 802.11g : 25.12 dBm (0.3251 W) 802.11n HT20 : 24.60 dBm (0.2884 W) 802.11n HT40 : 24.57 dBm (0.2864 W)		
99% Occupied Bandwidth		802.11b : 16.80MHz 802.11g : 29.70MHz 802.11n HT20 : 24.15MHz 802.11n HT40 : 43.50MHz		
Antenna Type / Gain		<Ant 1> Embedded Antenna type with gain 3.50 dBi <Ant 2> Embedded Antenna type with gain 3.50 dBi		
Type of Modulation		802.11b : DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK) 802.11g/n : OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)		
Antenna Function for Transmitter				
		Ant. 1	Ant. 2	
		802.11 b/g/n	V	V
		802.11 b/g/n MIMO	V	V

Note: MIMO Ant. 1+2 is a calculated result from sum of the power MIMO Ant. 1 and MIMO Ant. 2.

1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

1.6 Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code : 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1022 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC Test.

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	
	TH05-HY	CO05-HY

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd Rd. Guishan Dist, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-0868 FAX: +886-3-327-0855	
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	
	03CH11-HY	

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

1.7 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- ♦ FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05
- ♦ FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.
- ♦ ANSI C63.10-2013

Remark:

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.

2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conducted emission (150 kHz to 30 MHz) and radiated emission (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). For radiated measurement, pre-scanned in three orthogonal panels, X, Y, Z. The worst cases (X plane) were recorded in this report.

2.1 Carrier Frequency and Channel

Frequency Band	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)
2400-2483.5 MHz	1	2412	7	2442
	2	2417	8	2447
	3	2422	9	2452
	4	2427	10	2457
	5	2432	11	2462
	6	2437		

2.2 Test Mode

Final test mode of conducted test items and radiated spurious emissions are considering the modulation and worse data rates as below table.

Single Antenna

Modulation	Data Rate
802.11b	1 Mbps
802.11g	6 Mbps
802.11n HT20	MCS0
802.11n HT40	MCS0

MIMO Antenna

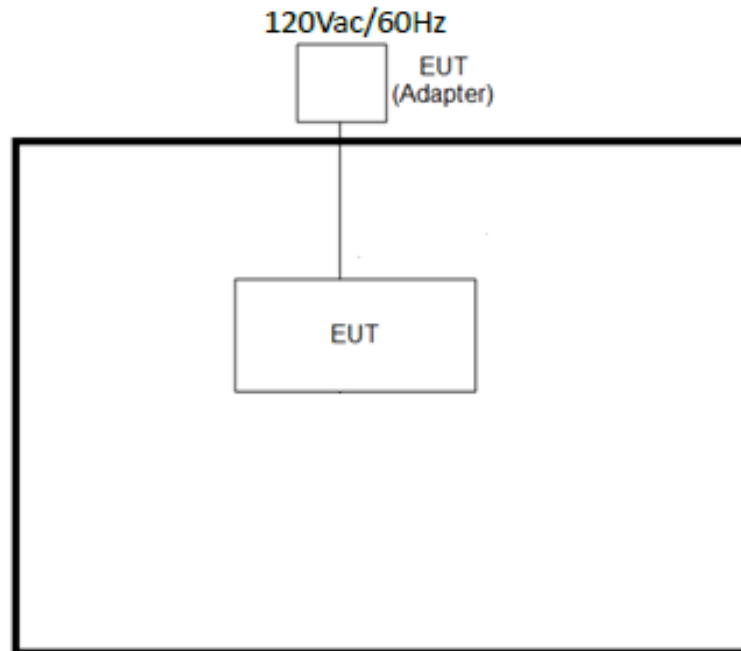
Modulation	Data Rate
802.11b	1 Mbps
802.11g	6 Mbps
802.11n HT20	MCS0
802.11n HT40	MCS0

Test Cases

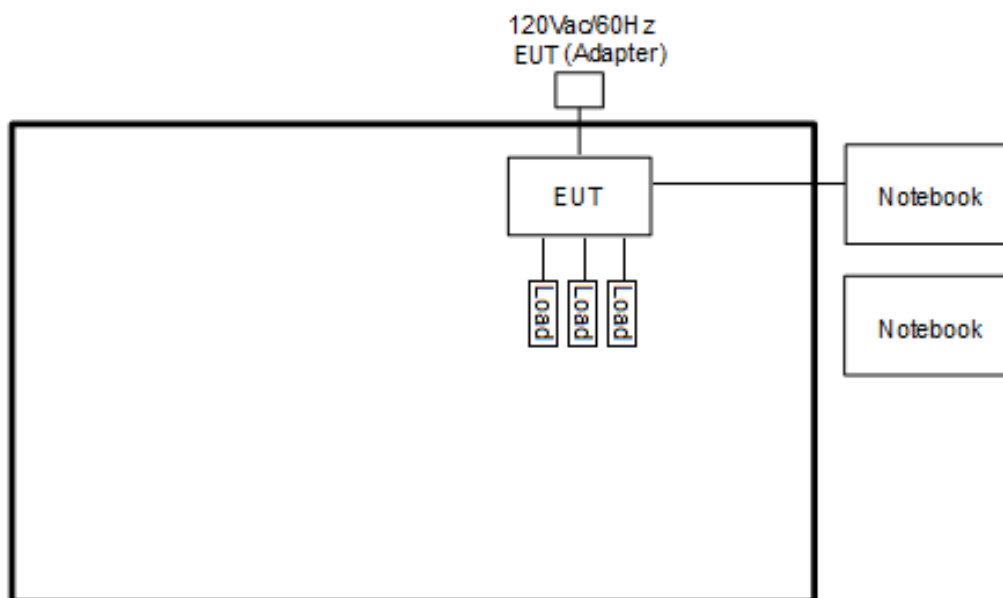
AC Conducted Emission	Mode 1 : WCDMA Band V Idle + WLAN Idle + LAN Link + Adapter
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2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

<WLAN Tx Mode>



<AC Conducted Emission Mode>



2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8820C	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	Notebook	DELL	P20G	FCC DoC/ Contains FCC ID: QDS-BRCM1051	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
3.	Notebook	DELL	Latitude E6320	FCC DoC/ Contains FCC ID: QDS-BRCM1054	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m

2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For WLAN function, programmed RF utility, "Putty" installed in the notebook make the EUT provide functions like channel selection and power level for continuous transmitting and receiving signals.

2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10dB attenuator.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)} \\
 &= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 \text{ (dB)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3 Test Result

3.1 6dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

3.1.1 Limit of 6dB and 99% Bandwidth

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.1.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 DTS D01 Meas. Guidance v03r05.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. Set the Video bandwidth (VBW) = 300 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.
5. For 99% Bandwidth Measurement, the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1MHz and set the Video bandwidth (VBW) = 3MHz.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

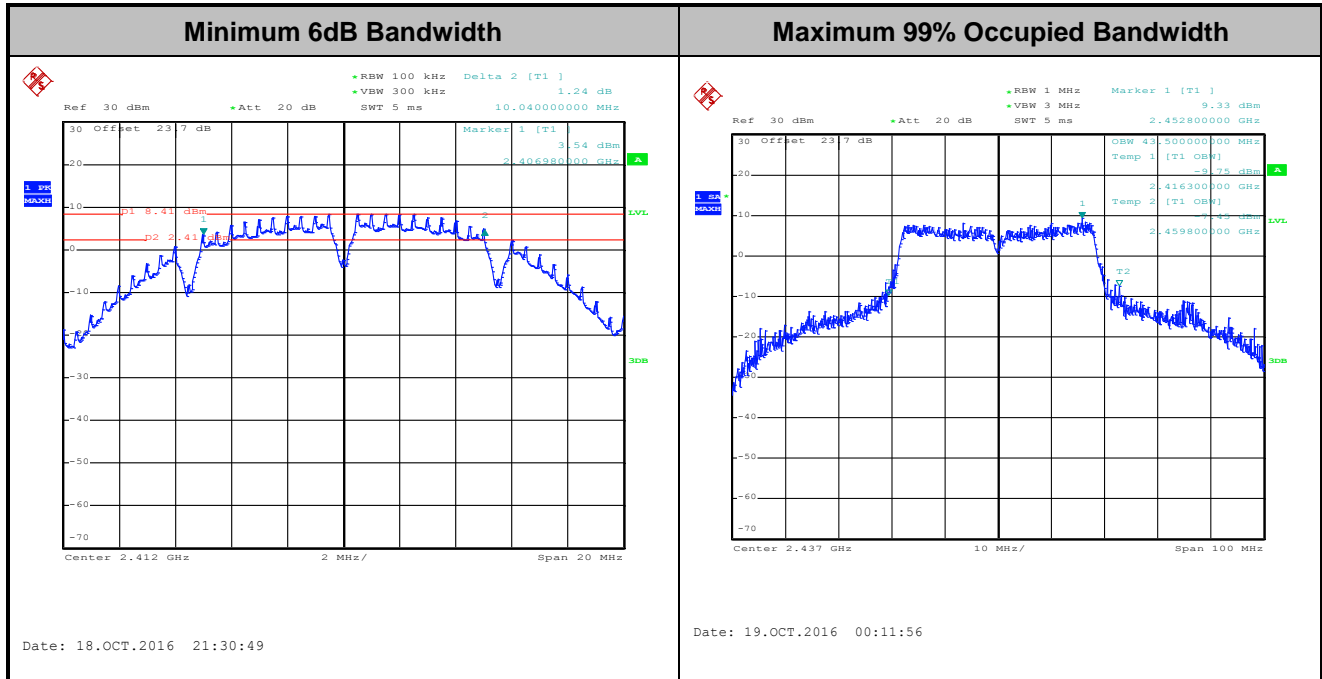
3.1.4 Test Setup





3.1.5 Test Result of 6dB and 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A.



Note : The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

3.2 Peak Output Power Measurement

3.2.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

For systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5MHz, the limit for peak output power is 30dBm. If transmitting antenna with directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the above stated value by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. In case of point-to-point operation, the limit has to be reduced by 1dB for every 3dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

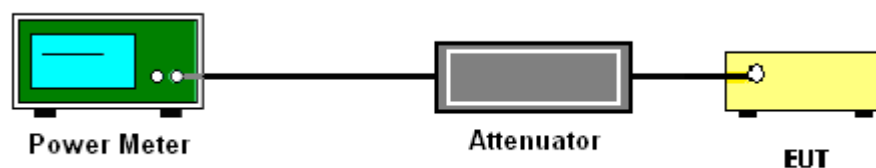
3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the Measurement Procedure of FCC KDB No. 558074 DTS D01 Meas. Guidance v03r05 section 9.1.2 PKPM1 Peak power meter method.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power and record the results in the test report.
5. For MIMO mode, calculation method follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.

3.2.4 Test Setup



3.2.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Please refer to Appendix A.

3.2.6 Test Result of Average output Power (Reporting Only)

Please refer to Appendix A

3.3 Power Spectral Density Measurement

3.3.1 Limit of Power Spectral Density

The peak power spectral density shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3kHz band at any time interval of continuous transmission.

3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows Measurement Procedure 10.2 Method PKPSD of FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 3 kHz. Video bandwidth VBW = 10 kHz In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span to 1.5 times DTS Channel Bandwidth. (6dB BW)
5. Detector = peak, Sweep time = auto couple, Trace mode = max hold, Allow trace to fully stabilize. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.
7. For MIMO mode, calculation method follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.

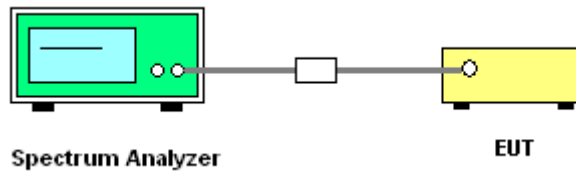
If measurements performed using method (2) plus $10 \log(N)$ exceeds the emission limit, the test should choose method (1) before declaring that the device fails the emission limit.

Method (1): Measure and sum the spectra across the outputs.

The total final Power Spectral Density is from a device with 2 transmitter outputs. The spectrum measurements of the individual outputs are all performed with the same span and number of points, the spectrum value in the first spectral bin of output 1 is summed with that in the first spectral bin of output 2 to obtain the value for the first frequency bin of the summed spectrum.

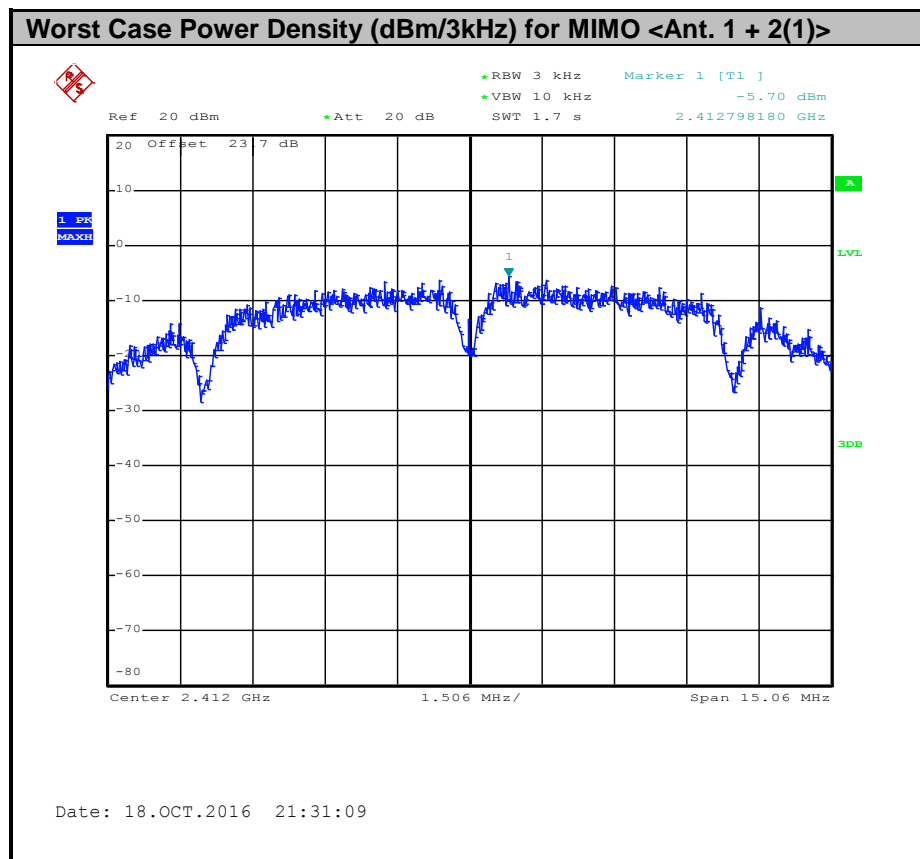
Method (2): Measure and add $10 \log(N)$ dB, where N is the number of outputs. (N=2)

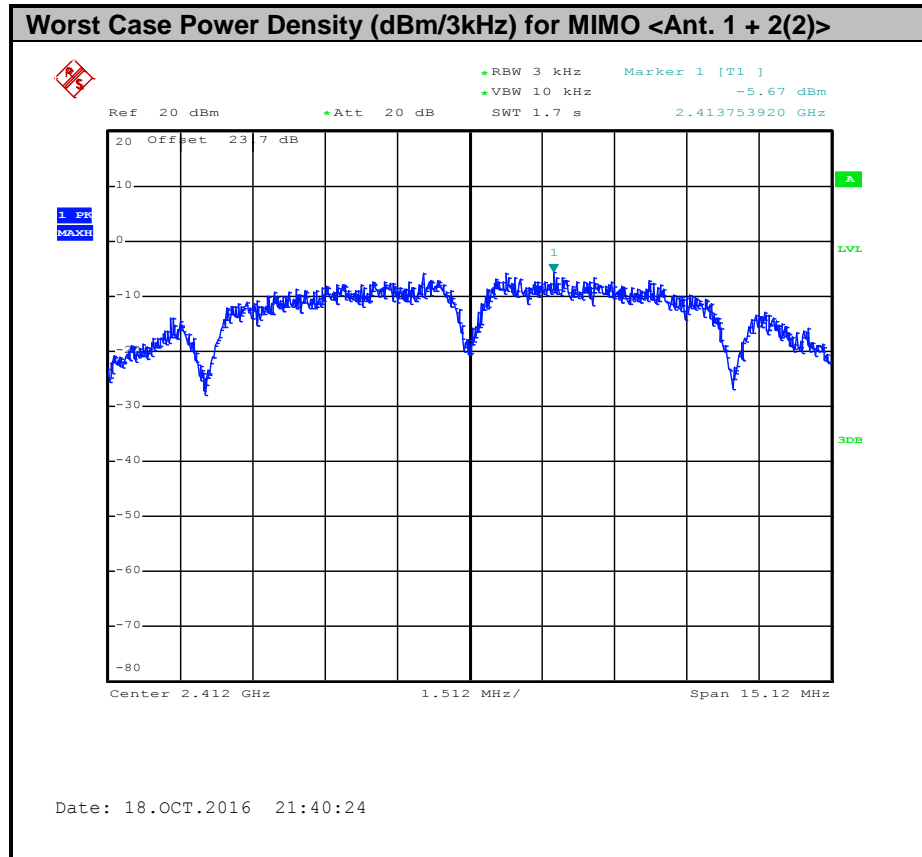
3.3.4 Test Setup



3.3.5 Test Result of Power Spectral Density

Please refer to Appendix A.





3.4 Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

3.4.1 Limit of Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the emissions which fall in the non-restricted bands shall be attenuated at least 20 dB / 30dB relative to the maximum PSD level in 100 kHz by RF conducted measurement and radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a).

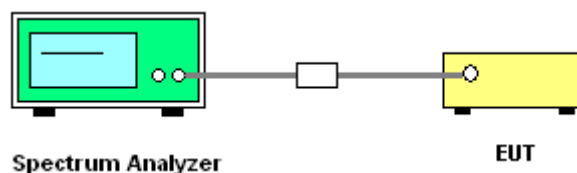
3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW=300 kHz, Peak Detector. Unwanted Emissions measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz when maximum peak conducted output power procedure is used. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB per 15.247(d).
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

3.4.4 Test Setup

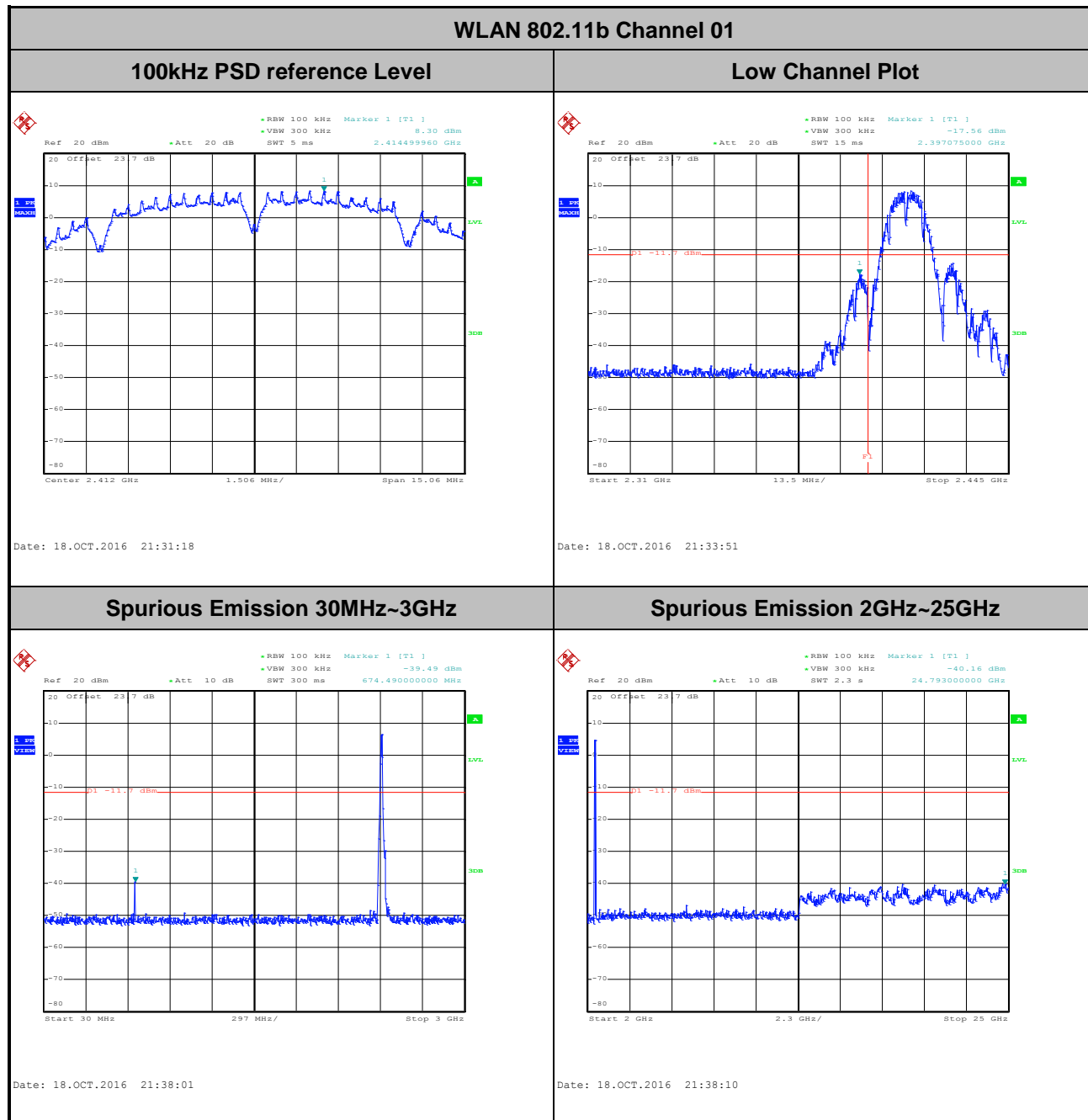




3.4.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission

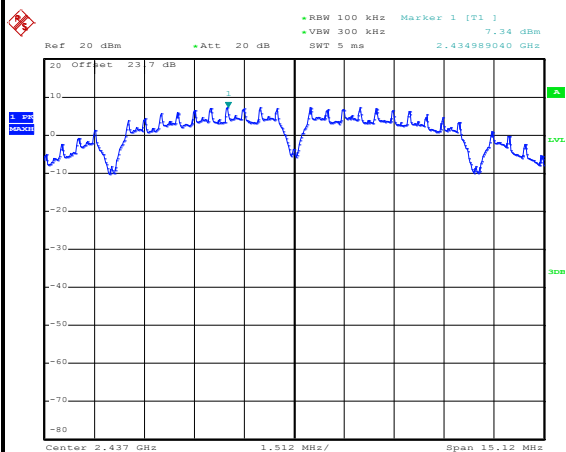
Number of TX = 2, Ant. 1 (Measured)

Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

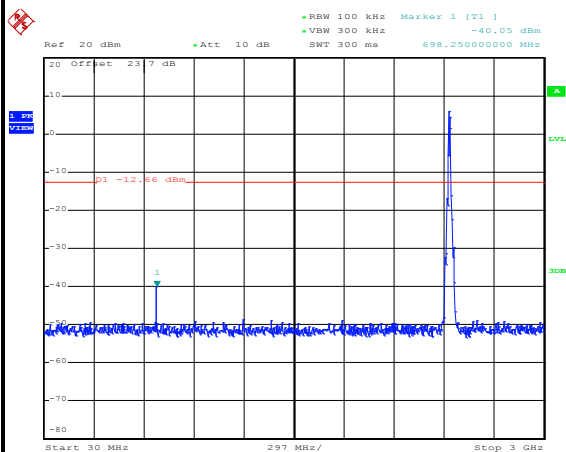




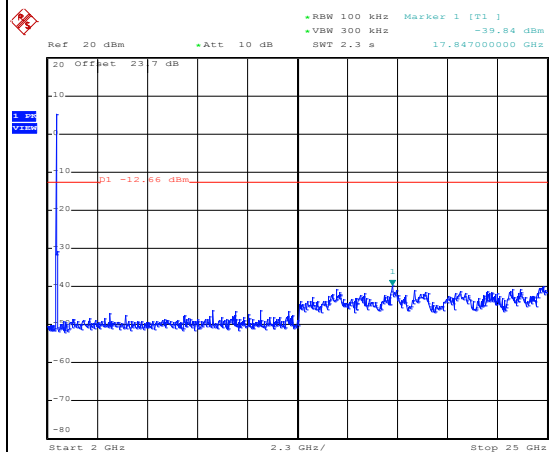
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11b Channel 06**100kHz PSD reference Level****Mid Channel Plot**

Date: 18.OCT.2016 21:44:00

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**

Date: 18.OCT.2016 21:45:31



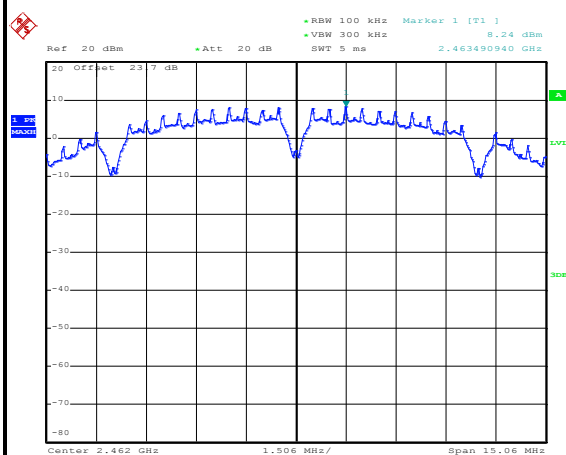
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Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

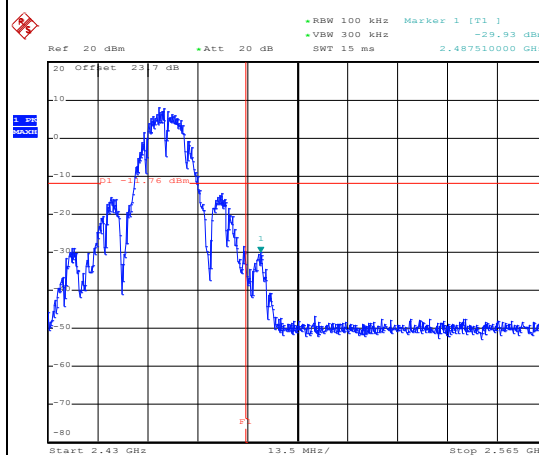
WLAN 802.11b Channel 11

100kHz PSD reference Level



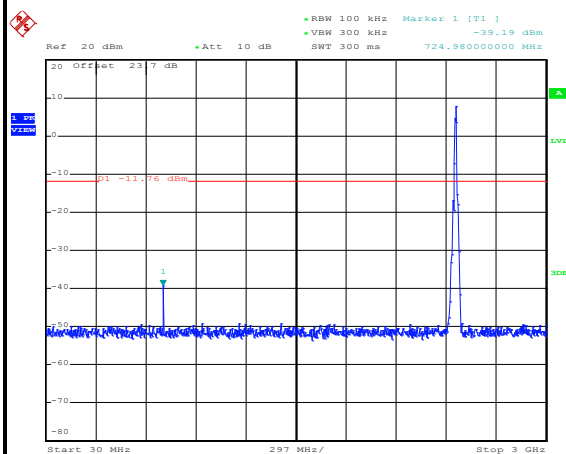
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:05:09

High Channel Plot



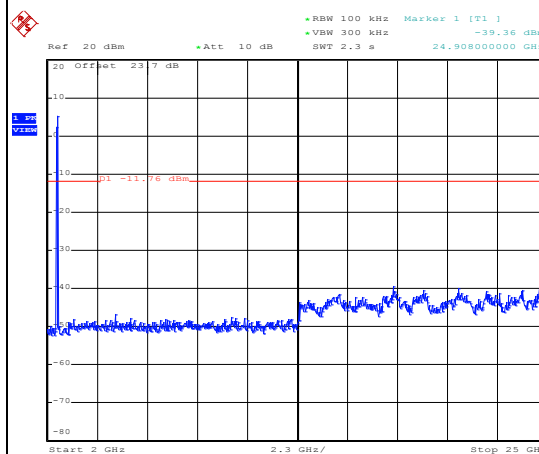
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Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:08:19

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



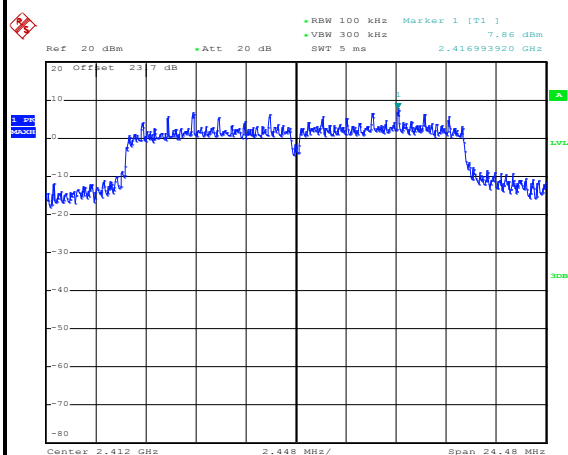
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Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

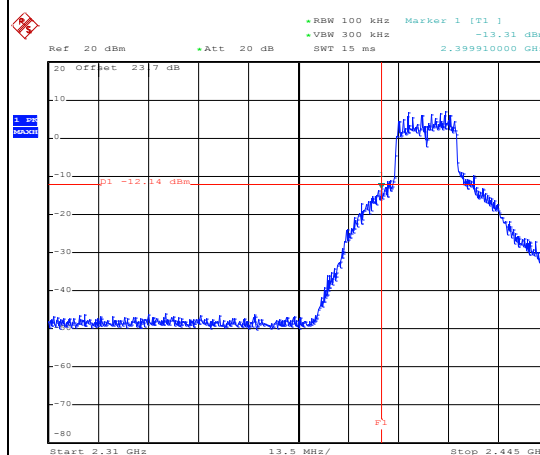
WLAN 802.11g Channel 01

100kHz PSD reference Level



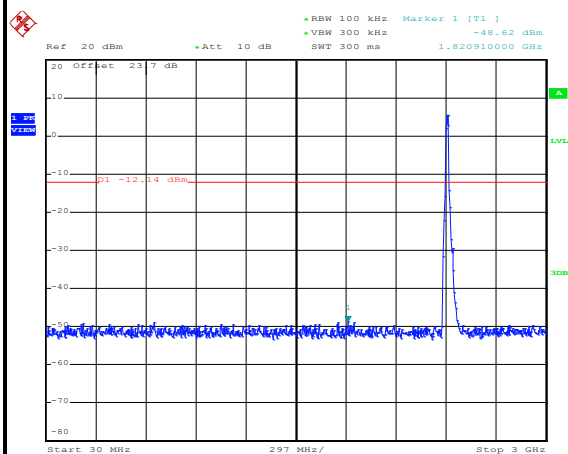
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Low Channel Plot



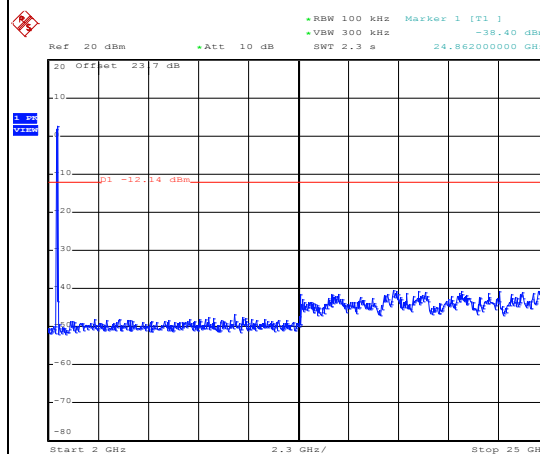
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Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:33:57

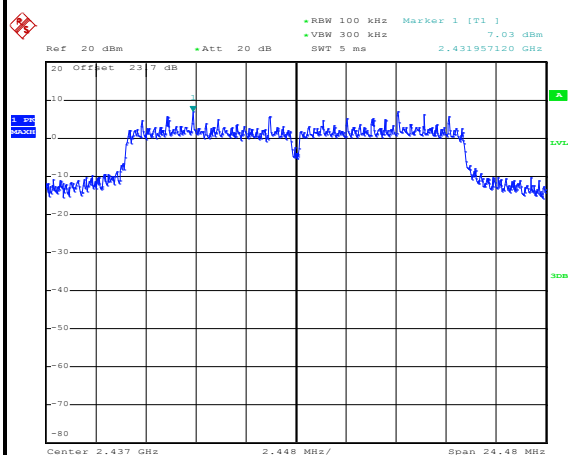
Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



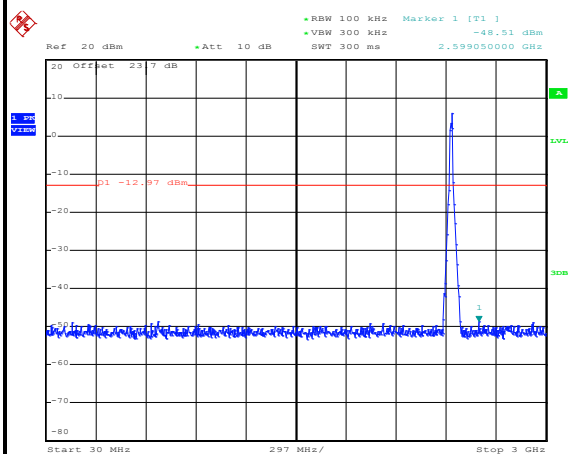
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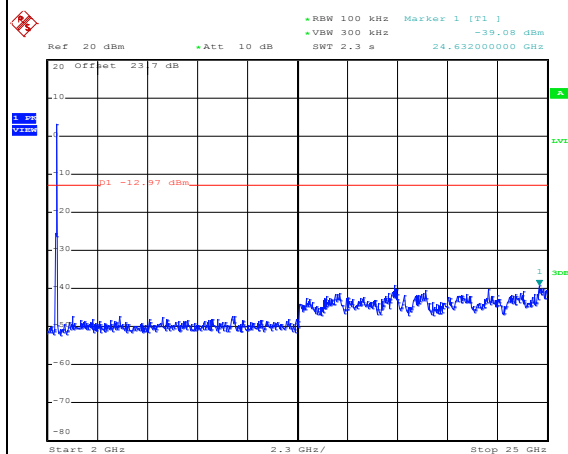
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11g Channel 06**100kHz PSD reference Level****Mid Channel Plot**

Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:39:32

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**

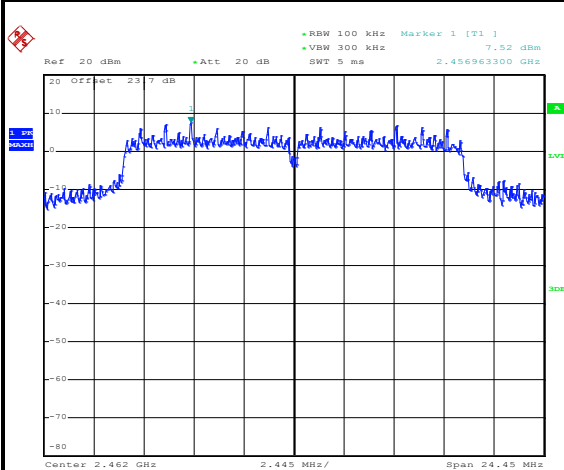
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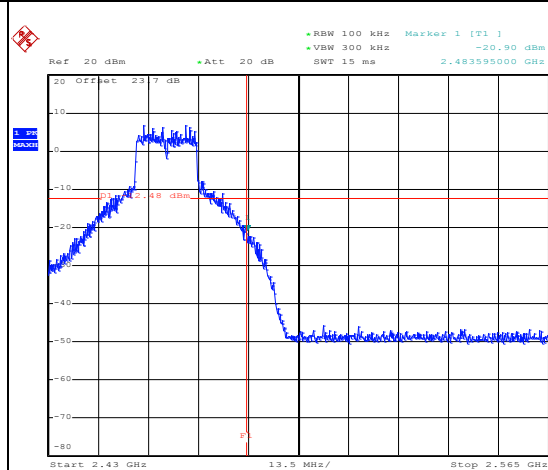
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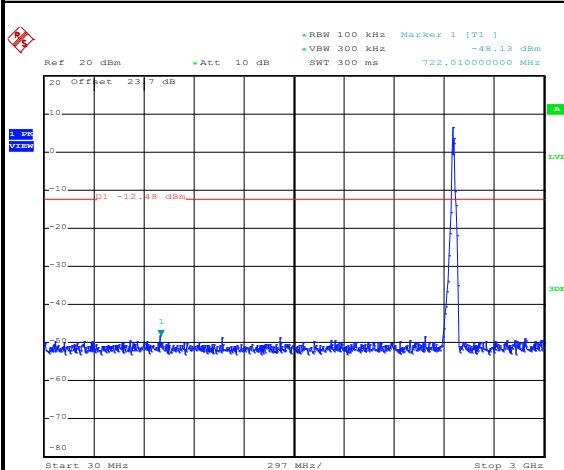
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11g Channel 11**100kHz PSD reference Level**

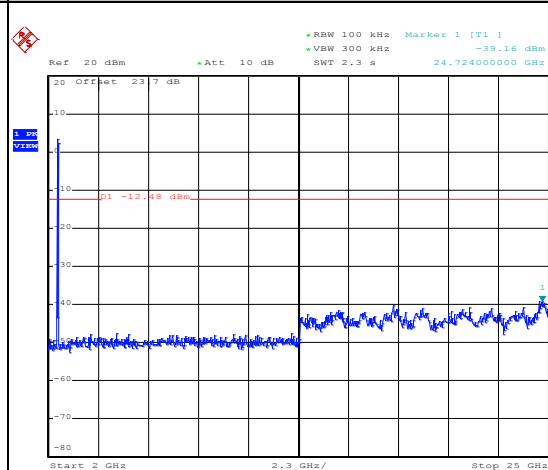
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:46:55

High Channel Plot

Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:47:10

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:47:27

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

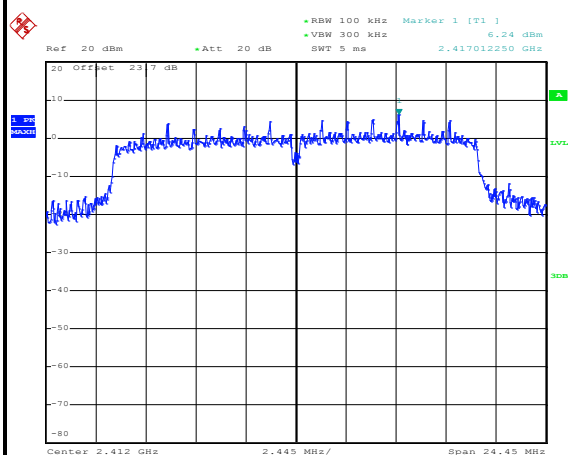
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:47:35



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

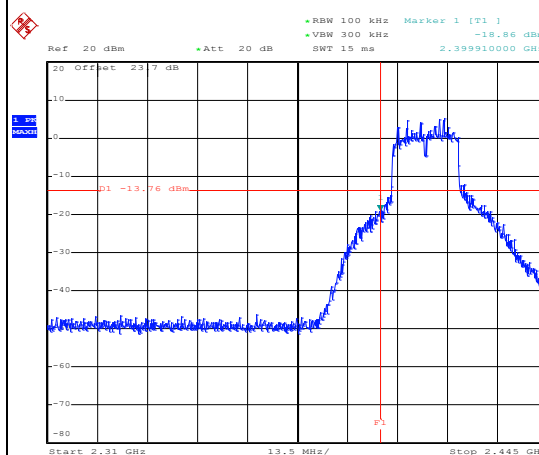
WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 01

100kHz PSD reference Level



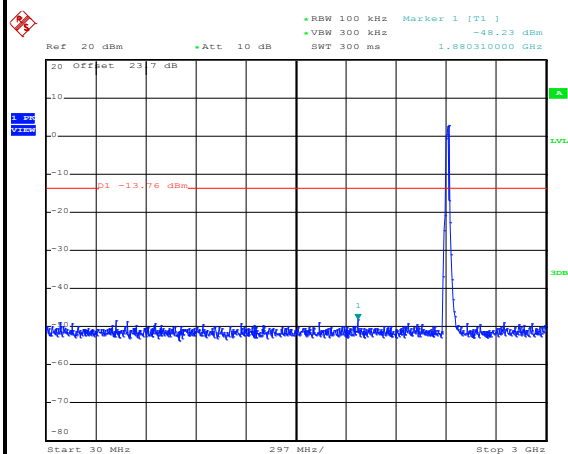
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:03:27

Low Channel Plot



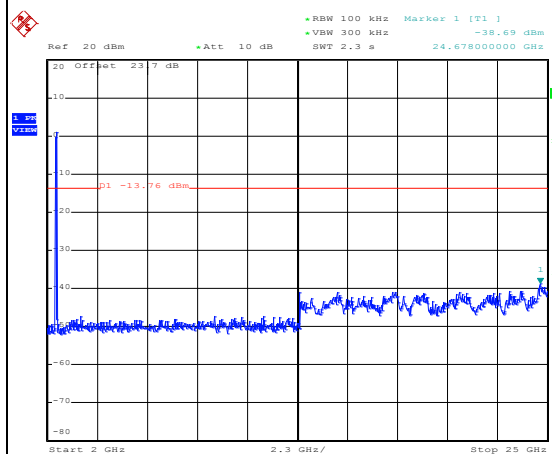
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:03:41

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:03:54

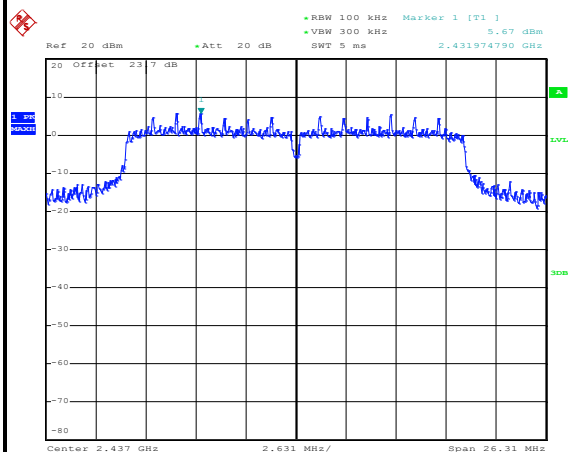
Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



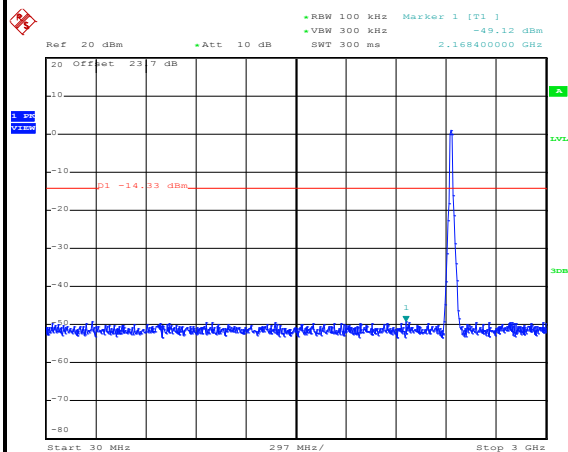
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:04:03



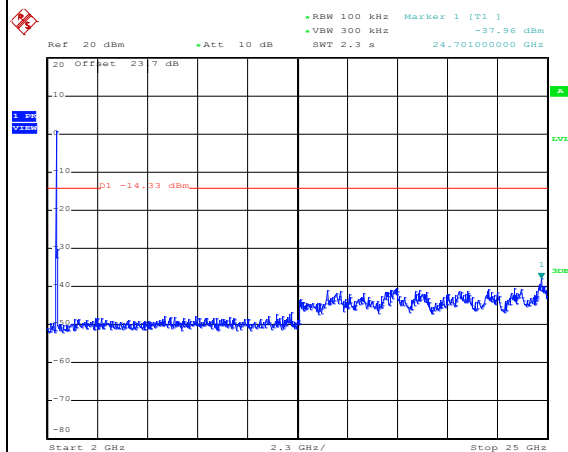
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 06**100kHz PSD reference Level****Mid Channel Plot**

Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:10:06

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**

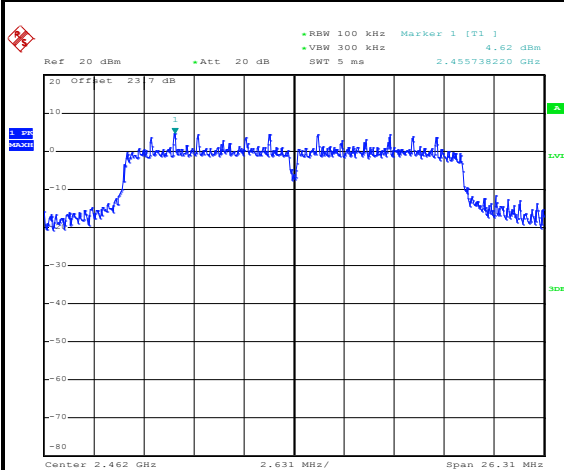
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:11:03



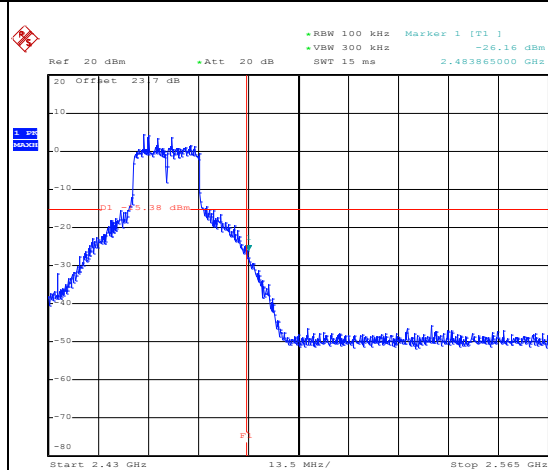
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:11:11



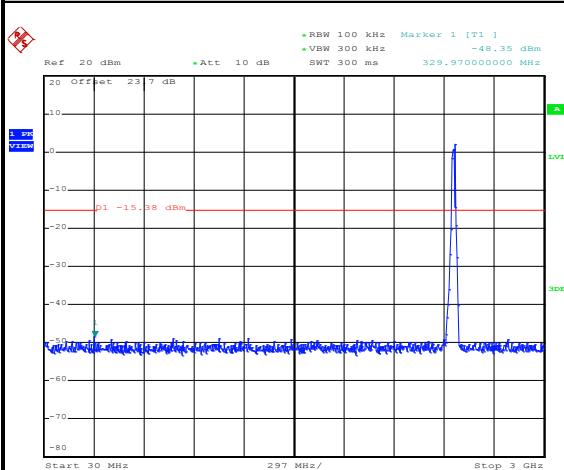
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 11**100kHz PSD reference Level**

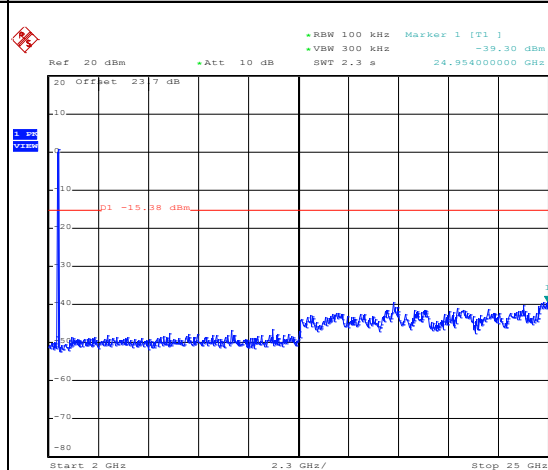
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:17:01

High Channel Plot

Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:17:12

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:17:29

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

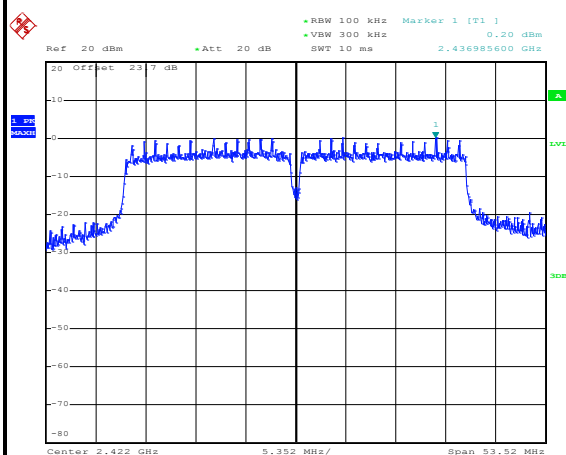
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:17:37



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	03	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

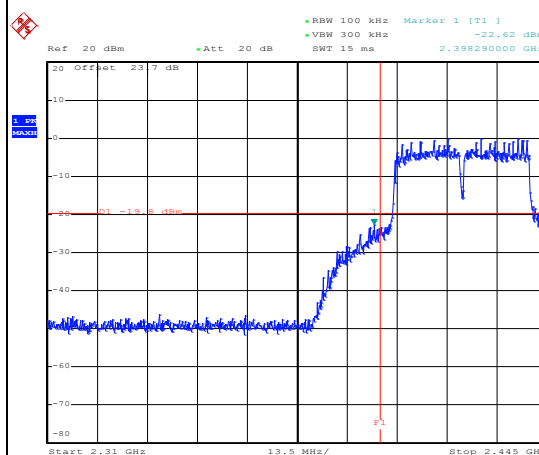
WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 03

100kHz PSD reference Level



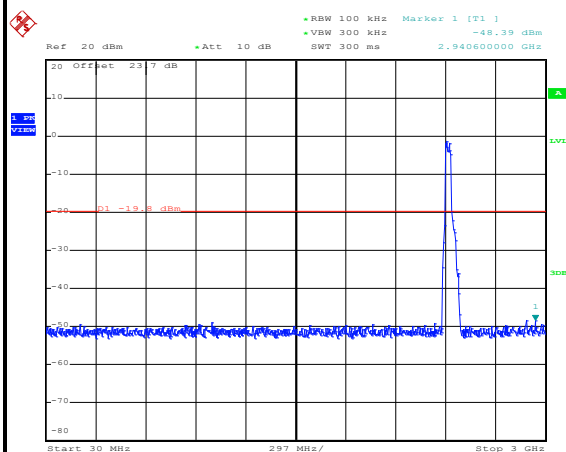
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:34:55

Low Channel Plot



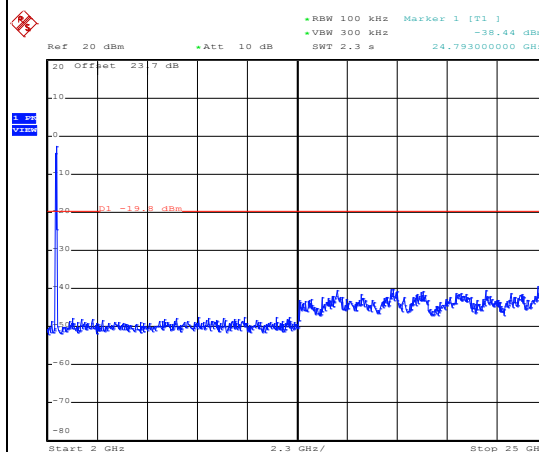
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:35:13

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:04:59

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:05:08

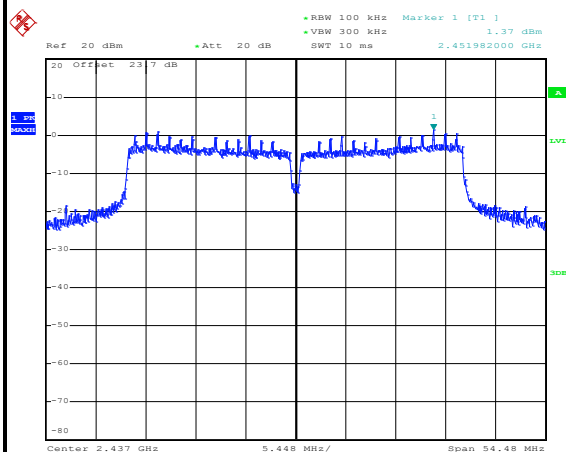


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 06

100kHz PSD reference Level

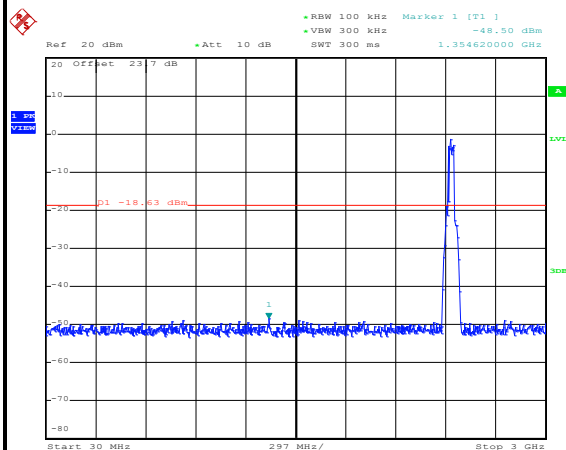
Mid Channel Plot



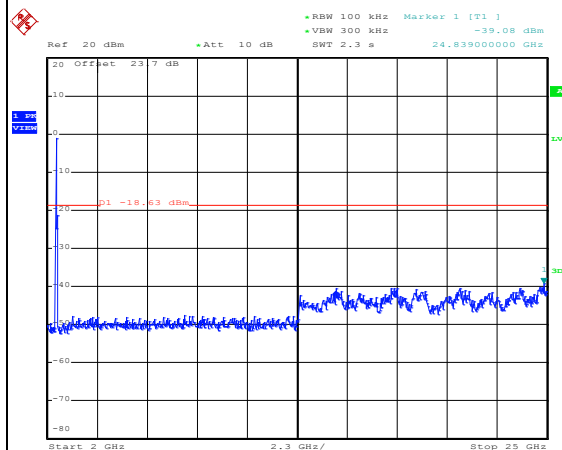
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:11:09

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:11:25



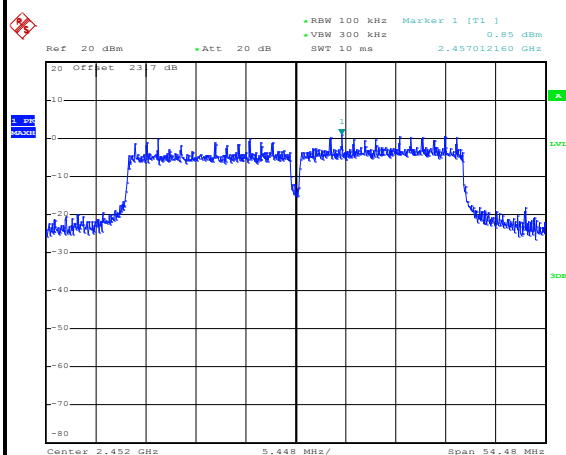
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:11:33



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	1
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	09	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

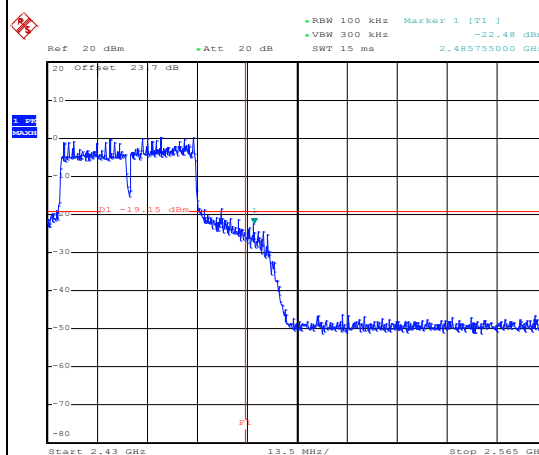
WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 09

100kHz PSD reference Level



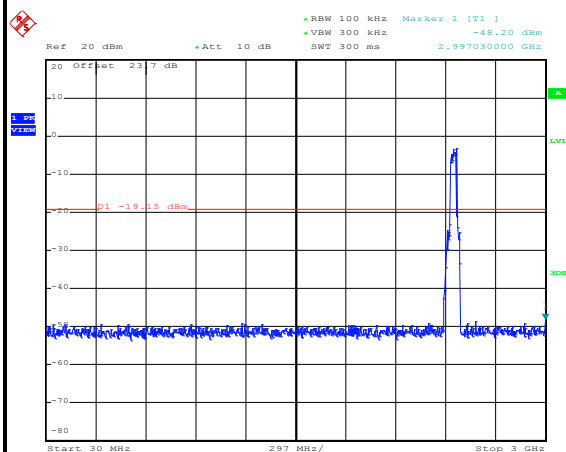
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:19:23

High Channel Plot



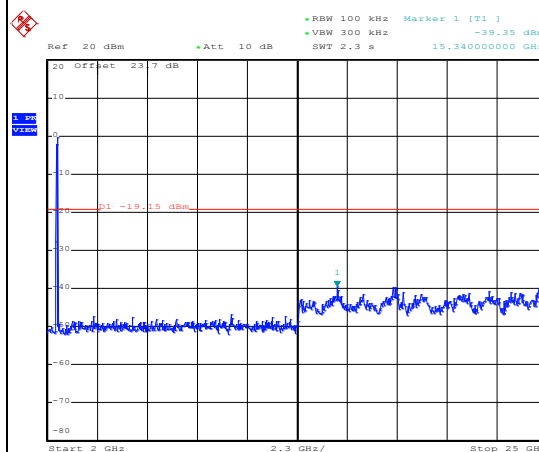
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:19:35

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:20:15

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:20:23

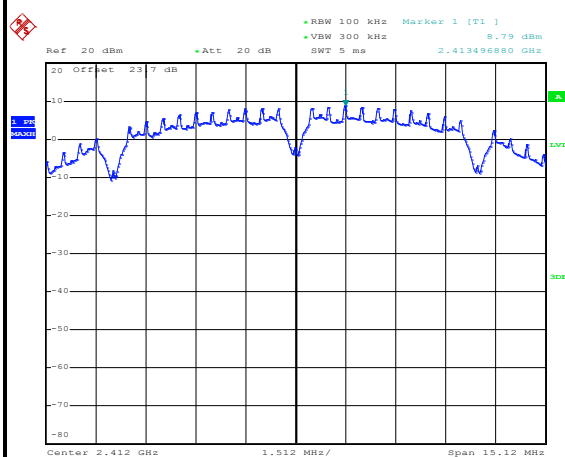


Number of TX = 2, Ant. 2 (Measured)

Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

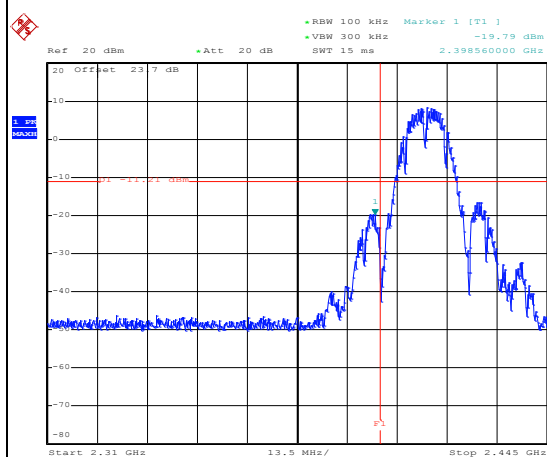
WLAN 802.11b Channel 01

100kHz PSD reference Level



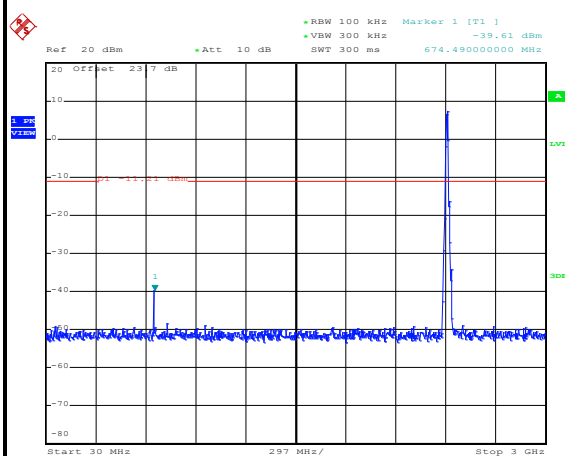
Date: 18.OCT.2016 21:40:43

Low Channel Plot



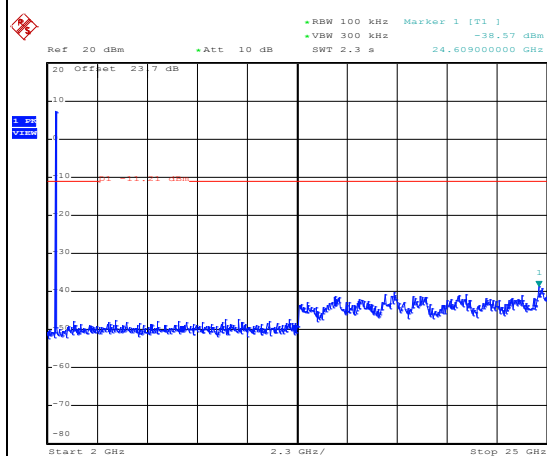
Date: 18.OCT.2016 21:40:59

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 21:41:11

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 21:41:19

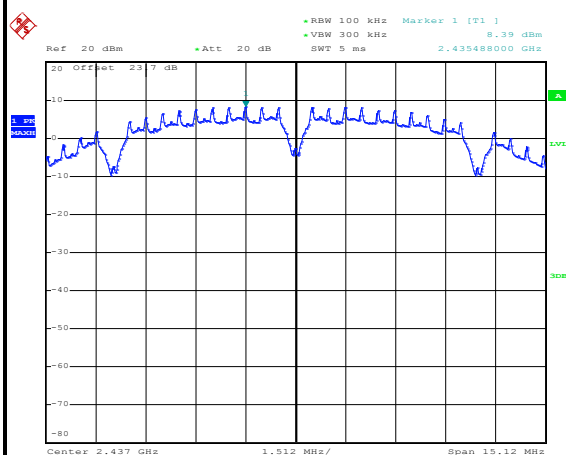


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11b Channel 06

100kHz PSD reference Level

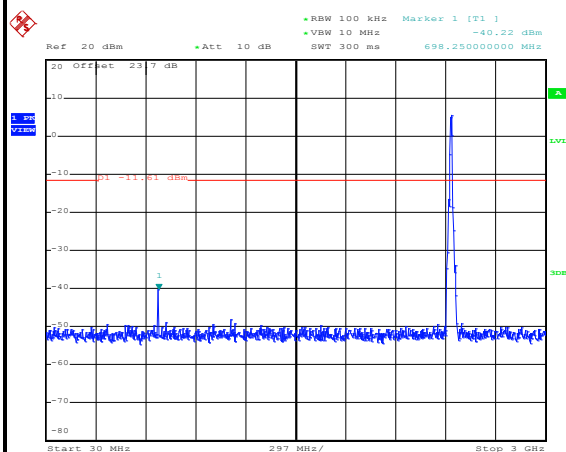
Mid Channel Plot



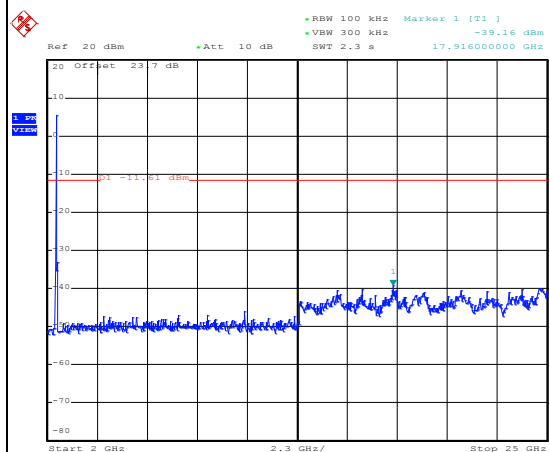
Date: 18.OCT.2016 21:54:25

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:01:51



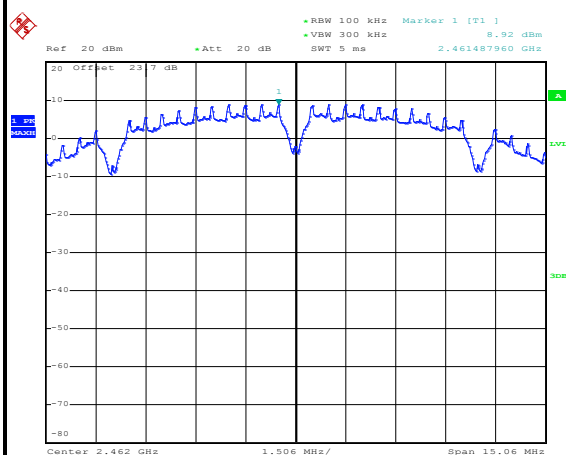
Date: 18.OCT.2016 21:56:37



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11b	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

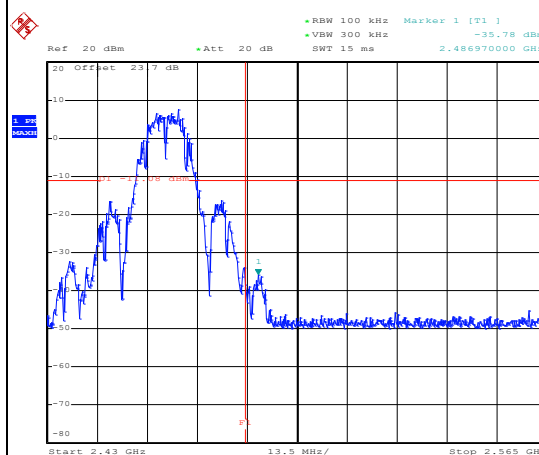
WLAN 802.11b Channel 11

100kHz PSD reference Level



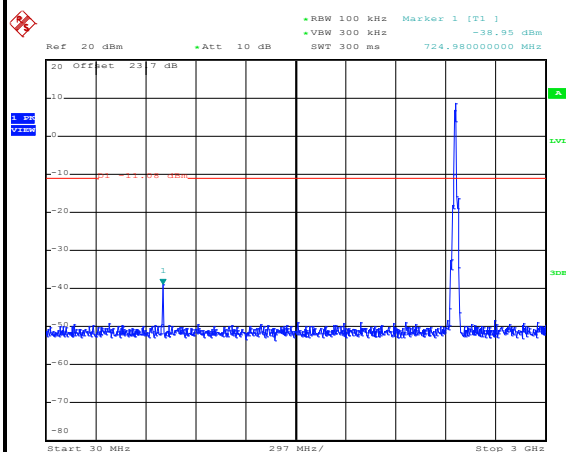
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:21:44

High Channel Plot



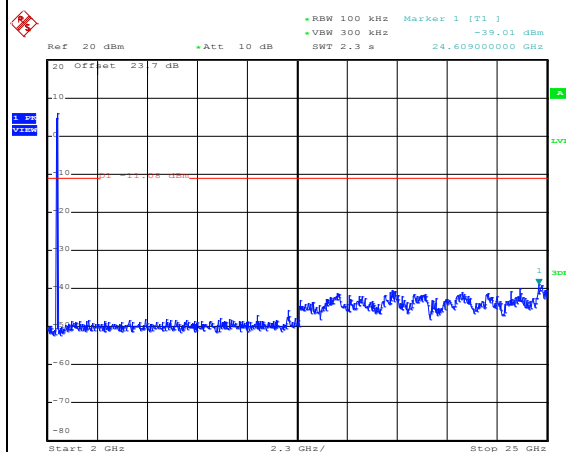
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:30:26

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:29:24

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



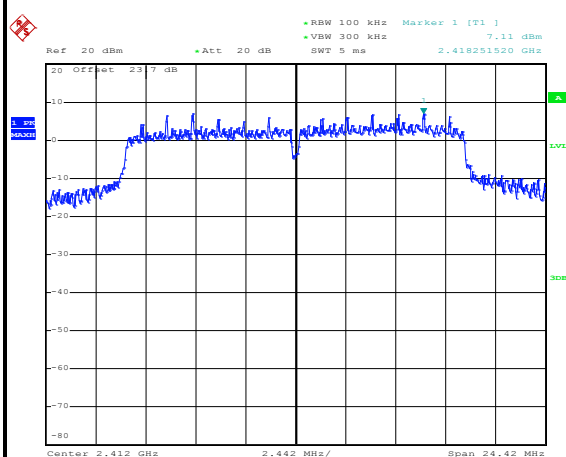
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:29:32



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

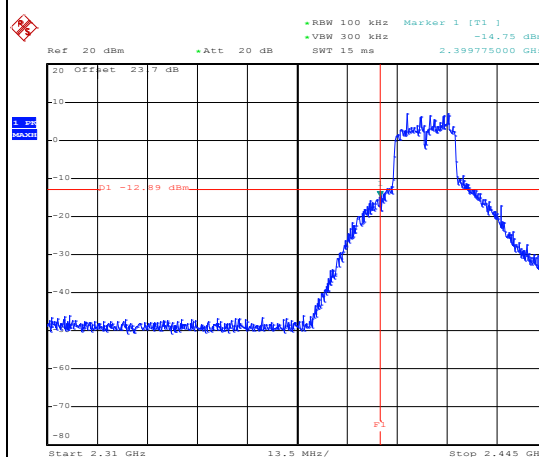
WLAN 802.11g Channel 01

100kHz PSD reference Level



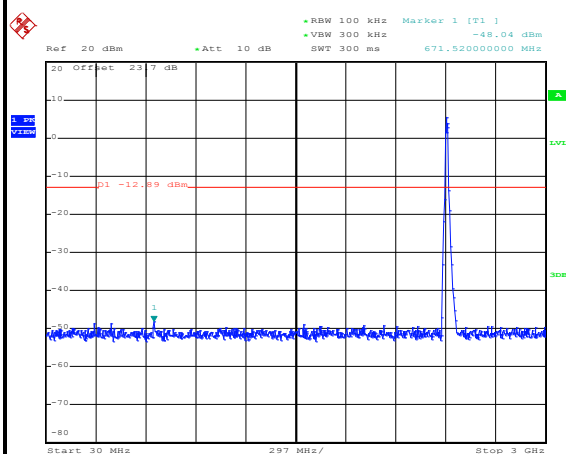
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:36:54

Low Channel Plot



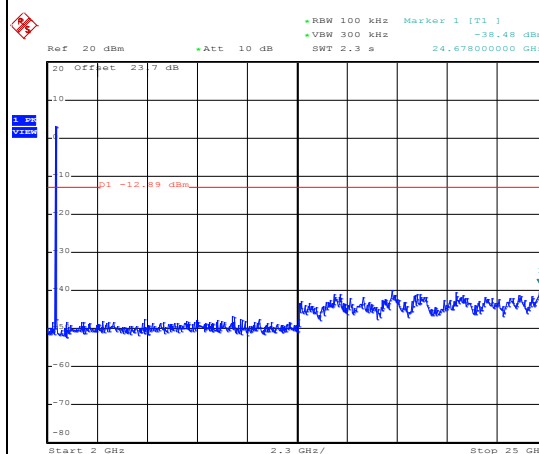
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:37:07

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:37:20

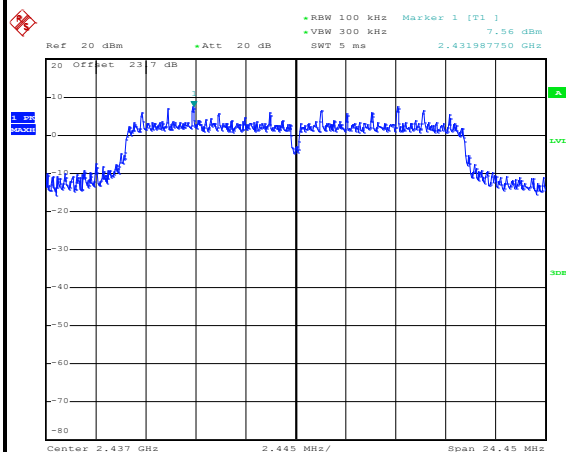
Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



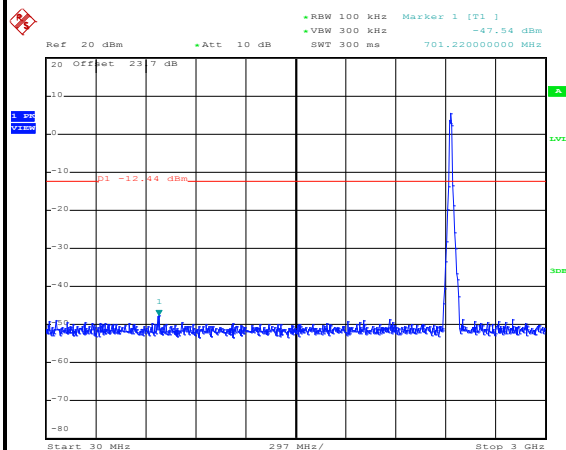
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:37:28



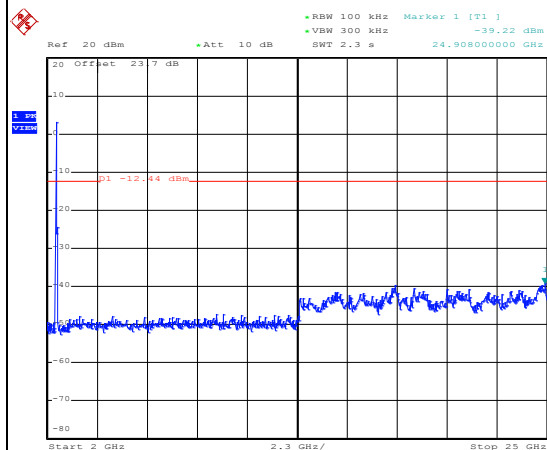
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11g Channel 06**100kHz PSD reference Level****Mid Channel Plot**

Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:42:45

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**

Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:43:23



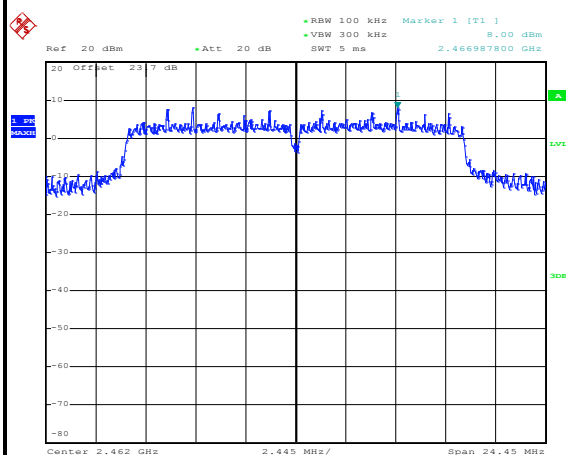
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:43:31



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11g	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

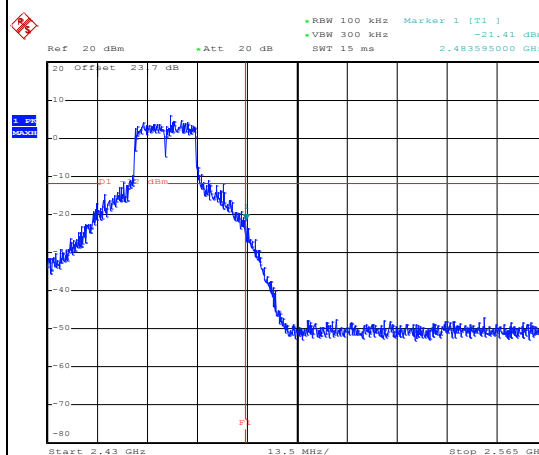
WLAN 802.11g Channel 11

100kHz PSD reference Level



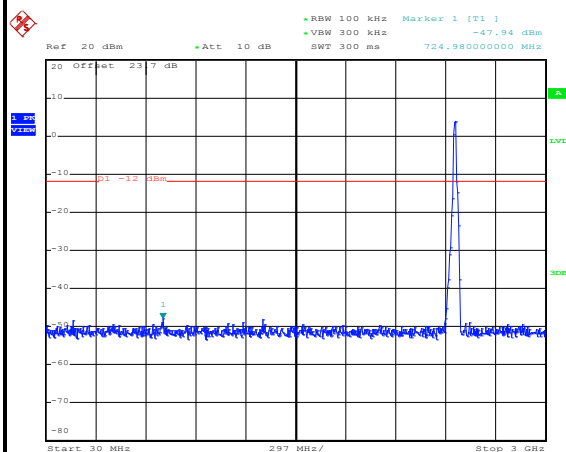
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:52:09

High Channel Plot



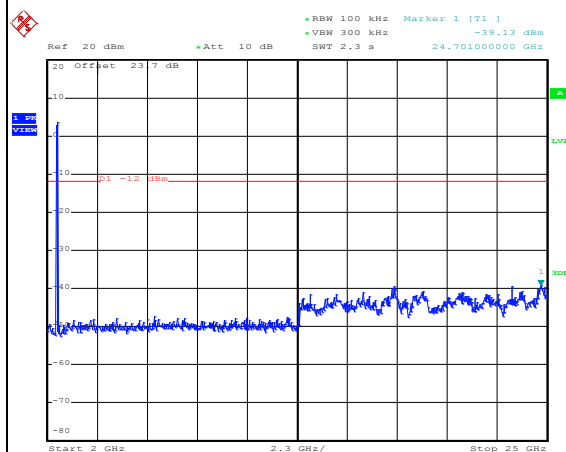
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:52:37

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:52:54

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



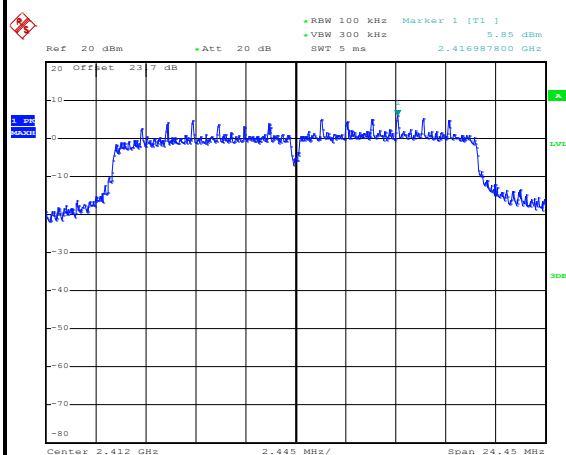
Date: 18.OCT.2016 22:53:02



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	01	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

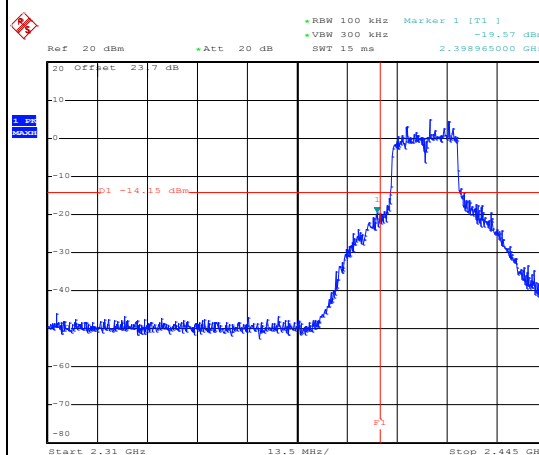
WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 01

100kHz PSD reference Level



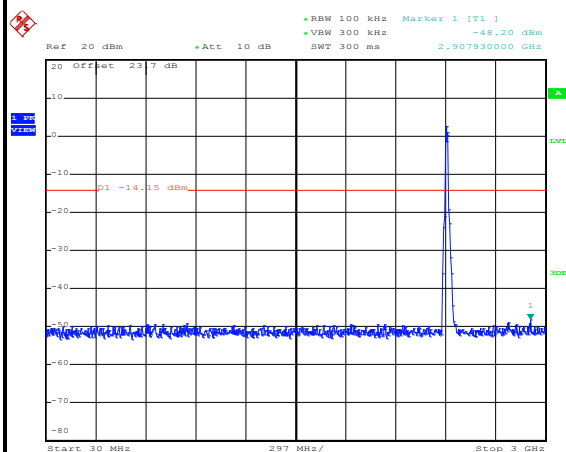
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:06:09

Low Channel Plot



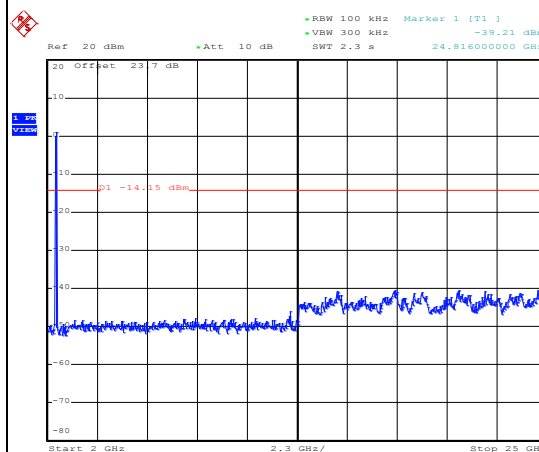
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:06:23

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:06:35

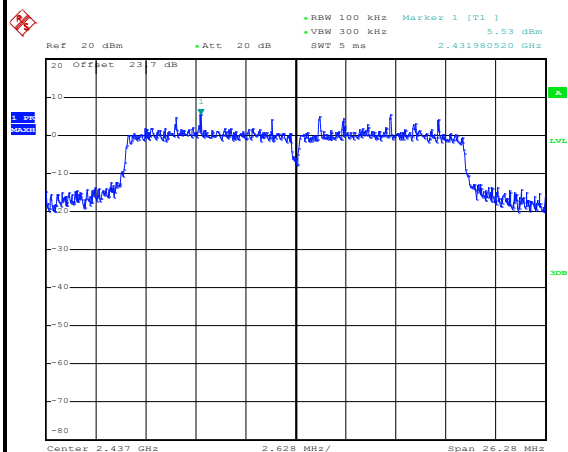
Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



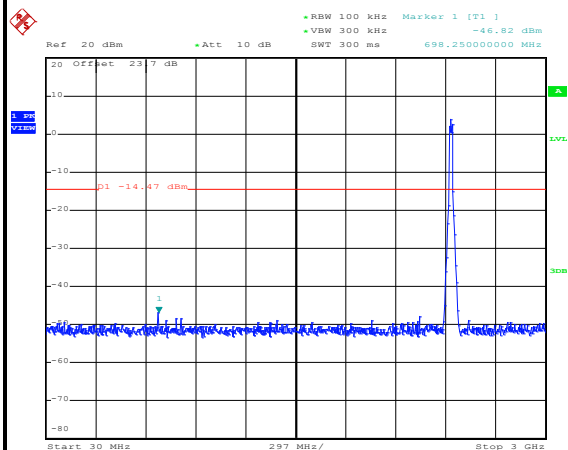
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:06:43



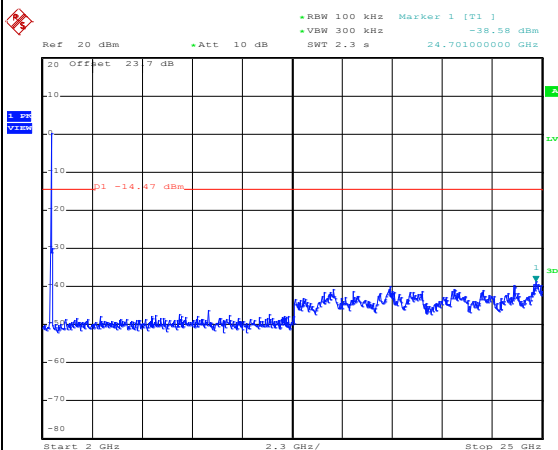
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 06**100kHz PSD reference Level****Mid Channel Plot**

Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:14:11

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz**Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz**

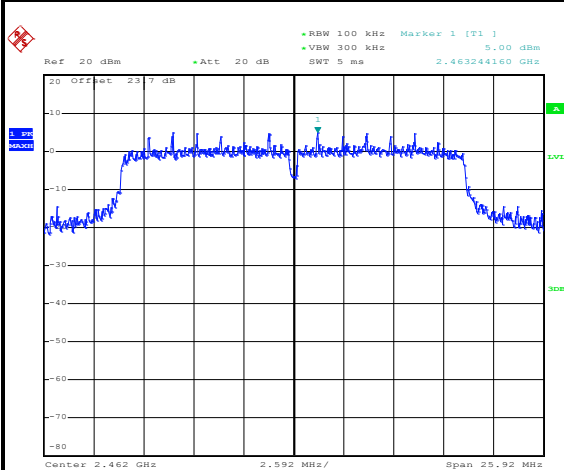
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:14:33



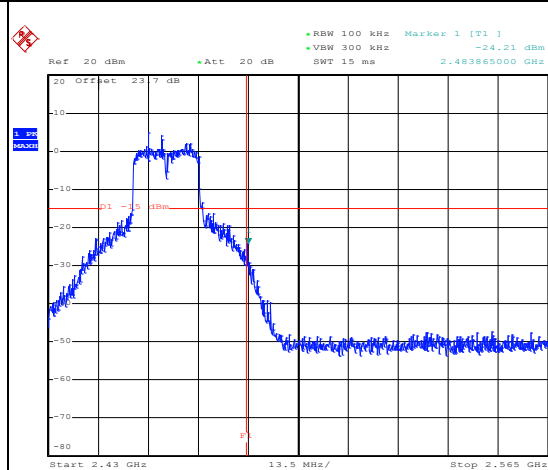
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:14:41



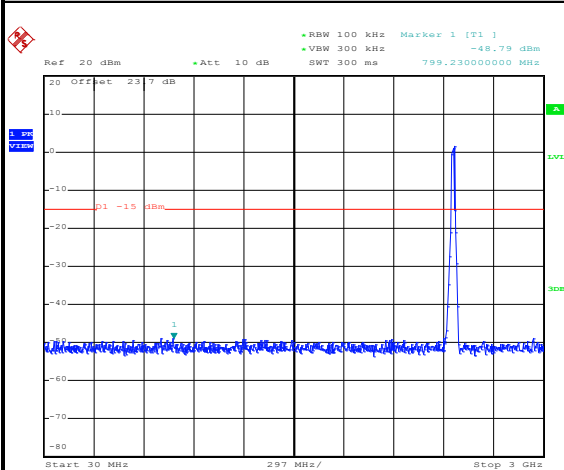
Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT20	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	11	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11n HT20 Channel 11**100kHz PSD reference Level**

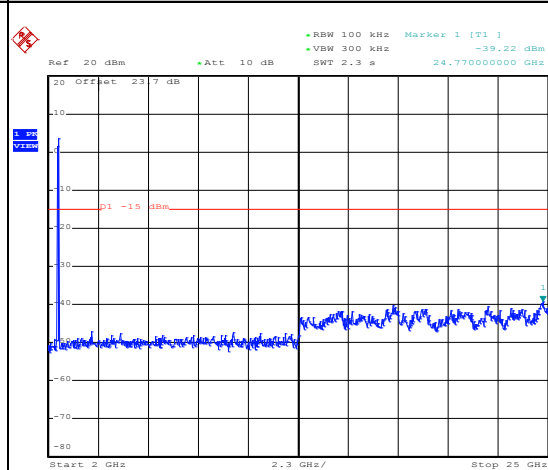
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:20:07

High Channel Plot

Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:20:15

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:20:30

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz

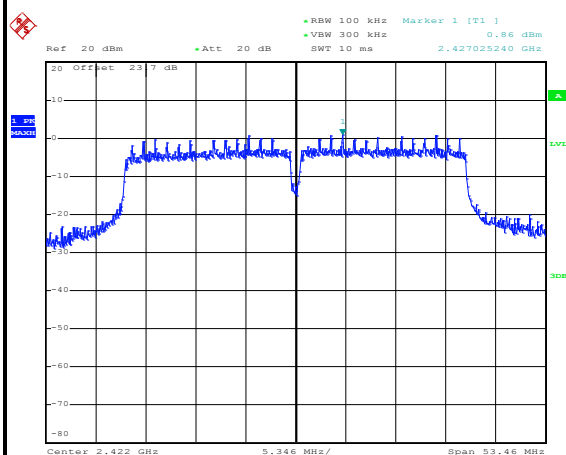
Date: 18.OCT.2016 23:20:38



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Low	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	03	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

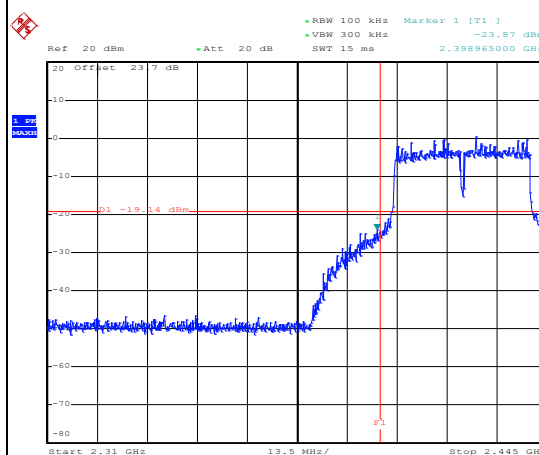
WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 03

100kHz PSD reference Level



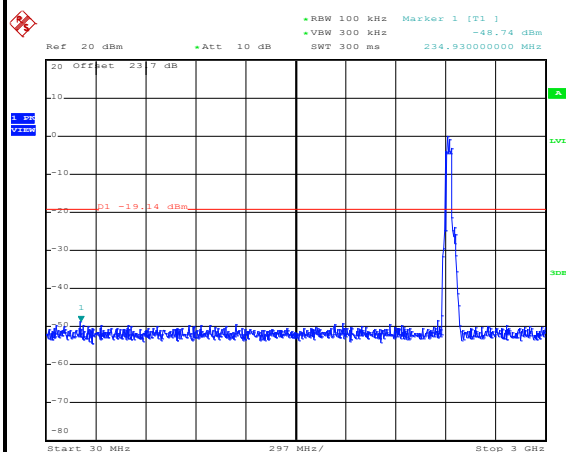
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:00:18

Low Channel Plot



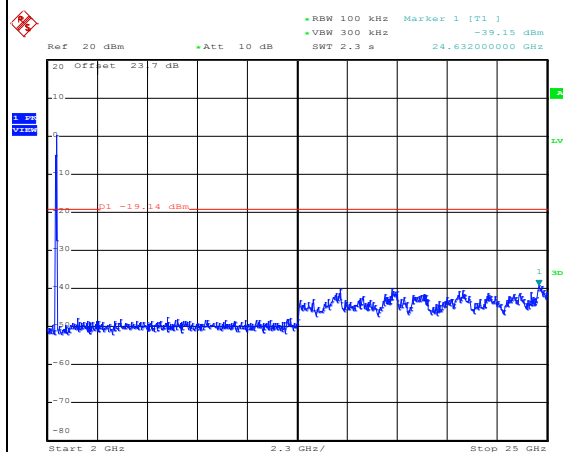
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:00:30

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:04:00

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:01:17

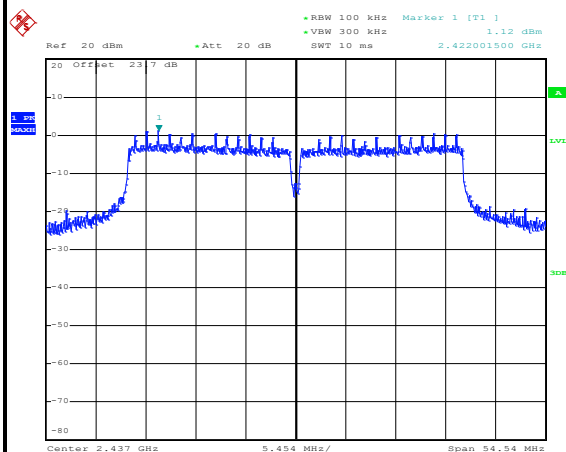


Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz Mid	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	06	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 06

100kHz PSD reference Level

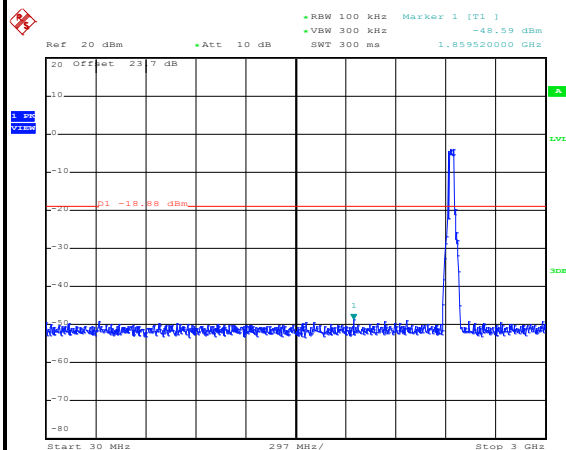
Mid Channel Plot



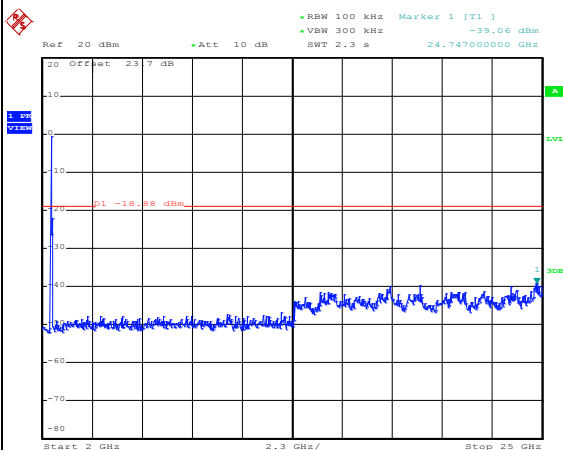
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:13:22

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:15:06



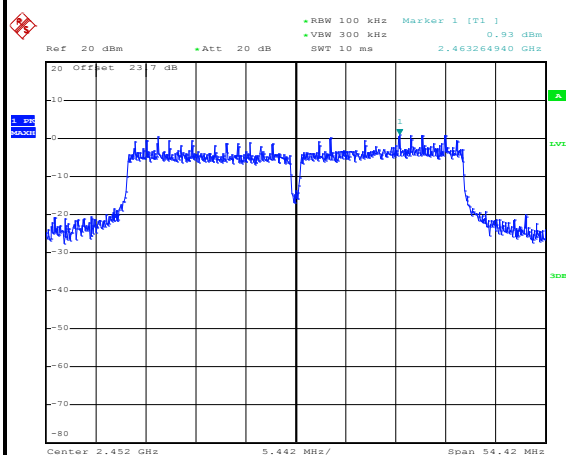
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:15:15



Number of TX :	2	Ant. :	2
Test Mode :	802.11n HT40	Temperature :	21~25°C
Test Band :	2.4GHz High	Relative Humidity :	51~54%
Test Channel :	09	Test Engineer :	Aking Chang

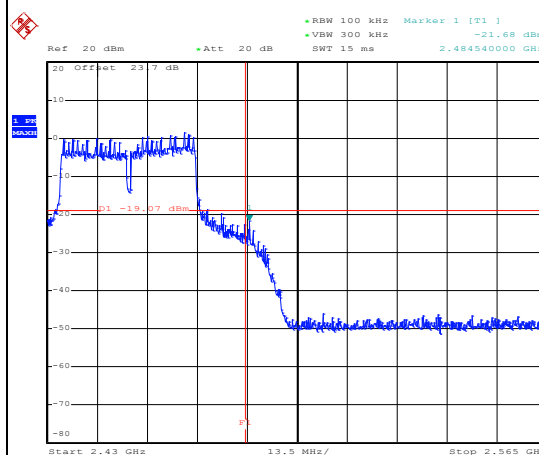
WLAN 802.11n HT40 Channel 09

100kHz PSD reference Level



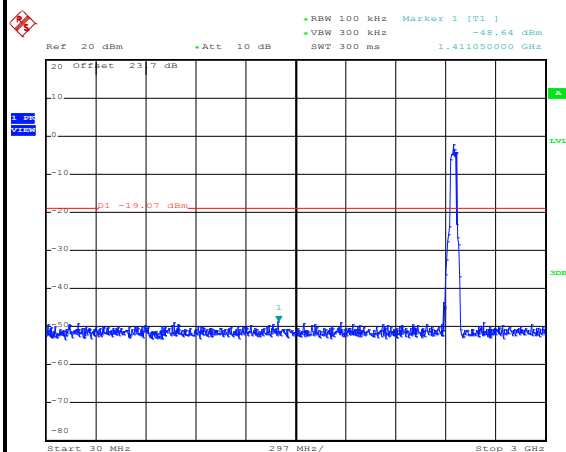
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:22:30

High Channel Plot



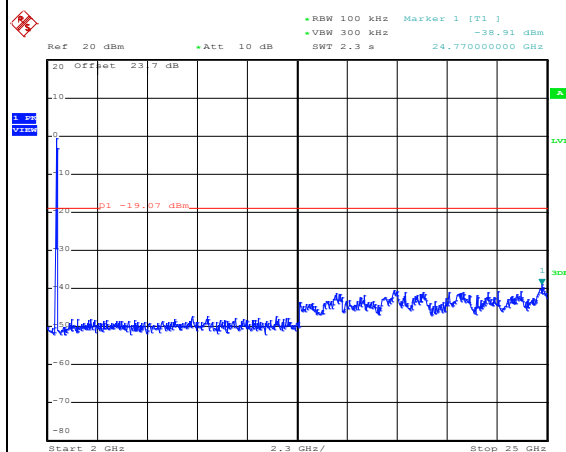
Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:22:46

Spurious Emission 30MHz~3GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:23:37

Spurious Emission 2GHz~25GHz



Date: 19.OCT.2016 00:23:45



3.5 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

3.5.1 Limit of Radiated band edge and Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. If the output power of this device was measured by spectrum analyzer, the attenuation under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.5.3 Test Procedures

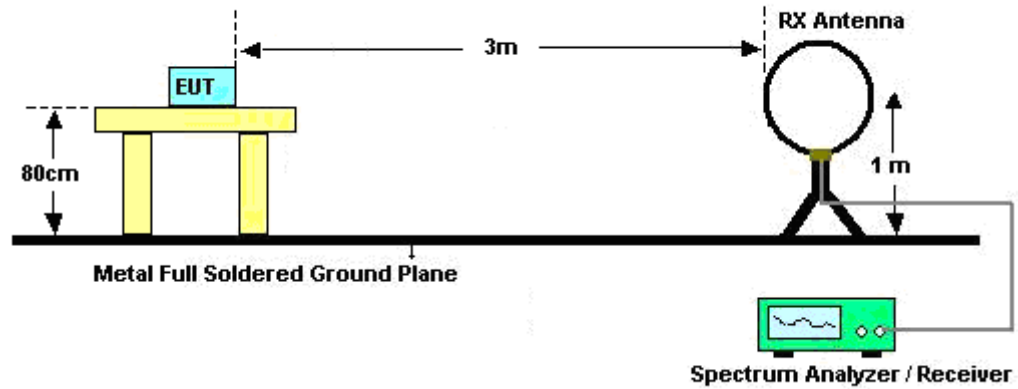
1. The testing follows FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v03r05.
2. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level.
3. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
4. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
5. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
6. For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.
7. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
 - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold;
 - (3) Set RBW = 1 MHz, VBW= 3MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz for peak measurement.

For average measurement:

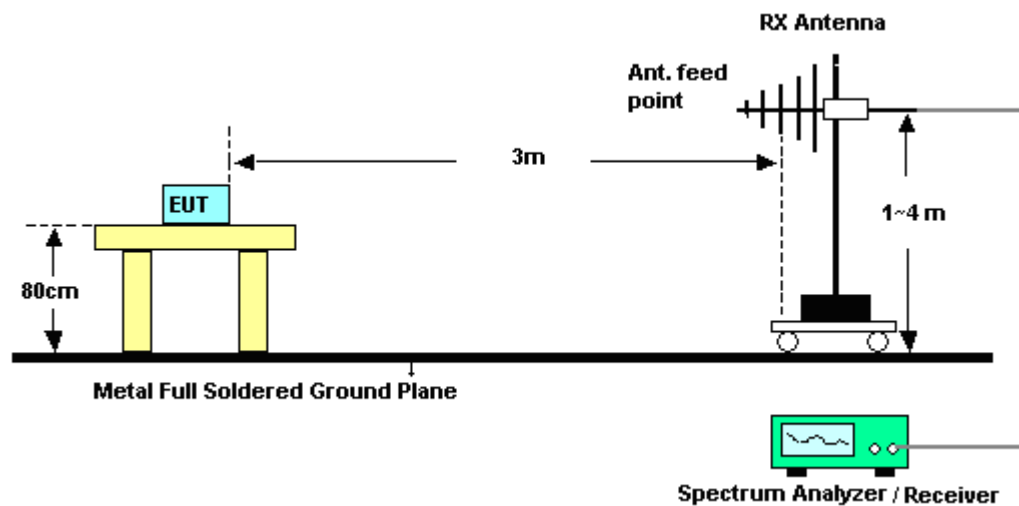
 - VBW = 10 Hz, when duty cycle is no less than 98 percent.
 - VBW $\geq 1/T$, when duty cycle is less than 98 percent where T is the minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.

3.5.4 Test Setup

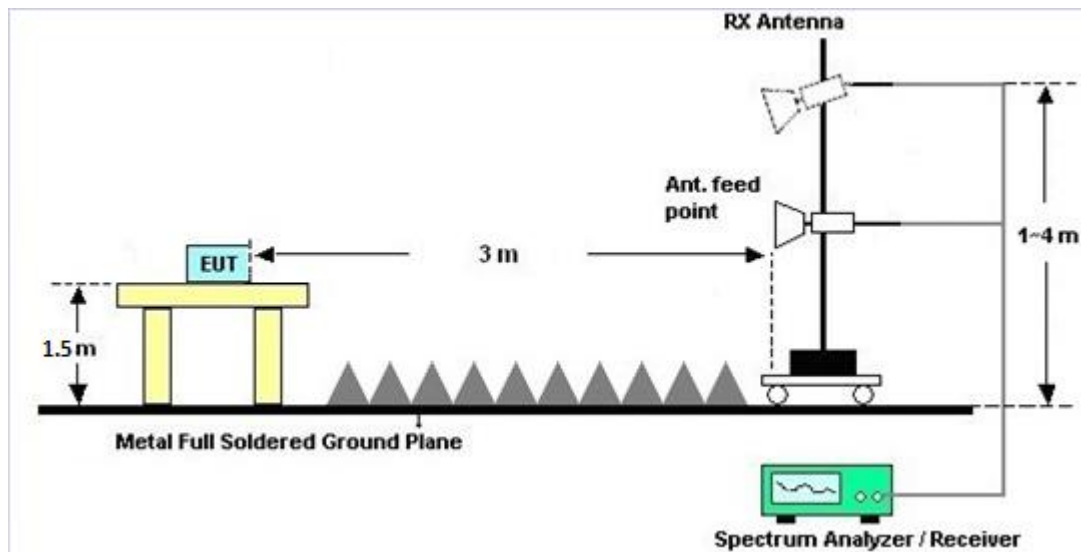
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz



3.5.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9kHz ~ 30MHz)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

3.5.6 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges

Please refer to Appendix B and C.

3.5.7 Duty Cycle

Please refer to Appendix D.

3.5.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10th Harmonic)

Please refer to Appendix B and C.

3.6 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

3.6.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

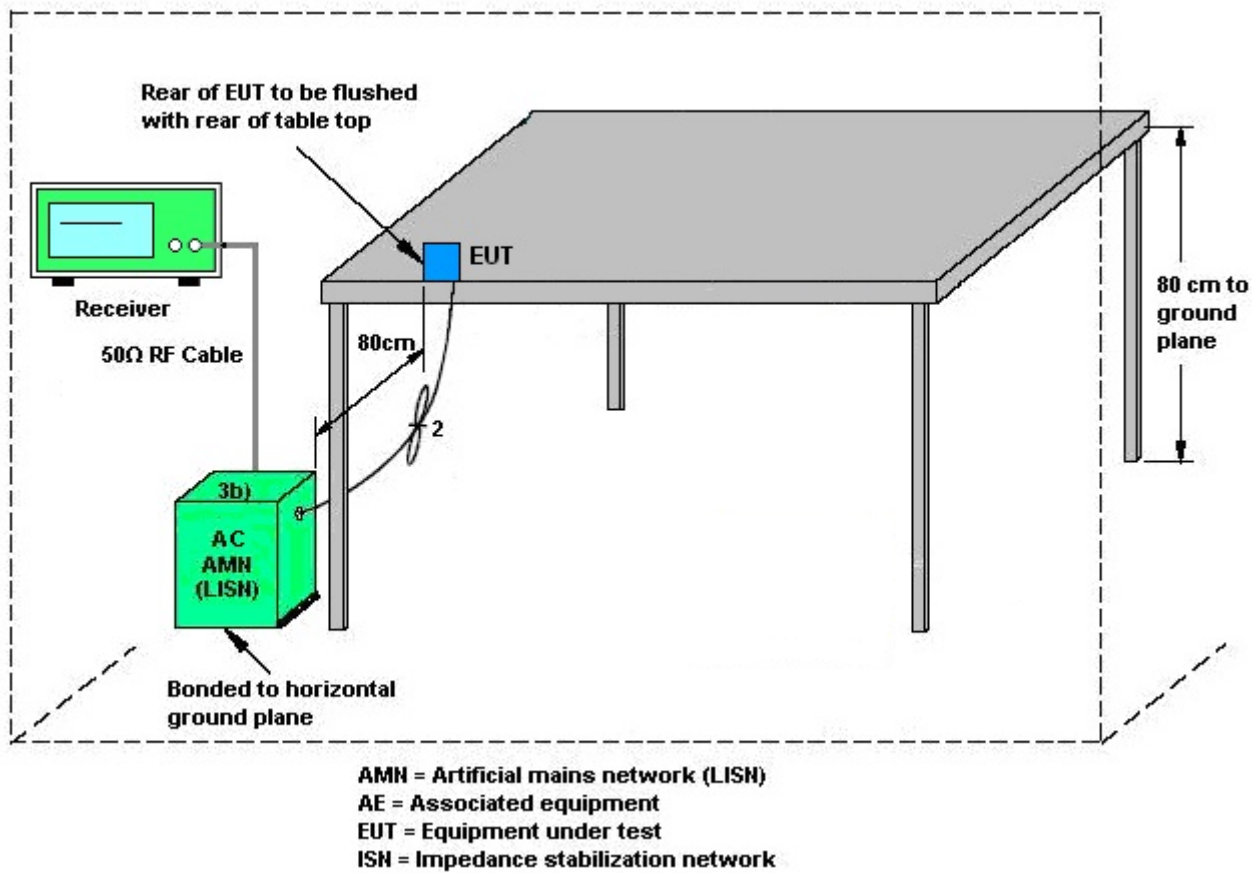
3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.6.3 Test Procedures

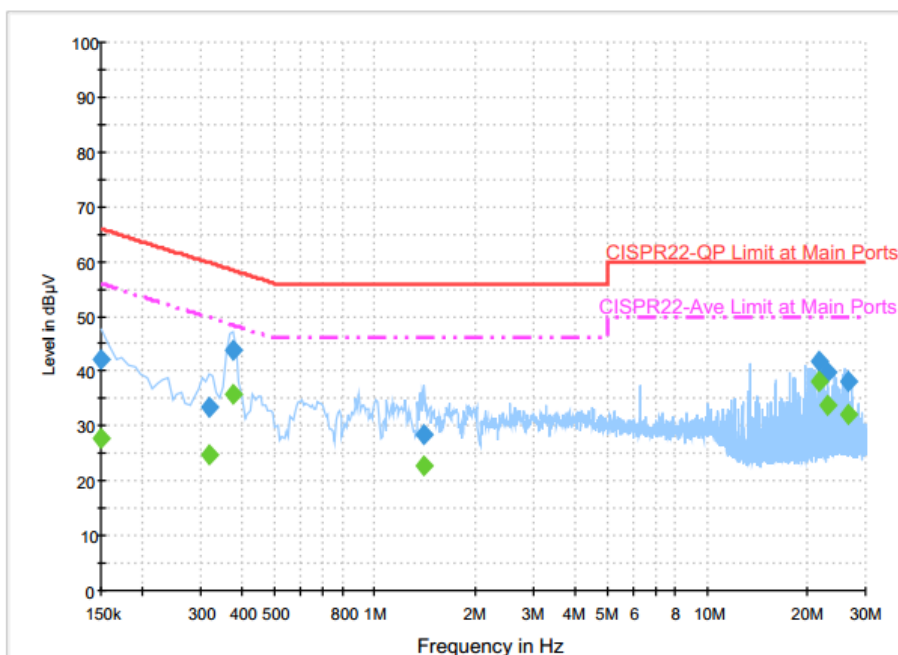
1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room, and it was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth (IF bandwidth = 9kHz) with Maximum Hold Mode.

3.6.4 Test Setup



3.6.5 Test Result of AC Conducted Emission

Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	21~23°C
Test Engineer :	Arthur Hsieh	Relative Humidity :	51~52%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Line
Function Type :	WCDMA Band V Idle + WLAN Idle + LAN Link + Adapter		



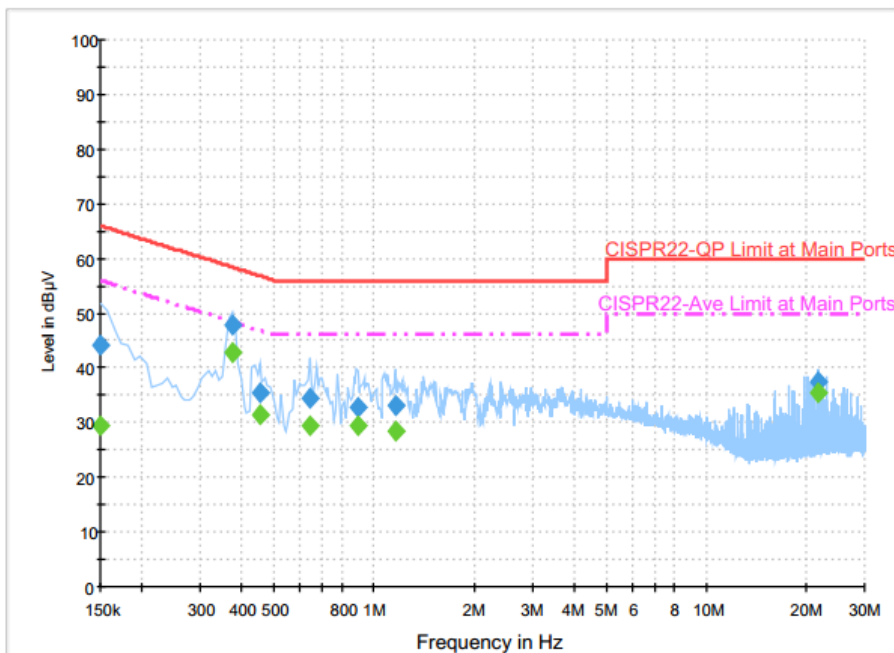
Final Result : QuasiPeak

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	42.3	Off	L1	19.6	23.7	66.0
0.318000	33.3	Off	L1	19.6	26.5	59.8
0.374000	43.8	Off	L1	19.6	14.6	58.4
1.414000	28.5	Off	L1	19.7	27.5	56.0
21.662000	41.8	Off	L1	20.8	18.2	60.0
23.126000	39.7	Off	L1	20.8	20.3	60.0
26.486000	38.0	Off	L1	21.0	22.0	60.0

Final Result : Average

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	27.8	Off	L1	19.6	28.2	56.0
0.318000	24.8	Off	L1	19.6	25.0	49.8
0.374000	35.6	Off	L1	19.6	12.8	48.4
1.414000	22.7	Off	L1	19.7	23.3	46.0
21.662000	38.0	Off	L1	20.8	12.0	50.0
23.126000	33.7	Off	L1	20.8	16.3	50.0
26.486000	32.3	Off	L1	21.0	17.7	50.0

Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	21~23℃
Test Engineer :	Arthur Hsieh	Relative Humidity :	51~52%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Neutral
Function Type :	WCDMA Band V Idle + WLAN Idle + LAN Link + Adapter		


Final Result : QuasiPeak

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBμV)
0.150000	44.2	Off	N	19.6	21.8	66.0
0.374000	47.9	Off	N	19.6	10.5	58.4
0.454000	35.5	Off	N	19.6	21.3	56.8
0.638000	34.3	Off	N	19.6	21.7	56.0
0.894000	32.9	Off	N	19.6	23.1	56.0
1.158000	33.1	Off	N	19.6	22.9	56.0
21.662000	37.4	Off	N	20.9	22.6	60.0

Final Result : Average

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBμV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBμV)
0.150000	29.3	Off	N	19.6	26.7	56.0
0.374000	42.8	Off	N	19.6	5.6	48.4
0.454000	31.5	Off	N	19.6	15.3	46.8
0.638000	29.5	Off	N	19.6	16.5	46.0
0.894000	29.3	Off	N	19.6	16.7	46.0
1.158000	28.5	Off	N	19.6	17.5	46.0
21.662000	35.5	Off	N	20.9	14.5	50.0

3.7 Antenna Requirements

3.7.1 Standard Applicable

If directional gain of transmitting Antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the Antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached Antenna or of an Antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

3.7.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

An embedded-in antenna design is used.

3.7.3 Antenna Gain

FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01

For CDD transmissions, directional gain is calculated as

Directional gain = G_{ANT} + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.

For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,

Array Gain = $10 \log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS}=1)$ dB.

For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for $N_{ANT} \leq 4$.

Directional gain may be calculated by using the formulas applicable to equal gain antennas with G_{ANT} set equal to the gain of the antenna having the highest gain;

The EUT supports CDD mode.

For power, the directional gain G_{ANT} is set equal to the antenna having the highest gain, i.e., F)2)f)i).

For PSD, the directional gain calculation is following F)2)f)ii) of KDB 662911 D01 v02r01.

The power and PSD limit should be modified if the directional gain of EUT is over 6 dBi,

The directional gain "DG" is calculated as following table.

			DG for Power (dBi)	DG for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit Reduction (dB)	PSD Limit Reduction (dB)
	Ant. 1 (dBi)	Ant. 2 (dBi)				
2.4 GHz	3.50	3.50	3.50	6.51	0.00	0.51

Power Limit Reduction = $DG(\text{Power}) - 6\text{dBi}$, (min = 0)

PSD Limit Reduction = $DG(\text{PSD}) - 6\text{dBi}$, (min = 0)



4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0932001	300MHz~40GHz	Sep. 29, 2016	Oct. 07, 2016~ Oct. 19, 2016	Sep. 28, 2017	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846202	300MHz~40GHz	Sep. 29, 2016	Oct. 07, 2016~ Oct. 19, 2016	Sep. 28, 2017	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	100057	9kHz-40GHz	Nov. 23, 2015	Oct. 07, 2016~ Oct. 19, 2016	Nov. 22, 2016	Conducted (TH05-HY)
AC Power Source	ChainTek	APC-1000W	N/A	N/A	N/A	Oct. 08, 2016	N/A	Conduction (CO05-HY)
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	100724	9kHz~7GHz	Aug. 30, 2016	Oct. 08, 2016	Aug. 29, 2017	Conduction (CO05-HY)
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100080	9kHz~30MHz	Dec. 02, 2015	Oct. 08, 2016	Dec. 01, 2016	Conduction (CO05-HY)
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100081	9kHz~30MHz	Dec. 14, 2015	Oct. 08, 2016	Dec. 13, 2016	Conduction (CO05-HY)
Amplifier	SONOMA	310N	187312	9kHz~1GHz	Nov. 20, 2015	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	Nov. 19, 2016	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100315	9 kHz~30 MHz	Sep. 02, 2015	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	Sep. 01, 2017	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6111D	35414	30MHz~1GHz	Nov. 17, 2015	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	Nov. 16, 2016	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-152 2	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Mar. 30, 2016	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	Mar. 31, 2017	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Preamplifier	Keysight	83017A	MY532700 80	1GHz~26.5GHz	Nov. 19, 2015	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	Nov. 18, 2016	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY523502 76	10Hz ~ 44GHz	Mar. 21, 2016	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	Mar. 20, 2017	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Antenna Mast	EMEC	AM-BS-4500-B	N/A	1~4m	N/A	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	N/A	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Turn Table	EMEC	TT 2000	N/A	0~360 Degree	N/A	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	N/A	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Preamplifier	MITEQ	TTA0204	1872107	2GHz~40GHz	Feb. 15, 2016	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	Feb. 14, 2017	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMF100A	101107	100kHz~40GHz	May 19, 2016	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	May 18, 2017	Radiation (03CH11-HY)
SHF-EHF Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170 584	18GHz- 40GHz	Nov. 02, 2015	Oct. 11, 2016~ Oct. 12, 2016	Nov. 01, 2016	Radiation (03CH11-HY)



5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150kHz ~ 30MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	2.70
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Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	5.20
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Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1000 MHz ~ 18000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	5.50
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Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18000 MHz ~ 40000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	5.20
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Appendix A. Conducted Test Results