



# FCC RADIO TEST REPORT

**FCC ID** : UZ7ET65AW  
**Equipment** : Rugged 2 in 1 Android Tablet  
**Brand Name** : Zebra  
**Model Name** : ET65AW  
**Applicant** : Zebra Technologies Corporation  
1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742  
**Manufacturer** : Zebra Technologies Corporation  
1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742  
**Standard** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2, 90(R)

The product was received on Jul. 20, 2023 and testing was performed from Jul. 22, 2023 to Sep. 08, 2023. We, Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI / TIA-603-E and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval from Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Louis Wu

**Sportun International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory**

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



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### Appendix A. Test Results of Conducted Test

### Appendix B. Test Results of Radiated Test

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## History of this test report



## Summary of Test Result

Report Clause	Ref Std. Clause	Test Items	Result (PASS/FAIL)	Remark
3.2	§2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Reporting only	-
	§90.542 (a)(7)	Effective Radiated Power	Pass	-
3.3	-	Peak-to-Average Ratio	Reporting only	-
3.4	§2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting only	-
3.5	§2.1053 §90.543 (e)(2)	Conducted Band Edge Measurement	Pass	-
3.6	§2.1051 §90.210 (n)	Emission Mask	Pass	-
3.7	§2.1053 §90.543 (e)(3)	Conducted Spurious Emission	Pass	-
3.8	§2.1055 §90.539 (e)	Frequency Stability Temperature & Voltage	Pass	-
4.2	§2.1053 §90.543 (e)(3) §90.543 (f)	Radiated Spurious Emission	Pass	19.94 dB under the limit at 1582.00 MHz

**Conformity Assessment Condition:**

1. The test results (PASS/FAIL) with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented against the regulation limits or in accordance with the requirements stipulated by the applicant/manufacturer who shall bear all the risks of non-compliance that may potentially occur if measurement uncertainty is taken into account.
2. The measurement uncertainty please refer to each test result in the section "Measurement Uncertainty".

**Disclaimer:**

The product specifications of the EUT presented in the test report that may affect the test assessments are declared by the manufacturer who shall take full responsibility for the authenticity.

**Reviewed by: Keven Cheng****Report Producer: Rachel Hsieh**



## 1 General Description

### 1.1 Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Rugged 2 in 1 Android Tablet
Brand Name	Zebra
Model Name	ET65AW
FCC ID	UZ7ET65AW
EUT supports Radios application	WCDMA/HSPA/LTE/5G NR/NFC/GNSS WLAN 11a/b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160 WLAN 11ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	DV2
SW Version	A13
MFD	21JUN23
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark: The EUT's information above is declared by manufacturer.

Specification of Accessories				
Adapter	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-BGA15V45W-UC2-WW
Battery 1	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000471-0020
Battery 2	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000471-0820

Supported Unit Used in Test Configuration and System				
USB TYPE C to 3.5mm audio connector	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	ADP-USBC-35MM1-01
3.5mm Earphone	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	HDST-35MM-PTVP-01
USB TYPE C Earphone	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	HPST-USBC-PTT1-01
Headset Jumper	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBL-TC51-HDST35-01

### 1.2 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Product Specification is subject to this standard	
Tx Frequency	790.5 ~ 795.5 MHz
Rx Frequency	760.5 ~ 765.5 MHz
Bandwidth	5MHz / 10MHz
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	24.06 dBm
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	-0.14 dBi
Type of Modulation	PI/2 BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM

Remark: The EUT's information above is declared by manufacturer. Please refer to Disclaimer in report summary.



### 1.3 Modification of EUT

No modifications made to the EUT during the testing.

### 1.4 Testing Site

<b>Test Site</b>	Sportun International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sportun Site No.</b>
	TH03-HY
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Hank Chen and Luffy Lin
<b>Temperature (°C)</b>	23.5~24.1
<b>Relative Humidity (%)</b>	48~52

<b>Test Site</b>	Sportun International Inc. Wensan Laboratory
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-0868 FAX: +886-3-327-0855
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sportun Site No.</b>
	03CH12-HY (TAF Code: 3786)
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Jesse Fan, Tim Lee and Wilson Wu
<b>Temperature (°C)</b>	20~25
<b>Relative Humidity (%)</b>	50~60
<b>Remark</b>	The Radiated Spurious Emission test item subcontracted to Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory.

**Note:** The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

FCC Designation No.: TW1190 and TW3786



## 1.5 Applied Standards

According to the specifications declared by the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ ANSI C63.26-2015
- ♦ FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Part 90(R)
- ♦ ANSI / TIA-603-E
- ♦ FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v03r01
- ♦ FCC KDB 412172 D01 Determining ERP and EIRP v01r01
- ♦ FCC KDB 414788 D01 Radiated Test Site v01r01

**Remark:**

1. All the test items were validated and recorded in accordance with the standards without any modification during the testing.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.
3. The TAF code is not including all the FCC KDB listed without accreditation.



## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Test Mode

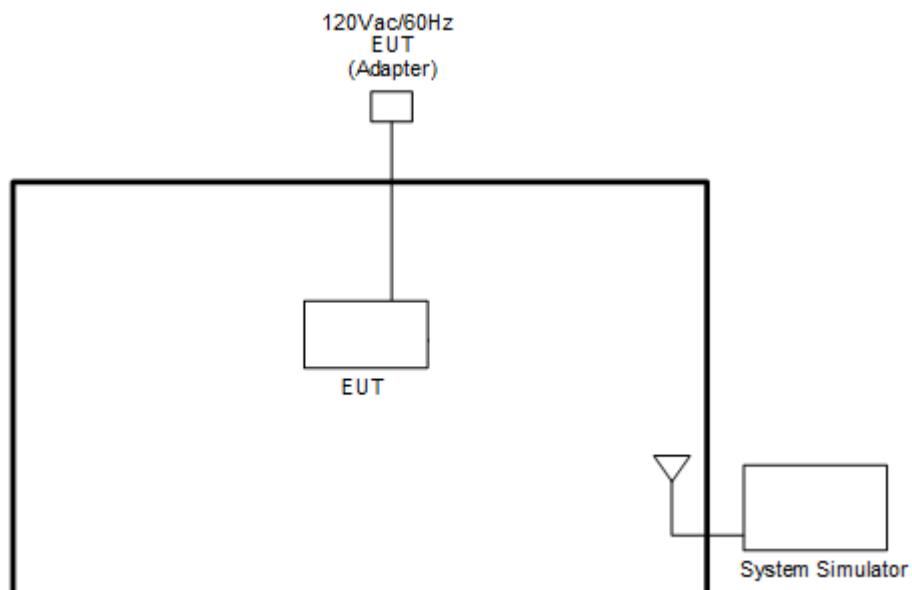
During all testing, EUT is in link mode with base station emulator at maximum power level.

For radiated measurement, the measured emission level of the EUT was maximized by rotating the EUT on a turntable, adjusting the orientation of the EUT and EUT antenna in three orthogonal axis (X: flat, Y: portrait, Z: landscape), and adjusting the measurement antenna orientation, following C63.26 exploratory test procedures and only the worst case emissions were reported in this report.

Frequency range investigated for radiated emission is 30 MHz to 9000 MHz.

Conducted Test Cases	Band	Bandwidth (MHz)						Modulation					RB #			Test Channel		
		1.4	3	5	10	15	20	PI/2 BPSK	QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	256QAM	1	Half	Full	L	M	H
Max. Output Power	n14	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Peak-to-Average Ratio	n14	-	-		v	-	-	v	v	v	v	v			v	v		
26dB and 99% Bandwidth	n14	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v	v	v	v			v	v		
Conducted Band Edge	n14	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Emission Mask	n14	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Conducted Spurious Emission	n14	-	-	v		-	-		v					v		v	v	v
Frequency Stability	n14	-	-		v	-	-	v							v	v		
E.R.P	n14	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	Max Power				
Radiated Spurious Emission	n14	Worst Case														v	v	v
Remark		1. The mark "v" means that this configuration is chosen for testing 2. The mark "-" means that this bandwidth is not supported. 3. The device is investigated from 30MHz to 10 times of fundamental signal for radiated spurious emission test under different RB size/offset and modulations in exploratory test. Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported. 4. For radiated measurement, pre-scanned in two modes, DFT-s OFDM and CP OFDM. The worst cases (DFT-s OFDM) were recorded in this report. 5. All the radiated test cases were performed with Battery 1. 6. One representative bandwidth is selected to perform PAR and frequency stability.																

## 2.2 Connection Diagram of Test System



## 2.3 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Brand Name	Model No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8000A	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m

## 2.4 Measurement Results Explanation Example

### For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between RF conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level will be exactly the RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

*Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.*

The following shows an offset computation example with RF cable loss 4.2 dB and a 10dB attenuator.

Example :

*Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + attenuator factor(dB).*

$$= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 \text{ (dB)}$$



## 2.5 Frequency List of Low/Middle/High Channels

5G NR n14 Channel and Frequency List				
BW [MHz]	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	Lowest	Middle	Highest
10	Channel	-	158600	-
	Frequency	-	793	-
5	Channel	158100	158600	159100
	Frequency	790.5	793	795.5

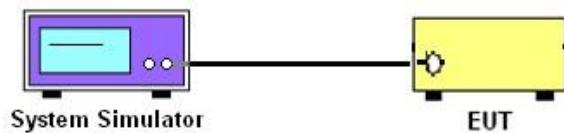
### 3 Conducted Test Items

#### 3.1 Measuring Instruments

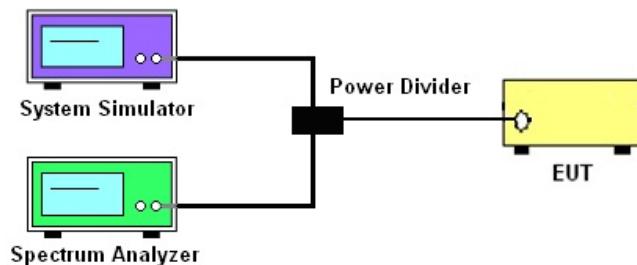
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

##### 3.1.1 Test Setup

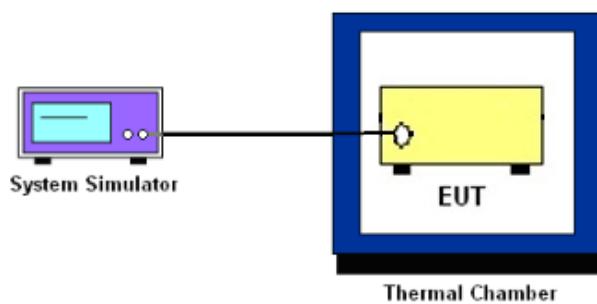
##### 3.1.2 Conducted Output Power



##### 3.1.3 Peak-to-Average Ratio, Occupied Bandwidth, Conducted Band-Edge, Emission Mask, and Conducted Spurious Emission



##### 3.1.4 Frequency Stability



##### 3.1.5 Test Result of Conducted Test

Please refer to Appendix A.



## 3.2 Conducted Output Power Measurement and ERP

### 3.2.1 Description of the Conducted Output Power Measurement and ERP Measurement

A base station simulator was used to establish communication with the EUT. Its parameters were set to transmit the maximum power on the EUT. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

The ERP of mobile transmitters must not exceed 3 Watts for 5G NR n14.

According to KDB 412172 D01 Power Approach,

$EIRP = PT + GT - LC$ ,  $ERP = EIRP - 2.15$ , where

PT = transmitter output power in dBm

GT = gain of the transmitting antenna in dBi

LC = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna in dB

### 3.2.2 Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output port was connected to the system simulator.
2. Set EUT at maximum power through system simulator.
3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.
4. Measure and record the power level from the system simulator.



### 3.3 Peak-to-Average Ratio

#### 3.3.1 Description of the PAR Measurement

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

#### 3.3.2 Test Procedures

The testing follows ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.6

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum and system simulator via a power divider.
2. Set the CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) option in spectrum analyzer.
3. The highest RF powers were measured and recorded the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
4. Record the deviation as Peak to Average Ratio.



## 3.4 Occupied Bandwidth

### 3.4.1 Description of Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

The occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5% of the total mean transmitted power.

The 26 dB emission bandwidth is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated 26 dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth equal to approximately 1.0% of the emission bandwidth.

### 3.4.2 Test Procedures

The testing follows ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.4.3 (26dB) and Section 5.4.4 (99OB)

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
2. The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.  
The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between two and five times the anticipated OBW.
3. The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.
4. Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
5. Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace.  
(this is the reference value)
6. Determine the “-26 dB down amplitude” as equal to (Reference Value – X).
7. Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-X dB down amplitude” determined in step 6. If a marker is below this “-X dB down amplitude” value it shall be placed as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.
8. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer and report the measured bandwidth.



### 3.5 Conducted Band Edge

#### 3.5.1 Description of Conducted Band Edge Measurement

90.543(e)

- (1) On all frequencies between 769-775 MHz and 799-805 MHz, by a factor not less than  $76 + 10 \log (P)$  dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations.
- (2) On all frequencies between 769-775 MHz and 799-805 MHz, by a factor not less than  $65 + 10 \log (P)$  dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.
- (3) On any frequency between 775-788 MHz, above 805 MHz, and below 758 MHz, by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

#### 3.5.2 Test Procedures

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 6.1.

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
2. The band edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured.
3. Set RBW  $\geq 1\% \text{ EBW}$  in the 100kHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the band edge.
4. Beyond the 100kHz band from the band edge, RBW=100kHz was used.
5. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
7. Checked that all the results comply with the emission limit line.
8. The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)



## 3.6 Emission Mask

### 3.6.1 Description of Emissions Mask Measurement

Transmitters designed must meet the emission mask comply with the emission mask provisions of FCC Part 90.210(n).

### 3.6.2 Test Procedures

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 6.0.

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
2. The power of the modulated signal was measured on a spectrum analyzer using an RMS and 10 second sweep time in order to maximize the level.
3. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.



## 3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission

### 3.7.1 Description of Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 30MHz up to a frequency including its 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.

### 3.7.2 Test Procedures

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 6.1.

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and base station via power divider.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. The middle channel for the highest RF power within the transmitting frequency was measured.
4. The conducted spurious emission for the whole frequency range was taken.
5. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz.
6. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
7. Taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
8. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
9. The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)



## 3.8 Frequency Stability

### 3.8.1 Description of Frequency Stability Measurement

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

### 3.8.2 Test Procedures for Temperature Variation

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 9.0.

1. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the base station.
2. With power OFF, the temperature was decreased to -30°C and the EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.
3. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10°C step up to 50°C. The EUT was stabilized at each step for at least half an hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute.

### 3.8.3 Test Procedures for Voltage Variation

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 9.0.

1. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at  $20\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$  and connected with the base station.
2. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
3. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

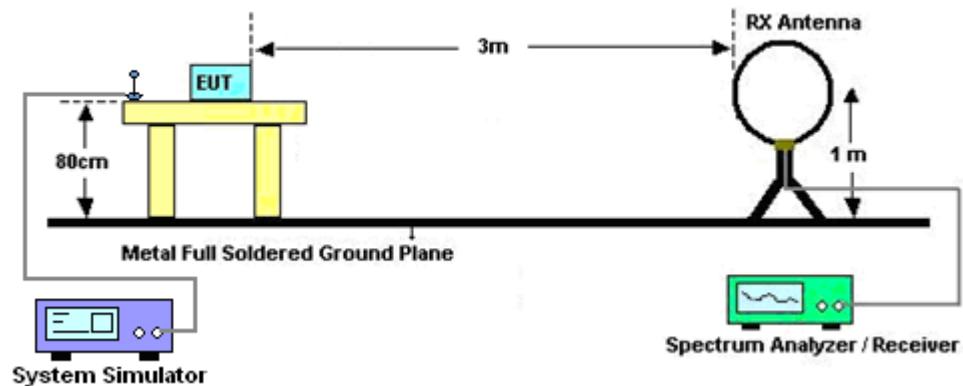
## 4 Radiated Test Items

### 4.1 Measuring Instruments

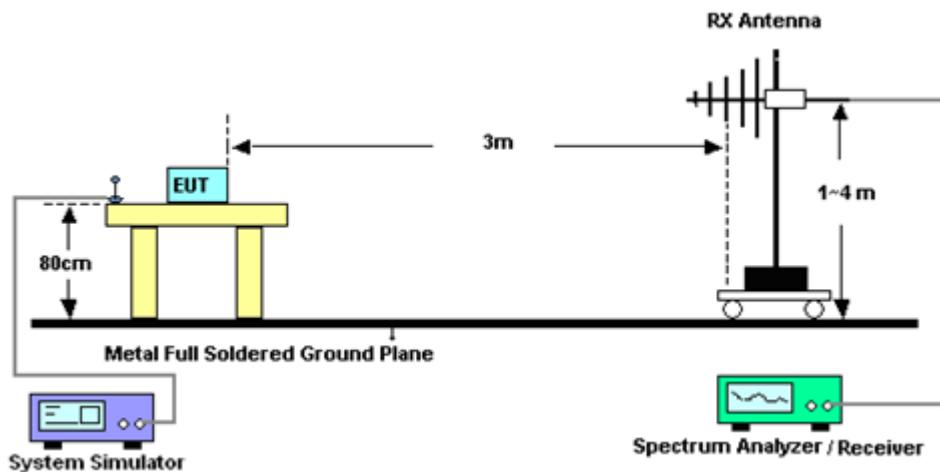
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

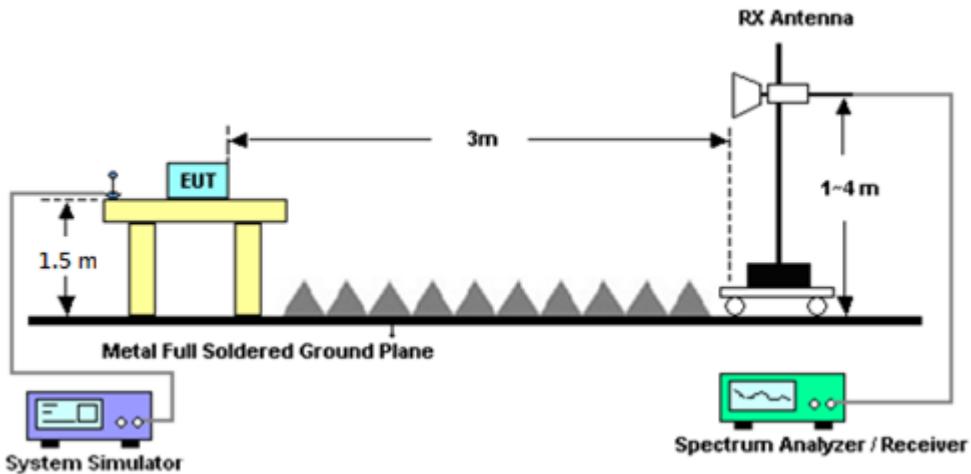
#### 4.1.1 Test Setup

For radiated test below 30MHz



For radiated test from 30MHz to 1GHz



**For radiated test above 1GHz****4.1.2 Test Result of Radiated Test**

Please refer to Appendix B.

**Note:**

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line was not reported.

There is adequate comparison measurement of both open-field test site and alternative test site - semi-Anechoic chamber according to 414788 D01 Radiated Test Site v01r01, and the result came out very similar.



## 4.2 Radiated Spurious Emission

### 4.2.1 Description of Radiated Spurious Emission

The radiated spurious emission was measured by substitution method according to ANSI / TIA-603-E.

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

For operations in the 758-775 MHz and 788-805 MHz bands, all emissions including harmonics in the band 1559–1610 MHz shall be limited to -70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

The spectrum is scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

### 4.2.2 Test Procedures

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 Section 7 and ANSI / TIA-603-E Section 2.2.12.

1. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the antenna tower.
3. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest spurious emission.
4. The height of the receiving antenna is varied between one meter and four meters to search the maximum spurious emission for both horizontal and vertical polarizations.
5. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Sweep = 500ms, Taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
6. A horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.
7. Tune the output power of signal generator to the same emission level with EUT maximum spurious emission.
8. Taking the record of output power at antenna port.
9. Repeat step 7 to step 8 for another polarization.
10. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
11. The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)



## 5 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Brand Name	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Hygrometer	Testo	608-H1	34893241	N/A	Mar. 28, 2023	Jul. 28, 2023~Sep. 08, 2023	Mar. 27, 2024	Conducted (TH03-HY)
Radio Communication Test Station	Anritsu	MT8000A	6272337370	N/A	Oct. 28, 2022	Jul. 28, 2023~Sep. 08, 2023	Oct. 27, 2023	Conducted (TH03-HY)
Base Station(Measure)	Anritsu	MT8821C	6262116725	LTE FDD/TDD LTE-3CC DLCA/2CC ULCA	Oct. 13, 2022	Jul. 28, 2023~Sep. 08, 2023	Oct. 12, 2023	Conducted (TH03-HY)
Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100488	9 kHz~30 MHz	Sep. 20, 2022	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Sep. 19, 2023	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6111D & 00800N1D01 N-06	37059 & 01	30MHz~1GHz	Nov. 10, 2022	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Nov. 09, 2023	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-1328	1GHz~18GHz	Dec. 15, 2022	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Dec. 14, 2023	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-02294	1GHz~18GHz	Jun. 30, 2023	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Jun. 29, 2024	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Preamplifier	COM-POWER	PA-103A	161241	10MHz~1GHz	Oct. 03, 2022	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Oct. 02, 2023	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Preamplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02375	1GHz~26.5GHz	May 23, 2023	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	May 22, 2024	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Preamplifier	E-INSTRUMENT TECH LTD.	ERA-100M-18 G-56-01-A70	EC1900249	1GHz-18GHz	Dec. 21, 2022	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Dec. 20, 2023	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY53470118	10Hz~44GHz	Jan. 10, 2023	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Jan. 09, 2024	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-1080-1200-15000-60SS	SN1	1.2GHz High Pass Filter	Mar. 14, 2023	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Mar. 13, 2024	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-2700-3000-18000-60ST	SN2	3GHz High Pass Filter	Mar. 14, 2023	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Mar. 13, 2024	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Filter	Wainwright	WHKX8-5872.5-6750-18000-40ST	SN2	6.75GHz High Pass Filter	Mar. 14, 2023	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Mar. 13, 2024	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
RF Cable	HUBER + SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 102	803951/2	9kHz~30MHz	Mar. 07, 2023	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Mar. 06, 2024	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
RF Cable	HUBER + SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 126E	0058/126E	30MHz~18GHz	Dec. 20, 2022	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Dec. 19, 2023	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
RF Cable	HUBER + SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 102	505134/2	30MHz~40GHz	Dec. 20, 2022	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Dec. 19, 2023	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
RF Cable	HUBER + SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 102	803953/2	30MHz~40GHz	Dec. 20, 2022	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Dec. 19, 2023	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Antenna Mast	EMEC	AM-BS-4500-B	N/A	1m~4m	N/A	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	N/A	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Turn Table	EMEC	TT2000	N/A	0~360 Degree	N/A	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	N/A	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Software	Audix	E3 6.2009-8-24	RK-000989	N/A	N/A	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	N/A	Radiation (03CH12-HY)
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMF100A	101107	100kHz~40GHz	Jan. 11, 2023	Jul. 22, 2023~Aug. 10, 2023	Jan. 10, 2024	Radiation (03CH12-HY)



## 6 Measurement Uncertainty

### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))	3.07 dB
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))	3.63 dB
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## Appendix A. Test Results of Conducted Test

### Conducted Output Power(Average power) and ERP

NR n14 Maximum Average Power [dBm] (GT - LC = -0.14 dB)								
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest	ERP (dBm)	ERP(W)
5	1	1	PI/2 BPSK	23.91	23.96	24.06	21.77	0.1503
	1	23		23.83	23.97	23.93		
	12	6		23.85	23.88	24.02		
	1	0		23.34	23.40	23.56		
	1	24		23.44	23.43	23.49		
	25	0		23.39	23.48	23.47		
5	1	1	QPSK	23.85	23.93	24.04	20.70	0.1175
5	1	23		23.89	23.82	23.93		
5	12	6		23.87	23.83	24.01		
5	1	0		22.84	23.00	23.04		
5	1	24		23.00	22.92	23.01		
5	25	0		22.83	22.87	22.97		
5	1	1	16-QAM	22.78	22.96	22.99	20.70	0.1175
5	1	1	64-QAM	21.48	21.56	21.67		
5	1	1	256-QAM	18.70	18.88	18.94		
Limit	ERP < 3W			Result			Pass	

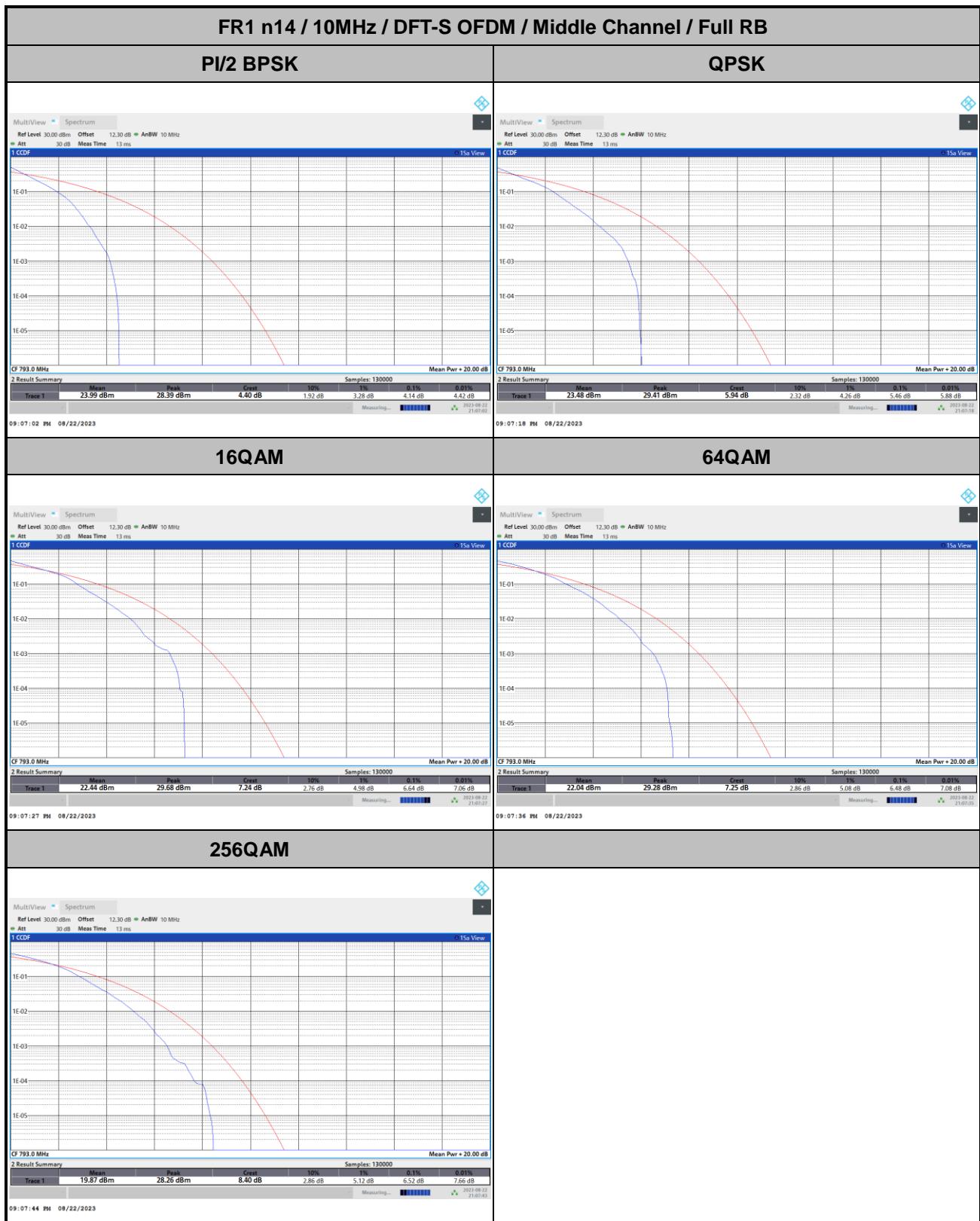
NR n14 Maximum Average Power [dBm] (GT - LC = -0.14 dB)								
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest	ERP (dBm)	ERP(W)
10	1	1	PI/2 BPSK	-	23.80	-	21.65	0.1462
	1	50		-	23.85	-		
	25	12		-	23.90	-		
	1	0		-	23.36	-		
	1	51		-	23.31	-		
	50	0		-	23.38	-		
10	1	1	QPSK	-	23.79	-	20.50	0.1122
10	1	50		-	23.94	-		
10	25	12		-	23.88	-		
10	1	0		-	22.84	-		
10	1	51		-	22.91	-		
10	50	0		-	22.88	-		
10	1	1	16-QAM	-	22.79	-	20.50	0.1122
10	1	1	64-QAM	-	21.46	-		
10	1	1	256-QAM	-	18.72	-		
Limit	ERP < 3W			Result			Pass	



## FR1 n14

**Peak-to-Average Ratio**

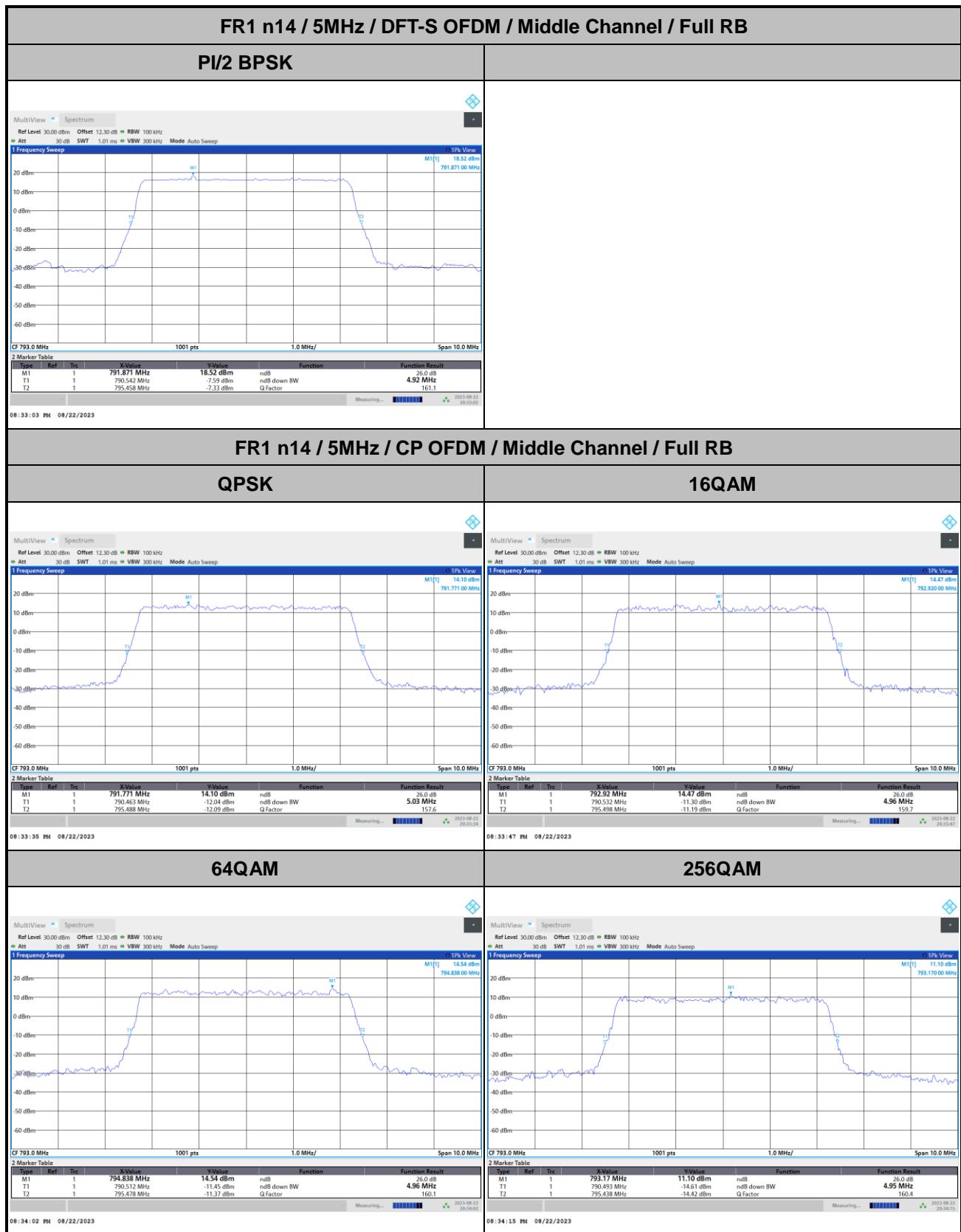
Mode	FR1 n14 / 10MHz / DFT-S OFDM				
Mod.	PI/2 BPSK	QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	Limit: 13dB
RB Size	Full RB	Full RB	Full RB	Full RB	Result
Middle CH	4.14	5.46	6.64	6.48	PASS
Mode	FR1 n14 / 10MHz / DFT-S OFDM				
Mod.	256QAM				Limit: 13dB
RB Size	Full RB				Result
Middle CH	6.52				PASS

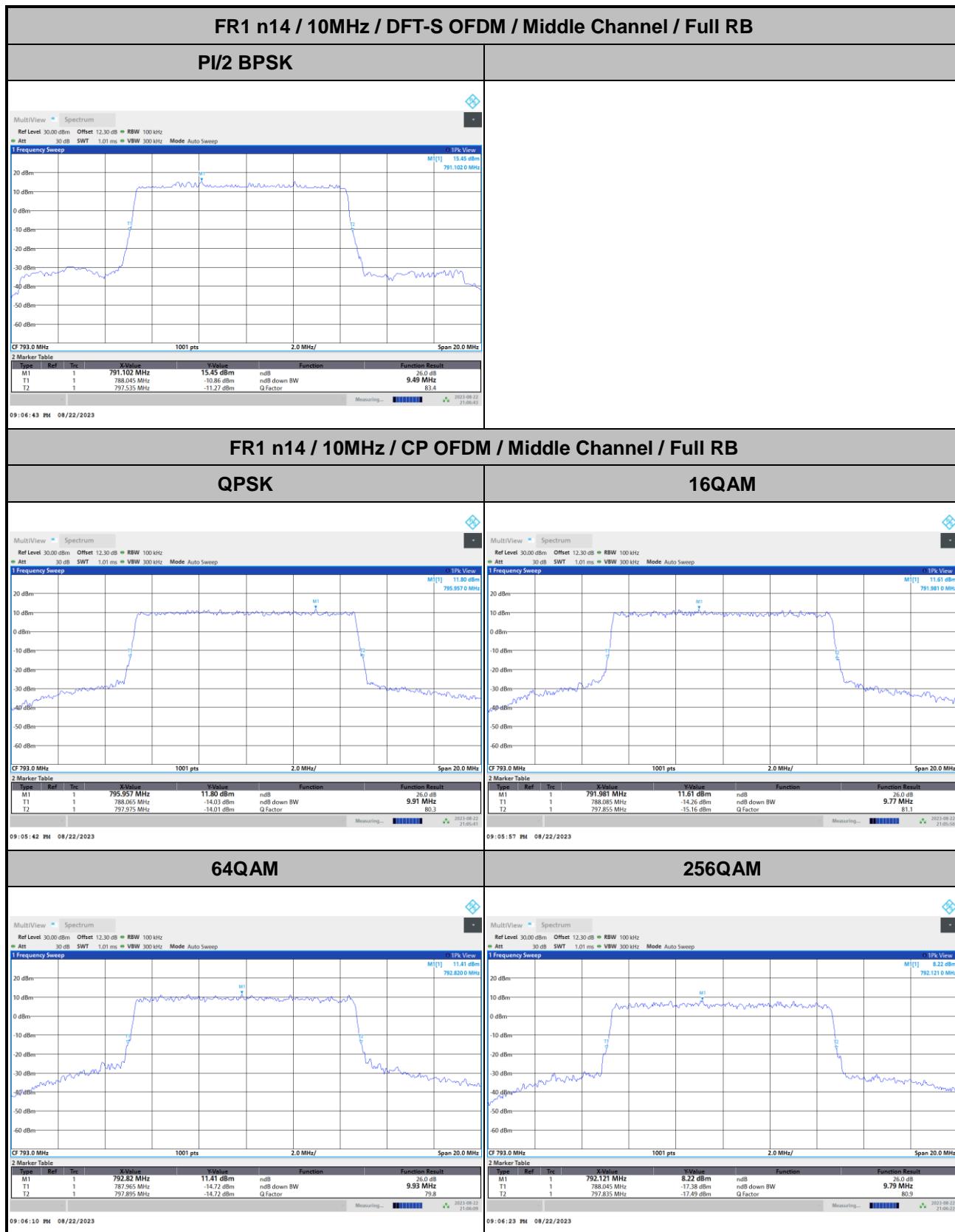


**26dB Bandwidth**

Mode	FR1 n14 : 26dB BW(MHz) / DFT-S OFDM							
BW	5MHz		10MHz					
Mod.	PI/2 BPSK		PI/2 BPSK					
Middle CH	4.92		9.49					

Mode	FR1 n14 : 26dB BW(MHz) / CP OFDM							
BW	5MHz		10MHz					
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM				
Middle CH	5.03	4.97	9.91	9.77				
Mod.	64QAM	256QAM	64QAM	256QAM				
Middle CH	4.97	4.95	9.93	9.79				







## Occupied Bandwidth

Mode	FR1 n14 : 99%OBW(MHz) / DFT-S OFDM						
BW	5MHz		10MHz				
Mod.	PI/2 BPSK		PI/2 BPSK				
Middle CH	4.47		8.89				

Mode	FR1 n14 : 99%OBW (MHz) / CP OFDM						
BW	5MHz		10MHz				
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM			
Middle CH	4.49	4.48	9.27	9.26			
Mod.	64QAM	256QAM	64QAM	256QAM			
Middle CH	4.48	4.49	9.25	9.28			



## FR1 n14 / 5MHz / DFT-S OFDM / Middle Channel / Full RB

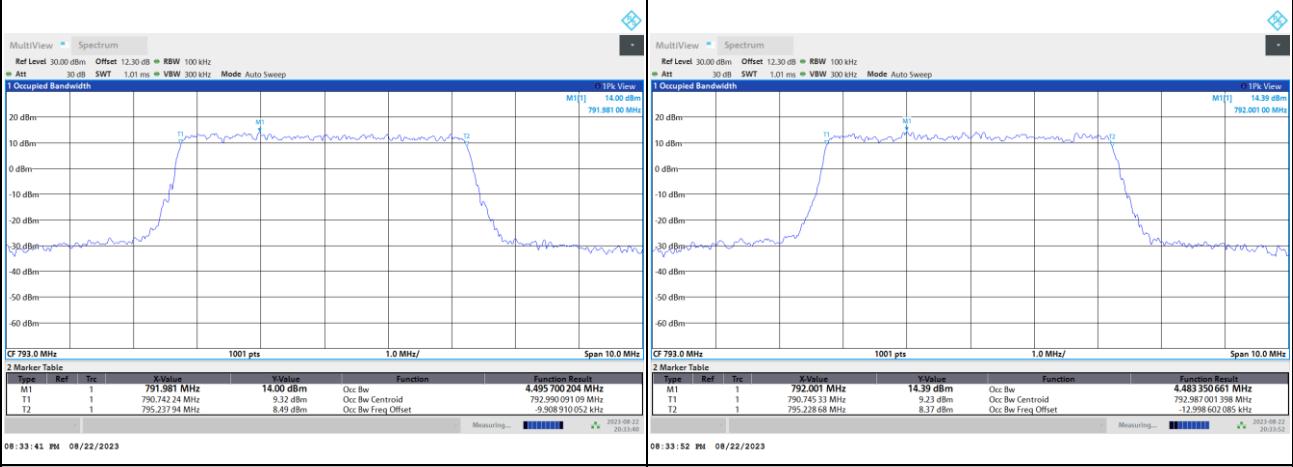
## PI/2 BPSK



## FR1 n14 / 5MHz / CP OFDM / Middle Channel / Full RB

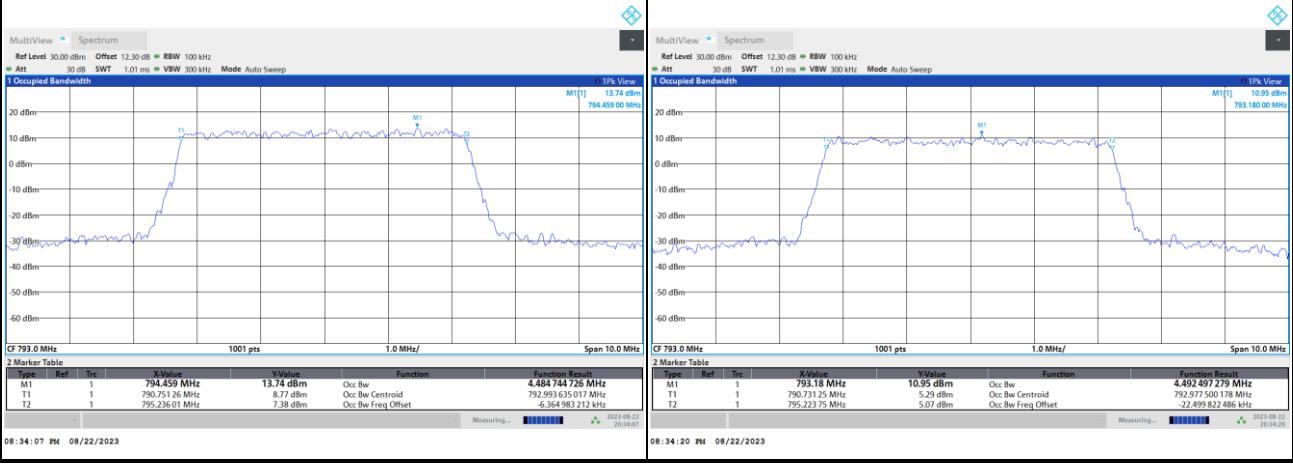
## QPSK

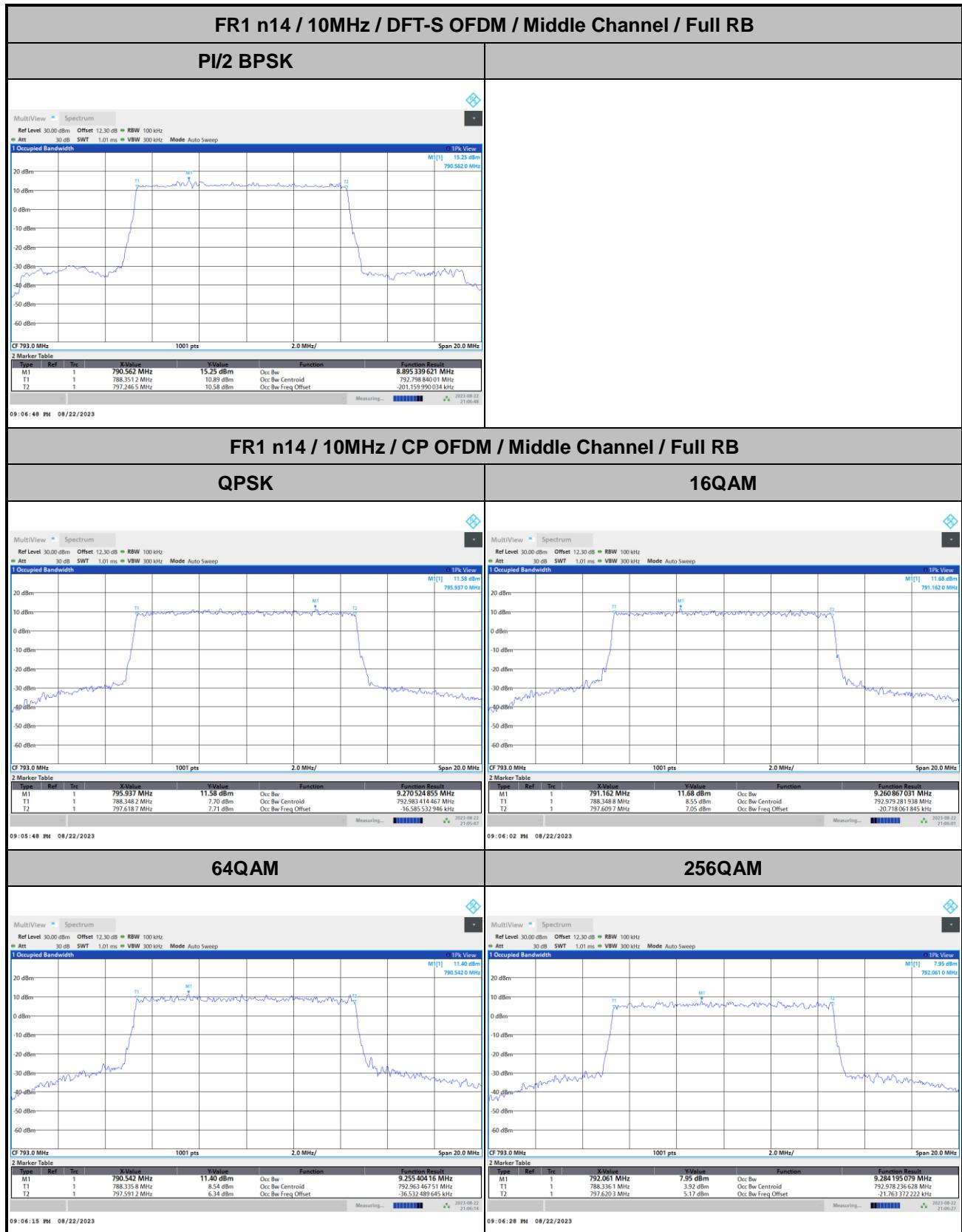
## 16QAM



## 64QAM

## 256QAM

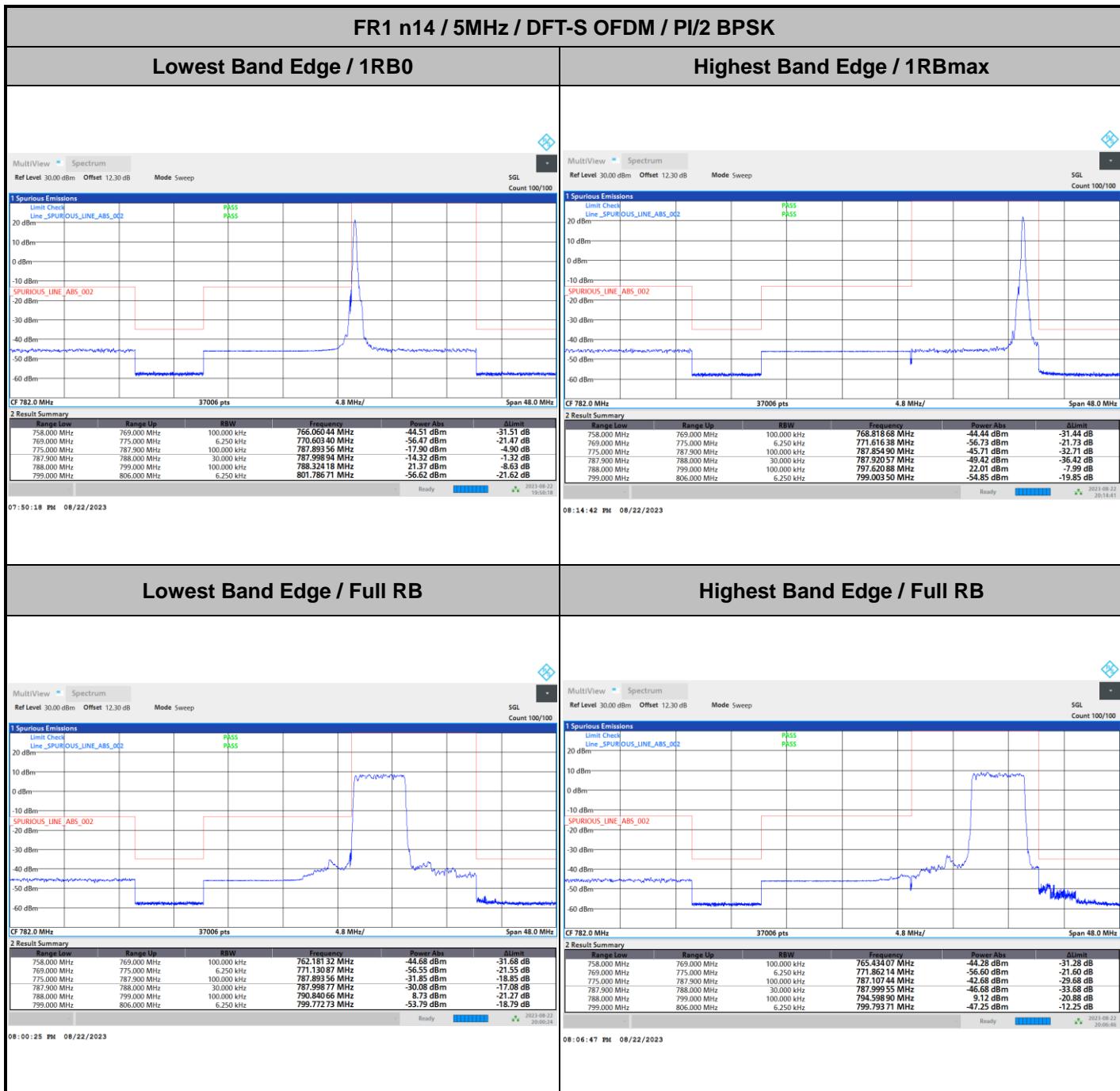


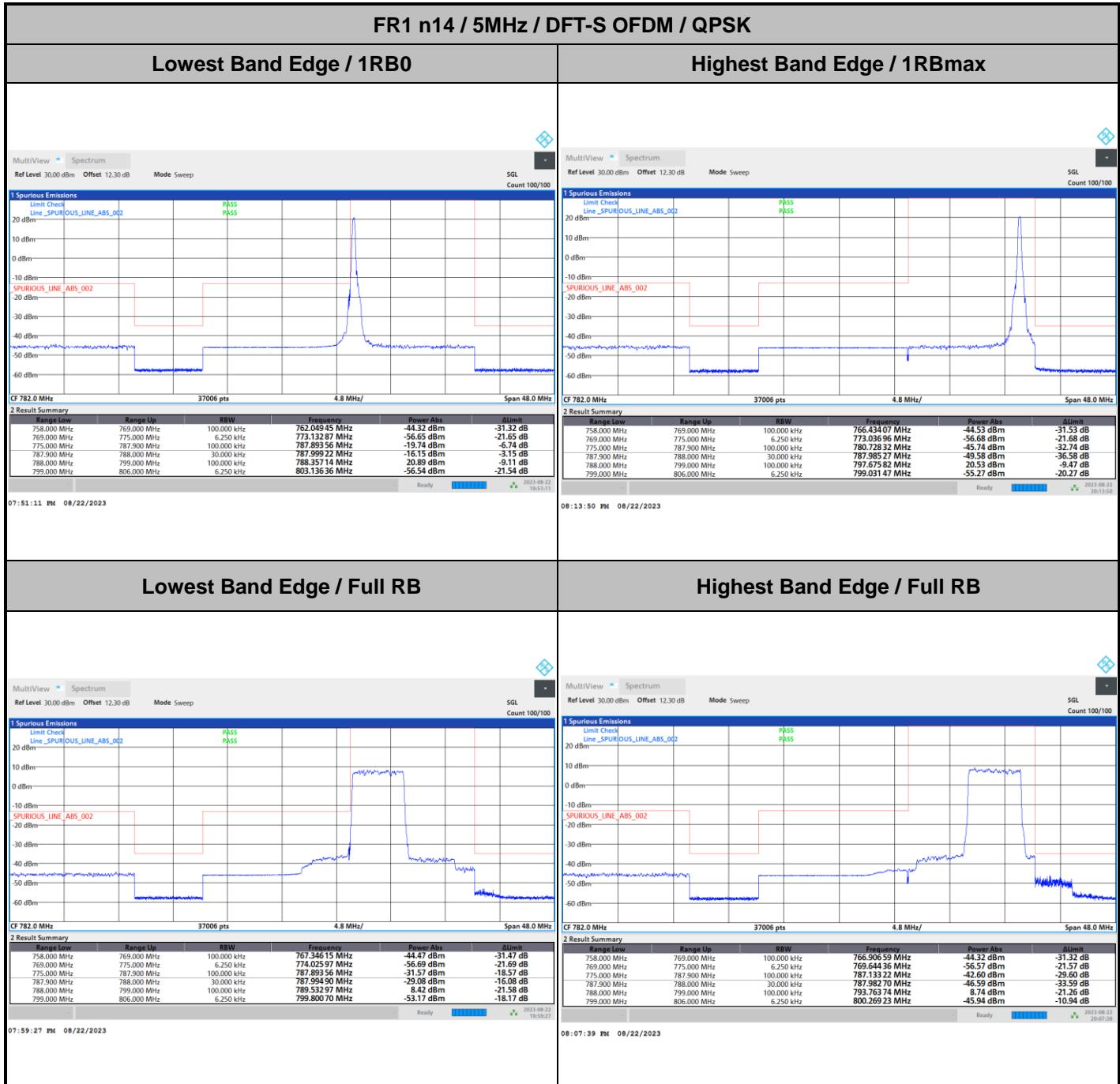


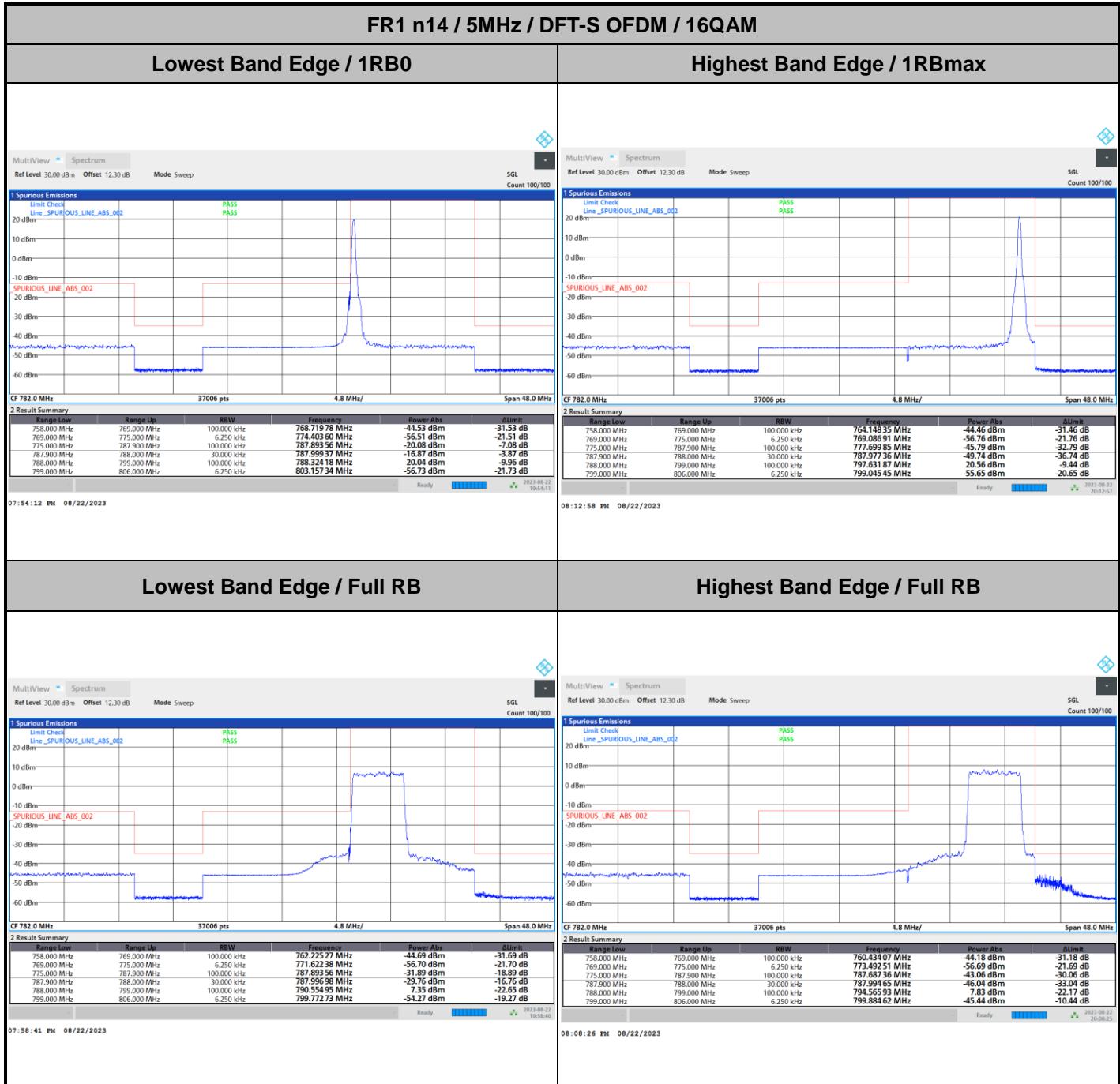


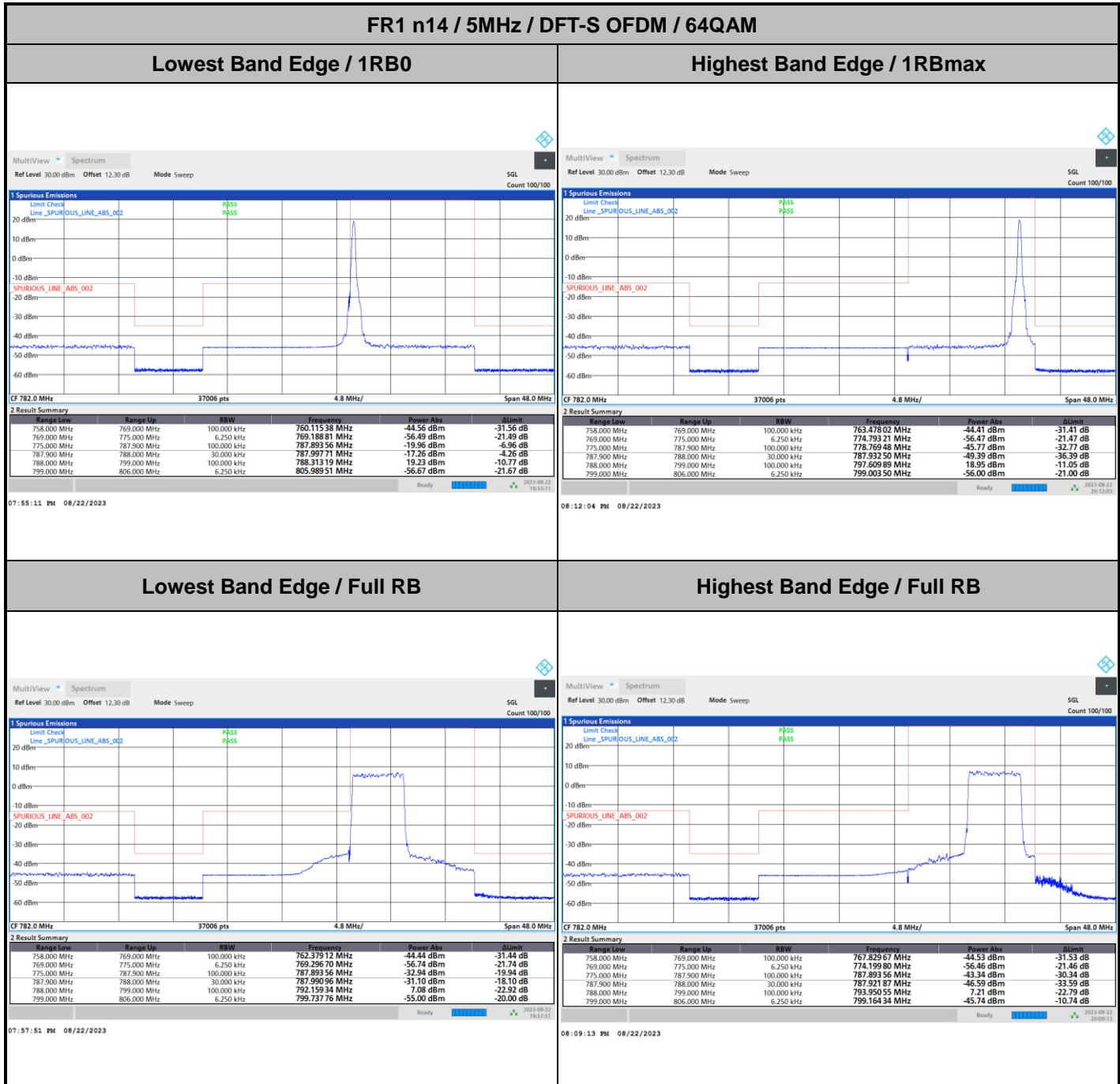
## Conducted Band Edge

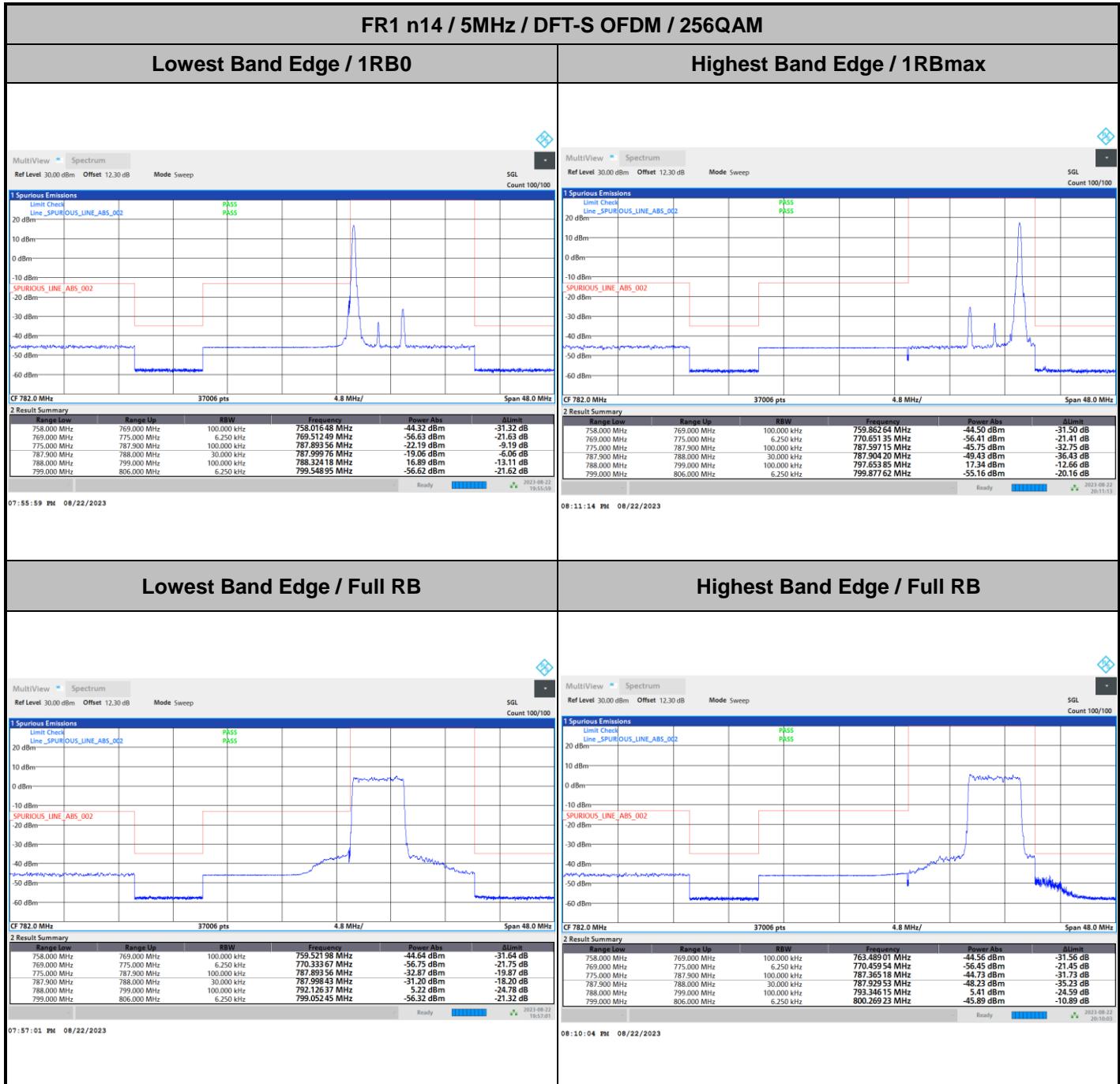
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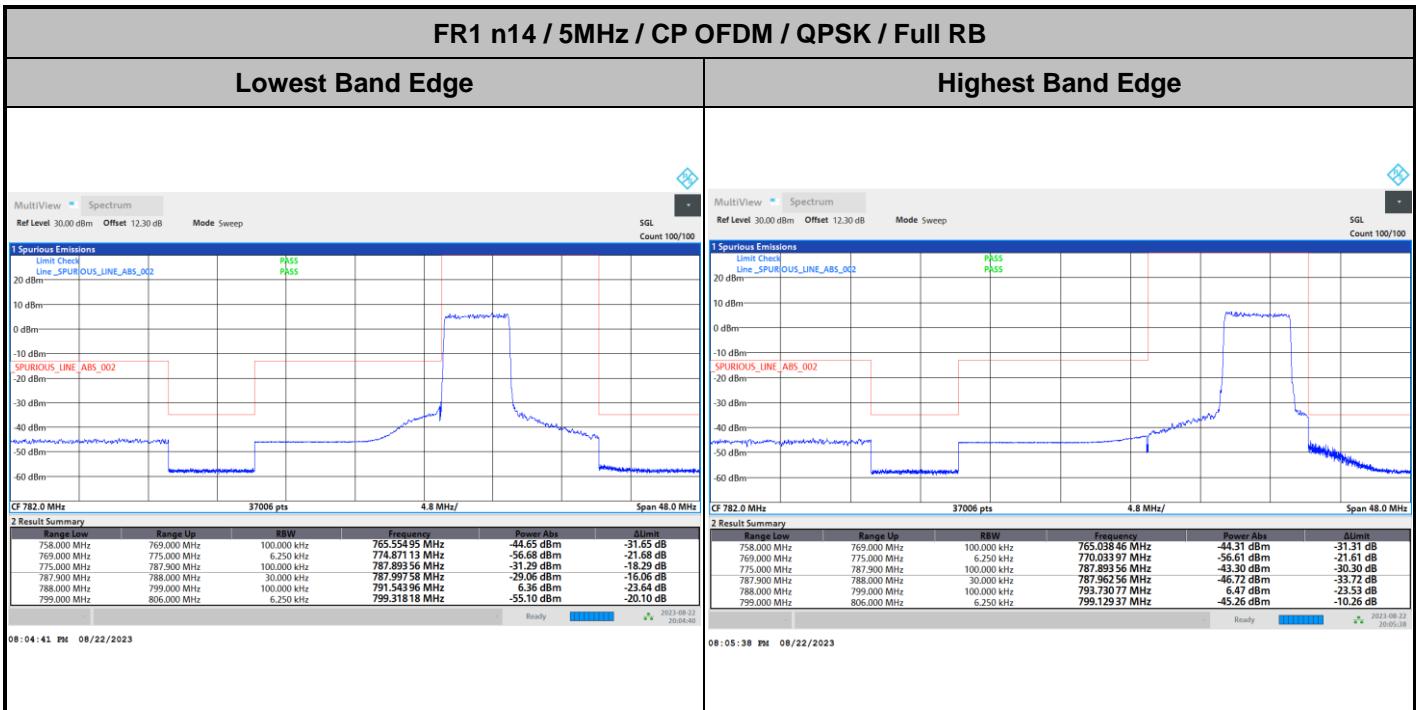








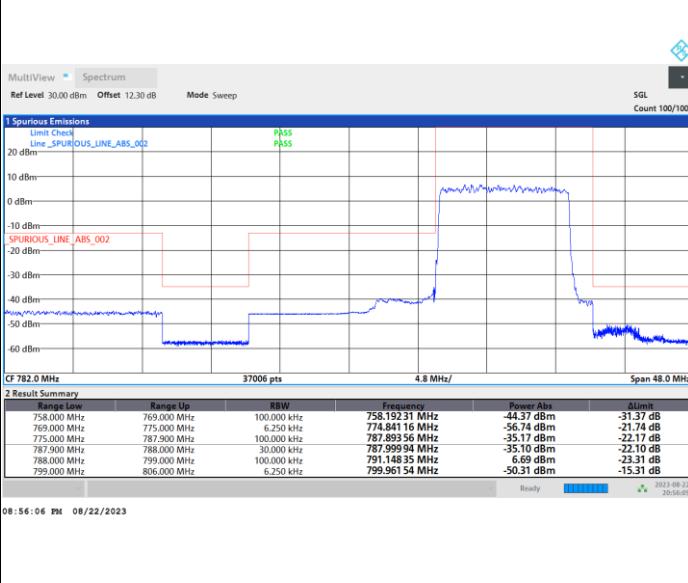






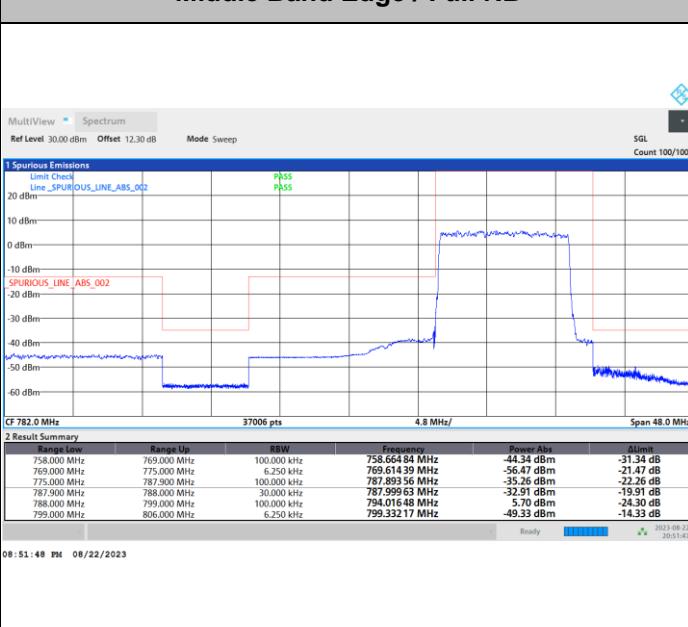
## FR1 n14 / 10MHz / DFT-s-OFDM / PI/2 BPSK

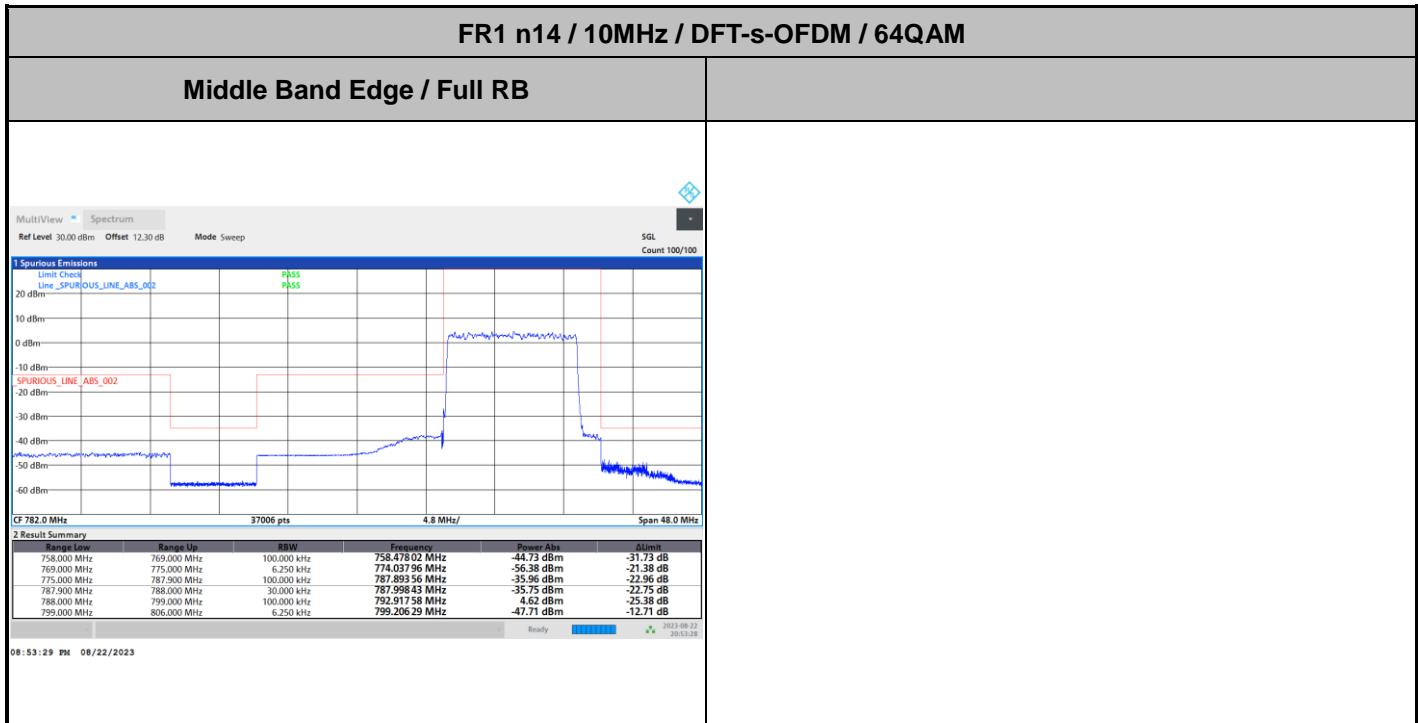
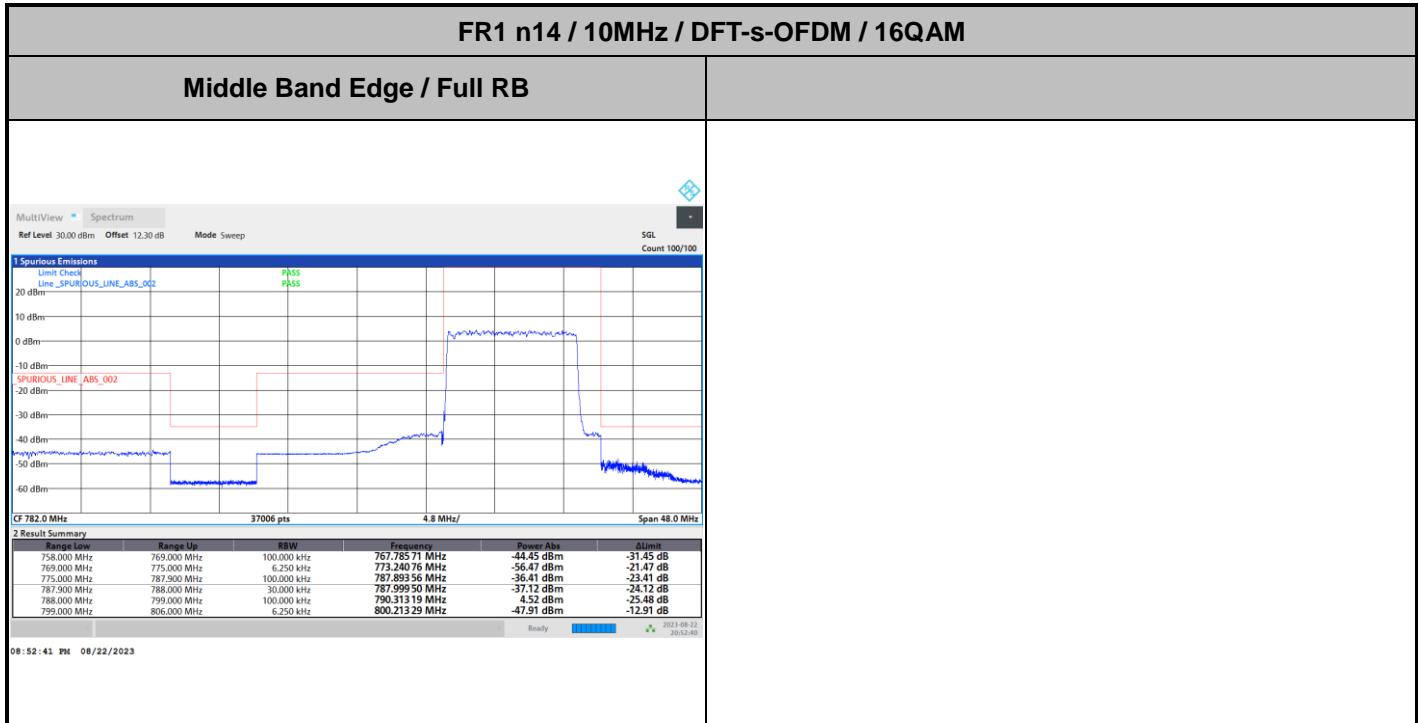
## Middle Band Edge / Full RB

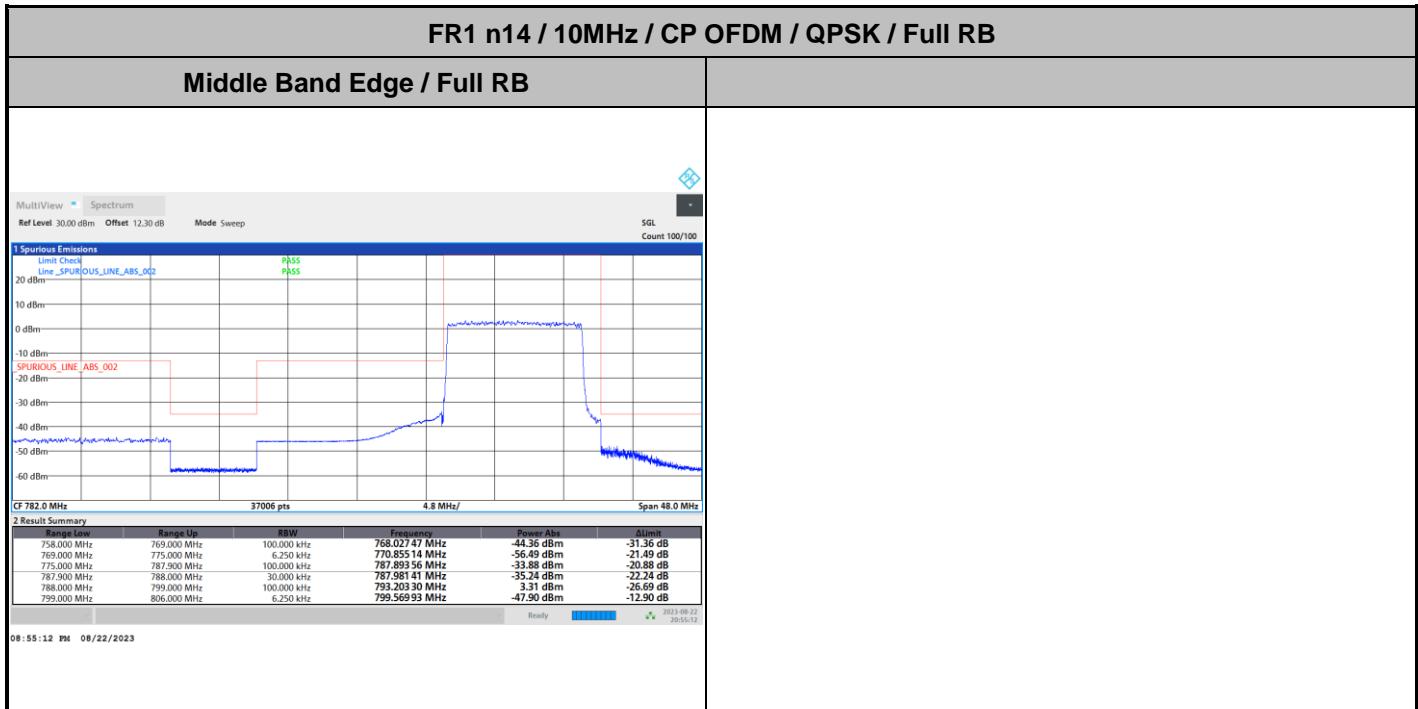
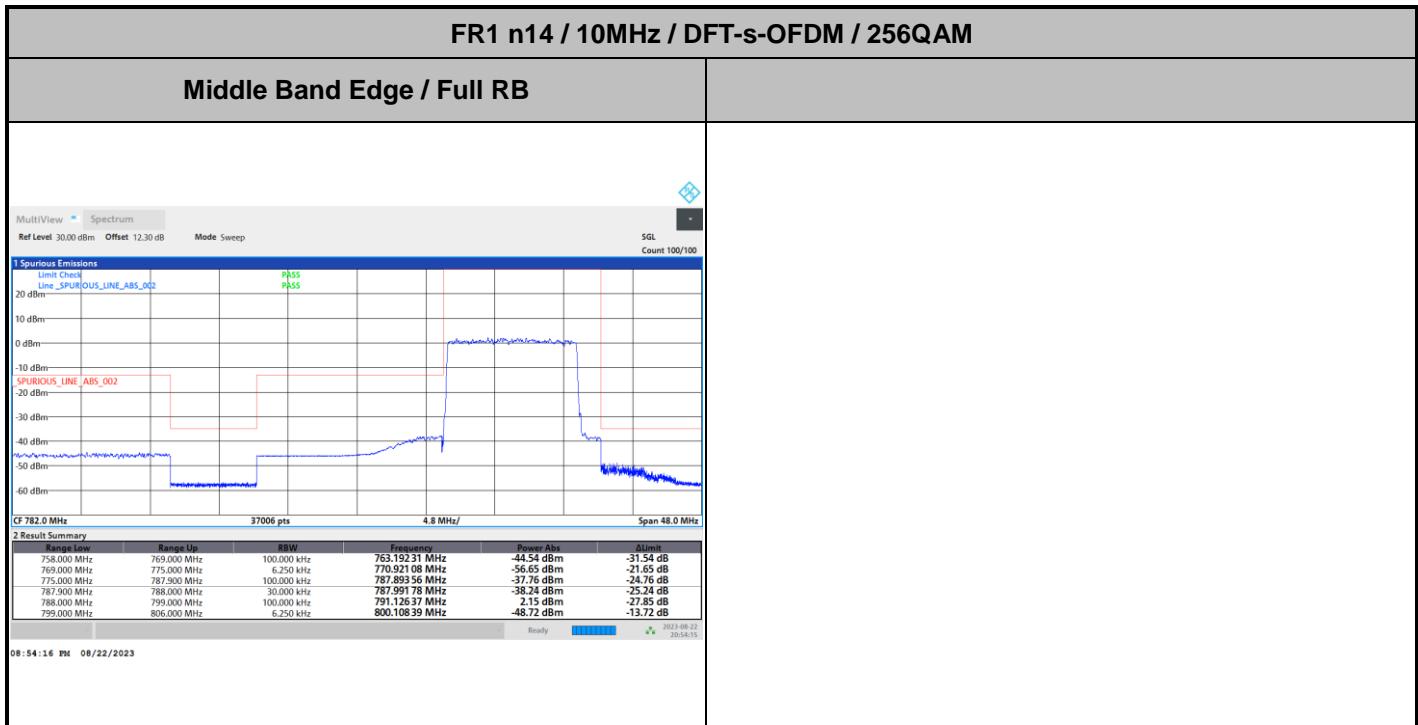


## FR1 n14 / 10MHz / DFT-s-OFDM / QPSK

## Middle Band Edge / Full RB









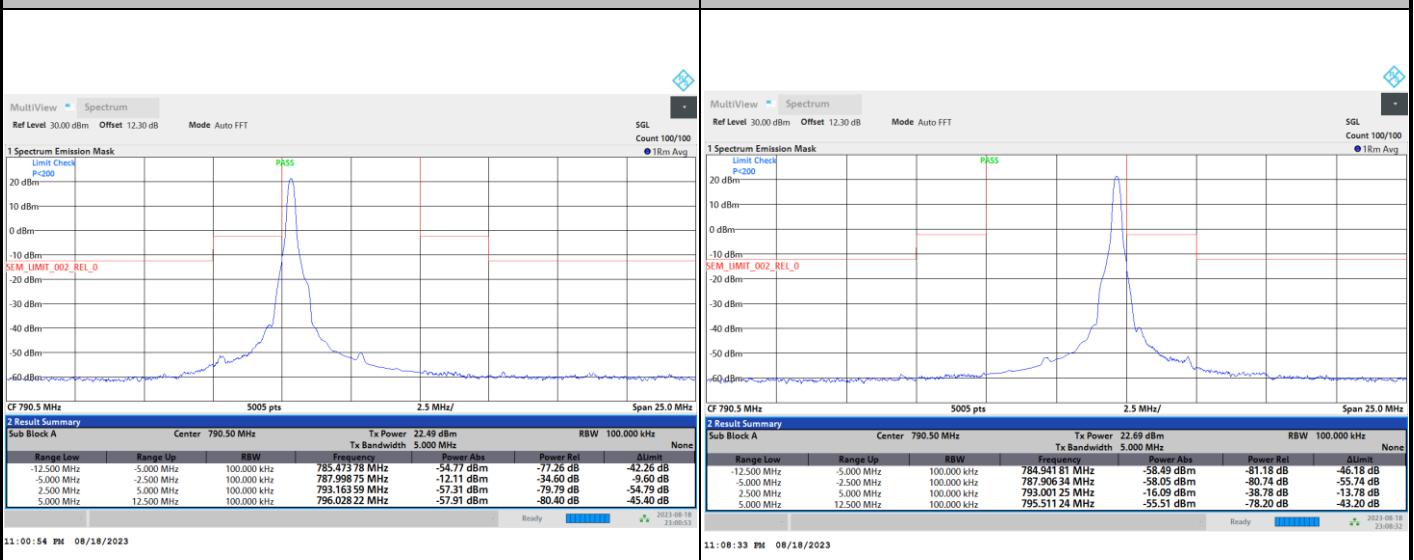
## Unwanted Emission (MASK)

### FR1 n14 / 5MHz / DFT-S OFDM / PI/2 BPSK

#### Lowest Channel

##### 1RB0

##### 1RBmax



##### Full RB



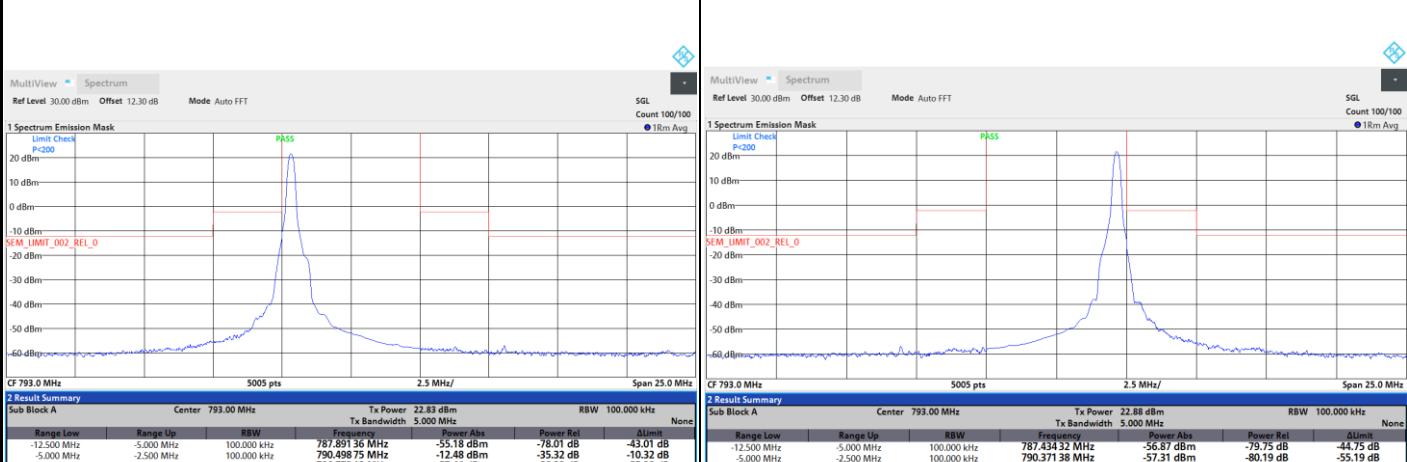


## FR1 n14 / 5MHz / DFT-S OFDM / PI/2 BPSK

## Middle Channel

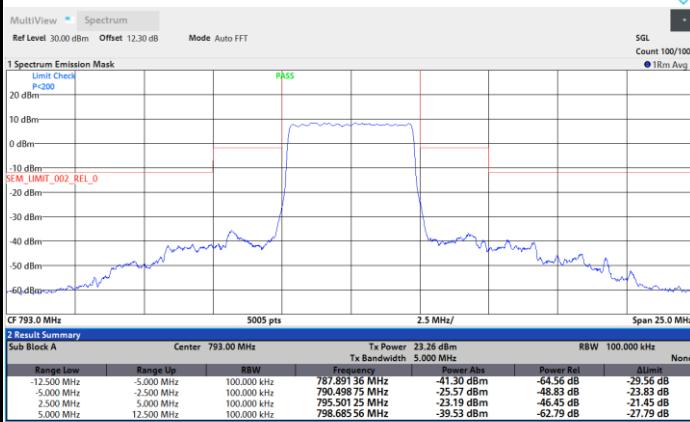
## 1RB0

## 1RBmax

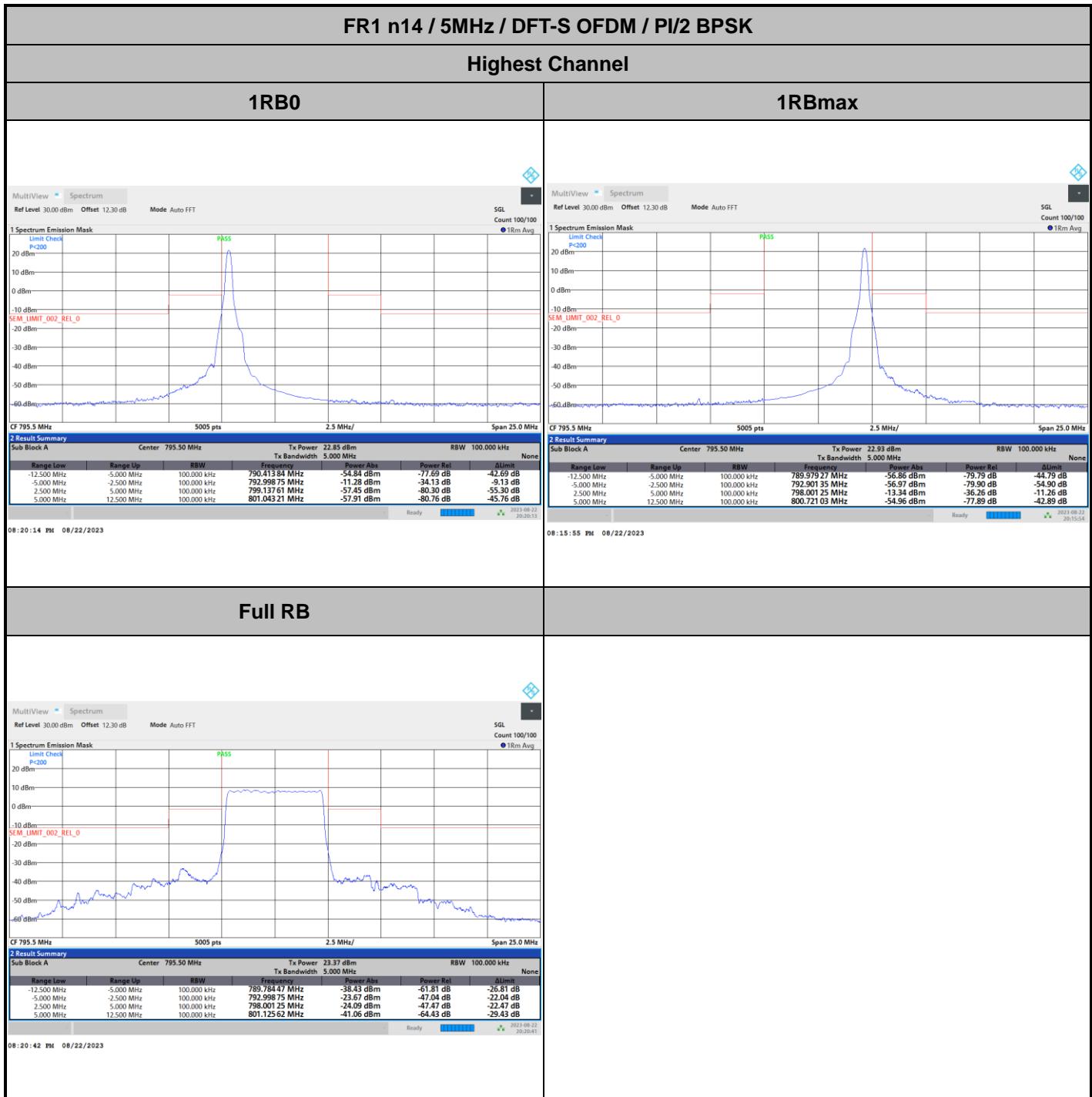


08:26:40 PM 08/22/2023

## Full RB



08:26:16 PM 08/22/2023



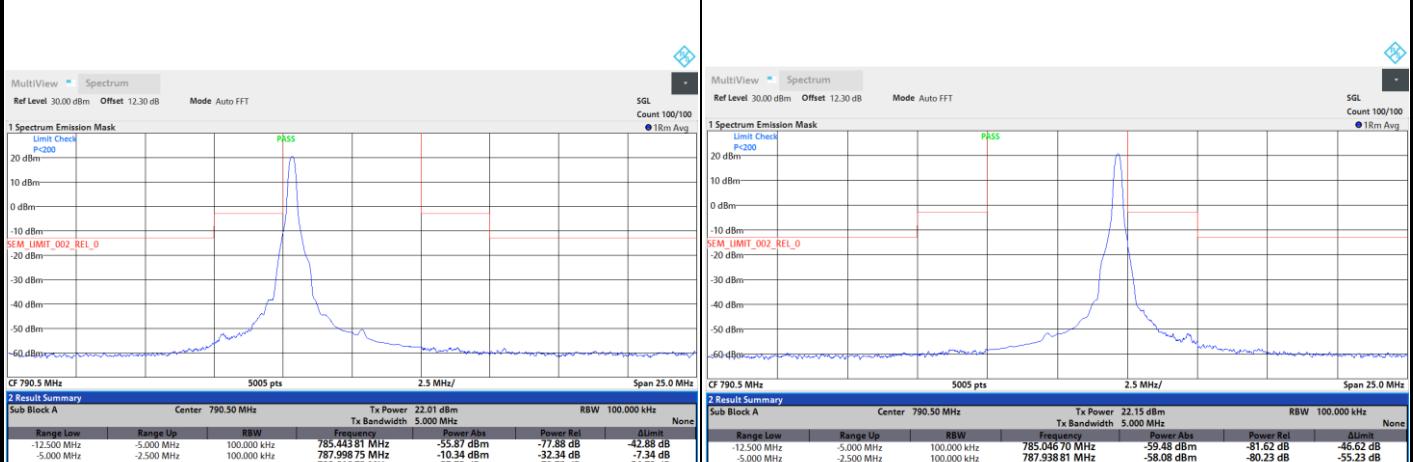


## FR1 n14 / 5MHz / DFT-S OFDM / QPSK

## Lowest Channel

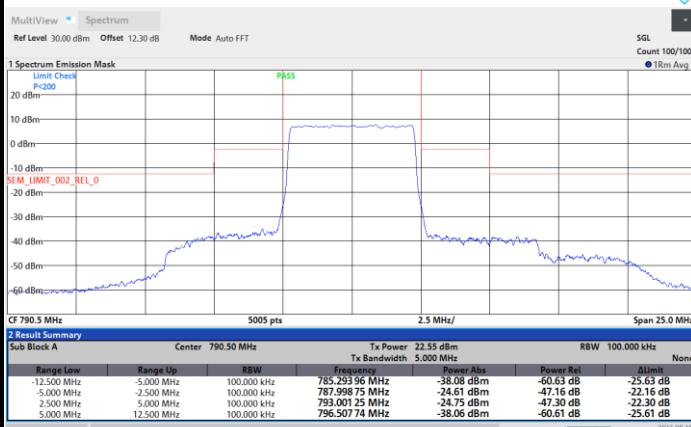
## 1RB0

## 1RBmax



10:57:59 PM 08/18/2023

## Full RB



11:03:58 PM 08/18/2023

11:08:06 PM 08/18/2023

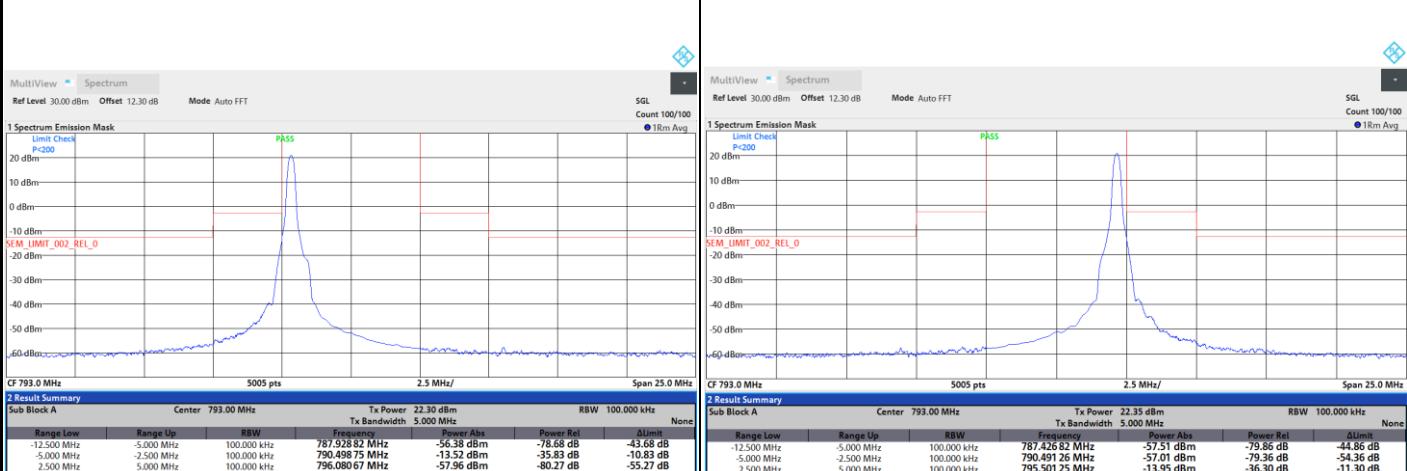


## FR1 n14 / 5MHz / DFT-S OFDM / QPSK

## Middle Channel

## 1RB0

## 1RBmax



## Full RB



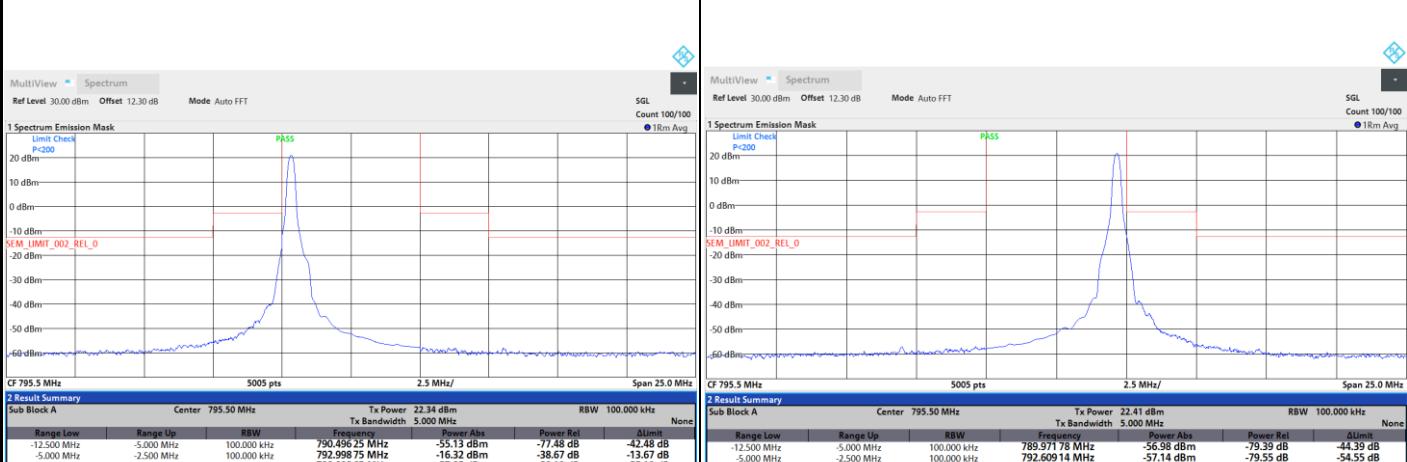


## FR1 n14 / 5MHz / DFT-S OFDM / QPSK

## Highest Channel

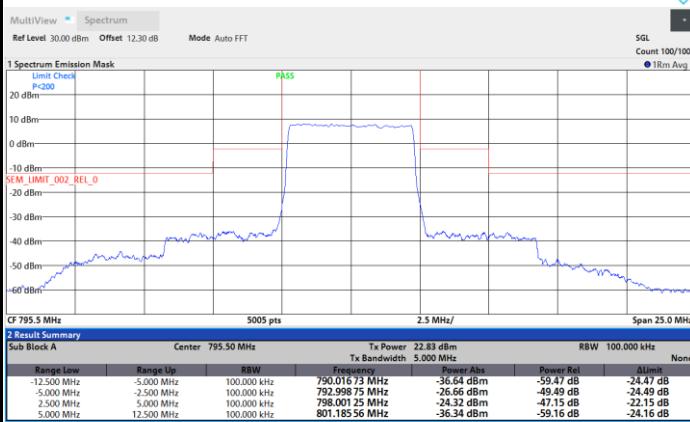
## 1RB0

## 1RBmax



08:19:49 PM 08/22/2023

## Full RB



08:21:08 PM 08/22/2023