Appendix B. Maximum Permissible Exposure

1. Maximum Permissible Exposure

1.1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.25 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time |E|², |H|² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time |E|², |H|² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz ; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

1.2. MPE Calculation Method

E (V/m) = $\frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$ Power Density: *Pd* (W/m²) = $\frac{E^2}{377}$

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Average RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

Pd = $\frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$

From the EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

<Ant. 2>

Antenna Type : Embedded Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 20MHz : 17.41 dBm

Directional ntenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
9.58	9.0782	17.4146	55.1393	0.063766	1	Complies

NOTE: Directional gain = 7.5 dBi + 10log(2) = 9.58dBi

<Ant. 7>

Antenna Type : Dipole Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 20MHz: 17.96 dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
9.00	7.9433	17.9590	62.5031	0.098822	1	Complies

<Ant. 8>

Antenna Type : Patch Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11a : 19.36 dBm

Directional Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
7.61	5.7677	19.3628	86.3532	0.099135	1	Complies

NOTE: Directional gain = 4.6 dBi + 10log(2) = 7.61dBi

<Ant. 9>

Antenna Type : Panel Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 40MHz: 14.48 dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
12.50	17.7828	14.4800	28.0543	0.063552	1	Complies

<Ant. 10>

Antenna Type : Yagi Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 40MHz: 15.99 dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
11.00	12.5893	15.9900	39.7192	0.063699	1	Complies