FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : UZ7-ET85B

Equipment : 2 in 1 Tablet PC with Windows OS

Brand Name : Zebra Model Name : ET85B

Applicant : Zebra Technologies Corporation

1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742

Manufacturer : Zebra Technologies Corporation

1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was received on Aug. 25, 2021 and testing was started from Aug. 21, 2022 and completed on Aug. 21, 2022. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

TAF
Testing Laboratory
1190

Report No.: FA162601-03

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TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 1 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	
2.1 General Information	5
3. RF Exposure Limits	6
3.1 Uncontrolled Environment	
3.2 Controlled Environment	6
4. Guidance Applied	7
4.1 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz	7
5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
5.1 Introduction	8
5.2 SAR Definition	
6. System Description and Setup	
6.1 Test Site Location	
6.2 E-Field Probe	
6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	10
6.4 Phantom	
6.5 Device Holder	
7. Measurement Procedures	
7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	13
7.2 Power Reference Measurement	
7.3 Area Scan	14
7.4 Zoom Scan	
7.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
7.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
8. Test Equipment List	
9. System Verification	
9.1 Tissue Verification	
9.2 System Performance Check Results	
9.3 PD System Performance Check Results	
10. RF Exposure Positions	
10.1 SAR Testing for Tablet	18
11. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)	
12. Antenna Location	
13. SAR Test Results	
13.1 Body SAR	
13.2 6GHz PD Test Result	
14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
14.1 Body Exposure Conditions	
14.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis	
15. Uncertainty Assessment	
16. References	36
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check and PD	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR and PD Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	

History of this test report

Report No. : FA162601-03

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA162601-03	01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 01, 2022

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 3 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for Zebra Technologies Corporation, 2 in 1 Tablet PC with Windows OS, ET85B, are as follows.

Report No.: FA162601-03

Facilities	_		Highest SAR Summary	Highest Simultaneous
Equipment Class	FI	requency Band	Body	Transmission
Olass		Dana	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		WCDMA II	1.12	
	WCDMA	WCDMA IV	1.02	
		WCDMA V	1.15	
		LTE Band 7	1.15	
		LTE Band 12	1.14	
		LTE Band 13	1.10	
Licensed		LTE Band 14	1.12	1.59
		LTE Band 2 / 25	1.15	
		LTE Band 5 / 26	1.09	
	LTE Band 30	1.16]	
	LTE Band 4 / 66	1.20		
		LTE Band 38 / 41	1.09	
		LTE Band 48	1.07	
DTS		2.4GHz WLAN	0.94	0.81
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	0.90	1.59
6XD		6GHz WLAN	0.24	1.59
6XD	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.28	1.59
			APD	Reported PD
Equipment	Fi	requency	Body	Body
Class		Band	4cm^2 (W/m^2)	4cm^2 (W/m^2)
6XD	WLAN	6GHz WLAN	(W/m²²2) 1.64	(w/m²2) 2.72
- 0/10	Date of Testi		2022/	
	Date of Testil	ng.	2022/	0/21

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093), Human Exposure to RF Radiation Limits (1.0 mW/cm^2=10 W/m^2) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 1.1310 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Carlie Tsai</u>

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 4 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

2.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	2 in 1 Tablet PC with Windows OS
Brand Name	Zebra
Model Name	ET85B
FCC ID	UZ7-ET85B
S/N	212772300017
Integrated MANAAN Medule	Brand Name: Quectel
Integrated WWAN Module	Model Name: EM121R-GL
Integrated WLAN Module	Brand Name: Intel
	Model Name: AX210NGW WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
	LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz
	LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 798 MHz
	LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz
Wireless Technology and	LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz
Frequency Range	LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz
requeries mange	LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz
	LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz
	LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz
	LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
	WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz
	WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz
	WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz
	WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5825 MHz
	WLAN 6E: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz, 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz, 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz, 6875 MHz ~ 7125 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
	RMC 12.2Kbps
	HSDPA
	HSUPA
	DC-HSDPA
Mode	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
	WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160
	Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
	NFC: ASK
HW Version	DV
SW Version	Windows 11 Pro
FW Version	TLA04
MFD	2021/Feb.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Report No.: FA162601-03

Г	Accessories Information			
L	WWAN transmitter, the other RF exposure result also refer to original report.			
ı	WWAN transmitter, the other RF Exposure result also refer to original report.			
ı	11. Based on the original hing Sporton SAK report No PA 162601 to additional WLAN 66H2 KF exposure to do 3iin-1x analysis with			

Accessories Information				
Adaptor with CLA cable	Brand Name	Zebra	Model Number	ADP-45XE B
Battery	Brand Name	ZEBRA	Model Number	BT-000433
Power cord	Brand Name	Zebra	Model Number	450040

Support unit				
CAC Reader	Brand Name	Zebra	Model Number	ZBK-ET8X-SMARTCARD-01
Keyboard	Brand Name	Zebra	Model Number	KBD-ET8X

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 5 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

3. RF Exposure Limits

3.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA162601-03

3.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 6 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

4. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

Report No.: FA162601-03

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedure for Device Operation at 6GHz-10GHz)

4.1 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz

According to ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1310.

Peak Spatially Averaged Power Density was evaluated over a circular area of 4cm² per interim FCC Guidance for near-field power density evaluations per October 2018 TCB Workshop notes

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
800 St.	(A) Limits for Oc	cupational/Controlled Expos	sures	81
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1842/	4.89/1	*(900/f2)	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
	(B) Limits for Gene	ral Population/Uncontrolled I	Exposure	PC
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/	2.19/1	*(180/f2)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 7 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA162601-03

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

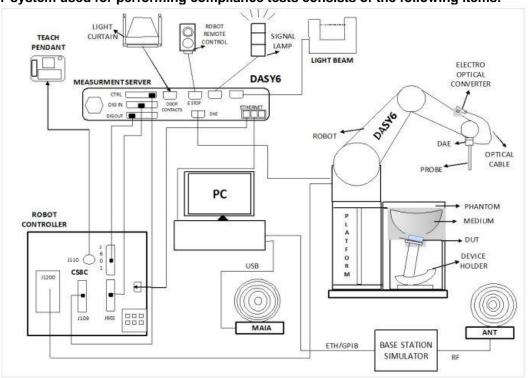
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 8 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA162601-03

- The DASY system in SAR Configuration is shown above
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running windows software and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.1 Test Site Location

The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Test Site	EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory		Wensan Laboratory		ry
Test Site Location	TW1190 No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan		TW3786 No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan		
	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY	SAR15-HY
Test Site No.	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY	
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY	SAR13-HY	SAR14-HY	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 9 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm



Report No.: FA162601-03

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1
	mm



6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 10 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

6.4 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA162601-03

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Approx. 30 liters	
Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
	Approx. 30 liters Major ellipse axis: 600 mm

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 11 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

6.5 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA162601-03

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 12 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.

Report No.: FA162601-03

- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 13 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA162601-03

7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 14 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA162601-03

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 15 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8. Test Equipment List

Manufactures	Name of Emilian and	Town (Mandal	Canial Noveban	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	6500MHz System Validation Kit	D6.5GHzV2	1003	Sep. 24, 2021	Sep. 23, 2022	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	May. 30, 2022	May. 29, 2023	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3925	Apr. 29, 2022	Apr. 28, 2023	
SPEAG	5G Verification Source	10GHz	1020	Jan. 18, 2022	Jan. 17, 2023	
SPEAG	EUmmWV Probe Tip Protection	EUmmWV4	9441	Nov. 24, 2021	Nov. 23, 2022	
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Mar. 15, 2022	Mar. 14, 2023	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Oct. 24, 2021	Oct. 23, 2022	
Keysight	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Sep. 19, 2021	Sep. 18, 2022	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 24, 2021	Sep. 23, 2022	
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	2942	Oct. 26, 2021	Oct. 25, 2022	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1804003	Oct. 09, 2021	Oct. 08, 2022	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2496A	2119003	Jun. 22, 2022	Jun. 21, 2023	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1726150	Oct. 09, 2021	Oct. 08, 2022	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911334	Jun. 22, 2022	Jun. 21, 2023	
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jul. 21, 2022	Jul. 20, 2023	
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	N9010A	MY53470118	Jan. 12, 2022	Jan. 11, 2023	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6418	Oct. 12, 2021	Oct. 11, 2022	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	479102029	Sep. 06, 2021	Sep. 05, 2022	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 1	

Report No.: FA162601-03

General Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 16 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of $18^\circ\mathbb{C}$ to $25^\circ\mathbb{C}$, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within $18^\circ\mathbb{C}$ to $25^\circ\mathbb{C}$ and within $\pm~2^\circ\mathbb{C}$ of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.

The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
6500	22.5	6.180	35.300	6.07	34.50	1.81	2.32	±5	2022/8/21

9.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Test Site	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
SAR06	2022/8/21	6500	100	D6.5GHzV2-1003	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE4 Sn778	30.100	292.000	301	3.08

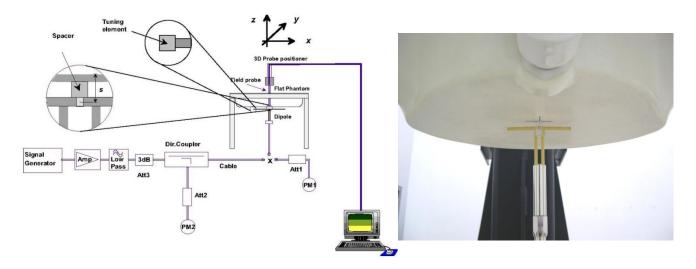


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

Report No.: FA162601-03

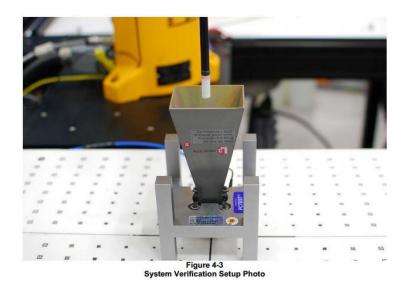
TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 17 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

9.3 PD System Performance Check Results

The system was verified to be within ± 0.66 dB of the power density targets on the calibration certificate according to the test system specification in the user's manual and calibration facility recommendation. The 0.66 dB deviation threshold represents the expanded uncertainty for system performance checks using SPEAG's mmWave verification sources. The same spatial resolution and measurement region used in the source calibration was applied during the system check. The measured power density distribution of verification source was also confirmed through visual inspection to have no noticeable differences, both spatially (shape) and numerically (level) from the distribution provided by the manufacturer, per November 2017 TCBC Workshop Notes.

Report No.: FA162601-03

Test Location	Frequency (GHz)	5G Verification Source	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Distance (mm)	Measured 4 cm^2 (W/m^2)	Targeted 4 cm^2 (W/m^2)	Deviation (dB)	Date
SAR06	10G	10GHz_1020	9441	778	10	55.7	51.7	0.32	2022/8/21



System Performance Check Setup

10. RF Exposure Positions

10.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 18 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

11. <u>WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)</u>

General Note:

1. For each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than (or equal to) the power in MIMO operation, RF exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas operating in SISO mode.

Report No.: FA162601-03

- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
- 3. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, additional output power measurements were not necessary.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
- 5. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 6. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band
- 7. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 8. Per 201904 TCBC workshops, General principles of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 can be applied to determine the SAR Initial Test Configurations and test reduction for 802.11ax SAR testing. For the table below the 802.11ax maximum power is SU (non-OFDMA), and the SU maximum power also higher than RU (OFDMA)
- In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing
- 10. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands
- 11. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
 - a. If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power
 - b. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
 - c. When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 19 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

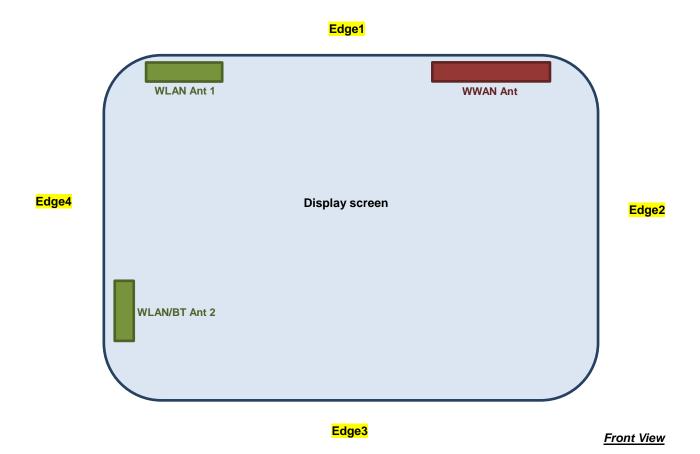
<6GHz WLAN>

	WiFi 6E				Ant 1			Ant 2		ı	Ant 1+2	
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	5955		10.00			10.00			13.00	
		57	6235		10.00			10.00			13.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	113	6515		10.00			10.00			13.00	
		173	6815		10.00			10.00		Not Required	13.00	
		233	7115		10.00		Not Required	10.00			13.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	3	5965	Not Required	10.00	Not Required		10.00			13.00	
		59	6245		10.00			10.00	Not Required		13.00	
		107	6485		10.00			10.00			13.00	
WiFi 6E		171	6805		10.00			10.00			13.00	
		227	7085		10.00			10.00			13.00	Not
		7	5985		10.00			10.00			13.00	Required
		71	6305		10.00			10.00			13.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	119	6545		10.00			10.00			13.00	
		167	6785		10.00			10.00			13.00	
		215	7025		10.00			10.00			13.00	
		15	6025	9.90	10.00		9.80	10.00			13.00	
		47	6185	9.80	10.00		9.90	10.00			13.00	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	111	6505	10.00	10.00	98.20	9.90	10.00	98.20		13.00	
		175	6825	10.00	10.00		9.90	10.00			13.00	
		207	6985	9.90	10.00		9.90	10.00			13.00	

Report No. : FA162601-03

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 20 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

12. Antenna Location



Report No.: FA162601-03

The separation distance for antenna to edge:

Antenna	To Edge1 (mm)	To Edge2 (mm)	To Edge3 (mm)	To Edge4 (mm)
WWAN Antenna	7.9	31.5	203.9	195.5
WLAN Antenna 1	11.4	248.0	203.2	30.0
WLAN/BT Antenna 2	169.1	288.7	32.9	10.3

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 21 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

<SAR test exclusion table>

General Note:

1. The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"

Report No.: FA162601-03

- 2. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

	Wireless Interface	6GHz WLAN ANT 1	6GHz WLAN ANT 2	6GHz WLAN ANT 1+2
Exposure Position	Calculated Frequency (MHz)	6985	6985	6985
	Maximum power (dBm)	10.0	10.0	13.0
	Maximum rated power(mW)	10.00	10.00	19.95
	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	5.0	5.0
Bottom Face	exclusion threshold	5.3	5.3	10.6
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	11.4	169.1	11.4
Edge 1	exclusion threshold	2.3	1248.0	4.6
	Testing required?	No	No	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	248.0	288.7	248.0
Edge 2	exclusion threshold	2037.0	2444.0	2037.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)	203.2	32.9	32.9
Edge 3	exclusion threshold	1589.0	0.8	1.6
	Testing required?	No	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)	30.0	10.3	10.3
Edge 4	exclusion threshold	0.9	2.6	5.1
	Testing required?	No	No	Yes

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 22 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

13. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA162601-03

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

WLAN Note:

- 1. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 3. For WLAN SAR testing was performed on single antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.</p>
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

WLAN PD Note:

- 1. The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 2. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm2 averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
- 3. Power density was calculated by repeated E-field measurements on two measurement planes separated by λ/4.
- 4. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools.
- Per FCC guidance and equipment manufacturer guidance, power density results were scaled according to IEC 62479:2010 for the
 portion of the measurement uncertainty > 30%. Total expanded uncertainty of 2.68 dB (85.4%) was used to determine the psPD
 measurement scaling factor.
- 6. The measurement procedure consists of measuring the PDinc at two different distances: 2 mm (compliance distance) and λ/5. The grid extents should be large enough to fully capture the transmitted energy. The grid step should be fine enough to demonstrate that the integrated Power Density iPDn fulfill the criterion described below. Since iPD ratio between the two distances is ≥ -1dB, the grid step (0.0625) was sufficient for determining compliance at d=2mm.

$$10 \cdot log_{10} \frac{iPD_n(2mm)}{iPD_n(\lambda/5)} \ge -1$$

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 23 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

13.1 Body SAR

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)		Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured APD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	111	6505	10.00	10.00	1.000	98.2	1.018	-0.01	0.113	0.115	0.755
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	15	6025	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.2	1.018	0.17	0.089	0.093	0.688
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	47	6185	9.80	10.00	1.047	98.2	1.018	-0.1	0.100	0.107	0.472
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	175	6825	10.00	10.00	1.000	98.2	1.018	-0.09	0.102	0.104	0.543
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	207	6985	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.2	1.018	-0.13	0.116	0.121	0.863
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	111	6505	10.00	10.00	1.000	98.2	1.018	0.03	0.110	0.112	0.707
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	111	6505	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.2	1.018	0.13	0.184	0.192	1.41
01	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	15	6025	9.80	10.00	1.047	98.2	1.018	-0.04	0.226	0.241	1.64
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	47	6185	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.2	1.018	0.06	0.149	0.155	1.01
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	175	6825	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.2	1.018	0.07	0.177	0.184	1.37
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	207	6985	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.2	1.018	0.11	0.190	0.198	1.47
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	111	6505	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.2	1.018	0.01	0.126	0.131	0.994

Report No.: FA162601-03

13.2 6GHz PD Test Result

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Grid Step (λ)	iPDn	iPD ratio (≥ -1)	Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Total psPD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 2	15	6025	9.80	0.0625	0.967	-0.93754772	1.01	1.15
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	10mm	Ant 2	15	6025	9.80	0.25	1.2	-0.93734772	0.364	0.453
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 2	207	6985	9.90	0.0625	1.42	4 020702047	1.51	1.68
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	8.59mm	Ant 2	207	6985	9.90	0.25	1.12	1.030703217	0.27	0.329

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Grid Step (λ)	Scaling Factor for Measurement Uncertainty	Power Drift (dB)	psPD (W/m^2)	Scaled Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Total psPD (W/m^2)	Scaled Total psPD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 1	15	6025	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	-0.13	0.943	1.53	0.975	1.58
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 1	47	6185	9.80	10.00	1.047	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	0.15	0.785	1.30	0.832	1.38
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 1	111	6505	10.00	10.00	1.000	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	0.13	0.614	0.97	0.693	1.10
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 1	175	6825	10.00	10.00	1.000	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	0.16	0.471	0.74	0.565	0.89
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 1	207	6985	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	0.18	0.689	1.12	0.822	1.33
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 2	15	6025	9.80	10.00	1.047	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	-0.16	1.01	1.67	1.15	1.90
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 2	47	6185	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	-0.15	1.04	1.68	1.2	1.94
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 2	111	6505	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	-0.13	1.08	1.75	1.33	2.15
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 2	175	6825	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	-0.07	1.16	1.88	1.47	2.38
02	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant 2	207	6985	9.90	10.00	1.023	98.20	1.018	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	1.51	2.44	1.68	2.72

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Page 24 of 36

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	WWAN + 2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1 + 2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2	Yes
2.	WWAN + 5/6GHz WLAN Ant 1 + 5/6GHz WLAN Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes
3.	WWAN + 2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes

General Note:

1. Based on the original filing Sporton SAR report No.: FA162601 to additional WLAN 6GHz RF exposure to do Sim-Tx analysis with WWAN transmitter, the other RF Exposure result also refer to original report.

Report No.: FA162601-03

- 2. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}$ (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 14.2.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 25 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022



14.1 Body Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3	4	5	6					
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2	5/6GHz WLAN Ant 1	5/6GHz WLAN Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 2	1+2+3 Summed 1g SAR	1+4+5+6 Summed 1g SAR	1+2+6 Summed 1g SAR	SPLSR	Case No
		1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	(W/kg) 1.122	(W/kg) 0.929	(W/kg) 0.939	(W/kg) 0.667	(W/kg) 0.897	(W/kg) 0.276	2.990	2.962	2.327	0.02	Case 1
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.262	0.082	0.909	0.868	0.037	0.270	0.344	1.130	0.344	0.02	Case I
WCDMA II	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.262	0.002		0.000			0.167	0.167	0.167		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.107		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.049	0.696	0.001		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.020	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.490	0.276	2.888	2.860	2.225	0.02	Case 2
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.346	0.082	0.909	0.868	0.031	0.270	0.428	1.214	0.428	0.02	Ousc 2
WCDMA IV	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.207	0.002		0.000			0.207	0.207	0.207		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.201		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.049	0.696	0.001		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.153	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.490	0.276	3.021	2.993	2.358	0.02	Case 3
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.714	0.082	0.939	0.868	0.031	0.270	0.796	1.582	0.796	0.02	Ousc 5
WCDMA V	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.109	0.002		0.000			0.109	0.109	0.109		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.002		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.051	0.698	0.003		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.146	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.490	0.276	3.014	2.986	2.351	0.02	Case 4
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.655	0.082	0.555	0.868	0.007	0.210	0.737	1.523	0.737	0.02	0000 4
LTE Band 7	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.113	0.002		0.000			0.113	0.113	0.113		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.001		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.050	0.697	0.002		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.135	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.897	0.276	3.003	2.975	2.340	0.02	Case 5
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.565	0.082	0.000	0.868	0.001	0.210	0.647	1.433	0.647	0.02	0
LTE Band 12	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.160	0.002		0.000			0.160	0.160	0.160		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.003		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.052	0.699	0.004		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.095	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.490	0.276	2.963	2.935	2.300	0.02	Case 6
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.723	0.082	0.555	0.868	0.007	0.210	0.805	1.591	0.805	0.02	00000
LTE Band 13	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.177	0.002		0.000			0.177	0.177	0.177		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.004		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.053	0.700	0.005		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.120	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.490	0.276	2.988	2.960	2.325	0.02	Case 7
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.714	0.082	0.000	0.868	0.001	0.210	0.796	1.582	0.796	0.02	
LTE Band 14	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.177	0.002		0.000			0.177	0.177	0.177		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.004		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.053	0.700	0.005		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.146	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.897	0.276	3.014	2.986	2.351	0.02	Case 8
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.262	0.082	0.000	0.868	0.001	0.2.0	0.344	1.130	0.344		0
LTE Band 25	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.176	0.002		0.000			0.176	0.176	0.176		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	01110		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.049	0.696	0.001		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.087	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.897	0.276	2.955	2.927	2.292	0.02	Case 9
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.722	0.082	0.000	0.868	0.001	0.2.0	0.804	1.590	0.804		0
LTE Band 26	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.202	0.002		0.000			0.202	0.202	0.202		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.004		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.053	0.700	0.005		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.157	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.897	0.276	3.025	2.997	2.362	0.02	Case 10
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.676	0.082		0.868	-	V	0.758	1.544	0.758		
LTE Band 30	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.060	0.000					0.060	0.060	0.060		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	-		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.049	0.696	0.001		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.198	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.897	0.276	3.066	3.038	2.403	0.02	Case 11
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.450	0.082		0.868	-	V	0.532	1.318	0.532		
LTE Band 66	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.202			1.230			0.202	0.202	0.202		
	Edge 4 at 0mm			0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.049	0.696	0.001		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.094	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.897	0.276	2.962	2.934	2.299	0.02	Case 12
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.581	0.082	1.230	0.868			0.663	1.449	0.663		
LTE Band 41	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.079			1.230			0.079	0.079	0.079		
	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.004		0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.053	0.700	0.005		
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.068	0.929	0.939	0.667	0.897	0.276	2.936	2.908	2.273	0.02	Case 13
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.430	0.082		0.868			0.512	1.298	0.512		
LTE Band 48	Edge 2 at 0mm	0.067			2.000			0.067	0.067	0.067		
				0.049	0.199	0.496	0.001	0.049	0.696	0.001		

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Template version: 211220 Page 26 of 36 Issued Date : Sep. 01, 2022

Report No. : FA162601-03

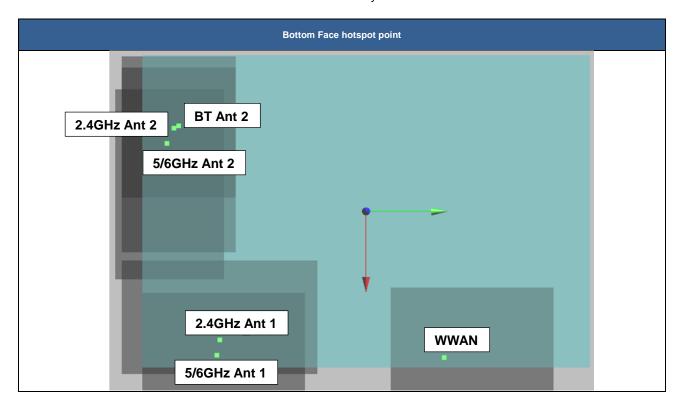
14.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

- 1. According to antenna location the minimum distance between each transmit antenna is using for SPLSR analysis
- 2. Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneously transmitting antenna. When the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration. Therefore, the adjacent transmit antennas will be summed first, and then the SPLSR calculation will be evaluated with the farther transmitted antennas.

Report No.: FA162601-03

- 3. SPLSR = (SAR₁ + SAR₂)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm). If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
- 4. The detail hotspot point for each transmitter in each exposure condition are showing as below figure and the minimum 3D distance for each sum combination is used for SPLSR analysis.



TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 27 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

3D Summed SAR peak location (mm) Gap SAR **SPLSR** Simultaneous Band **Position** distance SAR (W/kg) Results SAR (mm) Υ (W/kg) (mm) WCDMA II 1.122 96.7 100.6 2.27 0mm **Bottom Face** 206.6 2.05 0.01 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 95.8 0.929 0mm -106 3 WCDMA II 1.122 0mm 96.7 100.6 2.27 **Bottom Face** 288.3 2.06 0.01 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant2 -140.6 0.939 0mm -61.2 3.09 WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 95.8 -106 3 0mm 160.8 0.02 **Bottom Face** 1.87 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant2 0.939 -61.2 -140.6 3.09 0mm Case 1 WCDMA II 1.122 0mm 96.7 100.6 2.27 **Bottom Face** 210.7 0.01 1.79 Not required WLAN5/6GHz Ant1 0.667 103.63 -110.01 3.6 0mm WCDMA II 1.122 0mm 96.7 100.6 2.27 288.4 2.30 0.01 Bottom Face Not required WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2 1.173 0mm -56.4 -143.8 0.15 WLAN5/6GHz Ant1 0.667 0mm 103.63 -110.01 3.6 **Bottom Face** 163.6 1.84 0.02 Not required WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2 1.173 0mm -56.4 -143.8 0.15 WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 0mm 95.8 -106 3 **Bottom Face** 156.8 0.01 Not required 1.21 BT Ant2 0.276 -56.4 -143.8 0.15 0_{mm} SAR peak location (mm) 3D Summed Gap SAR **SPLSR** Simultaneous Band **Position** distance SAR SAR (W/kg) Results Υ (W/kg) WCDMA IV 1.02 0mm 98.2 99.1 2.27 0.01 **Bottom Face** 205.1 1.95 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 95.8 -106 3 0mm WCDMA IV 1.02 0mm 98.2 99.1 2.27 **Bottom Face** 287.9 1.96 0.01 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant2 0.939 0mm -61.2 -140.6 3.09 WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 95.8 -106 3 0mm Not required Bottom Face 160.8 0.02 1.87 WLAN2.4GHz Ant2 0.939 -61.2 -140.6 3.09 0mm Case 2 WCDMA IV 1.02 0mm 98.2 99.1 2.27 **Bottom Face** 209.2 1.69 0.01 Not required WLAN5/6GHz Ant1 0.667 103.63 -110.01 3.6 0mm WCDMA IV 1.02 0mm 98.2 99.1 2.27 **Bottom Face** 287.9 2.19 0.01 Not required WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2 -143.8 0.15 1.173 0mm -56.4 -110.01 WI AN5/6GHz Ant1 0.667 103 63 36 0mm **Bottom Face** 163.6 1.84 0.02 Not required WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2 1.173 0mm -56.4 -143.8 0.15 WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 0mm -106 3 **Bottom Face** 156.8 1.21 0.01 Not required BT Ant2 0.276 -56.4 -143.8 0.15 0_{mm} SAR peak location (mm) 3D Gap SAR **SPLSR** Simultaneous **Band Position** distance SAR (W/kg) (mm) Х (mm) (W/kg) WCDMA V 102.5 87 1.153 0mm 2.29 **Bottom Face** 193.1 0.02 2.08 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 95.8 -106 3 0mm WCDMA V 1.153 0mm 102.5 87 2.29 **Bottom Face** 280.4 2.09 0.01 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant2 0.939 -61.2 -140.6 3.09 0mm WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 0mm 95.8 -106 3 **Bottom Face** 160.8 1.87 0.02 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant2 -61.2 -140.6 3.09 0.939 0mm Case 3 WCDMA V 102 5 87 2 29 1.153 0mm**Bottom Face** 197.0 1.82 0.01 Not required

Report No.: FA162601-03

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 28 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

0.667

1.153

1.173

0.667

1.173

0.929

0.276

Bottom Face

Bottom Face

Bottom Face

0mm

0mm

0mm

0mm

0mm

0mm

0mm

103.63

102.5

-56.4

103.63

-56.4

95.8

-56.4

-110.01

87

-143.8

-110.01

-143.8

-106

-143.8

3.6

2.29

0.15

3.6

0.15

3

0.15

280.2

163 6

156.8

2.33

1 84

1.21

0.01

0.02

0.01

Not required

Not required

Not required

Template version: 211220

WLAN5/6GHz Ant1

WCDMA V

WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2

WLAN5/6GHz Ant1

WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2

WLAN2.4GHz Ant1

BT Ant2



Report No. : FA162601-03

			SAR	Gap	SAR pea	ak location	(mm)	3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
	Band	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	X	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 7		1.146	0mm	106.6	58.6	-0.92				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	165.0	2.08	0.02	Not required
	LTE Band 7		1.146	0mm	106.6	58.6	-0.92				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	260.5	2.09	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 4	LTE Band 7		1.146	0mm	106.6	58.6	-0.92				
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	168.7	1.81	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 7		1.146	0mm	106.6	58.6	-0.92				
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	259.9	2.32	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1		0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6				
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3				
	BT Ant2	Bottom Face	0.276	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
	BTTTTLE		SAR	Gap		k location		3D	Summed	CDI CD	Cimulton
	Band	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	z	distance	SAR	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	LTE Band 12		1.135	0mm	103.92	87.02	-1.07	(mm)	(W/kg)		
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	193.2	2.06	0.02	Not required
	LTE Band 12		1.135	0mm	103.92	87.02	-1.07				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	281.2	2.07	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.939	0mm	95.8	-140.6	3.09				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929		-61.2	-140.6	3.09	160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 5	LTE Band 12		1.135	0mm 0mm	103.92	87.02	-1.07				
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667		103.92	-110.01	3.6	197.1	1.80	0.01	Not required
				0mm							
	LTE Band 12	Bottom Face	1.135	0mm	103.92	87.02	-1.07	281.0	2.31	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2		1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2		1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
	BT Ant2		0.276	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	3D	Summed		
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap		k location	<u> </u>	distance	SAR	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAN
	LTE Band 13	Bottom Face	1.095	0mm	103.94	84	-1.07	190.2	2.02	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3				
	LTE Band 13	Bottom Face	1.095	0mm	103.94	84	-1.07	278.8	2.03	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2		0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 6	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2		0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09				
	LTE Band 13	Bottom Face	1.095	0mm	103.94	84	-1.07	194.1	1.76	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1		0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6				1
	LTE Band 13	Bottom Face	1.095	0mm	103.94	84	-1.07	278.6	2.27	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2		1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				,,
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2		1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				1
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
	BT Ant2		0.276	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				,

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Page 29 of 36

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022



Report No. : FA162601-03

			CAR	Gap	SAR nea	ak location	(mm)	3D	Summed	CDI CD	Cimultana
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	z	distance	SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	LTE Band 14		1.12	0mm	103.99	85.51	-1.05	(mm)	(W/Kg)		
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	191.7	2.05	0.02	Not required
	LTE Band 14		1.12	0mm	103.99	85.51	-1.05				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	280.1	2.06	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.939	0mm	95.8	-140.6	3.09				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	-					160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 7			0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09				
	LTE Band 14	Bottom Face	1.12	0mm	103.99	85.51	-1.05	195.6	1.79	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1		0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6				
	LTE Band 14	Bottom Face	1.12	0mm	103.99	85.51	-1.05	279.8	2.29	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2		1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2		1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				'
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
	BT Ant2	Bottom r doo	0.276	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15			0.01	Hot roquirou
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pea	ak location	(mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
	Danu	1 Oshilon	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 25	Dottom Food	1.146	0mm	98.12	97.5	-1.11	202.6	2.00	0.04	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	203.6	2.08	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 25		1.146	0mm	98.12	97.5	-1.11				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	286.5	2.09	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 8	LTE Band 25		1.146	0mm	98.12	97.5	-1.11				
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	207.6	1.81	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 25		1.146	0mm	98.12	97.5	-1.11				
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	286.5	2.32	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1		0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6				
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3				
	BT Ant2	Bottom Face	0.276	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
	DITAIRE			Gap		k location		3D	Summed	001.00	01 11
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	(mm)	X	Y	z	distance	SAR	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	LTE Band 26		1.087	0mm	103.95	84.03	-1.08	(mm)	(W/kg)		
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	-				3	190.2	2.02	0.02	Not required
			0.929	0mm	95.8	-106					
	LTE Band 26	Bottom Face	1.087	0mm	103.95	84.03	-1.08	278.8	2.03	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2		0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 9	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2		0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09				
	LTE Band 26	Bottom Face	1.087	0mm	103.95	84.03	-1.08	194.1	1.75	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1		0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6				,
	LTE Band 26	Bottom Face	1.087	0mm	103.95	84.03	-1.08	278.6	2.26	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2		1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2		1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
						-143.8					

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 30 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022



Report No. : FA162601-03

SPLSR Simultaneous
SAR

			SAR	Gap	SAR pea	ak location	(mm)	3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
	Band	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 30	5	1.157	0mm	104.6	101.6	-0.72			0.04	
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	207.8	2.09	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 30		1.157	0mm	104.6	101.6	-0.72				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	293.5	2.10	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 10	LTE Band 30		1.157	0mm	104.6	101.6	-0.72				
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	211.7	1.82	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 30		1.157	0mm	104.6	101.6	-0.72				
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	293.5	2.33	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1		0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6				
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1		0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3				
	BT Ant2	Bottom Face	0.276	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
			SAR	Gap	SAR pea	k location	(mm)	3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
	Band	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	X	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 66	Dottom Food	1.198	0mm	99.63	97.61	-1.41	202.7	0.40	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	203.7	2.13	0.02	Not required
	LTE Band 66	D-# F	1.198	0mm	99.63	97.61	-1.41	007.5	0.44	0.04	Not so suiss d
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	287.5	2.14	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	D.,, E	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	400.0	4.07	0.00	
0 44	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 11	LTE Band 66	D.,, E	1.198	0mm	99.63	97.61	-1.41	007.7	4.07	0.04	
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	207.7	1.87	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 66	D-# F	1.198	0mm	99.63	97.61	-1.41	007.4	0.07	0.04	Not so suiss d
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	287.4	2.37	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	D.,, E	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	100.0	4.04	0.00	
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	D-# F	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	450.0	4.04	0.04	Not so suiss d
	BT Ant2	Bottom Face	0.276	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
	Donal	Danisia	SAR	Gap	SAR pea	k location	(mm)	3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
	Band	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 41	D-#	1.094	0mm	94.6	93.6	-0.82	400.0	0.00	0.04	Not so suiss d
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	199.6	2.02	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 41	Dottom Food	1.094	0mm	94.6	93.6	-0.82	204.2	2.02	0.04	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	281.3	2.03	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Dottom Food	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	100.0	4.07	0.02	Not required
Case 12	WLAN2.4GHz Ant2	Bottom Face	0.939	0mm	-61.2	-140.6	3.09	160.8	1.87	0.02	Not required
Case 12	LTE Band 41	Dottom Food	1.094	0mm	94.6	93.6	-0.82	202.0	4.76	0.04	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Bottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	203.9	1.76	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 41	Pottom Face	1.094	0mm	94.6	93.6	-0.82	204.4	2.27	0.04	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	281.4	2.27	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5/6GHz Ant1	Pottom Face	0.667	0mm	103.63	-110.01	3.6	162.6	1.04	0.00	Not rocuired
	WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2	Bottom Face	1.173	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	163.6	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant1	Rottom Face	0.929	0mm	95.8	-106	3	156.0	1 21	0.01	Not required
	BT Ant2	Bottom Face	0.276	0mm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15	156.8	1.21	0.01	Not required
	BT Ant2		0.276	Umm	-56.4	-143.8	0.15				

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 31 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022



Summed SAR 3D SAR peak location (mm) Simultaneous SAR SAR SPLSR Band Position distance (W/kg) Results (mm) (W/kg) (mm) LTE Band 48 1.068 0mm 106.22 55.4 3.3 **Bottom Face** 161.7 2.00 0.02 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 0mm 95.8 -106 3 LTE Band 48 1.068 106.22 55.4 3.3 0mm **Bottom Face** 257.8 2.01 0.01 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant2 0.939 0mm -61.2 -140.6 3.09 WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 95.8 -106 3 0mm **Bottom Face** 160.8 1.87 0.02 Not required WLAN2.4GHz Ant2 0.939 -61.2 -140.6 3.09 0mm Case 13 LTE Band 48 1.068 0mm 106.22 55.4 3.3 165.4 1.74 0.01 Bottom Face Not required 3.6 WLAN5/6GHz Ant1 0.667 0mm 103.63 -110.01 LTE Band 48 1.068 106.22 55.4 3.3 0.01 **Bottom Face** 257.2 2.24 Not required WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2 1.173 0mm -56.4 -143.8 0.15 WLAN5/6GHz Ant1 103.63 -110.01 0.667 3.6 0mm **Bottom Face** 163.6 1.84 0.02 Not required WLAN5/6GHz+BT Ant2 0.15 1.173 -56.4 -143.8 0mm WLAN2.4GHz Ant1 0.929 0mm 95.8 -106 3 Bottom Face 156.8 1.21 0.01 Not required BT Ant2 0.276 -56.4 -143.8 0.15 0mm

Report No.: FA162601-03

Test Engineer: Bevis Chang and Jay Chien

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 32 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

15. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Report No.: FA162601-03

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 33 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

Applicable for SAR Measurements:

		Uncertaint (4 MHz - 10 (
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	18.60	N	2	1	1	9.3	9.3
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related							
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Test sample Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	7.60	R	1.732	1	1	4.4	4.4
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.77	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	2.3	2.2
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	1.1	1.1
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	1.7	1.6
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
	Combined Std. Un	certainty				14.5%	14.2%
	Coverage Factor f	or 95 %				K=2	K=2
	Expanded STD Un	certainty	29.0%	28.4%			

Report No. : FA162601-03

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 34 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

Applicable for Power Density Measurements:

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±dB)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	Standard Uncertainty (±dB)
Probe Calibration	0.49	N	1	1	0.49
Probe correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Frequency response (BW ≤ 1 GHz)	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12
Sensor cross coupling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Isotropy	0.50	R	1.732	1	0.29
Linearity	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12
Probe scattering	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Probe positioning offset	0.30	R	1.732	1	0.17
Probe positioning repeatability	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Sensor mechanical offset	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Probe spatial resolution	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Field impedance dependance	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Amplitude and phase drift	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Amplitude and phase noise	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Measurement area truncation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Data acquisition	0.03	N	1	1	0.03
Sampling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Field reconstruction	2.00	R	1.732	1	1.15
Forward transformation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Power density scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Spatial averaging	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.06
System detection limit	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Uncertainty	terms dep endent on the D	OUT and environmer	ital factors		
Probe coupling with DUT	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Modulation response	0.40	R	1.732	1	0.2
Integration time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Response time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Device holder influence	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.1
DUT alignment	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
RF ambient conditions	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0
Ambient reflections	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0
Immunity / secondary reception	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Drift of the DUT		R	1.732	1	
Co	ombined Std. Uncertainty				1.34
Expa	nded STD Uncertainty (95%	%)			2.68

Report No. : FA162601-03

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 35 of 36 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022

16. References

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Report No.: FA162601-03

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- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
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- [11] SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
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TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 36 of 36
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Sep. 01, 2022