FCC ID: UU6-KS2400

# **RF Exposure Evaluation**

# of

E.U.T. : KymaStar

FCC ID. : UU6-KS2400

MODEL: KS24

for

APPLICANT: WNI Global, Inc.

ADDRESS: 3146 Bering Drive, San Jose, CA 95131

#### Prepared by

#### **ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN**

NO. 34, LIN 5, DING FU TSUN, LINKOU HSIANG, TAIPEI HSIEN, TAIWAN, R.O.C.

Tel:(02)26023052 Fax:(02)26010910 http://www.etc.org.tw; e-mail: etcemi@seed.net.tw

Report Number: 07-07-RBF-104

FCC ID: UU6-KS2400

#### **Product Information:**

Type of EUT: KymaStar

FCC ID: UU6-KS2400

Model: KS24

Description: Using advanced OFDM and power amp technology, KS24 has high

output power and amazing throughput even at long distance transmission. Operating in 2.4GHz band, using IEEE 802.11g

standard, KS24 can provide up to 54Mbps data rates communications.

Maximum conducted output power (measured): 22.45 dBm or 175.79 mW

The following table lists the provided authorized antennas:

Model	Antenna Type	Antenna Gain	
		(dBi)	Numeric
PA-L01	Panel antenna	18	63.1
GRD-001	Grid antenna	24	251.2
OB-003	Omni antenna	12	15.8
SA-101	Sector antenna	12	15.8

Below is an example of the RF Exposure Statement:

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** To comply with the FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. No change to the antenna or the device is permitted. Any change to the antenna or the device could result in the device exceeding the RF exposure requirements and void user's authority to operate the device.

### **Relative Requirement for Compliance**

According to section 1.1310 of FCC 47 CFR Part 1, limits for maximum permissible exposure (MPE) are as following:

TABLE 1 – LIMITS FOR MAXIMUN PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

THE ELECTRIC PROPERTY OF THE P					
Frequency Range	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Averaging Time	
(MHz)	Strength	Strength			
	(V/m)	(A/m)	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(minutes)	
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures					
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6	
3-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6	
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300-1500			f/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure					
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30	
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f2)	30	
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30	
300-1500			f/1500	30	
1500-100,000			1.0	30	

f = frequency in MHz

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational / controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

<sup>\* =</sup> Plane-wave equivalent power density

## **RF Exposure Calculations:**

The following information provides the minimum separation distance for the highest gain antenna provided. This calculation is based on the highest EIRP possible from the system, considering maximum power and antenna gain, and considering a 1.0 mW/cm² uncontrolled exposure limit. The formula shown in OET Bulletin 65 is used in the calculation.

Equation from page 19 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01 is:

$$S = PG/4 R^2$$

where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

hence

$$R = (PG / 4 S)^{1/2}$$

For our device

(A) with grid antenna

P = 175.79 mW

G = 251.2

 $S = Exposure limit = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

$$R = ((175.79 * 251.2) / (4* *1.0))^{1/2}$$
$$= 59.28 \text{ cm}$$

(B) with panel antenna

P = 175.79 mW

G = 63.1

 $S = Exposure limit = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

$$R = ((175.79 * 63.1) / (4* *1.0))^{1/2}$$
$$= 29.71 \text{ cm}$$

```
(C) with omni or sector antenna
```

P = 175.79 mW

G = 15.8

 $S = Exposure limit = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

$$R = ((175.79 * 15.8) / (4* *1.0))^{1/2}$$
$$= 14.87 \text{ cm}$$

For complying the FCC limits for general population/uncontrolled exposure, the minimum MPE distance is **59.28** cm.

This means that according to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), the equipment fulfills the requirements on power density for general population/uncontrolled exposure and therefore fulfills the requirements of 47 CFR Part 15.247 (b)(5).