MET Laboratories, Inc. *Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation*

914 WEST PATAPSCO AVENUE ● BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21230-3432 ● PHONE (410) 354-3300 ● FAX (410) 354-3313
33439 WESTERN AVENUE ● UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 ● PHONE (510) 489-6300 ● FAX (510) 489-6372
3162 BELICK STREET ● SANTA CLARA, CALIFORNIA 95054 ● PHONE (408) 748-3585 ● FAX (510) 489-6372
13501 MCCALLEN PASS ● AUSTIN, TX 78753 ● PHONE (512) 287-2500 ● FAX (512) 287-2513

January 7, 2016

ARRIS Group Inc.
3871 Lakefield Drive Suite 300
Suwanee, GA 30024

Dear Tony Figueiredo,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the ARRIS Group Inc., TG1652G and TG1652A as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.407, Subpart E (UNII 3).

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Reference: (\ARRIS Group Inc.\ EMC86264-FCC407 UNII 3 Rev. 2)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria
Test Report

for the

ARRIS Group Inc.
Model TG1652G and TG1652A

Tested under
The FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR
15.407 Subpart E

MET Report: EMC86264-FCC407 UNII 3 Rev. 2

January 7, 2016

Prepared For:

ARRIS Group Inc.
3871 Lakefield Drive Suite 300
Suwanee, GA 30024

Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
914 W. Patapsco Ave.
Baltimore, MD 21230

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria
Test Report

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ARRIS Group Inc.
Model TG1652G and TG1652A

Tested under
The FCC Certification Rules
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Title 47 of the CFR
15.407 Subpart E

Hadid Jones, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Parts 15B, 15.407, of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,
Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
∅	December 10, 2015	Initial Issue.
1	December 17, 2015	Revised antenna gain.
2	January 7, 2016	Engineer corrections.

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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	**A**lternating **C**urrent
ACF	**A**ntenna **C**orrection **F**actor
Cal	**Cal**ibration
d	**M**easurement **D**istance
dB	**D**eci**b**els
dBµA	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**amp
dBµV	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**volt
dBµA/m	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**amp **per m**eter
dBµV/m	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**volt **per m**eter
DC	**D**irect **C**urrent
E	**E**lectric Field
DSL	**D**igital **S**ubscriber **L**ine
ESD	**E**lectro**s**tatic **D**ischarge
EUT	**E**quipment **U**nder **T**est
f	**F**requency
FCC	**F**ederal **C**ommunications **C**ommission
GRP	**G**round **R**eference **P**lane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	**H**orizontal **C**oupling **P**lane
Hz	**H**ert**z**
IEC	**I**nternational **E**lectrotechnical **C**ommission
kHz	**K**ilo**h**ert**z**
kPa	**K**ilo**pa**scal
kV	**K**ilo**v**olt
LISN	**L**ine **I**mpedance **S**tabilization **N**etwork
MHz	**M**ega**h**ertz
µH	**Microh**enry
µ	**Microf**arad
µs	**Micros**econds
PRF	**P**ulse **R**epetition **F**requency
RF	**R**adio **F**requency
RMS	**R**oot-**M**ean-**S**quare
TWT	**T**raveling **W**ave **T**ube
V/m	**V**olts **per m**eter
VCP	**V**ertical **C**oupling **P**lane

I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the ARRIS Group Inc. TG1652G and TG1652A, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.407. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the TG1652G and TG1652A. ARRIS Group Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the TG1652G and TG1652A, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.407, in accordance with ARRIS Group Inc., purchase order number AR1067393. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference	Description	Results
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.403(i)	26 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.407 (a)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.407 (a)(3)	Maximum Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.407 (b)(4)& (6 - 7)	Undesirable Emissions	Compliant
§15.407(b)(6)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
§15.407(f)	RF Exposure	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.407 ComplianceTesting

II. Equipment Configuration

A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by ARRIS Group Inc. to perform testing on the TG1652G and TG1652A, under ARRIS Group Inc.'s purchase order number AR1067393.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the ARRIS Group Inc. TG1652G and TG1652A.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	TG1652G and TG1652A	
Model(s) Covered:	TG1652G and TG1652A	
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz	
	FCC ID: UIDTG1652	
	Type of Modulations:	OFDM, MCS, MNSS
	Equipment Code:	NII
	Max. RF Output Power:	22.5dBm
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	5745-5825MHz
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature: 15-35º C	
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%	
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar	
Evaluated by:	Hadid Jones	
Report Date(s):	January 7, 2016	

Table 2. EUT Summary

B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart E	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices (UNII)
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

D. Description of Test Sample

The ARRIS Group Inc. TG1652G and TG1652A, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a DOCSIS® 3.0 Dual Band Concurrent 802.11ac Wireless Telephony Gateway with MoCA®2.0.

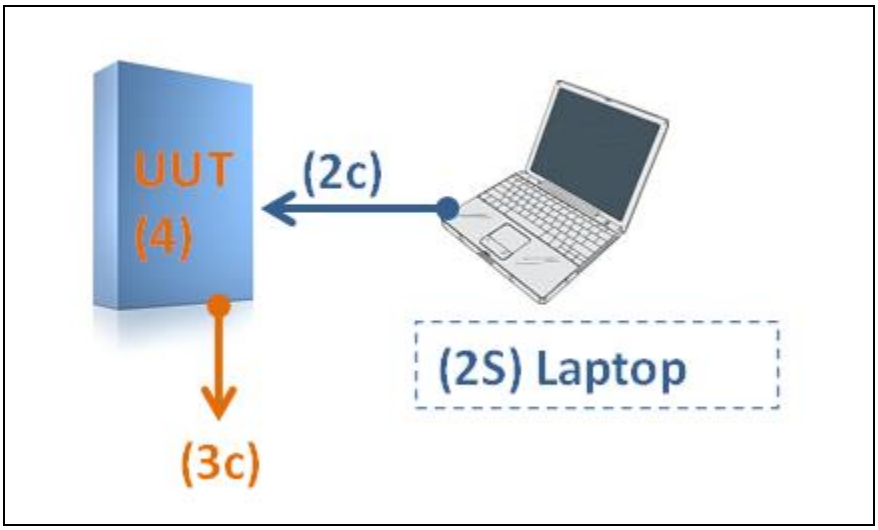


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Revision
4	UUT	TG1652A or G	--	--	--

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
2s	Laptop	Assorted	N/A

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
2C	Ethernet	5e Modular 8 pin	1	1	No	--
3C	AC Input	2 conductor, 18 AWG	1	2	No	(115v/60hz)

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

The provided instructions and software will configure the unit for operation at each required test mode.

I. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

J. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to ARRIS Group Inc. upon completion of testing.

III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: **§ 15.203:** An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.

b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 10/29/15

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15. 403(i) 26 dB Bandwidth

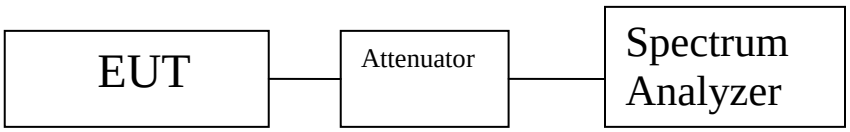
Test Requirements: **§ 15.403(i):** For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to low, mid, and high operating frequencies at the highest output power and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 26 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded.

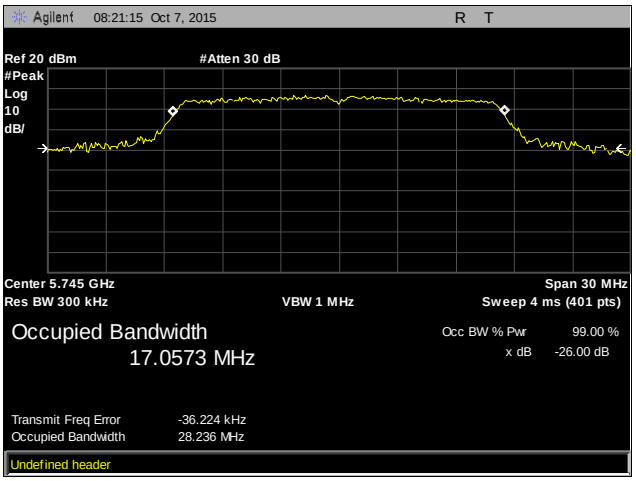
Test Results The 26 dB Bandwidth was compliant with the requirements of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

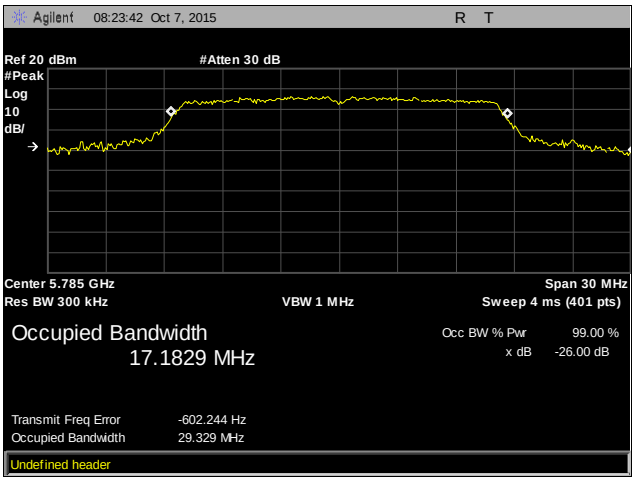
Test Date(s): 10/29/15



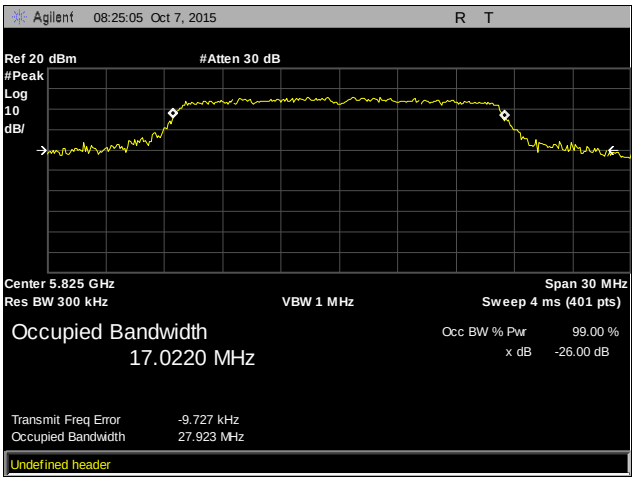
Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11a



Plot 1. Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz

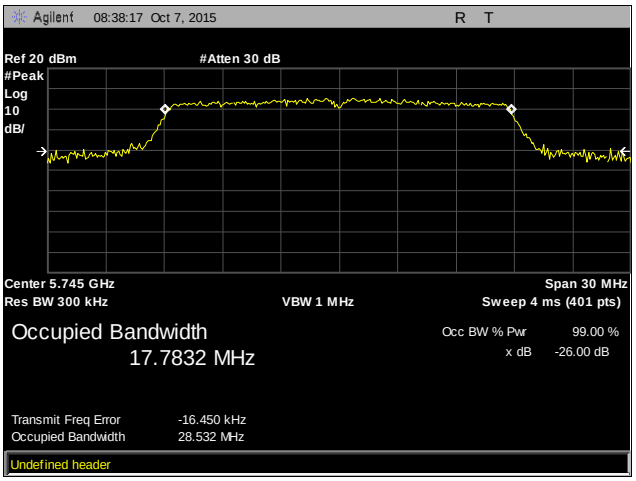


Plot 2. Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz

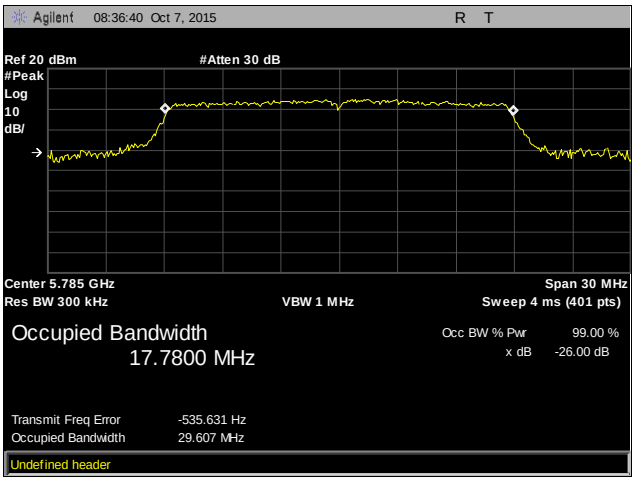


Plot 3. Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz

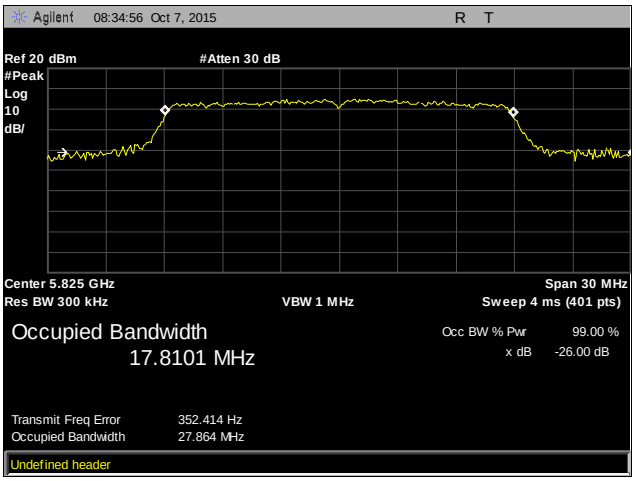
Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11ac 20 MHz



Plot 4. Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz

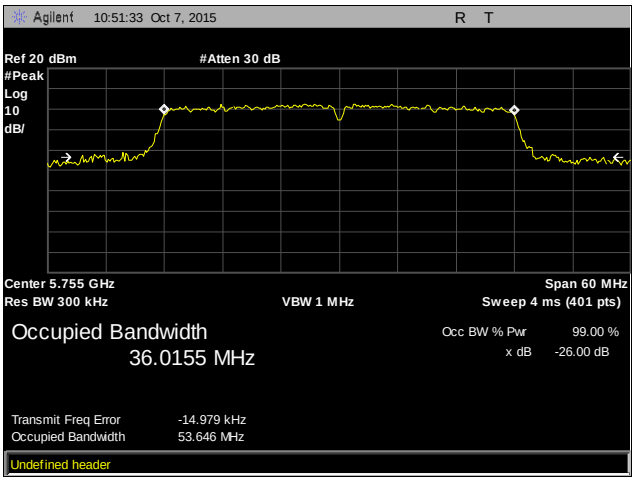


Plot 5. Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz

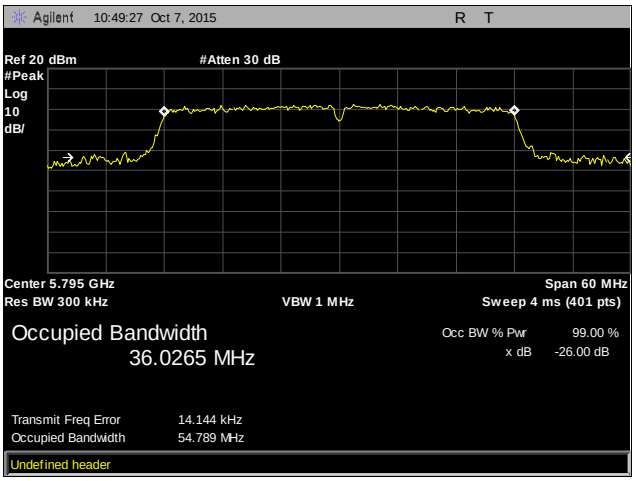


Plot 6. Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz

Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11ac 40 MHz

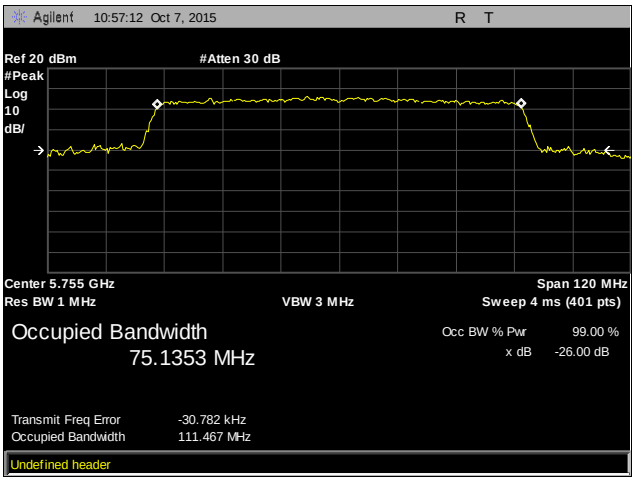


Plot 7. Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz



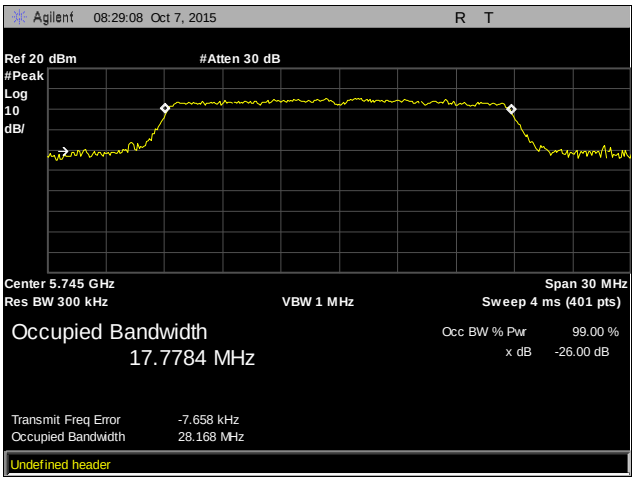
Plot 8. Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz

Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11ac 80 MHz

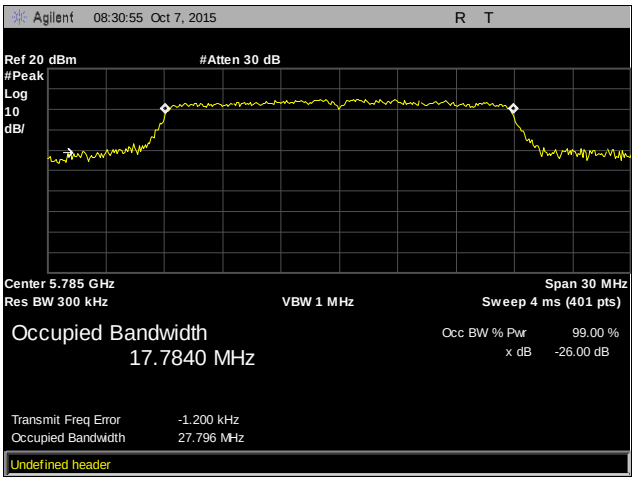


Plot 9. Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11ac 80 MHz

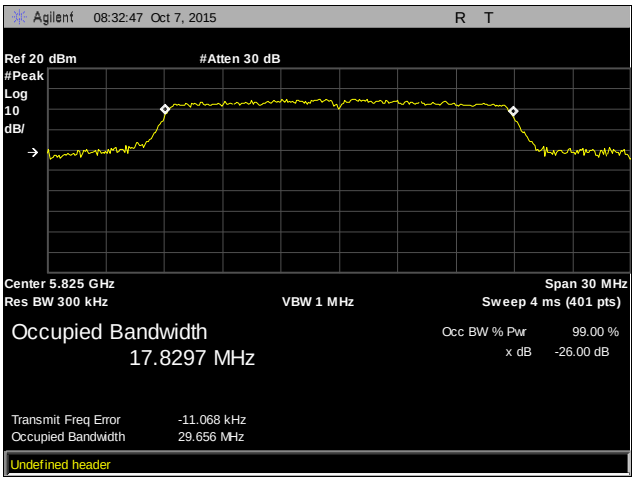
Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 10. Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

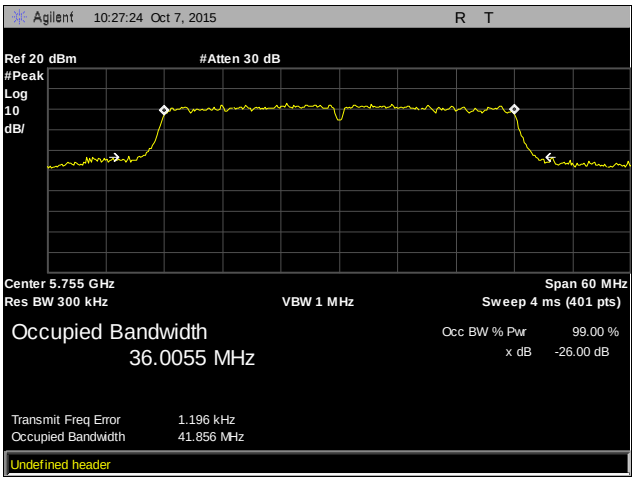


Plot 11. Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

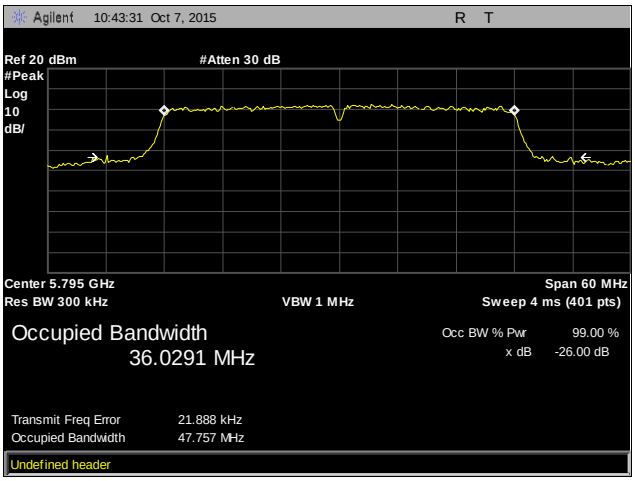


Plot 12. Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

Occupied Bandwidth, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 13. Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 14. Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§15. 407(a)(3) Maximum Conducted Output Power

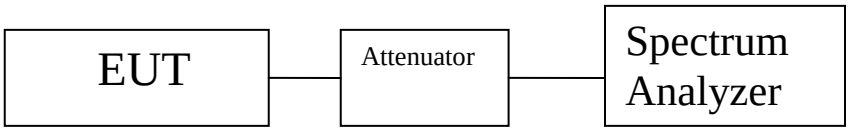
Test Requirements: **§15.407(a)(3):** For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.
If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a cable and attenuator. Measurements were taken with the EUT set to transmit continuously on its low, mid, and high channels. Its power was measured according to measurement method SA-1, as described in 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures v01.

Test Results: The EUT as tested is compliant with the requirements of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 10/29/15



Maximum Conducted Output Power 20MHz Band 802.11a/n/ac Mode MIMO (2*2) (dBm)								
Chanel Carrier	**Frequency MHz**	**Maximum Output Power (dBm)/20MHz Ant 0**	**Maximum Output Power (dBm)/20MHz Ant 1**	**Mode**	**Total Output Power (dBm)**	**Antenna Gain (dBi)**	**Power Limit (dBm)**	**Margin (dB)**
149	5745	16.79	16.61	a	19.71	7.50	28.5	-8.79
157	5785	20.18	18.66	a	22.50	7.50	28.5	-6.00
165	5825	19.96	18.69	a	22.38	7.50	28.5	-6.12
149	5745	15.79	15.73	n	18.77	4.50	30	-11.23
157	5785	19.19	18.57	n	21.90	4.50	30	-8.10
165	5825	18.96	18.69	n	21.84	4.50	30	-8.16
149	5745	16.09	15.75	ac	18.93	4.50	30	-11.07
157	5785	19.79	18.47	ac	22.19	4.50	30	-7.81
165	5825	19.17	18.72	ac	21.96	4.50	30	-8.04

Table 7. Conducted Output Power, 802.11a/ac/n 20 MHz

Note: a Mode transmit correlated data stream from its two antenna chain. This is the reason it has 3dB higher antenna gain value compared to n and ac Mode which account for arraign gain contribution due to signal correlation.

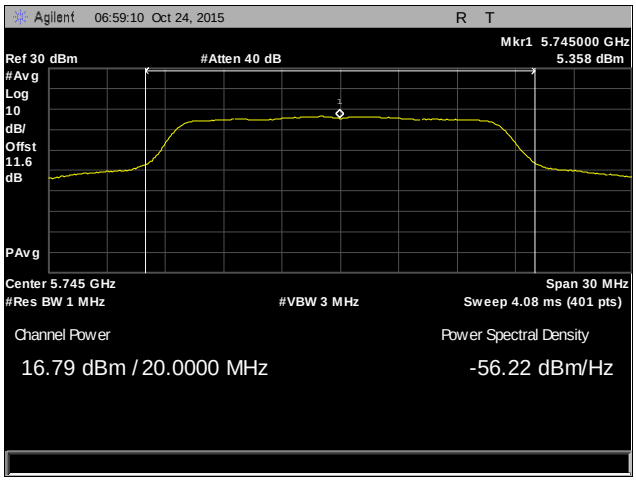
Maximum Conducted Output Power 40MHz Band 11n/ac mode MIMO (2*2) (dBm)								
Chanel Carrier	**Frequency MHz**	**Maximum Output Power (dBm)/40MHz Ant 0**	**Maximum Output Power (dBm)/40MHz Ant 1**	**Mode**	**Total Output Power (dBm)**	**Antenna Gain (dBi)**	**Power Limit (dBm)**	**Margin (dB)**
151	5755	14.58	14.21	n	17.41	4.50	30	-12.59
159	5795	17.58	17.83	n	20.72	4.50	30	-9.28
151	5755	14.88	14.56	ac	17.73	4.50	30	-12.27
159	5795	17.66	17.63	ac	20.66	4.50	30	-9.34

Table 8. Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac/n 40 MHz

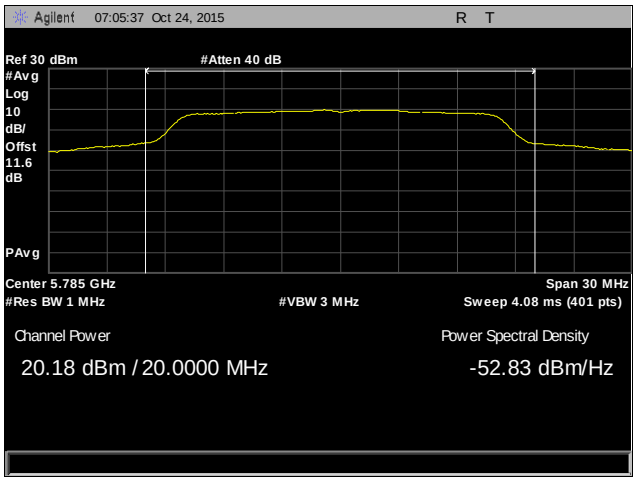
Maximum Conducted Output Power 80MHz Band 802.11ac mode MIMO (2*2) (dBm)							
Chanel Carrier	**Frequency MHz**	**Maximum Output Power (dBm)/80MHz Ant 0**	**Maximum Output Power (dBm)/80MHz Ant 1**	**Total Output Power (dBm)**	**Antenna Gain (dBi)**	**Power Limit (dBm)**	**Margin (dB)**
155	5775	16.99	17.08	20.05	4.5	30	-9.95

Table 9. Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac 80 MHz

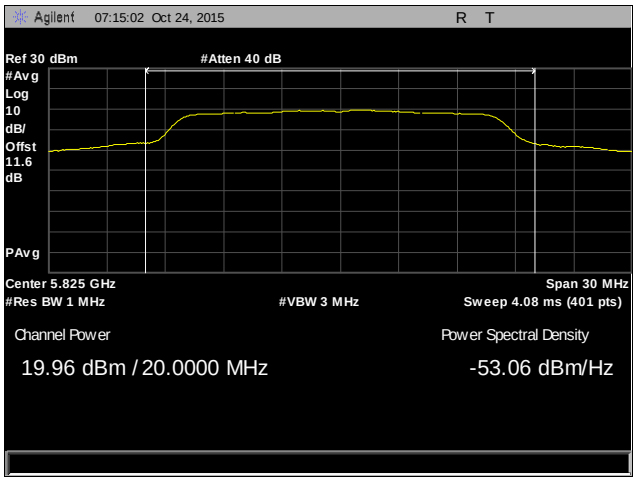
Conducted Output Power, 802.11a, Antenna 0



Plot 15. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 0

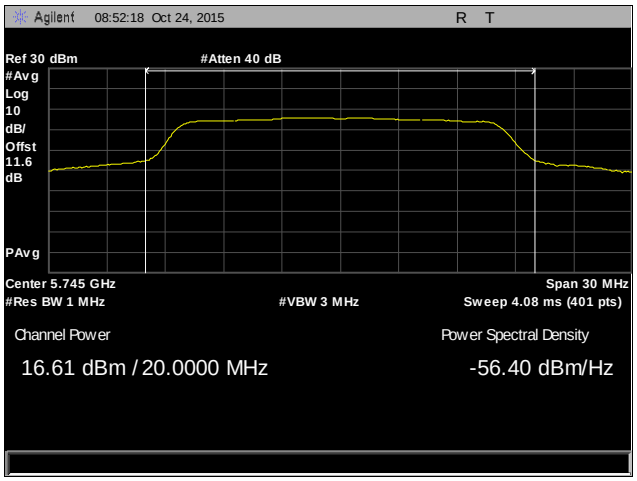


Plot 16. Conducted Output Power, Mid Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 0

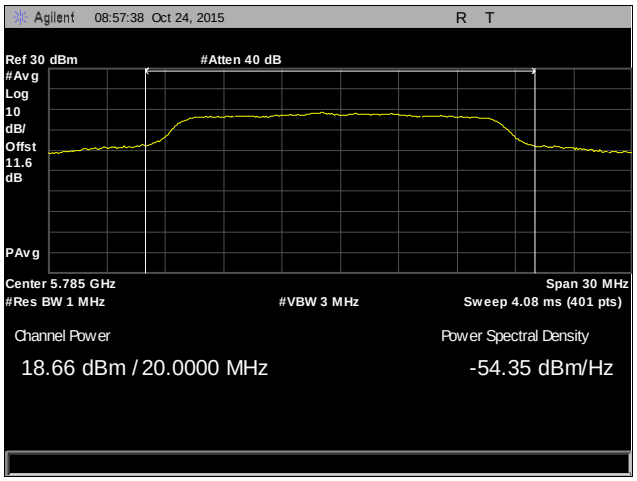


Plot 17. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 0

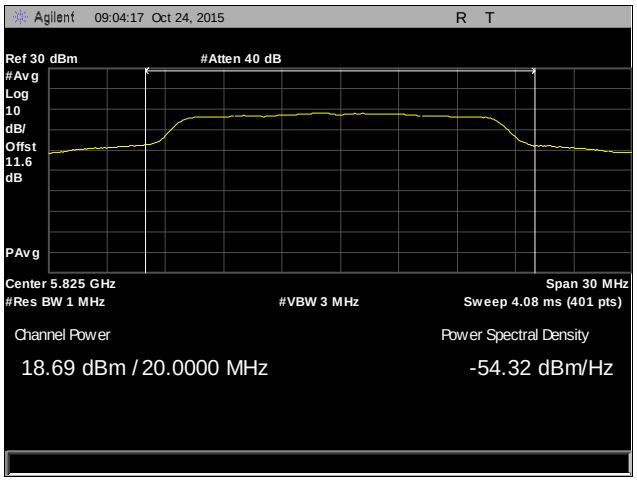
Conducted Output Power, 802.11a, Antenna 1



Plot 18. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 1

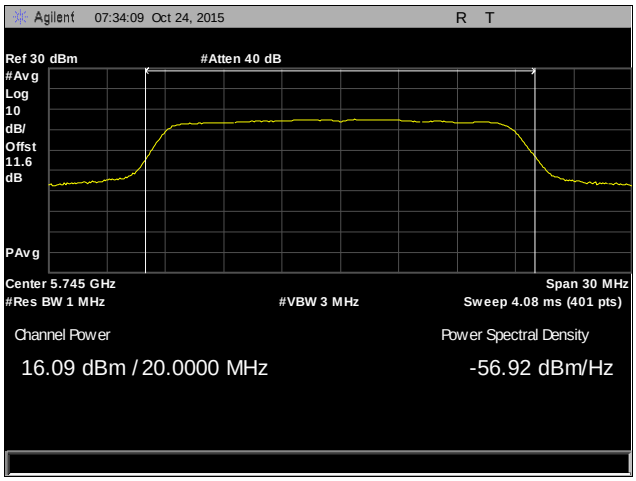


Plot 19. Conducted Output Power, Mid Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 1

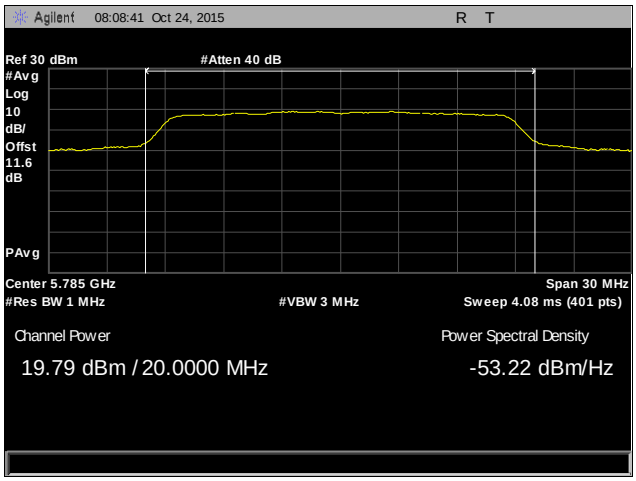


Plot 20. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 1

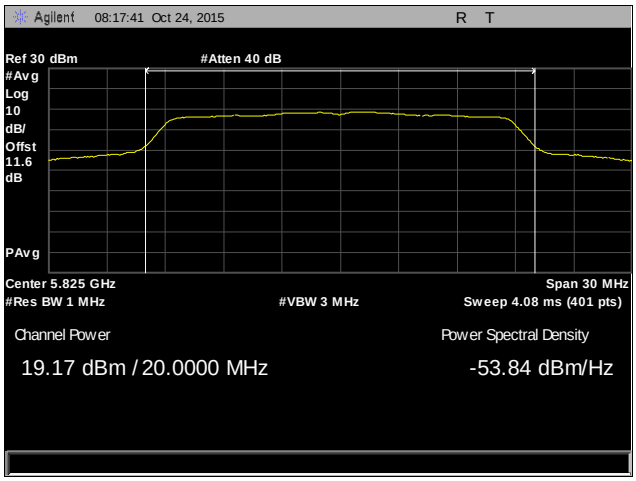
Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 0



Plot 21. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 0

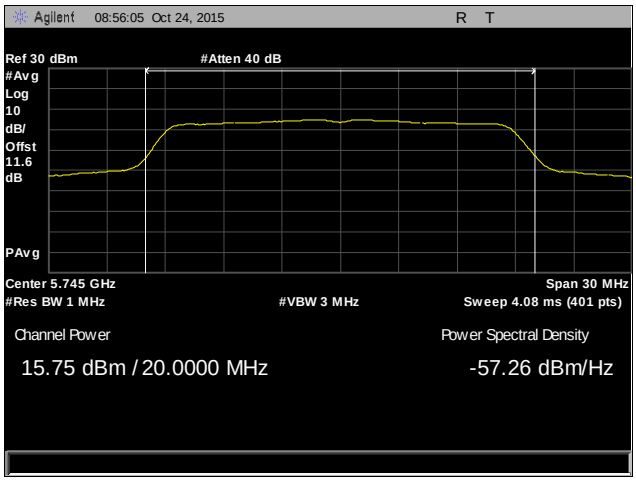


Plot 22. Conducted Output Power, Mid Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 0

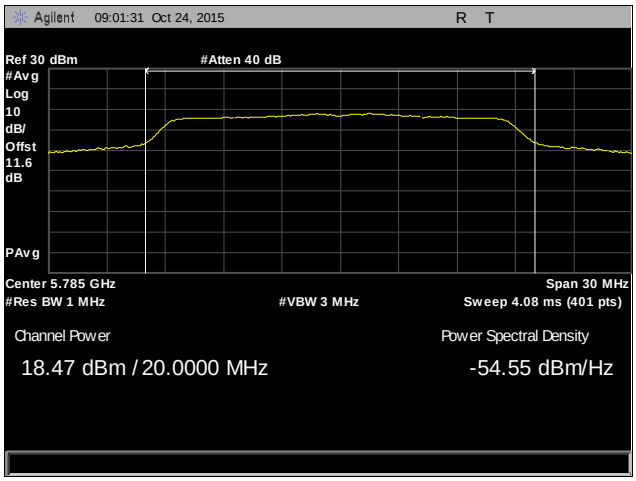


Plot 23. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 0

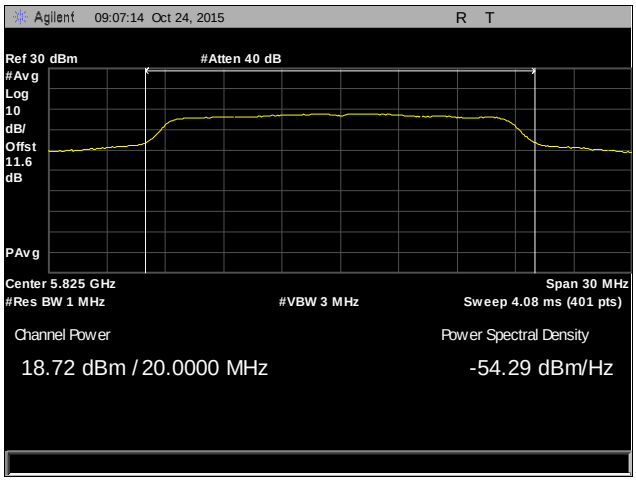
Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 1



Plot 24. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 1

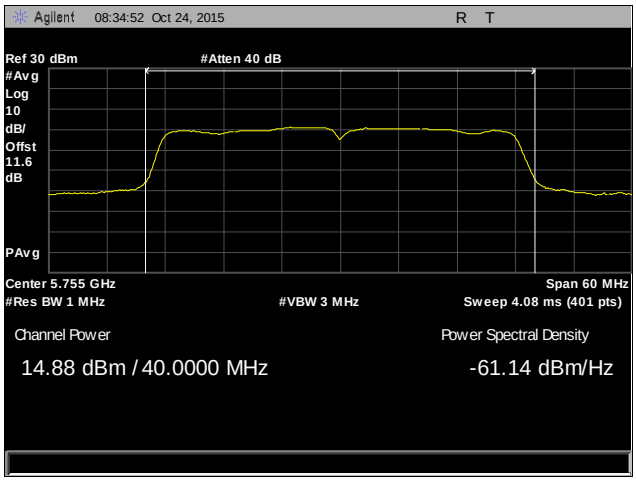


Plot 25. Conducted Output Power, Mid Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 1

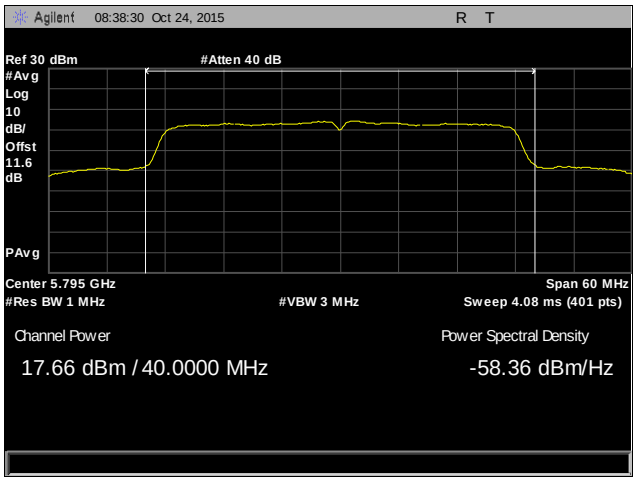


Plot 26. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 1

Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 0

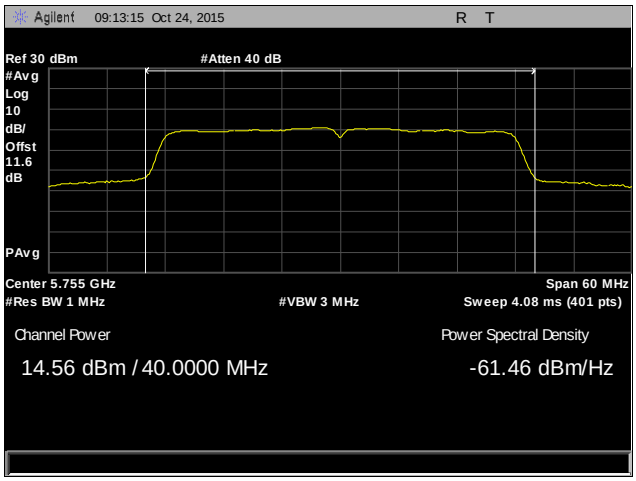


Plot 27. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 0

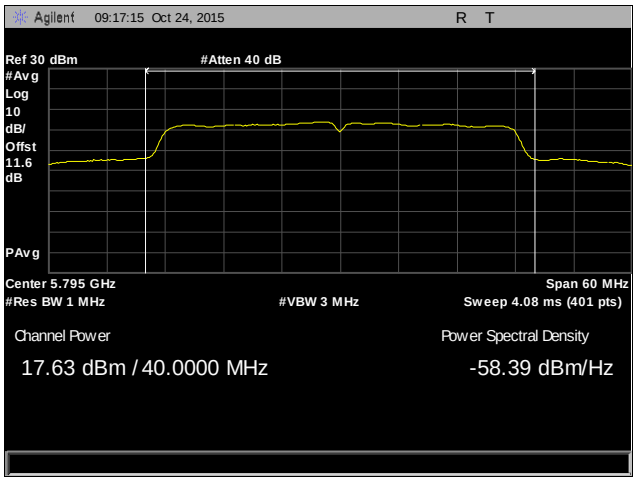


Plot 28. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 0

Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 1

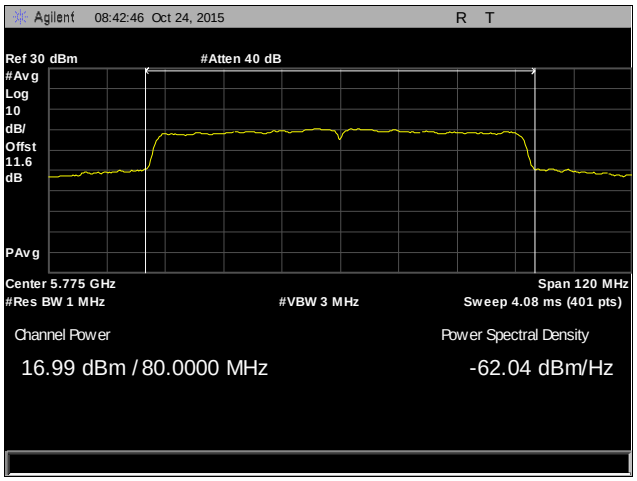


Plot 29. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 1

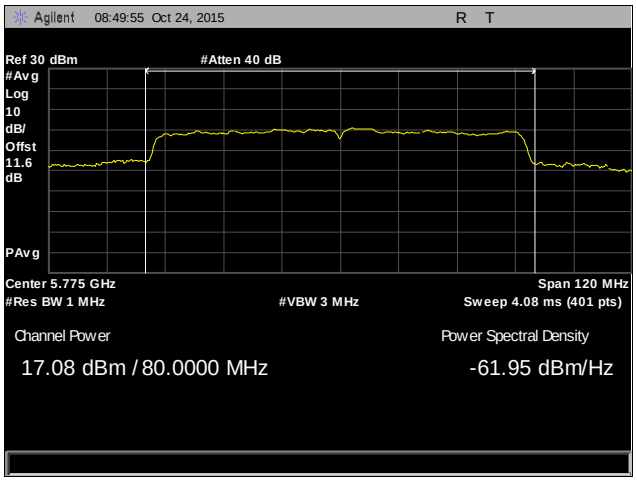


Plot 30. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 1

Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac 80 MHz

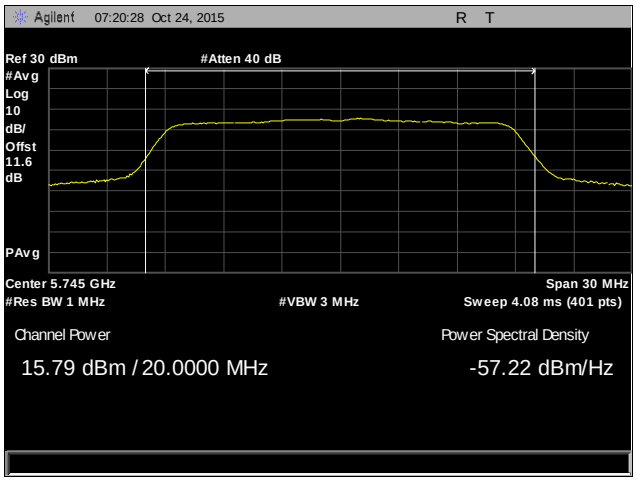


Plot 31. Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac 80 MHz, Antenna 0

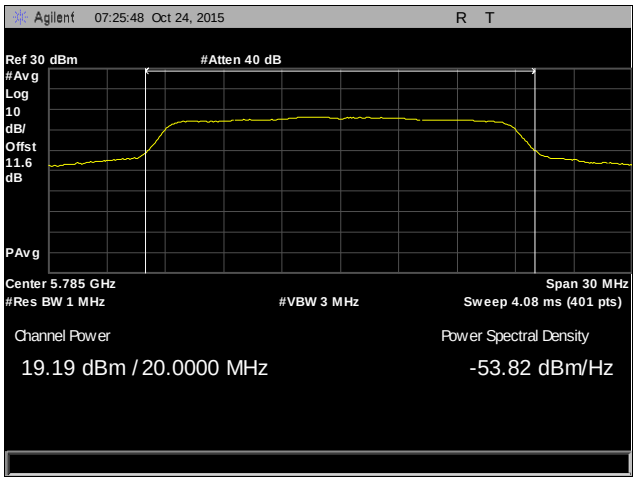


Plot 32. Conducted Output Power, 802.11ac 80 MHz, Antenna 1

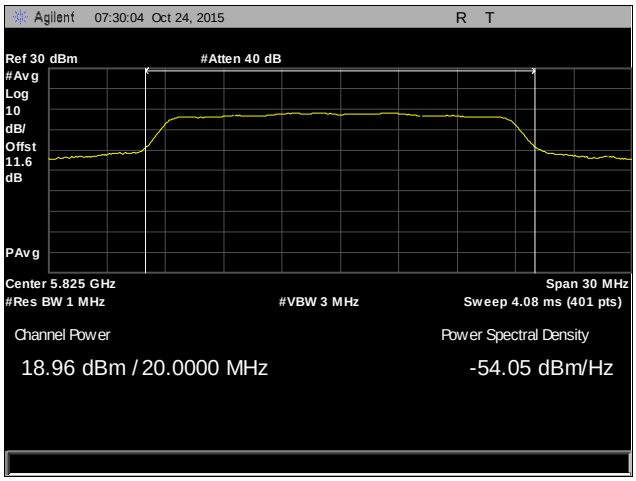
Conducted Output Power, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 0



Plot 33. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 0

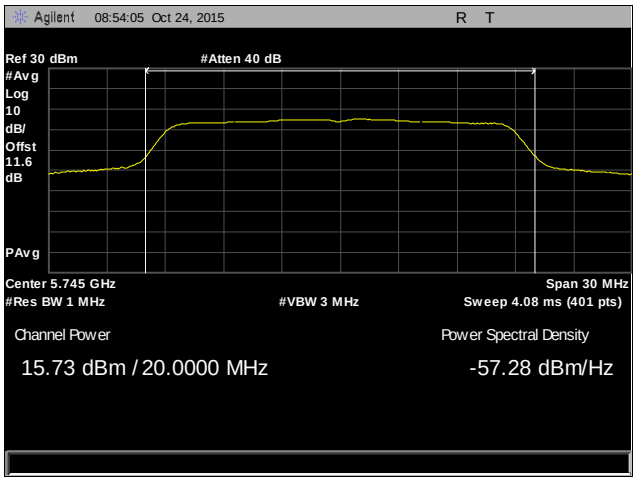


Plot 34. Conducted Output Power, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 0

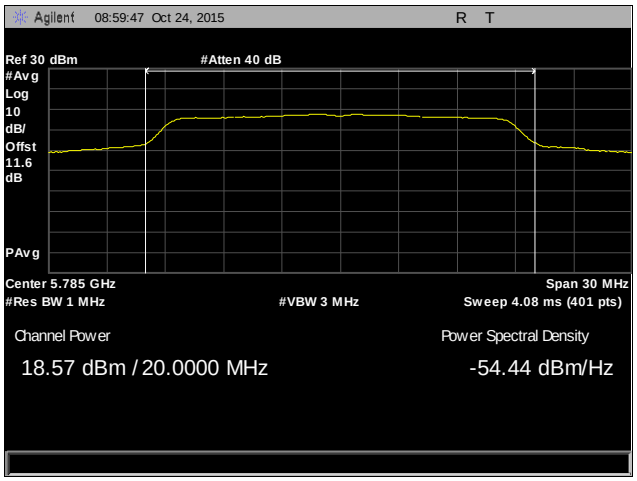


Plot 35. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 0

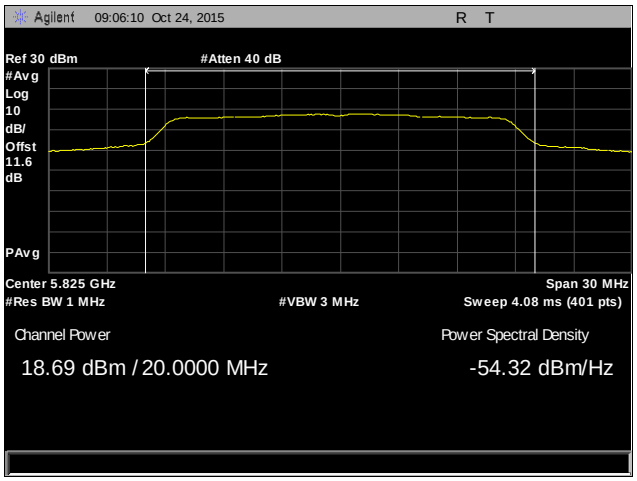
Conducted Output Power, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 1



Plot 36. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 1

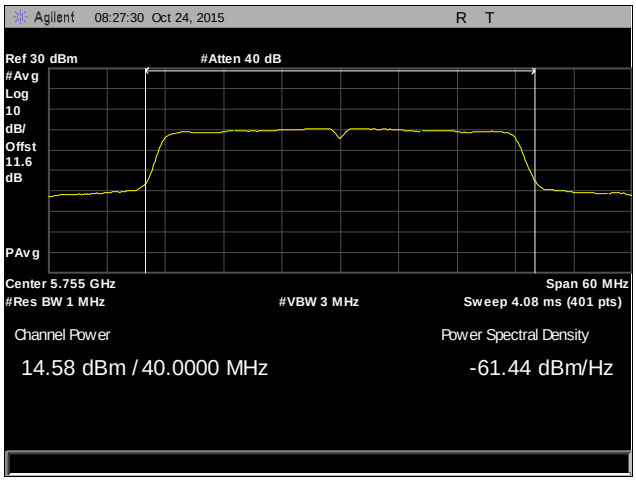


Plot 37. Conducted Output Power, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 1

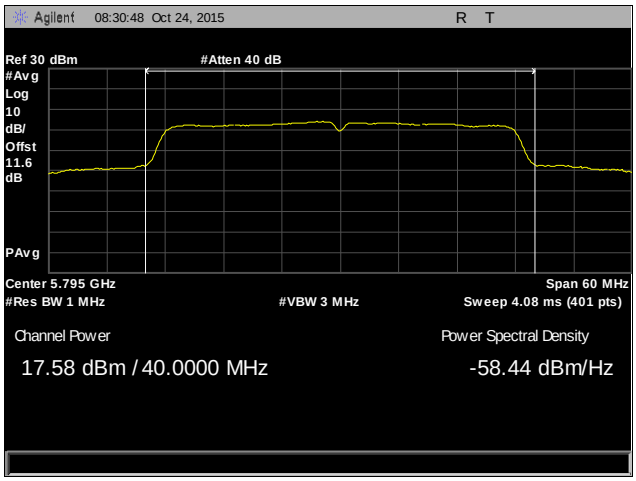


Plot 38. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 1

Conducted Output Power, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 0

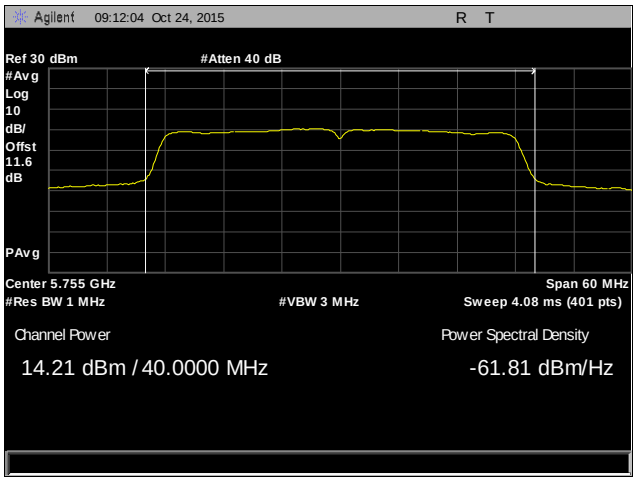


Plot 39. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 0

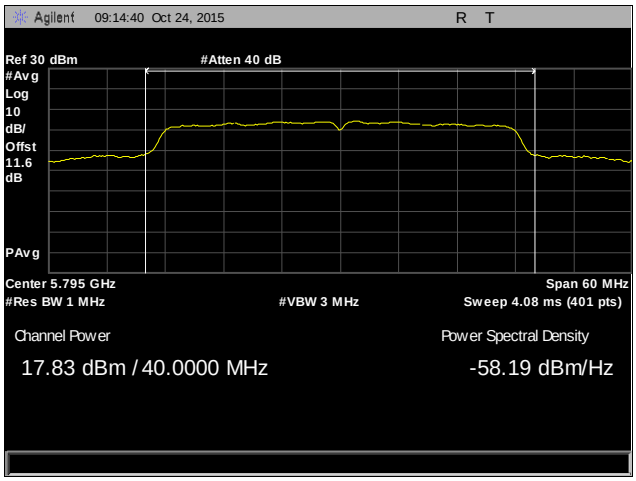


Plot 40. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 0

Conducted Output Power, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 1



Plot 41. Conducted Output Power, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 1



Plot 42. Conducted Output Power, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 1

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§15.407(a)(3) Maximum Power Spectral Density

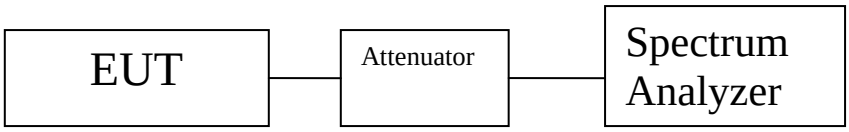
Test Requirements: **§15.407(a)(3):** In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.
If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power.

Test Procedure: The EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a cable and attenuator. Measurements were taken with the EUT set to transmit continuously on its low, mid, and high channels. Its power was measured according KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures v01. A 1 MHz RBW was used during testing, as this provides a worst-case scenario.

Test Results: The EUT as tested is compliant with the requirements of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 10/29/15



Maximum Conducted PSD 20MHz Band 802.11a/n/ac Mode MIMO (2*2) (dBm)								
Channel Carrier	**Frequency MHz**	**Maximum PSD (dBm)/1MHz Ant 0**	**Maximum PSD (dBm)/1MHz Ant 1**	**Mode**	**Total Output PSD(dBm)**	**Antenna Gain (dBi)**	**PSD Limit (dBm)**	**Margin (dB)**
149	5745	6.226	5.957	a	9.10	7.50	28.50	-19.40
157	5785	9.49	8.253	a	11.93	7.50	28.50	-16.57
165	5825	9.54	8.47	a	12.05	7.50	28.50	-16.45
149	5745	5.056	5.401	n	8.24	4.50	30.00	-21.76
157	5785	8.084	7.881	n	10.99	4.50	30.00	-19.01
165	5825	7.991	6.787	n	10.44	4.50	30.00	-19.56
149	5745	5.144	5.163	ac	8.16	4.50	30.00	-21.84
157	5785	9.07	7.993	ac	11.58	4.50	30.00	-18.42
165	5825	8.334	7.901	ac	11.13	4.50	30.00	-18.87

Table 10. Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11a/ac/n 20 MHz

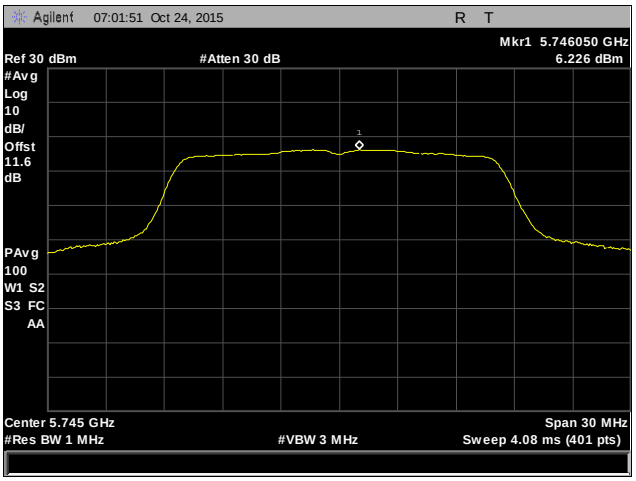
Maximum PSD 40MHz Band 11n/ac mode MIMO (2*2) (dBm)								
Channel Carrier	**Frequency MHz**	**Maximum PSD (dBm)/1MHz Ant 0**	**Maximum PSD (dBm)/1MHz Ant 1**	**Mode**	**Total Output PSD(dBm)**	**Antenna Gain (dBi)**	**PSD Limit (dBm)**	**Margin (dB)**
151	5755	0.51	0.621	n	3.58	4.50	30.00	-26.42
159	5795	3.736	4.347	n	7.06	4.50	30.00	-22.94
151	5755	1.053	0.979	ac	4.03	4.50	30.00	-25.97
159	5795	3.839	4.097	ac	6.98	4.50	30.00	-23.02

Table 11. Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac/n 40 MHz

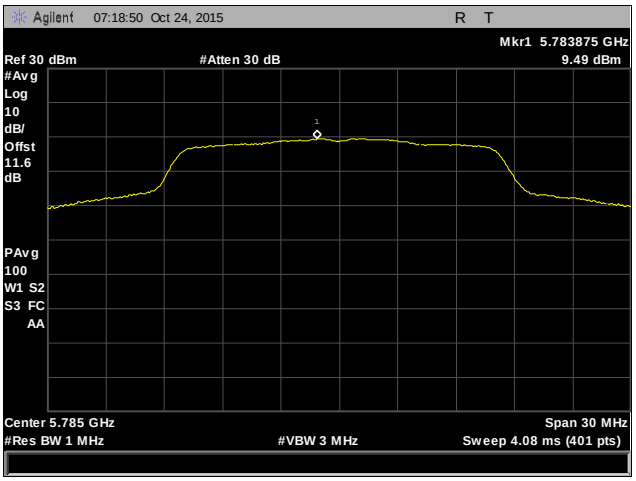
Maximum PSD 80MHz Band 802.11ac mode MIMO (2*2) (dBm)							
Channel Carrier	**Frequency MHz**	**Maximum PSD (dBm)/1MHz Ant 0**	**Maximum PSD (dBm)/1MHz Ant 1**	**Total Output PSD (dBm)**	**Antenna Gain (dB)**	**PSD Limit dBm**	**Margin (dB)**
155	5775	0.202	1.09	3.68	4.50	30.00	-26.32

Table 12. Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac 80 MHz

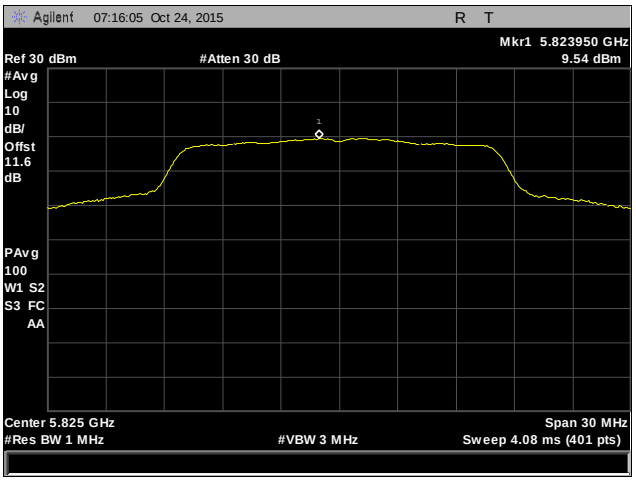
Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11a, Antenna 0



Plot 43. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 0

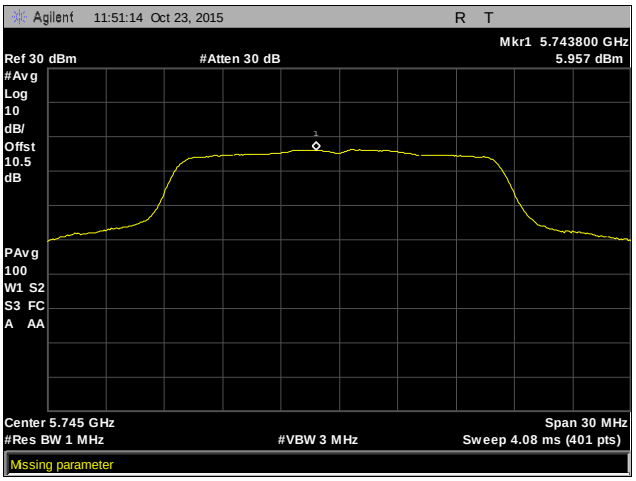


Plot 44. Max. Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 0

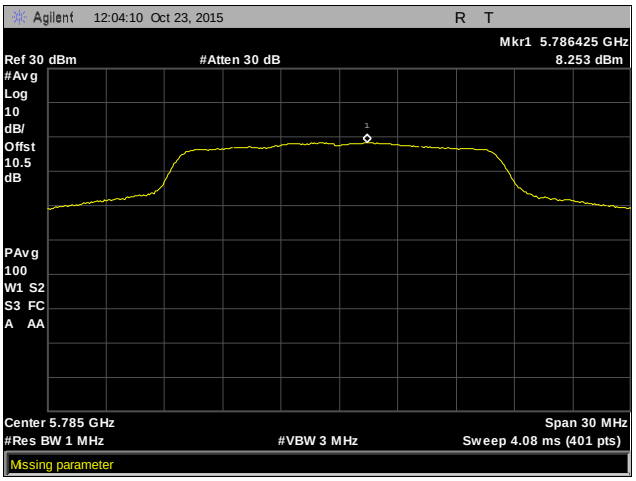


Plot 45. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 0

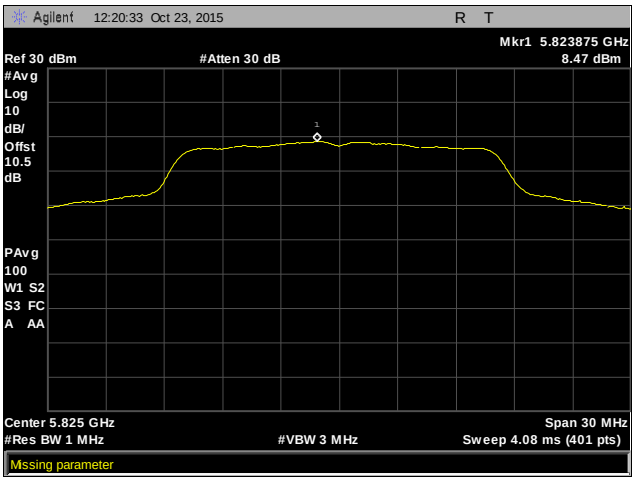
Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11a, Antenna 1



Plot 46. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 1

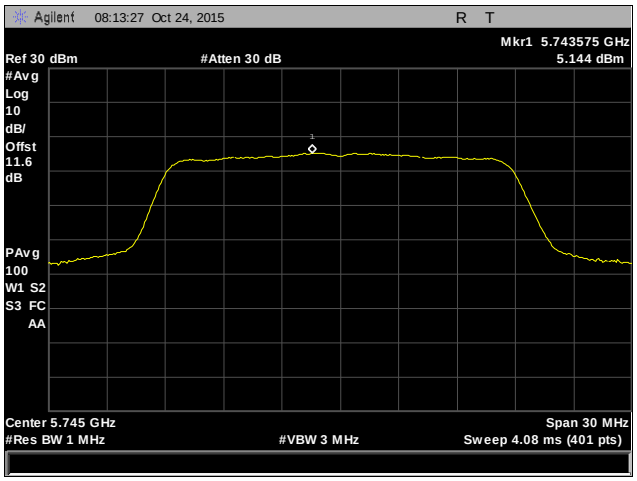


Plot 47. Max. Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 1

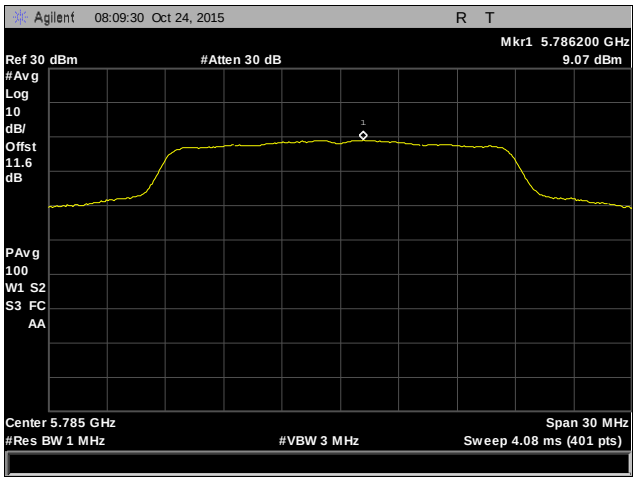


Plot 48. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11a 20 MHz, Antenna 1

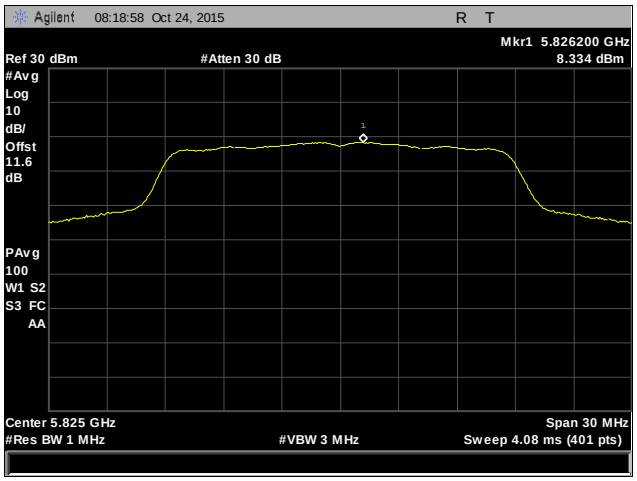
Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 0



Plot 49. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 0

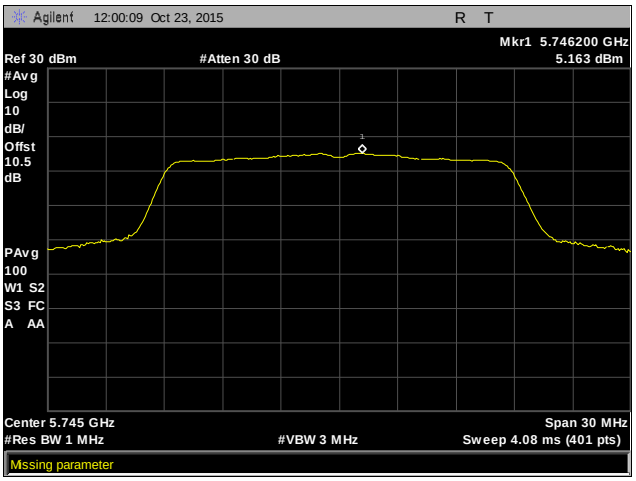


Plot 50. Max. Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 0

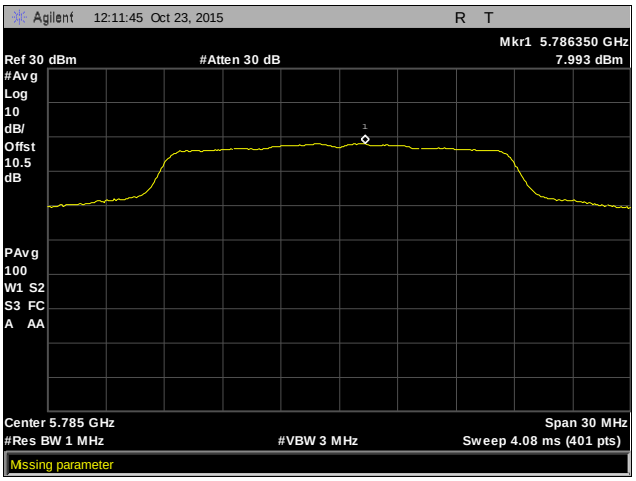


Plot 51. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 0

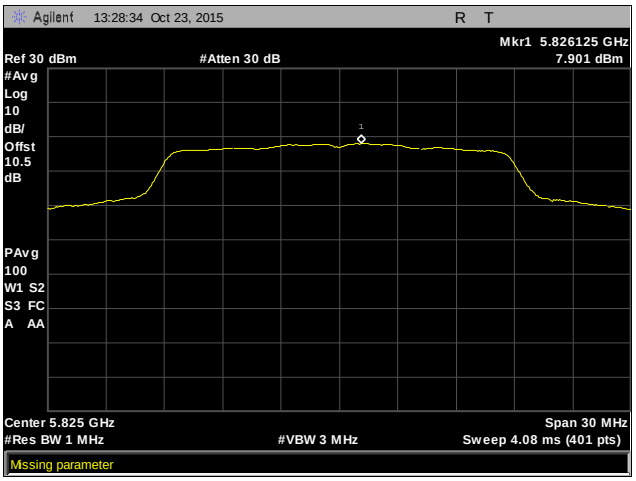
Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 1



Plot 52. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 1

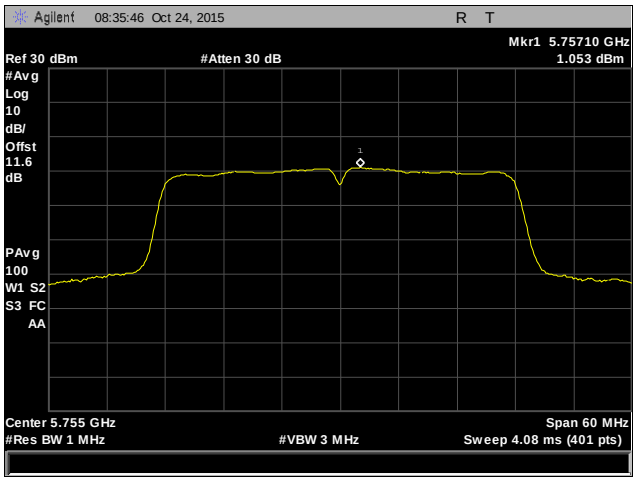


Plot 53. Max. Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 1

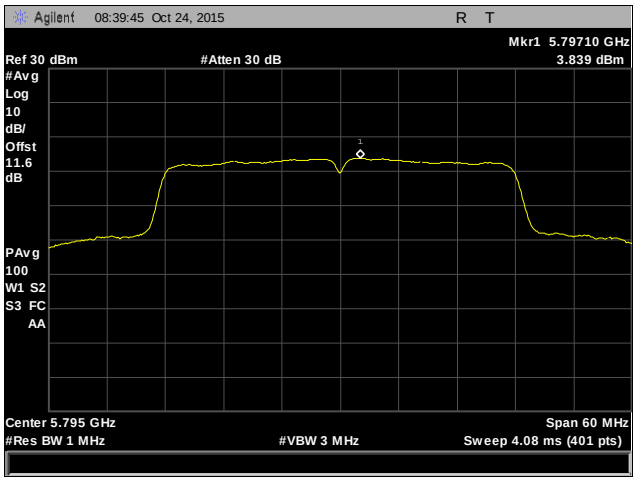


Plot 54. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Antenna 1

Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 0

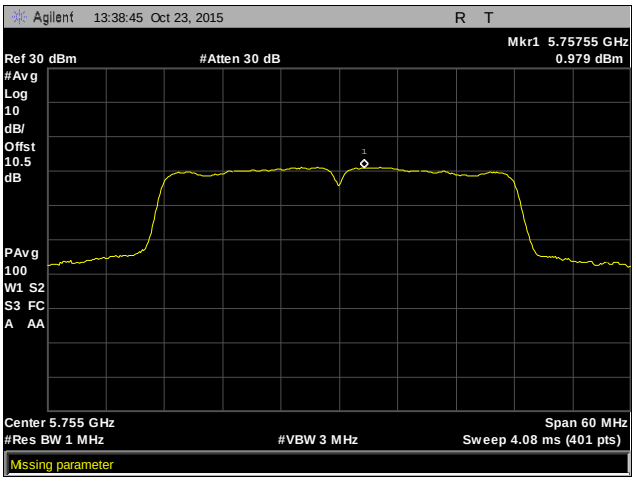


Plot 55. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 0

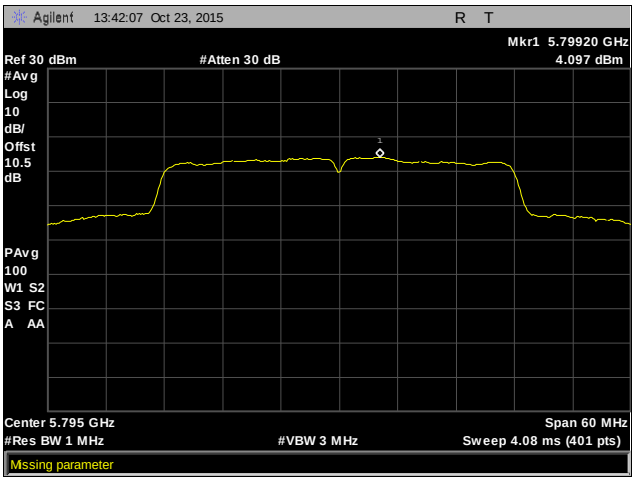


Plot 56. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 0

Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 1

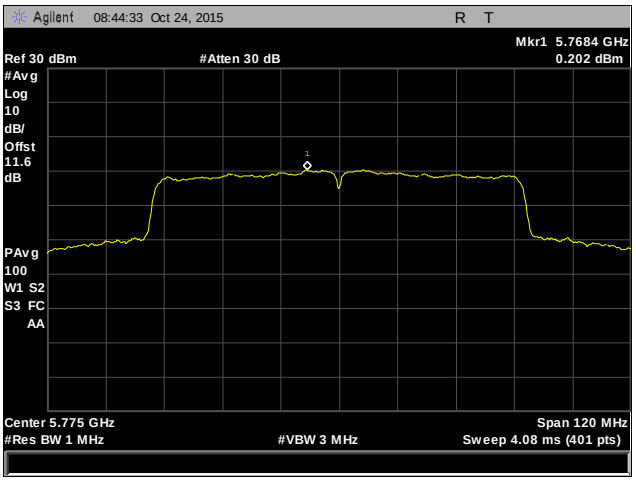


Plot 57. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 1

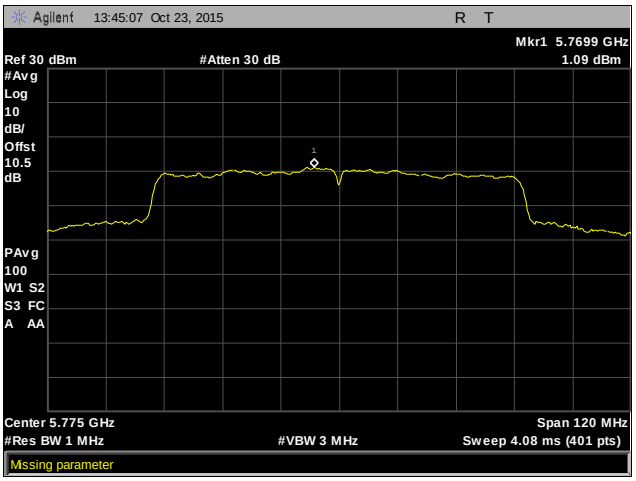


Plot 58. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Antenna 1

Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac 80 MHz

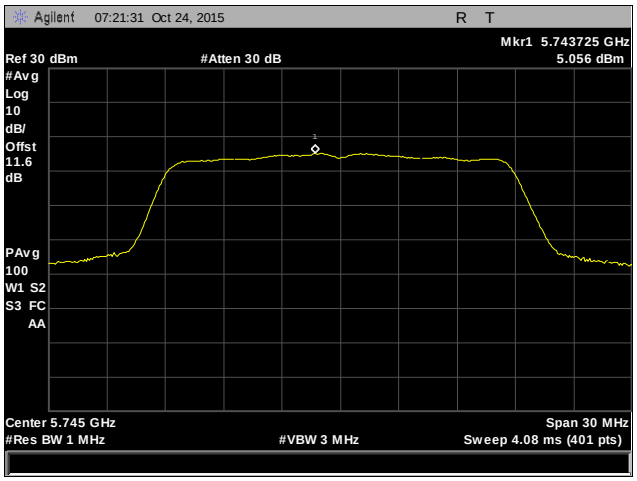


Plot 59. Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac 80 MHz, Antenna 0

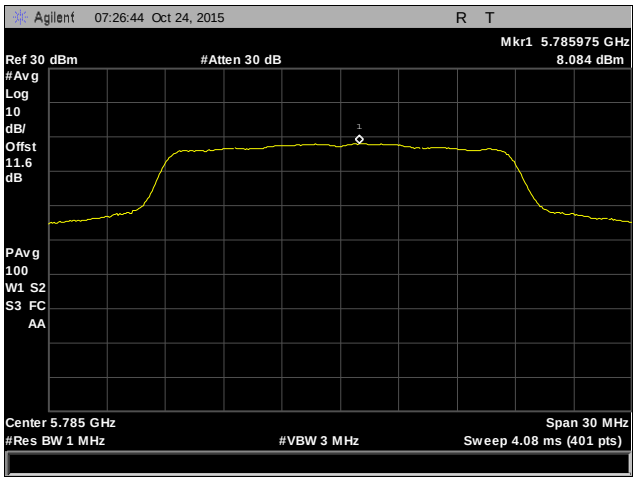


Plot 60. Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11ac 80 MHz, Antenna 1

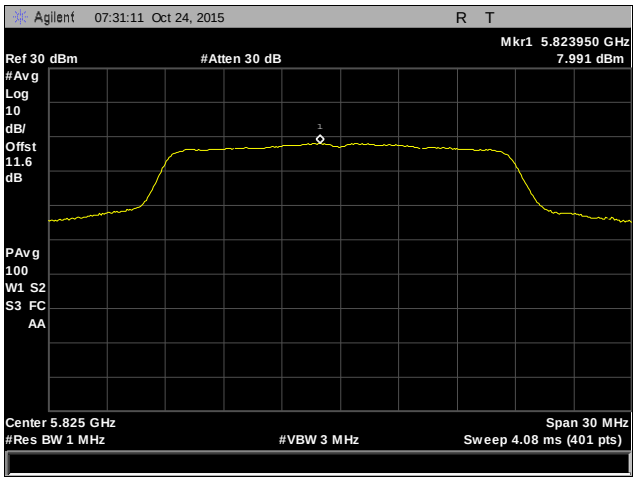
Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 0



Plot 61. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 0

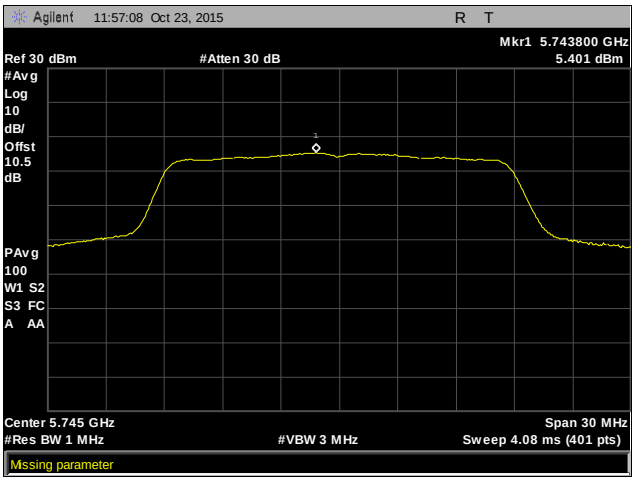


Plot 62. Max. Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 0

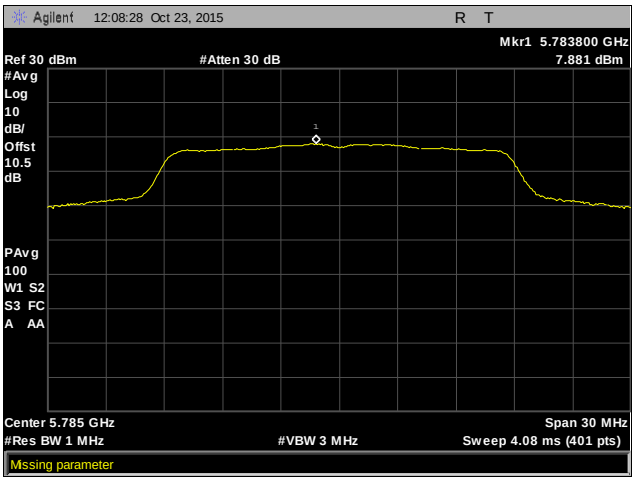


Plot 63. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 0

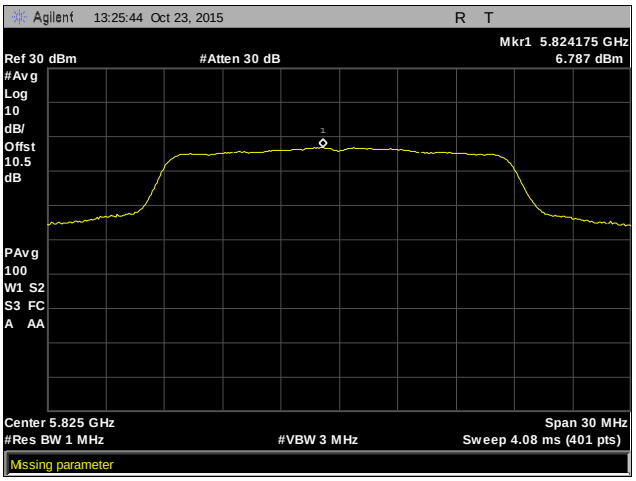
Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 1



Plot 64. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 1

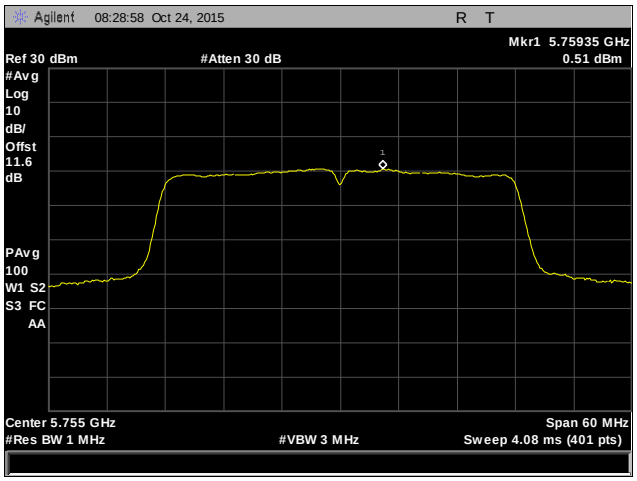


Plot 65. Max. Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 1

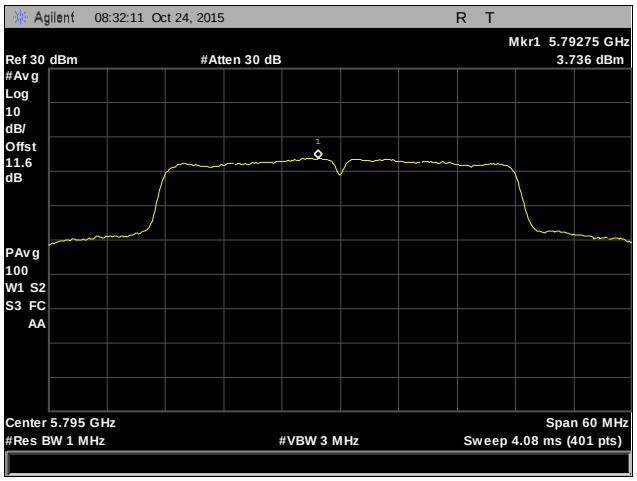


Plot 66. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz, Antenna 1

Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 0

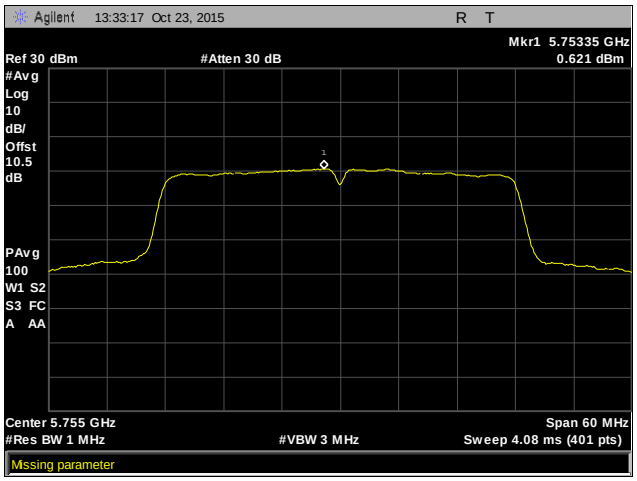


Plot 67. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 0

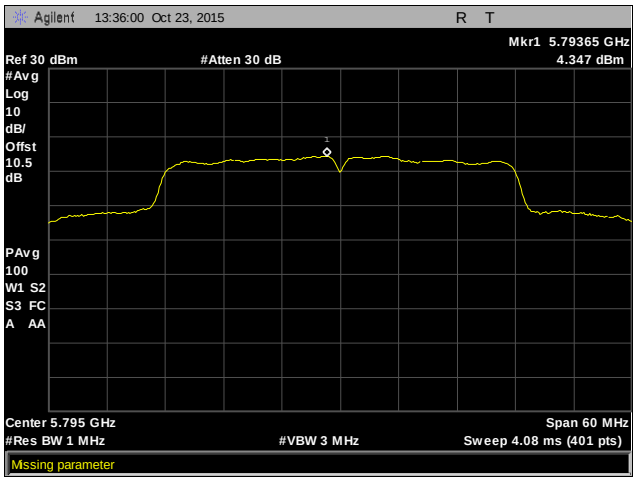


Plot 68. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 0

Max. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 1



Plot 69. Max. Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 1



Plot 70. Max. Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz, Antenna 1

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§15.407(b)(4) & (6 – 7) Undesirable Emissions

Test Requirements:

§ 15.407(b)(4): For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

§ 15.407(b)(6): Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in Section 15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in Section 15.207.

§ 15.407(b)(7): The provisions of Section 15.205 of this part apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a non-conducting stand on a turntable in a chamber. To find the maximum emission the EUT was set to transmit on low, mid, and high channels. Additionally, the turntable was rotated 360 degrees, the EUT was oriented through its three orthogonal axes, and the receive antenna height was varied in order to maximize emissions.

For frequencies from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, measurements were first made using a peak detector with a 100 kHz resolution bandwidth.
Below 1GHz: Spurious emission profile looks identical with radio ON and OFF. These emissions were contributed by digital circuitry instead of radio itself. Therefore the device is comnplaint with the 15.209 requirement.

Above 1 GHz, measurements were made pursuant the method described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v01. The equation, **EIRP= E + 20 log D – 104.8** was used to convert field strength to EIRP (**E** = field strength (dBµV/m) and **D** = Reference measurement distance**).**

For emissions above 1 GHz and in restricted bands, measurements of the field strength were made with a peak detector and an average detector and compared with the limits of 15.209.

As an alternative, according to FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v01, all emissions above 1 GHz that comply with the peak and average limits of 15.209 satisfy the requirements of unwanted emissions in 15.407.

Test Results:

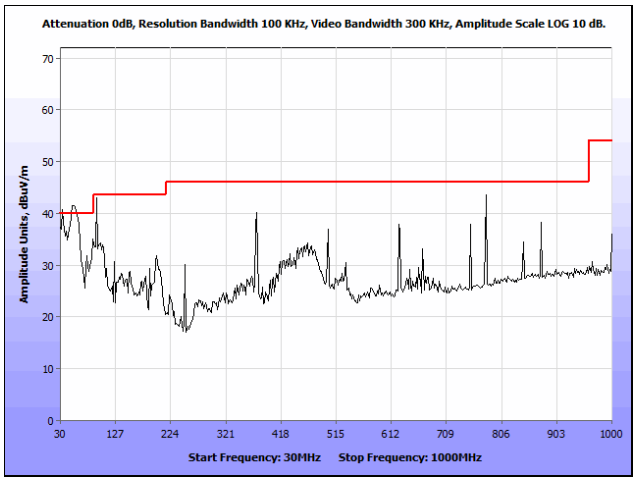
For below 1 GHz, the EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section.

For above 1 GHz, the EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section.

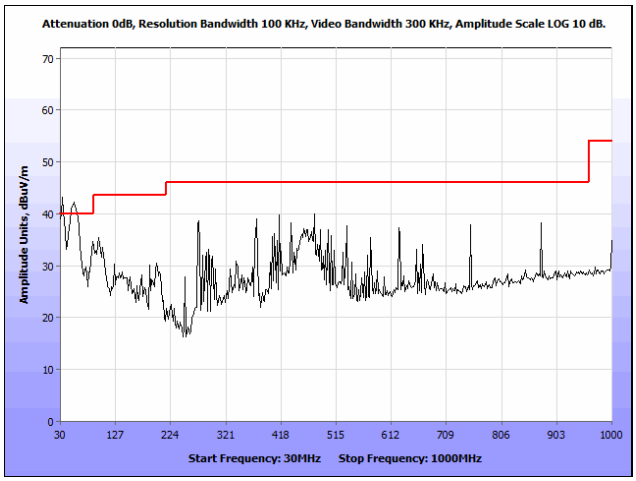
Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 10/29/15

Radiated Spurious Emissions, Below 1 GHz

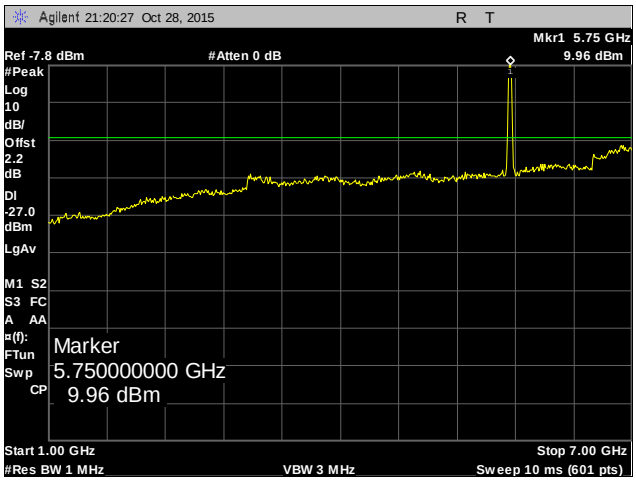


Plot 71. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Digital Emissions Only, Radio Off, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

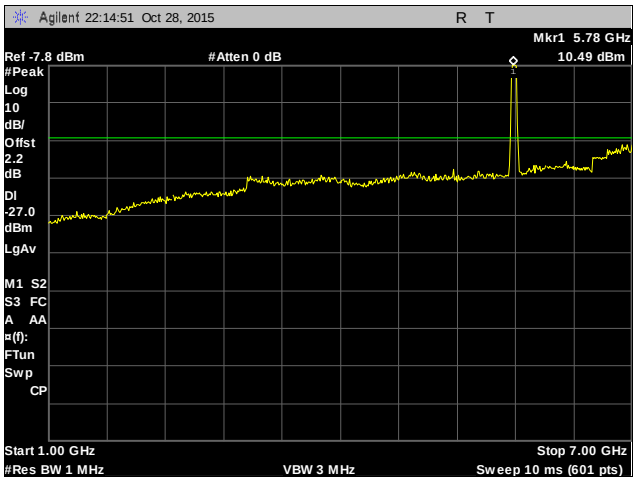


Plot 72. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 802.11ac 80 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

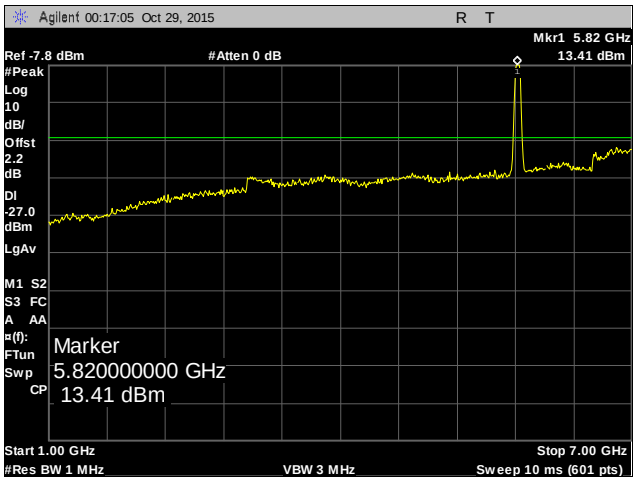
Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, 802.11a



Plot 73. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, Low Channel, 802.11a

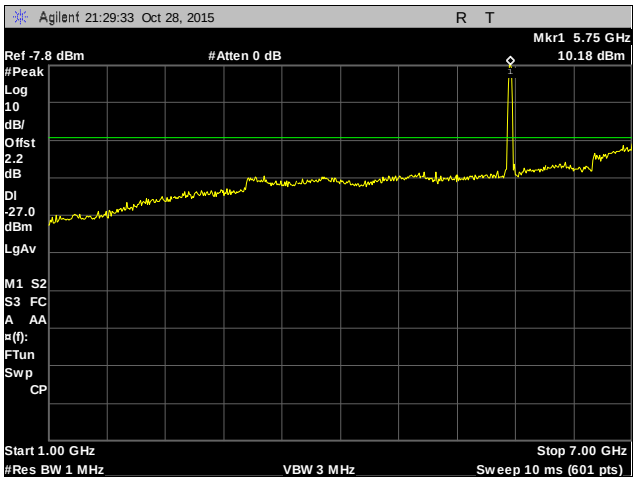


Plot 74. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, Mid Channel, 802.11a

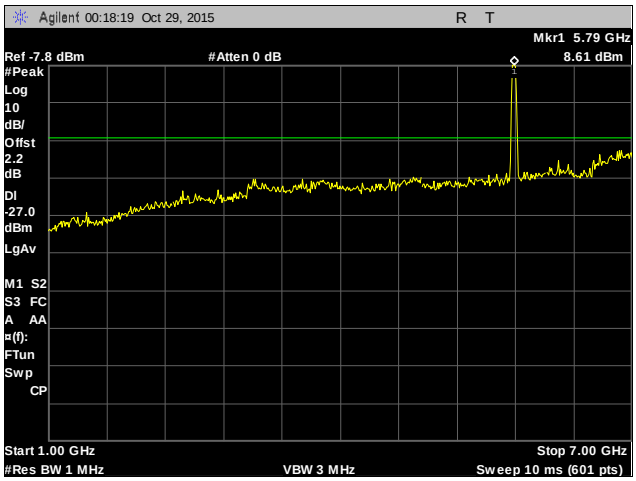


Plot 75. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, High Channel, 802.11a

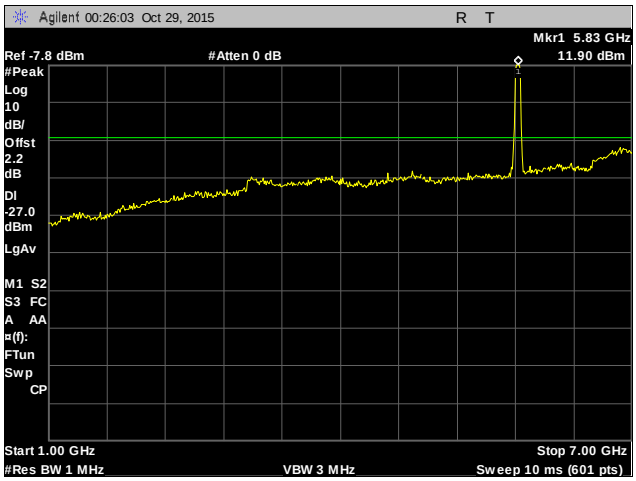
Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, 802.11ac 20 MHz



Plot 76. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, Low Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz

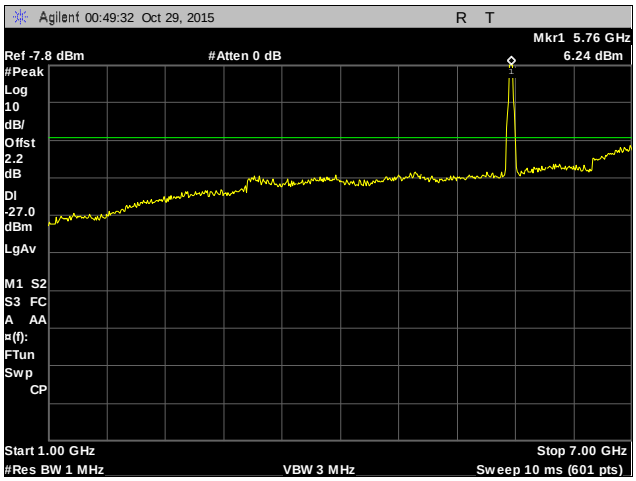


Plot 77. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, Mid Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz

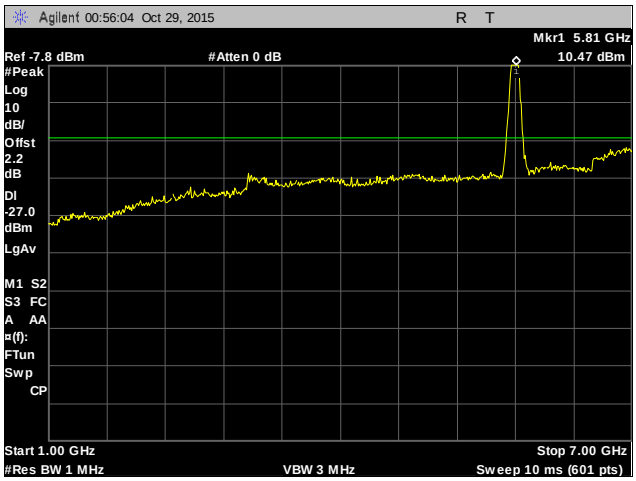


Plot 78. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, High Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz

Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, 802.11ac 40 MHz

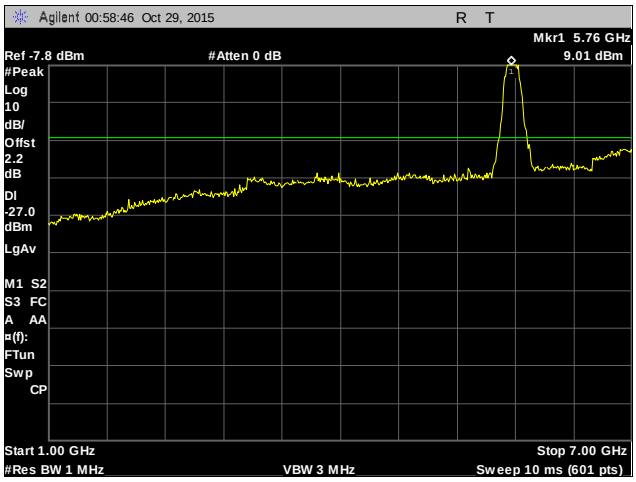


Plot 79. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, Low Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz

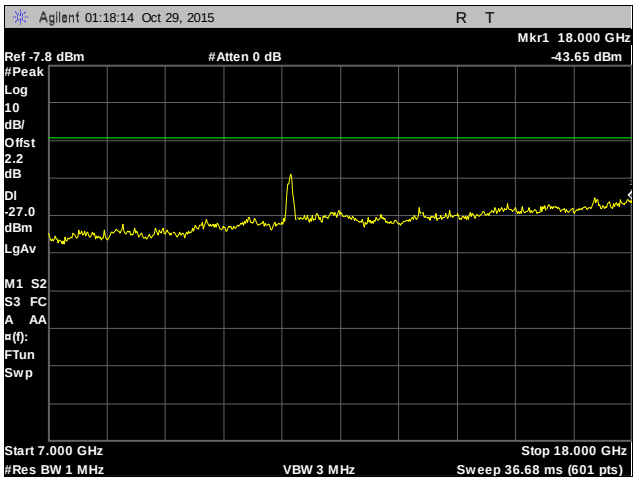


Plot 80. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, High Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz

Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, 802.11ac 80 MHz

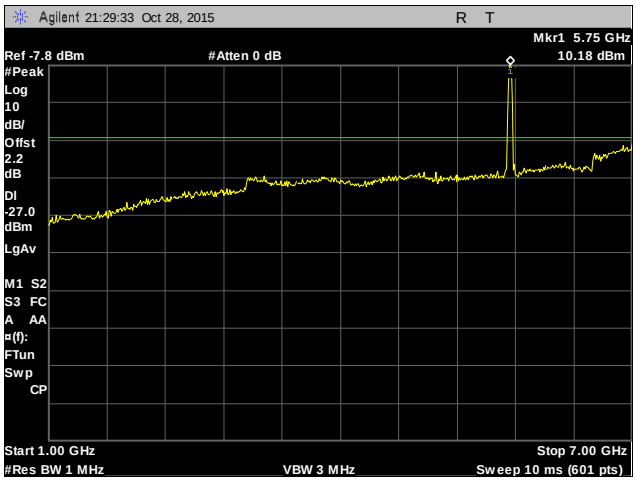


Plot 81. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, 802.11ac 80 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz

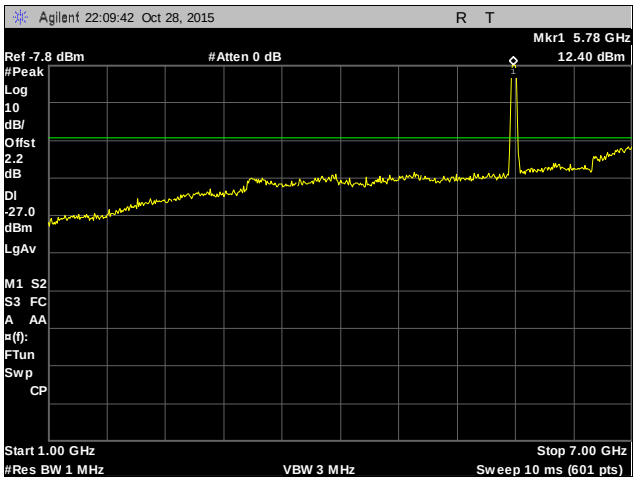


Plot 82. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, 802.11ac 80 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz

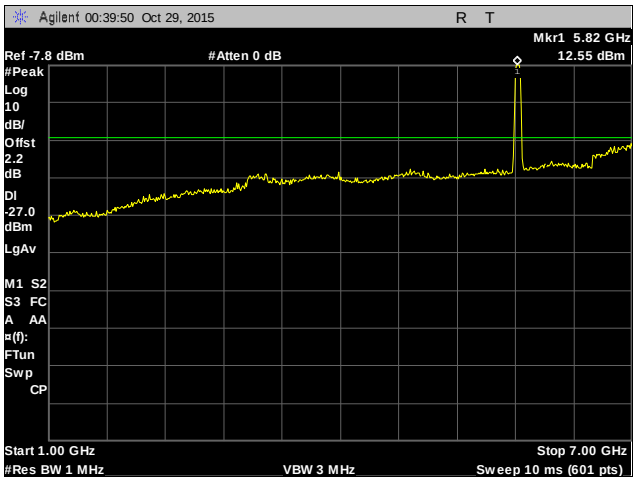
Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 83. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

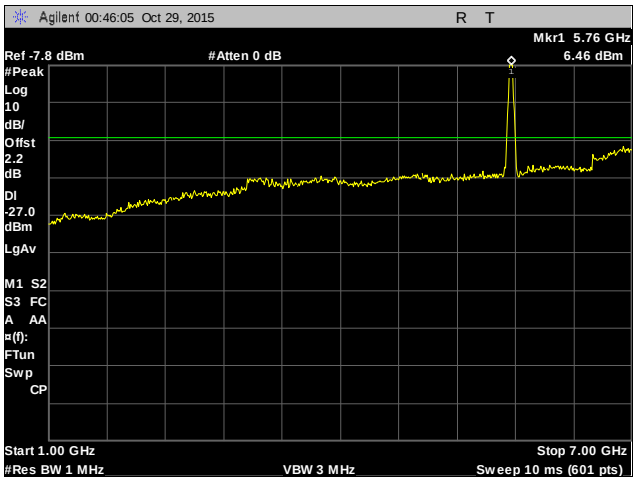


Plot 84. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

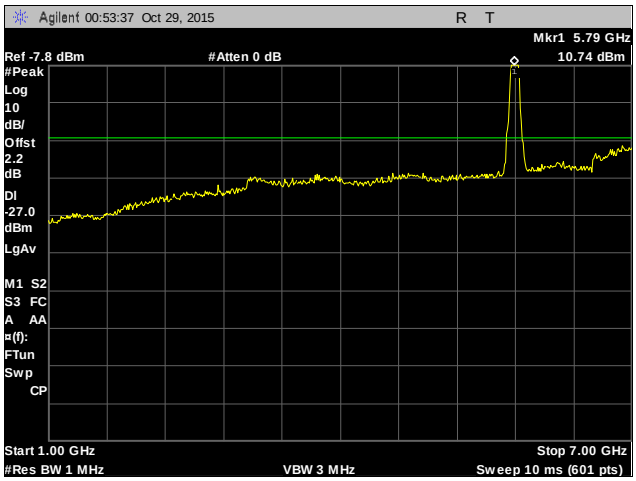


Plot 85. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz

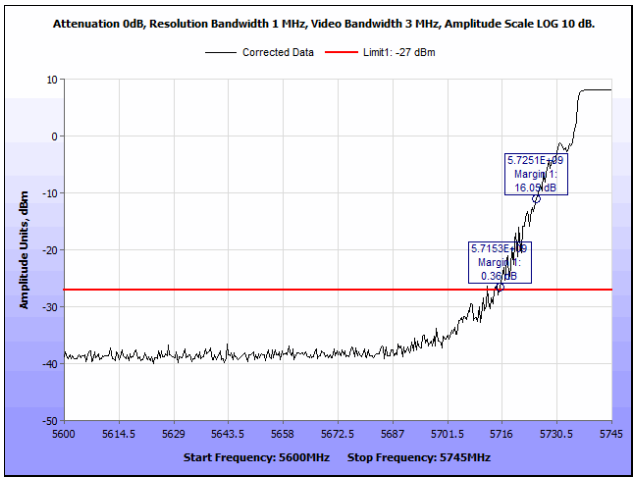


Plot 86. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz

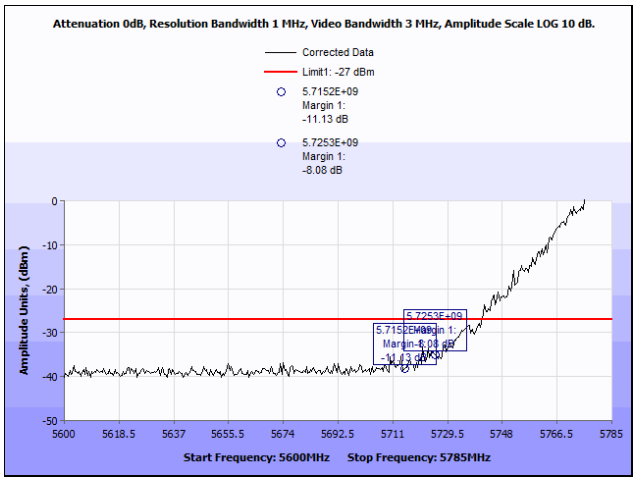


Plot 87. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Above 1 GHz, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz

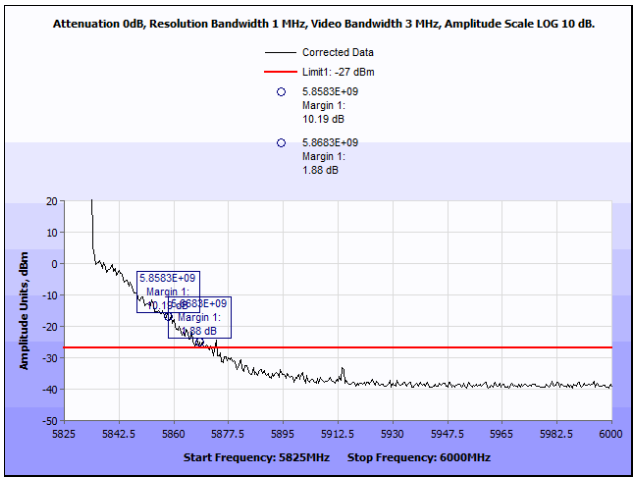
Radiated Band Edge, 802.11a



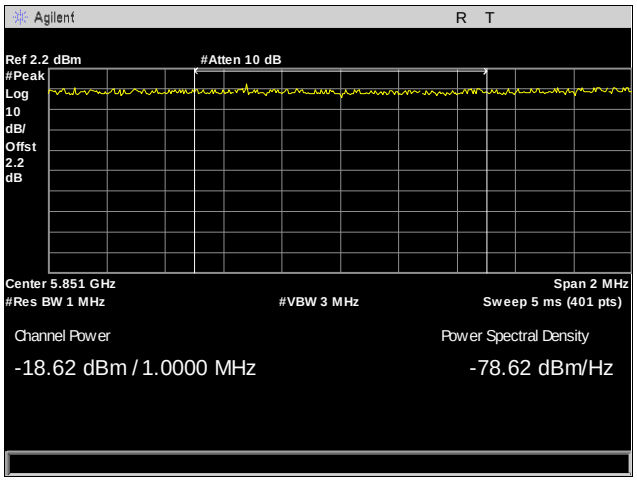
Plot 88. Radiated Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11a



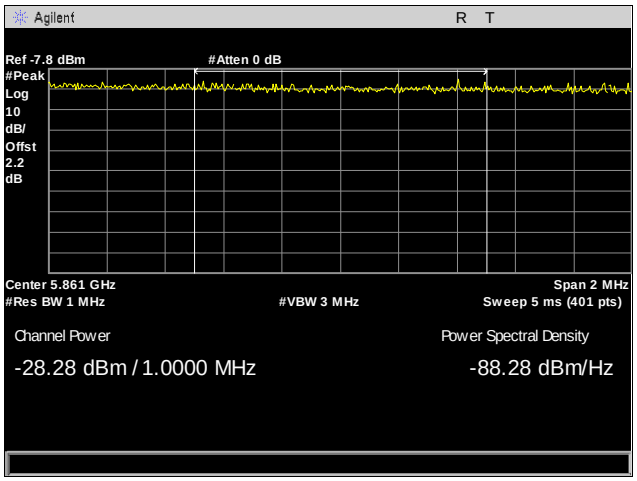
Plot 89. Radiated Band Edge, Mid Channel, 802.11a



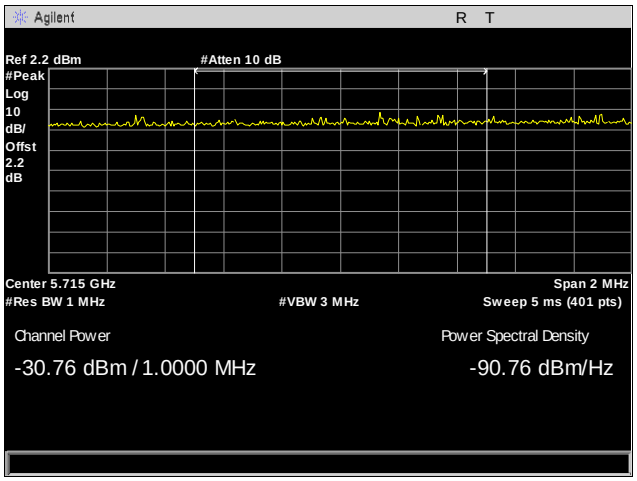
Plot 90. Radiated Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11a



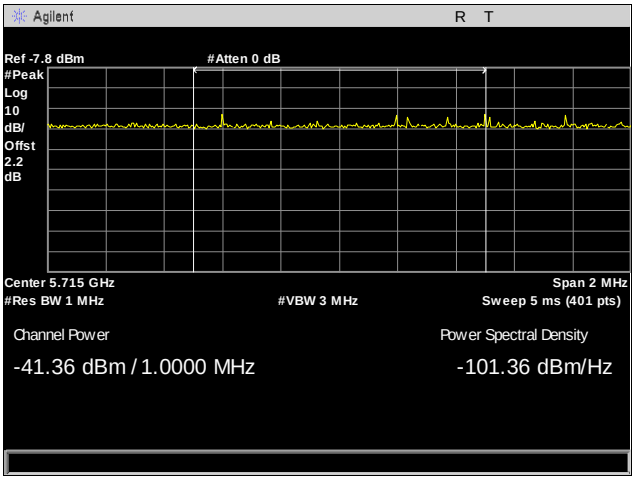
Plot 91. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 165, 802.11a, Integration at 5850 MHz



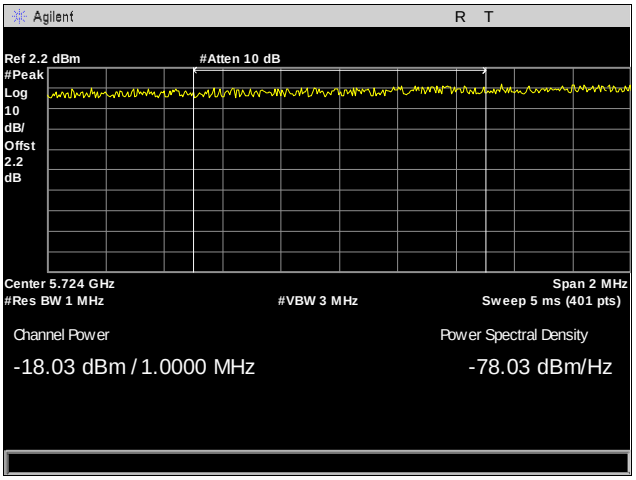
Plot 92. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 165, 802.11a 20 MHz, Integration at 5860 MHz



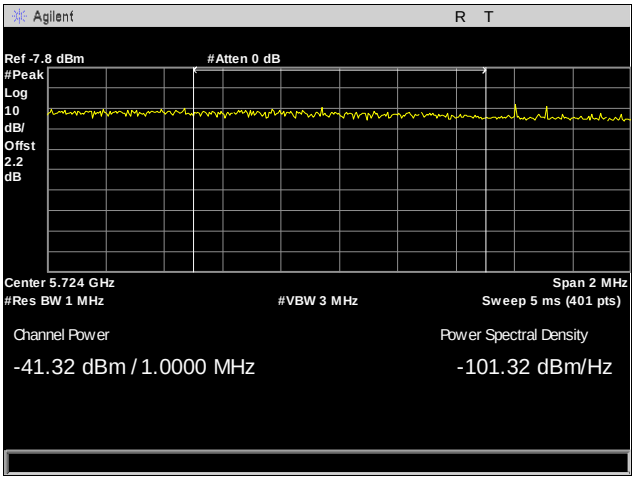
Plot 93. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 149, 802.11a 20 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz



Plot 94. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 157, 802.11a 20 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz

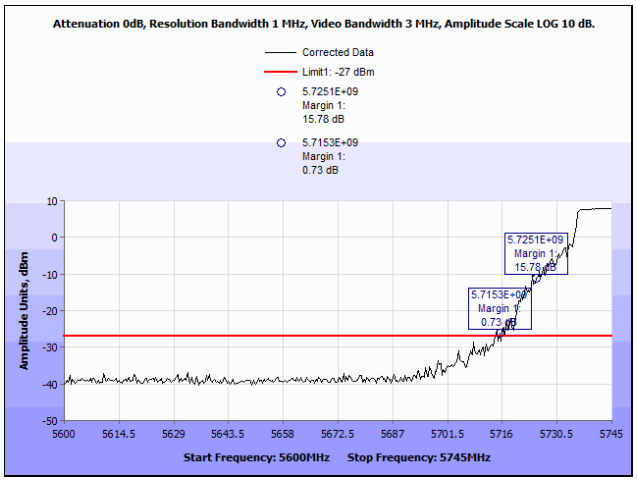


Plot 95. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 149, 802.11a 20 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

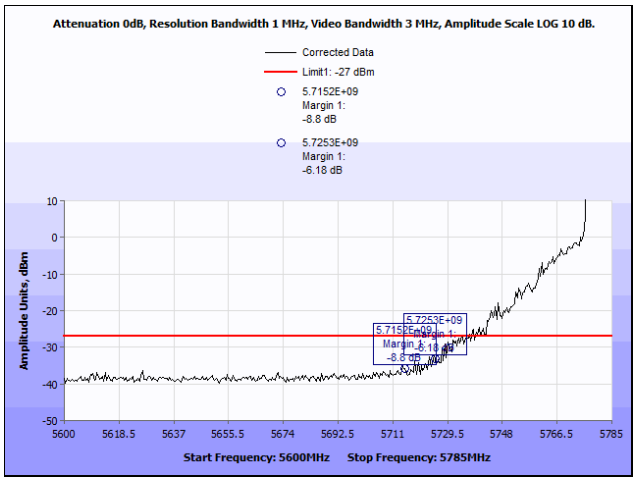


Plot 96. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 157, 802.11a 20 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

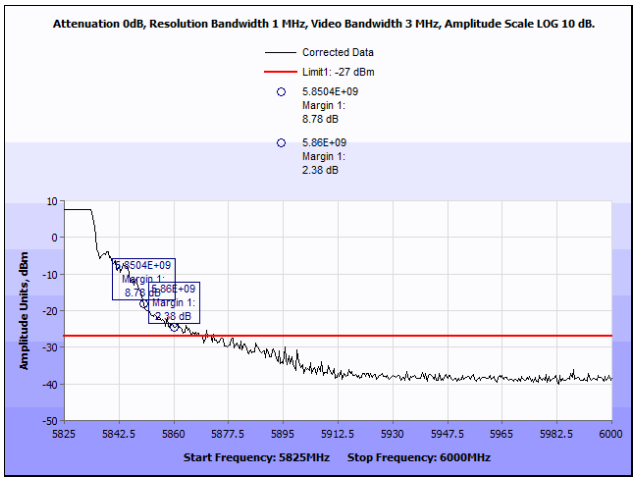
Radiated Band Edge, 802.11ac 20 MHz



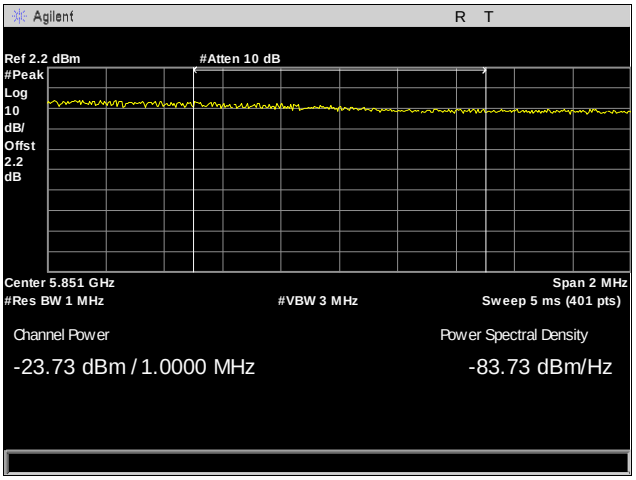
Plot 97. Radiated Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz



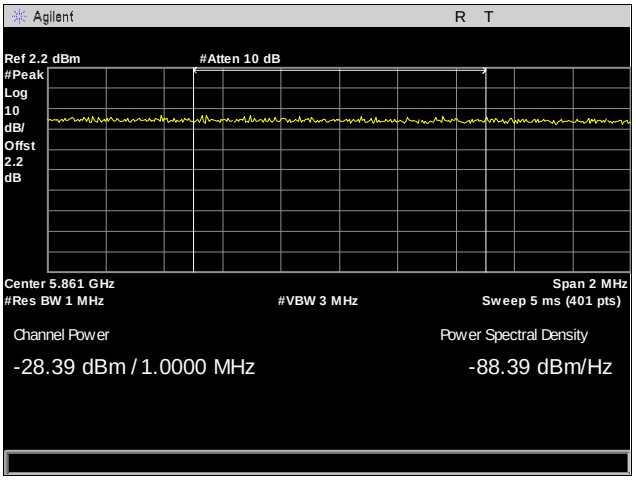
Plot 98. Radiated Band Edge, Mid Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz



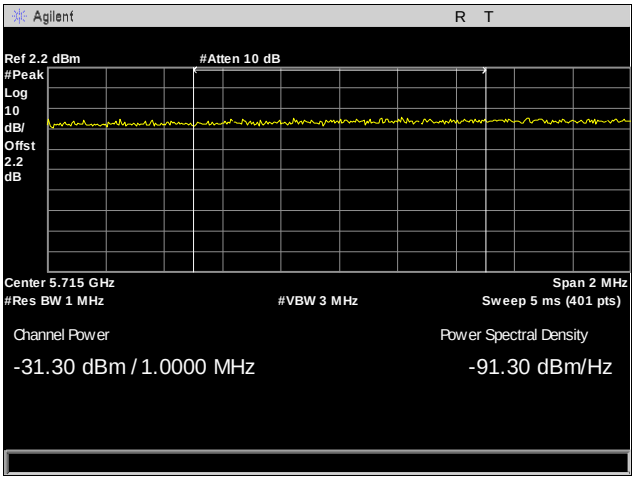
Plot 99. Radiated Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11ac 20 MHz



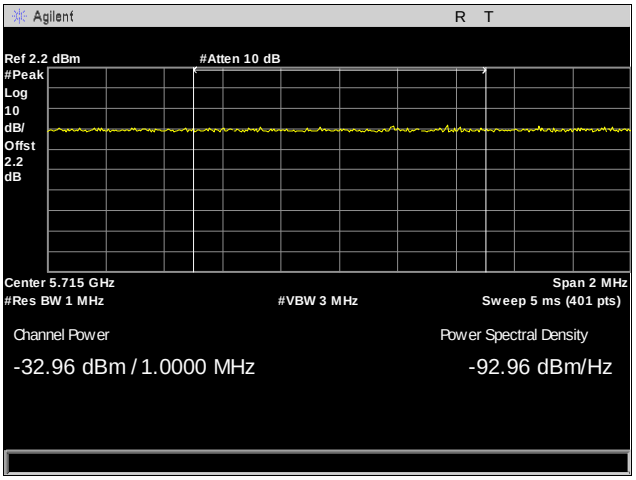
Plot 100. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 165, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Integration at 5850 MHz



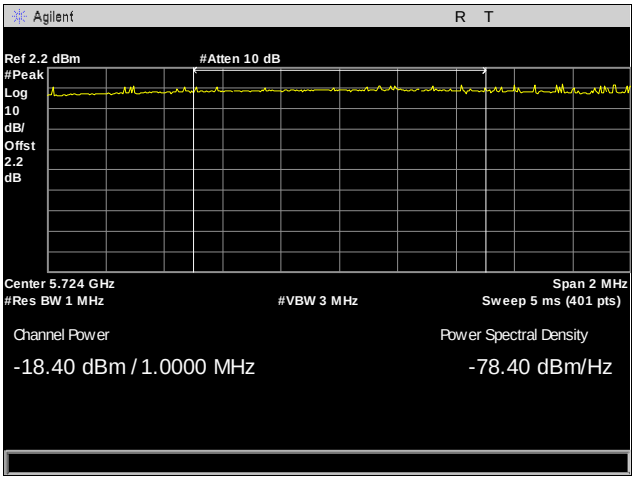
Plot 101. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 165, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Integration at 5860 MHz



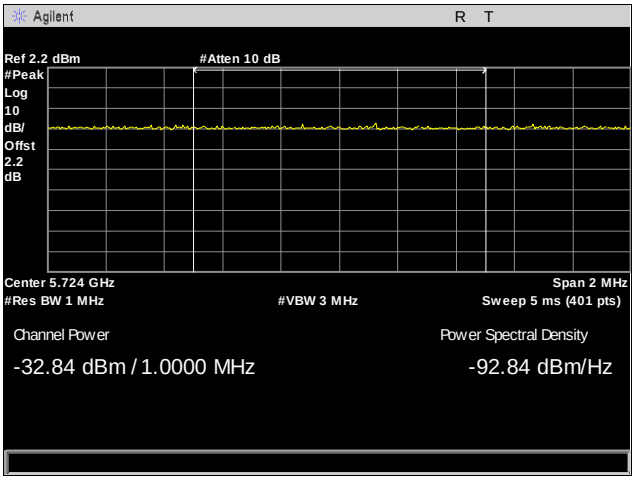
Plot 102. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 149, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz



Plot 103. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 157, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz

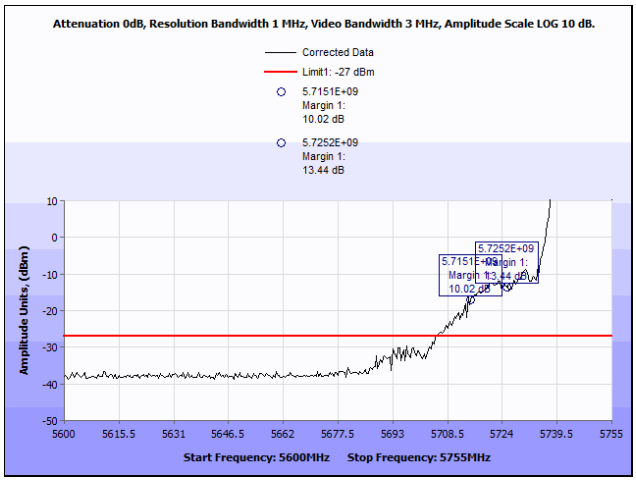


Plot 104. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 149, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

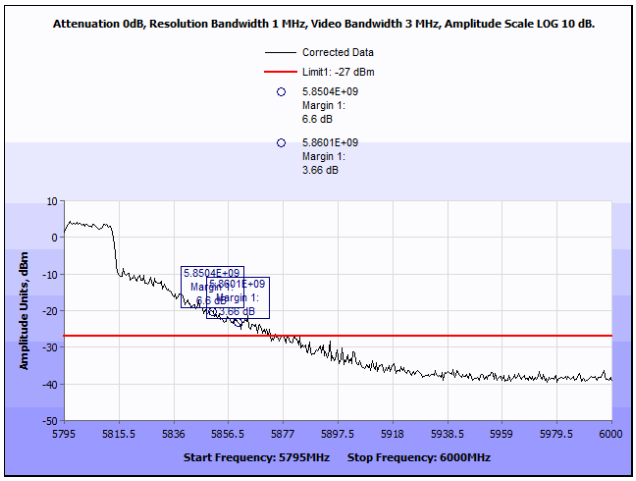


Plot 105. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 157, 802.11ac 20 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

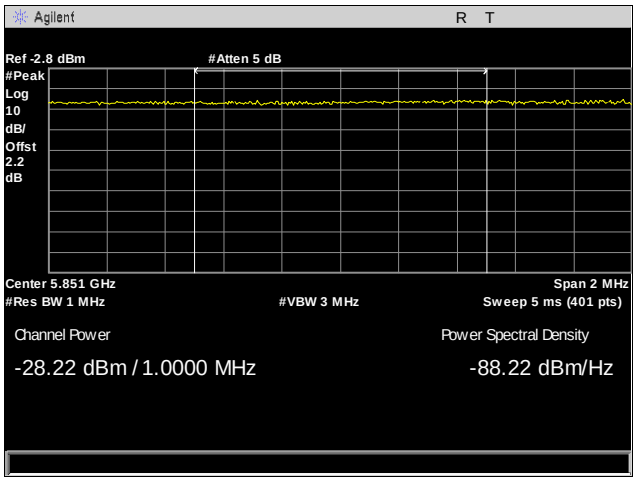
Radiated Band Edge, 802.11ac 40 MHz



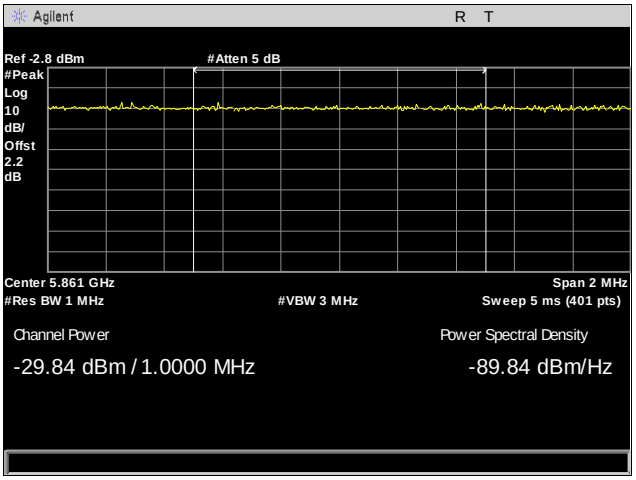
Plot 106. Radiated Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz



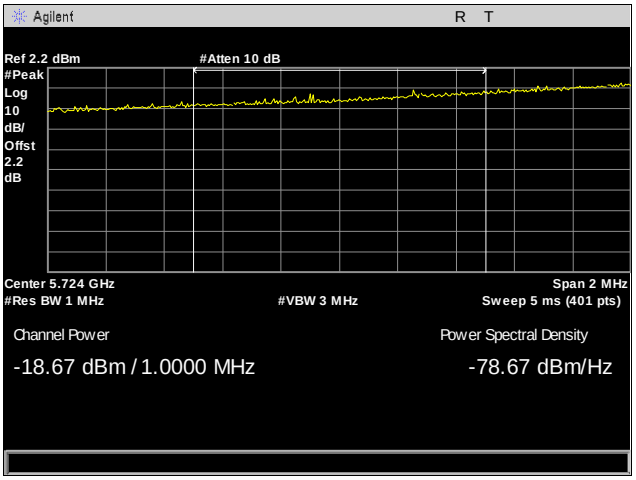
Plot 107. Radiated Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11ac 40 MHz



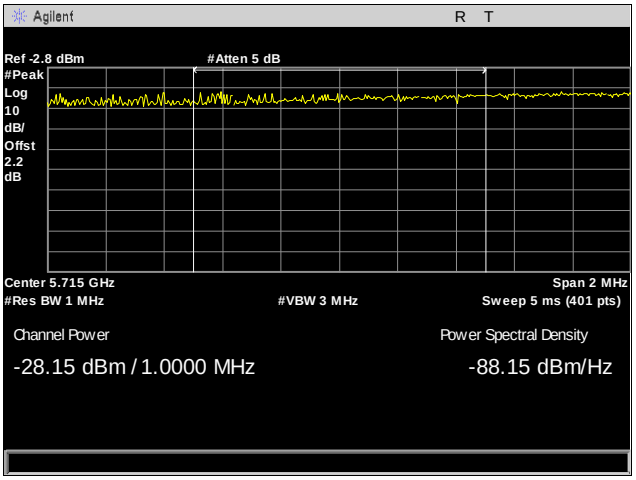
Plot 108. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 159, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Integration at 5850 MHz



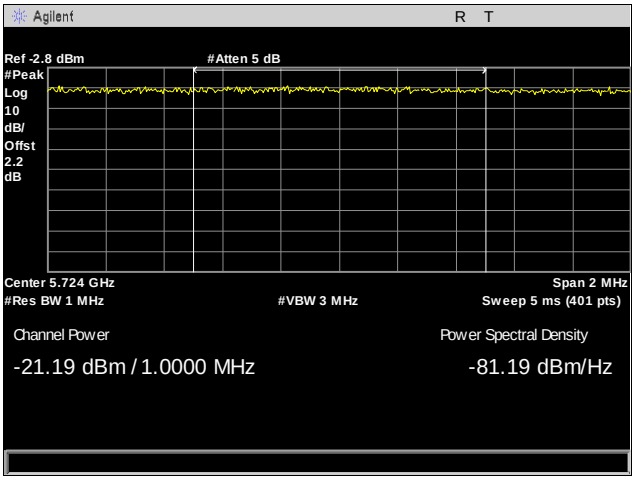
Plot 109. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 159, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Integration at 5860 MHz



Plot 110. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 149, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz

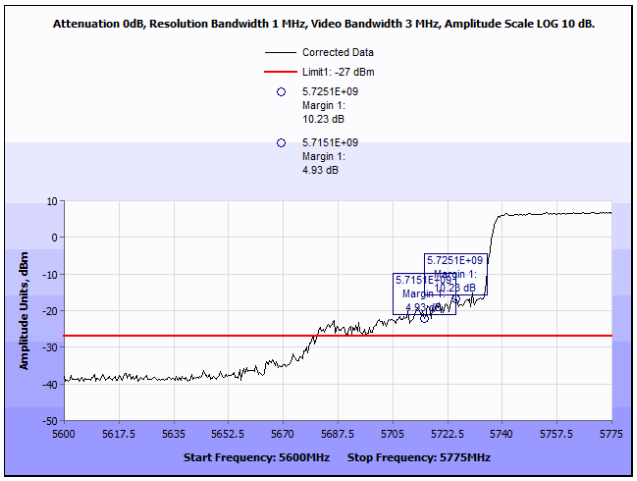


Plot 111. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 151, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz

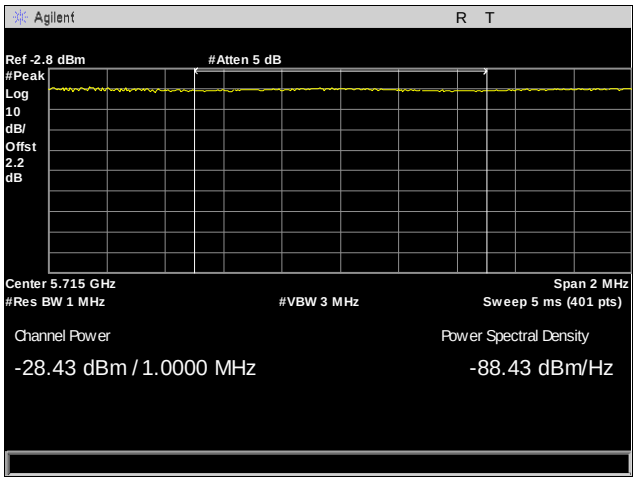


Plot 112. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 151, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

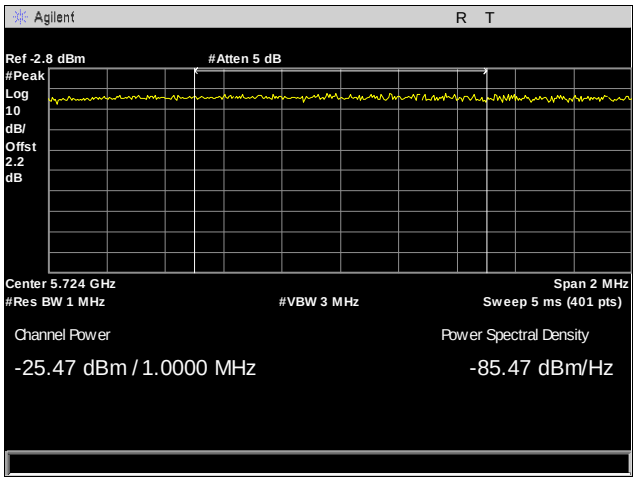
Radiated Band Edge, 802.11ac 80 MHz



Plot 113. Radiated Band Edge, 802.11ac 80 MHz

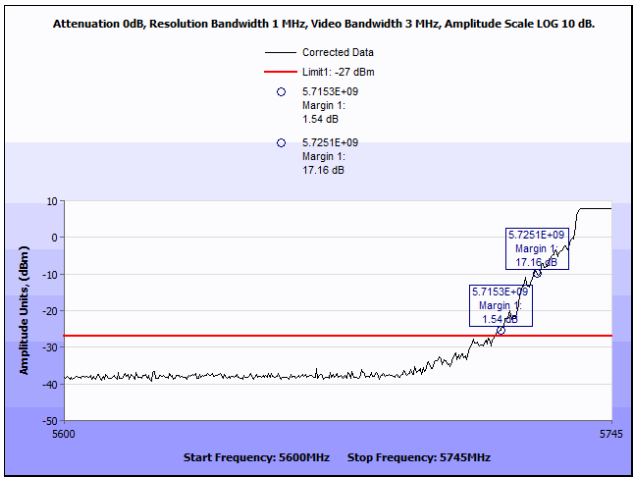


Plot 114. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 155, 802.11ac 40 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz

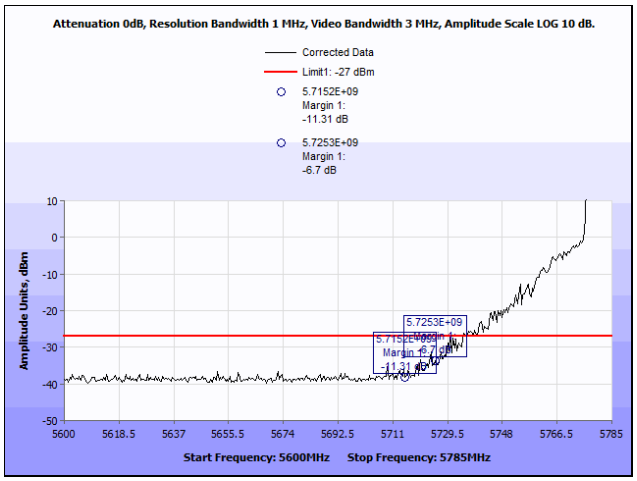


Plot 115. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 155, 802.11ac 80 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

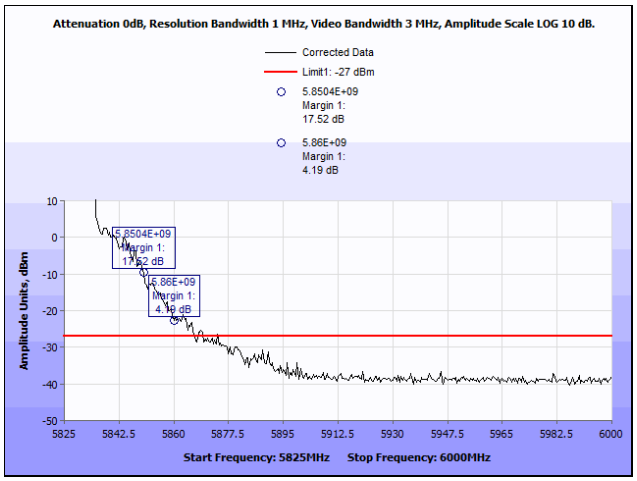
Radiated Band Edge, 802.11n 20 MHz



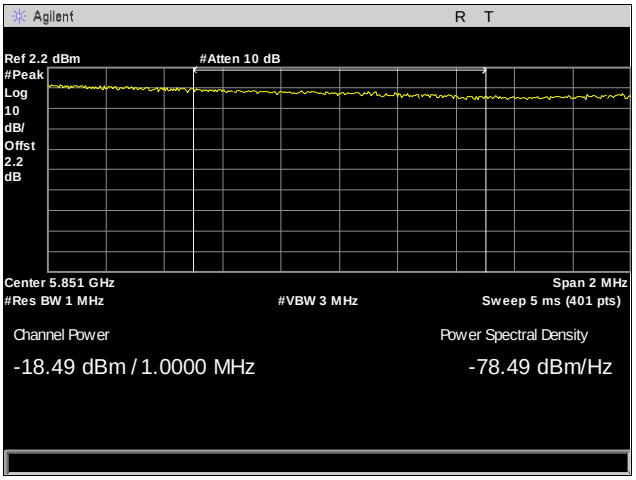
Plot 116. Radiated Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



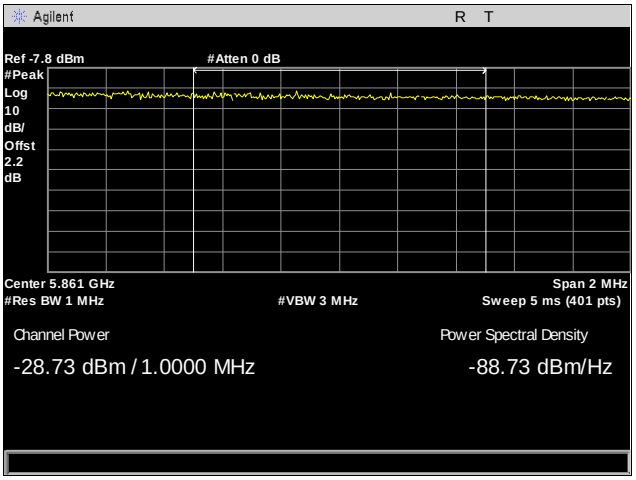
Plot 117. Radiated Band Edge, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



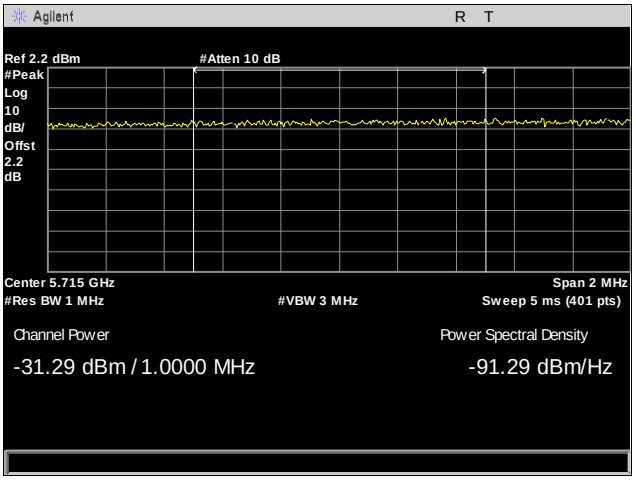
Plot 118. Radiated Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



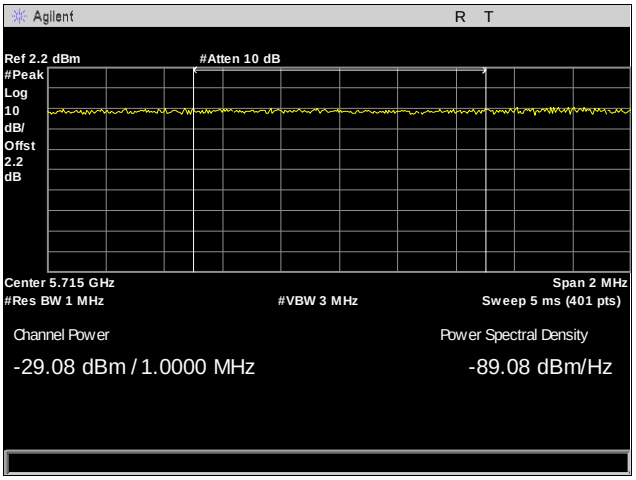
Plot 119. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 165, 802.11n 20 MHz, Integration at 5850 MHz



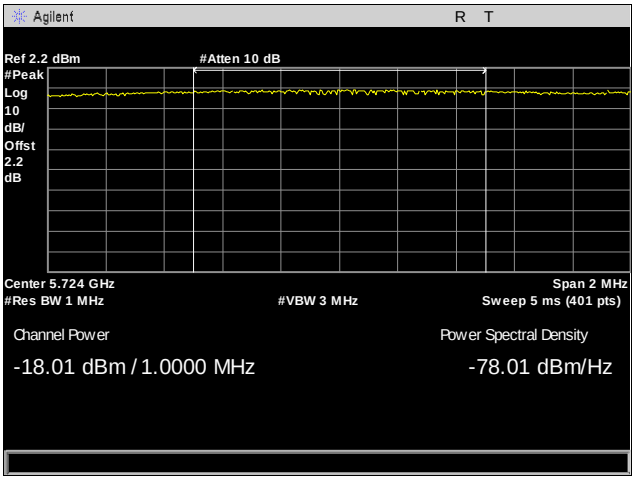
Plot 120. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 165, 802.11n 20 MHz, Integration at 5860 MHz



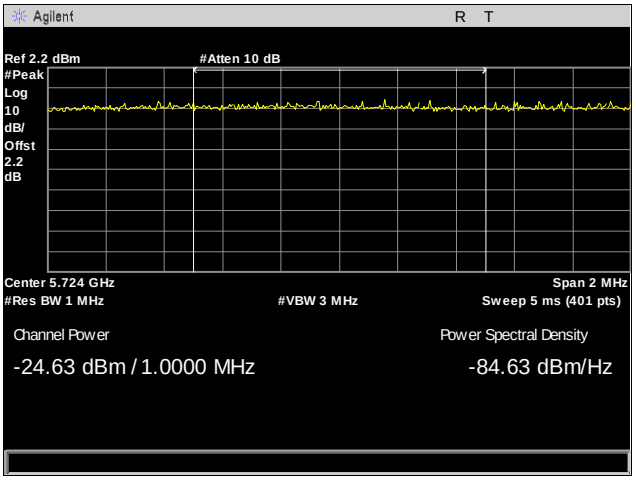
Plot 121. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 149, 802.11n 20 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz



Plot 122. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 157, 802.11n 20 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz

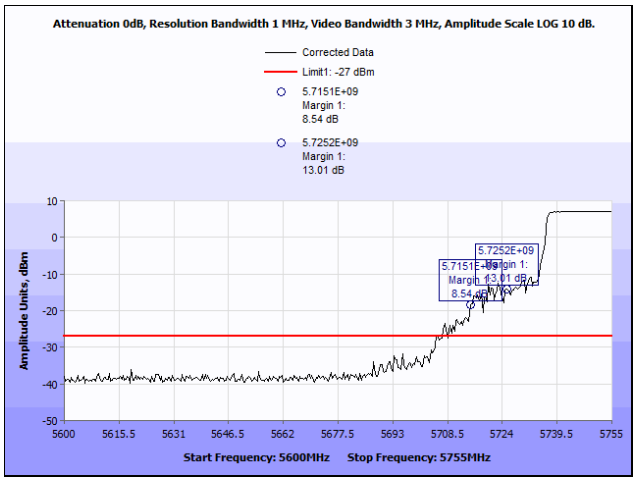


Plot 123. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 149, 802.11n 20 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

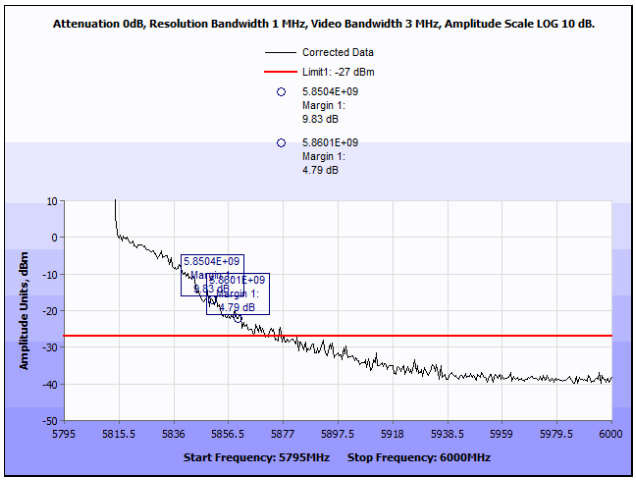


Plot 124. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 157, 802.11n 20 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

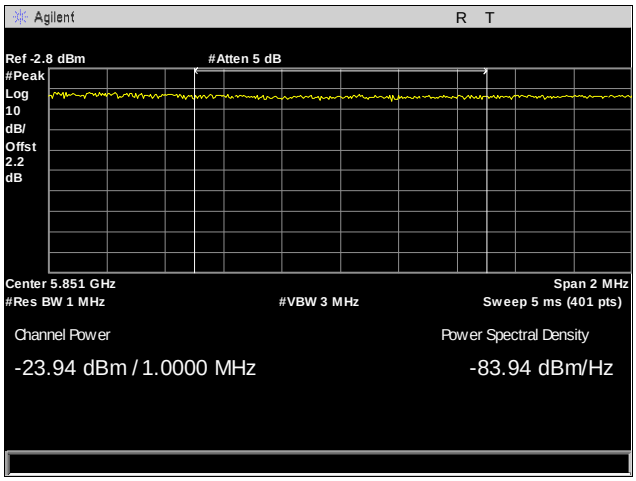
Radiated Band Edge, 802.11n 40 MHz



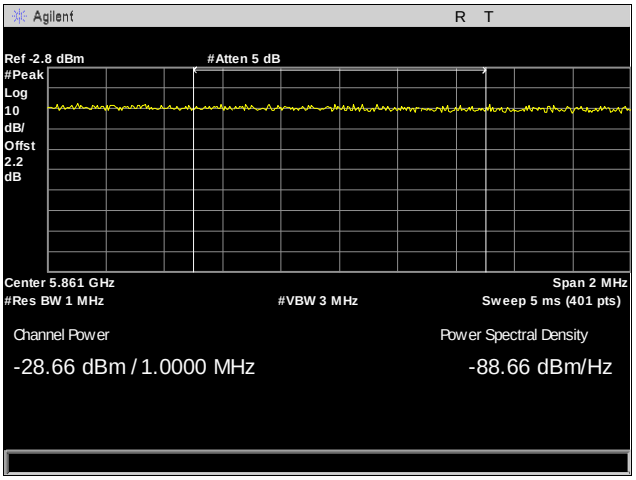
Plot 125. Radiated Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



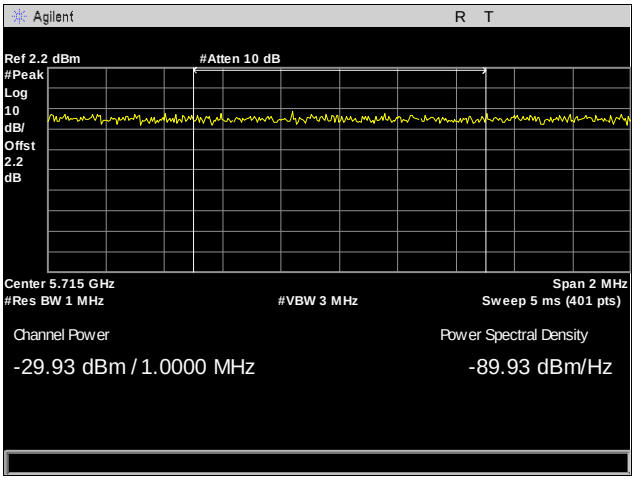
Plot 126. Radiated Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



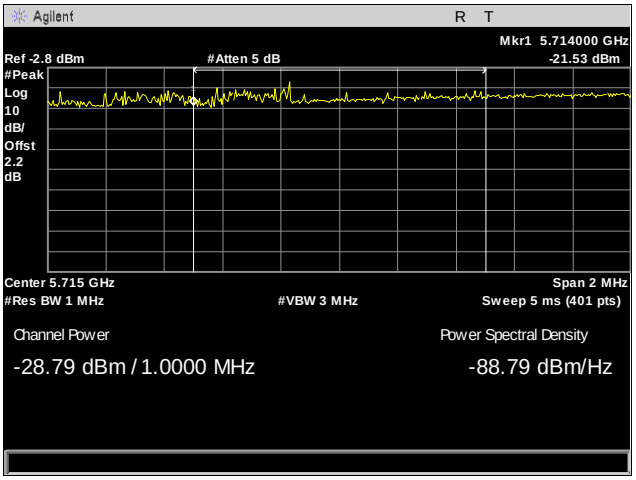
Plot 127. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 159, 802.11n 40 MHz, Integration at 5850 MHz



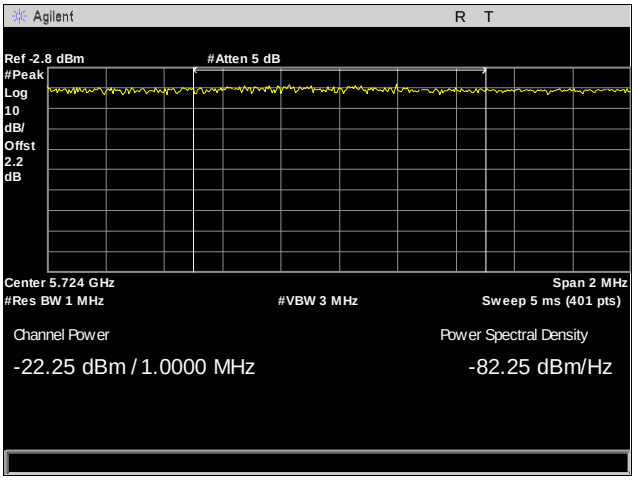
Plot 128. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 159, 802.11n 40 MHz, Integration at 5860 MHz



Plot 129. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 149, 802.11n 40 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz



Plot 130. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 151, 802.11n 40 MHz, Integration at 5715 MHz



Plot 131. Radiated Band Edge, Channel 151, 802.11n 40 MHz, Integration at 5725 MHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(b)(6) Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement(s): **§ 15.407 (b)(6):** Any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 – 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 13. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω/50 μH Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-2014 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz"*. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

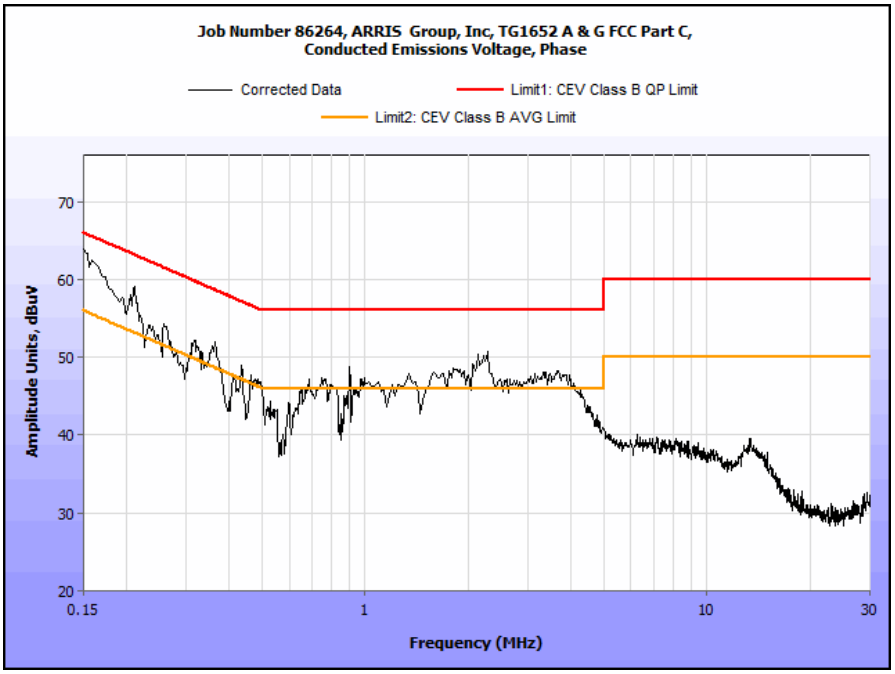
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with requirements of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Surinder Singh

Test Date(s): 06/12/15

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) QP	Limit (dBµV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) AVG	Limit (dBµV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.154	55.91	0	55.91	65.78	-9.87	51.26	0	51.26	55.78	-4.52
0.38	46.07	0	46.07	58.28	-12.21	35.23	0	35.23	48.28	-13.05
1.98	44.83	0	44.83	56	-11.17	34.82	0	34.82	46	-11.18
5.6	35.62	0.17	35.79	60	-24.21	29.42	0.17	29.59	50	-20.41
13.55	35.41	0.04	35.45	60	-24.55	30.29	0.04	30.33	50	-19.67
25.4	26.5	0.17	26.67	60	-33.33	20.86	0.17	21.03	50	-28.97

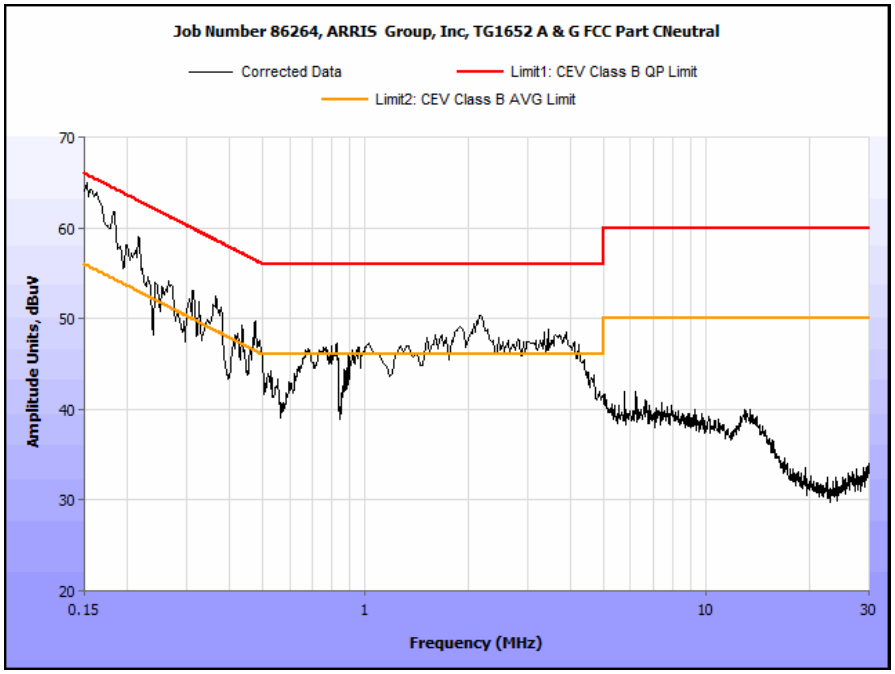
Table 14. Conducted Emissions, Phase Line



Plot 132. Conducted Emissions, Phase Line

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) QP	Limit (dBµV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) AVG	Limit (dBµV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.152	55.77	0	55.77	65.89	-10.12	46.87	0	46.87	55.89	-9.02
0.363	49.2	0	49.2	58.66	-9.46	45.9	0	45.9	48.66	-2.76
4.08	42.82	0.1	42.92	56	-13.08	36.33	0.1	36.43	46	-9.57
5.96	36	0.17	36.17	60	-23.83	30.35	0.17	30.52	50	-19.48
13.1	36.01	0.08	36.09	60	-23.91	30.46	0.08	30.54	50	-19.46
29.35	28.64	0.28	28.92	60	-31.08	22.93	0.28	23.21	50	-26.79

Table 15. Conducted Emissions, Neutral Line



Plot 133. Conducted Emissions, Neutral Line

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407(f) RF Exposure

Test Requirement(s): **§15.407(f):** U-NII devices are subject to the radio frequency radiation exposure requirements specified in §1.1307(b), §2.1091 and §2.1093 of this chapter, as appropriate. All equipment shall be considered to operate in a "general population/uncontrolled" environment.

RF Exposure Requirements: **§1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2):** Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: **§1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 5150-5250 MHz; **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm^2 or 10 W/m^2**

Output Power = 22.5 dBm

Antenna Gain = 7.5 dBi

Power density is equal to 0.2mW/cm^2.

At a distance of 20 cm.

IV. Test Equipment

Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4870	THERM./CLOCK/HUMIDITY MONITOR	CONTROL COMPANY	06-662-4, FB70258	3/14/2014	3/14/2016
1T4829	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	9/30/2014	3/30/2016
1T4818	COMB GENERATOR	COM-POWER	CGO-520	SEE NOTE	
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY PROOF	81	NOT REQUIRED	
1T4505	TEMPERATURE CHAMBER	TEST EQUITY	115	2/11/2015	2/11/2016
1T2665	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	7/11/1908	5/3/2014	11/3/2015
1T4442	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42-01001800-30-10P	SEE NOTE	
1T4418	LISN	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9233-50-TS-50-N	10/24/2014	4/24/2016
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	7/18/2014	7/18/2016
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1 (NSA)	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	7/24/2015	7/24/2016

Table 16. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

V. Certification & User's Manual Information

Certification & User's Manual Information

K. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

(a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.

(b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.

(c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.

(d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:

(1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or

(2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

(e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:

(i) Compliance testing;

(ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;

(iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;

(iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or

(v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.

(e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.

(f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

(a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.[1] *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer*, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.

(b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

(a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.

(b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

[1] In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

(i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.

(ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.

(2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

Certification & User's Manual Information

Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:

(1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

(4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

(5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

– Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

– Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

– Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

– Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

End of Report

