



FCC Test Report

For:

Banner Engineering Corp.

Brand:

Banner Engineering Corp.

Marketing Name:

60 GHz Industrial Radar Presence Detector

Model Name:

Q90R

Product Description:

Industrial Radar Presence Detector

FCC ID: UE3Q90R

Applied Rules and Standards:

47 CFR Part 15.255

REPORT #: EMC_BANNE-001-23001_FCC15.255_Rev3

DATE: 2024-02-23



A2LA Accredited

IC recognized #
3462B

CABID: US0187

CETECOM Inc.

411 Dixon Landing Road ♦ Milpitas, CA 95035 ♦ U.S.A.

Phone: + 1 (408) 586 6200 ♦ Fax: + 1 (408) 586 6299 ♦ E-mail: info@cetecom.com ♦ <http://www.cetecom.com>

CETECOM Inc. is a Delaware Corporation with Corporation number: 2905571

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	ASSESSMENT.....	3
2	ADMINISTRATIVE DATA	4
2.1	IDENTIFICATION OF THE TESTING LABORATORY ISSUING THE EMC TEST REPORT	4
2.2	IDENTIFICATION OF THE CLIENT	4
2.3	IDENTIFICATION OF THE MANUFACTURER.....	4
3	EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT).....	5
3.1	EUT SPECIFICATIONS	5
3.2	EUT SAMPLE DETAILS	6
3.3	ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT (AE) DETAILS.....	6
3.4	TEST SAMPLE CONFIGURATION	6
3.5	MODE OF OPERATION	6
3.6	JUSTIFICATION FOR WORST CASE MODE OF OPERATION.....	6
4	SUBJECT OF INVESTIGATION	7
5	MEASUREMENT RESULTS SUMMARY	7
6	MEASUREMENTS.....	8
6.1	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	8
6.2	ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS DURING TESTING:.....	8
6.3	DATES OF TESTING:	8
7	MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	9
7.1	RADIATED MEASUREMENT.....	9
7.2	POWER LINE CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	11
8	TEST RESULT DATA	12
8.1	EIRP AND MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	12
8.2	99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	19
8.3	FREQUENCY STABILITY.....	21
8.4	TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AND RESTRICTED BANDS	28
8.5	AC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	48
9	TEST SETUP PHOTOS.....	50
10	TEST EQUIPMENT AND ANCILLARIES USED FOR TESTING	50
11	REVISION HISTORY	51

1 Assessment

The following device was evaluated against the applicable criteria specified in

- FCC rule Part 15.255 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations

No deviations were ascertained.

Company	Description	Model #
Banner Engineering Corp.	Industrial Radar Presence Detector	Q90R

Responsible for the Report:

2024-02-23

Compliance

Guangcheng Huang
(Senior EMC Test Engineer)

Date	Section	Name	Signature
------	---------	------	-----------

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in Section3.

CETECOM Inc. USA does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of CETECOM Inc. USA.

2 Administrative Data

2.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory Issuing the EMC Test Report

Company Name:	CETECOM Inc.
Department:	Compliance
Street Address:	411 Dixon Landing Road
City/Zip Code	Milpitas, CA 95035
Country	USA
Telephone:	+1 (408) 586 6200
Fax:	+1 (408) 586 6299
EMC Lab Manager:	Issa Ghanma
Project Manager:	Akanksha Baskaran

2.2 Identification of the Client

Client's Name:	Banner Engineering Corp.
Street Address:	9714 10th Avenue North
City/Zip Code	Minneapolis, MN 55441
Country	USA

2.3 Identification of the Manufacturer

Manufacturer's Name:	Same as Client
Manufacturers Address:	Same as Client
City/Zip Code	-----
Country	-----

3 Equipment Under Test (EUT)

3.1 EUT Specifications

Model No:	Q90R
Marketing Name:	60 GHz Industrial Radar Presence Detector
HW Version :	Rev C
SW Version :	1.0
FCC ID :	UE3Q90R
FWIN:	N/A
HVIN:	Q90R
PMN:	Q90R
Product Description:	Industrial Radar Presence Detector
Frequency Range / number of channels:	60 - 64 GHz
Rated max. EIRP:	20 dBm
Radio Information:	Radar Chip: IWR6843AOP
Antenna Gain:	15 dBi
Modes of Operation:	1: FMCW 2: continuous wave transmission mode (for compliance test purpose only)
Antenna Information as declared:	Embedded patch
Power Supply / Rated operating Voltage Range:	Nominal 24 V DC Range 10 - 30 V DC
Operating Temperature Range	-40 °C to 70 °C
Other Radios included in the device:	None
Sample Revision	☒ Production; ☐ Pre-Production
EUT Dimensions	9 cm x 9 cm x 5 cm
Note: All information provided by the client.	

3.2 EUT Sample details

EUT #	Serial Number	HW Version	SW Version	Notes/Comments
1	-----	Rev C	1.0	-----

3.3 Accessory Equipment (AE) details

AE #	Type	Model	Manufacturer	Serial Number
1	Test Laptop	HP EliteBook 840 G6	HP	5CG95101D1
2	Cable harness	-	-	805287

3.4 Test Sample Configuration

EUT Set-up #	Combination of AE used for test set up	Comments
1	EUT#1 + AE#1	The radio of the EUT is configured according to requirement of each test case

3.5 Mode of Operation

Mode #	Mode of Operation	Comments
1	FMCW	Continuously transmitting FMCW signal
2	CW	Continuously transmitting continuous wave (for compliance test purpose only)

3.6 Justification for Worst Case Mode of Operation

During the testing process, the EUT was tested with transmitter sets on low, mid and high channels, and continuous wave transmission.

For radiated measurements, all data in this report shows the worst case between horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations and for all orientations of the EUT.

4 Subject of Investigation

The objective of the measurements done by CETECOM Inc. was to evaluate the compliance of the EUT against the relevant requirements specified in section 1 Assessment.

5 Measurement Results Summary

Test Specification	Test Case	Temperature and Voltage Conditions	Mode	Pass	NA	NP	Result
§15.255(c)(2)(ii)	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	Nominal	1	■	□	□	Complies
§15.255(c)(2)(ii)	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	1	■	□	□	Complies
§15.255(f)	Frequency Stability	Nominal and extreme	1	■	□	□	Complies
§15.255(h)	Group Installation	Nominal	-	□	■ *	□	Complies
§15.255(d) §15.209(a)	TX Spurious emissions-Radiated	Nominal	2	■	□	□	Complies
§15.207	AC Conducted Emissions	Nominal	1	■	□	□	Complies

Note: NA= Not Applicable; NP= Not Performed.

*): see manufacturer's product manual.

6 Measurements

6.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus, with 95% confidence interval (in dB delta to result), based on a coverage factor k=2.

Radiated measurement

9 kHz to 30MHz	±2.5 dB (Magnetic Loop Antenna)
30 MHz to 1000 MHz	±2.0 dB (Biconilog Antenna)
1 GHz to 40 GHz	±2.3 dB (Horn Antenna)
40-60 GHz	±3.95 dB (Horn Antenna)
60-90 GHz	±3.32 dB (External Mixer, Horn Antenna)
90-140 GHz	±4.94 dB (External Mixer, Horn Antenna)
140-225 GHz	±5.42 dB (External Mixer, Horn Antenna)

Conducted measurement

RF conducted measurement	±0.5 dB
--------------------------	---------

6.2 Environmental Conditions During Testing:

The following environmental conditions were maintained during the course of testing:

- Ambient Temperature: 20-25 °C
- Relative humidity: 40-60%

6.3 Dates of Testing:

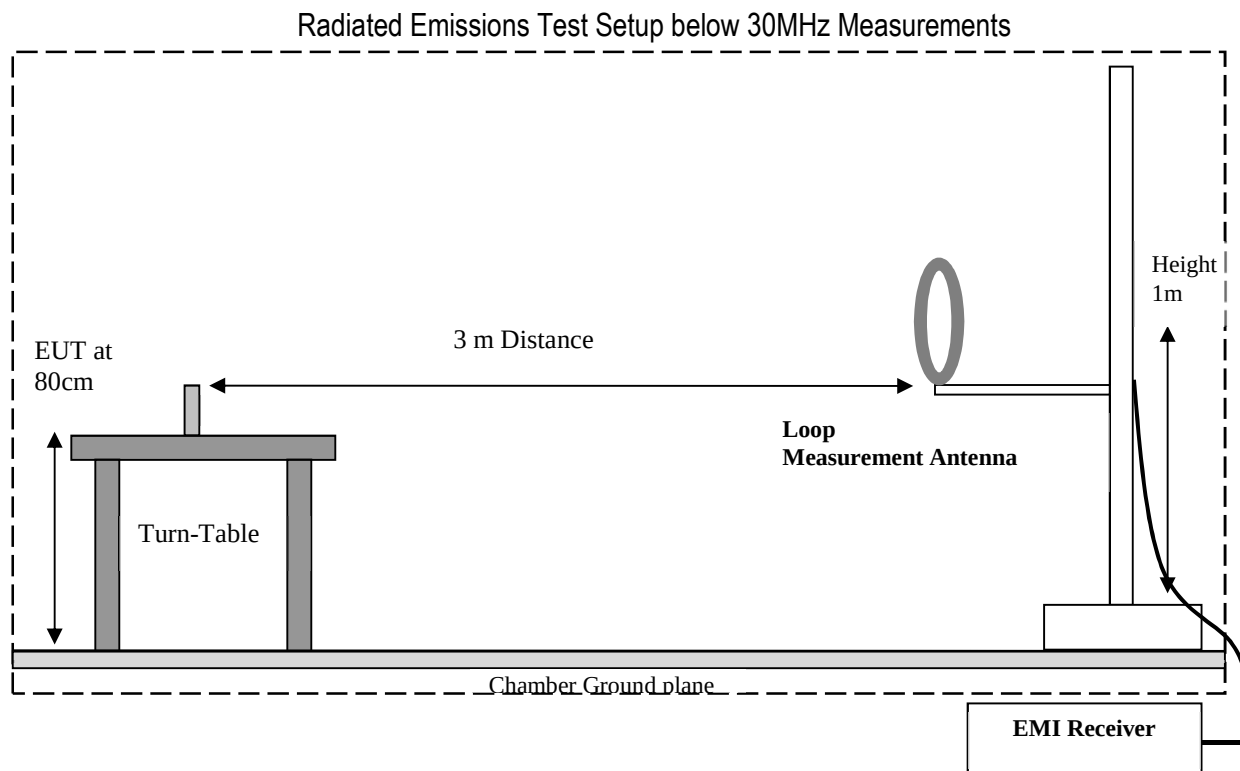
2024-01-03 to 2024-01-17

7 Measurement Procedures

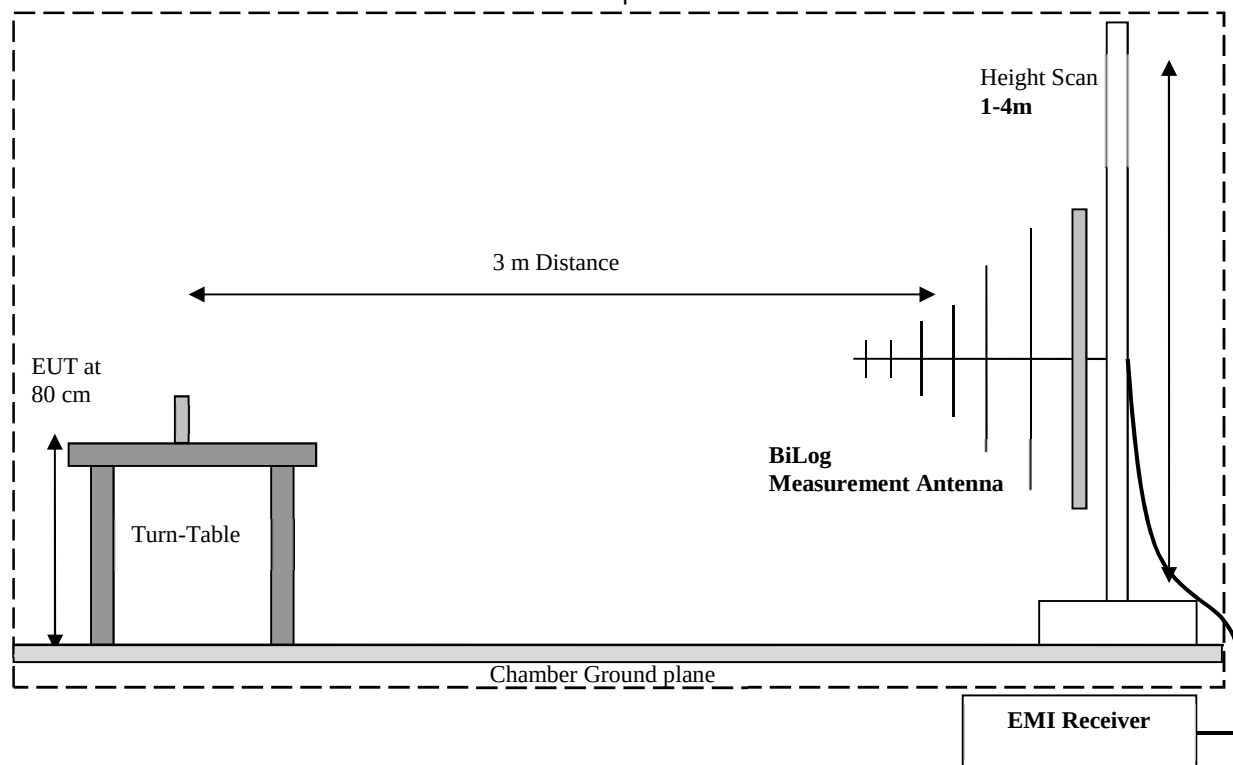
7.1 Radiated Measurement

The radiated measurement is performed according to: ANSI C63.10 (2013)

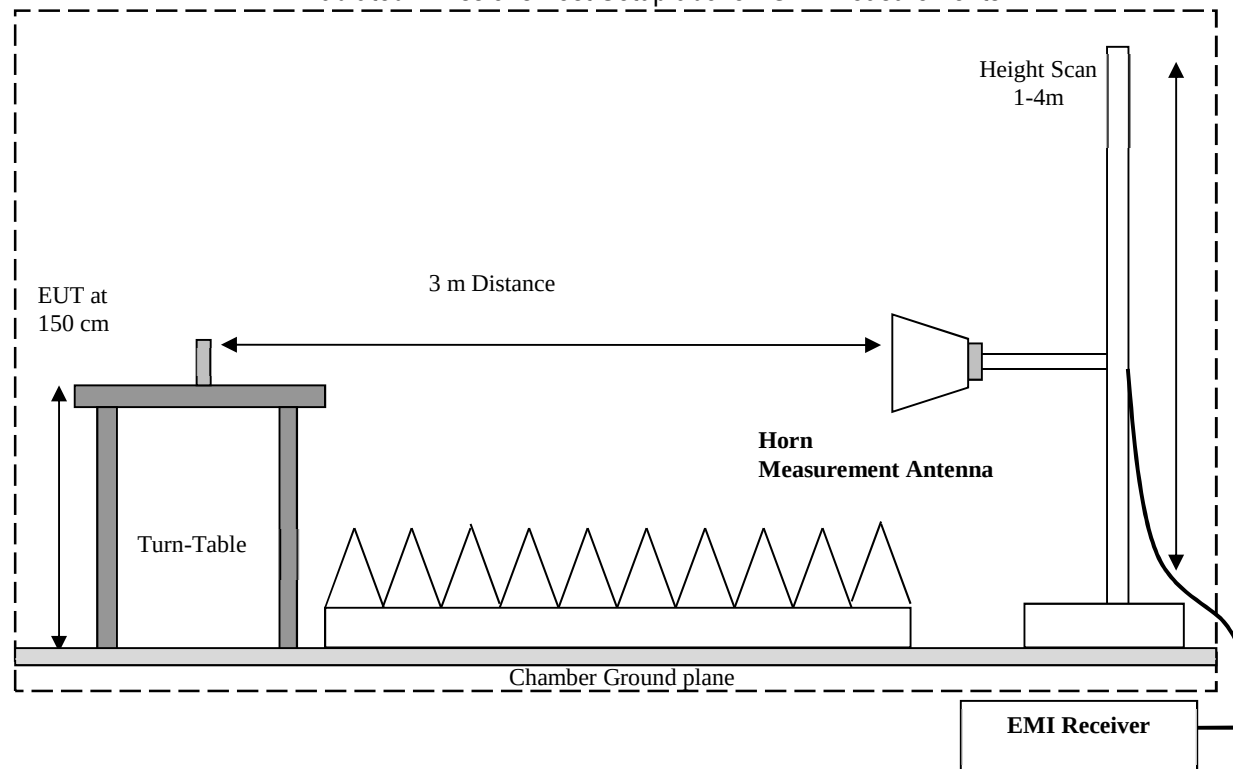
- The exploratory measurement is accomplished by running a matrix of 16 sweeps over the required frequency range with R&S Test-SW EMC32 for 4 positions of the turntable, two orthogonal positions of the EUT and both antenna polarizations. This procedure exceeds the requirement of the above standards to cover the 3 orthogonal axis of the EUT. A max peak detector is utilized during the exploratory measurement. The Test-SW creates an overall maximum trace for all 12 sweeps and saves the settings for each point of this trace. The maximum trace is part of the test report.
- The 10 highest emissions are selected with an automatic algorithm of EMC32 searching for peaks in the noise floor and ensuring that broadband signals are not selected multiple times.
- The maxima are then put through the final measurement and again maximized in a 90deg range of the turntable, fine search in frequency domain and height scan between 1m and 4m.
- The above procedure is repeated for all possible ways of power supply to EUT and for all supported modulations.
- In case there are no emissions above noise floor level only the maximum trace is reported as described above.
- The results are split up into up to 4 frequency ranges due to antenna bandwidth restrictions. A magnetic loop is used from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, a Biconilog antenna is used from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, and two different horn antennas are used to cover frequencies up to 40 GHz.



Radiated Emissions Test Setup 30MHz-1GHz Measurements



Radiated Emissions Test Setup above 1GHz Measurements



7.1.1 Sample Calculations for Field Strength Measurements

Field Strength is calculated from the Spectrum Analyzer/ Receiver readings, taking into account the following parameters:

1. Measured reading in dB μ V
2. Cable Loss between the receiving antenna and SA in dB and
3. Antenna Factor in dB/m

All radiated measurement plots in this report are taken from a test SW that calculates the Field Strength based on the following equation:

$$FS \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Measured Value on SA (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Cable Loss (dB)} + \text{Antenna Factor (dB/m)}$$

Example:

Frequency (MHz)	Measured SA (dB μ V)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor Correction (dB/m)	Field Strength Result (dB μ V/m)
1000	80.5	3.5	14	98.0

7.2 Power Line Conducted Measurement Procedure

AC Power Line conducted emissions measurements performed according to: ANSI C63.4 (2014)

8 Test Result Data

8.1 EIRP and Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

8.1.1 Measurement according to ANSI C63.10 Section 9.9

1. An RF detector with a bandwidth encompassing the entire authorized frequency band is used. An appropriate test horn antenna is connected to it and put in the main beam of the EUT. The video output of the RF detector is feed to a DSO.
2. The EUT is set to transmission with max. power level. Frequent sweeps have been done on the DSO to capture the highest level of the video output.

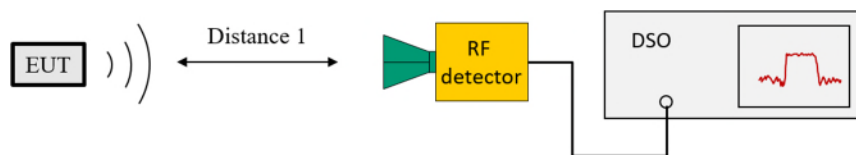


Fig. 1: Test setup 1. $\text{EIRP}_{\text{EUT}} - \text{FSL}_1 + \text{AG}_{\text{meas}} = P_{\text{detector}}$

3. Replace the EUT with a setup generating unmodulated mm-wave at the center frequency of the EUT frequency range. The setup includes a signal generator, a frequency multiplier, a variable attenuator and a horn antenna.
4. Adjust the level of the generated mm-wave till the DSO shows the same voltage level as the highest level captured measuring the EUT.

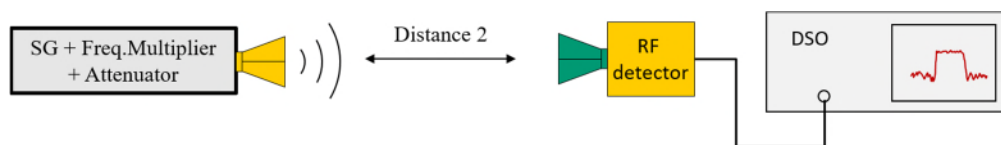


Fig. 2: Test setup 2. $P_{\text{SG}} + \text{AG}_{\text{TX}} - \text{FSL}_2 + \text{AG}_{\text{meas}} = P_{\text{detector}}$

5. Without making any other change, disconnect the transmitting antenna on this signal generating setup and measure the output level of the setup with a wideband mm-wave power meter with a thermocouple detector in the conducted way.

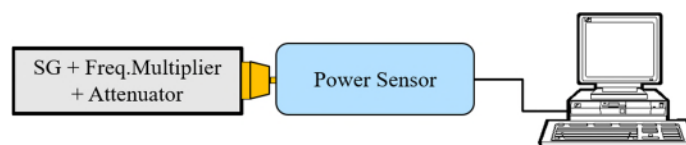


Fig. 3: Test setup 3. $P_{\text{SG}} = P_{\text{sensor}}$

6. Applying ANCI C63.10-2020 the equations G.9 & G.10 to calculate the EIRP and conducted output of the EUT

8.1.2 Limits:

Maximum Radiated Power and Timing:

FCC §15.255 (c) Radiated power limits:

- (2)(ii) 57.0–61.56 GHz: the peak EIRP shall not exceed 3 dBm except that the peak EIRP shall not exceed 20 dBm if the sum of continuous transmitter off-times of at least two milliseconds equals at least 16.5 milliseconds within any contiguous interval of 33 milliseconds;

8.1.3 Test conditions and setup:

Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input	Antenna Gain
23 °C	1	1	nominal	15 dBi

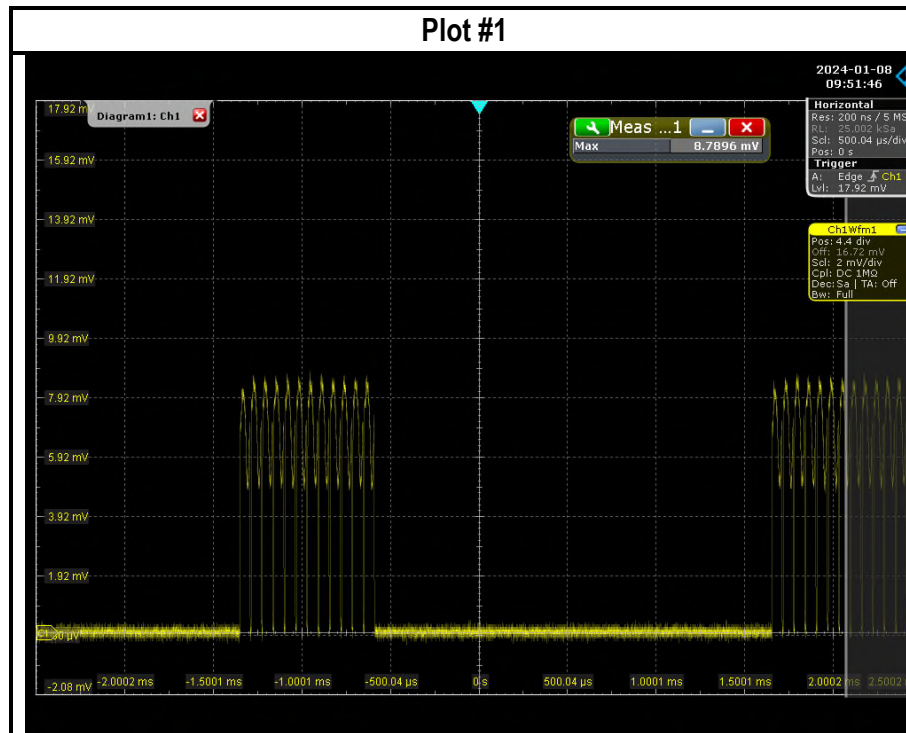
8.1.4 Measurement result:

FCC §15.255

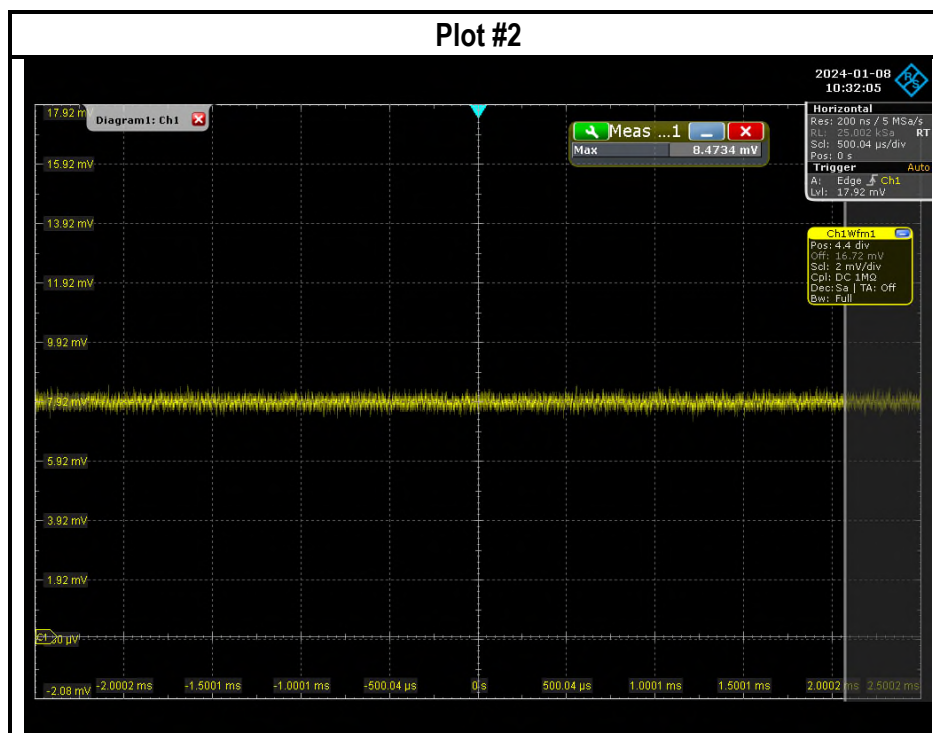
Plot #	EUT operating mode	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
1-3	1	19.1	20	Pass

Plot #	EUT operating mode	TX off-time within any 33 ms	Limit TX off-time within any 33 ms	Result
4-8	1	28.82 ms	min. 16.5 ms	Pass

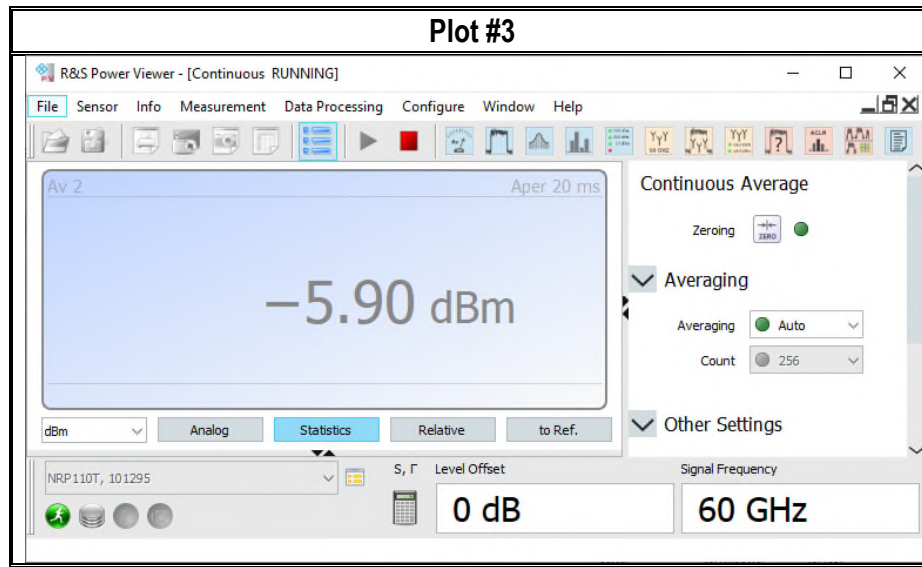
8.1.5 Measurement Plots:



Note: measured with the DSO, shows max. voltage = 8.79 mV at a distance of 50 cm to EUT.



Note: reproduce the max. voltage level of 8.47 mV on the DSO, by replacing the EUT with a signal generator and transmitting antenna at a distance of 50 cm.



Note: measured the conducted power from the signal generator of -5.90 dBm.

Antenna gain of the TX antenna AG_{TX} , which is attached to the signal generator: 25 dBi,

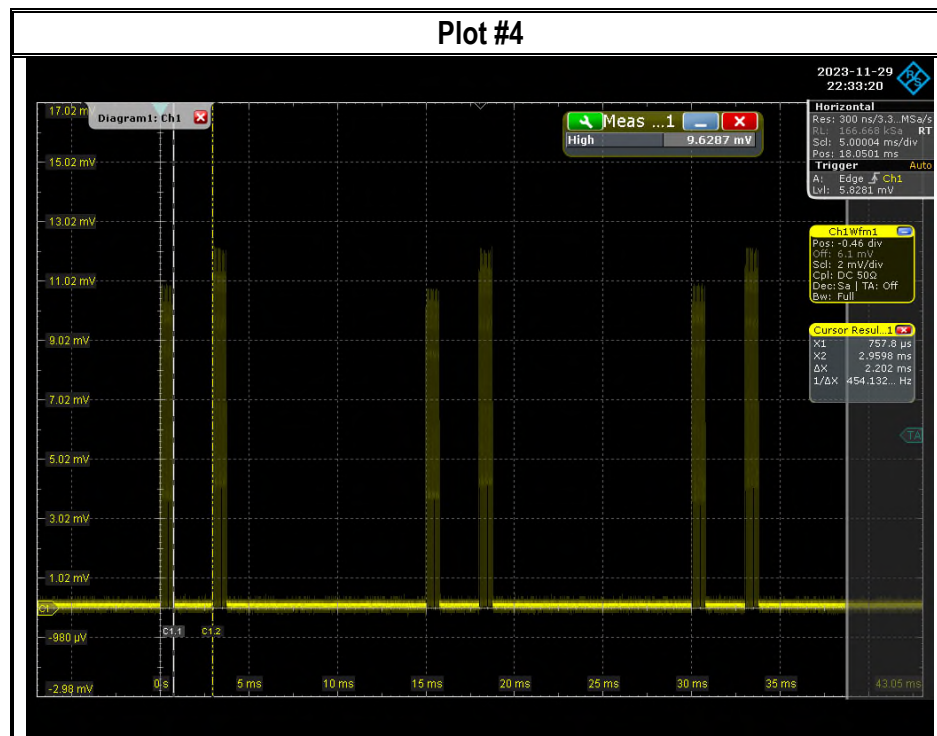
Free space loss FSL_1 of a signal at 60 GHz at a distance of 50 cm: 62.04 dB,

Free space loss FSL_2 of a signal at 60 GHz at a distance of 50 cm: 62.04 dB,

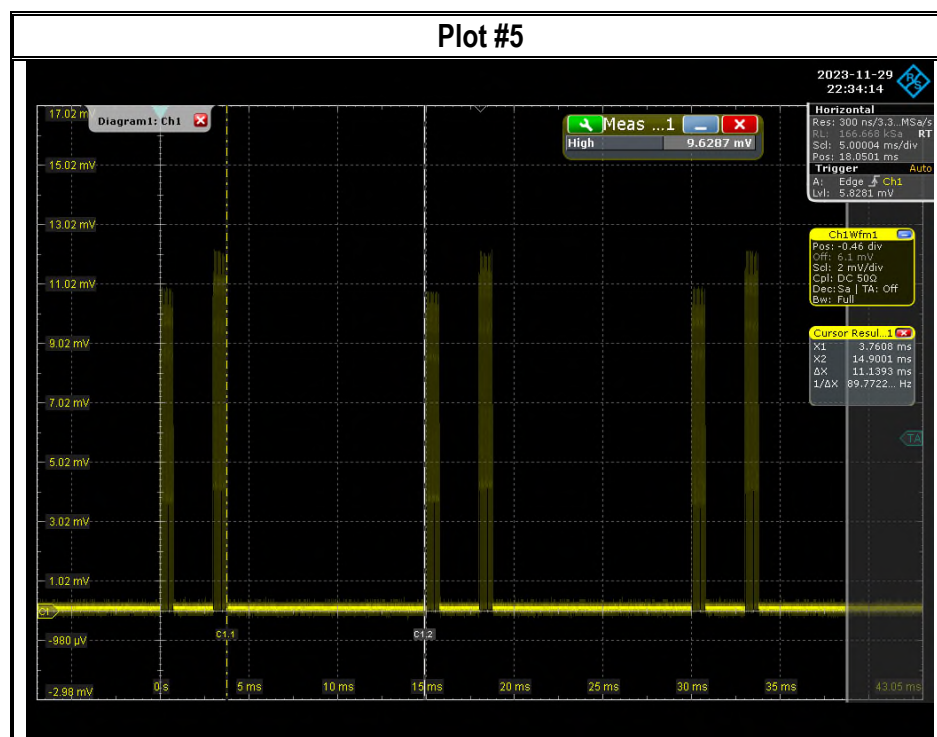
Thus the equivalent radiated power of the EUT calculates:

$$\begin{aligned}
 EIRP_{EUT} &= P_{\text{sensor}} + AG_{TX} - FSL_2 + FSL_1 \\
 &= -5.90 \text{ dBm} + 25 \text{ dB} - 62.04 \text{ dB} + 62.04 \text{ dB} \\
 &= 19.1 \text{ dBm}
 \end{aligned}$$

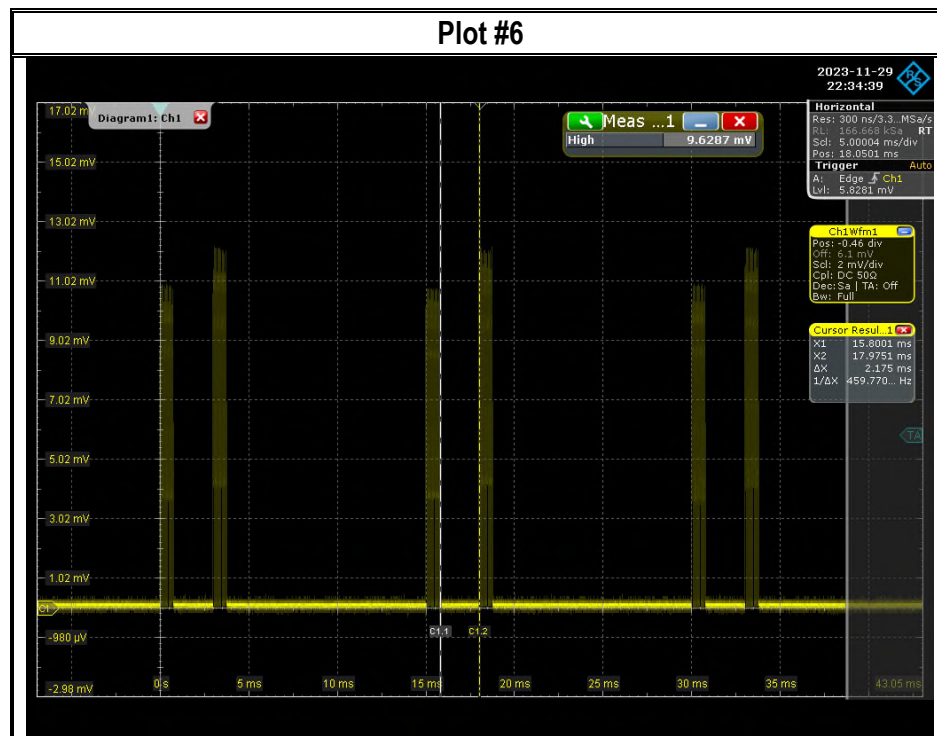
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Conducted power} &= EIRP - AG (15 \text{ dBi}) \\
 &= 4.1 \text{ dBm}
 \end{aligned}$$



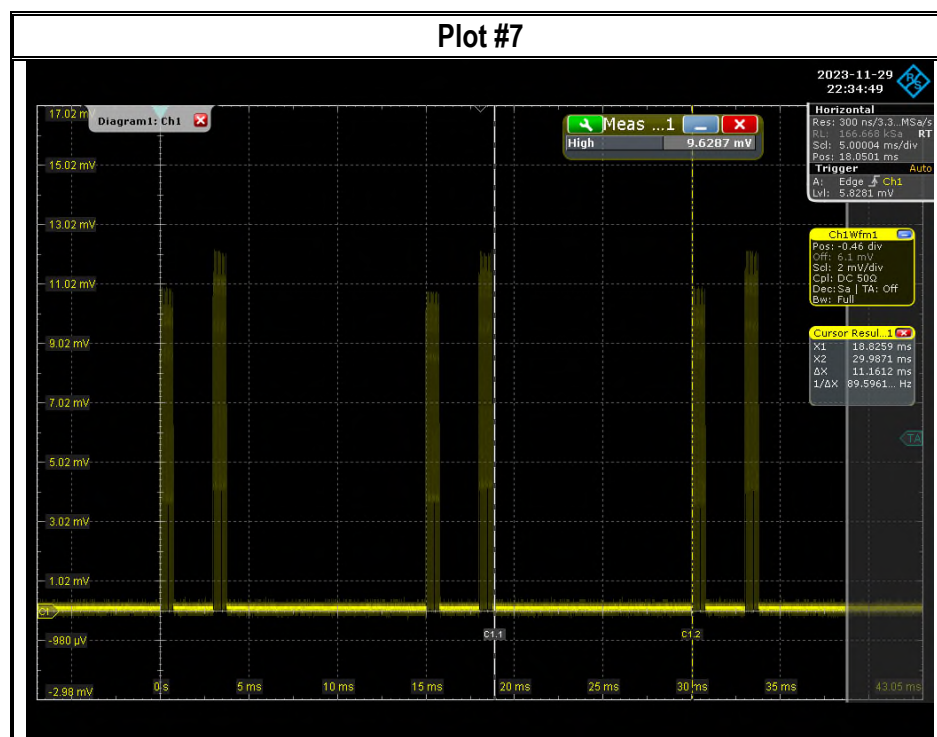
Note: Within 33 ms time frame, TX-off time marked by the cursor is 2.2 ms



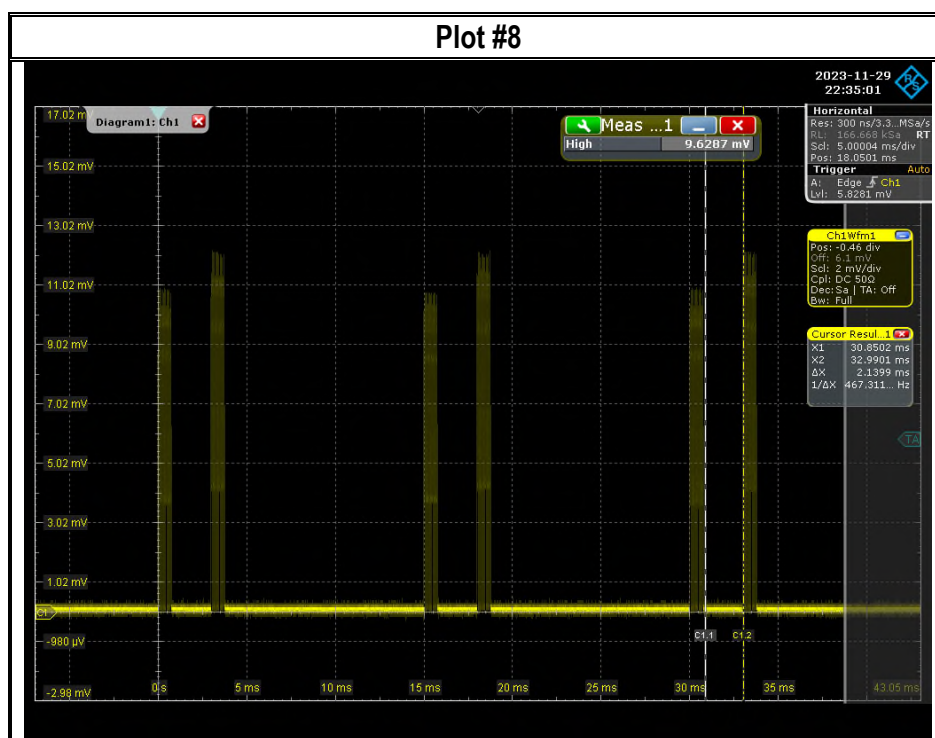
Note: Within 33 ms time frame, TX-off time marked by the cursor is 11.14 ms



Note: Within 33 ms time frame, TX-off time marked by the cursor is 2.18 ms



Note: Within 33 ms time frame, TX-off time marked by the cursor is 11.16 ms



Note: Within 33 ms time frame, TX-off time marked by the cursor is 2.14 ms

Total TX-off time within 33 ms is

$$(2.2 + 11.14 + 2.18 + 11.16 + 2.14) \text{ ms} = 28.82 \text{ ms}$$

Which is more than 16.5 ms, complies with the rule part requirement.

8.2 99% Occupied Bandwidth

8.2.1 Measurement according to ANSI C63.10-2020, section 9.4

Spectrum Analyzer settings:

- Span: approximately 1.5 times the OBW, centered on the carrier frequency
- RBW, prefer 1% to 5% of OBW, or a minimum of 1 MHz
- VBW approx. 3 x RBW
- Sweep Time = Auto couple
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Max-hold

8.2.2 Limits: FCC §15.255(c)(2)(ii): 57.0-61.56 GHz

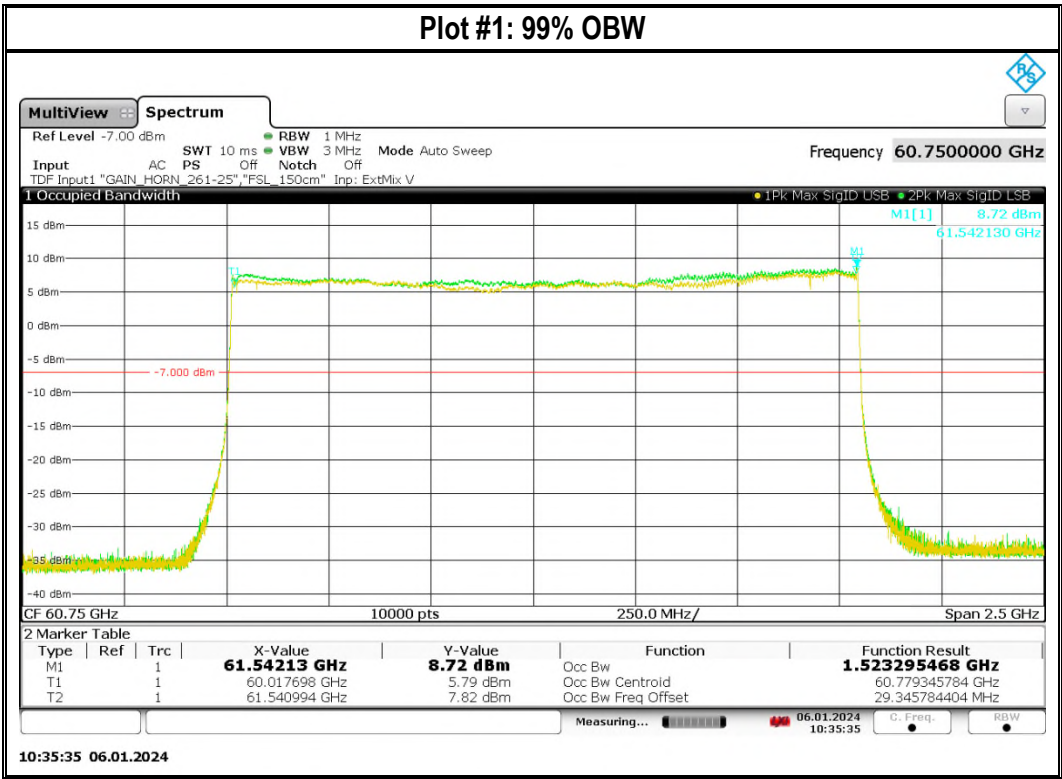
8.2.3 Test conditions and setup:

Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input
22 °C	1	1	nominal

8.2.4 Measurement result:

Plot #	EUT operating mode	OBW lower edge (GHz)	OBW higher edge (GHz)	99% OBW (GHz)	Limit	Result
1	1	60.018	61.541	1.523	Band 57-61.56 GHz OBW 4.56 GHz	Pass

8.2.5 Measurement Plots:



8.3 Frequency Stability

8.3.1 Measurement according to ANSI C63.10-2020, section 9.5

Spectrum Analyzer settings:

- Span: approximately 2 to 3 times the emission bandwidth, centered on the carrier frequency
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW = 300 kHz
- Sweep Time = Auto couple
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Max hold

8.3.2 Limits: FCC §15.255(f)

FCC §15.255(f):

Fundamental emissions must be contained within the frequency bands specified in this section during all conditions of operation. Equipment is presumed to operate over the temperature range -20 to + 50 degrees Celsius with an input voltage variation of 85% to 115% of rated input voltage, unless justification is presented to demonstrate otherwise.

8.3.3 Test conditions and setup:

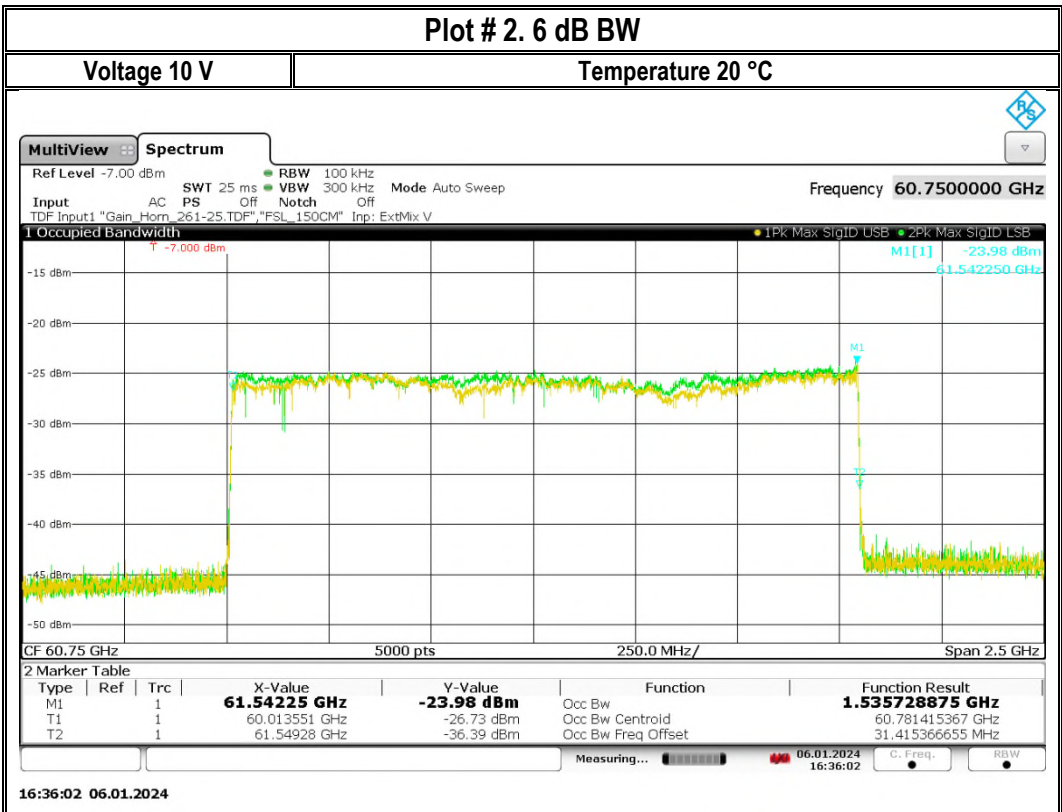
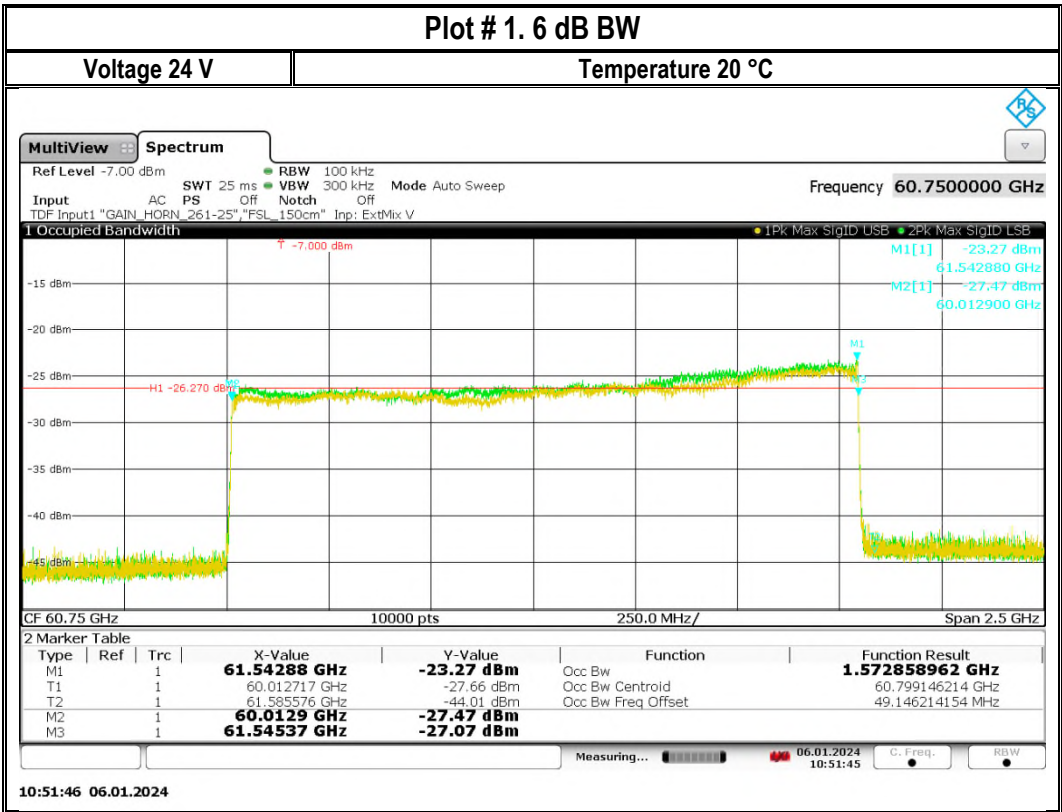
Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input
20 °C	1	1	Nominal and extreme

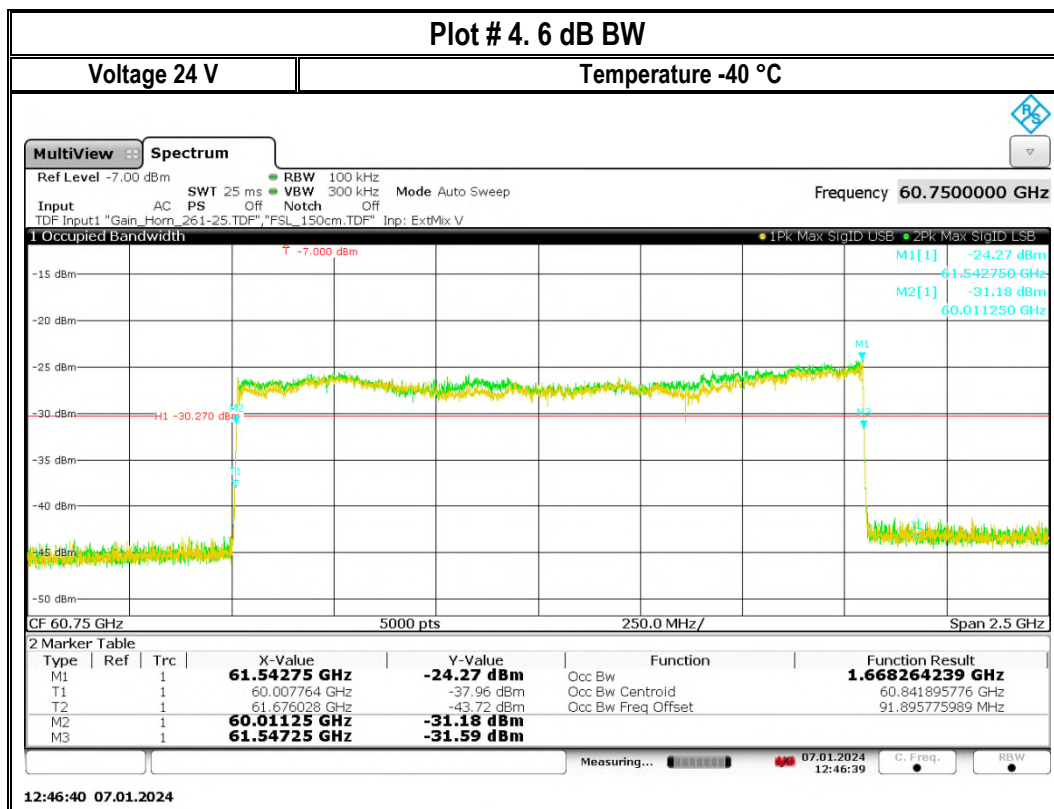
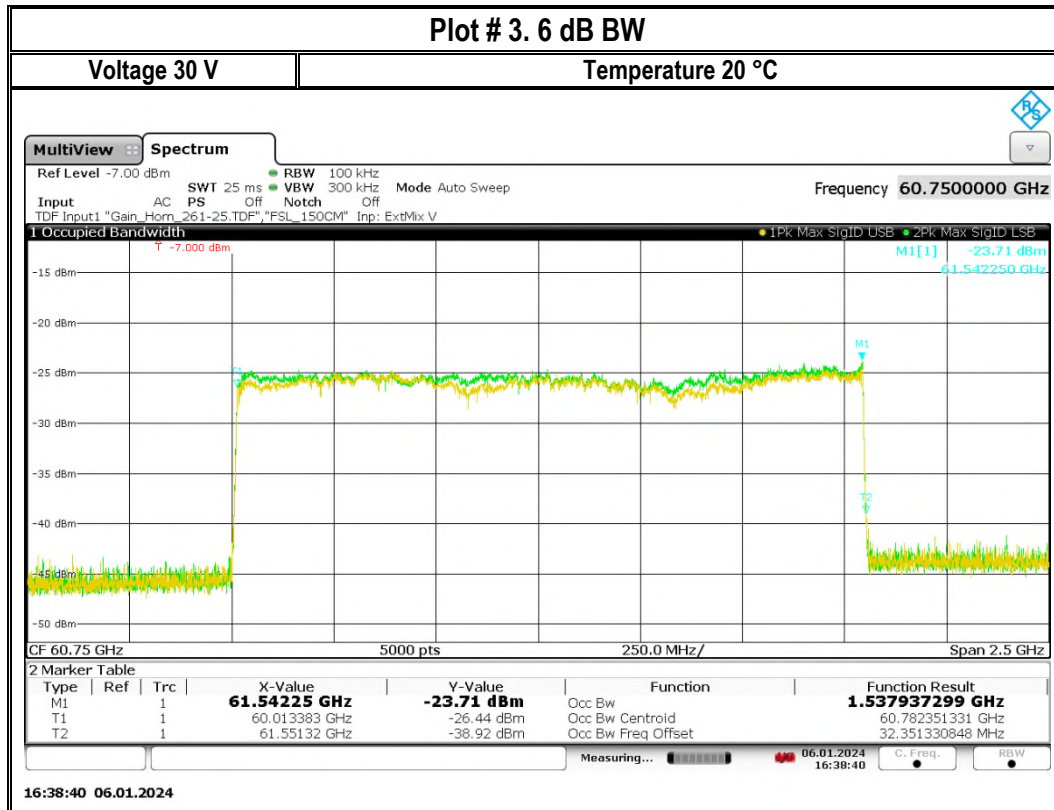
8.3.4 Measurement result:

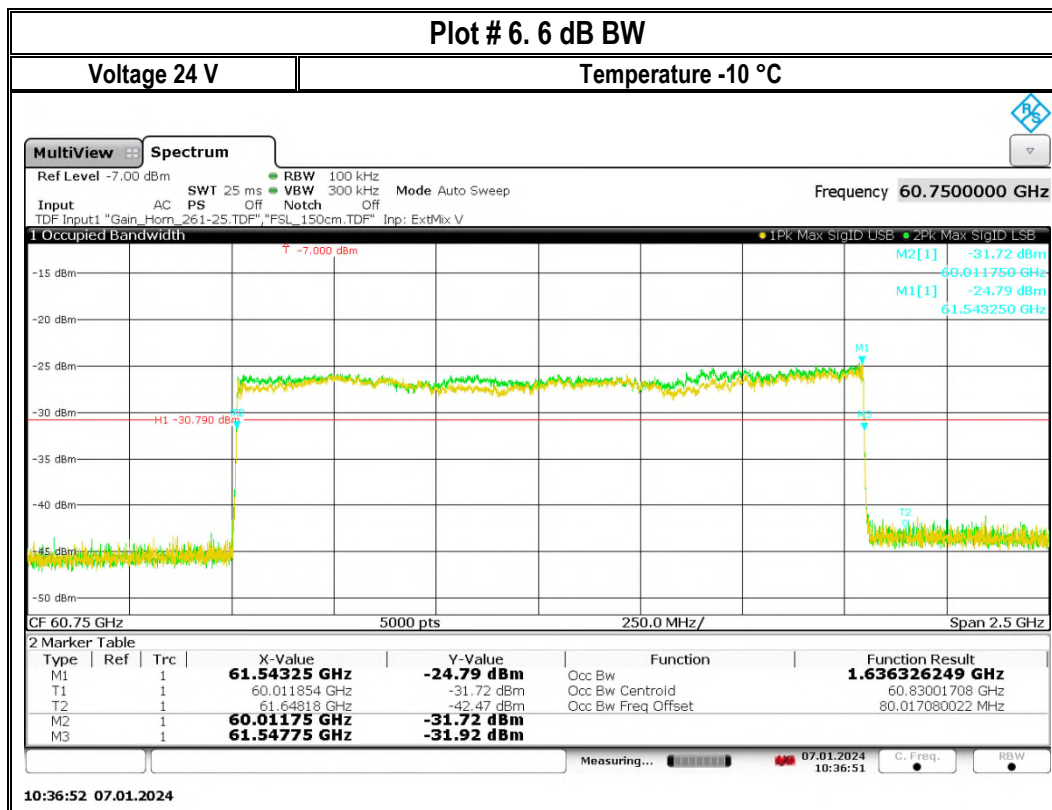
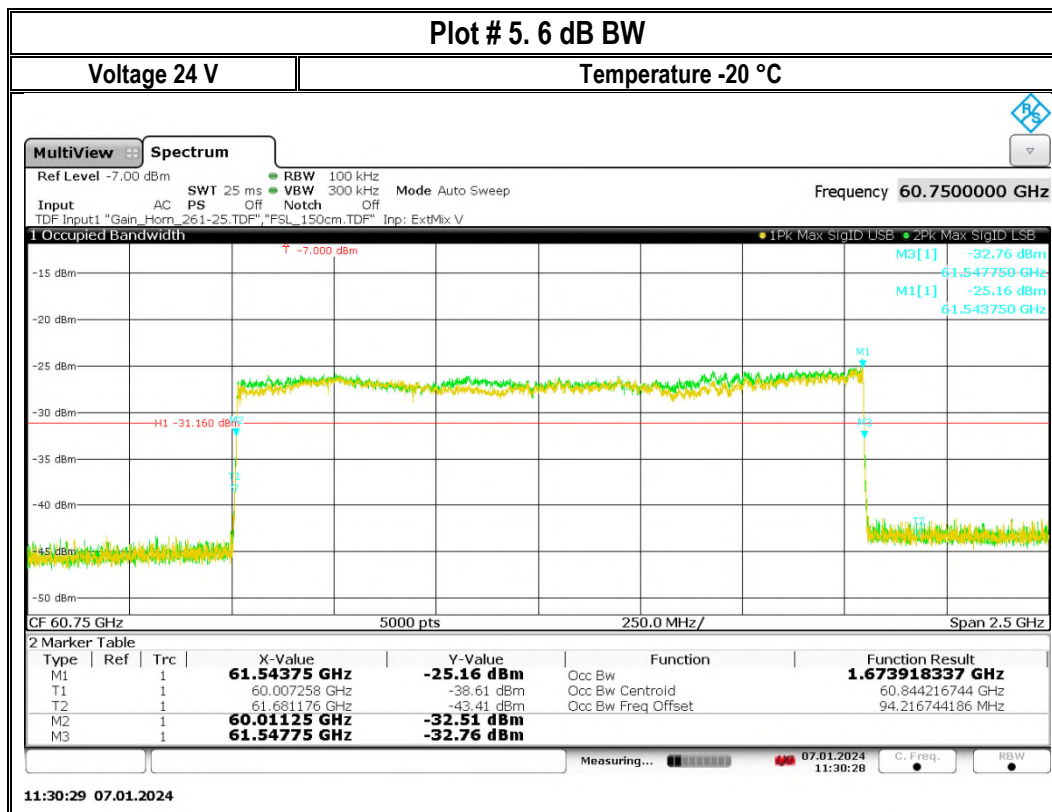
Plot #	Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	F_low (GHz)	F_high (GHz)	Limit (GHz)	Verdict
1	24	20	60.0129	61.54537	57-61.56	Complies
2	10	20	60.013551	61.54928	57-61.56	Complies
3	30	20	60.013383	61.55132	57-61.56	Complies
4	24	-40	60.01125	61.54725	57-61.56	Complies
5	24	-20	60.01125	61.54775	57-61.56	Complies
6	24	-10	60.01175	61.54775	57-61.56	Complies
7	24	0	60.01075	61.54775	57-61.56	Complies
8	24	10	60.00925	61.54825	57-61.56	Complies
9	24	30	60.01025	61.54725	57-61.56	Complies
10	24	40	60.00975	61.54725	57-61.56	Complies
11	24	50	60.00925	61.54675	57-61.56	Complies
12	24	70	60.00925	61.54625	57-61.56	Complies

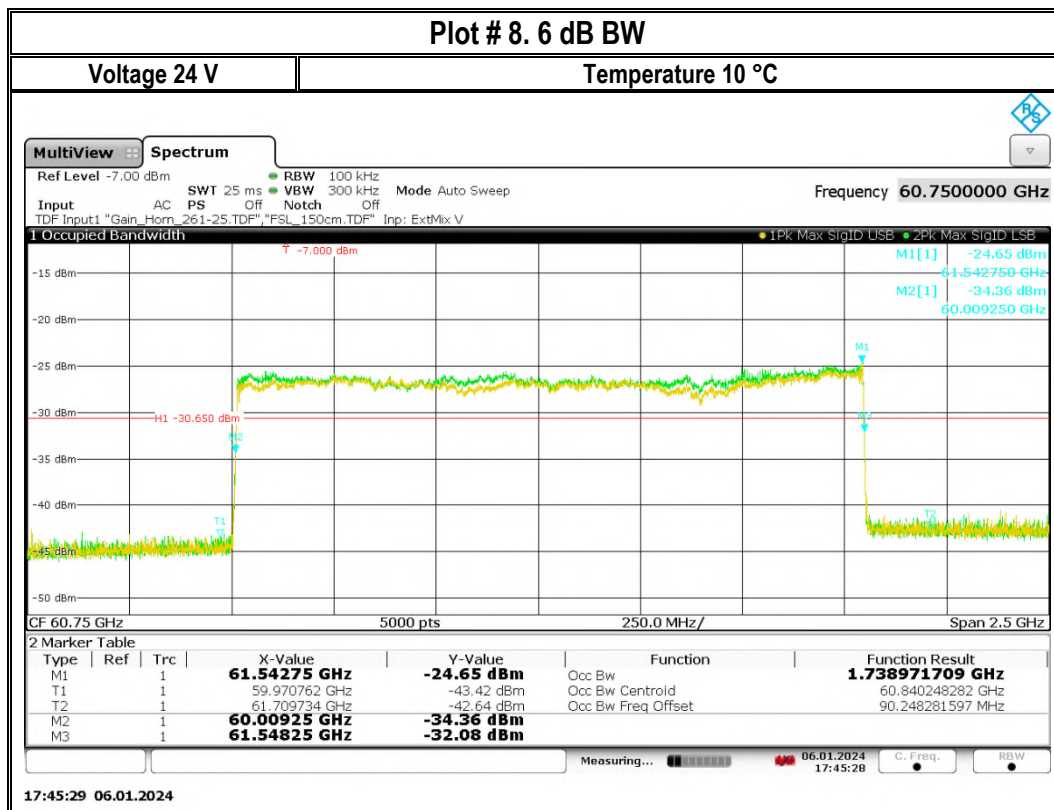
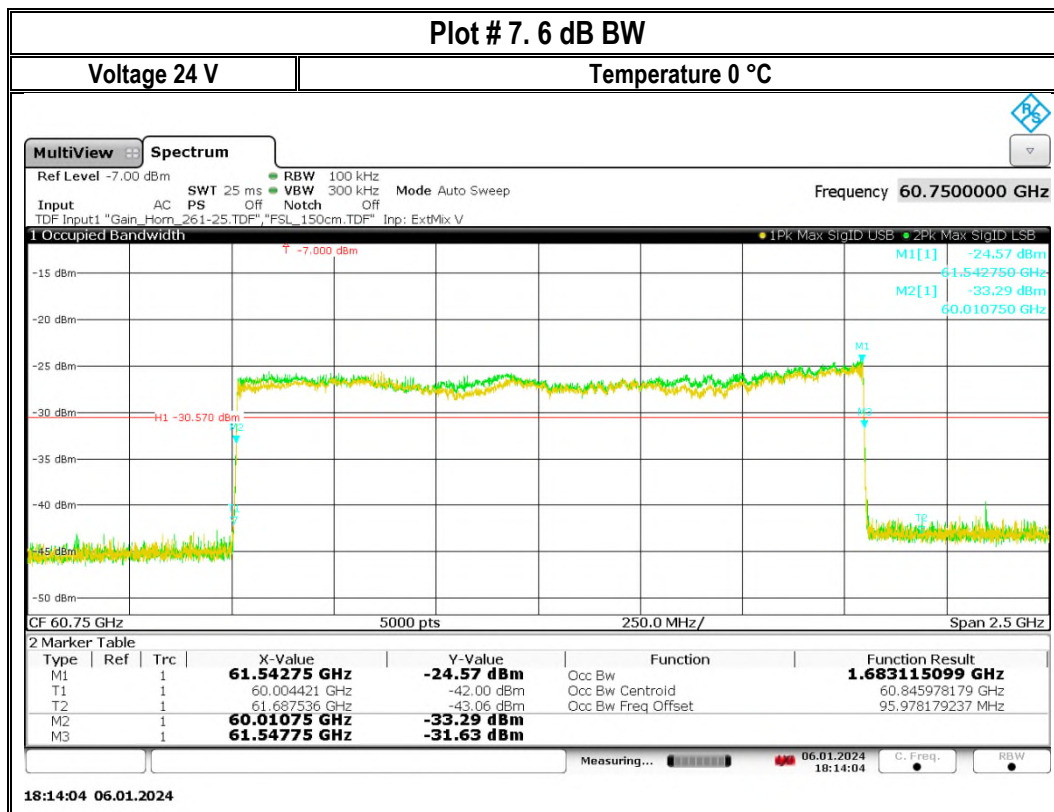
Note: The test receiver receives the wanted signal at such a low power level, that the OBW function is not able to calculate correctly, meaning the marker T1 or T2 being set to the noise floor. This results in a wider calculated OBW than it actually is. Thus the 6 dB bandwidth is measured instead, to indicate F_low and F_high.

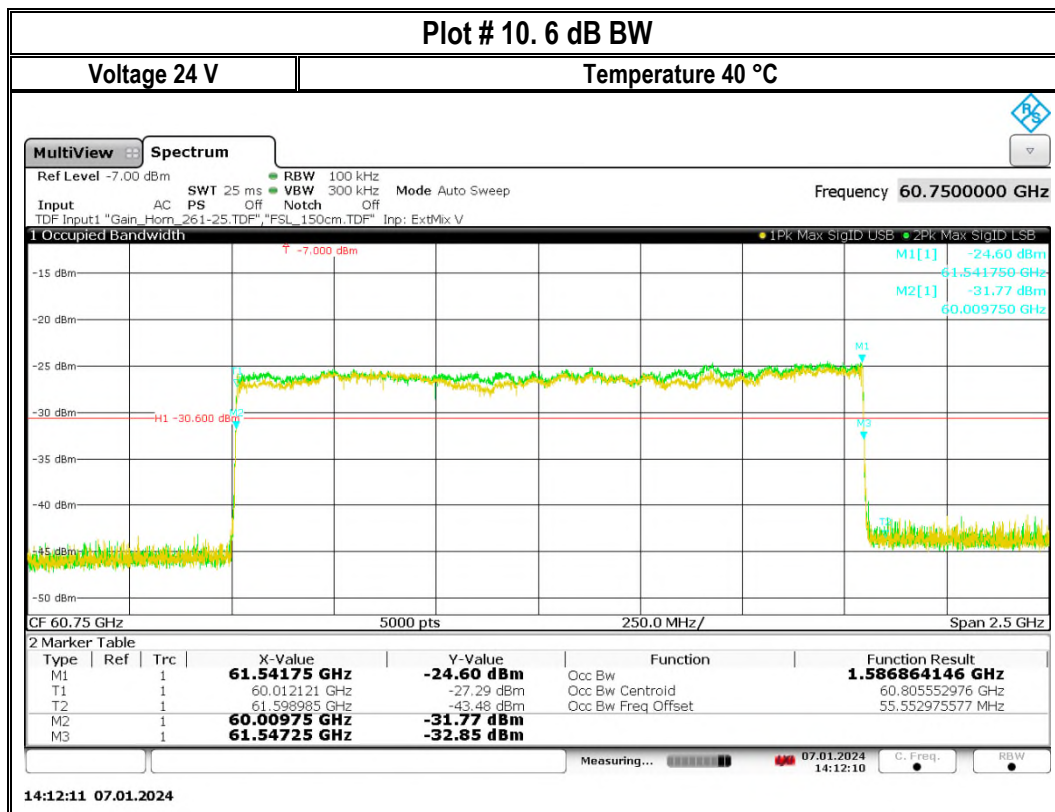
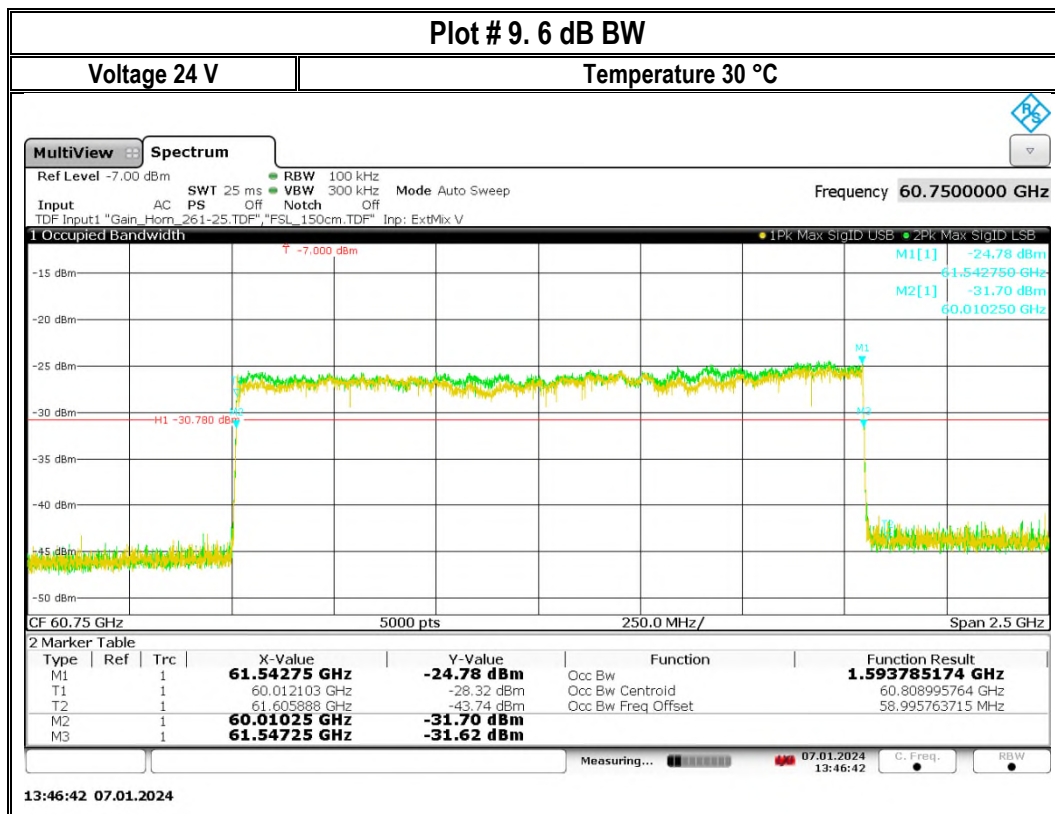
8.3.5 Measurement Plots:

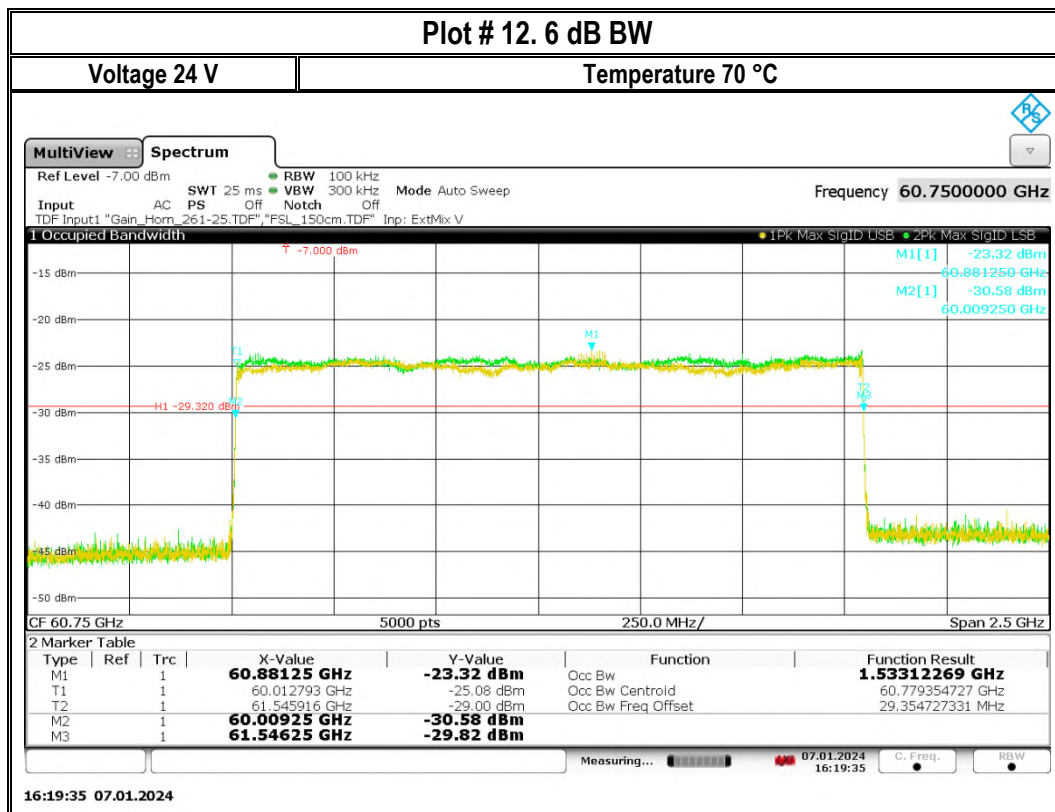
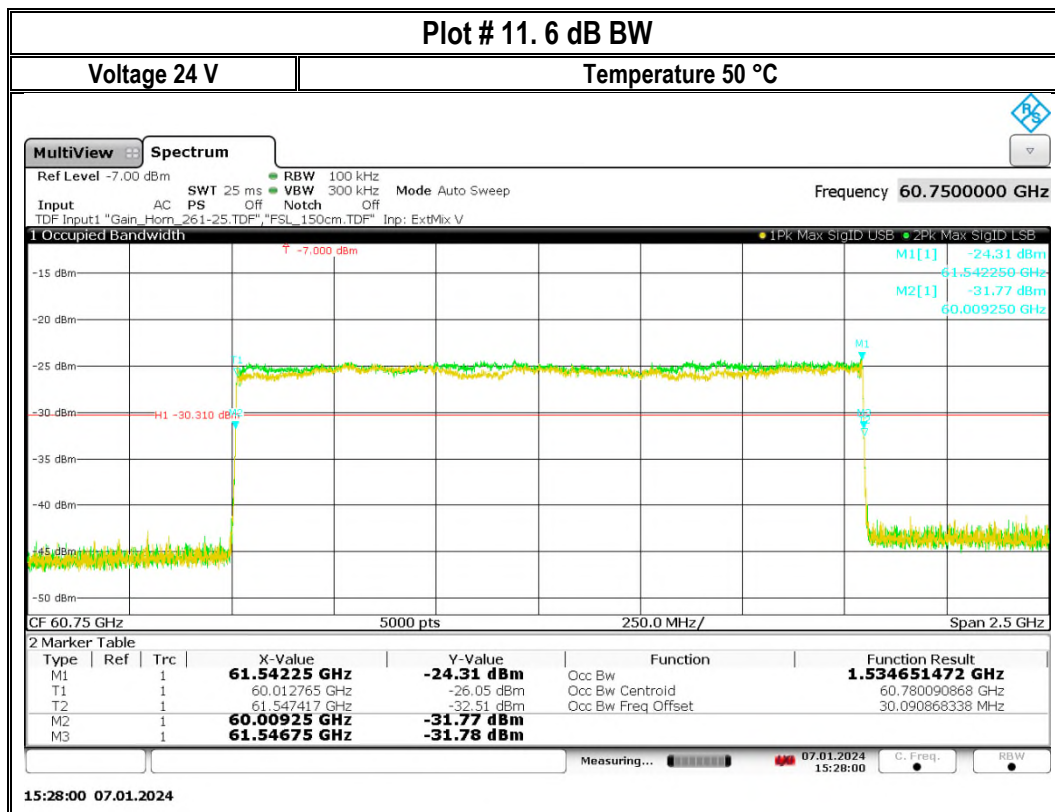












8.4 Transmitter Spurious Emissions and Restricted Bands

8.4.1 Measurement according to ANSI C63.10

Analyzer Settings:

- Frequency = 9 KHz – 30 MHz
- RBW = 9 KHz
- Detector = Peak
- Frequency = 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak / Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 KHz (<1 GHz)
- Frequency > 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak / Power Average
- RBW = 1 MHz
- Radiated spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequencies, transmit power, and data rate for the lowest, middle and highest channel in each frequency band of operation and for the highest gain antenna for each antenna type, and using the appropriate parameters and test requirements.
- The highest (or worst-case) emission level shall be recorded for each measurement.
- For testing frequencies below 30 MHz at distance other than the specified in the standard, the limit conversion is calculated by using the FCC materials for the ANSI 63 committee issued on January, 27 1991.
- For testing frequencies above 40 GHz external harmonic mixers are applied to down-convert the signal for the spectrum analyzer. The lack of tracking preselector for the external mixer can result in image frequencies, which requires confirmation. The spectrum analyzer applies the signal ID function to identify the image frequencies.

Measuring distance:

All measurements in the frequency range 40-200 GHz are done in far-field of the measurement antenna. The far-field boundary $d_{far-field}$ is

$$d_{far-field} = D^2 / \lambda$$

Where

D is the max. dimension size of the transmitting antenna
 λ is the wavelength of the measured emission.

The following table illustrates the far-field boundary for the setup of each test frequency range:

Frequency range	Min. Wavelength	Max. dimension size of the transmitting ant.	Far-field boundary
GHz	m	m	m
40-60	0.0050	0.01	0.04
50-75	0.0040	0.01	0.05
60-90	0.0033	0.01	0.06
90-140	0.0021	0.01	0.09

140-200	0.0015	0.01	0.13
---------	--------	------	------

In order to conduct measurements in the far-field and acquire adequate dynamic, the measurement antenna is set at 1 m to the EUT for test frequencies above 40 GHz.

8.4.2 Limits: FCC 15.255(d) / 15.209(a)

Restricted bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

- Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).
- PEAK LIMIT = 74 dBμV/m
- AVG. LIMIT = 54 dBμV/m
- Except as shown in CFR 47 Part 15.205 paragraph (d), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

Between 40 GHz and 200 GHz, the level of these emissions shall not exceed 90 pW/cm² at a distance of 3 meters, as defined in §15.255(d), which is equivalent to -9.92 dBm EIRP. The limit conversion is according to ANSI C63.10 formula (25):

$$PD = \frac{EIRP_{Linear}}{4\pi d^2}$$

Where

PD is the power density at the distance specified by the limit, in W/m²
 $EIRP_{Linear}$ is the equivalent isotropic radiated power, in watts
 D is the distance at which the power density limit is specified, in m

8.4.3 Test conditions and setup:

Ambient Temperature	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power Input
20 °C	1	1 & 2	nominal

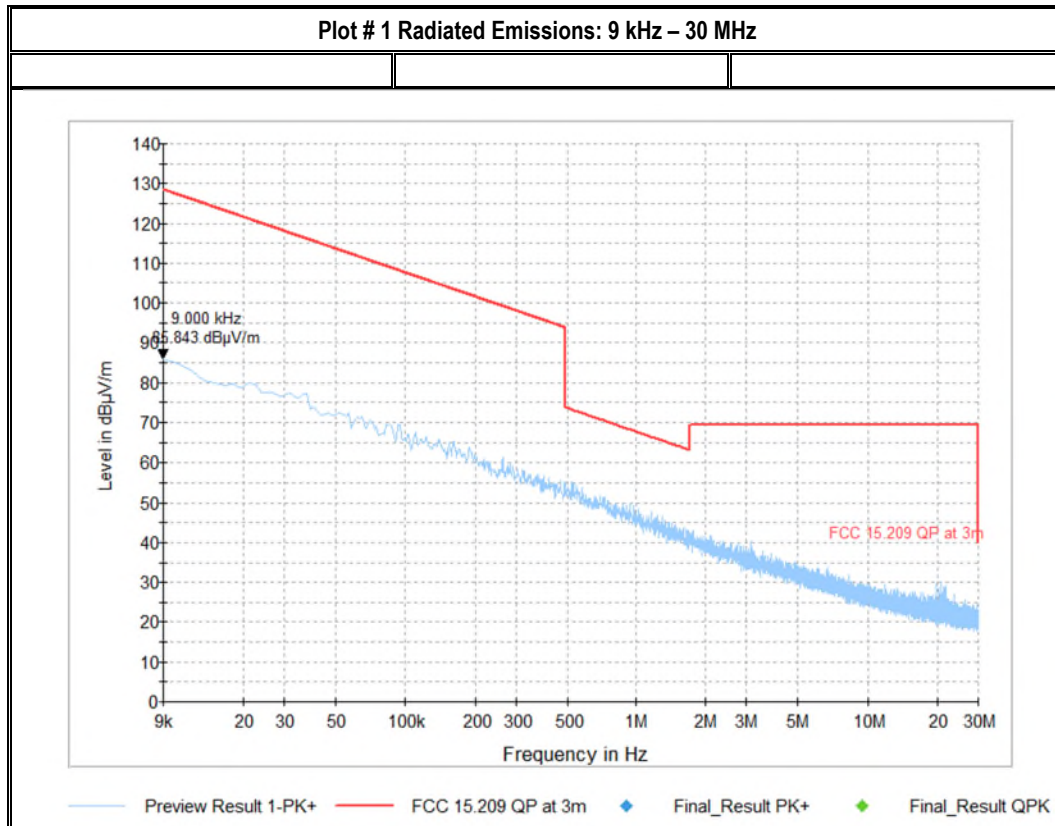
8.4.4 Measurement result:

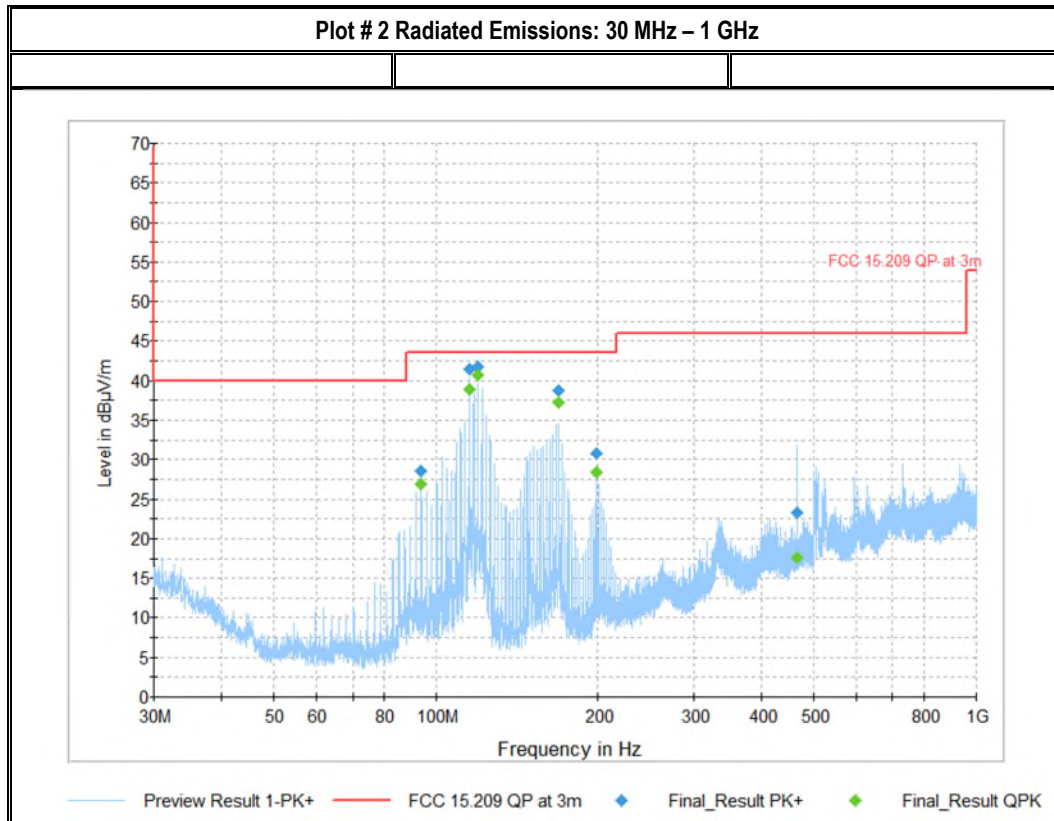
Plot #	Operation mode	Frequency	Scan Frequency	Limit	Result
1-14	1 (FMCW)	Full bandwidth	9 kHz – 40 GHz	See section 8.4.2	Complies

Plot #	Operation mode	Frequency	Scan Frequency	Limit	Result
15-17 24-26 31-32 35 38	2 (CW)	Low	40 GHz - 200 GHz	See section 8.4.2	Complies
18-20 27-28 33 36 39	2 (CW)	Mid	40 GHz - 200 GHz	See section 8.4.2	Complies
21-23 29-30 34 37 40	2 (CW)	High	40 GHz - 200 GHz	See section 8.4.2	Complies

8.4.5 Measurement Plots:

The worst case EUT position is determined by comparing fundamental emission level before the test. The tests are carried out at worst case position, which is standing position.

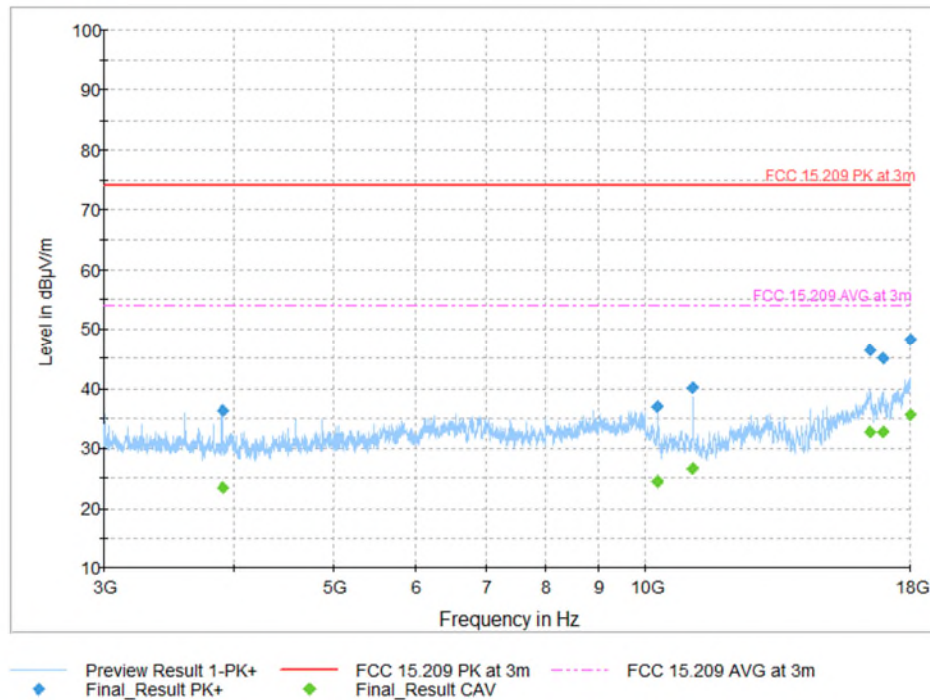




Final_Result

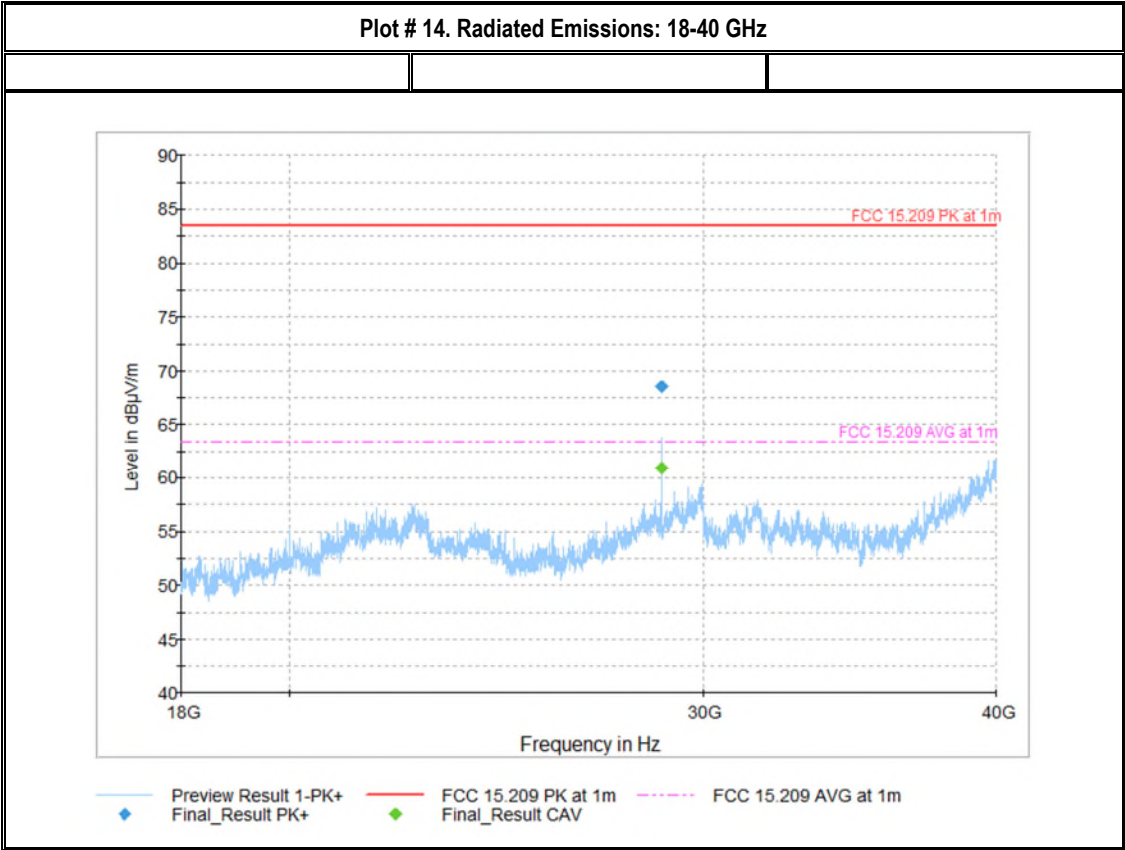
Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (Hz)	Height (dBμV/m)	Pol	Azimuth (°)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
93.697	---	26.950	---	---	500.0	120.000	115.0	V	174.0	-19.8	
93.697	28.588	---	43.50	14.91	500.0	120.000	115.0	V	174.0	-19.8	
114.972	41.520	---	43.50	1.98	500.0	120.000	102.0	V	182.0	-19.0	
114.972	---	38.904	---	---	500.0	120.000	102.0	V	182.0	-19.0	
119.272	41.777	---	43.50	1.72	500.0	120.000	102.0	V	128.0	-19.3	
119.272	---	40.682	---	---	500.0	120.000	102.0	V	128.0	-19.3	
168.257	---	37.242	---	---	500.0	120.000	102.0	V	202.0	-17.4	
168.257	38.784	---	43.50	4.72	500.0	120.000	102.0	V	202.0	-17.4	
198.069	---	28.438	---	---	500.0	120.000	102.0	V	309.0	-16.2	
198.069	30.857	---	43.50	12.64	500.0	120.000	102.0	V	309.0	-16.2	
467.341	---	17.503	---	---	500.0	120.000	117.0	V	290.0	-8.8	
467.341	23.294	---	46.02	22.73	500.0	120.000	117.0	V	290.0	-8.8	

Plot # 13. Radiated Emissions: 3-18 GHz



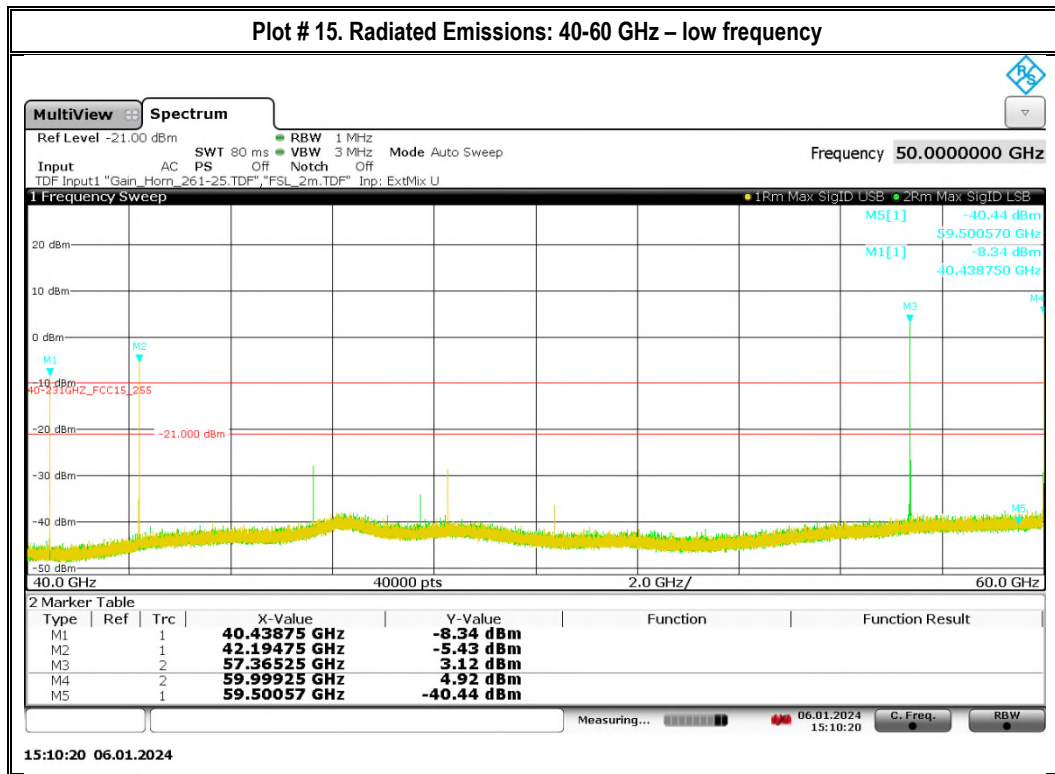
Final_Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azi mut	Corr .
3913.880	---	23.45	53.98	30.53	500.0	1000.000	125.0	H	128.0	-6.5
3913.880	36.33	---	73.98	37.65	500.0	1000.000	125.0	H	128.0	-6.5
10260.491	---	24.38	53.98	29.60	500.0	1000.000	100.0	V	71.0	2.2
10260.491	36.99	---	73.98	36.98	500.0	1000.000	100.0	V	71.0	2.2
11105.364	---	26.55	53.98	27.42	500.0	1000.000	125.0	V	-71.0	2.5
11105.364	40.05	---	73.98	33.93	500.0	1000.000	125.0	V	-71.0	2.5
16481.109	46.52	---	73.98	27.46	500.0	1000.000	181.0	H	233.0	13.5
16481.109	---	32.79	53.98	21.19	500.0	1000.000	181.0	H	233.0	13.5
16927.218	45.10	---	73.98	28.88	500.0	1000.000	300.0	H	92.0	13.4
16927.218	---	32.74	53.98	21.24	500.0	1000.000	300.0	H	92.0	13.4
17996.273	---	35.67	53.98	18.31	500.0	1000.000	107.0	V	350.0	15.5
17996.273	48.31	---	73.98	25.67	500.0	1000.000	107.0	V	350.0	15.5

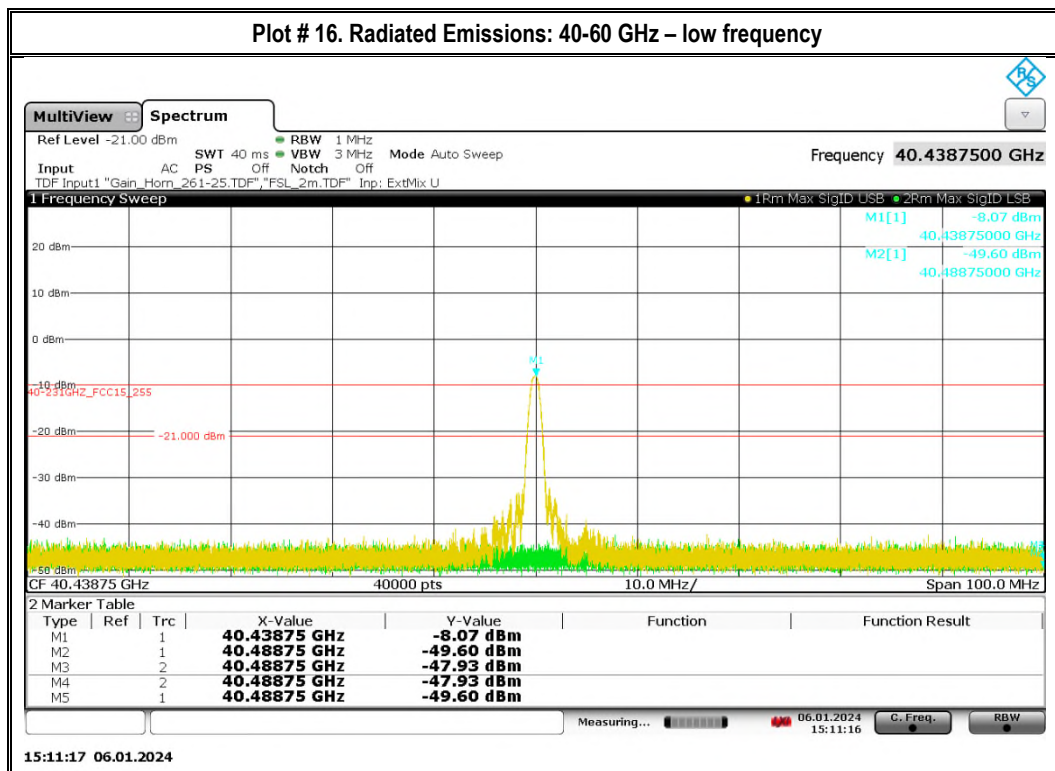


Final_Result

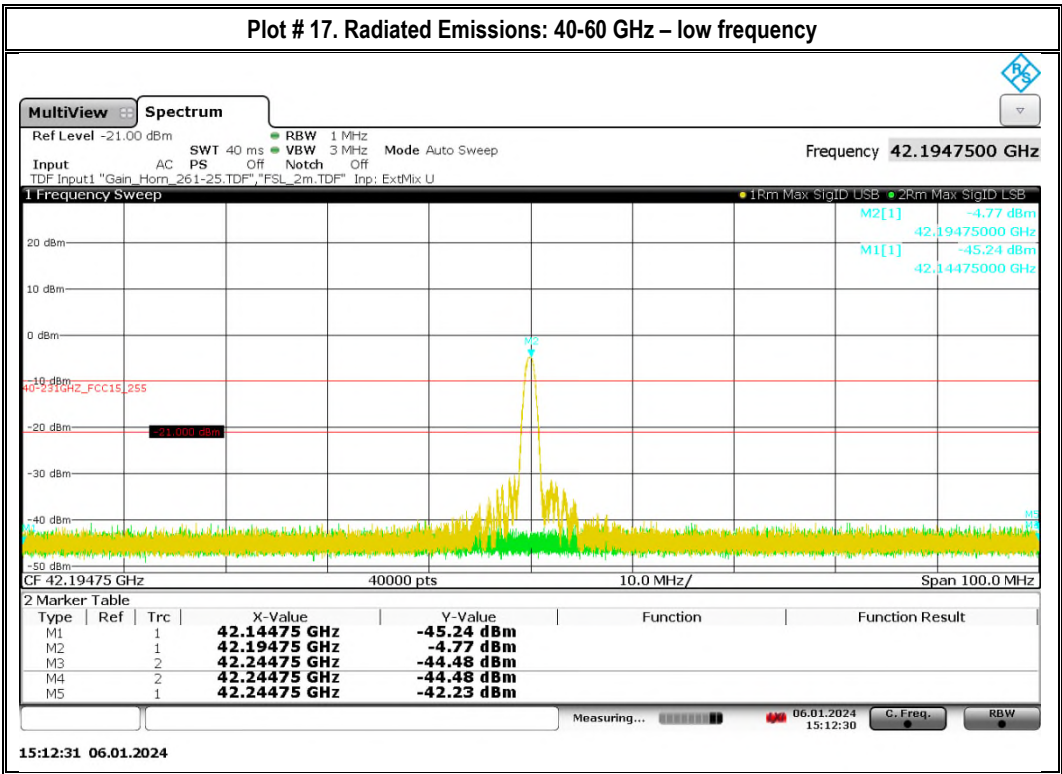
Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Sig Path (dB)	Preamp (dB)	Trd Corr. (dB/m)	Raw Rec (dBµV)
28800.000	---	60.97	63.50	2.53	500.0	1000.000	150.0	H	7.0	20.7	10.5	0.0	10.3	40.2
28800.000	68.53	---	83.50	14.97	500.0	1000.000	150.0	H	7.0	20.7	10.5	0.0	10.3	47.8



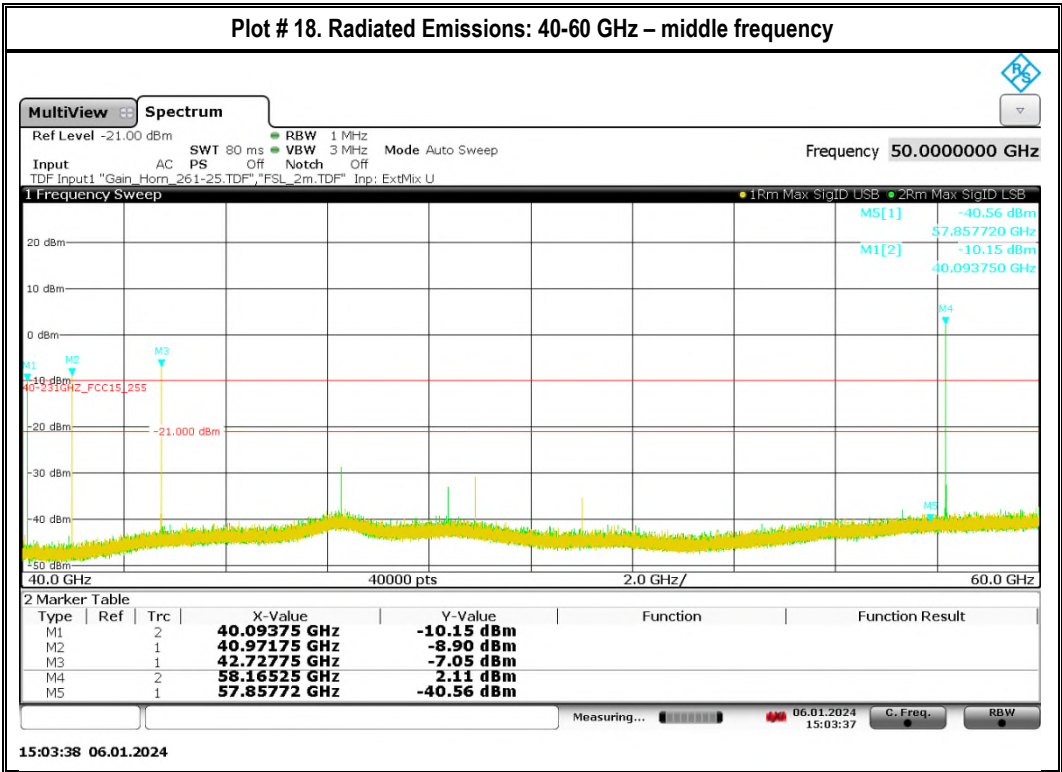
Note: The emission marked by M4 is the wanted emission, which is irrelevant to the limit. The emission marked by M3 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping. The emissions marked by M1 and M2 are investigated in the following plots.



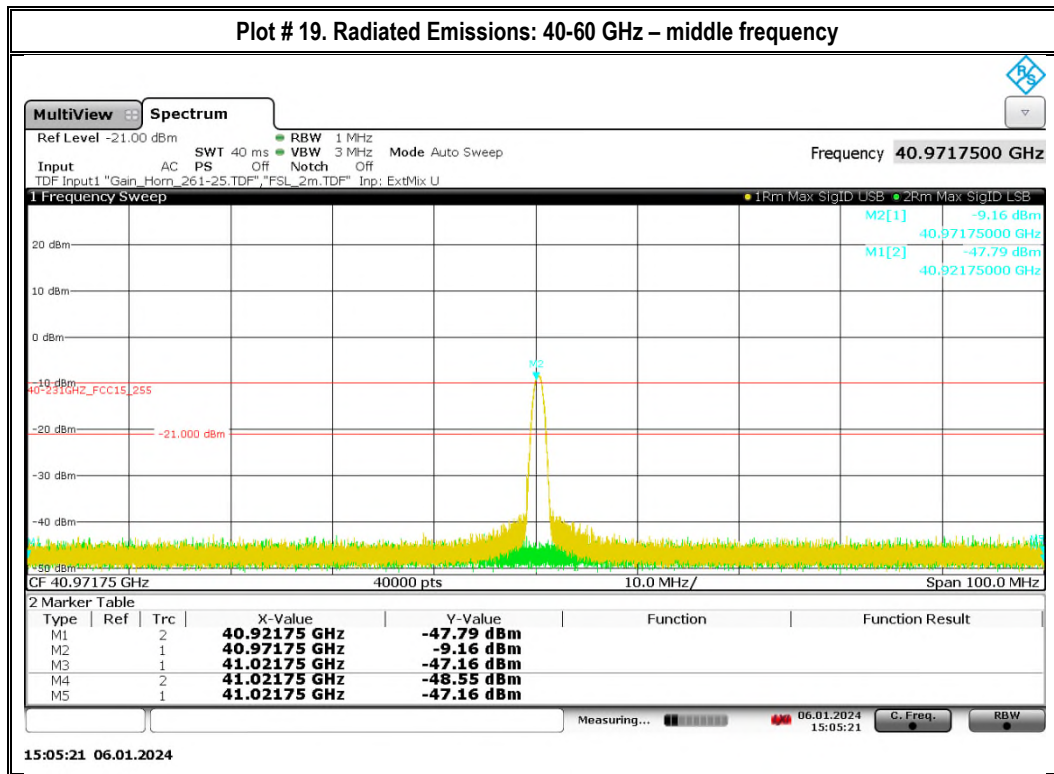
Note: The emission marked by M1 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



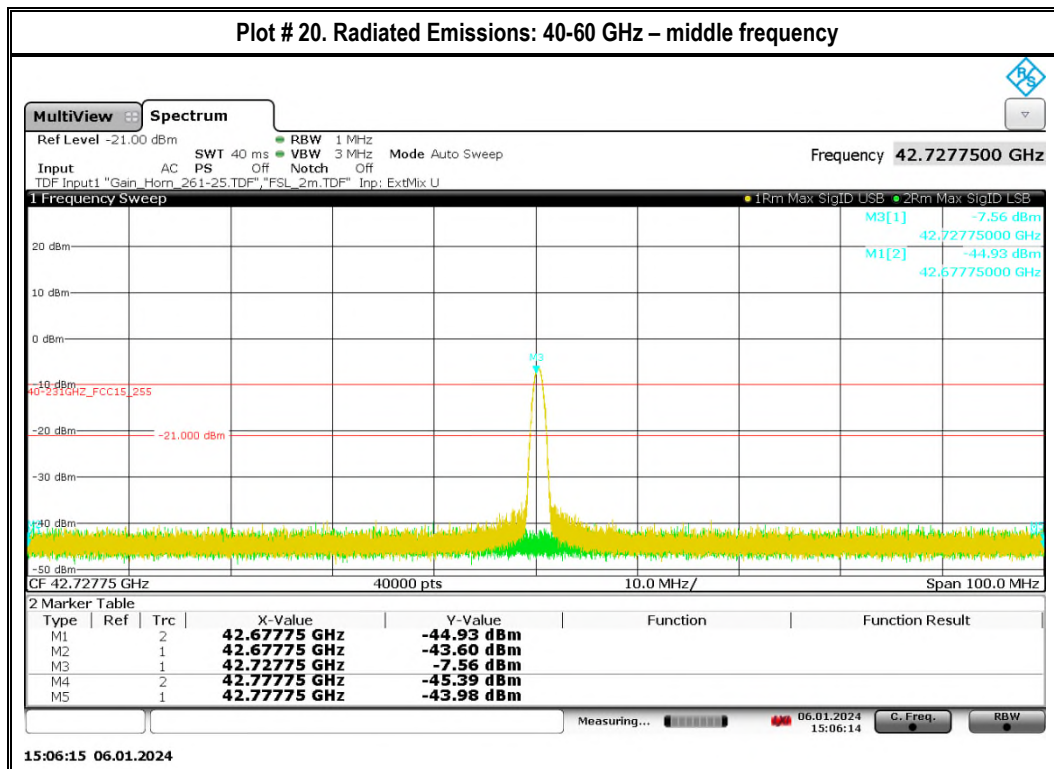
Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



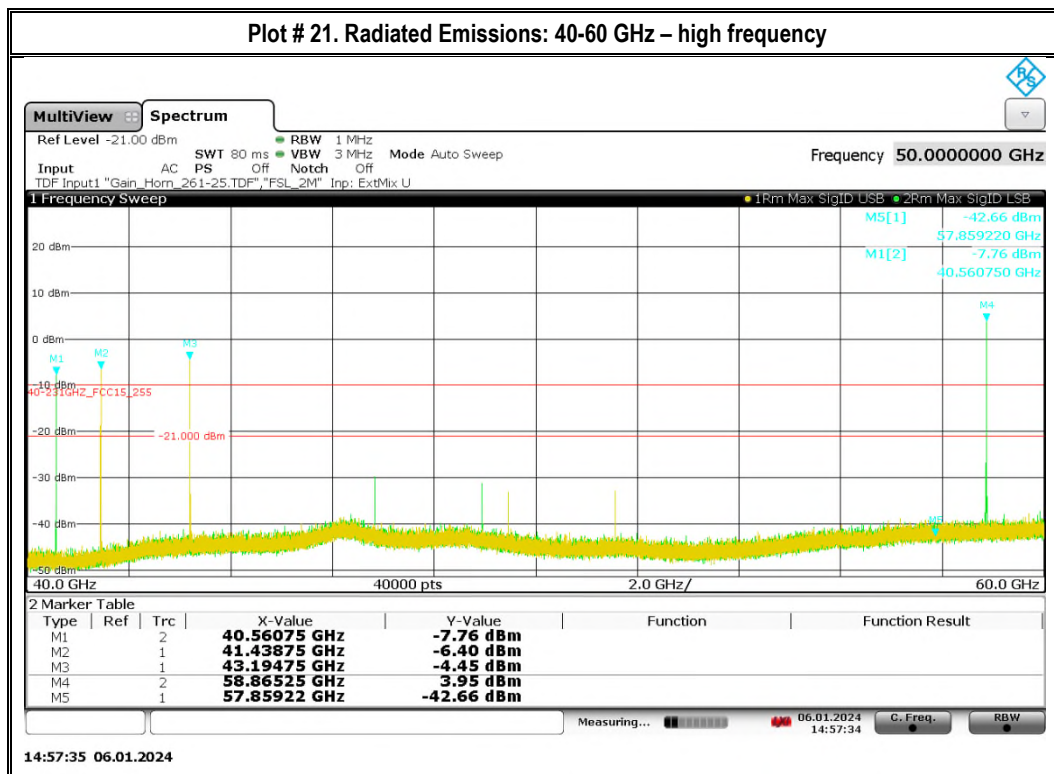
Note: The emission marked by M1 and M4 are not real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping. The emissions marked by M2 and M3 are investigated in the following plots.



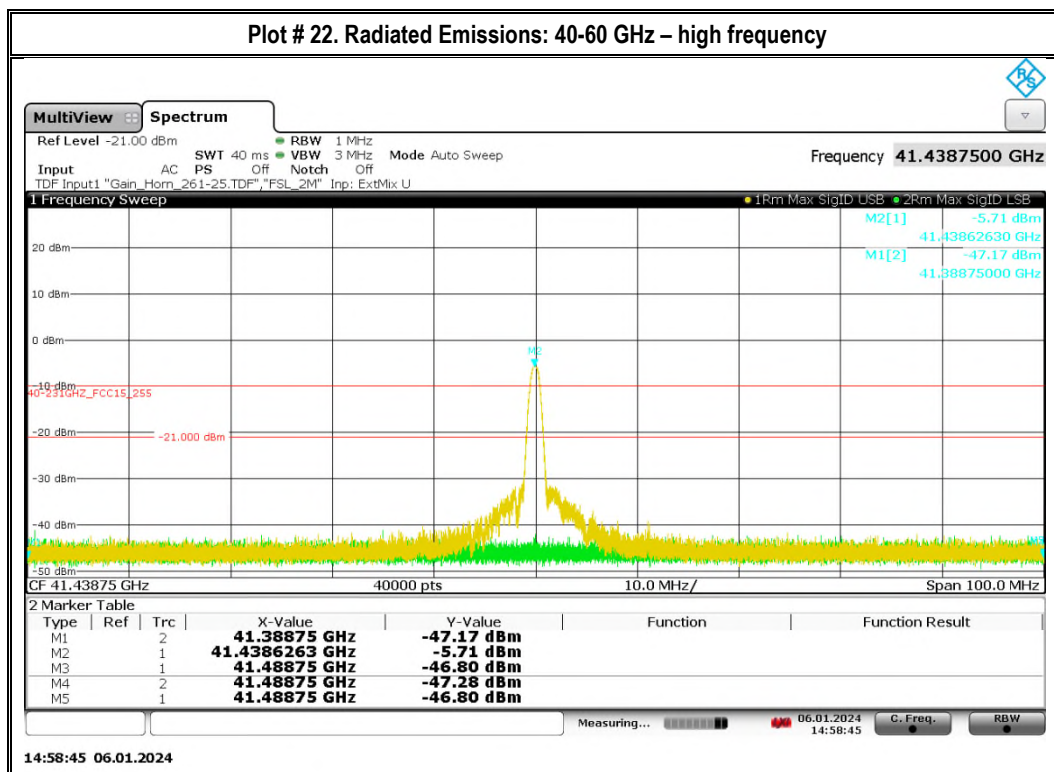
Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



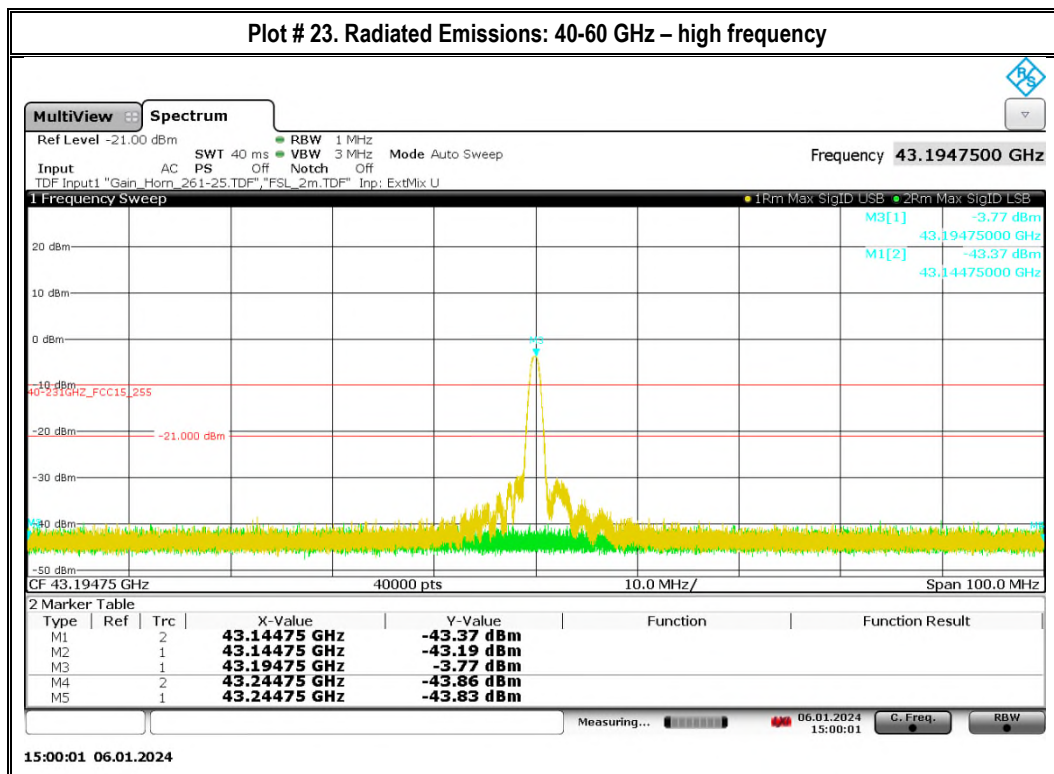
Note: The emission marked by M3 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



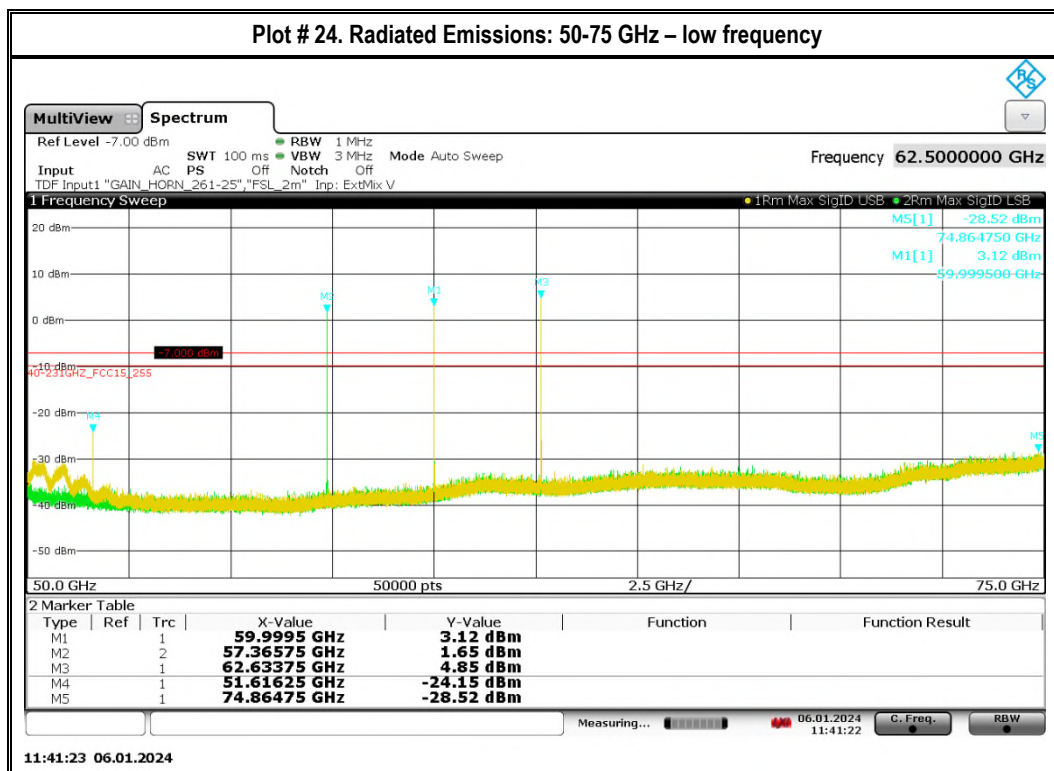
Note: The emission marked by M1 and M4 are not real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping. The emissions marked by M2 and M3 are investigated in the following plots.



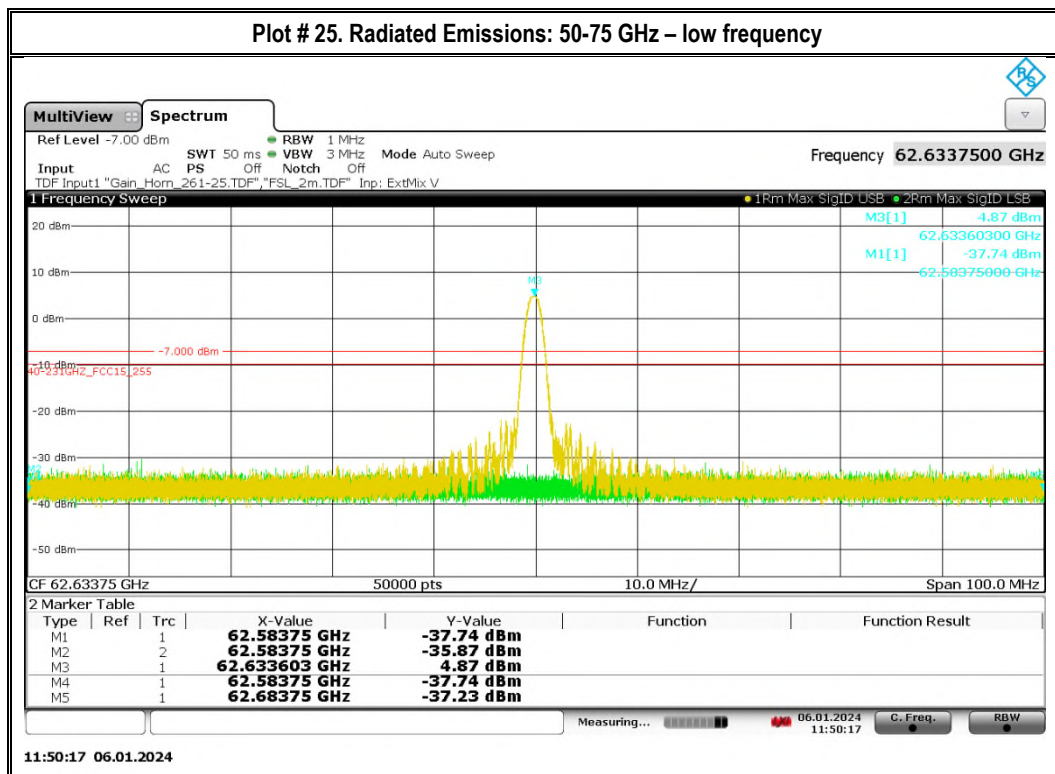
Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



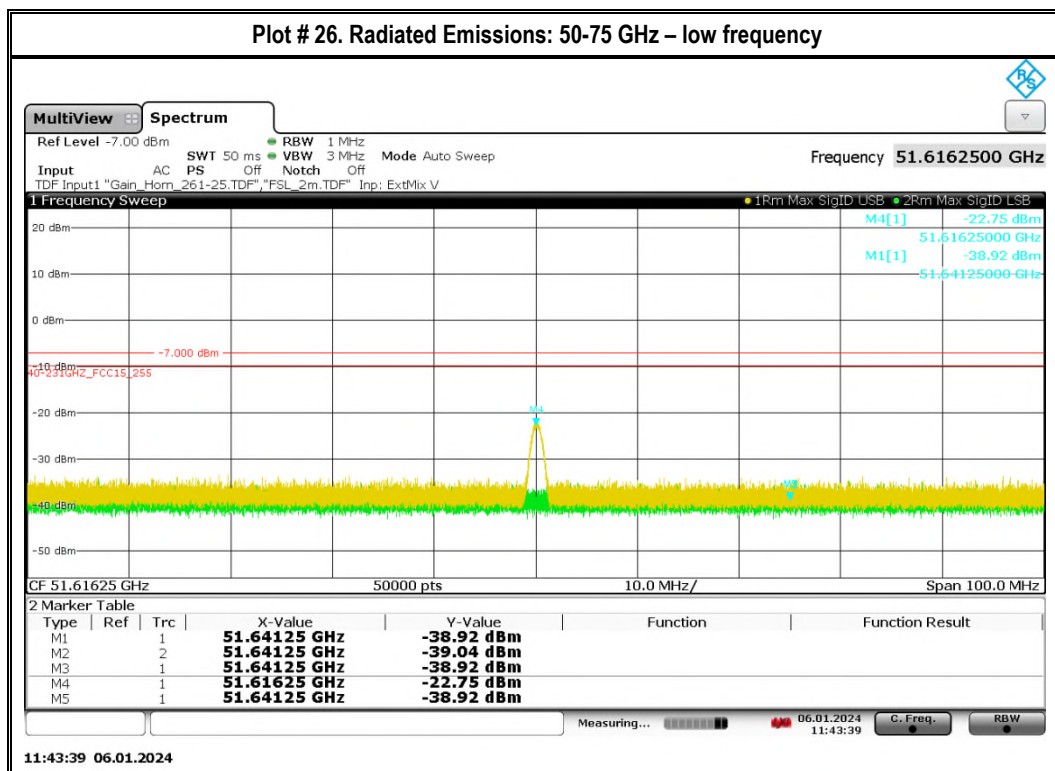
Note: The emission marked by M3 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



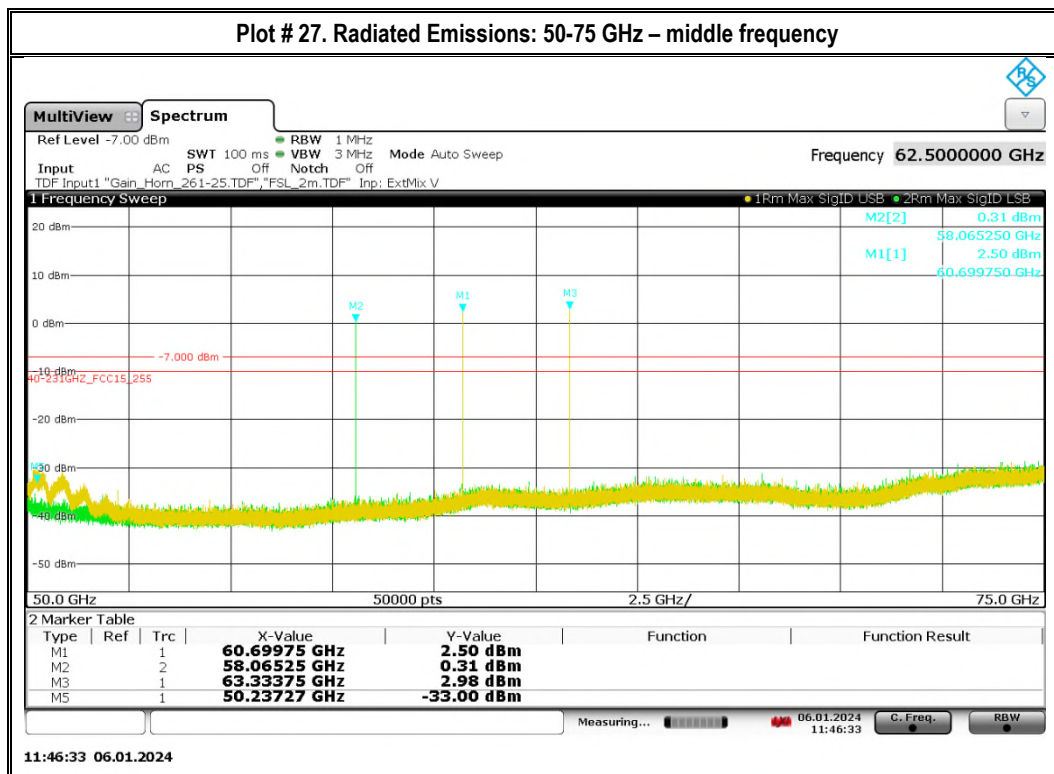
Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping. The emission marked by M1 is the wanted emission, which is irrelevant to the limit. The emissions marked by M3 and M4 are investigated in the following plots.



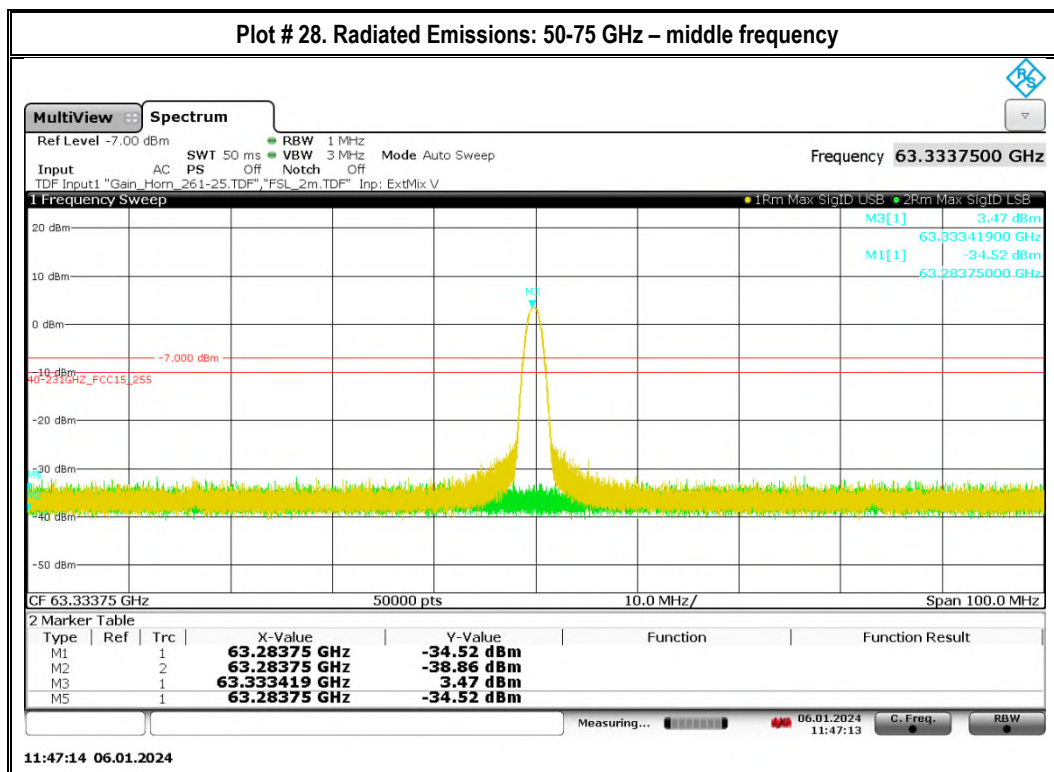
Note: The emission marked by M3 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



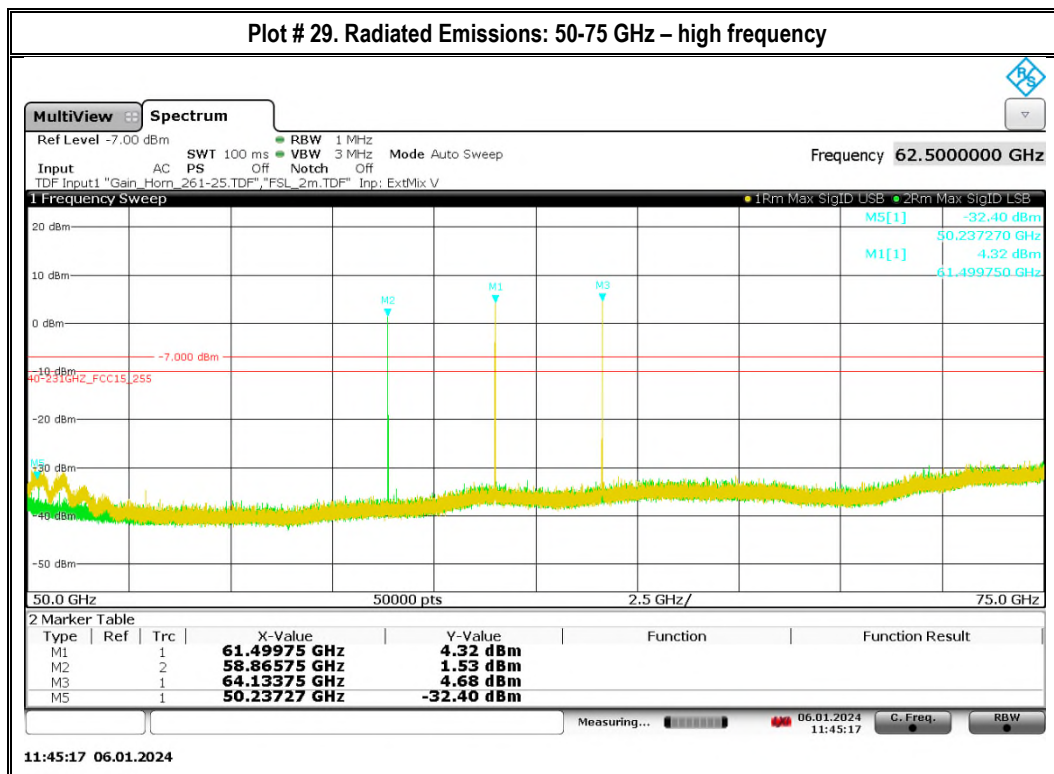
Note: The emission marked by M4 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



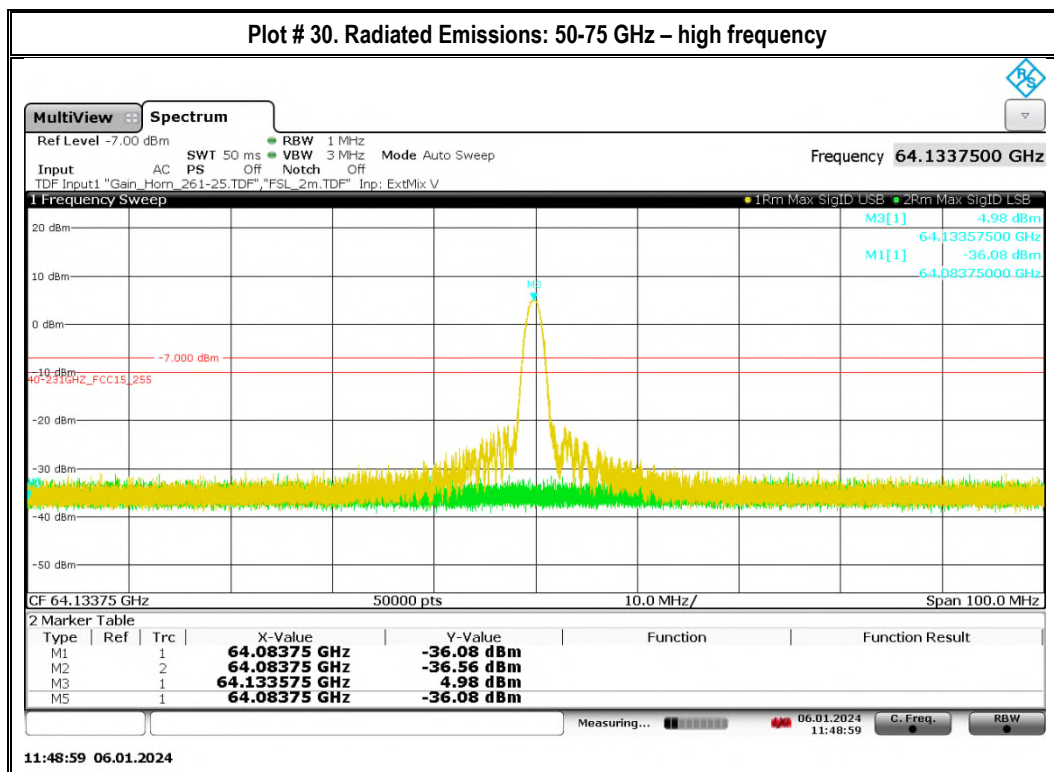
Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping. The emission marked by M1 is the wanted emission, which is irrelevant to the limit. The emissions marked by M3 is investigated in the following plot.



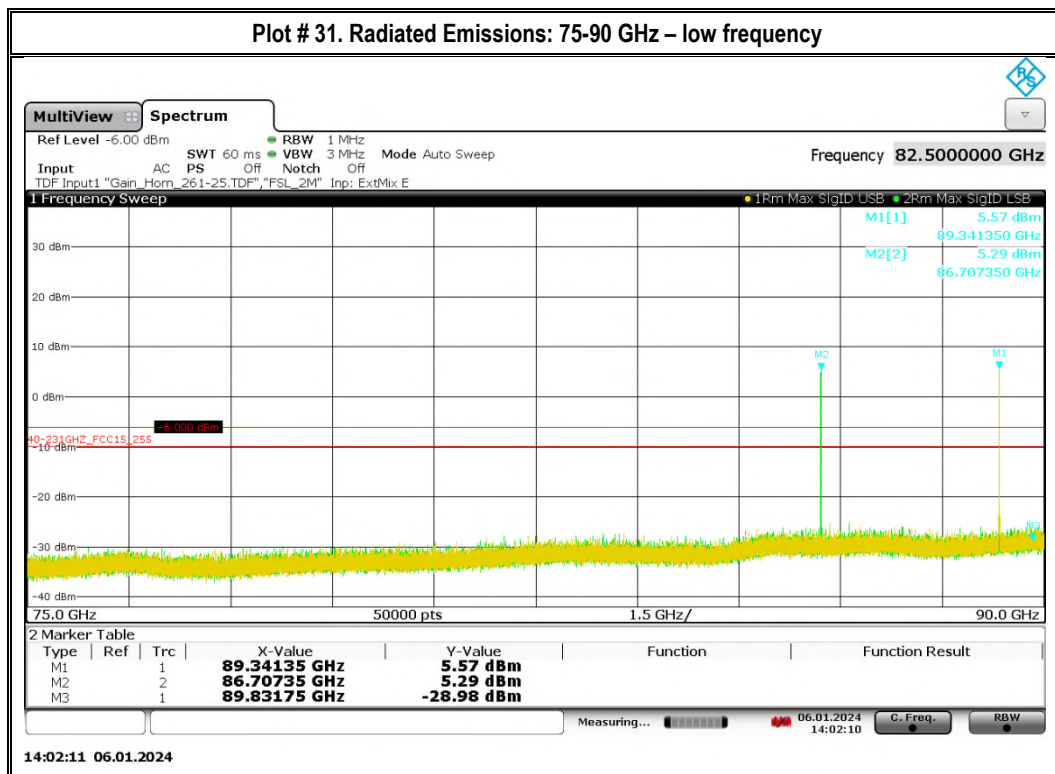
Note: The emission marked by M3 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



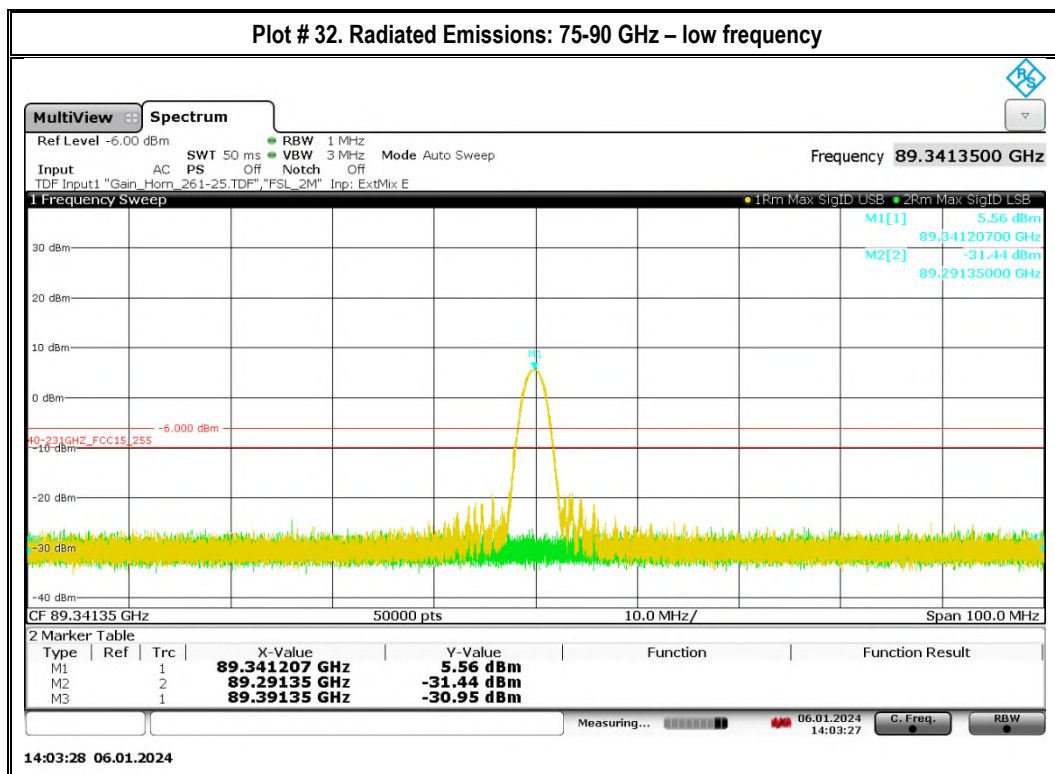
Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping. The emission marked by M1 is the wanted emission, which is irrelevant to the limit. The emissions marked by M3 is investigated in the following plot.



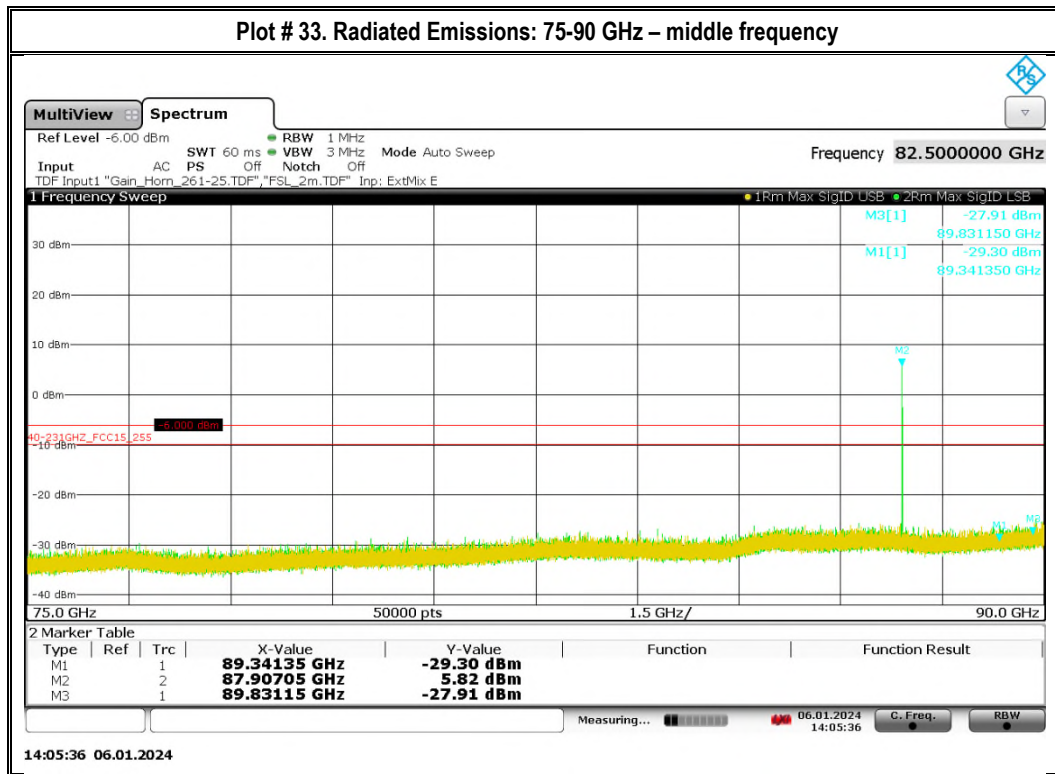
Note: The emission marked by M3 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



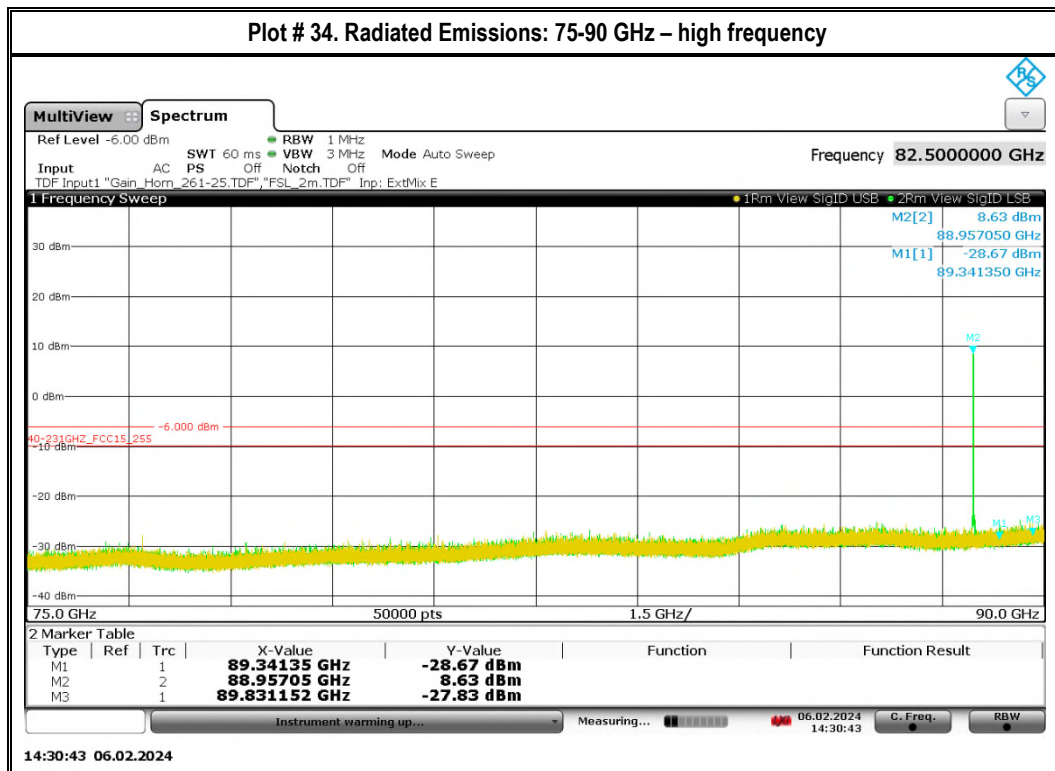
Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping. The emissions marked by M1 is investigated in the following plot.



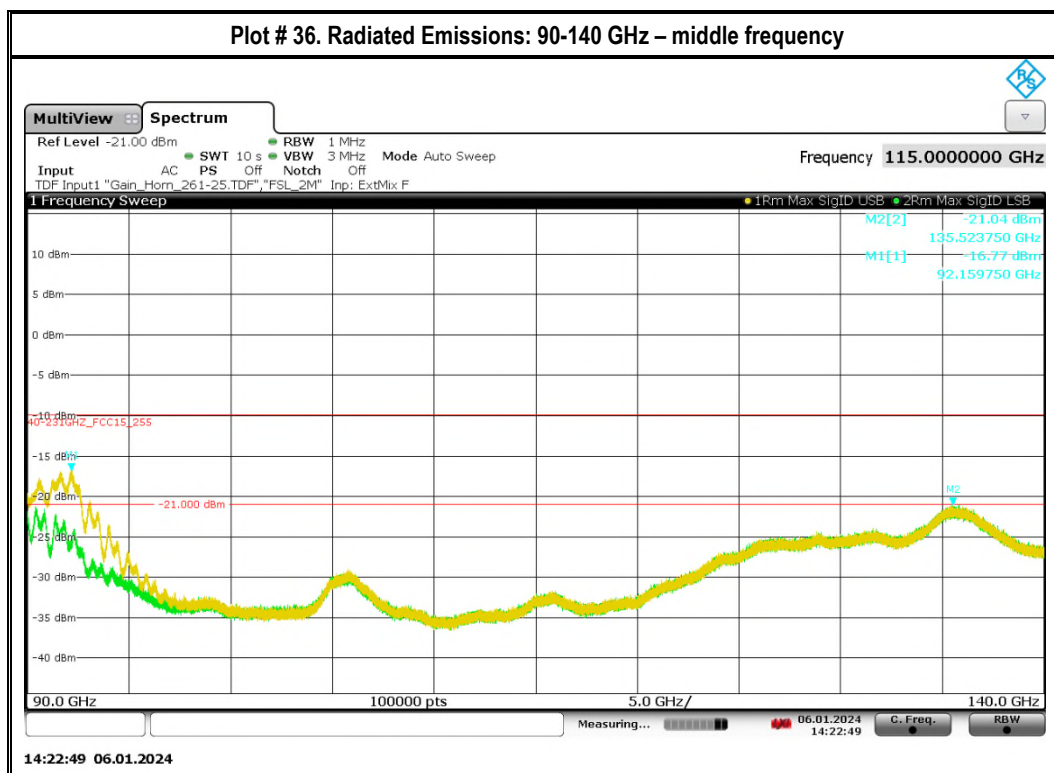
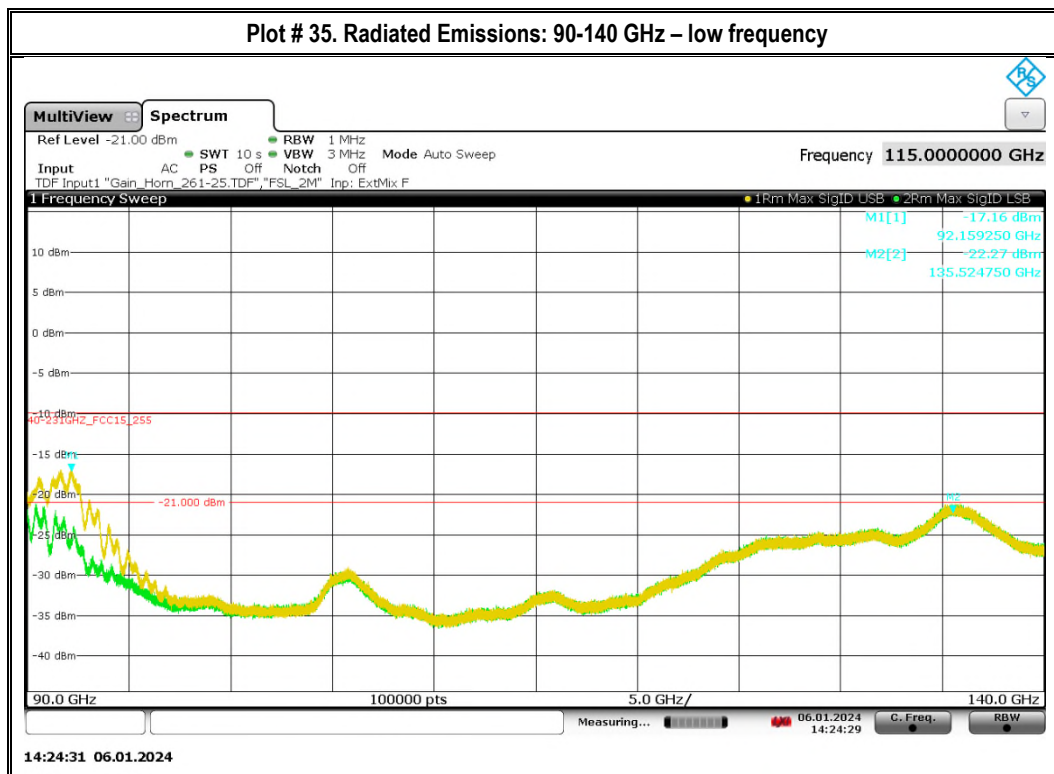
Note: The emission marked by M1 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.

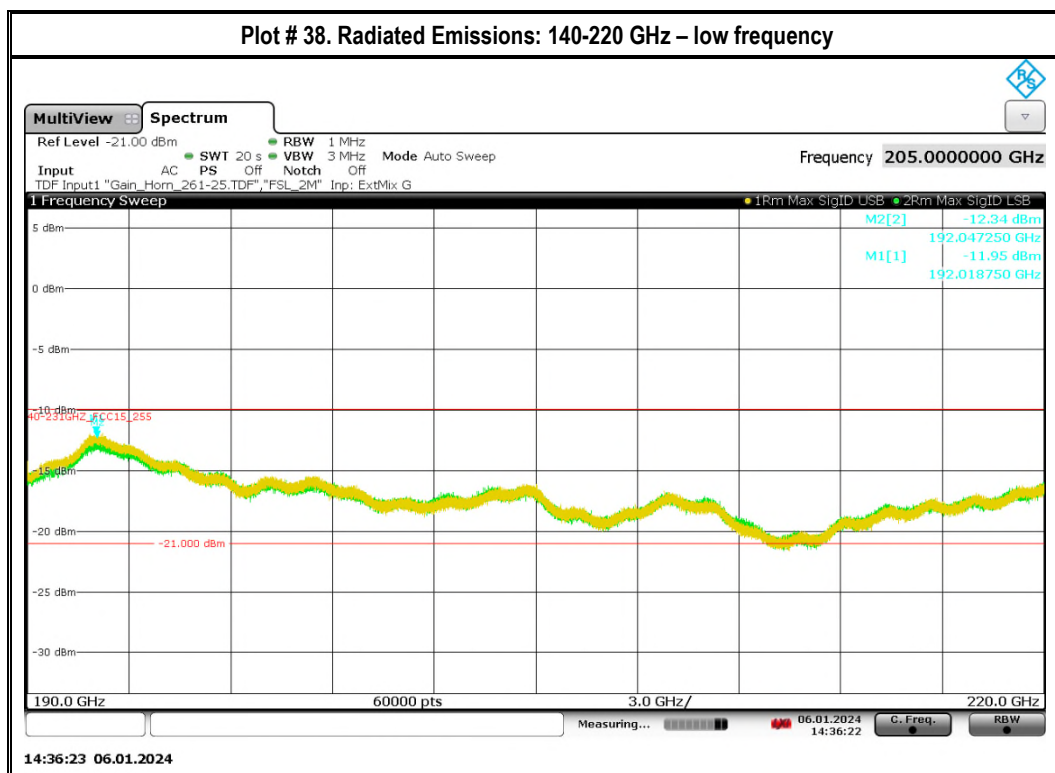
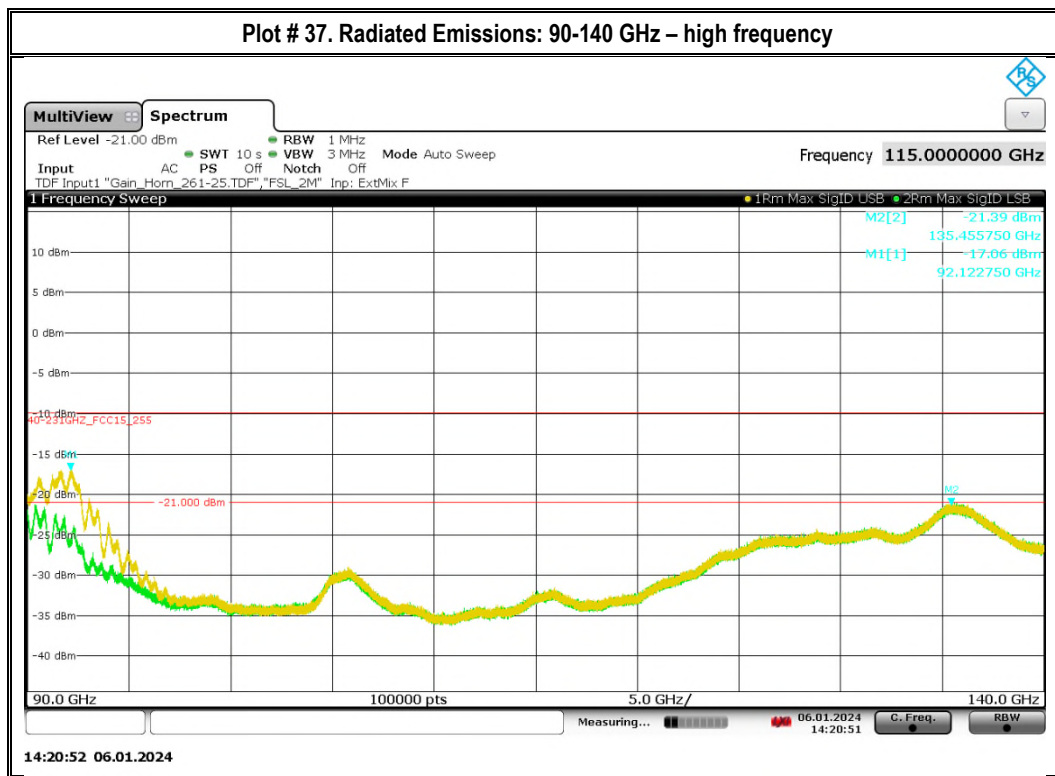


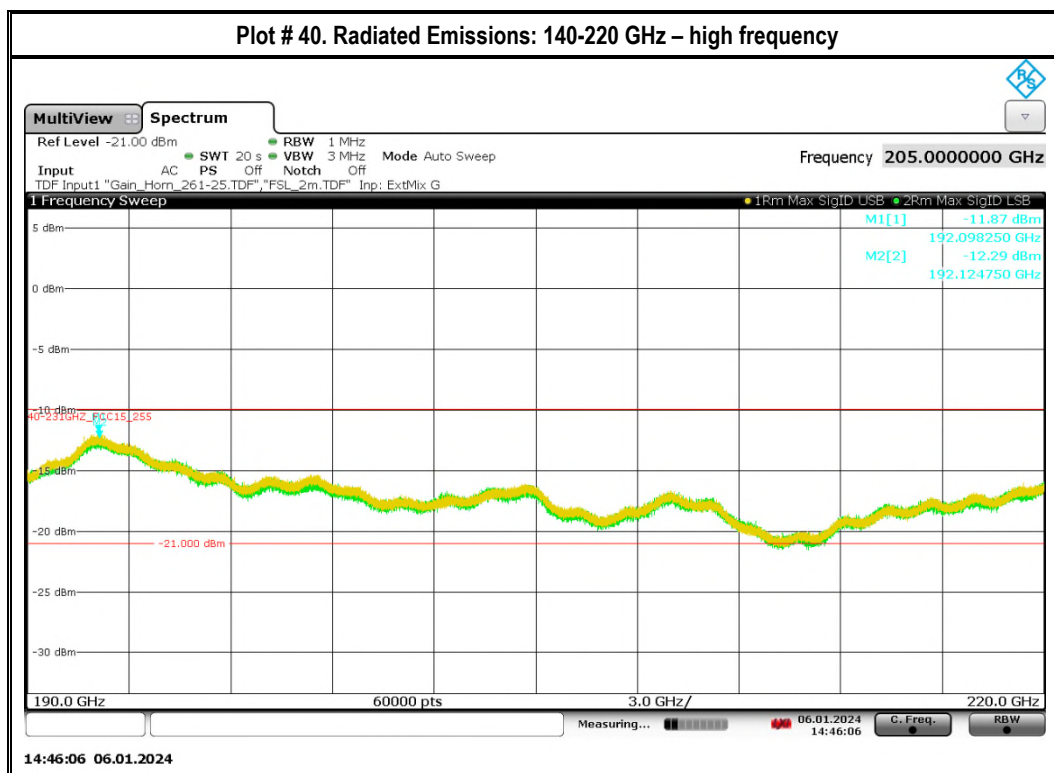
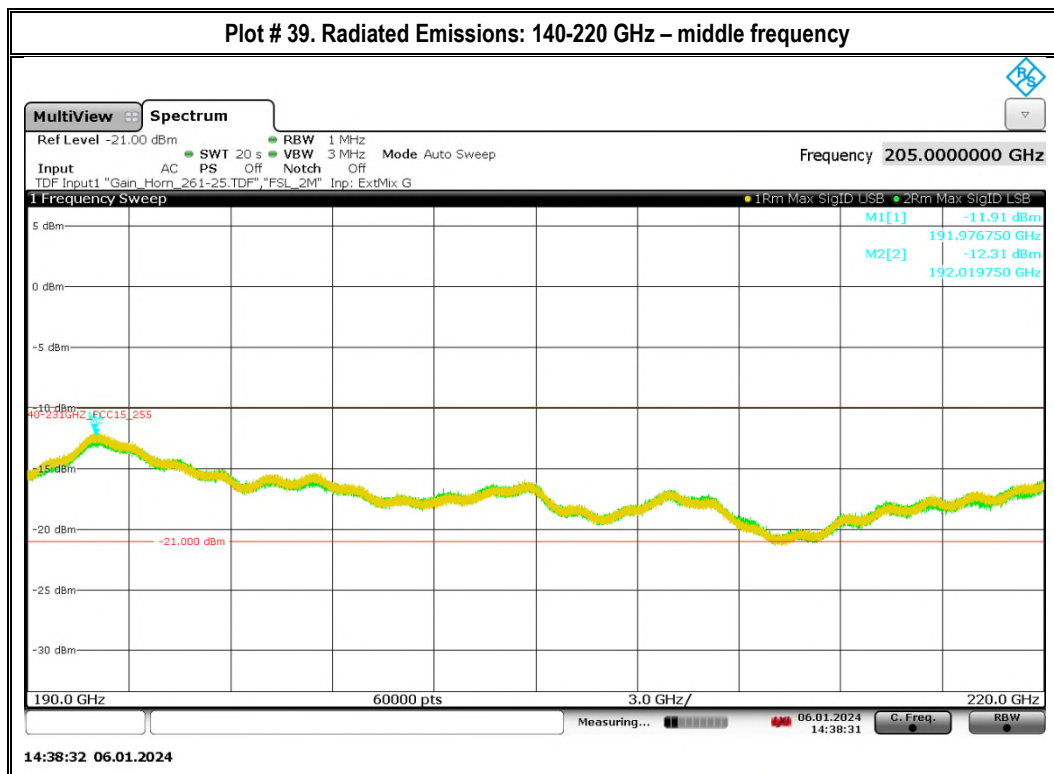
Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.



Note: The emission marked by M2 is not a real signal, because there is no USB and LSB trace overlapping.







8.5 AC Conducted Emissions

8.5.1 Measurement according to ANSI C63.4

Analyzer Settings:

- RBW = 9 KHz (CISPR Bandwidth)
- Pre-scan Detector = Peak / Average for
- Final Measurements Detector = Quasi-Peak / Average

8.5.2 Limits: FCC 15.207

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section of the CFR, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table (1), as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15–0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5–5	56	46
5–30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

8.5.3 Test conditions and setup:

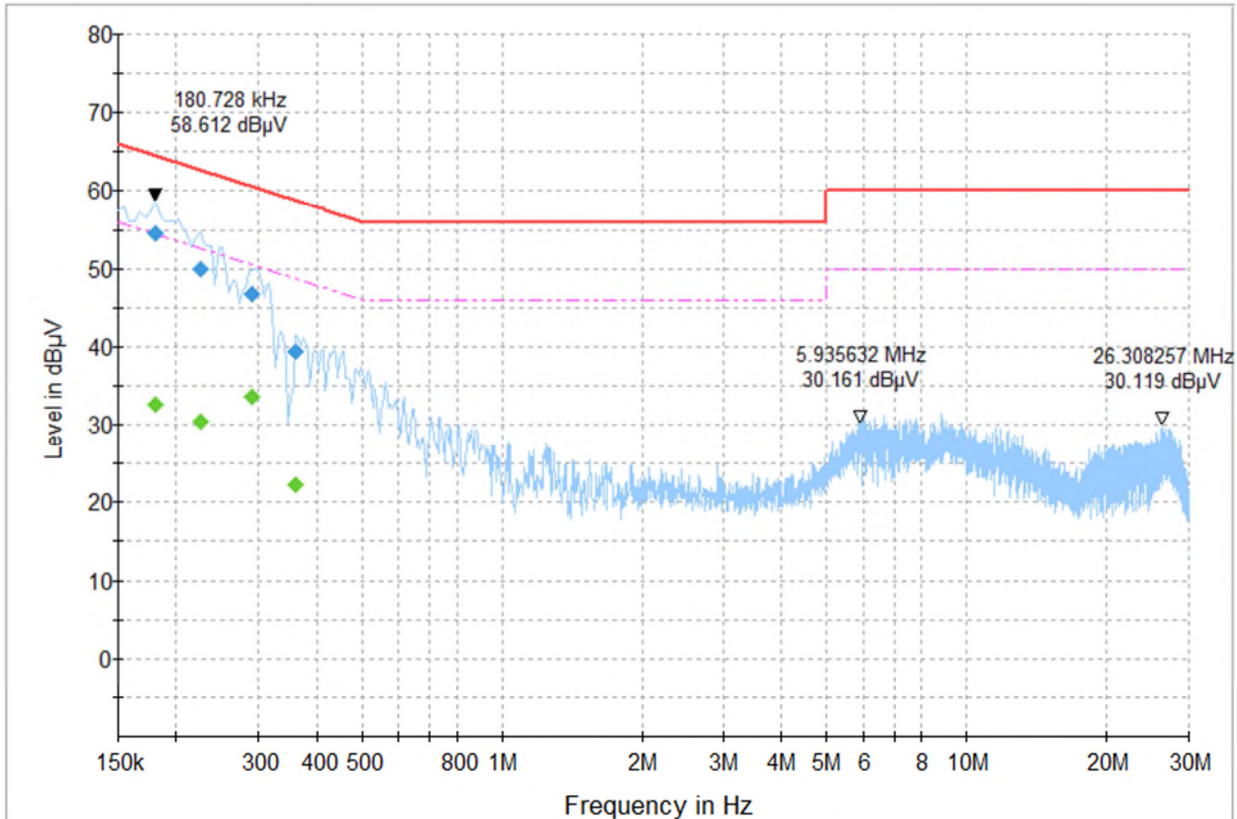
Ambient Temperature (°C)	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Power line (L1, L2, L3, N)	Power Input
20	1	1	Line & Neutral	110 V / 60 Hz

8.5.4 Measurement Result:

Plot #	Port	EUT Set-Up #	EUT operating mode	Scan Frequency	Limit	Result
1	AC Mains	1	1	150 kHz – 30 MHz	See section 8.5.2	Complies

8.5.5 Measurement Plots:

Plot # 1



Preview Result 1-PK+
Final_Result QPK

FCC 15.207 Voltage on Mains QP
Final_Result CAV

FCC 15.207 Voltage on Mains AV

Final_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	CAverage (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (h)	Line	PE	Corr. (dB)
0.181	---	32.572	54.45	21.88	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.3
0.181	54.426	---	64.45	10.03	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.3
0.225	---	30.330	52.65	22.32	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.2
0.225	49.985	---	62.65	12.66	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.2
0.290	---	33.642	50.51	16.87	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.1
0.290	46.672	---	60.51	13.84	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.1
0.361	---	22.221	48.71	26.49	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.0
0.361	39.393	---	58.71	19.32	500.0	9.000	N	GND	10.0

9 Test setup photos

Setup photos are included in supporting file name:
“EMC_BANNE-001-23001_FCC15.255_Rev1_Setup_Photos.pdf”

10 Test Equipment And Ancillaries Used For Testing

Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model	Serial #	Calibration Cycle	Last Calibration Date
Standard gain horn antenna 40-60 GHz	MI-WAVE	261U-25/383	2021	-	N/A
Standard gain horn antenna 60-90 GHz	MI-WAVE	261E-25/387	2021	-	N/A
Standard gain horn antenna 90-140 GHz	MI-WAVE	261F-25/387	2021	-	N/A
Standard gain horn antenna 140-220 GHz	MI-WAVE	261G-25/387	-	-	N/A
External Mixer 40-60 GHz	R&S	FS-Z60	101025	3 Years	2/01/2022*
External Mixer 50-75 GHz	R&S	FS-Z75	102261	3 Years	2/01/2022*
External Mixer 60-90 GHz	R&S	FS-Z90	102088	3 Years	02/01/2022*
External Mixer 90-140 GHz	R&S	FS-Z140	101145	3 Years	2/01/2022*
External Mixer 140-220 GHz	R&S	FS-Z220	101037	3 Years	2/01/2022*
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESW 44	101715	3 Years	10/24/2023
V Band Amplitude Detector	ERAVANT	SFD-503753-15SF-P1	18541-02	-	N/A
Standard gain horn antenna 49.9-75.8 GHz	FLANN MICROWAVE	25240-20	273463	-	N/A
Oscilloscope	R&S	RTO 1014	1316.1000K14-300087-rf	2 Years	09/27/2023
Signal Generator	R&S	SMF 100A	105358	2 Year	09/27/2023
Frequency Multiplier	MI-WAVE	936EF-10/387	192	-	N/A
Level Setting Attenuator WR-12	ERAVANT	STA-30-12-M2	04778-01	-	N/A
Thermal Power Sensor	R&S	NRP110T	1424.6215K02-101295-xJ	3 years	11/25/2022
BILOG ANTENNA	A.H. SYSTEMS	BiLA2G	569	3 YEARS	10/30/2023
HORN ANTENNA	EMCO	3115	00035111	3 YEARS	10/26/2023
HORN ANTENNA	ETS LINDGREN	3117-PA	00167061	3 YEARS	9/25/2023
HORN ANTENNA	ETS LINDGREN	3116C-PA	00166821	3 YEARS	10/26/2023
ESW.EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESW44	101715	3 YEARS	10/24/2023
DIGITAL THRMOMETER	Control Company	4410.90080-03	230712972	3 YEARS	10/18/2023

Note: Equipment used meets the measurement uncertainty requirements as required per applicable standards for 95% confidence levels. Calibration due dates, unless defined specifically, falls on the last day of the month. Items indicated “N/A” for cal status either do not specifically require calibration or is internally characterized before use.

Note *: In service date

11 Revision History

Date	Report name	Changes to report	Prepared by
2024-02-12	EMC_BANNE-001-23001_FCC15.255	Initial version-	Guangcheng Huang
2024-02-15	EMC_BANNE-001-23001_FCC15.255_Rev1	Adding plots in sec.8.1 to support statement Updated reference in sec.8.1 on test procedure Updated measurement procedure reference in sec. 8.3	Guangcheng Huang
2024-02-20	EMC_BANNE-001-23001_FCC15.255_Rev2	Update reference in the chap.5 measurement results summary	Guangcheng Huang
2024-02-23	EMC_BANNE-001-23001_FCC15.255_Rev3	Updated Typo in FCC ID in Header, Page 1 and Page 5	Guangcheng Huang

<<< The End >>>