

Zigbee RS232

Serial Adapter



TinyBee™

 **Firmtech**

ABOUT FZ100BS

Zigbee 2006 Support

RS232 Interface

4dBi Dipole Antenna Provided

AT Command provided

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FCC Information to User

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Caution

Modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC Compliance Information : This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

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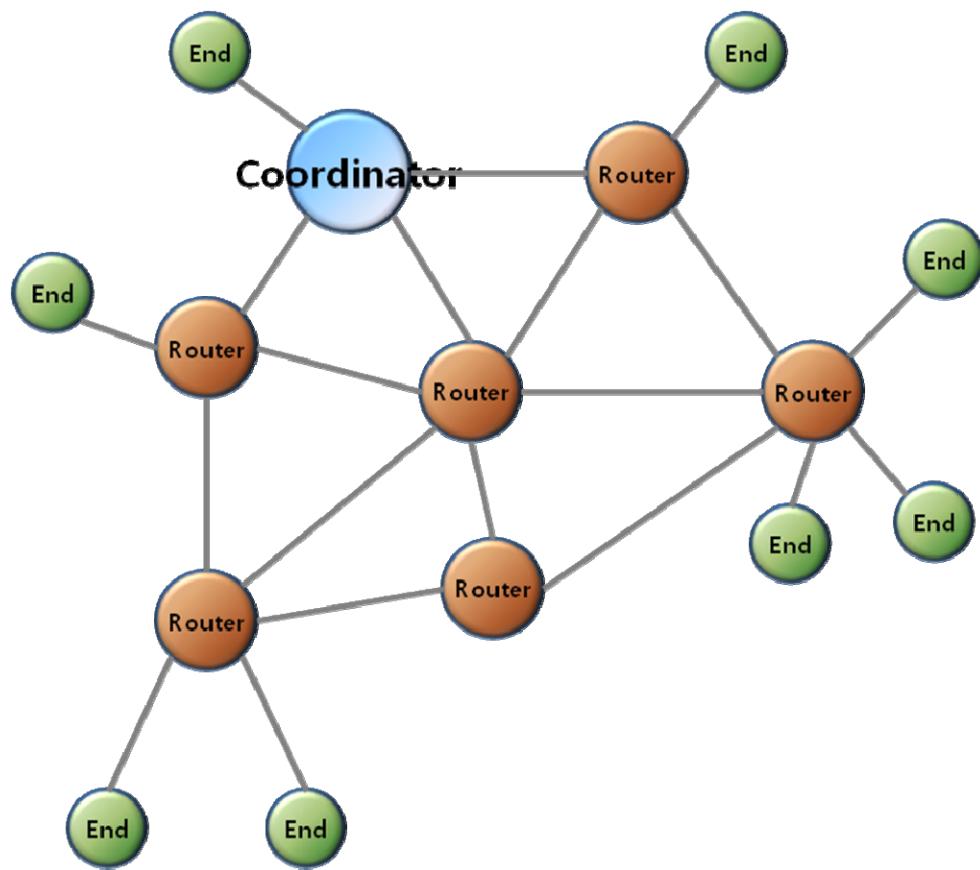
Fax : 82-31-719-4834

What is zigbee?

1. Features of Zigbee

- 1) Objectives of Zigbee : To realize Personal Wireless Communication for short distance and slow speed with Low Power consumption and Low Cost, which is based on IEEE 802.15.4 Standard.
- 2) Frequency in Use : To use ISM(Industrial, Scientific, Medical) Band which does not require any permission to use.
 - 2.400 ~ 2.4835 GHz: 15 channels (No.11 ~25 channel)
- 3) Transmission Rate
 - 2.400 ~ 2.4835 GHz: 250Kbps
- 4) Tx Power and working distance
 - 1mW (0dBm) Inside: 30m, Outside: 100m
 - Over 100m with 1mW
 - Tx Power is subject to change depending on manufacturers.
- 5) Configuration
 - Zigbee device is configured of Coordinator, Router and End Device.
 - Coordinator configures Network
 - Router expands Network
 - End device participates in Network
 - With 64bit address, can configure a maximum of 65536 Networks connected
- 6) Reliability
 - Supports Network level and Device level using Authentication–Network Key and Link Key.
 - Supports encrypted packet transmission using 128bit AES Encryption.
 - Guarantees data reliability on the application layer using ACK option in APS Packet
 - Guarantees data reliability on the physical layer using ACK option in MAC Packet.

2. Zigbee operation



< Zigbee Mesh network configuration >

- 1) Coordinator configures the Zigbee Network.
Coordinator communicates with Router and End Device.
- 2) Router expands Network by connecting Coordinator or other Routers.
- 3) End Device participates in Zigbee network and communicates with Router or Coordinator.

Products overview

FZ100BS can configure Zigbee network with low power consumption and low capacity by using Zigbee stack.

< Major features of FZ100BS >

1. Zigbee 2006 support
2. Mesh network support
3. Easy to input Serial data with DSUB-9 Connector.
4. Supports AT command, and control Devices by using the AT command.
5. Can check whether data is successfully transmitted or not by using ACK option.
6. By using Retry Option, can obtain new Zigbee Network Routes so that data re-transmission is possible even if finding the communication route is failed for the first time.
7. Use 2.400 ~ 2.475 GHz(ISM Band) 15 channels (No.11 ~25 channel)
11 (0x0B): 2405MHZ, 12 (0x0C): 2410MHZ, 13 (0x0D): 2415MHZ,
14 (0x0E): 2420MHZ, 15 (0x0F): 2425MHZ, 16 (0x10): 2430MHZ,
17 (0x11): 2435MHZ, 18 (0x12): 2440MHZ, 19 (0x13): 2445MHZ,
20 (0x14): 2450MHZ, 21 (0x15): 2455MHZ, 22 (0x16): 2460MHZ,
23 (0x17): 2465MHZ, 24 (0x18): 2470MHZ, 25 (0x19): 2475MHZ,

※ We request the new users of FZ100BS to read the information on this description carefully before they start to use the products.

※ Please consult Firmtech.co., Ltd if you want to configure Zigbee Network using more than 30 devices of FZ100BS

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1. Preliminary usage of product

1-1. Product components

Model Name	Pictures	Q'ty
FZ100BS		1EA
FBA-UPC		1EA
WE-2405TO		1EA
CD		1EA

※ If you find any of above components is defective, or not included in the package, please contact the seller you purchased.

1-2. FZ100BS Overview

- (1) To configure the Zigbee network, set each device (FZ100BS) to Coordinator, Router and End Device.

The initial factory set value of FZ100BS is set to Router.



- (2) Do not use Broadcast accompanied by a lot of traffic in the Zigbee network unless it is vital to be used.

It is not recommended to make a lot of traffic in the Zigbee network because it causes lots of trouble when transmitting data and bothers to set the new route toward target devices.

- (3) Do not set short time for data transmission in the Zigbee Network. The more nodes the Zigbee Network has, the longer time for transmission time should be set.

Example.1) Zigbee Network Contribution using 10 FZ100BSs

Set a time space to 2seconds for data transmission between FZ100BSs.

(set 2sec minimally per 10 FZ100BSs)

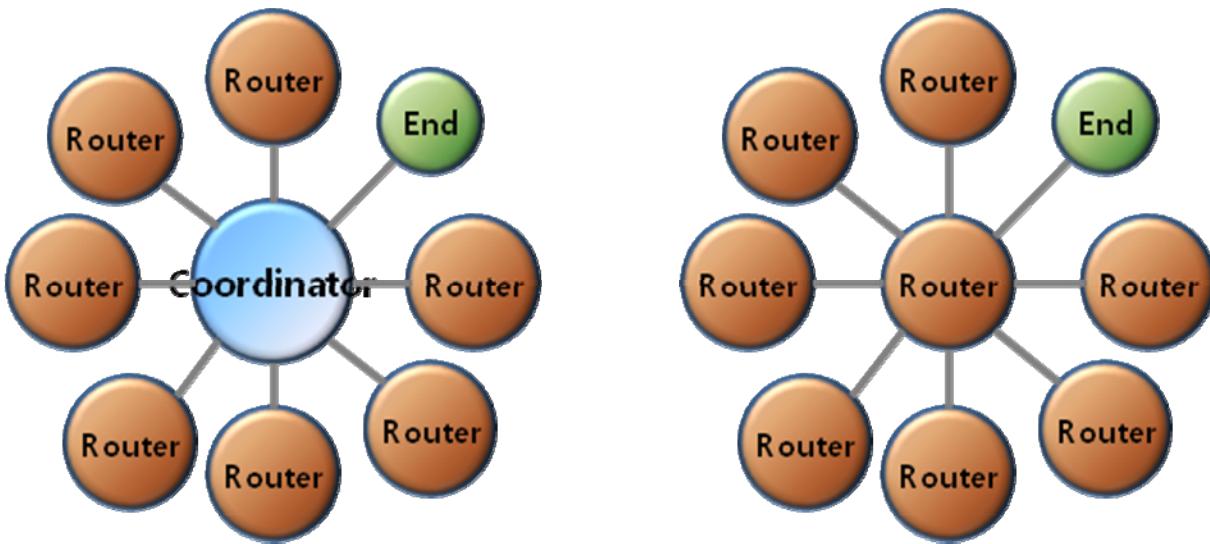
Example.2) Zigbee Network Contribution using 20 FZ100BSs

Set a time space to 4seconds for data transmission between FZ100BSs.

(set 2sec minimally per 10 FZ100BSs*2=4sec)

It is not recommended to make a lot of traffic in the Zigbee Network.

(4) Coordinator and Router can configure child nodes up to 8



(5) **End Devices cannot configure Child nodes**

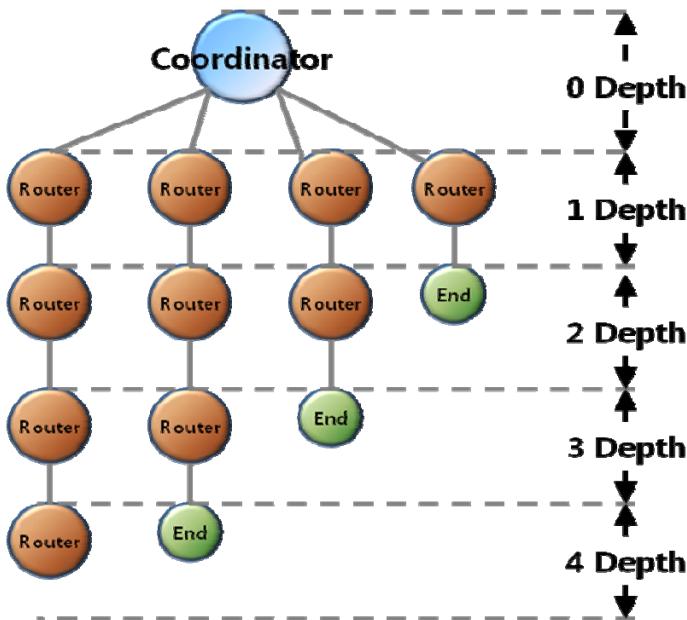
Setting FZ100BS to End Devices should be prior to the Zigbee Network Configuration. If you want to change the device type of FZ100BS from Router to End Device in the Zigbee Network, you had better re-configure the whole Zigbee Network in advance.

FZ100BS can configure Child nodes after they are set to Routers and participated in the Zigbee Network. Also, other devices can participate in the Zigbee Network by setting the FZ100BS set to Routers to their parent nodes, as well. If you change the FZ100BS set to parent nodes to End Devices, the current End Devices cannot configure child nodes. In this situation, it is possibly can happen that other devices set the Routers to their parent nodes before the Routers are changed to End devices.

FZ100BS supports mesh network, so you can expect the stable Zigbee Network. However, in order to make sure of proper Zigbee Network configuration, FZ100BS of child nodes had better save FZ100BSs set to Router (or coordinator) as their parent nodes

Thus, you had better set the type of each Device (especially End Device) before the Zigbee Network Configuration.

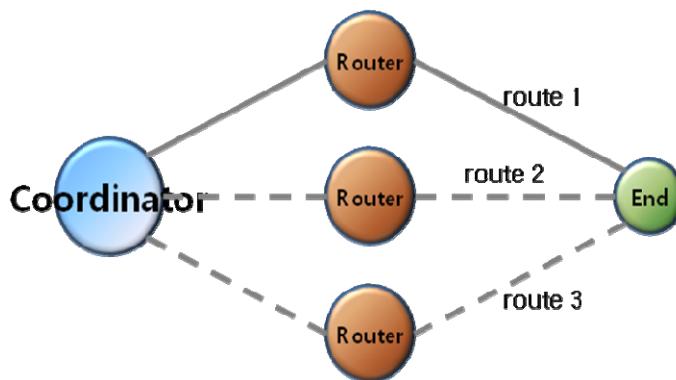
(6) FZ100BS can configure the Zigbee Network up to 4 Depth.



(7) FZ100BS configures the Zigbee Network with one Coordinator.

(8) FZ100BS can transmit data by multipath because it supports mesh network.

[Contribute the Zigbee Network which has multipath.](#)



(9) If you input Serial data into FZ100BS, It transmits the Serial data to its target device.

(10) FZ100BS has 3 STATUS LED for showing the status of the Device.

(OK Status LED, ERROR Status LED, Condition Status LED)

(11) [When you transmit data by using FZ100BS, you need to check the result value for the transmission through the OK/ERROR Status LED.](#)

(12) FZ100BS has an IEEE ADDRESS and a NETWORK ADDRESS.

64 Bit IEEE ADDRESS is a physical address of FZ100BS.

Every device has its own IEEE ADDRESS and the IEEE ADDRESS is not changeable.

FZ100BS set target devices by using IEEE ADDRESS.

In conclusion, “**target device set-up**” is an inquiry using IEEE ADDRESS for NETWORK ADDRESS of its target devices

FZ100BS has a 16 Bit of NETWORK ADDRESS for the Zigbee Network communication.

NETWORK ADDRESS is given when FZ100BS participates in the Zigbee Network.

NETWORK ADDRESS can be changed depending on the Zigbee Network Configuration.

NETWORK ADDRESS cannot be shown unless FZ100BS participates in the Zigbee Network.

FZ100BS performs data transmission by using NETWORK ADDRESS.

(13) If you configure the Zigbee Network and perform data transmission, the result value is shown as
[volume of received data > volume of transmitted data]

FZ100BS on a MAC layer automatically re-transmits data depending on the Zigbee Network Configuration.

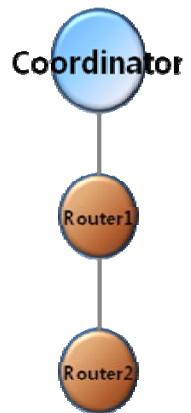
In case of using ACK option, FZ100BS on an application layer automatically re-transmits data depending on the Zigbee Network Configuration. Thus, **Received data could be more than 2 depending on the Zigbee network configuration even if only one data is transmitted.**

※ < [Routing table update of FZ100BS](#) >

Routing table is assigned to each FZ100BS after the Zigbee Network Configuration.

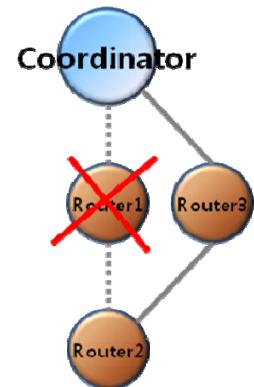
Below is the Zigbee network status when data is transmitted from Router2 to Router1 to Coordinator.

Data is input into Router2, the Router2 transmits the data to Router1, and then the Router1 transmits the data to Coordinator. Consequently, the data inputted into Router2 is transmitted to Coordinator by routing table belonging to Router2 and Router1



If Router 1 is in abnormal status in the Zigbee Network, Router2 cannot transmit data, and shows its error status through ERROR LED.

When ACK Option is disabled ([NACK communication](#)) of FZ100BS, Device is automatically reset and Router2 creates a new routing table if the Router2 happens to show its error status 5times successively through the ERROR LED because of the abnormal Router1. Multipath set-up is required ahead of the time to update the routing table.



When the ACK Option of FZ100BS is enabled ([ACK communication](#)), users should control the routing table directly to update it. If the data transmission is successively failed, users need to reset its target device's address ([same as the existing one](#)) and the Device.

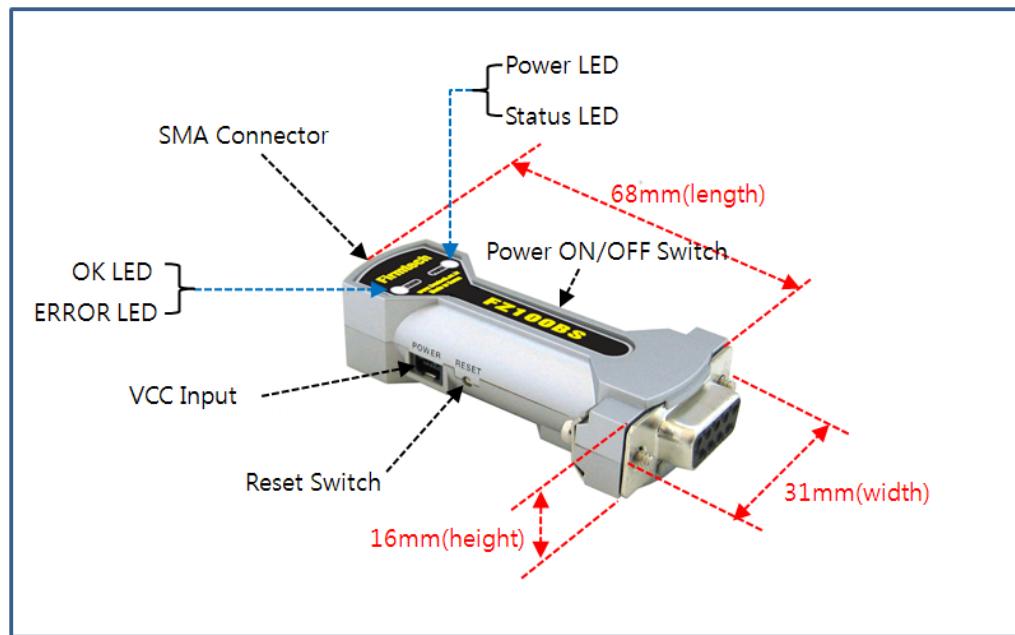
2. Product Performance

Part	Specification
Zigbee Spec.	Zigbee 2006 Specification Support
Communication Distance	120 M
Frequency Range	2.4 GHz ISM Band
Sensitivity	-98 dBm
Transmit Power	9.89 dBm
Size	31 (Width) X 68 (Length) X 16 (Height)
Input Power	DC 5V
Current Consumption	60mA (Max)
Operating Temperature	-20 °C – +50 °C
Max Operating Temperature	-40 °C – +85 °C
Data rate	250Kbps
Antenna	External Dipole Antenna (4.966dBi)
DATA Interface	Female DSUB-9 (RS232)
STATUS Interface	STATUS / OK / ERROR

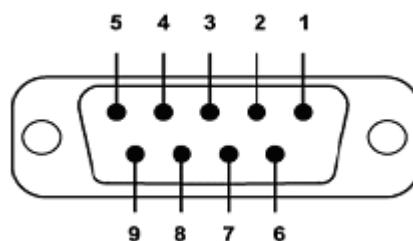
3. Current consumption

Device type	Current Consumption	
	Low Power Consumption mode	data transmission
Coordinator	–	40mA
Router	–	40mA
End Device	Wake-up	40mA
	Low power consumption mode1	2mA
	Low power consumption mode2	2mA
	Low power consumption mode3	2mA

4. FZ100BS Image & Dimension



5. Serial Interface



Pin No	Signal Name	Description	Direction
1	STATUS (DCD)	Status Indication	Output
2	TX	Transfer Data(Data Output)	Output
3	RX	Received Data(Data Input)	Input
4	- (DSR)	-	-
5	GND	Ground	-
6	ERROR (DTR)	Status Indication	Output
7	- (CTS)	-	-
8	OK (RTS)	Status Indication	Output
9	VCC	Power(DC 5V)	Input

6. Set value of Product

Part	Set value
Device Name	FZx00 Vx.x.x
Device Type	ROUTER
Device Channel	0B
Device Transmit Power	00
UART (baud rate–data bit–parity bit–stop bit)	115200–8–N–1
KEY option	0(Disable)
ADC Option	0(Disable)
Count Option	0(Disable)
GPIO Option	0(Disable)
Internal Time	10
ACK Option	0(Disable)
Retry Option	9
Power Mode	1
Reset Option	0(Disable)
target device Address	0000000000000000
Link Quality Option	0(Disable)
Start Message Option	1(Enable)
Debug Message Option	0(Disable)
Battery Low Option	0(Disable)
Quick Low Power Entry	0(Disable)

To change the set values of FZ100BS, use PC Software (Window HyperTerminal, Firmtech configuration program) after connecting FZ100BS to PC working with AT command.

Note: Please, refer to the contents in “7. Zigbee Network Configuration” or “FZx00_Appendix_2_GUI(ZIGNET)” for further information on Set-up Modification.

7. Zigbee network Configuration

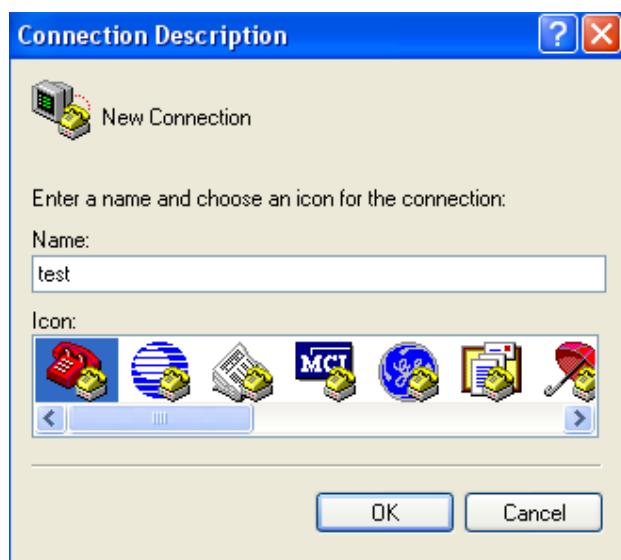
To configure the Zigbee Network, set up a FZ100BS DEVICE.

The following is a procedure for FZ100BS Set-up using Serial communication (HyperTerminal) Program.

The signal speed of FZ100BS is basically 115200bps.

7-1. Serial Communication (Hyper Terminal) Program Execute

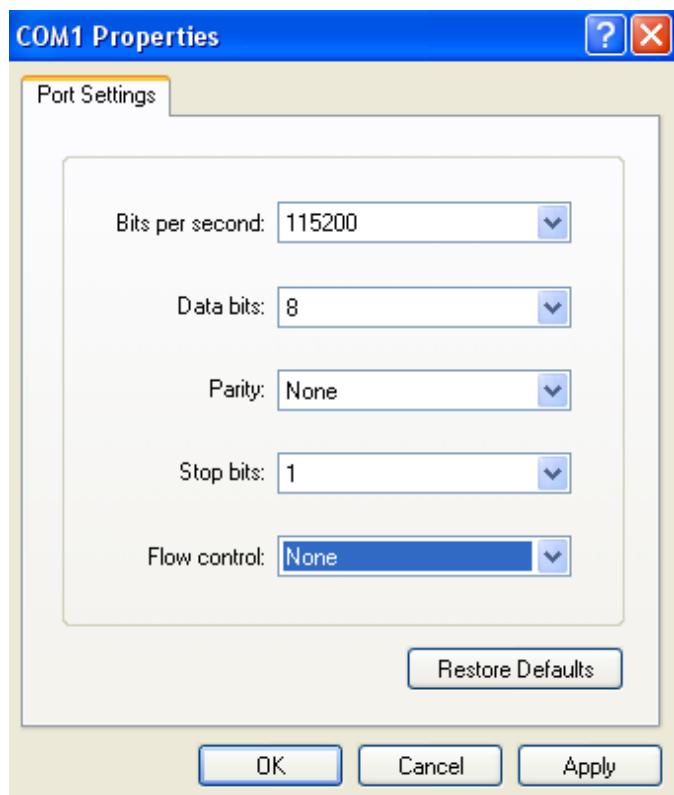
Select **[Start]→[All Programs]→[Accessories]→[Communication]→[Hyper Terminal]** in order, and then a window for Connection Set-up comes up. Put a name in the name blank, and click the OK button.



When a window for Connection target comes up, select COM ports connected to FZ100BS, and click the OK button.

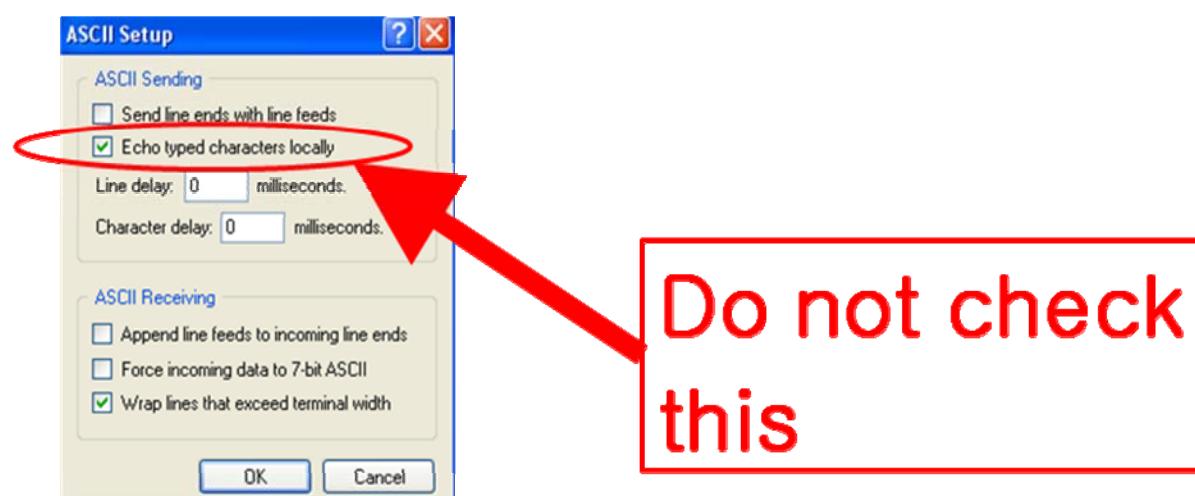


Select each blank as below “Bit/sec: 115200, data Bit: 8, Parity: None, Stop Bit: 1, Flow Control: None”, and click the OK button. Hyper Terminal is executed.



Hyper Terminal simply does not show any letters inputted.

If you check on “Display the letters inputted on the Terminal” to get to know what letters are inputted, the Recommends between FZ100BS and Hyper Terminal are mixed up. [Do not check this.](#)



7-2. Set-up FZ100BS Device Type

Zigbee Device is classified as Coordinator, Router, and End Device by objective of its operation.

There should be Coordinator in the Zigbee Network. A Coordinator should exist in a Zigbee Network.

Coordinator manages the Network in the Zigbee Network.

Router extends the Network in the Zigbee Network.

End Device participates in the zigbee Network using low power consumption.

Router and End Device are automatically participated in the Network once Coordinator configures the Zigbee Network.

Note: Please, refer to the following when you try to configure the Zigbee Network.

1. Do not turn the power of the Device set to Coordinator ON before all devices' types are set.

2. If you already set the rest type of each Device and operate them with the Coordinator that the power is turned on, execute Factory Reset for the devices set to Coordinator and Router.

Before the Factory reset, the power of the Coordinator and the Router should be turned OFF. After the Factory reset is done, set each Device to Coordinator and Router, and turn on the power of all devices. The Zigbee Network shall be properly configured.

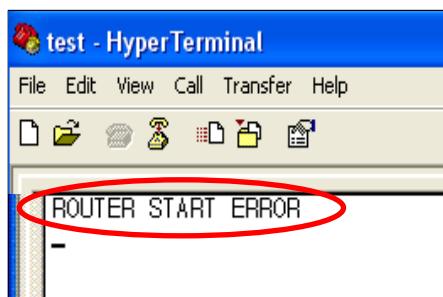
3. Do not change the Device Type of FZ100BS once the Zigbee Network is configured.

※ It is better to set Coordinator and Router again(Factory Reset) if the Device Type of FZ100BS is changed after the Zigbee Network is already configured.

※ See if the Zigbee Network is configured before resetting FZ100BS to initial set value. The FZ100BS reset automatically participates in the Zigbee Network if the Zigbee Network still exists there.

7-2-1. FZ100BS End Device Set-up

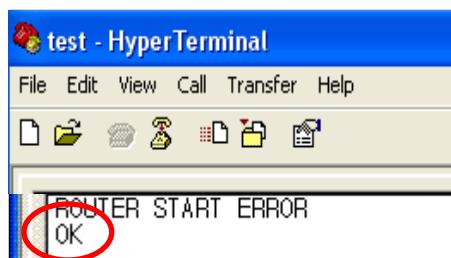
(1) The Initial set value of FZ100BS is ROUTER.



(2) Connect Device to PC, execute Hyper Terminal, and approve the power to the Device. “ROUTER START ERROR” is output through Serial port.

“ROUTER START” and “ERROR” are output.

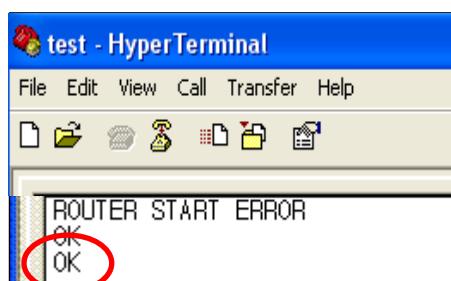
“ROUTER START ERROR” means that The Zigbee Network Participation is failed. “ROUTER START OK” is output if the Zigbee Network is configured.



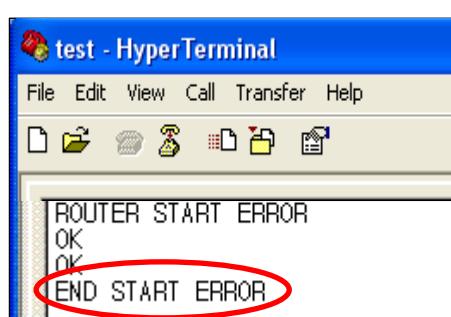
(3) Input “+++” in Hyper Terminal.

(4) If “OK” is outputted from FZ100BS, AT-Command can be used from then.

If “OK” is not output even after inputting “+++”, press “Enter” key and input “+++” again, or reboot the device and input “+++”.



(5) After inputting “AT+SETEND” into Hyper Terminal, press Enter Key.



(6) If “OK” is output from FZ100BS, reboot FZ100BS by inputting “ATZ”.

(7) “END START ERROR” is output at the moment when FZ100BS is rebooted.

“END START OK” is output if the Zigbee Network is successfully configured.

(8) Now, End Device of FZ100BS set-up is completed.

Turn the Power of the End Device OFF, and set other devices.

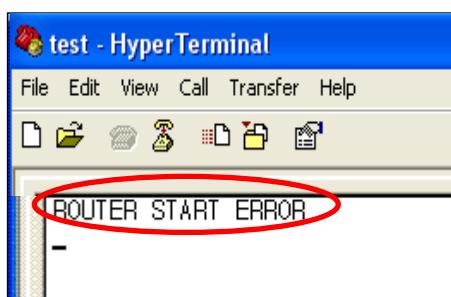
7-2-2. FZ100BS Router Set-up

(1) The initial set value of Device is ROUTER.

* The initial set value of FZ100BS is ROUTER.

The following is a procedure of purposely setting Device to Router by using AT-Command.

However, Device originally operates as Router without intentional setting.

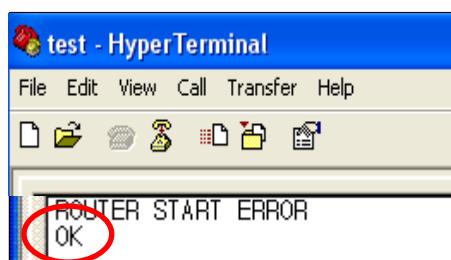


(2) Connect FZ100BS to PC, execute Hyper Terminal Program, and approve the power to the FZ100BS. “ROUTER START ERROR” is output through Serial port.

“ROUTER START” and “ERROR” are output.

“ROUTER START ERROR” means that the Zigbee Network participation is failed.

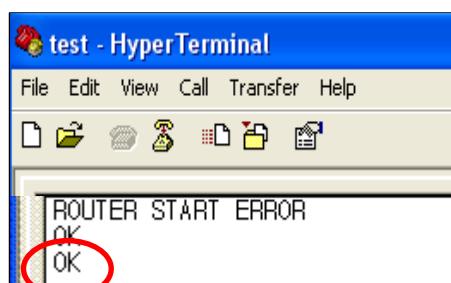
“ROUTER START OK” is output if the Zigbee is successfully configured Network.



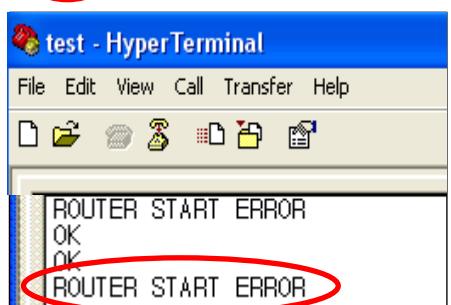
(3) Input “+++” into Hyper Terminal.

(4) If “OK” is output from FZ100BS, AT-Command can be used from then.

If “OK” is not output even after inputting “+++”, press “Enter” key and input “+++” again, or reboot the device and input “+++”.



(5) Input “AT+SETROUTER” through Serial port of PC and press “Enter” key.



(6) If “OK” is output from FZ100BS by inputting “ATZ”, reboot FZ100BS.

(7) “ROUTER START ERROR” is output at the moment when FZ100BS is rebooted.

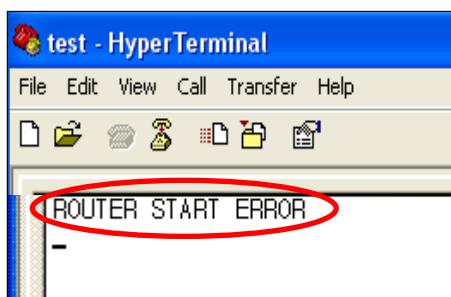
“ROUTER START OK” is output if the Zigbee Network is successfully configured.

(8) Now, Router of FZ100BS Set-up is completed.

[Turn the Power of the Router Device OFF, and set other devices.](#)

7-2-3. FZ100BS Coordinator set-up

(1) The initial set value of FZ100BS is ROUTER.



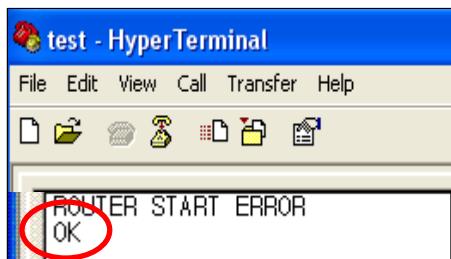
successfully configured.

(2) Connect FZ100BS to PC, execute Hyper Terminal Program, and approve the power to the FZ100BS. "ROUTER START ERROR" is output through Serial port.

"ROUTER START" and "ERROR" are output.

"ROUTER START ERROR" means that the Zigbee Network participation is failed.

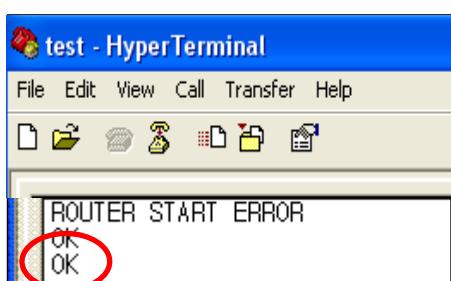
"ROUTER START OK" is output if the Zigbee Network is



(3) Input "+++" into Hyper Terminal.

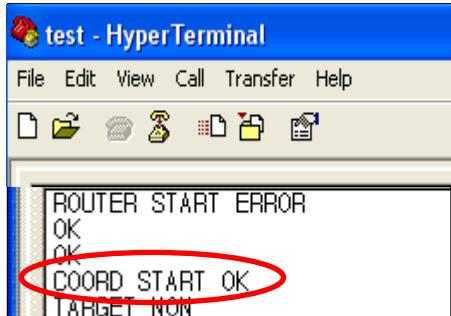
(4) If "OK" is output from FZ100BS, AT-Command can be used from then.

If "OK" is not output even after inputting "+++", press "Enter" key and input "+++" again, or reboot the device and input "+++".



(5) Input "AT+SETCOORD" through Serial port of PC and press "Enter" key

.



(6) If "OK" is output from FZ100BS by inputting "ATZ", reboot FZ100BS.

(7) "COORD START OK" is output at the moment when FZ100BS is rebooted.

(8) Now, Coordinator of FZ100BS Set-up is completed, and the Zigbee Network is successfully configured.

Turn the Power of the Coordinator Device OFF, and set other devices.

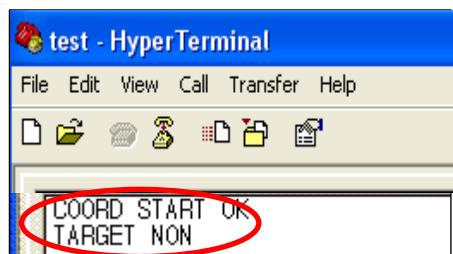
7-3. The Zigbee Network Configuration using FZ100BS

Try to configure the Zigbee Network after setting the Type for each Device.

7-3-1. The Zigbee Network configuration

Coordinator leads the Zigbee Network Configuration.

Coordinator manages the Zigbee Network.



- (1) Turn the power of the Device set to Coordinator ON.
- (2) “COORD START OK” is output.
“COORD START OK” and “TARGET NON” are output.
“TARGET NON” means that FZ100BS has yet to set its target device.
- (3) Zigbee Network is configured by Coordinator.

(4) From then, Zigbee Network Participation and Extension is possible by Router and End Device.

(5) Coordinator can transmit Data.

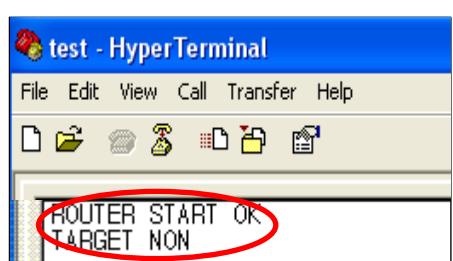
7-3-2. Zigbee Network Extension

Router performs the Zigbee Network Extension.

Communication distance and route can be extended because of the Zigbee Network Extension by Router.

The number of End Device which participates in the Zigbee Network can be increased because of the Zigbee Network Extension by Router.

Router also transmits data in the Zigbee Network, as well.



- (1) Turn the Power of the Device set to Router ON.
- (2) “ROUTER START OK” is output.
“ROUTER START OK” and “TARGET NON” are output.
“TARGET NON” means that FZ100BS has yet to set its target device.
- If “ROUTER START ERROR” is output, which means that no Zigbee Network is around, reset the Device or check if the Coordinator’s status is okay.

(3) Router participates in the Zigbee Network and extends the Zigbee Network.

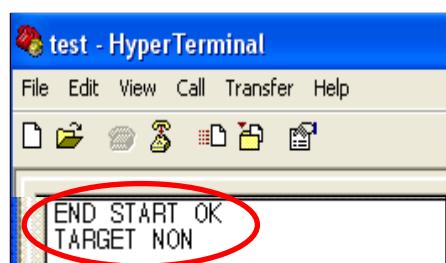
(4) Router can transmit Data.

7-3-3. Zigbee Network Participation

End Device participates in the Zigbee Network.

End Device performs data transmission in the Zigbee Network.

End Device supports Low power consumption mode.



(1) Turn the Power of the Device set to End Device ON.

(2) "END START OK" is output.

"END START OK" and "TARGET NON" are output.

"TARGET NON" means that FZ100BS has yet to set its target device.

If "END START ERROR" is output, which means that no Zigbee

Network is around, reset the Device or check if the Coordinator's status is okay.

(3) End Device participates in the Zigbee Network, and is ready to transmit Data.

8. FZ100BS data transmission

Data transmission is possible by Devices which set its target devices after The Zigbee Network Configuration.

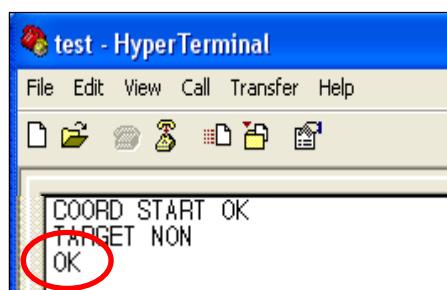
8-1. Target device set-up

To transmit Data, setting a target device, which is supposed to receive the Data, is required in terms of the Zigbee Network using FZ100BS.

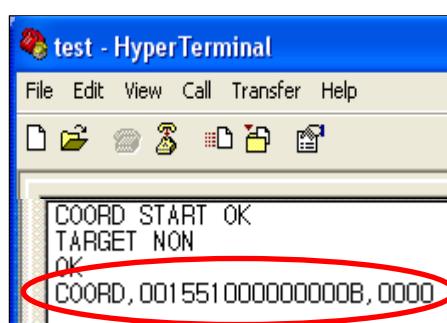
With no target device, data transmission cannot be done even if data is inputted.

To set a target device, you need to know an IEEE ADDRESS of the Device.

8-1-1. Searching for an IEEE ADDRESS of FZ100BS



(1) Input “+++” through Serial port of PC while a Device operates. With Inputting “+++”, the mode of FZ100BS switches from operation mode to AT-command mode. Data transmission becomes possible when FZ100BS is in an operation mode. Users can control FZ100BS when the device is in an AT-command mode.



(2) “OK” is output from FZ100BS, input “AT+GETLOCAL” through Serial port of PC and press Enter Key.
 (3) “COORD,001551000000000B,0000” is output from the Device.

COORD : It is the Device Type of FZ100BS.

001551000000000B : It is an IEEE ADDRESS of FZ100BS.

0000 : It is a NETWORK ADDRESS.

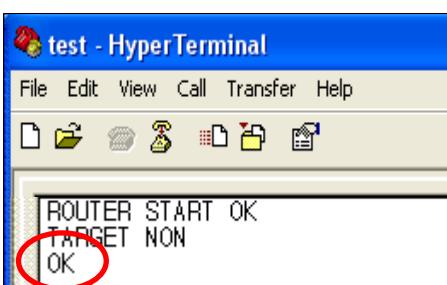
(4) The IEEE ADDRESS “001551000000000B” is required for the target device set-up.

8-1-2. Target device set-up

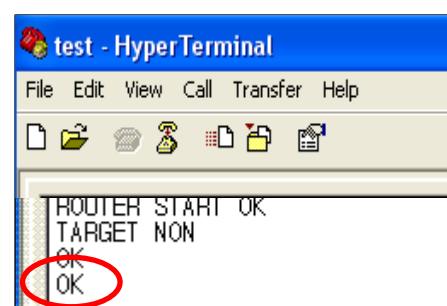
Set a target device with the IEEE ADDRESS that is mentioned on the previous page.



- (1) Turn the power of FZ100BS ON.
- (2) FZ100BS outputs a message “TARGET NON”, which means that its target device is not set.



- (3) Input “+++” through Serial port of PC while FZ100BS operates. “OK” is output. From then, its target device set-up is possible with AT Command.

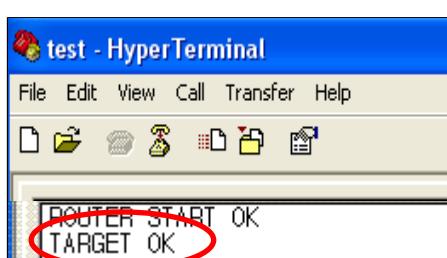


- (4) After “OK” is output from FZ100BS “AT+SETTARGET001551000000000B” through Serial of PC and press “Enter” Key.

AT+SETTARGET : It is a command to save the target device’s address.

001551000000000B : It is the target device’s IEEE ADDRESS

- (5) “OK” is output from FZ100BS which means that the command for saving target device is cognized. If “ERROR” is output, the command inputted is wrong.
- (6) Re-start FZ100BS by inputting a command “ATZ” or turn the power of FZ100BS off and on, again.



- (7) FZ100BS is re-started and outputs a message “TARGET OK”. Now, the target device set-up using its address is completed.

If “TARGET ERROR” is output, FZ100BS which has an IEEE ADDRESS “001551000000000B” does not exist in the Zigbee Network or the address saved is wrong.

8-2. data transmission

Data transmission is done in the Zigbee Network.

Data is transmitted to the target device “001551000000000B” that is set on the previous page.

IEEE ADDRESS of the Device which is supposed to transmit the data is 0015510000000005.



(1) Turn the power of FZ100BS set to Coordinator ON.
The Zigbee Network is configured by Coordinator.



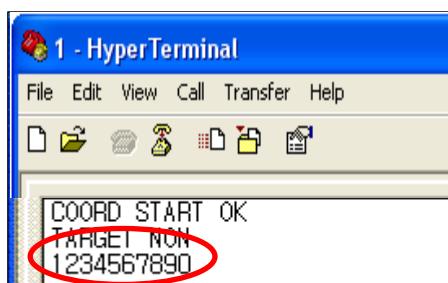
(2) Turn the power of FZ100BS set to Router ON.
The Device participates in the Zigbee Network.
Its target device is automatically set.
A message “TARGET OK” is output.

If, “TARGET NON” or “TARGET ERROR” is output, its target device is not set.

Do the “9-1-2.Target device set-up”, again.

(3) Input “1234567890” into Hyper terminal and press “Enter(0xD)” key.

FZ100BS transmits data (1234567890) inputted, Carriage Return(0xD), and Line Feed(0x0A) at the same time. (Do not input 0x0A. 0x0A is automatically added by FZ100BS.)



(4) Serial Data “1234567890” is output.

- ※ Input Serial data of FZ100BS
- ※ After inputting the serial data, press “Enter” key.
- ※ **53 byte including “Enter” key is a maximum length of Serial data can be transmitted by FZ100BS**
- ※ The Serial data sent from a Device is output through Serial port of its target device.
- ※ the other forms of data cannot be transmitted while the Serial data is inputted.

- ※ To transmit the other forms of data after Serial data transmission, you should wait until you get the Serial Data's result value. In other words, the other data transmission becomes possible after OK LED or ERROR LED shows its status.

9. FZ100BS Management TIP

Refer to the following to configure Zigbee Network properly in terms of data transmission and Controls.

9-1. FZ100BS Device Type Set-up

(1) End Device Set-up

Set FZ100BS to End Device before Coordinator and Router is set. (**AT+SETEND**)

Turn the power of the FZ100BS OFF.

(2) Router Set-up

Set FZ100BS to Router before Coordinator is set. (**AT+SETROUTER**)

Turn the power of the FZ100BS OFF.

(3) Coordinator Set-up

Set FZ100BS to Coordinator. (**AT+SETCOORD**)

Turn the power of FZ100BS OFF.

9-2. Zigbee Network Configuration

(1) Turn the power of FZ100BS set to Coordinator ON.

(2) Turn the power of Router and End Device which are supposed to make 1 Depth ON.

– You can create Devices in 1 Depth up to 8.

(3) Turn the power of Router and End Device which are supposed to make 2 Depth ON.

– You can create Devices in 2 Depth up to the number of Router in 1 Depth * 8.

– Devices are automatically created in 1 Depth if any seats are available in 1 Depth.

(4) Turn the power of Router and End Device which are supposed to make 3 Depth ON.

– You can create Devices in 3 Depth up to the number of Router in 2 Depth * 8.

– Devices are automatically created in 1/2 Depth if any seats are available in 1/2 Depth.

(5) Turn the power of Router and End Device which are supposed to make 4 Depth ON.

– You can create Devices in 4 Depth up to the number of Router in 3 Depth * 8.

– Devices are automatically created in 1/2/3 Depth if any seats are available in 1/2/3 Depth.

9-3. [Set-up] target device & Traffic

Save an IEEE ADDRESS of target device by using a command “**AT+SETTARGET**”

Reset the Device so that its target device set-up can be processed.

< It is not recommended that there is a lot of traffic in the Zigbee Network. >

Refer to the meanings of **Traffic** in terms of Zigbee Network.

The Traffic is caused by “**Zigbee Device which performs data transmission in the Zigbee Network**”, “**Zigbee Device which performs data transmission to get its target device**”, “**Zigbee Device which transmits data to its target device**” “**ACK data for checking if Zigbee Device transmits data its target device properly**”, and “**Transmitted data for checking if the Zigbee Network works properly**.”

There is no traffic in case of Coordinator and Router unless they are turned ON again.

Coordinator and Router are always turned ON because they intermediate Devices.

In case of End Device, a lot of traffic is caused because the power of End Device is turned ON and OFF repeatedly.

If there are a lot of Nodes in the Zigbee Network, set the space of time longer for data transmission between the Nodes,

Especially, in case of End Device, great caution is required.

(A space of data transmission per 10 Devices: minimum 2seconds)

The Shorter the space of data transmission is, the more traffic in the Zigbee Network is caused.

Do not change target device too often. When you set or change a target device, data for transmission is more created to get its route. The more data there is in the Zigbee network, the more traffic is caused.

In case that End Device receives ACK data after data transmission, set ACK data transmission receipt to be enabled by using a command **AT+SETACK1**.

In this situation, more traffic in the Zigbee Network is caused in comparison.

If ACK data receipt is not required after data transmission using End device (For data transmission only), set ACK data receipt to be disabled by using a command **AT+SETACK0**.

In this situation, less traffic in the Zigbee Network is caused in comparison.

Do not set target device to FFFFFFFFFFFFFF(Broadcast) when performing data transmission.

If data is transmitted by Broadcast, all Routers in the middle transmit the data to all nodes again.

The more Devices using Broadcast data exist and the more Routers in the middle exist, the more traffic is caused in the Zigbee Network.

Do not use Broadcast data transmission unless it is essential.

When FZ100BS performs a command to get information on Nodes participated in the Zigbee Network, a lot of traffic in the Zigbee Network is caused.

Because Router cannot save information on all nodes in the Zigebee Network, the inquired data is mostly transmitted by broadcast.

Broadcast data increase traffic in the Zigbee Network.

In case of you need, use AT command to inquire information on nodes in the Zigbee Network.

A lot of traffic in the Zigbee Network bothers data transmission and target device set-up

9-4. START MESSAGE

(1) START MESSAGE

It means that FZ100BS starts to operate.

START MESSAGE is output as Serial data through DSUB-9 port.

If you don't want a Device to output the START MESSAGE, input AT command (AT+SETSTAMSG0).

(2) Sorts of START MESSAGE

COORD START OK

: A Device starts as Coordinator and the Zigbee Network is configured properly.

Thus, data transmission is possible.

COORD START ERROR

: A Device starts as Coordinator, and the Zigbee Network Configuration is failed.

In this situation, a normal Zigbee Network cannot be configured.

After initializing the Device to factory set value (AT&F) and set the Device to Coordinator again, Change the Channel used.

ROUTER START OK

: A Device starts as Router and the Zigbee Network is configured properly.
Thus, Zigbee Network Extension and data transmission is possible.

ROUTER START ERROR

: A Device starts as Router, and the Zigbee Network Configuration is failed.
See if there is Coordinator around.
See if there is Router participated in the Zigbee Network configured by Coordinator.
See if there is channel which is the same as the one Coordinator use.

END START OK

: A Device starts as End Device and the Zigbee Network is configured properly.
Thus, data transmission is possible.

END START ERROR

: A Device starts as Router, and the Zigbee Network Configuration is failed.
See if there is Coordinator around.
See if there is Router participated in the Zigbee Network configured by Coordinator.
See if there is Coordinator which has 8 child nodes.
See if there is Router which participates in the Zigbee Network and has 8 child nodes.

TARGET NON

: There is no IEEE ADDRESS of target device saved.
In this case, data transmission is not possible.
Set a target device to process data transmission.

TARGET OK

: Target Set-up is properly done by using an IEEE ADDRESS of target device.
Data transmission is possible.

TARGET ERROR

: Target Set-up using IEEE ADDRESS of target device is failed.
See if there is the target device in the Zigbee Network.
If there is the target device participated in the Zigbee network, check if the IEEE ADDRESS of the target device is correctly saved.

OK

: The message “OK” is output from FZ100BS when a Device switches its mode from operation mode to AT command mode.

- Use a command **+++** to make the Device switches its mode from operation mode to AT command mode.

The message “OK” is also output when a Device switches its mode from AT command mode to operation mode.

- Use a command **ATO** to make the Device switches its mode AT command mode to operation mode.

9-5. RESET OPTION

(1) RESET OPTION

FZ100BS operates properly in the Zigbee Network.

Once the power of FZ100BS is turned ON, the device automatically participates in the Zigbee Network. After the Zigbee Network Participation, the Device outputs “ROUTER START OK” or “END START OK”. Target device Se-up is possible afterwards.

FZ100BS outputs “ROUTER START ERROR” or “END START ERROR” if there is no Zigbee Network around or the Device cannot participate in the Zigbee Network.

Target device set-up is prior to data transmission.

Turn the power of FZ100BS ON, and then the Device is participated in the Zigbee Network. If FZ100BS has its target device’s Address, FZ100BS searches if its target device is participated in the Zigbee Network.

If the target device of FZ100BS is participated in the Zigbee Network and the target device is properly set, “TARGET OK” is output. Data transmission becomes possible from then.

If the target device of FZ100BS is not participated in the Zigbee Network and the target device is failed, “TARGET ERROR” is output.

When RESET OPTION is set to be enabled with a command AT+SETRESET1, FZ100BS fails to participate in the Zigbee Network and its target device is not properly set, FZ100BS is reset.

When RESET OPTION is set to be disabled with a command AT+SETRESET0, FZ100BS fails to participate in the Zigbee Network and its target device is not properly set, FZ100BS is put on standby for a handle by users.

※ Reference

Appendix_1: FZx00_AT Command

Appendix_2: FZx00_GUI

Appendix_3: FZx00_used End Device & Other Data