

FCC Test Report

FCC Part 22

FOR:

Casio Hitachi Mobile Communications Co., Ltd.

MODEL #: CDMA HIY01

FCC ID: TYKNX6490

TEST REPORT #: EMC_CET10_044_09501_HIY01_FCC22 DATE: 2009-05-15





Bluetooth Qualification Test Facility (BQTF)



FCC listed:
A2LA accredited

IC recognized # 3462B

CETECOM Inc.

411 Dixon Landing Road • Milpitas, CA 95035 • U.S.A.

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 2 of 54



Table of Contents

1	ASSESSMENT	4
		_
2	ADMINISTRATIVE DATA	5
	2.1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE TESTING LABORATORY ISSUING THE EMC TEST REPORT	5
	2.2 IDENTIFICATION OF THE CLIENT	5
3	EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	6
3		
	3.1 SPECIFICATION OF THE EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	
	3.2 IDENTIFICATION OF THE EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	
	3.3 IDENTIFICATION OF ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT	/
4	SUBJECT OF INVESTIGATION	8
5	MEASUREMENTS	9
	5.1 RF POWER OUTPUT	
	5.1.1 FCC 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output	
	5.1.2 Limits:	
	5.1.2.1 FCC 22.913 (a) Effective radiated power limits.	
	5.1.3 Conducted Output Power Measurement procedure:	
	5.1.4 Radiated Output Power Mmeasurement procedure:	
	5.1.5 Conducted Peak Power 850MHz band	
	5.1.6 ERP Results 850MHz band:	
	5.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH/EMISSION BANDWIDTH	18
	5.2.1 FCC 2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth	18
	5.2.2 Occupied / emission bandwidth measurement procedure:	
	5.2.3 Occupied bandwidth results 850 MHz band	
	5.2.4 Emission bandwidth results 850 MHz band	
	5.3 FREQUENCY STABILITY	
	5.3.1 Limit	
	5.3.2 Test Results Frequency Stability (CDMA-850)	
	5.4 Spurious Emissions Conducted	
	5.4.1 FCC 2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals	
	5.4.2 Limits:	
	5.4.3 Conducted out of band emissions measurement procedure:	
	5.4.4 Test Results: Conducted Out of band Emission:	
	5.5 Spurious Emissions Radiated	
	5.5.1 FCC 2.1053 Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation	
	5.5.2 Limits:	
	5.5.2.1 FCC 22.917 Emission limitations for cellular equipment.	
	5.5.3 Radiated out of band measurement procedure:	
	5.5.4 Radiated out of band emissions results on EUT:	38
	5.5.4.1 Test Results Transmitter Spurious Emission GSM850:	
	5.6 AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS § 15.107/207	
	5.6.1 Limits	47
6	TEST EQUIPMENT AND ANCILLARIES USED FOR TESTS	50

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 3 of 54



7	REFERENCES	51
8	BLOCK DIAGRAMS	52
9	REPORT HISTORY	54

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 4 of 54



1 Assessment

The following is in compliance with the applicable criteria specified in FCC rules Parts 2, 22 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Company	Description	Model #
Casio Hitachi Mobile Communications Co., Ltd.	The cellular phone for the global roaming of the CDMA method of 3G equipped with the Bluetooth function and the FeliCa function sold in Japan.	CDMA HIY01

This report is reviewed by:

Marc Douat

2009-05-15	EMC & Radio	(EMC Project Engineer)	
Date	Section	Name	Signature

This report is prepared by:

Ahmad Safdari

2009-05-15	EMC & Radio	(EMC Project Engineer)	
Date	Section	Name	Signature

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in Identification of the Equipment under Test. The CETECOM Inc. USA does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the CETECOM Inc USA.

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 5 of 54



2 Administrative Data

2.1 <u>Identification of the Testing Laboratory Issuing the EMC Test Report</u>

Company Name:	CETECOM Inc.
Department:	EMC
Address:	411 Dixon Landing Road Milpitas, CA 95035
	U.S.A.
Telephone:	+1 (408) 586 6200
Fax:	+1 (408) 586 6299
Responsible Test Lab Manager:	Heiko Strehlow
Responsible Project Leader:	Ahmad Safdari
Date of test:	2009-05-11 to 2008-10-13

2.2 Identification of the Client

APPLICANT		
Applicant (Company Name)	Casio Hitachi Mobile Communications Co.,Ltd.	
Street Address	2-229-1, Sakuragaoka	
City/Zip Code	Higashiyamato-shi, Tokyo 207-8501	
Country	Japan	
Contact Person	Osamu Hasegawa	
Telephone	+81-42-516-2184	
Fax	+81-42-516-2505	
e-mail	Osamu-hasegawa@ch-mobile.co.jp	

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 6 of 54



3 Equipment under Test (EUT)

3.1 Specification of the Equipment under Test

Marketing Name of EUT (if not same as Model No.)	HIY01
Model No.	CDMA HIY01
FCC-ID	TYKNX6490
Frequency Range:	824.7MHz – 848.31 MHz for CDMA 850
Type(s) of Modulation:	QPSK
Number of Channels:	Depends on service.
Antenna Type:	Integral
Max. Output Power:	Conducted CDMA850: 29.61dBm, 824.13mW
Max. Output Fower.	Radiated CDMA850: 25.1dBm, 323.59mW

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 7 of 54



3.2 <u>Identification of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)</u>

EUT#	TYPE	MODEL	SERIAL #	HW Version
1	EUT	CDMA HIY01	SHIDK000104	PWB-6490-MAIN-2AS
2	EUT	CDMA HIY01	SHIDK000105	PWB-6490-MAIN-2AS

SW version: V011

3.3 Identification of Accessory equipment

AE#	ТҮРЕ	MODEL
1	AC Adapter	0203PQA
2	Cradle	N/A
3	RCA Converter	N/A
4	Sony Headphones	N/A
5	RCA Video Out Cable	N/A
6	HDMI Cables	N/A
7	HDMI JIG	N/A

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 8 of 54



4 Subject of Investigation

All testing was performed on the EUT listed in Section 3. The EUT was maximized in the X,Y, Z positions, all data in this report shows the worst case between horizontal and vertical polarization for above 1GHz.

The objective of the measurements done by Cetecom Inc. was to measure the performance of the EUT as specified by requirements listed in FCC rules Parts 2, 22 and 24 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 9 of 54



5 Measurements

5.1 RF Power Output

5.1.1 FCC 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output.

Power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on circuit elements as specified. The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

5.1.2 Limits:

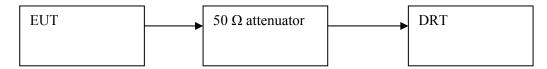
5.1.2.1 FCC 22.913 (a) Effective radiated power limits.

The effective radiated power (ERP) of mobile transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts.

5.1.3 Conducted Output Power Measurement procedure:

Based on TIA-603C 2004

2.2.1 Conducted Carrier Output Power Rating



- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in the above diagram. A Digital Radiocommunication Tester (DRT) is used to enable the EUT to transmit and to measure the output power.
- 2. Adjust the settings of the DRT to set the EUT to its maximum power at the required channel.
- 3. Record the output power level measured by the DRT.
- 4. Correct the measured level for all losses in the RF path.
- 5. Measurements are to be performed with the EUT set to the low, middle and high channel of each frequency band.

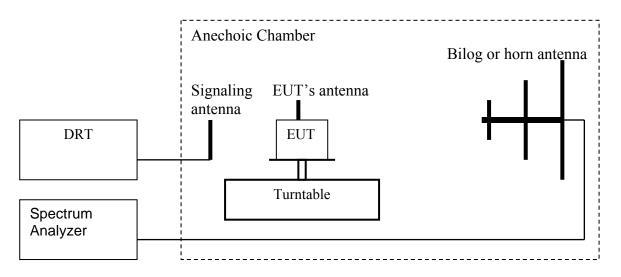
Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 10 of 54



5.1.4 Radiated Output Power Mmeasurement procedure:

Based on TIA-603C 2004

2.2.17.2 Effective Radiated Power (ERP) or Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP)



- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in the above diagram with the EUT's antenna in a vertical orientation.
- 2. Adjust the settings of the Digital Radiocommunication Tester (DRT) to set the EUT to its maximum power at the required channel.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer to the channel frequency. Set the analyzer to measure peak hold with the required settings.
- 4. Rotate the EUT 360°. Record the peak level in dBm (LVL).
- 5. Replace the EUT with a vertically polarized half wave dipole or known gain antenna. The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the center of the EUT's antenna.
- 6. Connect the antenna to a signal generator with known output power and record the path loss in dB (**LOSS**). **LOSS** = Generator Output Power (dBm) Analyzer reading (dBm).
- 7. Determine the ERP using the following equation: $\mathbf{ERP} (dBm) = \mathbf{LVL} (dBm) + \mathbf{LOSS} (dB)$
- 8. Determine the EIRP using the following equation: EIRP (dBm) = ERP (dBm) + 2.14 (dB)
- 9. Measurements are to be performed with the EUT set to the low, middle and high channel of each frequency band. **Spectrum analyzer settings = rbw=vbw=3MHz**

(**note:** Steps 5 and 6 above are performed prior to testing and **LOSS** is recorded by test software. Steps 3, 4, 7 and 8 above are performed with test software.)

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 11 of 54



5.1.5 Conducted Peak Power 850MHz band

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)
	CDMA
824.7	27.61
836.52	28.20
848.31	29.16

5.1.6 ERP Results 850MHz band:

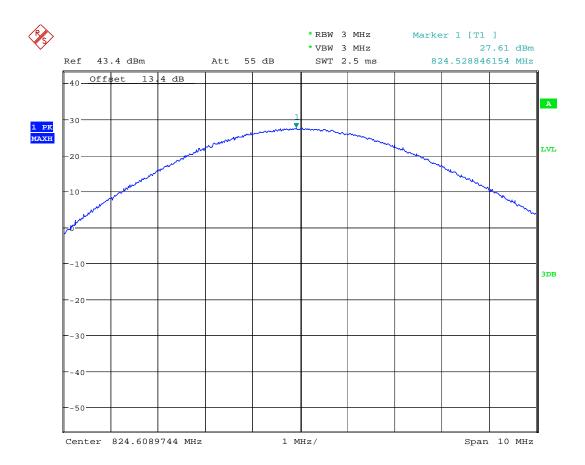
Fraguency (MHz)	Effective Radiated Power (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)	CDMA
824.7	25.61 (23.4)
836.52	25.86 (23.7)
848.31	27.24 (25.1)

^{*}Values reported are EIRP and (ERP) in parentheses.

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 12 of 54



CONDUCTED PEAK POWER CHANNEL 1013 §22.913(a)



Date: 8.MAY.2009 15:19:18

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 13 of 54



CONDUCTED PEAK POWER CHANNEL 384 §22.913(a)

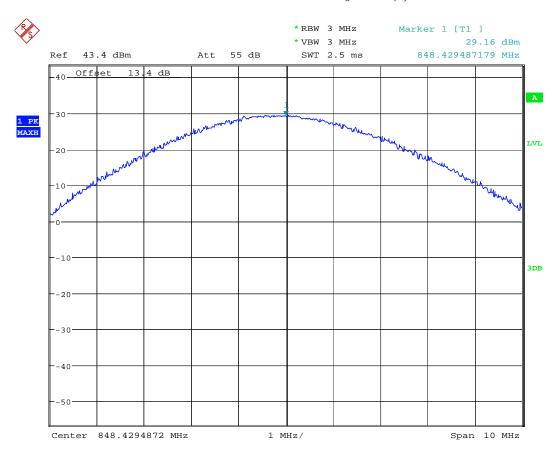


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Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 14 of 54



CONDUCTED PEAK POWER CHANNEL 777 §22.913(a)



Date: 8.MAY.2009 15:22:59

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 15 of 54



EIRP CHANNEL 1013 §22.913(a)

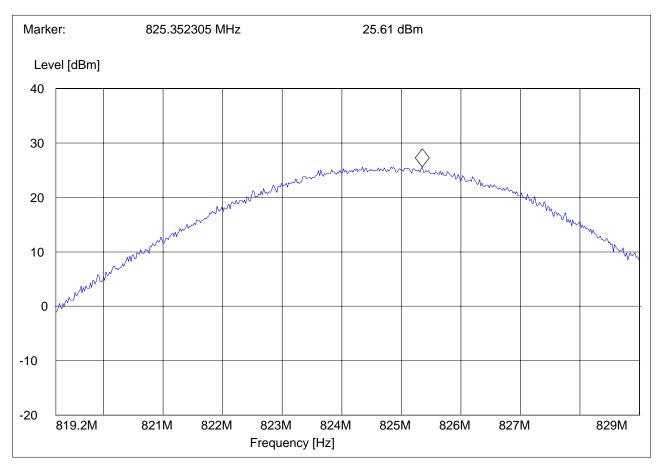
EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 1013

ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter
Comments: TT @ 42°

SWEEP TABLE: "EIRP 850 CH 128 V"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.
819.2 MHz 829.2 MHz MaxPeak Coupled 3 MHz DUMMY-DBM

MaxPeak



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 16 of 54



EIRP CHANNEL 384 §22.913(a)

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 384

ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter

Comments:

SWEEP TABLE: "EIRP 850 CH 190 H"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer Frequency Frequency Time Bandw. 831.6 MHz 841.6 MHz MaxPeak Coupled 3 MHz DUMMY-DBM

MaxPeak Marker: 836.309419 MHz 25.86 dBm Level [dBm] 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20 -25 831.6M 836M 838M 841.6M 834M Frequency [Hz]

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 17 of 54



EIRP CHANNEL 777 §22.913(a)

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 777

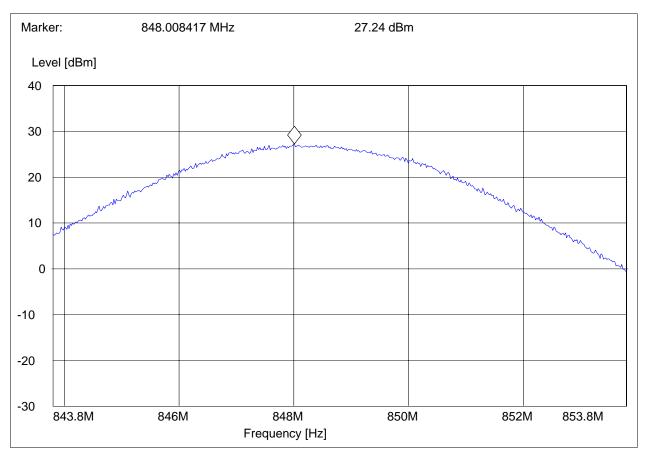
ANT Orientation: V EUT Orientation: V Test Engineer: SAM

Voltage: Internal Battery

Comments: TT@188°

SWEEP TABLE: "EIRP 850 CH 251 V"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer Frequency Frequency Time Bandw. 843.8 MHz 853.8 MHz MaxPeak Coupled 3 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 18 of 54



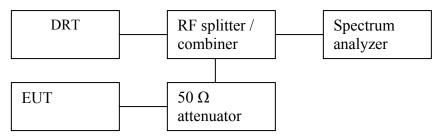
5.2 Occupied Bandwidth/Emission Bandwidth

5.2.1 FCC 2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions as applicable.

(h) Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques-when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated.

5.2.2 Occupied / emission bandwidth measurement procedure:



- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in the above diagram.
- 2. Adjust the settings of the Digital Radiocommunication Tester (DRT) to set the EUT to its maximum power at the required channel.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer to measure the 99% (-20 dB) occupied bandwidth. Record the value.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer to measure the 99.5% (-26 dB) emission bandwidth. Record the value
- 5. Measurements are to be performed with the EUT set to the low, middle and high channel of each frequency band.

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 19 of 54



5.2.3 Occupied bandwidth results 850 MHz band.

Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
	CDMA
824.7	1.240
836.52	1.235
848.31	1.245

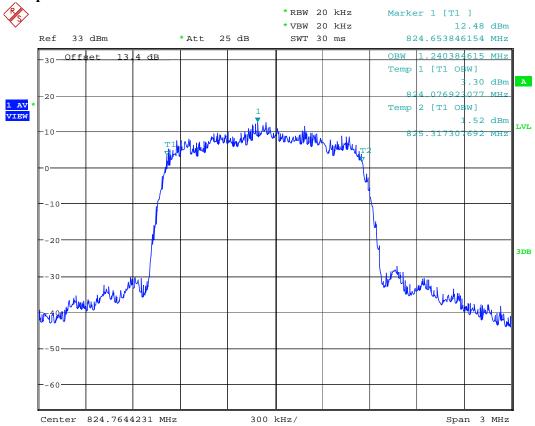
5.2.4 Emission bandwidth results 850 MHz band.

Frequency (MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (MHz)
	CDMA
824.7	1.399
836.52	1.399
848.31	1.399

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 20 of 54



Occupied band Width Channel 1013

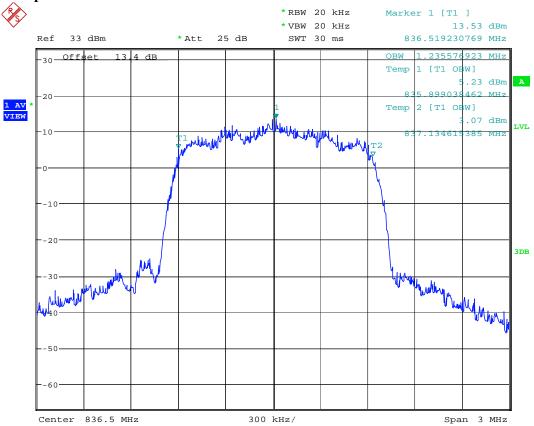


Date: 19.MAY.2009 11:19:04

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 21 of 54



Occupied band Width Channel 384

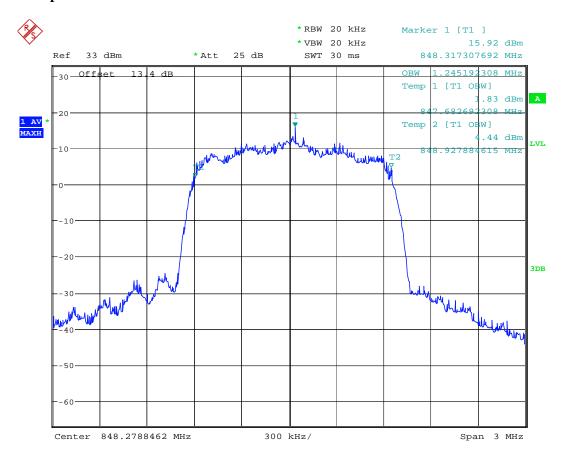


Date: 19.MAY.2009 11:20:56

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 22 of 54



Occupied band Width Channel 777

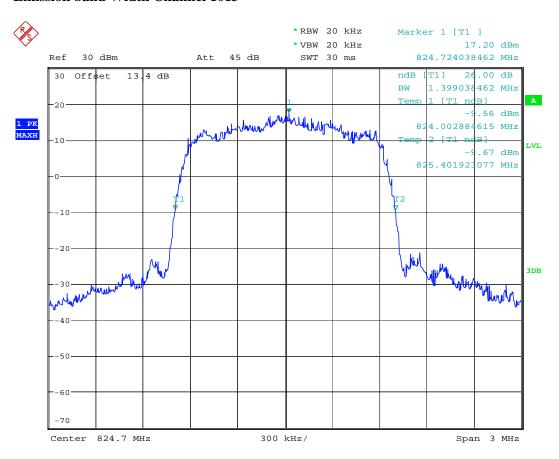


Date: 19.MAY.2009 11:10:26

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 23 of 54



Emission band Width Channel 1013

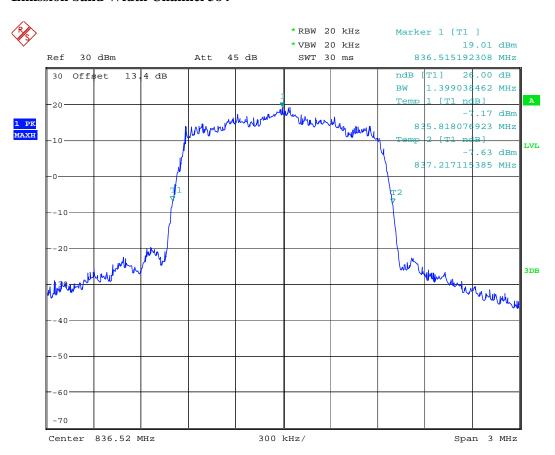


Date: 8.MAY.2009 15:58:37

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 24 of 54



Emission band Width Channel 384

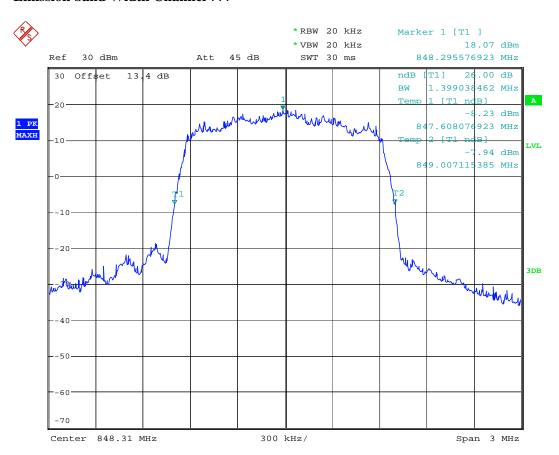


Date: 8.MAY.2009 15:57:55

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 25 of 54



Emission band Width Channel 777



Date: 8.MAY.2009 15:56:41

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 26 of 54



5.3 Frequency Stability

5.3.1 Limit

For Hand carried battery powered equipment:

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.4VDC and 4.2VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.7VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress.

Method of Measurement:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU 200 UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU 200 and in a simulated call on mid channel (190 for GSM 850 & 4183 for FDD5 & 661 for PCS-1900&9400 for FDD2), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from -30 C to +50 C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.
- 5. Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours un-powered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50 C.
- 7. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU 200 and in a simulated call on mid channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 8. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from +50 C to -30 C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.
- 9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5 C during the measurement procedure.

For equipment powered by primary supply voltage:

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block

For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires to vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 27 of 54



5.3.2 Test Results Frequency Stability (CDMA-850)

Channel No. 384	836.52MHz		
Voltage (V)	Freq. Error (Hz)	Freq. Error (ppm)	
Low vol.: 3.7	10	0.01195	
High vol.: 4.2	9	0.01076	

§2.1055 (a)(1) AFC FREQ ERROR vs. TEMPERATURE

Channel No. 384	836.52MHz	836.52MHz		
Temperature (°C)	Freq. Error (Hz)	Freq. Error (ppm)		
-30	-13	-0.01554		
-20	-9	-0.01075		
-10	10	0.01195		
0	9	0.01076		
+10	11	0.01314		
+20	9	0.01076		
+30	9	0.01076		
+40	8	0.00956		
+50	9	0.01076		

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 28 of 54



5.4 **Spurious Emissions Conducted**

5.4.1 FCC 2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals.

The radio frequency voltage or power generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in FCC 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

5.4.2 Limits:

5.4.2.1 FCC 22.917 Emission limitations for cellular equipment.

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Cellular Radiotelephone Service.

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$.
- (b) *Measurement procedure*. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (*i.e.* 100 kHz of 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Test Report #: **EMC CET10 044 09501 HIY01 FCC22**

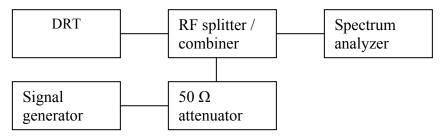
Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 29 of 54



5.4.3 Conducted out of band emissions measurement procedure:

Based on TIA-603C 2004

2.2.13 Unwanted Emissions: Conducted Spurious



- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in the above diagram.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer to measure peak hold with the required settings.
- 3. Set the signal generator to a known output power and record the path loss in dB (**LOSS**) for frequencies up to the tenth harmonic of the EUT's carrier frequency. **LOSS** = Generator Output Power (dBm) Analyzer reading (dBm).
- 4. Replace the signal generator with the EUT.
- 5. Adjust the settings of the Digital Radiocommunication Tester (DRT) to set the EUT to its maximum power at the required channel.
- 6. Set the spectrum analyzer to measure peak hold with the required settings. Offset the spectrum analyzer reference level by the path loss measured above.
- 7. Measure and record all spurious emissions up to the tenth harmonic of the carrier frequency.
- 8. Measurements are to be performed with the EUT set to the low, middle and high channel of each frequency band.
- 9. If necessary steps 6 and 7 may be performed with the spectrum analyzer set to average detector.

(**note:** Step 3 above is performed prior to testing and **LOSS** is recorded by test software. Steps 2, 6, and 7 above are performed with test software.)

5.4.4 <u>Test Results: Conducted Out of band Emission:</u>

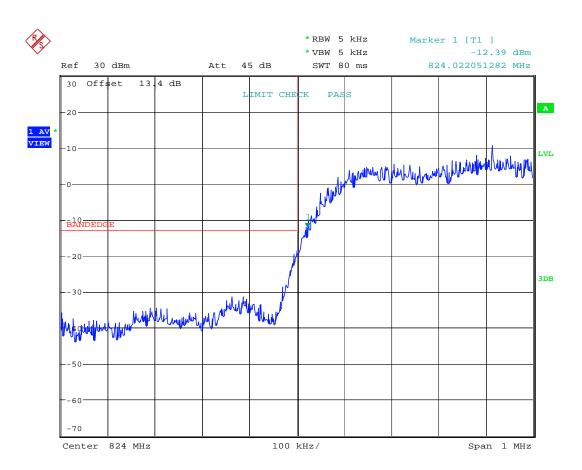
No measurable emissions noted. See plots.

All measurement conducted with highest power settings. Plots here show worse case emission for each channel under any modulation.

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 30 of 54



Lower Band Edge

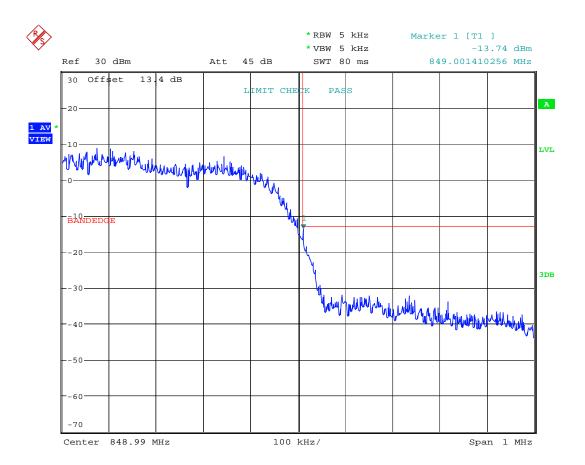


Date: 8.MAY.2009 16:12:30

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 31 of 54



Upper Band Edge



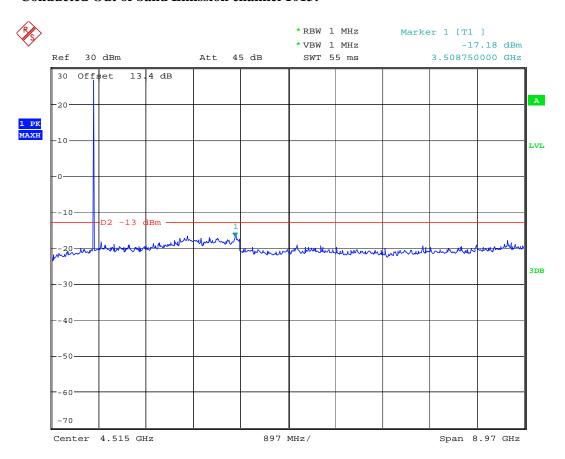
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Date of Report: 2009-05-15



Page 32 of 54

Conducted Out of band Emission channel 1013:

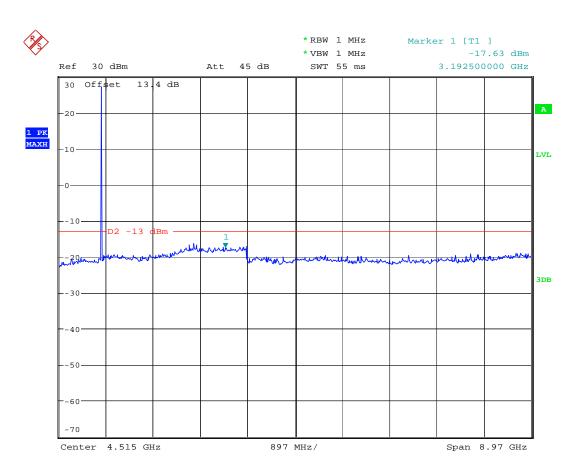


Date: 8.MAY.2009 15:37:29

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 33 of 54



Conducted Out of band Emission channel 384:

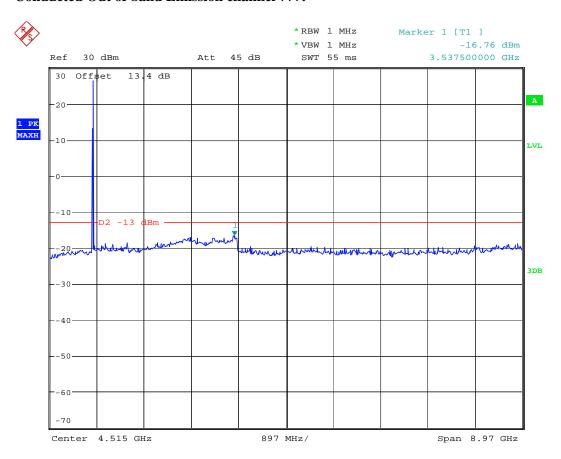


Date: 8.MAY.2009 15:34:42

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 34 of 54



Conducted Out of band Emission channel 777:



Date: 8.MAY.2009 15:30:08

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 35 of 54



5.5 Spurious Emissions Radiated

5.5.1 FCC 2.1053 Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation.

(a) Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission.

5.5.2 **Limits:**

5.5.2.1 FCC 22.917 Emission limitations for cellular equipment.

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Cellular Radiotelephone Service.

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$.
- (b) *Measurement procedure*. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (*i.e.* 100 kHz of 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

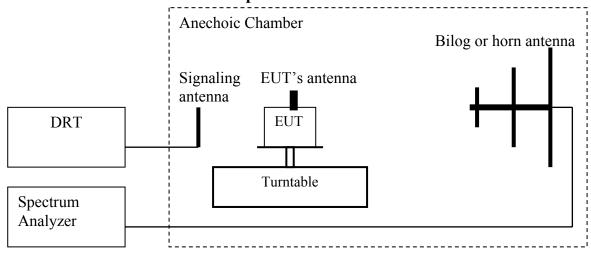
Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 36 of 54



5.5.3 Radiated out of band measurement procedure:

Based on TIA-603C 2004

2.2.12 Unwanted emissions: Radiated Spurious



- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in the above diagram with the EUT's antenna in a horizontal orientation.
- 2. Adjust the settings of the Digital Radiocommunication Tester (DRT) to set the EUT to its maximum power at the required channel.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer to measure peak hold with the required settings.
- 4. Place the measurement antenna in a horizontal orientation. Rotate the EUT 360°. Raise the measurement antenna up to 4 meters in 0.5 meters increments and rotate the EUT 360° at each height to maximize all emissions. Measure and record all spurious emissions (**LVL**) up to the tenth harmonic of the carrier frequency.
- 5. Replace the EUT with a horizontally polarized half wave dipole or known gain antenna. The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the center of the EUT's antenna.
- 6. Connect the antenna to a signal generator with known output power and record the path loss in dB (**LOSS**). **LOSS** = Generator Output Power (dBm) Analyzer reading (dBm).
- 7. Determine the level of spurious emissions using the following equation: **Spurious** (dBm) = **LVL** (dBm) + **LOSS** (dB):
- 8. Repeat steps 4, 5 and 6 with all antennas vertically polarized.
- 9. Determine the level of spurious emissions using the following equation: **Spurious** (dBm) = **LVL** (dBm) + **LOSS** (dB):
- 10. Measurements are to be performed with the EUT set to the low, middle and high channel of each frequency band.

(**note:** Steps 5 and 6 above are performed prior to testing and **LOSS** is recorded by test software. Steps 3, 4 and 7 above are performed with test software.)

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 37 of 54



Spectrum analyzer settings:

Res B/W: 1 MHz Vid B/W: 1 MHz

Measurement Survey:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of the GSM-850 & PCS-1900 bands. It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the GSM-850 & PCS-1900 band into any of the other blocks respectively. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

Radiated emission measurements were made only with Circuit Switched mode GMSK modulation because this mode represents the worse case emission for all the modulations for GSM. See section 5.5.4.1 and 5.5.4.3

Radiated emissions measurements were made also with UMTS FDD mode. See section 5.5.4.2 and 5.5.4.4

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 38 of 54



Radiated out of band emissions results on EUT: 5.5.4

5.5.4.1 **Test Results Transmitter Spurious Emission GSM850:**

Harmonics	Tx ch-128 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch-190 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch-251 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)			
2	1648.4	NF	1673.2	NF	1697.6	NF			
3	2472.6	NF	2509.8	NF	2546.4	NF			
4	3296.8	NF	3346.4	NF	3395.2	NF			
5	4121	NF	4183	NF	4244	NF			
6	4945.2	NF	5019.6	NF	5092.8	NF			
7	5769.4	NF	5856.2	NF	5941.6	NF			
8	6593.6	NF	6692.8	NF	6790.4	NF			
9	7417.8	NF	7529.4	NF	7639.2	NF			
10	8242	NF	8366	NF	8488	NF			
NF = NOISE FLOOR									

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 39 of 54



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TX: 30MHz - 1GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm

Antenna: horizontal

Note:

1. The peak above the limit line is the carrier freq.

2. This plot is valid for low, mid & high channels (worst-case plot)

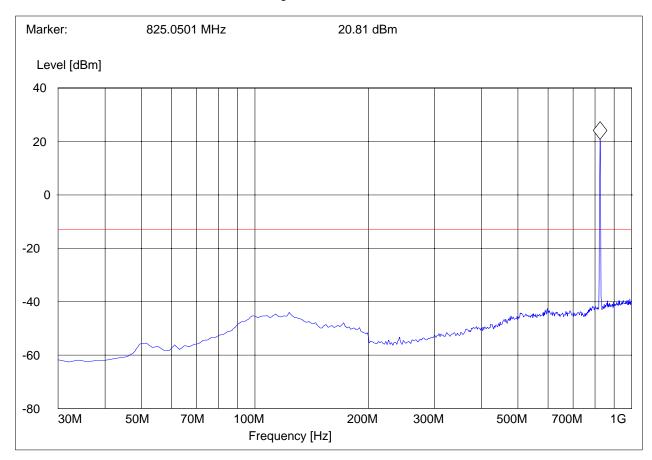
EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 1013

ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter

Comments: With video and HDMI cable, mini SD card and headphones

SWEEP TABLE: "FCC 24 Spur 30M-1G_V"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.
30.0 MHz 1.0 GHz MaxPeak Coupled 1 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 40 of 54



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TX: 30MHz - 1GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm

Antenna: Vertical

Note:

1. The peak above the limit line is the carrier freq.

2. This plot is valid for low, mid & high channels (worst-case plot)

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 384

ANT Orientation: V
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter

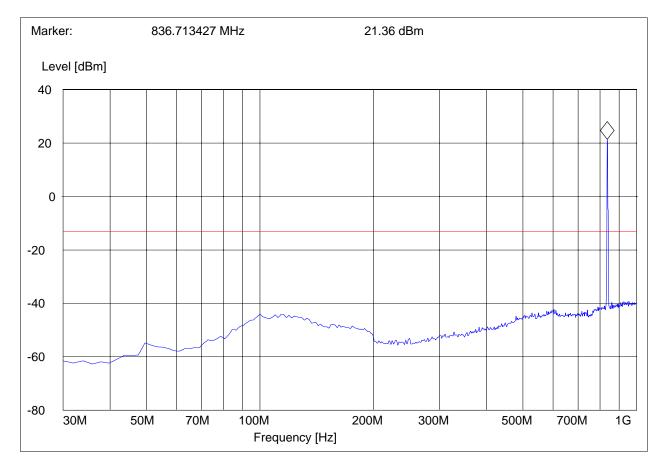
Comments: With video and HDMI cable, mini SD card and headphones

SWEEP TABLE: "FCC 24 Spur 30M-1G_V"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer

Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.

30.0 MHz 1.0 GHz MaxPeak Coupled 1 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 41 of 54



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS CHANNEL 1013 Tx: 1GHz - 1.58GHz

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 1013

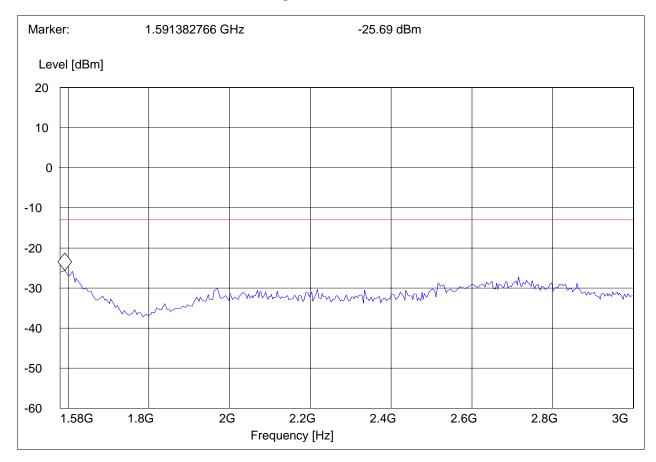
ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter

Comments: With video and HDMI cable, mini SD card and headphones

SWEEP TABLE: "FCC 22Spuri 1.58-3G"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.

1.6 GHz 3.0 GHz MaxPeak Coupled 1 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 42 of 54



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS CHANNEL 777 Tx: 1GHz - 1.58GHz

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 777

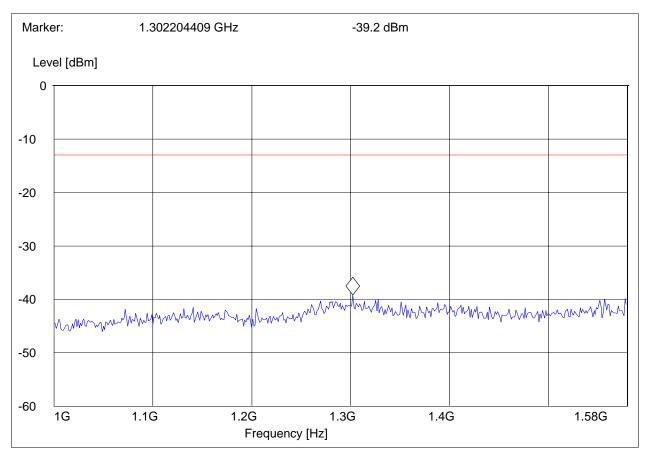
ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter

Comments: With video and HDMI cable, mini SD card and headphones

SWEEP TABLE: "FCC 22Spuri 1-1.58G"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.

1.0 GHz 1.6 GHz MaxPeak Coupled 1 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 43 of 54



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS Tx CHANNEL 1013: 1.58GHz - 3GHz

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 1013

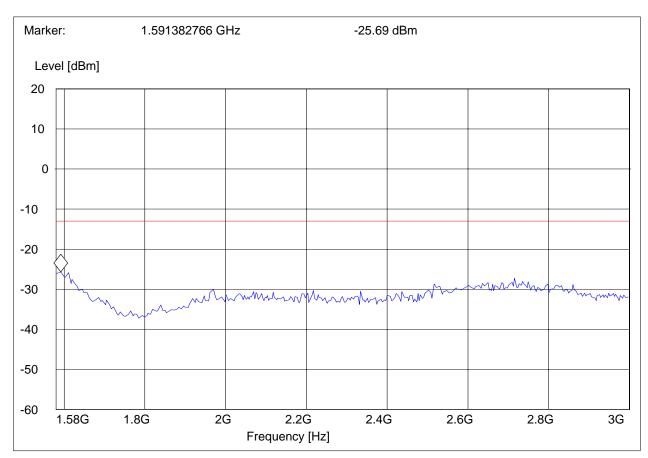
ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter

Comments: With video and HDMI cable, mini SD card and headphones

SWEEP TABLE: "FCC 22Spuri 1.58-3G"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.

1.6 GHz 3.0 GHz MaxPeak Coupled 1 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 44 of 54



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS Tx CHANNEL 384: 1.58GHz - 3GHz

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 384

ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chr

Test Engineer: Chris Voltage: AC Adapter

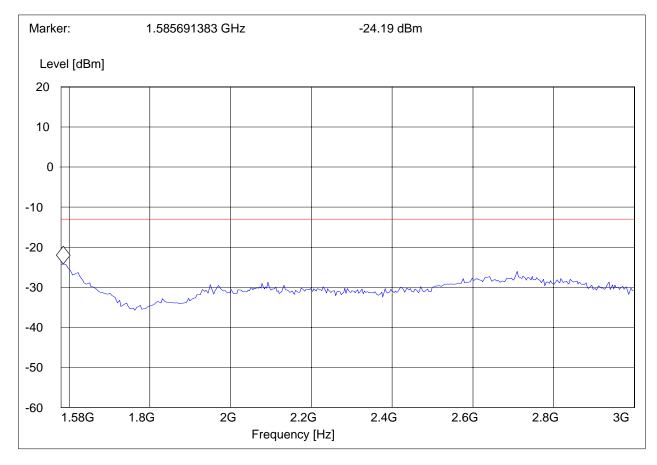
Comments: With video and HDMI cable, mini SD card and headphones

SWEEP TABLE: "FCC 22Spuri 1.58-3G"

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer

Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.

1.6 GHz 3.0 GHz MaxPeak Coupled 1 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 45 of 54



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS Tx CHANNEL 1013: 3GHz - 9GHz

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 1013

ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter

Comments: With video and HDMI cable, mini SD card and headphones

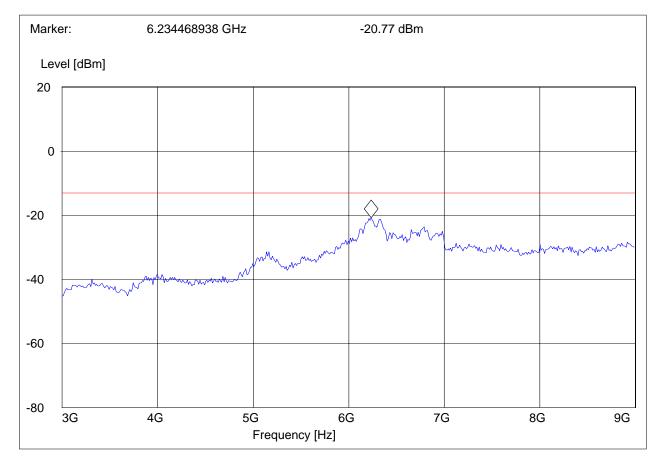
SWEEP TABLE: "FCC 22Spuri 3-9G"

Short Description: FCC 24 1GHz-8GHz

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer

Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.

3.0 GHz 9.0 GHz MaxPeak Coupled 1 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 46 of 54



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS Tx CHANNEL 384: 3GHz - 9GHz

EUT: CDMA HIY01 Customer: Casio Hitachi Test Mode: CDMA CH 384

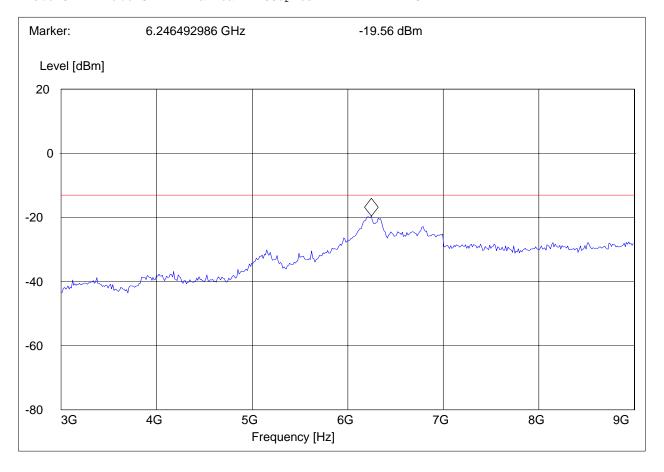
ANT Orientation: H
EUT Orientation: V
Test Engineer: Chris
Voltage: AC Adapter

Comments: With video and HDMI cable, mini SD card and headphones

SWEEP TABLE: "FCC 22Spuri 3-9G"

Short Description: FCC 24 1GHz-8GHz

Start Stop Detector Meas. IF Transducer Frequency Frequency Time Bandw.
3.0 GHz 9.0 GHz MaxPeak Coupled 1 MHz DUMMY-DBM



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 47 of 54



5.6 AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS § 15.107/207

5.6.1 Limits

Technical specification: 15.107 / 15.207 (Revised as of August 20, 2002)

 $\S15.107$ (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)				
	Quasi-Peak	Average			
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*			
0.5 - 5	56	46			
5 – 30	60	50			
* Decreases with logarithm of the frequency					

ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 10KHz

VBW = 10KHz

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 48 of 54



Common Information

Test Description: Conducted Emission

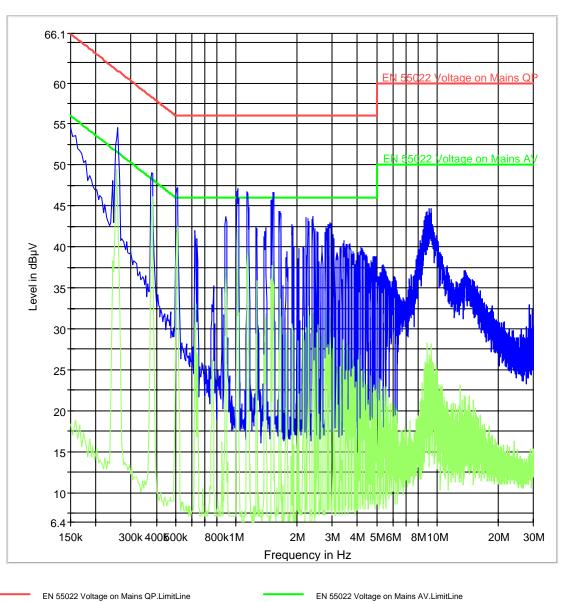
Operating Conditions: Used video cable, headphones, HDMI, cradle and mini SD card;

CDMA

Operator Name: Chris

Line

CISPR 22 Mains Conducted - L

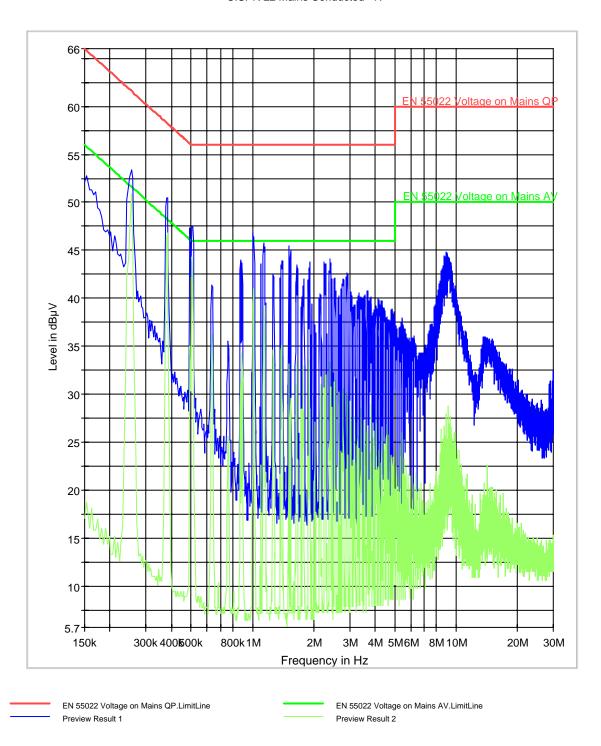


Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 49 of 54



Neutral

CISPR 22 Mains Conducted - N



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 50 of 54



6 TEST EQUIPMENT AND ANCILLARIES USED FOR TESTS

No	Instrument/Ancillary	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Cal Due	Interval
01	Spectrum Analyzer	ESIB 40	Rohde & Schwarz	100107	May 2010	1 year
02	Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM 30	Rohde & Schwarz	100017	May 2010	1 year
03	Signal Generator	SMY02	Rohde & Schwarz	836878/011	May 2010	1 year
04	Power-Meter	NRVD	Rohde & Schwarz	0857.8008.02	May 2010	1 year
05	Biconilog Antenna	3141	EMCO	0005-1186	June 2010	1 year
06	Horn Antenna (1- 18GHz)	SAS- 200/571	AH Systems	325	June 2010	1 year
07	Horn Antenna (18-26.5GHz)	3160-09	EMCO	1240	June 2010	1 year
08	Power Splitter	11667B	Hewlett Packard	645348	n/a	n/a
09	Climatic Chamber	VT4004	Voltsch	G1115	May 2010	1 year
10	High Pass Filter	5HC2700	Trilithic Inc.	9926013	n/a	n/a
11	High Pass Filter	4HC1600	Trilithic Inc.	9922307	n/a	n/a
12	Pre-Amplifier	JS4- 00102600	Miteq	00616	May 2010	1 year
13	Power Sensor	URV5-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	DE30807	May 2010	1 year
14	Digital Radio Comm. Tester	CMD-55	Rohde & Schwarz	847958/008	May 2010	1 year
15	Universal Radio Comm. Tester	CMU 200	Rohde & Schwarz	832221/06	May 2010	1 year
16	LISN	ESH3-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	836679/003	May 2010	1 year
17	Loop Antenna	6512	EMCO	00049838	July 2010	2 years

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 51 of 54



7 References

Title 47—Telecommunication, CHAPTER I--FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, PART 2--FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS; GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS October 1, 2001.

Title 47—Telecommunication, CHAPTER I--FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, PART 22 PUBLIC MOBILE SERVICES October 1, 1998.

FCC Report and order 02-229 September 24, 2002.

Title 47—Telecommunication, CHAPTER I--FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, PART 24 PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES October 1, 1998.

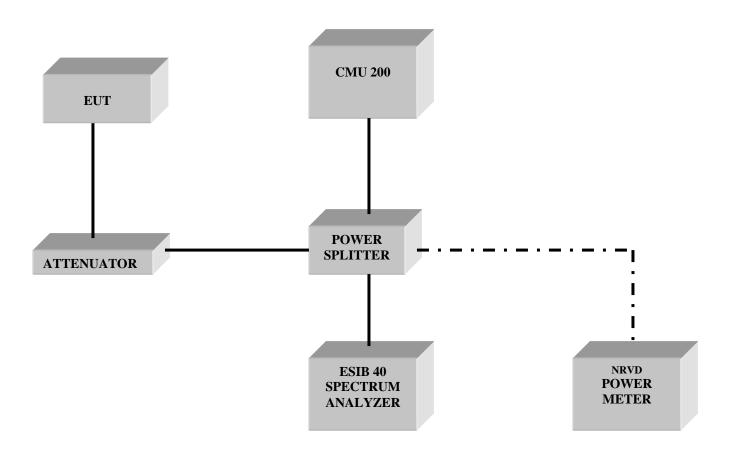
ANSI / TIA-603-C-2004 Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standard November 7, 2002.

Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 52 of 54



8 BLOCK DIAGRAMS

Conducted Testing

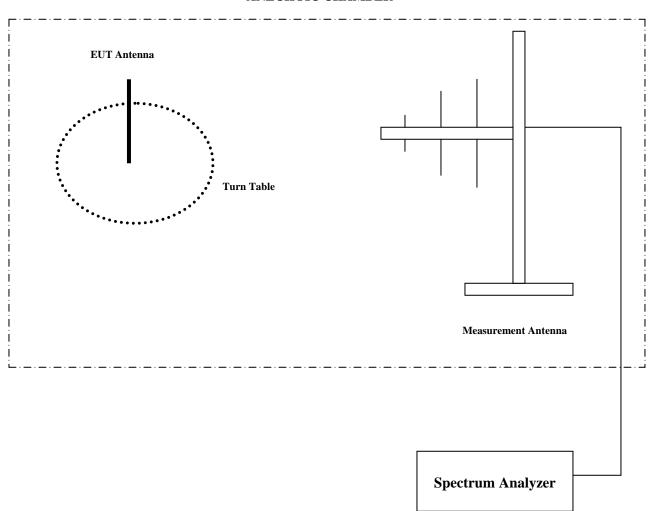


Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 53 of 54



Radiated Testing

ANECHOIC CHAMBER



Date of Report: 2009-05-15 Page 54 of 54



9 REPORT HISTORY

2009-05-18 Original Report