

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : TX2-RTL8852CE
Equipment : 11ax RTL8852CE Combo Module
Brand Name : REALTEK
Model Name : RTL8852CE
Applicant : Realtek Semiconductor Corp.
No. 2, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science
Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan
Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093).

The product was tested inside of Lenovo Notebook Computer.

The product was received on Jan. 10, 2023 and testing was started from Jan. 16, 2023 and completed on Jan. 18, 2023. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.


Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager



Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory



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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA2D3002-02	01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 02, 2023

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for **Realtek Semiconductor Corp., 11ax RTL8852CE Combo Module, RTL8852CE**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			Body (Separation 0mm)	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.93	1.36
NII		5GHz WLAN	0.77	1.47
6CD		6GHz WLAN	0.18	1.10
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.01	1.47
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Reported APD (mW/cm ²)	Reported PD (mW/cm ²)
6CD	WLAN	6GHz WLAN	0.14	0.19
Date of Testing:			2023/1/16 ~ 2023/1/18	

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093), Human Exposure to RF Radiation Limits (1.0 mW/cm²=10 W/m²) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 1.1310 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: Jason Wang
Report Producer: Daisy Peng

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedure for Device Operation at 6GHz-10GHz)

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	11ax RTL8852CE Combo Module
Brand Name	REALTEK
Model Name	RTL8852CE
FCC ID	TX2-RTL8852CE
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8 GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 6E: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz, 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz, 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz, 6875 MHz ~ 7125 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
Mode	WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
Remark: 1. There are four kinds of samples as below. First RF exposure selects sample 1 to test all exposure position and sample 2, 3 and 4 spot check worst case found sample 1. 2. Refer to tune-up procedure the channel 12 and 13 powers are low than others channel, measure power and SAR consideration is not necessary.	

Host Information	
Equipment Name	Notebook Computer
Brand Name	Lenovo
Model Name	Legion Slim 5 16IRH8*****(*=0~9 , A~Z, a~z, “-” or blank, for marketing use only, with no impact on RF compliance of the product)
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

	Antenna vendor	The thickness of cover
Sample 1	HTK	Thin
Sample 2	Pulse	Thin
Sample 3	Pulse	Thick
Sample 4	HTK	Thick

Antenna Information									
1 High-Tek	Ant. Type	PIFA	connector	202SPE002101	2 Pulse	Ant. Type	PIFA	connector	MHF-B13L-N-01
	Model No.	Main: DC33002T900 (0ACCN022019N)	Aux: DC33002T910 (0ACCN022020N)			Model No.	Main: DC33002TF00 (TZ2481D)	Aux: DC33002TF10 (TZ2481E)	
	Peak Gain (dBi)					Peak Gain (dBi)			
	2400~2483.5MHz	Main:1.91 Aux:0.23	5725~5850MHz	Main:0.37 Aux:-0.23		2400~2483.5MHz	Main:2.82 Aux:2.7	5725~5850MHz	Main:2.88 Aux:2.94
	5150~5250MHz	Main:1.88 Aux:-1.38	5850~5895MHz	Main:0.19 Aux:0.46		5150~5250MHz	Main:2.86 Aux:2.89	5850~5895MHz	Main:2.64 Aux:2.86
	5250~5350MHz	Main:1.88 Aux:-0.26	5925~7125MHz	Main:2.46 Aux:1		5250~5350MHz	Main:2.86 Aux:2.85	5925~7125MHz	Main:3.88 Aux:3.7
	5470~5725MHz	Main:2.06 Aux:-0.23				5470~5725MHz	Main:2.81 Aux:2.95		

4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

5.3 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz

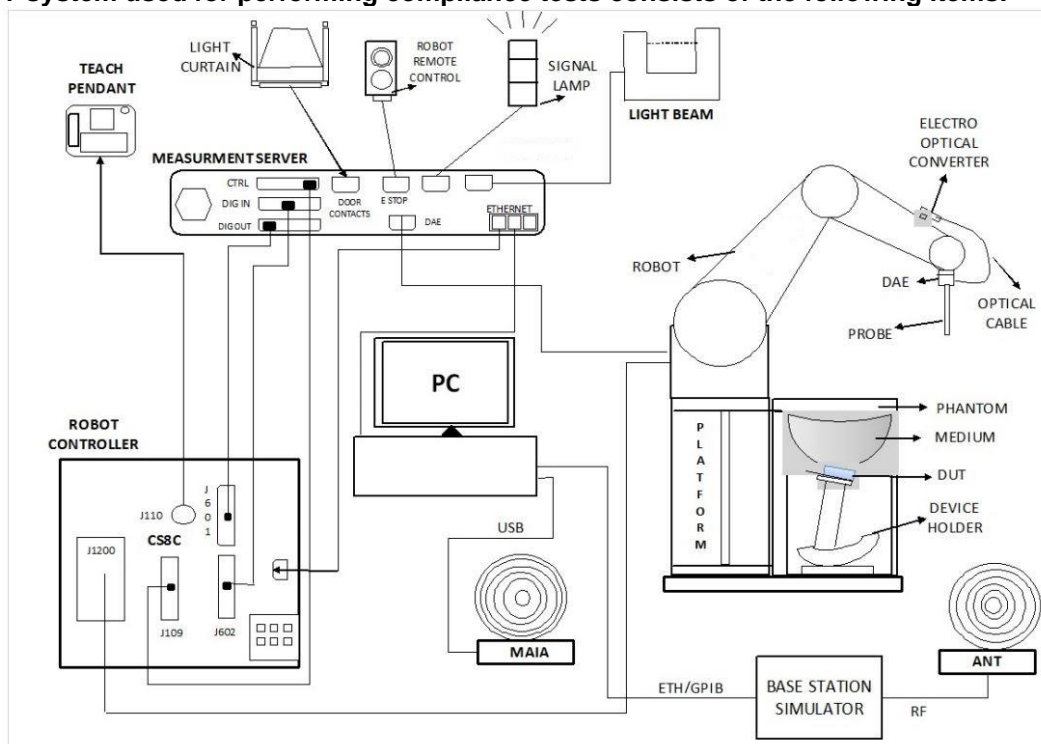
According to ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1310.

Peak Spatially Averaged Power Density was evaluated over a circular area of 4cm² per interim FCC Guidance for near-field power density evaluations per October 2018 TCB Workshop notes

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- The DASY system in SAR Configuration is shown above
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running windows software and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.1 Test Site Location


The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Test Site	EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory		Wensan Laboratory		
Test Site Location	TW1190 No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333		TW3786 No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010		
Test Site No.	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY	SAR15-HY
	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY	SAR16-HY
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY	SAR13-HY	SAR14-HY	SAR17-HY


6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

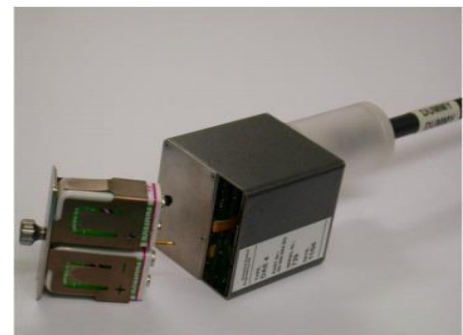



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

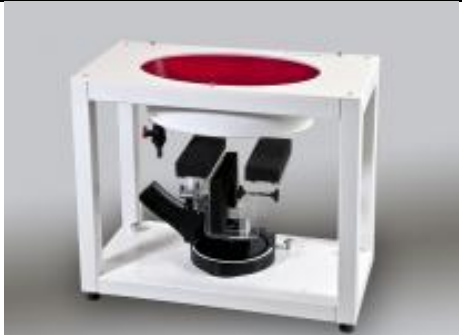
6.4 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

6.5 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remains in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scans use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scans were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	929	Nov. 21, 2022	Nov. 20, 2023
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1128	Nov. 23, 2022	Nov. 22, 2023
SPEAG	6500MHz System Validation Kit	D6.5GHzV2	1083	Sep. 06, 2022	Sep. 05, 2023
SPEAG	5G Verification Source	10GHz	1020	Jan. 18, 2022	Jan. 17, 2023
SPEAG	EUmmWV Probe Tip Protection	EUmmWV4	9672	Oct. 03, 2022	Oct. 02, 2023
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1707	Dec. 15, 2022	Dec. 14, 2023
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3728	Mar. 02, 2022	Mar. 01, 2023
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7694	Nov. 15, 2022	Nov. 14, 2023
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Jun. 27, 2022	Jun. 26, 2023
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Mar. 15, 2022	Mar. 14, 2023
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	100815	Feb. 24, 2022	Feb. 23, 2023
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Oct. 12, 2022	Oct. 11, 2023
Keysight	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Sep. 22, 2022	Sep. 21, 2023
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 28, 2022	Sep. 27, 2023
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	2942	Oct. 31, 2022	Oct. 30, 2023
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 16, 2022	Aug. 15, 2023
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1804003	Oct. 17, 2022	Oct. 16, 2023
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1726150	Oct. 17, 2022	Oct. 16, 2023
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911334	Jun. 22, 2022	Jun. 21, 2023
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jul. 21, 2022	Jul. 20, 2023
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 19, 2021	Aug. 17, 2023
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6418	Oct. 14, 2022	Oct. 13, 2023
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	479102029	Sep. 15, 2022	Sep. 14, 2023
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

9.1 PD System Performance Check Results

The system was verified to be within ± 0.66 dB of the power density targets on the calibration certificate according to the test system specification in the user's manual and calibration facility recommendation. The 0.66 dB deviation threshold represents the expanded uncertainty for system performance checks using SPEAG's mmWave verification sources. The same spatial resolution and measurement region used in the source calibration was applied during the system check. The measured power density distribution of verification source was also confirmed through visual inspection to have no noticeable differences, both spatially (shape) and numerically (level) from the distribution provided by the manufacturer, per November 2017 TCBC Workshop Notes.

Frequency (GHz)	5G Verification Source	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Distance (mm)	Measured 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	Targeted 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	Deviation (dB)	Test Site	Date
10G	10GHz_1020	9672	1707	10mm	55.7	51.7	0.32	SAR13	2023/1/17

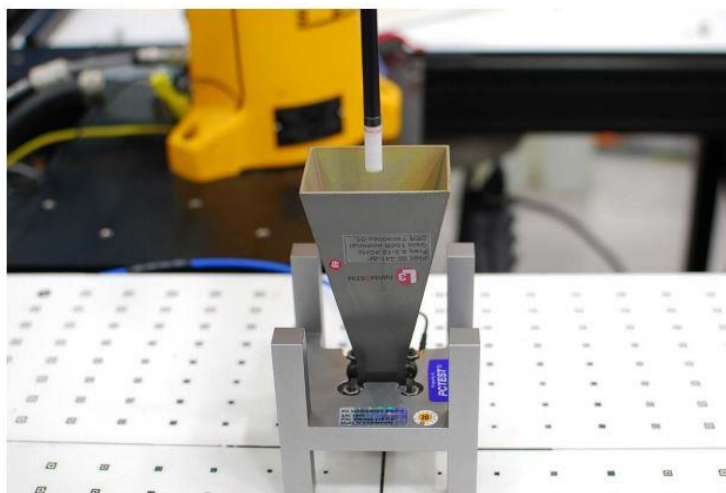


Figure 4-3
System Verification Setup Photo

System Performance Check Setup

10. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

1. For each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than (or equal to) the power in MIMO operation, RF exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas operating in SISO mode.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$ and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04 , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
3. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, additional output power measurements were not necessary.
4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
5. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
6. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
7. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. 18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is $\leq 0.4\text{ W/kg}$, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is $> 0.4\text{ W/kg}$, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$ or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is $> 0.8\text{ W/kg}$, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is $\leq 1.2\text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.
8. Per 201904 TCBC workshops, General principles of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 can be applied to determine the SAR Initial Test Configurations and test reduction for 802.11ax SAR testing. For the table below the 802.11ax maximum power is SU (non-OFDMA), and the SU maximum power also higher than RU (OFDMA)
9. In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing
10. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands
11. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
 - a. If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power
 - b. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
 - c. When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel



2.4GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	18.60	19.00	100.00	18.90	19.00	100.00	Not Required	20.00	Not Required
		6	2437	18.80	19.00		19.00	19.00			20.00	
		11	2462	18.70	19.00		19.00	19.00			20.00	
		12	2467	14.50	14.50		14.50	14.50			14.00	
		13	2472	11.50	11.50		11.50	11.50			7.50	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	Not Required	16.50	Not Required	Not Required	16.50	Not Required		19.50	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			20.00	
		11	2462		16.50			16.50			18.50	
		12	2467		15.50			15.50			18.00	
		13	2472		15.00			15.00			12.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412		16.50			16.50			19.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			20.00	
		11	2462		15.50			15.50			17.50	
		12	2467		15.00			15.00			17.50	
		13	2472		9.50			9.50			7.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422		16.00			16.00			18.00	
		6	2437		16.50			16.50			18.00	
		9	2452		15.50			15.50			16.50	
		10	2457		15.00			15.00			16.50	
		11	2462		14.00			14.00			14.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	1	2412		16.50			16.50			19.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			20.00	
		11	2462		15.50			15.50			17.50	
		12	2467		15.00			15.00			17.50	
		13	2472		9.50			9.50			7.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	3	2422		16.00			16.00			18.00	
		6	2437		16.50			16.50			18.00	
		9	2452		15.50			15.50			16.50	
		10	2457		15.00			15.00			16.50	
		11	2462		14.00			14.00			14.50	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	1	2412		16.50			16.50			19.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			20.00	
		11	2462		15.50			15.50			17.50	
		12	2467		15.00			15.00			17.50	
		13	2472		9.50			9.50			7.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	3	2422		16.00			16.00			18.00	
		6	2437		16.50			16.50			18.00	
		9	2452		15.50			15.50			16.50	
		10	2457		15.00			15.00			16.50	
		11	2462		14.00			14.00			14.50	

5.2GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	Not Required	18.00	Not Required	Not Required	18.00	Not Required	Not Required	18.00	Not Required
		40	5200		18.00			18.00			18.00	
		44	5220		18.00			18.00			18.00	
		48	5240		18.00			18.00			18.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180		17.50			17.50			18.00	
		40	5200		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		44	5220		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		48	5240		18.00			18.00			18.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190		16.00			16.00			16.50	
		46	5230		17.00			17.00			20.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180		17.50			17.50			18.00	
		40	5200		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		44	5220		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		48	5240		18.00			18.00			18.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190		16.00			16.00			16.50	
		46	5230		17.00			17.00			20.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210		14.50			14.50			15.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	36	5180		17.50			17.50			18.00	
		40	5200		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		44	5220		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		48	5240		18.00			18.00			18.50	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	38	5190		16.00			16.00			16.50	
		46	5230		17.00			17.00			20.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	42	5210		14.50			14.50			15.00	

5.3GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	17.70	18.00	100.00	17.90	18.00	100.00	Not Required	18.50	Not Required
		56	5280	17.60	18.00		18.00	18.00			18.50	
		60	5300	17.80	18.00		18.00	18.00			18.50	
		64	5320	17.20	17.50		17.50	17.50			18.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	Not Required	18.00	Not Required	Not Required	18.00	Not Required		18.50	
		56	5280		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		60	5300		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		64	5320		17.00			17.00			18.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		62	5310		15.00			15.00			16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		56	5280		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		60	5300		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		64	5320		17.00			17.00			18.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		62	5310		15.00			15.00			16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290		12.50			12.50			12.50	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	50	5250		10.00			10.00			11.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	52	5260		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		56	5280		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		60	5300		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		64	5320		17.00			17.00			18.50	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	54	5270		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		62	5310		15.00			15.00			16.50	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	58	5290		12.50			12.50			12.50	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	50	5250		10.00			10.00			11.00	

5.5GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	18.00	18.00	100.00	17.90	18.00	100.00	Not Required	18.00	Not Required
		116	5580	17.90	18.00		17.60	18.00			18.00	
		124	5620	18.00	18.00		18.00	18.00			18.00	
		132	5660	17.70	18.00		17.90	18.00			18.00	
		144	5720	18.00	18.00		17.70	18.00			18.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	Not Required	17.50	Not Required	Not Required	17.50	Not Required		18.00	
		116	5580		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		124	5620		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		132	5660		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		144	5720		18.00			18.00			19.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510		16.00			16.00			17.00	
		110	5550		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		126	5630		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		134	5670		15.50			15.50			17.00	
		142	5710		17.00			17.00			20.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500		17.50			17.50			18.00	
		116	5580		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		124	5620		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		132	5660		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		144	5720		18.00			18.00			19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510		16.00			16.00			17.00	
		110	5550		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		126	5630		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		134	5670		15.50			15.50			17.00	
		142	5710		17.00			17.00			20.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530		15.00			15.00			15.50	
		122	5610		15.50			15.50			16.00	
		138	5690		15.50			15.50			18.50	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	114	5570		10.50			10.50			12.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	100	5500		17.50			17.50			18.00	
		116	5580		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		124	5620		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		132	5660		18.00			18.00			18.50	
		144	5720		18.00			18.00			19.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	102	5510		16.00			16.00			17.00	
		110	5550		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		126	5630		17.00			17.00			20.00	
		134	5670		15.50			15.50			17.00	
		142	5710		17.00			17.00			20.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	106	5530		15.00			15.00			15.50	
		122	5610		15.50			15.50			16.00	
		138	5690		15.50			15.50			18.50	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	114	5570		10.50			10.50			12.00	

5.8GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	18.00	18.00	100.00	18.00	18.00	100.00	Not Required	19.00	Not Required
		157	5785	17.80	18.00		18.00	18.00			19.00	
		165	5825	18.00	18.00		18.00	18.00			19.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	Not Required	18.00	Not Required	Not Required	18.00	Not Required		19.00	
		157	5785		18.00			18.00			19.00	
		165	5825		18.00			18.00			19.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755		17.00			17.00			19.00	
		159	5795		17.00			17.00			19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745		18.00			18.00			19.00	
		157	5785		18.00			18.00			19.00	
		165	5825		18.00			18.00			19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755		17.00			17.00			19.00	
		159	5795		17.00			17.00			19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775		15.50			15.50			18.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	149	5745		18.00			18.00			19.00	
		157	5785		18.00			18.00			19.00	
		165	5825		18.00			18.00			19.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	151	5755		17.00			17.00			19.00	
		159	5795		17.00			17.00			19.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	155	5775		15.50			15.50			18.00	

WiFi 6E				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
WiFi 6E	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	1	5955	Not Required	6.00	Not Required	Not Required	6.00	Not Required	Not Required	2.50	Not Required
		57	6235		5.50			5.50			2.00	
		113	6515		5.50			5.50			2.50	
		173	6815		5.50			5.50			2.50	
		233	7115		6.00			6.00			3.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	3	5965	Not Required	8.50	Not Required	Not Required	8.50	Not Required	Not Required	5.50	Not Required
		59	6245		8.50			8.50			5.50	
		107	6485		8.50			8.50			6.00	
		171	6805		8.50			8.50			5.50	
		227	7085		9.00			9.00			6.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	7	5985	11.40	11.50	100.00	11.50	11.50	100.00	Not Required	8.50	Not Required
		71	6305	11.40	11.50		11.50	11.50			8.00	
		119	6545	11.50	11.50		11.50	11.50			8.00	
		167	6785	11.50	11.50		11.50	11.50			8.00	
		215	7025	10.80	11.00		10.90	11.00			8.50	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	15	6025	Not Required	10.00	Not Required	Not Required	10.00	Not Required	Not Required	11.00	Not Required
		47	6185		10.00			10.00			10.50	
		111	6505		10.00			10.00			10.50	
		143	6665		10.00			10.00			11.00	
		207	6985		10.00			10.00			6.50	

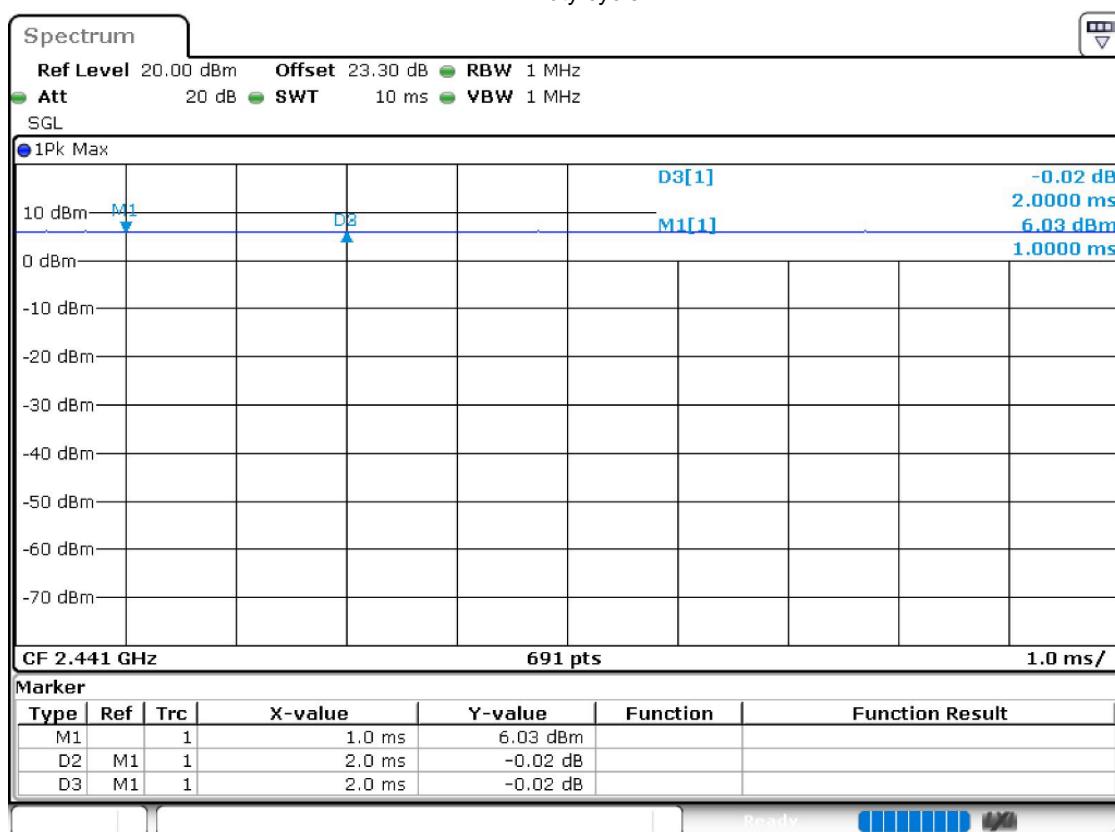
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Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
BR / EDR	CH 00	2402	6.00	Not Required	Not Required
	CH 39	2441	5.80		
	CH 78	2480	5.40		
Tune-up Limit			6.00	6.00	6.00

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	
			1Mbps	2Mbps
LE	CH 00	2402	Not Required	Not Required
	CH 19	2440		
	CH 39	2480		
Tune-up Limit			6.00	6.00

General Note:

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 100% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.

BT Duty cycle


11. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, WLAN5.2GHz SAR testing is not required when the WLAN5.3GHz band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for WLAN5.2GHz band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. For WLAN SAR testing was performed on single antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode.
6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6 W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04 , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.

WLAN PD Note:

1. The WiFi 6E PD was performed according 2020 TCB workshop RF Exposure 5G RFX Policies Interim Procedures.
2. First, evaluate SAR using 6-7 GHz parameters per IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 and using highest SAR test configurations evaluate incident PD using the mmw near-field probe and total-field/power-density reconstruction method (2 mm closest meas. plane).
3. Per Interim Procedures. The power density results were scaled according to IEC 62479:2010 for the portion of the measurement uncertainty > 30%. Total expanded uncertainty of 2.68 dB (85.4%) was used to determine the psPD measurement scaling factor
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. The WiFi 6E RF Exposure results are used for simultaneous transmission analysis with the other transmitters and total exposure ratio, the analysis can be found in this report section 13
6. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm2 averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
7. Power density was calculated by repeated E-field measurements on two measurement planes separated by $\lambda/4$.
8. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools.
9. The measurement procedure consists of measuring the PDinc at two different distances: 2 mm (compliance distance) and $\lambda/5$. The grid extents should be large enough to fully capture the transmitted energy. The grid step should be fine enough to demonstrate that the integrated Power Density iPDn fulfill the criterion described below. Since iPD ratio between the two distances is ≥ -1 dB, the grid step (0.0625) was sufficient for determining compliance at d=2mm.

$$10 \cdot \log_{10} \frac{iPD_n(2mm)}{iPD_n(\lambda/5)} \geq -1$$

**11.1 Body SAR****<WLAN SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	Sample 1	18.80	19.00	1.047	100	1.000	-0.11	0.405	0.424
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	1	2412	Sample 1	18.60	19.00	1.096	100	1.000	-0.13	0.357	0.391
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	11	2462	Sample 1	18.70	19.00	1.072	100	1.000	-0.06	0.349	0.374
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	Sample 2	18.80	19.00	1.047	100	1.000	0	0.174	0.182
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	Sample 3	18.80	19.00	1.047	100	1.000	0.16	0.307	0.321
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	Sample 4	18.80	19.00	1.047	100	1.000	-0.03	0.229	0.240
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	6	2437	Sample 1	19.00	19.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.1	0.369	0.369
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	1	2412	Sample 1	18.90	19.00	1.023	100	1.000	0.06	0.318	0.325
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	Sample 1	19.00	19.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.05	0.314	0.314
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	6	2437	Sample 2	19.00	19.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.08	0.233	0.233
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	6	2437	Sample 3	19.00	19.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.14	0.299	0.299
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	6	2437	Sample 4	19.00	19.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.11	0.916	0.916
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	1	2412	Sample 1	18.90	19.00	1.023	100	1.000	-0.08	0.857	0.877
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	Sample 4	19.00	19.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.1	0.931	0.931
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	60	5300	Sample 1	17.80	18.00	1.047	100	1.000	-0.17	0.356	0.373
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	52	5260	Sample 1	17.70	18.00	1.072	100	1.000	0.02	0.476	0.510
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	56	5280	Sample 1	17.60	18.00	1.096	100	1.000	0	0.406	0.445
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	64	5320	Sample 1	17.20	17.50	1.072	100	1.000	0.16	0.235	0.252
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	52	5260	Sample 2	17.70	18.00	1.072	100	1.000	0.16	0.438	0.469
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	52	5260	Sample 3	17.70	18.00	1.072	100	1.000	-0.05	0.453	0.485
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	52	5260	Sample 4	17.70	18.00	1.072	100	1.000	-0.07	0.322	0.345
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	56	5280	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.1	0.213	0.213
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	52	5260	Sample 1	17.90	18.00	1.023	100	1.000	0.06	0.221	0.226
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	60	5300	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.06	0.213	0.213
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	64	5320	Sample 1	17.50	17.50	1.000	100	1.000	-0.05	0.219	0.219
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	52	5260	Sample 2	17.90	18.00	1.023	100	1.000	-0.03	0.311	0.318
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	52	5260	Sample 3	17.90	18.00	1.023	100	1.000	0.07	0.212	0.217
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	52	5260	Sample 4	17.90	18.00	1.023	100	1.000	-0.05	0.360	0.368
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	100	5500	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.08	0.262	0.262
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	116	5580	Sample 1	17.90	18.00	1.023	100	1.000	0.01	0.337	0.345
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	124	5620	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.1	0.317	0.317
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	132	5660	Sample 1	17.70	18.00	1.072	100	1.000	0.12	0.320	0.343
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	144	5720	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.04	0.354	0.354
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	144	5720	Sample 2	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.01	0.503	0.503
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	144	5720	Sample 3	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.03	0.274	0.274
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	144	5720	Sample 4	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.05	0.664	0.664
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	124	5620	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.15	0.435	0.435
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	100	5500	Sample 1	17.90	18.00	1.023	100	1.000	0.08	0.330	0.338
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	116	5580	Sample 1	17.60	18.00	1.096	100	1.000	-0.15	0.463	0.508
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	132	5660	Sample 1	17.90	18.00	1.023	100	1.000	-0.02	0.421	0.431
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	144	5720	Sample 1	17.70	18.00	1.072	100	1.000	0.15	0.450	0.482
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	116	5580	Sample 2	17.60	18.00	1.096	100	1.000	0.09	0.336	0.368
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	116	5580	Sample 3	17.60	18.00	1.096	100	1.000	0.14	0.404	0.443
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	116	5580	Sample 4	17.60	18.00	1.096	100	1.000	-0.16	0.509	0.558
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	149	5745	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.18	0.331	0.331
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	157	5785	Sample 1	17.80	18.00	1.047	100	1.000	-0.1	0.306	0.320
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	165	5825	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.07	0.320	0.320
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	149	5745	Sample 2	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.08	0.496	0.496
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	149	5745	Sample 3	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.15	0.309	0.309
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	149	5745	Sample 4	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.08	0.770	0.770
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	149	5745	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.1	0.550	0.550
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	157	5785	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.01	0.642	0.642
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	165	5825	Sample 1	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.08	0.689	0.689
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	165	5825	Sample 2	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	0.1	0.514	0.514
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	165	5825	Sample 3	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.03	0.621	0.621
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	165	5825	Sample 4	18.00	18.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.06	0.673	0.673



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No. : FA2D3002-02

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured APD (W/m^2)	Reported APD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	119	6545	Sample 1	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	0.13	0.106	0.106	0.826	0.826
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	7	5985	Sample 1	11.40	11.50	1.023	100	1.000	0	0.094	0.096	0.618	0.632
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	71	6305	Sample 1	11.40	11.50	1.023	100	1.000	-0.11	0.058	0.059	0.448	0.458
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	167	6785	Sample 1	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	0.12	0.096	0.096	0.779	0.779
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	215	7025	Sample 1	10.80	11.00	1.047	100	1.000	-0.03	0.081	0.085	0.590	0.618
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	119	6545	Sample 2	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	0.11	0.112	0.112	0.900	0.900
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	119	6545	Sample 3	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	-0.05	0.100	0.100	0.802	0.802
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	119	6545	Sample 4	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	0.12	0.164	0.164	1.220	1.220
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	7	5985	Sample 1	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	-0.04	0.141	0.141	1.190	1.190
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	71	6305	Sample 1	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	-0.13	0.126	0.126	1.370	1.370
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	119	6545	Sample 1	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	0	0.119	0.119	0.826	0.826
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	167	6785	Sample 1	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	0.17	0.123	0.123	0.920	0.920
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	215	7025	Sample 1	10.90	11.00	1.023	100	1.000	-0.19	0.111	0.114	0.850	0.870
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	71	6305	Sample 2	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	0.14	0.105	0.105	0.755	0.755
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	71	6305	Sample 3	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	0.17	0.162	0.162	1.280	1.280
05	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	71	6305	Sample 4	11.50	11.50	1.000	100	1.000	-0.03	0.180	0.180	1.440	1.440

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	0	2402	Sample 1	6.00	6.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.09	0.010	0.010
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	39	2441	Sample 1	5.80	6.00	1.047	100	1.000	-0.15	0.008	0.008
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	78	2480	Sample 1	5.40	6.00	1.148	100	1.000	0.15	0.007	0.008
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	0	2402	Sample 2	6.00	6.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.1	0.009	0.009
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	0	2402	Sample 3	6.00	6.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.09	0.003	0.003
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	0	2402	Sample 4	6.00	6.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.08	0.006	0.006

11.2 6GHz PD SAR Result

Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Grid Step (λ)	iPDn	iPD ratio (≥ -1)	Scaling Factor for Measurement Uncertainty	Normal psPD (W/m ²)	Total psPD (W/m ²)
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	7	5985	11.50	0.0625	0.752	0.023162427	1.5535	1.150	1.200
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	10mm	Ant 2	7	5985	11.50	0.25	0.748		1.5535	0.577	0.598
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	215	7025	10.90	0.0625	0.749	0.02325545	1.5535	0.942	1.010
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	8.59mm	Ant 2	215	7025	10.90	0.25	0.745		1.5535	0.657	0.669

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Sample	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Grid Step (λ)	Scaling Factor for Measurement Uncertainty	Power Drift (dB)	Normal psPD (W/m ²)	Scaled Normal psPD (W/m ²)	Total psPD (W/m ²)	Scaled Total psPD (W/m ²)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	119	6545	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.01	0.447	0.694	0.540	0.839
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	7	5985	11.40	11.50	1.023	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.13	0.362	0.575	0.437	0.695
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	71	6305	11.40	11.50	1.023	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.1	0.240	0.382	0.290	0.461
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	167	6785	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	0.392	0.609	0.474	0.736
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	215	7025	10.80	11.00	1.047	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0	0.197	0.320	0.238	0.387
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 2	119	6545	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.14	0.396	0.615	0.478	0.743
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 3	119	6545	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.02	0.413	0.642	0.498	0.774
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 4	119	6545	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.08	0.515	0.800	0.622	0.966
01	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	7	5985	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.19	1.150	1.787	1.200	1.864
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	71	6305	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.07	0.676	1.050	0.784	1.218
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	119	6545	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.06	0.948	1.473	0.979	1.521
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	167	6785	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.16	0.637	0.990	0.739	1.148
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	215	7025	10.90	11.00	1.023	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.01	0.942	1.497	1.010	1.606
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 2	71	6305	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	0.05	0.569	0.884	0.660	1.025
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 3	71	6305	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.13	0.665	1.033	0.771	1.198
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 4	71	6305	11.50	11.50	1.000	100.00	1.000	0.0625	1.5535	-0.08	0.862	1.339	1.000	1.554

11.3 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	Sample 4	19.00	19.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.1	0.931	-	0.931
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	Sample 4	19.00	19.00	1.000	100	1.000	-0.1	0.913	1.02	0.913

General Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured* SAR.
- All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

12. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1 + WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2	Yes
2.	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1 + WLAN5GHz Ant 2	Yes
3.	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 + WLAN5GHz Ant 1	Yes
4.	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1 + WLAN6GHz Ant 2	Yes
5.	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 + WLAN6GHz Ant 1	Yes
6.	WLAN5GHz Ant 1 + WLAN5GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes
7.	WLAN6GHz Ant 1 + WLAN6GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes
8.	WLAN5GHz Ant 1 + WLAN6GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes
9.	WLAN5GHz Ant 2 + WLAN6GHz Ant 1 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes

General Note:

- The worst case WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation. Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with WLAN.
- WLAN RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode. Therefore SPLSR calculation was choose worst case with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode perform evaluation.
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 12.2.

12.1 Body Exposure Conditions

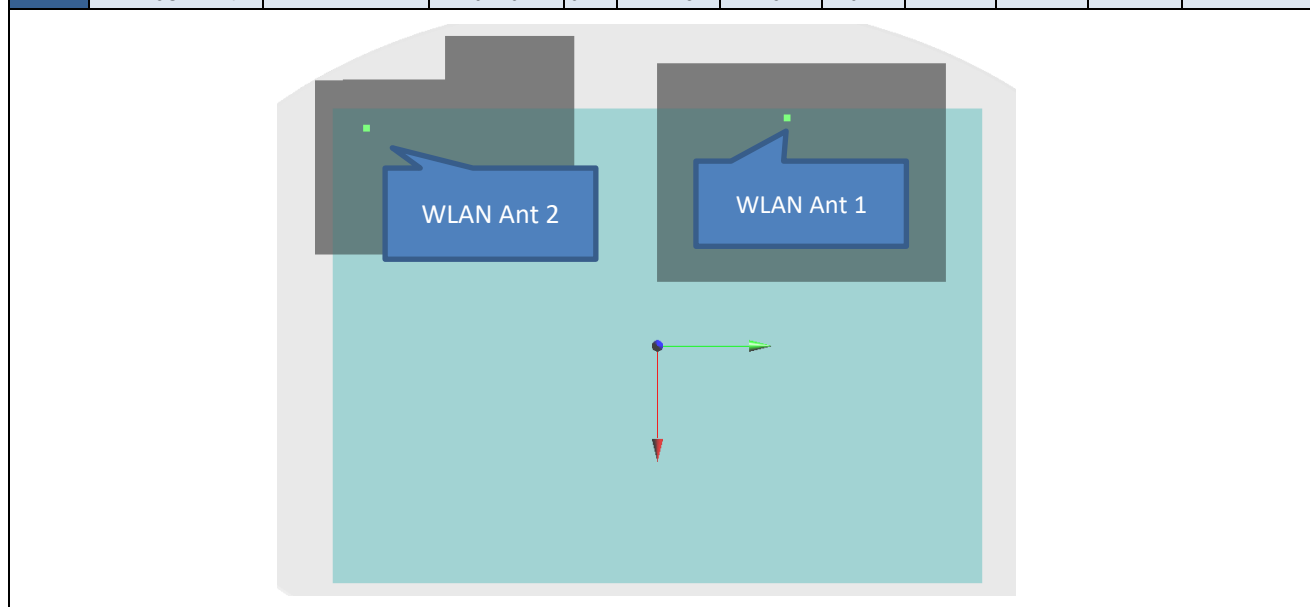
Exposure Position	1 WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)	3 WLAN5GHz Ant 1 1g SAR (W/kg)	4 WLAN5GHz Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)	5 WLAN6GHz Ant 1 1g SAR (W/kg)	6 WLAN6GHz Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)	7 Bluetooth Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	2+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+6 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	2+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4+7 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	5+6+7 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+6+7 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	4+5+7 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case
Bottom of Laptop at 0mm	0.424	0.931	0.770	0.689	0.164	0.180	0.010	1.355	1.113	1.701	0.604	1.095	1.469	0.354	0.960	0.863	0.01	Case 1

12.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

1. According to antenna location the minimum distance between each transmit antenna is using for SPLSR analysis
2. Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneously transmitting antenna. When the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration. Therefore, the adjacent transmit antennas will be summed first, and then the SPLSR calculation will be evaluated with the farther transmitted antennas.
3. $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
4. The detail hotspot point for each transmitter in each exposure condition are showing as below figure and the minimum 3D distance for each sum combination is used for SPLSR analysis.

Case 1	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2	Bottom of Laptop	0.931	0mm	-123.6	-162.2	1.09	238.2	1.70	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 1		0.770	0mm	-121.8	76	-0.22				



Test Engineer : Sing Lim and Kevin Guo

13. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be ≤ 30%, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

14. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [10] IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", Oct. 2020
- [11] SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- [12] SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedure for Device Operation at 6GHz-10GHz)