## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-853\_Jul21 Page 2 of 5

# **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:

1LSB =

 $6.1\mu V$ ,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range:

1LSB =

61nV,

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	402.636 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.305 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.467 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95792 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96764 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96884 ± 1.50% (k=2)

## **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	133.5 ° ± 1 °
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Certificate No: DAE4-853\_Jul21

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199994.78	-0.38	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20003.58	1.28	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19998.94	2.24	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199997.74	2.93	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20003.47	1.07	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20003.18	-1.92	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199994.73	-0.07	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20001.92	-0.26	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20002.31	-0.86	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2003.19	1.62	0.08
Channel X	+ Input	202.80	0.79	0.39
Channel X	- Input	-197.03	0.78	-0.39
Channel Y	+ Input	2002.03	0.56	0.03
Channel Y	+ Input	201.58	-0.24	-0.12
Channel Y	- Input	-198.48	-0.51	0.26
Channel Z	+ Input	2002.49	1.09	0.05
Channel Z	+ Input	200.94	-0.77	-0.38
Channel Z	- Input	-198.75	-0.67	0.34

## 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-6.26	-7.94
	- 200	10.98	8.57
Channel Y	200	4.67	4.59
	- 200	-5.84	-5.86
Channel Z	200	0.86	0.78
	- 200	-2.72	-2.94

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	4.05	-0.60
Channel Y	200	10.28	-	4.87
Channel Z	200	13.24	7.03	

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16244	16840
Channel Y	16088	16711
Channel Z	16229	15413

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.48	-0.38	1.60	0.34
Channel Y	0.32	-0.56	1.67	0.44
Channel Z	-0.01	-1.21	2.70	0.79

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

**9. Power Consumption** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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## IMPORTANT NOTICE

#### **USAGE OF THE DAE4**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange**: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE**: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures**: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair**: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

#### Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

#### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

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Client

Sporton

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

C

S

Certificate No: DAE4-854\_Aug21

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 854

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: August 19, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	07-Sep-20 (No:28647)	Sep-21
	8		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-21 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-22
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-21 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-22
1			

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Adrian Gehring

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Deputy Manager

Issued: August 19, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-854\_Aug21

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#### Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

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  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
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  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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## **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =

 $6.1 \mu V$  ,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range:

1LSB =

61nV,

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	х	Υ	Z
High Range	404.924 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.719 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.792 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97094 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.94896 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.95243 ± 1.50% (k=2)

## **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	38.5 ° ± 1 °
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Certificate No: DAE4-854\_Aug21

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199995.86	-0.36	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.15	-0.92	-0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19998.64	3.05	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199996.87	1.16	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000.19	-1.82	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20002.52	-0.80	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199995.58	-0.72	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19999.38	-2.62	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20000.10	1.67	-0.01

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.24	0.00	0.00
Channel X + Input	201.65	0.19	0.10
Channel X - Input	-198.55	-0.09	0.04
Channel Y + Input	2001.09	0.00	0.00
Channel Y + Input	201.10	-0.27	-0.13
Channel Y - Input	-198.97	-0.32	0.16
Channel Z + Input	2000.93	-0.00	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	200.52	-0.74	-0.37
Channel Z - Input	-199.63	-0.97	0.49

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-16.13	-17.47
	- 200	18.92	17.38
Channel Y	200	-8.32	-8.43
	- 200	7.13	6.87
Channel Z	200	24.44	23.63
	- 200	-26.65	-26.79

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	=	2.64	-1.93
Channel Y	200	6.75	-	4.26
Channel Z	200	8.36	4.54	-

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## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16140	16106
Channel Y	15974	17194
Channel Z	15813	16335

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.27	-0.57	1.09	0.36
Channel Y	-0.61	-1.37	0.14	0.33
Channel Z	-0.38	-1.41	0.32	0.30

## 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-854\_Aug21 Page 5 of 5

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## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

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**Repair**: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

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#### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: EX3-3642 Apr21

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3642

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

April 26, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by:

Issued: May 4, 2021

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Certificate No: EX3-3642\_Apr21

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space Sensitivity in TSL / NOR

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3642 Apr21 Page 2 of 23

EX3DV4 – SN:3642 April 26, 2021

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3642

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.31	0.31	0.37	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	97.4	104.8	101.7		

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	150.4	± 3.3 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		158.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		144.2		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	2.45	65.10	10.98	10.00	60.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	89.91	19.54		60.0		
		Z	7.48	77.90	16.05		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	2.14	67.08	10.63	6.99	80.0	± 2.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	92.77	19.76		80.0		
		Z	20.00	89.67	18.40		80.0		
10354- Pulse	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	1.59	68.33	9.93	3.98	95.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	100.66	22.20		95.0		
		Z	20.00	92.33	18.18		95.0		
10355- Pulse Wave	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	4.24	76.81	11.53	2.22	120.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	20.00	111.57	26.00		120.0		
		Z	20.00	96.83	19.11		120.0		
10387- QPSK Wav	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.66	68.45	15.68	1.00	150.0	± 2.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.64	65.69	14.79		150.0		
		Z	1.56	65.04	14.16		150.0		
10388- QPSK Way	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.14	68.46	16.16	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	100	Y	2.15	67.22	15.43		150.0		
		Z	2.05	66.49	14.87		150.0		
10396- 64-QAM V AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.31	67.84	17.66	3.01	150.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.59	69.10	18.09		150.0		
		Z	2.63	69.10	17.97		150.0		
10399- 64-QAM Wa	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.48	67.39	16.05	0.00	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.48	66.83	15.64		150.0		
		Z	3.43	66.62	15.40		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.74	65.93	15.80	0.00	150.0	± 1.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	4.84	65.55	15.47	]	150.0		
		Z	4.81	65.55	15.37	1	150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3642

#### **Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V <sup>-1</sup>	T1 ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
X	32.1	242.85	36.45	5.04	0.68	4.97	0.75	0.17	1.00
Υ	42.9	315.70	34.70	8.49	0.00	5.03	1.73	0.04	1.00
Z	40.9	300.50	34.45	6.44	0.37	4.99	1.53	0.09	1.01

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-69.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.