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Global Product Certification
EMC-EMR-Safety Approvals

EMI TEST REPORT
for
CERTIFICATION of
FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER

FCC ID:	TVN-MSTRP
Manufacturer:	Magellan Technology Pty Limited
Test Sample:	PJM Stack Tag Tunnel Reader
Model:	MSTRP-5050
Serial No:	Production Prototype
Date:	5th December 2007

NATA
WORLD RECOGNISED ACCREDITATION

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 5292

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EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION
FOR
CERTIFICATION OF FCC Part 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER

FCC ID: TNV-MSTRP
EMC Technologies Report No. T71003_F
Date: 25th October 2007

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EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION OF FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER

Report Number:	T71003_F
Test Sample Name:	PJM Stack Tag Tunnel Reader
Model Number:	MSTRP-5050
Serial Number:	Production Prototype
FCC ID:	TVN-MSTRP
Manufacturer:	Magellan Technology Pty Limited
Tested For:	Magellan Techology Pty Limited
Address:	65 Johnston Street Annandale NSW 2038
Phone:	(02) 9562 9800
Fax:	(02) 9518 7620
Responsible Party:	Mr Tai Wai Pong
Test Standards:	**FCC Part 15.225 Intentional Radiators** **FCC Part 15.207 Conducted Limits** **ANSI C63.4:2003** **OET Bulletin No. 65**
Test Dates:	22/10/07, 4/12/07 and 5/12/07

Testing Officers:

Jodie Foyle **Bruce Holdsworth**

Joel Mulig

Attestation: *I hereby certify that the device(s) described herein were tested as described in this report and that the data included is that which was obtained during such testing.*

Authorised Signature:

Les Dickenson
Branch Manager
EMC Technologies Pty Ltd

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EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION of FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER on the PJM Stack Tag Tunnel Reader

1. SUMMARY of RESULTS

This report details the results of EMI tests and measurements performed on the PJM Stack Tag Tunnel Reader, Model: MSTRP-5050, in accordance with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regulations as detailed in Title 47 CFR, Part 15 Rules for intentional radiators. All results are detailed in this report.

Part 15.31e	
Amplitude stability with supply variation:	Complied
Part 15.207	
Conducted Emissions:	Complied *
Part 15.225 a, b &c	
Carrier Signal Field Strength 13.110 – 14.010MHz:	Complied
Part 15.225 d (15.209)	
Field Strength Outside 13.110 – 14.010MHz:	Complied *
Part 15.225 e	
Frequency Tolerance:	Complied

* This result falls within the laboratory's measurement uncertainty.

2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 General Description of Test Sample

Manufacturer	:	Magellan Technologies Pty Limited
Test Sample	:	PJM Stack Tag Tunnel Reader
Model	:	MSTRP-5050
Serial Number	:	Production Prototype
Part Number	:	049-70-000
FCC ID	:	TVN-MSTRP
Equipment Type	:	Intentional Radiator

2.2 Test Sample Description

The MSTRP-5050 Tunnel Reader is an RFID read/write device designed to meet the requirements to monitor, manage and control a large number of items. It is desgned to work primarily with conveyor belts.

The product has an aperture of 500x500mm and is a multi-axis tunnel reader which switches the magnetic field rapidly between the three axis of X, Y and Z.

The MSTRP-5050 will read and write to all PJM ItemTag and StackTag labels within the internal working volume of the tunnel despite the orientation of the tags.

The unit consists of external power supply, USB and Ethernet ports.

There are three orthogonal internal antenna fitted to the unit. Only one antenna is operational any one time. They are operated in sequence.

Two antenna will be used during testing – on a PCB based and the other a polycarbon based internal inductive loop antenna.

Power is provided from an external 12Vdc power supply.

2.3 Technical Specifications and System Overview

Real Clock Time	:	32,768kHz
Microprocessor	:	AT91RM9200
Frequencies	:	50MHz, 27.12MHz, 18.432MHz
Transmission Frequency:		13.56 MHz
Power Supply	:	external power supply, Cincon Electroics, Model: TR100A12021E11, Input: 100-240V, Output: 12V dc

Refer to Appendix L Installation Manual and Appendix H Customer Test Plan.

2.4 EUT Configurations

Refer to Appendix H, Customer Test Plan.

2.5 Test Sample Support Equipment

Refer to Appendix H, Customer Test Plan.

2.6 Test Sample Block Diagram

Refer to Appendix H, Customer Test Plan.

2.7 EUT Operation Conditions

Refer to Appendix H, Customer Test Plan.

2.8 Modifications

No modifications were performed.

2.9 Test Procedure

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the procedures of ANSI C63.4:2003. The measurement distance for radiated emissions was 3 metres from the EUT for range 9kHz-1000MHz.

2.10 Test Facility

2.10.1 General

Conducted Emission measurements of fundamental frequency 13.56 MHz were performed at EMC Technologies Laboratory in Seven Hills, New South Wales, Australia. Radiated Emission measurements in the ranges 9kHz-1000MHz were performed at EMC Technologies' open area test site (OATS) situated at Upper Colo, NSW, Australia.

The above sites have been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC office, and accepted in a letter dated October 18th 2005, **FCC Registration number is 90561**.

2.10.2 NATA Accreditation

EMC Technologies is accredited in Australia to test to the following standards by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA).

"FCC Part 15 unintentional and intentional emitters in the frequency range 9kHz to 18GHz excluding TV receivers (15.117 and 15.119), TV interface devices (15.115), cable ready consumer electronic equipment (15.118), cable locating equipment (15.213) and unlicensed national information infrastructure devices (Sub part E)."

The current full scope of accreditation can be found on the NATA website:
www.nata.asn.au
It also includes a large number of emission, immunity, SAR, EMR and Safety standards.

NATA is the Australian national laboratory accreditation body and has accredited EMC Technologies to operate to the IEC/ISO17025 requirements. A major requirement for accreditation is the assessment of the company and its personnel as being technically competent in testing to the standards. This requires fully documented test procedures, continued calibration of all equipment to the National Standard at the National Measurements Institute (NMI) and an internal quality system to ISO 9002. NATA has mutual recognition agreements with the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) and the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A^2LA).

2.11 Units of Measurements

2.11.1 Conducted Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt (dBμV).

2.11.2 Radiated Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt per metre (dBμV/m). The measurement distance was 3 metres from the EUT for ranges 9kHz-1000MHz.

2.12 Test Equipment Calibration

All measurement instrumentation and transducers were calibrated in accordance with the applicable standards by an independent NATA registered laboratory such as Agilent Technologies (Australia) Pty Ltd or the National Measurement Institute (NMI). All equipment calibration is traceable to Australia national standards at the National Measurement Institute. The reference antenna calibration was performed by NMI and the working antennas (biconical and log-periodic) calibrated by the NATA approved procedures. The complete list of test equipment used for the measurements, including calibration dates and traceability is contained in Appendix A of this report.

2.13 Ambients at OATS

The Open Area Test Site (OATS) is an area of low background ambient signals. No significant broadband ambients are present however commercial radio and TV signals exceed the limit in the FM radio, VHF and UHF television bands. Radiated prescan measurements were performed in the shielded enclosure to check for possible radiated emissions at the frequencies where the OATS ambient signals exceeded the test limit.

3.0 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

3.1 Test Procedure

The arrangement specified in ANSI C63.4:2003 was adhered to for the conducted EMI measurements. The EUT was placed in the RF screened enclosure and a CISPR EMI Receiver as defined in ANSI C63.2-1987 was used to perform the measurements.

The EMI Receiver was operated under program control using the Max-Hold function and automatic frequency scanning, measurement and data logging techniques. The specified 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz frequency range was sub-divided into sub-ranges to ensure that all duration peaks were captured.

3.2 Peak Maximizing Procedure

For each of the sub-ranges, the EMI receiver was set to continuous scan with the Peak detector set to Max-Hold mode. The Quasi-Peak detector was then invoked to measure the actual Quasi-Peak level of the most significant peaks which were detected.

The highest recorded EMI signals are shown on the Peaks List on the bottom right side of the graph. Peaks that were greater than 20dB below the limit were not measured. For each numbered peak the frequency, peak field strength, Quasi-peak field strength, Average field strength and the margin relative to the limit in dB is listed. A negative margin is the level below the limit.

3.3 Calculation of Voltage Levels

The voltage levels were automatically measured in software and compared to the test limit. The method of calculation was as follows:

$V_{EMI} = V_{Rx} + L_{BPF}$

Where:

V_{EMI} = The Measured EMI voltage in dBµV to be compared to the limit.
V_{Rx} = The Voltage in dBµV read directly at the EMI receiver.
L_{BPF} = The insertion loss in dB of the cables and the Limiter and Pass Filter.

3.4 Plotting of Conducted Emission Measurement Data

The measurement data pertaining to each frequency sub-range were then concatenated to form a single graph of (peak) amplitude versus frequency. This was performed for both Active and Neutral lines and the composite graph was subsequently plotted. A list of the highest relevant peaks and the respective Quasi-Peak and Average values were also plotted on the graphs.

3.5 Conducted EMI Results

3.5.1 Transmitter Terminals Connected to Antenna

Tested with polycarbon based antenna, Voltage: 120V 60Hz

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Value dBμV	QP Limit dBμV	Δ QP ±dB	Measured Av. Value dBμV	AV Limit dBμV	ΔAV ±dB
13.56 *	Neutral	85.7	60.0	+25.7	84.2	50.0	+34.2
13.56 *	Active	85.6	60.0	+25.6	83.9	50.0	+33.9
0.680	Neutral	49.1	56.0	-6.9	44.8	46.0	-1.2
0.612	Neutral	48.0	56.0	-8.0	43.9	46.0	-2.1
0.544	Neutral	48.5	56.0	-7.5	43.0	46.0	-3.0
0.477	Neutral	45.5	56.4	-10.9	43.2	46.4	-3.2
0.204	Neutral	54.5	63.4	-8.9	49.2	53.4	-4.2
0.203	Active	54.1	63.5	-9.3	49.0	53.5	-4.5
0.203	Active	54.1	63.5	-9.4	49.0	53.5	-4.5
0.679	Active	45.3	56.0	-10.7	41.1	46.0	-4.9
0.612	Active	44.9	56.0	-11.1	41.0	46.0	-5.0
15.93	Active	47.1	60.0	-13.0	44.4	50.0	-5.6
16.54	Active	47.0	60.0	-13.0	44.4	50.0	-5.6
16.28	Active	46.9	60.0	-13.1	43.9	50.0	-6.1
16.69	Active	46.8	60.0	-13.2	43.8	50.0	-6.2
15.46	Active	47.4	60.0	-12.6	43.7	50.0	-6.3
15.33	Active	46.1	60.0	-13.9	43.7	50.0	-6.3
0.476	Active	43.0	56.4	-13.4	40.0	46.4	-6.4
17.98	Active	46.3	60.0	-13.7	43.5	50.0	-6.5
0.544	Active	44.6	56.0	-11.5	39.2	46.0	-6.8
0.749	Neutral	44.6	56.0	-11.4	39.2	46.0	-6.8
17.15	Active	46.5	60.0	-13.5	43.1	50.0	-6.9
16.34	Active	46.2	60.0	-13.8	42.5	50.0	-7.5
0.407	Neutral	44.4	57.7	-13.3	40.0	47.7	-7.7
0.272	Neutral	49.8	61.1	-11.3	43.2	51.1	-7.9
16.21	Neutral	44.7	60.0	-15.3	41.8	50.0	-8.2
11.45	Neutral	43.8	60.0	-16.2	41.6	50.0	-8.4
0.341	Neutral	47.2	59.2	-12.0	40.7	49.2	-8.5
15.40	Neutral	44.3	60.0	-15.7	41.4	50.0	-8.6
1.156	Neutral	41.7	56.0	-14.3	37.3	46.0	-8.7
16.01	Neutral	44.5	60.0	-15.5	41.2	50.0	-8.8
12.06	Neutral	43.7	60.0	-16.3	41.2	50.0	-8.8

* Fundamental Frequency of Transmitter

Note: The transmit carrier was excluded from the test with the antenna connected.

The highest emission was 0.68MHz on the Neutral line, which were measured 6.9.4dB below the Quasi-peak and 1.2dB below the Average limits.
Refer to Appendix K, Graphs 1 and 2.

Tested with PCB based antenna, Voltage: 120V 60Hz

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Value dBµV	QP Limit dBµV	Δ QP ±dB	Measured Av. Value dBµV	AV Limit dBµV	ΔAV ±dB
13.56	Neutral	90.5	60.0	+30.5	89.2	50.0	+39.2
13.56	Active	90.2	60.0	+30.2	88.8	50.0	+38.8
0.682	Neutral	48.7	56.0	-7.3	44.4	46.0	-1.6
0.614	Neutral	48.3	56.0	-7.7	43.9	46.0	-2.1
0.545	Neutral	48.4	56.0	-7.6	43.1	46.0	-2.9
0.478	Neutral	45.9	56.4	-10.5	43.3	46.4	-3.1
0.204	Active	54.3	63.5	-9.1	49.3	53.5	-4.2
0.204	Neutral	54.6	63.4	-8.8	49.2	53.4	-4.2
0.612	Active	45.1	56.0	-10.9	41.2	46.0	-4.8
0.680	Active	45.2	56.0	-10.9	41.0	46.0	-5.0
0.680	Active	45.1	56.0	-10.9	40.9	46.0	-5.1
15.88	Active	47.2	60.0	-12.8	44.4	50.0	-5.6
15.54	Active	47.1	60.0	-12.9	44.2	50.0	-5.8
16.69	Active	46.9	60.0	-13.1	44.2	50.0	-5.8
16.57	Active	47.1	60.0	-12.9	44.0	50.0	-6.0
16.50	Active	47.2	60.0	-12.9	43.9	50.0	-6.1
15.88	Active	47.0	60.0	-13.0	43.8	50.0	-6.2
17.18	Active	46.8	60.0	-13.3	43.7	50.0	-6.3
16.36	Active	47.0	60.0	-13.0	43.5	50.0	-6.5
17.59	Active	47.4	60.0	-12.6	43.5	50.0	-6.5
0.751	Neutral	44.6	56.0	-11.14	39.5	46.0	-6.5
0.475	Active	43.0	56.4	-13.5	39.8	46.4	-6.6
0.544	Active	44.5	56.0	-11.5	39.3	46.0	-6.7
11.12	Neutral	44.8	60.0	-15.2	43.0	50.0	-7.0
0.410	Neutral	44.4	57.7	-13.2	40.2	47.7	-7.5
15.62	Neutral	45.2	60.0	-14.8	42.2	50.0	-7.8
15.48	Neutral	45.5	60.0	-14.5	42.2	50.0	-7.8
16.23	Neutral	44.9	60.0	-15.1	42.0	50.0	-8.0
0.273	Neutral	49.7	61.0	-11.3	42.8	51.0	-8.2
1.159	Neutral	41.8	56.0	-14.2	37.8	46.0	-8.2
14.60	Neutral	45.3	60.0	-14.7	41.7	50.0	-8.3
0.274	Neutral	49.6	61.0	-11.4	42.7	51.0	-8.3

* Fundamental Frequency of Transmitter

Note: The transmit carrier was excluded from the test with the antenna connected.

The highest emission was 0.680MHz on the Neutral line, which were measured 7.3dB below the Quasi-peak and 1.6dB below the Average limits.
Refer to Appendix K, Graphs 3 and 4.

3.5.2 Transmitter Terminals Connected to a Resistive Load

Tested with polycarbon based antenna, Voltage: 120V 60Hz

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Value dBµV	QP Limit dBµV	Δ QP ±dB	Measured Av. Value dBµV	AV Limit dBµV	ΔAV ±dB
11.58	Neutral	48.1	60.0	-11.9	46.2	50.0	-3.8
11.94	Neutral	47.8	60.0	-12.2	46.1	50.0	-3.9
12.14	Neutral	47.8	60.0	-12.2	46.0	50.0	-4.0
10.98	Neutral	47.5	60.0	-12.5	45.8	50.0	-4.2
10.78	Neutral	47.2	60.0	-12.8	45.5	50.0	-4.5
11.38	Neutral	47.5	60.0	-12.5	45.4	50.0	-4.6
12.48	Neutral	47.3	60.0	-12.7	45.4	50.0	-4.6
12.35	Neutral	47.4	60.0	-12.6	45.2	50.0	-4.8
11.25	Neutral	47.3	60.0	-12.7	45.2	50.0	-4.8
10.78	Neutral	46.9	60.0	-13.1	44.8	50.0	-5.2
10.45	Neutral	46.4	60.0	-13.6	44.8	50.0	-5.2
12.77	Neutral	46.7	60.0	-13.3	44.5	50.0	-5.5
12.63	Neutral	46.7	60.0	-13.3	44.4	50.0	-5.6
11.79	Neutral	47.7	60.0	-12.3	44.0	50.0	-6.0
13.11	Neutral	46.3	60.0	-13.7	43.9	50.0	-6.1
11.63	Active	45.2	60.0	-14.8	43.0	50.0	-7.0
13.25	Neutral	45.6	60.0	-14.4	42.7	50.0	-7.3
11.21	Active	45.3	60.0	-14.7	42.1	50.0	-7.9
12.04	Active	45.2	60.0	-14.8	42.0	50.0	-8.0
12.46	Active	44.6	60.0	-15.4	41.7	50.0	-8.3
12.26	Active	44.8	60.0	-15.3	41.7	50.0	-8.3
13.29	Active	44.0	60.0	-16.0	41.5	50.0	-8.5
11.49	Active	45.4	60.0	-14.7	41.4	50.0	-8.6
15.75	Active	44.6	60.0	-15.4	41.1	50.0	-8.9
11.03	Active	44.8	60.0	-15.2	41.1	50.0	-8.9

The transmit antenna was replaced by a resistive load and the conducted emissions measurements were repeated.

The highest emission was 11.58MHz on the Neutral line, which were measured 11.9dB below the Quasi-peak and 3.8dB below the Average limits.
Refer to Appendix K, Graphs 5 and 6.

Tested with PCB based antenna, Voltage: 120V 60Hz

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Value dBµV	QP Limit dBµV	Δ QP ±dB	Measured Av. Value dBµV	AV Limit dBµV	ΔAV ±dB
16.05	Active	46.8	60.0	-13.2	43.1	50.0	-6.9
14.82	Active	46.2	60.0	-13.8	43.1	50.0	-6.9
16.05	Neutral	46.8	60.0	-13.2	43.1	50.0	-6.9
14.82	Neutral	46.2	60.0	-13.8	43.1	50.0	-6.9
15.03	Active	46.3	60.0	-13.7	43.0	50.0	-7.0
15.51	Active	46.5	60.0	-13.6	43.0	50.0	-7.0
15.44	Active	46.5	60.0	-13.5	43.0	50.0	-7.0
14.77	Active	46.0	60.0	-14.0	43.0	50.0	-7.0
15.03	Neutral	46.3	60.0	-13.7	43.0	50.0	-7.0
15.51	Neutral	46.5	60.0	-13.6	43.0	50.0	-7.0
15.44	Neutral	46.5	60.0	-13.5	43.0	50.0	-7.0
14.77	Neutral	46.0	60.0	-14.0	43.0	50.0	-7.0
16.34	Active	46.7	60.0	-13.4	42.8	50.0	-7.2
16.34	Neutral	46.7	60.0	-13.4	42.8	50.0	-7.2
16.32	Active	46.3	60.0	-13.7	42.6	50.0	-7.4
16.67	Active	46.4	60.0	-13.6	42.6	50.0	-7.4
16.32	Neutral	46.3	60.0	-13.7	42.6	50.0	-7.4
16.67	Neutral	46.4	60.0	-13.6	42.6	50.0	-7.4
15.65	Active	46.2	60.0	-13.9	42.4	50.0	-7.6
15.65	Neutral	46.2	60.0	-13.9	42.4	50.0	-7.6
11.21	Active	44.8	60.0	-15.3	42.2	50.0	-7.8
11.21	Neutral	44.8	60.0	-15.3	42.2	50.0	-7.8
16.81	Active	45.9	60.0	-14.1	42.1	50.0	-7.9
17.22	Active	46.0	60.0	-14.0	42.1	50.0	-7.9
16.81	Neutral	45.9	60.0	-14.1	42.1	50.0	-7.9
17.22	Neutral	46.0	60.0	-14.0	42.1	50.0	-7.9
17.36	Active	45.8	60.0	-14.2	41.9	50.0	-8.1
17.36	Neutral	45.8	60.0	-14.2	41.9	50.0	-8.1
11.69	Active	44.3	60.0	-15.7	40.1	50.0	-9.9
11.69	Neutral	44.3	60.0	-15.4	40.1	50.0	-9.9

The transmit antenna was replaced by a resistive load and the conducted emissions measurements were repeated.

The highest emission was 16.05MHz on the Active line, which were measured 13.2dB below the Quasi-peak and 6.9dB below the Average limits.
Refer to Appendix K, Graphs 7 and 8.

3.6 Results of Conducted Emission Measurement

The EUT complied with the limits of FCC Rule Part 15 Subpart C – Intentional Radiators. Emissions at the fundamental frequency of 13.56 MHz are excluded from the results with the antenna loop connected.

4.0 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS – 9 kHz to 1 GHz

4.1 Frequency Range of Radiated Measurements

The highest frequency of the EUT is 50 MHz (refer to section 2.3 of this report).

Highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes [MHz]	Upper frequency of measurement range [MHz]
1.705 - 108	1000
108 – 500	2000
500 – 1000	5000
Above 1000	10^{th} harmonic of the highest frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower

Frequencies above 1 GHz: Average trace taken (RBW 1MHz, VBW 100 kHz)

According to the table in FCC Part 15, Section 15.33 and the highest radio frequency signal generated or used in the EUT is 50 MHz, the radiated emissions measurement were performed from 9 kHz to 1000 MHz.

4.2 Test Procedure

Radiated emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the procedures of ANSI C63.4:2003 Radiated emission tests from 9 kHz to 1GHz were performed at the Open Area Test Site (OATS) an EUT distance of 3 metres. OET Bulletin 65 was used for reference.

The EUT was placed on a timber table 0.8m above an inground and operated in accordance with section 2 of this report. The EMI Receiver was operated under software control via the PC Controller.

4.2.1 0.009 – 30 MHz Range

The 0.009 MHz to 30 MHz test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. The receive loop antenna was set to 1m above the ground plane with the Quasi-Peak detector ON. The measurement data for each frequency range was automatically corrected by the software for cable losses, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. The orientation of the receive loop antenna was varied to ensure that the emissions were maximised. The EUT was further rotated through three orthogonal directions to ensure worst case emissions are measured. The carrier test was performed at the worst-case operation voltage.

Measurement distance:

If the measurements were performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulation, then the results would have been extrapolated by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) as described in Section 15.31 (f) (2).

4.2.2 30 – 1000 MHz Range

The 30 MHz to 1000 MHz test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. The EUT was further rotated through three orthogonal directions to ensure worst case emissions are measured. This was performed for two receiver antenna heights. Each significant peak was then investigated and maximised by

rotating the turntable and scanning the height of the receiver antenna between 1 to 4 metres with the Quasi-Peak detector ON. The measurement data for each frequency range was automatically corrected by the software for cable losses, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. This process was performed for both horizontal and vertical receive antenna polarisation.

4.3 Plotting of Measurement Data for Radiated Emissions

4.3.1 0.009 – 30 MHz Range

The stored measurement data was combined to form a single graph which comprised of all the frequency sub-ranges over the range 0.009 – 30 MHz. The fundamental frequency was measured at the OATS. The worst case radiated EMI peak measurements as recorded using the Max-Hold data are presented as the **RED** trace while the respective ambient signals are presented as the lower or **GREEN** trace. Occasionally, an intermittent ambient arose during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and could not be captured when the Ambient trace was being stored. The ambient peaks of significant amplitude with respect to the limit are tagged with the "#" symbol while EMI peaks are identified with a numeral. Ambient peaks that were present during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and not captured during the AMBIENT measurement were also tagged with "#" symbol.

The highest recorded EMI signals are shown on the Peaks List on the bottom right hand side of the graph. For radiated EMI, each numbered peak is listed as a frequency, peak field strength, Quasi-peak field strength, limit and the margin relative to the limit in dB. A negative margin is the deviation of the recorded value below the limit. At times, the quasi-peak level may appear to be higher than the peak level. This happens because the individual peak is further maximised with the QP detector AFTER the MAX-HOLD trace has been stored. This will be apparent when the peaks list at the foot of the graphs shows the quasi peak level higher than the peak level.

4.3.2 30 – 1000 MHz

The stored measurement data was combined to form a single graph which comprised of all the frequency sub-ranges over the range 30 – 1000 MHz. The accumulated EMI (EUT ON) was plotted as the Red trace while the Ambient signals (AMBIENT) were plotted as Green trace. The worst case radiated EMI peak measurements (as recorded using the Max-Hold data are presented as the upper or **RED** trace while the respective ambient signals are presented as the lower or **GREEN** trace. Occasionally, an intermittent ambient arose during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and could not be captured when the Ambient trace was being stored. The ambient peaks of significant amplitude with respect to the limit are tagged with the "#" symbol while EMI peaks are identified with a numeral. Ambient peaks that were present during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and not captured during the AMBIENT measurement were also tagged with "#" symbol.

The highest recorded EMI signals are shown on the Peaks List on the bottom right hand side of the graph. For radiated EMI, each numbered peak is listed as a frequency, peak field strength, Quasi-peak field strength, limit and the margin relative to the limit in dB. A negative margin is the deviation of the recorded value below the limit. At times, the quasi-peak level may appear to be higher than the peak level. This happens because the individual peak is further maximised with the QP detector AFTER the MAX-HOLD trace has been stored. This will be apparent when the peaks list at the foot of the graphs shows the quasi peak level higher than the peak level.

4.4 Calculation of Field Strength

The field strength was calculated automatically by the software using all the pre-stored calibration data. The method of calculation is shown below:

E = V + AF - G + L

Where:
- **E** = Radiated Field Strength in dBμV/m.
- **V** = EMI Receiver Voltage in dBμV. (measured value)
- **AF** = Antenna Factor in dB/m (stored as a data array)
- **G** = Preamplifier Gain in dB. (stored as a data array)
- **L** = Cable insertion loss in dB. (stored as a data array)

Example Field Strength Calculation

Assuming a receiver reading of 34.0 dBμV is obtained at 90 MHz, the Antenna Factor at that frequency is 9.2 dB. The cable loss is 1.9dB while the preamplifier gain is 20dB.

34.0 + 9.2 + 1.9 – 20 = 25.1 dBμV/m

4.5 Radiated Field Strength Measurement Results – Section 15.225

4.5.1 13.56 MHz Carrier Field Strength Measurement

Tested with polycarbon based antenna

Frequency MHz	Peak Level dBμV/m	Limit @ 3m dBμV/m	Result ± dB
13.56	94.3	124.0	-29.7

Tested with PCB based antenna

Frequency MHz	Peak Level dBμV/m	Limit @ 3m dBμV/m	Result ± dB
13.56	96.3	124.0	-27.7

The mains supply was varied as per Section 15.31e between 100V 60 Hz to 138V 60Hz to determine if the carrier amplitude varies with supply voltage. No variation was recorded. The test was performed at 120V 60Hz.

Complied with a margin of greater than 20dB with Section 15.225 Subpart a, b & c.
Refer to Appendix K, Graphs 11 and 12.

4.5.2 9 kHz to 30 MHz Field Strength Spurious Emissions

Tested with polycarbon based antenna
Complied with a margin of greater than 20dB with Section 15.225 Supart d (15.209).
Refer to Appendix K, Graph 9.

Tested with PCB based antenna
Complied with a margin of greater than 20dB with Section 15.225 Supart d (15.209).
Refer to Appendix K, Graph 10.

4.5.3 30 - 1000MHz Field Strength Spurious Emissions –Section 15.225 d (15.209)

Tested with polycarbon based antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Rx Antenna Polarisation	Quasi Peak Level (dBμV/m)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV/m)	ΔResult (dB)
61.43	Vertical	35.8	40.0	-4.2
61.08	Vertical	35.2	40.0	-4.8
28.66	Vertical	34.6	40.0	-5.4
82.09	Vertical	34.5	40.0	-5.5
35.95	Vertical	34.4	40.0	-5.6
36.19	Vertical	34.3	40.0	-5.7
63.15	Vertical	33.7	40.0	-6.3
57.82	Vertical	33.4	40.0	-6.6
37.59	Vertical	32.3	40.0	-7.7
56.07	Vertical	32.2	40.0	-7.8
499.99	Vertical	37.0	46.0	-9.0
80.24	Vertical	30.5	40.0	-9.5
796.93	Horizontal	36.5	46.0	-9.5

Summary of Results
The highest radiated spurious emission was 4.2dB below the limit at 61.43 MHz for Vertical Polarisation. The highest 16 point on both Vertical and Horizontal are reported on the graphs Appendix K.
Refer to Appendix K, Graphs 13 and 14.

Tested with PCB based antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Rx Antenna Polarisation	Quasi Peak Level (dBμV/m)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV/m)	ΔResult (dB)
54.25	Vertical	34.7	40.0	-5.3
56.00	Vertical	34.1	40.0	-5.9
57.73	Vertical	34.1	40.0	-5.9
122.05	Vertical	36.8	43.5	-6.7
59.42	Vertical	32.7	40.0	-7.3
40.69	Vertical	31.4	40.0	-8.6
122.03	Horiztonal	34.6	43.5	-8.9
35.84	Vertical	31.1	40.0	-9.0
35.75	Vertical	31.0	40.0	-9.0
192.01	Vertical	34.3	43.5	-9.3

Summary of Results
The highest radiated spurious emission was 5.3dB below the limit at 54.25 MHz for Vertical Polarisation. The highest 16 point on both Vertical and Horizontal are reported on the graphs Appendix K.
Refer to Appendix K, Graphs 15 and 16.

5.0 UNCERTAINTIES

EMC Technologies has evaluated the equipment and the methods used to perform the emissions testing. The estimated measurement uncertainties for emissions tests shown within this report are as follows:

Conducted Emissions

9kHz to 30 MHz ±3.2 dB

Radiated Emissions

9kHz to 30MHz ±4.1 dB
30MHz to 300MHz ±5.1 dB
300MHz to 1000MHz ±4.7 dB
1GHz to 18GHz ±4.6 dB

The above expanded uncertainties are based on standard uncertainties multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

6.0 FREQUENCY TOLERANCE (FCC Part 15 Sections 15.225e)

The frequency stability of the unit was verified under abnormal operating supply voltage and temperature.

FCC Sub Part C Section 15.225 e.

Supply Voltage Variation
The mains supply was lowered from 120V 60Hz to 102V (85% of nominal supply) and maintained until the frequency was stable. The mains supply was then increased from 120V 60Hz to 138V (115% of nominal supply) and maintained until the frequency was stable.

Nominal Voltage	Temperature	Voltage Variation	Frequency Reading [MHz]	Frequency Variation [%]
120 V	20°C	85% (102 V)	13.559922	0.001
120 V	20°C	115% (138 V)	13.55992	0.001

Maximum Frequency Variation to Nominal Frequency:	13.56	0.001

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal was maintained within ± 0.01% of the operating frequency during the voltage variation test.

Temperature Variation
The ambient temperature with a supply voltage of 120V 60Hz was varied between -20°C and +50°C. At each 10°C interval the temperature was maintained until the EUT temperature had stabilised. The frequency of the carrier was observed at each 10°C increments and compared to the nominal frequency.

Nominal Voltage	Ambient Temperature	Frequency Reading [MHz]	Frequency Variation [%]
120 V	-20°C	13.559835	0.001
120 V	-10°C	13.559876	0.001
120 V	0°C	13.559904	0.001
120 V	10°C	13.559912	0.001
120 V	20°C	13.559924	0.001
120 V	30°C	13.559946	0.000
120 V	40°C	13.55994	0.000
120 V	50°C	13.559974	0.000

Maximum Frequency Variation to Nominal Frequency:	13.56	0.001

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal was maintained within ± 0.01% of the operating frequency during the temperature variation test.

7.0. CONCLUSION

The PJM Stack Tag Tunnel Reader, Model: MSTRP-5050, FCC ID: TVN-MSTRP, complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15 Rules for linternial radiator when tested in accordance with FCC Part 15.31e, 15.207 and 15.225.

Part 15.31e	
Amplitude stability with supply viariation:	Complied
Part 15.207	
Conducted Emissions:	Complied
Part 15.225 a, b &c	
Carrier Signal Field Strength 13.110 – 14.010MHz:	Complied
Part 15.225 d (15.209)	
Field Strength Outside 13.110 – 14.010MHz:	Complied
Part 15.225 e	
Frequency Tolerance:	Complied

APPENDIX A

MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION DETAILS

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX B

PHOTOGRAPHS TEST SETUP

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS TEST SAMPLE (EXTERIOR)

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX D

PHOTOGRAPHS TEST SAMPLE (INTERIOR)

APPENDIX E

BLOCK DIAGRAM

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX F

TEST SAMPLE SCHEMATICS

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX G1

TEST SAMPLE PCB LAYOUTS
MLC05 Antenna Layout 1

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX G2

TEST SAMPLE PCB LAYOUTS
MLC05 Antenna Layout 2

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX G3

TEST SAMPLE PCB LAYOUTS
MLC05 Electronic Layout MLC06 Layout

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX H

TEST SAMPLE CUSTOMER TEST PLAN

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX I

FCC ID LABELLING - LOCATION

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX K

GRAPHS OF EMI MEASUREMENTS

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX L

INSTALLATION MANUAL

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX M

OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT