



# Wireless test report – 368276-2TRFWL

Applicant:

**Mikrotikls SIA**

Product name:

**WLAN 802.11a/n/ac and 802.11b/g/n router**

Model:

**RBLHGG-5HPacD2HPnD-XL-US**

Model variant:

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FCC ID:

**TV7LHG5HPACD2HPD**

IC Registration number:

**7442A-LHG5ACD2HPD**

Specifications:

◆ **FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407**

Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices

◆ **RSS-247, Issue 2, Section 6, Feb 2017**

Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt  
Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

Date of issue: November 11, 2019

Test engineer(s):

Daniele Guarnone, Wireless/EMC Specialist



Reviewed by:

Paolo Barbieri, Wireless/EMC Specialist

Signature:



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**Test location**

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Site number	FCC Test Firm Registration Number: 682159 ISED#: 9109A

Tested by	Daniele Guarnone
Reviewed by	Paolo Barbieri
Review date	August 9, 2019
Reviewer signature	

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**Limits of responsibility**

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Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025.

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## Section 1. Report summary

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### 1.1 Applicant and manufacturer

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Company name	Mikrotikls SIA
Address	Brivibas gatve 214i LV-1039 Riga Latvia

### 1.2 Test specifications

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FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart E, Clause 15.407 RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
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### 1.3 Test methods

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789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 (Dec 14, 2017)	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part 15, Subpart E
ANSI C63.10 v2013 RSS-Gen, Issue 5, April 2018	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

### 1.4 Statement of compliance

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In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was completed against all relevant requirements of the test standard. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See "Summary of test results" for full details.

### 1.5 Exclusions

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None

### 1.6 Test report revision history

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Revision #	Details of changes made to test report
TRF	Original report issued

## Section 2. Summary of test results

### 2.1 FCC Part 15 Subpart C, general requirements test results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.31(e)	Variation of power source	Pass <sup>1</sup>
§15.203	Antenna requirement	Pass <sup>2</sup>

Notes: <sup>1</sup>Measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85 % and 115 % of the nominal rated supply voltage. No noticeable output power variation was observed

<sup>2</sup>The Antennas uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator.

### 2.2 FCC Part 15 Subpart E, test results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.403(i)	Emission bandwidth	Pass
§15.407(a)(1)	<b>Power and density limits within 5.15–5.25 GHz band</b>	Pass
§15.407(a)(2)	Power and density limits within 5.25–5.35 GHz and 5.47–5.725 GHz bands	Not applicable
§15.407(a)(3)	Power and density limits within 5.725–5.85 GHz band	Not applicable
§15.407(b)(1)	Undesirable emission limits for 5.15–5.25 GHz band	Pass
§15.407(b)(2)	Undesirable emission limits for 5.25–5.35 GHz band	Not applicable
§15.407(b)(3)	Undesirable emission limits for 5.47–5.725 GHz bands	Not applicable
§15.407(b)(4)	Undesirable emission limits for 5.725–5.85 GHz band	Not applicable
§15.407(b)(6)	Conducted limits for U-NII devices using an AC power line	Pass
§15.407(e)	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices within the 5.725–5.85 GHz band	Not applicable
§15.407(g)	Frequency stability	--
§15.407(h)(1) <sup>1</sup>	Transmit power control (TPC)	Not applicable
§15.407(h)(2) <sup>1</sup>	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	Not applicable

Note: <sup>1</sup>DFS and TPC requirements are only applicable to 5.25–5.35 GHz and 5.47–5.725 GHz bands

### 2.3 IC RSS-GEN, Issue 4, test results

Part	Test description	Verdict
6.6	Occupied Bandwidth	Pass
7.1.2 <sup>1</sup>	Receiver radiated emission limits	Not applicable
7.1.3 <sup>1</sup>	Receiver conducted emission limits	Not applicable
8.8	Power Line Conducted Emissions Limits for Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus	Pass
8.11 <sup>2</sup>	Frequency stability	--

Notes: <sup>1</sup>According to sections 5.2 and 5.3 of RSS-Gen, Issue 4: if EUT does not have a stand-alone receiver neither scanner receiver, then it exempt from receiver requirements.

<sup>2</sup>According to section 8.11 of RSS-Gen, Issue 4: if the frequency stability of the licence-exempt radio apparatus is not specified in the applicable standard (RSS), measurement of the frequency stability is not required

## 2.4 IC RSS-247, Issue 1, test results

Section	Test description	Verdict
6.1 <sup>1</sup>	Types of Modulation	Pass
6.2.1.1	Power limits for 5150–5250 MHz band	Pass
6.2.2.1	Power limits for 5250–5350 MHz band	Not applicable
6.2.3.1	Power limits for 5470–5600 MHz and 5650–5725 MHz bands	Not applicable
6.2.4.1	Power limits for 5725–5850 MHz band	Not applicable
6.2.4.1	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth	Not applicable
6.2.1.2	Unwanted emission limits for 5150–5250 MHz band	Pass
6.2.2.2	Unwanted emission limits for 5250–5350 MHz band	Not applicable
6.2.2.2	TPC requirements for devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW	Not applicable
6.2.2.3	e.i.r.p. at different elevations restrictions for 5250–5350 MHz band	Not applicable
6.2.3.2	Unwanted emission limits for 5470–5600 MHz and 5650–5725 MHz bands	Not applicable
6.2.4.2	Unwanted emission limits for 5725–5850 MHz band	Not applicable
6.3	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) for devices operating in the bands 5250–5350 MHz, 5470–5600 MHz and 5650–5725 MHz	Not applicable

Notes: <sup>1</sup> The EUT employs digital modulation: 802.11a/n

## Section 3. Equipment under test (EUT) details

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### 3.1 Sample information

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Receipt date	February 21, 2019
Nemko sample ID number	Item ½ of 2

### 3.2 EUT information

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Product name	WLAN 802.11a/n/ac and 802.11b/g/n router
Model	RBLHGG-5HPacD2HPnD-XL-US
Model variant	--
Serial number	--

### 3.3 Technical information

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Applicant IC company number	7442A
IC UPN number	LHG5ACD2HPD
All used IC test site(s) Reg. number	9109A
RSS number and Issue number	RSS-247 Issue 2, Section 6, February 2017
Frequency band	5150–5250 MHz,
Frequency Min (MHz)	5180(20 MHz channel); 5190 (40 MHz channel); 5210 (80 MHz channel)
Frequency Max (MHz)	5240(20 MHz channel); 5230 (40 MHz channel); 5210 (80 MHz channel)
Measured BW (MHz) (26 dB)	22.82 (20 MHz channel); 42.20 (40 MHz channel)
Measured BW (MHz) (99%)	17.78 (20 MHz channel); 36.08 (40 MHz channel)
Type of modulation	802.11a/n
Emission classification (F1D, G1D, D1D)	W7D
Transmitter spurious, Units @ distance	31.2 dB $\mu$ V/m at 96.96MHz, @ 3 m
Power requirements	24 V <sub>DC</sub> , via 120 V <sub>AC</sub> adapter
Antenna information	The EUT uses a mimo antenna coupling. EUT has 2 antenna configurations. The max antenna peak gain is 18 dBi at 2.4 GHz band and 27dBi at 5 GHz WIFI bands.

### 3.4 Product description and theory of operation

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The LHG is an outdoor wireless router with with an integrated dual polarization grid antenna

### 3.5 EUT exercise details

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EUT was set to continuously transmit mode during tests, by test software provided by client.

These tools/scripts configure the radio modules to enable continuous transmission with the ability to adjust modulation, frequency and output power as required.

### 3.6 EUT setup diagram

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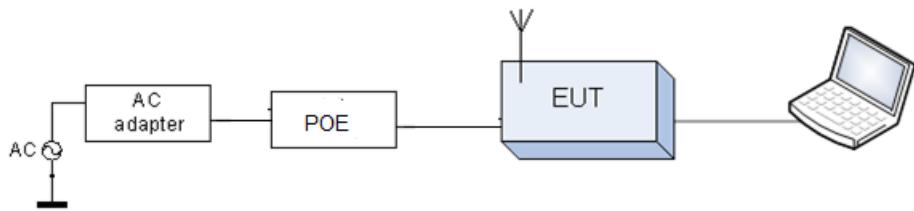


Figure 3.6-1: Setup diagram

### 3.7 EUT sub assemblies

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Table 3.7-1: EUT sub assemblies

Description	Brand name	Model/Part number	Serial number
Power supply	Fullpower	SAW 30-240-1200G R2A	--
Gigabit POE	Mikrotik	--	--

## Section 4. Engineering considerations

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### 4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT

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There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

### 4.2 Technical judgment

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### 4.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

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No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

## Section 5. Test conditions

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### 5.1 Atmospheric conditions

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Temperature	18÷33 °C
Relative humidity	30÷60 %
Air pressure	980÷1060 hPa

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

### 5.2 Power supply range

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The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages  $\pm 5\%$ , for which the equipment was designed.

## Section 6. Measurement uncertainty

### 6.1 Uncertainty of measurement

Measurement uncertainty budgets for the tests are detailed below. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of  $K = 2$  with 95% certainty.

UKAS Lab 34 and TIA-603-B have been used as guidance for measurement uncertainty reasonable estimations with regards to previous experience and validation of data. Nemko Canada, Inc. follows these test methods in order to satisfy ISO/IEC 17025 requirements for estimation of uncertainty of measurement for wireless products.

Measurement uncertainty budgets for the tests are detailed below. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of  $K = 2$  with 95% certainty.

**Table 6.1-1: Measurement uncertainty**

EUT	Type	Test	Range and Setup features	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter	Conducted	Frequency error	0.001 MHz $\div$ 40 GHz	0.08 ppm	(1)
		Carrier power	10 kHz $\div$ 30 MHz	1.0 dB	(1)
		RF Output Power	30 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	1.5 dB	(1)
			18 MHz $\div$ 40 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
		Adjacent channel power	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	1.6 dB	(1)
		Conducted spurious emissions	10 kHz $\div$ 26 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			26 GHz $\div$ 40 GHz	4.5 dB	(1)
		Intermodulation attenuation	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	2.2 dB	(1)
		Attack time – frequency behaviour	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	2.0 ms	(1)
		Attack time – power behaviour	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	2.5 ms	(1)
		Release time – frequency behaviour	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	2.0 ms	(1)
		Release time – power behaviour	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	2.5 ms	(1)
		Transient behaviour of the transmitter – Transient frequency behaviour	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	0.2 kHz	(1)
		Transient behaviour of the transmitter – Power level slope	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	9%	(1)
		Frequency deviation - Maximum permissible frequency deviation	0.001 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	1.3%	(1)
		Frequency deviation - Response of the transmitter to modulation frequencies above 3 kHz	0.001 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	0.5 dB	(1)
		Dwell time	-	3%	(1)
		Hopping Frequency Separation	0.01 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	1%	(1)
		Occupied Channel Bandwidth	0.01 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	2%	(1)
		Modulation Bandwidth	0.01 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	2%	(1)
	Radiated	Radiated spurious emissions	10 kHz $\div$ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
			26.5 GHz $\div$ 40 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
		Effective radiated power transmitter	10 kHz $\div$ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
			26.5 GHz $\div$ 40 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
Receiver	Radiated	Radiated spurious emissions	10 kHz $\div$ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
			26.5 GHz $\div$ 40 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
		Sensitivity measurement	1 MHz $\div$ 18 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
	Conducted	Conducted spurious emissions	10 kHz $\div$ 26 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
		26 GHz $\div$ 40 GHz	4.5 dB	(1)	

(1) The reported expanded uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k = 2$  which has been derived from the assumed normal probability distribution with infinite degrees of freedom and for a coverage probability of 95 %

## Section 7. Test equipment

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### 7.1 Test equipment list

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**Table 7.1-1: Equipment list**

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
EMI receiver 2 Hz ÷ 44 GHz	R&S	ESW44	101620	2018/05	2020/08
Broadband preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9718	9718-137	2018/08	2019/08
Trilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9162	9162-025	2018/07	2021/07
Semi-anechoic chamber	Nemko	10m semi-anechoic chamber	530	2018/09	2021/09
Antenna mast	R&S	HCM	836 529/05	NCR	NCR
Controller	R&S	HCC	836 620/7	NCR	NCR
EMI receiver 9 kHz ÷ 3 GHz	R&S	ESCI	100888	2018/09	2020/10
LISN 9 kHz ÷ 30 MHz	R&S	ESH2-Z5	872 460/041	2018/09	2020/09
Climatic Chamber	ESPEC	ARS 1100	4100000067	2018/11	2019/11
EMI receiver 20 Hz ÷ 8 GHz	R&S	ESU8	100202	2019/01	2020/01
Bilog antenna 1 ÷ 18 GHz	Schwarzbeck	STLP 9148-123	123	2018/09	2021/09
Double Ridged Waveguide Horn	RF SPIN	DRH40	061106a40	2017/02	2020/02
Wide band Amplifier 18 GHz ÷ 40 GHz	MITEQ	AMF-5F-18004000-37-8P	128061	2018/09	2020/09
High pass filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHNX6-2555-3500-26500-60CC	01	2018/10	2020/10

Note: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

## Section 8. Testing data

### 8.1 FCC 15.403(i) Emission bandwidth

#### 8.1.1 Definitions and limits

15.403(i) For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier **center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier**. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

#### 8.1.2 Test summary

Test start date	July 30, 2019
Test engineer	Daniele Guarnone

#### 8.1.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Resolution bandwidth	approximately 1% of EBW
Video bandwidth	> RBW
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

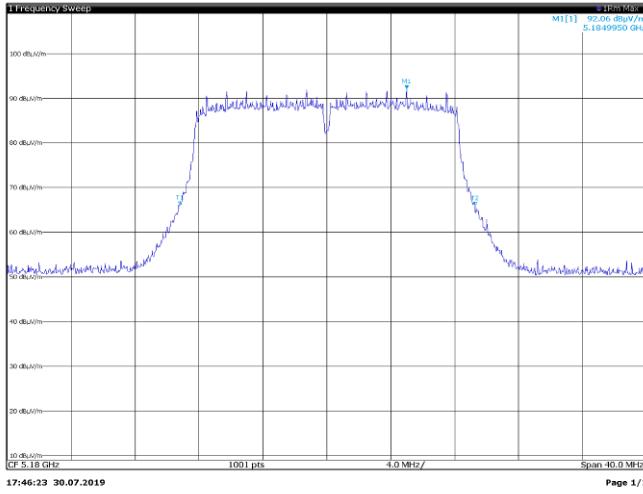
#### 8.1.4 Test data

**Table 8.1-1: 26 dB bandwidth results**

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	26 dB bandwidth, MHz
802.11a	5180	18.20
	5200	18.26
	5240	18.34
802.11n HT20	5180	18.46
	5200	19.8
	5240	18.34
802.11n HT40	5190	39.80
	5230	39.56
802.11 ac 80	5210	84.4

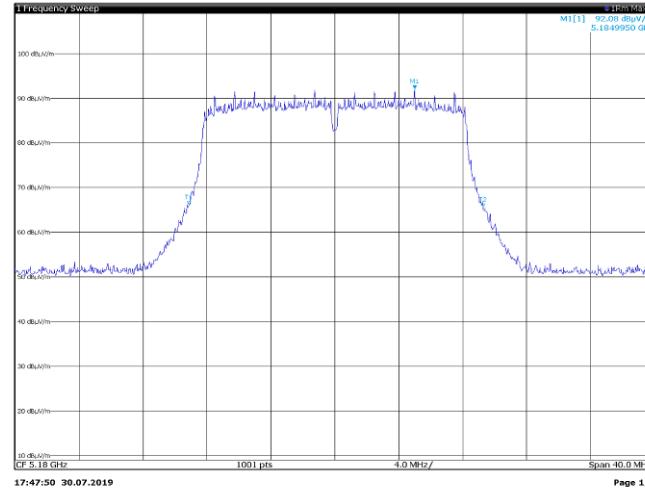
## 8.1.4 Test data, continued

### Low channel



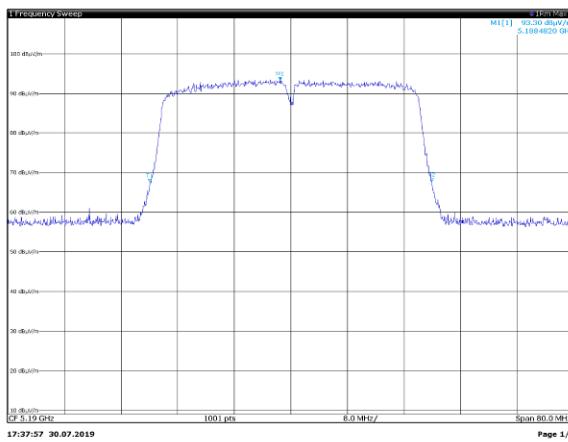
Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.18000 GHz</b>	<b>92.06 dBμV/m</b>	rdB	<b>18.46 MHz</b>
T1	1		5.17989 GHz	92.06 dBμV/m	rdB down BW	
T2	1		5.189271 GHz	85.91 dBμV/m	Q Factor	280.9

26 dB bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot Low channel



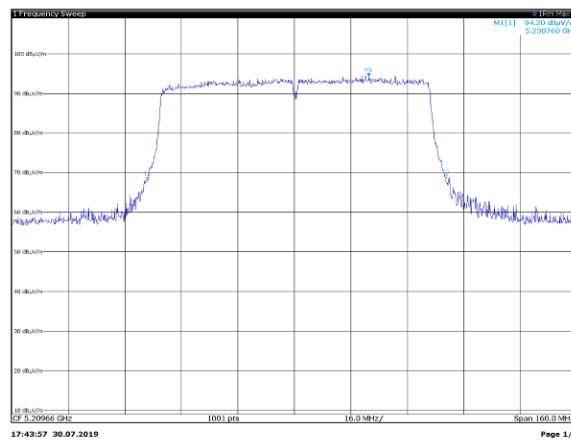
Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.20974 GHz</b>	<b>90.38 dBμV/m</b>	rdB	<b>88.71 MHz</b>
T1	1		5.20959 GHz	90.38 dBμV/m	rdB down BW	
T2	1		5.20547 GHz	64.01 dBμV/m	Q Factor	66.7

26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT20, sample plot Low channel



Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.180482 GHz</b>	<b>93.30 dBμV/m</b>	rdB	<b>39.80 MHz</b>
T1	1		5.17993 GHz	93.30 dBμV/m	rdB down BW	
T2	1		5.20946 GHz	67.73 dBμV/m	Q Factor	130.4

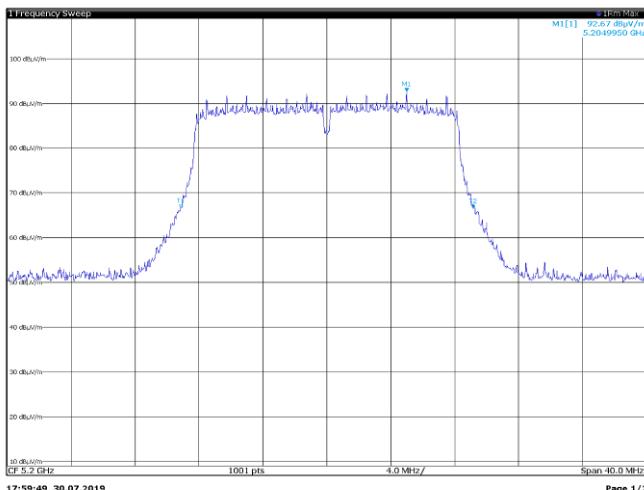
26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT40, sample plot Low channel



Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.23076 GHz</b>	<b>94.20 dBμV/m</b>	rdB	<b>84.40 MHz</b>
T1	1		5.1681 GHz	94.20 dBμV/m	rdB down BW	
T2	1		5.25252 GHz	68.44 dBμV/m	Q Factor	62.0

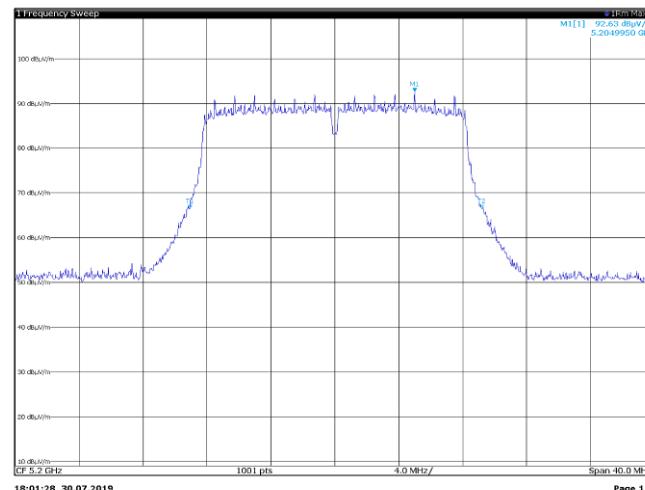
26 dB bandwidth on 802.11ac 80 MHz, sample plot Low channel

Middle channel



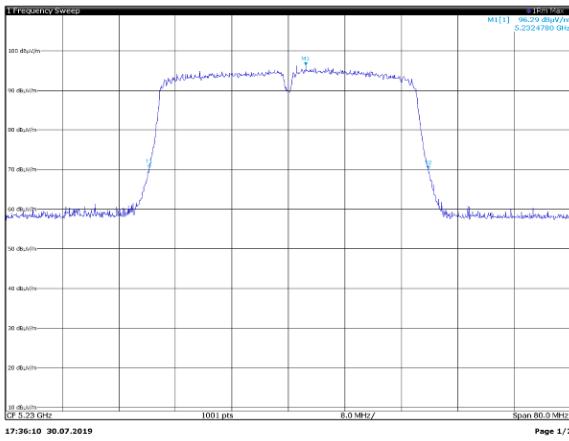
Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.204995 GHz</b>	<b>92.67 dBµV/m</b>	ndB	35.0 dB
T1	1		5.190889 GHz	66.58 dBµV/m	ndB down BW	<b>18.26 MHz</b>
T2	1		5.209151 GHz	66.32 dBµV/m	Q Factor	269.6

26 dB bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot



Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.204995 GHz</b>	<b>92.63 dBµV/m</b>	ndB	35.0 dB
T1	1		5.190529 GHz	66.53 dBµV/m	ndB down BW	<b>18.26 MHz</b>
T2	1		5.209191 GHz	66.45 dBµV/m	Q Factor	269.6

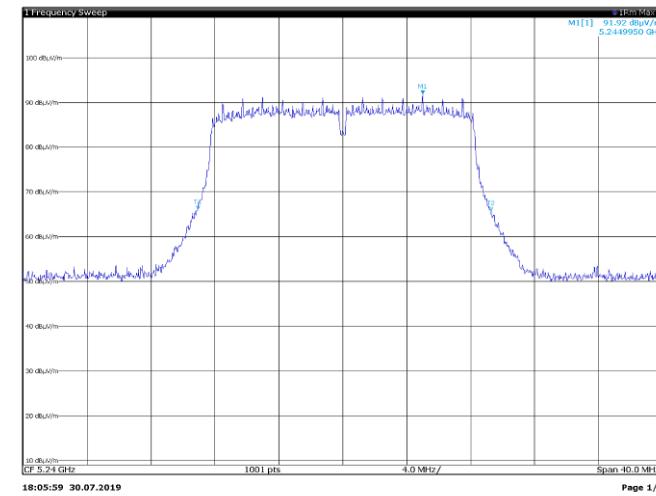
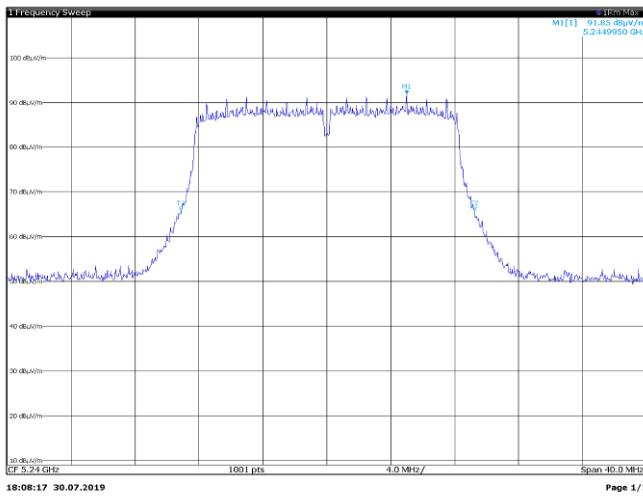
26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT20, sample plot



Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.204995 GHz</b>	<b>92.63 dBµV/m</b>	ndB	35.0 dB
T1	1		5.190529 GHz	66.53 dBµV/m	ndB down BW	<b>18.26 MHz</b>
T2	1		5.209191 GHz	66.45 dBµV/m	Q Factor	269.6

26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT40, sample plot

High channel



26 dB bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot

26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT20, sample plot

Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.244995 GHz</b>	<b>91.85 dB<math>\mu</math>V/m</b>	dB	-26.0 dB
T1	1		5.230889 GHz	65.83 dB $\mu$ V/m	dB down BW	<b>18.34 MHz</b>
T2	1		5.249921 GHz	65.93 dB $\mu$ V/m	Q Factor	295.0

Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function	Function Result
M1	1		<b>5.244995 GHz</b>	<b>91.92 dB<math>\mu</math>V/m</b>	dB	-26.0 dB
T1	1		5.230929 GHz	66.05 dB $\mu$ V/m	dB down BW	<b>18.34 MHz</b>
T2	1		5.249971 GHz	65.97 dB $\mu$ V/m	Q Factor	295.0

## 8.2 RSS-Gen 6.6 Occupied bandwidth

### 8.2.1 Definitions and limits

The emission bandwidth ( $\times$ dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated  $\times$  dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated emission bandwidth, and a video bandwidth at least 3 $\times$  the resolution bandwidth.

When the occupied bandwidth limit is not stated in the applicable RSS or reference measurement method, the transmitted signal bandwidth shall be reported as the 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

### 8.2.2 Test summary

Test start date	July 30, 2019
Test engineer	Daniele Guarnone

### 8.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth:	1 % to 5 % of OBW
Video bandwidth:	$\geq 3 \times$ RBW
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

### 8.2.4 Test data

Table 8.2-1: 99 % bandwidth results

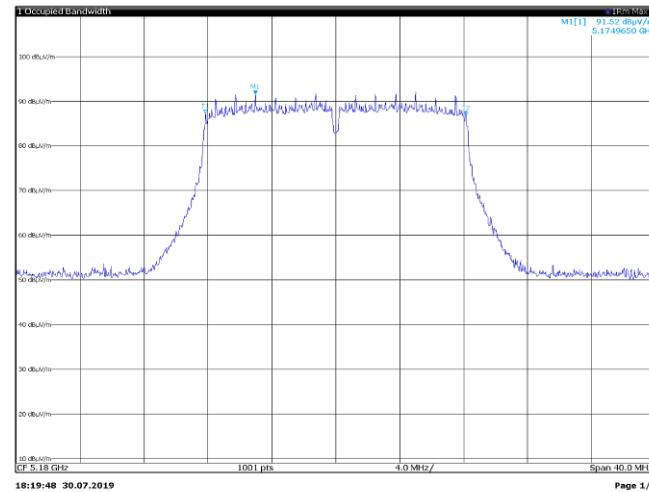
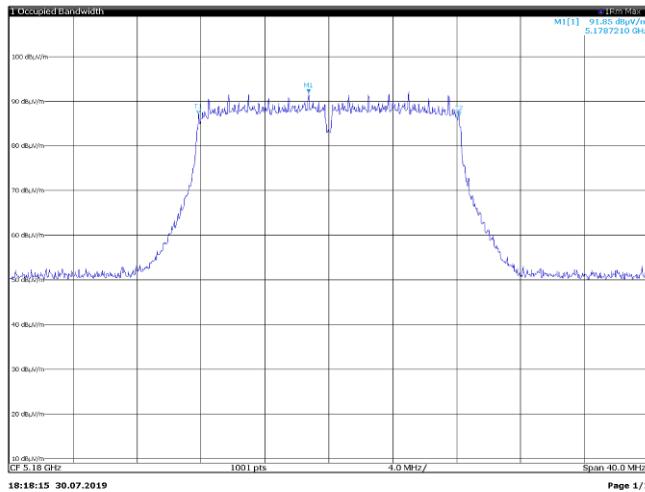
Modulation	Frequency, MHz	99 % bandwidth, MHz
802.11a	5180	16.30
	5200	16.30
	5240	16.30
802.11n HT20	5180	16.30
	5200	16.30
	5240	16.30
802.11n HT40	5190	35.88
	5230	35.80
802.11 ac 80	5210	76.60

Table 8.2-2: 6 dB bandwidth results

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	99 % bandwidth, MHz
802.11a	5180	16.30
	5200	16.30
	5240	16.30
802.11n HT20	5180	16.30
	5200	16.30
	5240	16.30
802.11n HT40	5190	35.88
	5230	35.80
802.11 ac 80	5210	76.60

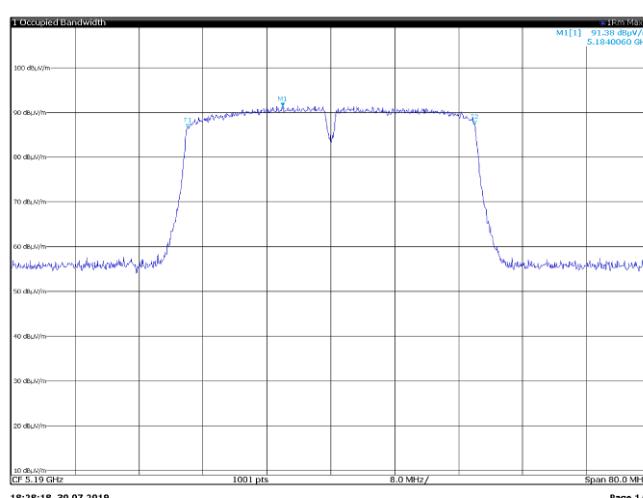
## 8.2.4 Test data, continued

### Low channel



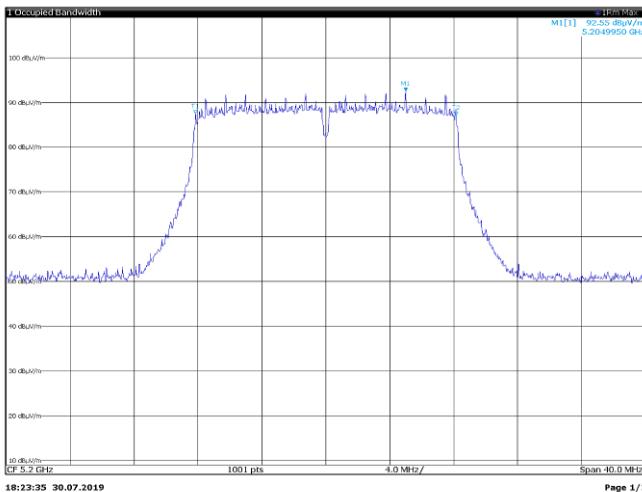
99 % bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot

99 % bandwidth on 802.11n HT20, sample plot



99 % bandwidth 802.11n HT40, sample plot

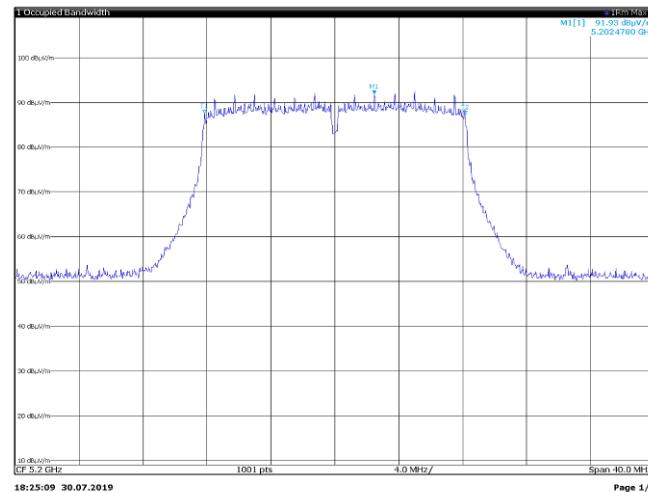
Middle channel



2 Marker Table					
Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function
M1	1		<b>5.204995 GHz</b>	<b>92.55 dBpV/m</b>	
T1	1		5.1910482 GHz	87.46 dBpV/m	Occ. Bw
T2	1		5.2091518 GHz	87.12 dBpV/m	

**16.303696304 MHz**

99 % bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot

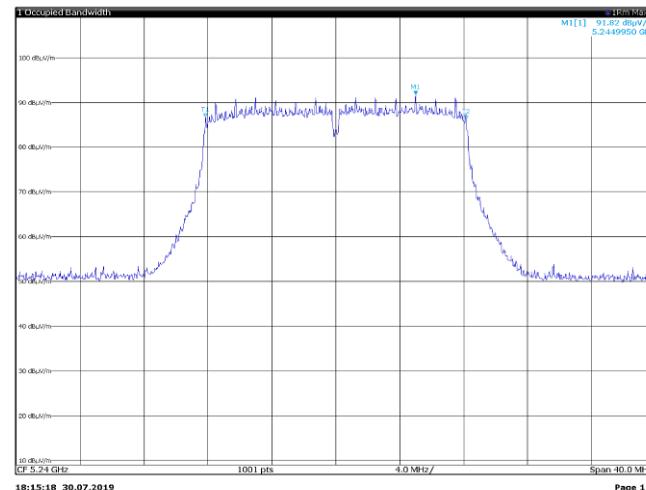
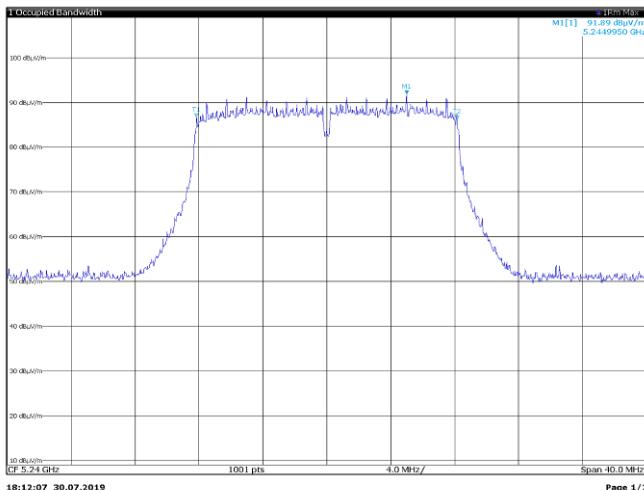


2 Marker Table					
Type	Ref	Trc	X-Value	Y-Value	Function
M1	1		<b>5.202478 GHz</b>	<b>91.93 dBpV/m</b>	
T1	1		5.1910482 GHz	87.56 dBpV/m	Occ. Bw
T2	1		5.2091518 GHz	87.25 dBpV/m	

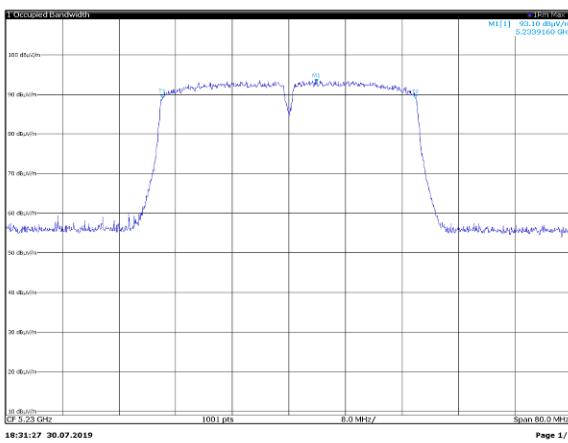
**16.303696304 MHz**

99 % bandwidth on 802.11n HT20, sample plot

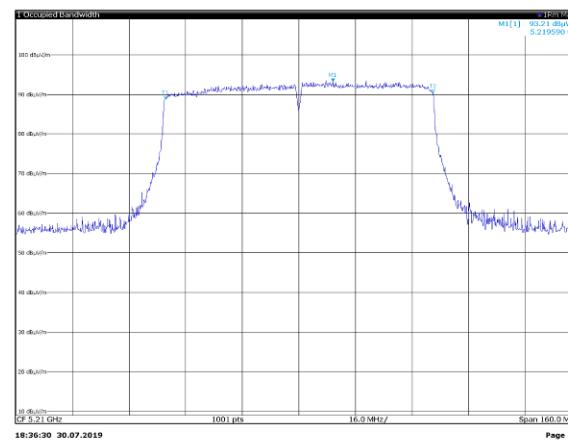
High channel



99 % bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot



99 % bandwidth on 802.11n HT20, sample plot



99 % bandwidth on 802.11n HT40, sample plot



99 % bandwidth on 802.11ac 80 MHz, sample plot

## 8.3 FCC 15.407(a)(1) 5.15–5.25 GHz band output power and spectral density limits

### 8.3.1 Definitions and limits

FCC:

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15–5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall **not exceed 1 W (30 dBm)** provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

**The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).**

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15–5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W (30 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15–5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W (30 dBm). In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW (24 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

ISED:

**LE-LAN devices are restricted to indoor operation only in the band 5150–5250 MHz.**

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW (23 dBm) or  $10 + 10 \times \log_{10}(B)$ , dBm, whichever power is less. B is **the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz**. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

### 8.3.2 Test summary

Test start date:	March 19, 2019
Test engineer:	Daniele Guarnone

### 8.3.3 Observations, settings and special notes

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As per manufacturer declaration, EUT is for indoor fix operation only. EUT was configured to continuous transmit mode during tests.

Output power was tested using RMS power meter.

The highest and lowest data rate setting have been investigated, only the worst-cases were presented.

Spectrum analyzer settings for PSD measurement:

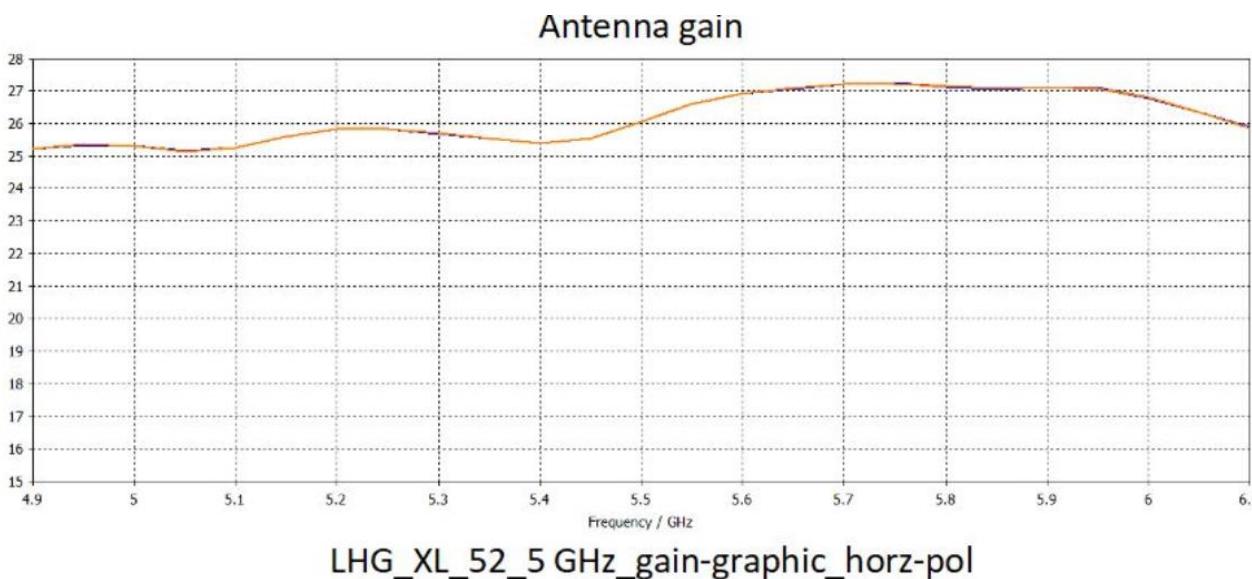
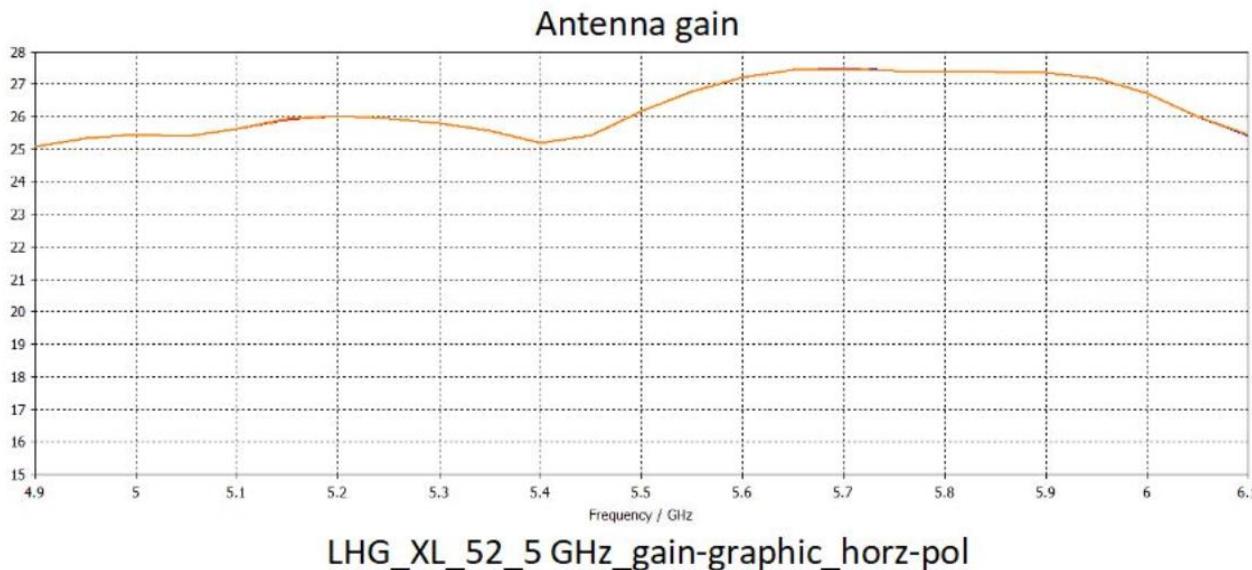
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Frequency span	> EBW
Detector mode	RMS
Trace mode	Power Averaging over 100 sweeps

the MIMO mode is turn on during the tests

#### EIRP CALCULATION

$$EIRP = P_{\text{combined}} + \text{antenna directional gain}$$

Max antenna gain: 27.5 (see below the gain measurement provided by manufacturer)



#### DIRECTIONAL GAIN

According to KDB 662911 (F)(2)(e)(i):

Directional antenna gain  $G_{\text{DIR}} = G_{\text{MAX}} + 10 \cdot \log (N_{\text{ANT}}/N_{\text{SS}})$ , where  $N_{\text{SS}}$  is the number of independent spatial streams of data and  $G_{\text{MAX}}$  is the gain of the antenna having the highest gain (in dBi).

Device supports spatial multiplexing/cyclic delay diversity in MIMO configurations and single stream legacy modes. Antenna gain for both chains is the same. Signals between chains are correlated. Then  $N_{\text{ANT}} = 2$  and  $N_{\text{SS}} = 1$ :

$$G_{\text{DIR}} = 27.5 \text{ dBi} + 10 \cdot \log (2/1) = 30.5 \text{ dBi.}$$

#### OUTPUT POWER/EIRP/PSD LIMIT ADJUSTMENT

Output power/EIRP/PSD limit – (Total antenna gain – 6 dBi).

FCC Output power limit is  $30 \text{ dBm} - (30.5 - 6) = 30 \text{ dBm} - 24.5 = 5.5 \text{ dBm}$

FCC PSD limit is  $17 \text{ dBm/MHz} - (30.5 - 6) = 17 \text{ dBm/MHz} - 24.5 = -7.5 \text{ dBm/MHz}$

ISED e.i.r.p limit is 200 mW (23 dBm) or  $10 + 10 * \log(B)$ , dBm, whichever power is less.

ISED PSD limit is 10 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p

#### E-FIELD CALCULATION

According to KDB 558074 and ANSI C63.10:

$$\text{EIRP}_{\text{dBm}} = S_{\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}} + 20 * \log(d_m) - 104.7$$

Example of calculation:

Example of calculation, 3 m distance, 111 dBuV/m:

$$\text{EIRP}_{\text{dBm}} = 105.1 \text{ dBuV/m} + 20 * \log(10(3)) - 104.7 = 9.9$$

dBm eirp

According clause 14.5 of ANSI C63.10 where radiated measurements are used for determining compliance with conducted limits, the following steps are required to ensure that the total emission power or PSD is determined for equipment driving cross-polarized antennas:

- a) Measure radiated emissions with vertical and horizontal polarizations of the measurement antenna.
- b) Convert each radiated measurement to transmit power or PSD based on the antenna gain.
- c) Sum the powers or PSDs across the two polarizations.

### 8.3.4 Test data

#### Radiated E field vertical polarization

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	dBm		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm	EIRP limit, dBm	EIRP margin, dB	dBuV/m
		Measured	Limit						
802.11a	5180	-24.0	5.5	-29.5	30.5	6.5	36.0	-29.5	101.7
	5200	-25.2	5.5	-30.7	30.5	5.3	36.0	-30.7	100.5
	5240	-26.0	5.5	-31.5	30.5	4.5	36.0	-31.5	99.7
802.11n HT20	5180	-23.3	5.5	-28.8	30.5	7.2	36.0	-28.8	102.4
	5200	-24.7	5.5	-30.2	30.5	5.8	36.0	-30.2	101.0
	5240	-25.9	5.5	-31.4	30.5	4.6	36.0	-31.4	99.8
802.11n HT40	5190	-23.7	5.5	-29.2	30.5	6.8	36.0	-29.2	101.9
	5230	-18.2	5.5	-23.7	30.5	12.3	36.0	-23.7	107.5
802.11ac 80	5210	-20.3	5.5	-25.8	30.5	10.2	36.0	-25.8	105.4

#### Radiated E field horizontal polarization

Modulatio n	Frequency, MHz	dBm		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm	EIRP limit, dBm	EIRP margin, dB	dBuV/m
		Measured	Limit						
802.11a	5180	-17.1	5.5	-22.6	27.0	9.9	36.0	-26.1	105.1
	5200	-20.7	5.5	-26.2	27.0	6.3	36.0	-29.7	101.5
	5240	-21.8	5.5	-27.3	27.0	5.2	36.0	-30.8	100.4
802.11n HT20	5180	-17.5	5.5	-23.0	27.0	9.5	36.0	-26.5	104.7
	5200	-20.7	5.5	-26.2	27.0	6.3	36.0	-29.7	101.5
	5240	-21.8	5.5	-27.3	27.0	5.2	36.0	-30.8	100.4
802.11n HT40	5190	-17.5	5.5	-23.0	27.0	9.5	36.0	-26.5	104.6
	5230	-16.4	5.5	-21.9	27.0	10.6	36.0	-25.4	105.7
802.11ac 80	5210	-14.2	5.5	-19.7	27.0	12.8	36.0	-23.2	108.0

Test method KDB 558074 and ANSI C63.10

Table 8.3-1: FCC Output power measurements (Sum of E Field in vertical and horizontal polarization) to dBm EIRP (Total E Field – antenna gain -20\*log10(3)-104.7 dB)

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	Conducted output power, dBm		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm	EIRP limit, dBm	EIRP margin, dB
		Measured	Limit					
802.11a	5180	-19.0	5.5	-24.5	30.5	11.5	36.0	-24.5
	5200	-21.7	5.5	-27.2	30.5	8.8	36.0	-27.2
	5240	-22.6	5.5	-28.1	30.5	7.9	36.0	-28.1
802.11n HT20	5180	-19.0	5.5	-24.5	30.5	11.5	36.0	-24.5
	5200	-21.4	5.5	-26.9	30.5	9.1	36.0	-26.9
	5240	-22.6	5.5	-28.1	30.5	7.9	36.0	-28.1
802.11n HT40	5190	-19.2	5.5	-24.7	30.5	11.3	36.0	-24.7
	5230	-15.9	5.5	-21.4	30.5	14.6	36.0	-21.4
802.11ac 80	5210	-15.8	5.5	-21.3	30.5	14.7	36.0	-21.3

Table 8.3-2: ised eirp measurements results

E Field, vertical polarization

Modulatio n	Frequency, MHz	dBm		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm	EIRP limit, dBm	EIRP margin, dB	dBuV/m
		Measured	Limit						
802.11a	5180	-35.0	--	--	30.5	-4.5	17.0	-21.5	90.7
	5200	-36.0	--	--	30.5	-5.5	17.0	-22.5	89.7
	5240	-37.0	--	--	30.5	-6.5	17.0	-23.5	88.7
802.11n HT20	5180	-34.2	--	--	30.5	-3.7	17.0	-20.7	91.5
	5200	-35.5	--	--	30.5	-5.0	17.0	-22.0	90.1
	5240	-36.8	--	--	30.5	-6.3	17.0	-23.3	88.9
802.11n HT40	5190	-38.4	--	--	30.5	-7.9	17.0	-24.9	87.2
	5230	-37.0	--	--	30.5	-6.5	17.0	-23.5	88.7
			--	--			17.0	-17.0	
802.11ac 80	5210	-38.2	--	--	30.5	-7.7	17.0	-24.7	87.5

E Field, horizontal polarization

Modulatio n	Frequency, MHz	dBm		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm	EIRP limit, dBm	EIRP margin, dB	dBuV/m
		Measured	Limit						
802.11a	5180	-32.3	--	--	30.5	-1.8	17.0	-18.8	93.4
	5200	-35.7	--	--	30.5	-5.2	17.0	-22.2	90.0
	5240	-36.6	--	--	30.5	-6.1	17.0	-23.1	89.0
802.11n HT20	5180	-33.0	--	--	30.5	-2.5	17.0	-19.5	92.6
	5200	-35.5	--	--	30.5	-5.0	17.0	-22.0	90.1
	5240	-37.4	--	--	30.5	-6.9	17.0	-23.9	88.3
802.11n HT40	5190	-35.5	--	--	30.5	-5.0	17.0	-22.0	90.1
	5230	-33.9	--	--	30.5	-3.4	17.0	-20.4	91.7
			--	--			17.0		
802.11ac 80	5210	-35.4	--	--	30.5	-4.9	17.0	-21.9	90.3

Total power (Sum of E Field in vertical and horizontal polarization) to dBm EIRP (Total E Field – antenna gain -20\*log10(3)-104.7 dB)

Modulatio n	Frequency, MHz	Conducted output power, dBm		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm	EIRP limit, dBm	EIRP margin, dB
		Measured	Limit					
802.11a	5180	-30.4	--	--	30.5	0.1	17.0	-16.9
	5200	-32.8	--	--	30.5	-2.3	17.0	-19.3
	5240	-33.8	--	--	30.5	-3.3	17.0	-20.3
802.11n HT20	5180	-30.5	--	--	30.5	0.0	17.0	-17.0
	5200	-32.5	--	--	30.5	-2.0	17.0	-19.0
	5240	-34.0	--	--	30.5	-3.5	17.0	-20.5
802.11n HT40	5190	-33.7	--	--	30.5	-3.2	17.0	-20.2
	5230	-32.2	--	--	30.5	-1.7	17.0	-18.7
			--	--			17.0	-17.0
802.11ac 80	5210	-33.5	--	--	30.5	-3.0	17.0	-20.0

FCC PSD, horizontal polarization

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	dBm/MHz		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm/MHz	EIRP limit, dBm	EIRP margin, dB	dBuV/m
		Measured	Limit						
802.11a	5180	-32.3	-7.5	-24.8	30.5	-1.8	-	-	93.4
	5200	-35.7	-7.5	-28.2	30.5	-5.2	-	-	90.0
	5240	-36.6	-7.5	-29.1	30.5	-6.1	-	-	89.0
802.11n HT20	5180	-33.0	-7.5	-25.5	30.5	-2.5	-	-	92.6
	5200	-35.5	-7.5	-28.0	30.5	-5.0	-	-	90.1
	5240	-37.4	-7.5	-29.9	30.5	-6.9	-	-	88.3
802.11n HT40	5190	-35.5	-7.5	-28.0	30.5	-5.0	-	-	90.1
	5230	-33.9	-7.5	-26.4	30.5	-3.4	-	-	91.7
						-	-	-	
802.11ac 80	5210	-35.4	-7.5	-27.9	30.5	-4.9	-	-	90.3

FCC PSD, vertical polarization

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	dBm/MHz		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm	EIRP limit, dBm/MHz	EIRP margin, dB	dBuV/m
		Measured	Limit						
802.11a	5180	-35.0	-7.5	-27.5	30.5	-4.5	-	-	90.7
	5200	-36.0	-7.5	-28.5	30.5	-5.5	-	-	89.7
	5240	-37.0	-7.5	-29.5	30.5	-6.5	-	-	88.7
802.11n HT20	5180	-34.2	-7.5	-26.7	30.5	-3.7	-	-	91.5
	5200	-35.5	-7.5	-28.0	30.5	-5.0	-	-	90.1
	5240	-36.8	-7.5	-29.3	30.5	-6.3	-	-	88.9
802.11n HT40	5190	-38.4	-7.5	-30.9	30.5	-7.9	-	-	87.2
	5230	-37.0	-7.5	-29.5	30.5	-6.5	-	-	88.7
						-	-	-	
802.11ac 80	5210	-38.2	-7.5	-30.7	30.5	-7.7	-	-	87.5

**Total power PSD fcc (Sum of E Field in vertical and horizontal polarization) to dBm EIRP (Total E Field – antenna gain -20\*log10(3)-104.7 dB)**

Conducted output power, dBm	Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm	EIRP limit, dBm	EIRP margin, dB
Measured	Limit				
-30.4	-7.5	-22.9	30.5	0.1	-
-32.8	-7.5	-25.3	30.5	-2.3	-
-33.8	-7.5	-26.3	30.5	-3.3	-
-30.5	-7.5	-23.0	30.5	0.0	-
-32.5	-7.5	-25.0	30.5	-2.0	-
-34.0	-7.5	-26.5	30.5	-3.5	-
-33.7	-7.5	-26.2	30.5	-3.2	-
-32.2	-7.5	-24.7	30.5	-1.7	-
				-	-
-33.5	-7.5	-26.0	30.5	-3.0	-

ISED PSD, horizontal polarization

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	dBm/MHz		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm/MHz	EIRP limit, dBm/MHz	EIRP margin, dB	dBuV/m/Mhz
		Measured	Limit						
802.11a	5180	-32.3	--	--	30.5	-1.8	10.0	-11.8	93.4
	5200	-35.7	--	--	30.5	-5.2	10.0	-15.2	90.0
	5240	-36.6	--	--	30.5	-6.1	10.0	-16.1	89.0
802.11n HT20	5180	-33.0	--	--	30.5	-2.5	10.0	-12.5	92.6
	5200	-35.5	--	--	30.5	-5.0	10.0	-15.0	90.1
	5240	-37.4	--	--	30.5	-6.9	10.0	-16.9	88.3
802.11n HT40	5190	-35.5	--	--	30.5	-5.0	10.0	-15.0	90.1
	5230	-33.9	--	--	30.5	-3.4	10.0	-13.4	91.7
			--	--			10.0		
802.11ac 80	5210	-35.4	--	--	30.5	-4.9	10.0	-14.9	90.3

ISED PSD, vertical polarization

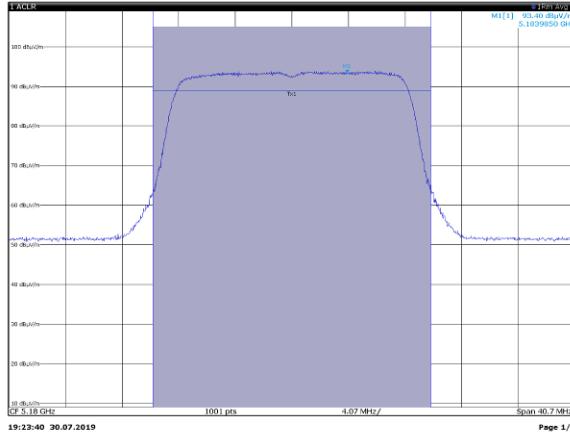
Modulation	Frequency, MHz	dBm/MHz		Margin, dB	Antenna gain, dBi	EIRP, dBm/MHz	EIRP limit, dBm/MHz	EIRP margin, dB	dBuV/m/Mhz
		Measured	Limit						
802.11a	5180	-35.0	--	--	30.5	-4.5	10.0	-14.5	90.7
	5200	-36.0	--	--	30.5	-5.5	10.0	-15.5	89.7
	5240	-37.0	--	--	30.5	-6.5	10.0	-16.5	88.7
802.11n HT20	5180	-34.2	--	--	30.5	-3.7	10.0	-13.7	91.5
	5200	-35.5	--	--	30.5	-5.0	10.0	-15.0	90.1
	5240	-36.8	--	--	30.5	-6.3	10.0	-16.3	88.9
802.11n HT40	5190	-38.4	--	--	30.5	-7.9	10.0	-17.9	87.2
	5230	-37.0	--	--	30.5	-6.5	10.0	-16.5	88.7
			--	--			10.0	-10.0	
802.11ac 80	5210	-38.2	--	--	30.5	-7.7	10.0	-17.7	87.5

PSD, Ised total power (Sum of E Field in vertical and horizontal polarization) to dBm EIRP (Total E Field – antenna gain -20\*log10(3)-104.7 dB)

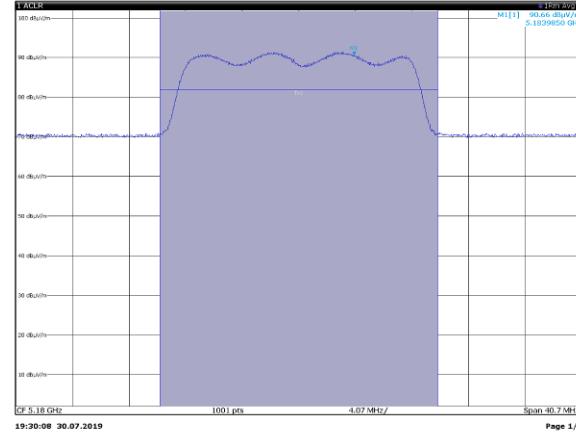
Modulation	Conducted output power,				EIRP,	EIRP limit,	EIRP margin, dB
	Frequency, MHz	dBm/MHz		Antenna gain, dBi			
	Measured	Limit	Margin, dB				
802.11a	5180	-30.4	--	--	30.5	0.1	10.0
	5200	-32.8	--	--	30.5	-2.3	10.0
	5240	-33.8	--	--	30.5	-3.3	10.0
802.11n HT20	5180	-30.5	--	--	30.5	0.0	10.0
	5200	-32.5	--	--	30.5	-2.0	10.0
	5240	-34.0	--	--	30.5	-3.5	10.0
802.11n HT40	5190	-33.7	--	--	30.5	-3.2	10.0
	5230	-32.2	--	--	30.5	-1.7	10.0
		--	--				10.0
802.11ac 80	5210	-33.5	--	--	30.5	-3.0	10.0
							-13.0

detector = RMS (power averaging).

Lower channel



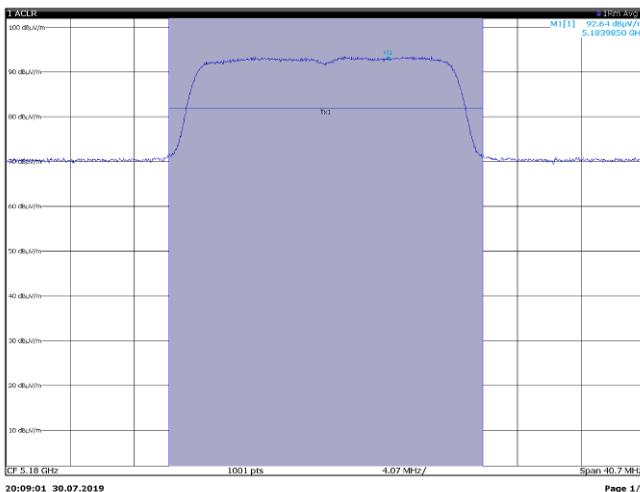
2 Result Summary				
Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
1 (Tx1)	20.000 MHz			105.00 dBuV/m
Tx Total				105.00 dBuV/m



2 Result Summary				
Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
1 (Tx1)	20.000 MHz			101.67 dBuV/m
Tx Total				101.67 dBuV/m

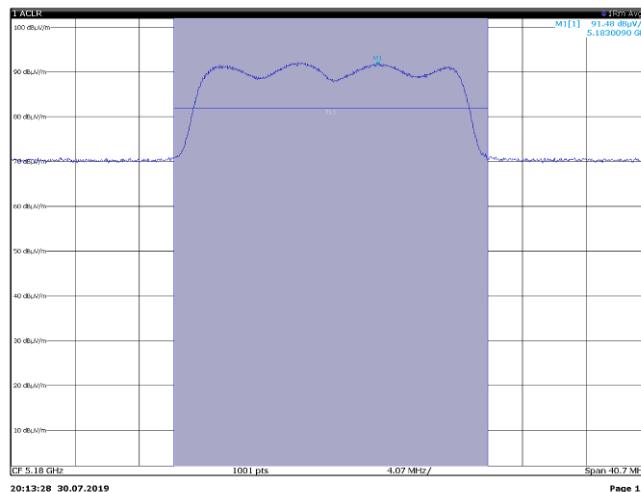
PSD on 802.11a Sample plot, horizontal

PSD on 802.11a Sample plot, vertical



2 Result Summary				
Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
1 (Tx1)	20.000 MHz			104.66 dBuV/m
Tx Total				104.66 dBuV/m

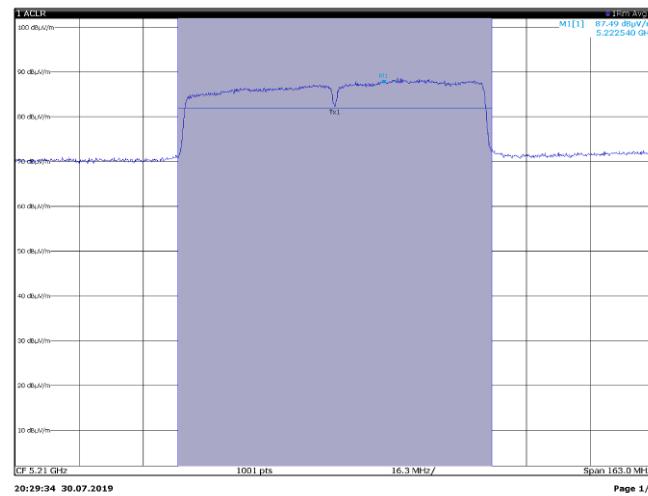
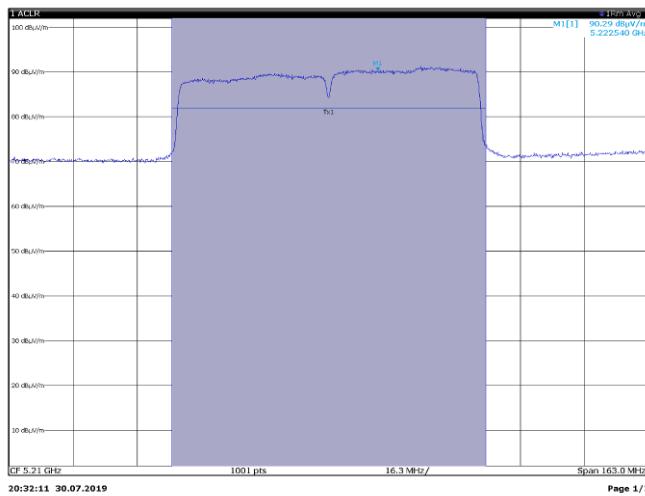
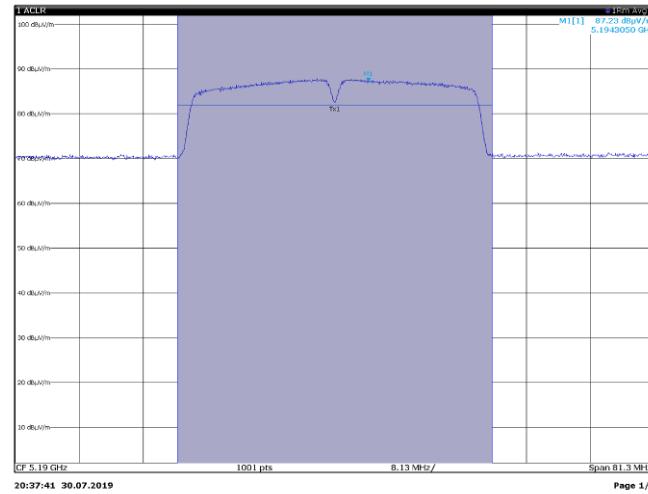
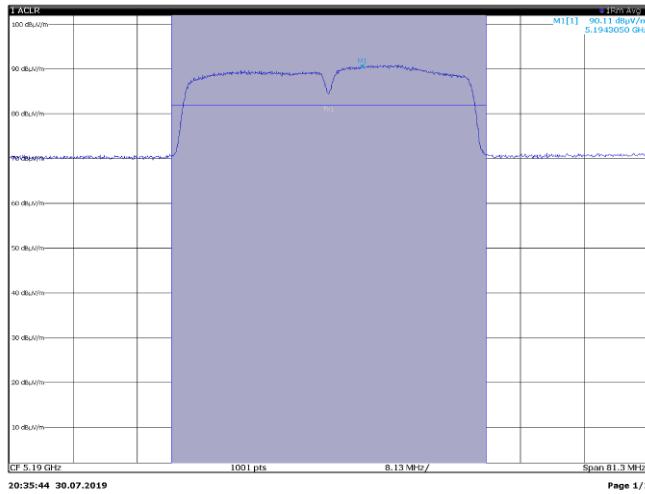
PSD on 802.11nHT20 Sample plot, horizontal



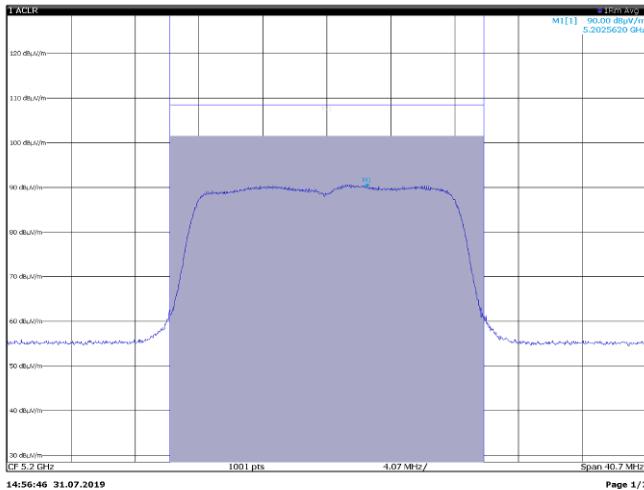
2 Result Summary				
Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
1 (Tx1)	20.000 MHz			102.36 dBuV/m
Tx Total				102.36 dBuV/m

PSD on 802.11nHT20 Sample plot, vertical

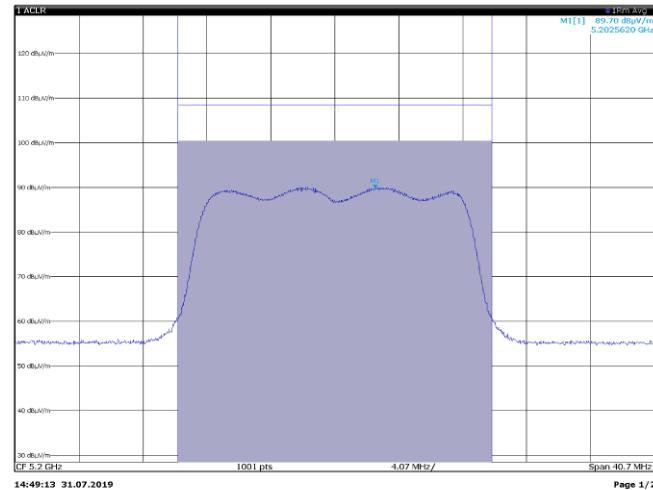
Low channel



Middle channel

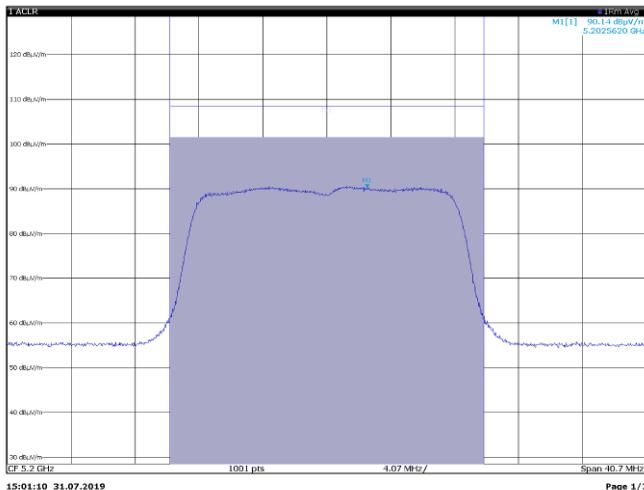


PSD on 802.11a Sample plot, horizontal

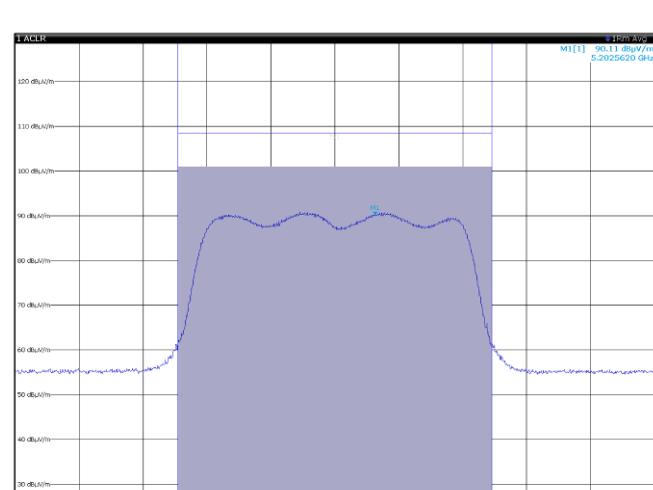


PSD on 802.11a Sample plot, vertical

Middle channel

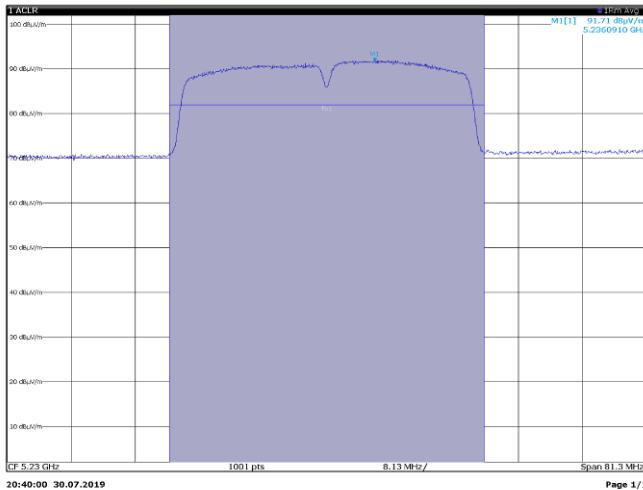


PSD on 802.11nht20 Sample plot, horizontal



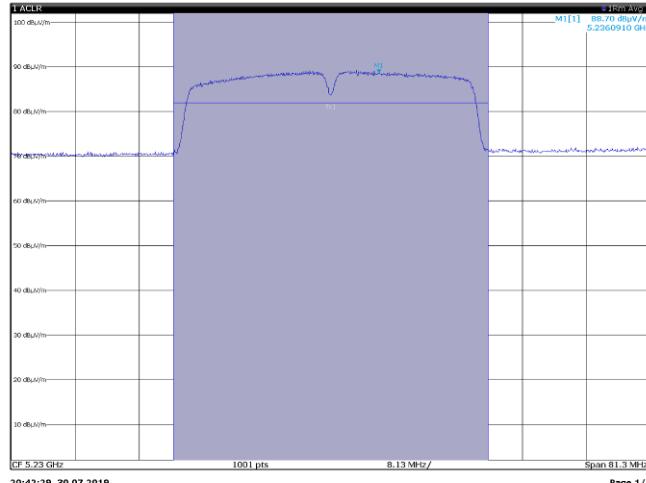
PSD on 802.11Nht20 Sample plot, vertical

Middle channel



2 Result Summary				
Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
Tx (Ref)	40.000 MHz			<b>105.74 dBpV/m</b>
Tx Total				<b>105.74 dBpV/m</b>

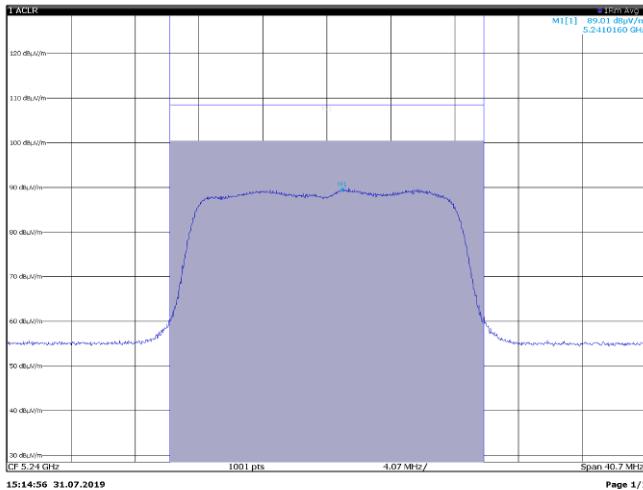
PSD on 802.11n HT40, Sample plot, horizontal



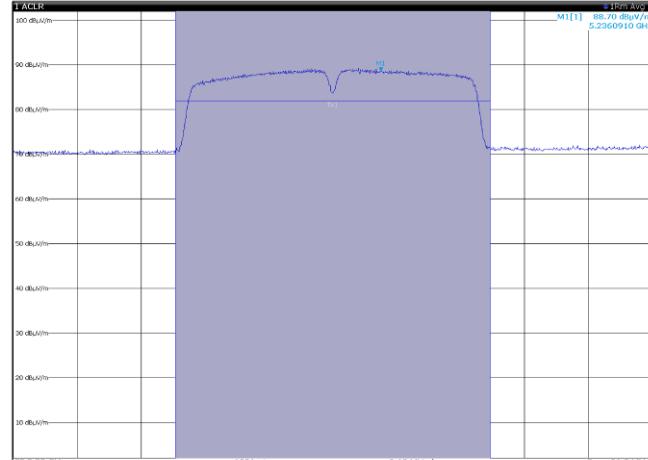
2 Result Summary				
Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
Tx (Ref)	40.000 MHz			<b>103.20 dBpV/m</b>
Tx Total				<b>103.20 dBpV/m</b>

PSD on 802.11n HT40, Sample plot, vertical

high channel

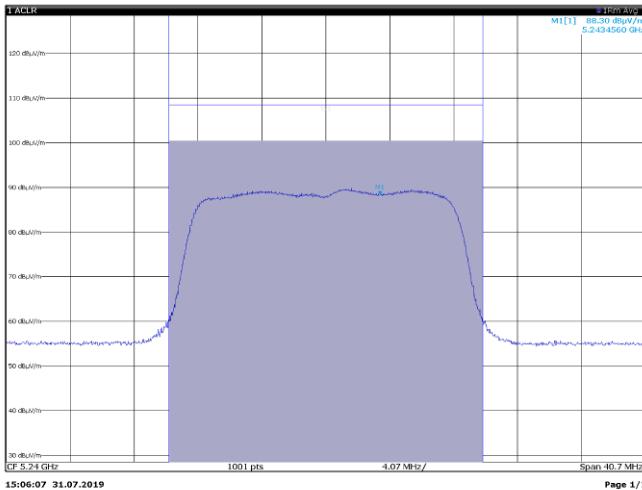


2 Result Summary	Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
	Tx1 (Ref)	20.000 MHz			<b>100.36 dB<sub>pV/m</sub></b>
	Tx Total				<b>100.36 dB<sub>pV/m</sub></b>

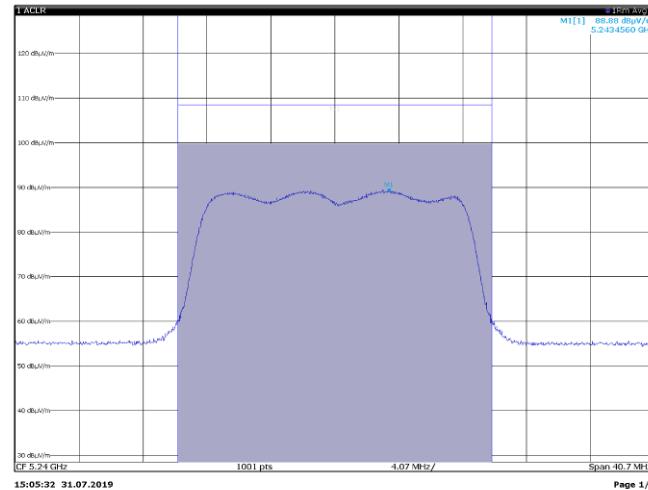


2 Result Summary	Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
	Tx1 (Ref)	40.000 MHz			<b>103.20 dB<sub>pV/m</sub></b>
	Tx Total				<b>103.20 dB<sub>pV/m</sub></b>

high channel



PSD on 802.11n HT20 , Sample plot, horizontal



PSD on 802.11n HT20, Sample plot, vertical

2 Result Summary				
Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
Tx1 (Ref)	20.000 MHz			<b>100.38 dB<sub>P</sub>/m</b>
Tx Total				<b>100.38 dB<sub>P</sub>/m</b>

2 Result Summary				
Channel	Bandwidth	Offset	None	Power
Tx1 (Ref)	20.000 MHz			<b>99.79 dB<sub>P</sub>/m</b>
Tx Total				<b>99.79 dB<sub>P</sub>/m</b>

## 8.4 FCC 15.407(b) Undesirable (unwanted) emissions

### 8.4.1 Definitions and limits

#### FCC:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of –27 dBm/MHz.
- (5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209.
- (7) The provisions of § 15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency block edges as the design of the equipment permits.

#### Radiated emission:

-27 dBm/MHz are –27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz are 68.2 dBuV/m at 3m;

#### ISED:

For transmitters with operating frequencies in the band 5150-5250 MHz, all emissions outside the band **5150-5350 MHz** shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band.

#### RSS-Gen 8.10 Emissions falling within restricted frequency bands

Restricted bands, identified in Table 8.4-2, are designated primarily for safety-of-life services (distress calling and certain aeronautical bands), certain satellite downlinks, radio astronomy and some government uses. Except where otherwise indicated, the following restrictions apply:

- (a) fundamental components of modulation of licence-exempt radio apparatus shall not fall within the restricted bands of below;
- (b) unwanted emissions falling into restricted bands of below shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen;
- (c) unwanted emissions not falling within restricted frequency bands shall either comply with the limits specified in the applicable RSS, or with those specified in RSS-Gen.

Table 8.4-1: FCC §15.209 and RSS-Gen – Radiated emission limits

Frequency, MHz	Field strength of emissions μV/m	Field strength of emissions dBμV/m	Measurement distance, m
0.009–0.490	2400/F (F in kHz)	67.6 – 20 × log <sub>10</sub> (F) (F in kHz)	300
0.490–1.705	24000/F (F in kHz)	87.6 – 20 × log <sub>10</sub> (F) (F in kHz)	30
1.705–30.0	30	29.5	30
30–88	100	40.0	3
88–216	150	43.5	3
216–960	200	46.0	3
above 960	500	54.0	3

Notes: In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test

#### 8.4.1 Definitions and limits, continued

**Table 8.4-2: ISED restricted frequency bands**

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	12.51975–12.52025	399.9–410	<b>5.35–5.46</b>
2.1735–2.1905	12.57675–12.57725	608–614	7.25–7.75
3.020–3.026	13.36–13.41	960–1427	8.025–8.5
4.125–4.128	16.42–16.423	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.17725–4.17775	16.69475–16.69525	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
4.20725–4.20775	16.80425–16.80475	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
5.677–5.683	25.5–25.67	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.215–6.218	37.5–38.25	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
6.26775–6.26825	73–74.6	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
6.31175–6.31225	74.8–75.2	2655–2900	17.7–21.4
8.291–8.294	108–138	3260–3267	22.01–23.12
8.362–8.366	156.52475–156.52525	3332–3339	23.6–24.0
8.37625–8.38675	156.7–156.9	3345.8–3358	31.2–31.8
8.41425–8.41475	240–285	3500–4400	36.43–36.5
12.29–12.293	322–335.4	<b>4500–5150</b>	Above 38.6

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in Table 8.4-2 and above 38.6 GHz are designated for low-power license-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to the devices are set out in this Standard

**Table 8.4-3: FCC restricted frequency bands**

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1420	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675	156.7–156.9	2690–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358	36.43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	Above 38.6
13.36–13.41			

#### 8.4.2 Test summary

Test start date:	March 13, 2019
Test engineer:	Daniele Guarnone

### 8.4.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to 40 GHz while the EUT was continuously transmitting.

Conducted measurements were performed on the antenna ports, with the highest and the lowest data rate, the worst case is presented.

In the conducted plots below, the reference level offset was adjusted to include antenna directional gains, the max peak gain of two antenna configurations has been applied to show as representative worst case.

Radiated measurements below 18 GHz were performed at a distance of 3 m. Radiated measurements above 18 GHz were performed at a distance of 1 m.

Cabinet radiation were performed while the antenna connector was terminated with 50 Ω load. Below 1 GHz and above 18 GHz, no emissions related to RF transmitter were detected within 6 dB below the limit.

Spectrum analyser for peak conducted measurements within restricted bands below 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

Spectrum analyser for peak conducted measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

Spectrum analyser for average conducted measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz for frequencies where peak results were above the average limit:

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	RMS
Trace mode:	Power average
Number of averaging traces:	100

Spectrum analyser for peak conducted measurements outside restricted bands:

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

Spectrum analyzer settings for radiated measurements within restricted bands below 1 GHz:

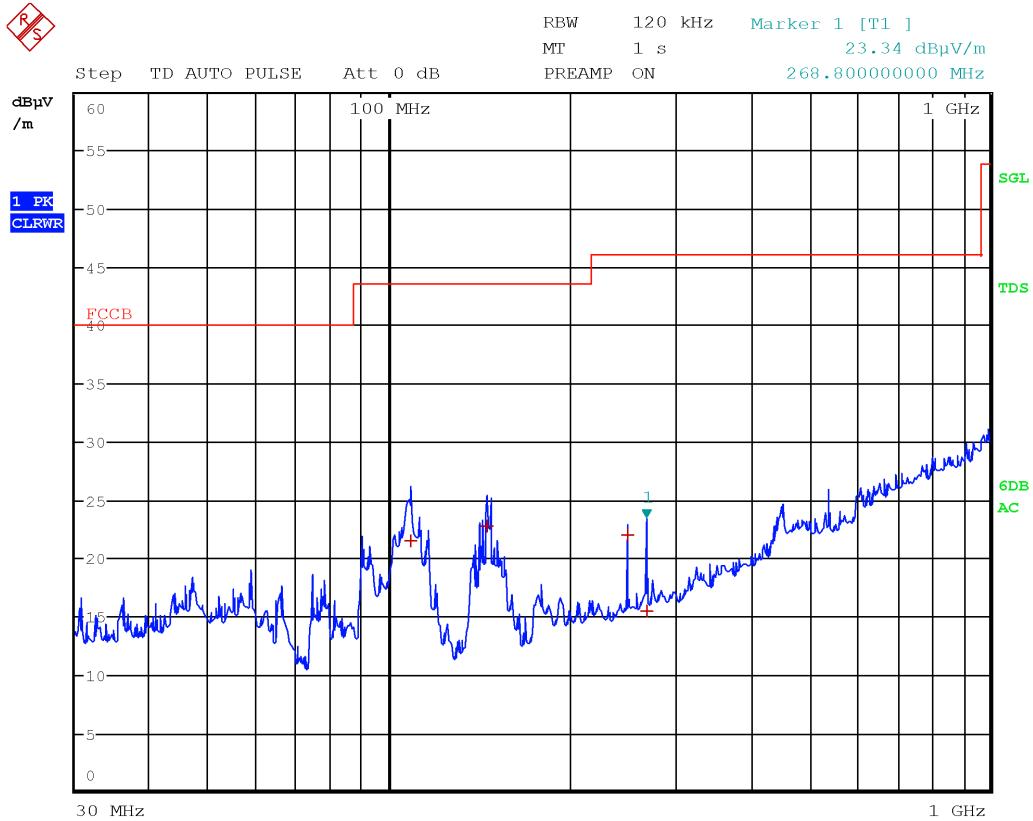
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

Spectrum analyzer settings for peak radiated measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

#### 8.4.4 Test data

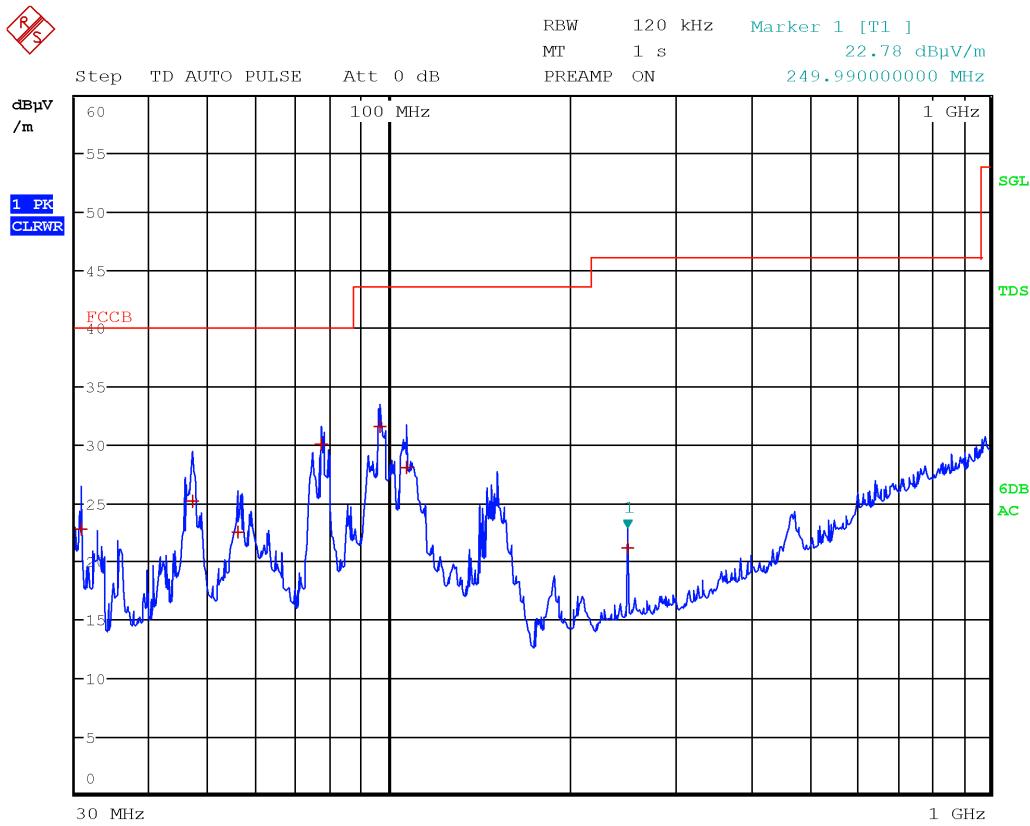
Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11a horizontal



Date: 13.MAR.2019 18:42:40

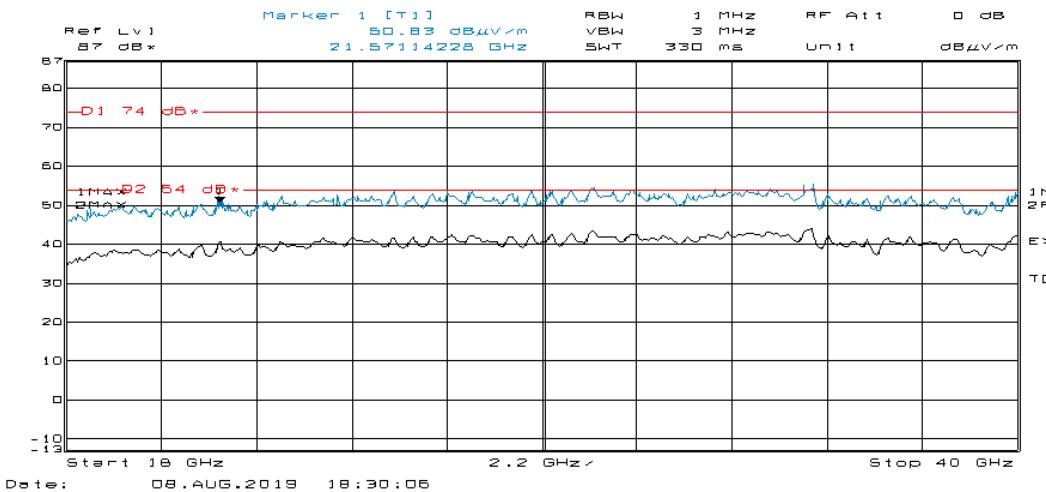
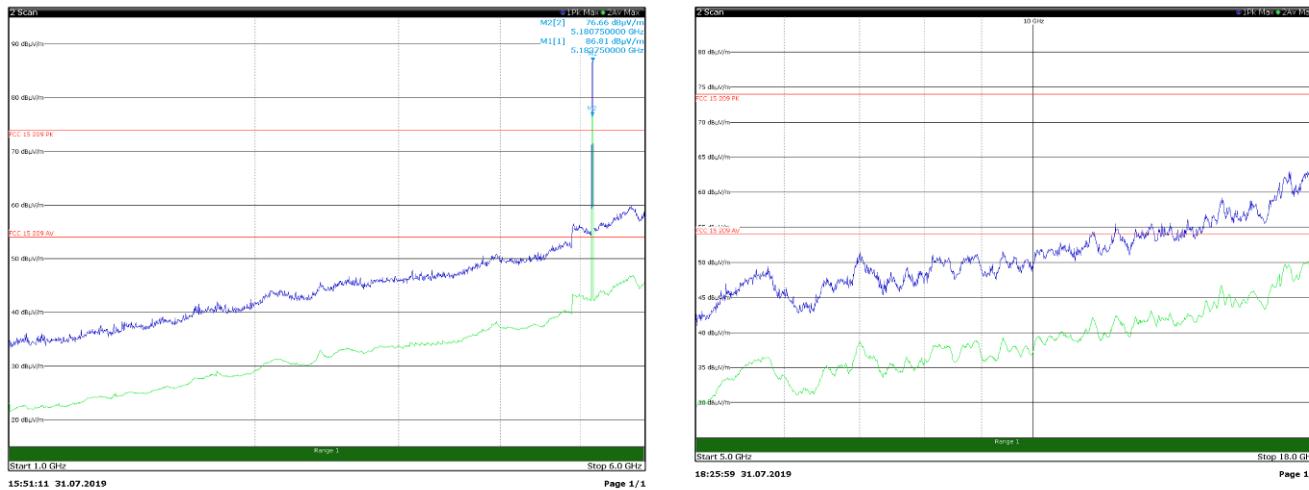
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
108.7800	21.5	43.5	-22.0	QP
145.2600	22.8	43.5	-20.7	QP
249.9900	22.1	46.0	-23.9	QP
268.8000	15.5	46.0	-30.5	QP

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11a vertical



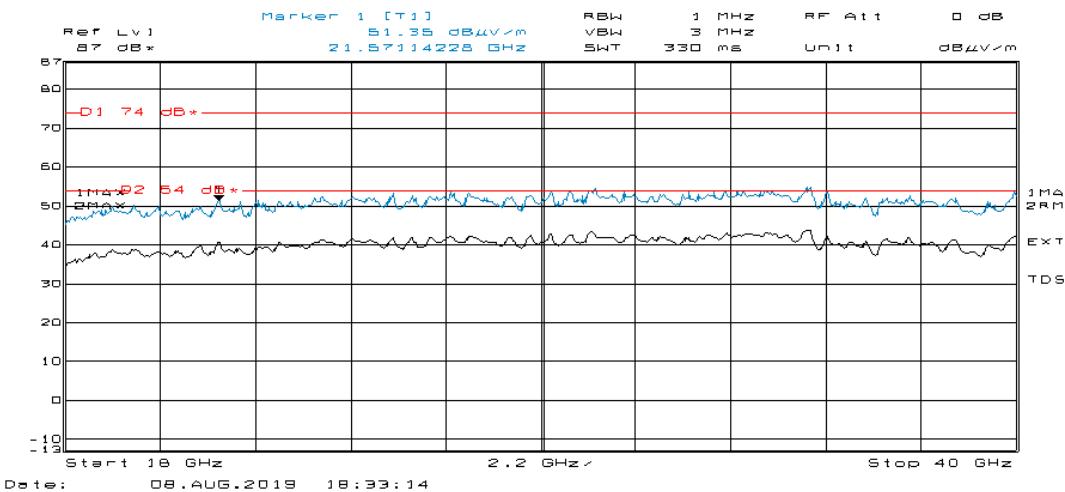
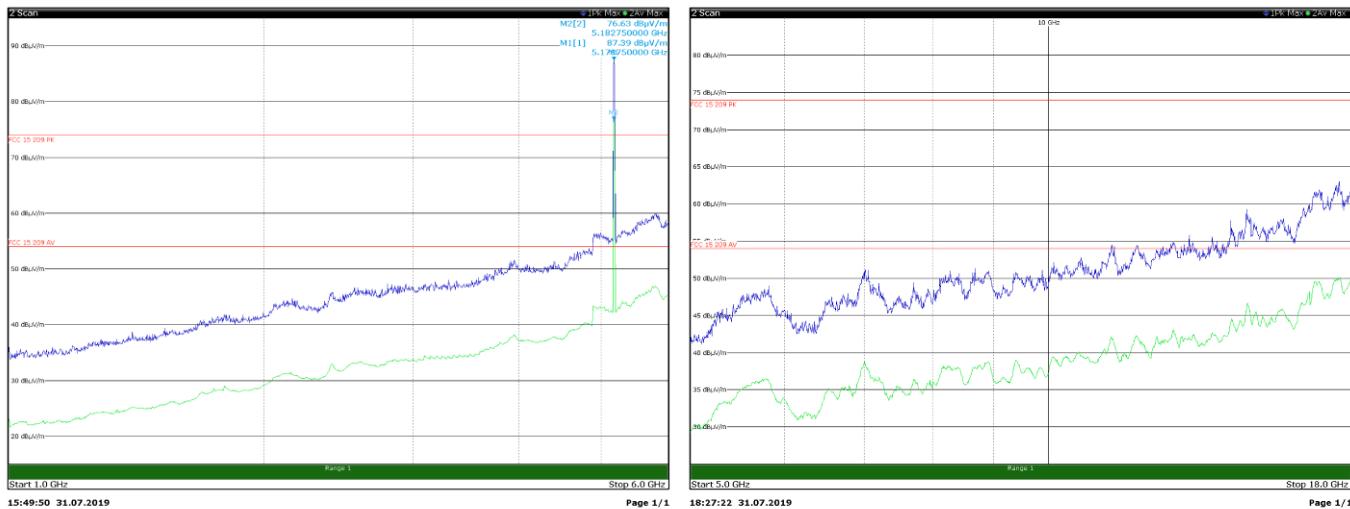
Date: 13.MAR.2019 18:55:07

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
30.6300	22.9	40.0	-17.1	QP
47.0400	25.2	40.0	-14.8	QP
55.8900	22.5	40.0	-17.5	QP
77.1900	30.1	40.0	-9.9	QP
96.3300	31.7	43.5	-11.8	QP
106.7400	28.1	43.5	-15.4	QP
249.9900	21.2	46.0	-24.8	QP



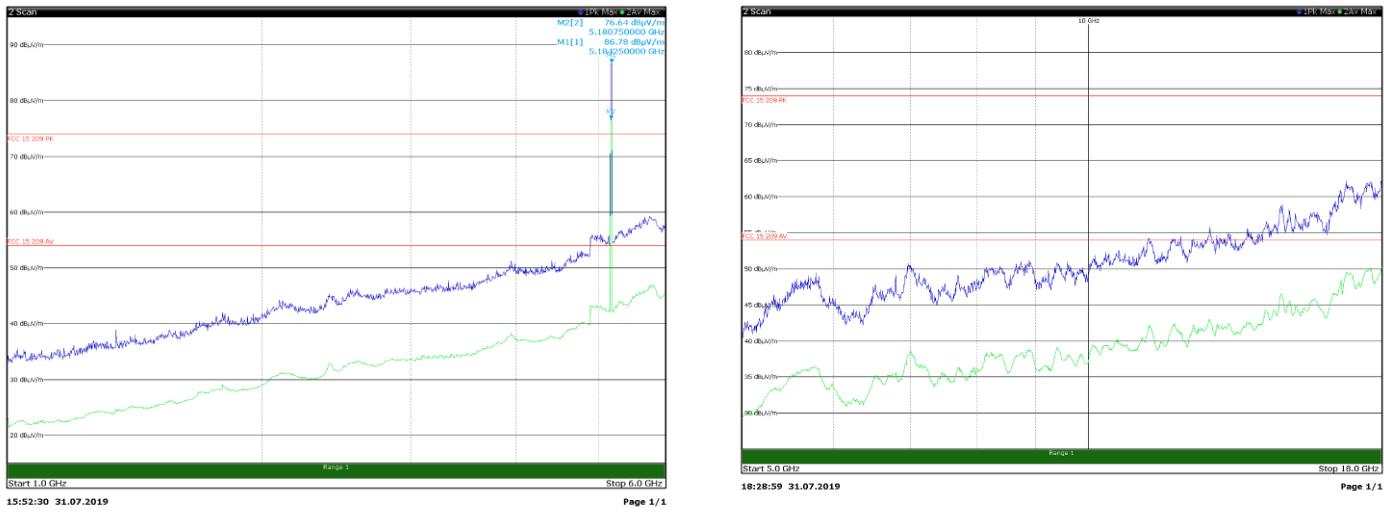
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11a horizontal

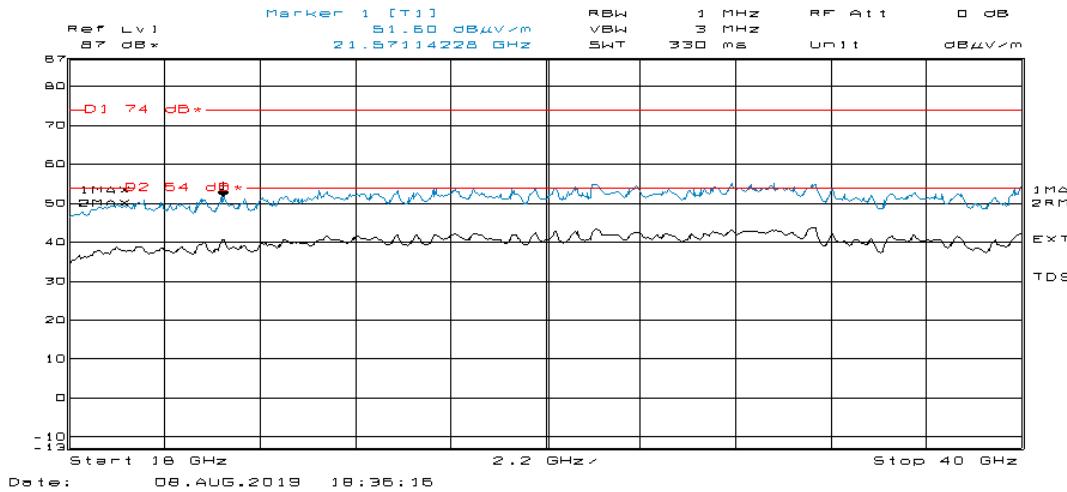


Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	---	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11a vertical

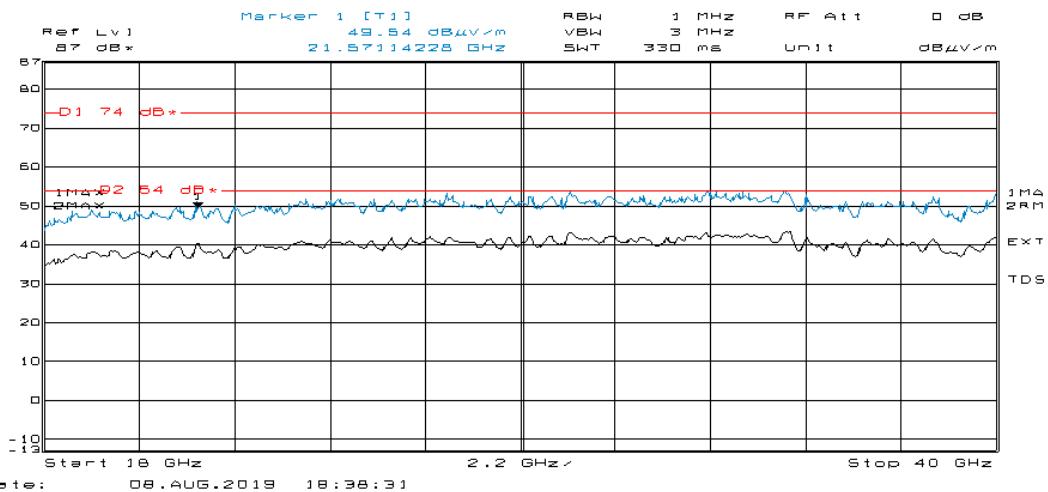
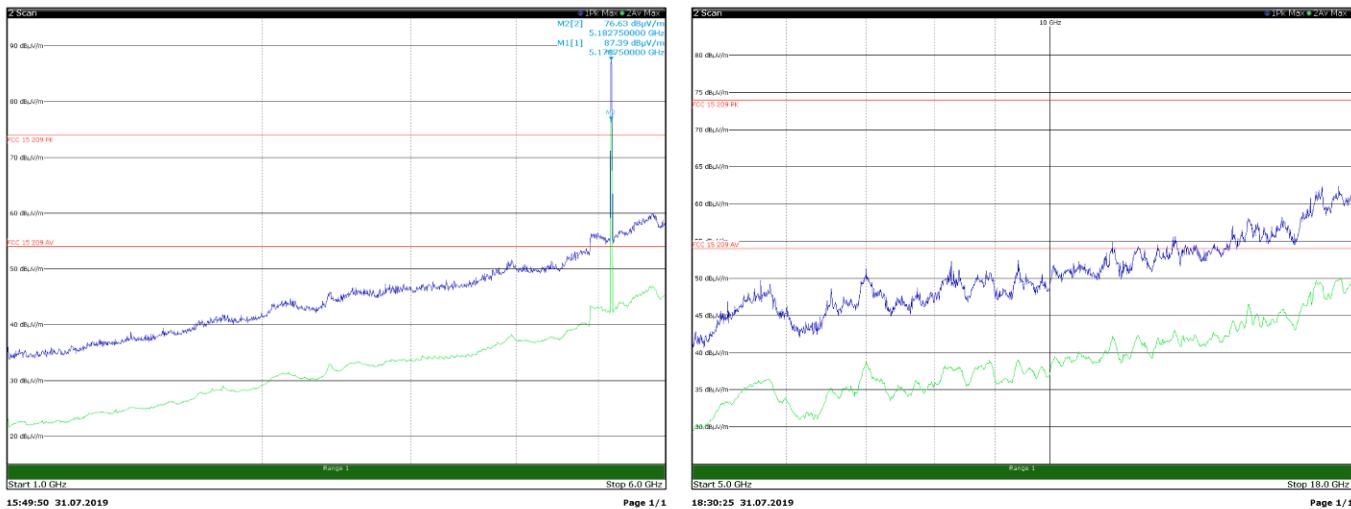


Limit exceeded by the carriers



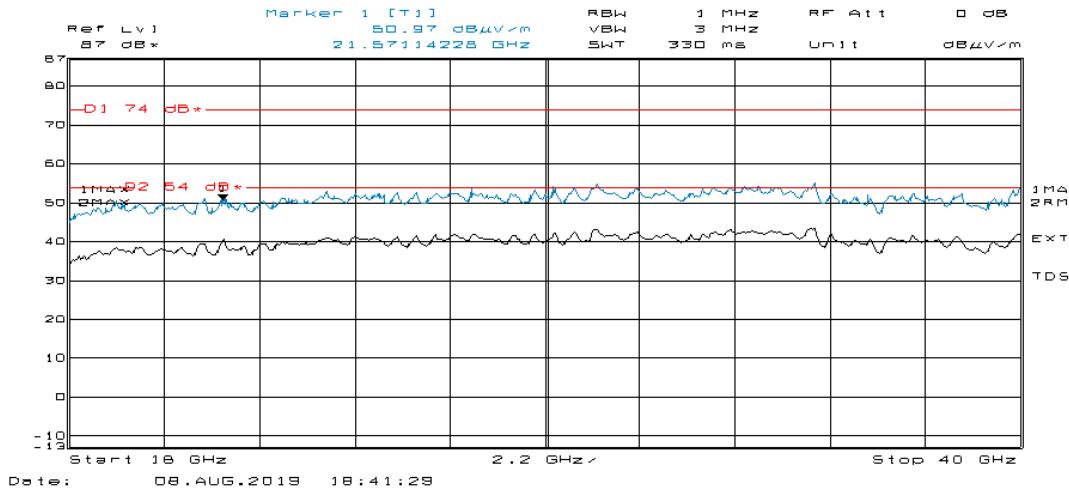
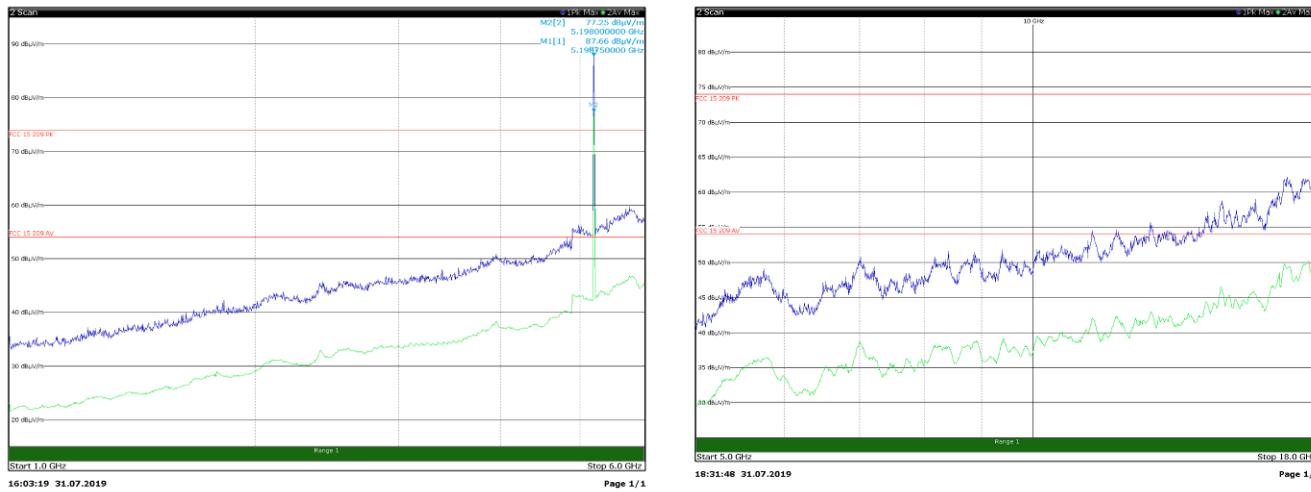
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	--

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11n HT20 horizontal



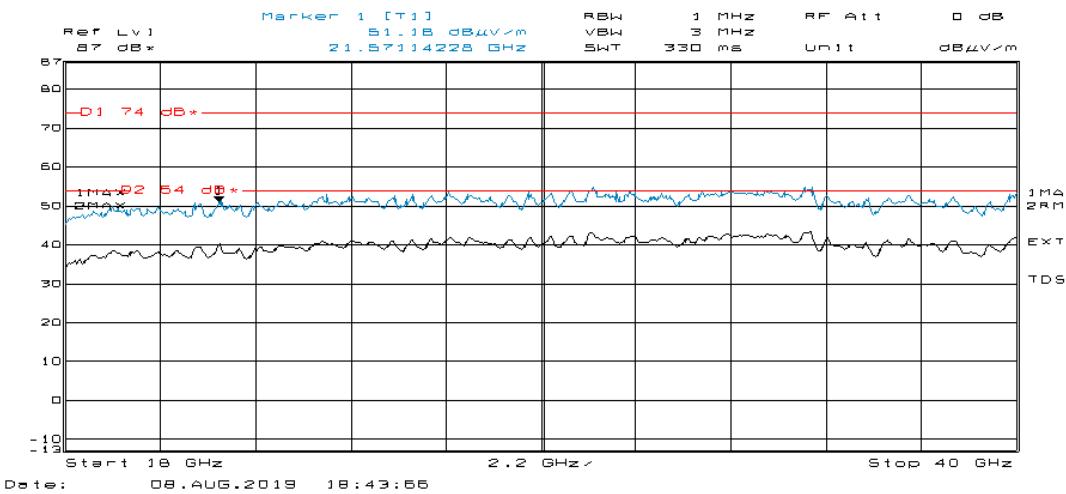
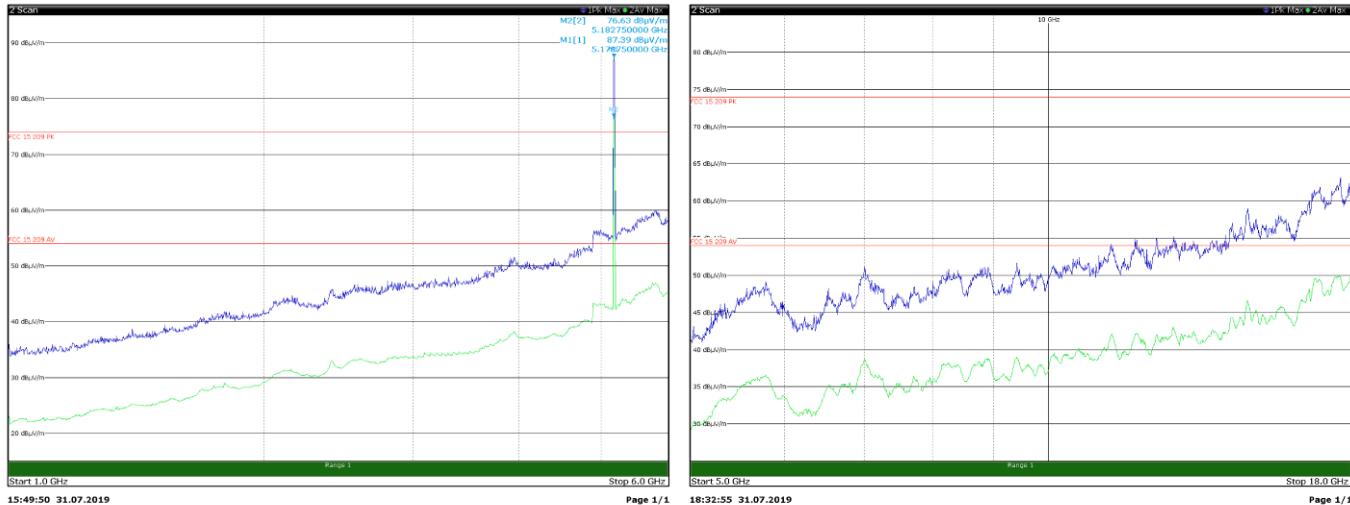
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11n HT20 vertical



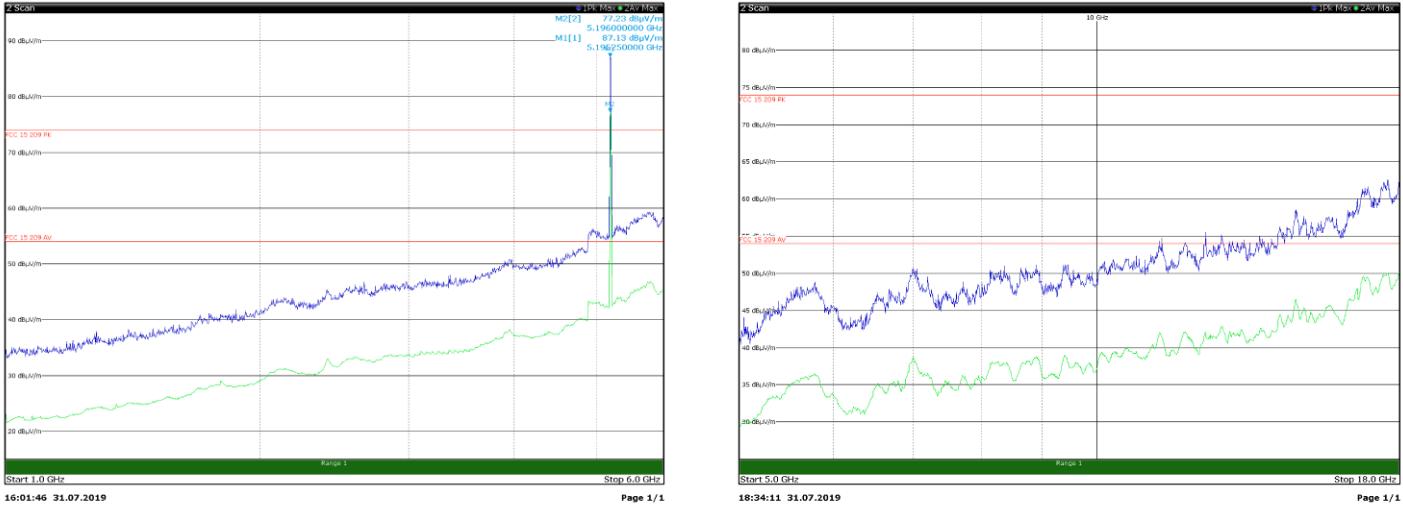
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5200 MHz, 802.11a horizontal

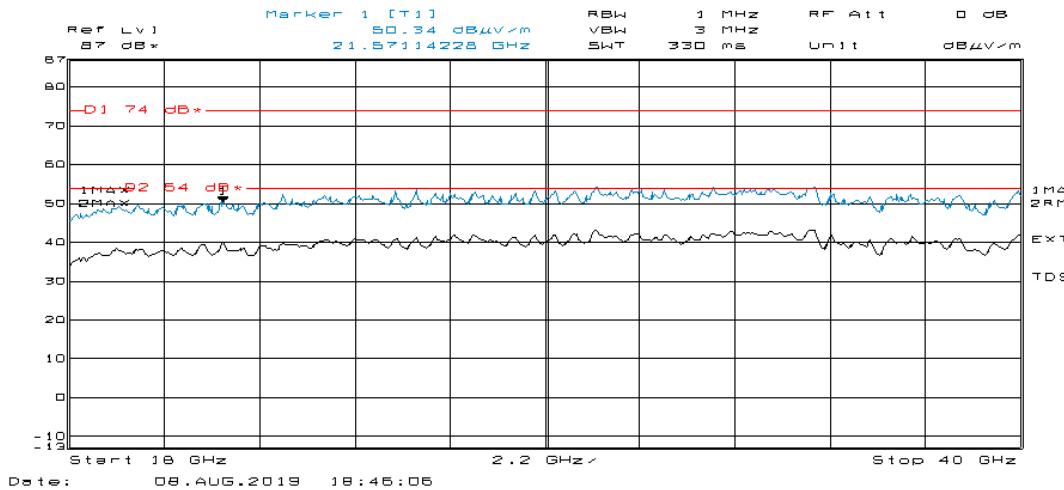


Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5200 MHz, 802.11a vertical

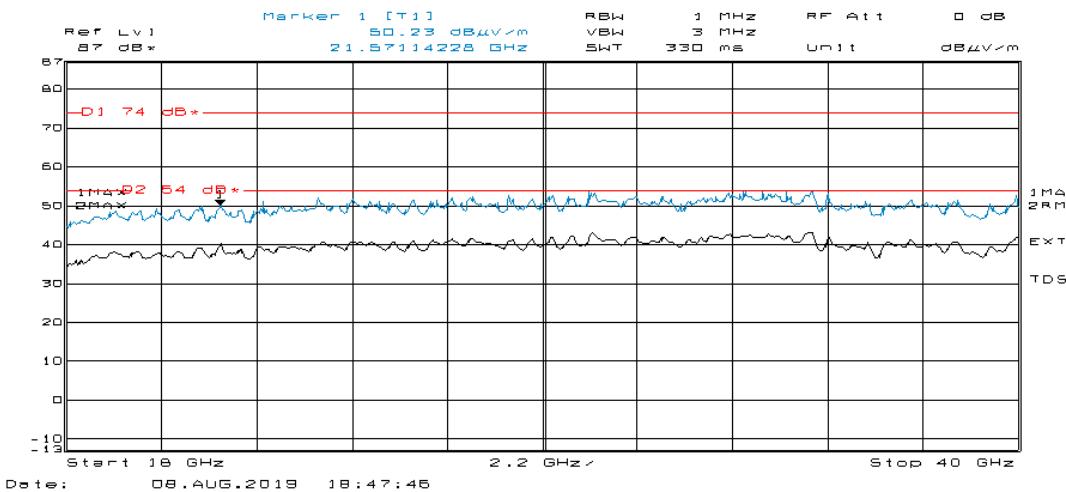
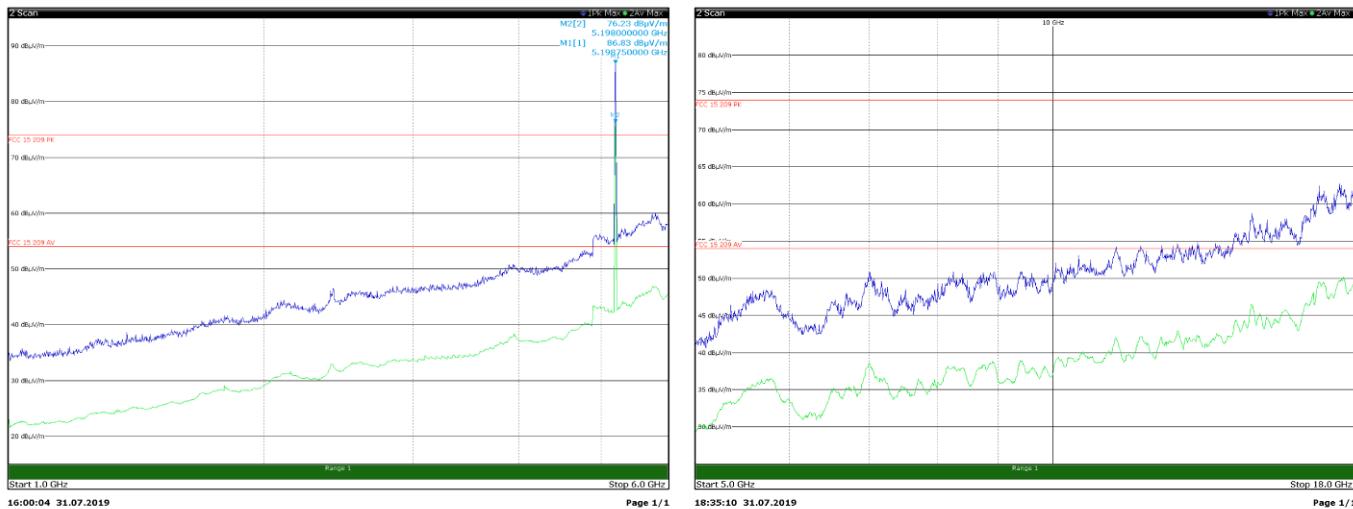


Limit exceeded by the carriers



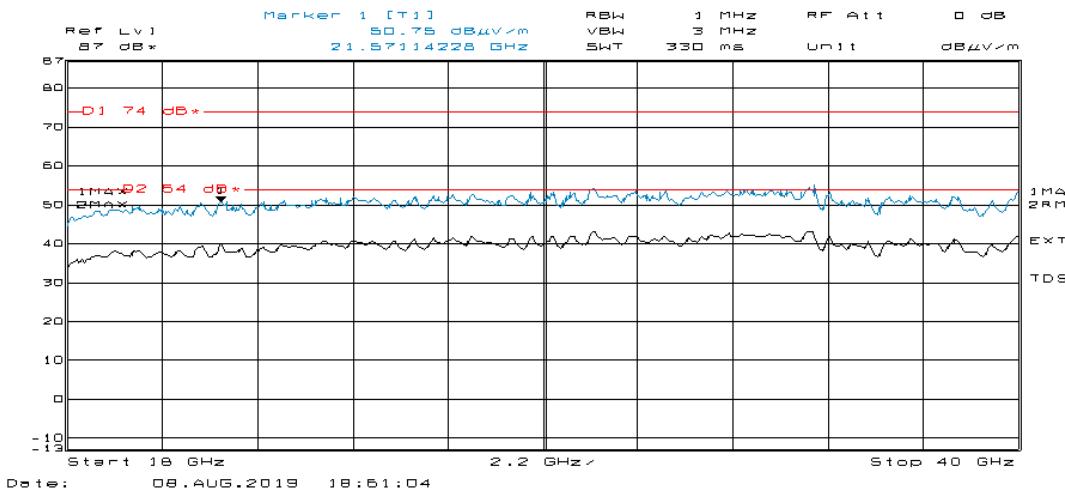
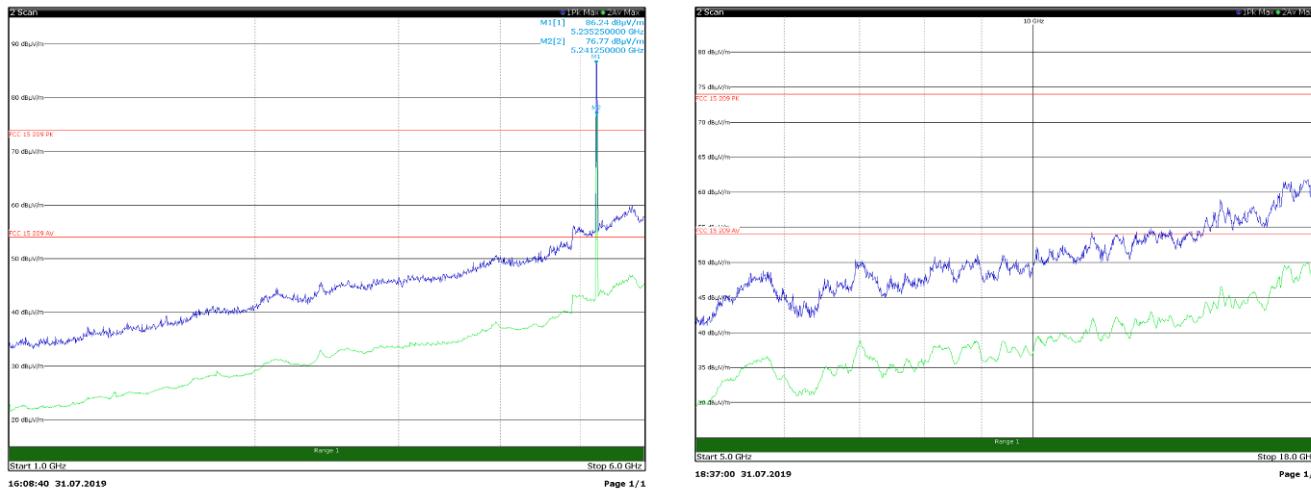
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	--

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5200 MHz, 802.11n HT20 horizontal



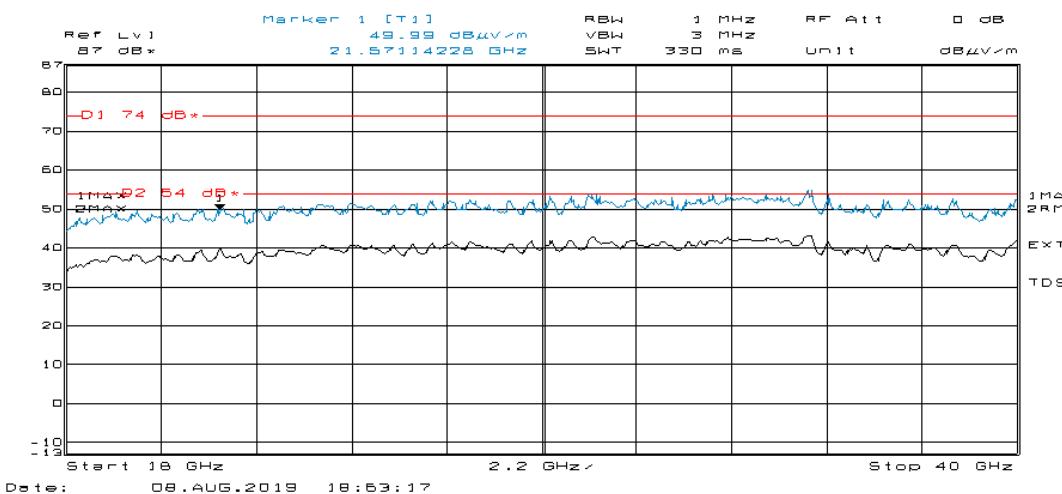
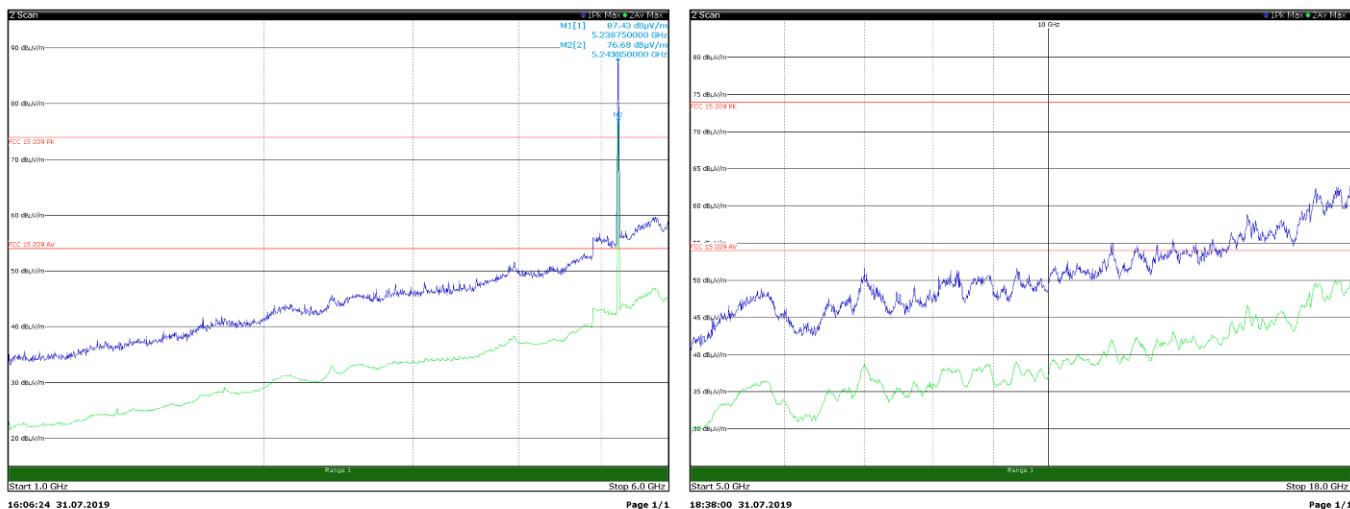
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5200 MHz, 802.11n HT20 vertical



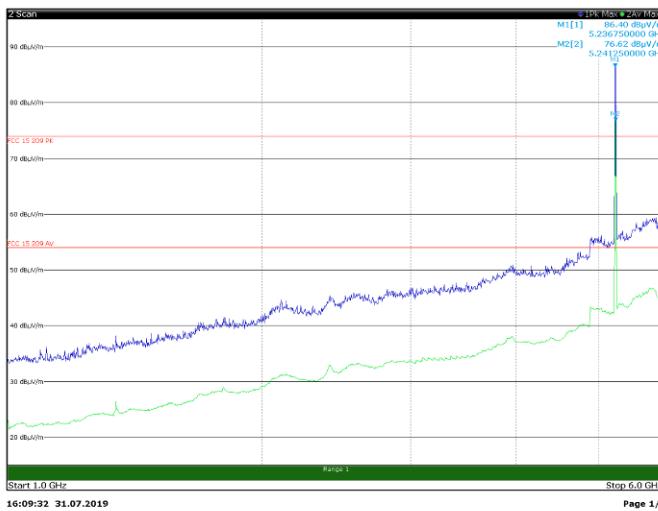
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5240 MHz, 802.11a horizontal

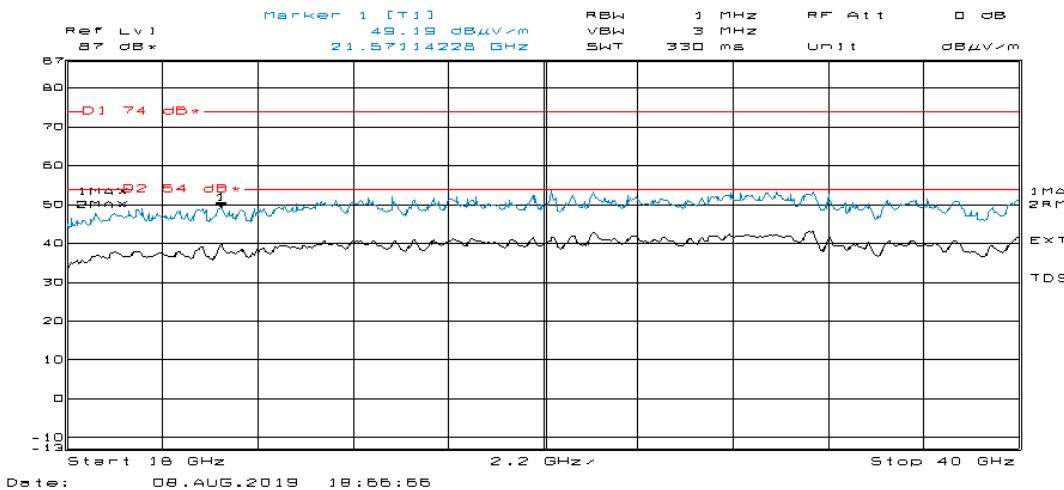


Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5240 MHz, 802.11a vertical

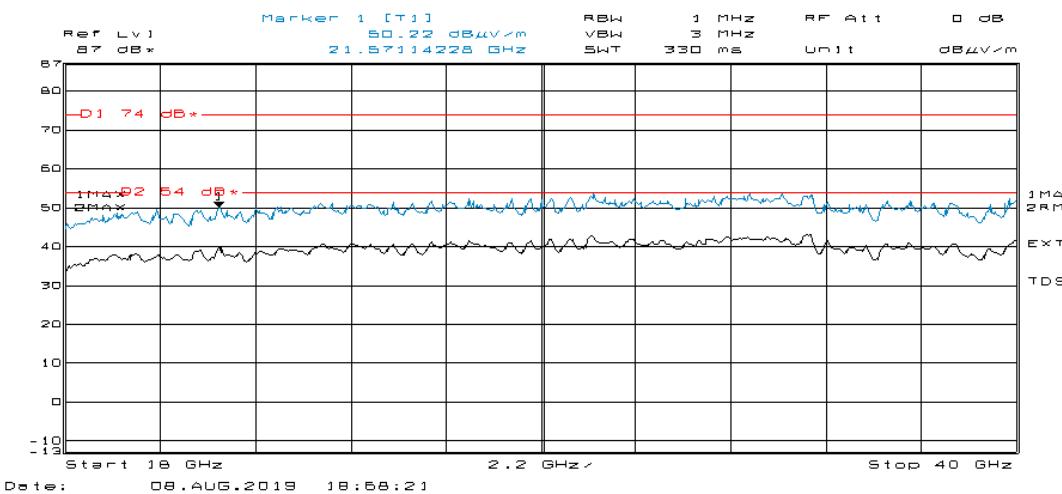
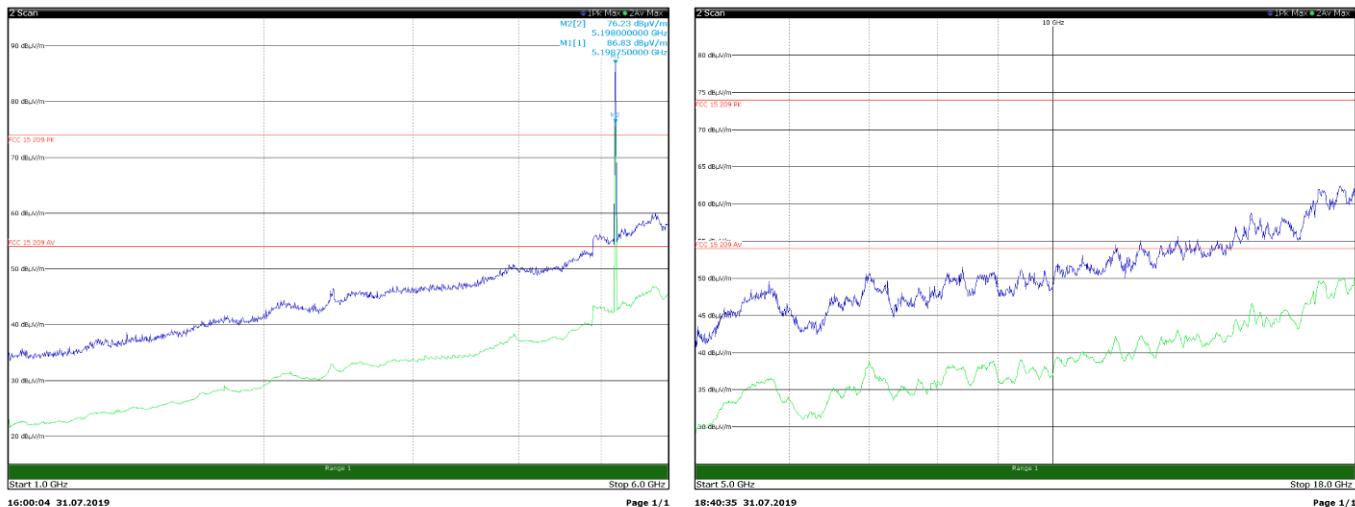


Limit exceeded by the carriers



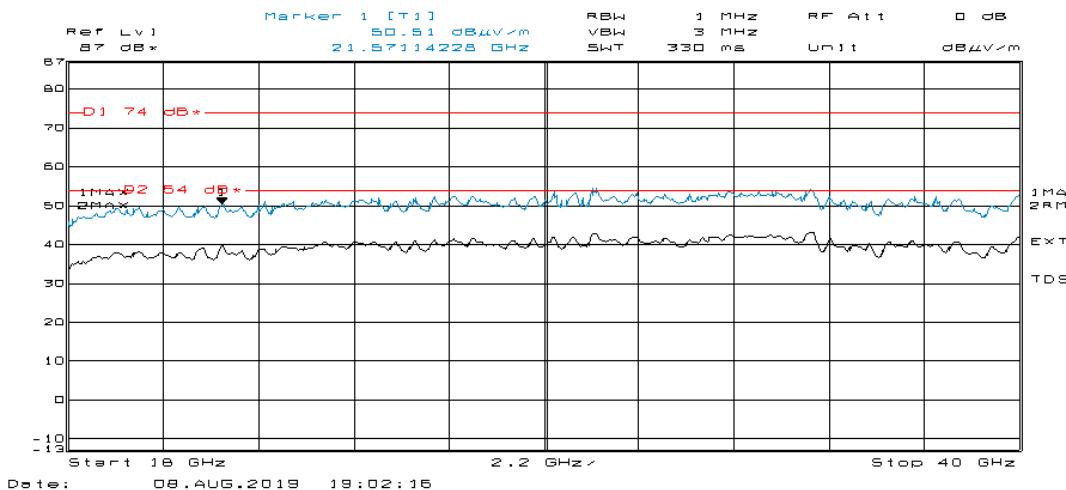
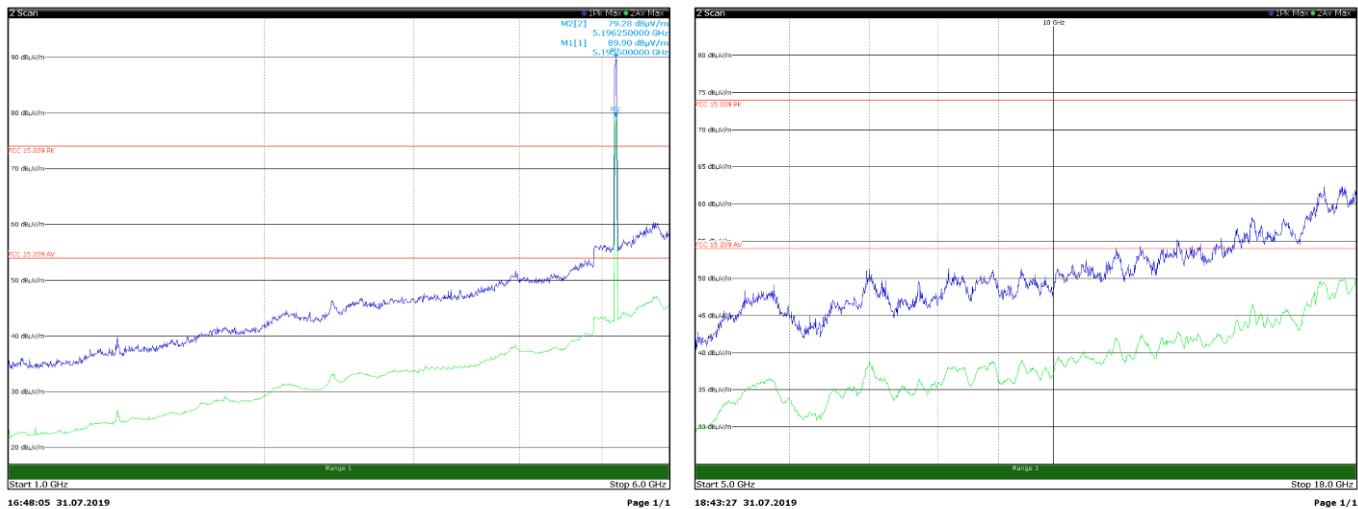
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	--

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5240 MHz, 802.11n HT20 horizontal



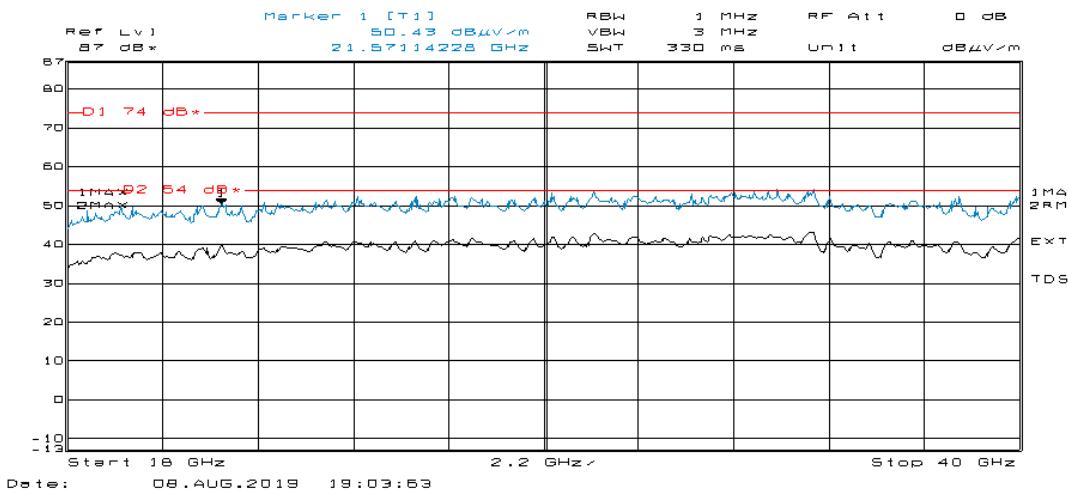
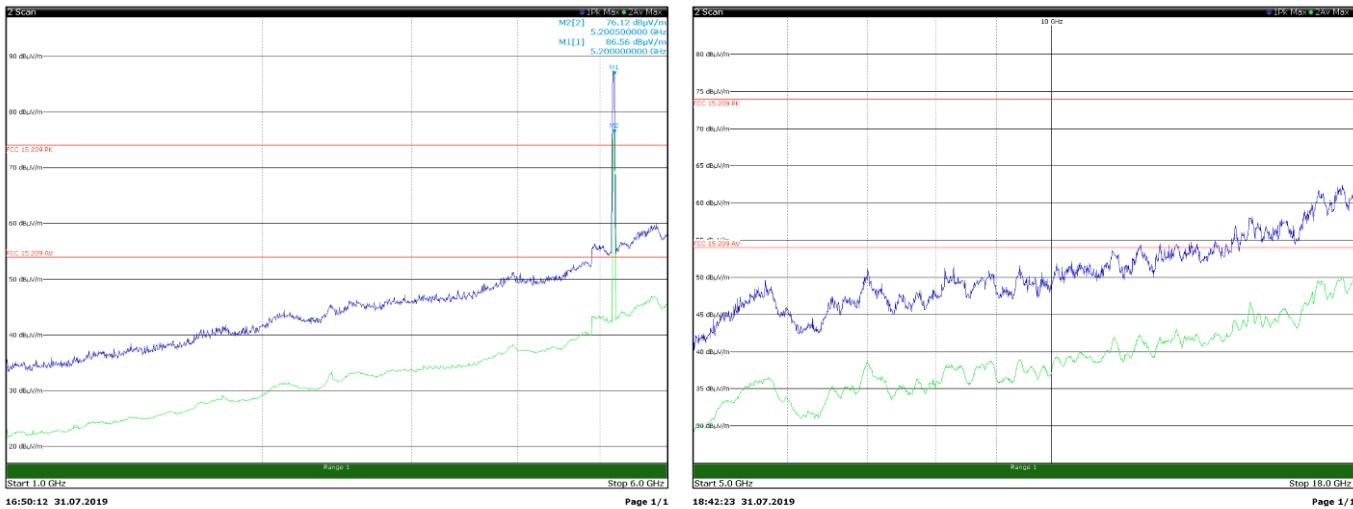
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5240 MHz, 802.11n HT20 vertical



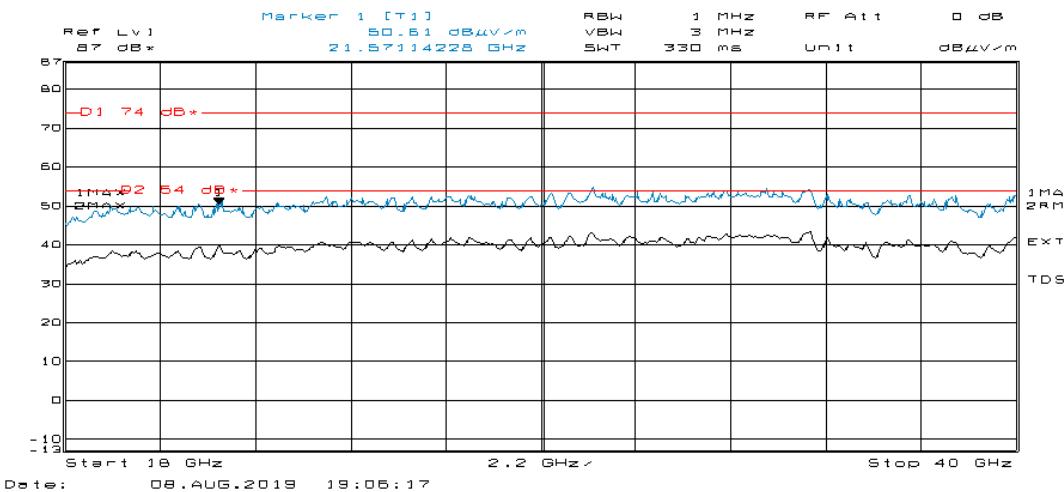
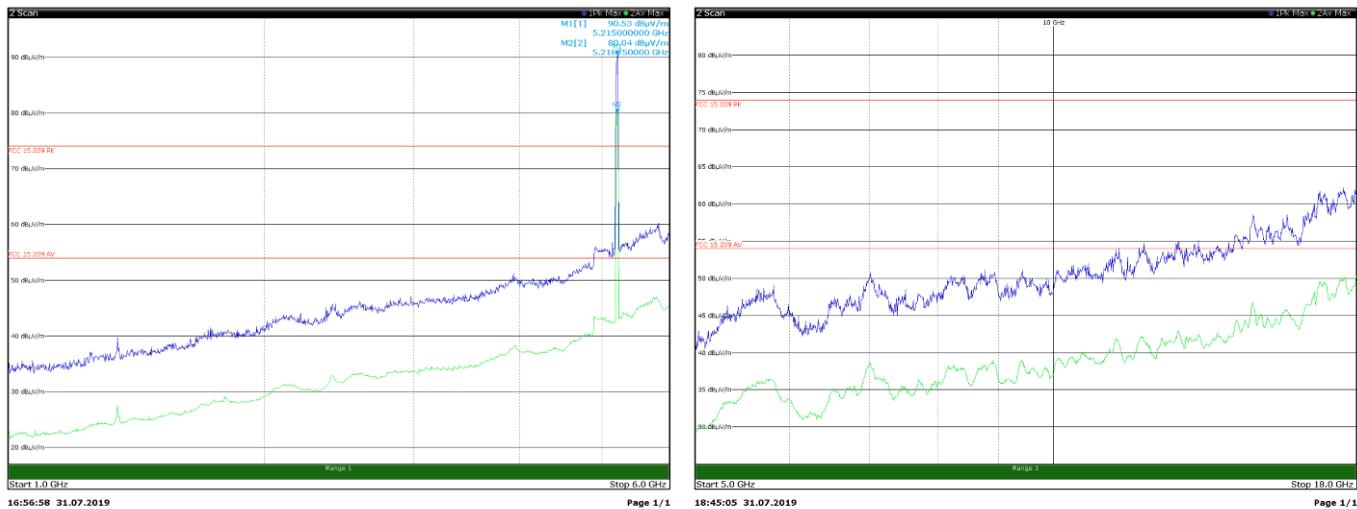
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5190 MHz, 802.11n HT40 horizontal



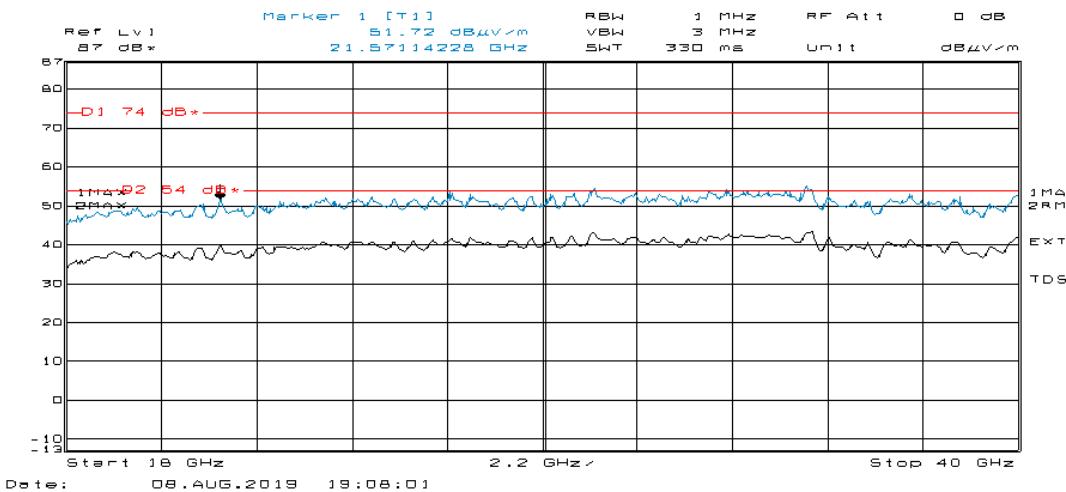
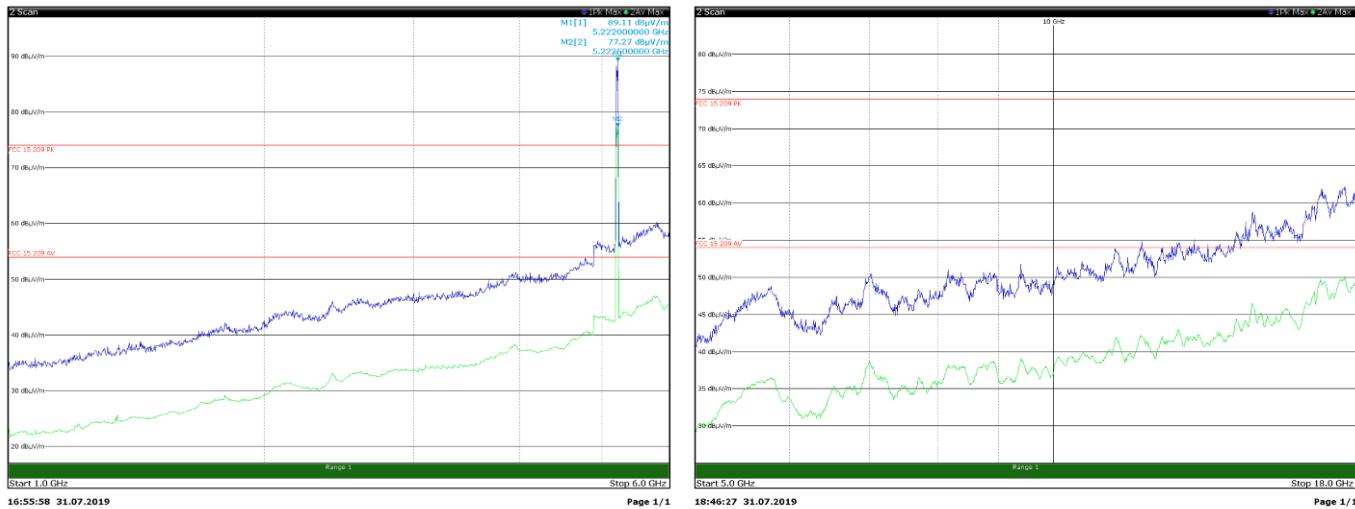
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5190 MHz, 802.11n HT40 vertical



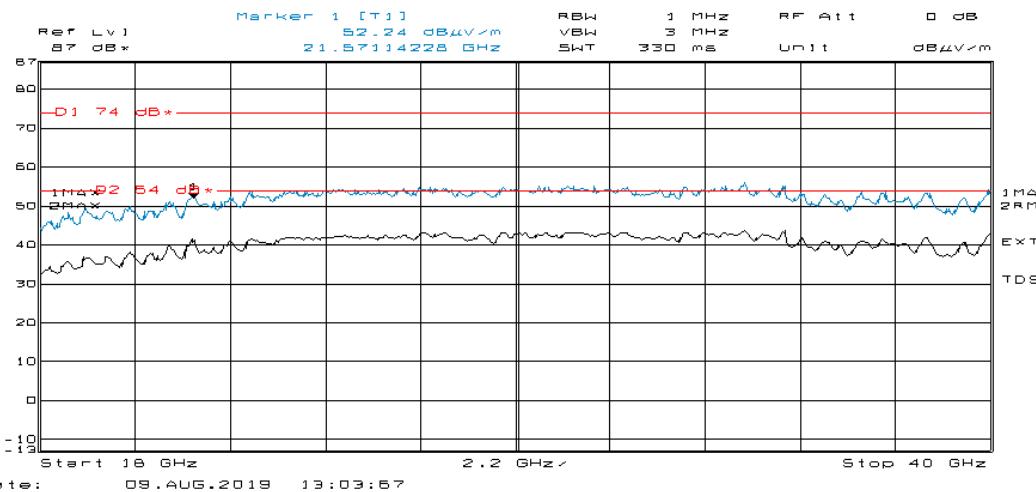
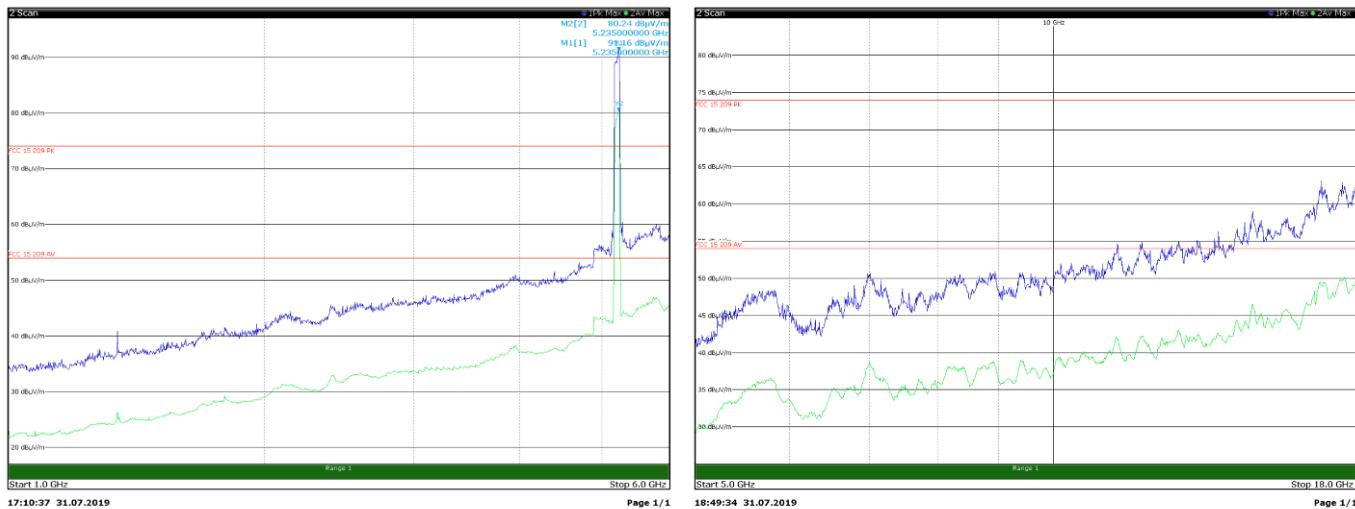
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5230 MHz, 802.11n HT40 horizontal



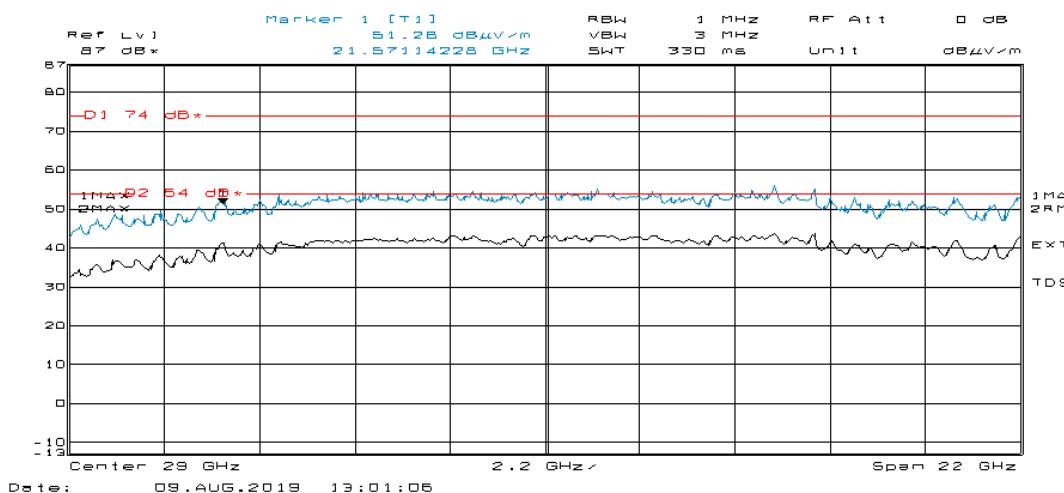
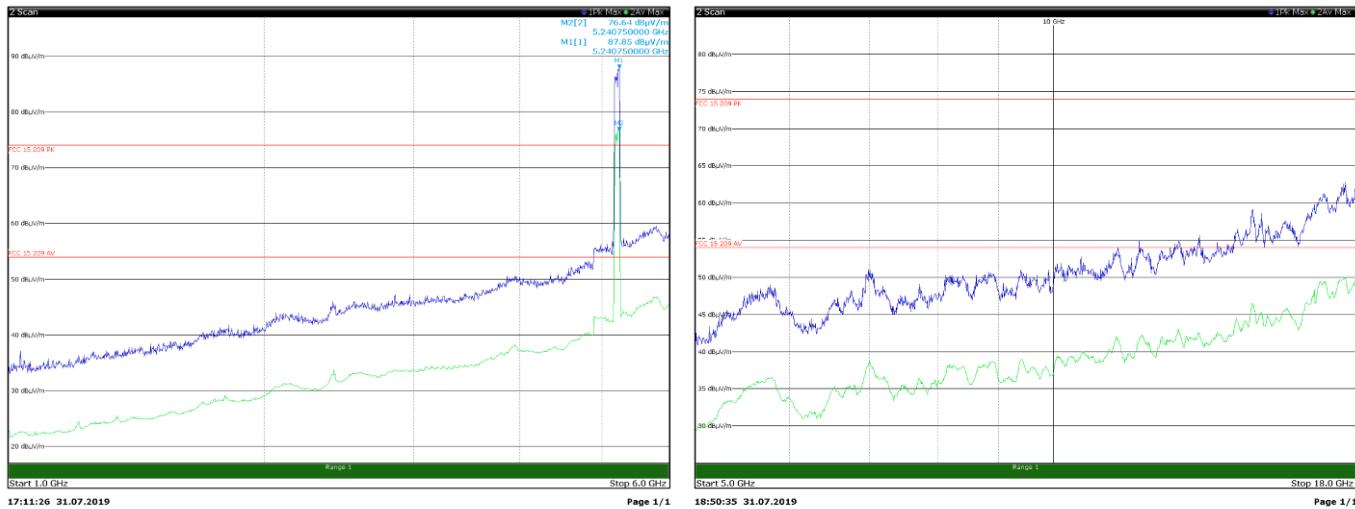
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5230 MHz, 802.11n HT40 vertical



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
--	--	--	--	--

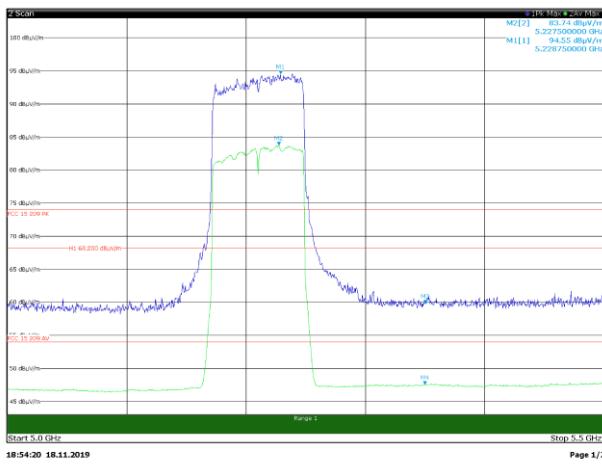
Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5210 MHz, 802.11ac 80 MHz horizontal



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remarks
--	--	--	--	--	

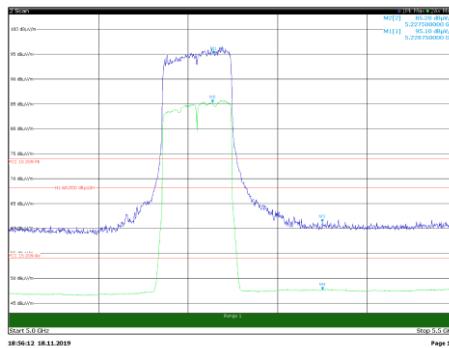
Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on 5210 MHz, 802.11ac 80 MHZ vertical

Band edge bands, Tx on 5210 MHz, 802.11ac 80 MHZ vertical



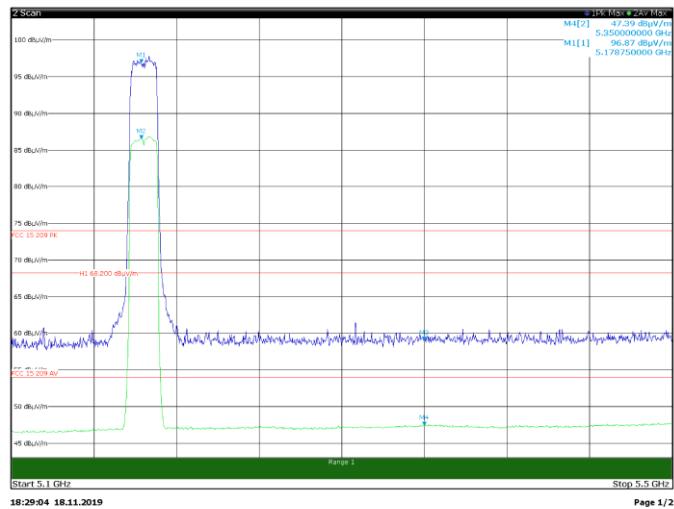
3 Marker Table					
Wrd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	<b>5.2275 GHz</b>	<b>94.55 dBµV/m</b>
Scan	M2		2	<b>5.2275 GHz</b>	<b>83.74 dBµV/m</b>
Scan	M3		1	<b>5.34975 GHz</b>	<b>59.84 dBµV/m</b>
Scan	M4		2	<b>5.34975 GHz</b>	<b>47.56 dBµV/m</b>

Band edge bands, Tx on 5210 MHz, 802.11ac 80 MHZ horizontal

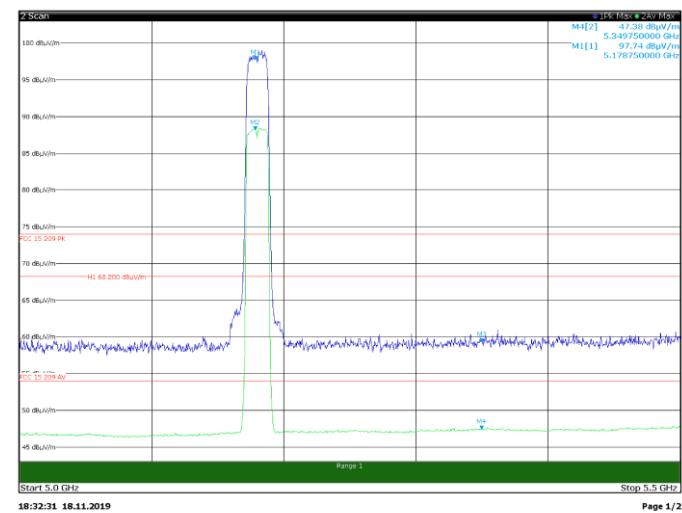


3 Marker Table					
Wrd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	<b>5.2275 GHz</b>	<b>95.1 dBµV/m</b>
Scan	M2		2	<b>5.2275 GHz</b>	<b>85.28 dBµV/m</b>
Scan	M3		1	<b>5.34975 GHz</b>	<b>61.34 dBµV/m</b>
Scan	M4		2	<b>5.34975 GHz</b>	<b>47.7 dBµV/m</b>

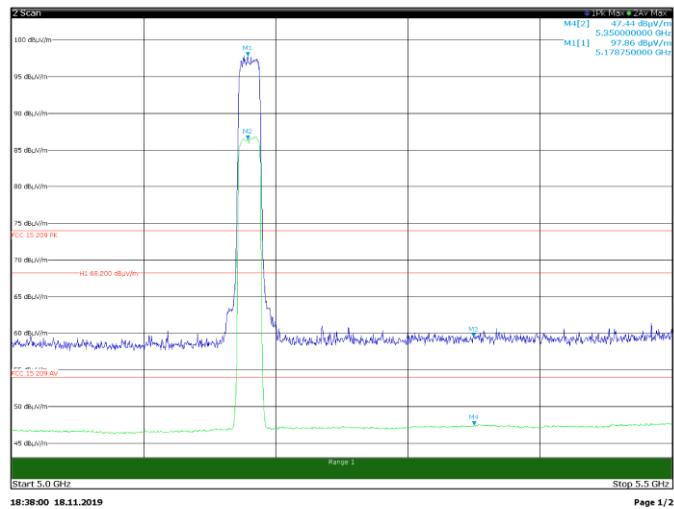
Band edge bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11a vertical



Band edge bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11a horizontal

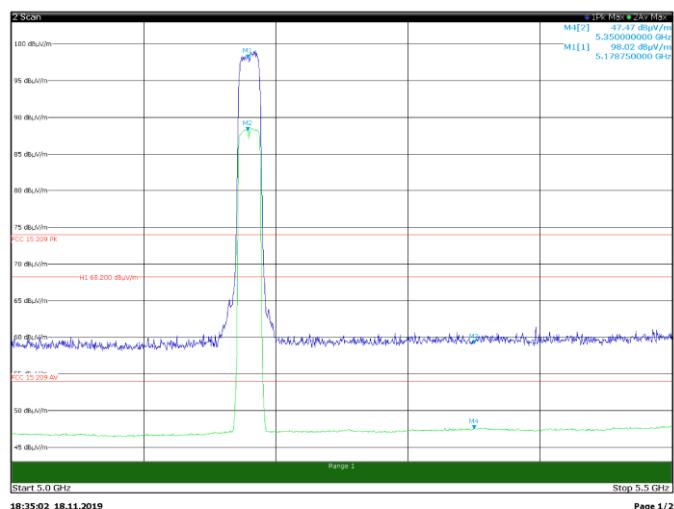


Band edge bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11n HT20 vertical



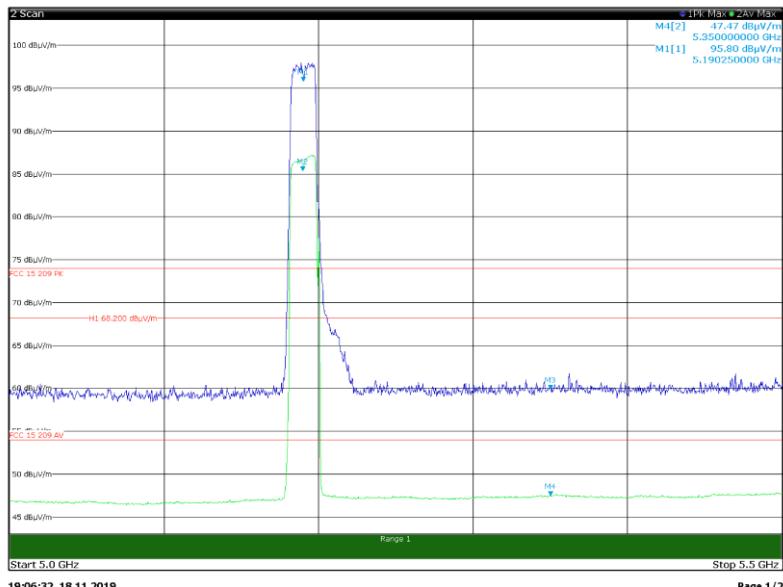
3 Marker Table					
Wnd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	5.17875 GHz	97.86 dBμV/m
Scan	M2		2	5.17875 GHz	86.45 dBμV/m
Scan	M3		1	5.34975 GHz	59.51 dBμV/m
Scan	M4		2	5.35 GHz	47.44 dBμV/m

Band edge bands, Tx on 5180 MHz, 802.11 Nht20 horizontal



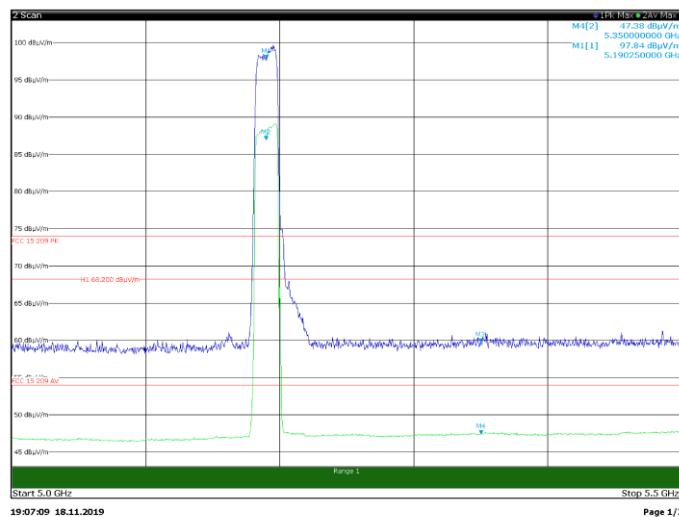
3 Marker Table					
Wnd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	5.17875 GHz	98.02 dBμV/m
Scan	M2		2	5.17875 GHz	88.17 dBμV/m
Scan	M3		1	5.35 GHz	59.05 dBμV/m
Scan	M4		2	5.35 GHz	47.47 dBμV/m

Band edge bands, Tx on 5190 MHz, 802.11n HT40 vertical



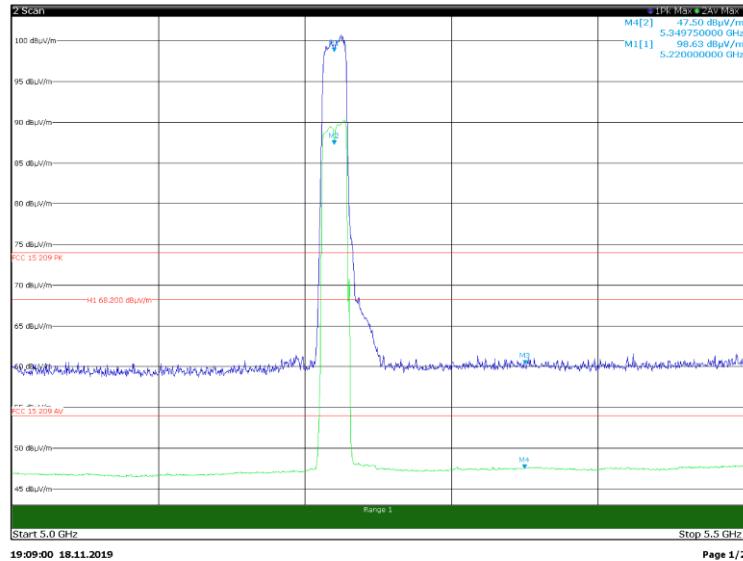
3 Marker Table					
Wnd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1	1		5.19025 GHz	95.80 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M2	2		5.18975 GHz	85.4 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M3	1		5.35 GHz	59.9 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M4	2		5.35 GHz	47.47 dB $\mu$ V/m

Band edge bands, Tx on 5190 MHz, 802.11n Ht40 horizontal



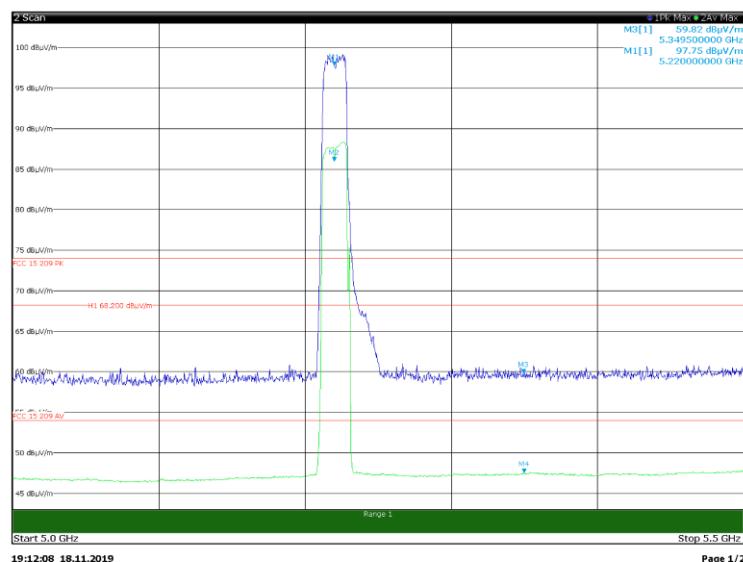
3 Marker Table					
Wnd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1	1		5.19025 GHz	97.84 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M2	2		5.18975 GHz	86.91 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M3	1		5.34975 GHz	59.75 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M4	2		5.35 GHz	47.38 dB $\mu$ V/m

Band edge bands, Tx on 5230 MHz, 802.11n HT40 vertical



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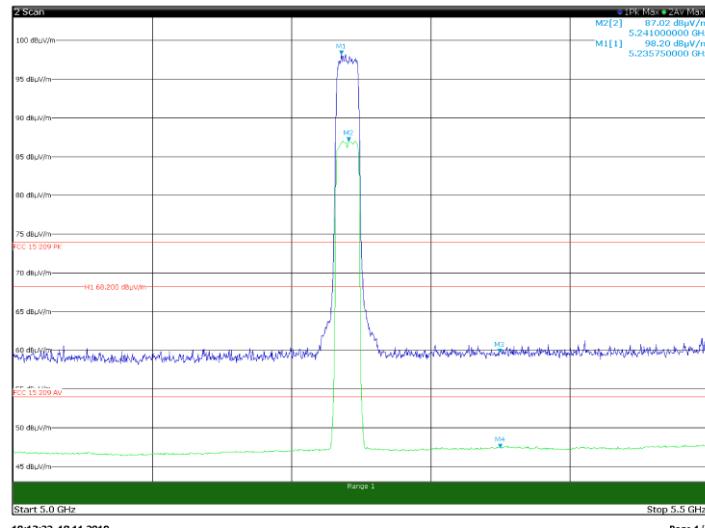
Band edge bands, Tx on 5230 MHz, 802.11 Nht40 horizontal



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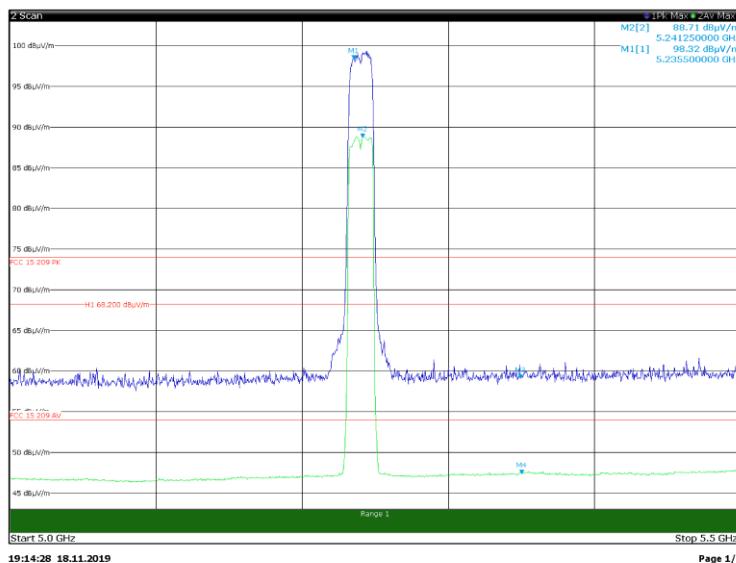
Marker	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	5.22 GHz	97.75 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M2		2	5.22 GHz	85.96 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M3		1	5.3495 GHz	59.82 dB $\mu$ V/m
Scan	M4		2	5.34975 GHz	47.52 dB $\mu$ V/m

Band edge bands, Tx on 5240 MHz, 802.11n HT20 vertical



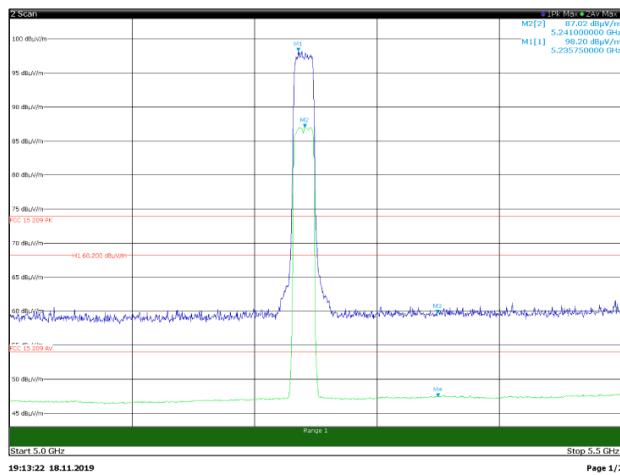
3 Marker Table					
Wnd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	<b>5.2375 GHz</b>	<b>98.2 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M2		2	<b>5.241 GHz</b>	<b>87.02 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M3		1	<b>5.3495 GHz</b>	<b>59.68 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M4		2	<b>5.34975 GHz</b>	<b>47.37 dBpV/m</b>

Band edge bands, Tx on 5240 MHz, 802.11 Nht20 horizontal



3 Marker Table					
Wnd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	<b>5.2355 GHz</b>	<b>98.33 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M2		2	<b>5.24125 GHz</b>	<b>88.72 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M3		1	<b>5.34925 GHz</b>	<b>59.3 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M4		2	<b>5.34975 GHz</b>	<b>47.34 dBpV/m</b>

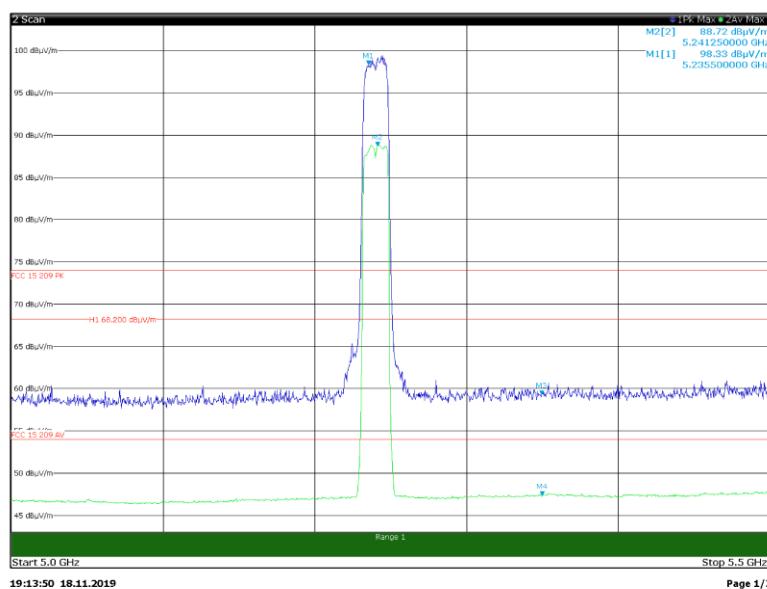
Band edge bands, Tx on 5240 MHz, 802.11a vertical



3 Marker Table

Wnd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	<b>5.24125 GHz</b>	<b>98.33 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M2		2	<b>5.24125 GHz</b>	<b>87.02 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M3		1	<b>5.3495 GHz</b>	<b>59.68 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M4		2	<b>5.34975 GHz</b>	<b>47.37 dBpV/m</b>

Band edge bands, Tx on 5240 MHz, 802.11a horizontal



3 Marker Table

Wnd	Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value
Scan	M1		1	<b>5.2355 GHz</b>	<b>98.33 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M2		2	<b>5.24125 GHz</b>	<b>88.72 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M3		1	<b>5.34925 GHz</b>	<b>59.3 dBpV/m</b>
Scan	M4		2	<b>5.34975 GHz</b>	<b>47.34 dBpV/m</b>

## FCC 15.207(a) and RSS-Gen 8.8 AC power line conducted emissions limits

### 8.4.5 Definitions and limits

#### FCC §15.407(6)(b):

Any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207

#### FCC §15.207(a):

Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

#### ISED:

A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in table below.

Unless the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in table below. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

**Table 8.4-4: Conducted emissions limit**

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V)	Average**
0.15–0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	56 to 46*
0.5–5	56	46	46
5–30	60	50	50

Note: \* - The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

\*\* - A linear average detector is required.

### 8.4.6 Test summary

Test start date:	April, 04 2019
Test engineer:	Daniele Guarnone

#### 8.4.7 Observations, settings and special notes

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The EUT was set up as tabletop configuration.

The spectral scan has been corrected with transducer factors (i.e. cable loss, LISN factors, and attenuators) for determination of compliance.

A preview measurement was generated with the receiver in continuous scan mode. Emissions detected within 6 dB or above limit were re-measured with the appropriate detector against the correlating limit and recorded as the final measurement.

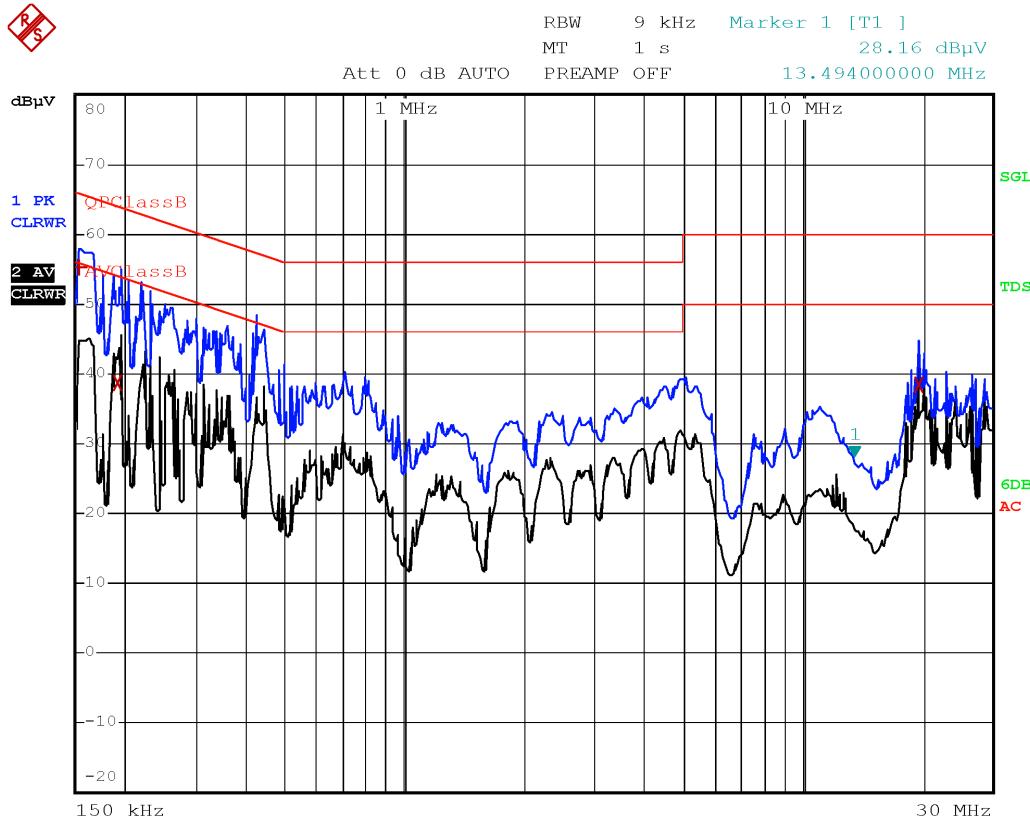
Receiver settings for preview measurements:

Resolution bandwidth	9 kHz
Video bandwidth	30 kHz
Detector mode	Peak and Average
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measurement time	100 ms

Receiver settings for final measurements:

Resolution bandwidth	9 kHz
Video bandwidth	30 kHz
Detector mode	Quasi-Peak and Average
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measurement time	100 ms

#### 8.4.8 Test data



Date: 4.APR.2019 20:15:04

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
0.1540	55.3	65.8	-10.5	QP
0.1940	38.7	53.9	-15.2	Av
19.7100	38.6	50.0	-11.4	Av

Plot 8.4-1: Conducted emissions on phase line

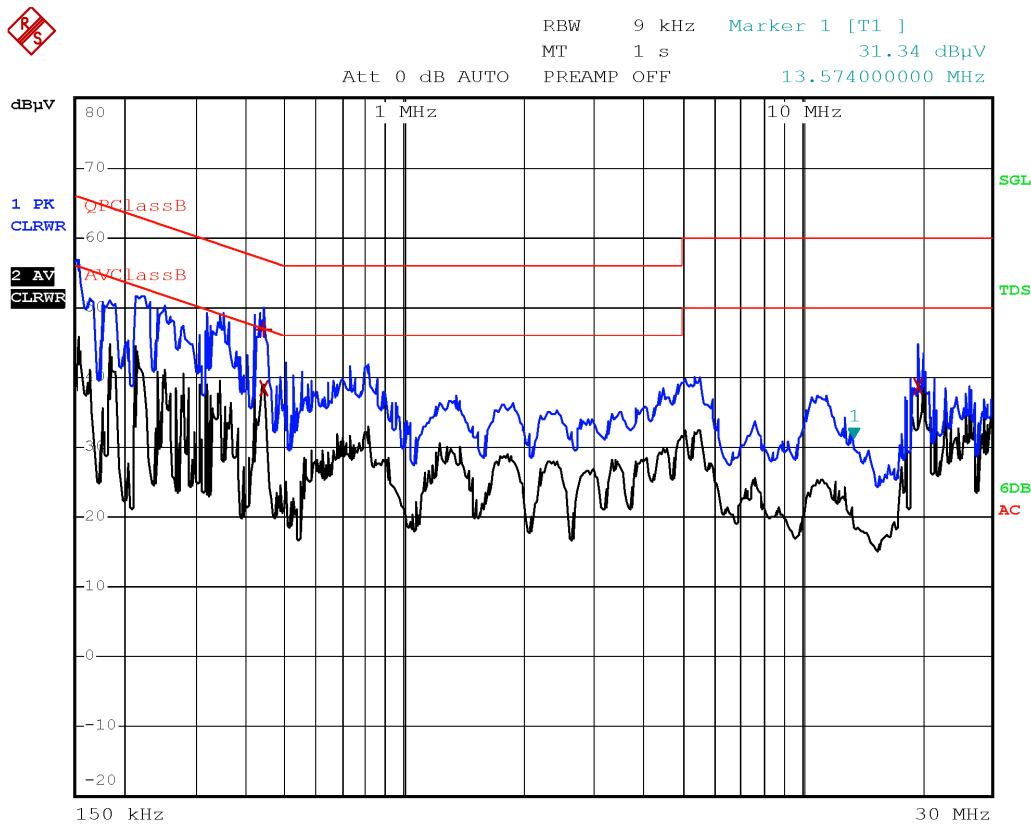
Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Result (dBμV) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dBμV) + correction factor (dB)

<sup>2</sup> Correction factor (dB) = LISN factor IL (dB) + cable loss (dB) + attenuator (dB)

<sup>3</sup> Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions have been recorded.

Sample calculation: 37.1 dBμV (result) = 26.6 dBμV (receiver reading) + 9.5 dB (Correction factor)



Date: 4.APR.2019 20:17:19

Plot 8.4-2: Conducted emissions on neutral line

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
0.1540	55.3	65.8	-10.5	QP
0.1940	38.7	53.9	-15.2	Av
19.7100	38.6	50.0	-11.4	Av

Table 8.4-5: Quasi-Peak conducted emissions results on neutral line

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Result (dBμV) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dBμV) + correction factor (dB)

<sup>2</sup> Correction factor (dB) = LISN factor IL (dB) + cable loss (dB) + attenuator (dB)

<sup>3</sup> Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions have been recorded.

Sample calculation: 37.1 dBμV (result) = 26.6 dBμV (receiver reading) + 9.5 dB (Correction factor)

## 8.5 FCC 15.407(g) Frequency stability

### 8.5.1 Definitions and limits

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

### 8.5.2 Test summary

Test start date:	April 05, 2019
Test engineer:	Daniele Guarnone

### 8.5.3 Observations, settings and special notes

As per EUT's document provided by client, EUT's Operating Temperature is -40 °C to +70 °C(REGATE-10-12) and -40 °C to +85 °C (DYGATE-10-12), Nominal AC input voltage is 120 V.

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Resolution bandwidth:	10 Hz
Video bandwidth:	10 Hz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

### 8.5.4 Test data

**Table 8.5-1: Frequency drift measurement**

Test conditions Temperature, Voltage	Nominal frequency, GHz	Frequency, GHz	Drift, Hz
+85 °C, Nominal	5.2	--	--
+70 °C, Nominal	5.2	--	--
+23 °C, +15 %	5.2	--	--
+23 °C, Nominal	5.2	--	--
+23 °C, -15 %	5.2	--	--
-40 °C, Nominal	5.2	--	--

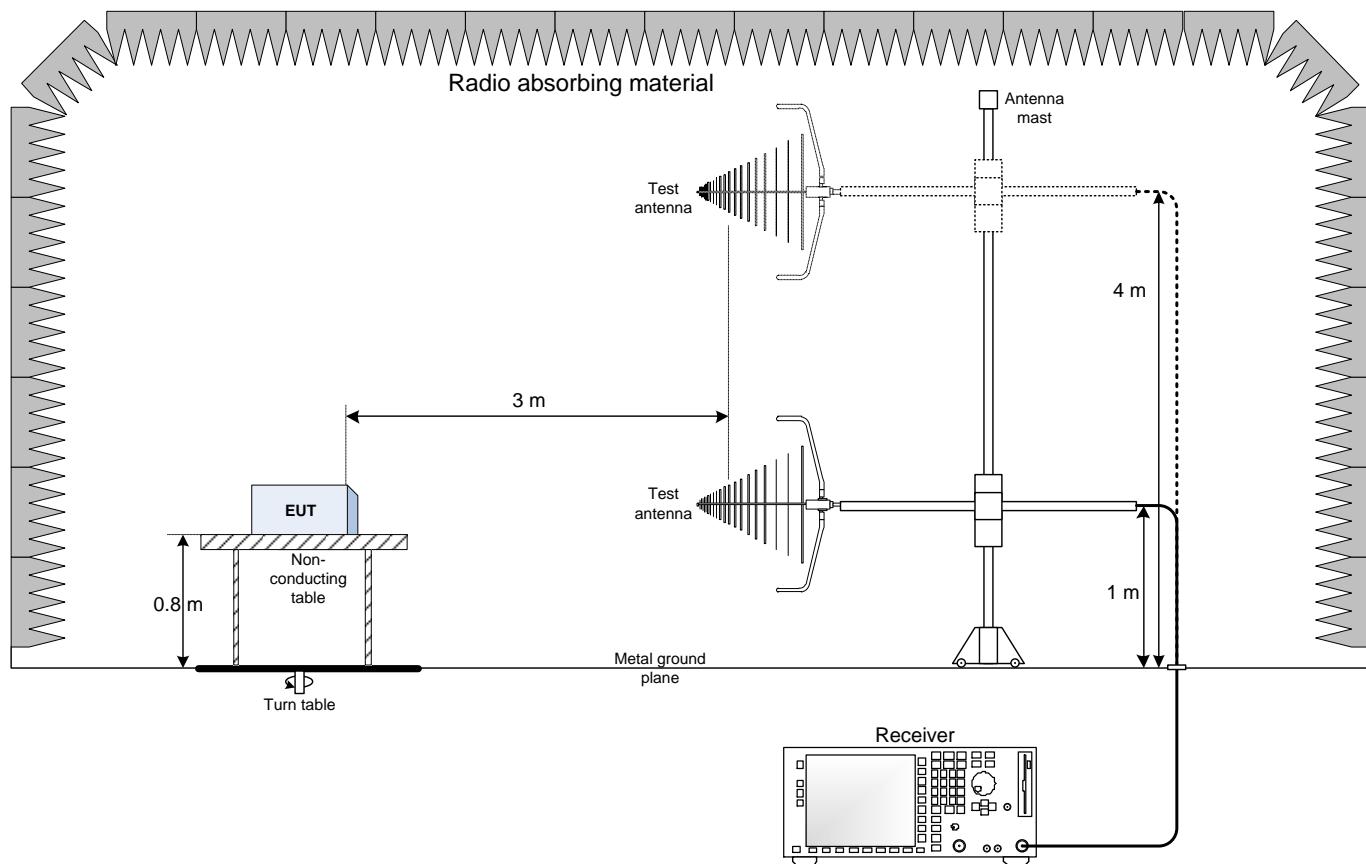
Minimum lower band edge margin is more than 1 kHz

Minimum upper band edge margin is more than 100 kHz

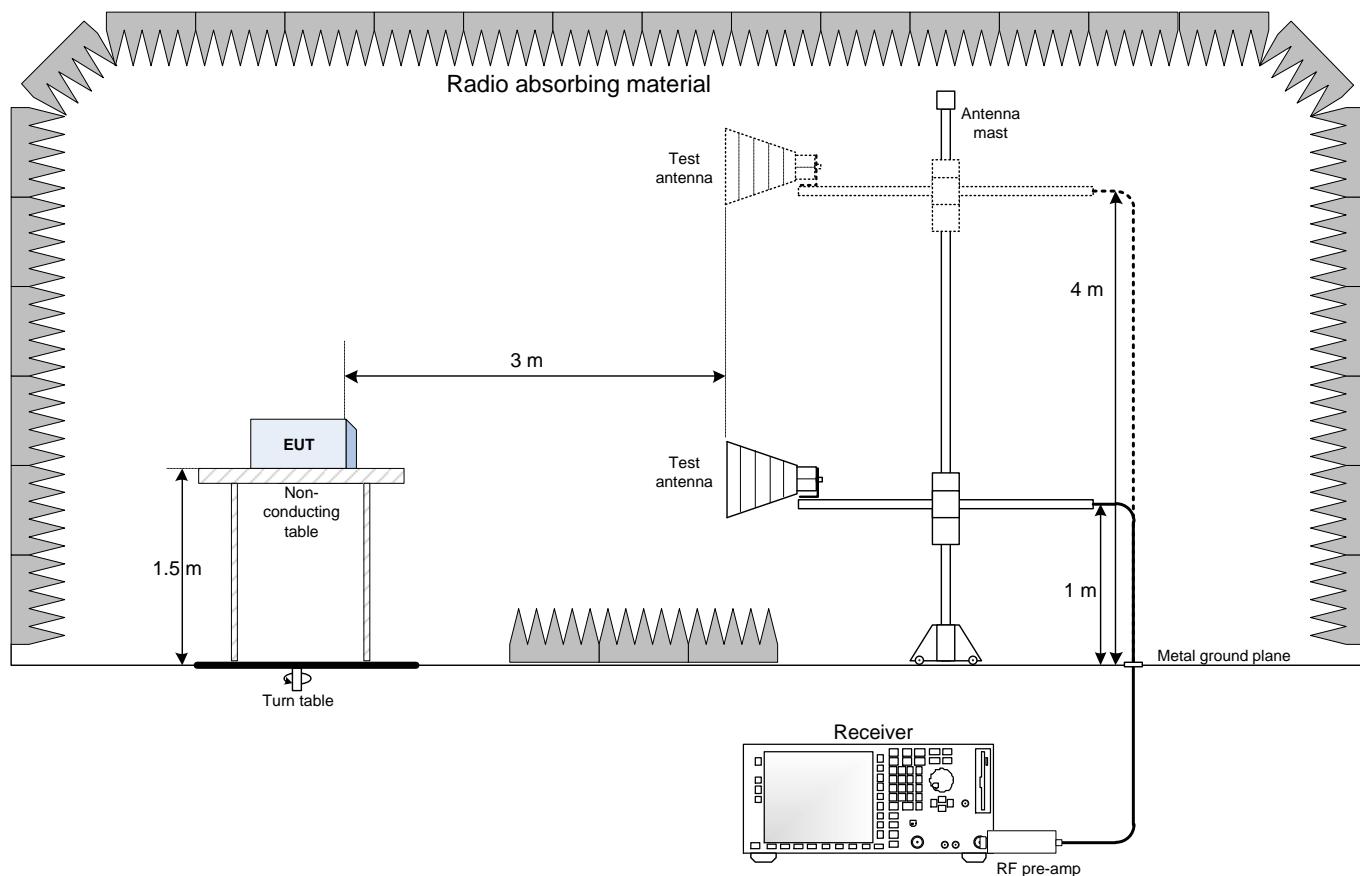
The frequency drifts in above table are within these minimum margins, the emissions are deemed to maintain within the band of operation.

## Section 9. Block diagrams of test set-ups

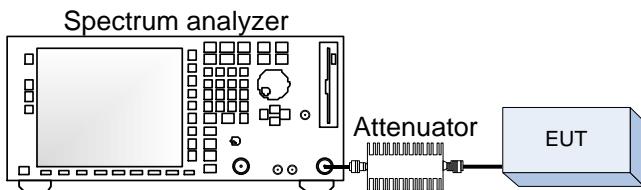
### 9.1 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies below 1 GHz



## 9.2 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies above 1 GHz



### 9.3 Antenna port conducted measurements set-up



### 9.4 Power line Conducted emissions set-up

