



## RF exposure

According to FCC part 1.1310 : The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in § 1.1307(b)

### Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength(V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average time
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposures				
300 – 1 500	--	--	f/300	6
1 500 - 100000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures				
300 – 1 500	--	--	f/1500	6
1 500 – 100 000	--	--	1	30

f= frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula:  $P_d = (P_{out} \times G) / (4 \times \pi \times R^2)$

Where,

$P_d$  = power density in  $\text{mW/cm}^2$

$P_{out}$  = output power to antenna in  $\text{mW}$

$G$  = gain of antenna in linear scale

$\pi = 3.1416$

$R$  = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

$P_d$  the limit of MPE,  $1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ . If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance where the MPE limit is reached.

### Results - Worst case

#### 1) BLE (2.4G)

Operation mode		Max tune-up Average power (dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
BLE	SISO	7.00	5.25	0.0033	1

#### 2) WIFI (2.4G)

Operation mode		Max tune-up Average power (dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
802.11b	SISO	9.00	5.25	0.0053	1
802.11g	SISO	9.00	5.25	0.0053	1
802.11n(HT20)	SISO	9.00	5.25	0.0053	1

#### 3) BLE + WIFI (Sum)

Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) (LE)	Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) (Wi-Fi)	Sum (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
0.0033	0.0053	0.0086	1

Note : This device includes two RF modules(LE & Wi-Fi).

The two transmitters can operate simultaneously.