January 28 2008

MEIJIAXIN Toys CO, LTD
Rm. 1021, 10/F., Beverley Commercial Centre 87-105 Chatham Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Dear Zhaohan Cai,

Enclosed you will find your file copy of a Part 15 Certification (FCC ID: TRI8109B).

For your reference, review normally take 1 week. Approval will then be granted when no query is sorted.

Please contact me if you have any questions regarding the enclosed material.

Sincerely,

Shawn Xing
Assistant Manager

Enclosure

FCC ID : TRI8109B

MEIJIAXIN Toys CO, LTD

Application
For
Certification
(FCC ID: TRI8109B)

Transmitter

Sample Description : BMW Z4 Coupe M
Model : 8109
Additional Model : 8110, 8111, 8112, 8118, 8119, 8120, 8121, 8113, 8102, 8103, 8107, 8108, 8125, 8126, 8123, 8106, 8116, 8117, 8122

We hereby certify that the sample of the above item is considered to comply with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart C for Intentional Radiator, mention 47 CFR [20-9-2007]

GZ07120594-1
Billy Li
January 28, 2008

Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
1~8th floor, Block E2, 11 Cai Pin Road, Science city, Guangzhou Economic Development Zone, Guangzhou, P. R. China
Tel: (8620) 8213 9688 Fax: (8620) 3205 7538

FCC ID : TRI8109B

LIST OF EXHIBITS

MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

MEIJIAXIN Toys CO, LTD - MODEL: 8109
FCC ID: TRI8109B

January 28 2008

This report concerns (check one:) Original Grant ___X___ Class II Change _____

Equipment Type: Low Power Transmitter (example: computer, printer, modem, etc.)

Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii)? Yes _____ No ___X___

If yes, defer until: _____
date

Company Name agrees to notify the Commission by: _____
date
of the intended date of announcement of the product so that the grant can be issued on that date.

Transition Rules Request per 15.37? Yes _____ No ___X___

If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart C for intentional radiator – the new 47 CFR [09-20-07 Edition] provision.

Report prepared by:

Shawn Xing
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Guangzhou Branch
1~8th floor, Block E2, 11 Cai Pin Road,
Sciencecity, Guangzhou Economic
Development Zone, Guangzhou, P. R.China.
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Table of Contents

List of attached file

Exhibit type	File Description	filename
Test Report	Test Report	report.pdf
Operation Description	Technical Description	descri.pdf
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission	radiated photos.pdf
Test Report	Bandwidth Plot	bw.pdf
External Photo	External Photo	external photos.pdf
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	internal photos.pdf
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	fcc label.pdf
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf
Test Report	Average Factor	af.pdf
Cover Letter	Letter of Agency	agency.pdf

EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.0 General Description

1.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (EUT) is a transmitter for RC car operating at 49.860MHz which is operated by a crystal. The EUT is power by two 1.5 AA batteries, The EUT has an ON/OFF switch and two control buttons on the top. After switched ON the EUT, the two buttons are used to control the RC Car moving forward, backward, turning left and right respectively

The Model: 8110, 8111, 8112, 8118, 8119, 8120, 8121, 8113, 8102, 8103, 8107, 8108, 8125, 8126, 8123, 8106, 8116, 8117, 8122 is the same as the tested Model: 8109 in hardware and software aspect. The only differences are the appearance, trade name and model no. for trading purpose.

The brief circuit description is saved with file name: descri.pdf

1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transmitter. The receiver for this transmitter is authorized by Certification procedure with FCC ID: TRI8109R.

1.3 Test Methodology

Radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Radiated Emission measurement was performed in a Semi-chamber. Preliminary scans were performed in the Semi-chamber only to determine worst case modes. For each scan, the procedure for maximizing emissions in Appendices D and E were followed. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the **"Justification Section"** of this Application.

1.4 Test Facility

The Semi-chamber facility used to collect the radiated data is **SHENZHEN ACADEMY OF METROLOGY AND QUALITY INSPECTION** and located at Bldg. of Metrology & Quality Inspection, Longzhu Road, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

EXHIBIT 2

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.0 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (2003).

The EUT was powered by two new 1.5V AA batteries during test.

For maximizing emissions below 30 MHz, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the centre of the loop antenna was placed 1 meter above the ground, and the antenna polarization was changed. For maximizing emission at and above 30 MHz, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data report in Exhibit 3.0.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the center of the turntable.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was placed on a turn table, and the Antenna of EUT was fully extended, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device.

2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by MEIJIAXIN Toys CO, LTD will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

Modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining the test conclusion, the measurement uncertainty of test has been considered.

2.6 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested in a standalone configuration.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are

Confirmed by:

Shawn Xing
Assistant Manager
Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Agent for MEIJIAXIN Toys CO, LTD

Signature

January 28, 2008 *Date*

EXHIBIT 3

EMISSION RESULTS

3.0 **Emission Results**

Data is included worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where FS = Field Strength in dBµV/m
RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dBµV
CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB
AF = Antenna Factor in dB
AG = Amplifier Gain in dB
PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB
AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)

Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dBμV is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dBμV/m. This value in dBμV/m was converted to its corresponding level in μV/m.

RA = 62.0 dBμV
AF = 7.4 dB
CF = 1.6 dB
AG = 29.0 dB
PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dBμV/m

Level in μV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dBμV/m)/20] = 39.8 μV/m

3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission

49.860 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated photos.pdf

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 7.7 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:

Signature

Billy Li, Engineer
Typed/Printed Name

January 28, 2008
Date

Applicant: MEIJIAXIN Toys CO, LTD
Model: 8109
Mode: Transmit
Sample: 1/1

Date of Test: January 18 2008

Table 1

Radiated Emissions

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Average Factor (-dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Vertical	49.860	67.3	0.0	9.0	4.0	72.3	80.0	-7.7
Vertical	99.720	41.3	20.0	8.3	--	29.6	43.5	-13.9
Vertical	149.580	40.2	20.0	7.5	--	27.7	43.5	-15.8
Vertical	199.440	39.7	20.0	8.7	--	28.4	43.5	-15.1
Vertical	249.300	39.8	20.0	10.4	--	30.2	46.0	-15.8
Vertical	299.160	35.4	20.0	12.7	--	28.1	46.0	-17.9
Horizontal	99.720	33.9	20.0	8.3	--	22.2	43.5	-21.3

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3 meter distance were measured at 0.3 meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3 meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3 meter.

3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.

4. Horn antenna is used for the emissions over 1000MHz.

*Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and peak detector data with average factor for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

Test Engineer: Billy Li

EXHIBIT 4

EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

4.0 **Equipment Photographs**

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename:
external photos.pdf and internal photos.pdf

EXHIBIT 5

PRODUCT LABELLING

5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: fcc label.pdf

EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

6.0 **Technical Specifications**

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf

EXHIBIT 7

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

7.0 Instruction Manual

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

EXHIBIT 8

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

8.0 Miscellaneous Information

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandwidth, the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

8.1 Measured Bandwidth

The plot saved in bw.pdf which shows the fundamental emission is confined in the specified band. The field strength of any emission appearing between the band edges and up to 10kHz above and below the band edges (49.81 and 49.91 MHz) is at least 26 dB below the carrier level. And at 49.81 & 49.91 MHz, there are at least -44.6 dB below the carrier level. It meets requirement of Section 15.235(b).

8.2 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

The determination of pulse desensitivity was made in accordance with Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, *Spectrum Analysis ... Pulsed RF.*

The effective period (T_{eff}) was approximately 720 µs for a digital "1" bit, as shown in the plots of Exhibit 8.3. With a resolution bandwidth (3 dB) of 100 kHz, the pulse desensitivity factor was 0 dB.

8.3 Calculation of Average Factor

Averaging factor in dB = 20 log (duty cycle)

The specification for output field strengths in accordance with the FCC rules specifies measurements with an average detector. During testing, a spectrum analyzer incorporating a peak detector was used. Therefore, a reduction factor can be applied to the resultant peak signal level and compared to the limit for measurement instrumentation incorporating an average detector.

The time period over which the duty cycle is measured is 100 milliseconds, or the repetition cycle, whichever is a shorter time frame. The worst case (highest percentage on) duty cycle is used for the calculation. The duty cycle is measured by placing the spectrum analyzer in zero scan (receiver mode) and linear mode at maximum bandwidth (3 MHz at 3 dB down) and viewing the resulting time domain signal output from the analyzer on a Tektronix oscilloscope. The oscilloscope is used because of its superior time base and triggering facilities.

A plot of the worst-case duty cycle as detected in this manner are saved with filename: af.pdf

The duty cycle is simply the on-time divided by the period:

The duration of one cycle = 24.36ms
Effective period of the cycle = 4×2.04ms +10×720µs
= 15.36ms

DC = 15.36ms / 24.36ms = 0.63054 or 63.054%

Therefore, the averaging factor is found by 20 $\log_{10}$ 0.63054 = -4.0 dB

8.4 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 2003.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axes to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

8.4 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 2003.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 10 kHz for emission below 30 MHz and 120 kHz for emission from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz. Where transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth pulsed is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the restricted bands and above 1 GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.