

FCC TEST REPORT

Test report No.:

EMC-FCC-R0209

FCC ID:

TQ8-AT241E6AN

Type of equipment:

DIGITAL CAR AVN SYSTEM

Basic Model Name:

AT241E6AN

Applicant:

Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Max.RF Output Power:

23.36 dBm

FCC Rule Part(s):

FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

Frequency Range:

2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz

Test result:

Complied

The above equipment was tested by EMC compliance Testing Laboratory for compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations.

The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of receipt: 2014. 10. 17

Date of test: 2014. 12. 26 ~ 2015. 01. 15

Issued date: 2015. 01. 15

Tested by:

KIM, SUNG SIN

Approved by:

YU, SANG HOON

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1. Client information

Applicant: Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Address: 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea (135-977)

Telephone number: +82-31-260-0098

Facsimile number: +82-31-899-1788

Contact person: Seung-Hoon Choe / csh@mobis.co.kr

Manufacturer: Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd.

Address: 95, Sayang 2-Gil, Munbaek-Myeon, Jincheon-Gun,

Chungcheongbuk-Do 365-862 Korea



2. Laboratory information

Address

EMC compliance Ltd.

80-5, Sin-dong, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

Telephone Number: 82-70-5008-1021 Facsimile Number: 82-505-299-8311

Certificate

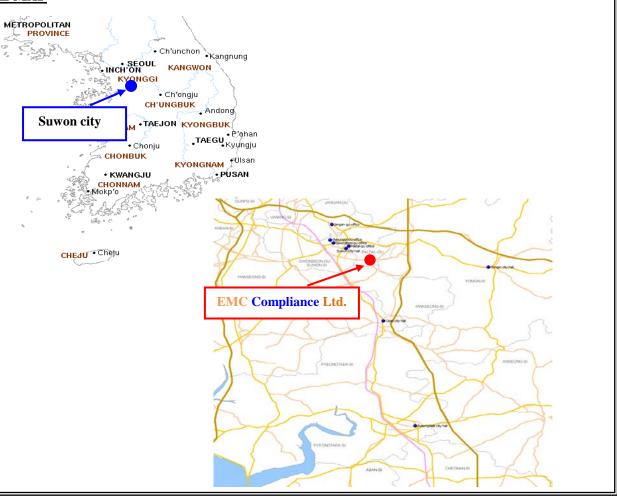
KOLAS No.: 231

FCC Site Designation No.: KR0040 FCC Site Registration No.: 687132

VCCI Site Registration No.: R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849

IC Site Registration No.:8035A-2

SITE MAP





3. Description of E.U.T.

3.1 Basic description

| Applicant | Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Address of Applicant | 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 135-977, Korea |
| Manufacturer | Hyundai Mobis Co., Ltd. |
| Address of Manufacturer | 95, Sayang 2-Gil, MunBaek-Myeon, Jinchun-Gun, Chungcheongbuk-Do 365-862 Korea |
| Type of equipment | DIGITAL CAR AVN SYSTEM |
| Basic Model | AT241E6AN |
| Serial number | N/A |

3.2 General description

| _ | |
|------------------------------|--|
| | 824.70 Mb ~ 848.31 Mb (CDMA800) |
| Eracuanay Danga | 1 851.25 Mb ~ 1 908.75 Mb (CDMA1 900) |
| | 779.5 Mb ~ 784.5 Mb (LTE Band 13) |
| Frequency Range | 1 710.7 Mb ~ 1 754.3 Mb (LTE Band 4) |
| | 2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz (Bluetooth) |
| | 2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz (802.11b/g/n_HT20) |
| | 1xRTT, 1xEV-DO (CDMA800, CDMA1 900) |
| Type of Modulation | QPSK, 16QAM (LTE Band 13, LTE Band 4) |
| Type of Wodulation | IEEE 802.11b/g/n_HT20 (WiFi) |
| | GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK (Bluetooth) |
| Number of Channels | Metal Plate Antenna |
| | 4.27 dBi (CDMA800) |
| | 2.30 dBi (CDMA1 900) |
| Antonno Coin | 2.64 dBi (LTE Band 13) |
| Antenna Gain | 1.87 dBi (LTE Band 4) |
| | 4.12 dBi (WiFi) |
| | -3.26 dBi (Bluetooth) |
| | 20.7 dBm (CDMA800) |
| | 17.9 dBm (CDMA1 900) |
| Transmit Power | 23.65 dBm (LTE Band 13) |
| Transmit Power | 24.04 dBm (LTE Band 4) |
| | 23.36dBm (WiFi) |
| | 5.36 dBm (Bluetooth) |
| Power supply | DC 12 V* |
| * Declared by the applicant. | |

^{*} Declared by the applicant.



3.3 Test frequency

For all test items, the low, middle and high channels of the modes were tested with above worst case data rate.

802.11b/g/n_HT20

| | Frequency |
|------------------|-----------|
| Low frequency | 2 412 Mb |
| Middle frequency | 2 437 Mb |
| High frequency | 2 462 Mb |

3.4 Test Voltage

| Mode | Voltage |
|------------------|---------|
| Norminal voltage | DC 12 V |

4. Summary of test results

4.1 Standards & results

| FCC Rule Reference | IC Rule Reference | Parameter | Report Section | Test Result |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| 15.203, 15.247(b)(4) | - | Antenna Requirement | 5.1 | С |
| 15.247(b)(3) | RSS-GEN Issue 4, 6.12 | Maximum Peak Output Power | 5.2 | С |
| 15.247(e) | - | Peak Power Spectral Density | 5.3 | С |
| 15.247(a)(2) | RSS-GEN Issue 4, 8.1 | 6 dB Channel Bandwidth | 5.4 | С |
| - | RSS-GEN Issue 4, 6.6 | Occupied Bandwidth | 5.4 | С |
| 15.247(d), 15.205(a), 15.209(a) | RSS-GEN Issue 4, 6.13 RSS-GEN Issue 4, 6.8 RSS-GEN Issue 4, 8.10 | Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands | 5.5 | С |
| 15.207(a) | RSS-GEN Issue 4, 8.8 | Conducted Emissions | 1 | N/A ₁₎ |

Note: C = complies

NC = Not complies NT = Not tested NA = Not Applicable

 N/A_1 : The test is not applicable since the EUT is not the device that is designed to be connected to the public utility(AC) power line(This EUT is automotive device)

4.2 Uncertainty

| Measurement Item | Expanded Uncertainty $U = KUc \ (K = 2)$ | | |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Conducted RF power | ± | 1.36 dB | |
| Occupied Bandwidth | ± 2.54 kHz | | |
| Conducted Spurious Emissions | ± 1.52 dB | | |
| Conducted Emission | 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz | ± 3.75 dB | |
| Conducted Emission | 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz | ± 3.36 dB | |
| | 30 Młz ~ 300 Młz | 3 m: + 4.94 dB, - 5.06 dB 10 m: + 4.93 dB, - 5.05 dB | |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions | 300 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz | 3 m: + 4.97 dB, - 5.08 dB 10 m: + 4.84 dB, - 4.96 dB | |
| | 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz | 3 m: + 6.03 dB, - 6.05 dB | |



5. Test results

5.1 Antenna Requirement

5.1.1 Regulation

According to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBI. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.1.2 Result

- Complied

The transmitter has a Metal Plate type of antenna which is permanentely attached on the main board of EUT

The directional peak gain of the antenna is 4.12 dBi.

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5.2 Maximum Peak Output Power

5.2.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 Mz, 2 400-2 483.5 Mz, and 5 725-5 850 Mz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.2.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 9.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

5.2.2.1 PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.



5.2.3 Test Result

- Complied

* 802.11b

| Channel | Frequency (Mb) | Result (dBm) | Average Power (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Low | 2 412 | 19.47 | 17.07 | 30.00 | 10.53 |
| Middle | 2 437 | 19.35 | 16.94 | 30.00 | 10.65 |
| High | 2 462 | 18.94 | 16.54 | 30.00 | 11.06 |

* 802.11g

| Channel | Frequency (Mb) | Result (dBm) | Average Power (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Low | 2 412 | 22.79 | 12.24 | 30.00 | 7.21 |
| Middle | 2 437 | 22.88 | 12.25 | 30.00 | 7.12 |
| High | 2 462 | 22.55 | 12.20 | 30.00 | 7.45 |

* 802.11n HT20

| 002.1111 11120 | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Channel | Frequency (Mb) | Result (dBm) | Average Power (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
| Low | 2 412 | 23.36 | 12.56 | 30.00 | 6.64 |
| Middle | 2 437 | 22.97 | 12.01 | 30.00 | 7.03 |
| High | 2 462 | 22.82 | 12.21 | 30.00 | 7.18 |

-NOTE:

- 1. Since the directional gain of the integral antenna declared by the manufacturer ($G_{ANT} = 4.12 \, \mathrm{dBi}$) does not exceed 6.0 dBi. Therefore, it deosn't need to reduce the output power.
- 2. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.
- 3. Average power was used on RF Exposure.



5.3 Peak Power Spectral Density

5.3.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

5.3.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 10.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

5.3.2.1 Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- 4) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



5.3.3 Test Result

- Complied

* 802.11b

| Channel | Result [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin [dBm] |
|---------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| Low | 7.29 | 8.00 | 0.71 |
| Middle | 6.54 | 8.00 | 1.46 |
| High | 6.22 | 8.00 | 1.78 |

* 802.11g

| 002.115 | | | |
|---------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| Channel | Result [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin [dBm] |
| Low | 1.17 | 8.00 | 6.83 |
| Middle | 0.92 | 8.00 | 7.08 |
| High | 1.01 | 8.00 | 6.99 |

* 802.11n HT20

| 002:1111 11120 | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| Channel | Result [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin [dBm] |
| Low | 0.94 | 8.00 | 7.06 |
| Middle | Middle 0.89 | | 7.11 |
| High | 0.87 | 8.00 | 7.13 |

-NOTE:

- 1. Since the directional gain of the integral antenna declared by the manufacturer ($G_{ANT} = 4.12 \text{ dBi}$), does not exceed 6.0 dBi, there was no need to reduce the output power.
- 2. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

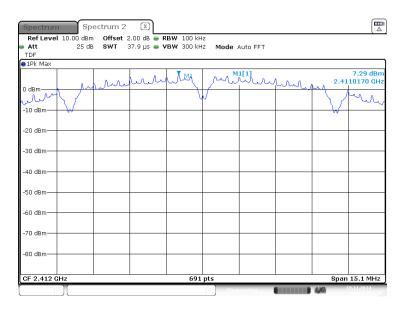


5.3.4 Test Plot

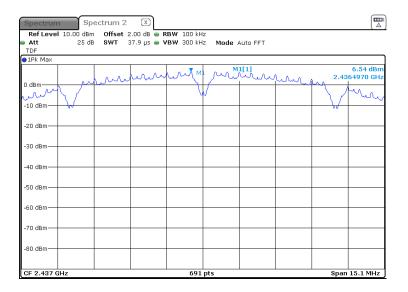
Figure 3. Plot of the Power Density

* 802.11b

Low Channel (2 412 Mb)

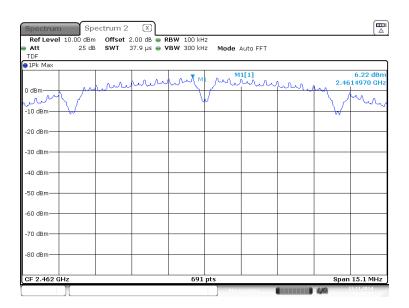


Middle Chnnel (2 437 Mb)



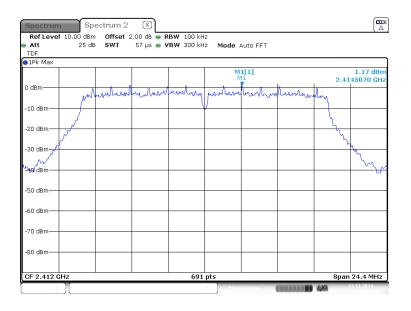






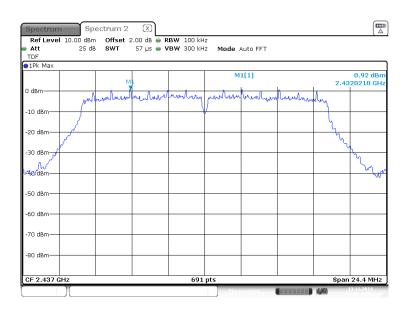
* 802.11g

Low Channel (2 412 Mb)

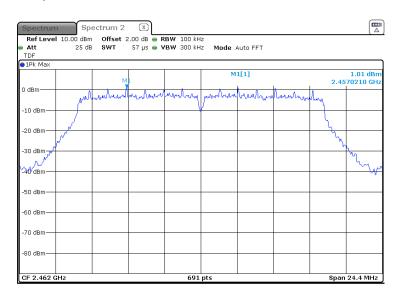




Middle Channel (2 437 Mb)



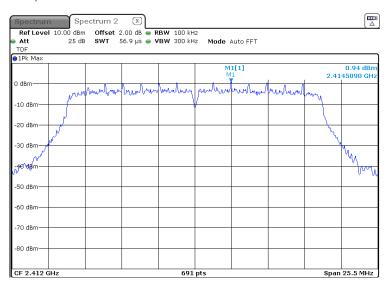
High Channel (2 462 Mb)



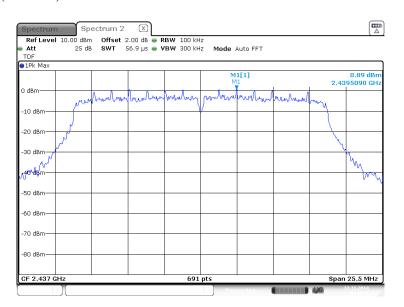


* 802.11n HT20

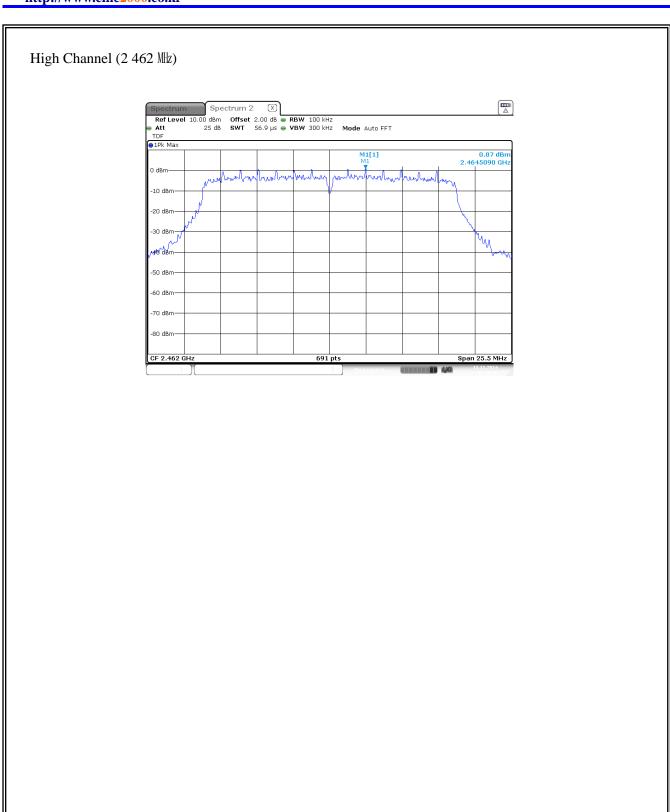
Low Channel (2 412 Mb)



Middle Channel (2 437 Mb)









5.4 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)

5.4.1 Regulation

According to \$15.247(a)(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 Mz, 2 400–2 483.5 Mz, and 5 725–5 850 Mz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

5.4.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 8.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

5.4.2.1 DTS Channel Bandwidth-Option 1

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times RBW$.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.4.2.2 DTS Channel Bandwidth Measurement Procedure-Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the $X \ dB$ bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., $RBW = 100 \ kHz$, $VBW \ge 3 \ x \ RBW$, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be $\ge 6 \ dB$.

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5.4.3 Test Result

- Complied

* 802.11b

| Channel | Frequency (Mb) | 6 dB Bandwidth (Mb) | Min. Limit (쌘) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) (배2) |
|---------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Low | 2 412 | 10.09 | 0.50 | 15.28 |
| Middle | 2 437 | 10.09 | 0.50 | 15.22 |
| High | 2 462 | 10.09 | 0.50 | 15.34 |

* 802.11g

| 0020228 | | | | |
|---------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Channel | Frequency (Mhz) | 6 dB Bandwidth (Mb) | Min. Limit (Mlz) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) (쌘) |
| Low | 2 412 | 16.17 | 0.50 | 16.38 |
| Middle | 2 437 | 16.31 | 0.50 | 16.38 |
| High | 2 462 | 16.31 | 0.50 | 16.38 |

* 802.11n HT20

| 002.1111 11120 | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Channel | Frequency (M½) | 6 dB Bandwidth (Mb) | Min. Limit (Mb) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) (쌘) |
| Low | 2 412 | 17.03 | 0.50 | 16.38 |
| Middle | 2 437 | 17.04 | 0.50 | 16.38 |
| High | 2 462 | 17.04 | 0.50 | 16.38 |

-NOTE:

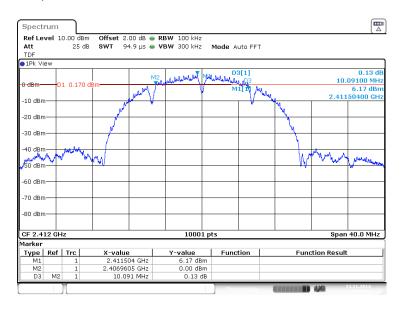
1. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

5.4.4 Test Plot

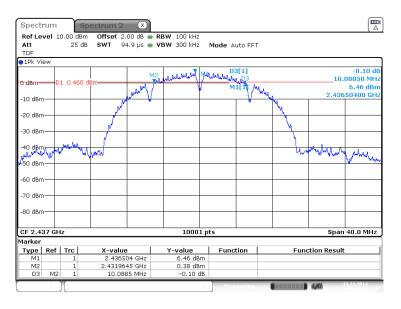
Figure 4. Plot of the 6dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth

* 802.11b (6 dB Bandwidth)

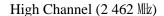
Low Channel (2 412 附)

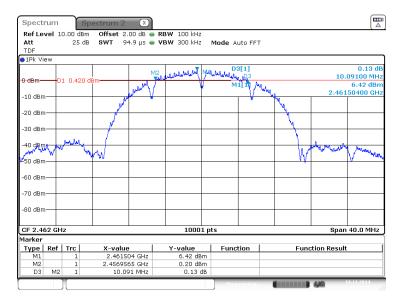


Middle Channel (2 437 Mb)



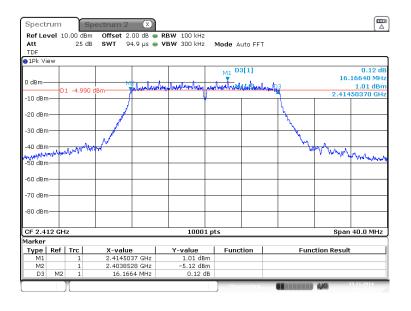




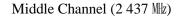


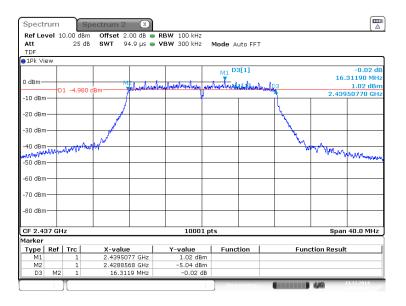
* 802.11g (6 dB Bandwidth)

Low Channel (2 412 附)

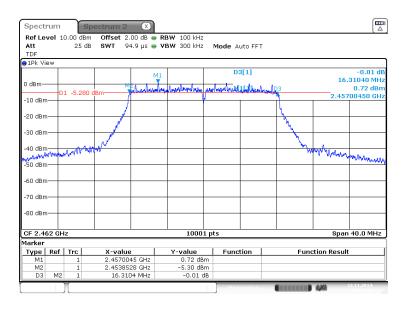








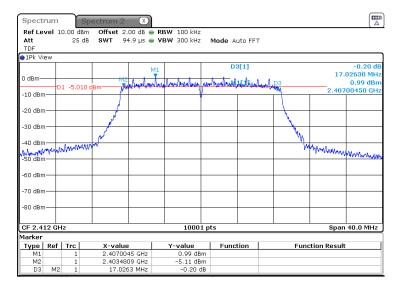
High Channel (2 462 Mb)



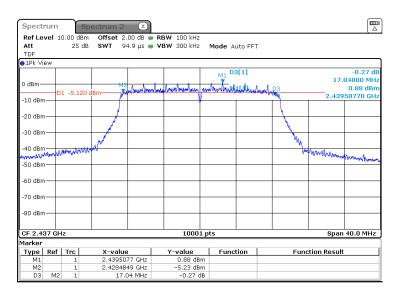


* 802.11n HT20 (6 dB Bandwidth)

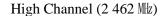
Low Channel (2 412 附)

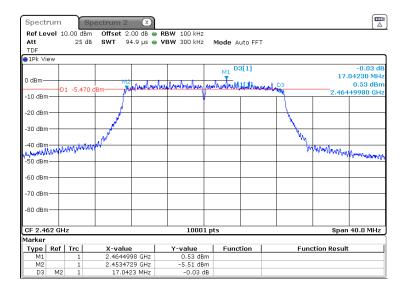


Middle Channel (2 437 Mb)



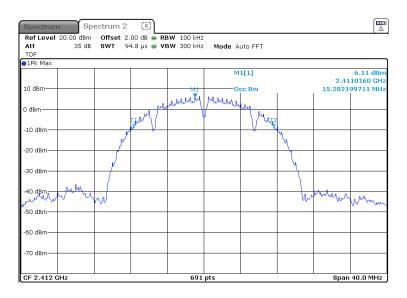




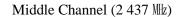


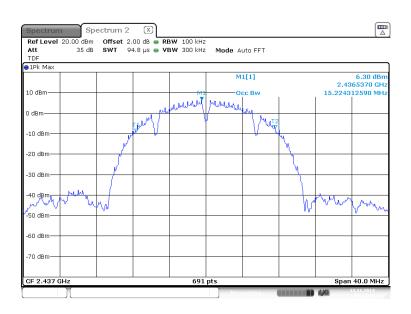
* 802.11b (Occupied Bandwidth)

Low Channel (2 412 眦)

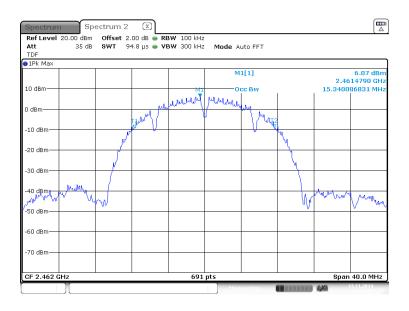








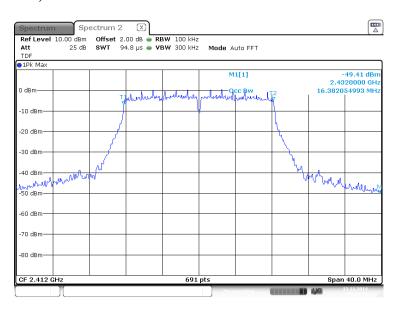
High Channel (2 462 吨)



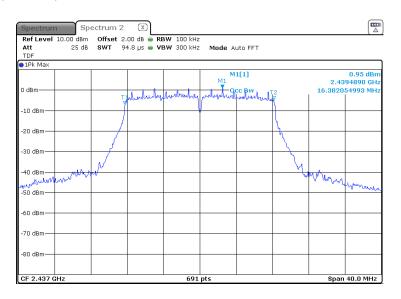


* 802.11g (Occupied Bandwidth)

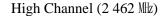
Low Channel (2 412 Mb)

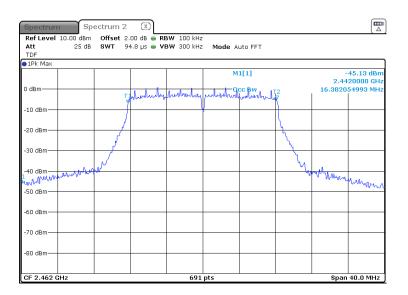


Middle Channel (2 437 Mb)



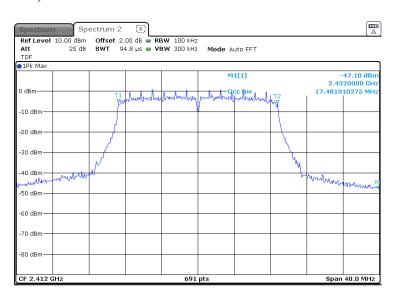






* 802.11n HT20 (Occupied Bandwidth)

Low Channel (2 412 Mz)

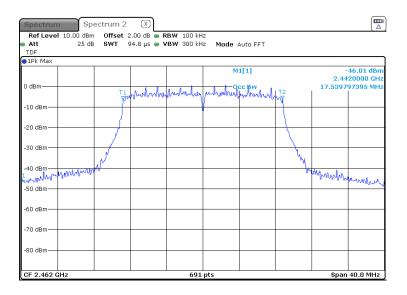




Middle Channel (2 437 Mb)



High Channel (2 462 Mb)





5.5 Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands

5.5.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall notexceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

| Frequency (Mbz) | Field strength (µV/m) | Measurement distance (m) |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 0.009 - 0.490 | 2 400/F(kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 - 1.705 | 24 000/F(kHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 - 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 - 88 | 100** | 3 |
| 88 - 216 | 150** | 3 |
| 216 - 960 | 200** | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

^{**}Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 Mz, 76–88 Mz, 174–216 Mz or 470–806 Mz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permItted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

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According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | Hz MHz MHz | | GHz |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 0.009 - 0.110 | 16.42 - 16.423 | 399.9 - 410 | 4.5 - 5.15 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 | 16.694 75 - 16.695 25 | 608 - 614 | 5.35 - 5.46 |
| 2.173 5 - 2.190 5 | 16.804 25 - 16.804 75 | 960 – 1 240 | 7.25 - 7.75 |
| 4.125 - 4.128 | 25.5 - 25.67 | 1 300 – 1 427 | 8.025 - 8.5 |
| 4.177 25 - 4.177 75 | 37.5 - 38.25 | 1 435 – 1 626.5 | 9.0 - 9.2 |
| 4.207 25 - 4.207 75 | 73 - 74.6 | 1 645.5 – 1 646.5 | 9.3 - 9.5 |
| 6.215 - 6.218 | 74.8 - 75.2 | 1 660 – 1 710 | 10.6 - 12.7 |
| 6.267 75 - 6.268 25 | 108 - 121.94 | 1 718.8 – 1 722.2 | 13.25 - 13.4 |
| 6.311 75 - 6.312 25 | 123 - 138 | $2\ 200 - 2\ 300$ | 14.47 - 14.5 |
| 8.291 - 8.294 | 149.9 - 150.05 | 2310 - 2390 | 15.35 - 16.2 |
| 8.362 - 8.366 | 156.524 75 - 156.525 25 | 2483.5 - 2500 | 17.7 - 21.4 |
| 8.376 25 - 8.386 75 | 156.7 - 156.9 | 2 690 – 2 900 | 22.01 - 23.12 |
| 8.414 25 - 8.414 75 | 162.012 5 - 167.17 | 3 260 – 3 267 | 23.6 - 24.0 |
| 12.29 - 12.293 | 167.72 - 173.2 | 3 332 – 3 339 | 31.2 - 31.8 |
| 12.519 75 - 12.520 25 | 240 - 285 | 3 345.8 – 3 358 | 36.43 - 36.5 |
| 12.576 75 - 12.577 25 | 322 - 335.4 | 3 600 – 4 400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36 - 13.41 | | | |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 Mb, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1 000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

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5.5.2 Measurement Procedure

5.5.2.1 Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

5.5.2.1.1 Reference Level Measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- 1) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

5.5.2.1.2 Emissions Level Measurement

- 1) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- 2) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 3) Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 4) Detector = peak.
- 5) Ensure that the number of measurement points \geq span/RBW
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

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5.5.2.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

- 1) Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.

 Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.
- 2) RBW = 100 kHz
- 3) VBW ≥ RBW
- 4) Sweep = auto
- 5) Detector function = peak
- 6) Trace = max hold
- 7) Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.
- 8) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated.

 The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

5.5.2.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions

- 1) The preliminary and final rdiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in at a 10m anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
- 2) The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1×1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°.
- 3) The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1 000 MHz using the TRILOG broadband antenna, and from 1 000 MHz to 26 500 MHz using the horn antenna.
- 4) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

Note

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kllz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 Mb for Peak detection and frequency above 1 Gb.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 1 kHz($\geq 1/T$) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz. (where T = pulse width).

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5.5.3 Test Result

- Complied
- 1. Conducted Spurious Emissions was shown in figure 5.

 Note: We took the insertion loss of the cable into consideration within the measuring instrument.
- 2. Band edge compliance of Radiated Emissions(Restricted Bands) was shown in figure 6.
- 3. Measured value of the Field strength of spurious Emissions (Radiated)

* Below 1 (#z data

Worst-case: 802. 11n_HT20_Low Channel

Low channel (2 412 脏)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------|----------|--------|------------|------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | [dB(µV)] | [dB] | [dB(µV/m)] | [dB(µV/m)] | [dB] | | | | | |
| Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 30 脏 (3 m Distance) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| Quasi-Peak DATA. | Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 1 @z | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Not Detected | - | | | | | | | | | | |

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* Above 1 @ data

802.11b_Low channel (2 412 **M**b)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] | | | | |
| Peak DATA. Er | Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 737.00 | 1 000 | V | 50.20 | -0.50 | 49.70 | 74.00 | 24.30 | | | | |
| * 2 388.76 | 1 000 | V | 59.70 | 3.30 | 63.00 | 74.00 | 11.00 | | | | |
| # 2 399.80 | 1 000 | V | 69.10 | 3.30 | 72.40 | 74.00 | 1.60 | | | | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Average DATA | . Emissions abo | ve 1 GHz | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 737.00 | 1 000 | V | 27.00 | -0.50 | 26.50 | 54.00 | 27.50 | | | | |
| 2 388.76 | 1 000 | V | 39.30 | 3.30 | 42.60 | 54.00 | 11.40 | | | | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |

^{*} Astericks mean Restricted Band

802.11b_ Middle channel (2 437 吨)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|---------------|--------|------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | [dB(µV/m)] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] | | | |
| Peak DATA. E | Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @ | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 777.75 | 1 000 | V | 48.20 | 0.10 | 48.30 | 74.00 | 25.70 | | | |
| 2 436.00 | 1 000 | V | 100.90 | 3.40 | 104.30 | 74.00 | -30.30 | | | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | = | - | - | - | 1 | - | | | |
| Average DATA | . Emissions abo | ve 1 Œz | | | | | | | | |
| 1 777.75 | 1 000 | V | 27.10 | 0.10 | 27.20 | 54.00 | 26.80 | | | |
| Above 2 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |

[#] Hashs mean Out of Band



802.11b_High channel (2 462 吨)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | | | | |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-------|---------------|--------|-------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | [dB (µV/m)] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] | | | | |
| Peak DATA. Er | Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 460.75 | 1 000 | V | 102.00 | 3.40 | 105.40 | 74.00 | -31.40 | | | | |
| * 2 484.89 | 1 000 | V | 63.30 | 3.50 | 66.80 | 74.00 | 7.20 | | | | |
| # 2 510.03 | 1 000 | V | 54.70 | 3.50 | 58.20 | 74.00 | 15.80 | | | | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | | | | |
| Average DATA | Average DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | | | | |
| * 2 484.89 | 1 000 | V | 41.00 | 3.50 | 44.50 | 54.00 | 9.50 | | | | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |

^{*} Astericks mean Restricted Band

802.11g_Low channel (2 412 Mb)

| OUZ.IIg_LOW C | 141111101 (2 112 11 | · · · | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------|---------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|
| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin |
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] |
| Peak DATA. En | missions above 1 | GHz | | | | | |
| * 2 389.79 | 1 000 | V | 55.20 | 3.30 | 58.50 | 74.00 | 15.50 |
| # 2 393.14 | 1 000 | V | 43.10 | 3.30 | 46.40 | 74.00 | 27.60 |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | ı | - | - | - | ı |
| Average DATA | . Emissions abov | ve 1 GHz | | | | | |
| * 2 389.79 | 1 000 | V | 42.10 | 3.30 | 45.40 | 54.00 | 8.60 |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

^{*} Astericks mean Restricted Band

[#] Hashs mean Out of Band

[#] Hashs mean Out of Band



802.11g_ Middle channel (2 437 №)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|-------|---------------|--------|---------------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | [dB(<i>µ</i> V/m)] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] | | | | |
| Peak DATA. En | Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 441.25 | 1 000 | V | 98.50 | 3.40 | 101.90 | 74.00 | -27.90 | | | | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | ı | ı | ı | - | - | - | | | | |
| Average DATA | Average DATA. Emissions above 1 (Hz | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |

802.11g_High channel (2 462 贮)

| ovaling_ingh entimer (a roa ma) | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|
| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin |
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] |
| Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | |
| * 2 484.06 | 1 000 | V | 58.20 | 3.50 | 61.70 | 74.00 | 12.30 |
| # 2 509.78 | 1 000 | V | 51.60 | 3.50 | 55.10 | 74.00 | 18.90 |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | |
| * 2 484.06 | 1 000 | V | 42.00 | 3.50 | 45.50 | 54.00 | 8.50 |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

^{*} Astericks mean Restricted Band

[#] Hashs mean Out of Band



802.11n HT20_Low channel (2 412 Mz)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|---------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] | |
| Peak DATA. En | Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 db | | | | | | | |
| * 2 388.51 | 1 000 | V | 56.90 | 3.30 | 60.20 | 74.00 | 13.80 | |
| # 2 398.68 | 1 000 | V | 67.80 | 3.30 | 71.10 | 74.00 | 2.90 | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | | |
| * 2 388.51 | 1 000 | V | 43.00 | 3.30 | 46.30 | 54.00 | 7.70 | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

^{*} Astericks mean Restricted Band

802.11n HT20_ Middle channel (2 437 脏)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth [kltz] | Pol. [V/H] | Reading [dB(μ V)] | Factor | Result $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | Limit [dB(μV/m)] | Margin [dB] |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | |
| - | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 (| | | | | | | |
| - | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[#] Hashs mean Out of Band



802.11n HT20_ High channel (2 462 吨)

| Frequency | Receiver Bandwidth | Pol. | Reading | Factor | Result | Limit | Margin | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|---------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| [MHz] | [kHz] | [V/H] | $[dB(\mu V)]$ | [dB] | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | $[dB(\mu V/m)]$ | [dB] | |
| Peak DATA. E | Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 @z | | | | | | | |
| * 2 485.47 | 1 000 | V | 57.60 | 3.50 | 61.10 | 74.00 | 12.90 | |
| # 2 977.41 | 1 000 | V | 41.90 | 4.10 | 46.00 | 74.00 | 28.00 | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 @ | | | | | | | | |
| * 2 485.47 | 1 000 | V | 27.10 | 3.50 | 30.60 | 54.00 | 23.40 | |
| Above 3 000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

^{*} Astericks mean Restricted Band

[#] Hashs mean Out of Band



6. Test equipment used for test

| | Description | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Next Cal Date. |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|
| | Wideband Power Sensor | R & S | NRP-Z81 | 100677 | 15.05.28 |
| | Attenuator | HP | 8491A | 18591 | 15.05.08 |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | R & S | FSV40 | 100989 | 15.01.29 |
| | DC Power Supply | AGILENT | E3632A | MY400088000 | 15.12.11 |
| | Signal generator | R & S | SMR40 | 100007 | 15.06.10 |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | R & S | FSV40 | 100988 | 15.01.29 |
| | Amplifier | Sonoma Instrument | 310N | 293004 | 15.09.25 |
| | Turn Table | Innco Systems | DT2000S-1t | 79 | - |
| | Antenna Mast | Innco Systems | MA4000-EP | 303 | - |
| | Loop Antenna | R & S | HFH2-Z2 | 100355 | 15.06.19 |
| | Bi-Log Antenna | Schwarzbeck | VULB9163 | 552 | 16.05.14 |
| | Horn Antenna | ETS-LINDGREN | 3117 | 155787 | 15.02.26 |
| | Broadband Preamplifier | Schwarzbeck | BBV9718 | 216 | 15.04.22 |
| | Attenuator | HP | 8491A | 16861 | 15.07.01 |
| • | Highpass Filter | Wainwright Instruments GmbH | WHKX3.0/ 18G-12SS | 44 | 15.02.05 |
| | EMI Test Receiver | R & S | ESCI | 100001 | 15.06.24 |
| | SPIRAL antenna | СОВНАМ | PSA-75301R/170 | 406827-0001 | - |
| | Horn antenna | ETS.lindgren | 3116 | 00086632 | 15.10.20 |
| | Broadband Preamplifier | Schwarzbeck | BBV9721 | 2 | 15.05.09 |