# RF TEST REPORT

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Equipment | : | Scan Tool |
| Model Name | : | G-scan3 |
| FCC ID | : | TMGG1NDDMN002 |
| Date of receipt | : | 2017.11.28 |
| Test duration | : | 2017.12.06 ~ 2017.12.26 |
| Date of issue | : | 2018.03.14 |

Applicant : G.I.T Co.,Ltd.

87, Macheon-ro, Songpa-gu, Seoul, 05655, Republic of Korea

Test Laboratory : Lab-T, Inc.

2182-42 Baegok-daero, Mohyeon-myeon, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si
Gyeonggi-do 17036, Korea

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test specification | : | FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247 |
| RF Output Power | : | 8.32 dBm |
| Test result | : | Pass |

The above equipment was tested by Lab-T Testing Laboratory for compliance
with the requirements of FCC,IC Rules and Regulations.
The test results presented in this test report are limited only to the sample supplied by applicant
and the use of this test report is inhibited other than its purpose.
This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Lab-T, Inc

Tested by:

Engineer
SungSin Kim

Reviewed by:

Technical Manager
SangHoon Yu

# CONTENTS

# 1. Applicant Information

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Applicant | : | G.I.T Co.,Ltd. |
| Address | : | 87, Macheon-ro, Songpa-gu, Seoul, 05655, Republic of Korea |
| Telephone No. | : | +82-2-2189-3353 |
| Person in charge | : | MinKyu Jeon / mkjeon@gitauto.com |
| Manufacturer | : | G.I.T Co.,Ltd. |
| Address | : | 87, Macheon-ro, Songpa-gu, Seoul, 05655, Republic of Korea |

# 2. Laboratory Information

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Laboratory | : | Lab-T, Inc. |
| Address | : | 2182-42 Baegok-daero, Mohyeon-myeon, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si Gyeonggi-do 17036, Korea |
| Telephone No. | : | +82 31-322-6767 |
| Facsimile No. | : | +82 31-322-6768 |

**Certificate**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| FCC Designation No. | : | KR0159 |
| FCC Registration No. | : | 133186 |
| IC Site Registration No. | : | 22000-1 |

# 3. Information About Test Equipment

## 3.1 Equipment Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Equipment type | Scan Tool |
| Equipment model name | G-scan3 |
| Equipment add model name | - |
| Frequency range | 2 412 ~ 2 462 MHz<br>5 180 ~ 5 240 MHz / 5 190 ~ 5 230 MHz<br>5 745 ~ 5 805 MHz / 5 755 ~ 5 795 MHz<br>2 402 ~ 2 480 MHz<br>125 kHz transmitter / 433.92 MHz receiver |
| Modulation type | CCK, OFDM, GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK, ASK, FSK |
| Modulation technology | DSSS(802.11b), OFDM(802.11g/n_HT20/ n_HT40)[Note2], F1D, G1D |
| Power supply | DC 3.7 V |
| H/W version | V1.0 |
| S/W version | V1.0 |

Note1:The above EUT information was declared by the manufacturer.

## 3.2 Antenna Information

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antenna 1 | type | PCB Antenna |
| | gain | 3.0 dBi |

## 3.3 Test Frequency

| Test mode | Test frequency (MHz) | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Lowest frequency | Middle frequency | Highest frequency |
| GFSK | 2 402 | 2 441 | 2 480 |
| 4/DQPSK | 2 402 | 2 441 | 2 480 |
| 8DPSK | 2 402 | 2 441 | 2 480 |

## 3.4 Worst-Case

| BDR | EDR |
|---|---|
| DH5(GFSK) | 3-DH5(8DPSK) |

Note:The power measurement has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combi nations between available modulations, data rates.

### 3.5 Tested Companion Device Information

| Type | Manufacturer | Model | Note |
|---|---|---|---|
| - | - | - | - |
| | | | |

# 4. Test Report

## 4.1 Summary

| FCC Rule | Parameter | Clause | Status |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Transmitter Requirements** | | | |
| | | | |
| 15.203<br>15.247(b)(4) | Antenna Requirement | 4.4.1 | C |
| 15.247(a)(1) | 20 dB Channel Bandwidth | 4.4.2 | C |
| - | Occupied Bandwidth | 4.4.2 | |
| 15.247(a)(1)(iii) | Number of Hopping Frequencies | 4.4.3 | C |
| 15.247(a)(1)(iii) | Time of occupancy (Dwell Time) | 4.4.4 | C |
| 15.247(a)(1) | Carrier Frequencies Separation | 4.4.5 | C |
| 15.247(b)(1) | Peak Output Power | 4.4.6 | C |
| 15.247(d)<br>15.205(a)<br>15.209(a) | Spurious Emission, Band Edge<br>and Restricted bands | 4.4.7 | C |
| 15.207(a) | Conducted Emissions | 4.4.8 | C |
| NOTE 1 : C = Comply N/C = Not Comply N/T = Not Tested N/A = Not Applicable | | | |

* The general test methods used to test this device is ANSI C63.10:2013

## 4.2 Measurement Uncertainty

| Mesurement items | Expanded Uncertainty | |
|---|---|---|
| RF Output Power | 0.75 dB | (The confidence level is about 95 %, *k*=2) |
| Occupied Channel Bandwidth | 10.22 kHz | (The confidence level is about 95 %, *k*=2) |
| Conducted Spurious Emissions | 0.44 dB | (The confidence level is about 95 %, *k*=2) |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions (1 GHz under) | 4.56 dB | (The confidence level is about 95 %, *k*=2) |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions (Above 1 GHz) | 4.46 dB | (The confidence level is about 95 %, *k*=2) |
| Conducted emission | 4.08 dB | (The confidence level is about 95 %, *k*=2) |

## 4.3 Test Report Version

| Test Report No. | Date | Description |
|---|---|---|
| TRRFCC18-0006 | 18.03.14 | Initial issue |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

## 4.4 Transmitter Requirements

### 4.4.1 Antenna Requirement

4.4.1.1 Regulation

Accoding to §15.203, An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Accoding to §15.247(b)(4) e conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

4.4.1.4 Result

Comply
(The transmitter has a Internal PCB Antenna. The directional peak gain of the antenna is 3.00 dBi.)

### 4.4.2 20 dB Bandwidth and Occupied Bandwidth

4.4.2.1 Regulation

Not Applicable

4.4.2.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
ANSI C63.10 § 6.9.2 Occupied bandwidth 20dB Relative procedure
ANSI C63.10 § 6.9.3 Occupied bandwidth 99% procedure

4.4.2.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)

4.4.2.4 Measurement data

Test mode : GFSK

| Frequency (MHz) | 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Min. Limit (MHz) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % Bandwith)(MHz) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 402.00 | 1.06 | 0.25 | 0.93 |
| 2 441.00 | 1.06 | 0.25 | 0.95 |
| 2 480.00 | 1.06 | 0.25 | 0.95 |

Test mode : π/4DQPSK

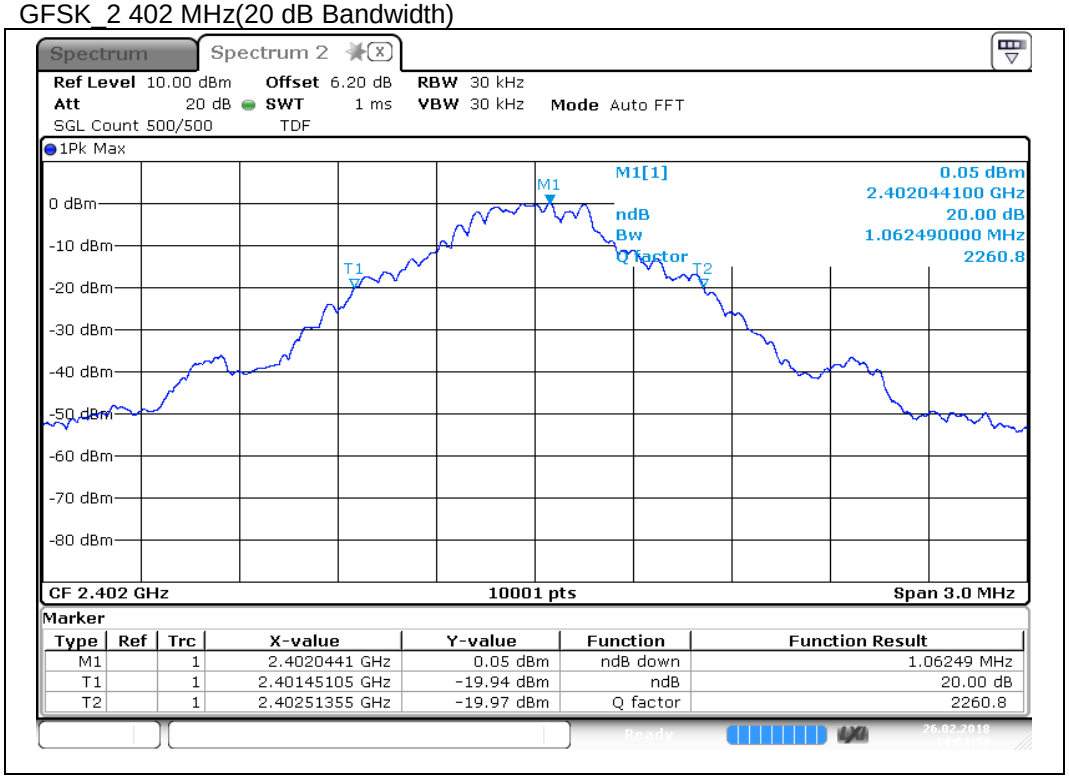
| Frequency (MHz) | 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Min. Limit (MHz) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % Bandwith)(MHz) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 402.00 | 1.36 | 0.25 | 1.21 |
| 2 441.00 | 1.36 | 0.25 | 1.21 |
| 2 480.00 | 1.36 | 0.25 | 1.21 |

Test mode : 8DPSK

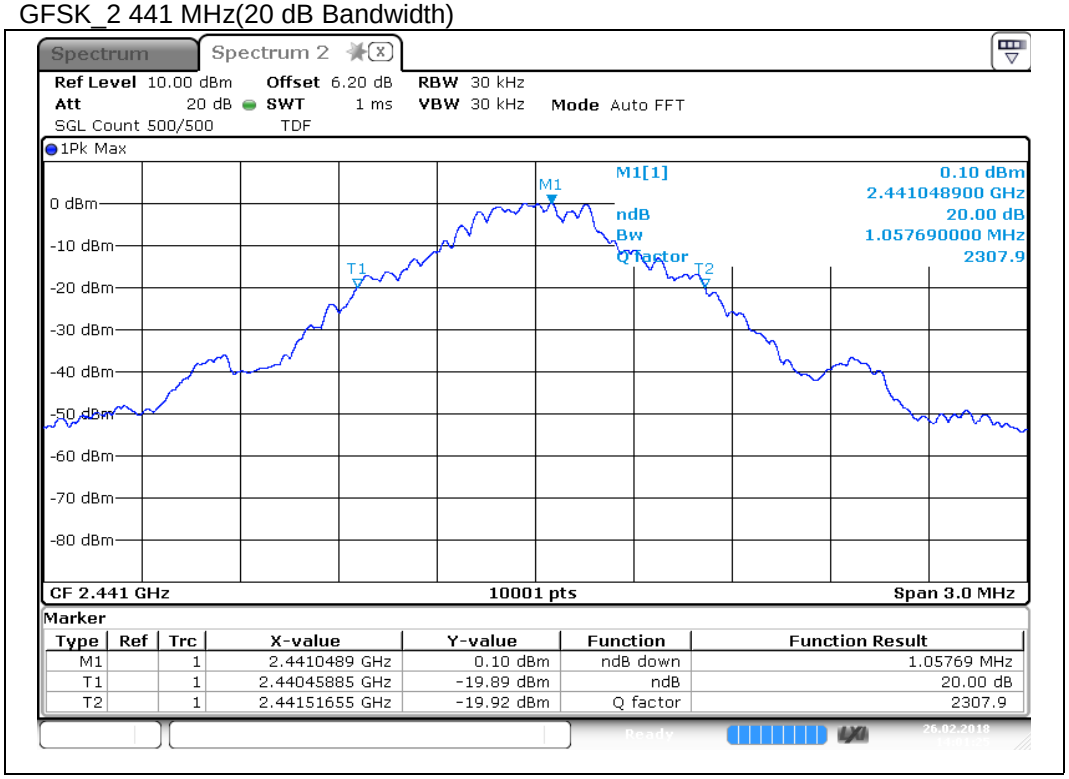
| Frequency (MHz) | 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Min. Limit (MHz) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % Bandwith)(MHz) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 402.00 | 1.34 | 0.25 | 1.20 |
| 2 441.00 | 1.34 | 0.25 | 1.21 |
| 2 480.00 | 1.34 | 0.25 | 1.21 |

4.4.2.5 Test Plot

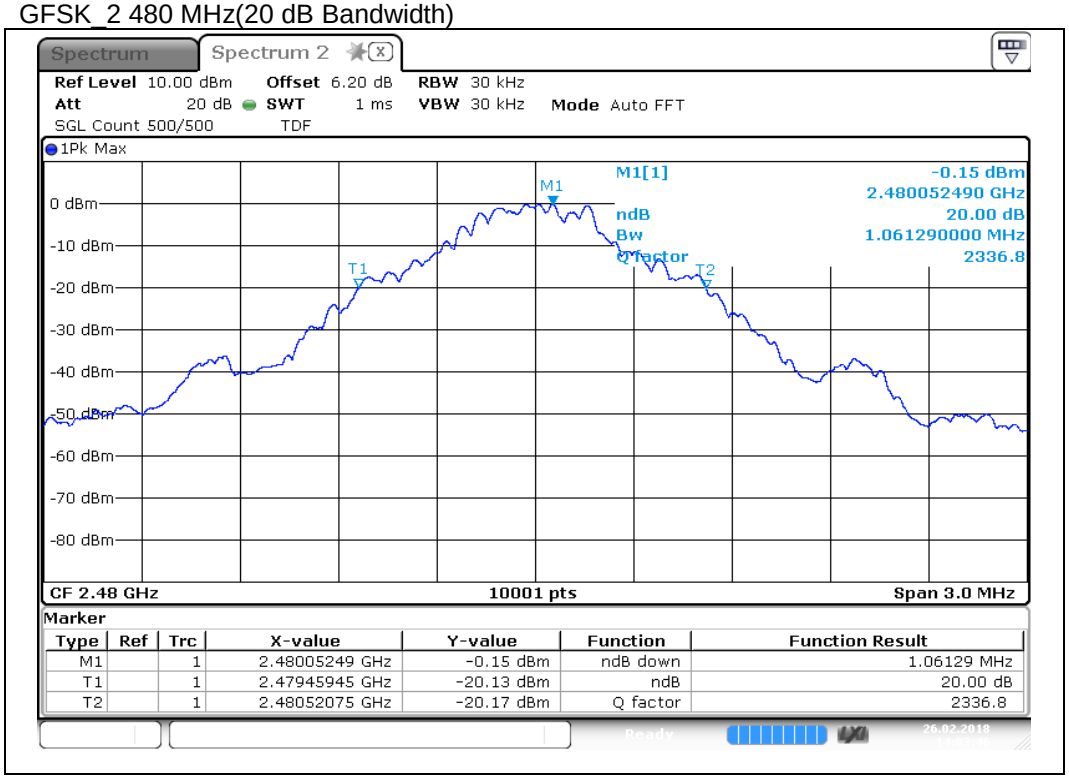
GFSK_2 402 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



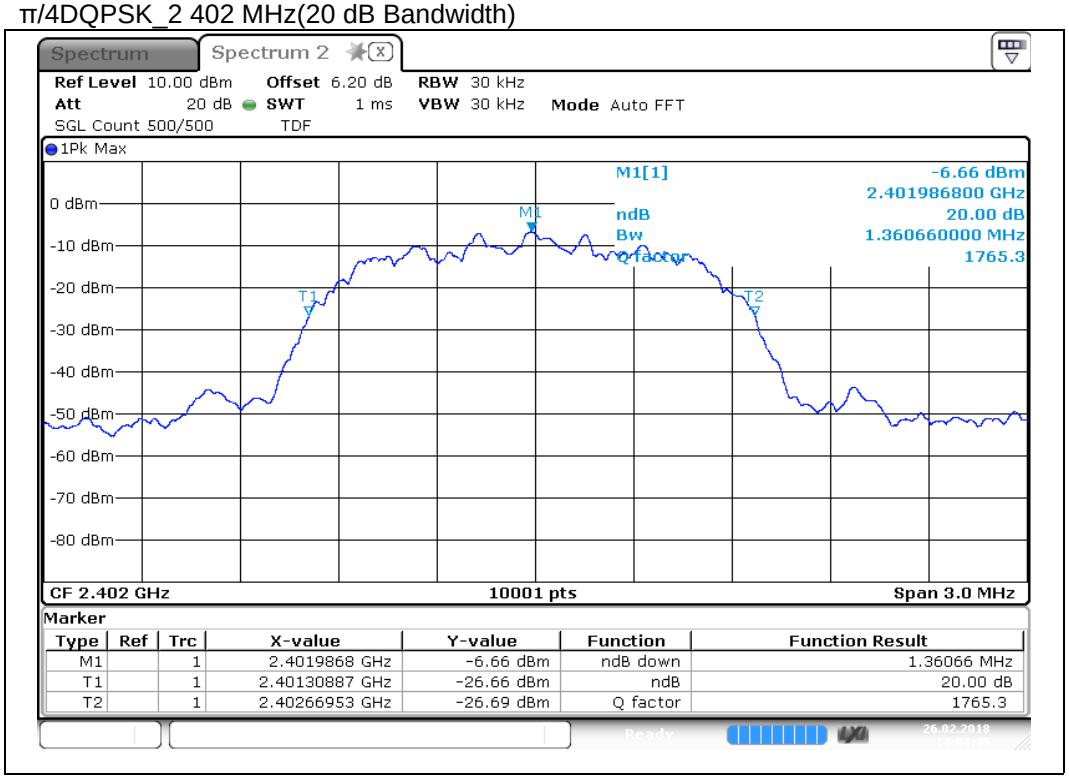

GFSK_2 441 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



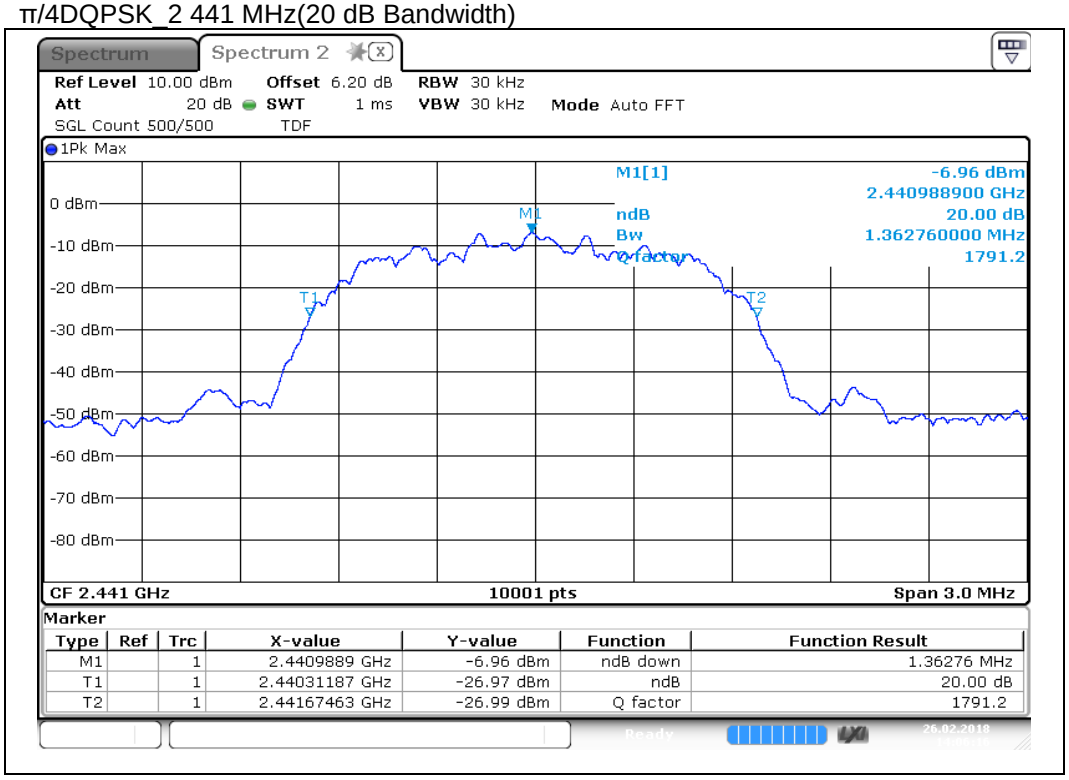
GFSK_2 480 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



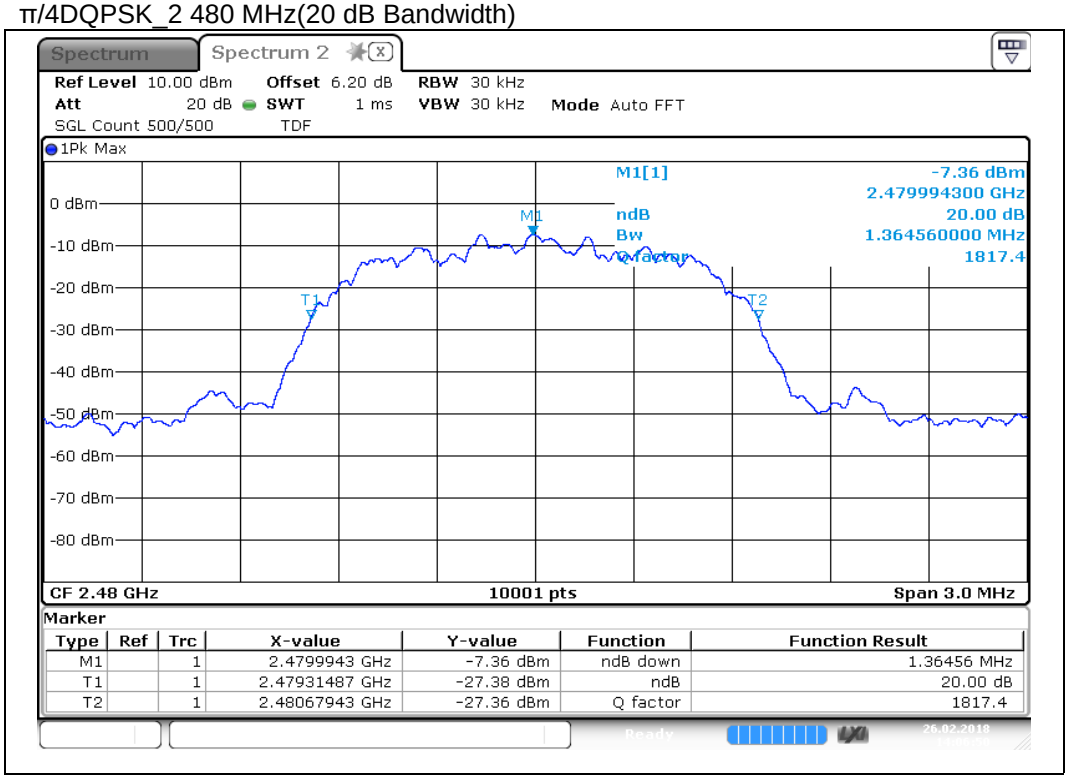

π/4DQPSK_2 402 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



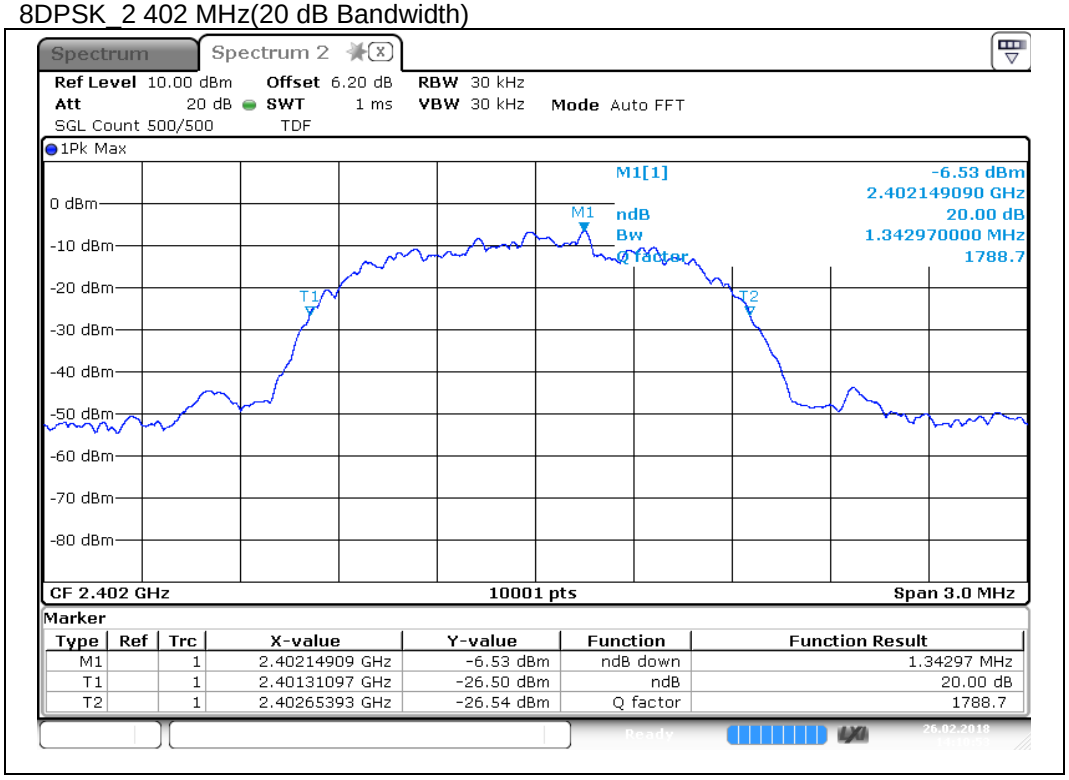
π/4DQPSK_2 441 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



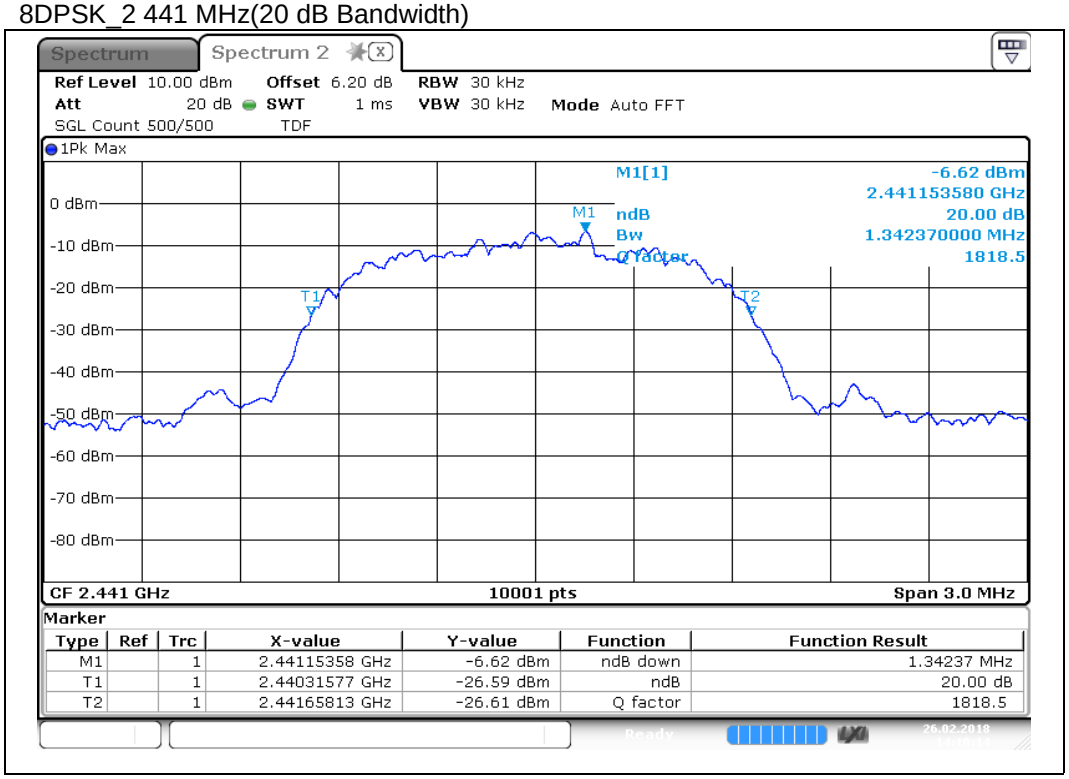

π/4DQPSK_2 480 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



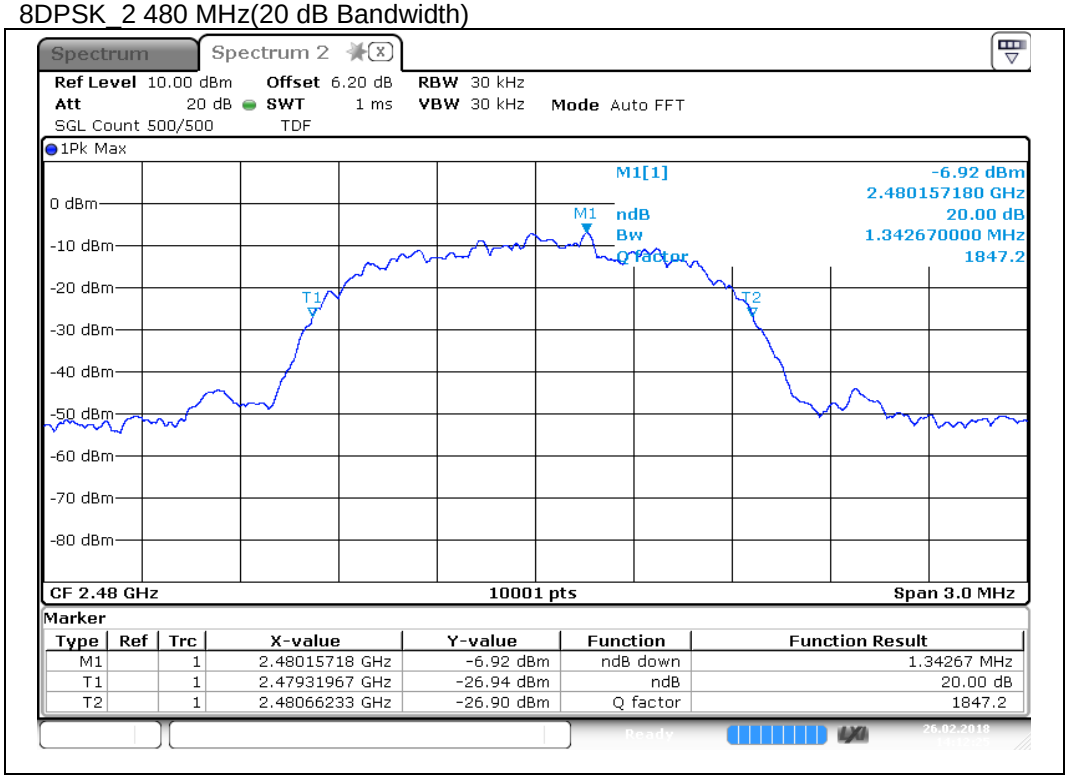
8DPSK_2 402 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



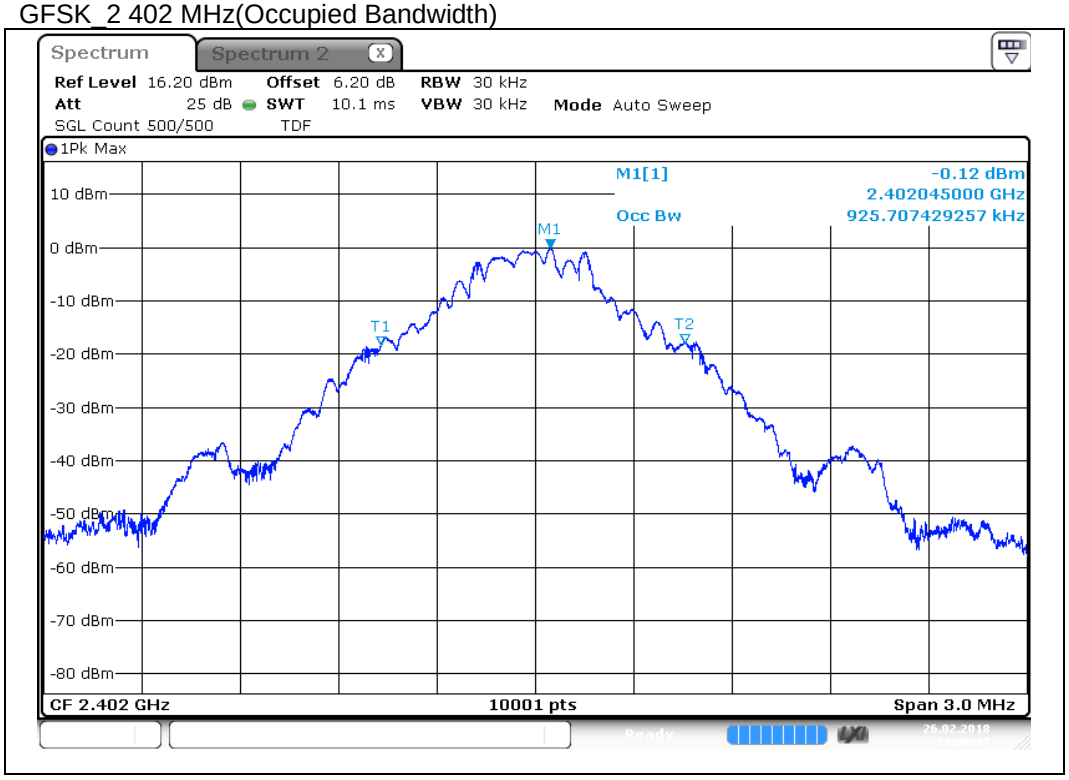

8DPSK_2 441 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



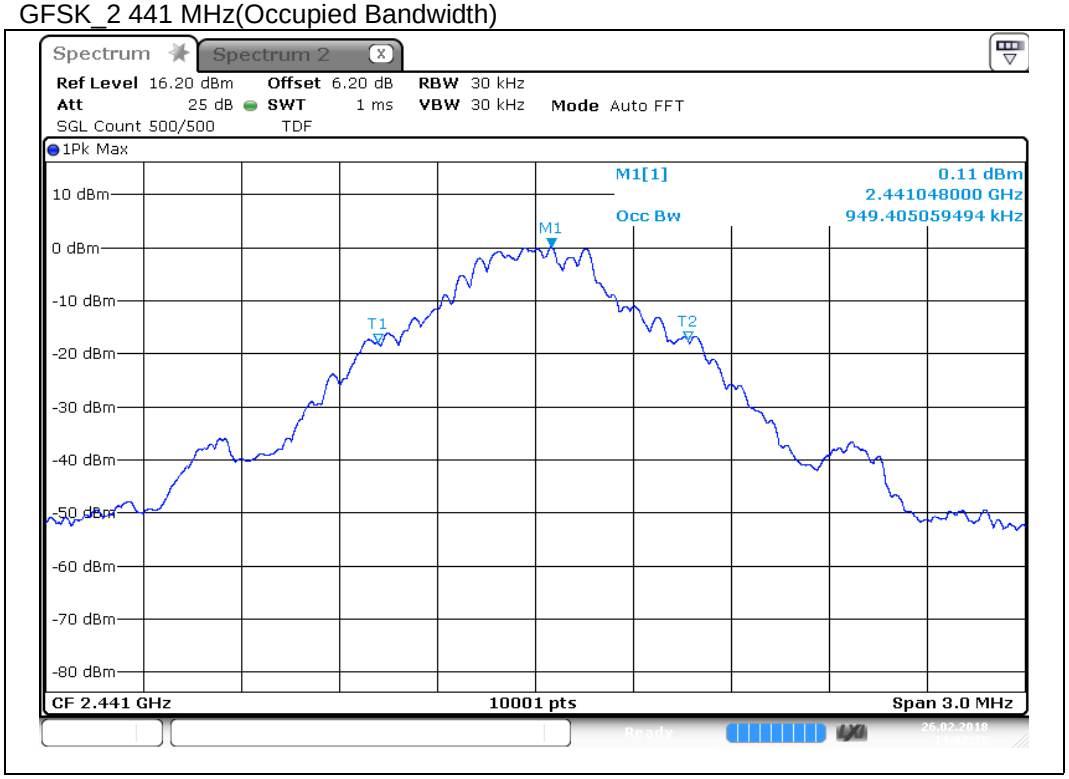
8DPSK_2 480 MHz(20 dB Bandwidth)



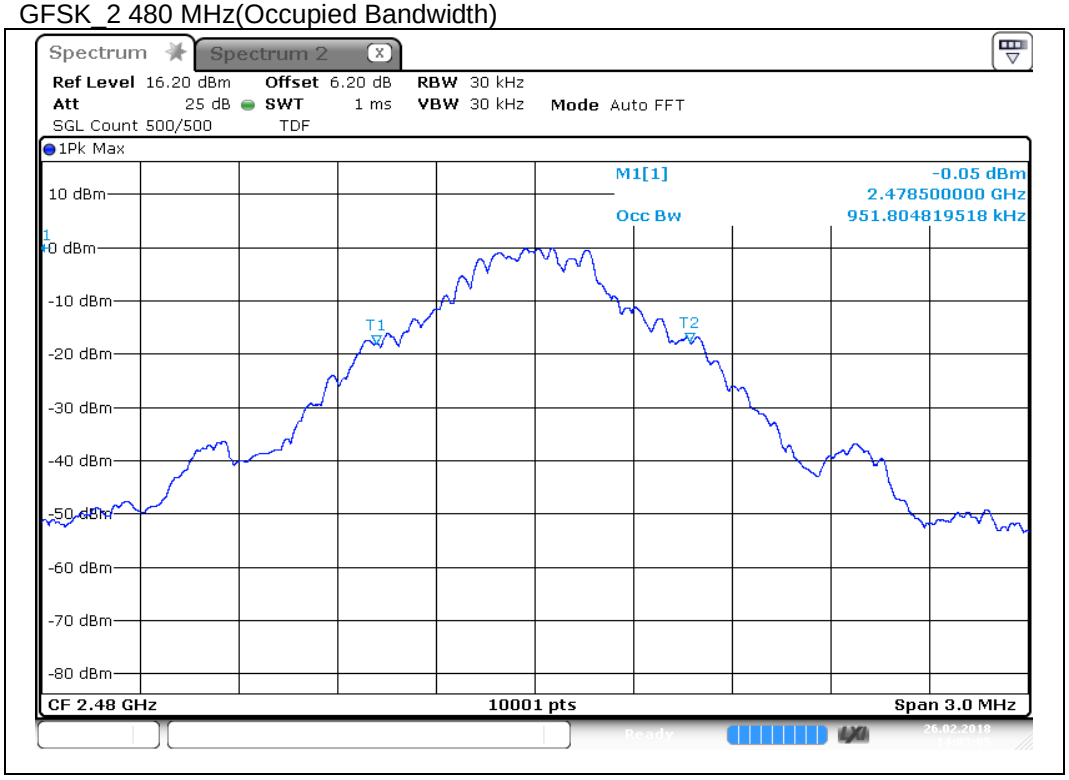
GFSK_2 402 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)



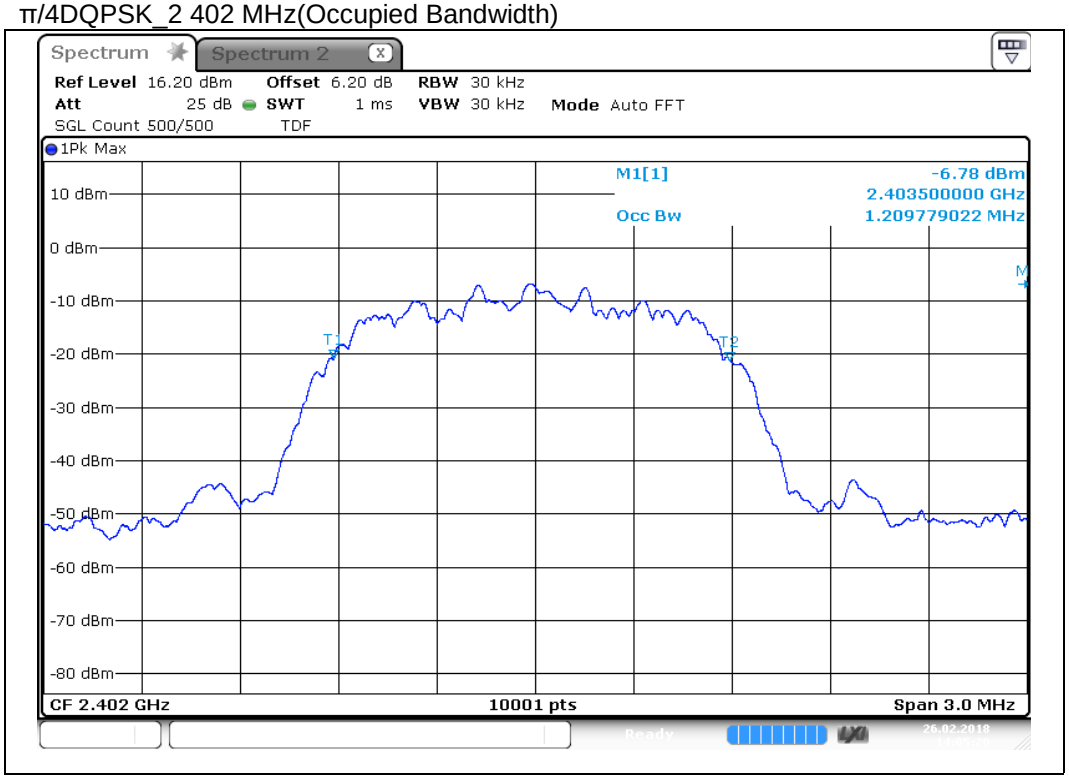

GFSK_2 441 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)



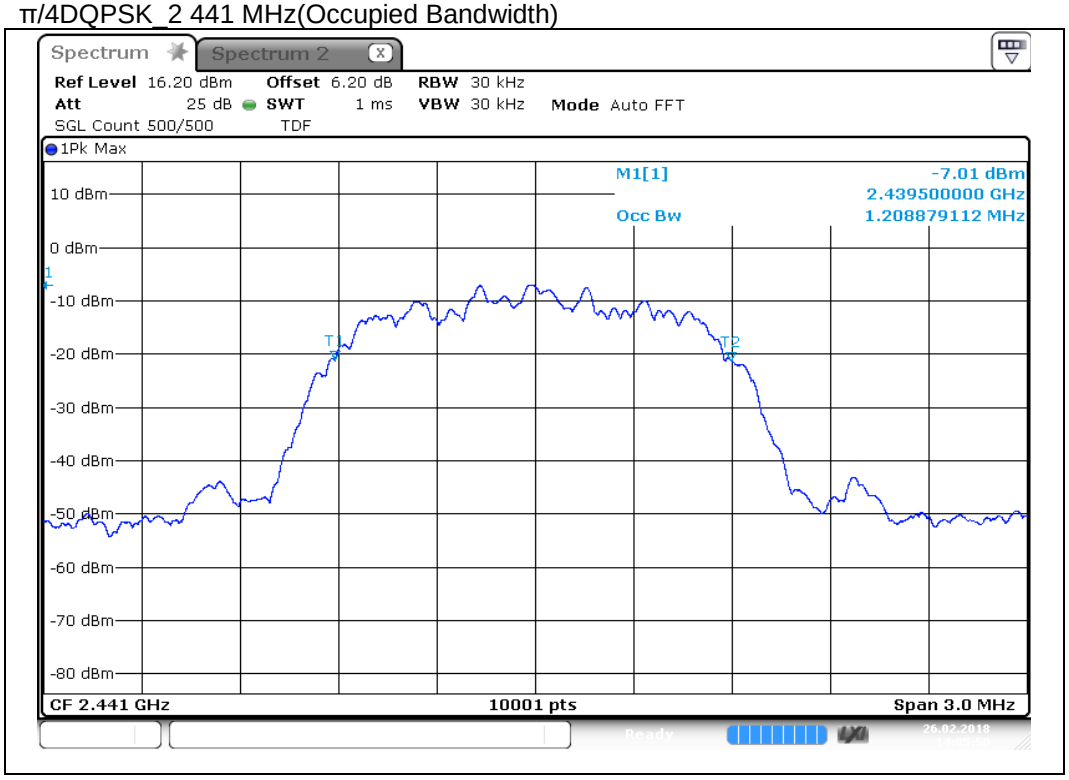
GFSK_2 480 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)



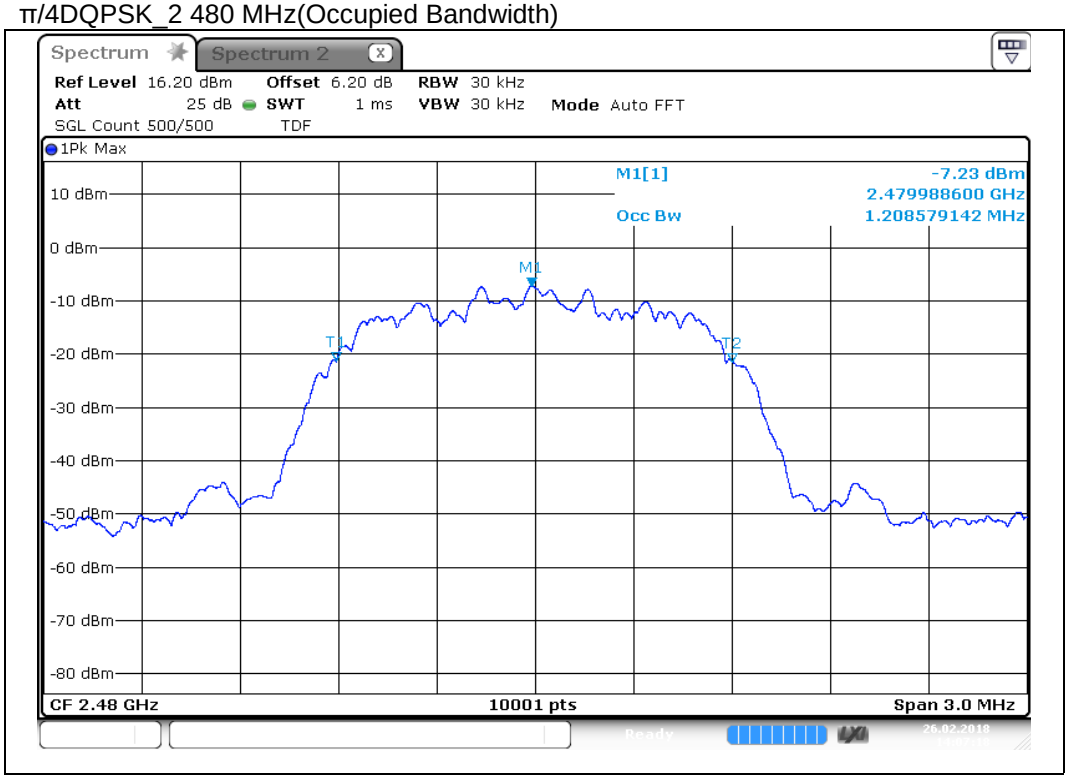

π/4DQPSK_2 402 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)



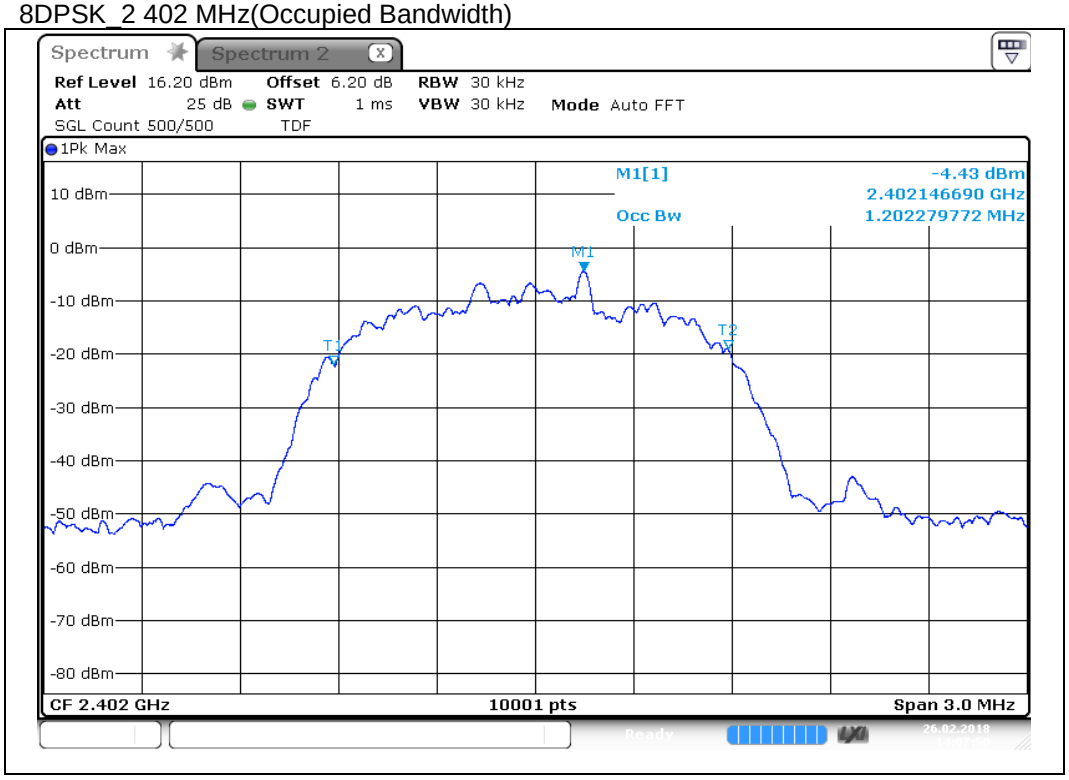
π/4DQPSK_2 441 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)



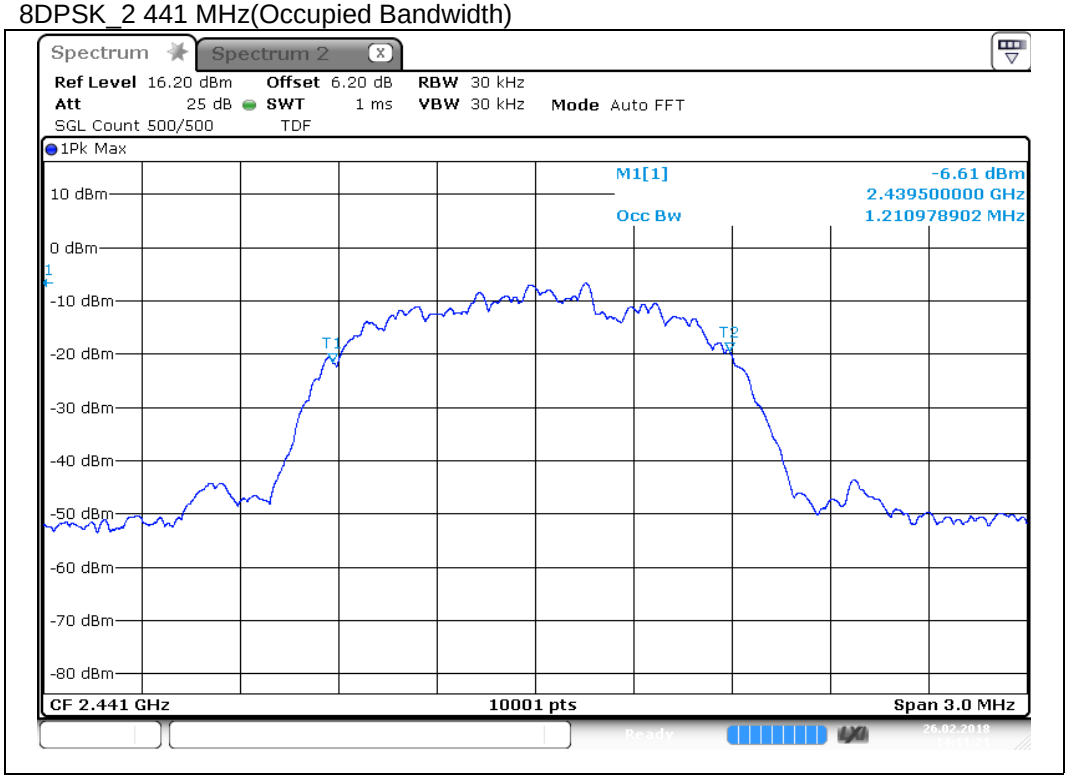

π/4DQPSK_2 480 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)



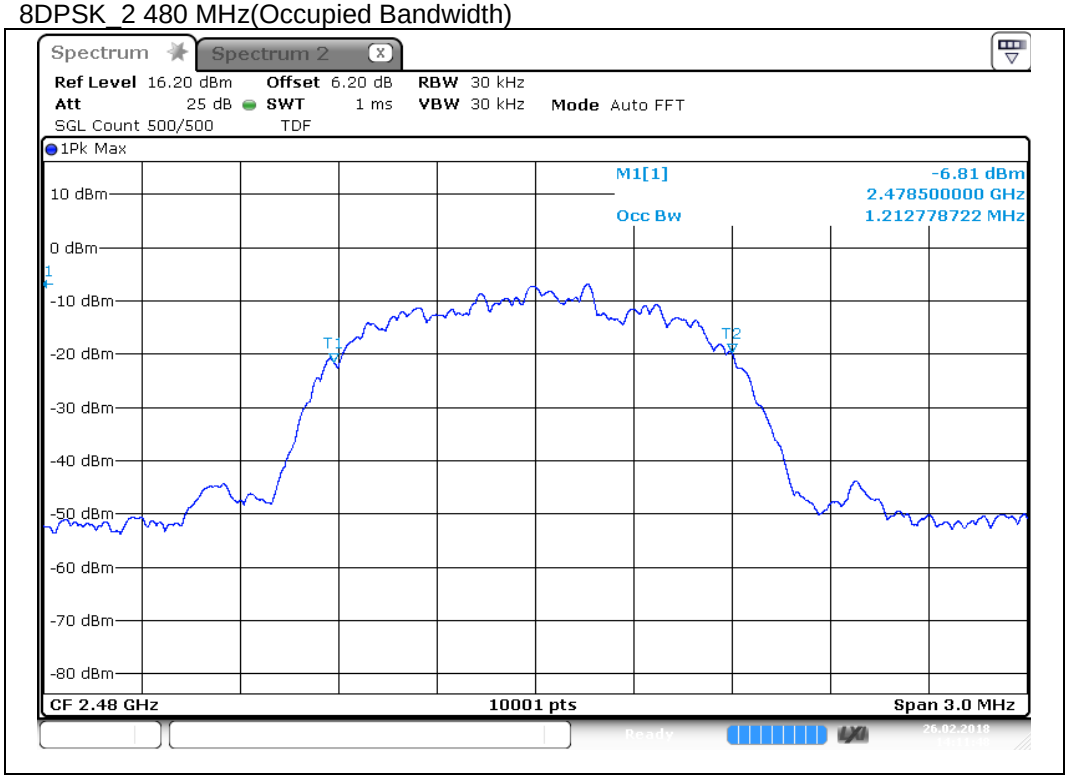
8DPSK_2 402 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)




8DPSK_2 441 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)



8DPSK_2 480 MHz(Occupied Bandwidth)



### 4.4.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

4.4.4.2 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

4.4.3.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
ANSI C63.10 § 7.8.3 Number of hopping frequencies

4.4.3.3 Result

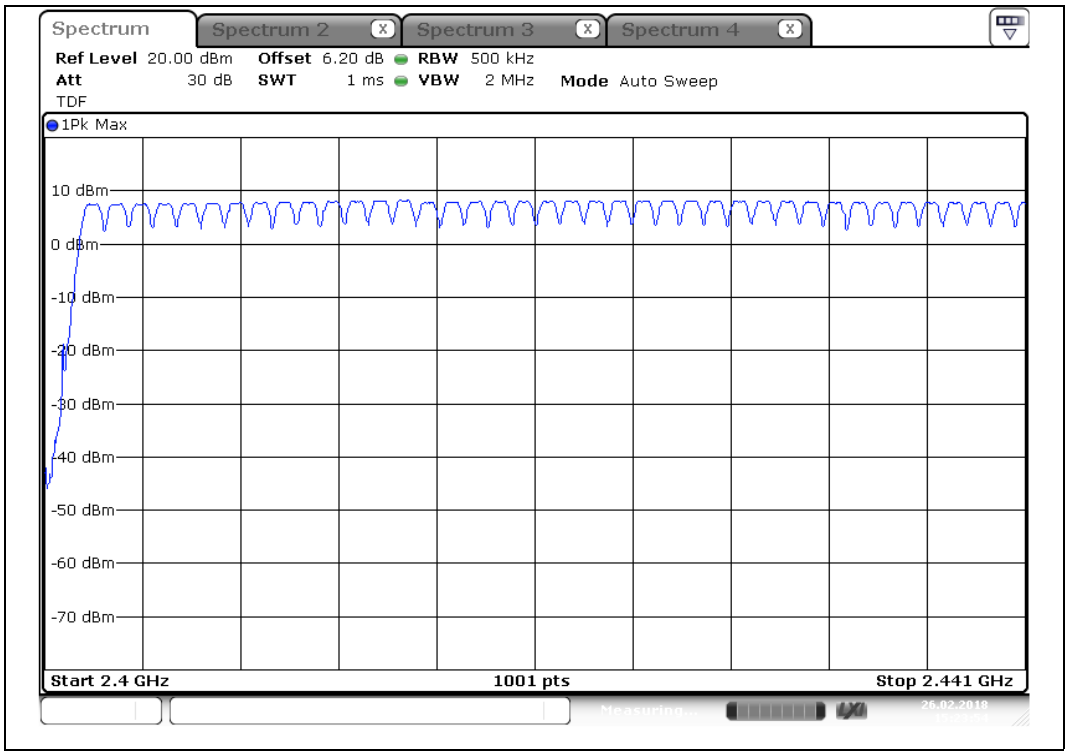
Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)

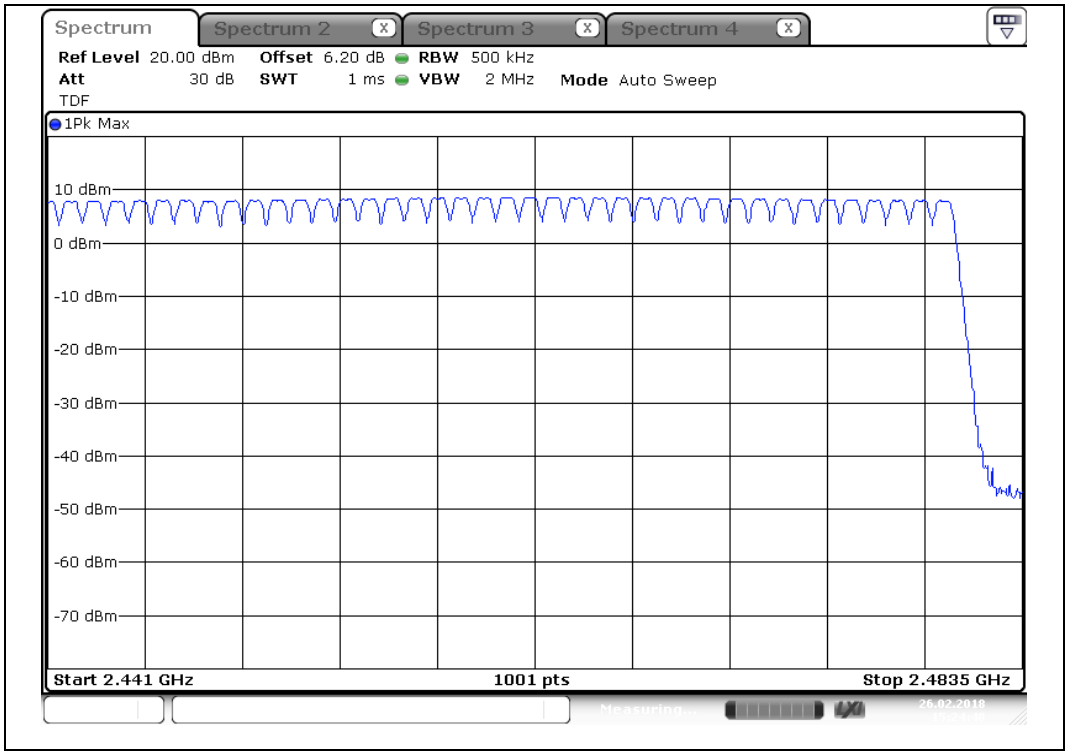
4.4.3.4 Measurement data

Total number of Hopping Channels is 79

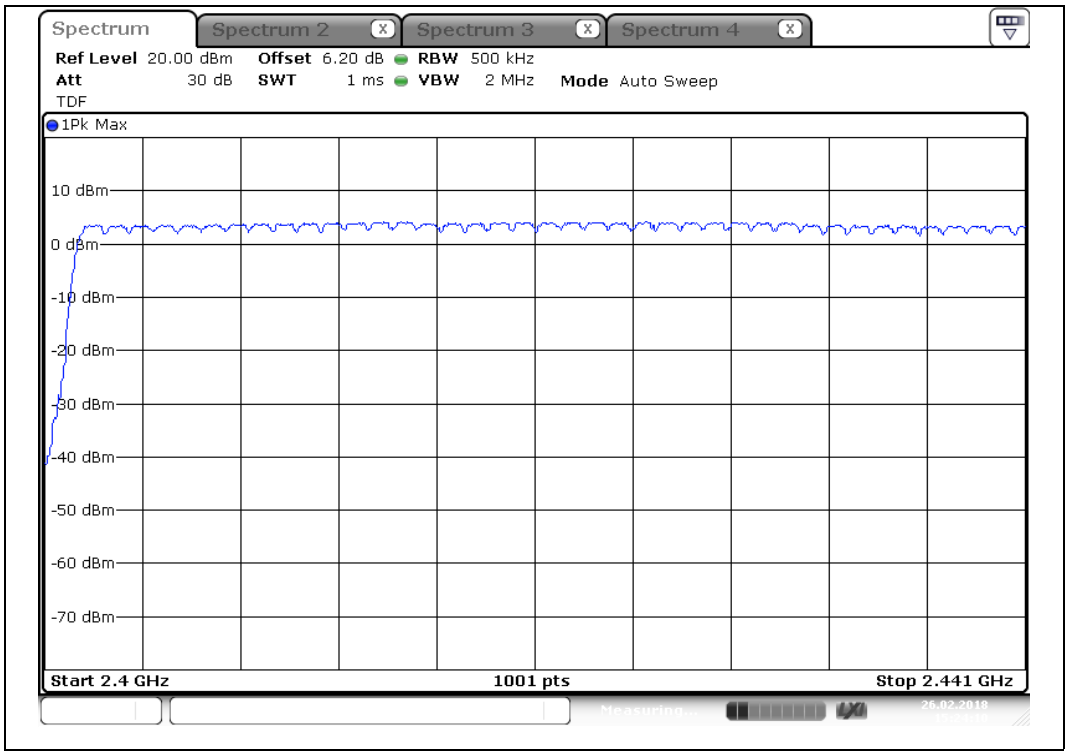
4.4.3.5 Test Plot

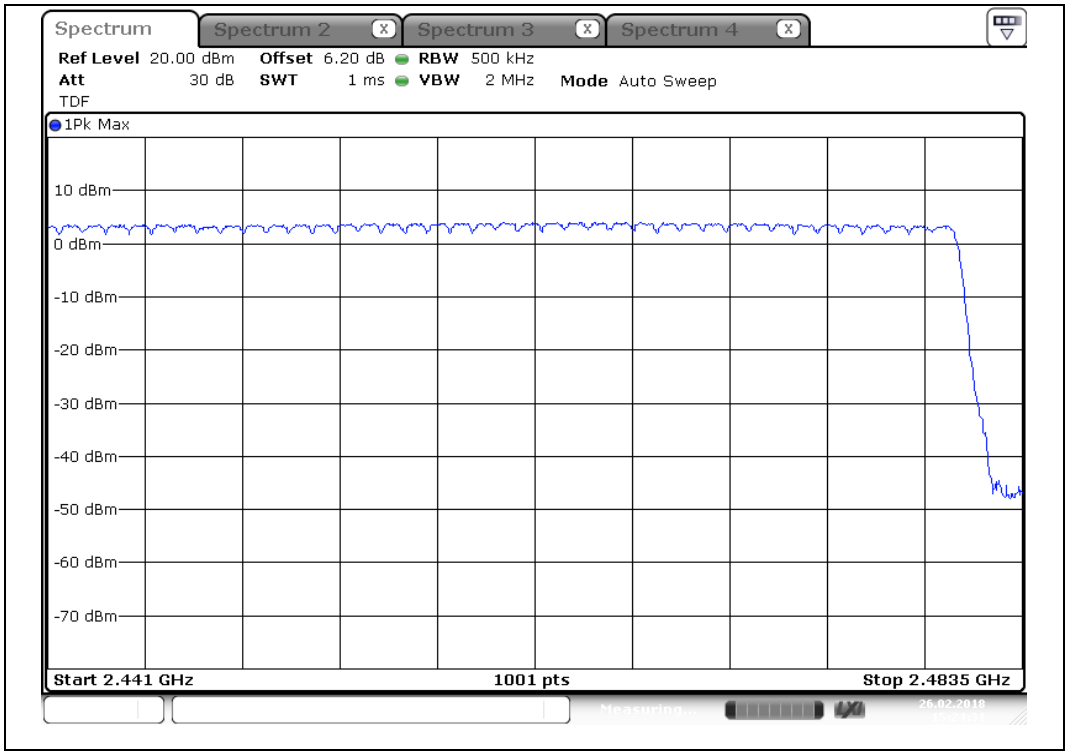
GFSK



8DPSK



### 4.4.4 Time of occupancy (Dwell Time)

4.4.4.2 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

4.4.4.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
ANSI C63.10 § 7.8.3 Time of Occupancy

4.4.4.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)

4.4.4.4 Measurement data

Test mode : FH

| Time of occupancy | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Packet Type | Number of hopping Channels | Burst On Time (ms) | Result (sec) | Limit (sec) |
| DH5 | 79 | 2.888 | 0.308 | 0.400 |
| 3 DH5 | 79 | 2.891 | 0.308 | 0.400 |

NOTE1 : Result = 0.4 * Hopping Channel * Burst On Time * ((Hopping rate/Time slots)/Hopping channel)
- Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots(TX = 5 slot, RX = 1 slot)
- Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode

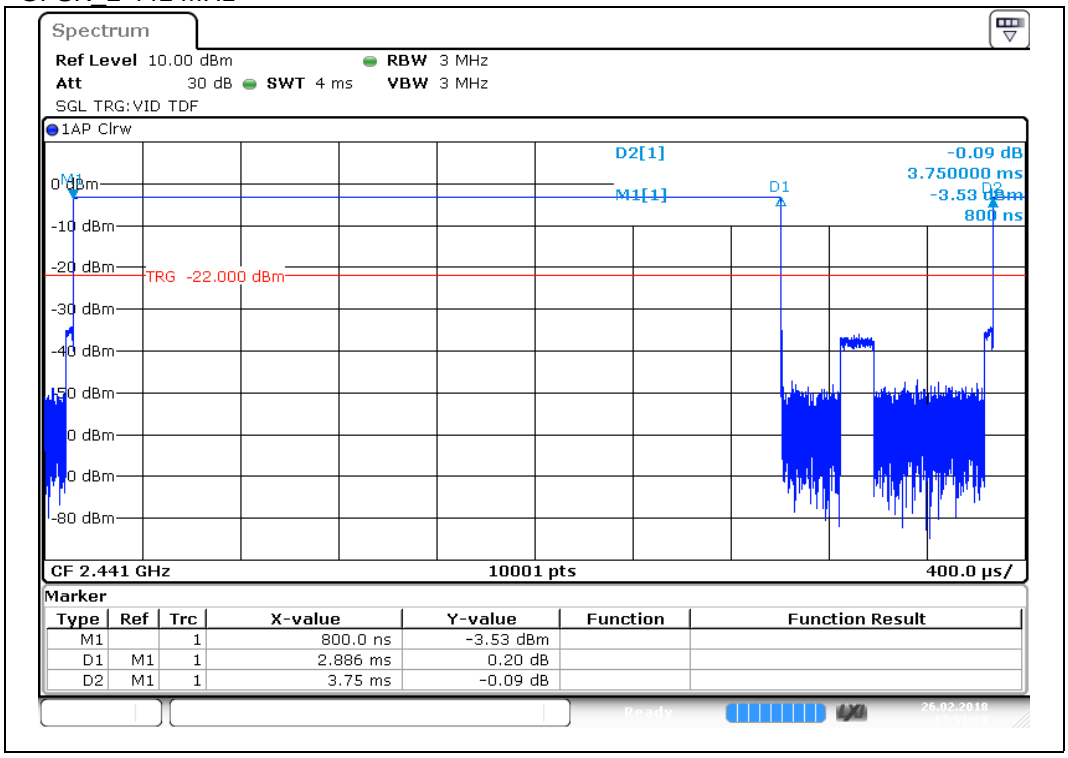
Test mode : AFH

| Time of occupancy | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Packet Type | Number of hopping Channels | Burst On Time (ms) | Result (sec) | Limit (sec) |
| DH5 | 20 | 2.888 | 0.154 | 0.400 |
| 3 DH5 | 20 | 2.891 | 0.154 | 0.400 |

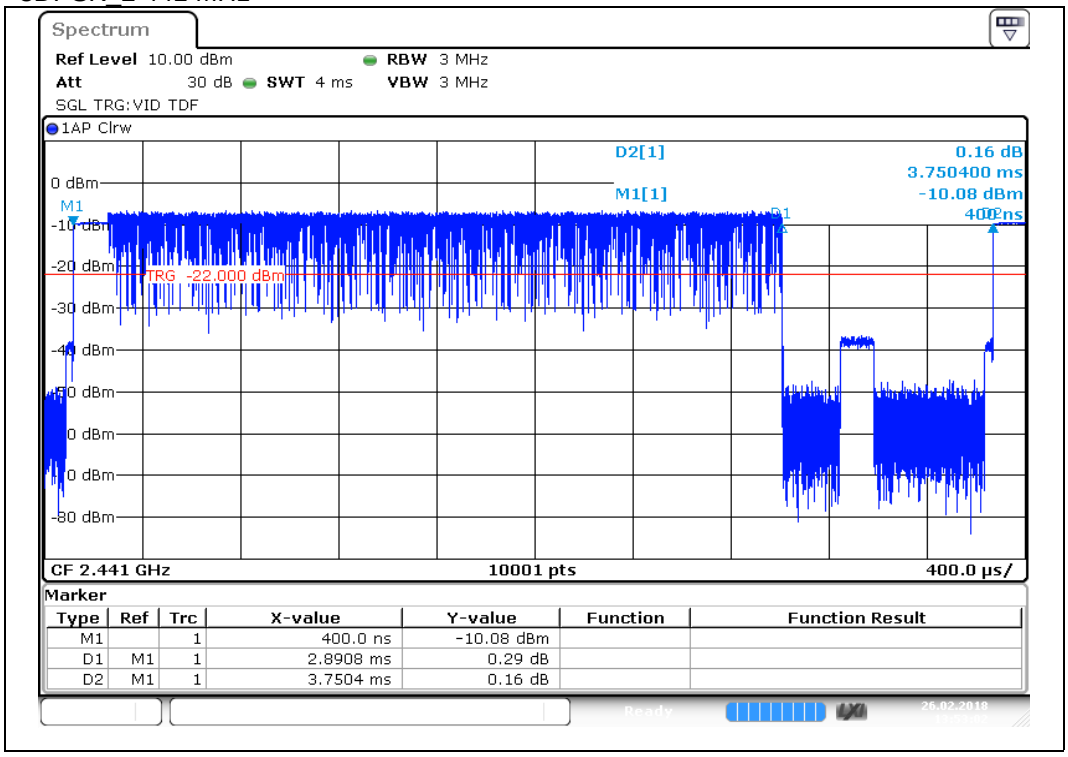
NOTE1 : Result = 0.4 * Hopping Channel * Burst On Time * ((Hopping rate/Time slots)/Hopping channel)
- Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots(TX = 5 slot, RX = 1 slot)
- Hopping Rate = 800 for AFH mode

4.4.4.5 Test Plot

GFSK_2 441 MHz




8DPSK_2 441 MHz



## 4.4.5 Carrier Frequencies Separation

4.4.5.2 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

4.4.5.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
ANSI C63.10 § 7.8.2 Carrier frequency separation

4.4.5.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)

4.4.5.4 Measurement data

Test mode : GFSK

| Carrier Frequency Separation | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Channel | Result (MHz) | Min. Limit (MHz) |
| Channel 1 to Channel 2 | 0.999 | 0.71 |
| Channel 39 to Channel 40 | 0.999 | 0.71 |
| Channel 78 to Channel 79 | 0.999 | 0.71 |

NOTE1 : Limit(kHz) : Result of 20 dB Bandwidth*2/3

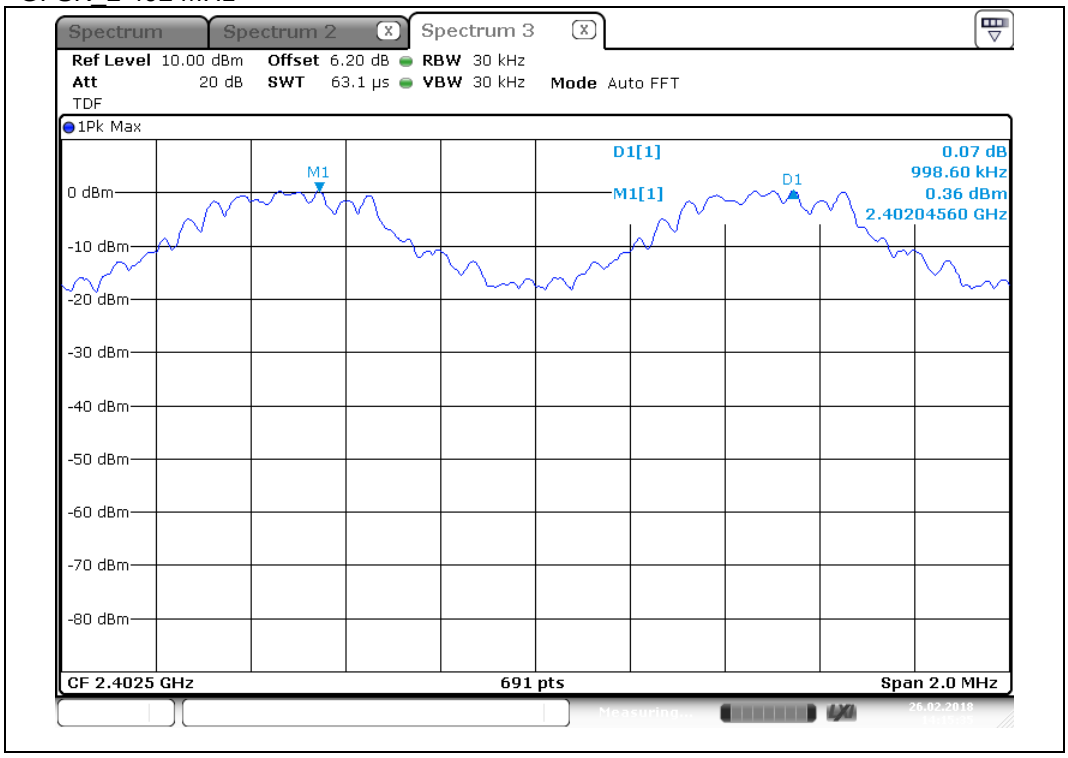
Test mode : 8DPSK

| Carrier Frequency Separation | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Channel | Result (MHz) | Min. Limit (MHz) |
| Channel 1 to Channel 2 | 1.003 | 0.90 |
| Channel 39 to Channel 40 | 1.003 | 0.89 |
| Channel 78 to Channel 79 | 1.003 | 0.90 |

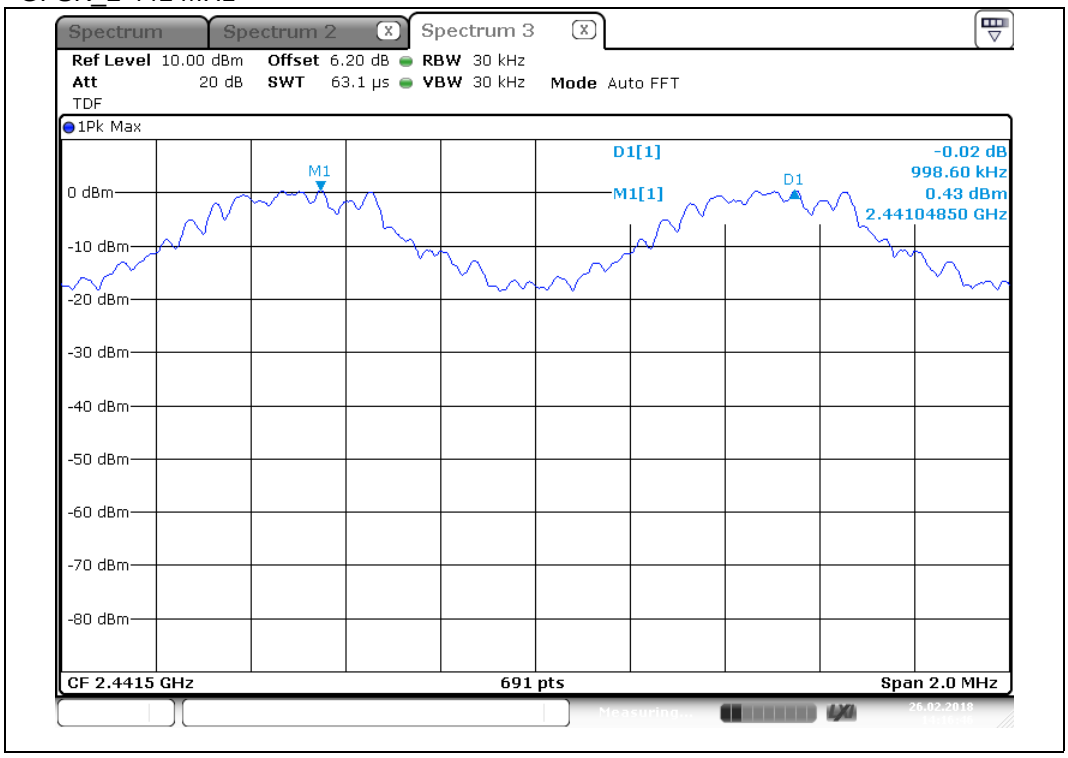
NOTE1 : Limit(kHz) : Result of 20 dB Bandwidth*2/3

4.4.5.5 Test Plot

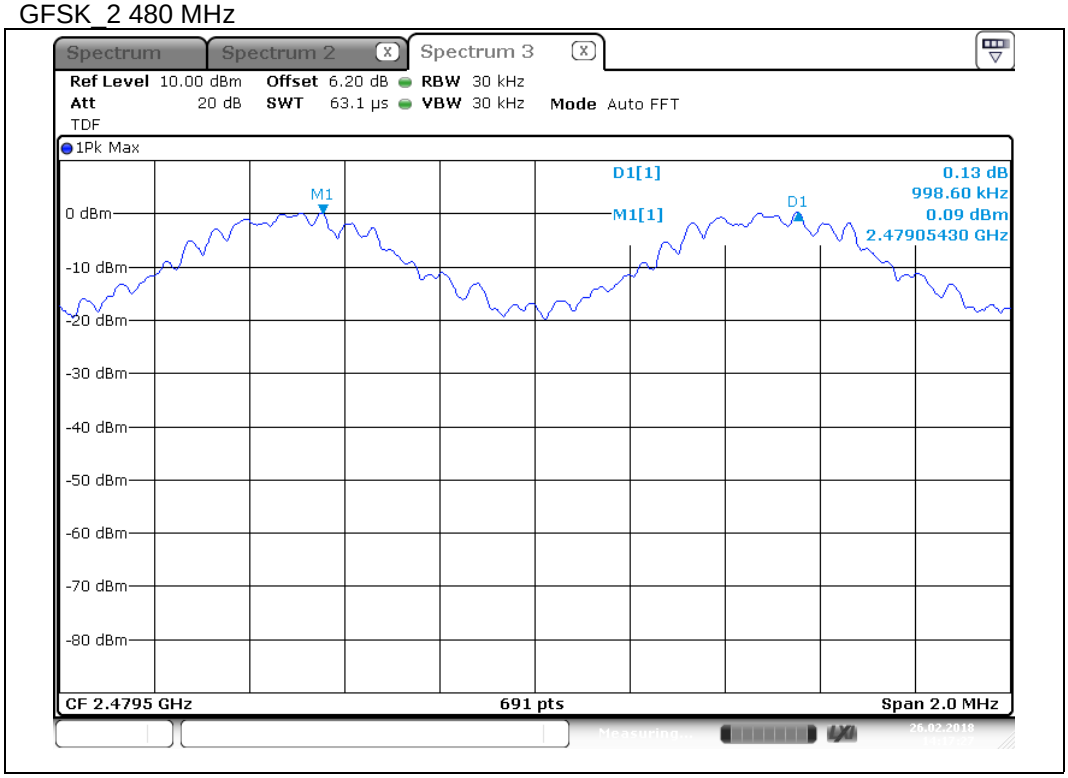
GFSK_2 402 MHz



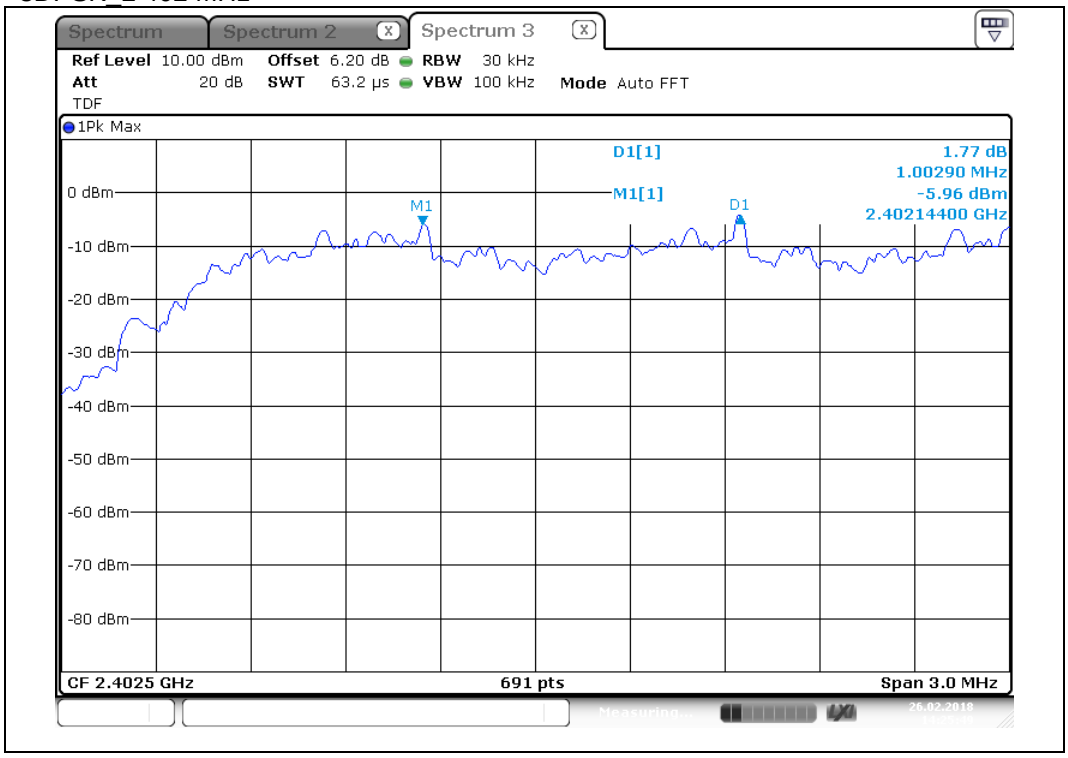

GFSK_2 441 MHz



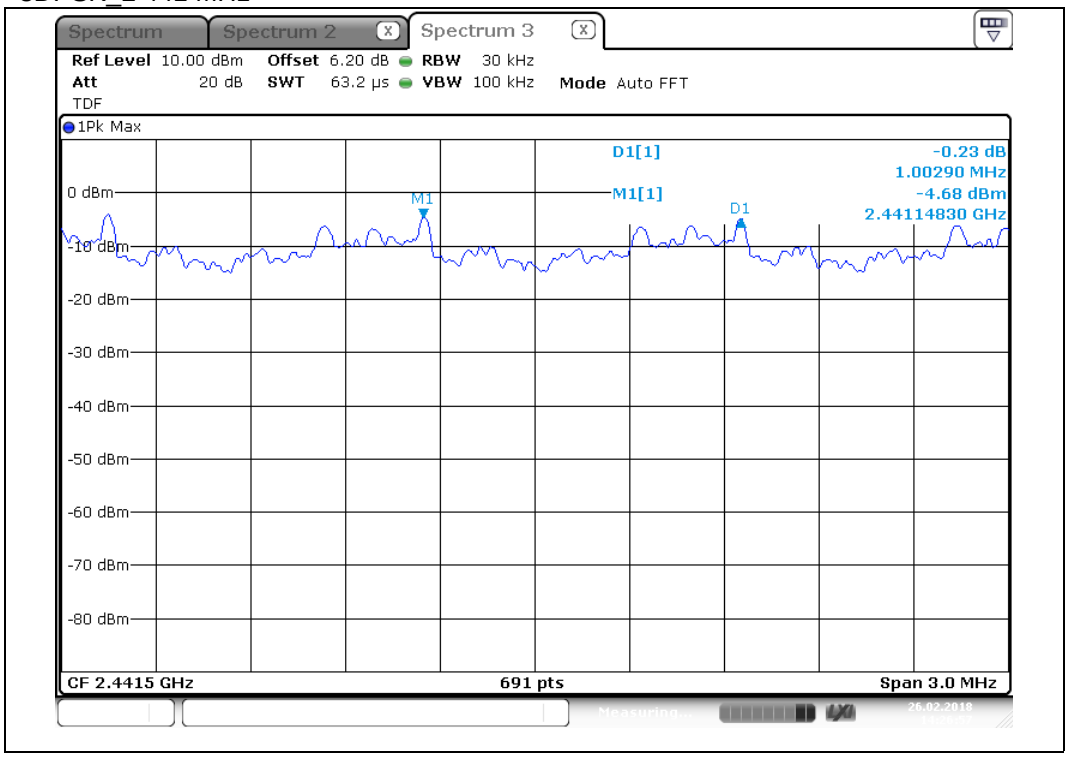
GFSK_2 480 MHz



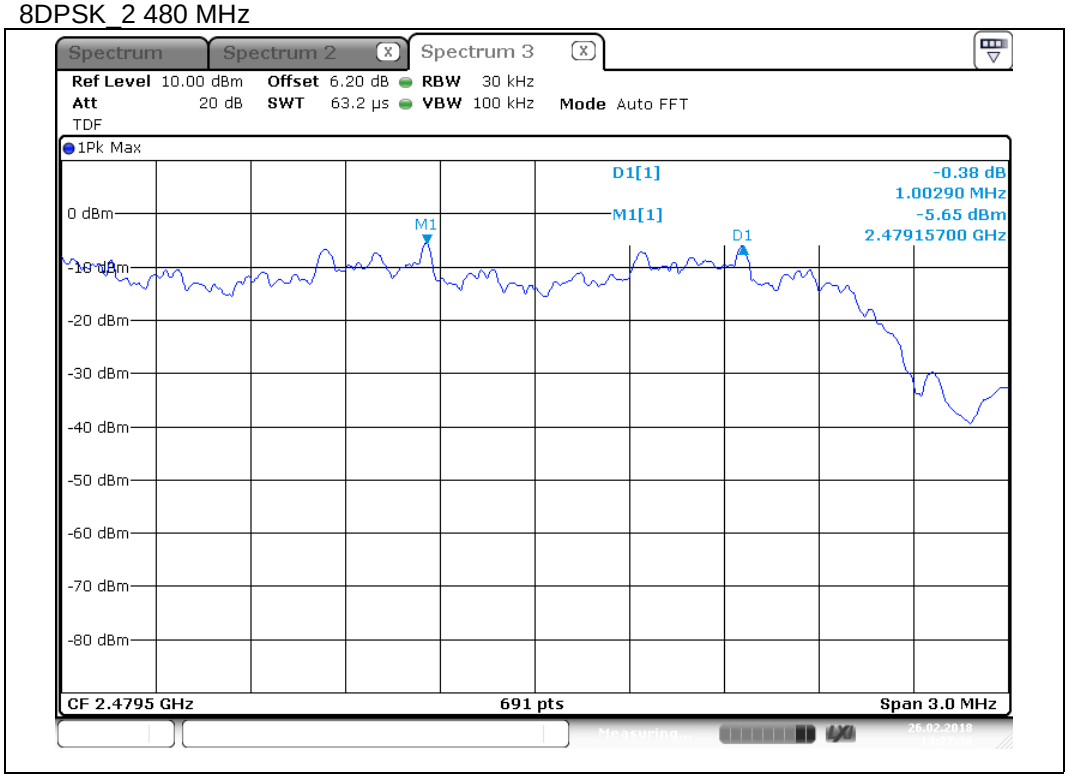
8DPSK_2 402 MHz




8DPSK_2 441 MHz



8DPSK_2 480 MHz



### 4.4.6 Peak Output Power

4.4.6.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(b)(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 nonoverlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

4.4.6.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
ANSI C63.10 § 7.8.5 Output Power test procedure for FHSS

4.4.6.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)

4.4.6.4 Measurement data

Test mode : GFSK

| Frequency (MHz) | Peak Output Power Result (dBm) | Peak Output Power Result (mW) | Avg Output Power Result (dBm) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 402.00 | 7.83 | 6.07 | 7.10 |
| 2 441.00 | 8.16 | 6.55 | 7.39 |
| 2 480.00 | 8.32 | 6.79 | 7.49 |

NOTE1 : Since the directional gain of the PCB Antenna declared by the manufacturer (GANT =3.00 dBi), does not exceed 6.0 dBi ,there was no need to reduce the output power.
NOTE2 : We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.
NOTE3 : Peak Output Power Result(W) = (10^(Peak Output Power Result(dBm)/10))

Test mode :π/4DQPSK

| Frequency (MHz) | Peak Output Power Result (dBm) | Peak Output Power Result (mW) | Avg Output Power Result (dBm) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 402.00 | 5.23 | 3.33 | 2.65 |
| 2 441.00 | 5.20 | 3.31 | 2.48 |
| 2 480.00 | 5.13 | 3.26 | 2.46 |

NOTE1 : Since the directional gain of the PCB Antenna declared by the manufacturer (GANT =3.00 dBi), does not exceed 6.0 dBi ,there was no need to reduce the output power.
NOTE2 : We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.
NOTE3 : Peak Output Power Result(W) = (10^(Peak Output Power Result(dBm)/10))

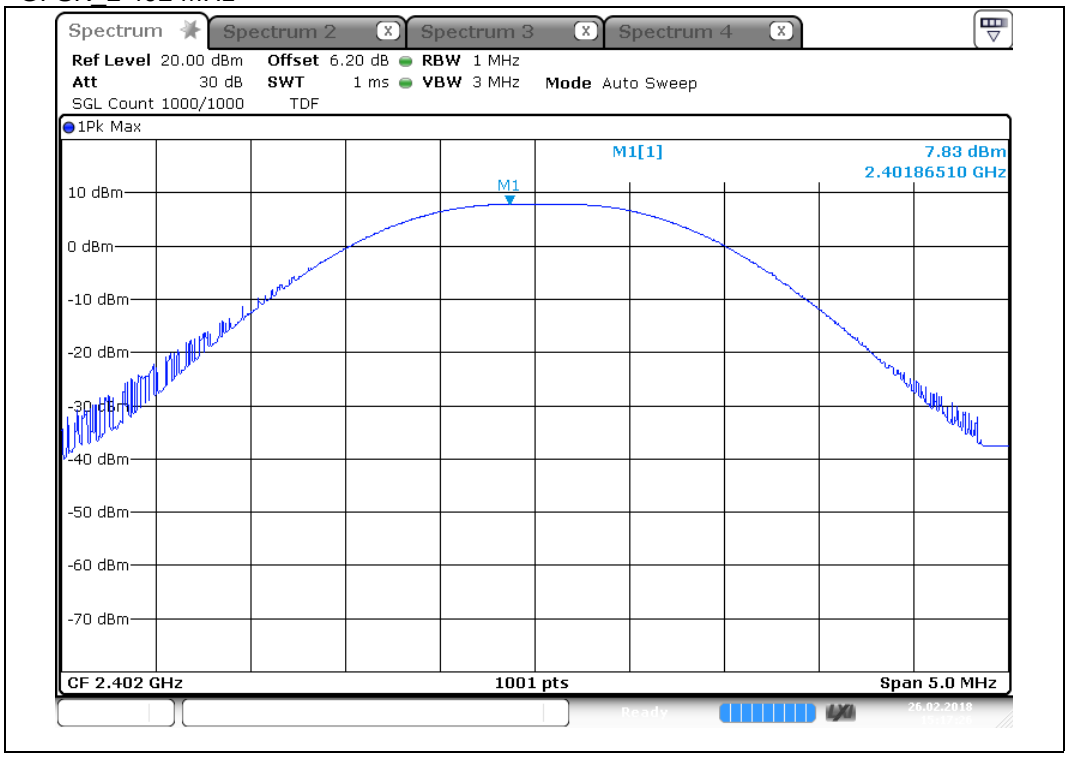
Test mode : 8DPSK

| Frequency (MHz) | Peak Output Power Result (dBm) | Peak Output Power Result (mW) | Avg Output Power Result (dBm) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 402.00 | 5.53 | 3.57 | 2.67 |
| 2 441.00 | 5.52 | 3.56 | 2.51 |
| 2 480.00 | 5.45 | 3.51 | 2.48 |

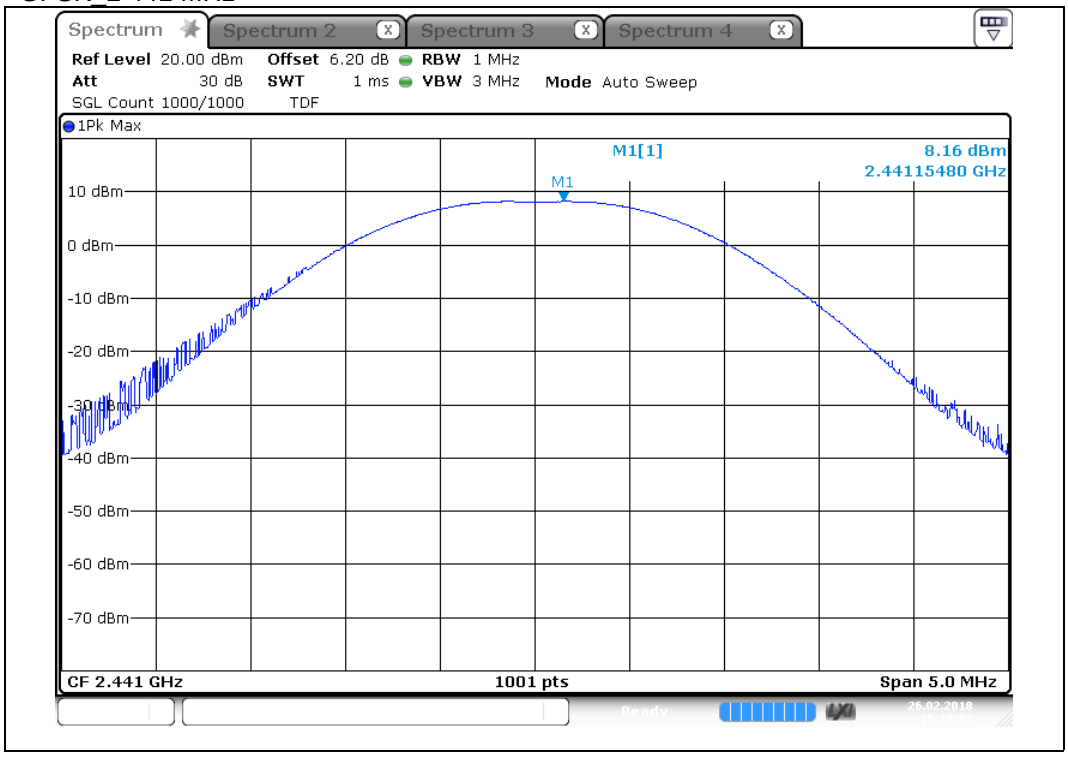
NOTE1 : Since the directional gain of the PCB Antenna declared by the manufacturer (GANT =3.00 dBi), does not exceed 6.0 dBi ,there was no need to reduce the output power.
NOTE2 : We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.
NOTE3 : Peak Output Power Result(W) = (10^(Peak Output Power Result(dBm)/10))

4.4.6.5 Test Plot

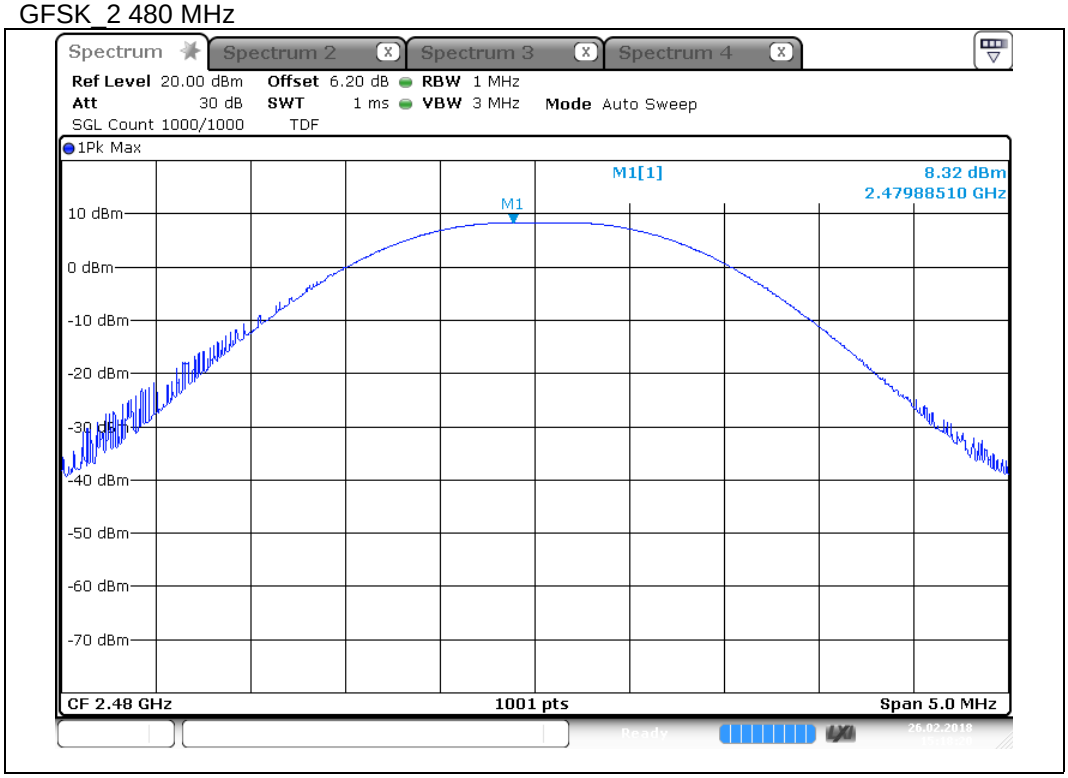
GFSK_2 402 MHz



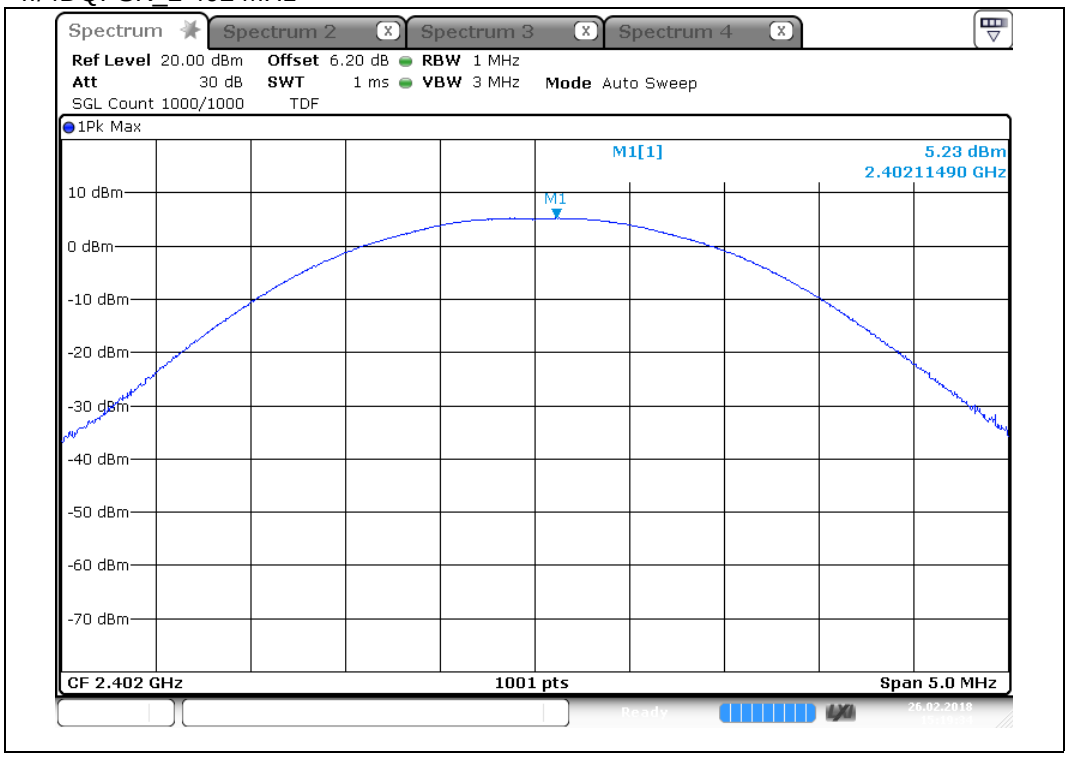

GFSK_2 441 MHz



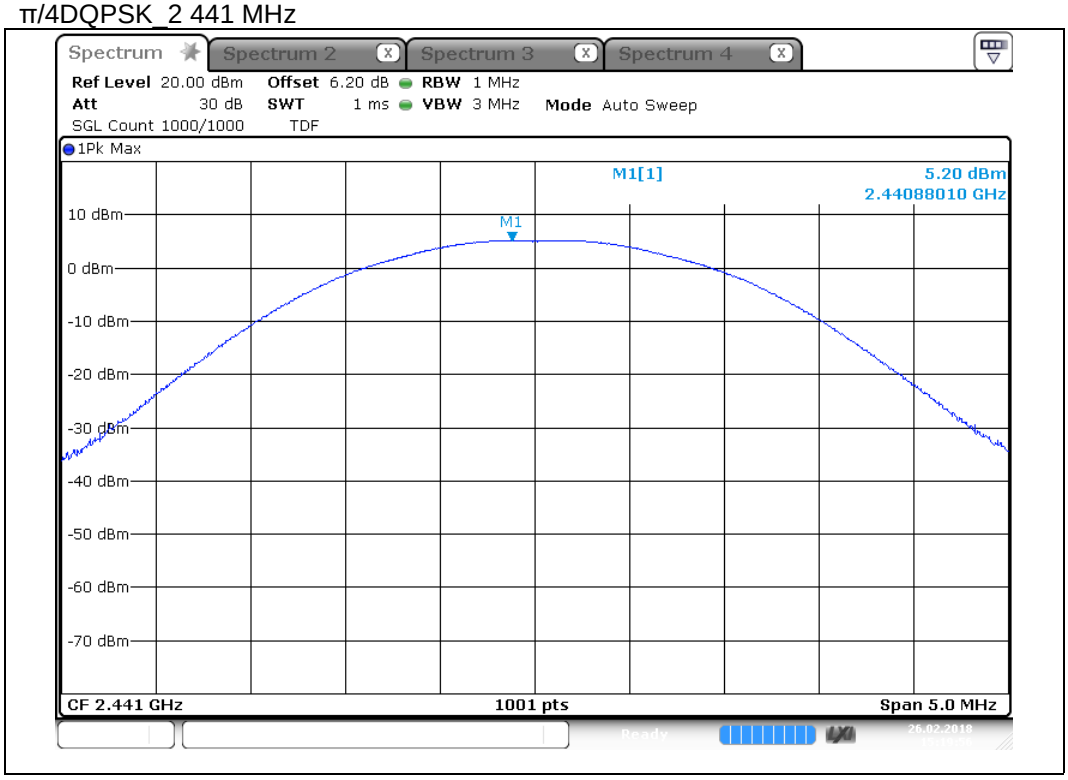
GFSK_2 480 MHz



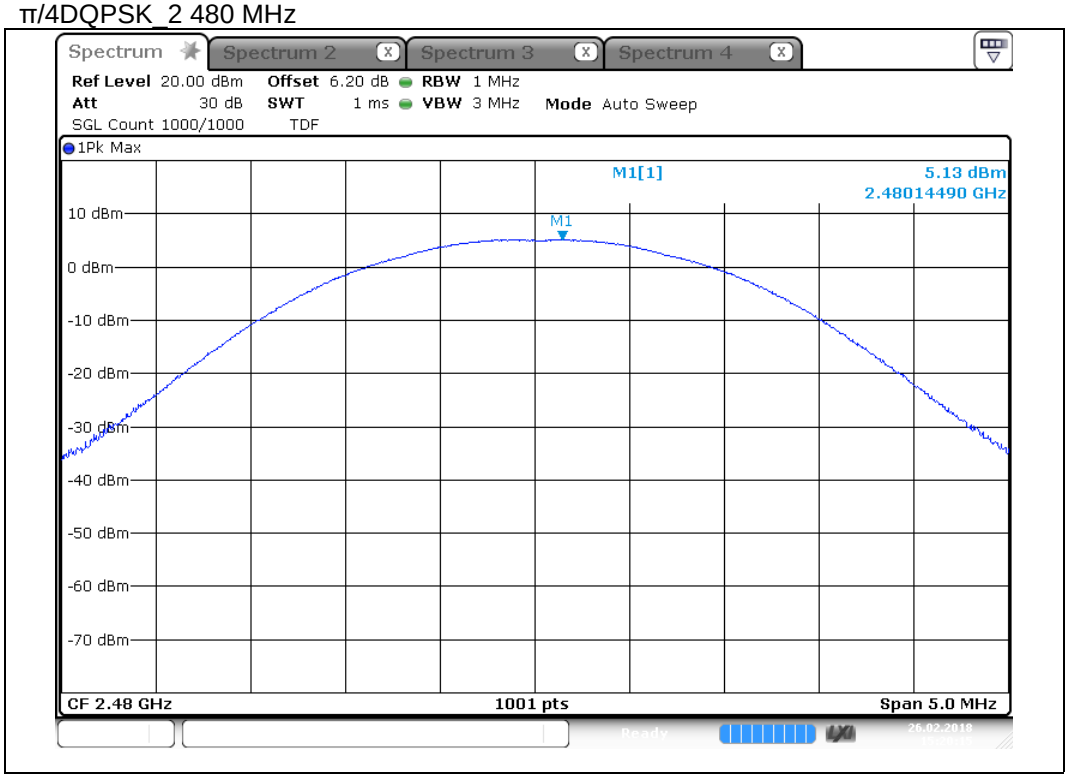

π/4DQPSK_2 402 MHz



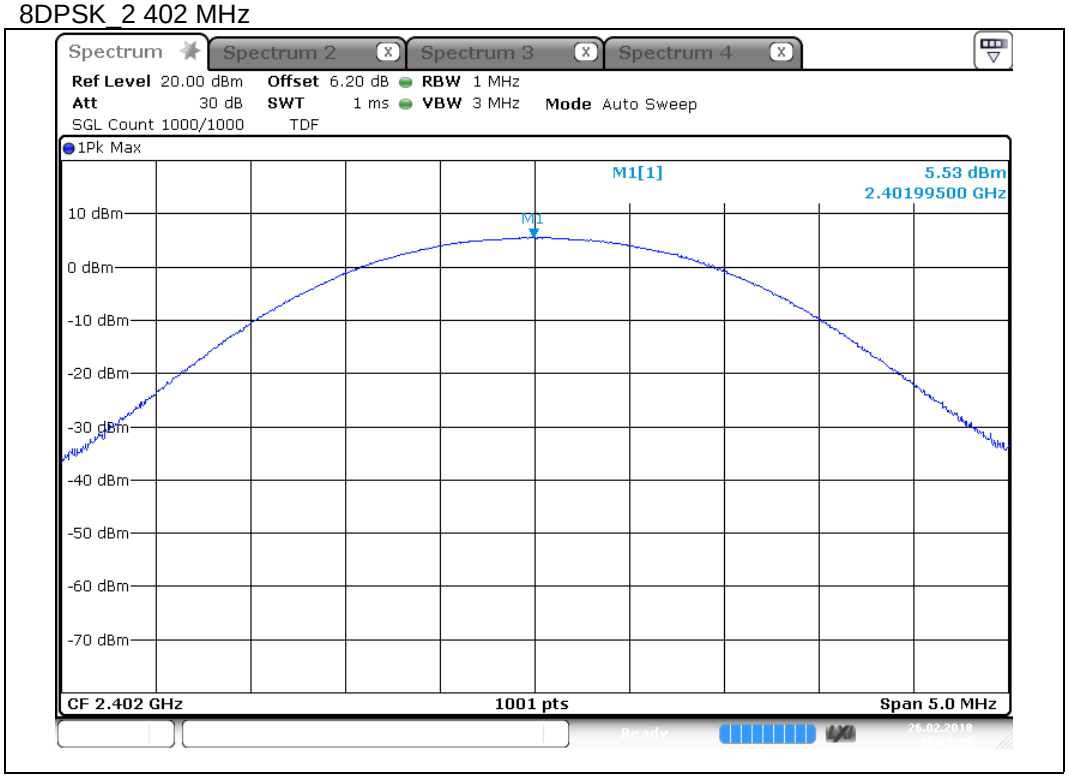
π/4DQPSK_2 441 MHz



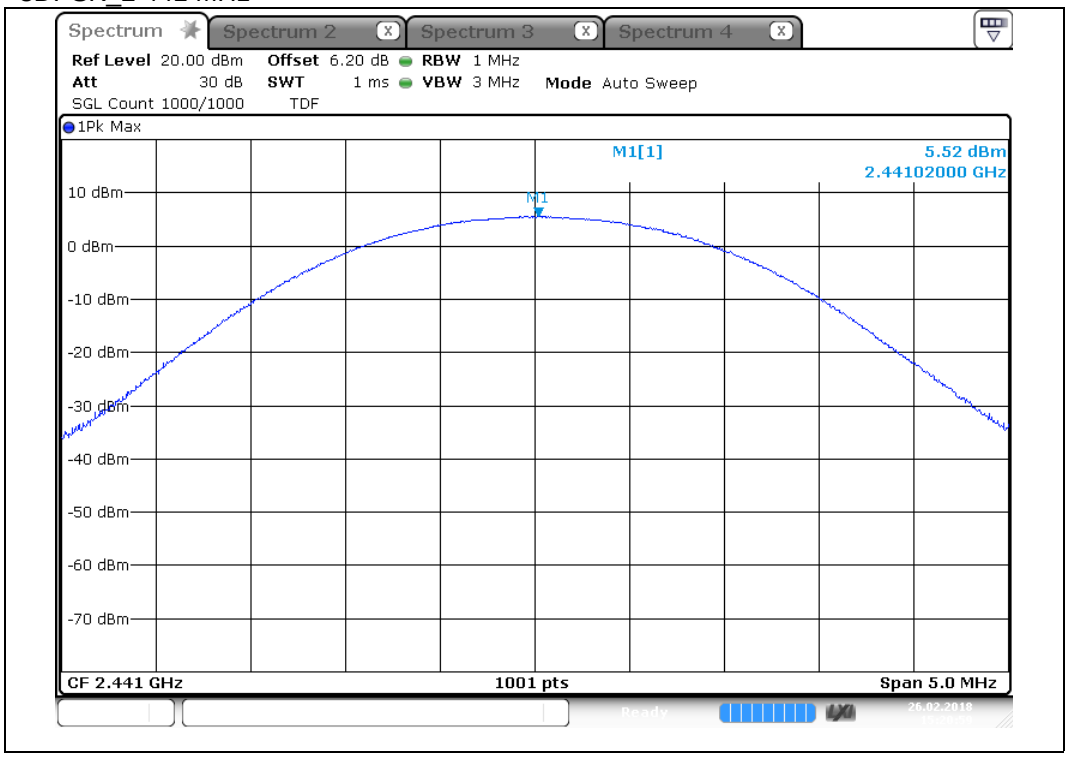

π/4DQPSK_2 480 MHz



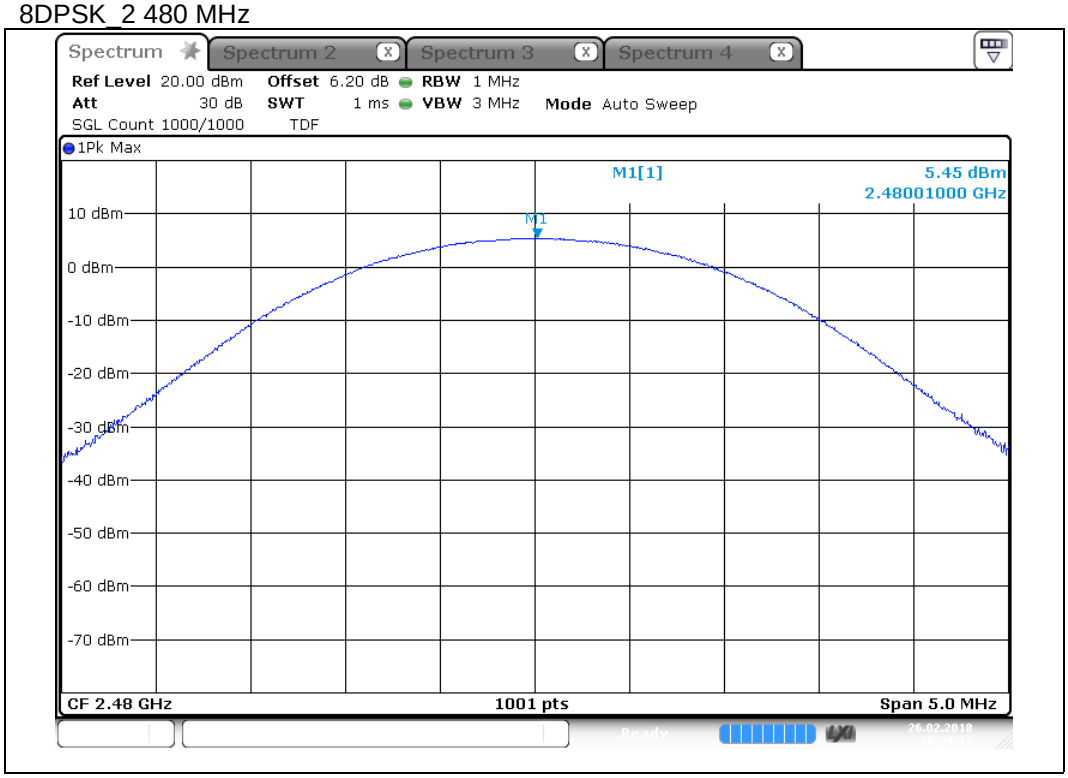
8DPSK_2 402 MHz




8DPSK_2 441 MHz



8DPSK_2 480 MHz



### 4.4.7 Spurious Emission, Band Edge, and Restricted bands

4.4.7.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(d) in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall notexceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

| Frequency(MHz) | Field strength(microvolts/meter) | Measurement distance(meters) |
|---|---|---|
| 0.009 - 0.490 | 2 400/F(kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 - 1.705 | 24 000/F(kHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 - 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 - 88 | 100** | 3 |
| 88 - 216 | 150** | 3 |
| 216 - 960 | 200** | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shallnot be located in the frequency bands 54–72 MHz, 76–88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or 470–806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permItted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

According to §15.205(a),(b) only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0.009 - 0.110 | 16.42 - 16.423 | 399.9 - 410 | 4.5 - 5.15 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 | 16.694 75 - 16.695 25 | 608 - 614 | 5.35 - 5.46 |
| 2.173 5 - 2.190 5 | 16.804 25 - 16.804 75 | 960 – 1 240 | 7.25 - 7.75 |
| 4.125 - 4.128 | 25.5 - 25.67 | 1 300 – 1 427 | 8.025 - 8.5 |
| 4.177 25 - 4.177 75 | 37.5 - 38.25 | 1 435 – 1 626.5 | 9.0 - 9.2 |
| 4.207 25 - 4.207 75 | 73 - 74.6 | 1 645.5 – 1 646.5 | 9.3 - 9.5 |
| 6.215 - 6.218 | 74.8 - 75.2 | 1 660 – 1 710 | 10.6 - 12.7 |
| 6.267 75 - 6.268 25 | 108 - 121.94 | 1 718.8 – 1 722.2 | 13.25 - 13.4 |
| 6.311 75 - 6.312 25 | 123 - 138 | 2 200 – 2 300 | 14.47 - 14.5 |
| 8.291 - 8.294 | 149.9 - 150.05 | 2 310 – 2 390 | 15.35 - 16.2 |
| 8.362 - 8.366 | 156.524 75 - 156.525 25 | 2 483.5 – 2 500 | 17.7 - 21.4 |
| 8.376 25 - 8.386 75 | 156.7 - 156.9 | 2 690 – 2 900 | 22.01 - 23.12 |
| 8.414 25 - 8.414 75 | 162.012 5 - 167.17 | 3 260 – 3 267 | 23.6 - 24.0 |
| 12.29 - 12.293 | 167.72 - 173.2 | 3 332 – 3 339 | 31.2 - 31.8 |
| 12.519 75 - 12.520 25 | 240 - 285 | 3 345.8 – 3 358 | 36.43 - 36.5 |
| 12.576 75 - 12.577 25 | 322 - 335.4 | 3 600 – 4 400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36 - 13.41 | | | |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurement

4.4.7.2 Measurement Procedure

The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
ANSI C63.10 § 6.10.4 Authorized band-edge relative method (lower bandedge)
ANSI C63.10 § 6.10.6 Marker Delta Method (upper restricted bandedge)
ANSI C63.10 § 11.11.1 General Information
ANSI C63.10 § 11.11.3 Emission level measurement

4.4.7.2.1 Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

Span : wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation
RBW : ≥ 1% of the span
VBW : ≥ RBW
Sweep : Auto
Detector : Peak
Trace : Max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section. Submit this plot.

Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT. Allow the trace to stabilize. Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit. Submit this plot.

4.4.7.2.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Span | : | wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation |
| RBW | : | ≥ 1% of the span |
| VBW | : | ≥ RBW |
| Sweep | : | Auto |
| Detector | : | Peak |
| Trace | : | Max hold |

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section. Submit these plots.

4.4.7.2.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions

1) The preliminary and final rdiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in at a 10m anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
2) The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1 × 1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°.
3) The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1 000 MHz using the BILOG broadband antenna, and from 1 000 MHz to 10 000 MHz using the horn antenna.
4) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Span | : | wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured |
| RBW | : | ≥ 1 MHz for f ≥1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz |
| VBW | : | ≥ RBW |
| Sweep | : | Auto |
| Detector | : | Peak |
| Trace | : | Max hold |

Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.4 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity. Allow the trace to stabilize. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, which must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.35(b). Submit this data.

set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a “duty cycle correction factor”, derived from 20log(dwell time/100 ms), in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

NOTE1 : The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
NOTE2 : The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
NOTE3 : The 0.8 m height is for below 1 GHz testing, and 1.5 m is for above 1 GHz testing

4.4.7.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)

4.4.7.4 Measurement data_Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test mode : Below 1 GHz ( Worst case : GFSK_2 480 MHz )

| Frequency (MHz) | Detector | Pol. (V/H) | Reading (dBµV) | Ant Factor (dB) | Loss (dB) | Result (dBµV/m) | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24.800 | QP | H | 6.40 | 8.40 | 0.60 | 15.40 | 63.50 | 54.10 |
| 12.888 | QP | V | 18.20 | 10.30 | 0.50 | 29.00 | 69.50 | 40.50 |
| 279.284 | QP | H | 40.20 | 12.70 | -21.10 | 31.80 | 46.00 | 14.20 |
| 864.143 | QP | H | 29.70 | 23.50 | -19.10 | 34.10 | 46.00 | 11.90 |
| 440.420 | QP | V | 35.40 | 16.70 | -20.60 | 31.50 | 46.00 | 14.50 |
| 910.107 | QP | V | 30.60 | 23.90 | -18.50 | 36.00 | 46.00 | 10.00 |

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain
Note 2 : Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss

Test mode : Above 1 GHz _ GFSK_2 402

| Frequency (MHz) | Detector | Pol. (V/H) | Reading (dBµV) | Ant Factor (dB) | Loss | Dutycycle Factor (dB) | Result (dBµV/m) | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 357.50 | PK | H | 49.70 | 31.50 | -27.50 | - | 53.70 | 83.54 | 29.84 |
| Above 3 GHz | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain
Note 2 : Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss
Note 3 : Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor
Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7
Note 4 : Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m
Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (-9.54) = 83.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 - (-9.54) = 63.54
Note 5 : Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.
Note 6 : Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.

Test mode : Above 1 GHz _ GFSK_2 441

| Frequency (MHz) | Detector | Pol. (V/H) | Reading (dBµV) | Ant Factor (dB) | Loss | Dutycycle Factor (dB) | Result (dBµV/m) | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Above 1 GHz | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain
Note 2 : Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss
Note 3 : Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor
Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7
Note 4 : Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m
Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (-9.54) = 83.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 - (-9.54) = 63.54
Note 5 : Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.
Note 6 : Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.

Test mode : Above 1 GHz _ GFSK_2 480

| Frequency (MHz) | Detector | Pol. (V/H) | Reading (dBµV) | Ant Factor (dB) | Loss | Dutycycle Factor (dB) | Result (dBµV/m) | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 487.53 | PK | H | 50.40 | 32.20 | -27.30 | - | 55.30 | 83.54 | 28.24 |
| Above 18 GHz | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - |

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain
Note 2 : Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss
Note 3 : Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor
Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7
Note 4 : Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m
Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (-9.54) = 83.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 - (-9.54) = 63.54
Note 5 : Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.
Note 6 : Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.

Test mode : Above 1 GHz _ 8DPSK_2 402

| Frequency (MHz) | Detector | Pol. (V/H) | Reading (dBµV) | Ant Factor (dB) | Loss | Dutycycle Factor (dB) | Result (dBµV/m) | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 357.50 | PK | H | 49.70 | 31.50 | -27.50 | - | 53.70 | 83.54 | 29.84 |
| Above 3 GHz | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain
Note 2 : Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss
Note 3 : Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor
Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7
Note 4 : Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m
Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (-9.54) = 83.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 - (-9.54) = 63.54
Note 5 : Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.
Note 6 : Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.

Test mode : Above 1 GHz _ 8DPSK_2 441

| Frequency (MHz) | Detector | Pol. (V/H) | Reading (dBµV) | Ant Factor (dB) | Loss | Dutycycle Factor (dB) | Result (dBµV/m) | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Above 1 GHz | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain
Note 2 : Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss
Note 3 : Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor
Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7
Note 4 : Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m
Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (-9.54) = 83.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 - (-9.54) = 63.54
Note 5 : Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.
Note 6 : Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.

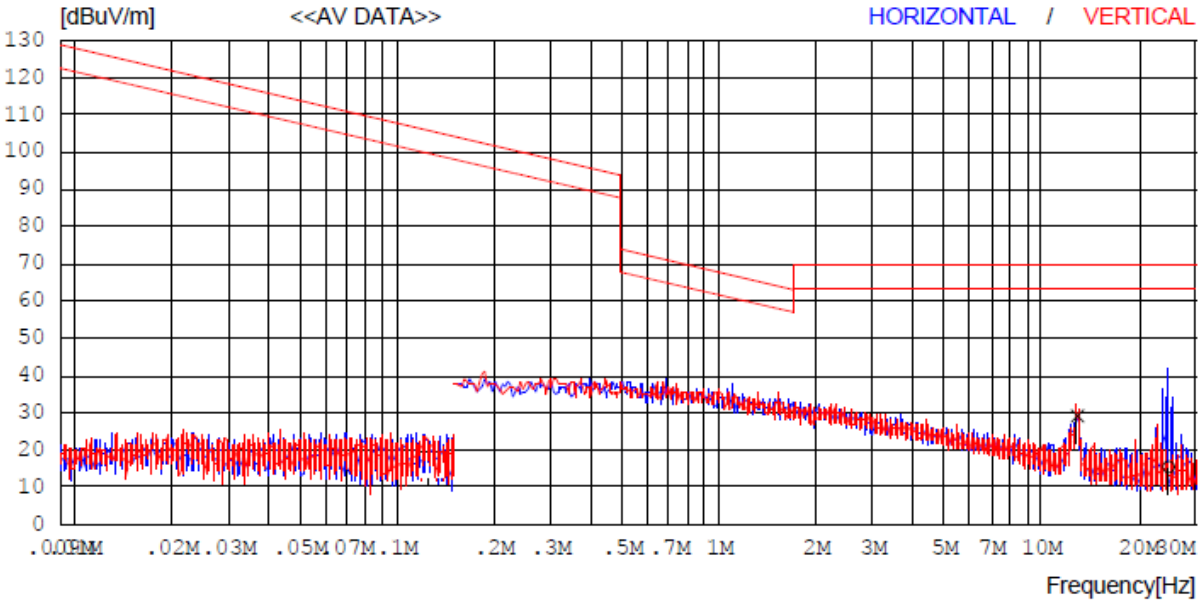
Test mode : Above 1 GHz _ 8DPSK_2 480

| Frequency (MHz) | Detector | Pol. (V/H) | Reading (dBµV) | Ant Factor (dB) | Loss | Dutycycle Factor (dB) | Result (dBµV/m) | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 484.52 | PK | V | 47.90 | 32.10 | -27.30 | - | 52.70 | 83.54 | 30.84 |
| Above 18 GHz | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - |

Note 1 : Loss : Cable loss - Amp gain
Note 2 : Peak Result : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss
Note 3 : Average Reasult : Reading + Ant Factor + Loss + Dutycycle Factor
Dutycycle Factor : 20log(Dutycycle) * Refer to 4.4.5.7
Note 4 : Below 1 GHz Measured distance : 3 m, Above 1 GHz Measured distance : 1 m
Above 1 GHz Distance Factor = 20log(1 / 3) = -9.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Peak = 74 - (-9.54) = 83.54
Above 1 GHz Limit Average = 54 - (-9.54) = 63.54
Note 5 : Average measurement did not take place because the peak data did not exceed Average Limit.
Note 6 : Not Detected means that peak data does not exceed the average limit.

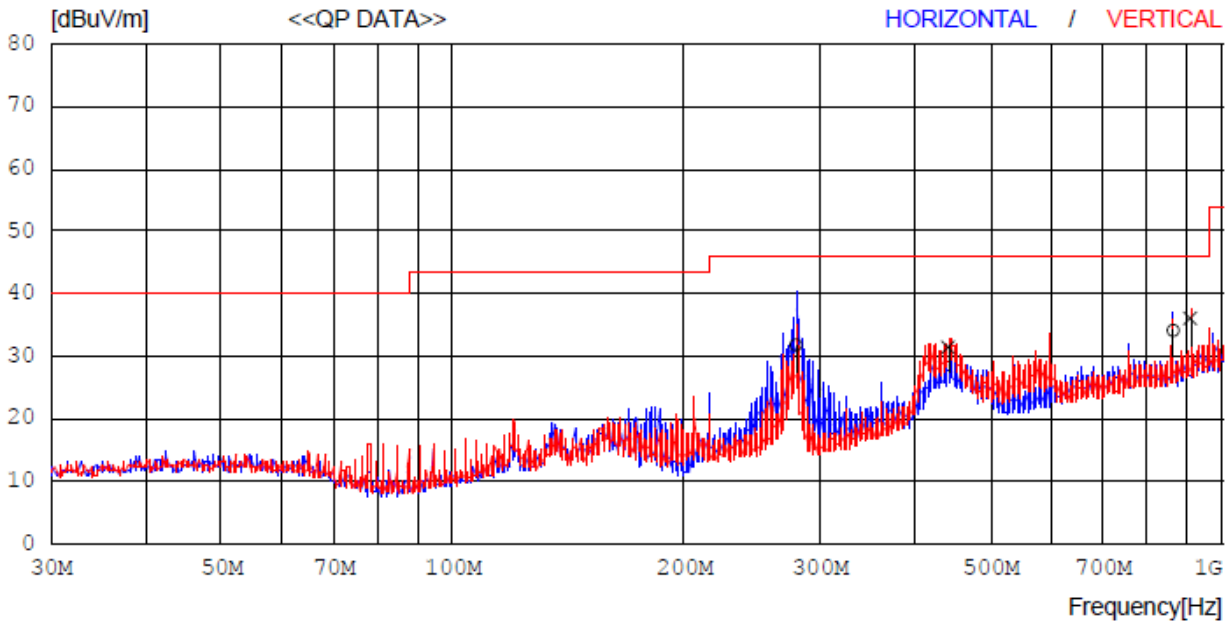
4.4.7.5 Measurement Plot_Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test mode : 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz Worst Case(GFSK_2 480 MHz)



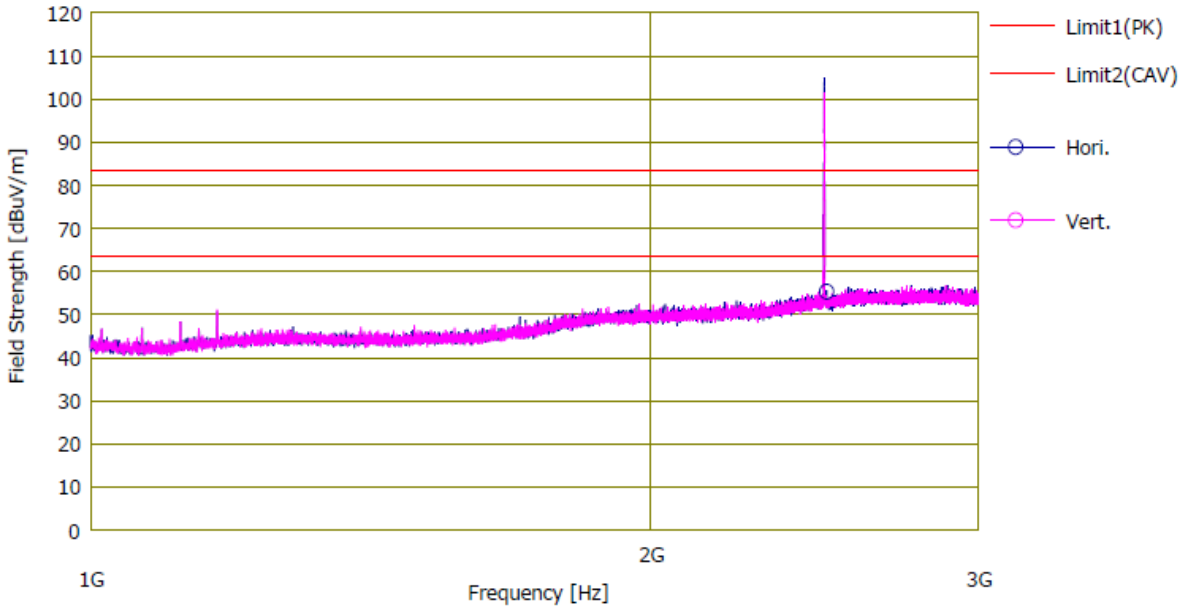

| No. | FREQ [MHz] | READING CAV [dBuV] | ANT FACTOR [dB] | LOSS [dB] | GAIN [dB] | RESULT [dBuV/m] | LIMIT [dBuV/m] | MARGIN [dB] | ANTENNA [cm] | TABLE [DEG] |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ----- Horizontal ------ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 24.800 | 6.4 | 8.4 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 15.4 | 69.5 | 54.1 | 100 | 9 |
| ----- Vertical ------ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 12.888 | 18.2 | 10.3 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 29.0 | 69.5 | 40.5 | 100 | 311 |

Test mode : 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz Worst Case(GFSK_2 480 MHz)




| No. | FREQ [MHz] | READING QP [dBuV] | ANT FACTOR [dB] | LOSS [dB] | GAIN [dB] | RESULT [dBuV/m] | LIMIT [dBuV/m] | MARGIN [dB] | ANTENNA [cm] | TABLE [DEG] |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ----- Horizontal ------ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 279.284 | 40.2 | 12.7 | -21.1 | 0.0 | 31.8 | 46.0 | 14.2 | 100 | 194 |
| 2 | 864.143 | 29.7 | 23.5 | -19.1 | 0.0 | 34.1 | 46.0 | 11.9 | 100 | 204 |
| ----- Vertical ------ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 440.420 | 35.4 | 16.7 | -20.6 | 0.0 | 31.5 | 46.0 | 14.5 | 100 | 359 |
| 4 | 910.107 | 30.6 | 23.9 | -18.5 | 0.0 | 36.0 | 46.0 | 10.0 | 100 | 359 |

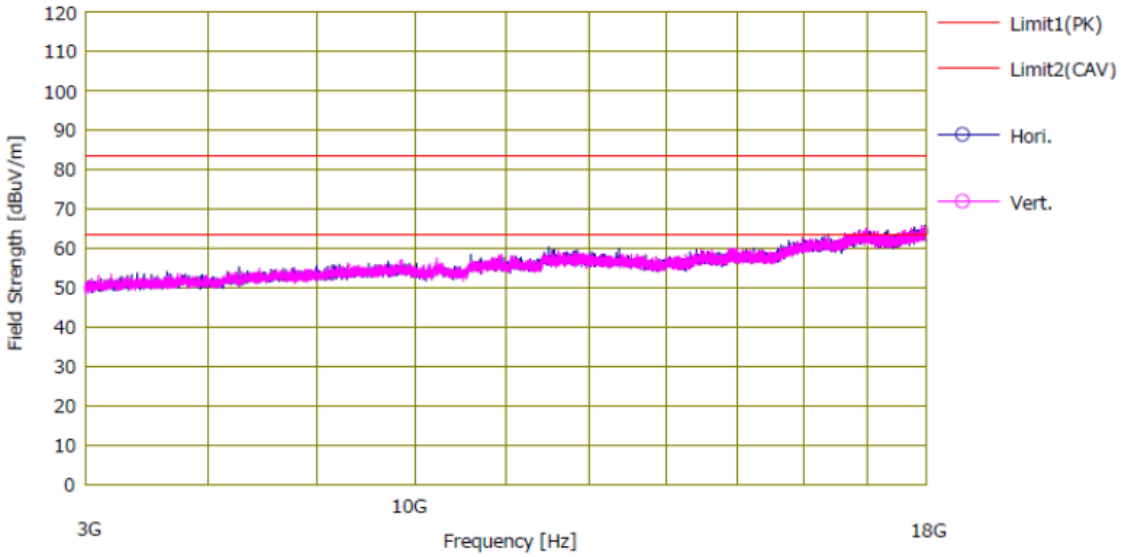
Test mode : 1 GHz ~ 3 GHz Peak Worst Case(GFSK_2 480 MHz)




| No. | Freq. | Reading | Ant.Fac | Loss | Gain | Result | Limit | | Margin | | Pola. | Height | Angle | Ant. Type | Comment |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | <PK> | <CAV> | <PK> | <CAV> | | | | | |
| | [MHz] | [dBuV] | [dB/m] | [dB] | [dB] | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | [dB] | [dB] | [H/V] | [cm] | [deg] | | |
| 1 | 2487.531 | 50.4 | 32.2 | 7.2 | 34.5 | 55.3 | 83.5 | 63.5 | 28.2 | 8.2 | Hori. | 150 | 194 | 8719K | |

Note 1 : Measured distance : 1 m
Note 2 : Limit : Peak : 83.5 dBµV/m
Average : 63.5 dBµV/m

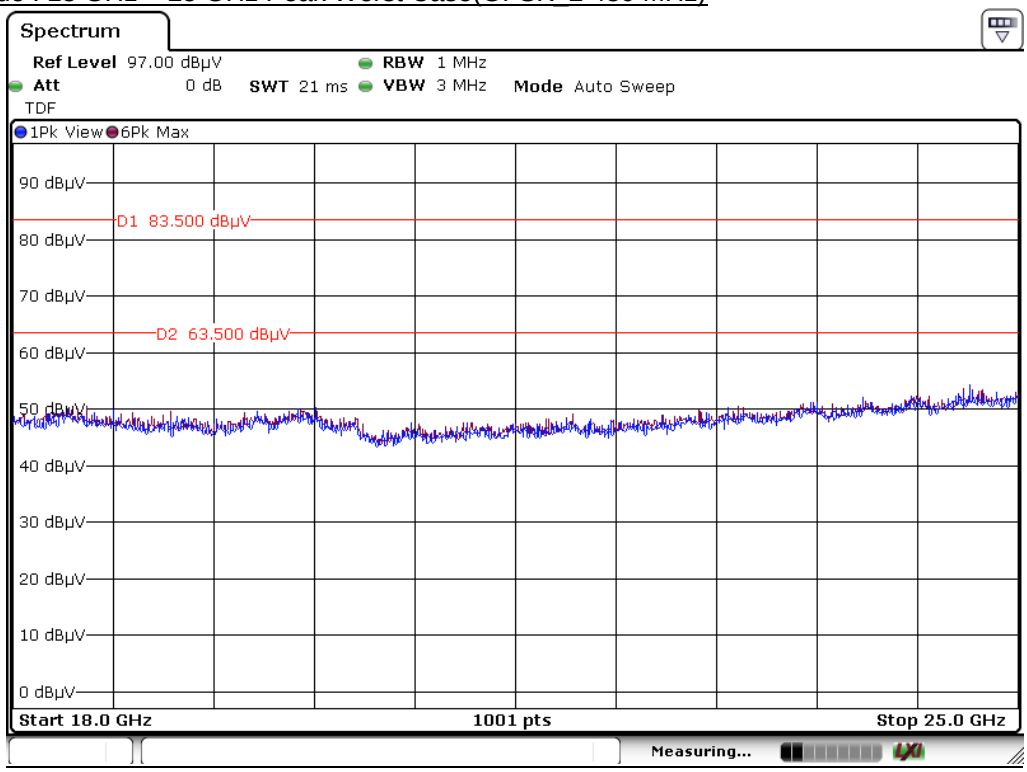
Test mode : 3 GHz ~ 18 GHz Peak Worst Case(GFSK_2 480 MHz)




| No. | Freq. | Reading | Ant.Fac | Loss | Gain | Result | Limit | | Margin | | Pola. | Height | Angle | Ant. Type | Comment |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | <PK> | <CAV> | <PK> | <CAV> | | | | | |
| | [MHz] | [dBuV] | [dB/m] | [dB] | [dB] | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | dBuV/m | [dB] | [dB] | [H/V] | [cm] | [deg] | | |

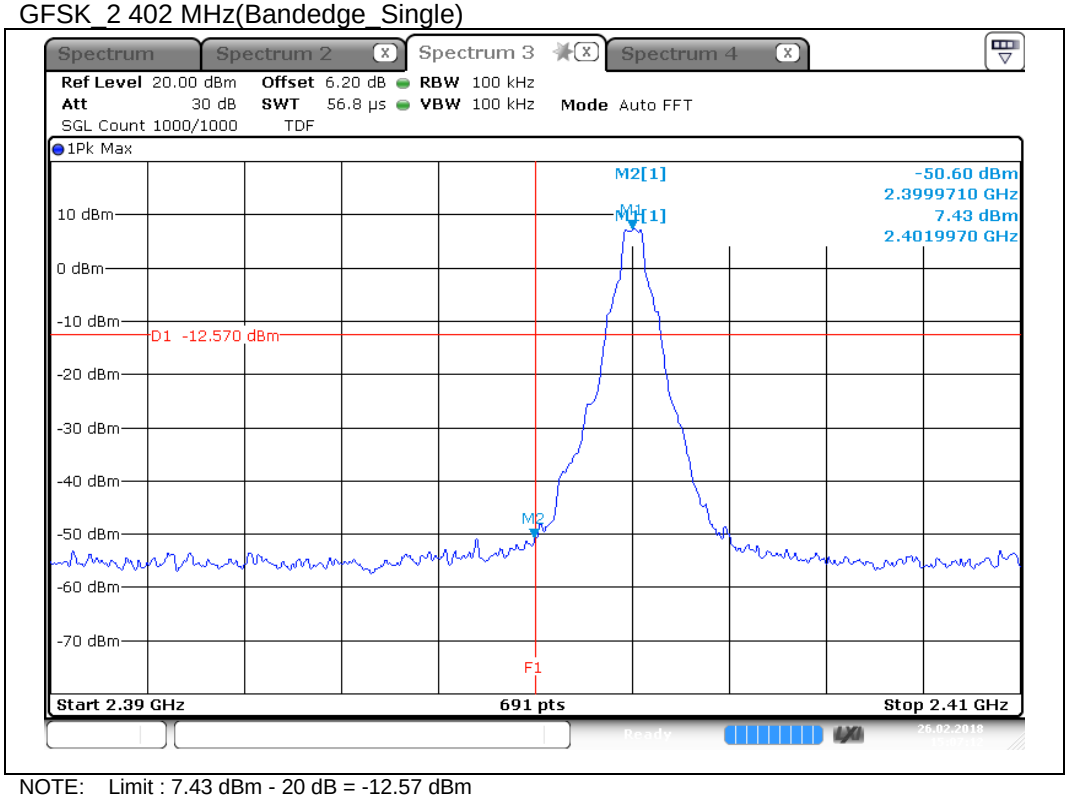
Note 1 : Measured distance : 1 m
Note 2 : Limit : Peak : 83.5 dBµV/m
Average : 63.5 dBµV/m

Test mode : 18 GHz ~ 25 GHz Peak Worst Case(GFSK_2 480 MHz)



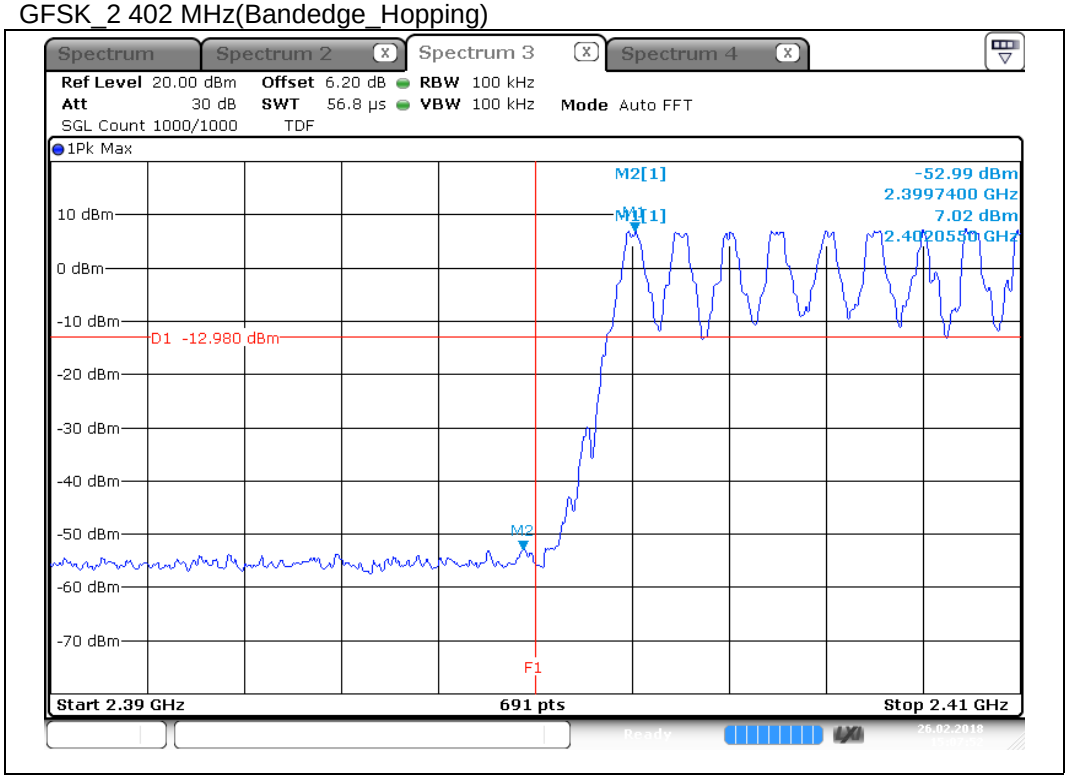
4.4.7.6 Measurement data_Conducted Spurious Emissions

GFSK_2 402 MHz(Bandedge_Single)



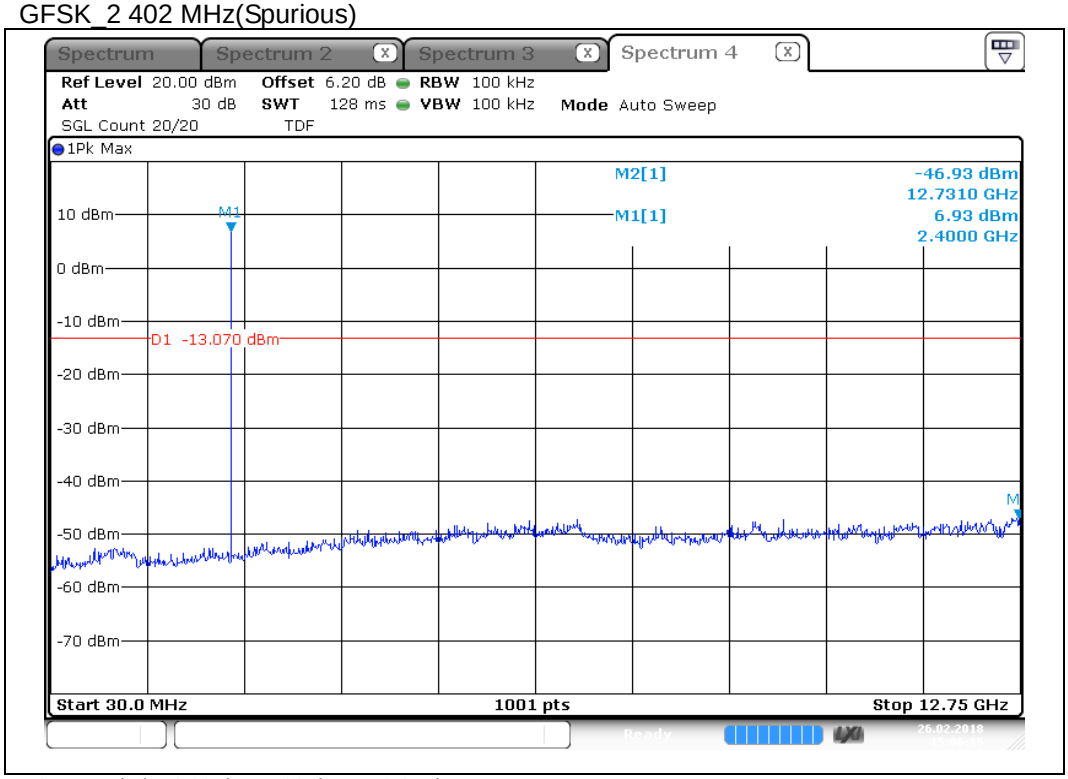

NOTE: Limit : 7.43 dBm - 20 dB = -12.57 dBm

GFSK_2 402 MHz(Bandedge_Hopping)



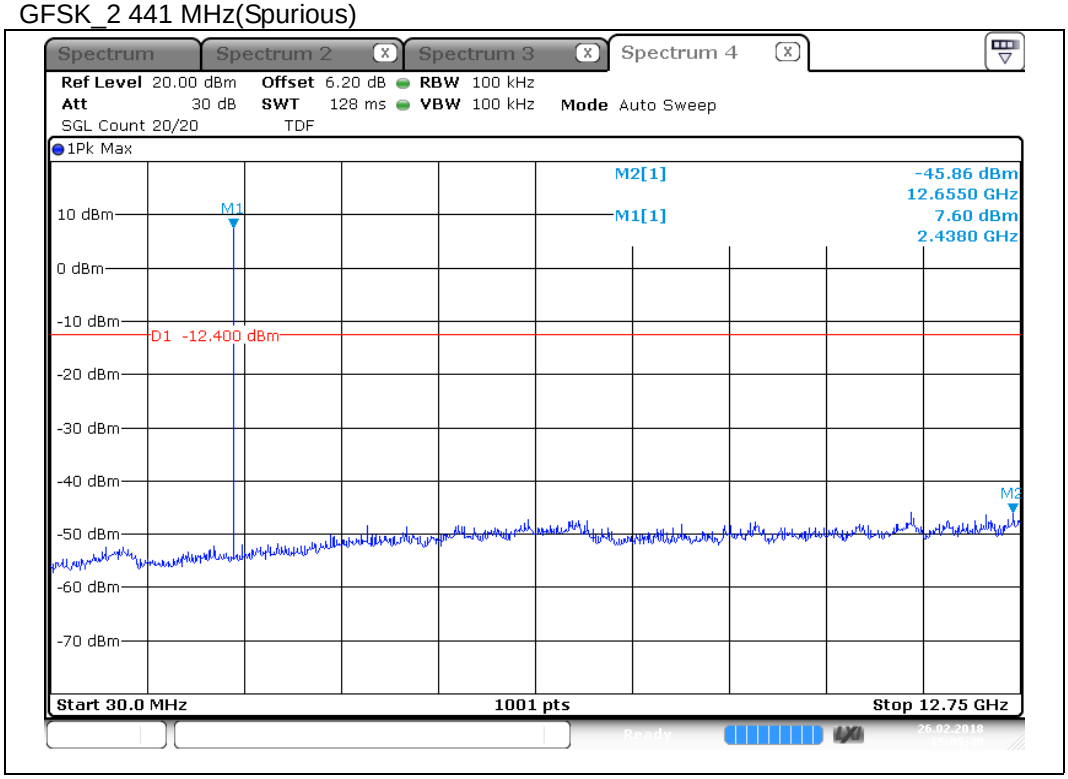

NOTE: Limit : 7.02 dBm - 20 dB = -12.98 dBm

GFSK_2 402 MHz(Spurious)



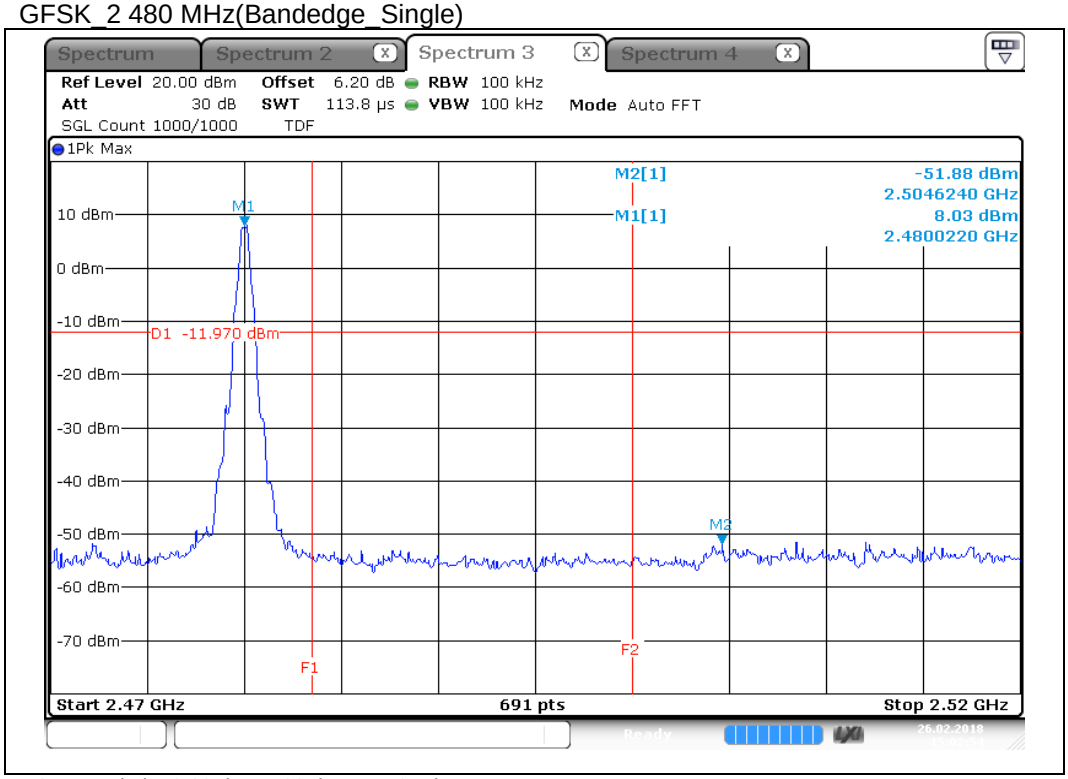

NOTE: Limit : 6.93 dBm - 20 dB = -13.07 dBm

GFSK_2 441 MHz(Spurious)



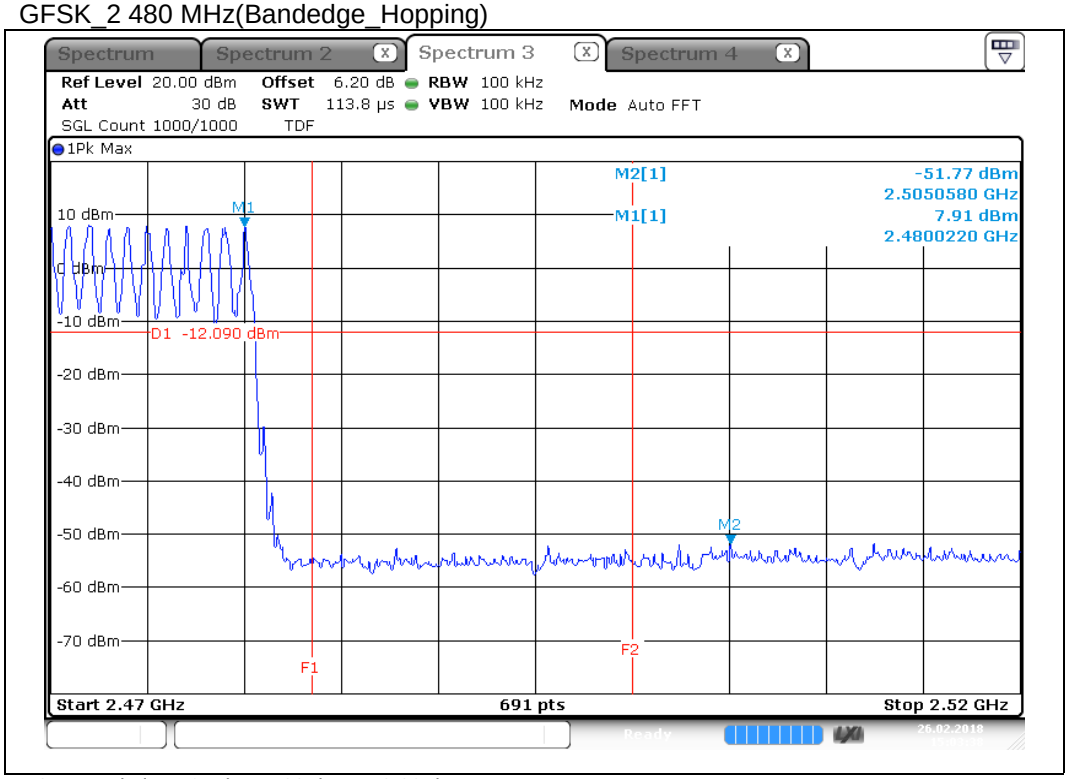

NOTE: Limit : 7.60 dBm - 20 dB = -12.40 dBm

GFSK_2 480 MHz(Bandedge_Single)



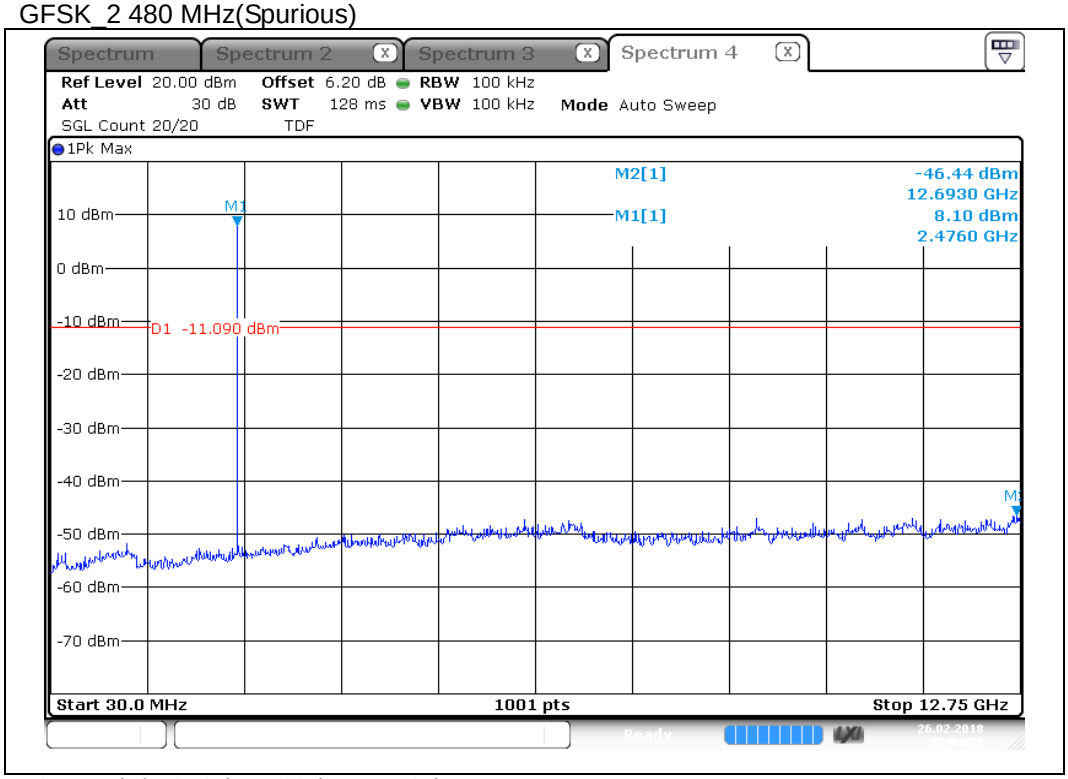

NOTE: Limit : 8.03 dBm - 20 dB = -11.97 dBm

GFSK_2 480 MHz(Bandedge_Hopping)



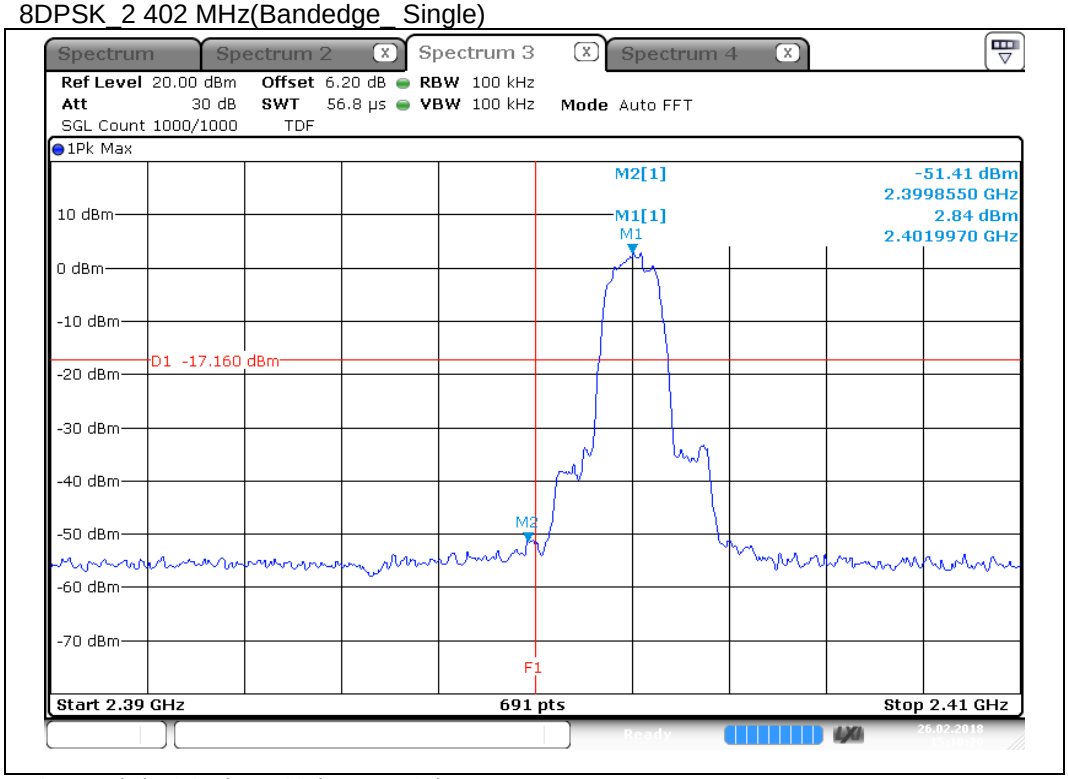

NOTE: Limit : 7.91 dBm - 20 dB = -12.09 dBm

GFSK_2 480 MHz(Spurious)



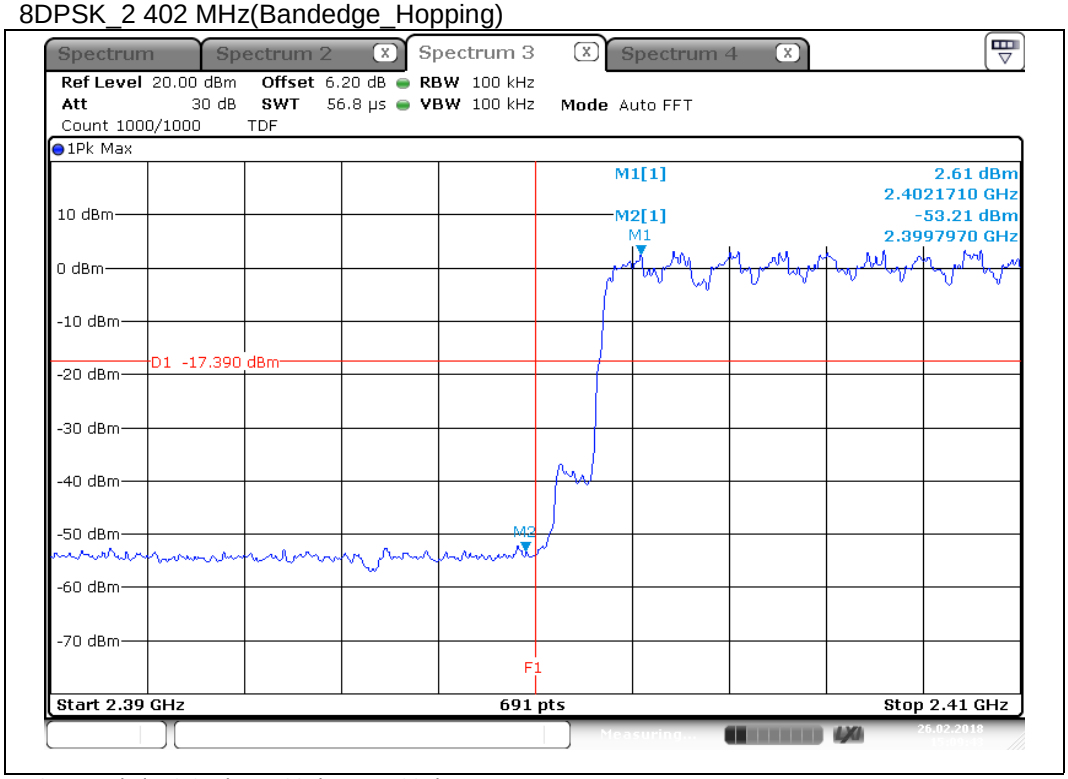

NOTE: Limit : 8.10 dBm - 20 dB = -11.90 dBm

8DPSK_2 402 MHz(Bandedge_ Single)



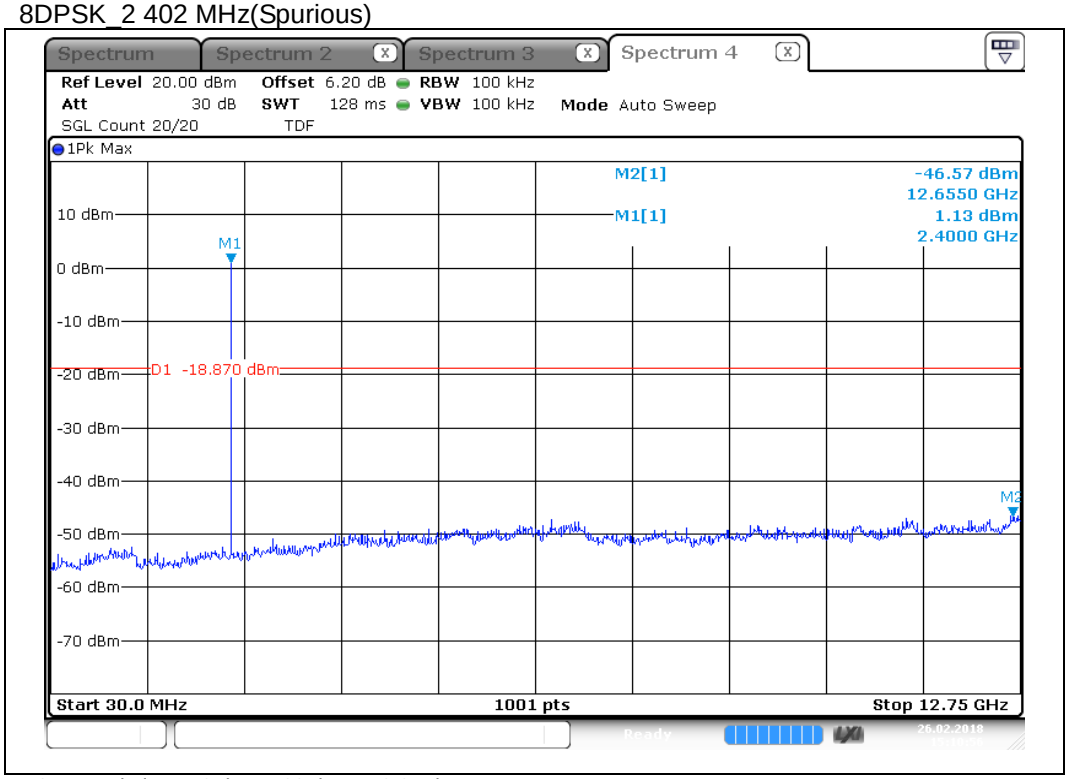

NOTE: Limit : 2.84 dBm - 20 dB = -17.16 dBm

8DPSK_2 402 MHz(Bandedge_Hopping)



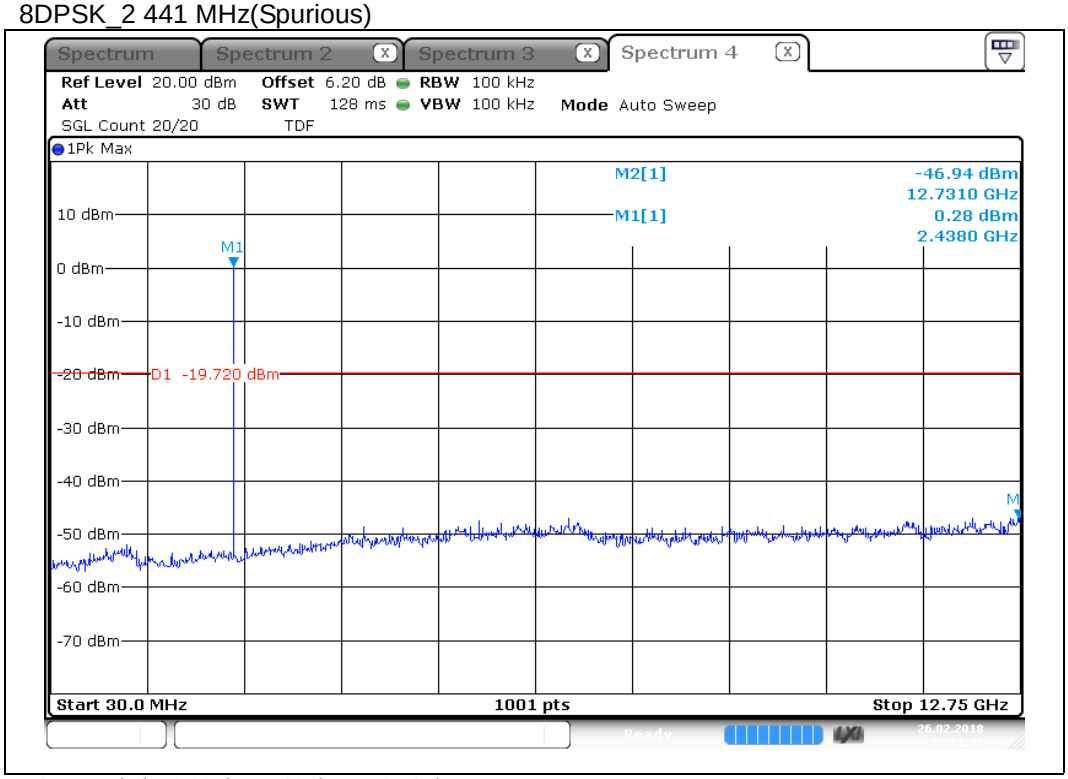

NOTE: Limit : 2.61 dBm - 20 dB = -17.39 dBm

8DPSK_2 402 MHz(Spurious)



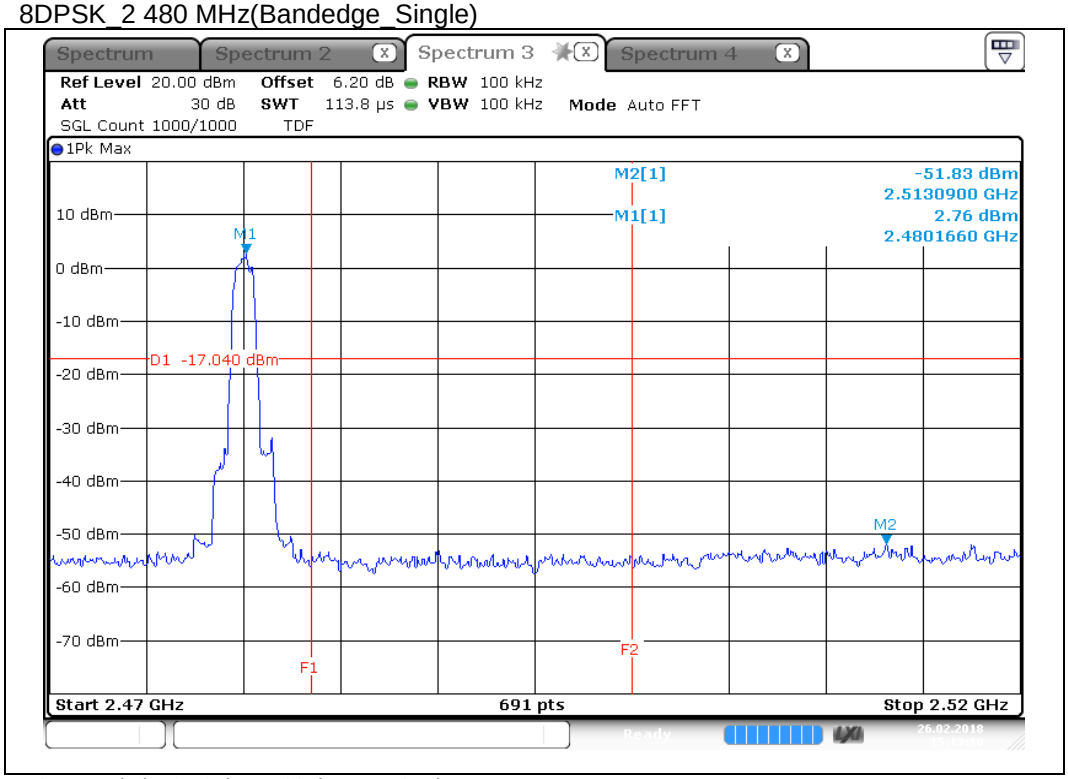

NOTE: Limit : 1.13 dBm - 20 dB = -18.87 dBm

8DPSK_2 441 MHz(Spurious)



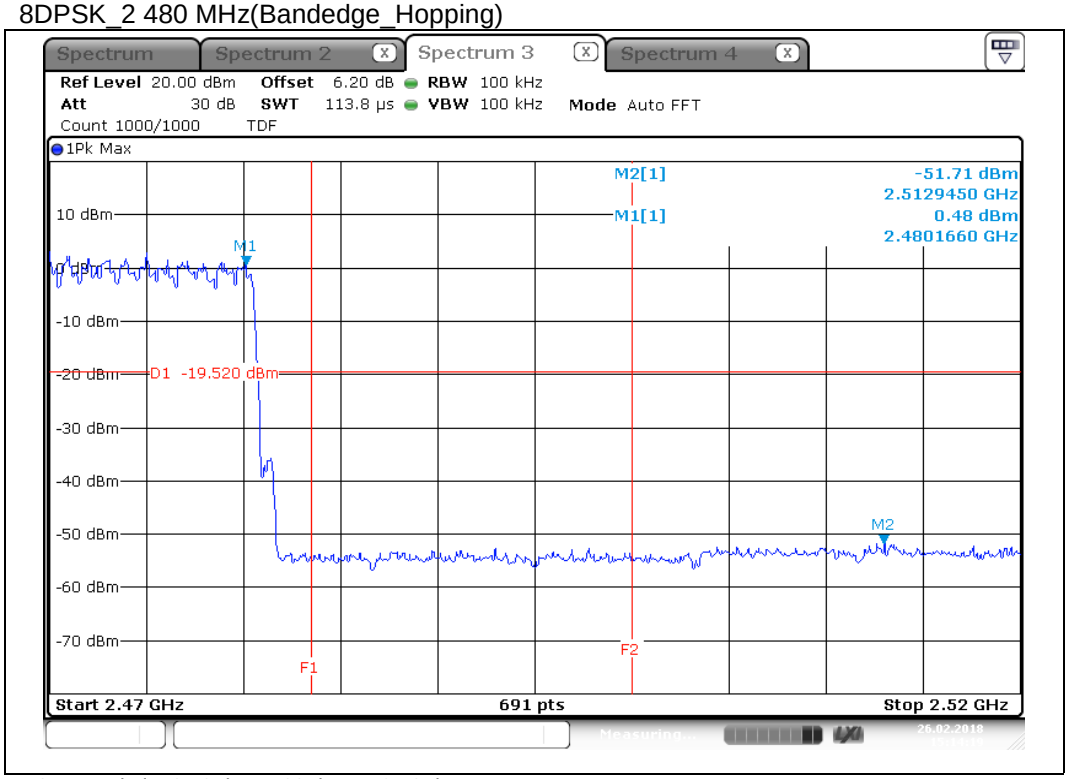

NOTE: Limit : 0.28 dBm - 20 dB = -19.72 dBm

8DPSK_2 480 MHz(Bandedge_Single)



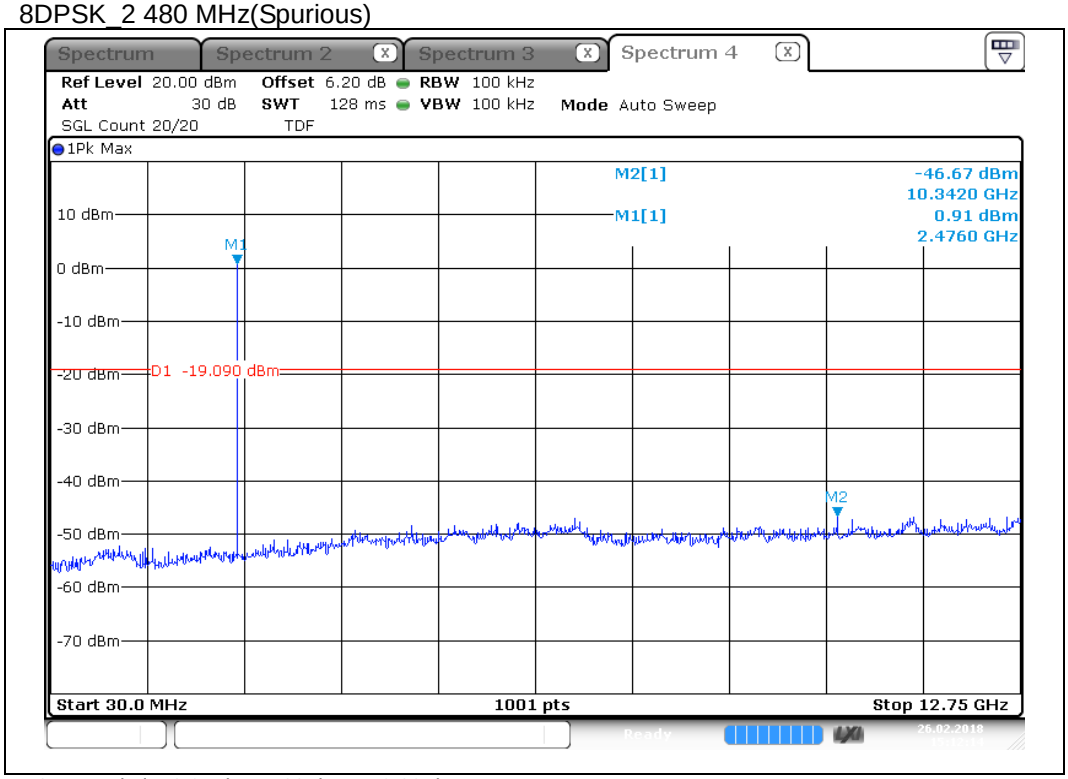

NOTE: Limit : 2.76 dBm - 20 dB = -17.04 dBm

8DPSK_2 480 MHz(Bandedge_Hopping)




NOTE: Limit : 0.48 dBm - 20 dB = -19.52 dBm

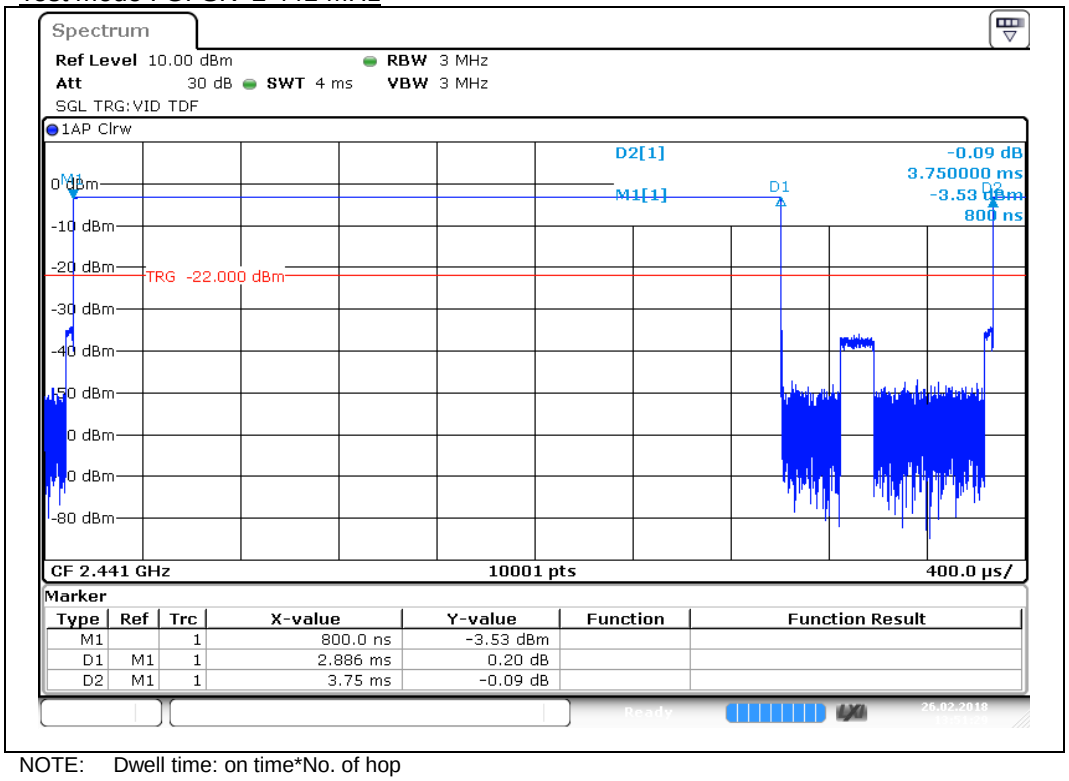
8DPSK_2 480 MHz(Spurious)




NOTE: Limit : 0.91 dBm - 20 dB = -19.09 dBm

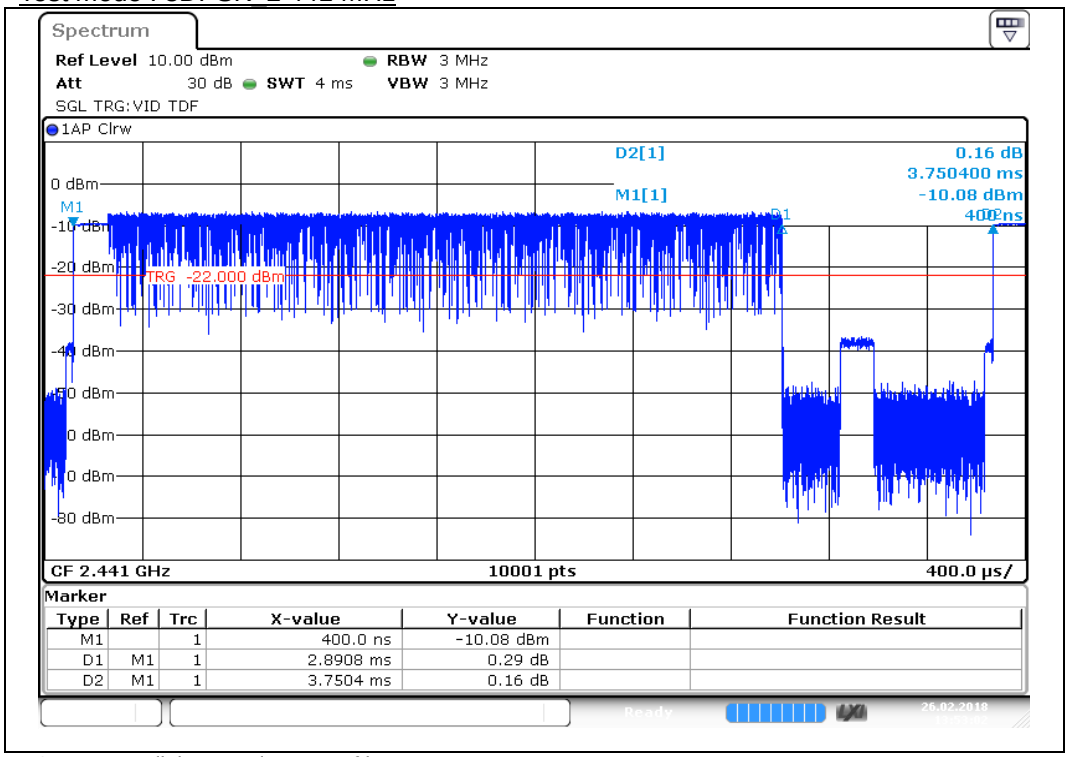
4.4.7.7 Measurement Plot_Dutycycle

Test mode : GFSK_2 441 MHz




NOTE: Dwell time: on time*No. of hop
Dutycycle Factor : 20log(dwell time/100) = 20log((2.886*2)/100) = -24.77

Test mode : 8DPSK_2 441 MHz




NOTE: Dwell time: on time*No. of hop
Dutycycle Factor : 20log(dwell time/100) = 20log((2.891*2)/100) = -24.76

## 4.4.8 Conducted Emission

4.4.8.1 Regulation

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

| Frequency of emission (MHz) | Conducted limit (dBμV) | |
|---|---|---|
| | Qausi-peak | Average |
| 0.15 – 0.5 | 66 to 56 * | 56 to 46 * |
| 0.5 – 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5 - 30 | 60 | 50 |

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

According to §15.107(a), for unintentional device, except for Class A digital devices, line conducted emission limits are the same as the above table.

4.4.6.2 Measurement Procedure

1) The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5 m away from the side wall of the shielded room.

2) Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50 Ω/50 μH LISN, which is an input transducer to a Spectrum Analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.

3) Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.

4) The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.

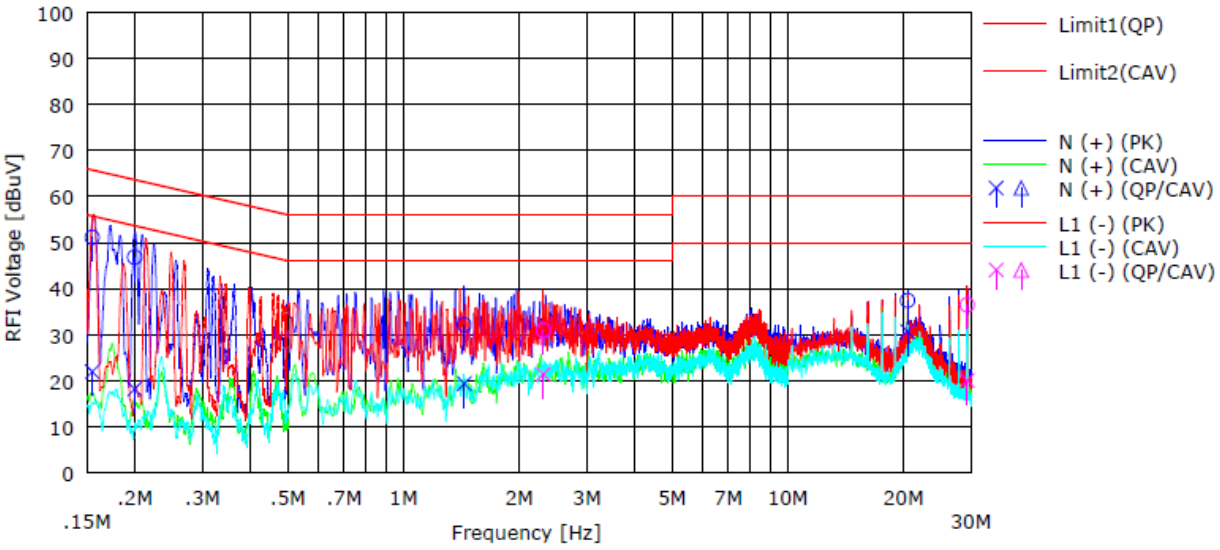
5) The measurements were made with the detector set to PEAK amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to QUASIPEAK and AVERAGE within a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

4.4.8.3 Result

Comply (measurement data : refer to the next page)

4.4.8.4 Measurement data

Test mode : worst case of all modulation.(WLAN2.4 GHz_802.11n_HT20_2 462 MHz)




| NO | FREQ | READING QP | READING CAV | C.FACTOR | RESULT QP | RESULT CAV | LIMIT QP | LIMIT CAV | MARGIN QP | MARGIN CAV | PHASE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | [MHz] | [dBuV] | [dBuV] | [dB] | [dBuV] | [dBuV] | [dBuV] | [dBuV] | [dBuV] | [dBuV] | |
| 1 | 0.15480 | 31.2 | 2.1 | 19.9 | 51.1 | 22.0 | 65.7 | 55.7 | 14.6 | 33.7 | N (+) |
| 2 | 0.19953 | 26.8 | -1.8 | 20.0 | 46.8 | 18.2 | 63.6 | 53.6 | 16.8 | 35.4 | N (+) |
| 3 | 1.43900 | 12.3 | -0.4 | 19.8 | 32.1 | 19.4 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 23.9 | 26.6 | N (+) |
| 4 | 20.50258 | 17.2 | 10.5 | 20.2 | 37.4 | 30.7 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 22.6 | 19.3 | N (+) |
| 5 | 2.31298 | 11.1 | 1.6 | 19.8 | 30.9 | 21.4 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 25.1 | 24.6 | L1 (-) |
| 6 | 29.34005 | 16.4 | 0.0 | 20.1 | 36.5 | 20.1 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 23.5 | 29.9 | L1 (-) |

# APPENDIX I

## TEST EQUIPMENT USED FOR TESTS

To facilitate inclusion on each page of the test equipment used for related tests, each item of test equipment.

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model | Serial No. | Cal. Date (yy.mm.dd) | Next Cal.Date (yy.mm.dd) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| FSV Signal Analyzer | ROHDE&SCHWARZ | FSV40 | 101010 | 2017-05-02 | 2018-05-02 |
| Power Sensor | KIKUSUI | U2022XA | FE002647 | 2017-08-16 | 2018-08-16 |
| AC POWER SUPPLY | HP | PCR 500L | US37471465 | 2017-04-24 | 2018-04-24 |
| Digital MultiMeter | HP | 34401A | US36025428 | 2018-01-11 | 2019-01-11 |
| Signal Generator | ROHDE&SCHWARZ | SMB100A | 178384 | 2017-10-16 | 2018-10-16 |
| POWER DIVIDER | WEINSCHEL | 1580 | RZ183 | 2017-10-16 | 2018-10-16 |
| Bluetooth Tester | TESCOM | TC-3000C | 3000C000651 | 2017-05-02 | 2018-05-02 |
| TERMINATION | HP | 909D | 00737 | 2017-08-16 | 2018-08-16 |
| EMI Test Receiver | ROHDE&SCHWARZ | ESU40 | 100445 | 2017-12-15 | 2018-12-15 |
| BiLog Antenna | Schwarzbeck | VULB9160 | 9160-3381 | 2017-06-15 | 2019-06-15 |
| Preamplifier | TSJ | MLA-10k01-b01-27 | 1870369 | 2017-04-24 | 2018-04-24 |
| Antenna Mast(10 m) | TOKIN | 5977 | - | - | - |
| Antenna Mast(10 m) | Innco | MA4640-XPET-0800 | 578 | - | - |
| Controller(10 m) | TOKIN | 5909L | 141909L-1 | - | - |
| Controller(10 m) | Innco | CO3000 | 40040217 | - | - |
| Turn Table(10 m) | TOKIN | 5983-1.5 | - | - | - |
| 10 m Semi-Anechoic Chamber | SY CORPORATION | - | - | - | - |
| Active Loop H-Field | ETS | 6502 | 00150598 | 2017-06-01 | 2019-06-01 |
| Double Ridege Horn Antenna | ETS | 3117 | 00168719 | 2017-09-01 | 2019-09-01 |
| Double Ridege Horn Antenna | A.H Systems, Inc | SAS-574 | 465 | 2017-04-25 | 2019-04-25 |
| PREAMPLIFIER | Agilent | 8449B | 3008A02110 | 2018-01-15 | 2019-01-15 |
| PREAMPLIFIER | A.H Systems, Inc | PAM-1840VH | 166 | 2018-01-15 | 2019-01-15 |
| High pass filter | Wainwright Instruments GmbH | WHKX10-2580-3000-18000-60SS | 14 | 2018-01-11 | 2019-01-11 |
| EMI Test Receiver | ROHDE&SCHWARZ | ESR7 | 101440 | 2017-12-15 | 2018-12-15 |
| LISN | ROHDE&SCHWARZ | ENV216 | 101883 | 2017-04-24 | 2018-04-24 |
| Pulse Limiter | Schwarzbeck | VTSD 9561-F | 9561-F189 | 2017-04-24 | 2018-04-24 |