MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Standard Applicable

According to § 1.1307(b)(1), system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

(a) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Times $ E ^2$, $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)	
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6	
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f)*	6	
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300-1500			F/300	6	
1500-100000		_	5	6	

(b) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Times $ E ^2$, $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100000			1	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz: * = Plane-wave equivalents power density

MPE Calculation Method

 $S = (P*G) / (4*\Pi*R^2)$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g., mw/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mw)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., cm)

MPE Calculation Result

The worst case is power density at prediction frequency at 20cm:

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Channel Frequency	Chain 0 Power	Chain 1 Power	Antenna Gain	MPE	Limit			
MHz	dBm	dBm	dBi	mw/cm ²	mw/cm ²			
2412-2462	23.21	23.01	2	0.129085	1			
5745-5825	23.11	22.95	7.3	0.429372	1			
5180-5240	13.70	13.86	2.8	0.018106	1			
5260-5320	19.59	20.73	2.8	0.07934	1			
5500-5700	19.39	19.53	7.3	0.188719	1			

So the transmitter is comply the RF exposure requirements and the SAR in not required.