深圳實驗室:中國深圳市宝安区观澜镇大水坑村桔坑路 35 号 金澳工业科技园 5 号 (郵編: 518110) TEL.: (0755)28055000 FAX: (0755)28055221 SHENZHEN LAB.: No.5, Jinao Industrial Park, No.35, Jukeng Rd., Dashuikeng Village, Guanlan Town, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518110, PROC.

Measurement of MPE

1. Foreword

In adopt with the Human Exposure IEEE C95.1, and according to the FCC 1.1310. The *Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)* is obligated to measure in order to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body.

The *Gain* of the antenna used is measured in an anechoic chamber. The maximum total power to the antenna is to be recorded. By adopting the *Friis Transmission Formula* and the power gain of the antenna, we can find the distance right away from the product, where the limit of the MPE is.

2. Limits for *Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)*

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Frequency Range	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Filed Strength (H)	Power Density (S)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S
(MHz)		(A/m)	(mW/cm2)	(minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	100	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	900/f ²	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	100	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	180/f ²	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

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According to OET BULLETIN 56 Fourth Edition/August 1999, Equation for Predicting RF Fields:

Power density at the specific separation:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2} = \frac{25.29 \times 1.99}{4\pi (20)^2} = 0.010012 \, \text{mW} \, / \, \text{cm}^2$$

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

The *Numeric gain G* of antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

G = Log⁻¹ (dB antenna gain/10)

 $G = Log^{-1} (3 / 10) = 1.99$