



**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C &
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-210**

TEST REPORT

For

IP-STB

Model: 2720X

Trade Name: Roku

Issued to

Roku, Inc.

12980 Saratoga Avenue Suite #D Saratoga California United States 95070

Issued by

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

**No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Dist.,
New Taipei City 24891, Taiwan. (R.O.C.)**

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Issued Date: August 08, 2013



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Revision History

Rev.		Issue Date		Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00		August 08, 2013		Initial Issue	ALL	Rachel Wu



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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant: Roku, Inc.
12980 Saratoga Avenue Suite #D Saratoga California United States 95070

Manufacturer: DONG GUAN G-COM COMPUTER CO., LTD
1st Row, Yin Shan Road, Yin Hwu Industrial Area,
Qingxi Town, DongGuan City, GuangDong, China

Equipment Under Test: IP-STB

Trade Name: Roku

Model: 2720X

Date of Test: July 29~August 03, 2013

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C & Industry Canada RSS-210 Issue 8 December, 2010	No non-compliance noted

We hereby certify that:

Compliance Certification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Approved by

Miller Lee
Section Manager
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Reviewed by

Gina Lo
Section Manager
Compliance Certification Services Inc.



2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	IP-STB
Trade Name	Roku
Model Number	2720X
Model Discrepancy	N/A
EUT Power Rating	12VDC from AC Adaptor
AC Power During Test	120VAC/60Hz to AC Adaptor
AC Adaptor Specification	1. Roku / FFA-1201000SUD I/P: 120V, 60Hz, 0.5A O/P: 12V, 1A 2. Roku / WA-12M12FU I/P: 120V, 60Hz, 0.5A Max O/P: 12V, 1A
Received Date	June 27, 2013
Frequency Range	IEEE 802.11a/ IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz: 5.745~5.825GHz IEEE 802.11b/g/ IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz: 2.412~2.462 GHz
Transmit Power	IEEE 802.11a mode: 22.82 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 24.87 dBm IEEE 802.11b mode: 18.76 dBm IEEE 802.11g mode: 25.02 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 27.37 dBm
Modulation Technique & Transmit Data Rate	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, DBPSK) (54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, DBPSK) (6.5, 7.2, 13, 14.4, 14.44, 19.5, 21.7, 26, 28.89, 28.9, 39, 43.3, 43.33 52, 57.78, 57.8, 58.5, 65.0, 72.2, 78, 86.67, 104, 115.56, 117, 130, 144.44 Mbps) IEEE 802.11b mode: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) (1, 2, 5.5 and 11 Mbps) IEEE 802.11g mode: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, DBPSK) (6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48 and 54 Mbps) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, DBPSK) (6.5, 7.2, 13, 14.4, 14.44, 19.5, 21.7, 26, 28.89, 28.9, 39, 43.3, 43.33 52, 57.78, 57.8, 58.5, 65.0, 72.2, 78, 86.67, 104, 115.56, 117, 130, 144.44 Mbps)
Number of Channels	IEEE 802.11a mode: 5 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 5 Channels IEEE 802.11b/g mode: 11 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 11 Channels
Antenna Specification	PART NO.: for 3010000428ID PIFA / Gain: 3.52dBi (2.4GHz) PIFA / Gain: 4.54dBi (5GHz) PART NO.: for 3010000429ID PIFA / Gain: 1.27dBi (2.4GHz) PIFA / Gain: 3.05dBi (5GHz)



3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4: 2009 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 and KDB558074.

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IC RSS-210, IC RSS-Gen, IC RSS-102, and ANSI C63.4.

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for IC Certification with Industry Canada RSS-210.

3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IC RSS-210, IC RSS-Gen, IC RSS-102, and ANSI C63.4.

3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.



3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

- (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

- (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.



3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (model: 2720X) comes with two types of power adapter (FFA-1201000SUD & WA-12M12FU) for sale. After the preliminary test, the EUT with power adapter (Model: FFA-1201000SUD) was found to emit the worst emissions and therefore had been tested under operating condition.

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode was programmed.

After verification, all tests carried out are with the worst-case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz and power line conducted emissions below 30MHz, which worst case was in normal link mode and receiving radiated spurious emission above 1GHz, which worst case was in CH Mid mode only.

The antenna connectors on PCB board are for test mode use only, not for this EUT use.

IEEE 802.11b mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 1Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11g mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11a mode:

Channel Low (5745MHz), Channel Mid (5785MHz) and Channel High (5825MHz) with 6Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode:

Channel Low(5745MHz), Channel Mid(5785MHz) and Channel High(5825MHz) with 6.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z mode), lie-down position (X, Y mode). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the worst case was recorded.



4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year and Loop Antenna is scheduled for calibration once three years.

Conducted Emissions Test Site				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360131	03/20/2014
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1012009	06/04/2014
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411A	0917072	06/04/2014

3M Chamber Test Site				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510268	11/06/2013
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100064	02/28/2014
Pre-Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZFL-1000LN	SF350700823	01/12/2014
Pre-Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS44-00102650-42-10P-44	1415367	11/19/2013
Bilog Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB3	A030105	10/02/2013
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3117	00055165	02/13/2014
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	2487	10/10/2013
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	8905/2356	06/09/2014
Turn Table	CCS	CC-T-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Antenna Tower	CCS	CC-A-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Controller	CCS	CC-C-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	N/A	12/22/2013
Test S/W	EZ-EMC (CCS-3A1RE)			

Conducted Emission room				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	100234	06/10/2014
LISN (EUT)	FCC	FCC-LISN-50-32-2	08009	03/25/2014
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127382	01/07/2014
BNC CABLE	EMCI	CFD300-NL	BNC B4	03/14/2014
Pulse Limiter	R&S	ESH3-Z2	100374	01/09/2014
THERMO-HYGRO METER	WISEWIND	201A	No. 05	06/10/2014
Test S/W	EZ-EMC			



4.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Powerline Conducted Emission	± 1.56
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / <200M	+/- 4.0138
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 200M~1000M	+/- 3.9483
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 1G~8G	+/- 2.5975
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 8G~18G	+/- 2.6112
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 18G~26G	+/- 2.7389
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 26G~40G	+/- 2.9683

Remark: This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.



5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

☒ No.199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-2-2217-0894 / Fax: 886-2-2217-1029

☒ No.11, Wu-Gong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, New Taipei City 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045

☐ No.81-1, Lane 210, Bade 2nd Rd., Lujhu Township, Taoyuan County 33841, TAIWAN, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-324-0332 / Fax: 886-3-324-5235

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.




All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

5.2 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTING

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope accreditation under Lab Code: 0824-01 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC Part 15 and CISPR 22 requirements. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Industry Canada, Certification and Engineering Bureau, IC 2324G-1 for 3M Semi Anechoic Chamber A, IC 2324G-2 for 3M Semi Anechoic Chamber B.



5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	FCC	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (FCC MRA: TW1039) to perform FCC Part 15 measurements	 FCC MRA: TW1039
Taiwan	TAF	LP0002, RTTE01, FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C, D, E, RSS-210, RSS-310 IDA TS SRD, AS/NZS 4268, AS/NZS 4771, TS 12.1 & 12.2, ETSI EN 300 440-1, ETSI EN 300 440-2, ETSI EN 300 328, ETSI EN 300 220-1, ETSI EN 300 220-2, ETSI EN 301 893, ETSI EN 301 489-1/3/7/17 FCC OET Bulletin 65 + Supplement C, EN 50360, EN 50361, EN 50371, RSS 102, EN 50383, EN 50385, EN 50392, IEC 62209, CNS 14958-1, CNS 14959 FCC Method –47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B IEC / EN 61000-3-2, IEC / EN 61000-3-3, IEC / EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	 Testing Laboratory 1309
Canada	Industry Canada	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (IC 2324G-1 / IC 2324G-2) to perform	 IC 2324G-1 IC 2324G-2

* No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA or any agency of the US Government.



6 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs attached in Appendix II for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

The EUT exercise program used during conducted testing was designed to exercise the EUT in a manner similar to a typical use. The exercise sequence is listed as below :

1. Turn on the power of all equipments.
2. Execute the test program
3. Choose the test mode and setup the parameter.
4. Test it.
5. Repeat the above steps.

6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

For RF conducted & radiation

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Notebook PC	IBM	7663 (T61)	L3E9812	FCC DoC	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core

For conduction

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1	Monitor	KLV-S32 A10	N/A	N/A	SONY	AV: Unshielded, 2.0 m HDMI: Shielded, 1.5m	Unshielded, 1.5m

Remark:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



7 APPLICABLE RULES

RSS-210 §2 General Certification Requirements and Specifications

RSS-210 §2.1 RSS-Gen Compliance

In addition to RSS-210, the requirements in RSS-Gen, *General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus*, must be met.

RSS-210 §2.2 Emissions Falling Within Restricted Frequency Bands

Category I licence-exempt equipment is required to comply with the provisions in RSS-Gen with respect to emissions falling within restricted frequency bands. These restricted frequency bands are listed in RSS-Gen.

RSS-210 §2.3 Receivers

Category I equipment receivers for use with transmitters subject to RSS-210 must comply with the applicable requirements set out in RSS-Gen and be certified under RSS-210. Category II equipment receivers for use with transmitters subject to RSS-210 are exempt from certification, but are subject to compliance with RSS-Gen and RSS-310.

RSS-210 §2.5 General Field Strength Limits

RSS-Gen includes the general field strength limits of unwanted emissions, where applicable, for transmitters and receivers operating in accordance with the provisions specified in this standard. Unwanted emissions of transmitters and receivers are permitted to fall within the restricted bands listed in RSS-Gen, and including the TV bands, but fundamental emissions are prohibited in the restricted bands.

RSS-210 §2.5.1 Transmitters with Wanted Emissions that are Within the General Field Strength Limits

Whether or not their operation is addressed by published RSS standards, transmitters whose wanted and unwanted emissions are within the general field strength limits shown in RSS-Gen, they may operate in any of the frequency bands, other than the restricted bands listed in RSS-Gen and including the TV bands, and shall be certified under RSS-210. Under no conditions may the level of any unwanted emissions exceed the level of the fundamental emission.

Note: Devices operating below 490 kHz in which all emissions are at least 40 dB below the limit listed in RSS-Gen (*General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies below 30 MHz*) are Category II devices and are subject to RSS-310.



RSS-210 §2.7 Tables

RSS-210 §Annex A2.9: Frequency Hopping and Digital Modulation Systems Operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz Bands

This section applies to systems that employ frequency hopping (FH) and digital modulation technology in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. Systems in these bands may employ frequency hopping, digital modulation and or a combination (hybrid) of both techniques.

A frequency hopping system that synchronizes with another or several other systems (to avoid frequency collision among them) via off-air sensing or via connecting cables is not hopping randomly and therefore is not in compliance with RSS-210.

RSS-210 §A8.1 Frequency Hopping Systems

Frequency hopping systems are spread spectrum systems in which the carrier is modulated with coded information in a conventional manner causing a conventional spreading of the RF energy about the carrier frequency. The frequency of the carrier is not fixed but changes at fixed intervals under the direction of a coded sequence.

Frequency hopping systems are not required to employ all available hopping frequencies during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.

Incorporation of intelligence into a frequency hopping system that enables it to recognize other users of the band and to avoid occupied frequencies is permitted, provided that the frequency hopping system does it individually, and independently chooses or adapts its hopset. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

The following applies to frequency hopping systems in each of the three bands.

(a) The bandwidth of a frequency hopping channel is the 20 dB emission bandwidth, measured with the hopping stopped. The system RF bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth multiplied by the number of channels in the hopset. The hopset shall be such that the near term distribution of frequencies appears random, with sequential hops randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change in the hopset while the long term distribution appears evenly distributed.



(b) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(d) Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that a minimum of 15 hopping channels are used.

RSS-210 §A8.2 Digital Modulation Systems

These include systems employing digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to all three bands.

RSS-210 §A8.4 Transmitter Output Power and e.i.r.p. Requirements

(4) For systems employing digital modulation techniques operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands, the maximum peak conducted power shall not exceed 1 W. Except as provided in Section A8.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power (see RSS-Gen)

(5) Point-to-point systems in the bands 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz are permitted to have an e.i.r.p. higher than 4 W, provided that the higher e.i.r.p. is achieved by employing higher gain directional antennas and not higher transmitter output powers. Point-to-multipoint systems, omni-directional applications and multiple co-located transmitters transmitting the same information are prohibited from exceeding 4 W e.i.r.p. However, remote stations of point-to-multipoint systems shall be allowed to operate at greater than 4 W e.i.r.p. under the same conditions as for point-to-point systems.

Note: "Fixed, point-to-point operation", excludes point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications and multiple co-located transmitters transmitting the same information.



RSS-210 §A8.5 Out-of-band Emissions

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required.

RSS-Gen §2 General Information

RSS-Gen §2.1.2 Category II Equipment

Category II equipment comprises radio devices where a standard has been prescribed but for which a TAC is not required, that is, equipment certification by Industry Canada or a Certification Body (CB) is not required (certification exempt), pursuant to subsection 4(3) of the Radiocommunication Act. The manufacturer or importer shall nevertheless ensure that the standards are complied with. A test report shall be available on request and the device shall be properly labelled.

RSS-Gen §2.2 Receivers

Receivers that are used for radiocommunication other than broadcasting are defined as Category I equipment or Category II equipment, subject to compliance with applicable Industry Canada standards.

Receivers shall be capable of operation only with transmitters for which RSSs are published. Receivers are classified as described in sections 2.2.1 and 2.2.2.

RSS-Gen §2.2.1 Category I Equipment Receivers

A receiver is classified as Category I equipment if it meets one of the following conditions:

- (a) a stand-alone receiver (see Note 1, below), which operates on any frequency in the band 30-960 MHz, and is used for the reception of signals in that frequency band from a transmitter classified as Category I equipment;
- (b) a Citizen's Band (CB) receiver (26.96-27.410 MHz);
- (c) a scanner receiver.

Note 1: A *stand-alone receiver* is defined as any receiver that is not permanently combined together with a transmitter in a single case (transceiver), in which it functions as the receiver component of the transceiver.

Receivers classified as Category I equipment shall comply with the limits for receiver spurious emissions set out in RSS-Gen; however, equipment certification is granted under the applicable RSS standard along with the associated transmitter classified as Category I equipment. Scanner receivers are covered under their own specific RSS.

RSS-Gen §2.2.2 Category II Equipment Receivers

A receiver is classified as Category II equipment if it does not meet any of the conditions of Section 2.2.1.

Category II receivers shall comply with the applicable testing, labelling and user manual requirements in RSS-310.



RSS-Gen §5.6 Exposure of Humans to RF Fields

Category I and Category II equipment shall comply with the applicable requirements of RSS-102.

RSS-Gen §6 Receiver Spurious Emission Standard

Receivers shall comply with the limits of spurious emissions set out in this section, measured over the frequency range determined in accordance with Section 4.10.

RSS-Gen §6.1 Radiated Limits

Radiated spurious emission measurements shall be performed with the receiver antenna connected to the receiver antenna terminals.

Spurious emissions from receivers shall not exceed the radiated limits shown in the table below:

RSS-Gen Table 2 - Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength microvolts/m at 3 metres
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

*Measurements for compliance with limits in the above table may be performed at distances other than 3 metres, in accordance with Section 7.2.7.

**RSS- Gen Table 3: Restricted Frequency Bands** ^(Note)

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	8.37625-8.38675	--	1718.8-1722.2	9.0-9.2
--	8.41425-8.41475	156.52475-156.52525	2200-2300	9.3-9.5
2.1735-2.1905	12.29-12.293	156.7-156.9	2310-2390	10.6-12.7
3.020-3.026	12.51975-12.52025	--	--	13.25-13.4
4.125-4.128	12.57675-12.57725	--	2655-2900	14.47-14.5
4.17725-4.17775	13.36-13.41	240-285	3260-3267	15.35-16.2
4.20725-4.20775	16.42-16.423	322-335.4	3332-3339	17.7-21.4
5.677-5.683	16.69475-16.69525	399.9-410	3345.8-3358	22.01-23.12
6.215-6.218	16.80425-16.80475	608-614	3500-4400	23.6-24.0
6.26775-6.26825	25.5-25.67	960-1427	4500-5150	31.2-31.8
6.31175-6.31225	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	5350-5460	36.43-36.5
8.291-8.294	73-74.6; 74.8-75.2	1645.5-1646.5	7250-7750	Above 38.6
8.362-8.366	108-138	1660-1710	8025-8500	

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in Table 2 and above 38.6 GHz are designated for low-power licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to the devices are set out in this Standard as well as RSS-310.

RSS- Gen Table 5: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies Above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in Table 1 bands or, unless stated otherwise, in TV bands (54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz, 470-608 MHz and 614-806 MHz).

**RSS- Gen Table 6: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies Below 30 MHz (Transmit)**

Frequency (fundamental or spurious)	Field Strength (microvolts/m)	Magnetic H-Field (microamperes/m)	Measurement Distance (metres)
9-490 kHz	2,400/F (F in kHz)	2,400/377F (F in Hz)	300
490-1.705 kHz	24,000/F (F in kHz)	24,000/377F (F in kHz)	30
1.705-30 MHz	30	N/A	30

Note: The emission limits for the bands 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing an average detector.



RSS-Gen §7.1.2 Transmitter Antenna

A transmitter can only be sold or operated with antennas with which it was approved. Transmitter may be approved with multiple antenna types. An antenna type comprises antennas having similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns. Testing shall be performed using the highest gain antenna of each combination of transmitter and antenna type for which approval is being sought, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. Any antenna of the same type having equal or lesser gain as an antenna that had been successfully tested with the transmitter, will also be considered approved with the transmitter, and may be used and marketed with the transmitter. For Category I transmitters, the manufacturer shall include with the application for certification a list of acceptable antenna types to be used with the transmitter.

When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer.

For transmitters of RF output power of 10 milliwatts or less, only the portion of the antenna gain that is in excess of 6 dBi (6 dB above isotropic gain) shall be added to the measured RF output power to demonstrate compliance with the radiated power limits specified in the applicable standard. For transmitters of output power greater than 10 milliwatts, the total antenna gain shall be added to the measured RF output power to demonstrate compliance to the specified radiated power limits. User manuals for transmitters shall display the following notice in a conspicuous location:

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication.

The above notice may be affixed to the device instead of displayed in the user manual.

User manuals for transmitters equipped with detachable antennas shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter (identify the device by certification number, or model number if Category II) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types approved for use with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and required impedance for each.

**RSS-Gen §7.2.4 Transmitter and Receiver AC Power Lines Conducted Emission Limits**

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table below. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

The conducted emissions shall be measured with a 50 ohm/50 microhenry line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

RSS-Gen Table 4 – AC Power Line Conducted Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

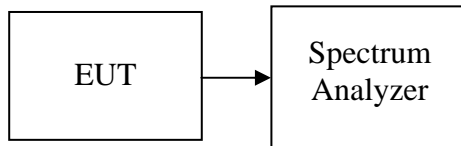
**Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.*



8 RSS 210 REQUIREMENTS

8.1 99%BANDWIDTH

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used since a peak or, peak hold.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

**Test Data****Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	10.2035
Mid	2437	10.2234
High	2462	10.2009

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	16.5513
Mid	2437	16.6037
High	2462	16.5896

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	17.5025
Mid	2437	17.5735
High	2462	17.4703

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	17.4549
Mid	2437	17.5081
High	2462	17.4227

**Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5745	16.7678
Mid	5785	16.8002
High	5825	16.8374

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5745	17.6648
Mid	5785	17.7796
High	5825	17.8107

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5745	17.6590
Mid	5785	17.6244
High	5825	17.6520



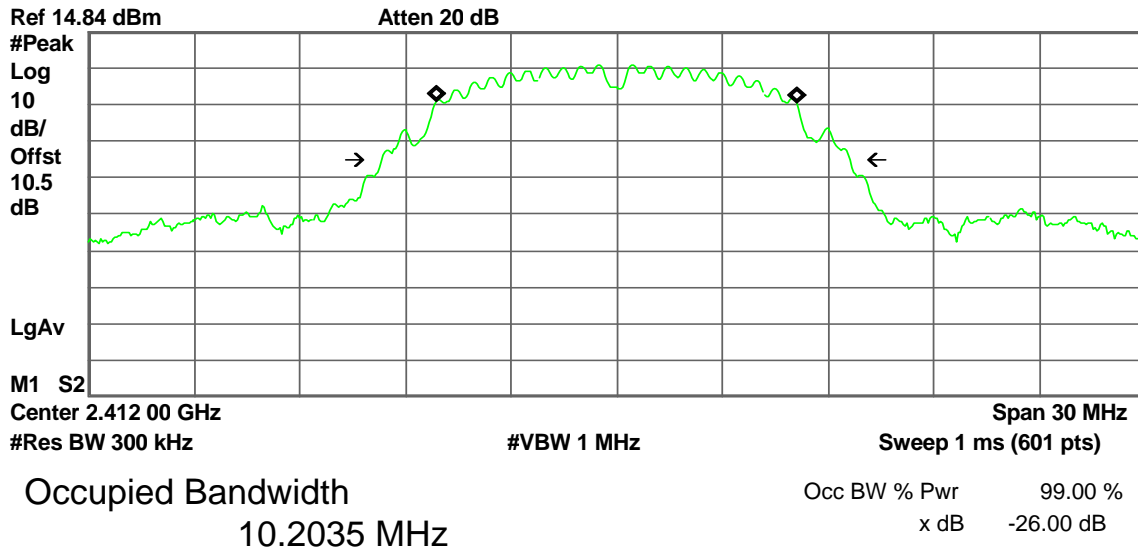
Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode

99% Bandwidth (CH Low)

Agilent 21:04:01 Aug 2, 2013

R L

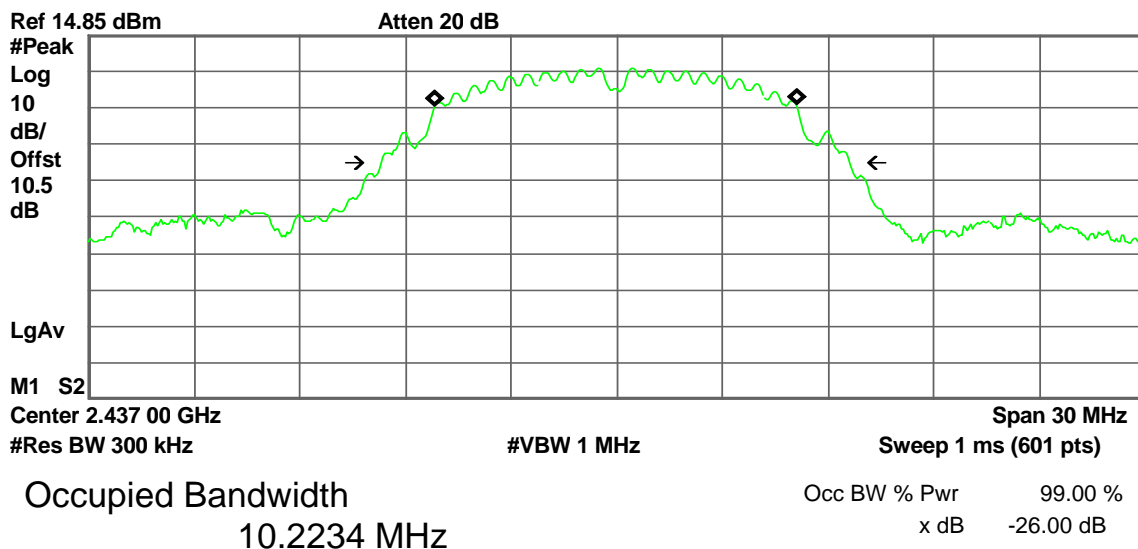


Transmit Freq Error -15.567 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 13.349 MHz

99% Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 21:12:10 Aug 2, 2013

R L



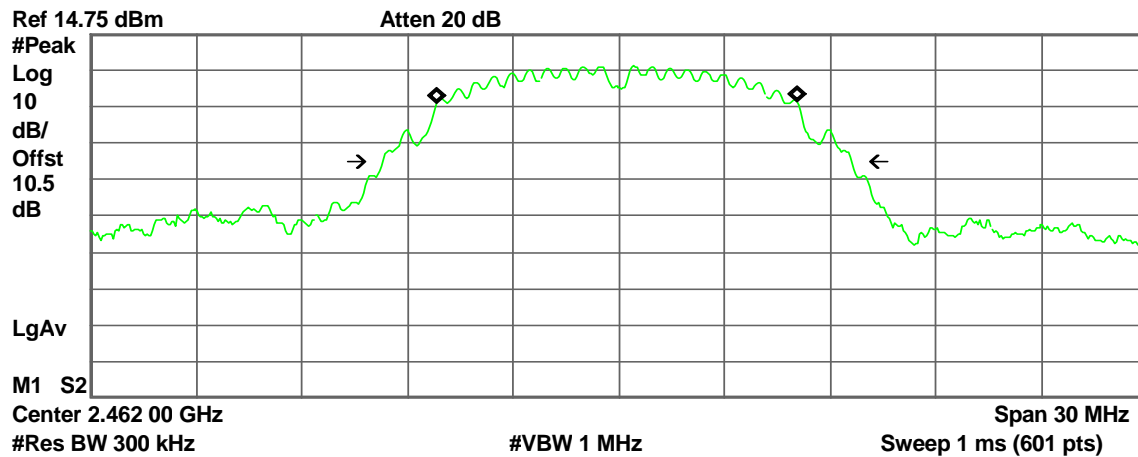
Transmit Freq Error -24.125 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 13.359 MHz



99% Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 21:20:49 Aug 2, 2013

R L



Occupied Bandwidth
10.2009 MHz

Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %
x dB -26.00 dB

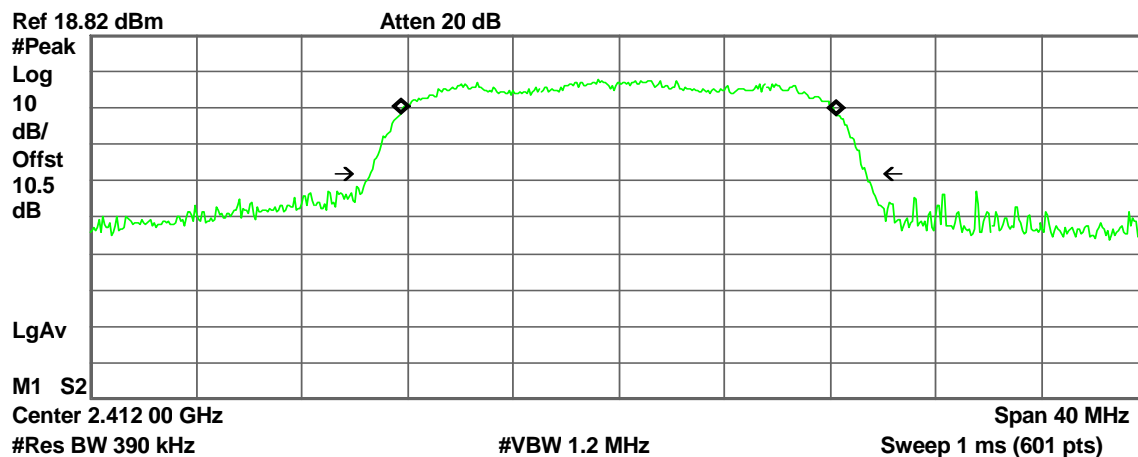
Transmit Freq Error -39.137 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 13.347 MHz

IEEE 802.11g mode

99% Bandwidth (CH Low)

Agilent 21:43:40 Aug 2, 2013

R L



Occupied Bandwidth
16.5513 MHz

Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %
x dB -26.00 dB

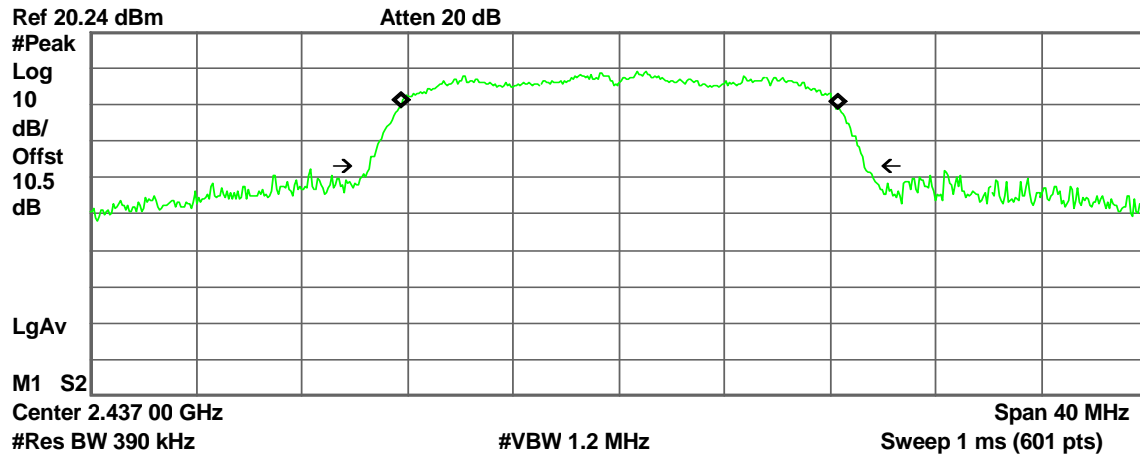
Transmit Freq Error 1.870 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 18.819 MHz



99% Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 21:52:21 Aug 2, 2013

R L



Occupied Bandwidth
16.6037 MHz

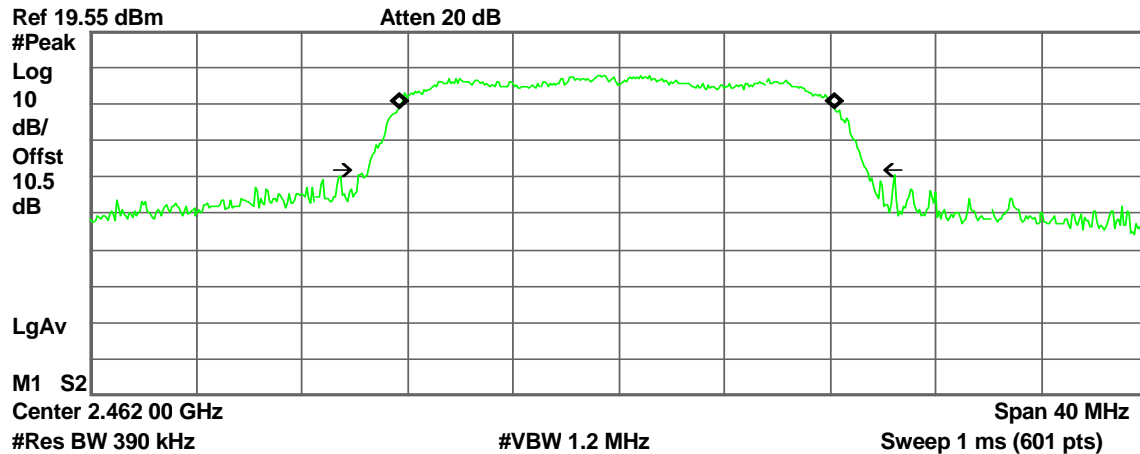
Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %
x dB -26.00 dB

Transmit Freq Error 4.594 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 18.782 MHz

99% Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 22:05:27 Aug 2, 2013

R L



Occupied Bandwidth
16.5896 MHz

Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %
x dB -26.00 dB

Transmit Freq Error -62.549 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 18.909 MHz

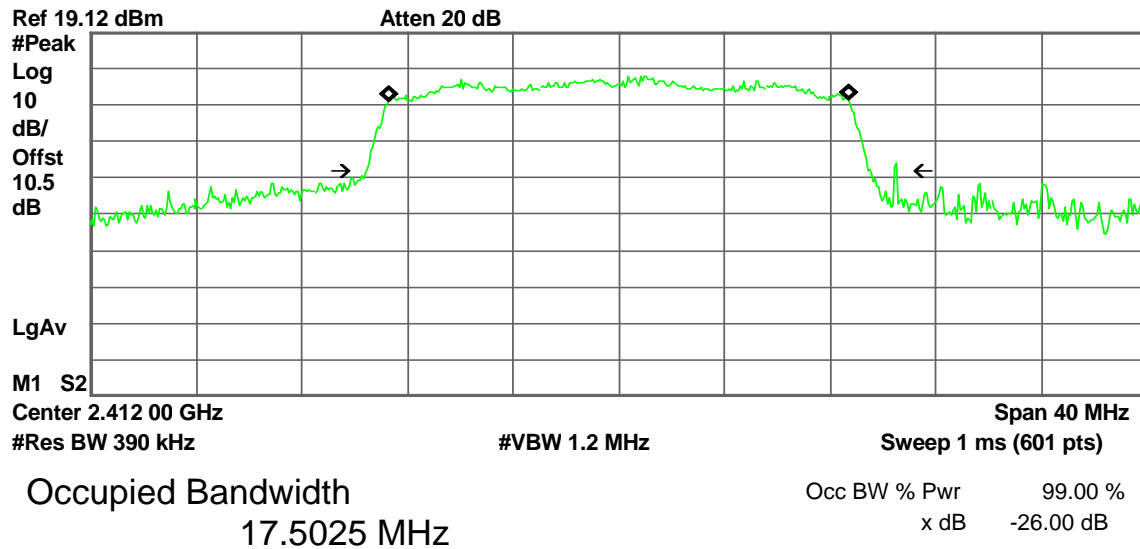


IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

99% Bandwidth (CH Low)

Agilent 00:45:23 Aug 3, 2013

R L

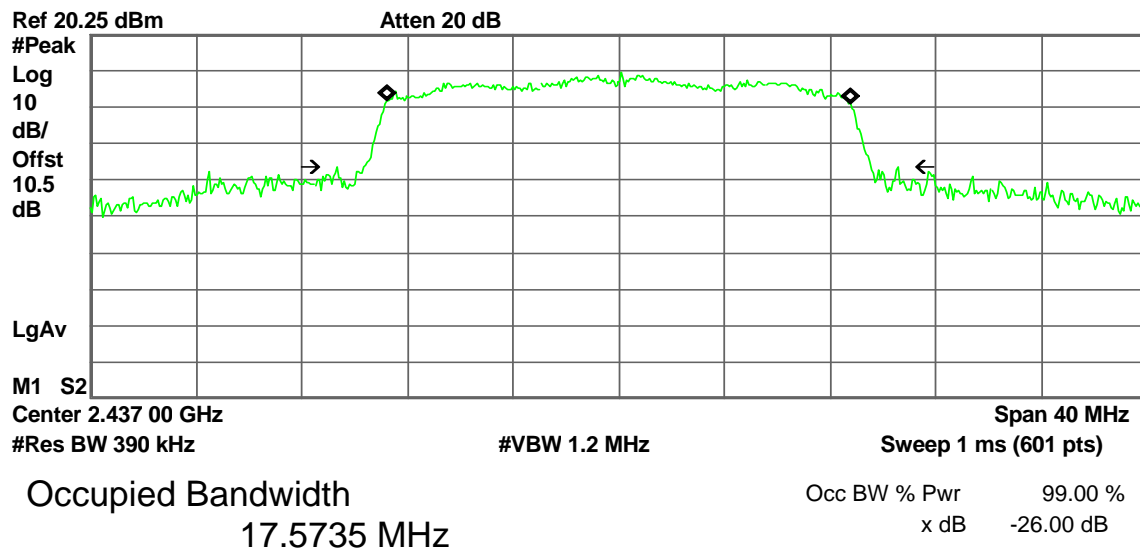


Transmit Freq Error -14.164 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 20.116 MHz

99% Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 00:53:23 Aug 3, 2013

R L



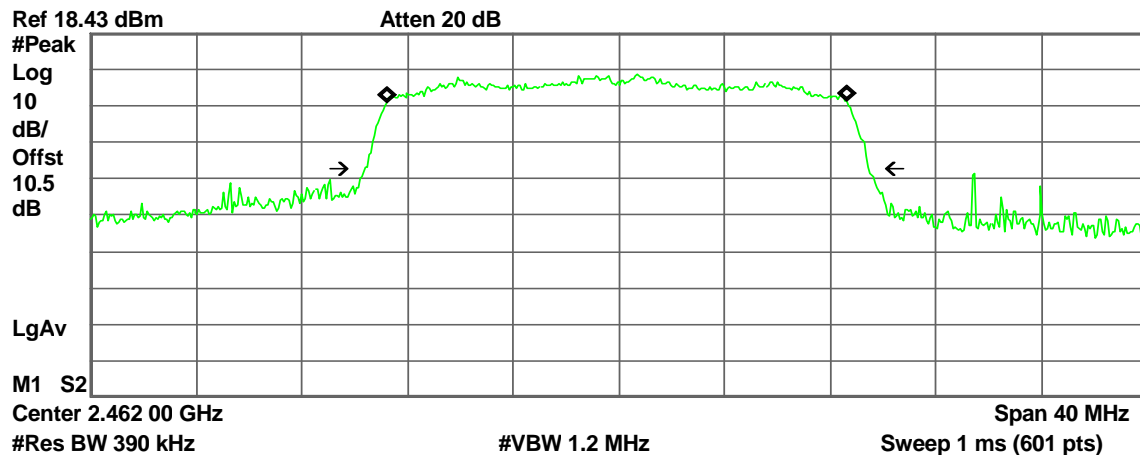
Transmit Freq Error -17.651 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 21.269 MHz



99% Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 01:01:19 Aug 3, 2013

R L



Occupied Bandwidth
17.4703 MHz

Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %
x dB -26.00 dB

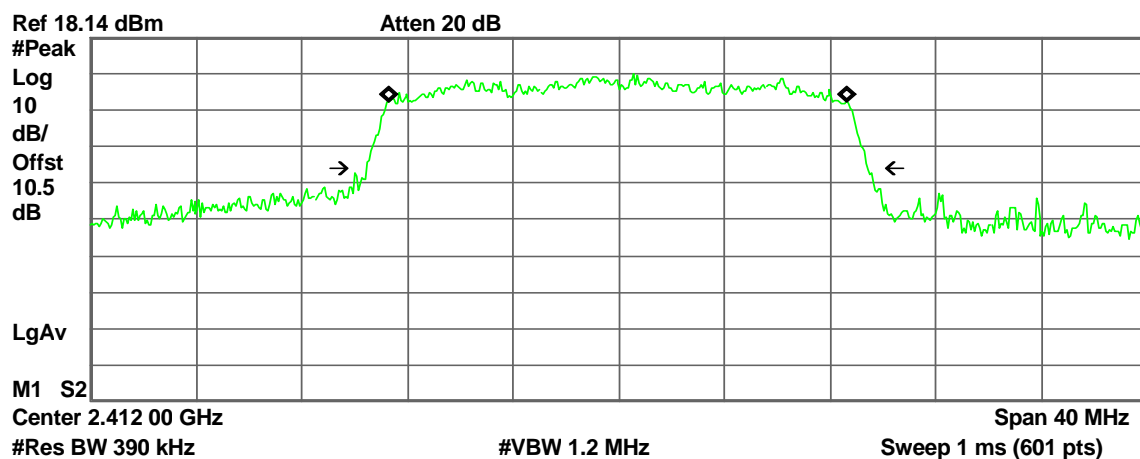
Transmit Freq Error -59.841 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 19.102 MHz

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

99% Bandwidth (CH Low)

Agilent 01:10:05 Aug 3, 2013

R L



Occupied Bandwidth
17.4549 MHz

Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %
x dB -26.00 dB

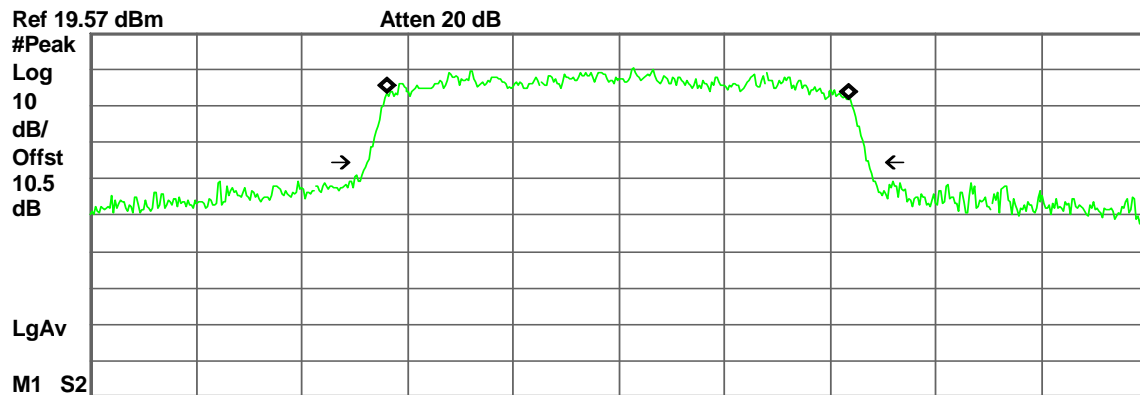
Transmit Freq Error -30.987 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 19.030 MHz



99% Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 01:18:03 Aug 3, 2013

R L



Center 2.437 00 GHz Span 40 MHz
#Res BW 390 kHz #VBW 1.2 MHz Sweep 1 ms (601 pts)

Occupied Bandwidth
17.5081 MHz

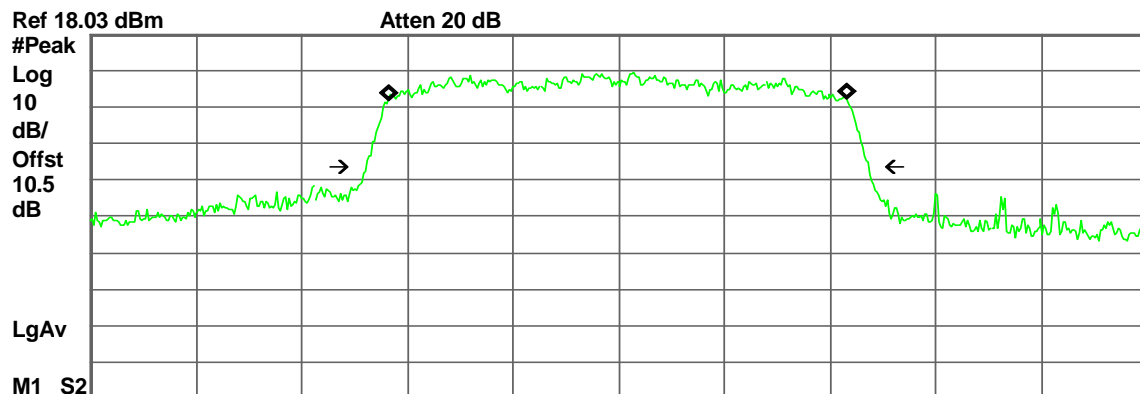
Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %
x dB -26.00 dB

Transmit Freq Error -44.458 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 19.008 MHz

99% Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 01:25:24 Aug 3, 2013

R L



Center 2.462 00 GHz Span 40 MHz
#Res BW 390 kHz #VBW 1.2 MHz Sweep 1 ms (601 pts)

Occupied Bandwidth
17.4227 MHz

Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 %
x dB -26.00 dB

Transmit Freq Error -51.883 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 19.074 MHz

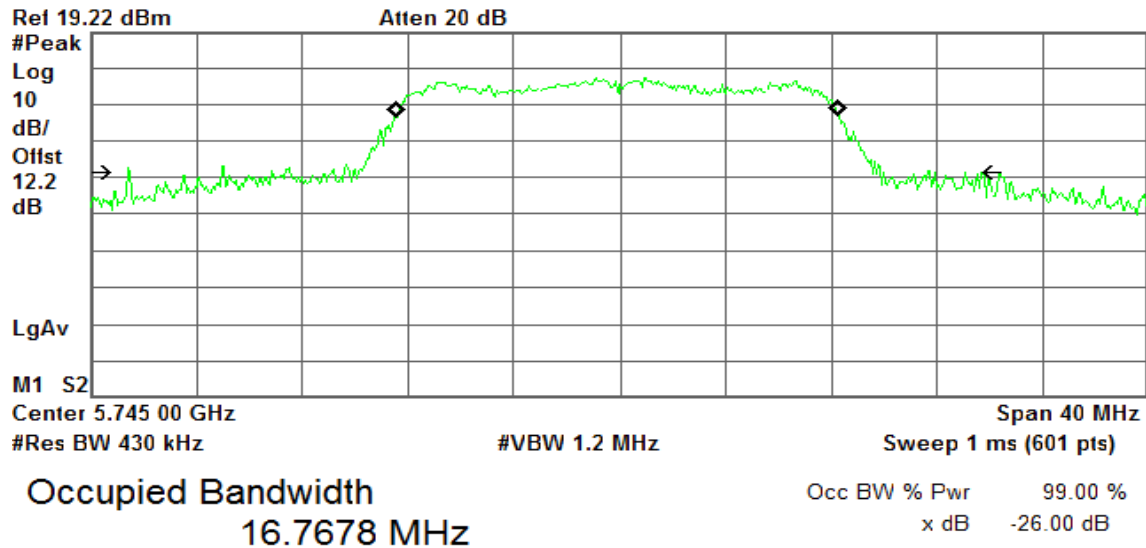


IEEE 802.11a mode

99% Bandwidth (CH Low)

Agilent 23:50:05 Aug 2, 2013

R L

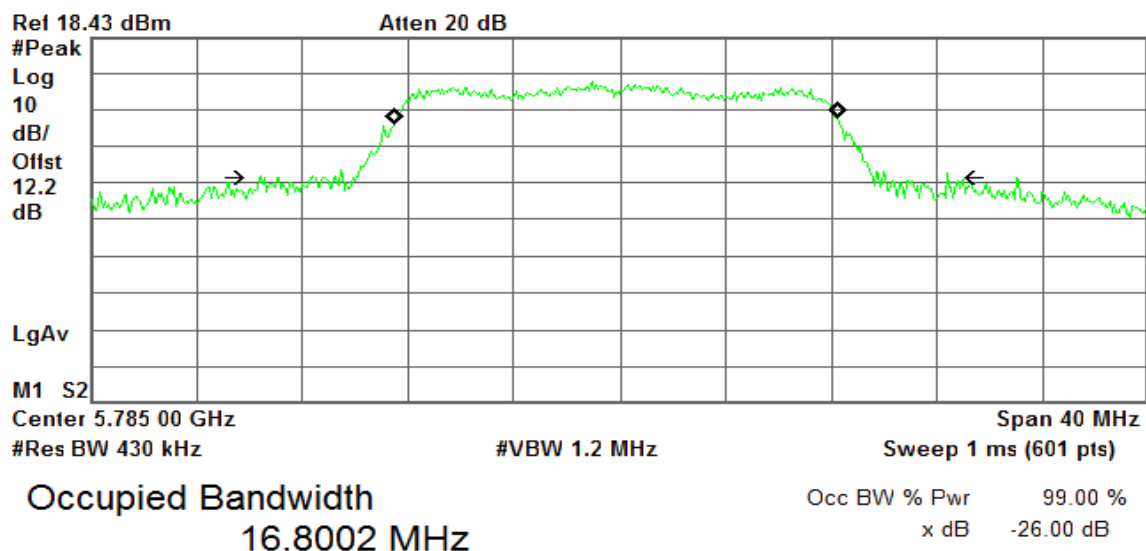


Transmit Freq Error -104.503 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 31.693 MHz

99% Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 23:58:44 Aug 2, 2013

R L



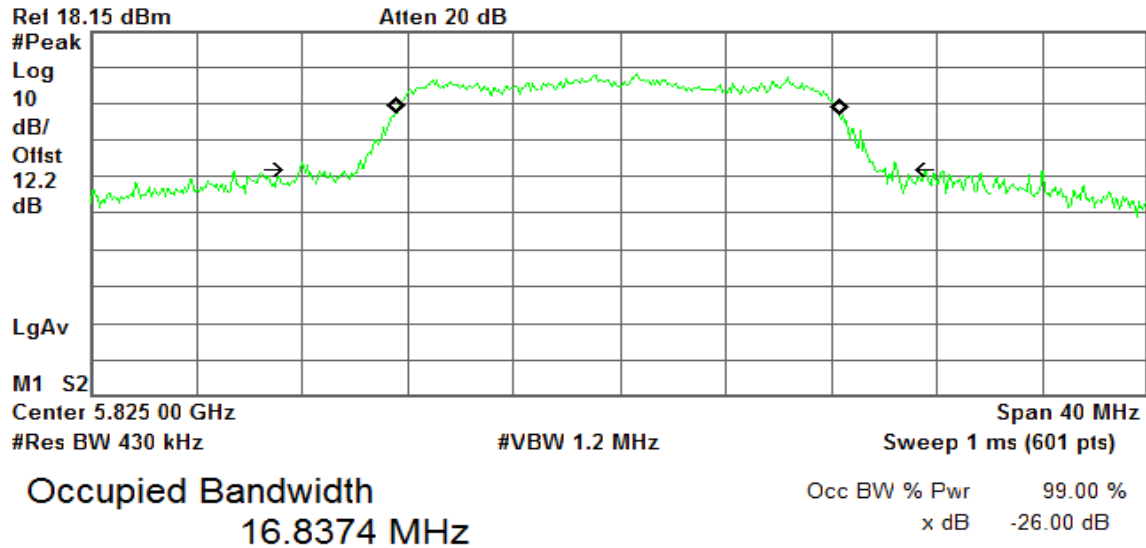
Transmit Freq Error -115.564 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 25.979 MHz



99% Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 00:12:32 Aug 3, 2013

R L



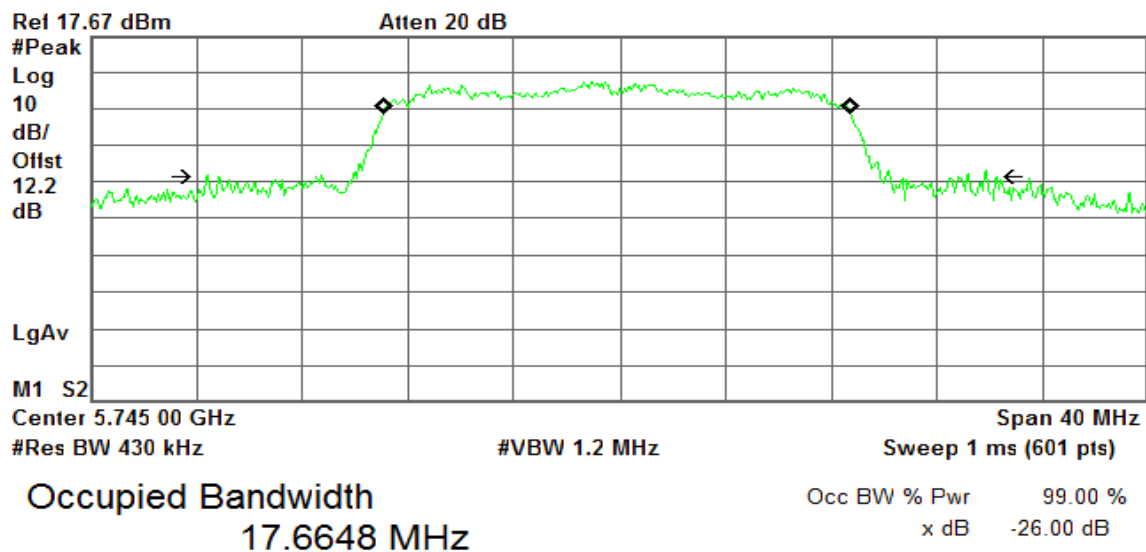
Transmit Freq Error -65.641 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 22.563 MHz

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

99% Bandwidth (CH Low)

Agilent 15:58:41 Aug 3, 2013

R L



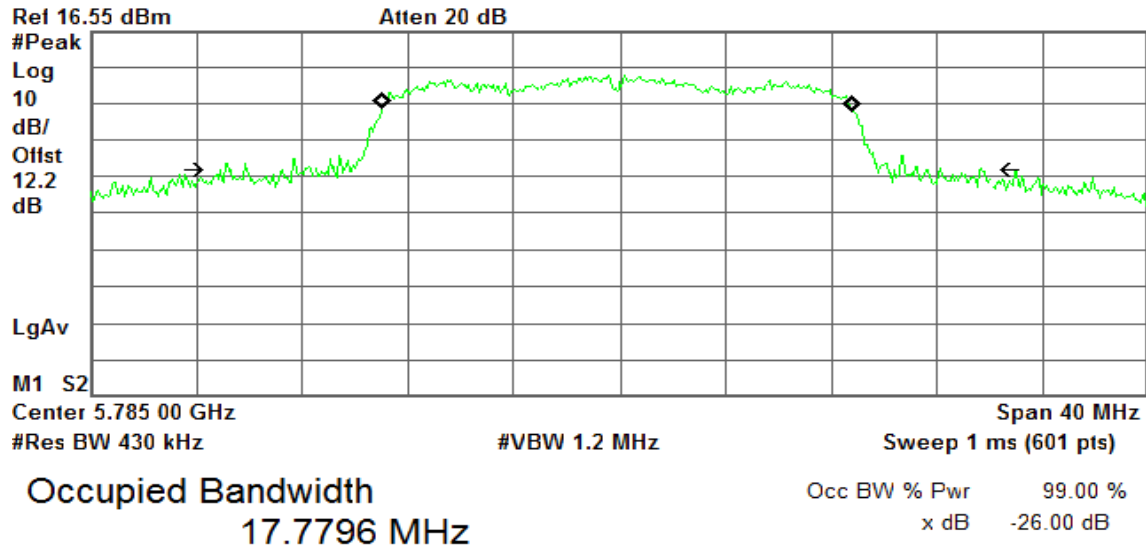
Transmit Freq Error -74.271 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 29.436 MHz



99% Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 16:07:36 Aug 3, 2013

R L



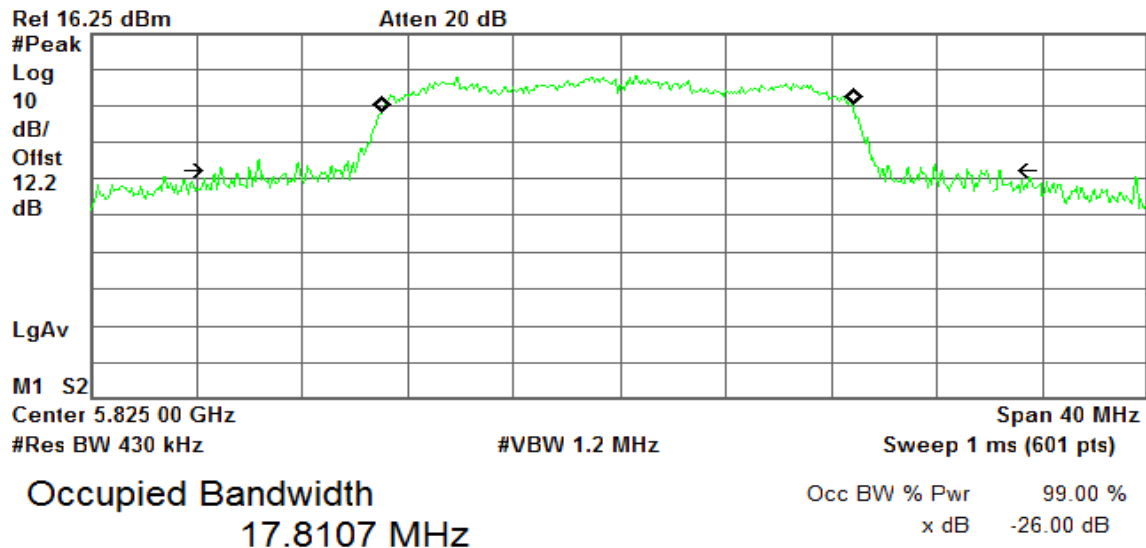
Transmit Freq Error -77.507 kHz

x dB Bandwidth 28.794 MHz

99% Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 16:27:36 Aug 3, 2013

R L



Transmit Freq Error -70.895 kHz

x dB Bandwidth 29.495 MHz

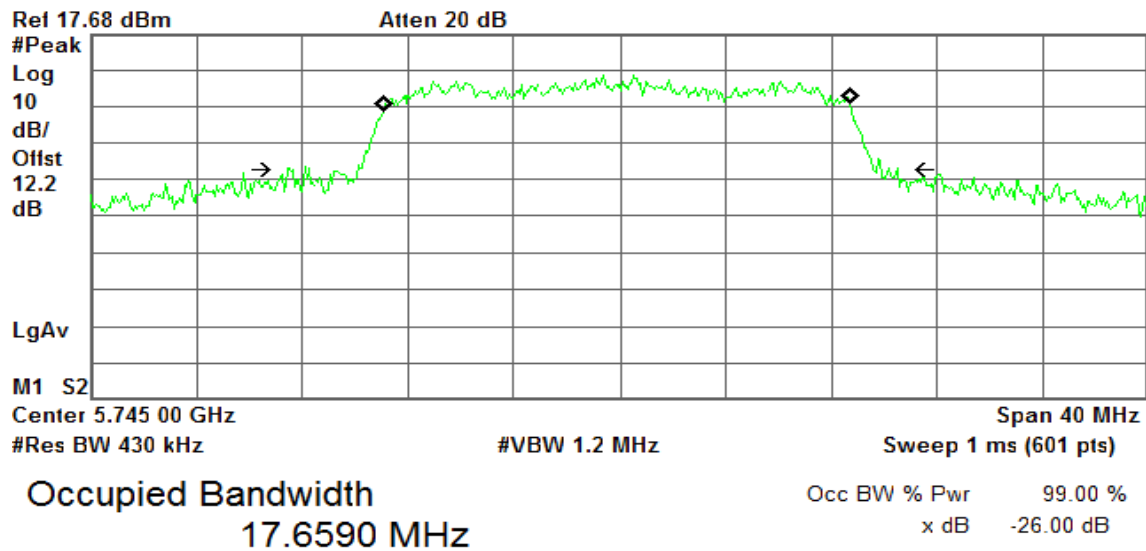


IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

99% Bandwidth (CH Low)

Agilent 15:19:59 Aug 3, 2013

R L

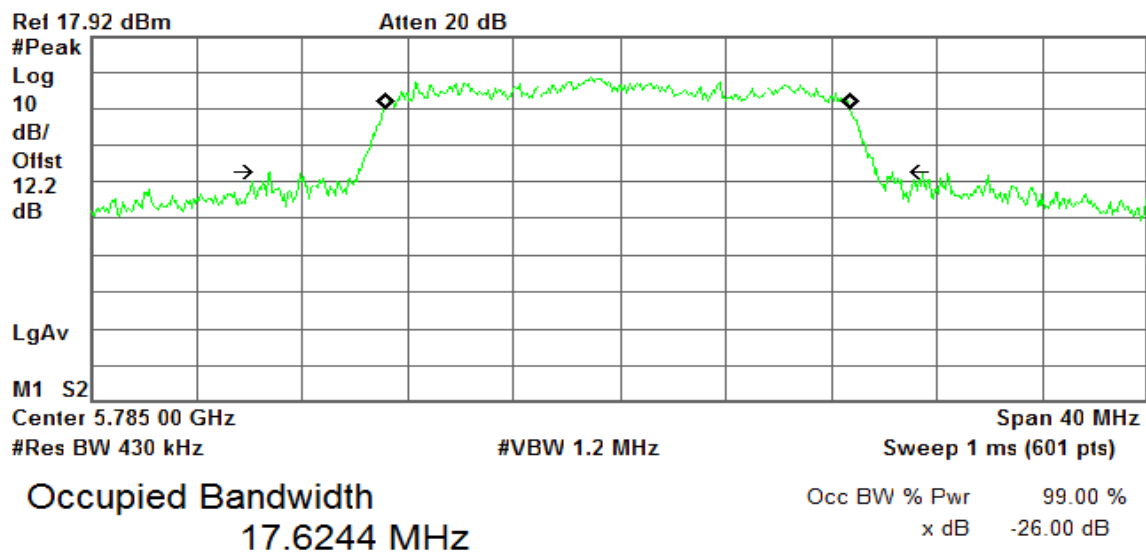


Transmit Freq Error -85.796 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 23.085 MHz

99% Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 15:28:24 Aug 3, 2013

R L



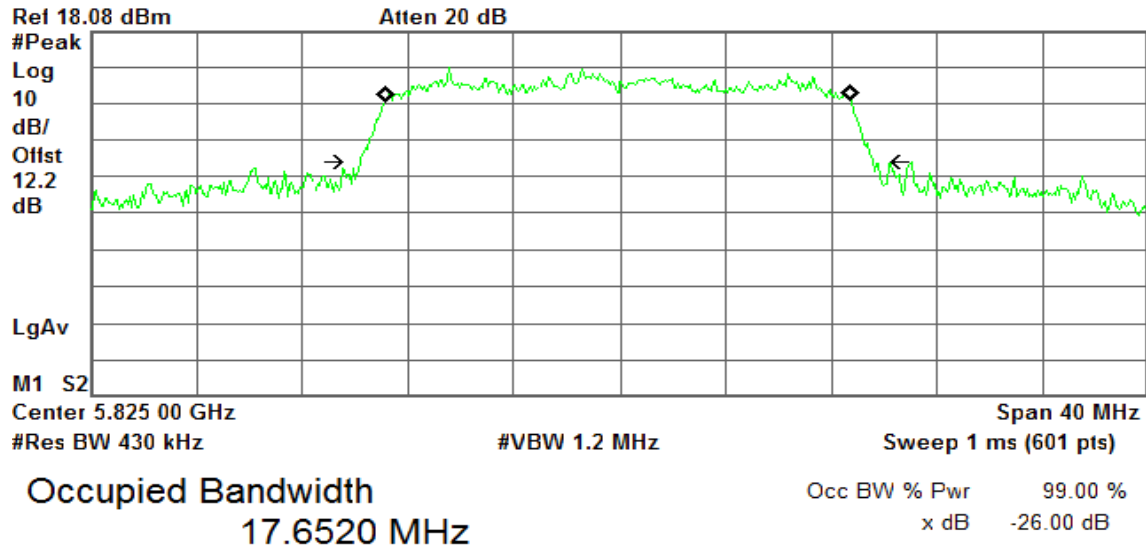
Transmit Freq Error -65.207 kHz
x dB Bandwidth 23.552 MHz



99% Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 15:35:51 Aug 3, 2013

R L



Transmit Freq Error -71.121 kHz

x dB Bandwidth 19.433 MHz

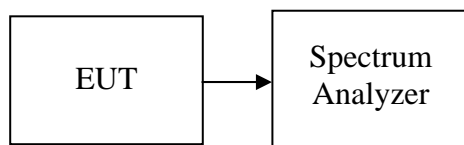


8.2 6DB BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(2) & RSS-210 §A8.2(a), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW=100kHz, VBW=300kHz, Span = 50MHz, Sweep = auto.
4. Mark the peak frequency and -6dB (upper and lower) frequency.
5. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

**Test Data****Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	8.4167	>500	PASS
Mid	2437	8.4167		PASS
High	2462	8.4167		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	15.9167	>500	PASS
Mid	2437	16		PASS
High	2462	15.9167		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	16.8333	>500	PASS
Mid	2437	17.3334		PASS
High	2462	17.4167		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	17.1667	>500	PASS
Mid	2437	17.0833		PASS
High	2462	17.4167		PASS

**Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	5745	16.1667	>500	PASS
Mid	5785	16.1667		PASS
High	5825	16.1667		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	5745	17.25	>500	PASS
Mid	5785	17.3333		PASS
High	5825	17.3333		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

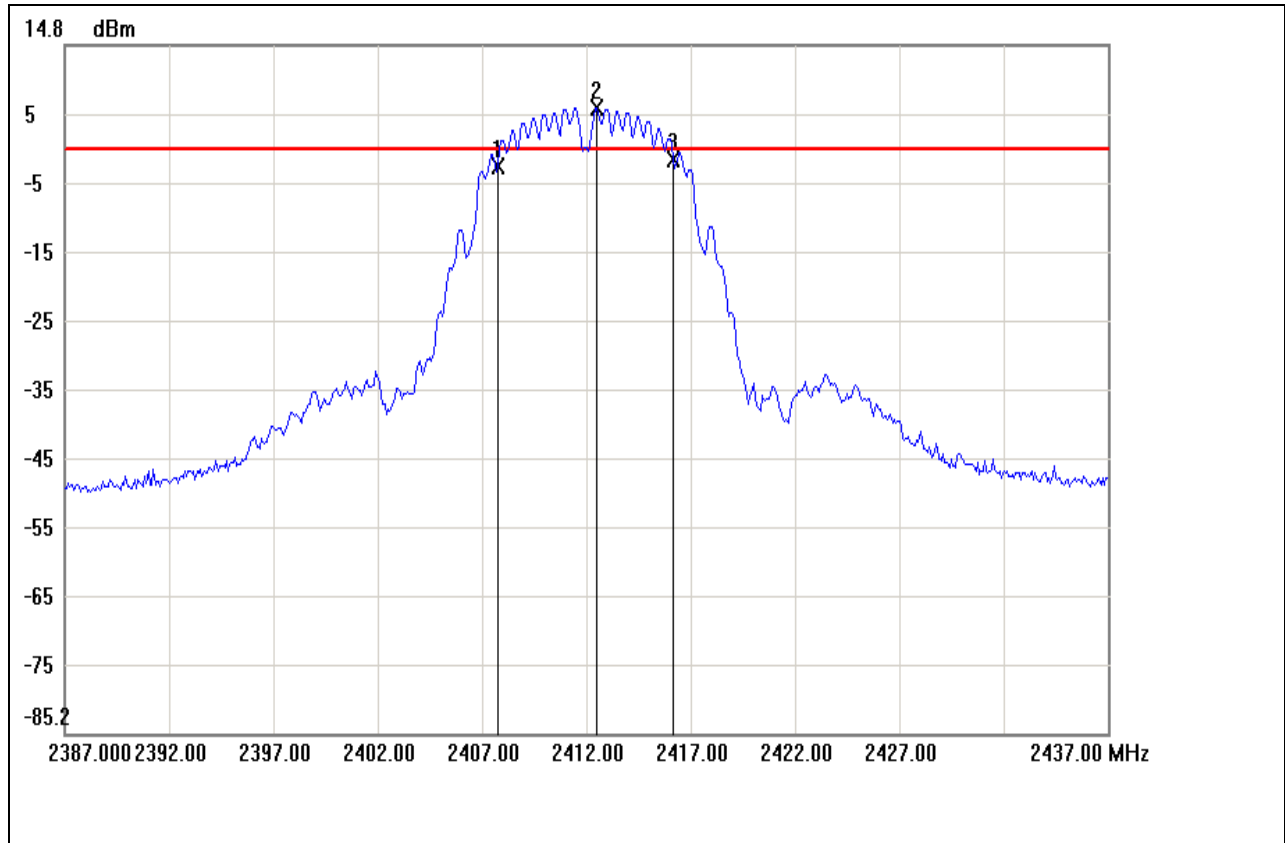
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	5745	16.6667	>500	PASS
Mid	5785	17.0833		PASS
High	5825	16.75		PASS



Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

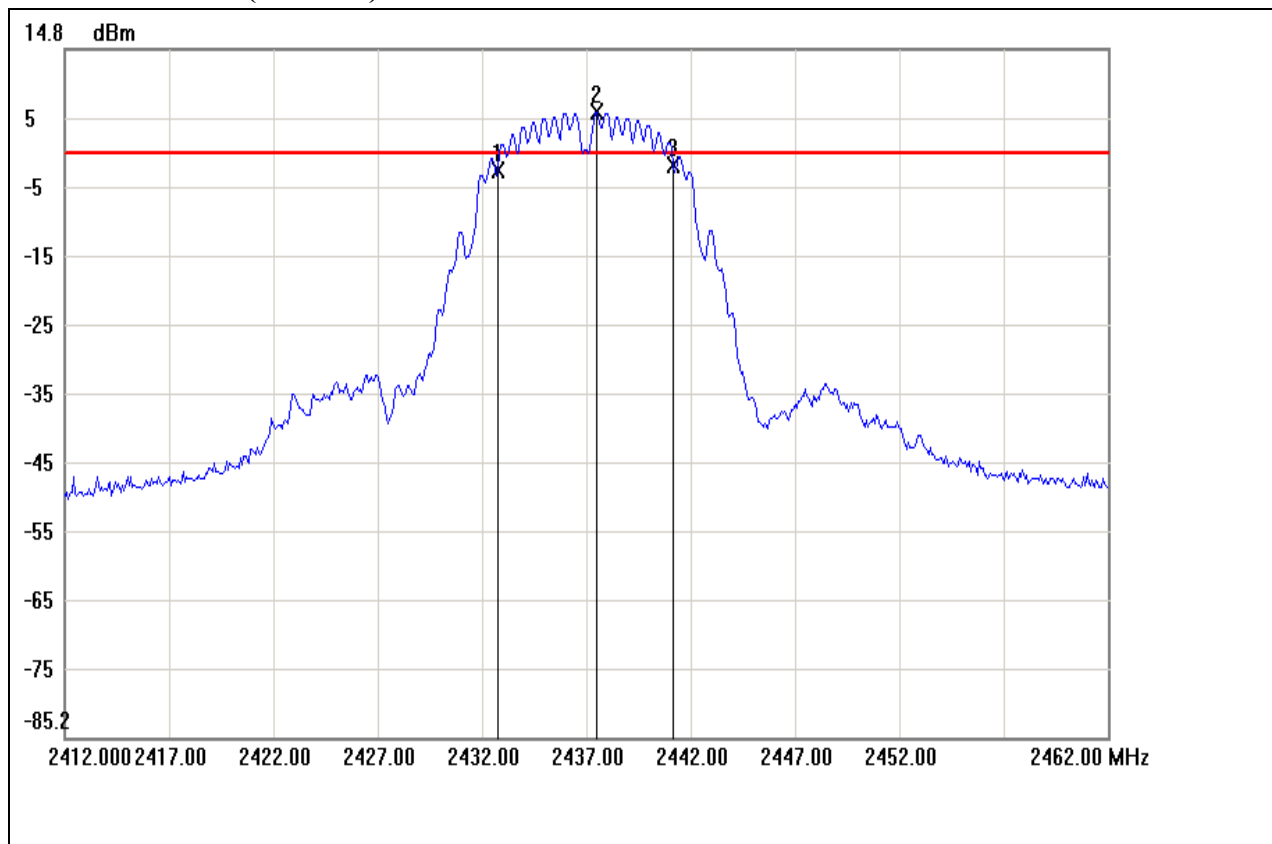


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2407.7500	-2.84	-0.30	-2.54
2	2412.5000	5.70	-0.30	6.00
3	2416.1667	-1.82	-0.30	-1.52

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	8.4167	1.02



6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

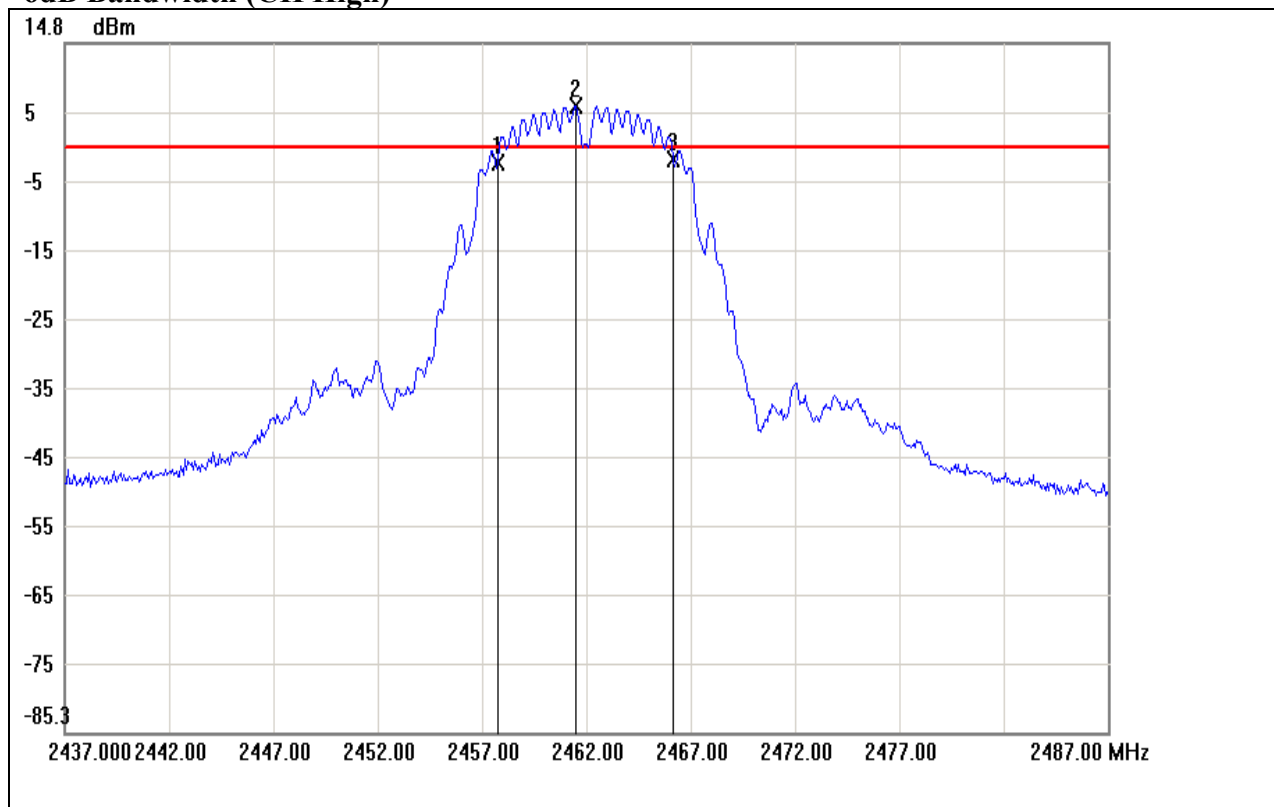


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2432.7500	-2.77	-0.37	-2.40
2	2437.5000	5.63	-0.37	6.00
3	2441.1667	-1.95	-0.37	-1.58

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	8.4167	0.82



6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



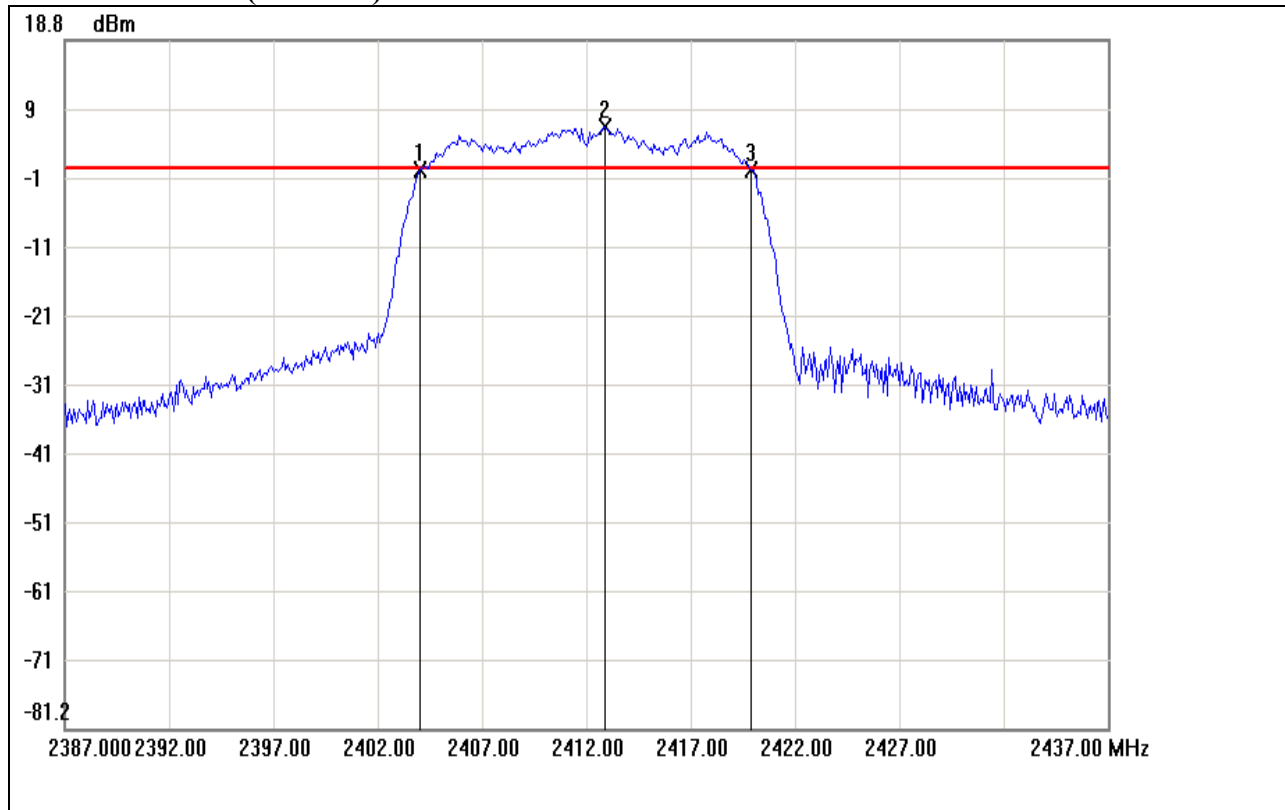
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2457.7500	-2.57	-0.46	-2.11
2	2461.5000	5.54	-0.46	6.00
3	2466.1667	-2.06	-0.46	-1.60

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	8.4167	0.51



IEEE 802.11g mode

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

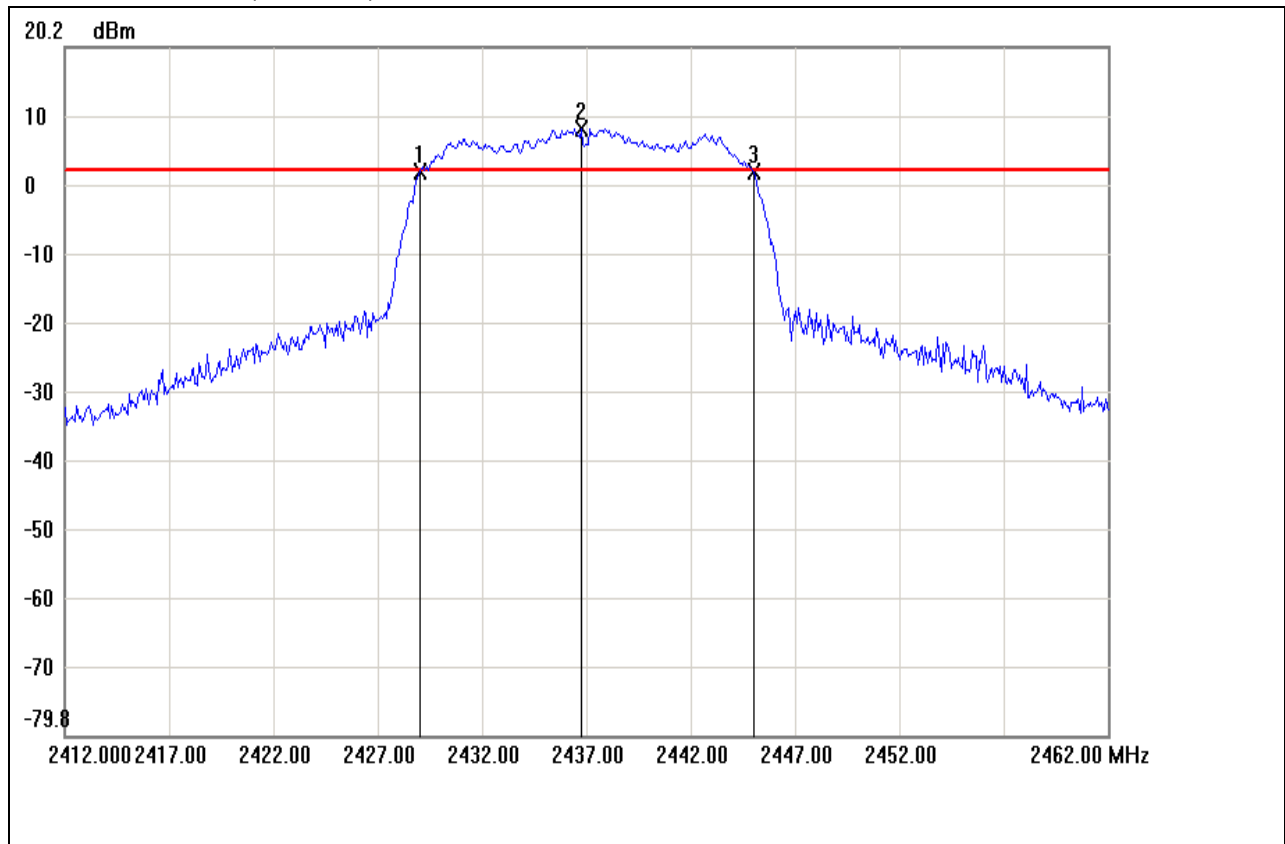


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2404.0000	-0.08	0.15	-0.23
2	2412.9167	6.15	0.15	6.00
3	2419.9167	0.03	0.15	-0.12

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	15.9167	0.11



6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

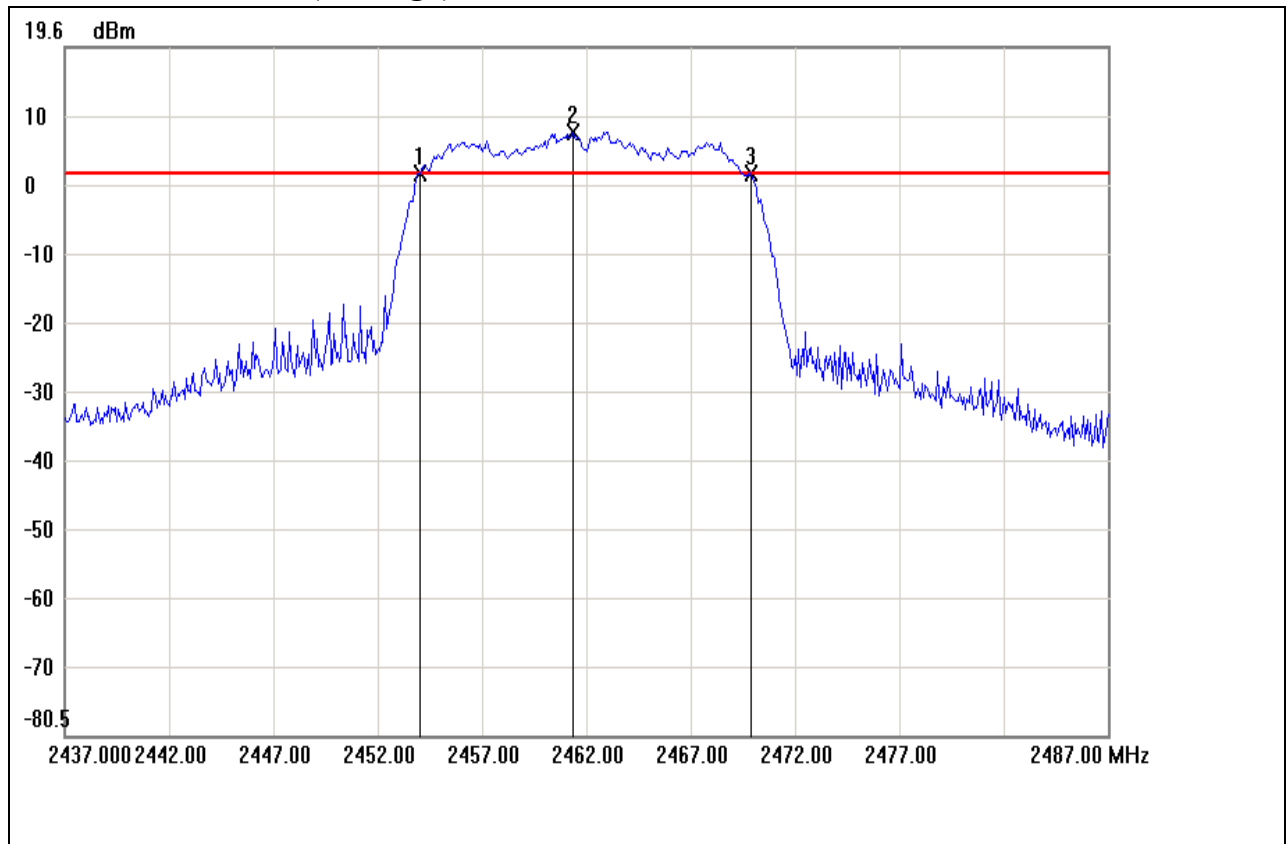


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2429.0000	2.00	2.38	-0.38
2	2436.7500	8.38	2.38	6.00
3	2445.0000	2.23	2.38	-0.15

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16	0.23



6dB 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



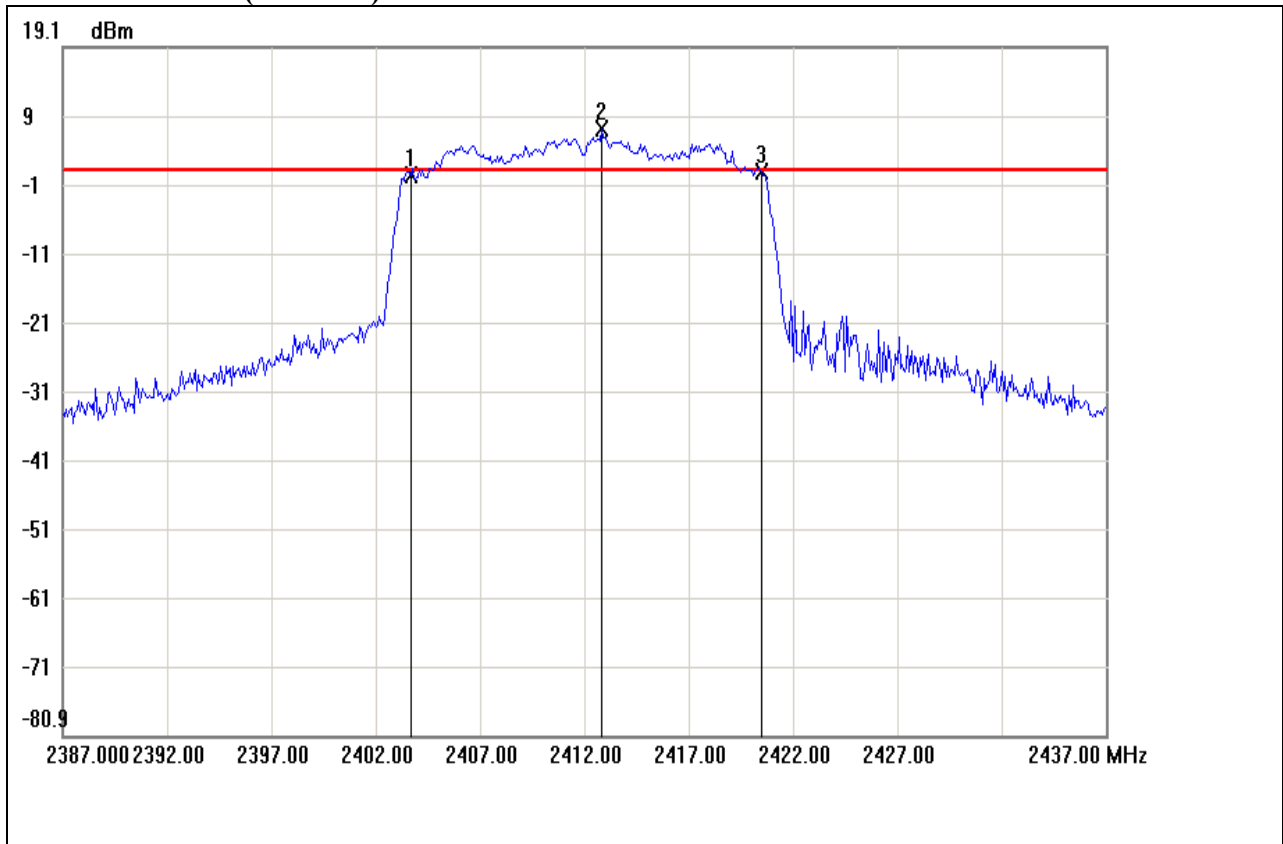
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2454.0000	1.15	1.24	-0.09
2	2461.3333	7.24	1.24	6.00
3	2469.9167	1.14	1.24	-0.10

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	15.9167	-0.01



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

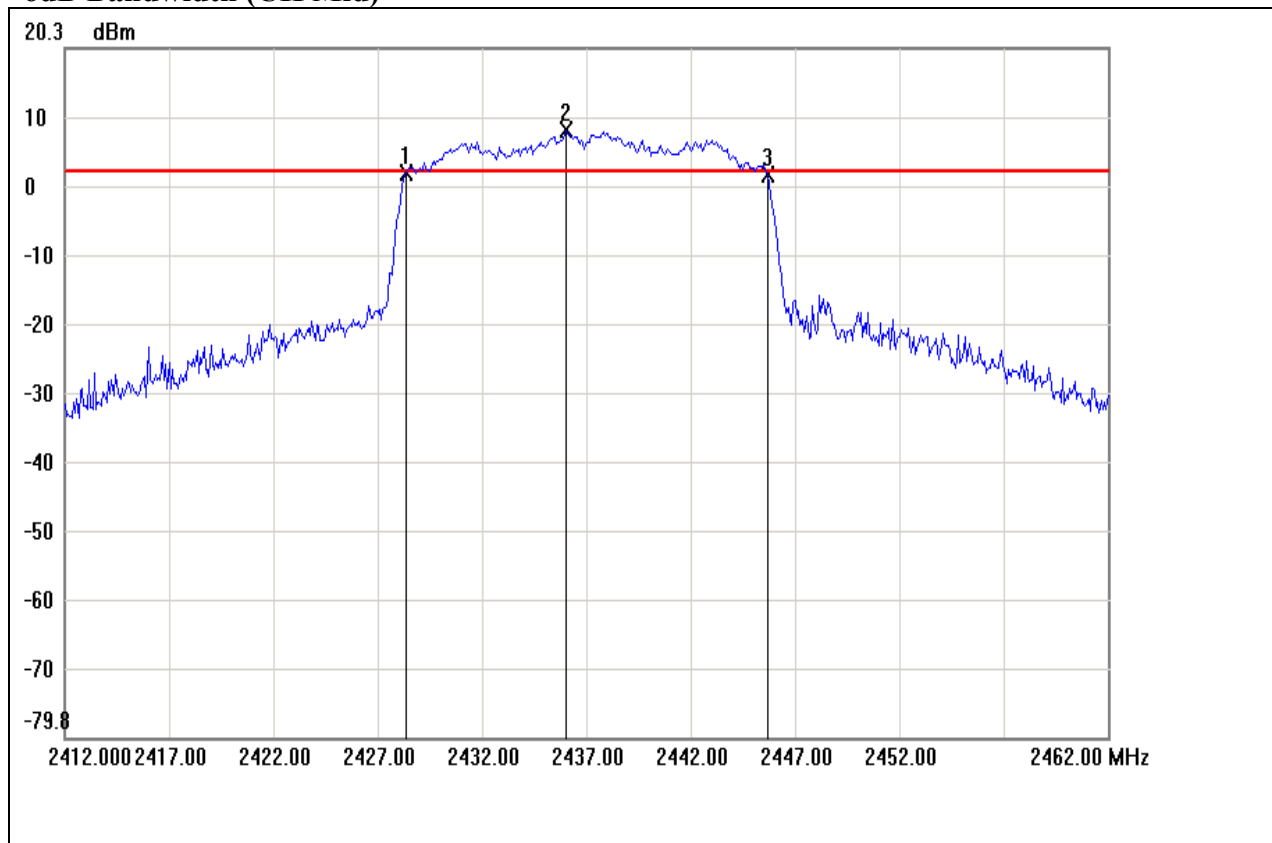


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2403.6667	0.60	1.26	-0.66
2	2412.8333	7.26	1.26	6.00
3	2420.5000	0.90	1.26	-0.36

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.8333	0.3



6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

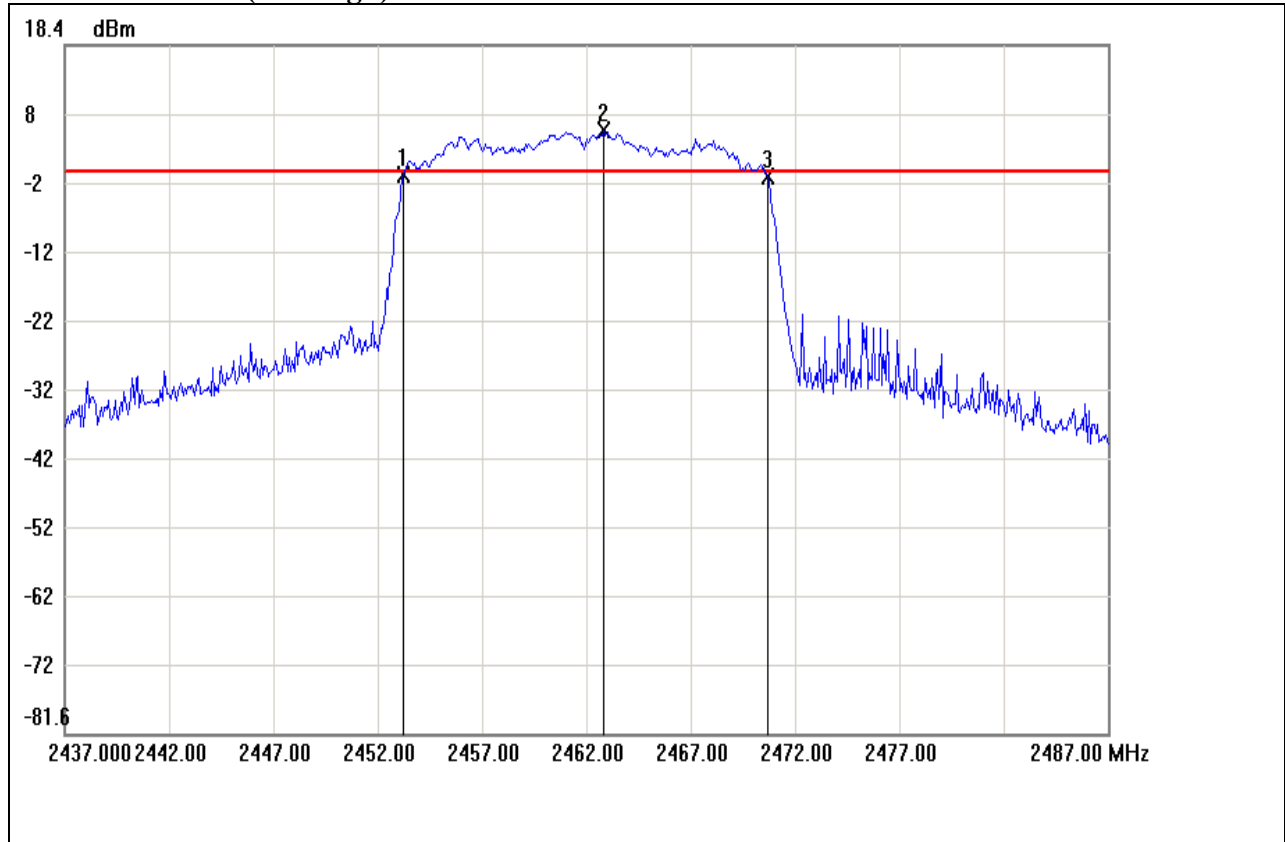


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2428.3333	2.20	2.28	-0.08
2	2436.0000	8.28	2.28	6.00
3	2445.6667	1.87	2.28	-0.41

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.3334	-0.33



6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



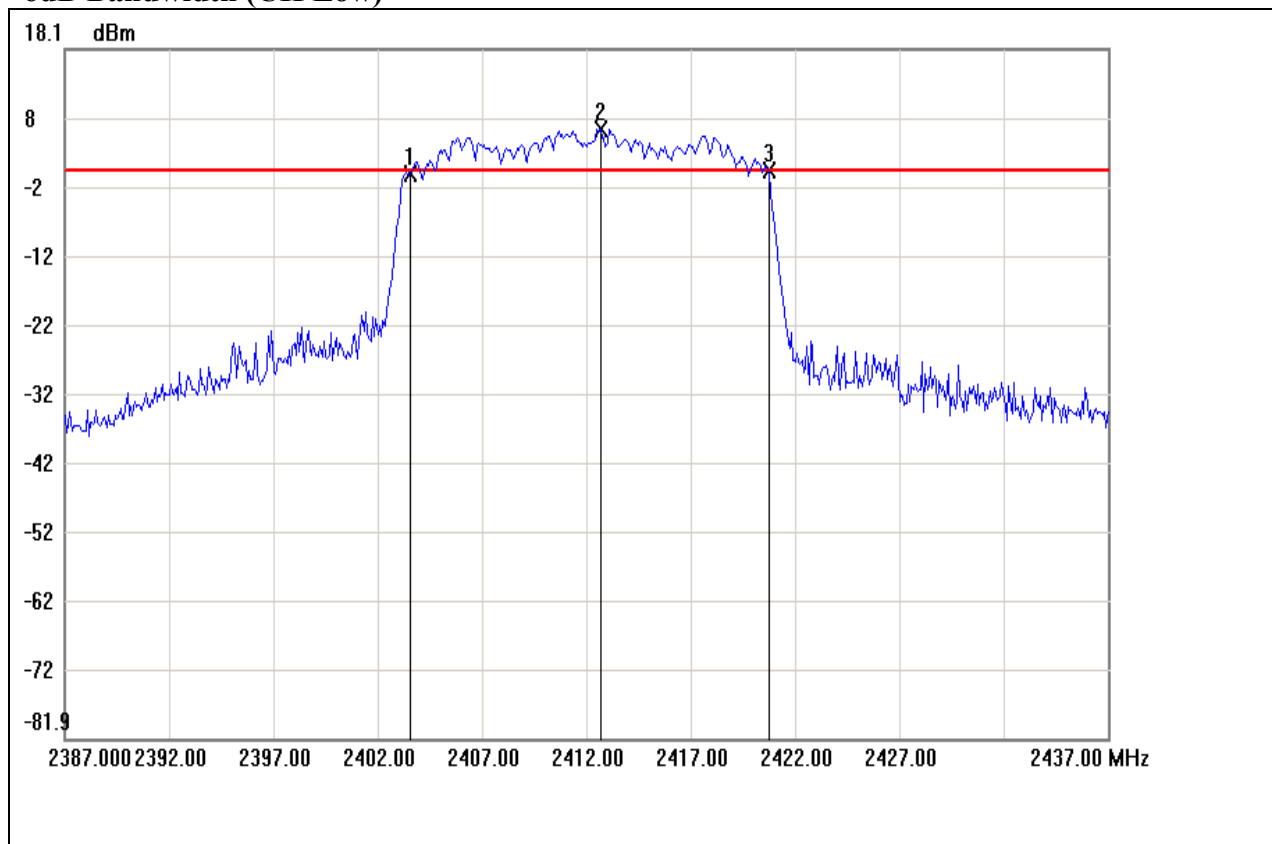
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2453.2500	-0.32	0.05	-0.37
2	2462.8333	6.05	0.05	6.00
3	2470.6667	-0.64	0.05	-0.69

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.4167	-0.32



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

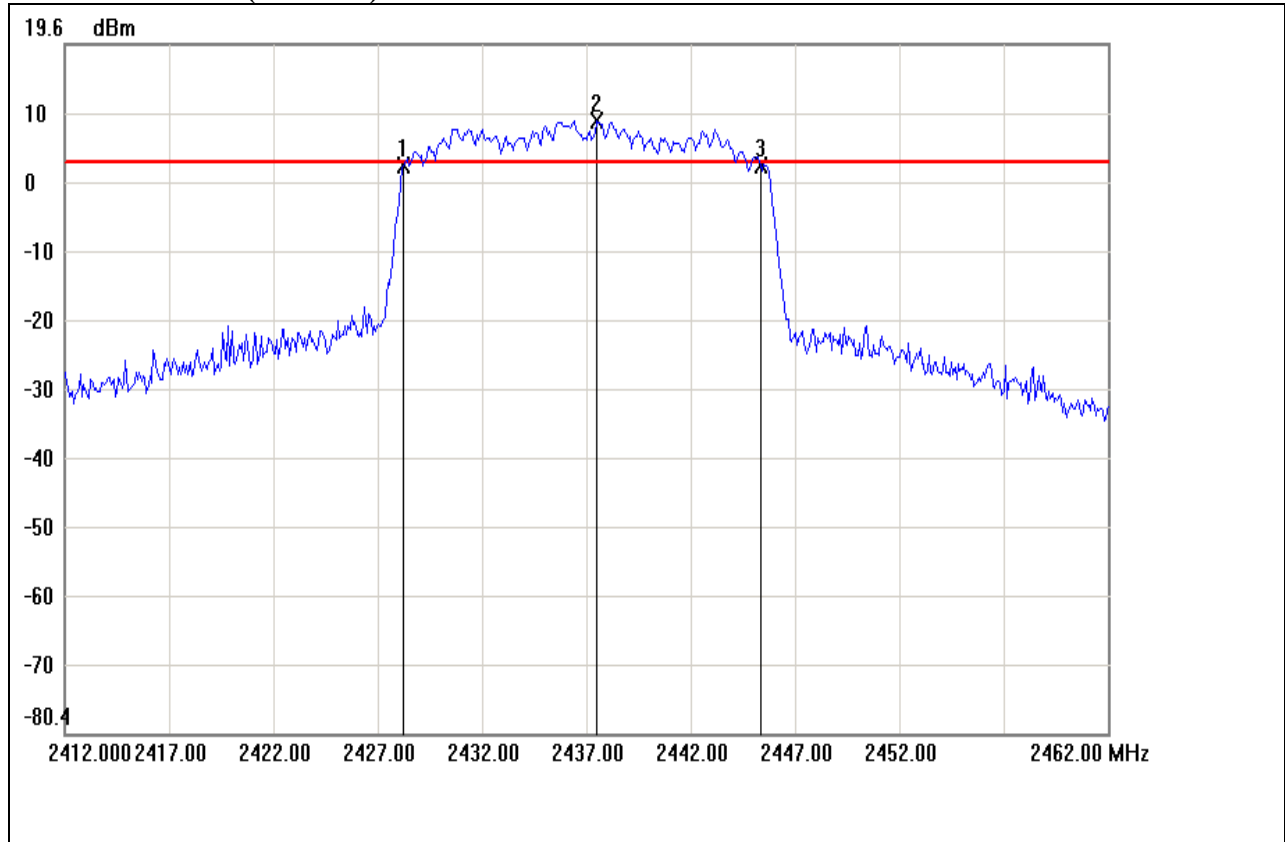


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2403.5833	-0.10	0.54	-0.64
2	2412.6667	6.54	0.54	6.00
3	2420.7500	0.49	0.54	-0.05

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.1667	0.59



6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

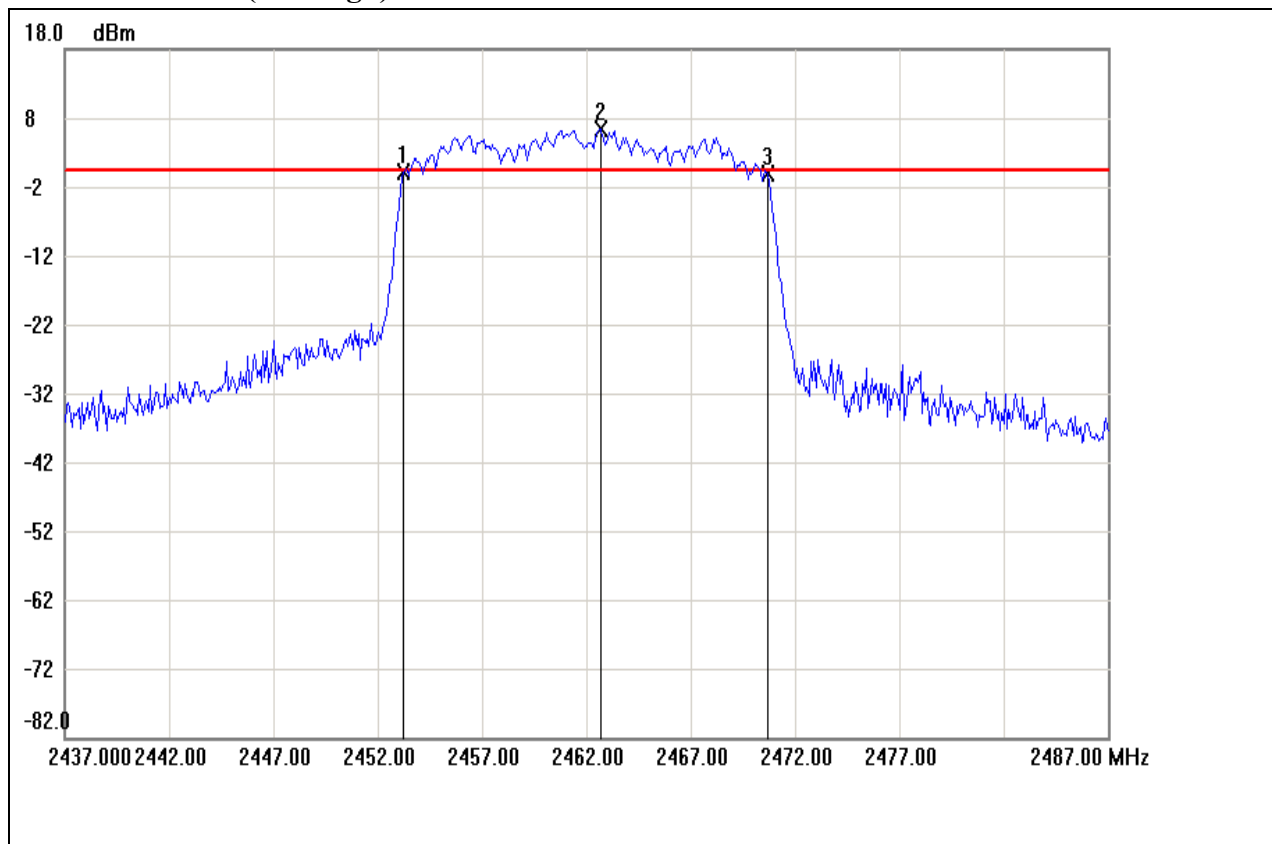


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2428.2500	2.00	2.51	-0.51
2	2437.5000	8.51	2.51	6.00
3	2445.3333	1.90	2.51	-0.61

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.0833	-0.1



6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



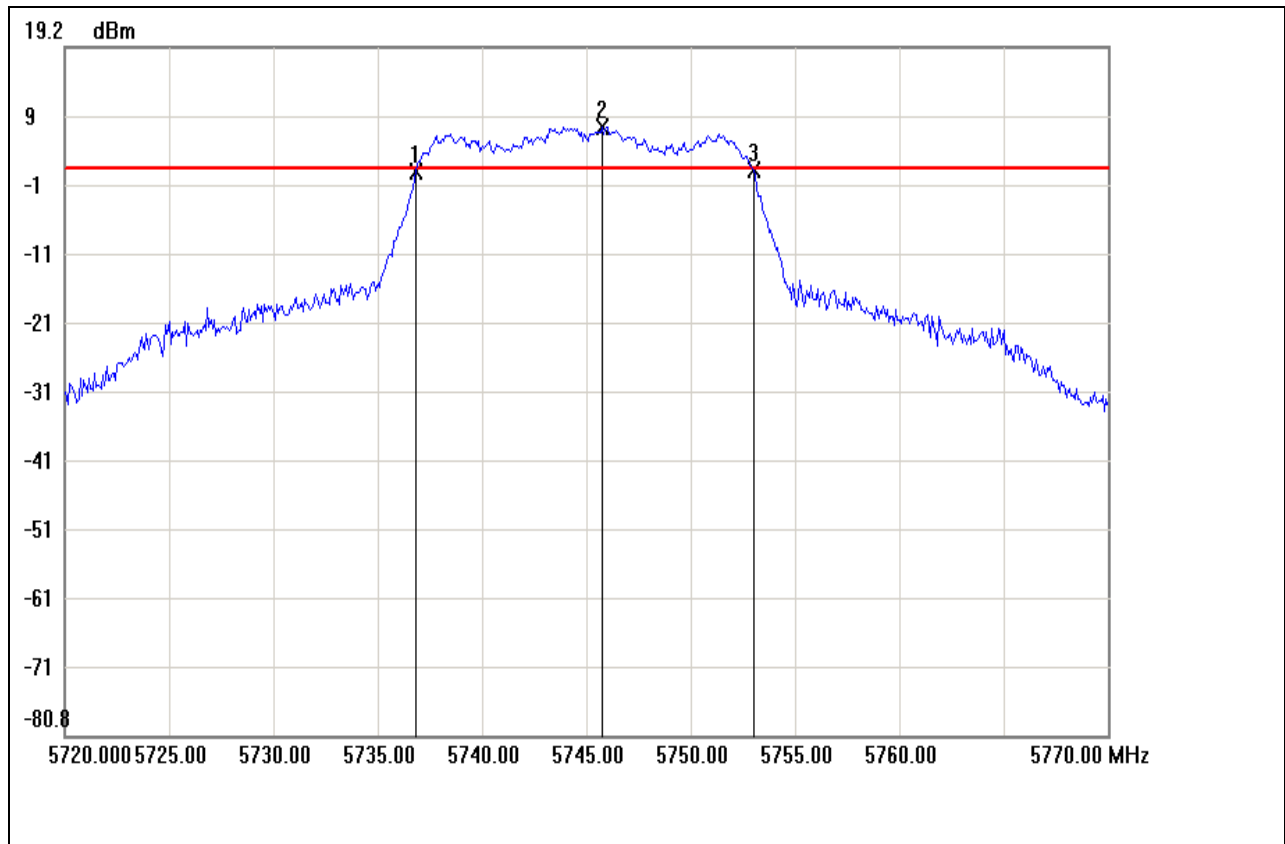
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2453.2500	0.17	0.33	-0.16
2	2462.6667	6.33	0.33	6.00
3	2470.6667	0.01	0.33	-0.32

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.4167	-0.16



IEEE 802.11a mode

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

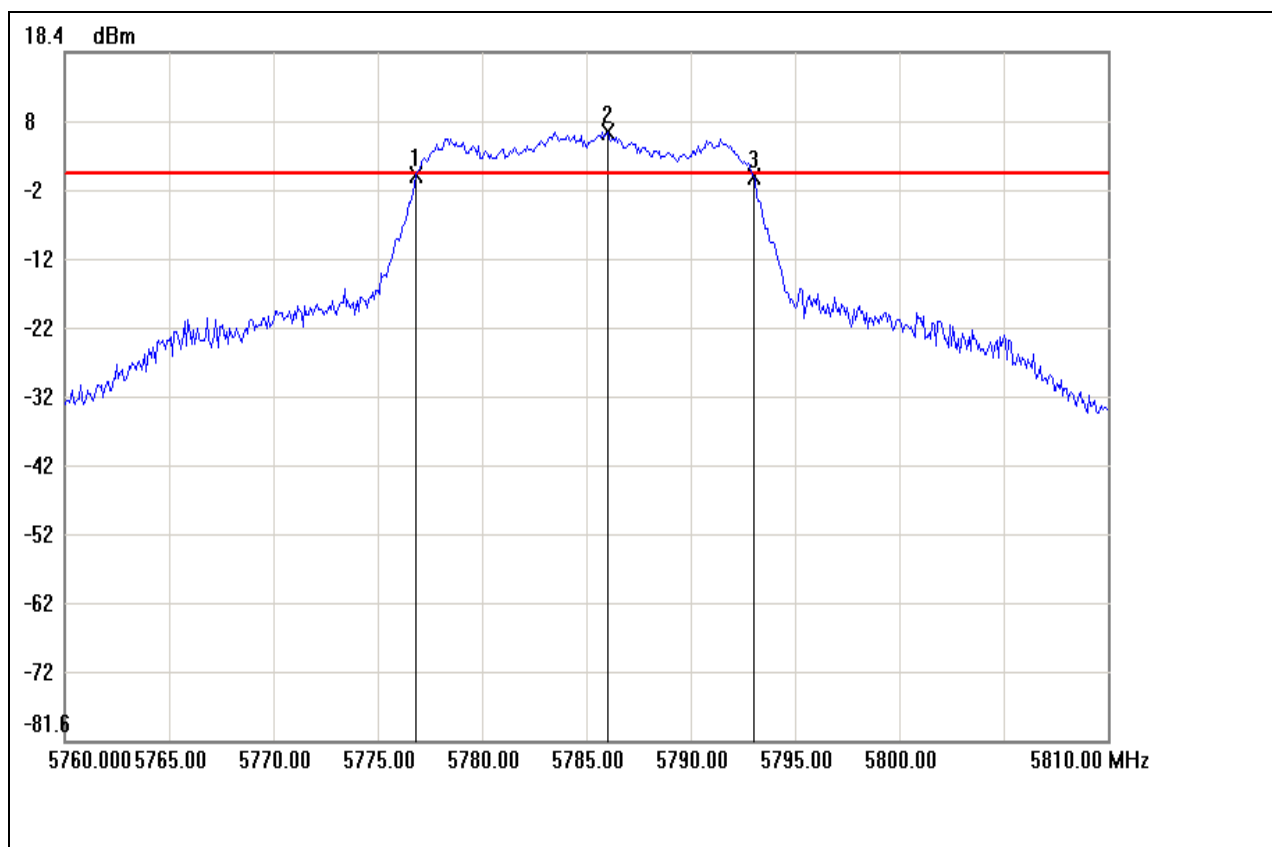


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5736.8333	1.18	1.71	-0.53
2	5745.7500	7.71	1.71	6.00
3	5753.0000	1.34	1.71	-0.37

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.1667	0.16



6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

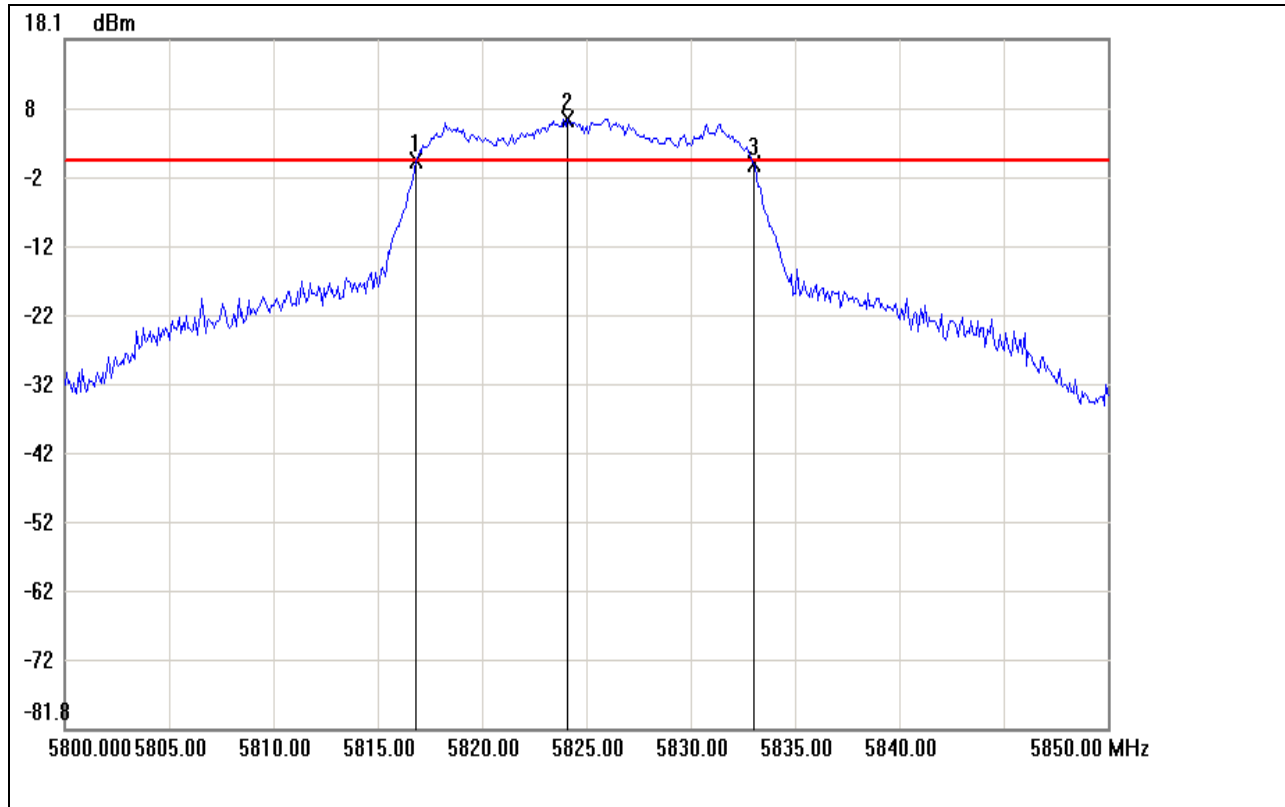


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5776.8333	0.65	0.81	-0.16
2	5786.0000	6.81	0.81	6.00
3	5793.0000	0.33	0.81	-0.48

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.1667	-0.32



6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



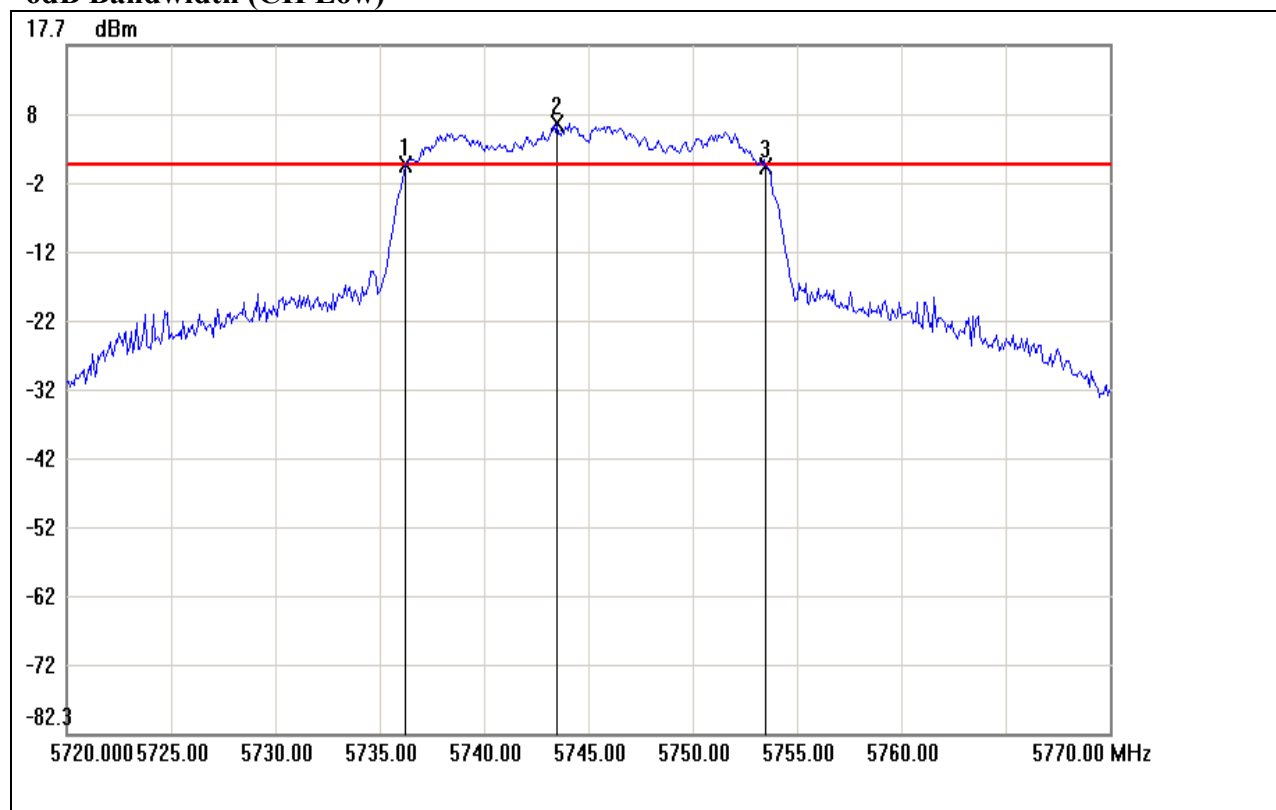
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5816.8333	0.49	0.61	-0.12
2	5824.0833	6.61	0.61	6.00
3	5833.0000	0.10	0.61	-0.51

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.1667	-0.39



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

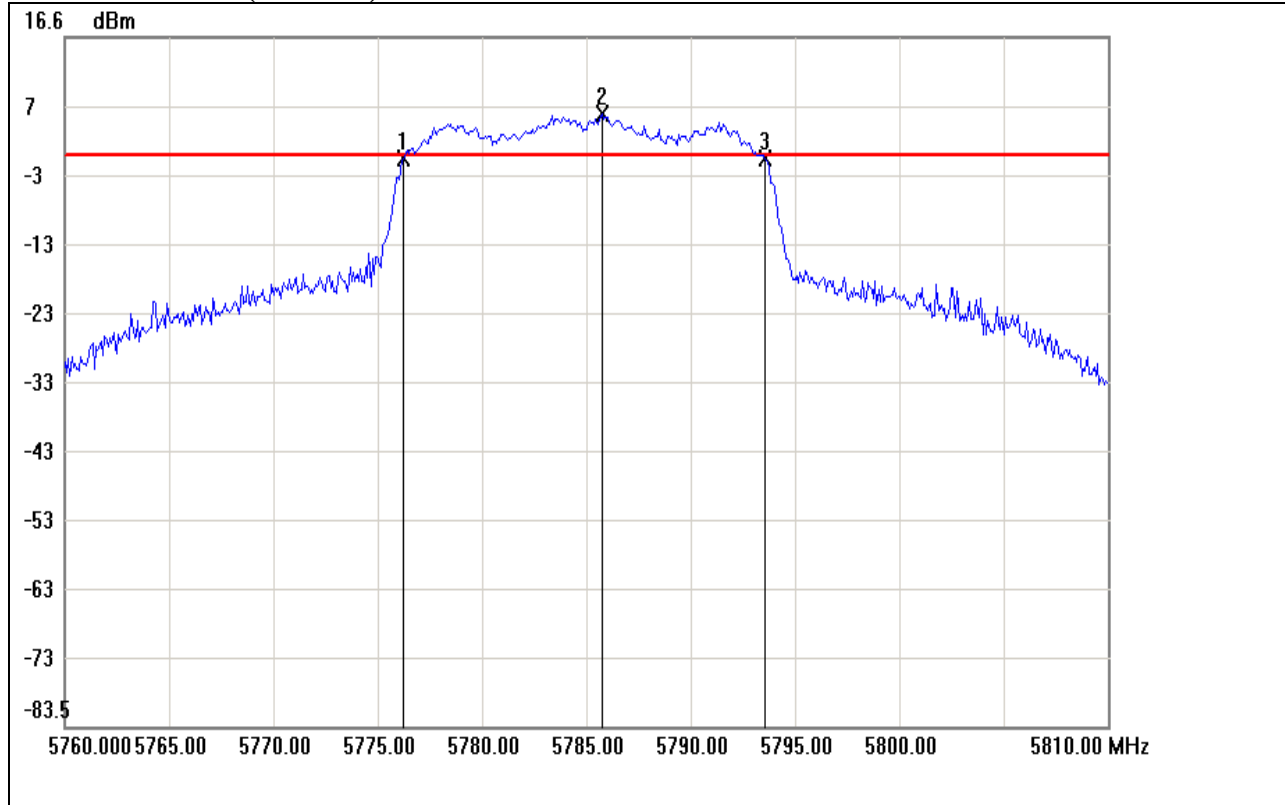


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5736.2500	0.23	0.41	-0.18
2	5743.5000	6.41	0.41	6.00
3	5753.5000	0.06	0.41	-0.35

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.25	-0.17



6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

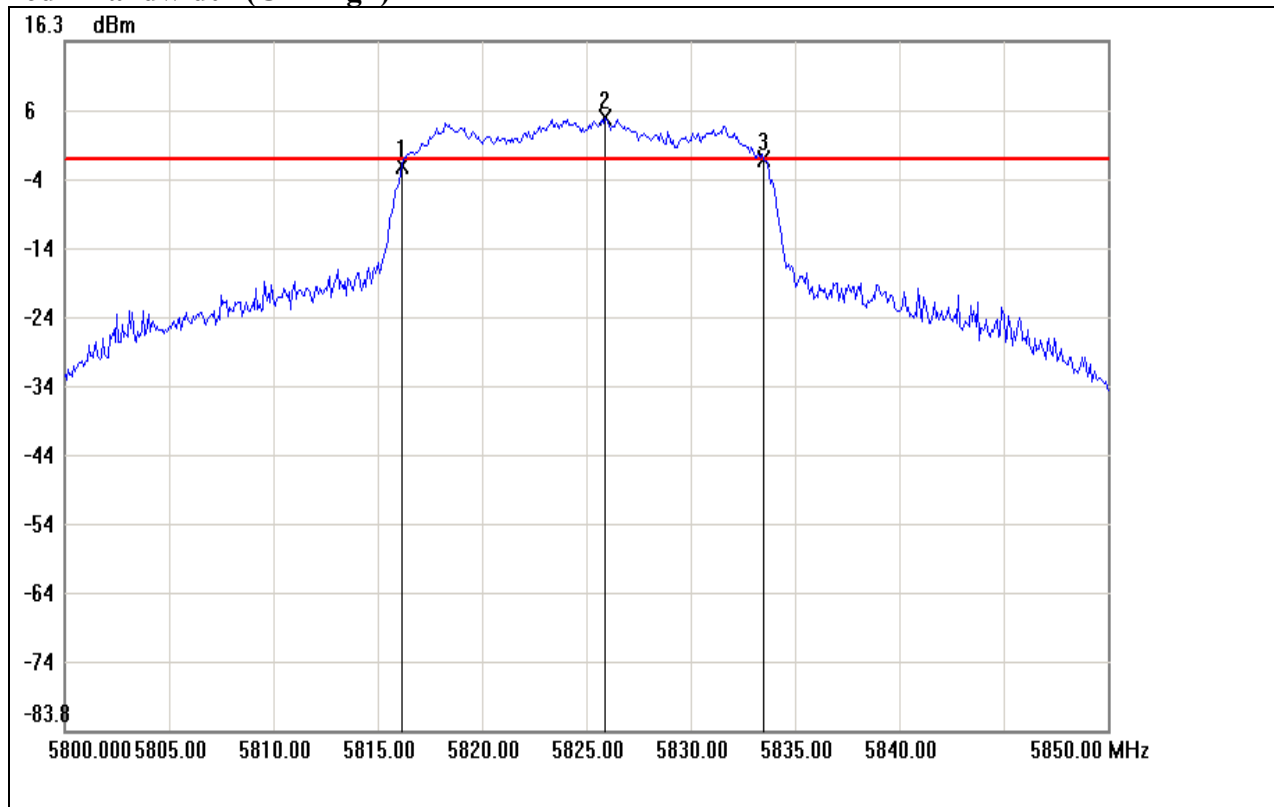


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5776.2500	-1.16	-0.63	-0.53
2	5785.7500	5.37	-0.63	6.00
3	5793.5833	-0.96	-0.63	-0.33

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.3333	0.2



6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



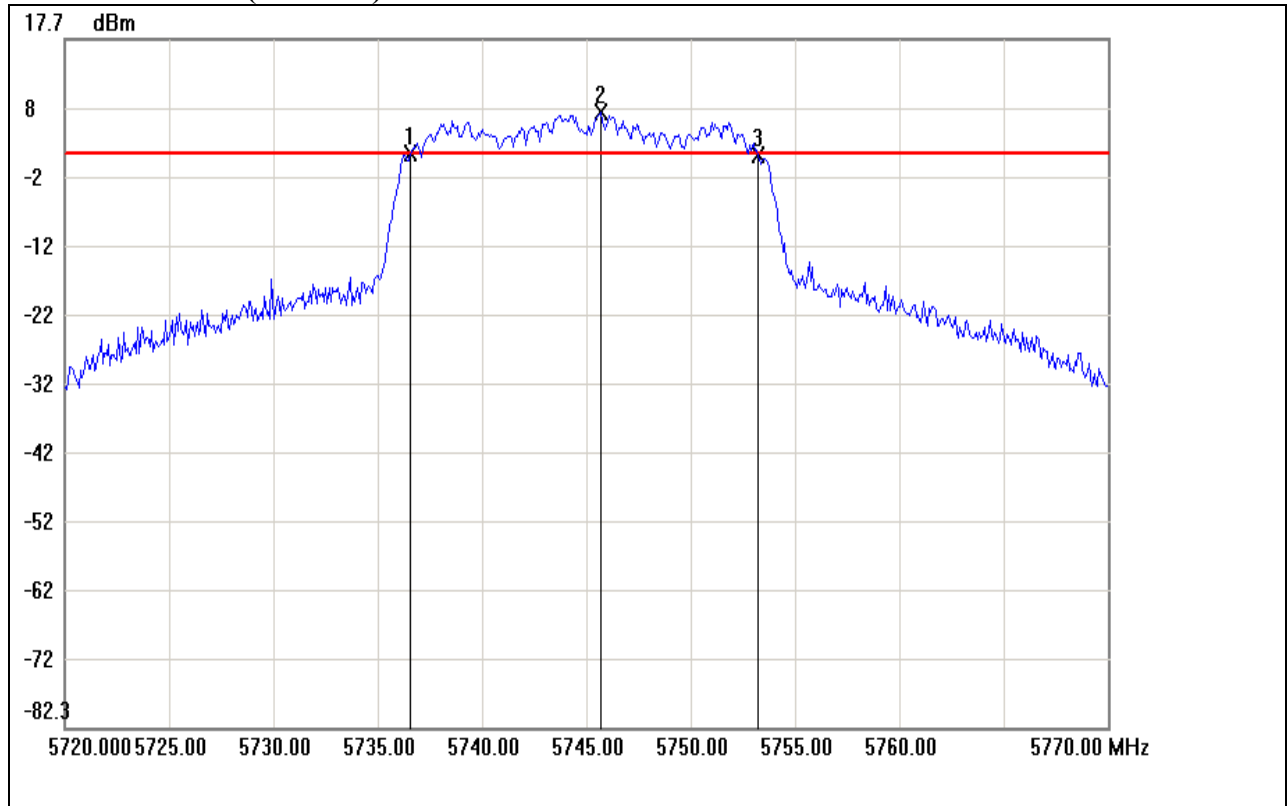
No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5816.1667	-1.97	-0.80	-1.17
2	5825.9167	5.20	-0.80	6.00
3	5833.5000	-0.95	-0.80	-0.15

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.3333	1.02



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

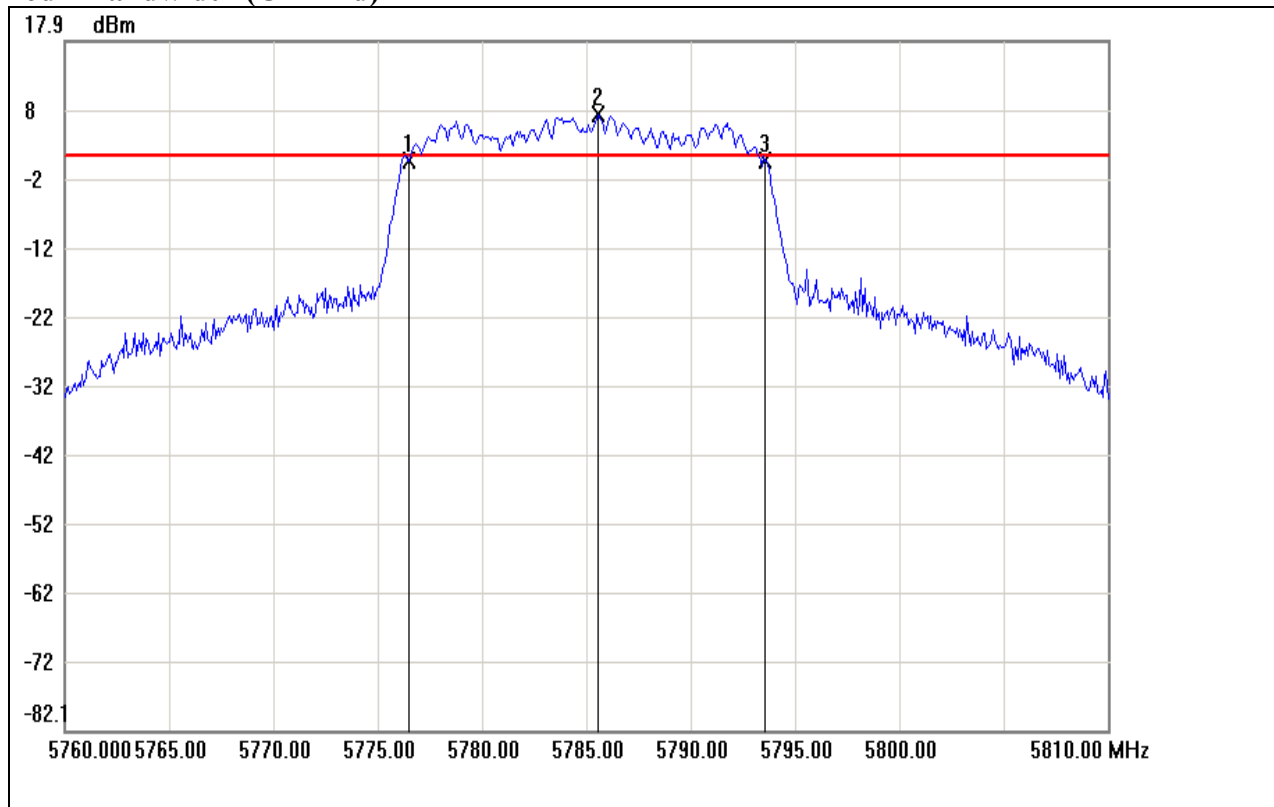


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5736.5833	1.00	1.10	-0.10
2	5745.6667	7.10	1.10	6.00
3	5753.2500	0.82	1.10	-0.28

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.6667	-0.18



6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

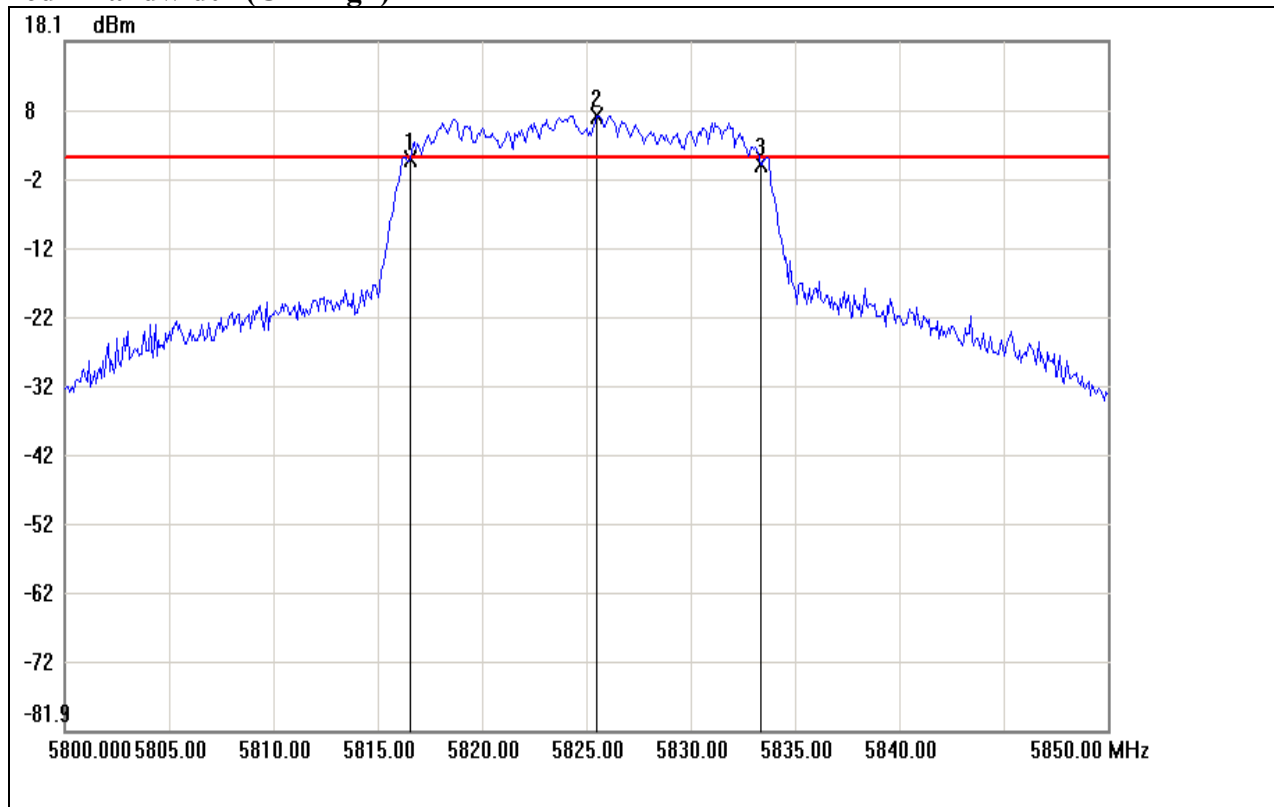


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5776.5000	0.56	1.30	-0.74
2	5785.5833	7.30	1.30	6.00
3	5793.5833	0.64	1.30	-0.66

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	17.0833	0.08



6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5816.5833	1.04	1.31	-0.27
2	5825.5000	7.31	1.31	6.00
3	5833.3333	0.30	1.31	-1.01

No.		Δ Frequency(MHz)	Δ Level(dB)
1	mk3-mk1	16.75	-0.74



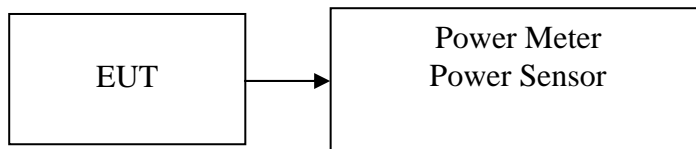
8.3 PEAK POWER

LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
3. According to RSS-210 §A8.4(4), for systems employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Power Meter. The Power Meter is set to the peak power detection.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

**Test Data****Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	18.16	0.0655	1.00	PASS
Mid	2437	18.41	0.0693		PASS
High	2462	18.76	0.0752		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	24.05	0.2541	1.00	PASS
Mid	2437	25.02	0.3177		PASS
High	2462	24.91	0.3097		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	23.91	23.93	26.93	0.4932	1.00	PASS
Mid	2437	24.72	23.97	27.37	0.5458		PASS
High	2462	23.95	22.89	26.46	0.4426		PASS

Remark: Total Output Power (w) = Chain 0 ($10^{(\text{Output Power}/10)/1000}$) + Chain 1 ($10^{(\text{Output Power}/10)/1000}$)

**Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	5745	22.75	0.1884	1.00	PASS
Mid	5785	22.71	0.1866		PASS
High	5825	22.82	0.1914		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	5745	20.94	22.22	24.64	0.2911	1.00	PASS
Mid	5785	20.71	22.41	24.65	0.2917		PASS
High	5825	21.13	22.48	24.87	0.3069		PASS

Remark: Total Output Power (w) = Chain 0 (10^{^(Output Power /10)}/1000)+ Chain 1 (10^{^(Output Power /10)}/1000)

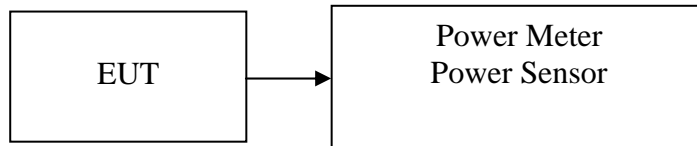


8.4 AVERAGE POWER

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Power Meter. The Power Meter is set to the average power detection.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

**Test Data****Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2412	14.27	0.0267
Mid	2437	14.49	0.0281
High	2462	14.84	0.0305

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2412	13.55	0.0226
Mid	2437	16.18	0.0415
High	2462	14.72	0.0296

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	2412	13.46	13.12	16.30	0.0427
Mid	2437	15.72	15.17	18.46	0.0701
High	2462	13.36	12.85	16.12	0.0409

Remark: Total Output Power (w) = Chain 0 ($10^{(Output\ Power / 10) / 1000}$) + Chain 1 ($10^{(Output\ Power / 10) / 1000}$)

**Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	5745	15.33	0.0341
Mid	5785	15.41	0.0348
High	5825	15.51	0.0356

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)
Low	5745	13.46	15.32	17.50	0.0562
Mid	5785	13.45	15.25	17.45	0.0556
High	5825	13.73	15.61	17.78	0.0600

Remark: Total Output Power (w) = Chain 0 ($10^{(Output\ Power / 10) / 1000}$) + Chain 1 ($10^{(Output\ Power / 10) / 1000}$)



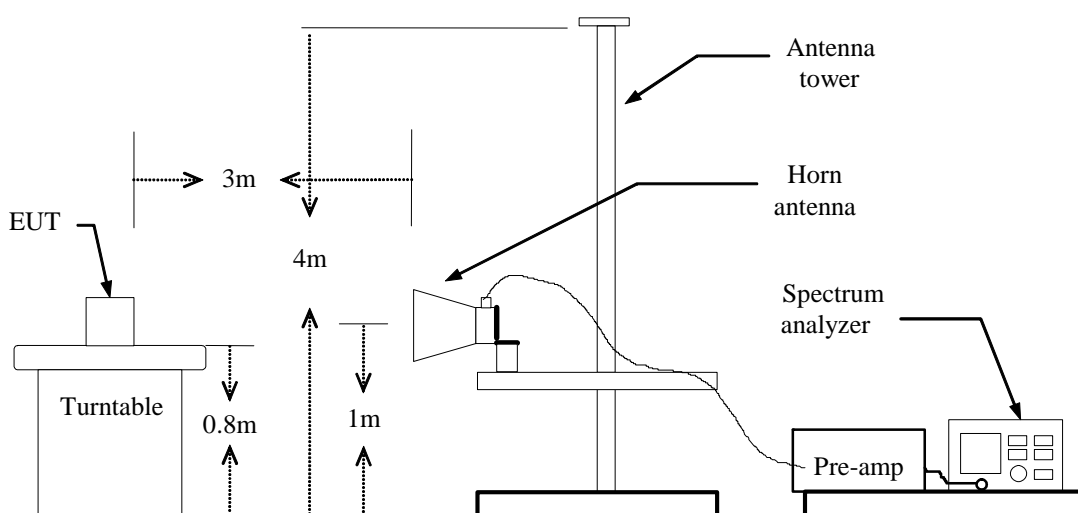
8.5BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

LIMIT

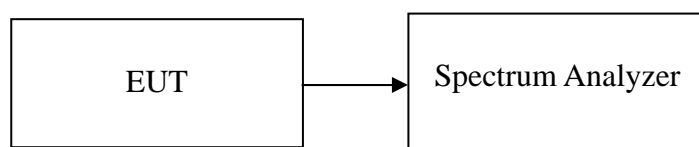
According to §15.247(d) & RSS-210 §A8.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Test Configuration

For Radiated



For Conducted





TEST PROCEDURE

For Radiated

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
 - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
 - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

For Conducted

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

TEST RESULTS

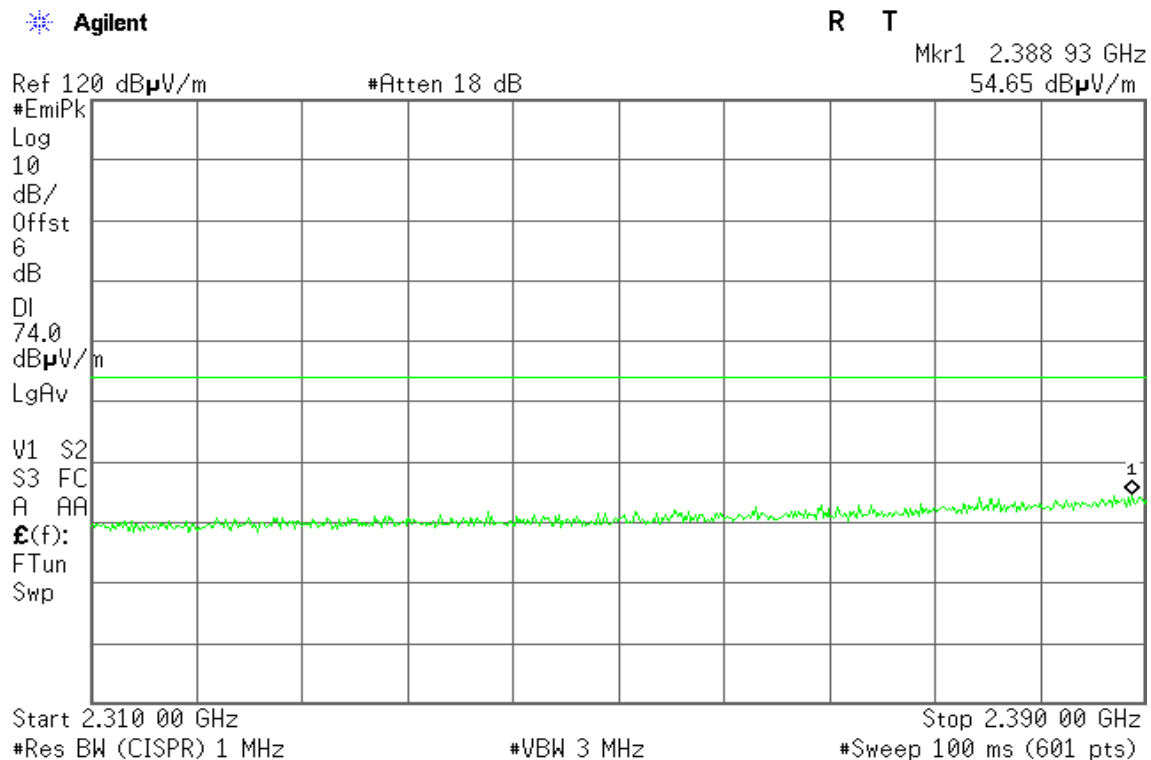
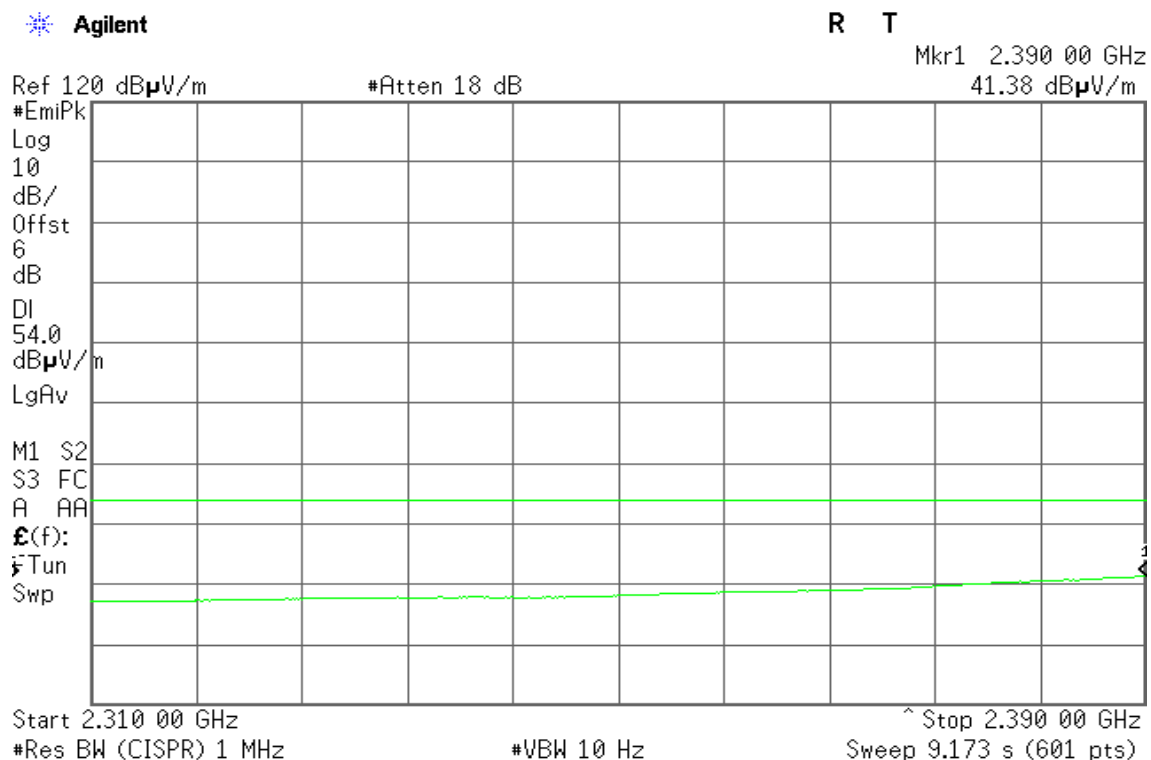
Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.



802.11a Mode

1. Operating Frequency: 5725-5850MHz
2. CH Low: 5745MHz, CH High: 5825MHz
3. 99% OBW, Low CH: 17.6638MHz, High CH: 17.8107MHz

Because the mentioned conditions, the test is not applicable.

**Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low)****Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Vertical****Detector mode: Average****Polarity: Vertical**



Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

* Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.371 60 GHz

54.79 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

74.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

V1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.310 00 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

* Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.390 00 GHz

41.06 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

54.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

M1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

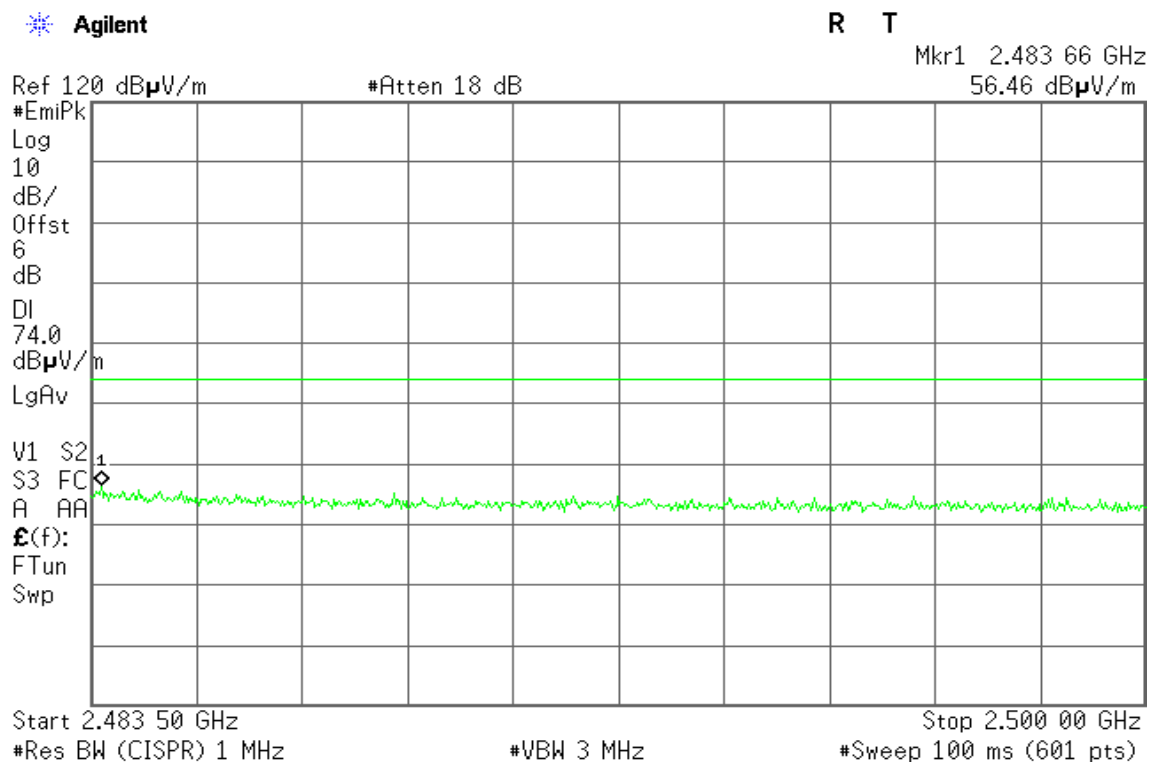
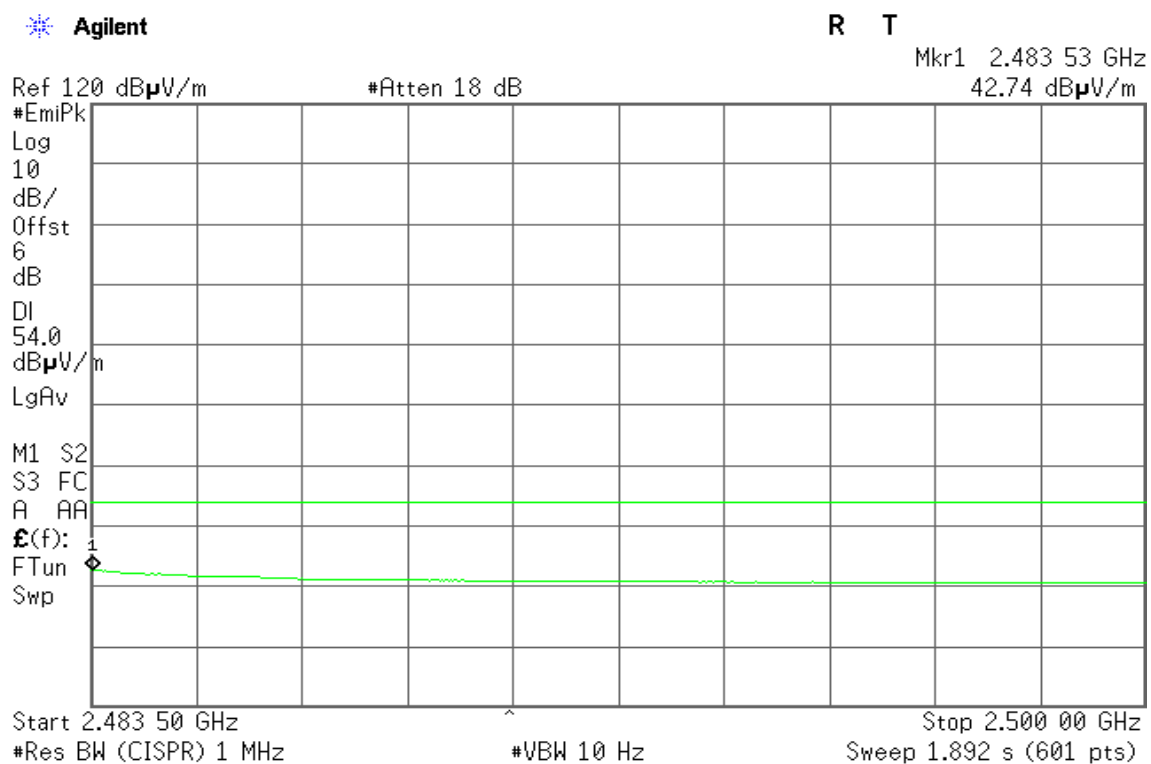
Start 2.310 00 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

Sweep 9.173 s (601 pts)

**Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High)****Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Vertical****Detector mode: Average****Polarity: Vertical**



Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 53 GHz

55.82 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

74.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

V1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.483 50 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 50 GHz

42.68 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

54.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

M1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

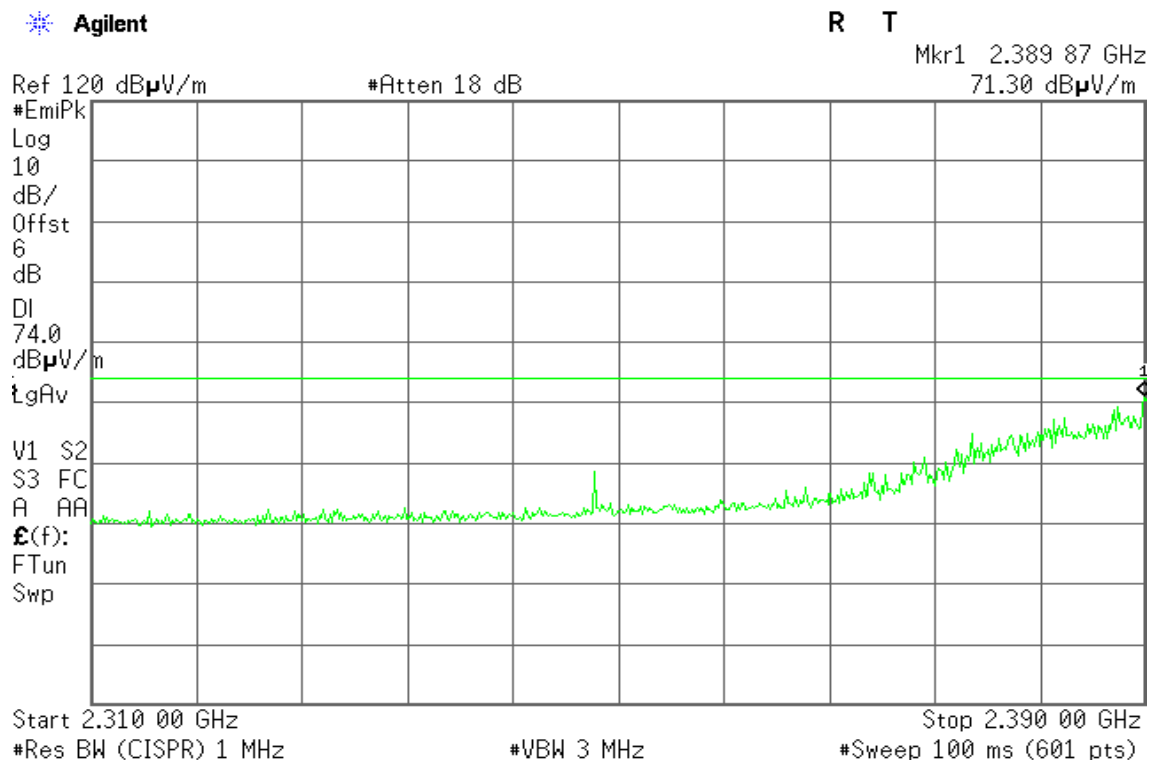
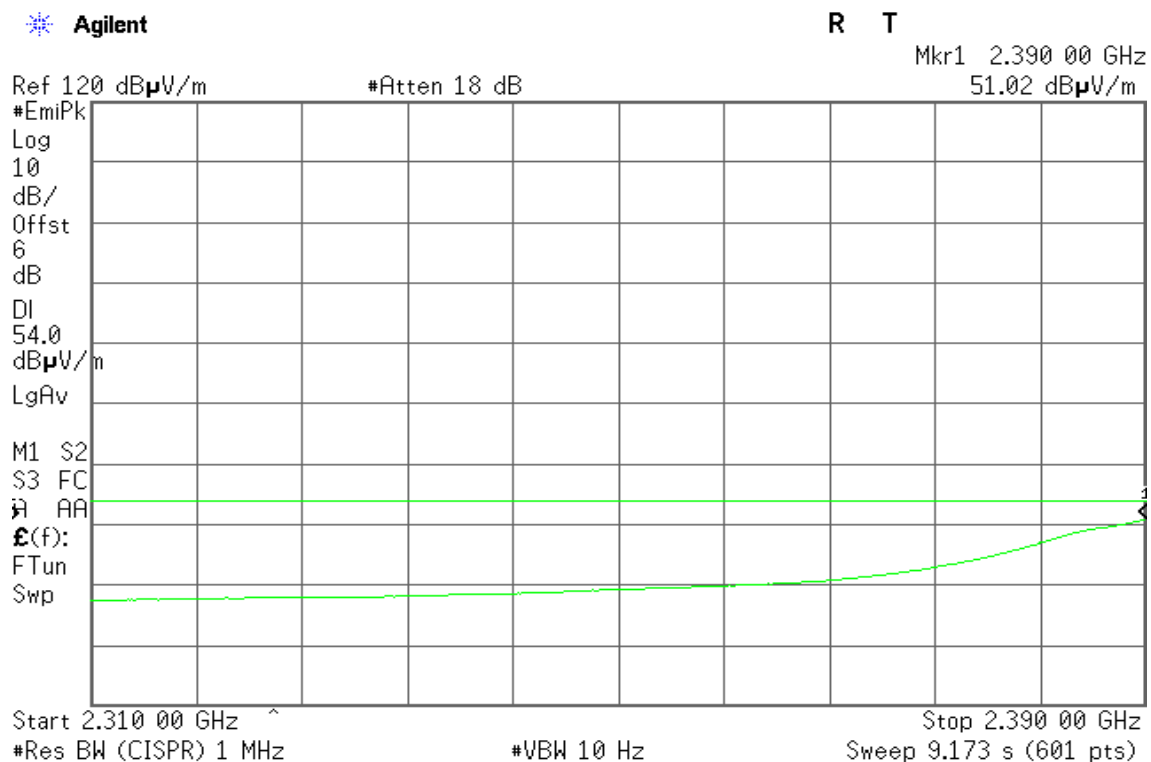
Start 2.483 50 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

Sweep 1.892 s (601 pts)

**Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low)****Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Vertical****Detector mode: Average****Polarity: Vertical**

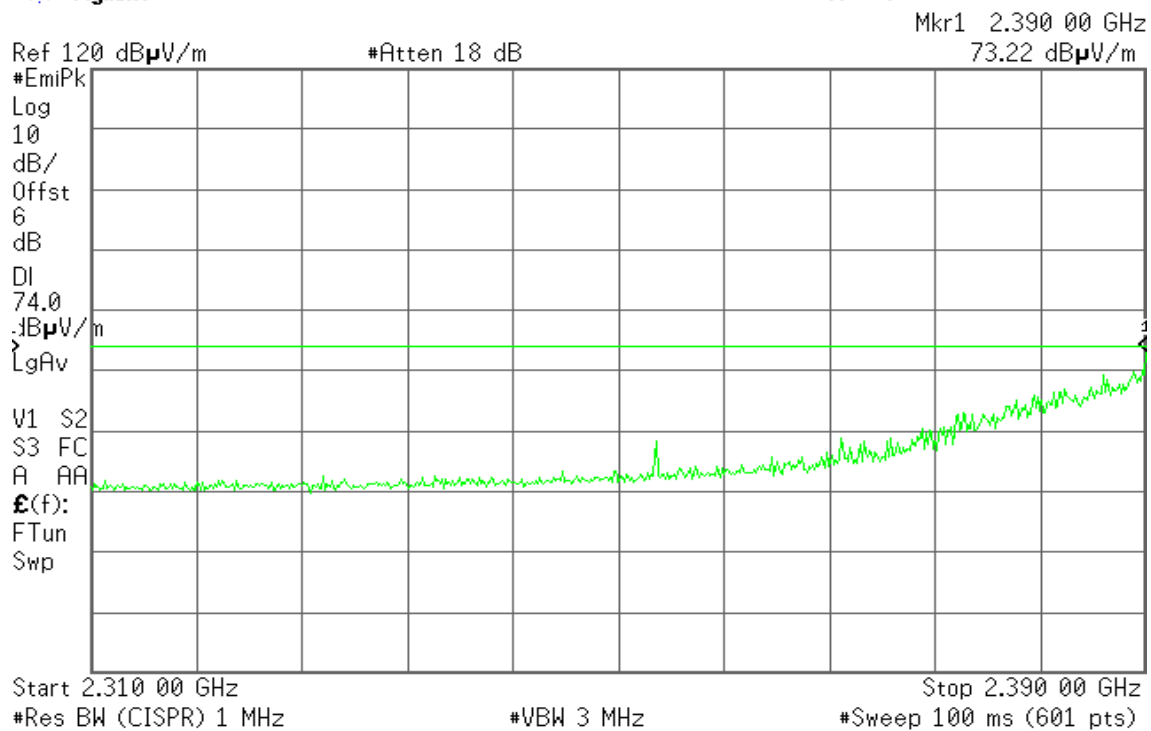


Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

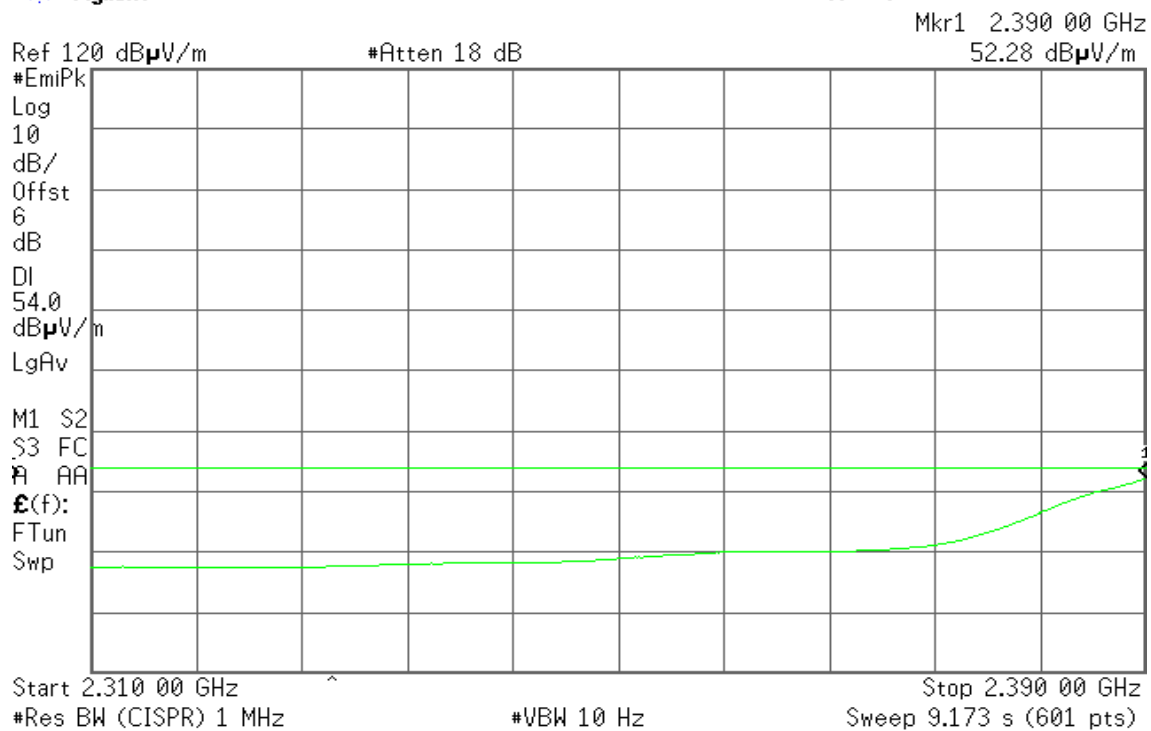


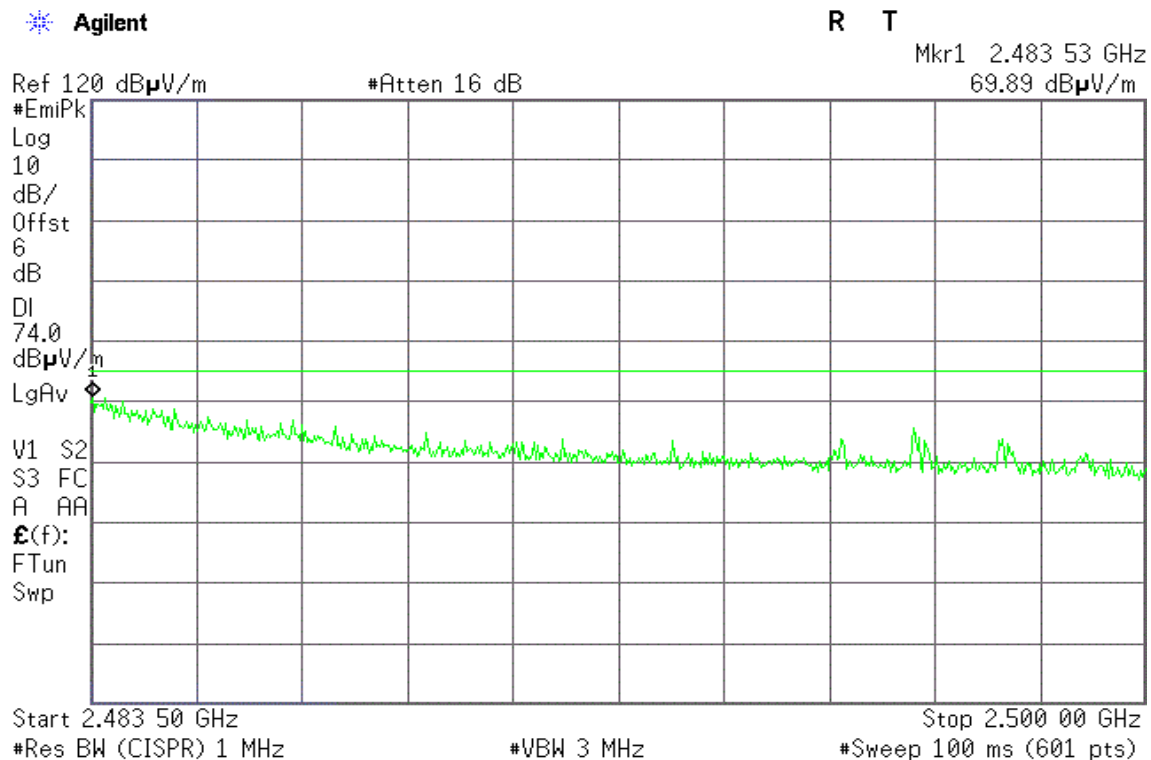
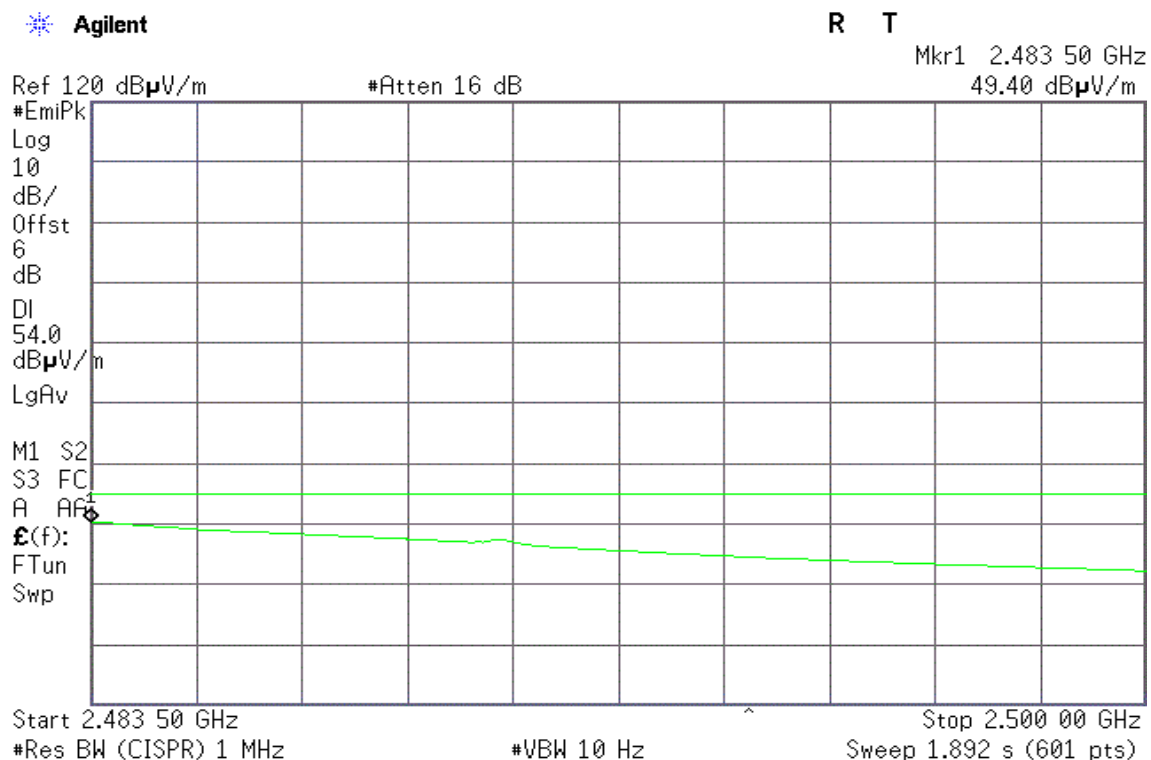
Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T



**Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High)****Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Vertical****Detector mode: Average****Polarity: Vertical**



Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 75 GHz
70.77 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 16 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

74.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

V1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.483 50 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 50 GHz
52.17 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 16 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

54.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

M1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.483 50 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

Sweep 1.892 s (601 pts)

**Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH Low)****Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Vertical**

* Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.388 53 GHz
71.08 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

74.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

V1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.310 00 GHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average**Polarity: Vertical**

* Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.390 00 GHz
52.37 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

54.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

M1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.310 00 GHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

Sweep 9.173 s (601 pts)



Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.389 47 GHz

70.16 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

74.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

V1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.310 00 GHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.390 00 GHz

51.53 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

54.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

M1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

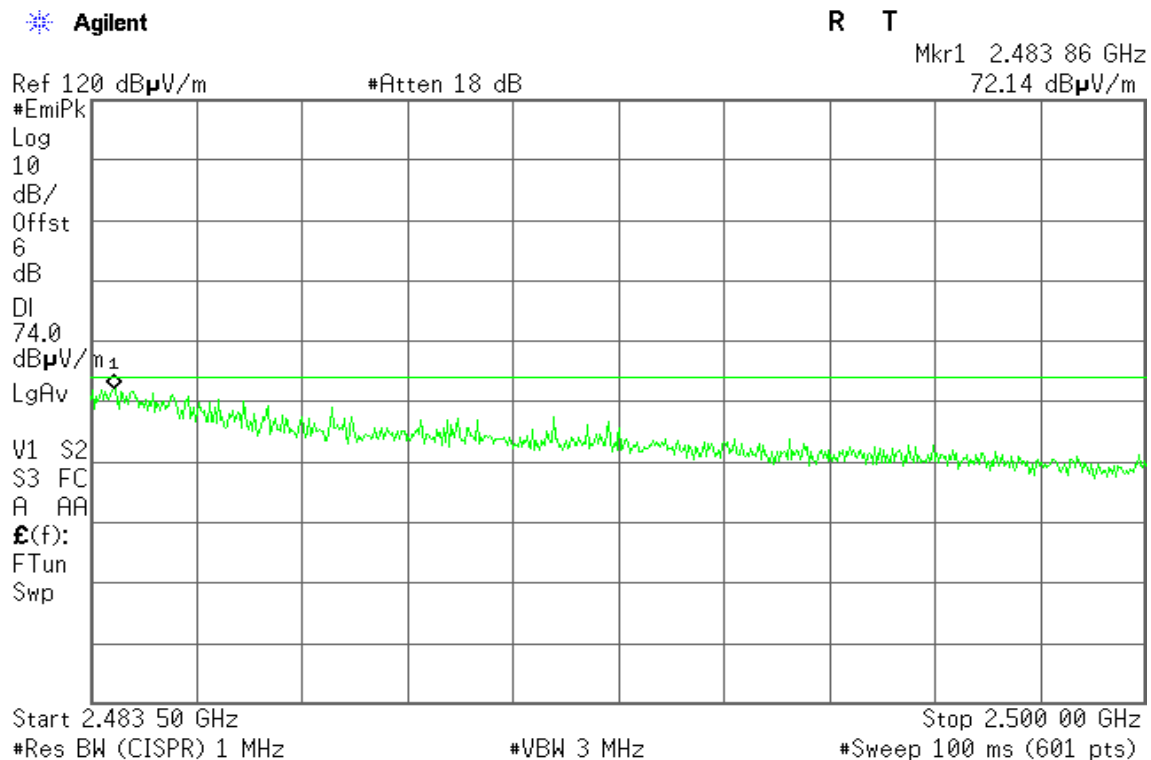
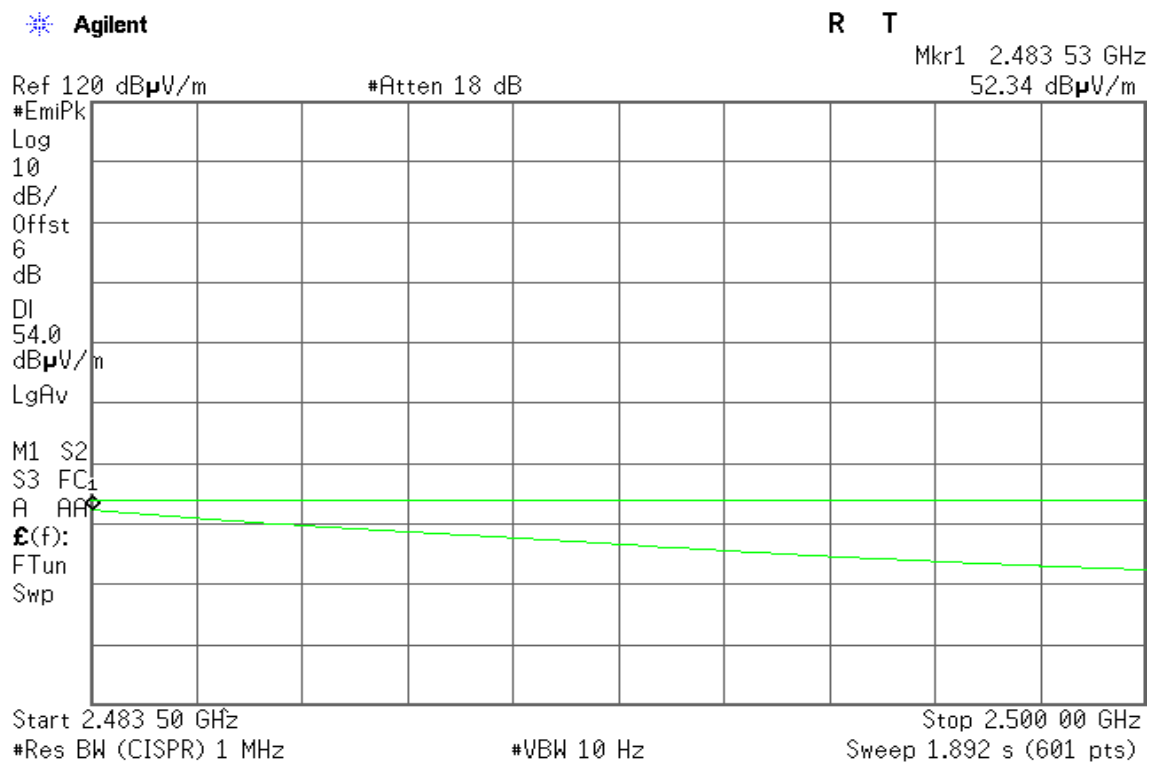
Start 2.310 00 GHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

Sweep 9.173 s (601 pts)

**Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH High)****Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Vertical****Detector mode: Average****Polarity: Vertical**



Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 86 GHz

73.28 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

74.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

V1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.483 50 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 53 GHz

51.87 dB μ V/mRef 120 dB μ V/m

#Atten 18 dB

#EmiPk

Log

10

dB/

Offst

6

dB

DI

54.0

dB μ V/m

LgAv

M1 S2

S3 FC

A AA

E(f):

FTun

Swp

Start 2.483 50 GHz

#Res BW (CISPR) 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

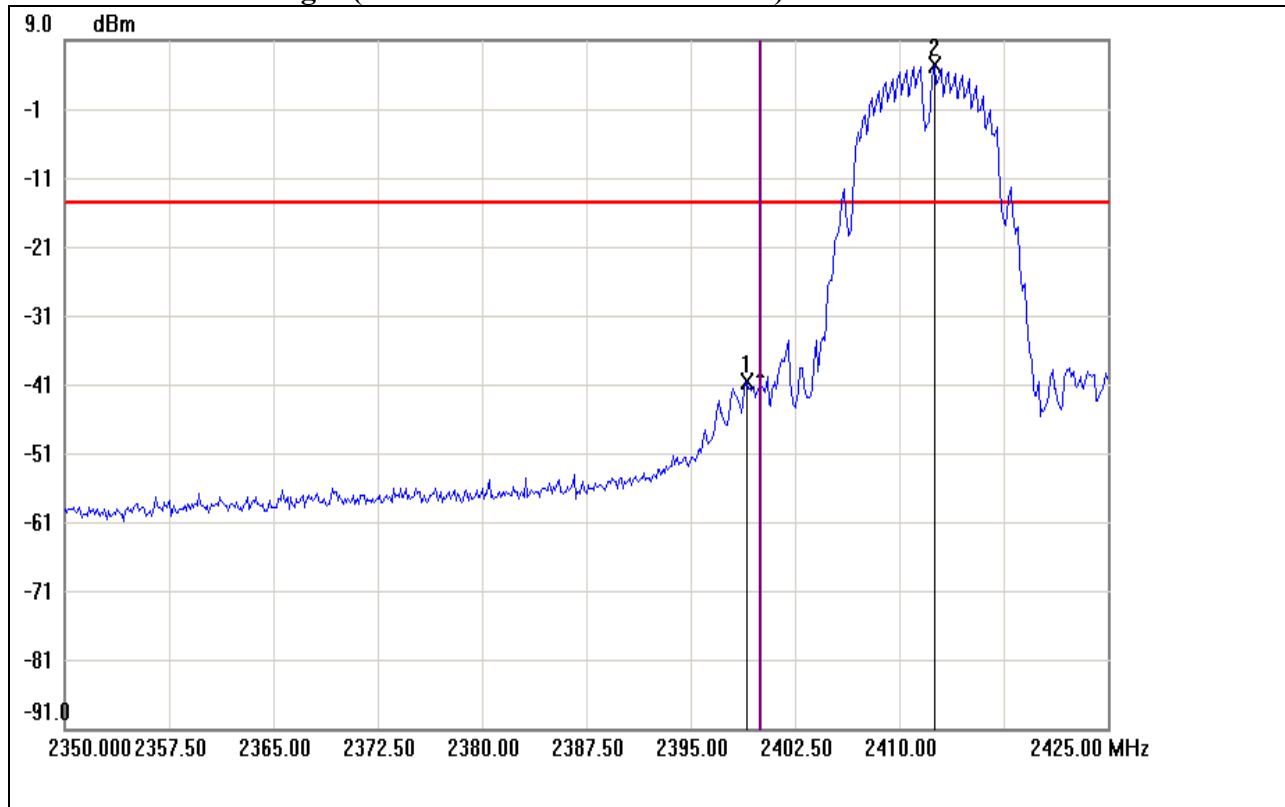
Stop 2.500 00 GHz

Sweep 1.892 s (601 pts)



Test Plot

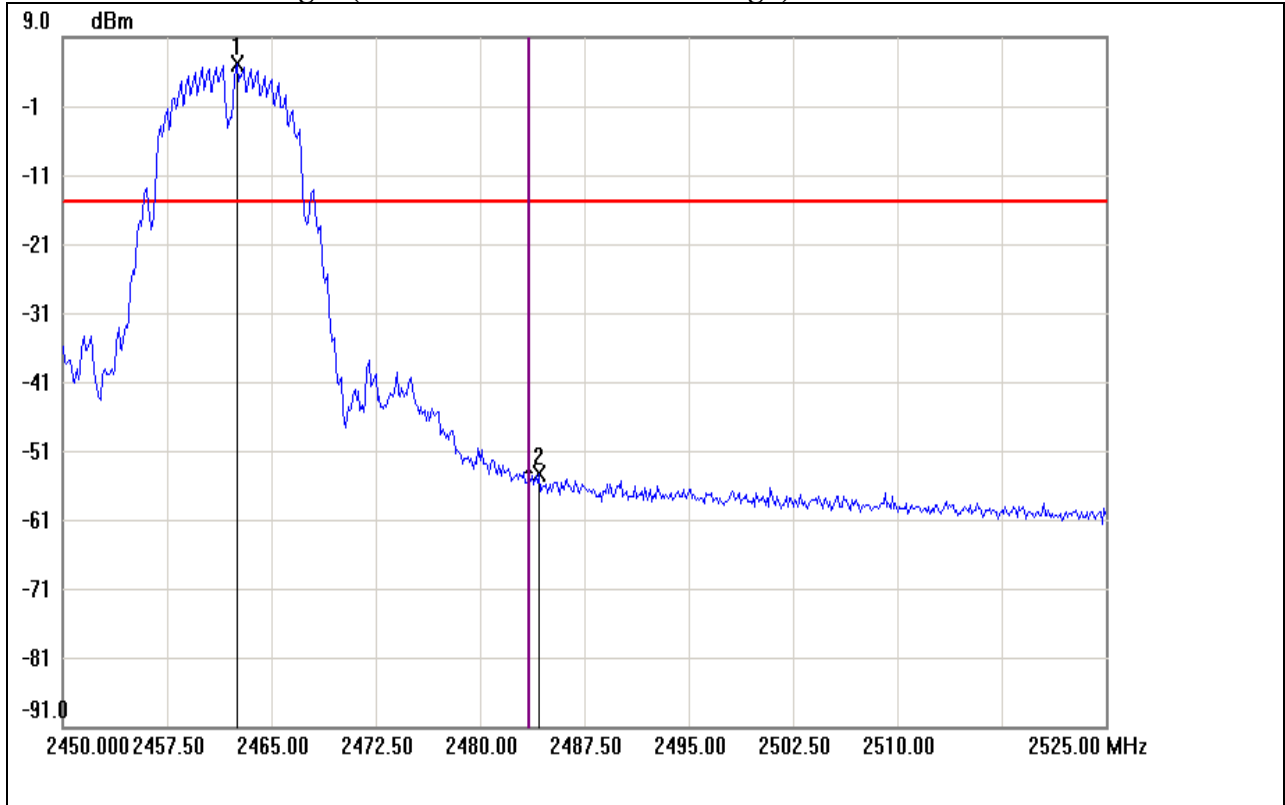
Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2399.0000	-40.55	-14.61	-25.94
2	2412.5000	5.39	-14.61	20.00



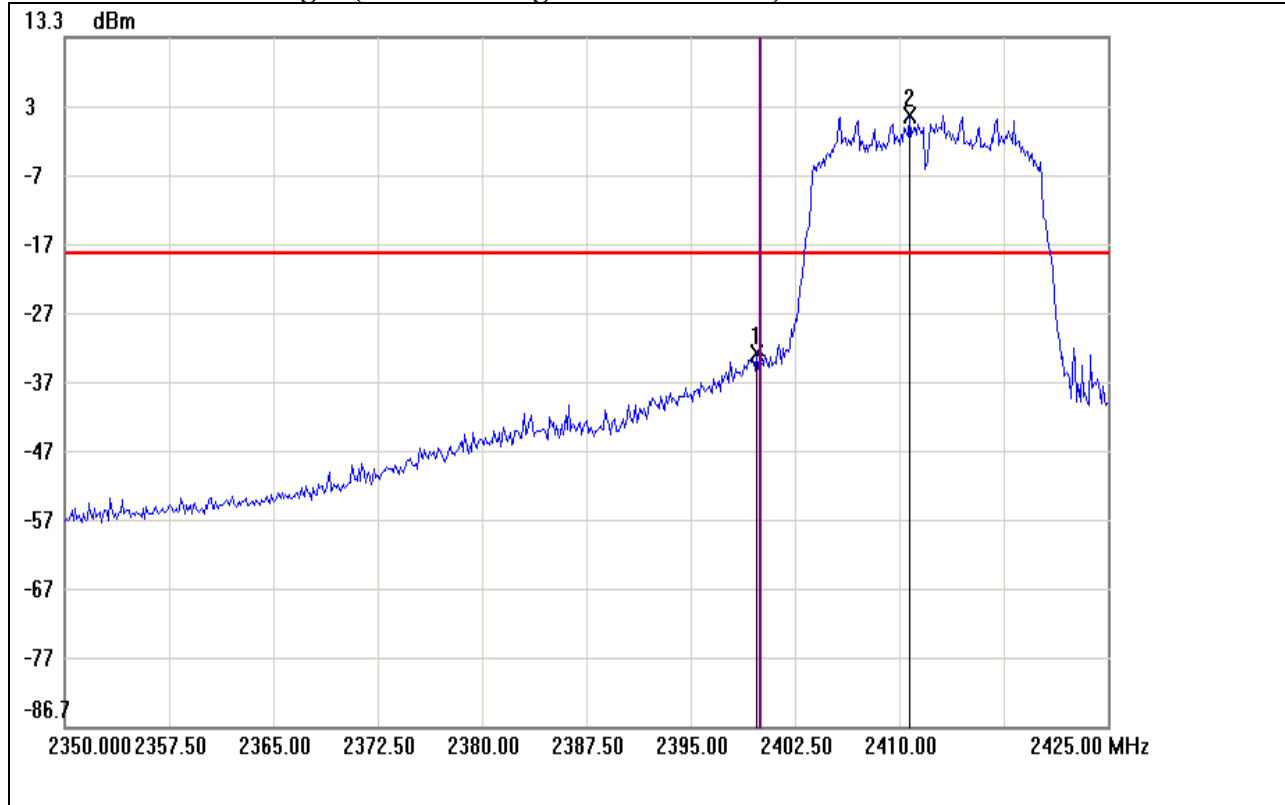
Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2462.5000	5.09	-14.91	20.00
2	2484.2500	-54.47	-14.91	-39.56



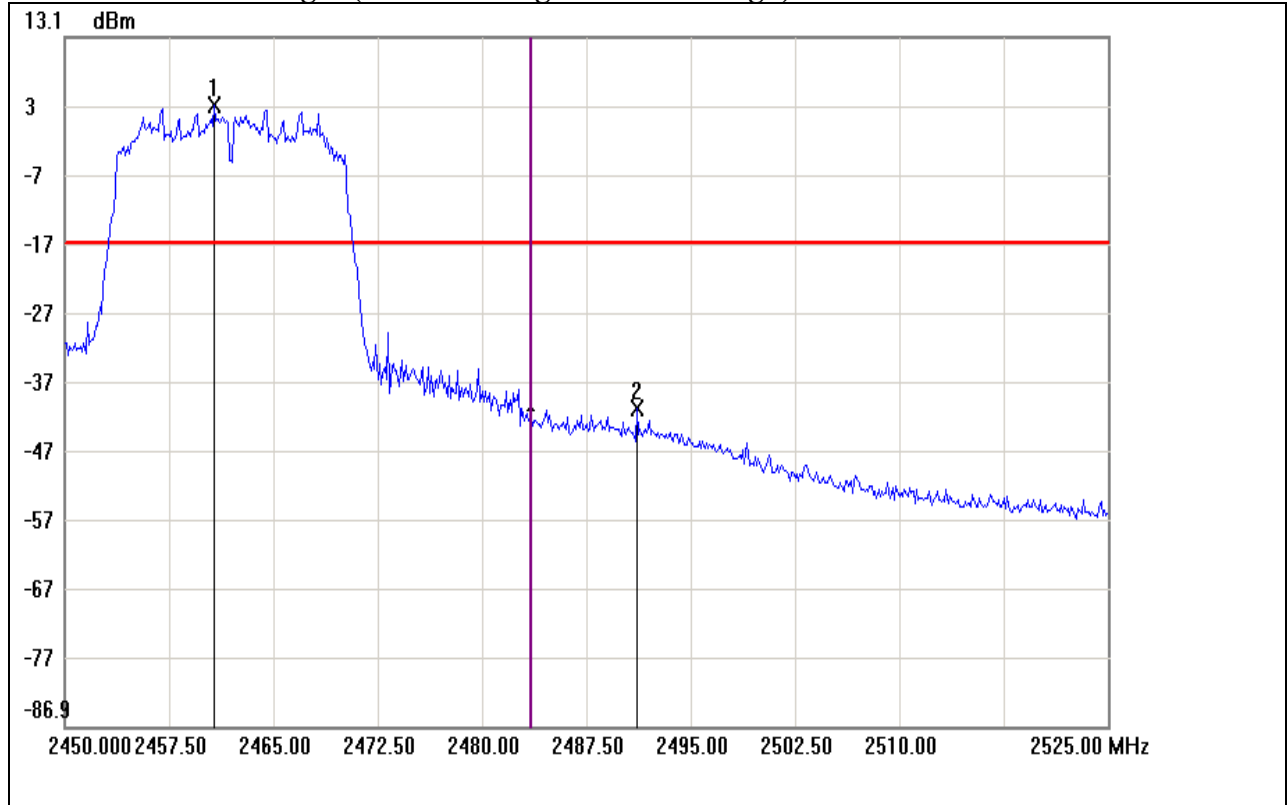
Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2399.7500	-32.51	-18.06	-14.45
2	2410.7500	1.94	-18.06	20.00



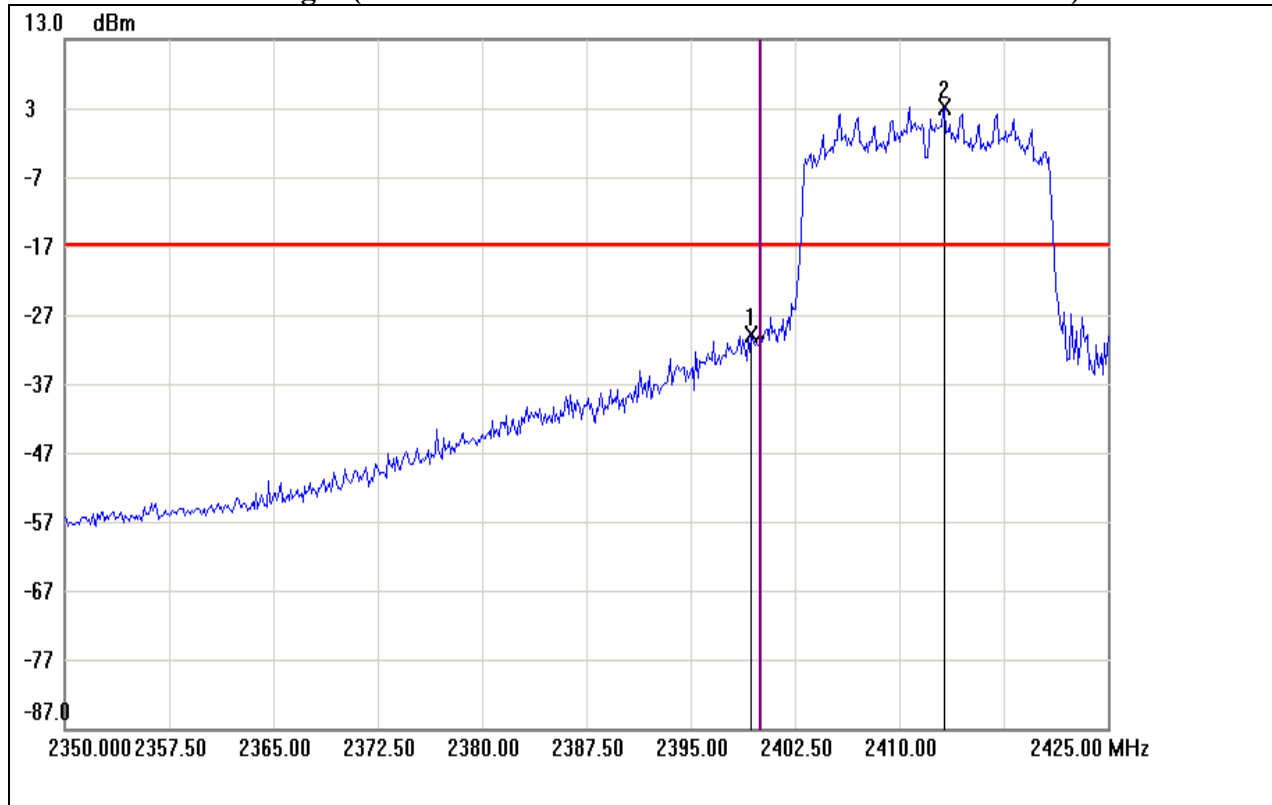
Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2460.7500	3.16	-16.84	20.00
2	2491.1250	-40.73	-16.84	-23.89



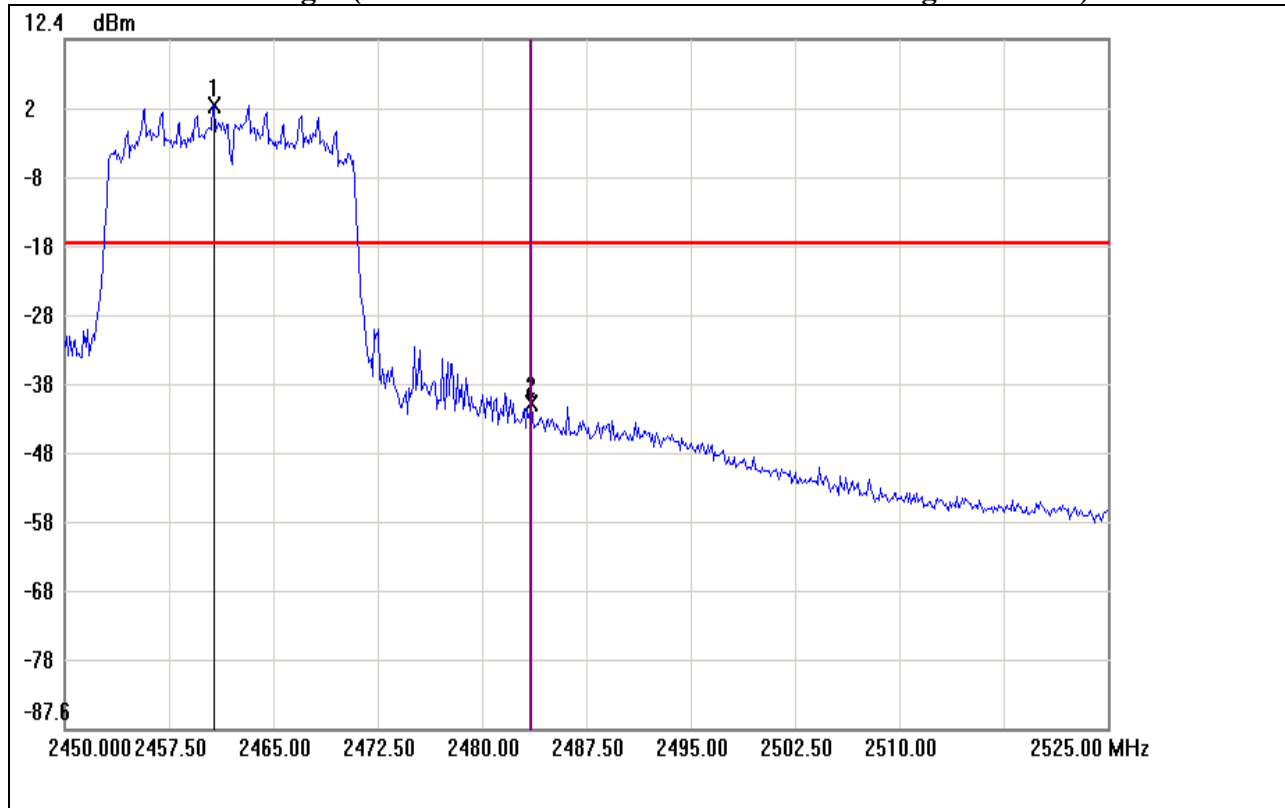
Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH Low/ Chain 0)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2399.3750	-29.90	-16.82	-13.08
2	2413.2500	3.18	-16.82	20.00



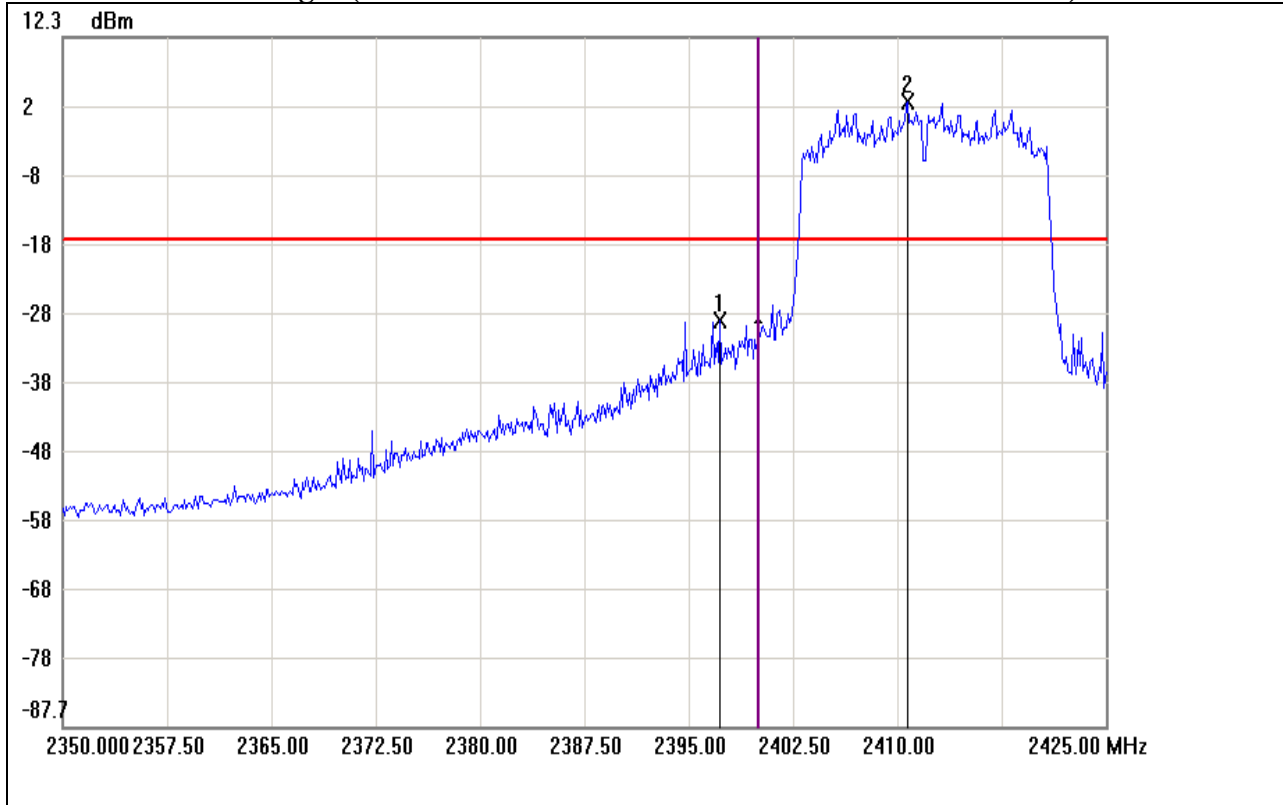
Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH High/ Chain 0)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2460.7500	2.92	-17.08	20.00
2	2483.5000	-40.36	-17.08	-23.28



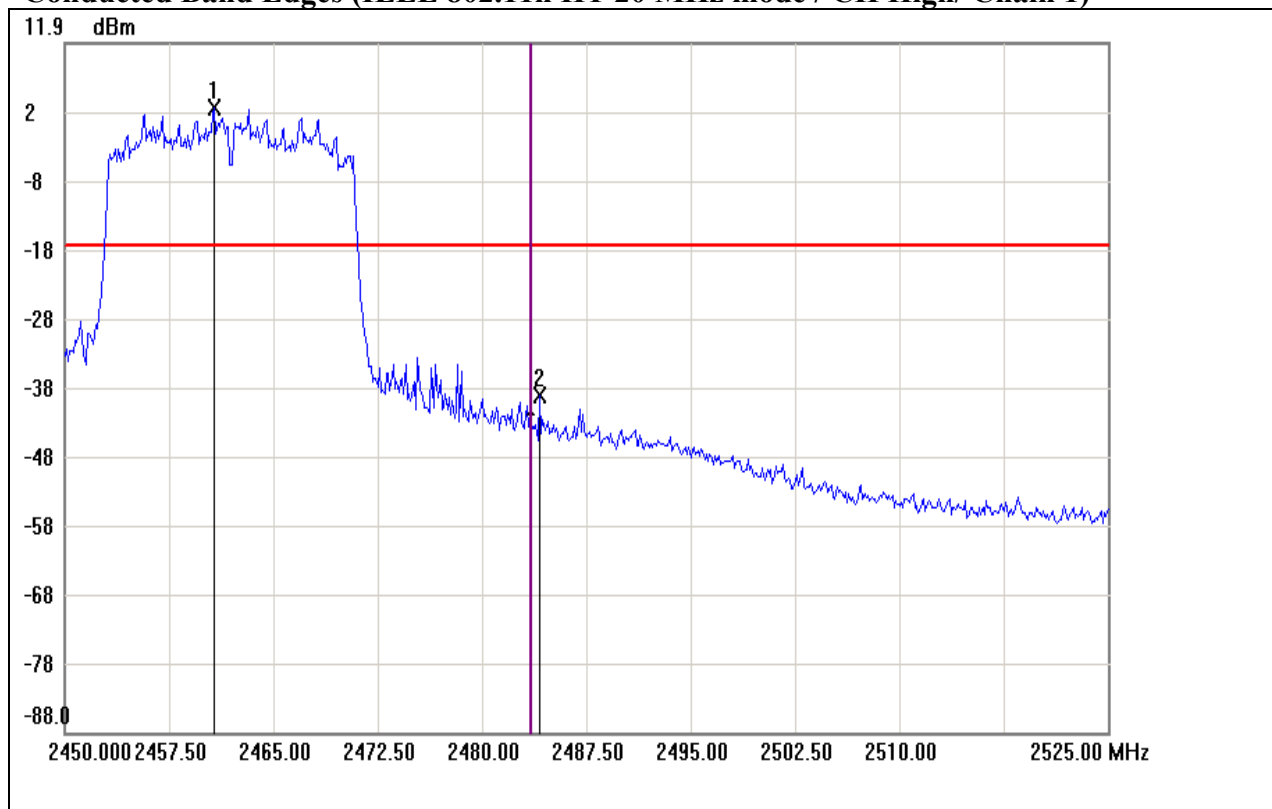
Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH Low/ Chain 1)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2397.2500	-28.85	-17.20	-11.65
2	2410.7500	2.80	-17.20	20.00



Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH High/ Chain 1)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2460.7500	2.60	-17.40	20.00
2	2484.1250	-39.28	-17.40	-21.88

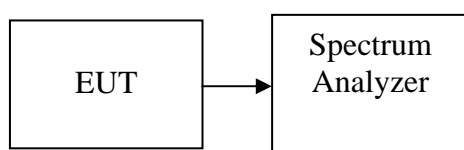


8.6 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

1. According to §15.247(e) & RSS-210 §A8.2, for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
2. According to §15.247(f) & RSS-210 §A8.3, the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW=10kHz, VBW=100kHz, Span = 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Sweep time = auto couple.
4. Record the max. reading.
5. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

**Test Data****Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-3.03	8.00	PASS
Mid	2437	-3.52		PASS
High	2462	-2.86		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-4.70	8.00	PASS
Mid	2437	-1.13		PASS
High	2462	-3.37		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PSD (dBm)	Chain 1 PSD (dBm)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-5.69	-5.24	-2.45	8.00	PASS
Mid	2437	-3.87	-2.39	-0.06		PASS
High	2462	-5.47	-5.98	-2.71		PASS

**Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode**

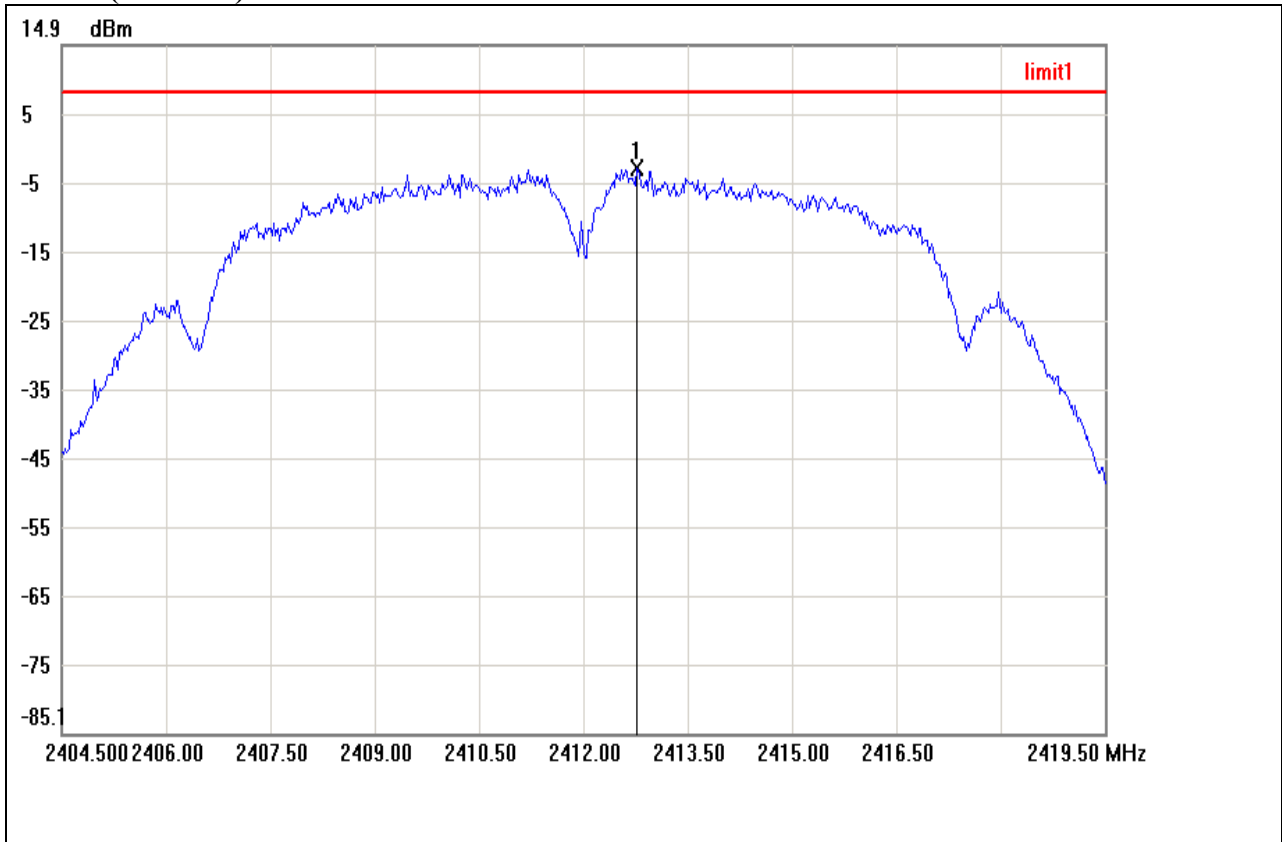
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	5745	-4.72	8.00	PASS
Mid	5785	-5.12		PASS
High	5825	-4.47		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PSD (dBm)	Chain 1 PSD (dBm)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	5745	-4.68	-5.07	2.18	8.00	PASS
Mid	5785	-6.31	-5.61	1.79		PASS
High	5825	-6.04	-5.17	1.91		PASS



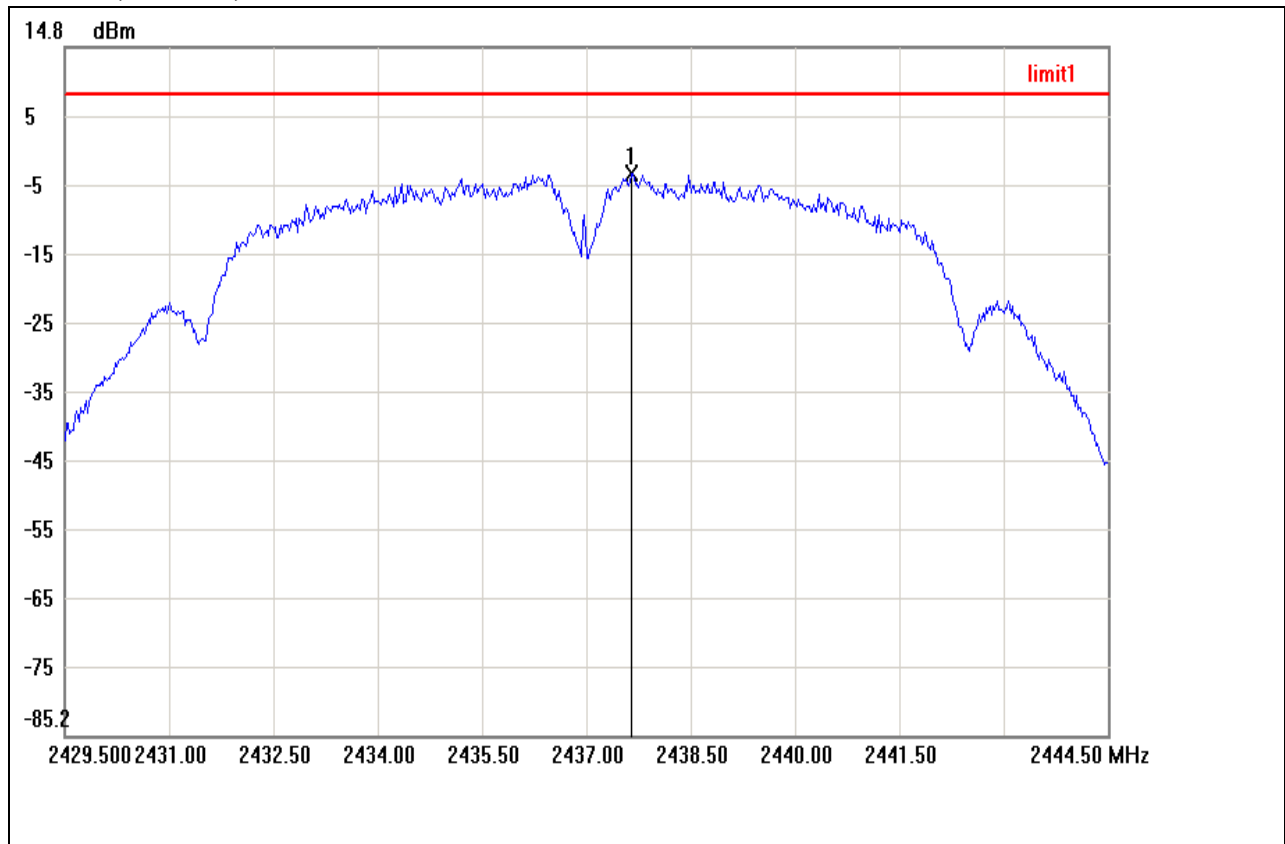
Test Plot
IEEE 802.11b mode
PPSD (CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2412.7750	-3.03	8.00	-11.03



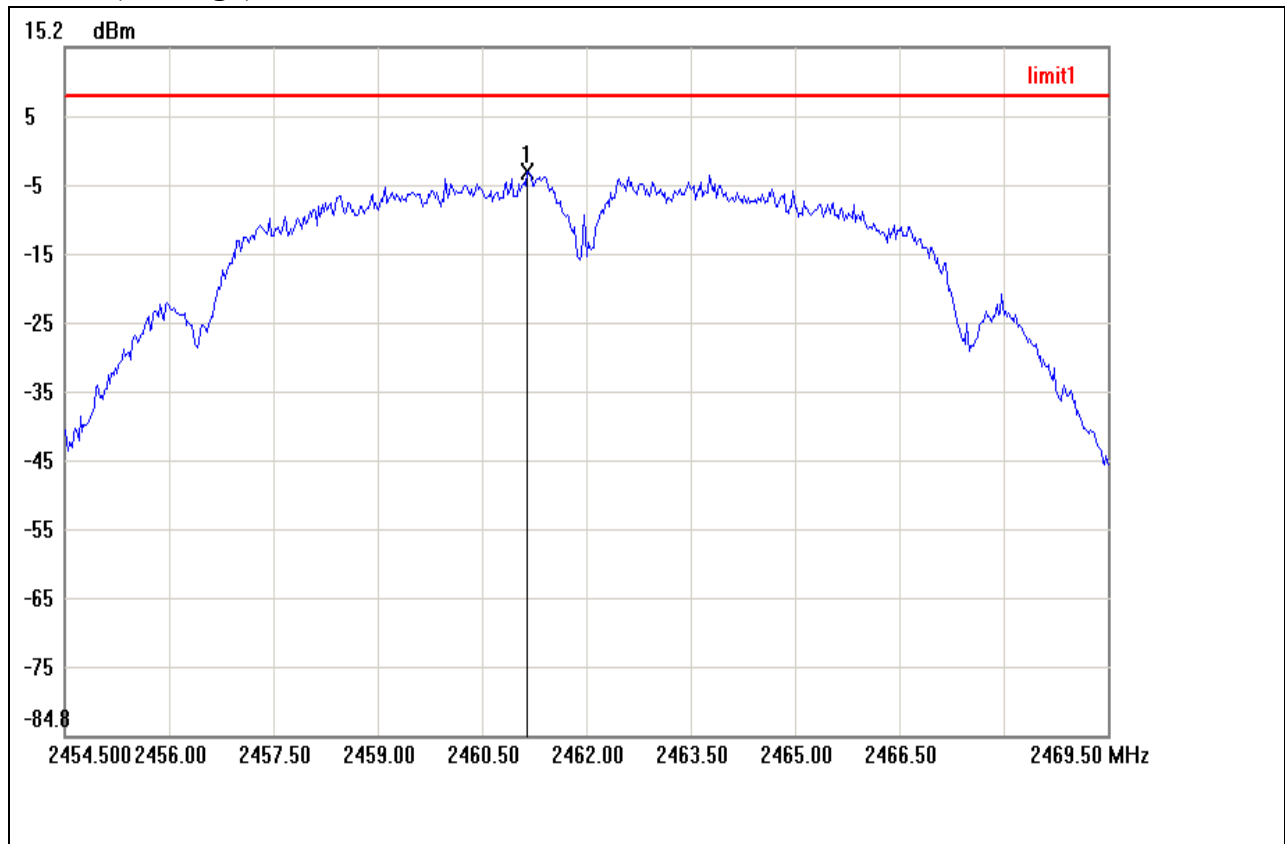
PPSD (CH Mid)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2437.6500	-3.52	8.00	-11.52



PPSD (CH High)

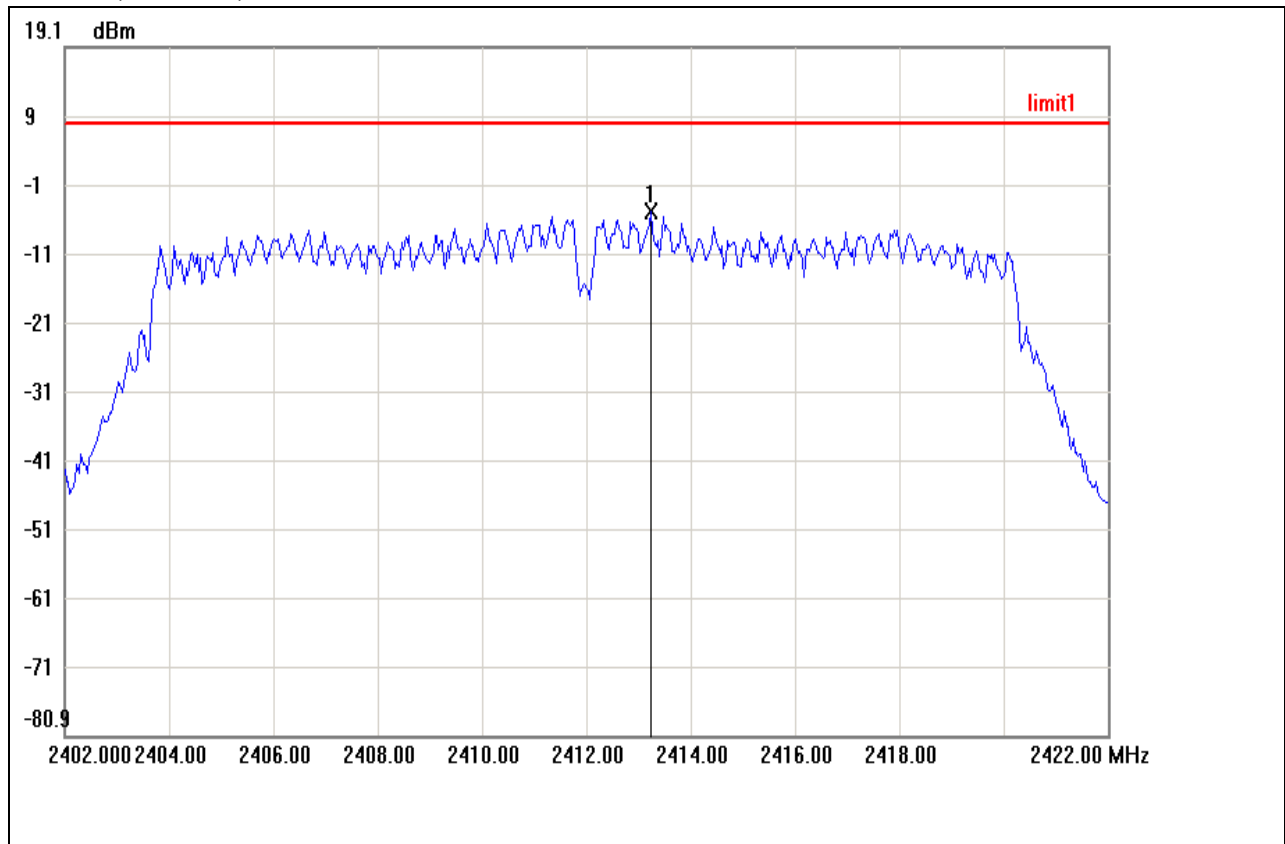


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2461.1500	-2.86	8.00	-10.86



IEEE 802.11g mode

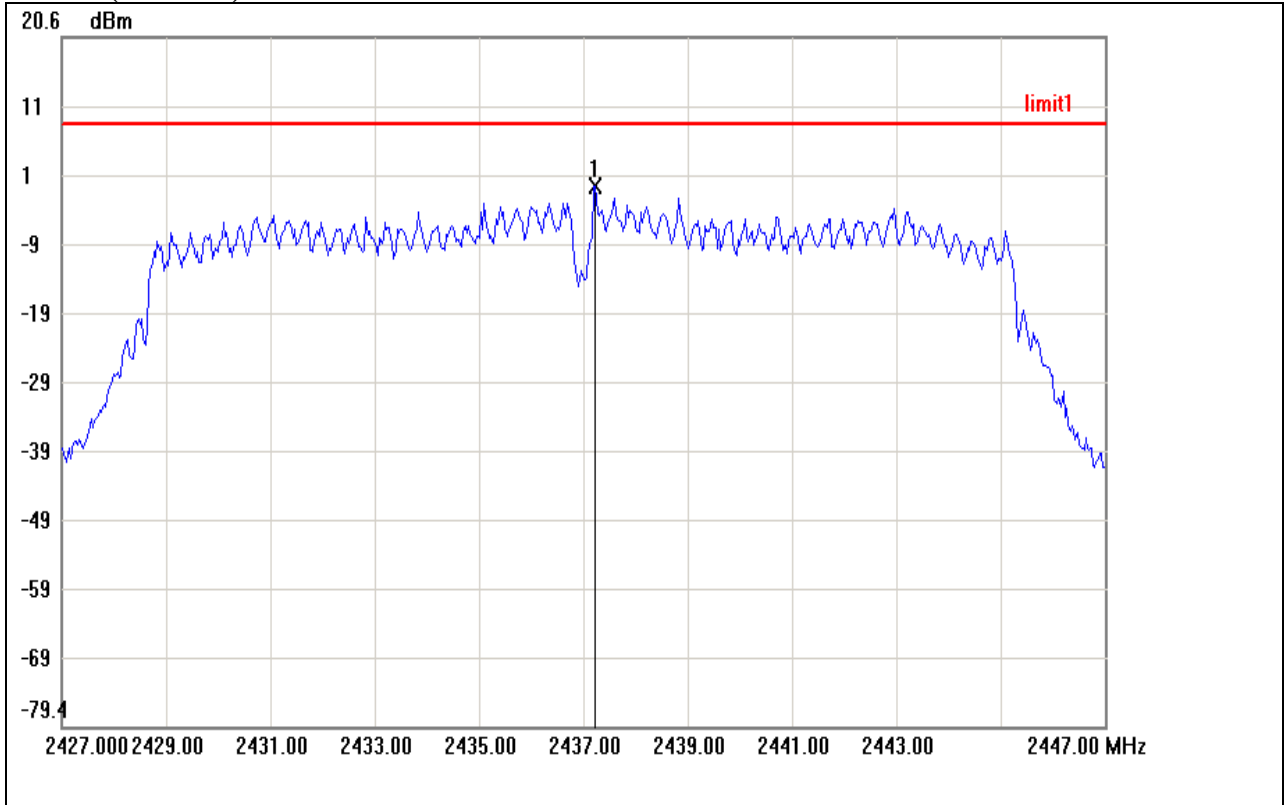
PPSD (CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2413.2333	-4.70	8.00	-12.70



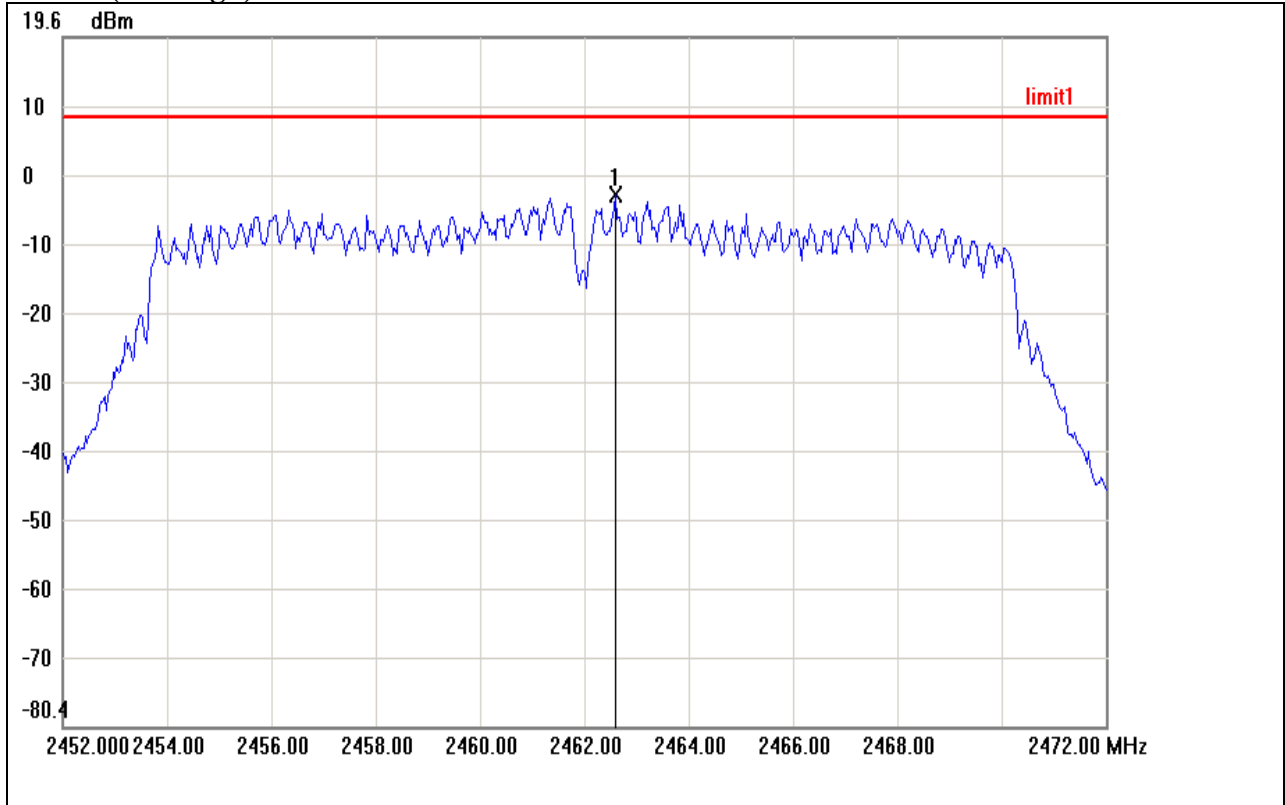
PPSD (CH Mid)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2437.2333	-1.13	8.00	-9.13



PPSD (CH High)

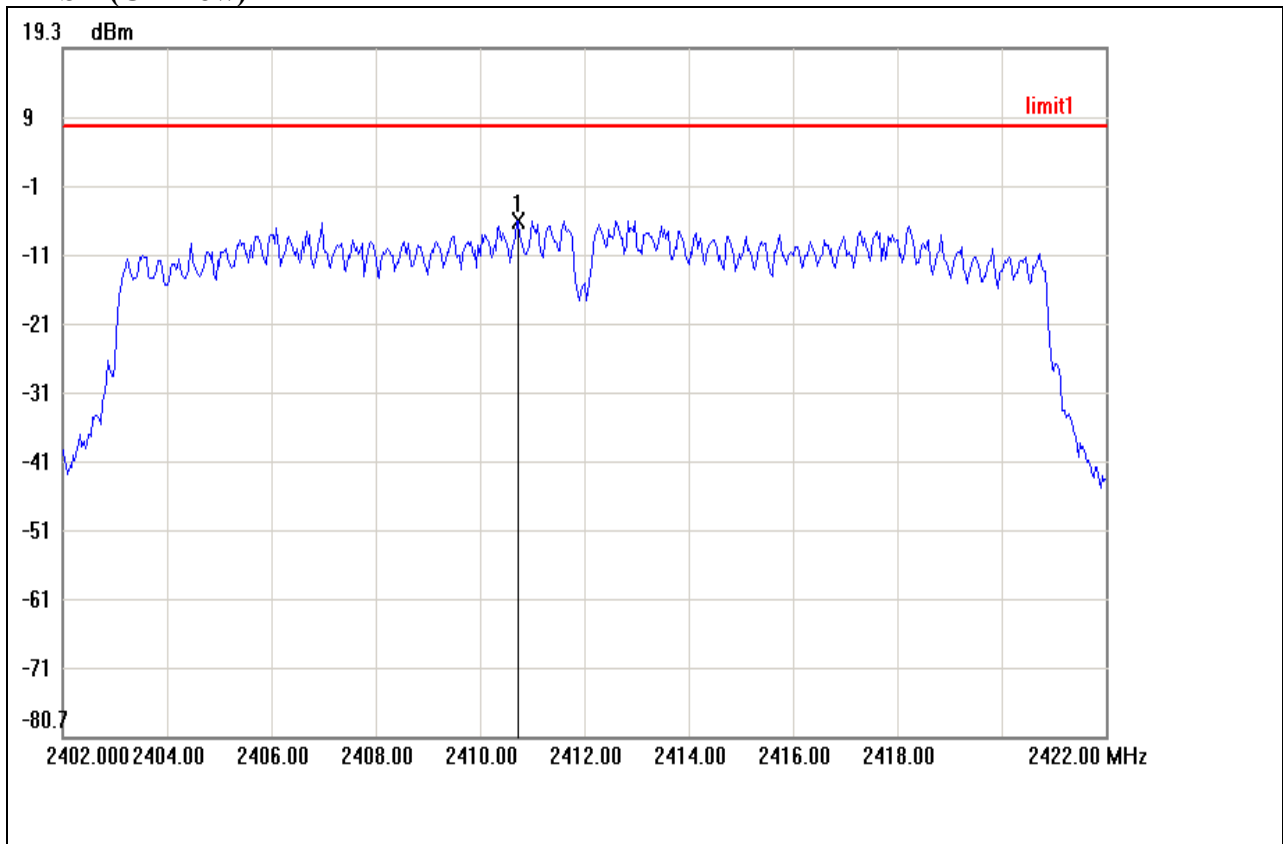


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2462.6000	-3.37	8.00	-11.37



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

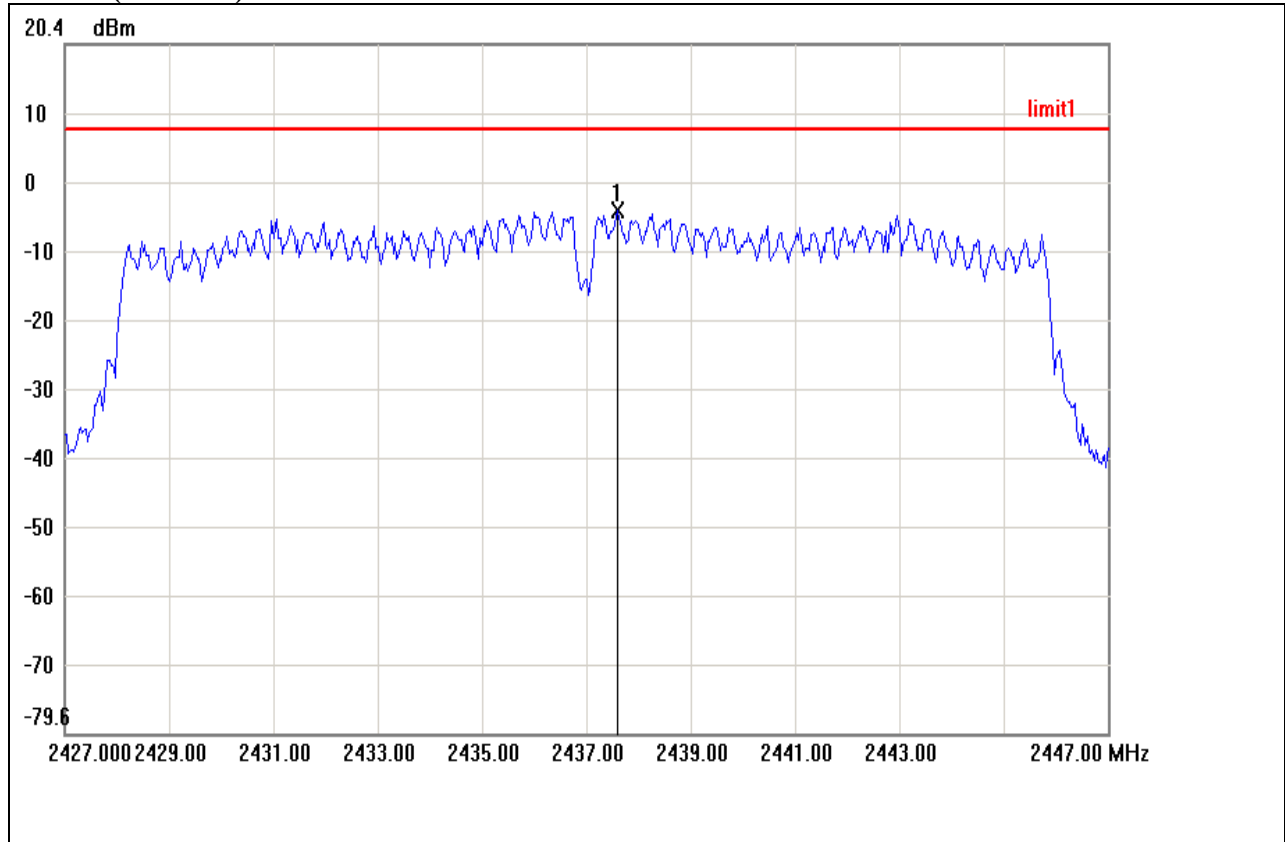
PPSD (CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2410.7333	-5.69	8.00	-13.69



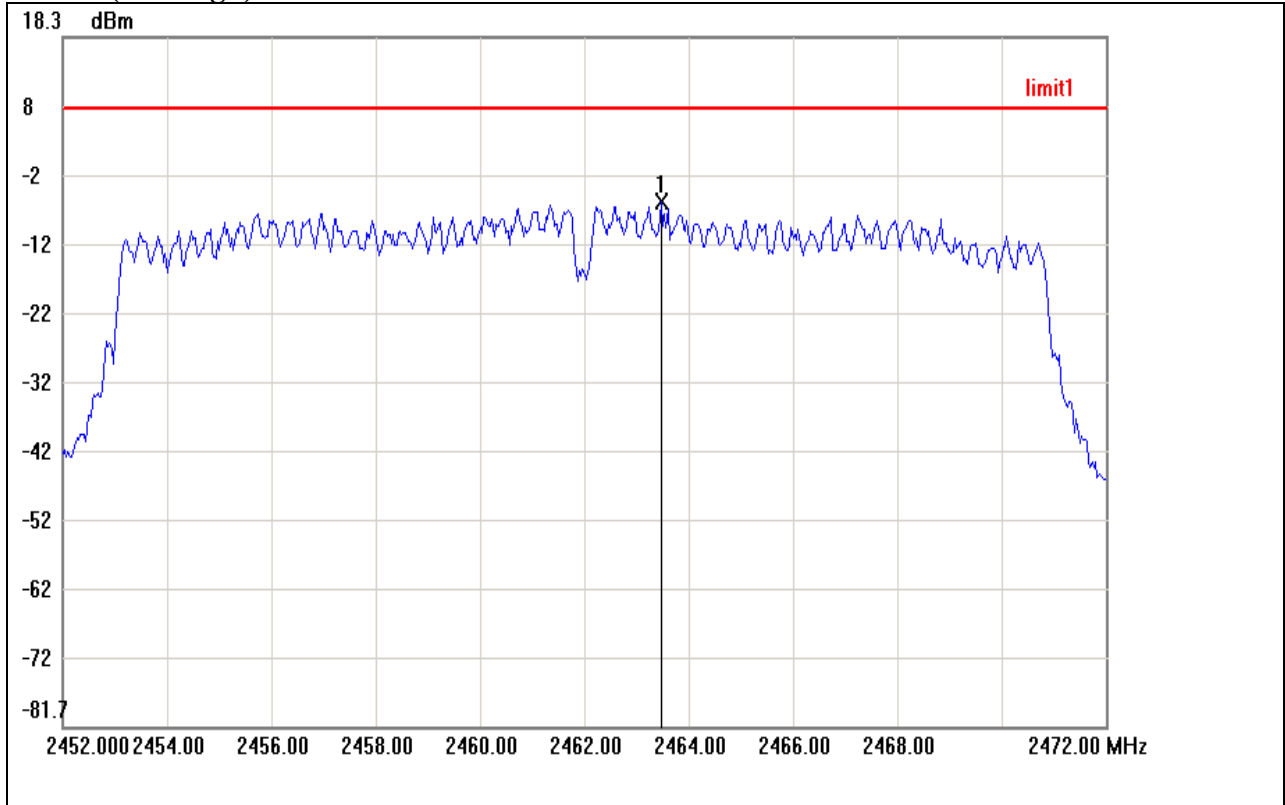
PPSD (CH Mid)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2437.6000	-3.87	8.00	-11.87



PPSD (CH High)

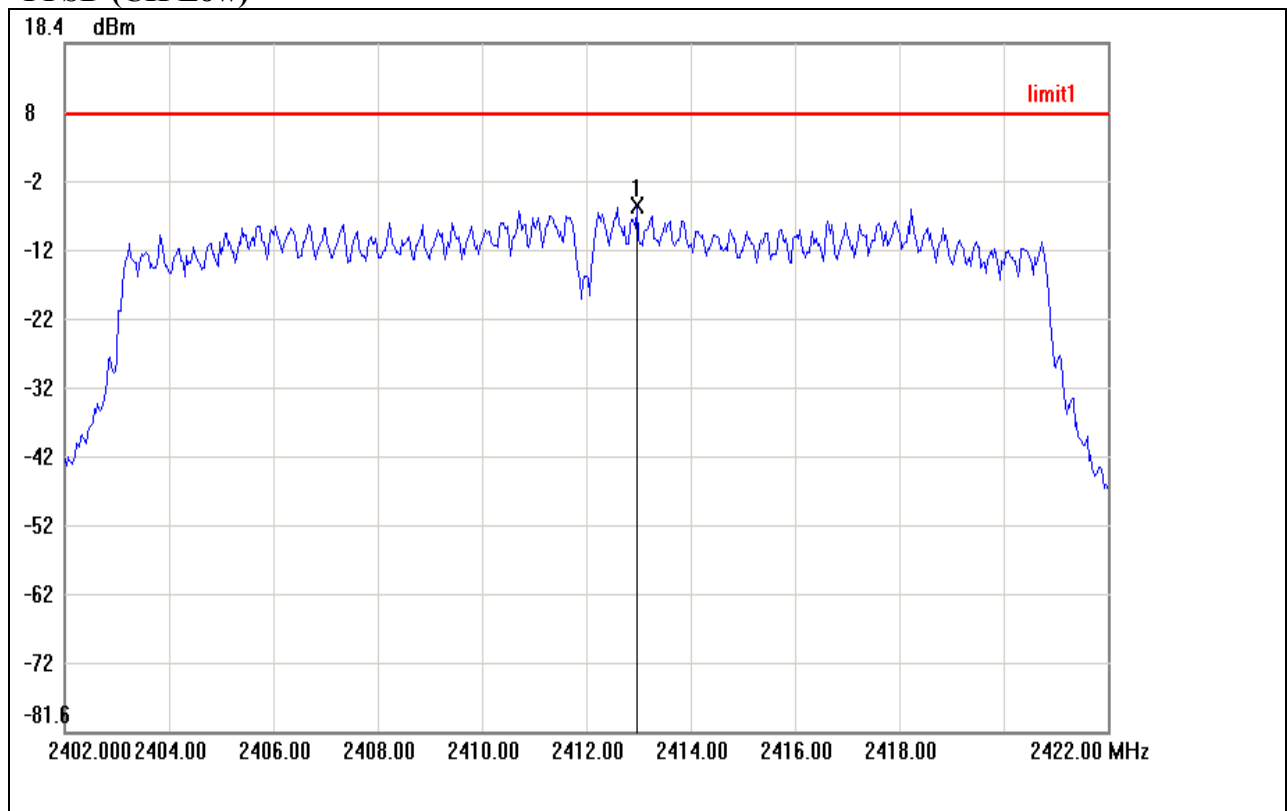


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2463.4667	-5.47	8.00	-13.47



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

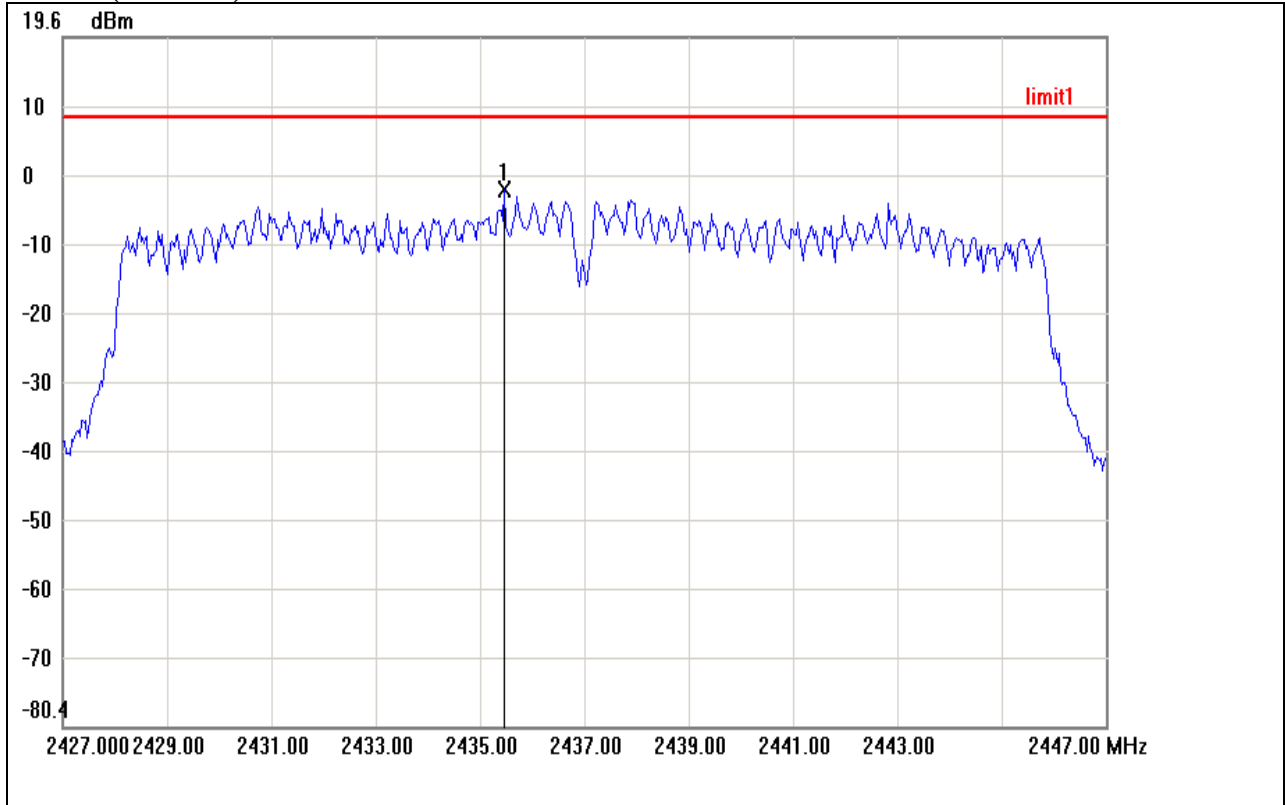
PPSD (CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2412.9667	-5.24	8.00	-13.24



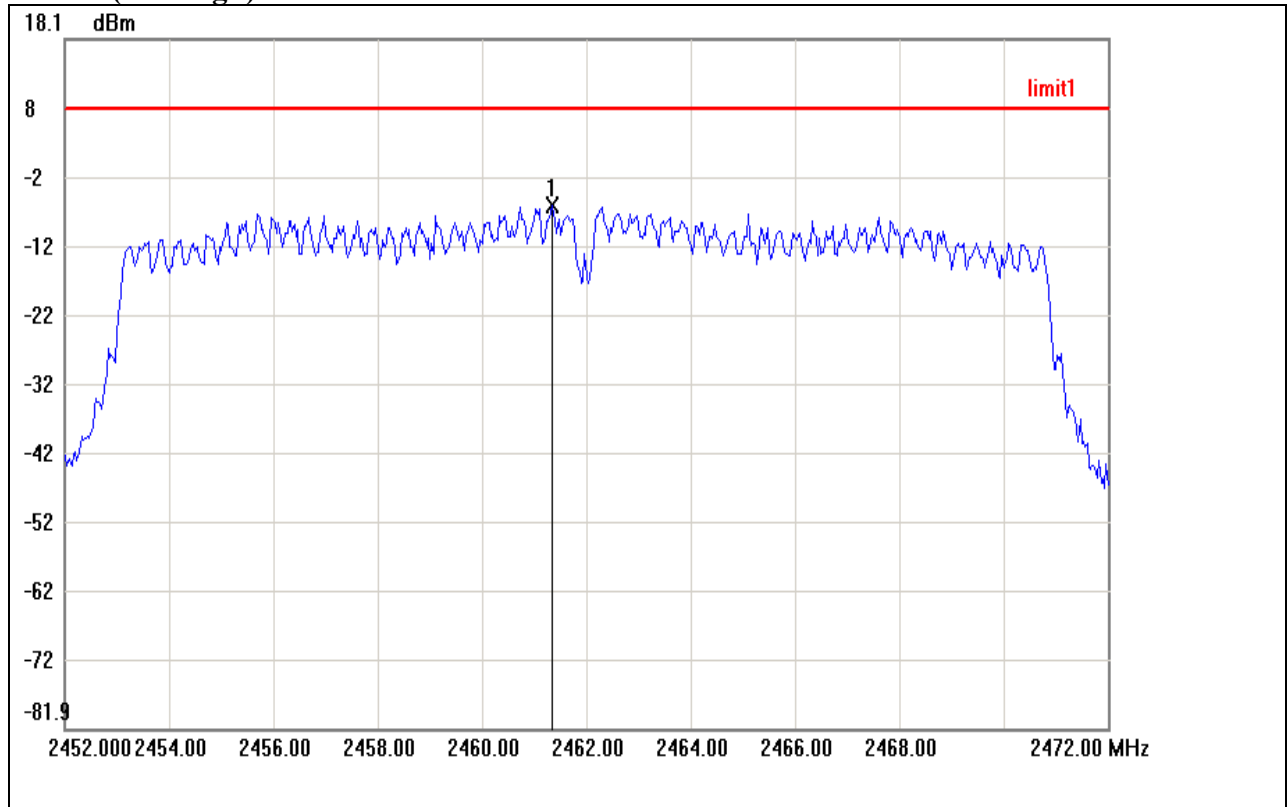
PPSD (CH Mid)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2435.4667	-2.39	8.00	-10.39



PPSD (CH High)

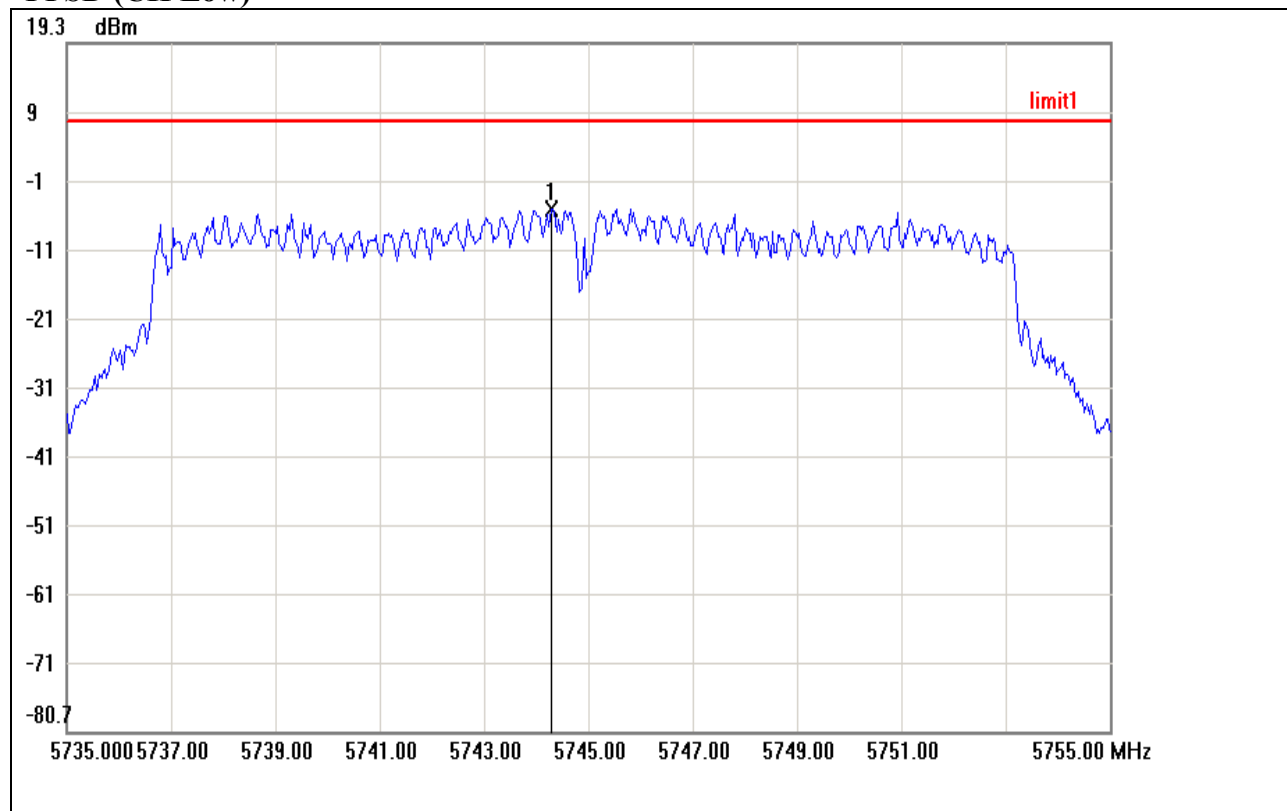


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2461.3333	-5.98	8.00	-13.98



IEEE 802.11a mode

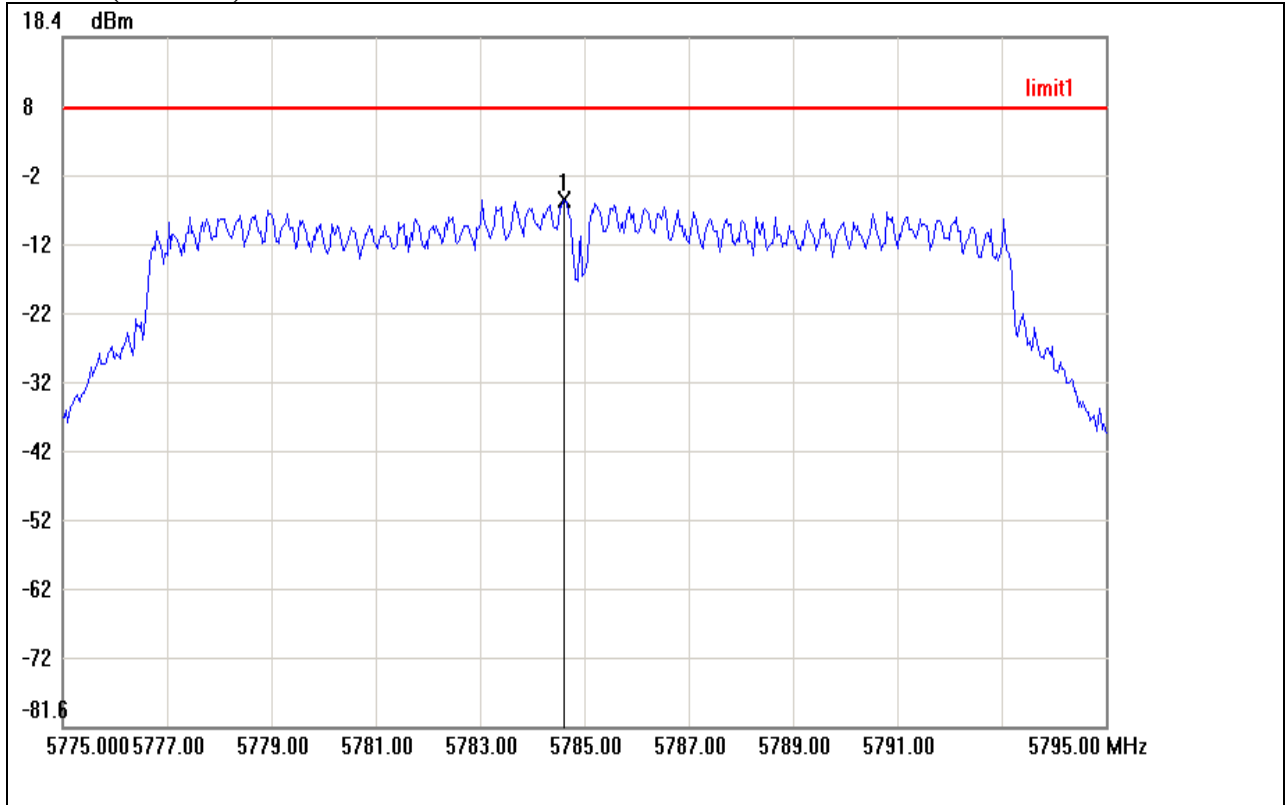
PPSD (CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5744.3000	-4.72	8.00	-12.72



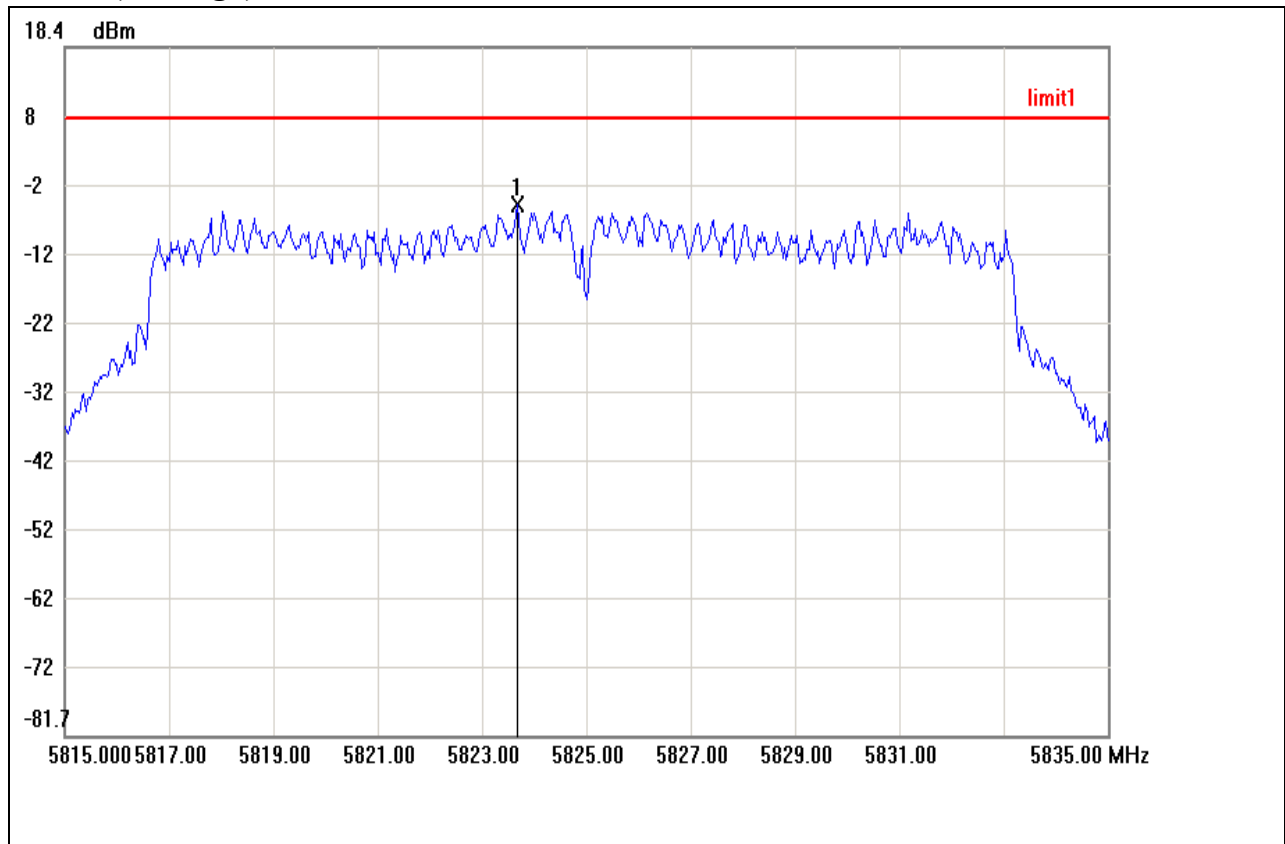
PPSD (CH Mid)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5784.6000	-5.12	8.00	-13.12



PPSD (CH High)

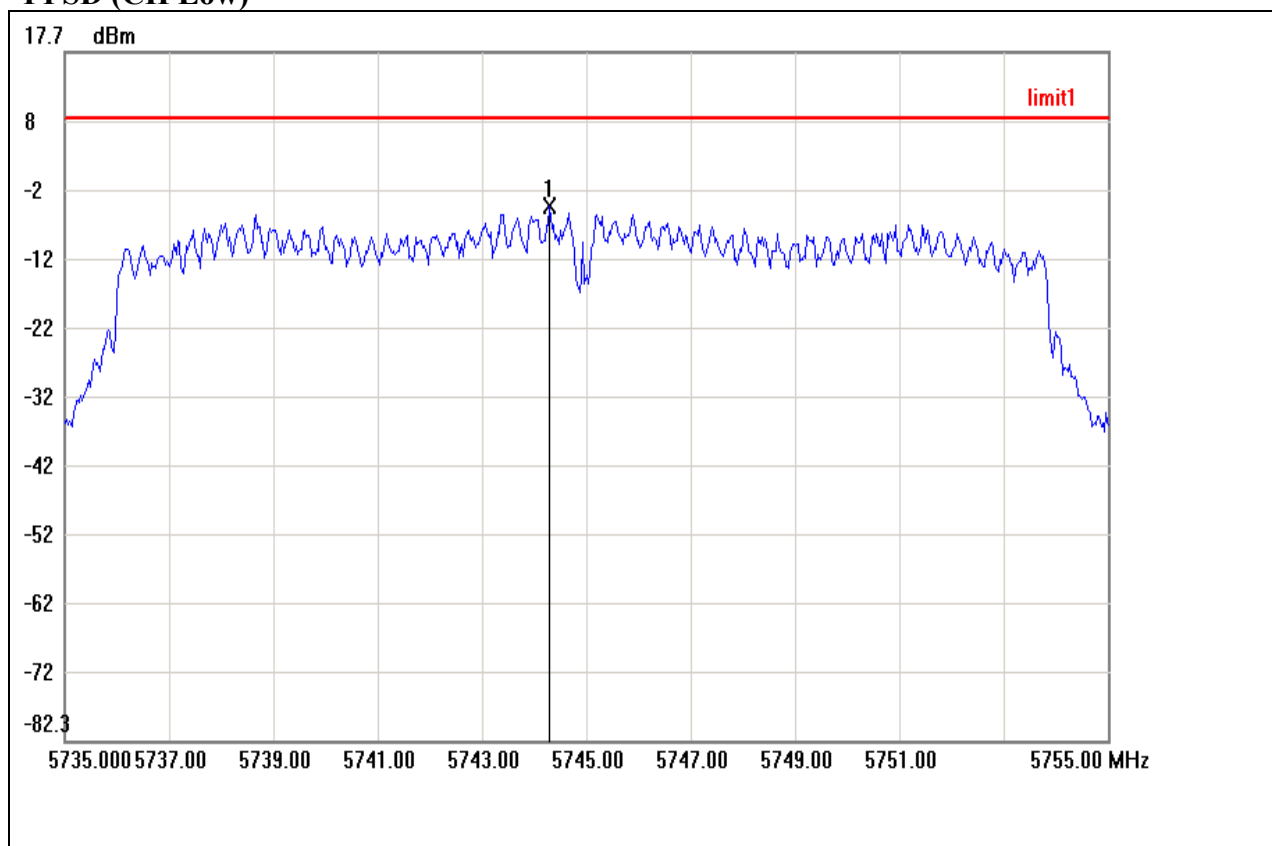


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5823.6667	-4.47	8.00	-12.47



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

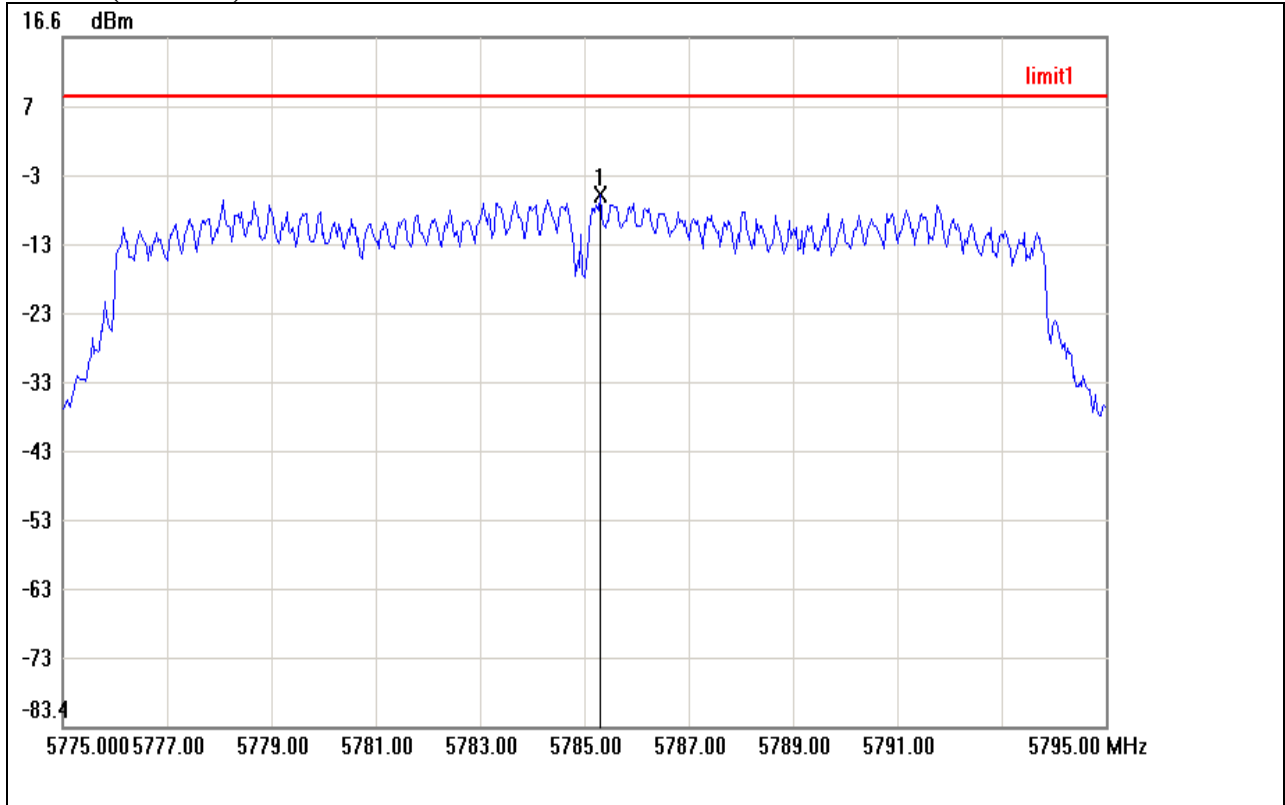
PPSD (CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5744.3000	-4.68	8.00	-12.68



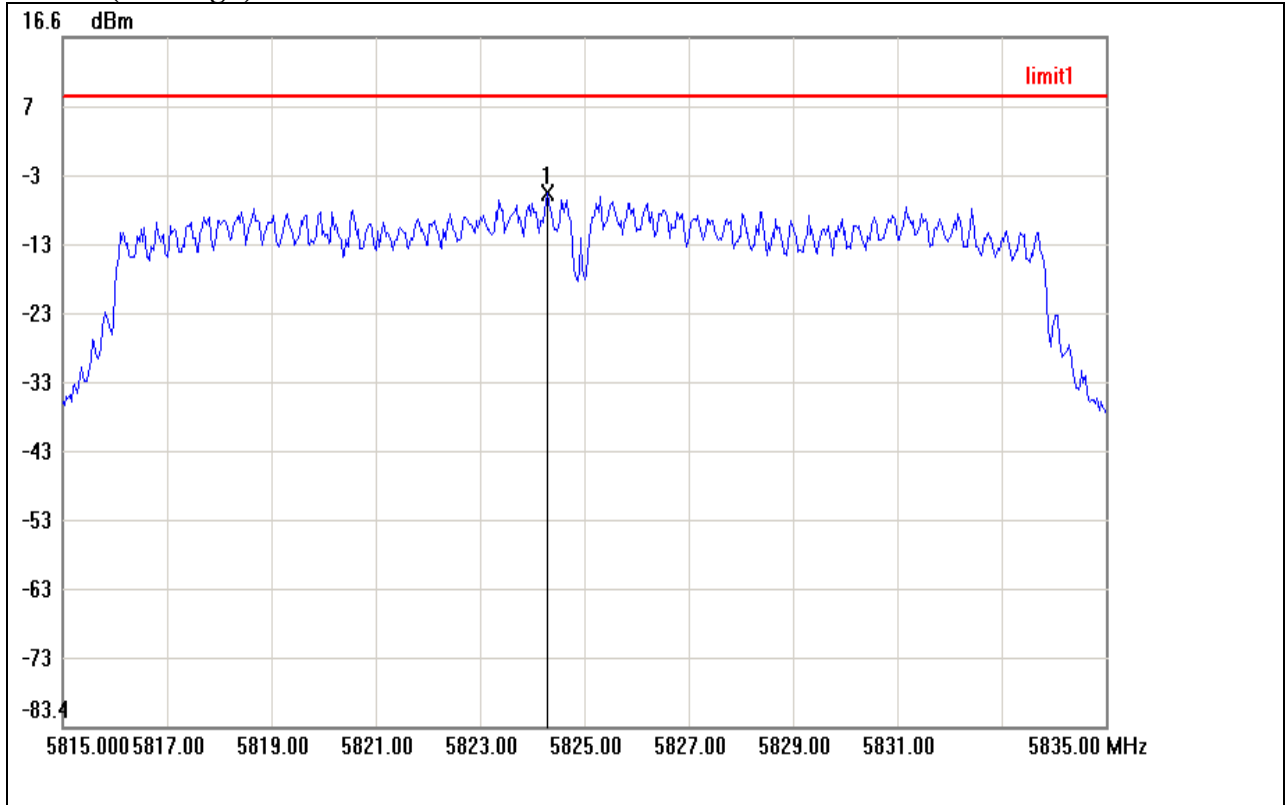
PPSD (CH Mid)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5785.3000	-6.31	8.00	-14.31



PPSD (CH High)

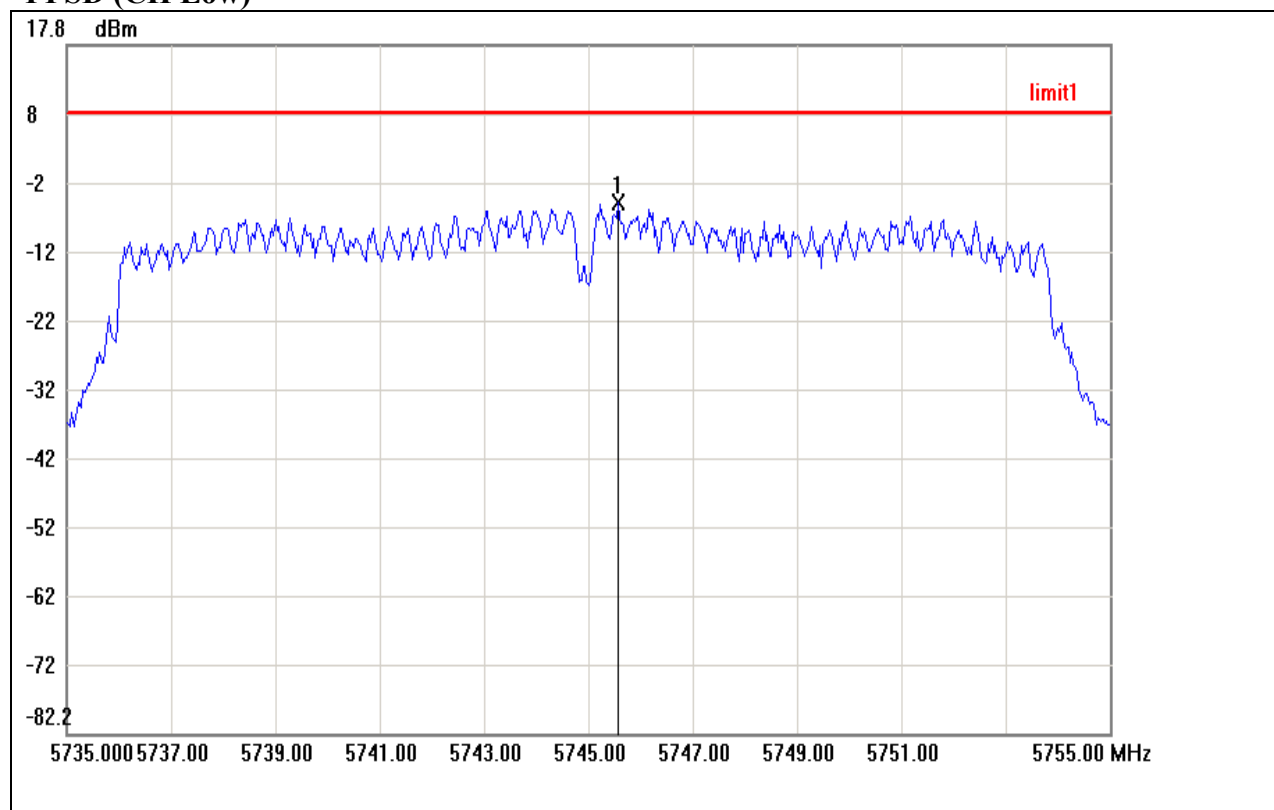


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5824.3000	-6.04	8.00	-14.04



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

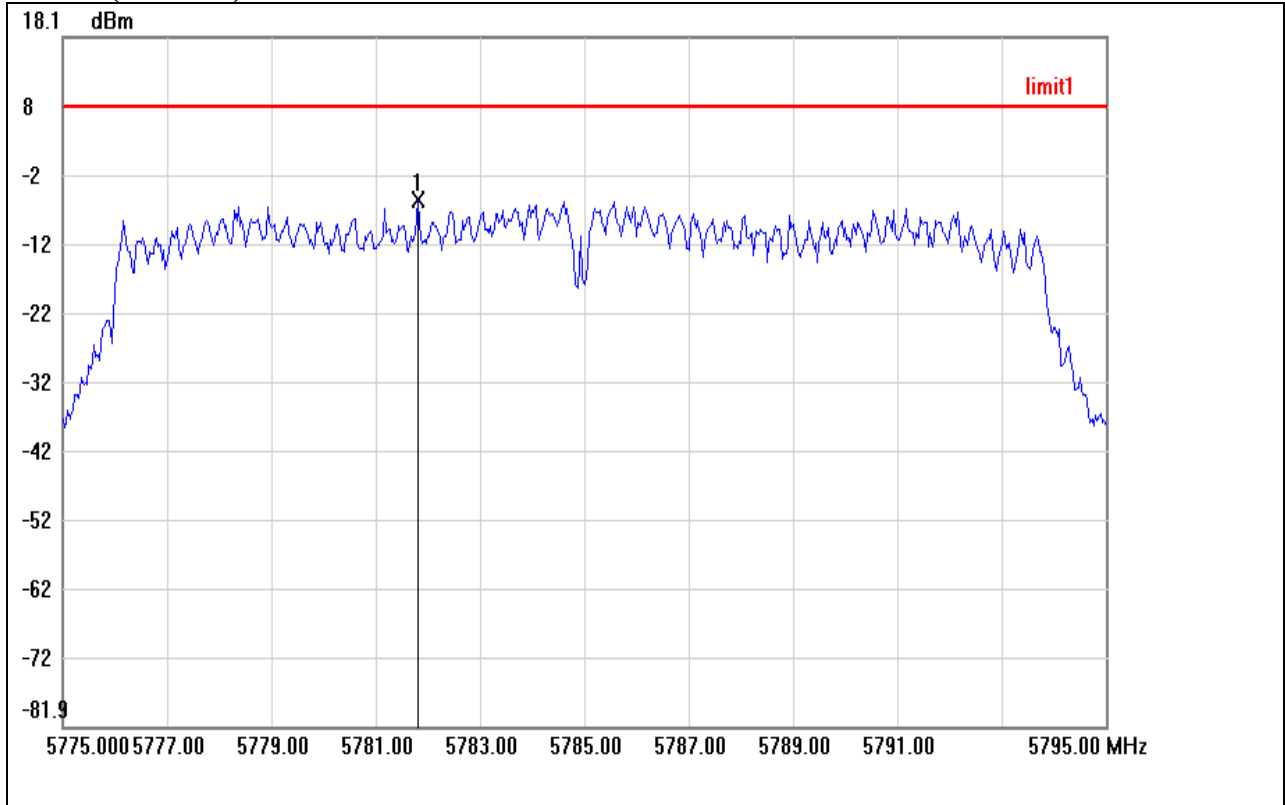
PPSD (CH Low)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5745.5667	-5.07	8.00	-13.07



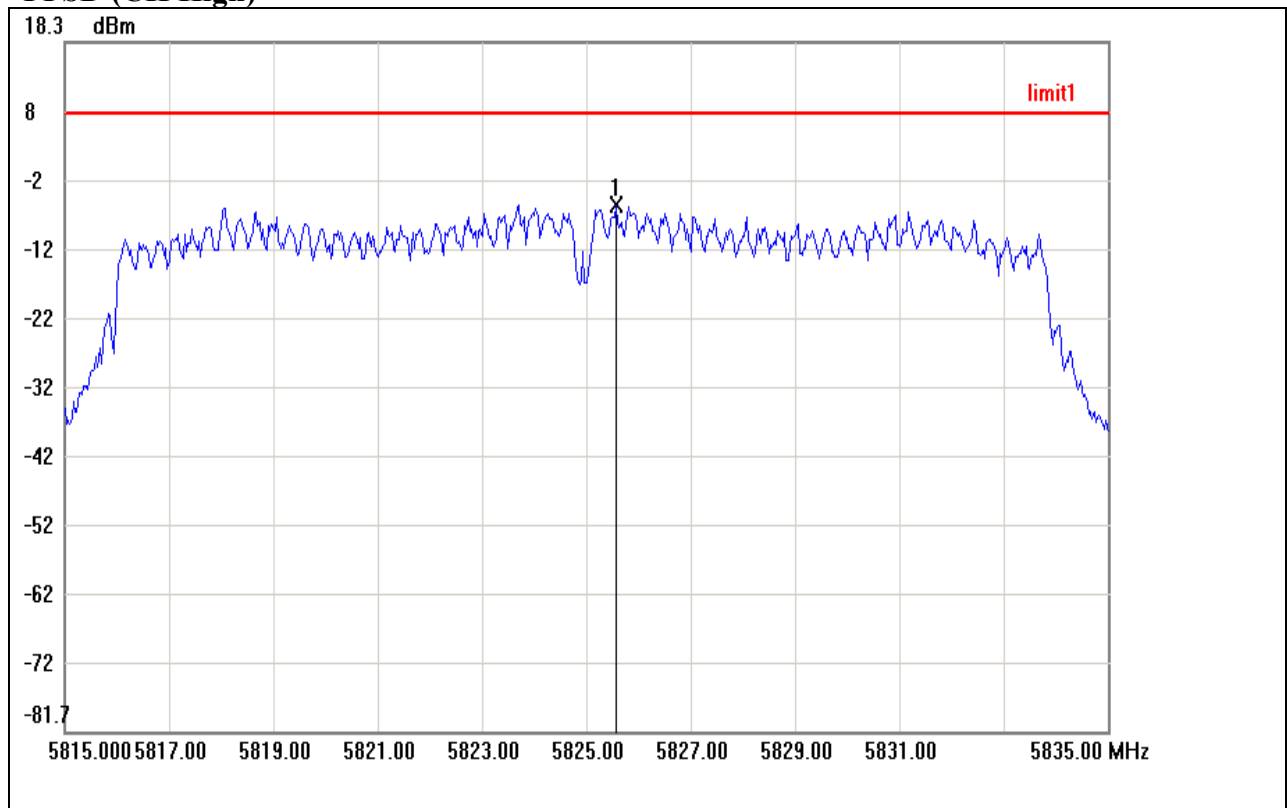
PPSD (CH Mid)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5781.8000	-5.61	8.00	-13.61



PPSD (CH High)



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5825.5667	-5.17	8.00	-13.17



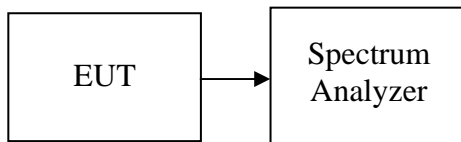
8.7 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

8.7.1 Conducted Measurement

LIMIT

According to §15.247(d) & RSS-210 §A8.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHz range for IEEE 802.11b/g, 30MHz to 40GHz range for IEEE 802.11a with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

TEST RESULTS

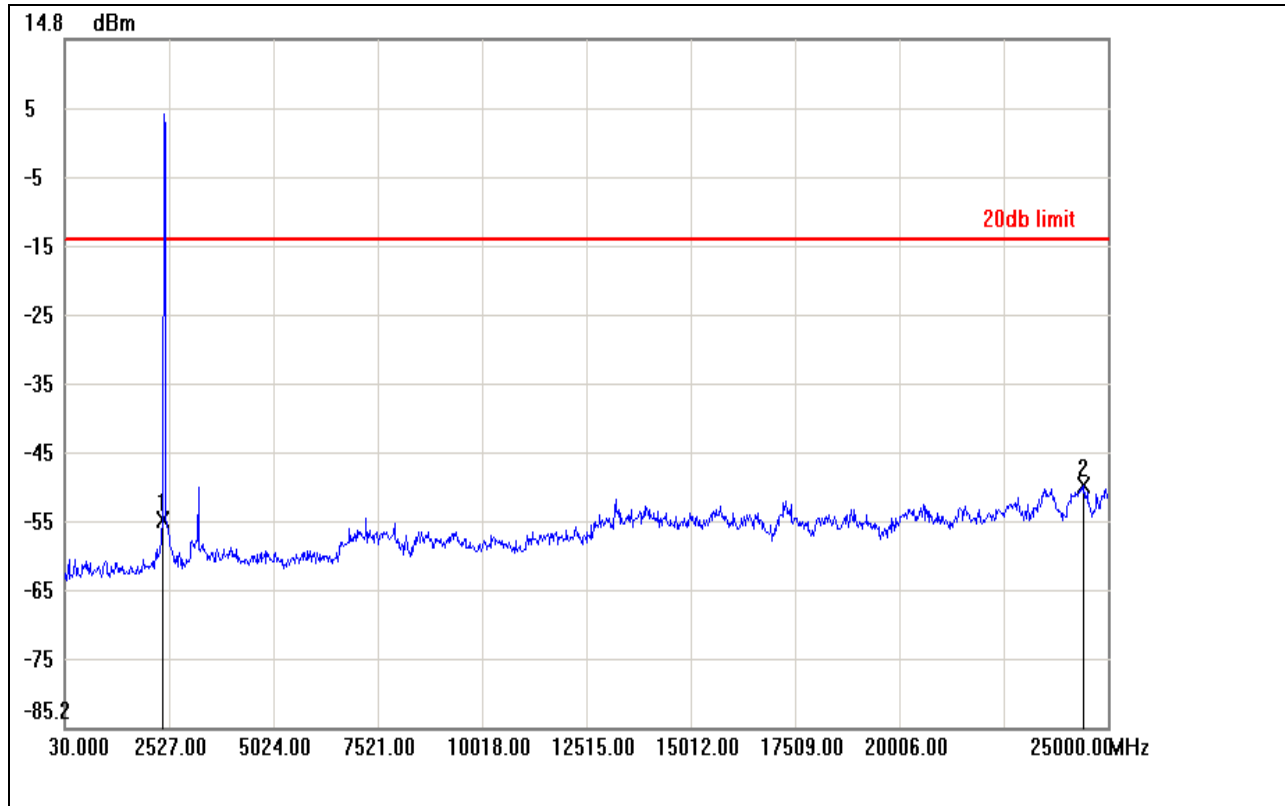
No non-compliance noted



Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode

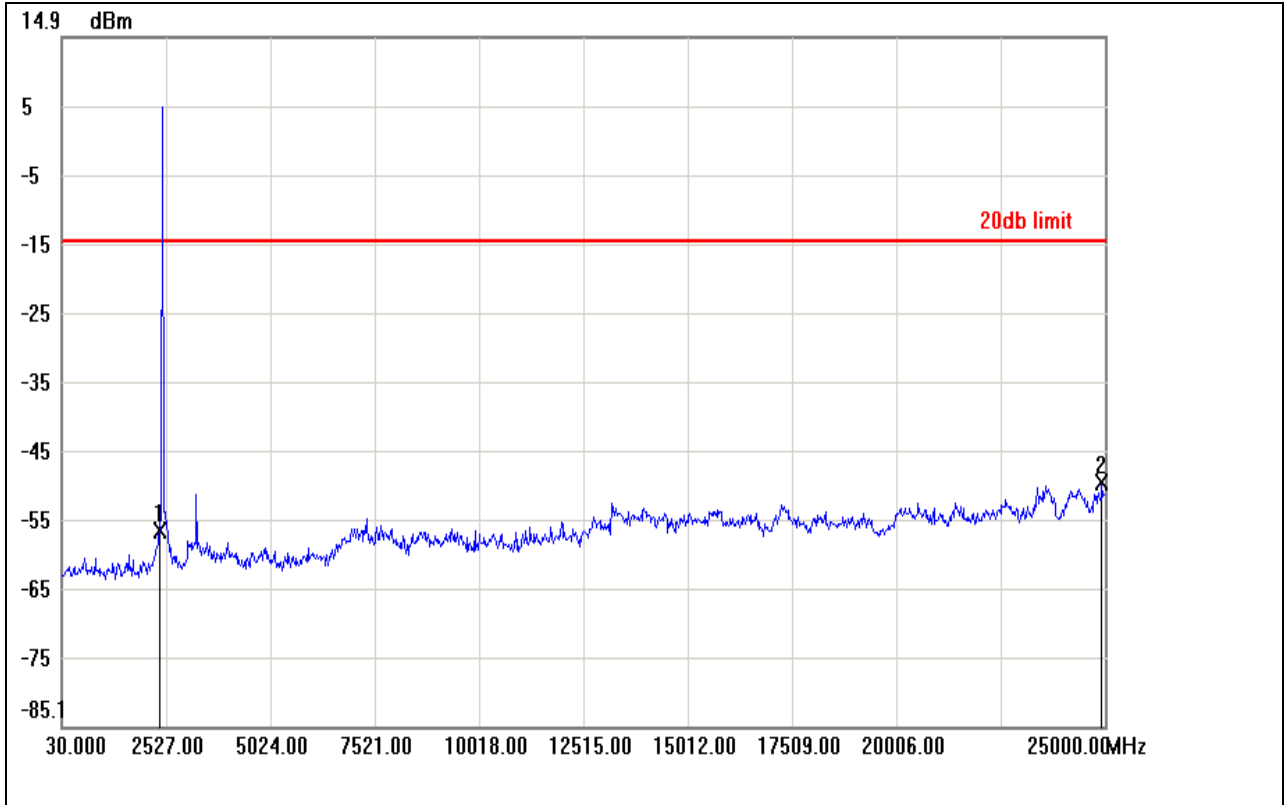
CH Low



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-55.04	-14.44	-40.60
2	24425.6900	-50.20	-14.44	-35.76



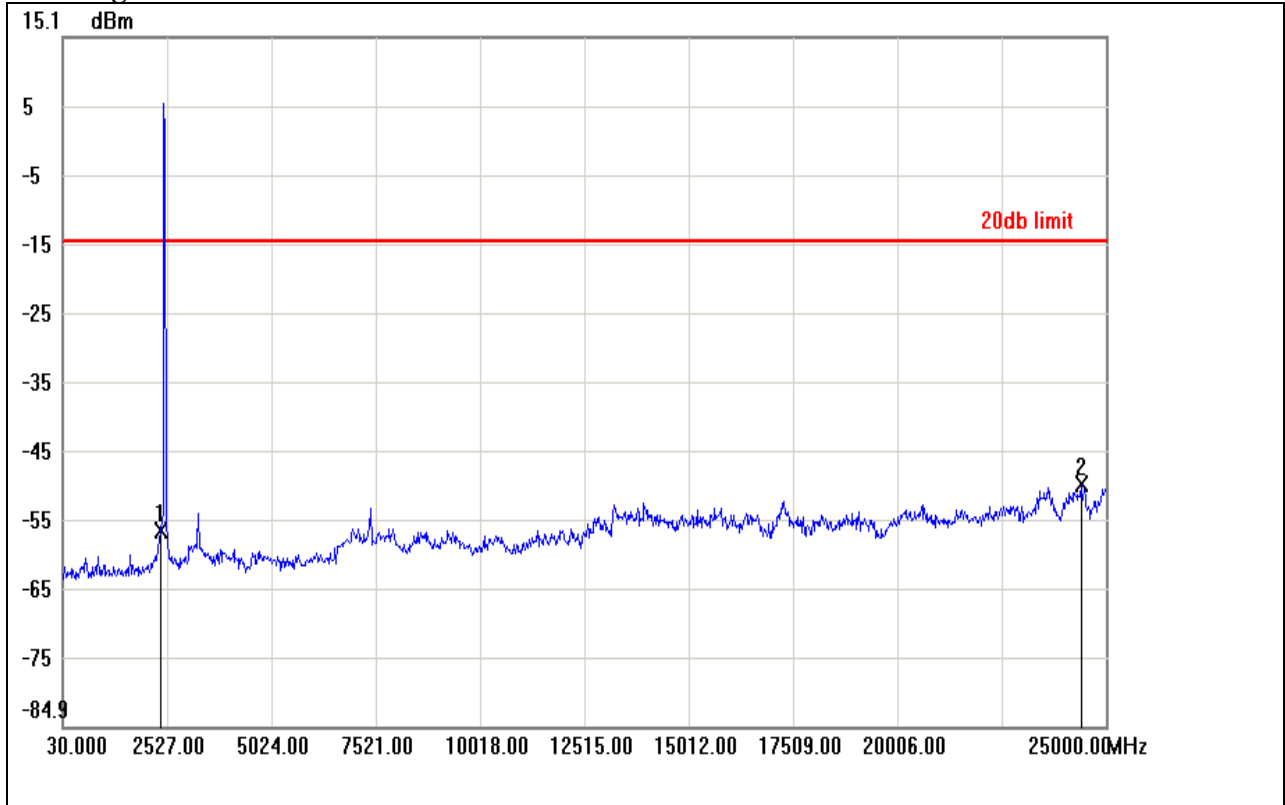
CH Mid



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-56.87	-14.65	-42.22
2	24925.0900	-49.87	-14.65	-35.22



CH High

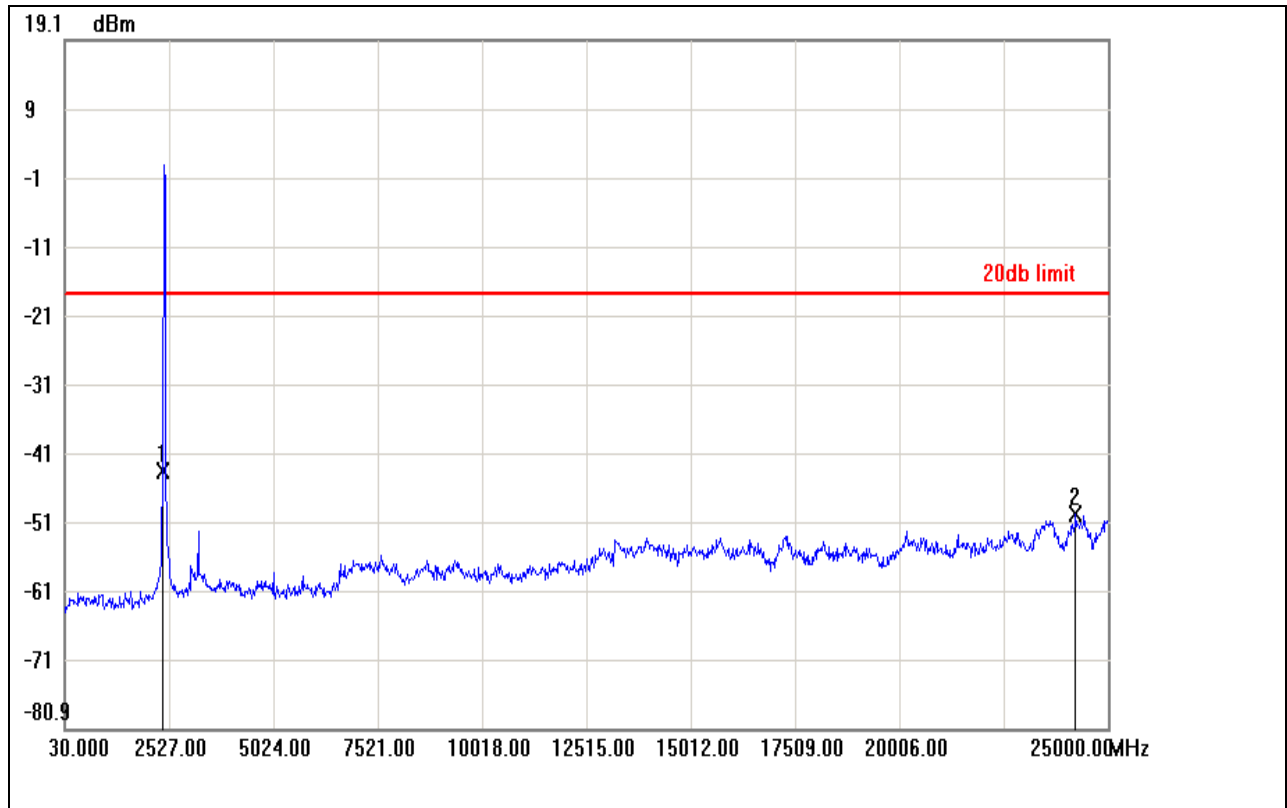


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-56.67	-14.56	-42.11
2	24400.7200	-49.77	-14.56	-35.21



IEEE 802.11g mode

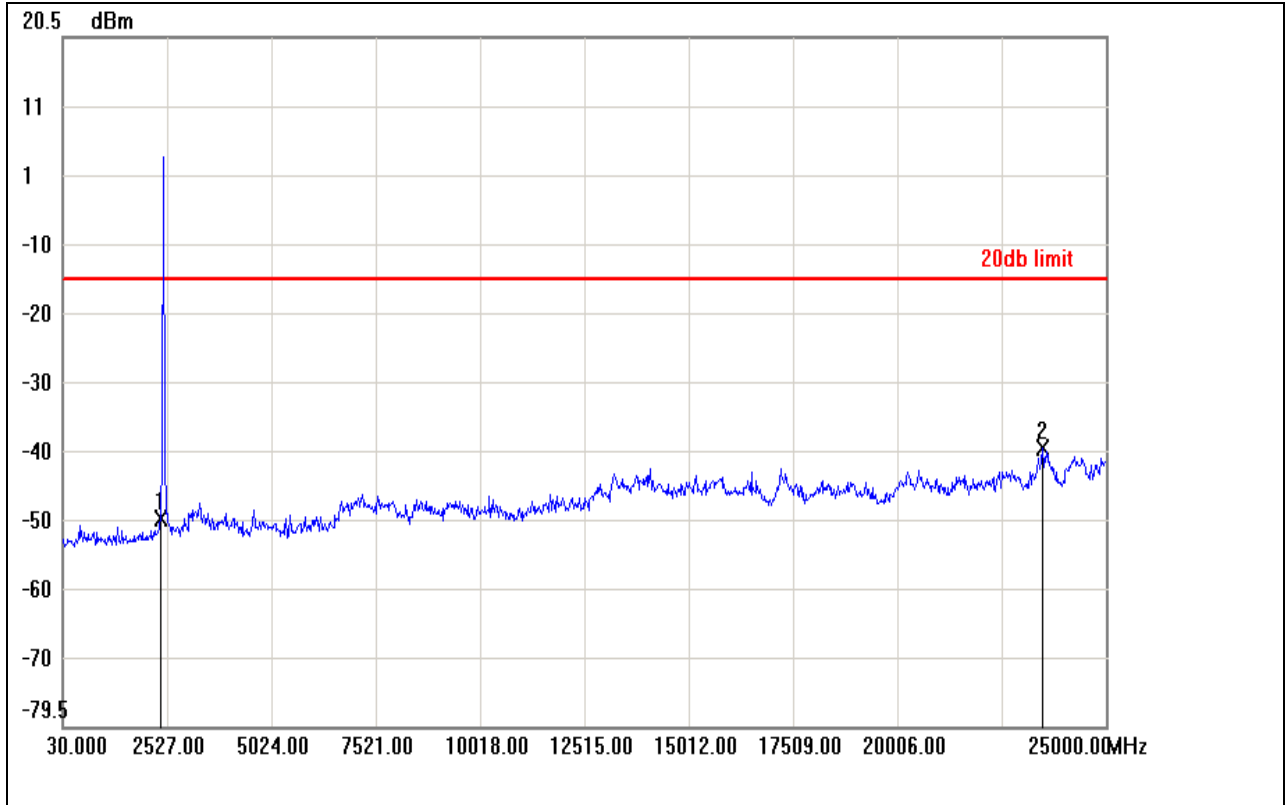
CH Low



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-43.47	-17.73	-25.74
2	24225.9300	-49.91	-17.73	-32.18



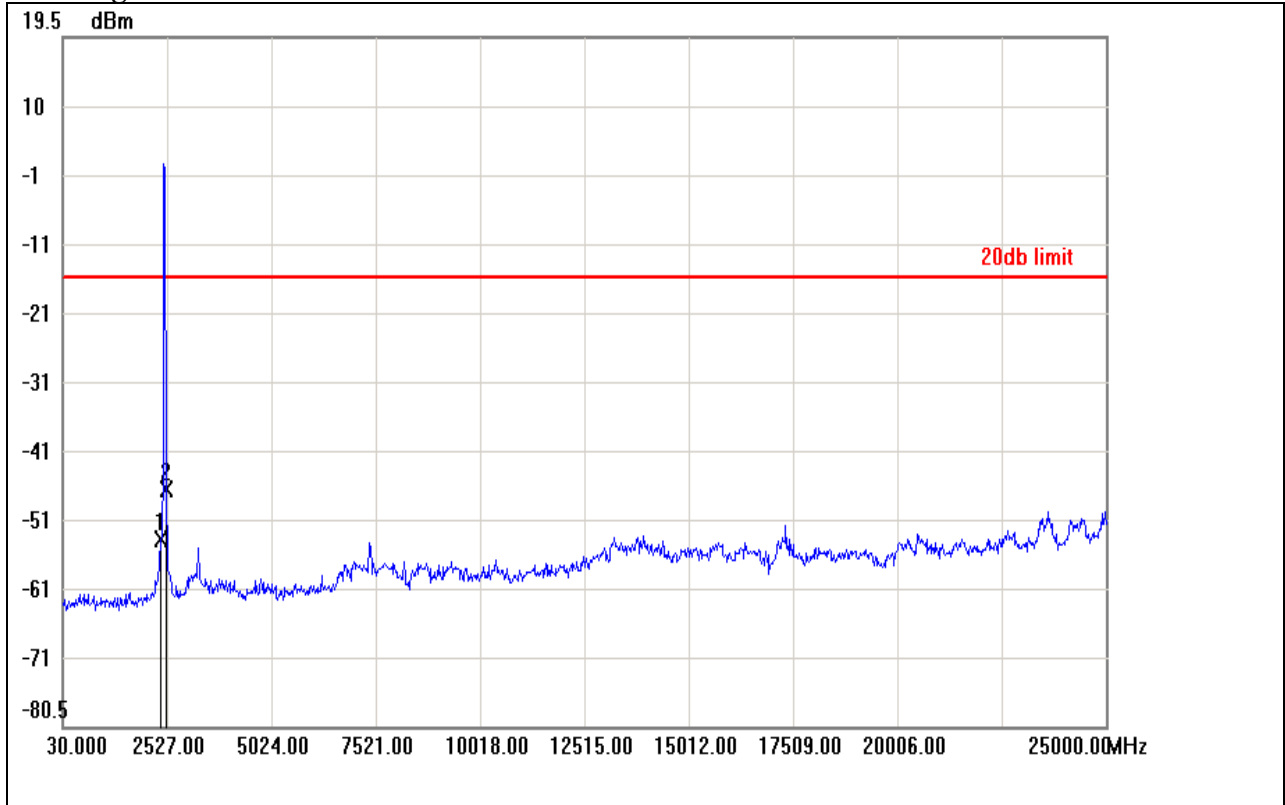
CH Mid



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-49.33	-14.72	-34.61
2	23476.8300	-39.06	-14.72	-24.34



CH High

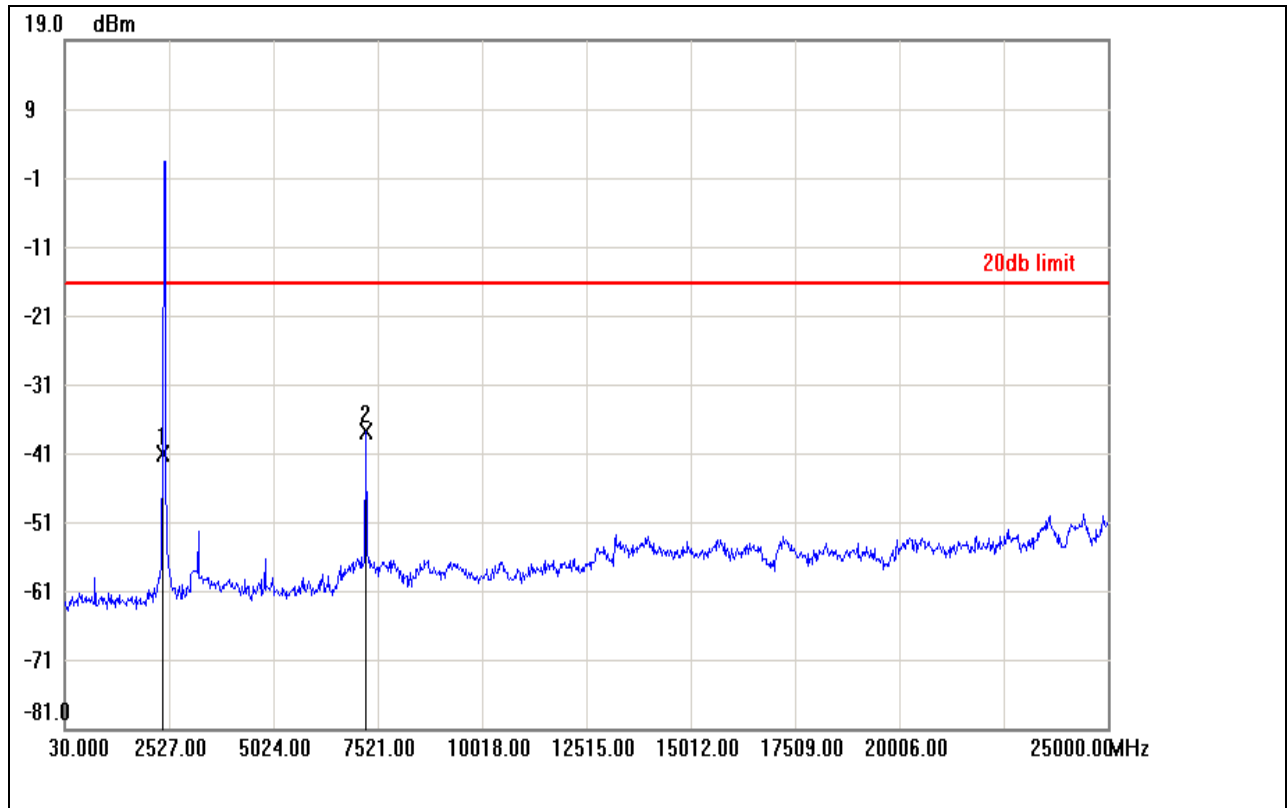


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-53.41	-15.36	-38.05
2	2502.0300	-46.18	-15.36	-30.82



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

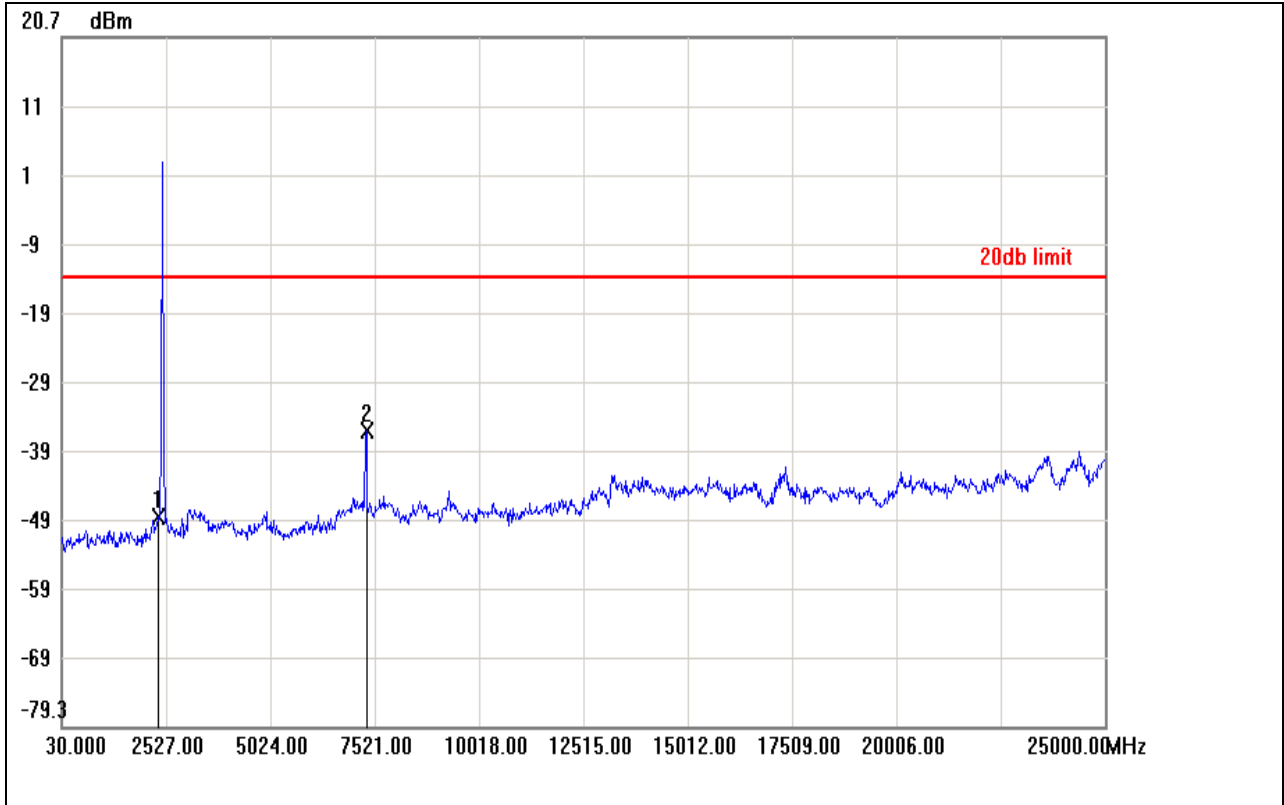
CH Low



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-41.12	-16.44	-24.68
2	7246.3300	-37.79	-16.44	-21.35



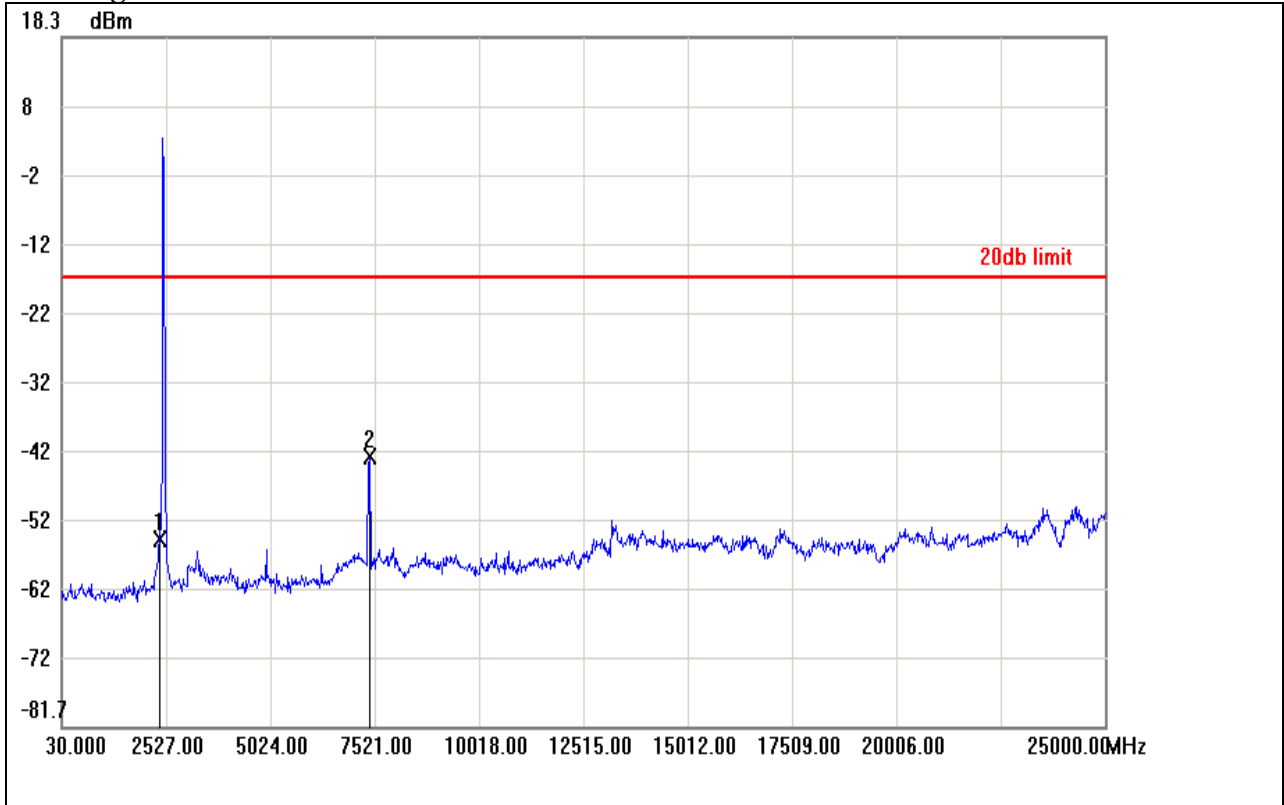
CH Mid



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2327.2400	-48.87	-14.10	-34.77
2	7321.2400	-36.47	-14.10	-22.37



CH High

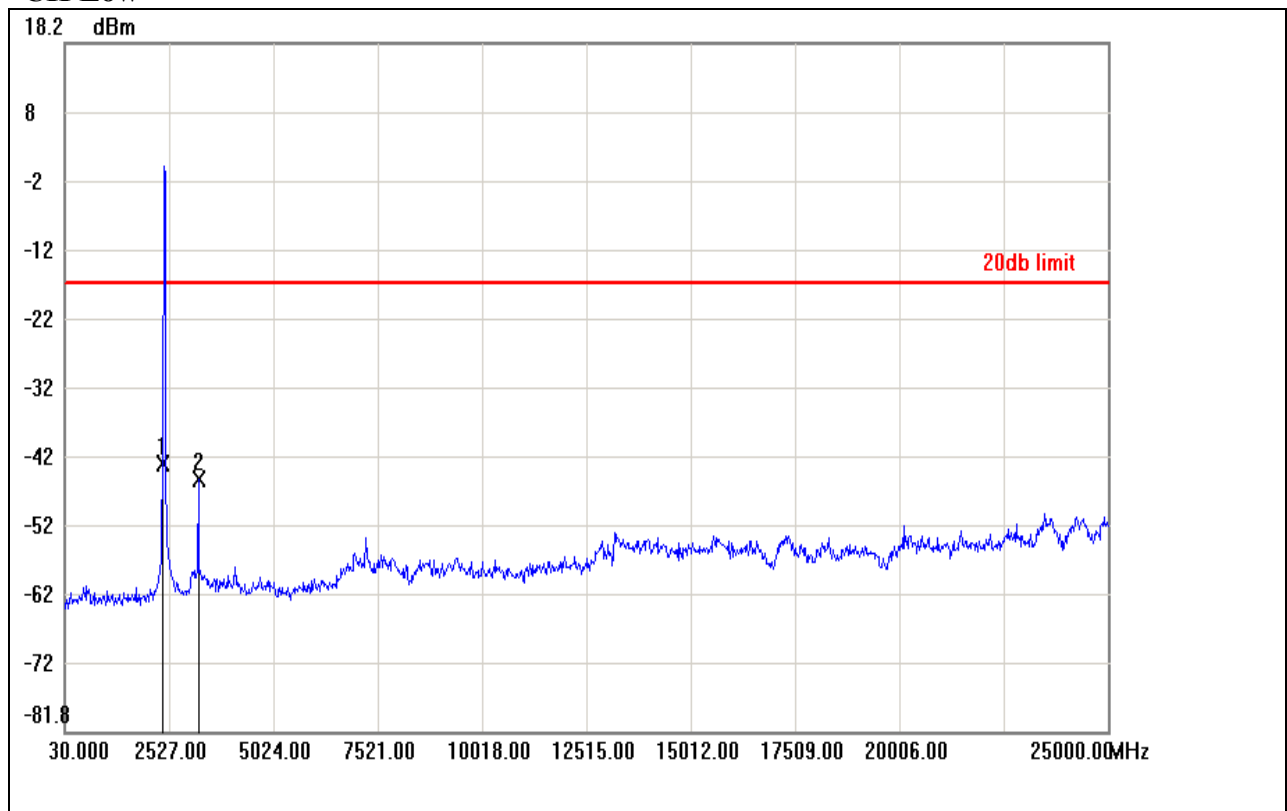


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-54.50	-16.58	-37.92
2	7396.1500	-42.57	-16.58	-25.99



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

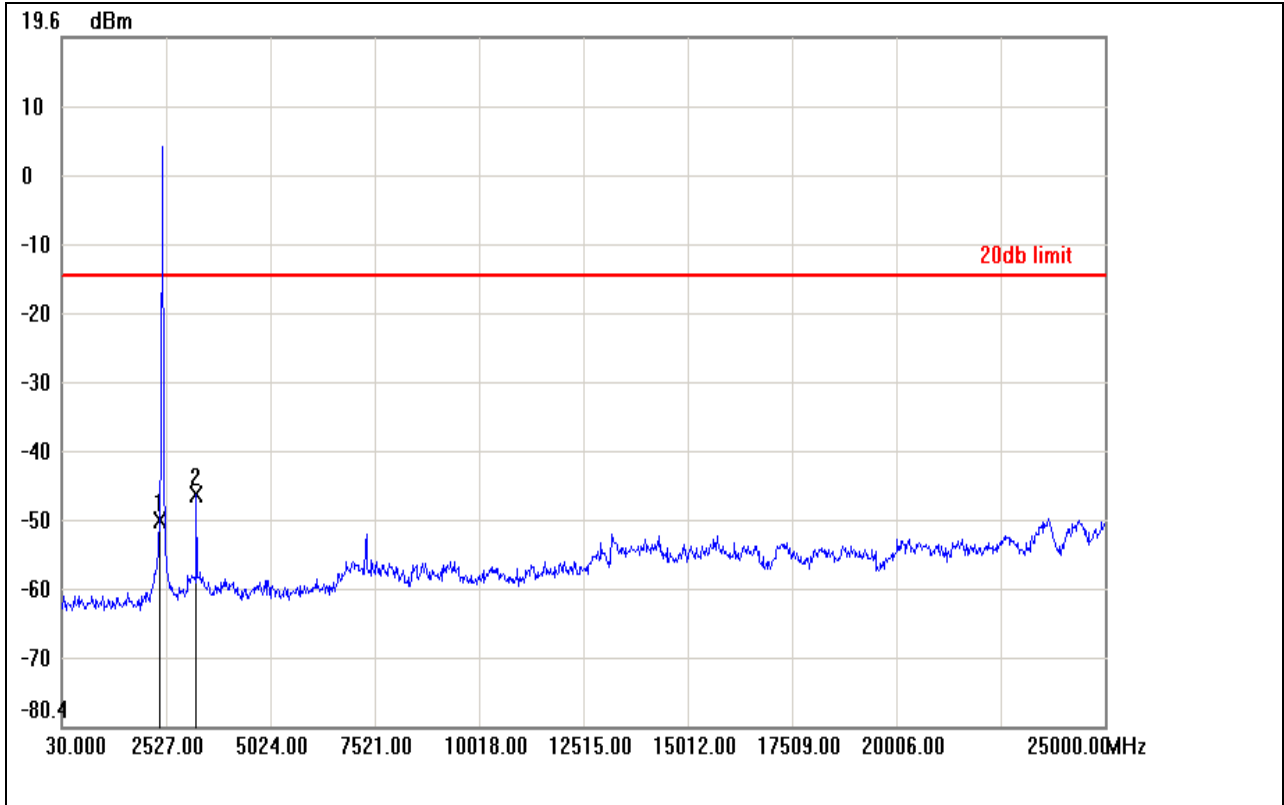
CH Low



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-43.01	-16.60	-26.41
2	3226.1600	-45.18	-16.60	-28.58



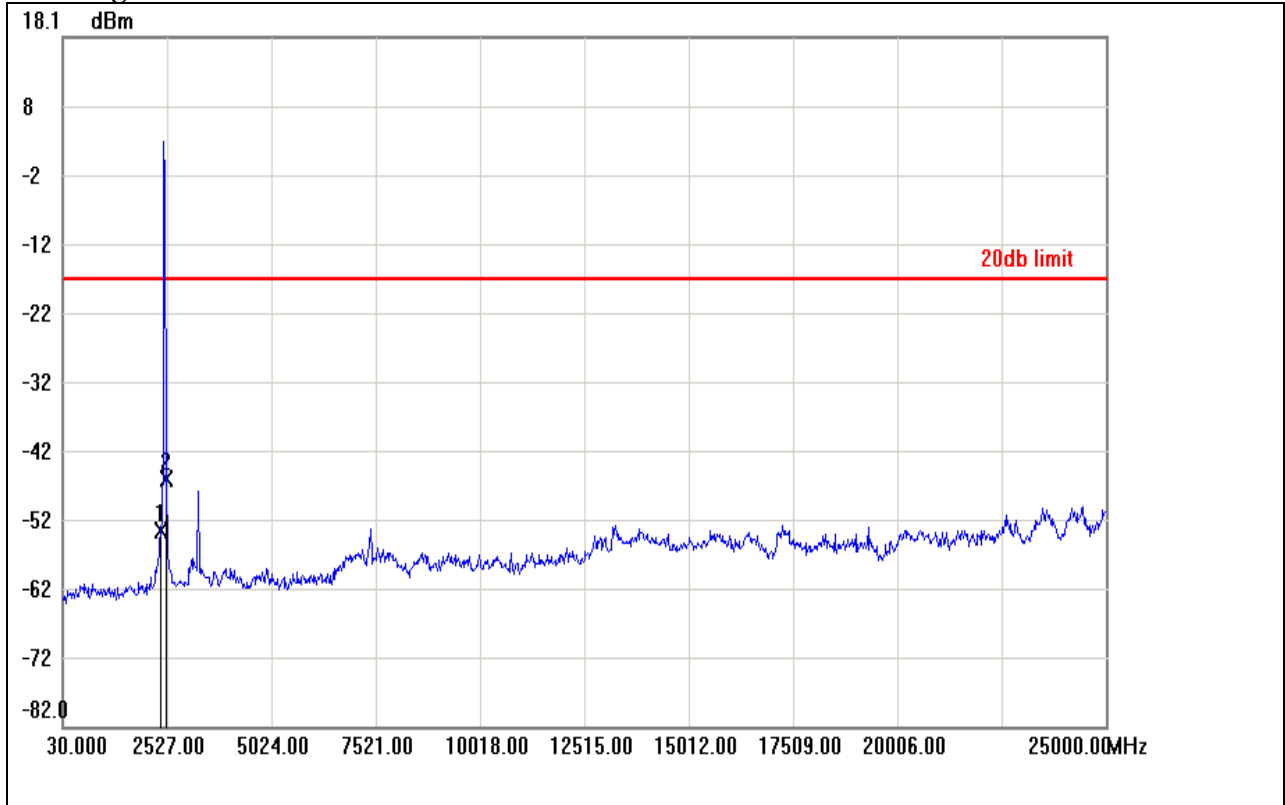
CH Mid



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-50.63	-15.08	-35.55
2	3251.1300	-46.66	-15.08	-31.58



CH High

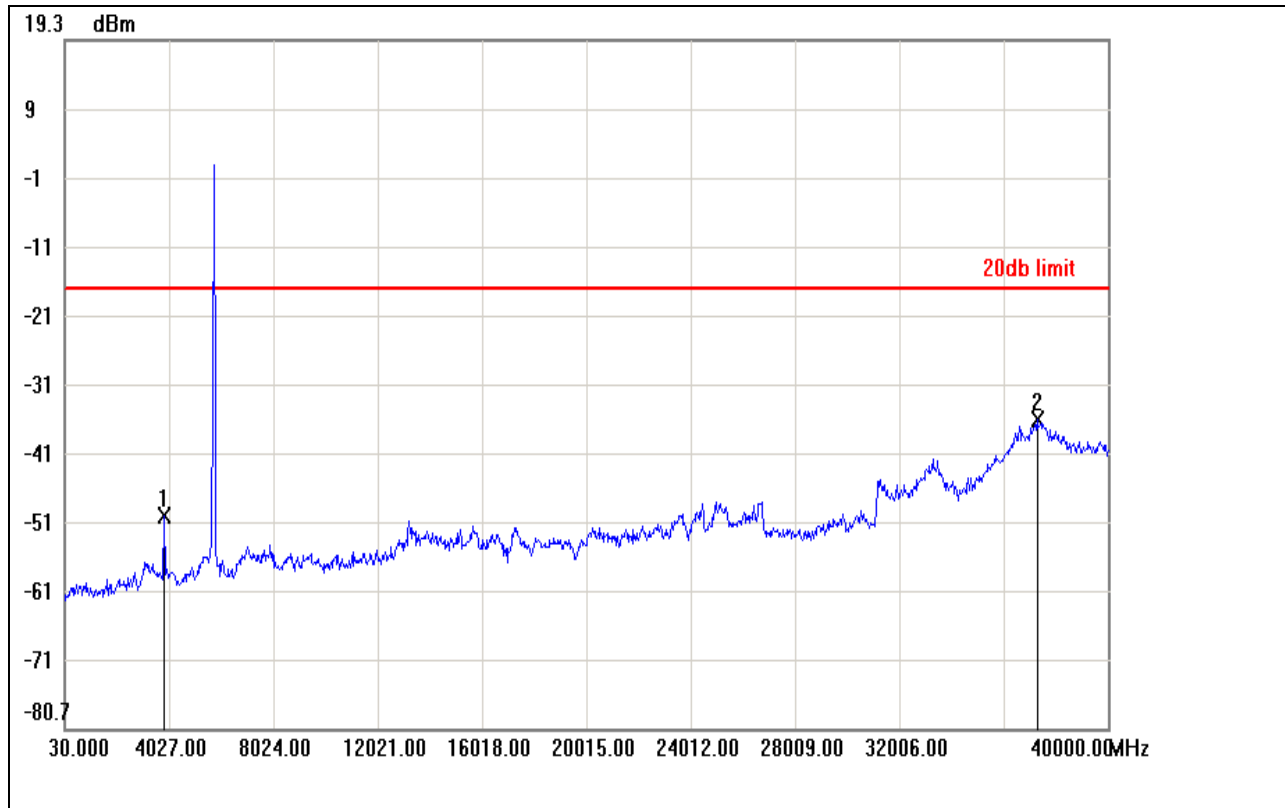


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	2377.1800	-53.65	-17.02	-36.63
2	2502.0300	-46.00	-17.02	-28.98



IEEE 802.11a mode

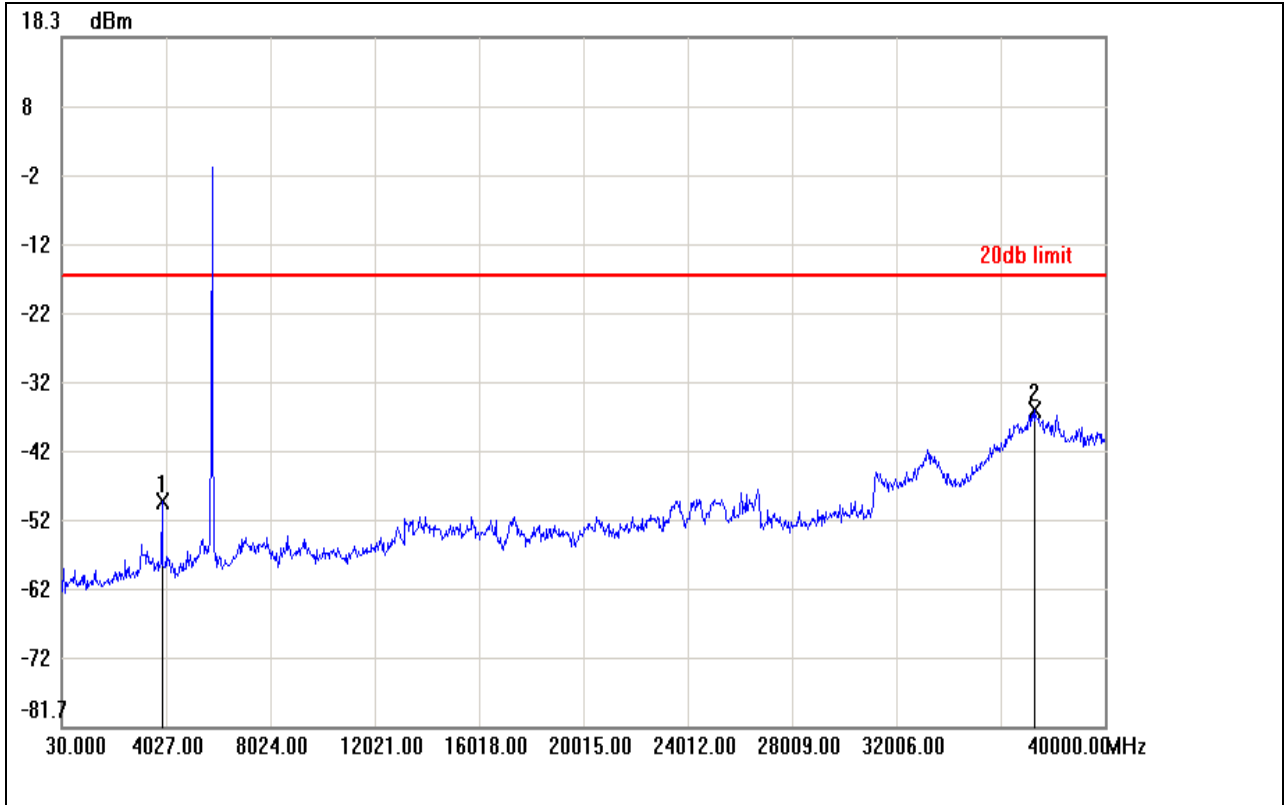
CH Low



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	3827.1500	-49.76	-16.85	-32.91
2	37282.0400	-35.91	-16.85	-19.06



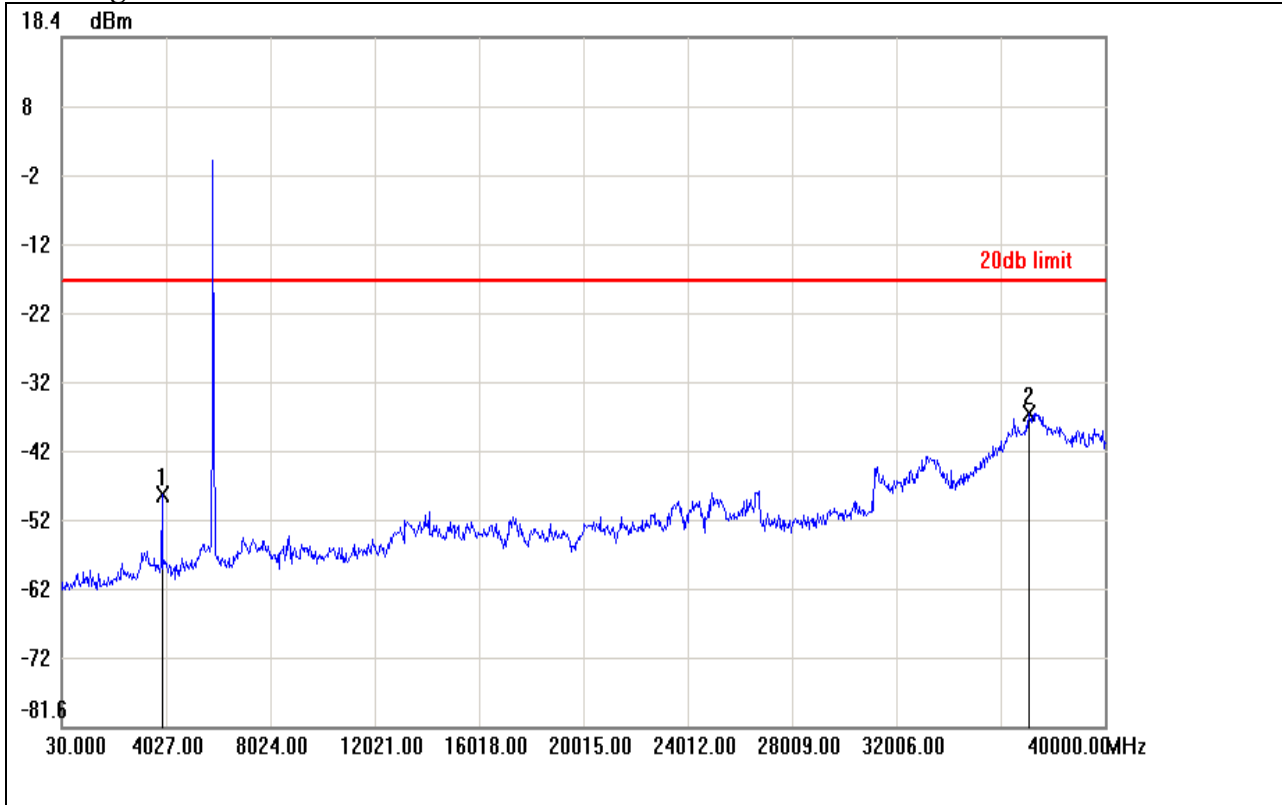
CH Mid



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	3867.1200	-49.11	-16.22	-32.89
2	37322.0100	-35.92	-16.22	-19.70



CH High

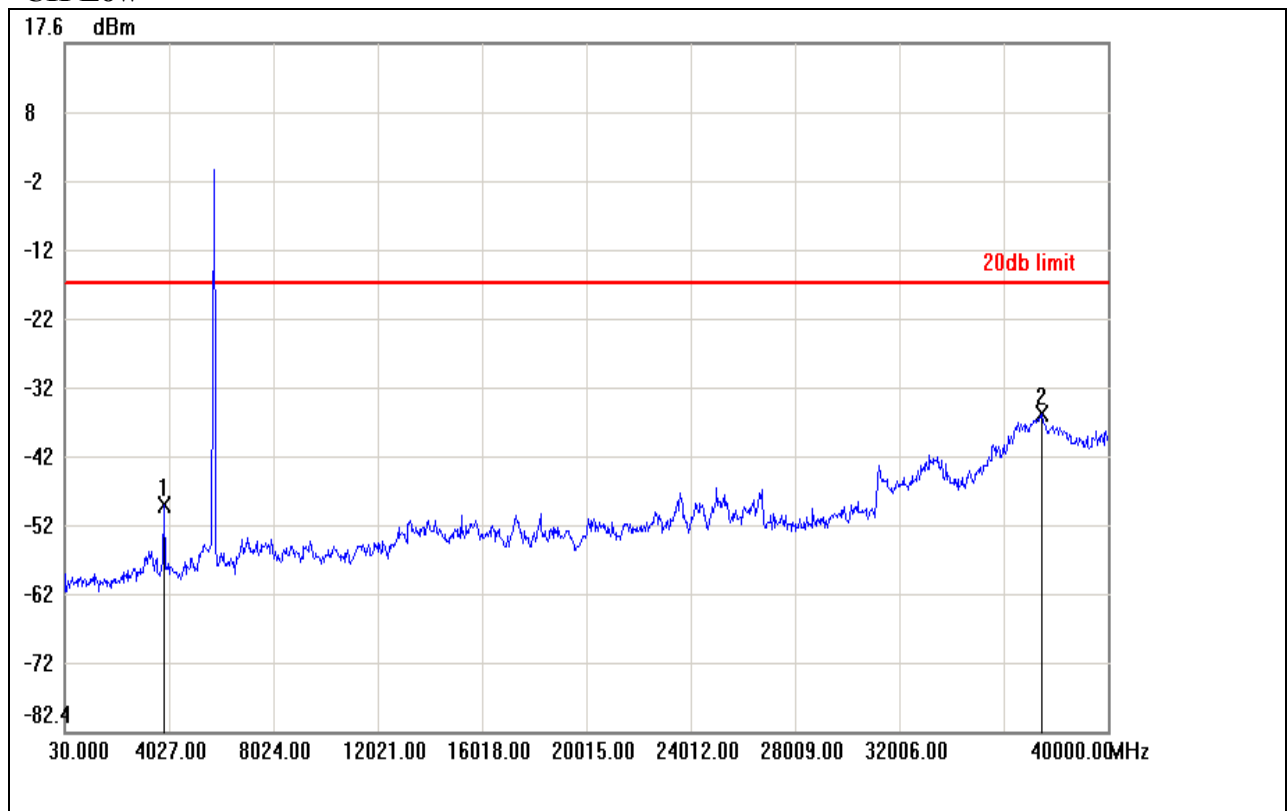


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	3867.1200	-47.93	-16.93	-31.00
2	37082.1900	-36.22	-16.93	-19.29



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

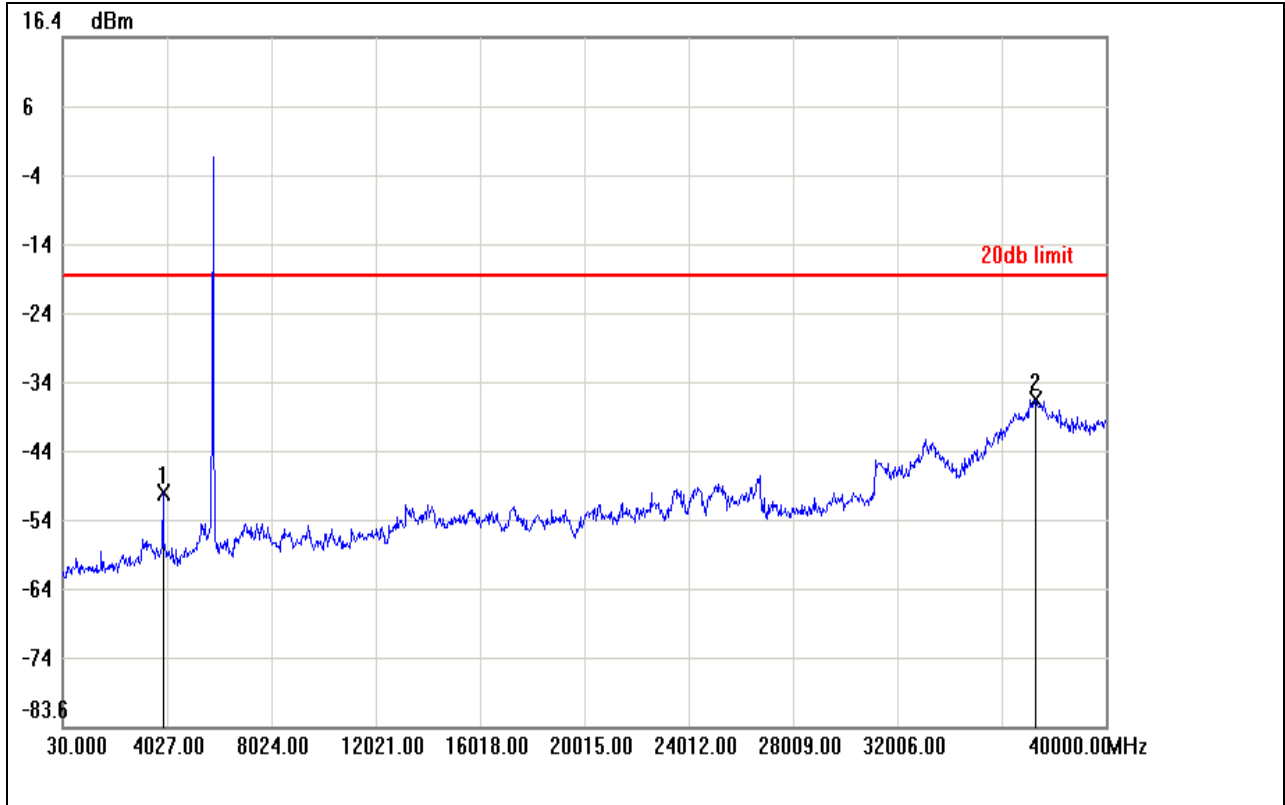
CH Low



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	3827.1500	-49.46	-17.35	-32.11
2	37481.8900	-36.20	-17.35	-18.85



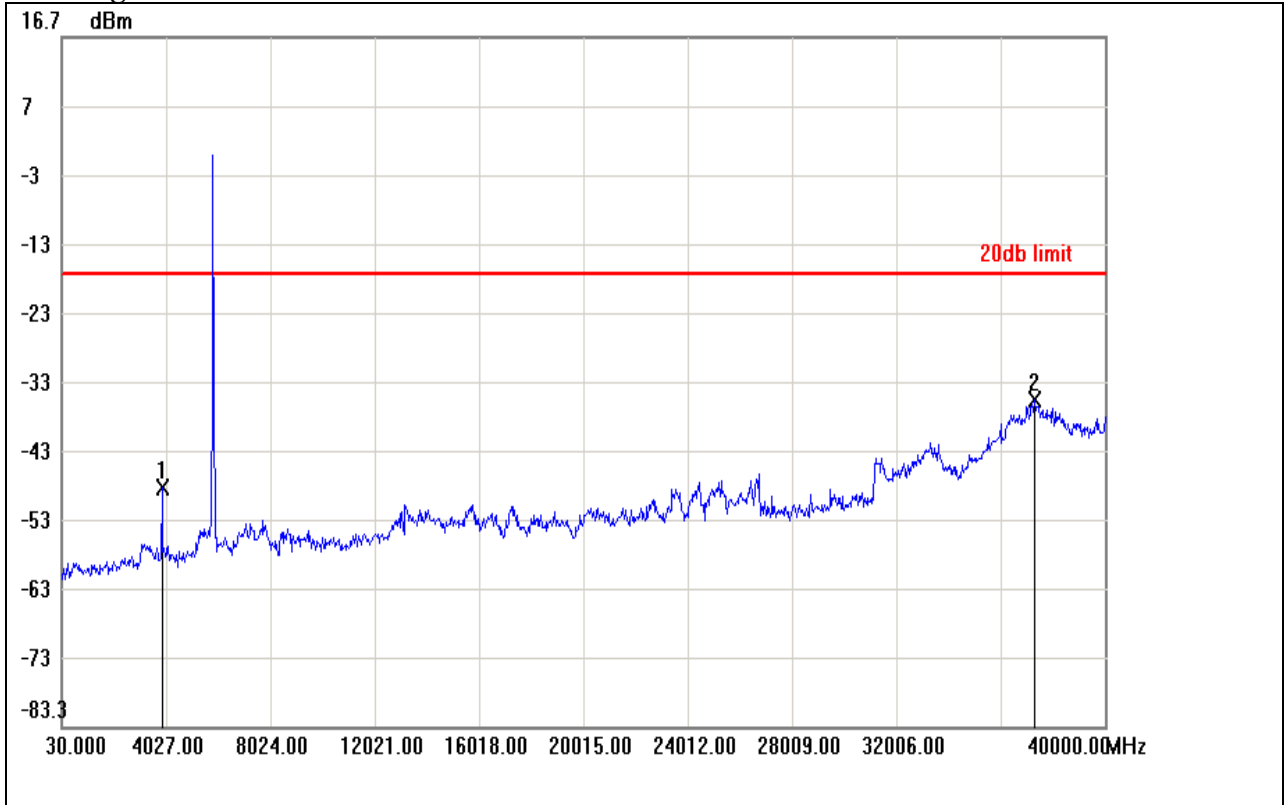
CH Mid



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	3867.1200	-49.71	-18.29	-31.42
2	37282.0400	-36.07	-18.29	-17.78



CH High

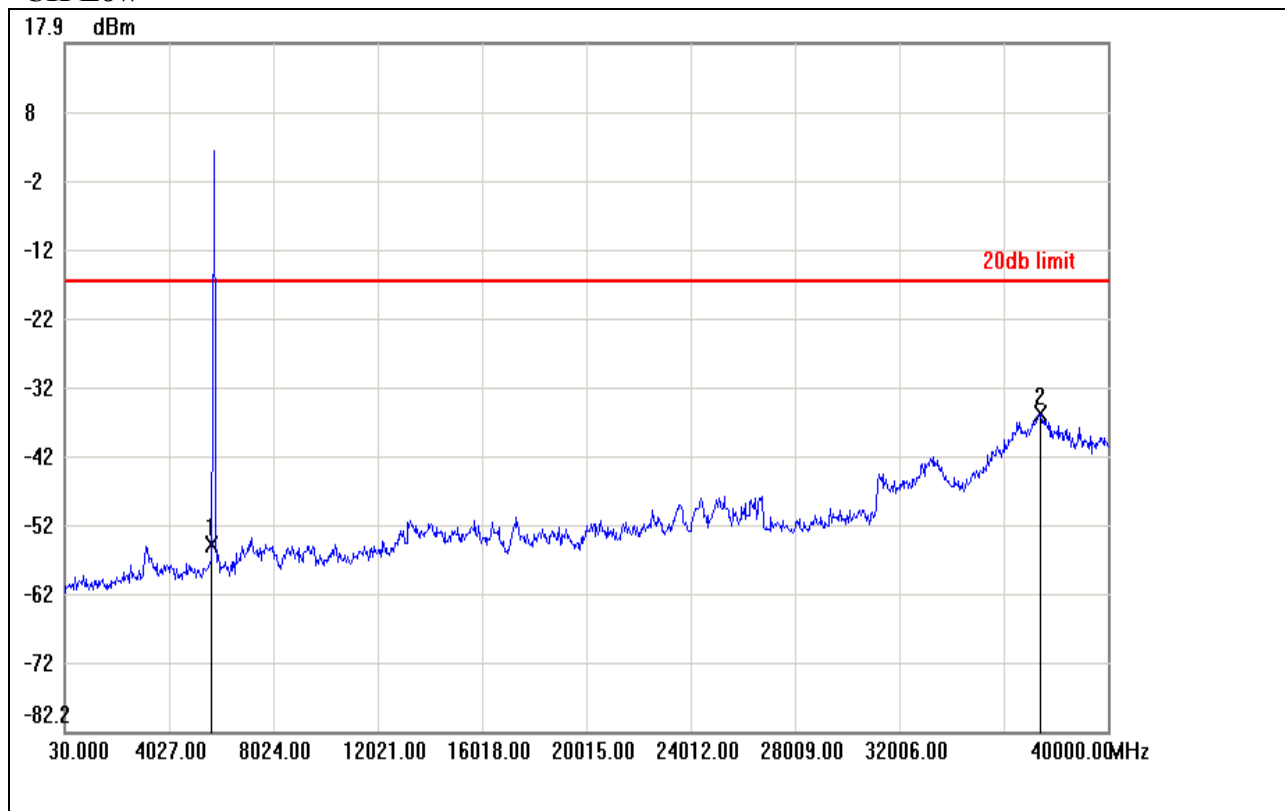


No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	3867.1200	-48.62	-17.81	-30.81
2	37322.0100	-35.93	-17.81	-18.12



IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

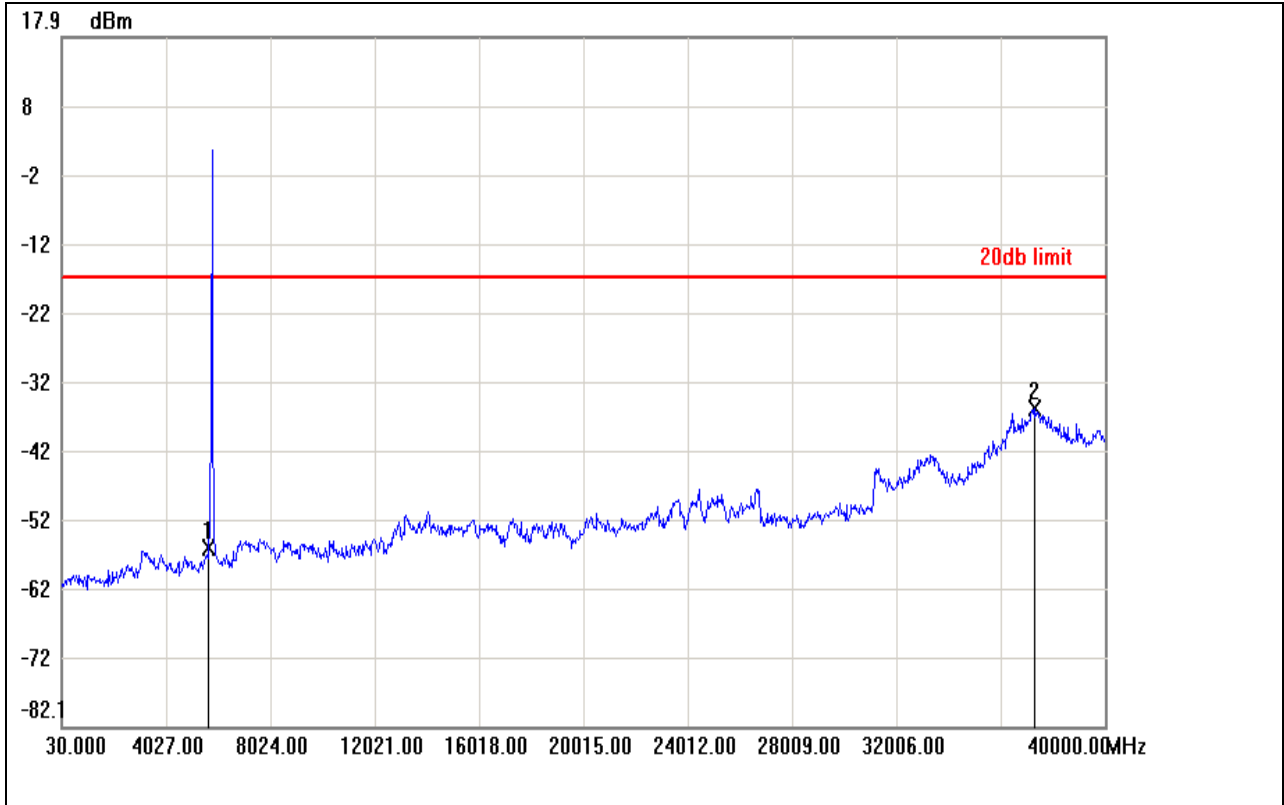
CH Low



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5665.7700	-55.05	-16.86	-38.19
2	37401.9500	-36.07	-16.86	-19.21



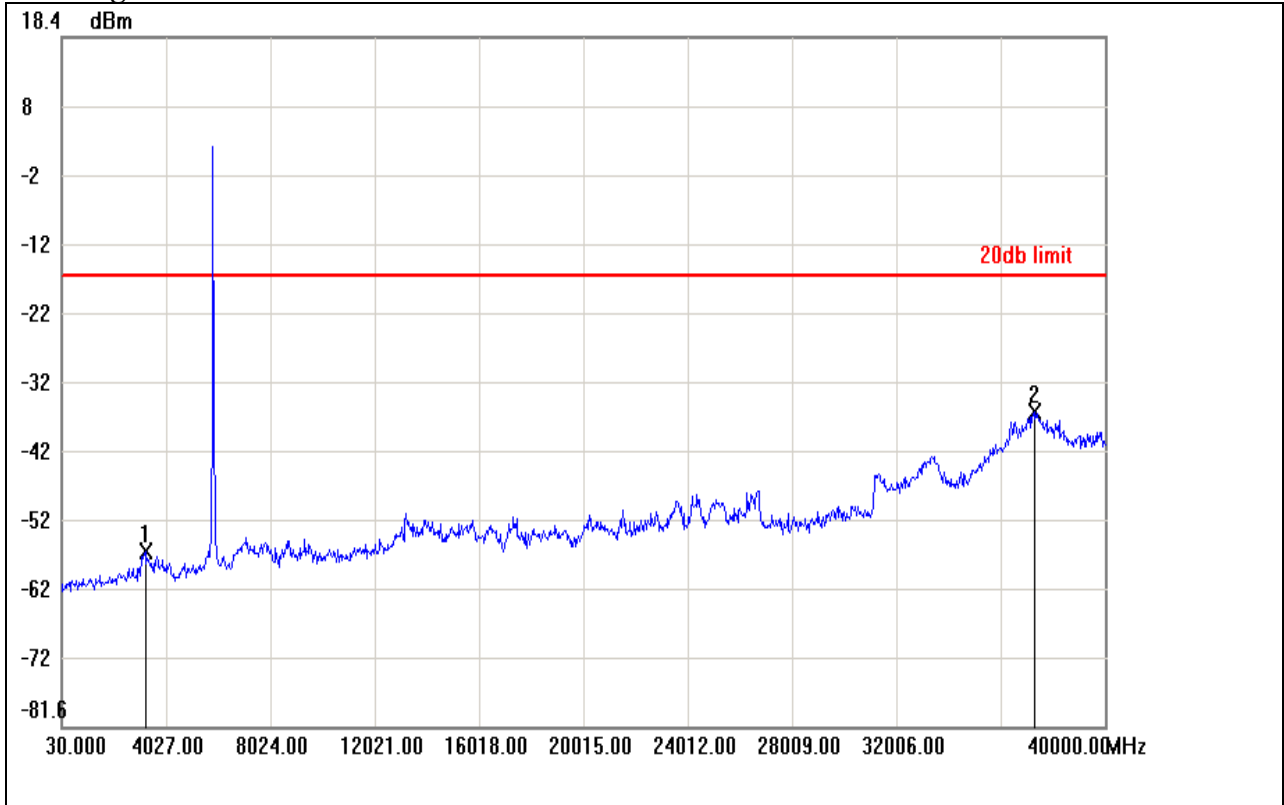
CH Mid



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	5665.7700	-56.25	-16.97	-39.28
2	37322.0100	-36.01	-16.97	-19.04



CH High



No.	Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dBm)
1	3227.6000	-56.18	-16.23	-39.95
2	37322.0100	-36.09	-16.23	-19.86



8.7.2 Radiated Emissions

LIMIT

All spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of §15.209(a) and RSS-Gen Table 2 & Table 5.

RSS-Gen Table 2 & Table 5: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters and Receivers at Frequencies Above 30 MHz ^(Note)

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength microvolts/m at 3 metres (watts, e.i.r.p.)	
	Transmitters	Receivers
30-88	100 (3 nW)	100 (3 nW)
88-216	150 (6.8 nW)	150 (6.8 nW)
216-960	200 (12 nW)	200 (12 nW)
Above 960	500 (75 nW)	500 (75 nW)

Note: *Measurements for compliance with limits in the above table may be performed at distances other than 3 metres, in accordance with Section 7.2.7.

Transmitting devices are not permitted in Table 1 bands or, unless stated otherwise, in TV bands (54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz, 470-608 MHz and 614-806 MHz).

RSS-Gen Table 6: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies Below 30 MHz (Transmit)

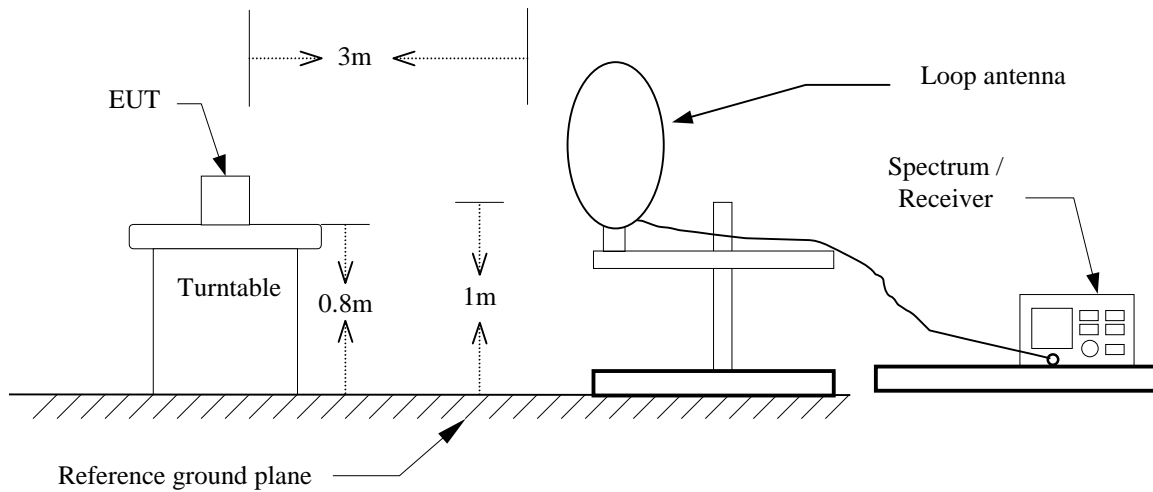
Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/m)	Magnetic H-Field (microamperes/m)	Measurement Distance (metres)
9-490 kHz	2,400/F (F in kHz)	2,400/377F (F in kHz)	3000
490-1,705 kHz	24,000/F (F in kHz)	24,000/377F (F in kHz)	30
1.705-30 MHz	30	N/A	30

Note: The emission limits for the bands 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing an average detector.

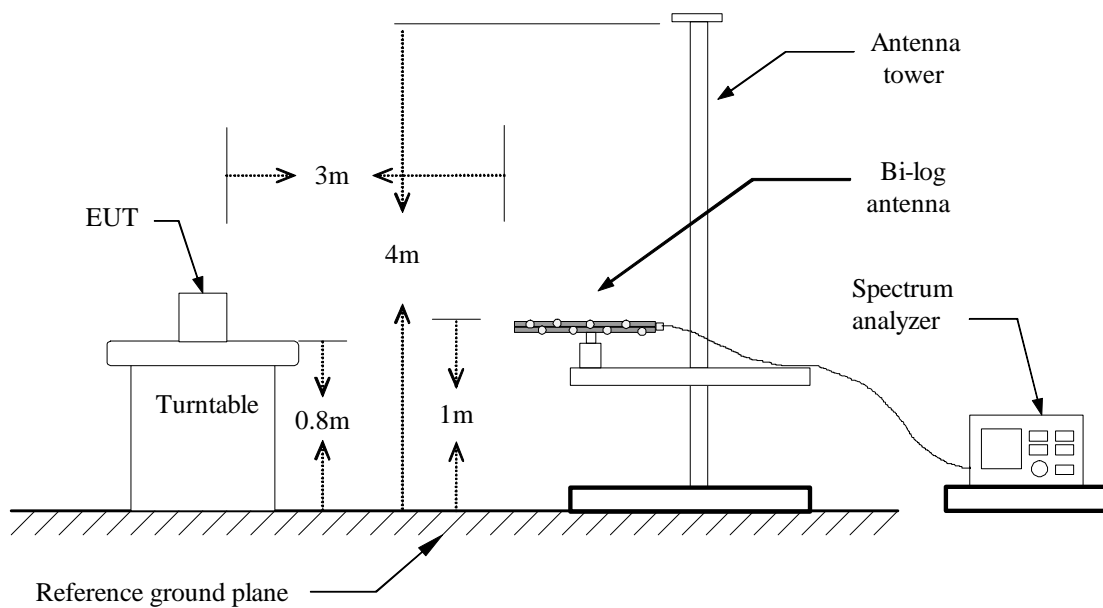


Test Configuration

9kHz ~ 30MHz

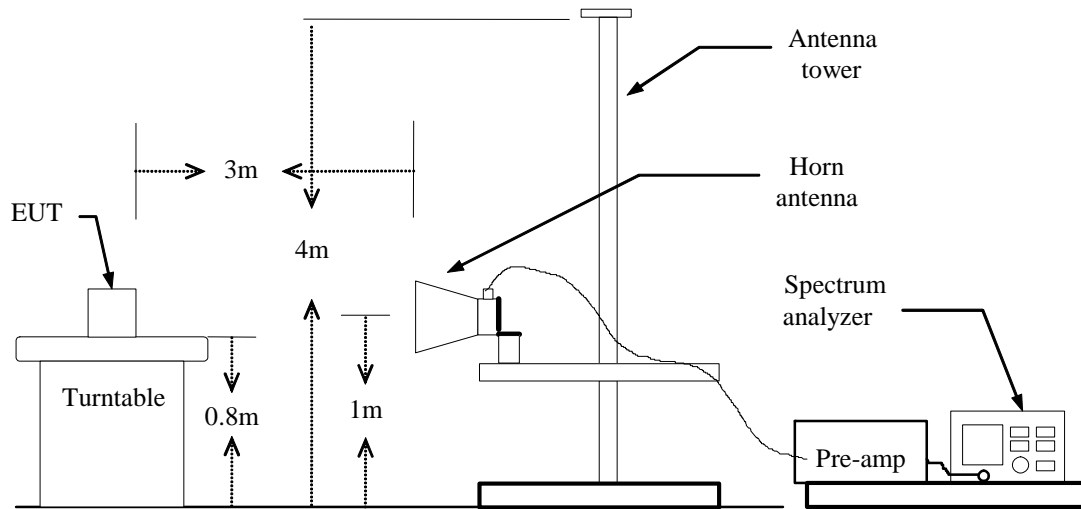


30MHz ~ 1GHz





Above 1 GHz





TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:
Below 1GHz:
RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO
Above 1GHz:
(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

**Below 1GHz (9kHz ~ 30MHz)**

No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30 MHz.

Below 1 GHz(30MHz ~ 1GHz)

Operation Mode: Normal link

Test Date: July 29, 2013

Temperature: 27°C

Tested by: Rex Huang

Humidity: 53% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
31.6167	V	58.01	-21.64	36.37	40.00	-3.63	Peak
99.5167	V	69.92	-31.82	38.10	43.50	-5.40	Peak
144.7833	V	66.21	-28.77	37.44	43.50	-6.06	Peak
299.9833	V	63.24	-27.73	35.51	46.00	-10.49	Peak
364.6500	V	59.92	-26.26	33.66	46.00	-12.34	Peak
663.7333	V	53.21	-20.61	32.60	46.00	-13.40	Peak
99.5167	H	72.05	-31.82	40.23	43.50	-3.27	Peak
191.6667	H	65.67	-29.37	36.30	43.50	-7.20	Peak
232.0833	H	68.94	-29.94	39.00	46.00	-7.00	Peak
298.3667	H	71.21	-27.76	43.45	46.00	-2.55	Peak
364.6500	H	67.21	-26.26	40.95	46.00	-5.05	Peak
624.9333	H	58.08	-21.60	36.48	46.00	-9.52	QP

Remark:

- No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz (9kHz~30MHz).*
- Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.*
- Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit or as required by the applicant.*
- Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
- Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Quasi-peak limit (dBuV/m).*

**Above 1 GHz****Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2200.000	51.99	-1.04	50.95	74.00	-23.05	peak	V
4825.000	46.99	6.12	53.11	74.00	-20.89	peak	V
4825.000	47.36	6.12	53.48	54.00	-0.52	AVG	V
7233.333	44.35	10.48	54.83	74.00	-19.17	peak	V
7233.333	35.32	10.48	45.80	54.00	-8.20	AVG	V
N/A							
2063.333	52.10	-1.31	50.79	74.00	-23.21	peak	H
4825.000	47.86	6.12	53.98	74.00	-20.02	peak	H
4825.000	46.73	6.12	52.85	54.00	-1.15	AVG	H
7233.333	43.94	10.48	54.42	74.00	-19.58	peak	H
7233.333	37.67	10.48	48.15	54.00	-5.85	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Mid**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2323.333	51.90	-0.77	51.13	74.00	-22.87	peak	V
4875.000	48.09	6.24	54.33	74.00	-19.67	peak	V
4875.000	45.40	6.24	51.64	54.00	-2.36	AVG	V
7308.333	44.87	10.61	55.48	74.00	-18.52	peak	V
7308.333	39.06	10.61	49.67	54.00	-4.33	AVG	V
N/A							
2243.333	51.87	-0.96	50.91	74.00	-23.09	peak	H
4875.000	47.52	6.24	53.76	74.00	-20.24	peak	H
4875.000	46.13	6.24	52.37	54.00	-1.63	AVG	H
7308.333	43.13	10.61	53.74	74.00	-20.26	peak	H
7308.333	40.27	10.61	50.88	54.00	-3.12	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2190.000	52.49	-1.06	51.43	74.00	-22.57	peak	V
4925.000	46.53	6.37	52.90	74.00	-21.10	peak	V
4925.000	45.41	6.37	51.78	54.00	-2.22	AVG	V
7383.333	45.16	10.74	55.90	74.00	-18.10	peak	V
7383.333	40.95	10.74	51.69	54.00	-2.31	AVG	V
N/A							
2243.333	51.87	-0.96	50.91	74.00	-23.09	peak	H
4875.000	47.52	6.24	53.76	74.00	-20.24	peak	H
4875.000	46.13	6.24	52.37	54.00	-1.63	AVG	H
7308.333	43.13	10.61	53.74	74.00	-20.26	peak	H
7308.333	40.27	10.61	50.88	54.00	-3.12	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2080.000	52.81	-1.28	51.53	74.00	-22.47	peak	V
4825.000	45.10	6.12	51.22	74.00	-22.78	peak	V
7225.000	52.93	10.47	63.40	74.00	-10.60	peak	V
7225.000	40.95	10.47	51.42	54.00	-2.58	AVG	V
N/A							
2176.667	51.43	-1.09	50.34	74.00	-23.66	peak	H
4825.000	43.10	6.12	49.22	74.00	-24.78	peak	H
7233.333	42.88	10.48	53.36	74.00	-20.64	peak	H
7233.333	32.46	10.48	42.94	54.00	-11.06	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Mid**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2116.667	51.96	-1.20	50.76	74.00	-23.24	peak	V
4875.000	47.81	6.24	54.05	74.00	-19.95	peak	V
4875.000	36.49	6.24	42.73	54.00	-11.27	AVG	V
7300.000	49.94	10.60	60.54	74.00	-13.46	peak	V
7300.000	37.83	10.60	48.43	54.00	-5.57	AVG	V
N/A							
2240.000	51.99	-0.97	51.02	74.00	-22.98	peak	H
4875.000	46.26	6.24	52.50	74.00	-21.50	peak	H
4875.000	37.14	6.24	43.38	54.00	-10.62	AVG	H
7308.333	49.08	10.61	59.69	74.00	-14.31	peak	H
7308.333	38.35	10.61	48.96	54.00	-5.04	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53 % RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2270.000	51.54	-0.91	50.63	74.00	-23.37	peak	V
4925.000	43.86	6.37	50.23	74.00	-23.77	peak	V
7383.333	49.42	10.74	60.16	74.00	-13.84	peak	V
7383.333	36.54	10.74	47.28	54.00	-6.72	AVG	V
N/A							
2050.000	51.88	-1.33	50.55	74.00	-23.45	peak	H
7383.333	44.82	10.74	55.56	74.00	-18.44	peak	H
7383.333	32.09	10.74	42.83	54.00	-11.17	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH Low **Test Date:** July 29, 2013

Temperature: 27 °C

Tested by: Rex Huang

Humidity: 53% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2270.000	51.54	-0.91	50.63	74.00	-23.37	peak	V
4925.000	43.86	6.37	50.23	74.00	-23.77	peak	V
7383.333	49.42	10.74	60.16	74.00	-13.84	peak	V
7383.333	36.54	10.74	47.28	54.00	-6.72	AVG	V
N/A							
2253.333	51.49	-0.94	50.55	74.00	-23.45	peak	H
7233.333	47.72	10.48	58.20	74.00	-15.80	peak	H
7233.333	39.74	10.48	50.22	54.00	-3.78	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH Mid **Test Date:** July 29, 2013

Temperature: 27 °C

Tested by: Rex Huang

Humidity: 53% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2193.333	51.91	-1.06	50.85	74.00	-23.15	peak	V
4866.667	43.63	6.22	49.85	74.00	-24.15	peak	V
7316.667	54.21	10.62	64.83	74.00	-9.17	peak	V
7316.667	42.16	10.62	52.78	54.00	-1.22	AVG	V
N/A							
2200.000	51.73	-1.04	50.69	74.00	-23.31	peak	H
4925.000	49.48	6.37	55.85	74.00	-18.15	peak	H
4925.000	32.86	6.37	39.23	54.00	-14.77	AVG	H
7300.000	53.12	10.60	63.72	74.00	-10.28	peak	H
7300.000	41.00	10.60	51.60	54.00	-2.40	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH High **Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27 °C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2270.000	52.26	-0.91	51.35	74.00	-22.65	peak	V
4925.000	45.93	6.37	52.30	74.00	-21.70	peak	V
4925.000	34.08	6.37	40.45	54.00	-13.55	AVG	V
7383.333	53.03	10.74	63.77	74.00	-10.23	peak	V
7383.333	38.61	10.74	49.35	54.00	-4.65	AVG	
N/A							
2283.333	52.29	-0.88	51.41	74.00	-22.59	peak	H
7383.333	48.33	10.74	59.07	74.00	-14.93	peak	H
7383.333	35.19	10.74	45.93	54.00	-8.07	AVG	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Low**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2843.333	51.03	0.86	51.89	74.00	-22.11	peak	V
N/A							
2936.667	50.67	1.12	51.79	74.00	-22.21	peak	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Mid**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2680.000	51.34	0.40	51.74	74.00	-22.26	peak	V
N/A							
2761.667	50.84	0.63	51.47	74.00	-22.53	peak	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH High**Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27°C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2726.667	51.08	0.53	51.61	74.00	-22.39	peak	V
N/A							
2820.000	51.04	0.80	51.84	74.00	-22.16	peak	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH Low **Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27 °C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2656.667	51.48	0.34	51.82	74.00	-22.18	peak	V
N/A							
2680.000	51.07	0.40	51.47	74.00	-22.53	peak	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Remark result (dBuV/m)} - \text{Average limit (dBuV/m)}$.

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH Mid **Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27 °C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2901.667	50.83	1.02	51.85	74.00	-22.15	peak	V
N/A							
2855.000	50.83	0.89	51.72	74.00	-22.28	peak	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH High **Test Date:** July 29, 2013**Temperature:** 27 °C**Tested by:** Rex Huang**Humidity:** 53% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2773.333	50.79	0.67	51.46	74.00	-22.54	peak	V
N/A							
2691.667	50.95	0.44	51.39	74.00	-22.61	peak	H
N/A							

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to 40GHz of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



8.8 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

According to §15.207(a) & RSS-Gen §7.2.4, except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any licence-exempt radiocommunication device equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in Table 2. The tighter limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

The conducted emissions shall be measured with a 50 ohm/50 microhenry line impedance stabilization network.

RSS-Gen Table 2 – AC Power Lines Conducted Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

**Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency*

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.



TEST RESULTS

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

Test Data

Operation Mode: Normal Link **Test Date:** August 06, 2013
Temperature: 24°C **Tested by:** Julon Liu
Humidity: 60% RH

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Note
0.1500	39.15	10.17	49.32	65.99	-16.67	L1
0.2140	36.07	10.05	46.12	63.04	-16.92	L1
0.3300	29.28	10.00	39.28	59.45	-20.17	L1
0.3860	39.41	9.99	49.40	58.15	-8.75	L1
0.3860	28.22	9.99	38.21	48.15	-9.94	L1
0.5780	29.22	9.99	39.21	56.00	-16.79	L1
0.8220	28.14	10.00	38.14	56.00	-17.86	L1
0.1500	40.57	10.09	50.66	65.99	-15.33	L2
0.2140	36.28	9.99	46.27	63.04	-16.77	L2
0.2860	33.47	9.97	43.44	60.64	-17.20	L2
0.3820	36.26	9.95	46.21	58.23	-12.02	L2
0.6020	29.04	9.95	38.99	56.00	-17.01	L2
0.8139	28.81	9.98	38.79	56.00	-17.21	L2

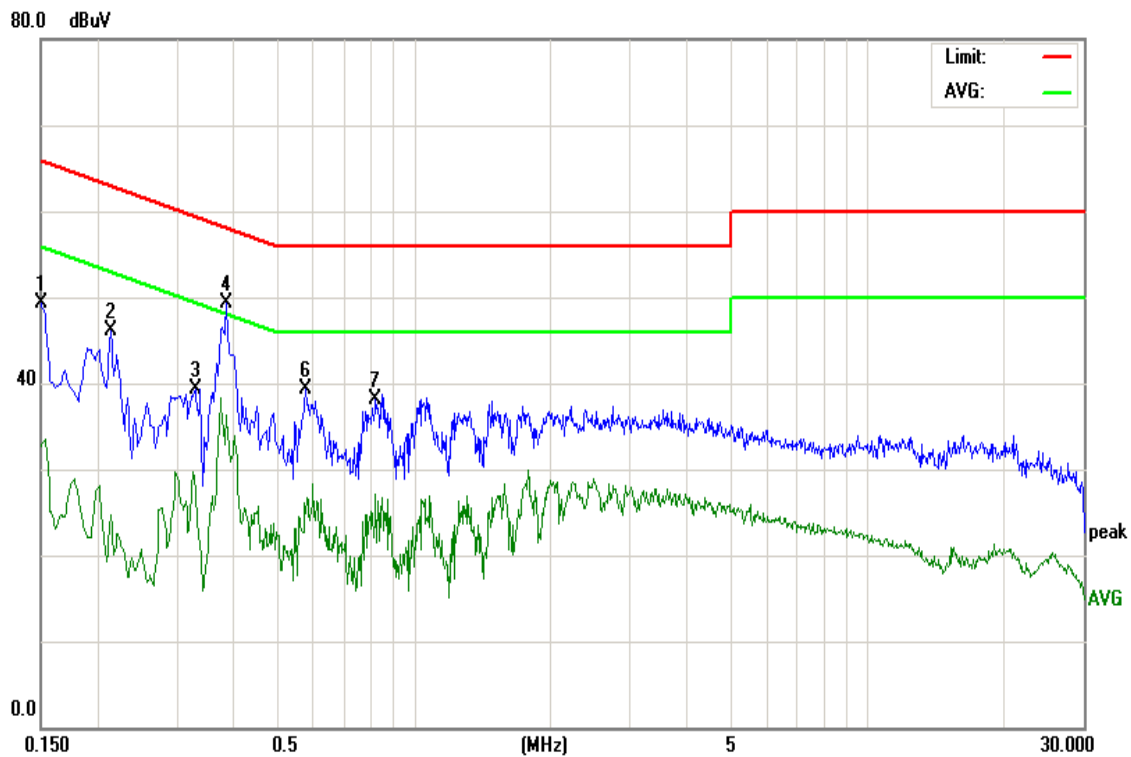
Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
3. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz to 30MHz was 10kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz to 30MHz was 9kHz;
4. L1 = Line One (Live Line) / L2 = Line Two (Neutral Line)



Test Plots

Conducted emissions (Line 1)



Conducted emissions (Line 2)

