



Product Service

Choose certainty.
Add value.

September 6, 2013

Page 1 of 52

Prüfbericht / Test Report „Transmit Simultaneously“

Nr. / No. 20820838-26357-8 (Edition 1)

Applicant: Bartec GmbH
Type of equipment: Mobile Computer MC 92ex with Bartec UHF Reader (external Antenna)
Type designation: MC92N0ex IS RFID-UHF
Order No.: --
Test standards: FCC Code of Federal Regulations,
CFR 47, Part 15,
Sections 15.205, 15.207 and 15.209

Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications
RSS-GEN Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.4 and 7.2.5(Category I Equipment)

Note:

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

Table of Contents

1	Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)	3
2	Administrative Data	6
3	Identification of the Test Laboratory	7
4	Summary	8
5	Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT	9
6	Measurement Procedures	12
6.1	Conducted AC Powerline Emission	12
6.2	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz	14
6.3	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room	16
6.4	Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site	18
7	Photographs Taken During Testing	20
8	Test Results	25
8.1	Conducted Powerline Emission Measurement 150 kHz to 30 MHz	27
8.2	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz	30
8.3	Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 25 GHz	34
9	Referenced Regulations	49
10	Test Equipment List with Calibration Data	51
11	Revision History	52

1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General data of EUT	
Type designation ¹ :	Mobile Computer with Bartec UHF Reader
Version:	--
Serial number(s):	1314100505472
Manufacturer:	Bartec GmbH
Type of equipment:	MC92N0ex IS RFID-UHF
Version:	As received
FCC ID:	TBUUHFG1
Industry Canada ID:	5736C-UHFG1
Additional parts/accessories:	Accumulator: BARTEC – Type: 17-A1Z0-0002, Charging cradle: SYMBOL TECHNOLOGIES INC. – Part: CRD9000-1001SR, Model: CRD9000-1000, S/N: 12153000500777 Power supply: HIPRO – P/N: PWRS-14000-148R Rev. C, Model: HP-A0502R3D, S/N: F33351234012660

¹ Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.

Technical data of EUT

Application frequency range:

N/A

Frequency range:

902 – 928 MHz

Operating frequency:

902.75 - 927.25 MHz

Type of modulation

ASK

Number of RF-channels:

50

Channel spacing:

Pseudo-random List

Channel No.	Center Frequency
1	914,75 MHz
2	920,25 MHz
3	925,75 MHz
4	909,25 MHz
5	920,75 MHz
6	907,25 MHz
7	922,25 MHz
8	927,25 MHz
9	919,75 MHz
10	906,25 MHz
11	911,75 MHz
12	903,75 MHz
13	909,75 MHz
14	917,25 MHz
15	925,25 MHz
16	912,25 MHz
17	906,75 MHz

Channel No.	Center Frequency
18	917,75 MHz
19	907,75 MHz
20	902,75 MHz
21	914,25 MHz
22	924,25 MHz
23	919,25 MHz
24	908,25 MHz
25	903,25 MHz
26	910,25 MHz
27	916,75 MHz
28	924,75 MHz
29	918,25 MHz
30	923,25 MHz
31	916,25 MHz
32	910,75 MHz
33	904,25 MHz
34	913,75 MHz

Channel No.	Center Frequency
35	921,75 MHz
36	926,75 MHz
37	915,75 MHz
38	911,25 MHz
39	904,75 MHz
40	915,25 MHz
41	905,75 MHz
42	921,25 MHz
43	926,25 MHz
44	918,75 MHz
45	912,75 MHz
46	923,75 MHz
47	905,25 MHz
48	913,25 MHz
49	922,75 MHz
50	908,75 MHz

Designation of emissions²

40K0A1D

Type of antenna:

Integrated

Size/length of antenna:

N/A

Connection of antenna:

☐ detachable

☒ not detachable

Type of power supply:

DC supply

Specifications for power supply:

nominal voltage: 7.4 V

minimum voltage: 7.4 V

maximum voltage: 8.4 V

nominal frequency: DC Hz

² Also known as "Class of Emission".

Type of power supply of cradle:	AC supply		
Specifications for power supply of the cradle:	nominal voltage:	115 V V	
	minimum voltage:	-- V	
	maximum voltage:	-- V	
	nominal frequency:	AC 50/60Hz	

2 Administrative Data

Application details

Applicant (full address):	Bartec GmbH Max-Eyth-Strasse 16 DE-97980 Bad Mergentheim
Contact person:	Ralph Lanig
Order number:	--
Receipt of EUT:	15 July 2013
Date(s) of test:	July 2013
Note(s):	

Report details

Report number:	20820838-26357-8
Edition:	1
Issue date:	September 6, 2013

3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

Details of the Test Laboratory

Company name:	TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH
Address:	Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45 D-94315 Straubing Germany D-PL-11321-11-01
FCC test site registration number	90926
Industry Canada test site registration:	3050A-2
Contact person:	Mr. Johann Roidt Phone: +49 9421 5522-0 Fax: +49 9421 5522-99

4 Summary

Summary of test results

The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the

Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, Subpart E

of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the

Radio Standards Specifications

RSS-GEN Issue 3

RSS-210 Issue 8

of Industry Canada (IC).

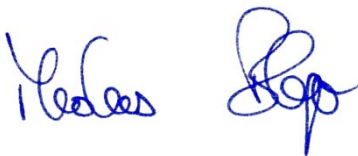
Personnel involved in this report

Laboratory Manager:



Mr. Johann Roidt

Responsible for testing:



Mr. Markus Biberger

Responsible for test report:

Mr. Markus Biberger

5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

Operation Mode(s)

For this report the EUT was tested under WLAN and Bluetooth transmit simultaneously plus the RFID reader continuously reading a transponder.

For WLAN function both the 5 GHz and 2.4 GHz bands were considered.

Configuration(s) of EUT

Product	RFID Reader
Model No.	UHF
FCC ID	xxx
IC ID	xxx
Product	Mobile Computer
Model No.	MC 92ex
FCC ID	xxx
IC ID	xxx
Power Supply	DC 7.4 V from battery, DC 12 V to cradle or DC 12 V to connection adapter
Modulation Type	For WLAN: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM For Bluetooth: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Modulation Technology	For WLAN: DSSS, OFDM For Bluetooth: FHSS
Transfer Rate	For WLAN: 802.11b: 11/5.5/2/1 Mbps 802.11a/g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6 Mbps For Bluetooth: DH1, DH3, DH5 + EDR
Frequency Range	WLAN 15.407: 802.11a: 5.18 – 5.24 GHz, 5.26 – 5.32 GHz, 5.50 – 5.70 GHz WLAN 15.247: 802.11b & 802.11g: 2412 – 2472 MHz 802.11a: 5745 – 5825 GHz Bluetooth: 2402 – 2480 MHz
Number of Channels	WLAN 15.407: 19 for 802.11a WLAN 15.247 (2.4 GHz) 13 for 802.11b, 802.11g WLAN 15.247 (5.8 GHz) 5 for 802.11a Bluetooth: 79

Channel Spacing	WLAN: 802.11b/g: 5 MHz 802.11a: 20 MHz Bluetooth: 1 MHz
Maximum Output Power	WLAN 15.407 802.11a: 27.5 mW WLAN 15.247 (2.4 GHz) 802.11b: 42 mW 802.11g: 150 mW WLAN 15.247 (5 GHz) 802.11a: 130 mW Bluetooth GFSK: 3.5 mW π/4-DQPSK: 2.0 mW 8DPSK: 2.5 mW

List of ports and cables

Port	Description	Classification ³	Cable type	Cable length
1	DC Power input (via battery)	dc power	Unshielded	

List of devices connected to EUT

Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	None			
2				
3				
4				

List of support devices

Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	Cradle Dock			
2	AC Adapter			
3	Nokia 6150i	4	N/A	Apple
4	Wireless DSL Router	N600	N/A	Sitecom

³ Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port

List of test modes

No	Description	RFID Reader Frequency ⁽¹⁾	Bluetooth channels	WLAN Channel
1	RFID Reader continuously reading a Tag, WLAN 15.247 (2.4 GHz)	902-928 MHz	Deactivated	15.247 2.44 GHz
2	RFID Reader continuously reading a Tag, WLAN 15.407 (5.18 GHz) active	902-928 MHz	Deactivated	15.407 5.18 GHz
3	RFID Reader continuously reading a Tag, Bluetooth active, image stream from mobile phone	902-928 MHz	0 -78	Deactivated
4	RFID Reader continuously reading a Tag, Bluetooth active, image stream from mobile phone, WLAN 15.247 (2.4 GHz)	902-928 MHz	0 -78	15.247 2.44 GHz
5	RFID Reader continuously reading a Tag, Bluetooth active, image stream from mobile phone, WLAN 15.407 (5.18 GHz) active	902-928 MHz	0 -78	15.407 5.18 GHz

⁽¹⁾ RFID reader will be deactivated automatically when Mobile Computer is put into the charging cradle. Therefore no conducted emission measurement was carried out.

6 Measurement Procedures

6.1 Conducted AC Powerline Emission

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207
 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.4

Guide: ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22

Conducted emission tests in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz are performed using Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). To simplify testing with quasi-peak and average detector the following procedure is used:

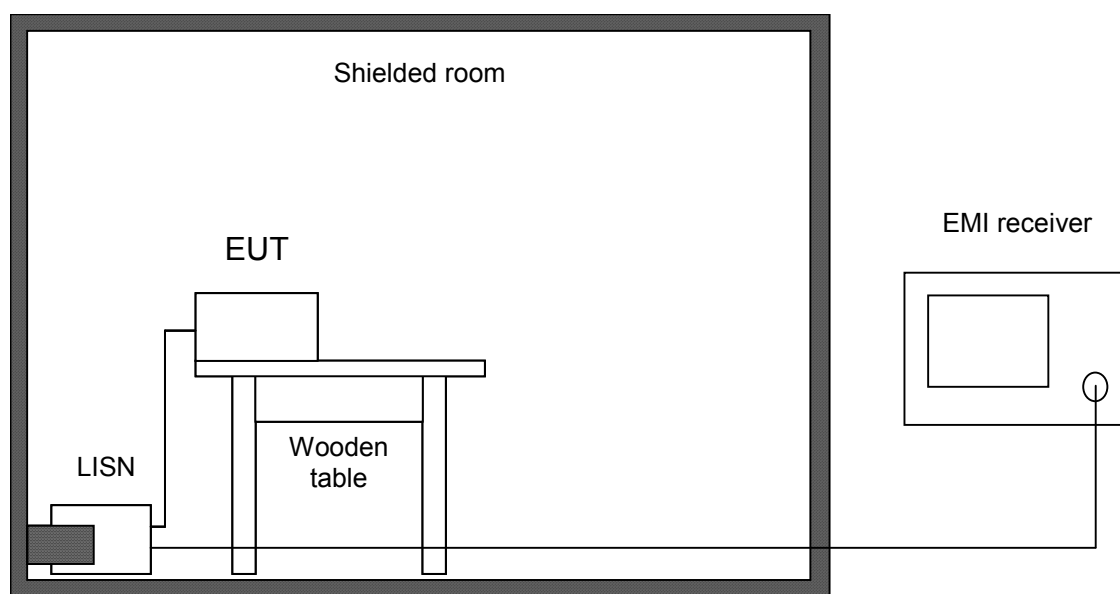
First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment under test (EUT) is recorded with detector set to peak using CISPR bandwidth of 10 kHz. After that all emission levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the average limit are retested with detector set to quasi-peak.

If average limit is kept with quasi-peak levels no additional scan with average detector is necessary. In cases of emission levels between quasi-peak and average limit an additional scan with detector set to average is performed.

According to ANSI C63.4, section 13.1.3.1, testing of intentional radiators with detachable antenna shall be performed using a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals. Otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended.

Testing with dummy load may be necessary to distinguish (unintentional) conducted emissions on the supply lines from (intentional) emissions radiated by the antenna and coupling directly to supply lines and/or LISN.

Usage of dummy load has to be stated in the appropriate test record(s) and notes should be added to clarify the test setup.



Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1059	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1218	830952/025	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Artificial mains network	ESH 2-Z5	1536	842966/004	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Shielded room	No. 1	1451	---	Albatross
☒ Shielded room	No. 4	1454	3FD 100 544	Euroshield

6.2 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205 and 15.209
 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2 and 7.2.5

Guide: ANSI C63.4

Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.

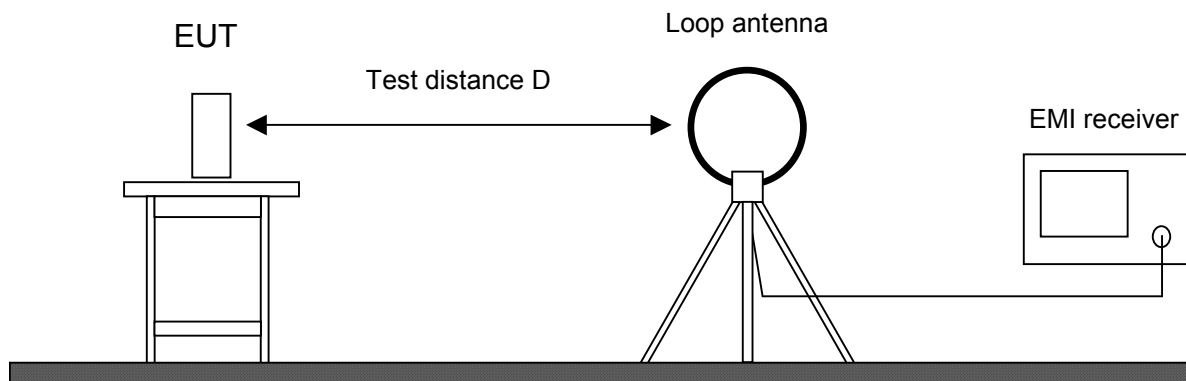
Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).

Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.



Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒ Spectrum analyzer		FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ EMI test receiver		ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Test receiver		ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☒ Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2	CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
☒ Loop antenna		HFH2-Z2	1016	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
☐ Fully anechoic room		No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
☐ Semi anechoic room		No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
☐ Semi anechoic room		No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.3 Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.209
 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.5

Guide: ANSI C63.4

Radiated emission in fully or semi anechoic room is measured in the frequency range from 30 MHz to the maximum frequency as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.33.

Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak and resolution as well as video bandwidth set to 100 kHz (below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz (above 1 GHz).

Testing up to 1 GHz is performed with a linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna"). For testing above 1 GHz horn antennas are used.

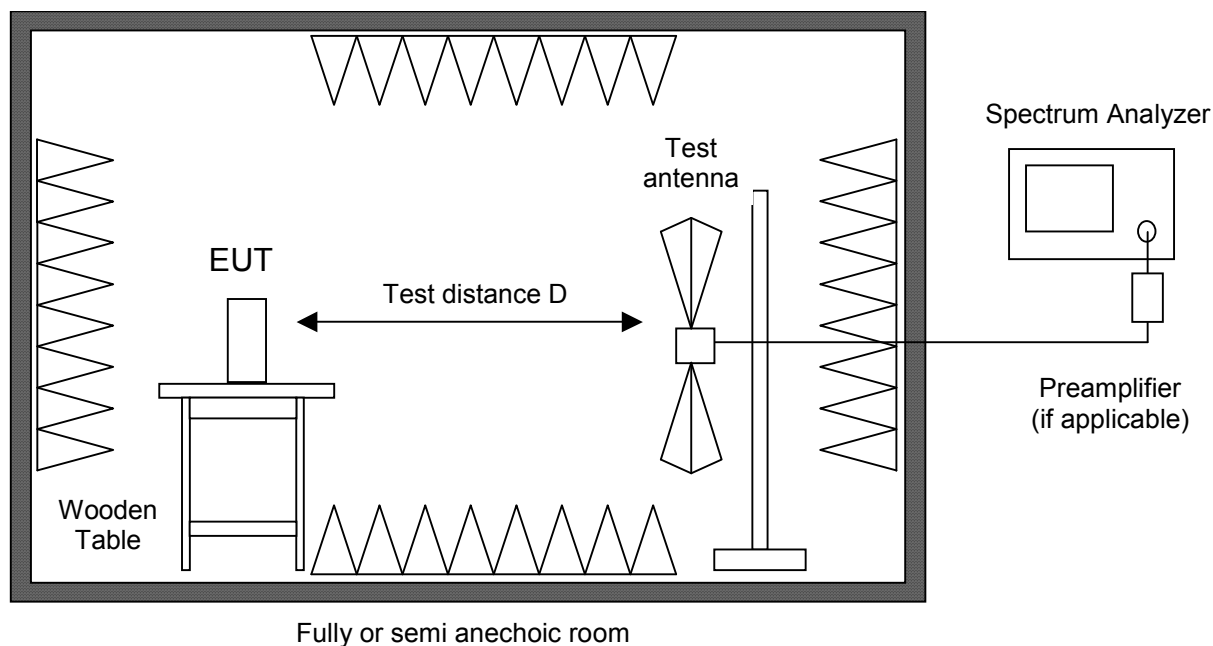
All tests below 8.2 GHz are performed at a test distance D of 3 meters. For higher frequencies the test distance may be reduced (e.g. to 1 meter) due to the sensitivity of the measuring instrument(s) and the test results are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(f)(1) using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade. If required, preamplifiers are used for the whole frequency range. Special care is taken to avoid overload, using appropriate attenuators and filters, if necessary.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

During testing the EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For final testing below 1 GHz a semi anechoic room complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites is used (see 6.4). If prescans are recorded in fully anechoic room they are indicated appropriately.



Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒	Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	Cabin no. 3 ESPI7	2010	101018	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2 CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
☐	Preamplifier	R14601	1142	13120026	Advantest
☒	Preamplifier (1 - 8 GHz)	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	1684	847743	Miteq
☐	Preamplifier (0.5 - 8 GHz)	AMF-4D-005080-25-13P	1685	860149	Miteq
☒	Preamplifier (8 - 18 GHz)	ACO/180-3530	1484	32641	CTT
☐	External Mixer	WM782A	1576	845881/005	Tektronix
☐	Harmonic Mixer Accessories	FS-Z30	1577	624413/003	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 2 VULB 9163	1802	9163-214	Schwarzbeck
☐	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 3 VULB 9163	1722	9163-188	Schwarzbeck
☒	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8 VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
☒	Horn antenna	3115	1516	9508-4553	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-03	1010	9112-1003	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-04	1011	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-05	1012	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-06	1013	9112-1001	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-07	1014	9112-1008	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-08	1015	9112-1002	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-09	1265	9403-1025	EMCO
☐	Horn antenna	3160-10	1575	399185	EMCO
☒	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
☐	Semi anechoic room	No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
☐	Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.4 Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site

Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.209
 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.5

Guide: ANSI C63.4

Radiated emission in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with groundplane complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites. A linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna") is used. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in fully anechoic room.

If no prescan in a fully anechoic room is used first a peak scan is performed in four positions to get the whole spectrum of emission caused by EUT with the measuring antenna raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m to find table position, antenna height and antenna polarization for the maximum emission levels.

Data reduction is applied to these results to select those levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the limit using subranges and limited number of maximums. Further maximization is following.

With detector of the test receiver set to quasi-peak final measurements are performed immediately after frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.

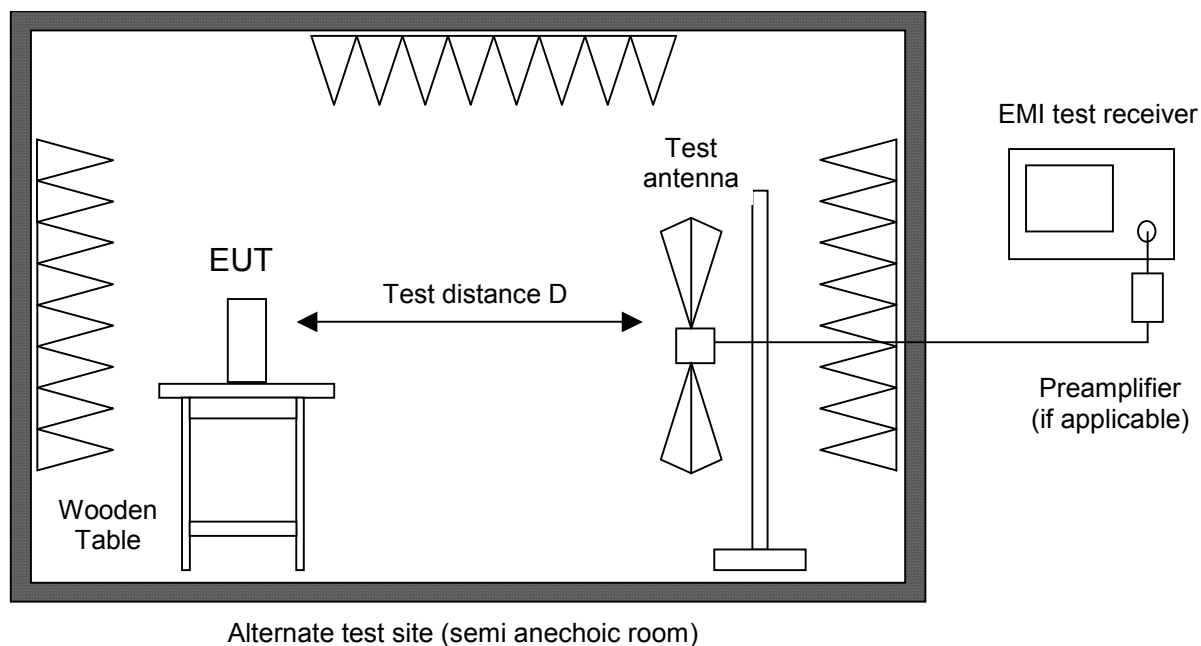
Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

In cases where prescans in a fully anechoic room are taken (e. g. if EUT is operating for a short time only or battery is discharged quickly) final measurements with quasi-peak detector are performed manually at frequencies indicated by prescan with EUT rotating all around and receiving antenna raising and lowering within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission.

Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected.

Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.



Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
☒	EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8 VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
☒	Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

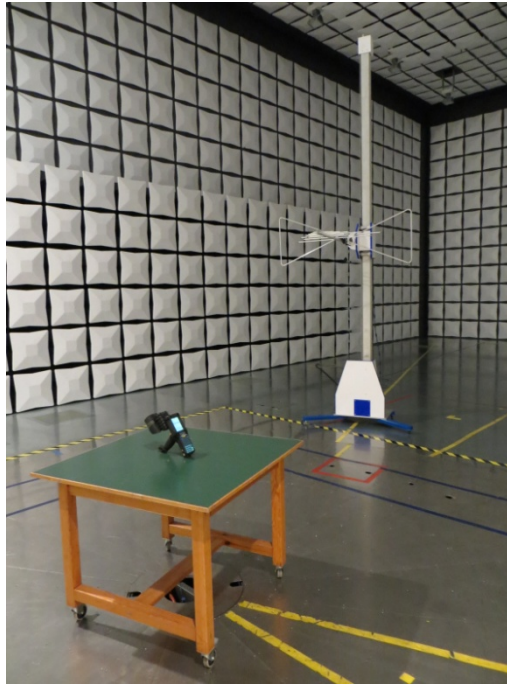
7 Photographs Taken During Testing

Test setup for conducted AC powerline emission measurement

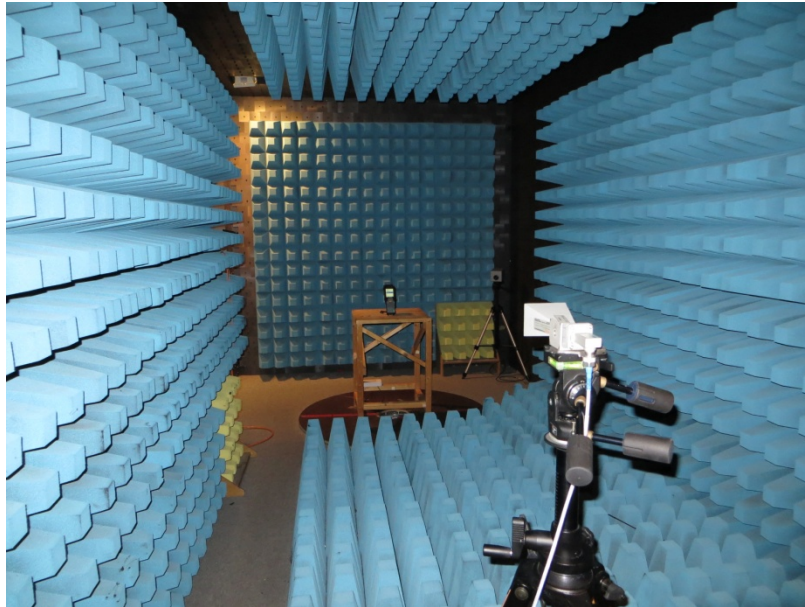
Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (Semi anechoic room)



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (fully anechoic room)



8 Test Results

FCC CFR 47 Parts 15 [2]			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	---	Recorded
15.204	Antenna requirement	---	Integrated Antenna
15.247 (a) (1) (i)	Channel Bandwidth	---	Test passed
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	---	Calculated
15.247(a)(1)	Hopping channel separation	---	Test passed
15.247(a)(1)(i)	Number of hopping frequencies used	---	Test passed
15.247(a)(1)(i)	Time occupancy on any channel	---	Test passed
15.247(b)(2)	Maximum peak output power	---	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz	27	Test passed
15.205(a) 15.209(a) 15.247(d)	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 10 GHz	30	Test passed
15.247(i) 2.1093	RF exposure requirement	---	Test passed

IC RSS-210 Issue 8 [4] / RSS Gen Issue 3 [5]			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
4.6.1	Occupied Bandwidth	---	Recorded
7.1.4	Antenna requirement	---	Integrated antenna
A8.1(c)	Channel bandwidth	---	Test passed
3.2(h), 8	Designation of emissions	---	Calculated
A8.1(b)	Hopping channel separation	---	Test passed
A8.1(c)	Number of hopping frequencies used	---	Test passed
A8.1(c)	Time occupancy on any channel	---	Test passed
A8.4(1)	Maximum peak output power	---	Test passed
7.2.4	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz	27	Test passed
7.2.2 2.5 A8.5	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 10 GHz	30	Test passed
5.5	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	---	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation

8.1 Conducted Powerline Emission Measurement 150 kHz to 30 MHz

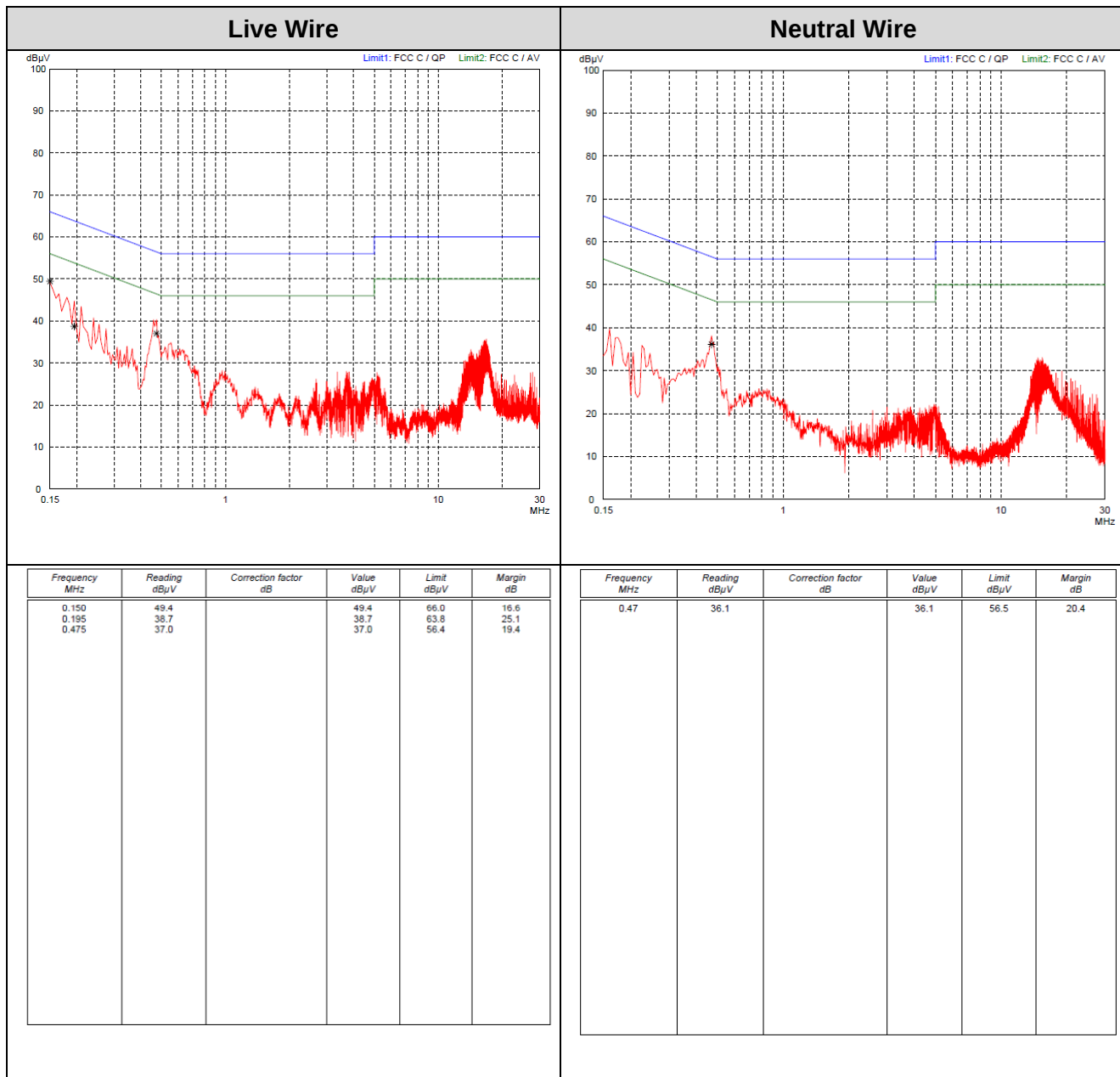
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.4		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
	0.5 - 5	56	46
	5 - 30	60	50
Measurement procedure:	Conducted AC Powerline Emission (6.1)		

Comment:	Test Mode A: WLAN (2.4 GHz) & Bluetooth Test Mode B: WLAN (5 GHz) & Bluetooth active Mobile Computer in cradle, RFID reader switched off automatically by operating system
Date of test:	September 2013
Test site:	Shielded room, cabin no. 1

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

Tested on:

Test mode A: AC Input of the charging cradle, $U_{AC} = 115 \text{ V} / 60 \text{ Hz}$

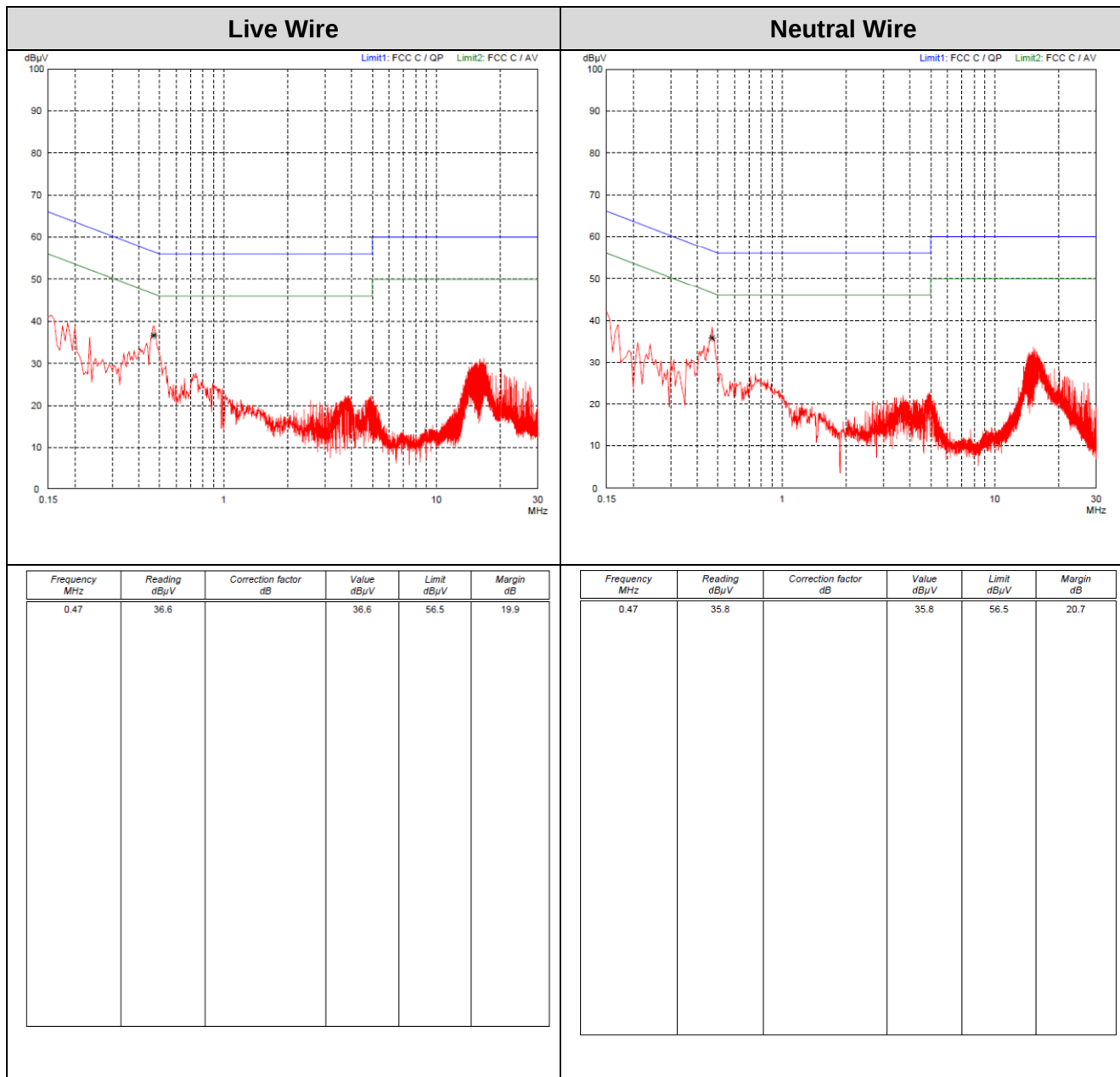


Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB)}$$

Tested on:

Test mode B: AC Input of the charging cradle, $U_{AC} = 115 \text{ V} / 60 \text{ Hz}$



Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB)}$$

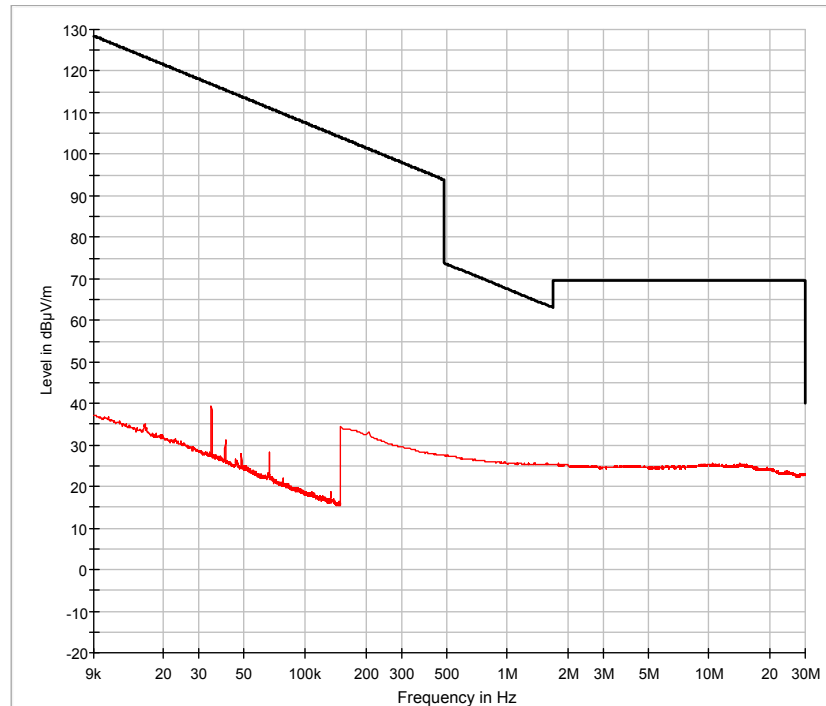
8.2 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205 and 15.209 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2 and 7.2.5			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Field Strength ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$)	Measurement Distance d (meters)
	0.009 - 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	$67.6 - 20 \cdot \log(F(\text{kHz}))$	300
	0.490 - 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	$87.6 - 20 \cdot \log(F(\text{kHz}))$	30
	1.705 - 30.000	30	29.5	30
Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.				
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.2)			

Comment:	Prescan performed at 3 m test distance Test Mode 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Date of test:	September 2013
Test site:	Open field test site, prescan in fully anechoic chamber

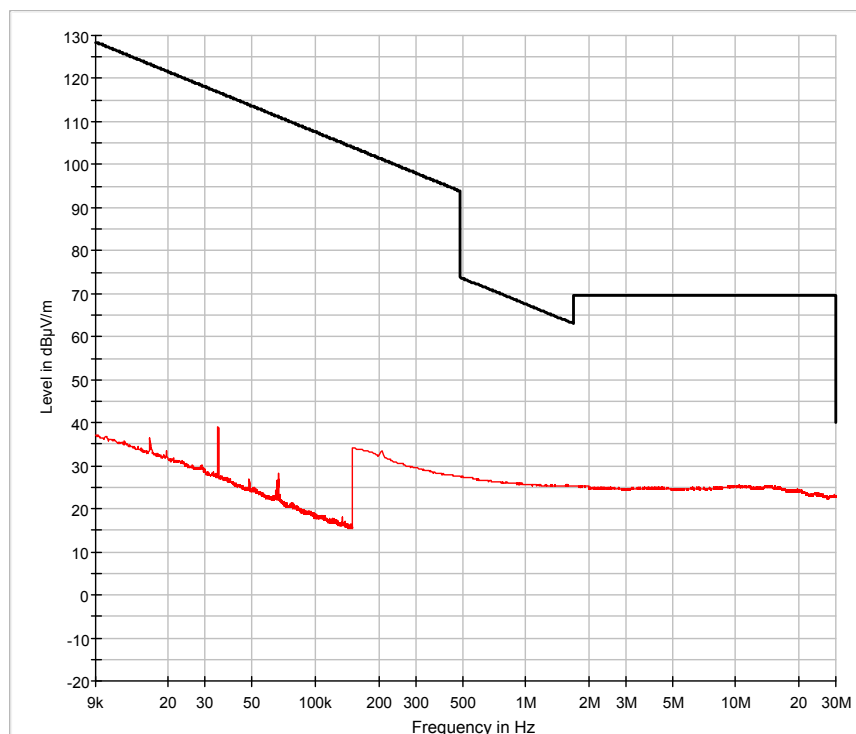
Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

Operating mode 1:



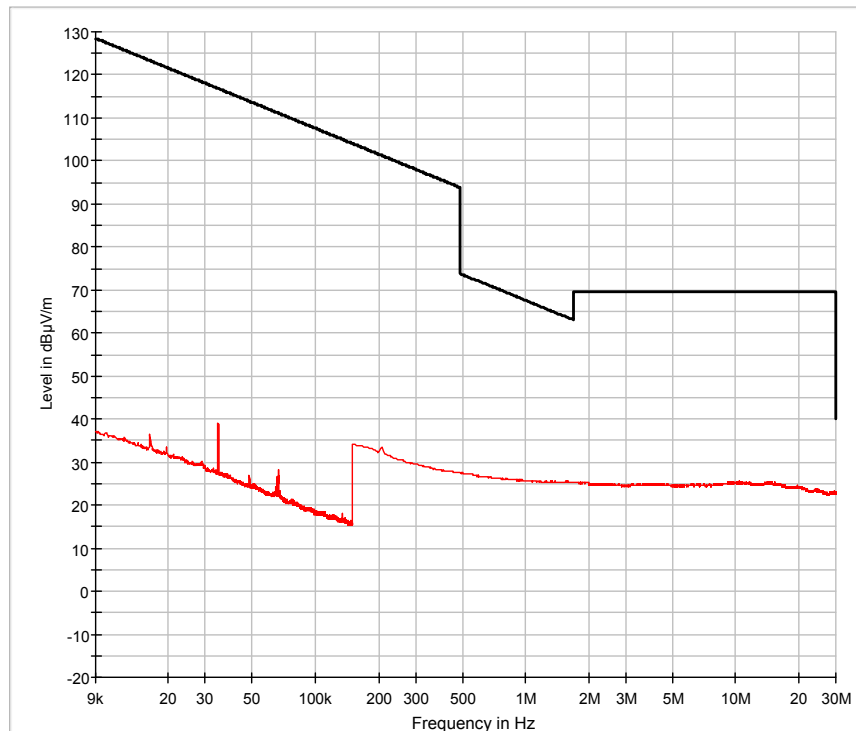
— FCC 15.209 — Preview Result 1-QPK

Operating mode 2:



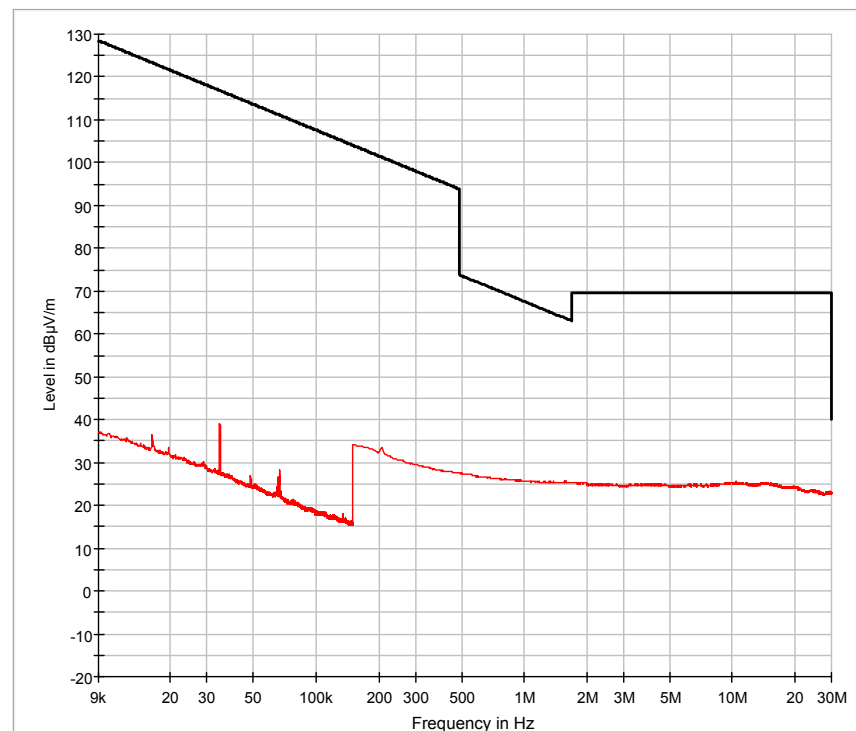
— FCC 15.209 — Preview Result 1-QPK

Operating mode 3:



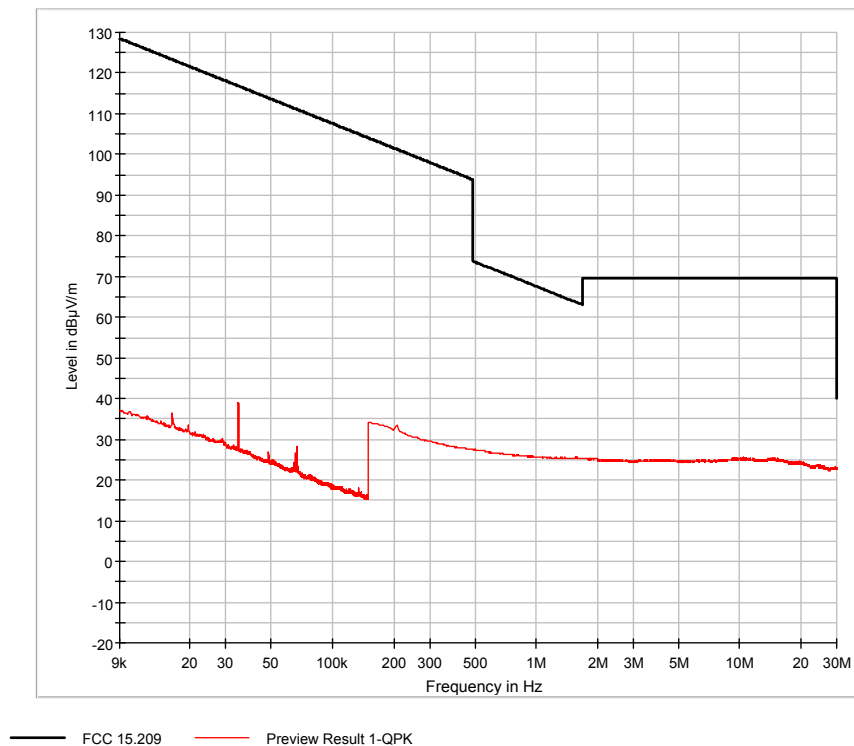
— FCC 15.209 — Preview Result 1-QPK

Operating mode 4:



— FCC 15.209 — Preview Result 1-QPK

Operating mode 5:



Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)} = \begin{cases} -40 \text{ (dB/decade)} & \text{if } d_1 = d_2 \\ \frac{\text{Reading Value } d_2 \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V)} - \text{Reading Value } d_1 \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V)}}{\text{Log}(d_2) - \text{Log}(d_1)} & \text{if } d_1 \neq d_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} = (\text{Log}(d) - \text{Log}(d_2)) \cdot \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)}$$

$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value } d_2 \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

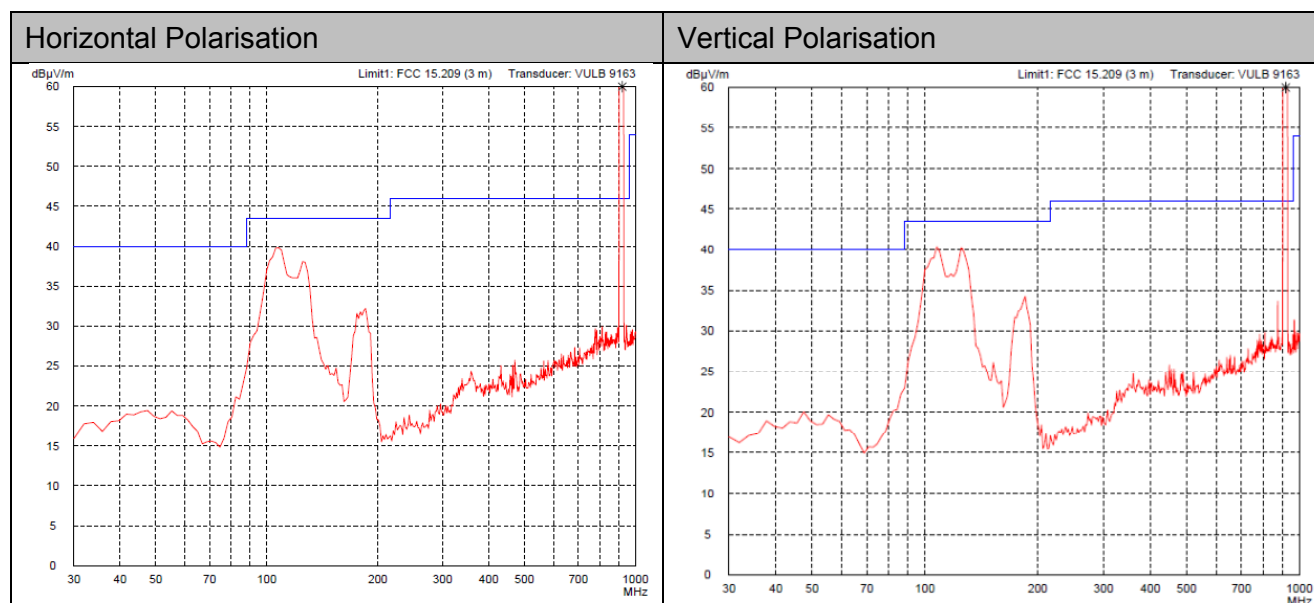
Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dBµV/m) are relating to distance d.

8.3 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 25 GHz

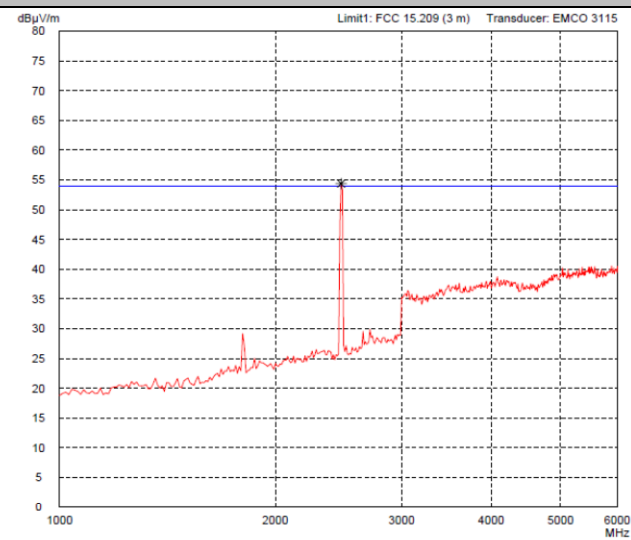
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.209 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.5		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Field Strength ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$)
	30 - 88	100	40.0
	88 - 216	150	43.5
	216 - 960	200	46.0
	Above 960	500	54.0
Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.			
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.3) Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site (6.4)		

Comment:	Test Mode 1
Date of test:	September 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8 Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

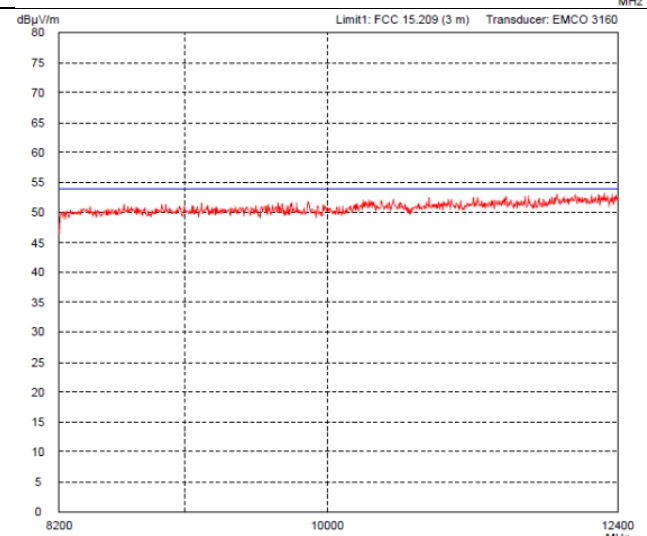
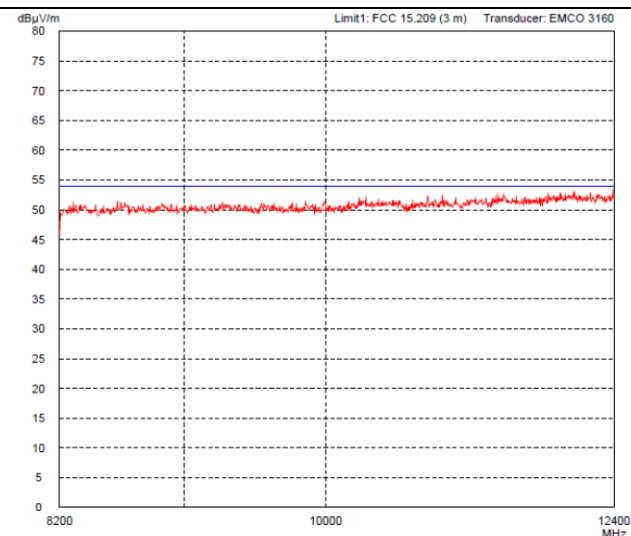
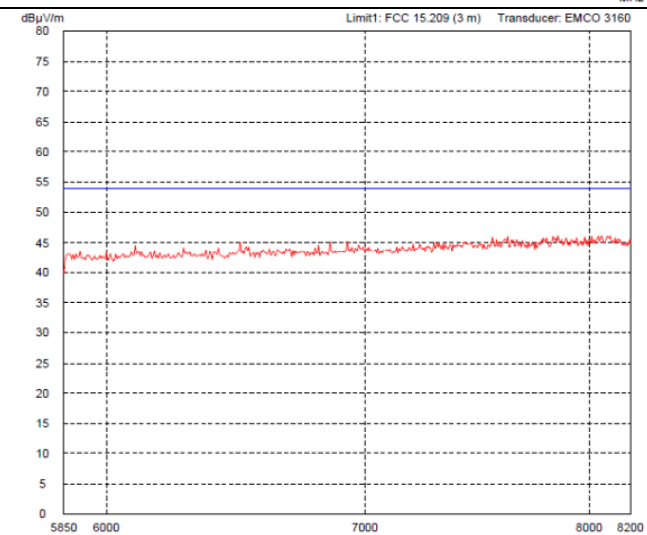
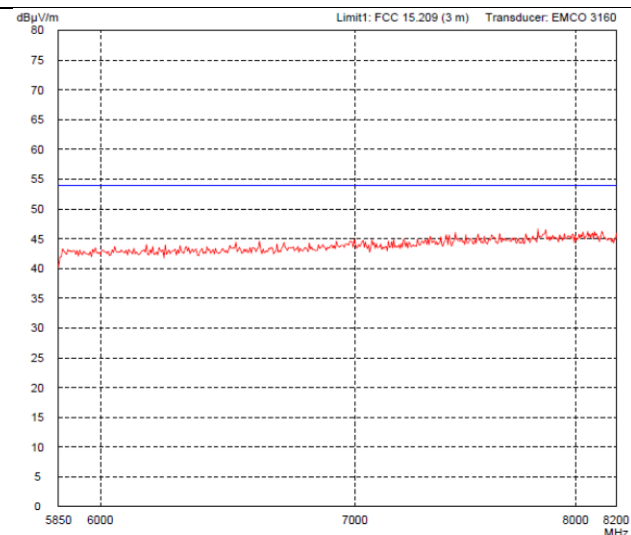
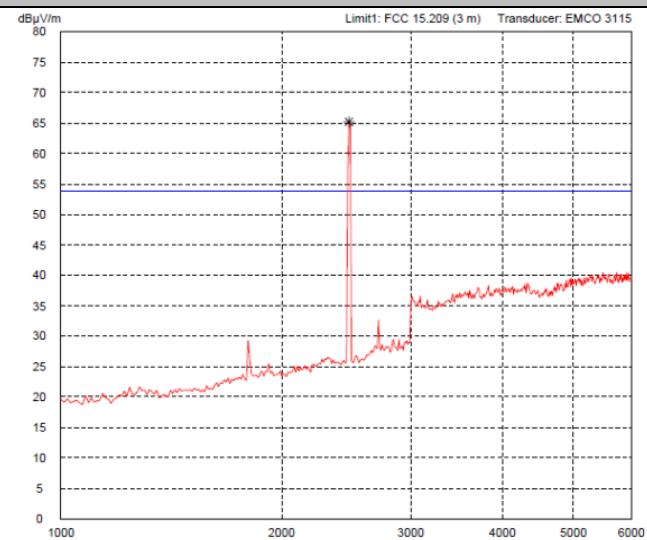
Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

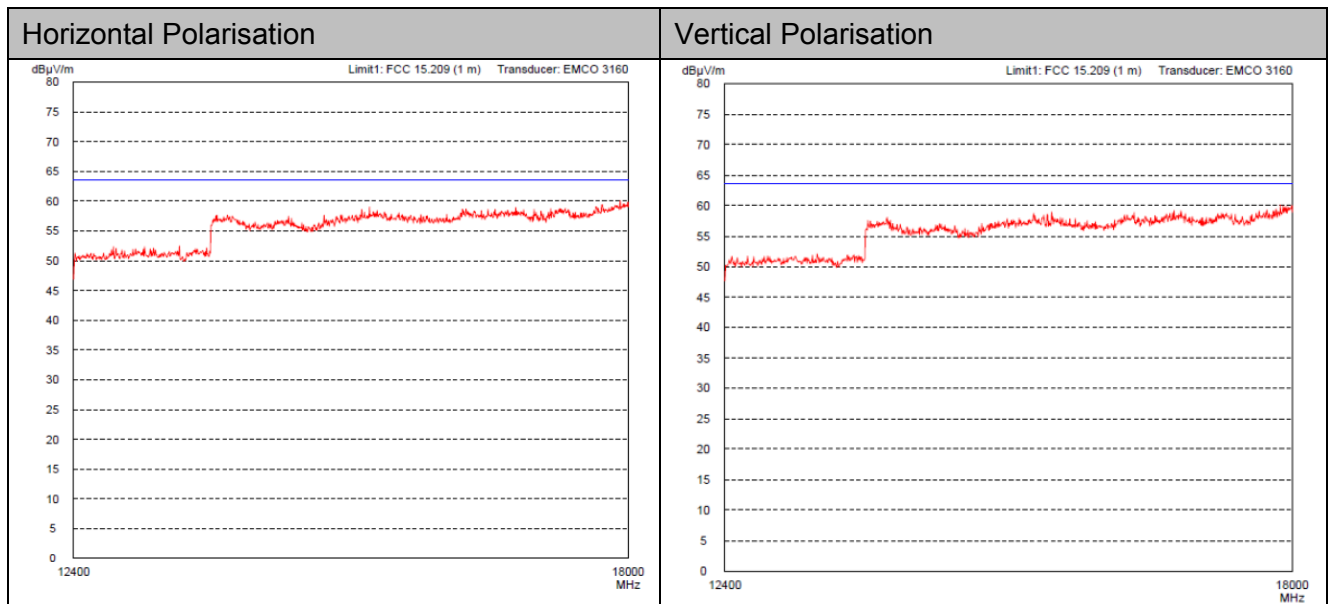


Horizontal Polarisation



Vertical Polarisation



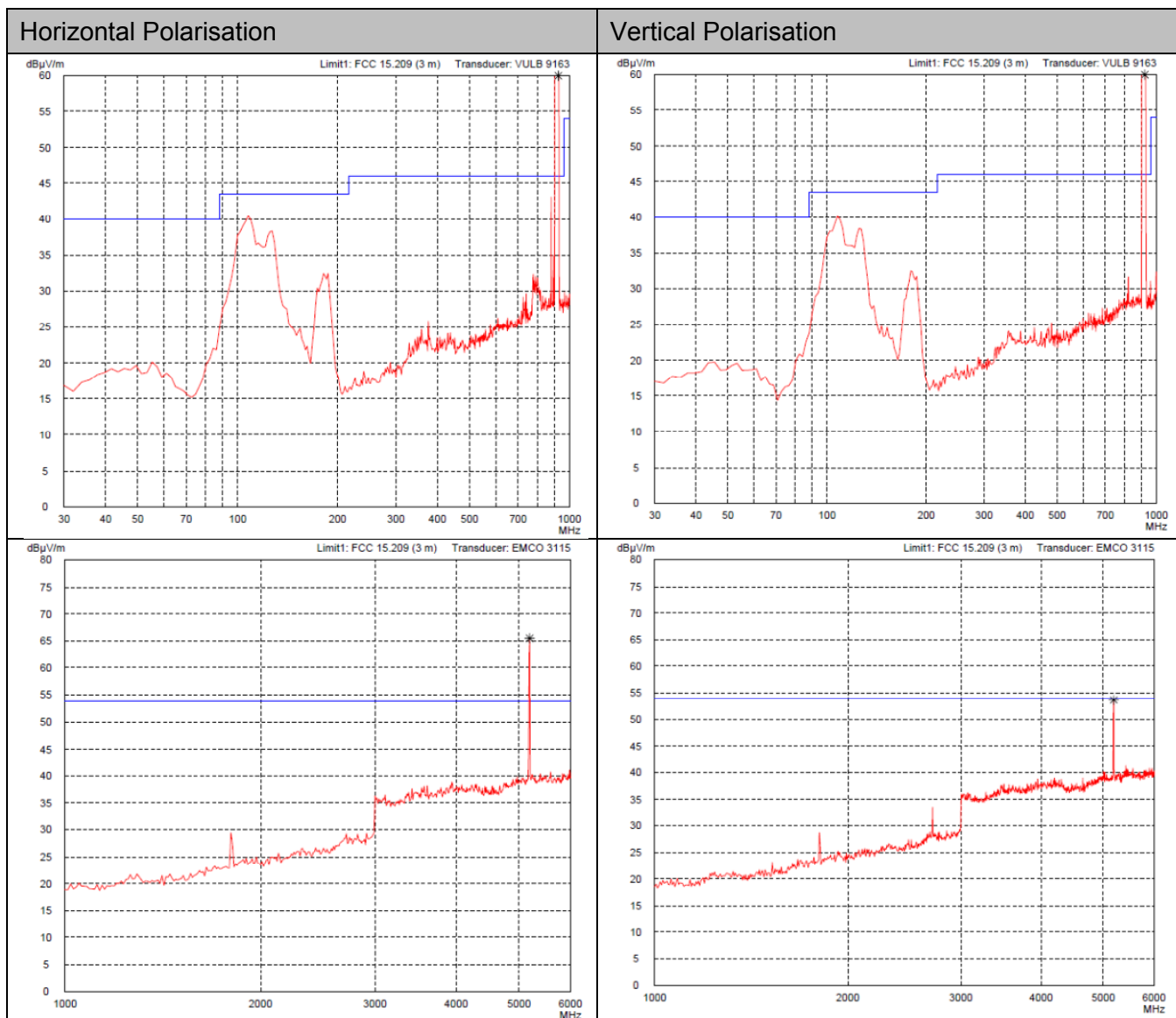


Sample calculation of final values:

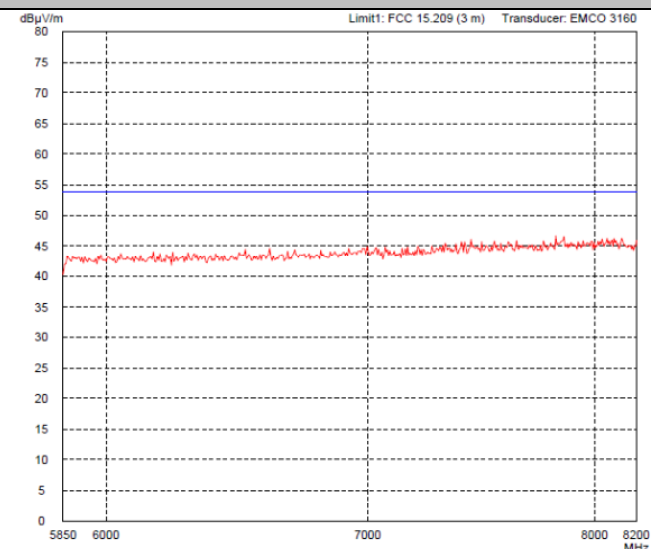
$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

Comment:	Test Mode 2
Date of test:	September 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8 Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

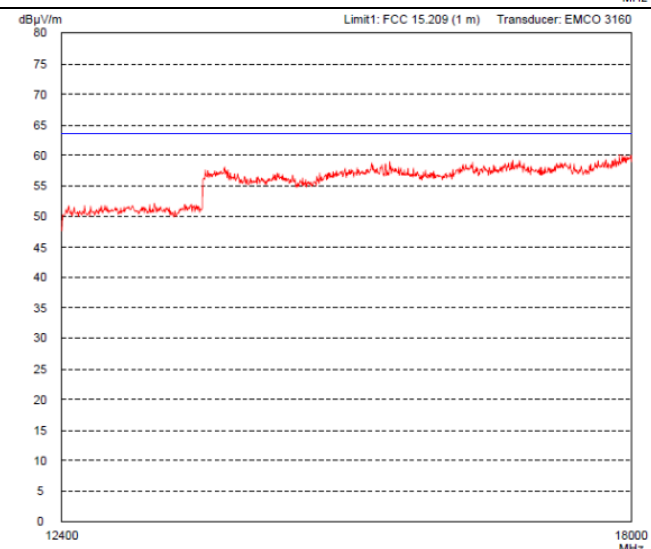
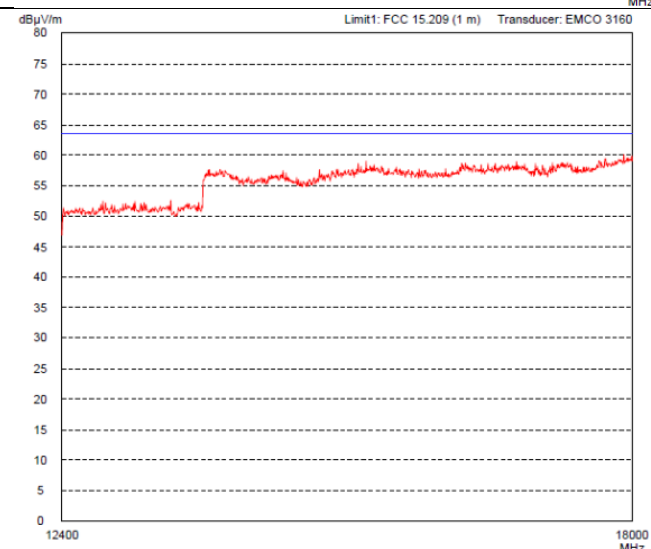
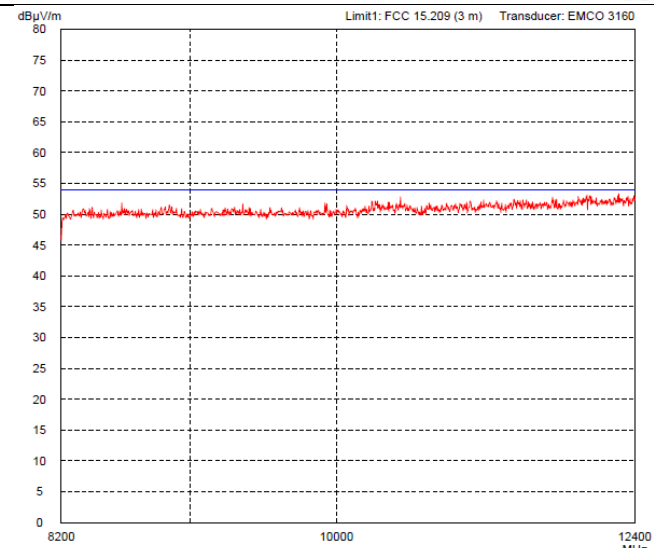
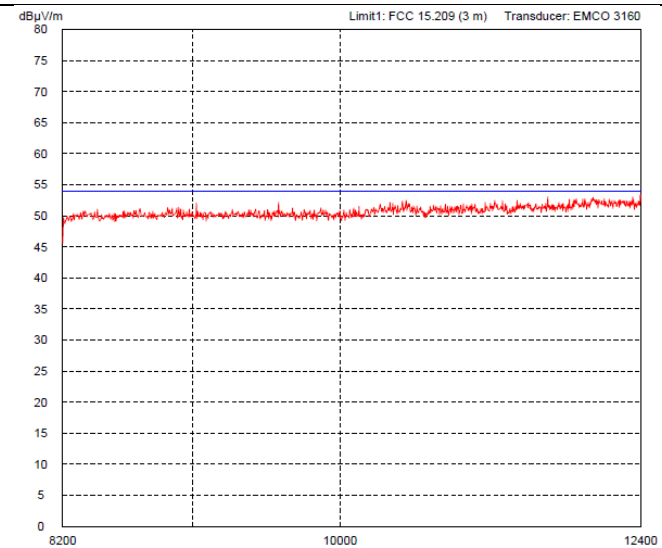
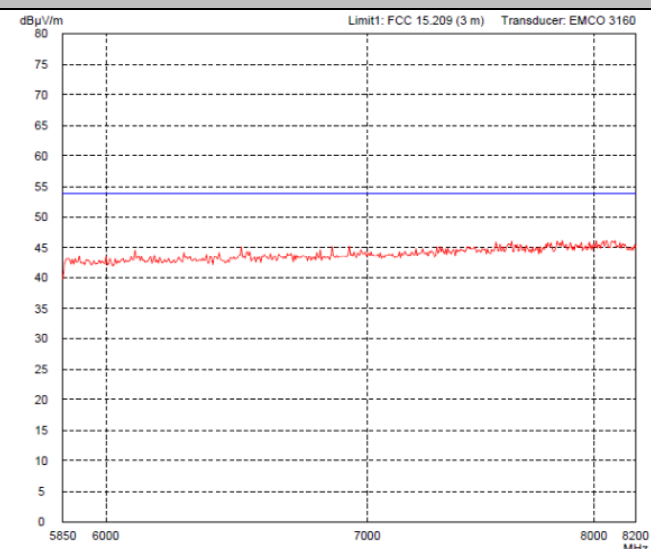
Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

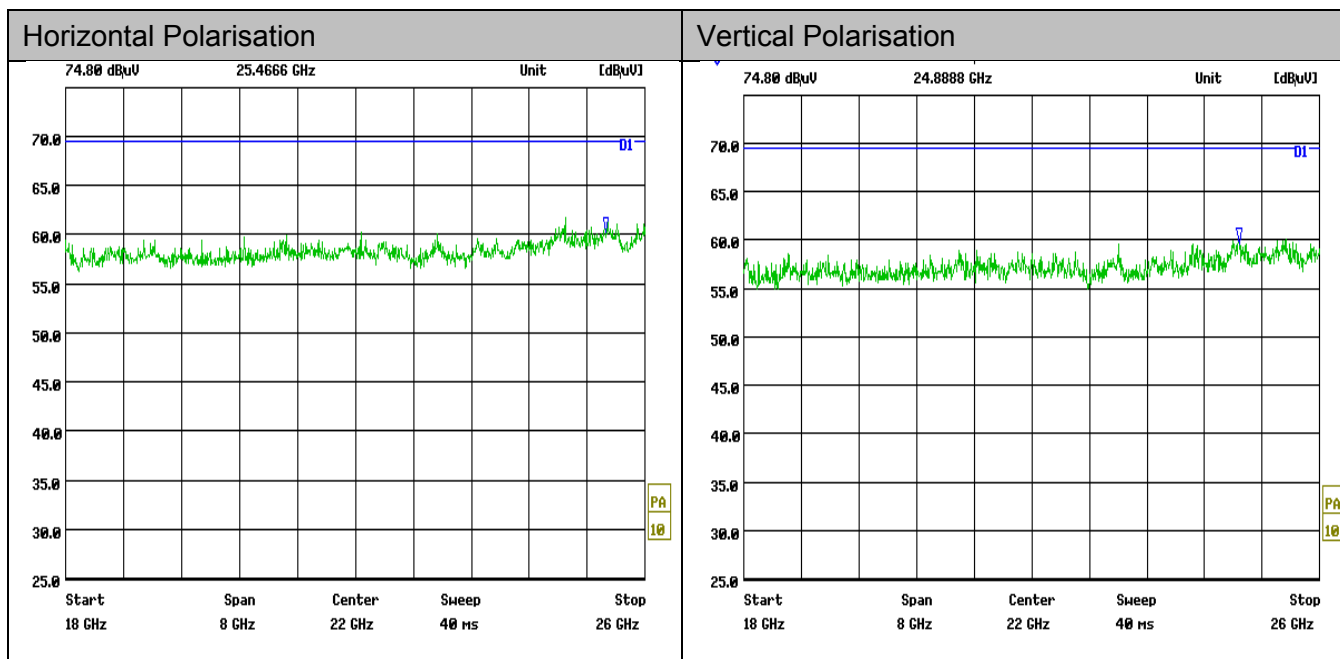


Horizontal Polarisation



Vertical Polarisation



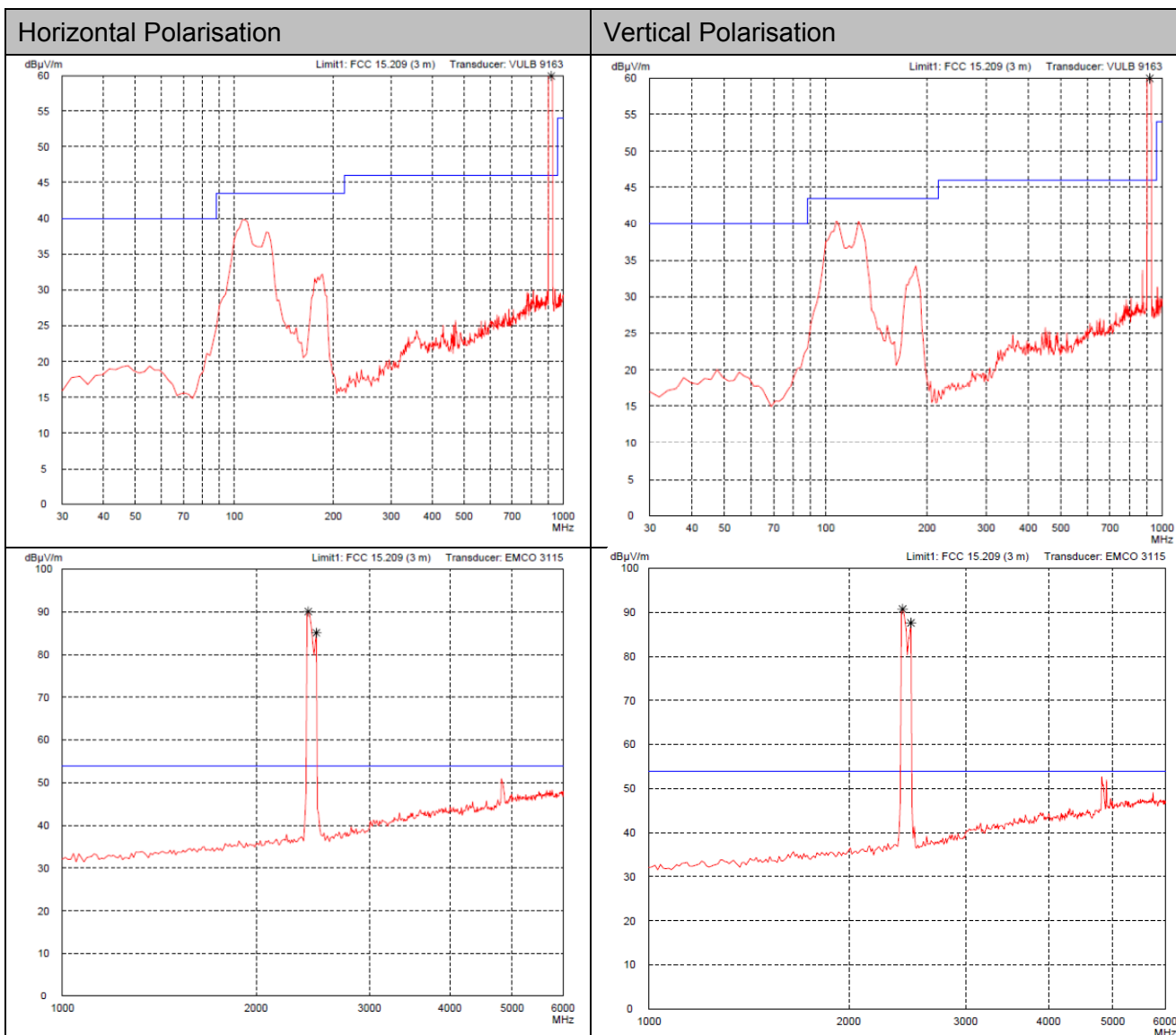


Sample calculation of final values:

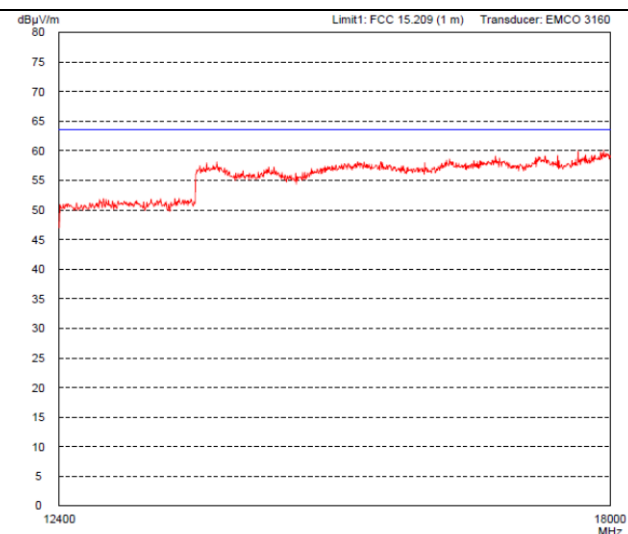
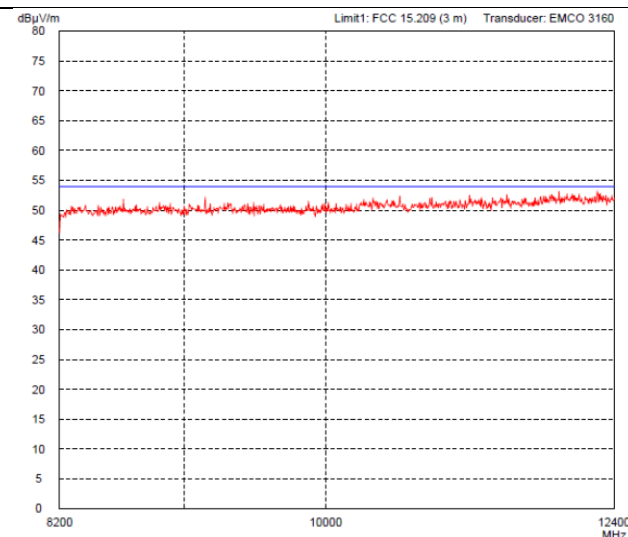
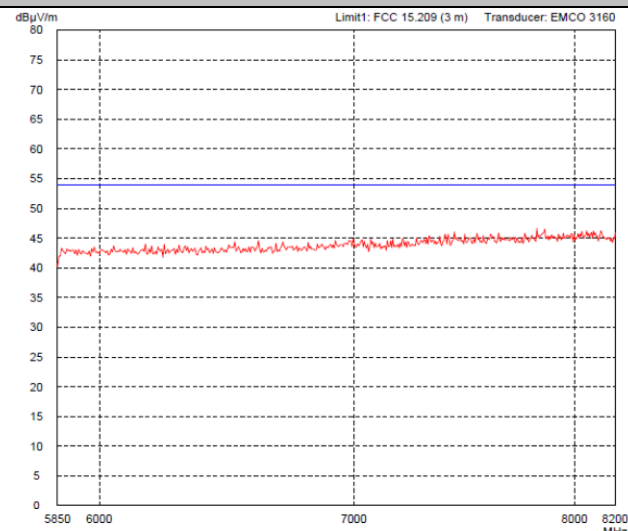
$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

Comment:	Test Mode 3
Date of test:	September 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8 Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

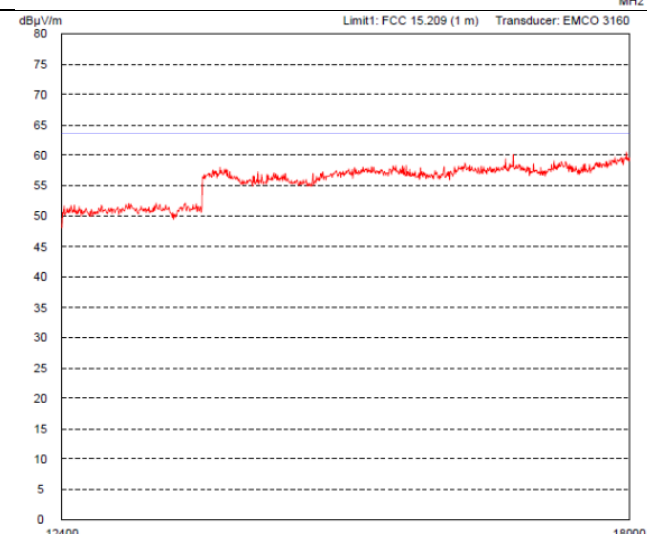
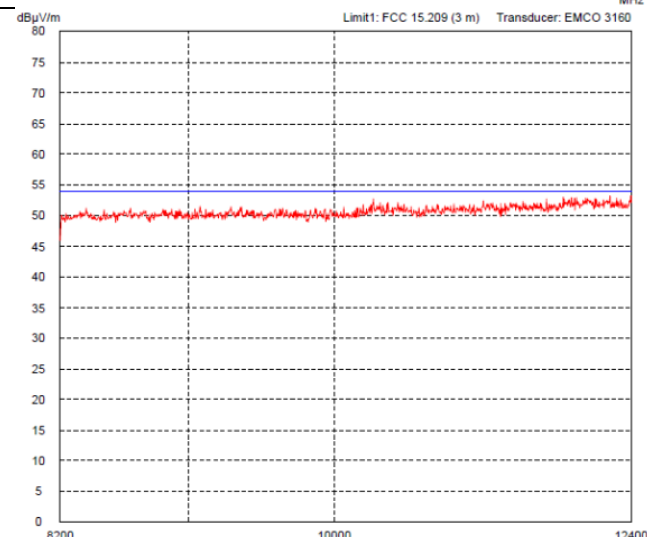
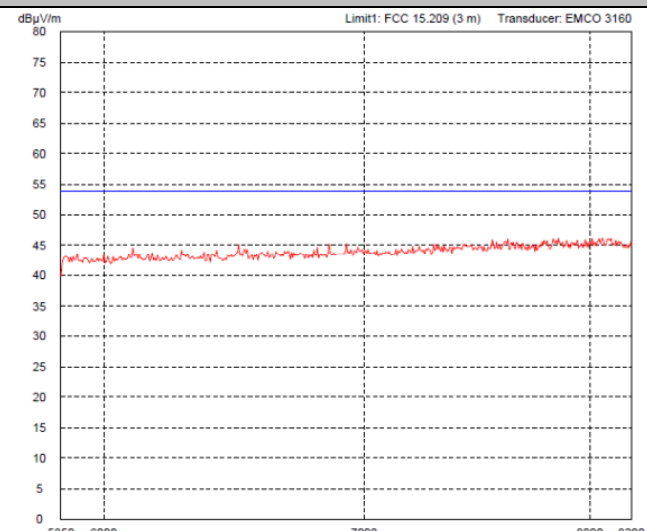
Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------



Horizontal Polarisation



Vertical Polarisation

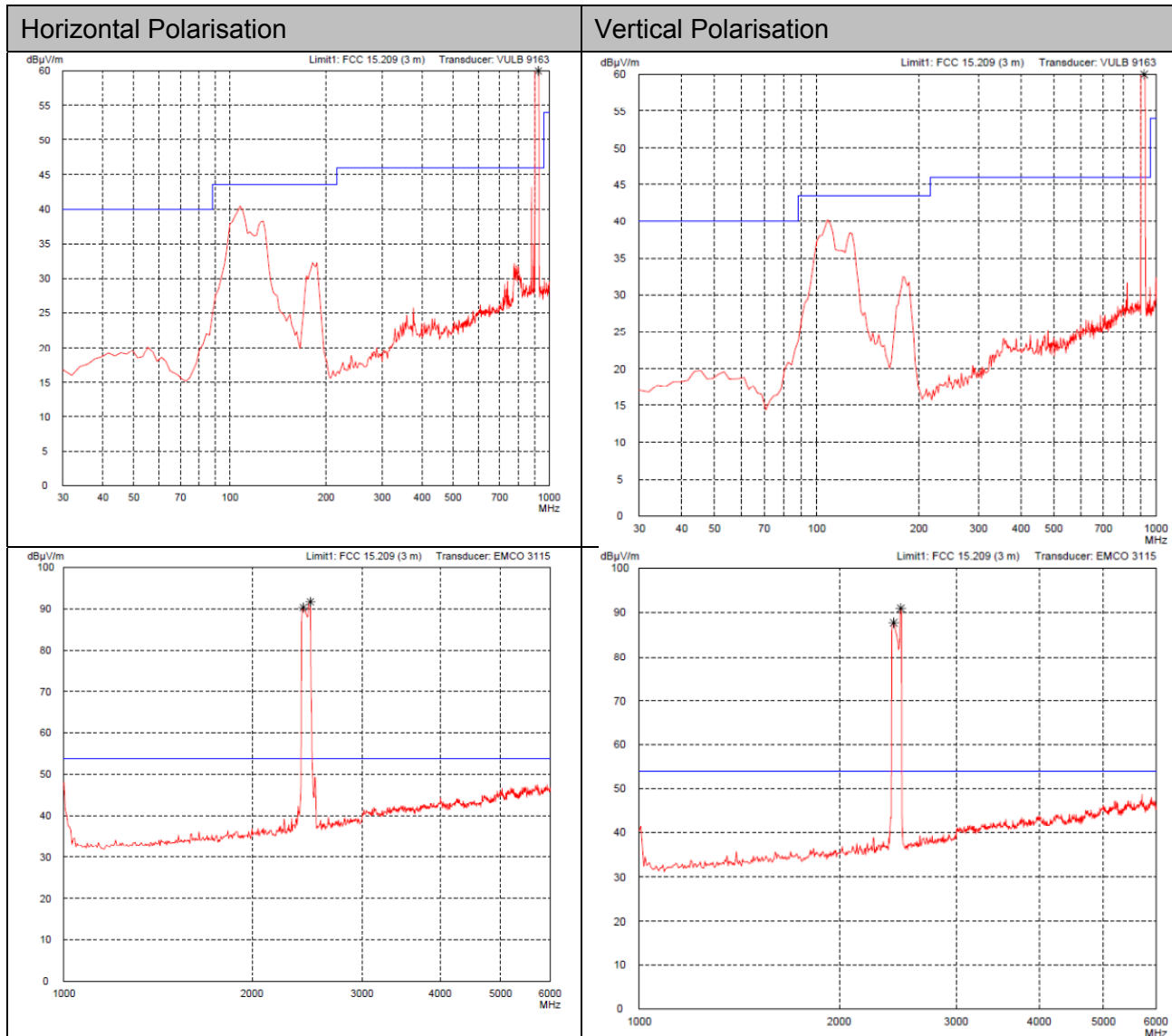


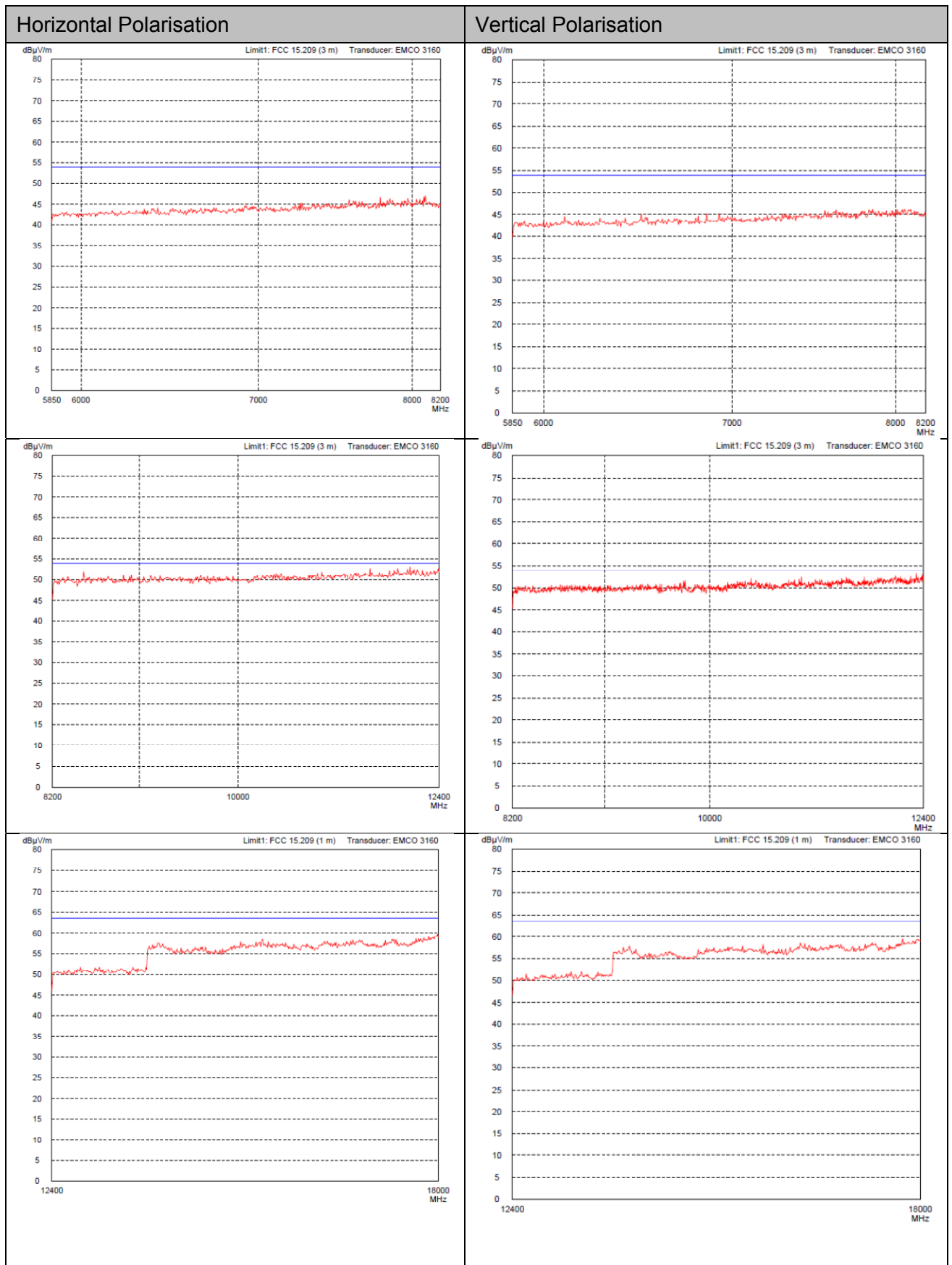
Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} \\ + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

Comment:	Test Mode 4
Date of test:	September 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8 Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------



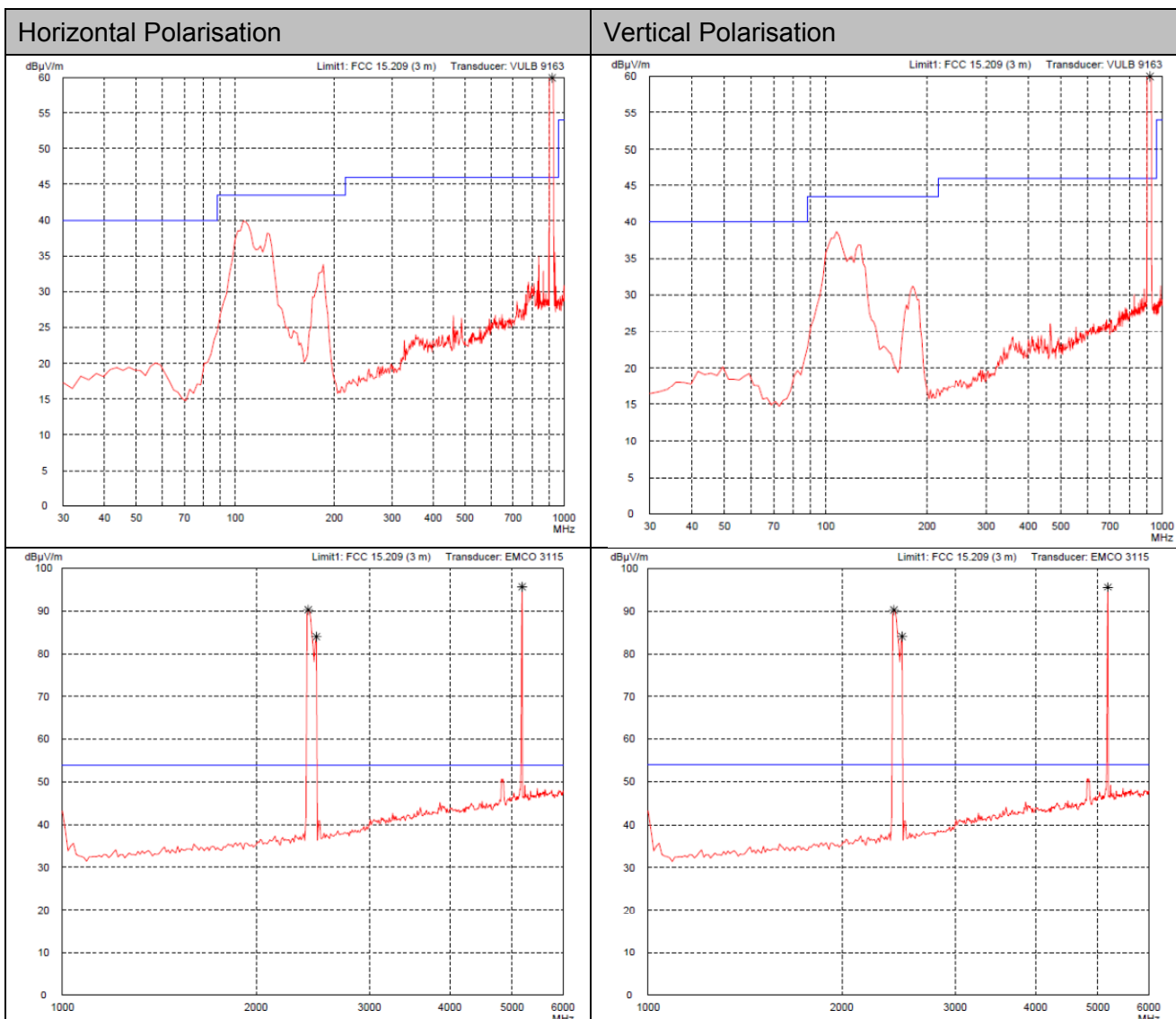


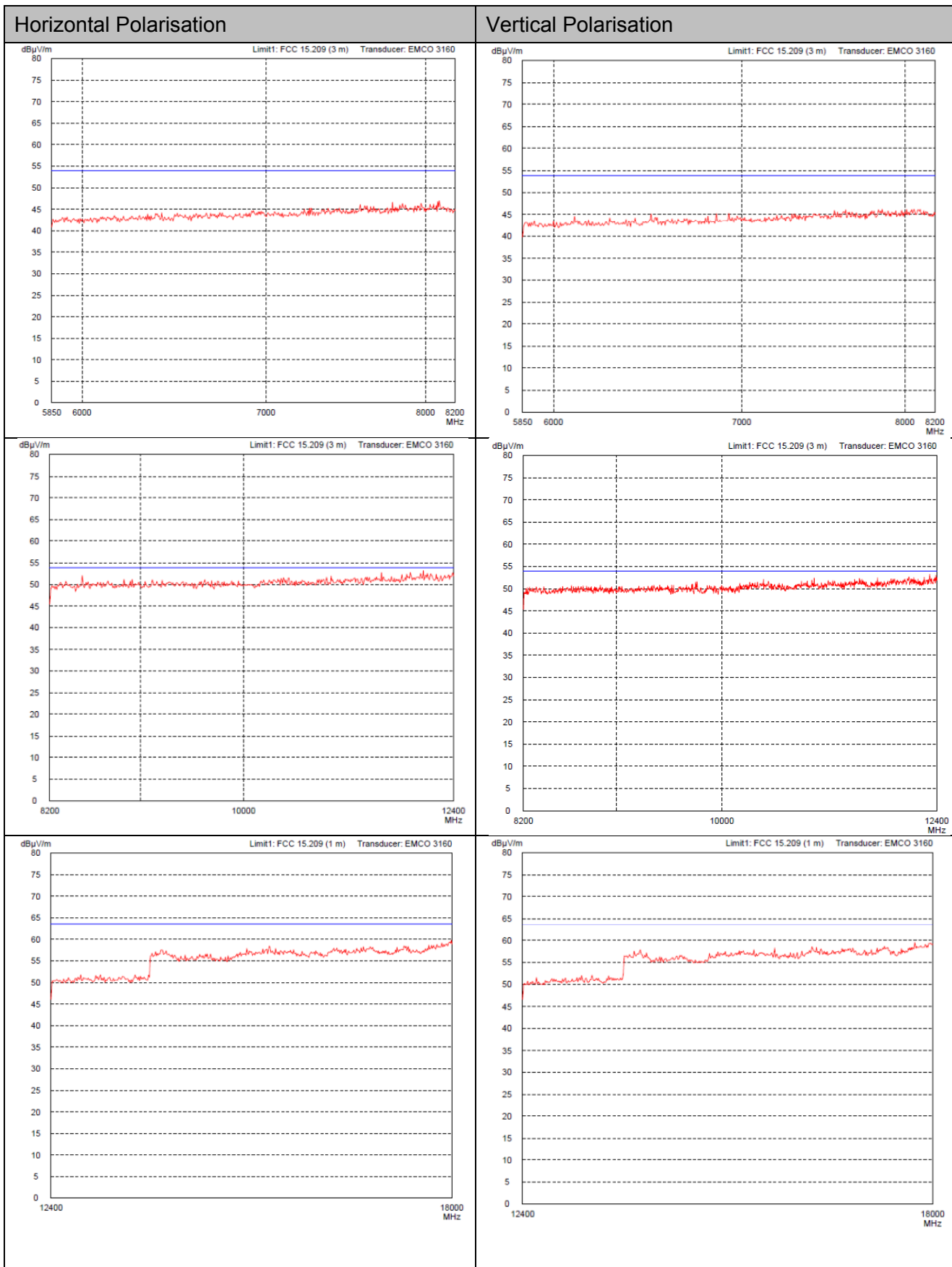
Sample calculation of final values:

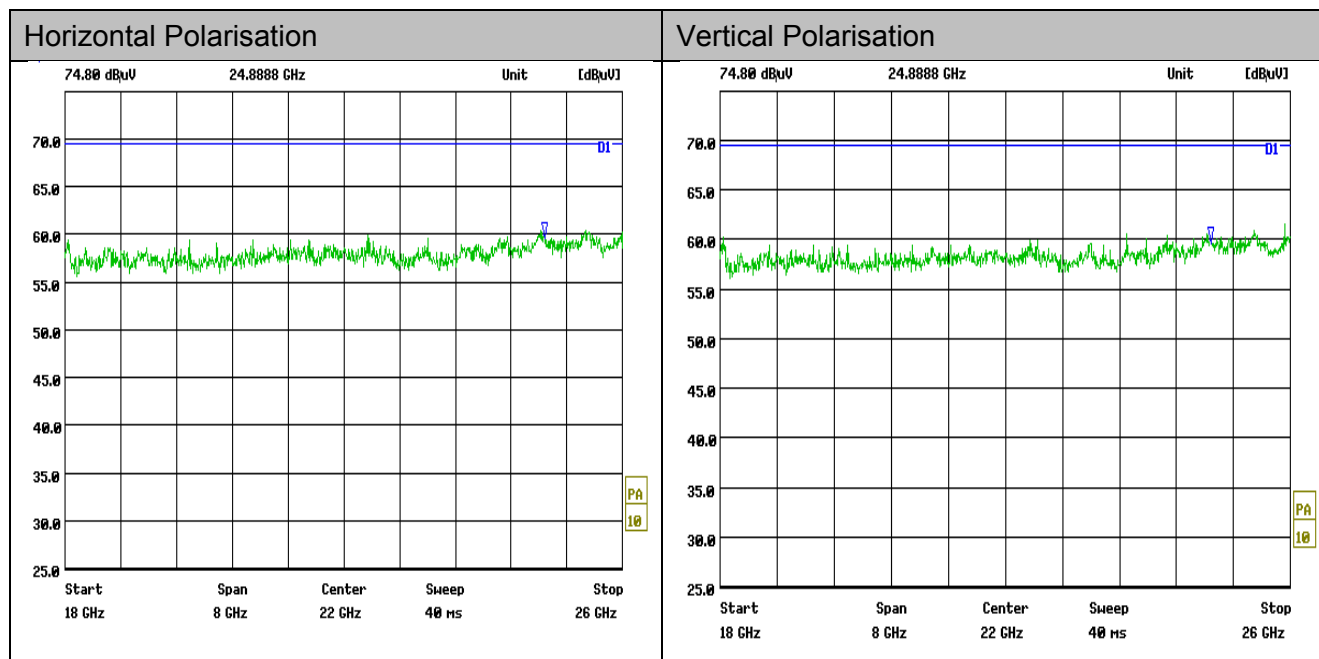
$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} \\ + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

Comment:	Test Mode 5
Date of test:	September 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8 Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------







Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)}$$

9 Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

☒	CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2012
☒	CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2012
☒	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
☐	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	June 7, 2009 (published on September 15, 2009)
☒	RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 3 containing General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 8 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☐	RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 3 for Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 4: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), published by Industry Canada	March 2010, footnote 13 updated December 2010
☐	ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 4 for Digital Apparatus, published by Industry Canada	February 7, 2004
☒	CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, "Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement"	1997

☐	CAN/CSA- CEI/IEC CISPR 22	Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment	2002
		CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10 Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	
☐	CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	2010
☒	TRC-43	Notes Regarding Designation of Emissions (Including Necessary Bandwidth and Classification), Class of Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry Canada	October, 2008

10 Test Equipment List with Calibration Data

Type	Inv.-No.	Type Designation	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Organization	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
EMI test receiver	1028	ESHS10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	03/2013	09/2014
EMI test receiver	2044	ESU8	100232	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	07/2012	01/2014
Spectrum analyser	1666	FSP30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
Preamplifier	1484	ACO/180-3530	32641	CTT	TÜV SÜD PS-EMC-STR	06/2013	12/2014
Preamplifier	1684	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	847743	MITEQ	TÜV SÜD PS-EMC-STR	10/2012	04/2014
Preamplifier	2076	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	1344017	MITEQ			
V-network	1059	ESH3-Z5	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	08/2011	08/2013
Double ridged waveguide horn antenna	1516	3115	9508-4553	EMCO Elektronik	Seibersdorf Laboratories	11/2012	11/2014
Loop antenna	1016	HFH2-Z2	882964/0001	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	2058	VULB 9163	9163-408	Schwarzbeck	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014

Note 1: No calibration required.

Note 2: Not calibrated separately but with the whole test system when recording calibration data.

Note 3: No calibration required. Devices are checked before use.

Note 4: No calibration required. Devices are checked by calibrated equipment during test.

11 Revision History

Revision History			
<i>Edition</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Issued by</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
1	2 August 2013	M. Biberger	First Edition