

FCC Part 15

EMI TEST REPORT

of

E.U.T. : Parking Sensor
FCC ID. : TBD-HSRF-0504A
Model : HSRF
Working Frequency : 433.92 MHz

for

APPLICANT : Autex Inc.
ADDRESS : 2C-01, Taipei World Trade Center No.5.
Hsin Yi Rd. Taipei, Taiwan R.O.C.

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN
NO. 34, LIN 5, DING FU TSUN, LINKOU HSIANG
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Report Number : ET94R-03-062-01

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : Autex Inc.
2C-01, Taipei World Trade Center No. 5. Hsin Yi Rd. Taipei,
Taiwan R.O.C.

Manufacturer : Heisei Electronics Co., Ltd.
2F, No.5, Alley 8, Lane 45, PoaHsin Rd., Hsin-Tien City, Taipei
Hsien Tawiwan, R.O.C.

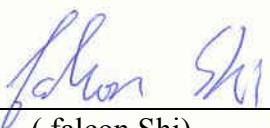
Description of EUT :
a) Type of EUT : Parking Sensor
b) Trade Name : Hitch Scan
c) Model No. : HSRF
d) FCC ID : TBD-HSRF-0504A
e) Working Frequency : 433.92 MHz
f) Power Supply : DC 12.0V

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C (2005)

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT; The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note : 1. The results of the testing report relate only to the items tested.
2. The testing report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Issued Date : Nov. 25, 2005

Test Engineer : 
(falcon Shi)

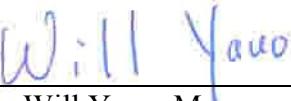
Approve & Authorized Signer : 
Will Yauo, Manager
EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS
TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

| | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| a) Type of EUT | : Parking Sensor |
| b) Trade Name | : Hitch Scan |
| c) Model No. | : HSRF |
| d) FCC ID | : TBD-HSRF-0504A |
| e) Working Frequency | : 433.9 MHz |
| f) Power Supply | : DC 12.0V |

1.2 Characteristics of Device:

The sensors mounted in the HitchScan Sensing Module projects Ultrasonic Signals. As the signals “echo” off objects in the detection field, and return to the sensors, the system’s microprocessor exports them to its onboard, output signal transmitter. These signals are transmitted through Radio frequency Waves to the RF receiver located in the vehicle, and are received by, and translated into Audible and Visual notification for the driver.

1.3 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated testing were performed according to the procedures in chapter 13 of ANSI C63.4.

The Transmitter under test was operated continuously in its normal operating mode for the purpose of the measurements. In order to secure the continuous operation of the device under test, rewiring in the circuit was done by the manufacturer so as to affect its intended operation.

The receiving antenna polarized horizontally was varied from 1 to 4 meters and the wooden turntable was rotated through 360 degrees to obtain the highest reading on the field strength meter or on the display of the spectrum analyzer. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the orientation of the Transmitter under test.

In order to determine the average value during one pulse train of the radiated power generated from the Transmitter under test, the encoded wave form in the time domain was used.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at No.34, Lin 5, Ding Fu Tsun, Linkou Hsiang, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

This site has been fully described in a report submitted to your office, and accepted in a letter dated Jun. 30, 2006.

2. DEFINITION AND LIMITS

2.1 Definition

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090 - 0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.15 |
| 0.495 - 0.505 ** | 16.69475 - 16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735 - 2.1905 | 16.80425 - 16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475 - 156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2655-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293 | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4 | 3360-4400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36-13.41 | | | |

Remark “**” : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.3 Limitation

(1) Conducted Emission Limits:

Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

| Frequency MHz | Quasi Peak dB μ V | Average dB μ V |
|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5 | 66-56* | 56-46* |
| 0.5 - 5.0 | 56 | 46 |
| 5.0 - 30.0 | 60 | 50 |

- Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(2) Radiated Emission Limits :

According to 15.231, Periodic operation in the band 40.66-40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz, the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated under this section shall not exceed the following:

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Field strength of Fundamental (uV/m) | Field strength of Spurious (uV/m) |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 40.66-40.70 | 2250 | 225 |
| 70-130 | 1250 | 125 |
| 130-174 | *1,250 to 3,750 | *125 to 375 |
| 174-260 | 3750 | 375 |
| 260-470 | *3,750 to 12,500 | *375 to 1250 |
| Above 470 | 12500 | 1250 |

* Linear interpolations.

Field strength limits are at the distance of 3 meters, emissions radiated outside of the specified bands, shall be according to the general radiated limits in 15.209, as following table:

| Other Frequencies (MHz) | Field Strength of Fundamental μV/meter | dBμV/meter |
|-------------------------|---|------------|
| 30 - 88 | 100 | 40.0 |
| 88 - 216 | 150 | 43.5 |
| 216 - 960 | 200 | 46.0 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 54.0 |

As shown in 15.35(b), for frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.

(3) Limit of transmission time

- A manually operated Transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the Transmitter (Transmitter) within not more than 5 seconds of being released.
- A Transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation.

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

All measurement were intentional to maximum the emissions from EUT by varying the connection cables, therefore, the test result is sure to meet the applicable requirement.

3.2 Devices for Tested System

| Device | Manufacture | Model / FCC ID. | Description |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Parking Sensor* | Heisei Electronics Co., Ltd. | HSRF TBD-HSRF-0504A | ---- |

Remark “*” means equipment under test.

4. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For periodic operation intentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with § 15.231(b).

4.2 Measurement Procedure

A. Preliminary Measurement For Portable Devices

For portable devices, the following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT:

1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
2. With the receiving antenna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. So, the axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.

B. Final Measurement

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in normal function.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.
5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.

7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables (if any) associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

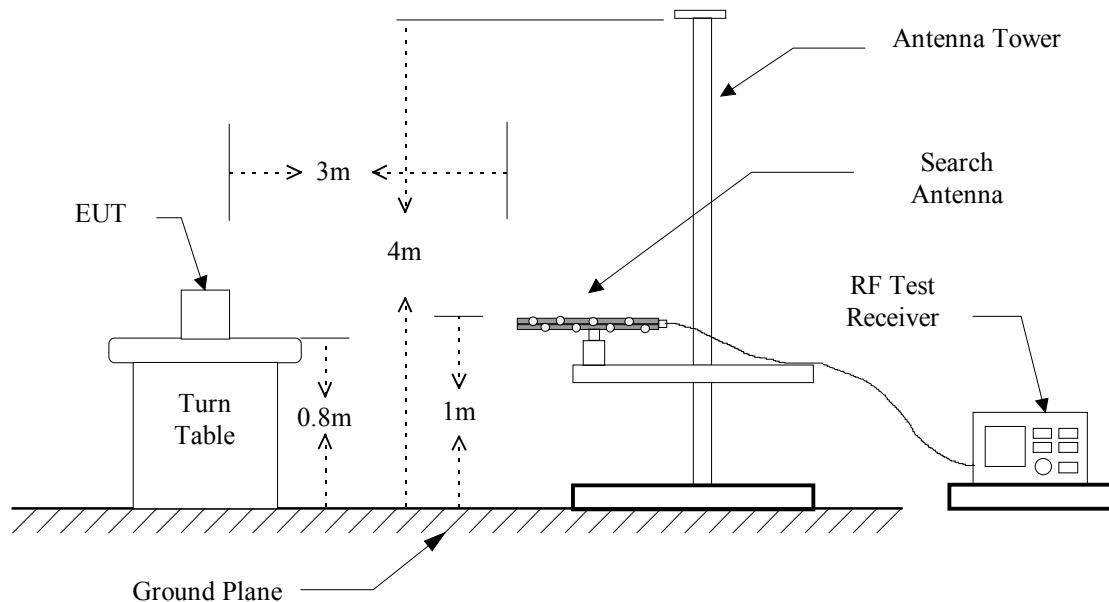
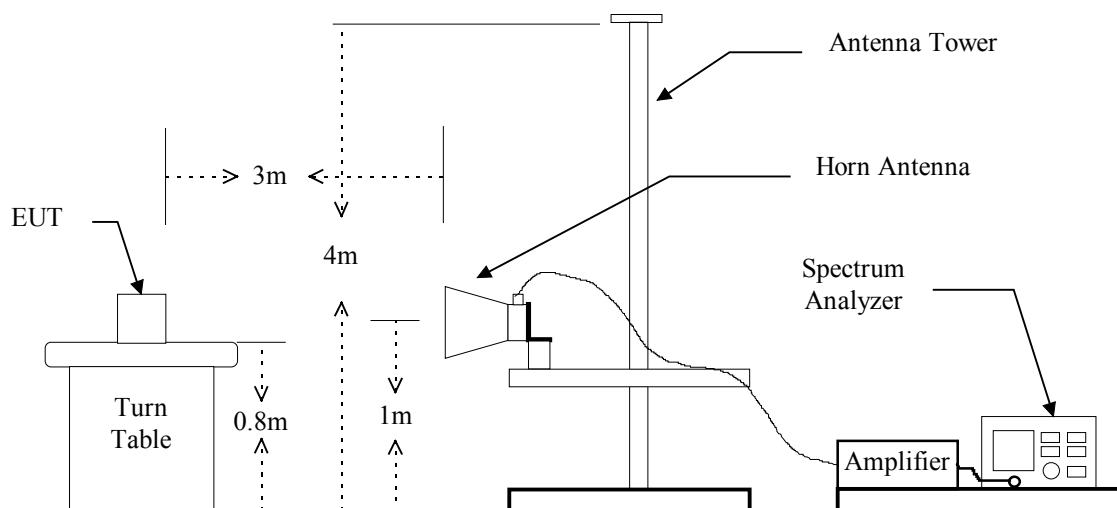


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Test Data

4.3.1 Fundamental and Harmonics

Operation Mode : Transmitting (Evenly puts on the table)

Test Date : Nov. 24, 2005 Temperature : 23 °C Humidity : 58 %

| Frequency (MHz) | Ant Pol H/V | Reading (dBuV) Peak | Factor (dB) C D | | Result @3m (dBuV/m) Peak Ave. | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) Peak Ave. | | Margin (dB) | Table Degree (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 433.928 | H | 101.7 | -5.5 | -17.9 | 96.2 | 78.3 | 100.8 | 80.8 | -2.5 | 189 | 1.0 |
| 867.892 | H | 62.1 | 2.3 | -17.9 | 64.4 | 46.5 | 80.8 | 60.8 | -14.3 | 264 | 1.1 |
| 1301.833 | V | 61.6 | -8.4 | -17.9 | 53.2 | 35.3 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -18.7 | 216 | 1.6 |
| 1735.767 | H | 64.7 | -6.1 | -17.9 | 58.6 | 40.7 | 80.8 | 60.8 | -20.1 | 77 | 1.6 |
| 2169.583 | V | 53.4 | -4.0 | -17.9 | 49.4 | 31.6 | 80.8 | 60.8 | -29.2 | 82 | 1.5 |
| 2603.533 | H | 61.7 | -2.4 | -17.9 | 59.3 | 41.4 | 80.8 | 60.8 | -19.4 | 126 | 1.2 |
| 3037.483 | H | 56.5 | -1.1 | -17.9 | 55.4 | 37.5 | 80.8 | 60.8 | -23.3 | 136 | 1.3 |
| 3471.250 | H | 54.7 | -0.1 | -17.9 | 54.6 | 36.8 | 80.8 | 60.8 | -17.2 | 152 | 1.4 |
| 3905.250 | V | 51.2 | 1.6 | -17.9 | 52.8 | 34.9 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -19.1 | 149 | 1.6 |
| 4339.183 | H | 57.2 | 2.0 | -17.9 | 59.2 | 41.3 | 74.0 | 54.0 | -12.7 | 102 | 1.4 |

Note :

1. Factor C means “corrected”, and that includes antenna factor, cable loss, amplifier gain (if any). And Factor D means “Duty”, that is for calculating the average value and derived from section 3.6 in this test report.
2. Peak Result = Reading + C. Factor
Ave. Result = Peak Value + D Factor
3. “*” means the frequency fall in the restricted frequency band, and the limit of emission is referred to FCC class B
4. The limit for spurious emissions refers to FCC§15.231.
5. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.

If the measured frequencies fall in the restricted frequency band, the limit employed is § 15.209 general requirement when frequencies are below or equal to 1 GHz. And the measuring instrument is set to quasi peak detector function, no duty factor applied.

4.3.2 Other Emission

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

Test Date : Nov. 22, 2005 Temperature : 23°C Humidity : 58%

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | | | | Factor (dB) Corr. | Result @3m (dBuV/m) | | Limit @3m (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | Table Deg. (Deg.) | Ant. High (m) |
|--------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | H | | V | | | Peak | Ave | Peak | Ave | | | |
| 30.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | -9.8 | --- | --- | 80.8 | 60.8 | --- | --- | --- |
| 50.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | -14.1 | --- | --- | 80.8 | 60.8 | --- | --- | --- |
| 80.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | -15.0 | --- | --- | 80.8 | 60.8 | --- | --- | --- |
| 200.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | -7.1 | --- | --- | 80.8 | 60.8 | --- | --- | --- |
| 300.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | -0.8 | --- | --- | 80.8 | 60.8 | --- | --- | --- |
| 600.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | -4.5 | --- | --- | 80.8 | 60.8 | --- | --- | --- |
| 800.000 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 0.7 | --- | --- | 80.8 | 60.8 | --- | --- | --- |

Note :

1. Remark “---” means that the emission level is too low to be measured.
2. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.

b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 5 GHz were too low to be measured with a pre-amplifier of 35 dB.

4.4 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. For the limit is employed average value, therefore the peak value can be transferred to average value by subtracting the duty factor. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Peak} = \text{Reading} + \text{Corrected Factor}$$

where

Corr. Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Amplifier Gain (if any)

And the average value is

$$\text{Average} = \text{Peak Value} + \text{Duty Factor}$$

Note : If the measured frequencies are fall in the restricted frequency band, the limit employed must be quasi peak value when frequencies are below or equal to 1 GHz. And the measuring instrument is set to quasi peak detector function.

4.5 Activate Time

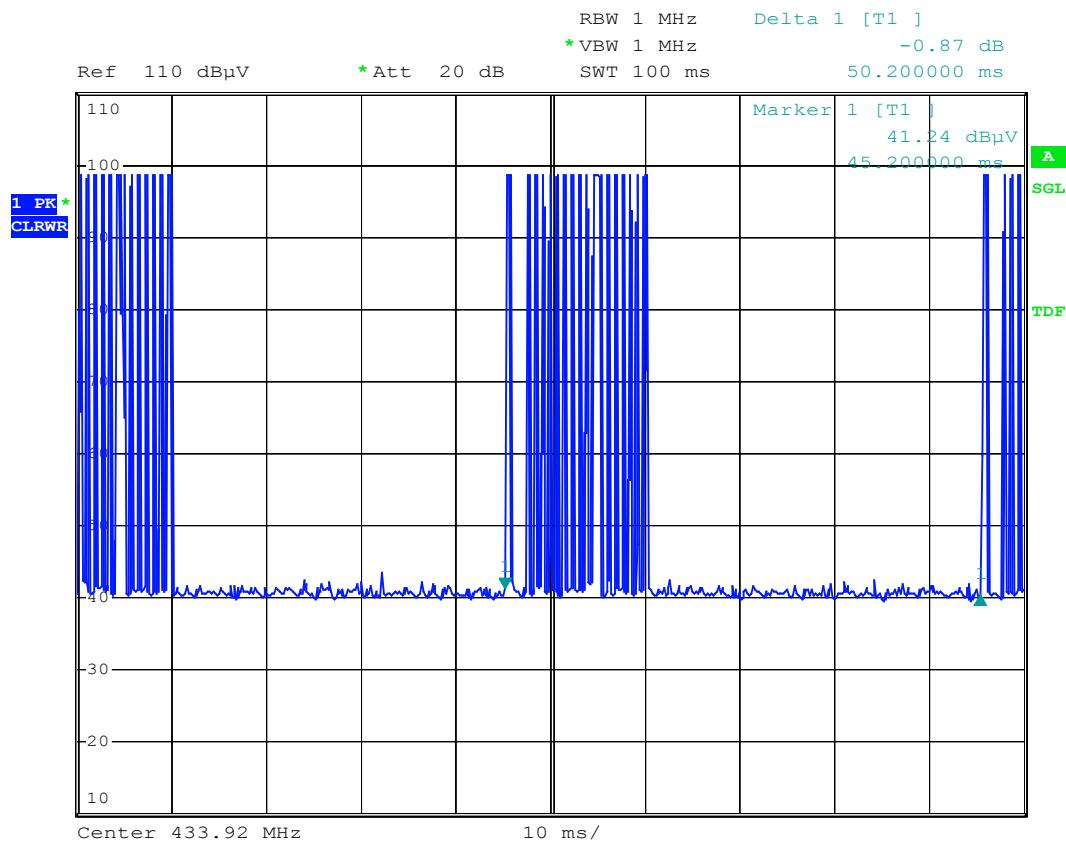
According to 15.231(a)(2), a transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation. This EUT is operated automatically. When the system reads ultrasonic signals that shows the obstacle is moving from one detection zone to another, it activated automatically with a two seconds RF signal. This complies with the requirement of 15.231(a)(2).

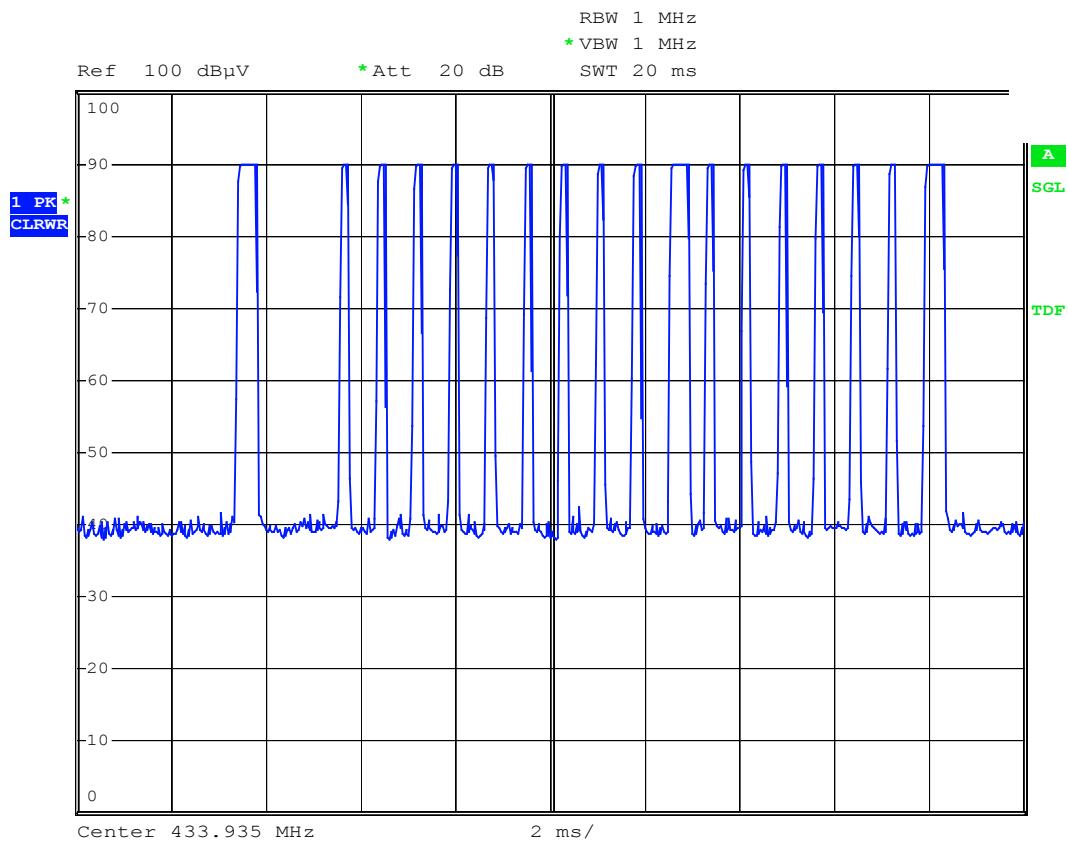
4.6 Calculation of Duty Factor

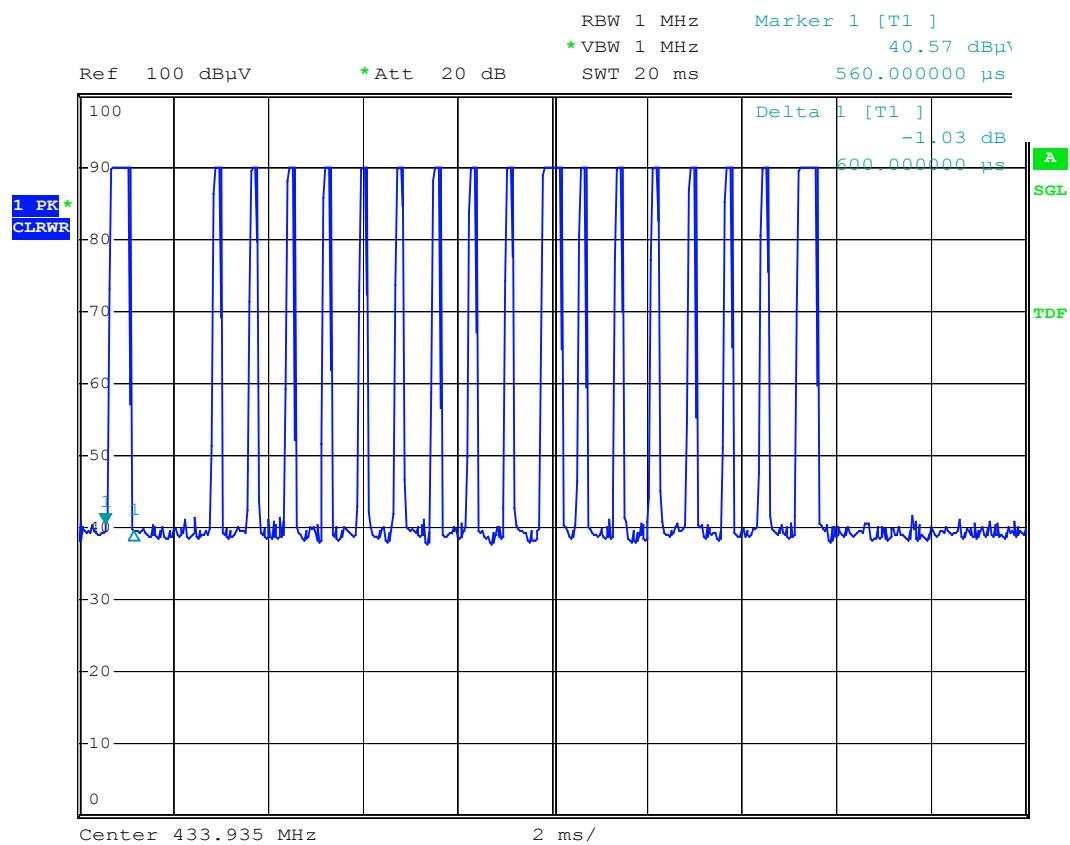
The duty factor is calculated with following formula :

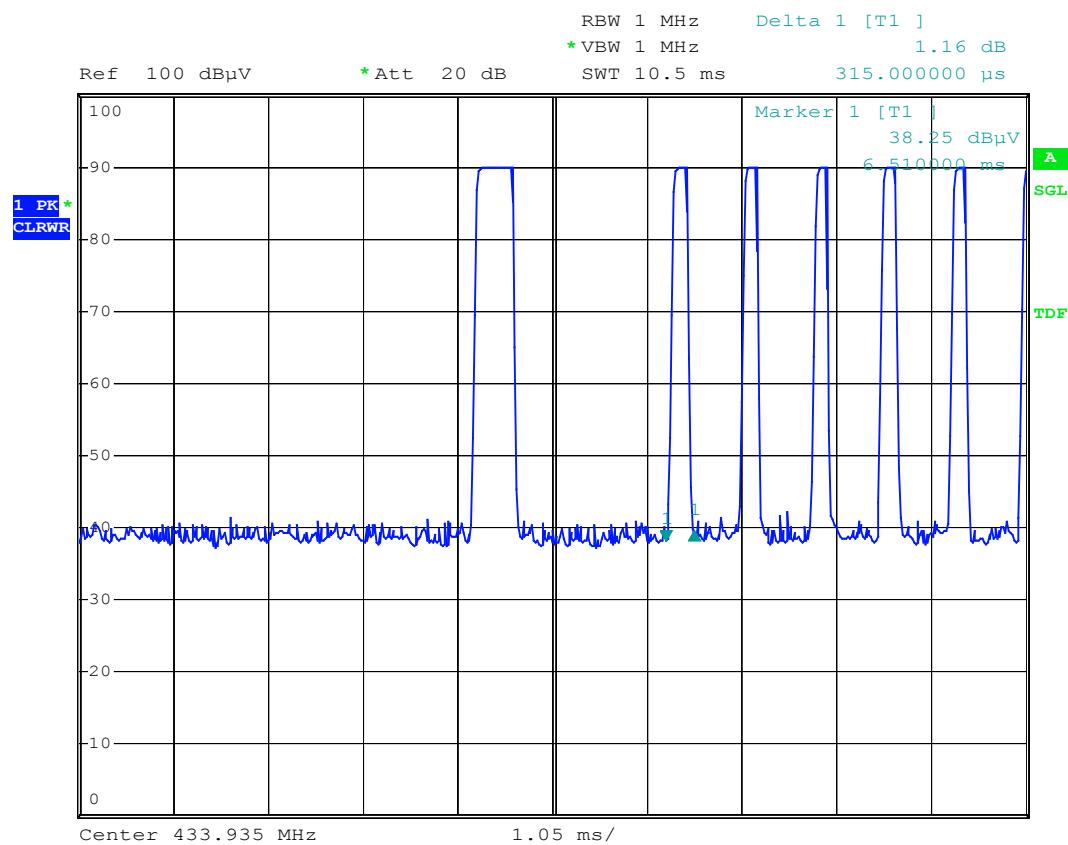
$$20 \log \frac{\text{Total Duty}}{\text{Period of Pulse Train}}$$

$$\text{Duty Factor} = 20 \log \frac{(0.560 \times 3 + 0.315 \times 15)}{50.2 \text{ms}} = -17.9 \text{ dB}$$

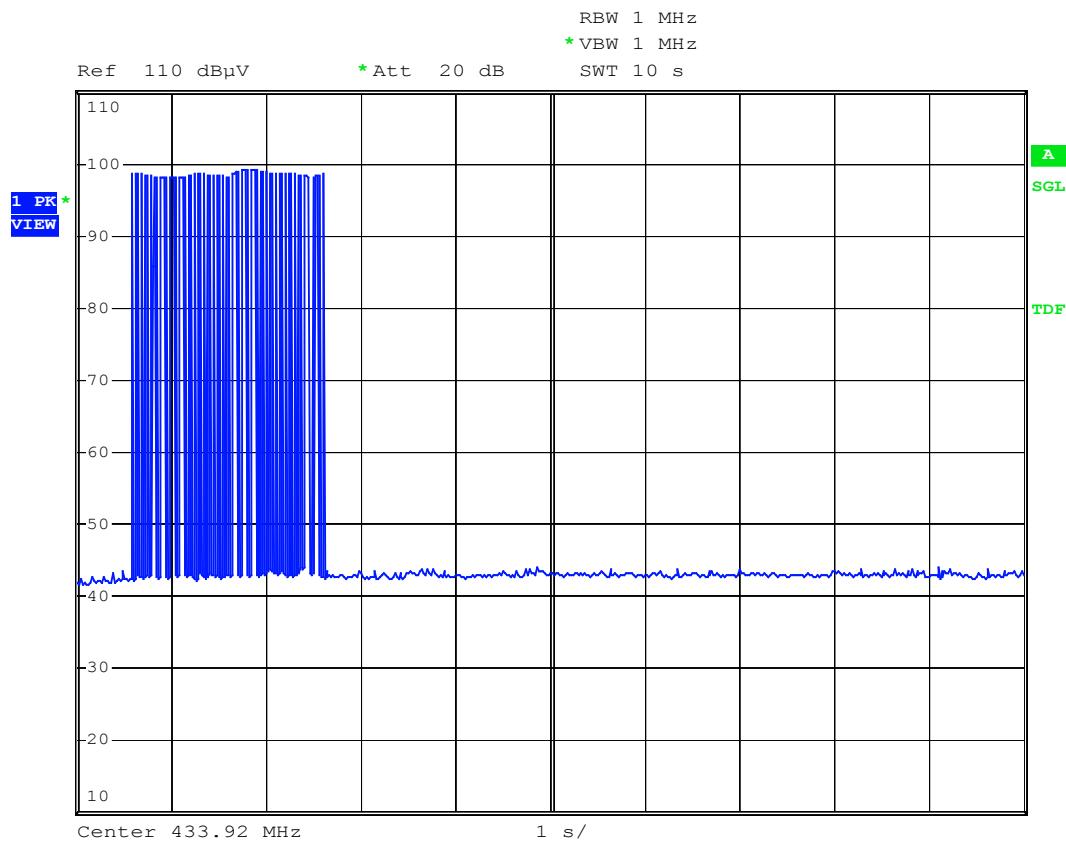








This EUT is operated automatically. It ceases transmission within 5 seconds after activation.



4.7 Radiated Test Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Date |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|
| EMI Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESCS 30 | 2006/12/06 |
| Amplifier | HP | 8447D | 2006/08/03 |
| Log-periodic Antenna | EMCO | 3146 | 2006/10/10 |
| Biconical Antenna | EMCO | 3110B | 2006/10/04 |
| Spectrum | R&S | FSP3 | 2006/10/25 |
| Double Ridged Antenna | EMCO | 3115 | 2006/08/18 |
| Amplifier | HP | 8449B | 2006/09/13 |
| Amplifier | HP | 83051A | 2006/04/18 |
| Spectrum | R&S | FSP40 | 2006/07/05 |

4.8 Measuring Instrument Setup

Explanation of measuring instrument setup in frequency band measured is as following :

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Instrument | Function | Resolution bandwidth | Video Bandwidth |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 30 to 1000 | RF Test Receiver | Quasi-Peak | 120 kHz | N/A |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 100 kHz | 100 kHz |
| Above 1000 | Spectrum Analyzer | Peak | 1 MHz | 1 MHz |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | Average | 1 MHz | 10 Hz |

4.9 Radiated Measurement Photos



5. BANDWIDTH OF EMISSION

5.1 Applicable Standard Plot Graphic of Bandwidth

Per FCC rule §15.231(c), the permitted emission bandwidth is no wider than 0.25% of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz.

5.2 Bandwidth Test Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Next Cal. Due |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSP40 | 2006/07/05 |
| Attenuator | Weinschel Engineering | 1 | N/A |

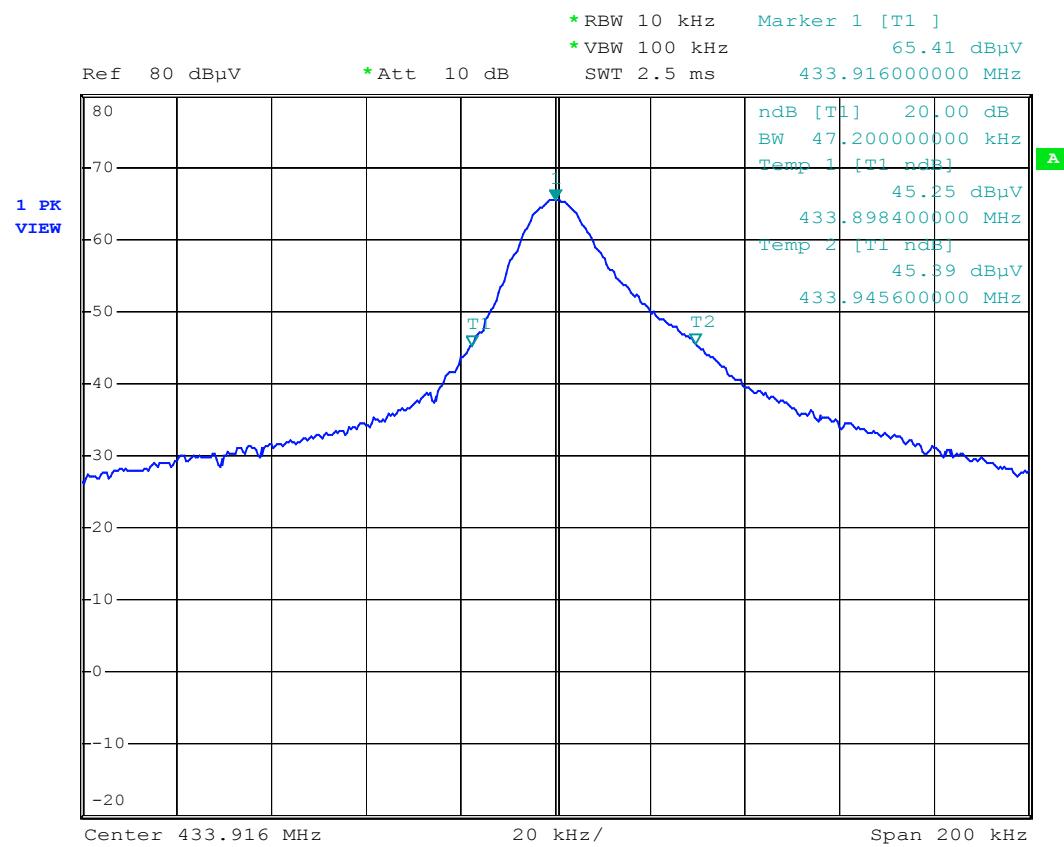
5.3 Plot Graphic of Bandwidth

The emission bandwidth limit for this transmitter is

$$433.916 \text{ MHz} \times 0.25\% = 1084.7 \text{ KHz}$$

$$20 \text{ dB bandwidth} = 47.2 \text{ KHz}$$

Test Result: 47.2KHz < 1084.9KHz.



Date: 22.SEP.2005 14:57:42

6. CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

6.1 Description

This EUT is excused from investigation of conducted emission, for it is powered by DC 12V battery only. According to §15.207 (d), measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines.

7 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

7.2 Antenna Construction

The antenna is integrated on the main PCB, no consideration of replacement.

Please see photos submitted in Exhibit B.