

Safety Human Exposure

1.1 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance

1.1.1 Electromagnetic Fields

RESULT:

Pass

Test Specification

Test item	: Smart interactive whiteboard
Identification / Type No.	: DHI-LCH86-MC410-B
FCC ID	: SVN-LCH86
Test standard	: CFR47 FCC Part 2: Section 2.1091 CFR47 FCC Part 1: Section 1.1310 FCC KDB Publication 447498 v06 FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04 FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 v01r02

➤ Product Classification

This device defined as a transmitting device designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at 20 cm is normally maintained between the transmitter's radiating structure(s) and the body of the user or nearby persons.

Max 5.14 dBi for 2.4GHz Wi-Fi, Max 4.69 dBi for 5GHz Wi-Fi

➤ Radio Frequency Exposure Limit

For FCC:

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)
300-1,500	--	--	f/1500
1,500-100,000	--	--	1.0

For IC:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field (V/m rms)	Magnetic Field (A/m rms)	Power Density (W/m ²)	Reference Period (minutes)
0.003-10 ²¹	83	90	-	Instantaneous*
0.1-10	-	0.73/ f ^{0.5}	-	6**
1.1-10	87/ f ^{0.5}	-	-	6**
10-20	27.46	0.0728	2	6
20-48	58.07/ f ^{0.25}	0.1540/ f ^{0.25}	8.944/ f ^{0.5}	6
48-300	22.06	0.05852	1.291	6
300-6000	3.142 f ^{0.3417}	0.008335 f ^{0.3417}	0.02619 f ^{0.6834}	6
6000-15000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15000-150000	61.4	0.163	10	616000/ f ^{1.2}
150000-300000	0.158 f ^{0.5}	4.21 x 10 ⁻⁴ f ^{0.5}	6.67 x 10 ⁻⁵ f	616000/ f ^{1.2}

Note: f is frequency in MHz.
*Based on nerve stimulation (NS).
** Based on specific absorption rate (SAR).

➤ **Radio Frequency Exposure Calculation Formula**

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

or:

$$S = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: EIRP = equivalent (or effective) isotropically radiated power

a) EUT RF Exposure Evaluation standalone operations

Mode	*Measured RF Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	FCC Limit (mW/cm ²)
2.4G Wi-Fi	24.06	5.14	20	0.166	1.0
5G Wi-Fi	20.94	4.69	20	0.073	1.0

Note:

1. *2.4GHz Band RF Output Power: Refer CN22GK21 001 Appendix B

2. *5GHz Bands RF Output Power: Refer CN22GK21 002 Appendix B

b) Simultaneous transmission MPE:

Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on calculated or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0 .

Simultaneous transmission Scenarios

No.	Simultaneous transmission Scenarios
1	2.4GHz Wi-Fi
2	5GHz Wi-Fi

1) For 2.4GHz Wi-Fi:

The MPE ratio for 2.4GHz WiFi can be calculated as follow:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{The power density at 20cm distance/MPE limit} \\ &= 0.166 \text{ mW/cm}^2 / 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \\ &= 0.166 \end{aligned}$$

2) For 5GHz Wi-Fi:

The MPE ratio for 5GHz WiFi can be calculated as follow:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \text{The power density at 20cm distance/MPE limit} \\ &= 0.073 \text{ mW/cm}^2 / 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \\ &= 0.073 \end{aligned}$$

The sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas:

$$\begin{aligned} &= 0.166 + 0.073 \\ &= 0.239 < 1.0 \end{aligned}$$

As the sum of MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas is ≤ 1.0 , simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion will be applied.

➤ **Conclusion**

Therefore the maximum calculations result of above are meet the requirement of Radio Frequency Exposure (MPE) limit.