RF TEST REPORT

Test item	:	Mouse Dongle
Model No.	:	CMR-1400
Order No.	:	DEMC1301-00137, DEMC1301-00256
Date of receipt	:	2013-01-14, 2013-01-22
Test duration	:	2013-02-21 ~ 2013-02-26
Date of issue	:	2013-03-11
Use of report	:	FCC & IC Original Grant

Applicant : LG Electronics Inc.
50 Hyangjeong-dong, Heungdeok-gu, Cheongju-si, Chungcheongbuk-do, 361-480, Korea

Test laboratory : Digital EMC Co., Ltd.
683-3, Yubang-Dong, Cheoin-Gu, Yongin-Si, Gyeonggi-Do, 449-080, Korea

Test specification	:	FCC Part 15 Subpart C 247 RSS-210 Issue 8
Test environment	:	See appended test report
Test result	:	☒ Pass ☐ Fail

Tested by:	Witnessed by:	Reviewed by:
Engineer HongHee Lee	N/A	Technical Director Harvey Sung

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1303-0245	Mar. 12, 2013	Initial issue
DRTFCC1303-0245(1)	Apr. 19, 2013	Updata Test Result and Test Equipment List

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1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

Digital EMC Co., Ltd.
683-3, Yubang-Dong, Cheoin-Gu, Yongin-Si, Gyeonggi-Do, 449-080, Korea
www.digitalemc.com
Test Lab Site Number : 678747
Telephone : + 82-31-321-2664
FAX : + 82-31-321-1664

1.2 Details of Applicant

Applicant	:	LG Electronics Inc.
Address	:	50 Hyangjeong-dong, Heungdeok-gu, Cheongju-si, Chungcheongbuk-do, 361-480, Korea
Contact person	:	Kang O-Byoung
Phone No.	:	+ 82-43-279-3272

1.3 Description of EUT

Product	Mouse Dongle
Model Name	CMR-1400
Serial Number	Identical prototype
Power Supply	DC 5V
Frequency Range	2403 ~ 2478MHz
Modulation Technique	GFSK
Number of Channels	20
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain	PK : -2.39 dBi

1.4. Declaration by the manufacturer

- N/A

1.5. Supported channels

Ch	Freq(GHz)	Ch	Freq(GHz)	Ch	Freq(GHz)	Ch	Freq(GHz)
2	**2.403**	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	2.404	23	2.424	43	2.444	63	2.464
4	2.405	-	-	44	2.445	64	2.465
5	2.406	-	-	-	-	65	2.466
12	2.413	-	-	**52**	**2.453**	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	73	2.474
14	2.415	-	-	-	-	74	2.475
15	2.416	35	2.436	55	2.456	75	2.476
-	-	-	-	-	-	**77**	**2.478**

1.6. Test Equipment List

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	12/09/18	13/09/18	MY45304199
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	13/01/08	14/01/08	MY49100833
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde Schwarz	FSQ26	13/02/14	14/02/14	200445
Digital Multimeter	H.P	34401A	13/02/27	14/03/27	3146A13475
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMR20	12/03/05	13/03/05	101251
			13/02/27	14/03/27	
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMJ100A	13/01/08	14/01/08	100148
Thermo hygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	12/06/20	13/06/20	120612-2
DC Power Supply	HP	6622A	12/03/05	13/03/05	3448A03760
			13/02/27	14/03/27	
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHNX3.0	12/09/17	13/09/17	9
BILOG ANTENNA	SCHAFFNER	CBL6112D	12/11/16	14/11/16	2737
LOOP Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	12/09/24	13/09/24	1513-128
HORN ANT	ETS	3115	12/02/20	14/02/20	6419
HORN ANT	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	11/03/25	13/03/25	154
Amplifier (22dB)	H.P	8447E	13/01/08	14/01/08	2945A02865
Amplifier (30dB)	Agilent	8449B	12/03/05	13/03/05	3008A00370
			13/02/27	14/03/27	
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESU	13/01/08	14/01/08	100014
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	12/03/05	13/03/05	100364
			13/02/27	14/03/27	
CVCF	KIKUSUI	PCR1000L	12/09/15	13/09/15	14110610
LISN	NARDA S.T.S. / PMM	PMM L2-16B	12/07/25	13/07/25	000W20305

1.7. Summary of Test Results

FCC Part RSS-210 & GEN	Parameter	Limit (Using in 2400 ~ 2483.5MHz)	Test Condition	Status Note 1
I. Transmit mode (TX)				
15.247(a) RSS-210(A8.1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	>= 20dB BW or >= Two-Thirds of the 20dB BW	Conducted	C
	Number of Hopping Frequencies	>= 15 hops		C
	20 dB Bandwidth	None		C
	Dwell Time	=< 0.4 seconds		C
15.247(b) RSS-210(A8.4)	Transmitter Output Power	=< 1Watt , if CHs >= 75 Others =<0.125W		C
15.247(d) RSS-210(A8.5)	Band-edge /Conducted	The radiated emission to any 100 kHz of out-band shall be at least 20dB below the highest in-band spectral density.		C
	Conducted Spurious Emissions			C
15.205, 15.209 RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	FCC 15.209 Limits	Radiated	C Note.2
15.207 RSS-Gen(7.2.4)	AC Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207 Limits	AC Line Conducted	C
15.203 RSS-Gen(7.1.2)	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	C

Note 1: **C**=Comply **NC**=Not Comply **NT**=Not Tested **NA**=Not Applicable

Note 2: This test item was performed in each axis. And the worst case data were reported.

1.8 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode

The EUT has GFSK modulation.

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in three orthogonal EUT positions(X-axis, Y-axis and Z-axis).

Tested frequency information,

- Hopping Function: Enable

	TX Frequency (MHz)	RX Frequency (MHz)
Hopping Band	2403 ~ 2478	2403 ~ 2478

- Hopping Function: Disable

	TX Frequency (MHz)	RX Frequency (MHz)
Lowest Channel	2403	2403
Middle Channel	2453	2453
Highest Channel	2478	2478

2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

2.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

2.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 ㎑ bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 ㏈ below that in the 100 ㎑ bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement , provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval , as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section , the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 ㏈ instead of 20 ㏈. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m) @ 3m
30 ~ 88	100 **
88 ~ 216	150 **
216 ~ 960	200 **
Above 960	500

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88MHz, 174-216MHz or 470-806MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	3600 ~ 4400	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	4.5 ~ 5.15	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~ 12.52025	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.57675 ~ 12.57725	156.52475 ~	1660 ~ 1710	7.25 ~ 7.75	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	13.36 ~ 13.41	156.52525	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	8.025 ~ 8.5	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	16.42 ~ 16.423	156.7 ~ 156.9	2200 ~ 2300	9.0 ~ 9.2	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2310 ~ 2390	9.3 ~ 9.5	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	167.72 ~ 173.2	2483.5 ~ 2500	10.6 ~ 12.7	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	25.5 ~ 25.67	240 ~ 285	2655 ~ 2900	13.25 ~ 13.4	
8.291 ~ 8.294	37.5 ~ 38.25	322 ~ 335.4	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	73 ~ 74.6	399.90 ~ 410	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	74.8 ~ 75.2	608 ~ 614	3345.8 ~ 3358		
		960 ~ 1240			

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the DA 00-705 and ANSI C63.4:2003

2.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 ㎓, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 ㎓, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 ㏈ lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 ㏈ margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

NOTE ;
1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 ㎑ for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 ㎓.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1㎒ for Peak detection and frequency above 1 ㎓.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 ㎒ and the video bandwidth is 10KHz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 ㎓.

2.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. The reference level of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW=100 ㎑, VBW=100 ㎑.
3. The conducted spurious emission was performed using the spectrum analyzer's spurious measurement function from 30 MHz to 25 GHz with the 11 sub measurement ranges.(Detail ranges are listed on the measurement plots) The following spectrum settings was used for each measurement rages.
   RBW=100 ㎑, VBW=100 ㎑, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD.

2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : 21 °C
Relative humidity : 54 %

2.4.1. Radiated Emission

9KHz ~ 25GHz Data(Modulation: *GFSK*)

▪ Lowest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2371.11	V	X	PK	56.58	-4.73	N/A	51.85	74.00	22.15
2371.23	V	X	AV	48.02	-4.73	N/A	43.29	54.00	10.71
4805.61	V	X	PK	61.06	2.23	N/A	63.29	74.00	10.71
4805.60	V	X	AV	56.44	2.23	-25.95	9.80	54.00	21.28
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

▪ Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4906.10	H	X	PK	60.71	2.92	N/A	63.63	74.00	10.37
4906.11	H	X	AV	55.94	2.92	-25.95	9.99	54.00	21.09
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

▪ Highest Channel

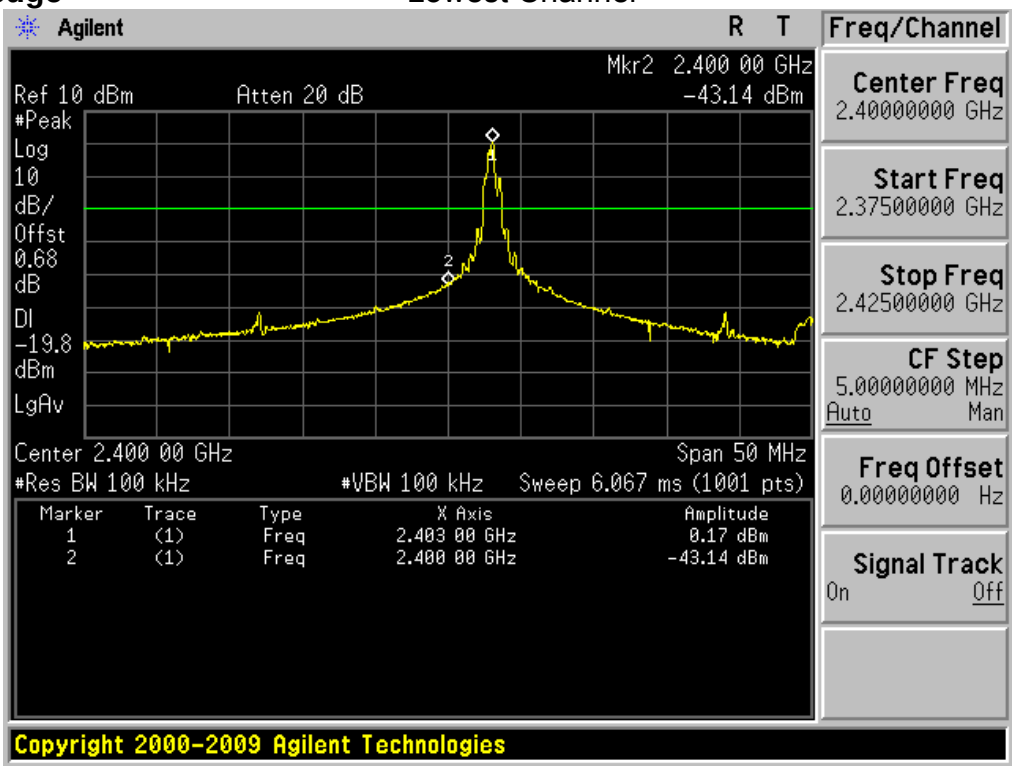
Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2483.50	V	X	PK	73.41	-4.66	N/A	68.75	74.00	5.25
2483.50	V	X	AV	40.83	-4.66	N/A	36.17	54.00	17.83
4955.97	H	X	PK	62.35	2.67	N/A	65.02	74.00	8.98
4955.99	H	X	AV	57.47	2.67	-25.95	11.27	54.00	19.81
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note.

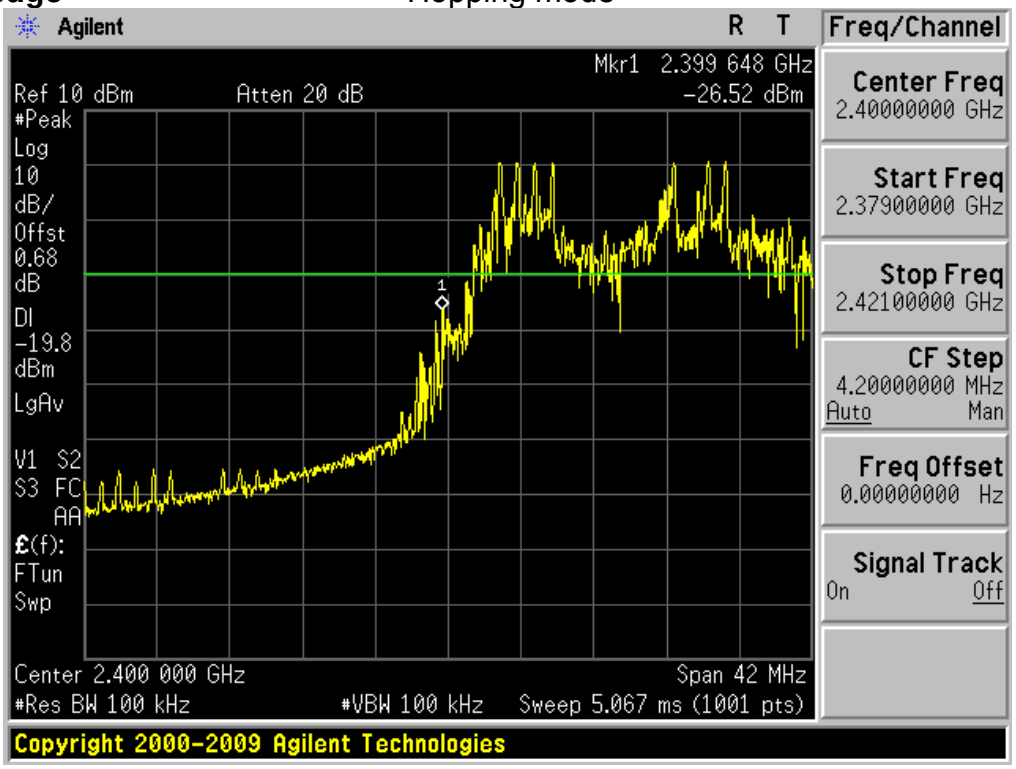
1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions above table.
2. Above listed point data is the worst case data.
3. Sample Calculation.
   Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCF / T.F = AF + CL – AG
   Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,
   DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor
   - Time to cycle through all channels= $\Delta t = \tau_{[ms]}$ X 20 channels = 7.2 ms, where τ = pulse width
   - 100ms / $\Delta t_{[ms]}$ = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 14
   - Worst Case Dwell Time = $\tau_{[ms]}$ X H' = 5.04 ms
   - Duty Cycle Correction = 20log(Worst Case Dwell Time / 100ms) $_{[dB]}$ = -25.95 dB

2.4.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions

Low Band-edge Lowest Channel

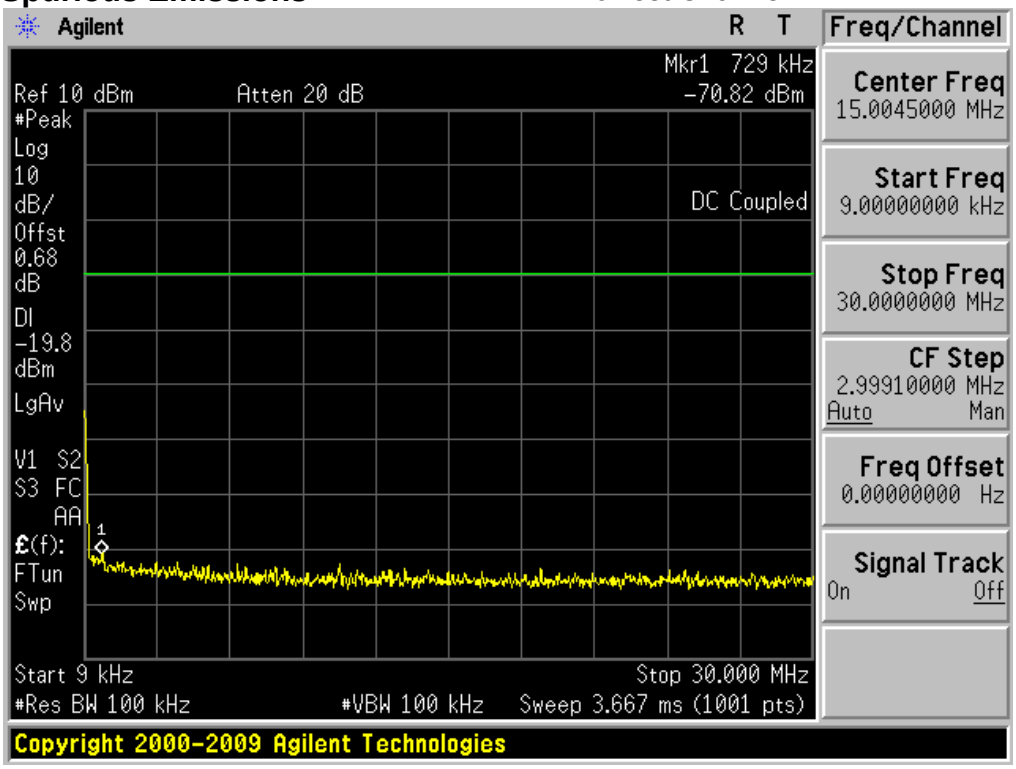


Low Band-edge Hopping mode



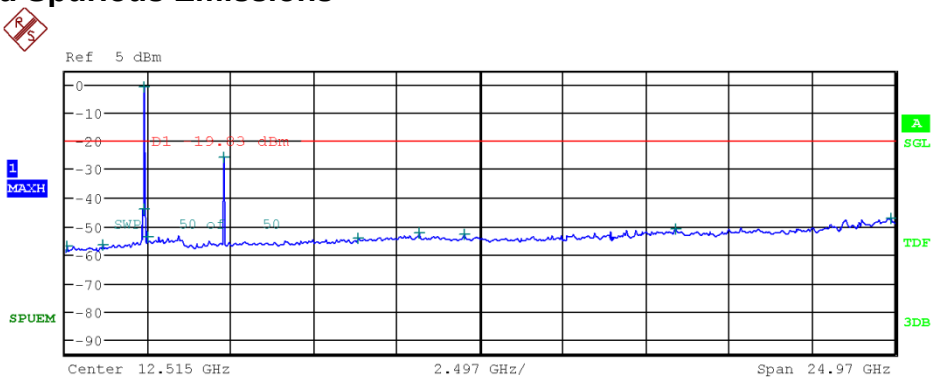
Conducted Spurious Emissions

Lowest Channel



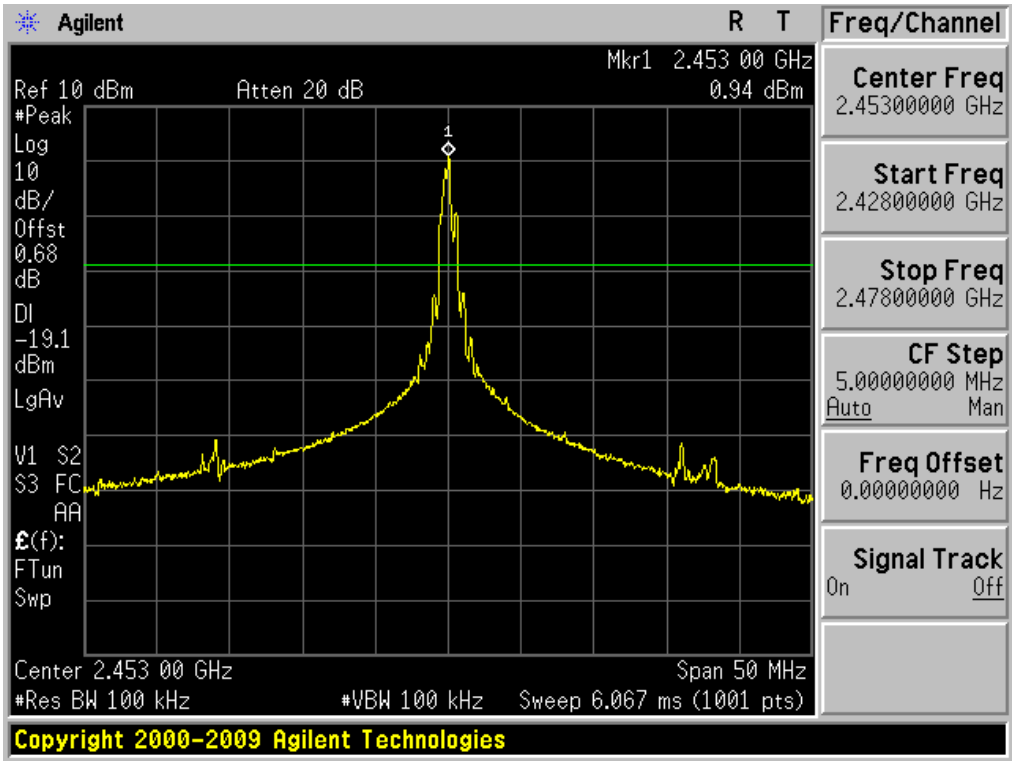
Conducted Spurious Emissions

Lowest Channel

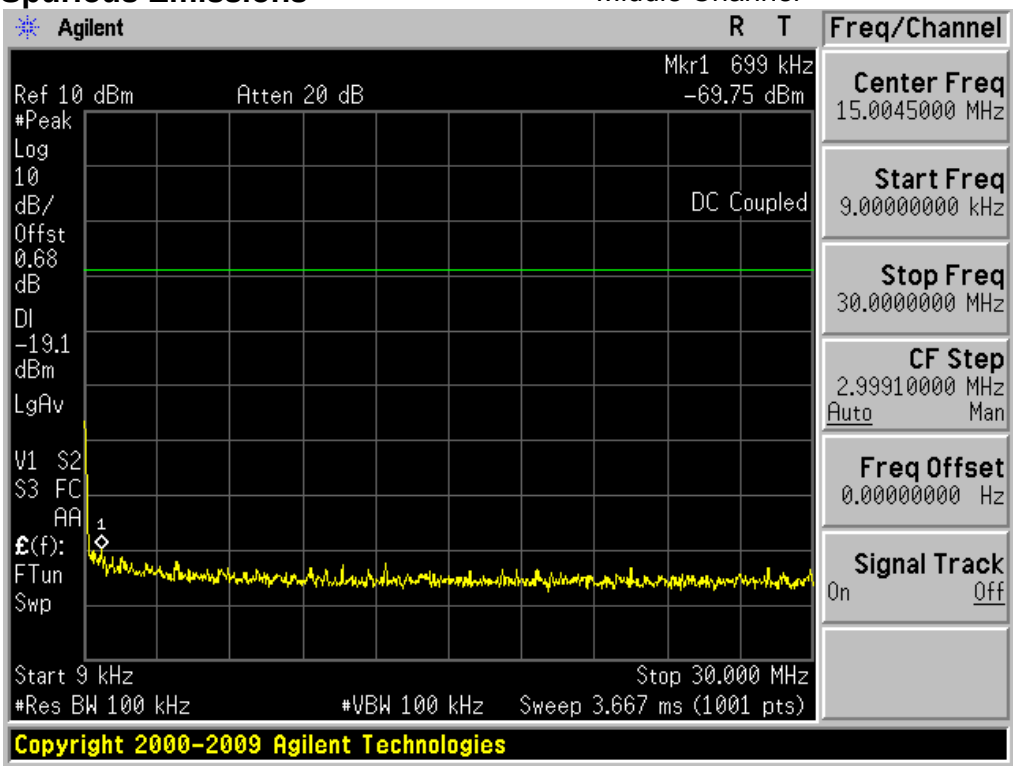


Start [Hz]	Stop [Hz]	RBW [Hz]	Freq [Hz]	PwrAbs [dBm]	Δ Limit [dB]
30.000 M	1.000 G	100.00 k	74.620000 M	-57.01	-200.00
1.000 G	2.000 G	100.00 k	1.145000 G	-56.56	-200.00
2.000 G	2.400 G	100.00 k	2.399760 G	-44.15	-200.00
2.400 G	2.483 G	100.00 k	2.402985 G	-0.71	-200.00
2.483 G	3.000 G	100.00 k	2.498995 G	-53.69	-200.00
3.000 G	6.000 G	100.00 k	4.806000 G	-25.73	-200.00
6.000 G	9.000 G	100.00 k	8.818667 G	-54.52	-200.00
9.000 G	12.000 G	100.00 k	10.661000 G	-52.42	-200.00
12.000 G	15.000 G	100.00 k	12.030667 G	-53.08	-200.00
15.000 G	20.000 G	100.00 k	18.383333 G	-51.22	-200.00
20.000 G	25.000 G	100.00 k	24.895000 G	-47.27	-200.00

Reference for limit Middle Channel

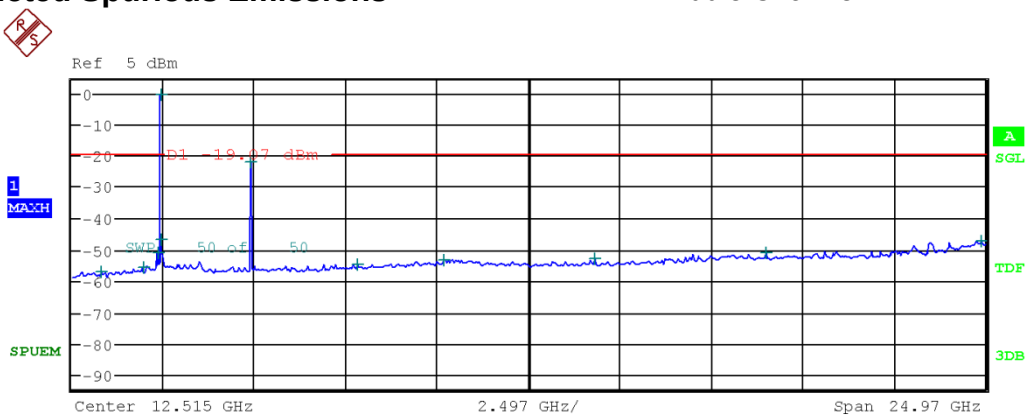


Conducted Spurious Emissions Middle Channel



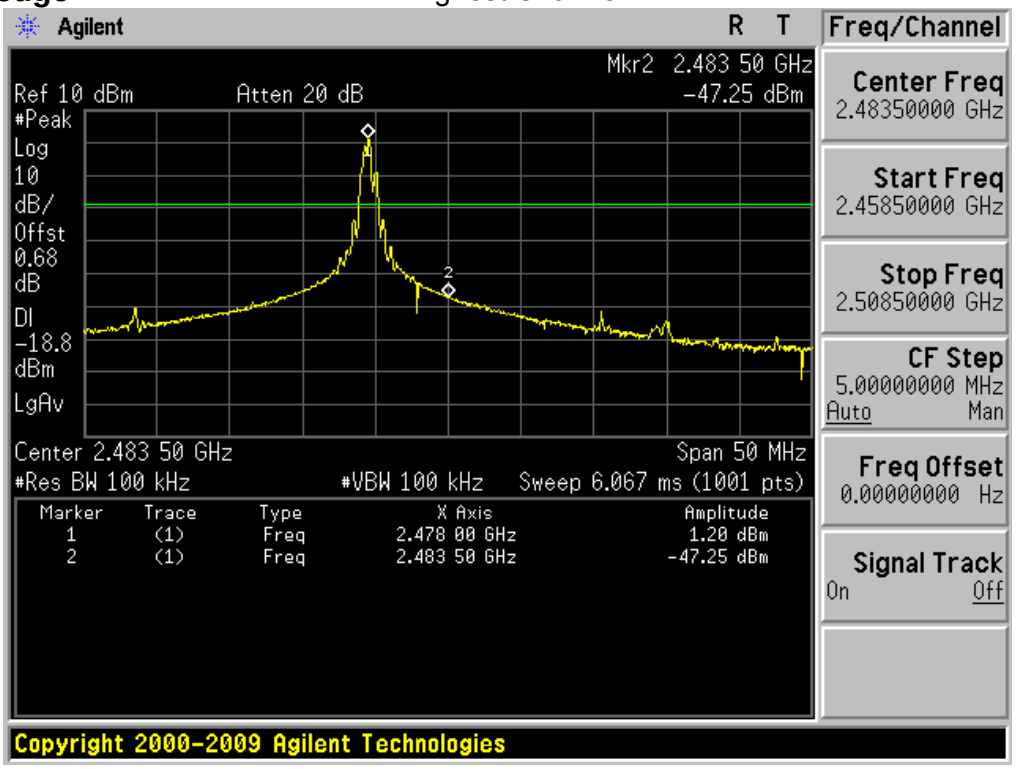
Conducted Spurious Emissions

Middle Channel



Start [Hz]	Stop [Hz]	RBW [Hz]	Freq [Hz]	PwrAbs [dBm]	Δ Limit [dB]
30.000 M	1.000 G	100.00 k	810.850000 M	-57.32	-200.00
1.000 G	2.000 G	100.00 k	1.993000 G	-56.02	-200.00
2.000 G	2.400 G	100.00 k	2.389040 G	-51.32	-200.00
2.400 G	2.483 G	100.00 k	2.453014 G	-0.43	-200.00
2.483 G	3.000 G	100.00 k	2.484998 G	-46.80	-200.00
3.000 G	6.000 G	100.00 k	4.906000 G	-21.92	-200.00
6.000 G	9.000 G	100.00 k	7.833000 G	-54.71	-200.00
9.000 G	12.000 G	100.00 k	10.210000 G	-53.38	-200.00
12.000 G	15.000 G	100.00 k	14.315333 G	-53.18	-200.00
15.000 G	20.000 G	100.00 k	19.012778 G	-51.05	-200.00
20.000 G	25.000 G	100.00 k	24.877778 G	-47.15	-200.00

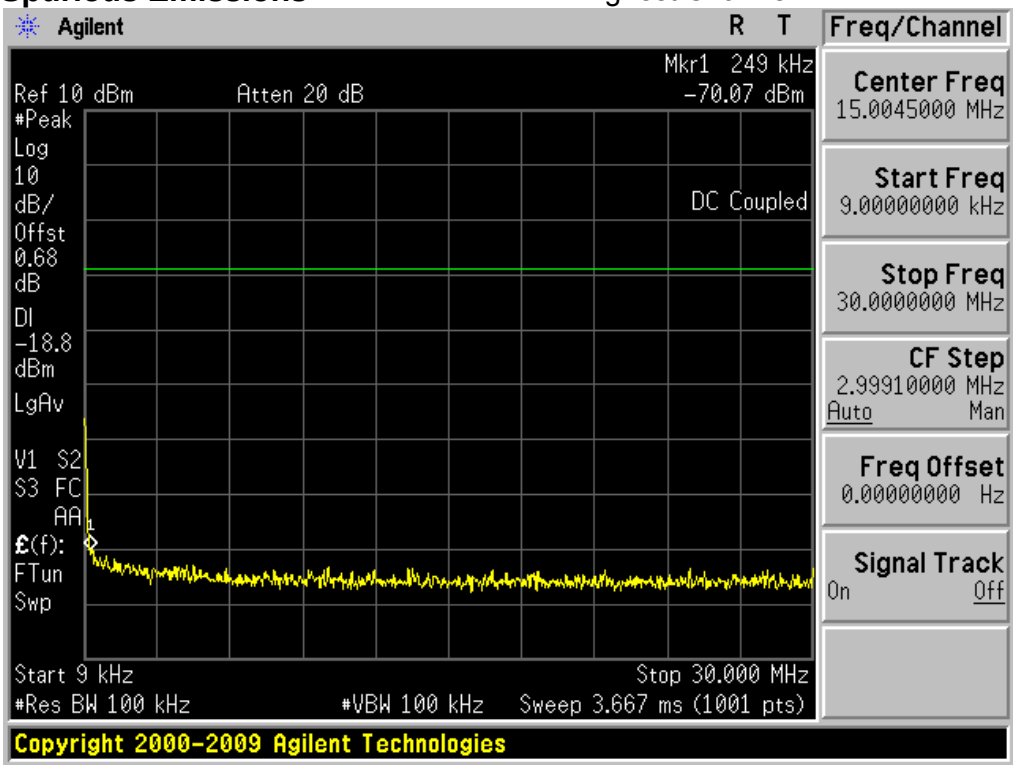
High Band-edge Highest Channel



High Band-edge Hopping mode

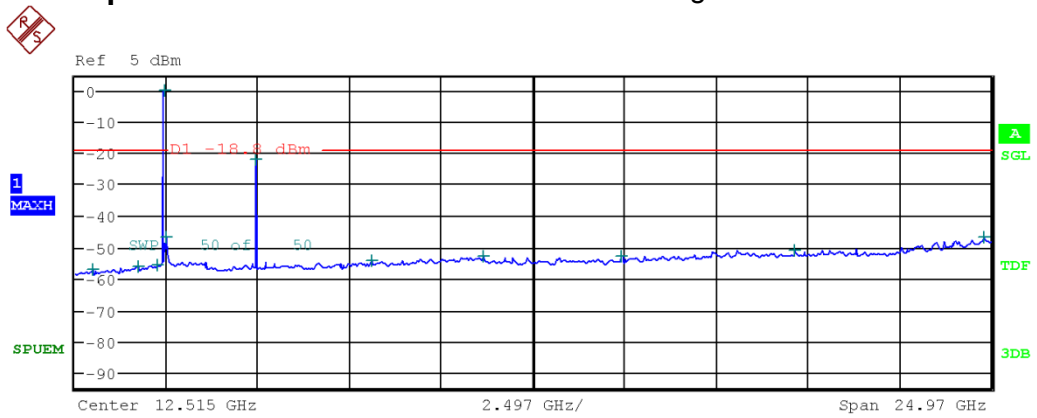
Conducted Spurious Emissions

Highest Channel



Conducted Spurious Emissions

Highest Channel



Start [Hz]	Stop [Hz]	RBW [Hz]	Freq [Hz]	PwrAbs [dBm]	Δ Limit [dB]
30.000 M	1.000 G	100.00 k	520.820000 M	-57.04	-200.00
1.000 G	2.000 G	100.00 k	1.768000 G	-56.26	-200.00
2.000 G	2.400 G	100.00 k	2.285840 G	-55.79	-200.00
2.400 G	2.483 G	100.00 k	2.478056 G	-0.05	-200.00
2.483 G	3.000 G	100.00 k	2.509996 G	-46.97	-200.00
3.000 G	6.000 G	100.00 k	4.956000 G	-22.16	-200.00
6.000 G	9.000 G	100.00 k	8.123667 G	-54.41	-200.00
9.000 G	12.000 G	100.00 k	11.150333 G	-53.21	-200.00
12.000 G	15.000 G	100.00 k	14.913333 G	-52.78	-200.00
15.000 G	20.000 G	100.00 k	19.628333 G	-51.07	-200.00
20.000 G	25.000 G	100.00 k	24.810556 G	-47.01	-200.00

3. Carrier Frequency Separation

3.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.2. Limit

Limit: >= 20dB BW or >= Two-Thirds of the 20dB BW

- Procedure:

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.
After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
RBW = 1% of the span Sweep = auto
VBW = ≥ RBW Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

- Measurement Data: Comply

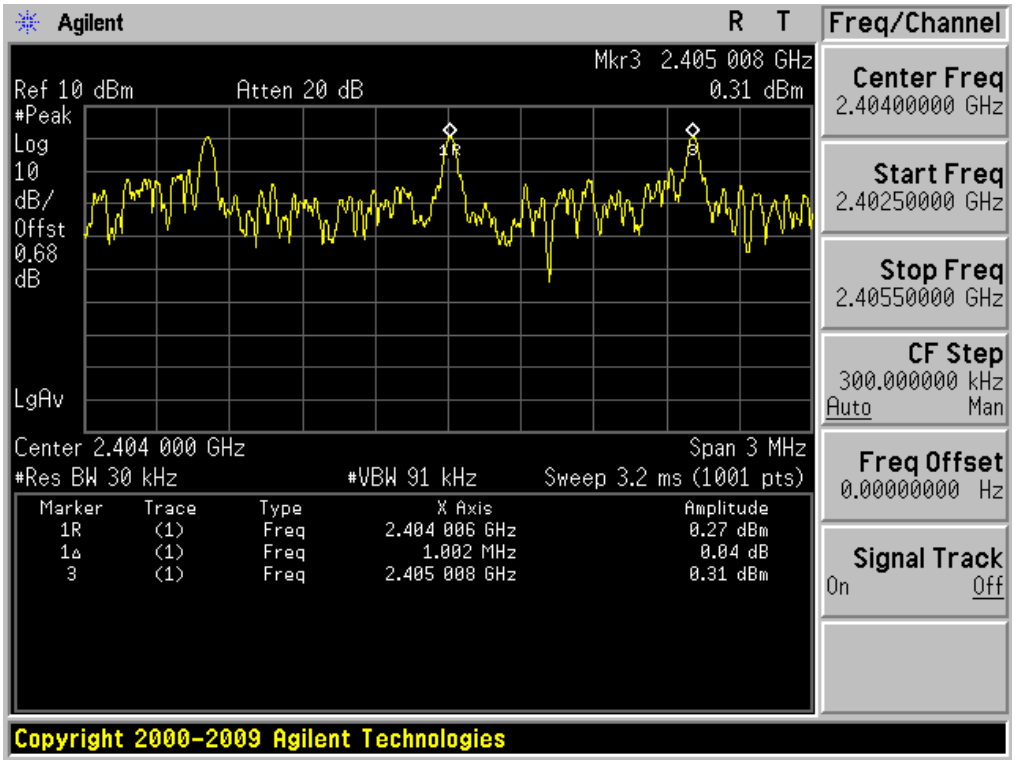
Hopping Mode	Peak of center channel (MHz)	Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz)	Test Result (MHz)
Enable	2404.006	2405.008	1.002

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

- Minimum Standard:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW

Carrier Frequency Separation



4. Number of Hopping Frequencies

4.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

4.2. Limit

Limit: >= 15 hops

- Procedure:

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.
To get higher resolution, four frequency ranges within the 2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz FH band were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = 42MHz Plot 1: Start Frequency = 2400.412MHz, Stop Frequency = 2442.412 MHz
Plot 2: Start Frequency = 2442.400MHz, Stop Frequency = 2484.400 MHz
RBW = 100 kHz Sweep = auto
VBW = ≥ RBW Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

- **Measurement Data: Comply**

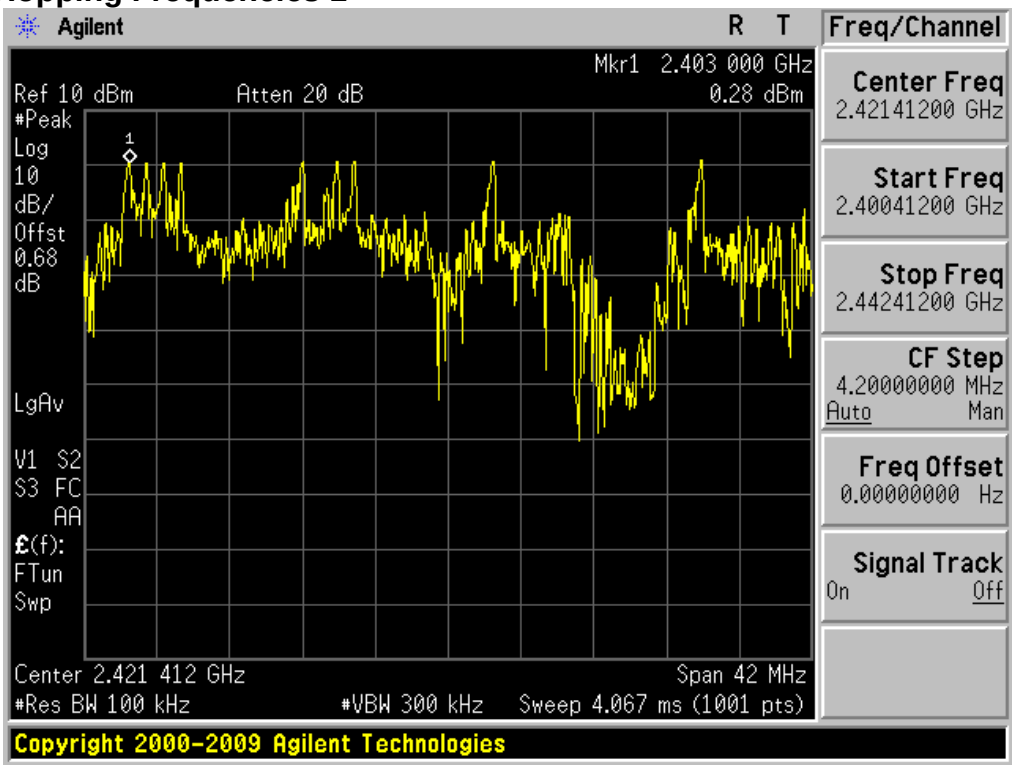
Hopping mode	Test Result (Total Hops)
Enable	**20**

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

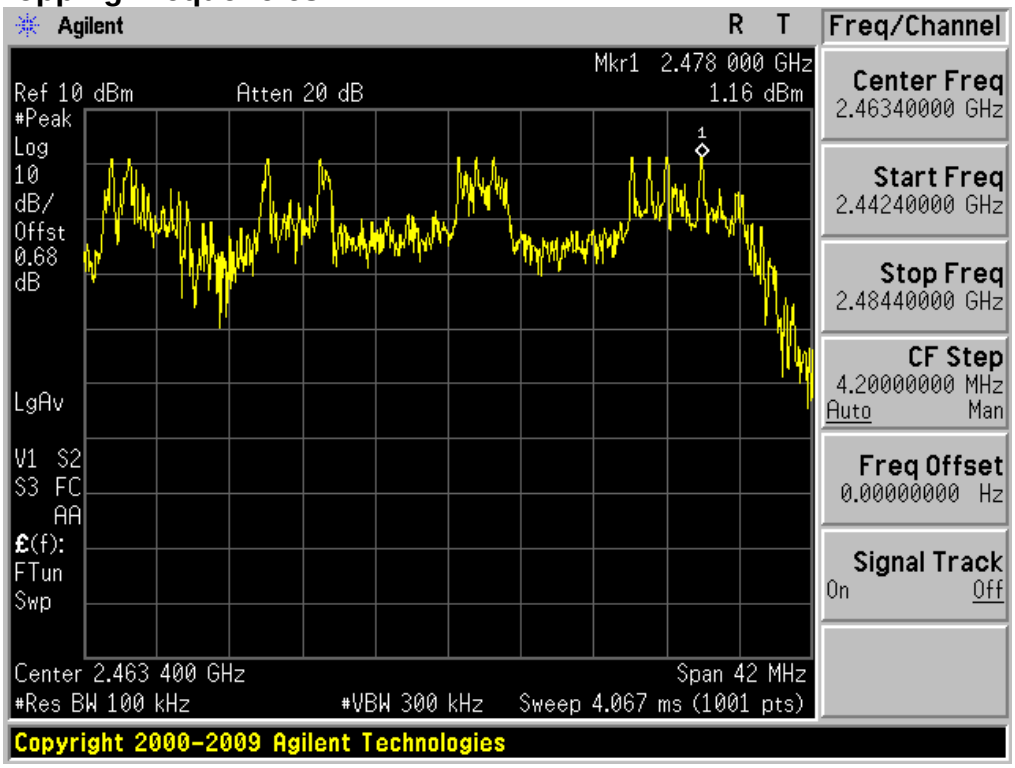
- Minimum Standard:

At least 15 hopes

Number of Hopping Frequencies 1



Number of Hopping Frequencies 2



5. 20dBc BW

5.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

5.2. Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

5.3. Test Procedure

1. The 20dBc bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector(conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.

2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW ≥ 1% of the 20 dB bandwidth, VBW ≥ RBW, Span = 3 ㎒.

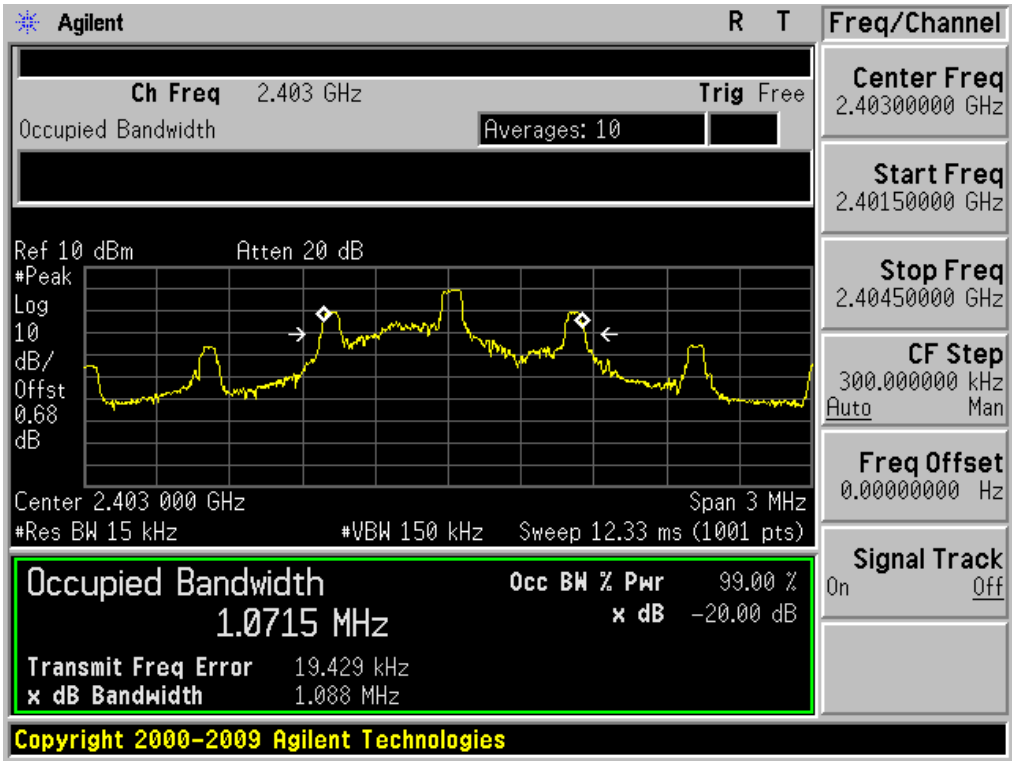
5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : 24 °C
Relative humidity : 53 %

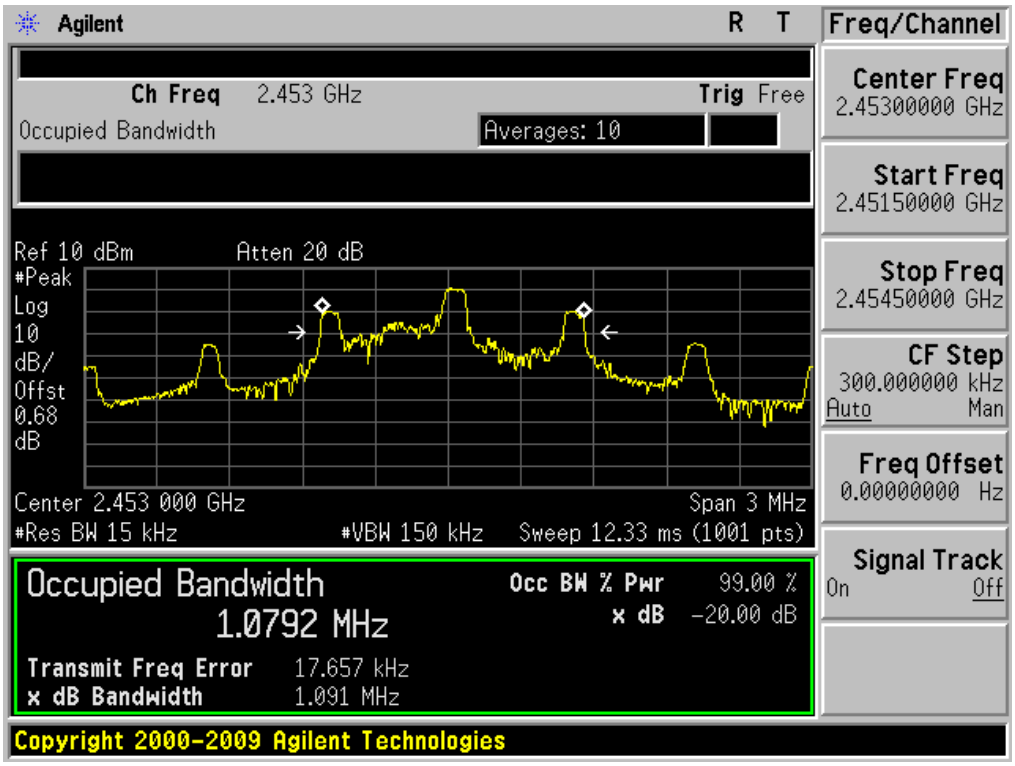
Modulation	Tested Channel	20dBc BW (MHz)
GFSK	Lowest	1.088
	Middle	1.091
	Highest	1.081

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

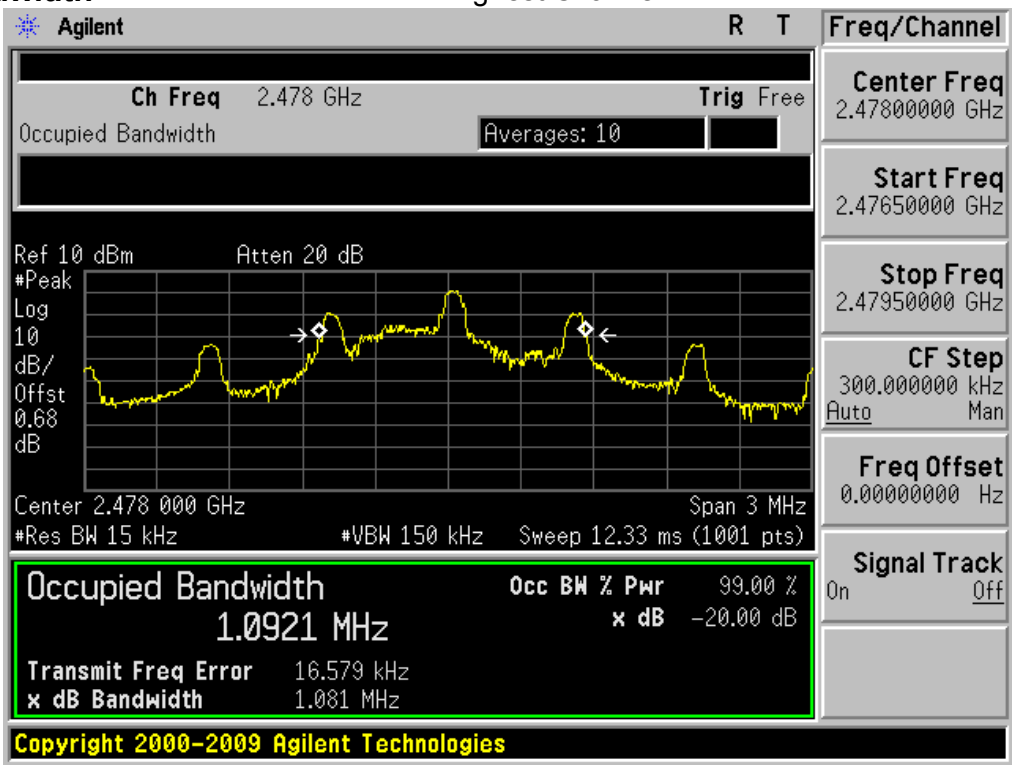
20dBc Bandwidth Lowest Channel



20dBc Bandwidth Middle Channel



20dBc Bandwidth Highest Channel



6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

6.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

6.2. Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

6.3. Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = 2453 MHz	Span = zero
RBW = 1 MHz	VBW = ≥ RBW
Trace = max hold	Detector function = peak

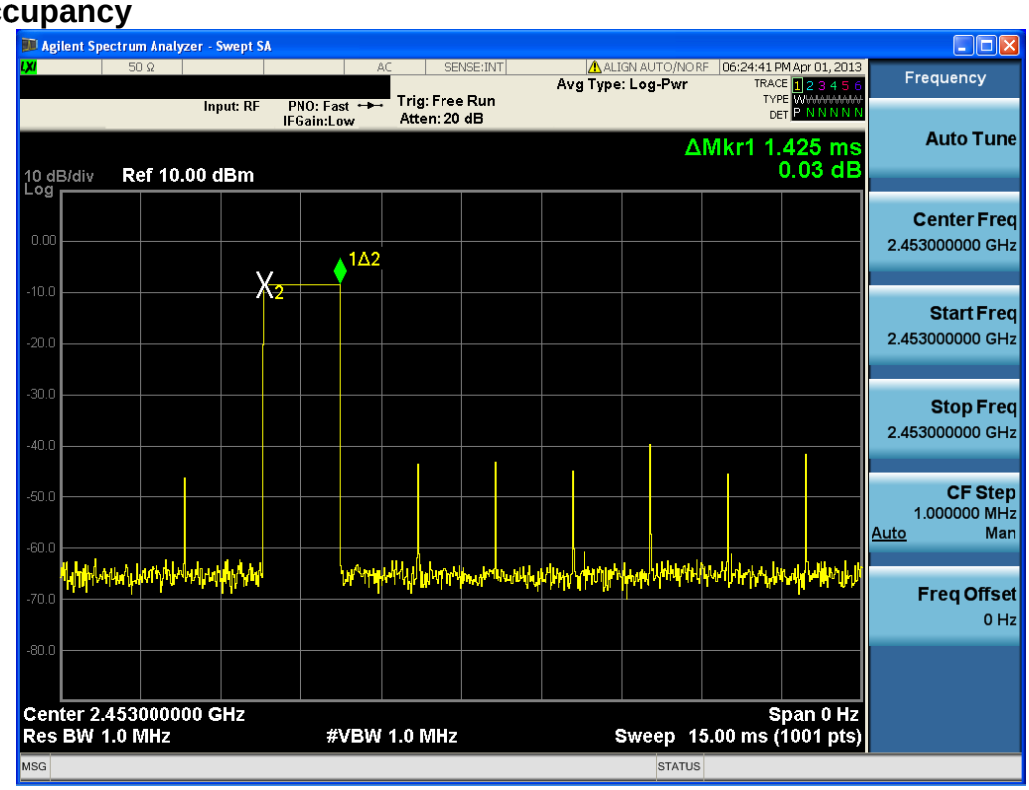
6.4. Test Results

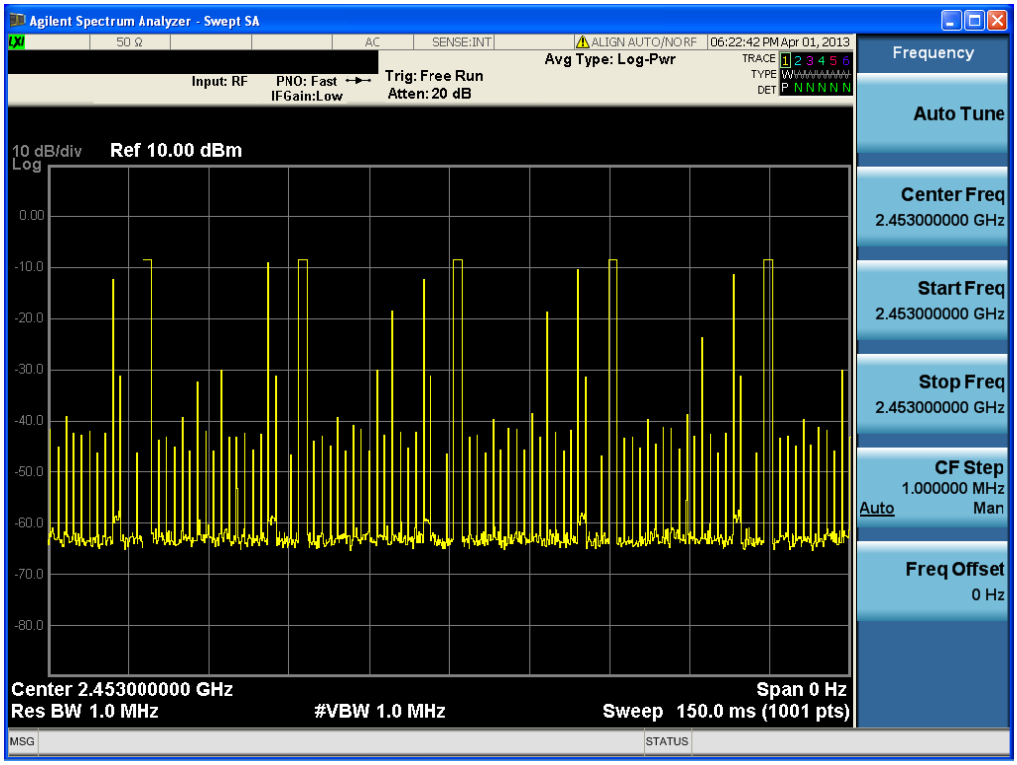
Ambient temperature : 24 °C
Relative humidity : 53 %

Hopping mode	Number of Pulses		Pulse widthtime (ms)	Average Time (ms)
	In 150ms	In 8s*		
Enable	5	270	1.425	384.75

Note 1: The marker-delta function was used to determine the Pulse width.
Time of occupancy = Pulse width x Number of Pulses in 150ms x 54**
"*" : 0.4 x Number of Hoppling Channels = 0.4 x 20 = 8s
"**": 8s / 150ms = 53.333 = 54
Note 2: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Time of Occupancy





7. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

7.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

7.2. Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 ㎑ or the 20 ㏈ bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 ㎽.

2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400 – 2 483.5 ㎒ employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725 – 5 805 ㎒ band: 1 Watt.

7.3. Test Procedure

1. The RF power output was measured with a Spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.

2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using ;
   Span = approximately 5 times the 20 ㏈ bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
   RBW ≥ 20㏈ BW
   VBW ≥ RBW
   Sweep = auto
   Detector function = peak
   Trace = max hold

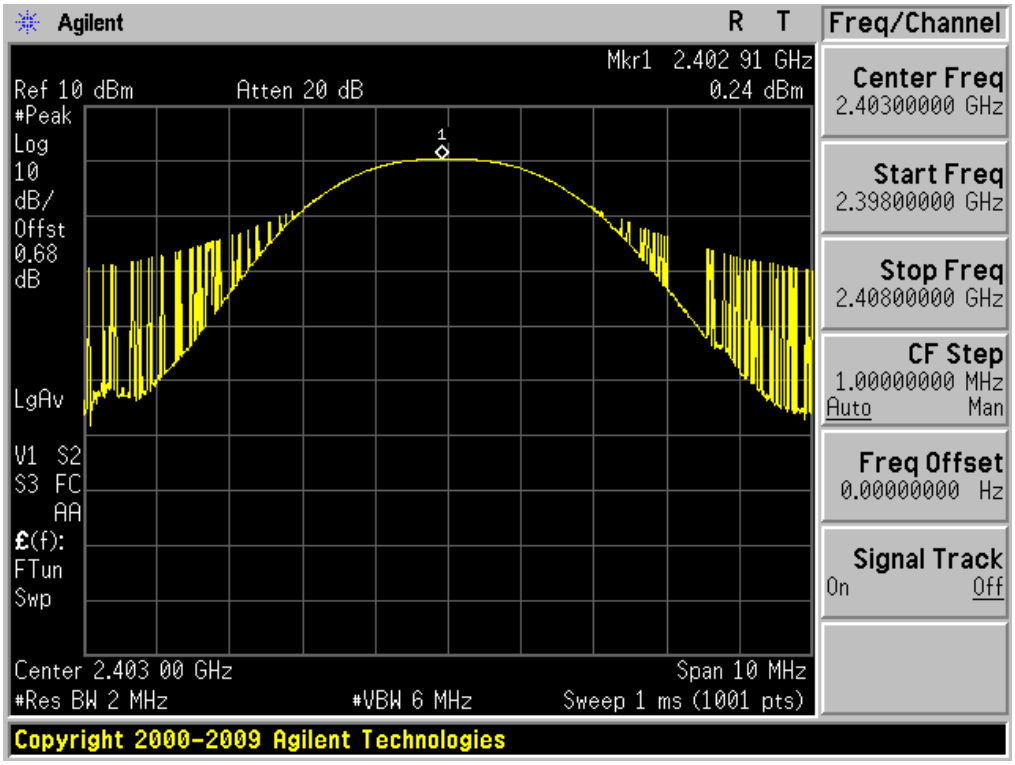
7.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : 24 °C
Relative humidity : 53 %

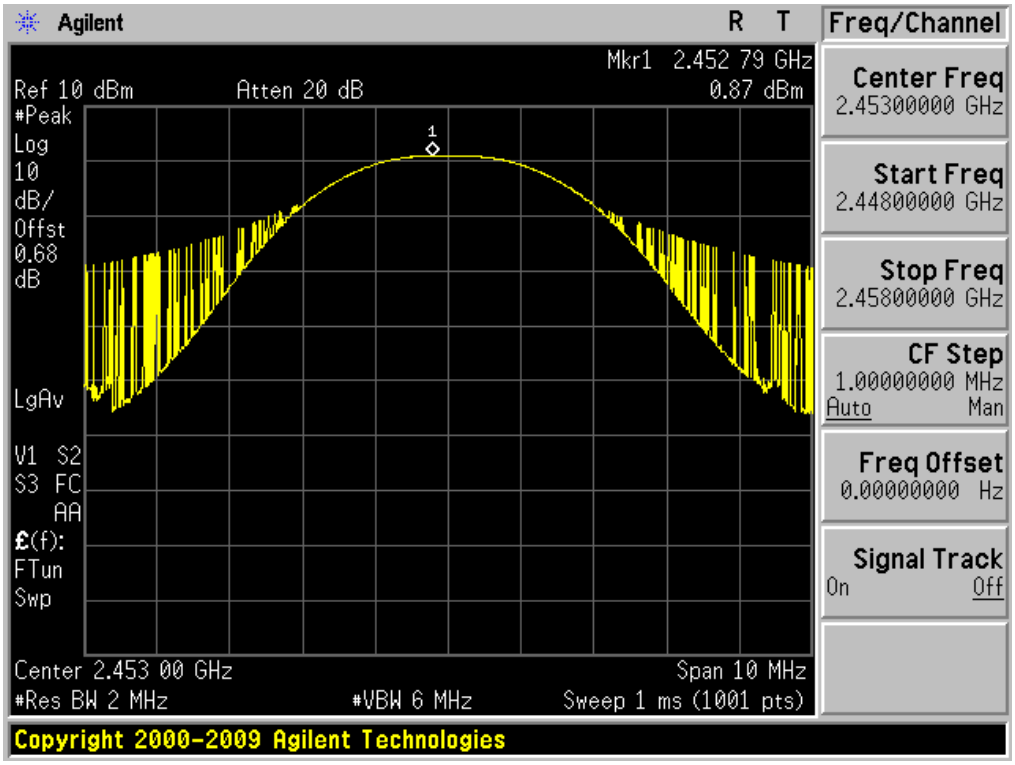
Modulation	Tested Channel	Peak Output Power	
		dBm	mW
GFSK	Lowest	0.24	1.057
	Middle	0.87	1.222
	Highest	**1.21**	**1.321**

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

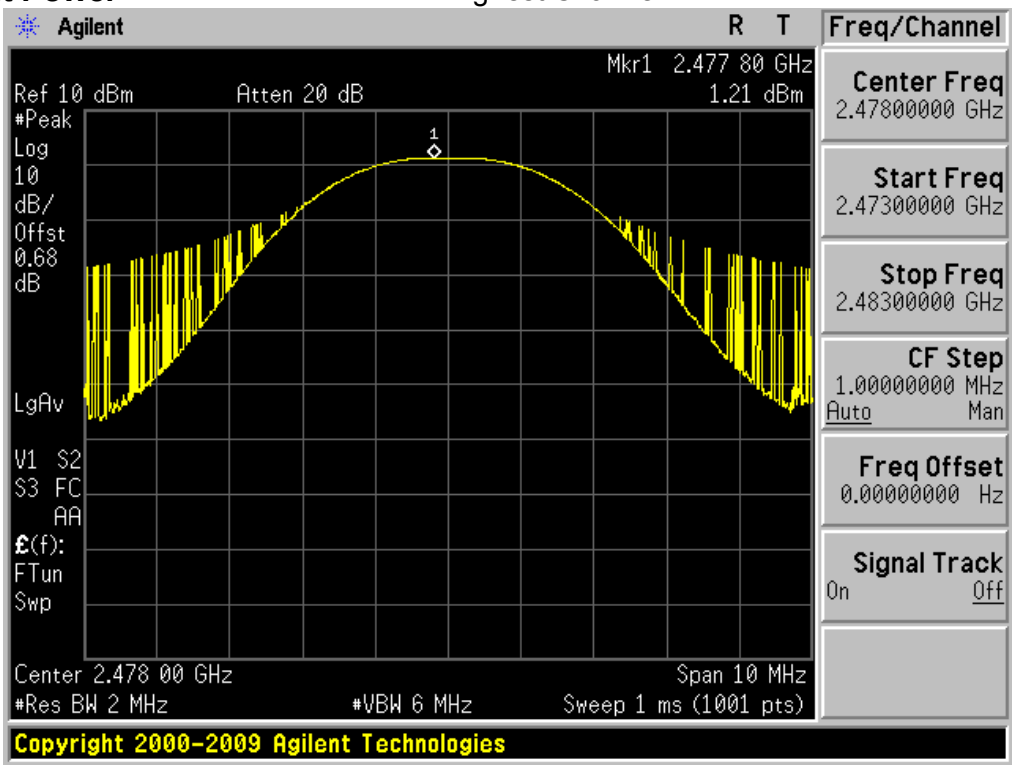
Peak Output Power Lowest Channel



Peak Output Power Middle Channel



Peak Output Power Highest Channel



8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

8.1. Test Setup

Refer to test setup photo.

8.2. Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).
Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

8.3. Test Procedures

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.4:2003

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

8.4. Test Results

AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph) & Modulation: ***GFSK***

Digital EMC

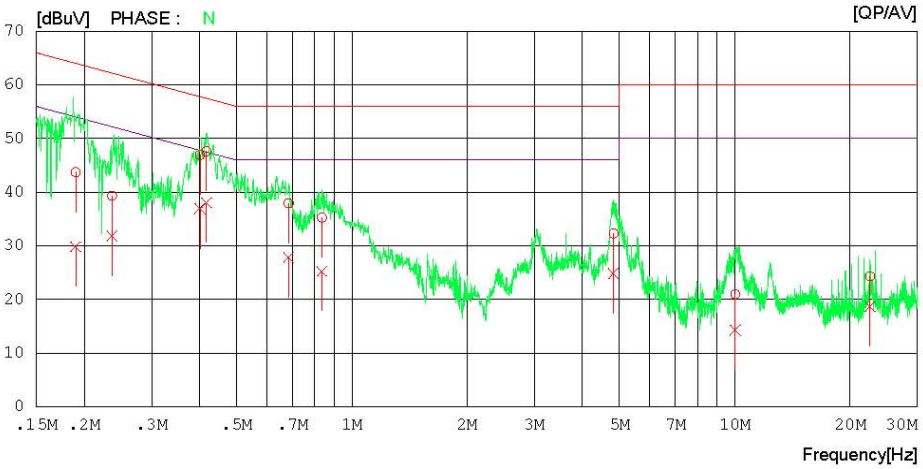
Results of Conducted Emission

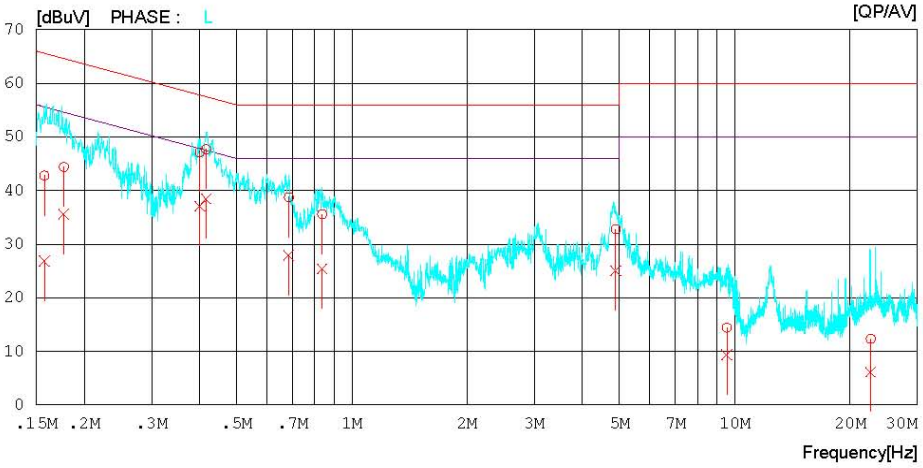
Digital EMC
Date : 2013-02-26

Model No.	:	CMR-1400	Referrence No.	:	
Type	:		Power Supply	:	120 V 60 Hz
Serial No.	:		Temp/Humi.	:	22 'C 39 % R.H.
Test Condition	:	BLUETOOTH	Operator	:	

Memo :

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV





AC Line Conducted Emissions (List) & Modulation: ***GFSK***

Results of Conducted Emission

Digital EMC
Date : 2013-03-09

Model No.	:	CMR-1400	Referrence No.	:	
Type	:		Power Supply	:	120 V 60 Hz
Serial No.	:		Temp/Humi.	:	22 'C 39 % R.H.
Test Condition	:	BLUETOOTH	Operator	:	

Memo :

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ	READING QP	READING AV	C.FACTOR	RESULT QP	RESULT AV	LIMIT QP	LIMIT AV	MARGIN QP	MARGIN AV	PHASE
	[MHz]	[dBuV]	[dBuV]	[dB]	[dBuV]	[dBuV]	[dBuV]	[dBuV]	[dBuV]	[dBuV]	
1	0.19009	42.4	28.5	1.3	43.7	29.8	64.0	54.0	20.3	24.2	N
2	0.23656	38.2	30.7	1.1	39.3	31.8	62.2	52.2	22.9	20.4	N
3	0.40113	46.1	36.1	0.8	46.9	36.9	57.8	47.8	10.9	10.9	N
4	0.41731	46.8	37.3	0.8	47.6	38.1	57.5	47.5	9.9	9.4	N
5	0.68458	37.4	27.3	0.5	37.9	27.8	56.0	46.0	18.1	18.2	N
6	0.83530	34.8	24.8	0.5	35.3	25.3	56.0	46.0	20.7	20.7	N
7	4.82650	32.1	24.6	0.2	32.3	24.8	56.0	46.0	23.7	21.2	N
8	10.02900	20.5	13.9	0.4	20.9	14.3	60.0	50.0	39.1	35.7	N
9	22.55850	23.9	18.3	0.4	24.3	18.7	60.0	50.0	35.7	31.3	N
10	0.15738	41.1	25.2	1.7	42.8	26.9	65.6	55.6	22.8	28.7	L
11	0.17699	42.9	34.1	1.5	44.4	35.6	64.6	54.6	20.2	19.0	L
12	0.40053	46.3	36.3	0.8	47.1	37.1	57.8	47.8	10.7	10.7	L
13	0.41655	46.9	37.7	0.8	47.7	38.5	57.5	47.5	9.8	9.0	L
14	0.68465	38.3	27.4	0.5	38.8	27.9	56.0	46.0	17.2	18.1	L
15	0.83641	35.1	24.9	0.5	35.6	25.4	56.0	46.0	20.4	20.6	L
16	4.88900	32.6	24.8	0.2	32.8	25.0	56.0	46.0	23.2	21.0	L
17	9.53700	14.0	9.0	0.4	14.4	9.4	60.0	50.0	45.6	40.6	L
18	22.65000	12.0	5.8	0.4	12.4	6.2	60.0	50.0	47.6	43.8	L

9. Antenna Requirement

▣ **Procedure:**

Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that either its antenna is permanently attached, or that it employs a unique antenna connector, for every antenna proposed for use with the EUT.

▣ **Conclusion: Comply**

The antenna is permanently attached to the PCB. (Refer to Internal Photo file.)

▣ **Minimum Standard:**

> An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions.

10. Occupied Bandwidth (99%)

- Procedure: (RSS-Gen Issue 3)
- The 99% power bandwidth was measured with a calibrated spectrum analyzer.
- Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

- Measurement Data: Comply

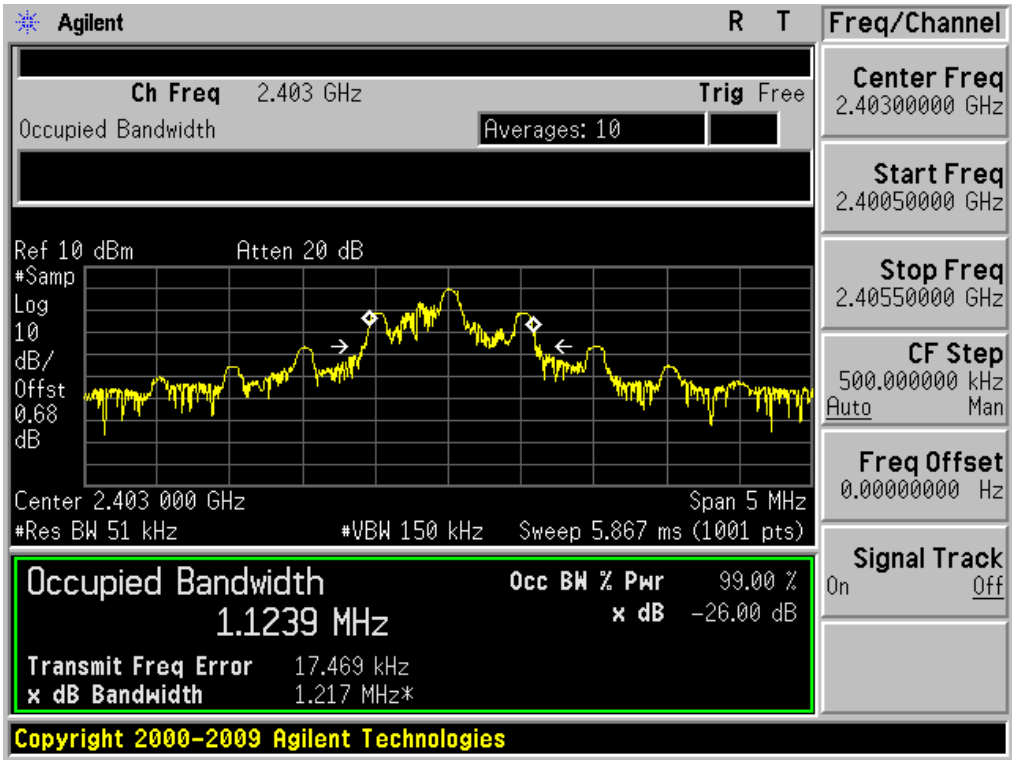
Test Mode	Tested Channel	Test Results (MHz)
GFSK	Lowest	1.1239
	Middle	1.1447
	Highest	1.1414

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

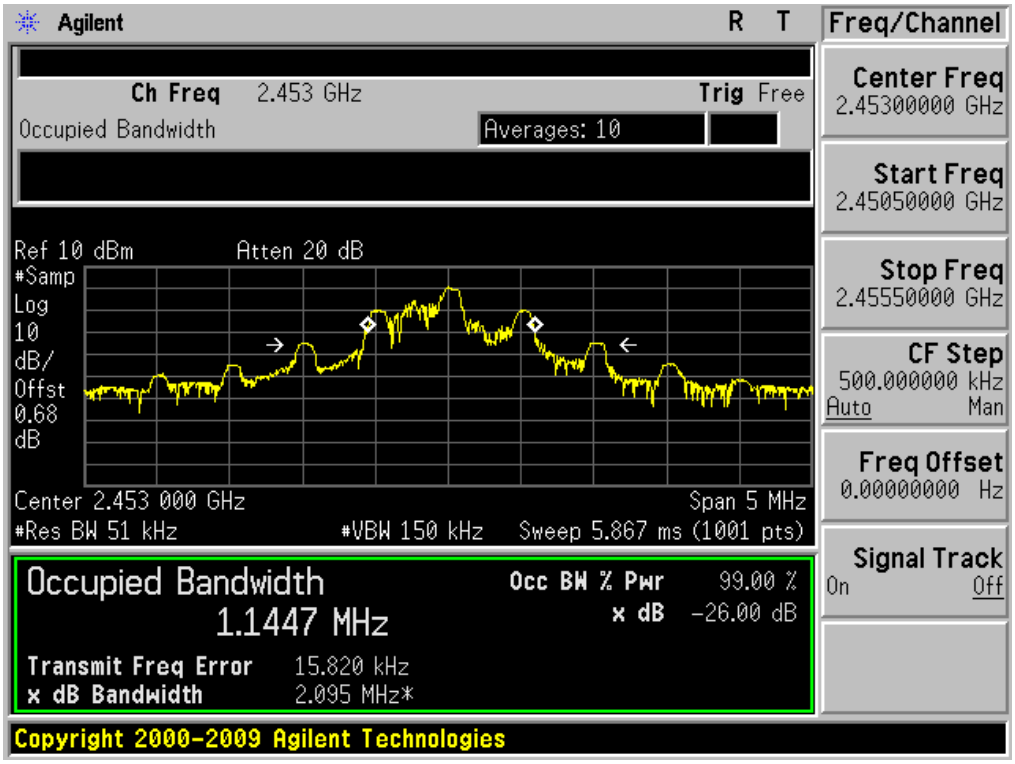
- **Minimum Standard:**

N/A

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) Lowest Frequency



Occupied Bandwidth (99%) Middle Frequency



Occupied Bandwidth (99%) Highest Frequency