

FCC Part 15 EMI TEST REPORT

of

E.U.T. : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
Model No. : HS-D100
FCC ID. : SRN-HS-D100

for

APPLICANT : HOSTON TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
ADDRESS : No. 1, Nan-Tai Street Yungkang Dist., Tainan,
Taiwan

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST.,
NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C

Tel : (02)26023052 Fax : (02)26010910

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Report Number : 13-01-RBF-005-01

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : HOSTON TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
No. 1, Nan-Tai Street Yungkang Dist., Tainan, Taiwan

Manufacturer : HOSTON TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
No. 1, Nan-Tai Street Yungkang Dist., Tainan, Taiwan

Description of EUT

a) Type of EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module

b) Trade Name : HOSTON

c) Model No. : HS-D100

d) Power Supply : DC 5V

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.
2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Summary of Tests

Test	Results
Radiated Emission	Pass
Conducted Emission	Pass
Hopping Channel Separation	Pass
Number of Hopping frequencies used	Pass
Hopping Channel Bandwidth	Pass
Dwell Time of each frequency	Pass
Output Power Requirement	Pass
100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement	Pass
Out-of-Band Conducted Emission Requirement	Pass

Date Test Item Received : Jan. 04, 2012

Date Test Campaign Completed : Jun. 05, 2013

Date of Issue : Jun. 06, 2013

Test Engineer

:

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Vincent Chang", is written over a light yellow rectangular background.

(Vincent Chang, Engineer)

Approve & Authorized

:

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "S. S. Liou", is written over a light yellow rectangular background.

S. S. Liou, Section Manager
EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS
TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

- a) Type of EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
- b) Trade Name : HOSTON
- c) Model No. : HS-D100
- d) Power Supply : DC 5V

1.2 Characteristics of Device

Frequency band	:	802.11b/g & 802.11n(HT20): 2412MHz~2462MHz 802.11n(HT40): 2422MHz~2452MHz
Number of channels	:	802.11b/g & 802.11n(HT20): 11 channels 802.11n(HT40): 9 channels
Channel spacing	:	5MHz
Transmitter antenna source	:	(1) ANT 1: Integrated PIFA antenna. Model: SC-323B2 (2) ANT 2: Embedded antenna. Model: WF4773

1.3 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details. For RF test the measurement procedure was referred to FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

The EUT set for test with the continuous transmission mode and the duty cycle >98%.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at NO. 34, LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C.

This site has been fully described in a report submitted to your office, and accepted in a letter dated Jan. 11, 2011.

2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device :

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note : A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency MHz	Quasi Peak dB μ V	Average dB μ V
0.15 - 0.5	66-56*	56-46*
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency MHz	Distance Meters	Radiated dB μ V/m	Radiated μ V/m
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 - 216	3	43.5	150
216 - 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

(4) Bandwidth Requirement

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(a)(2), the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

(5) Output Power Requirement

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

(7) Power Density Requirement

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
0.495 - 0.505 **	16.69475 - 16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2655-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3360-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

** : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions : (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For both radiated and conducted emissions below 1 GHz, the system was configured for testing in a typical fashion as a customer would normally use it. The peripherals other than EUT were connected in normally standing by situation. Measurement was performed under the condition that a computer program was exercised to simulate data communication of EUT, and the transmission rate was set to maximum allowed by EUT. Three highest emissions were verified with varying placement of the cables connected to EUT to maximize the emission from EUT.

For conducted and radiated spurious emissions, whichever RF channel is operated, the digital circuits function identically. As the reason, measurement of radiated emissions from digital circuits is only performed with channel 1 by transmitting mode.

3.2 Devices for Tested System

Device	Manufacture	Model / FCC ID	Cable Description
WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g /b RF Module *	HOSTON TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	HS-D100/ SRN-HS-D100	---
Notebook PC	DELL	PP25L	1.8mUnshielded AC Power Cord

Remark “*” means equipment under test.

4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and direct sequence spread spectrum, and the out band emission shall be comply with §15.247 (c)

4.2 Measurement Procedure

A. Preliminary Measurement For Portable Devices

For portable devices, the following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT:

1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
2. With the receiving antenna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. So, the axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.

B. Final Measurement

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in normal function.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm

emissions measured.

5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables (if any) associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

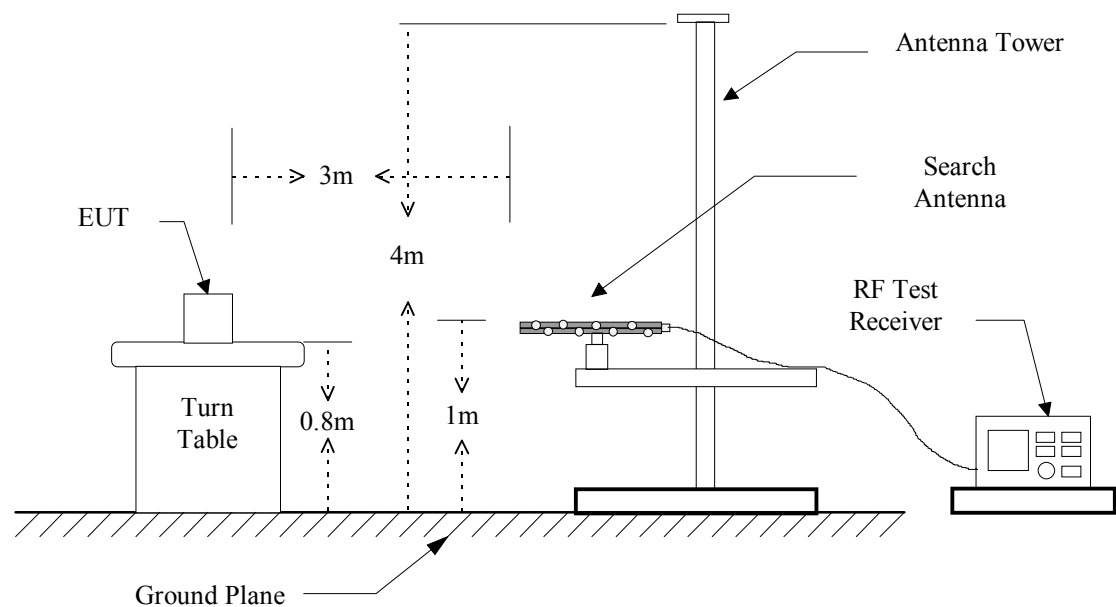
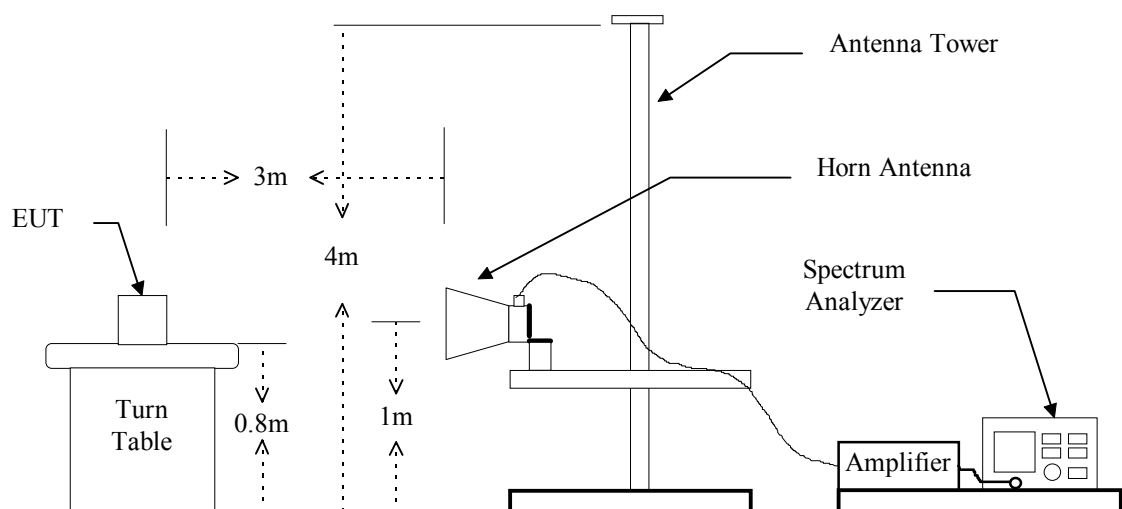


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVS30	2012/05/07	2013/05/07
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESL	2012/07/30	2013/07/30
Bi-Log Antenna	ETC	MCTD 2756	2013/01/17	2014/01/17
Log-periodic Antenna	EMCO	3146	2012/10/17	2013/10/17
Double Ridged Guide Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	2012/10/26	2013/10/29
Biconical Antenna	EMCO	3110B	2012/12/13	2013/12/13
Double Ridged Antenna	EMCO	3115	2012/05/18	2013/05/18
Amplifier	HP	8449B	2013/01/09	2014/01/09
Amplifier	HP	83051A	2012/05/16	2013/05/16
Amplifier	HP	8447D	2012/05/16	2013/05/16
Spectrum	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/09/20	2013/09/20

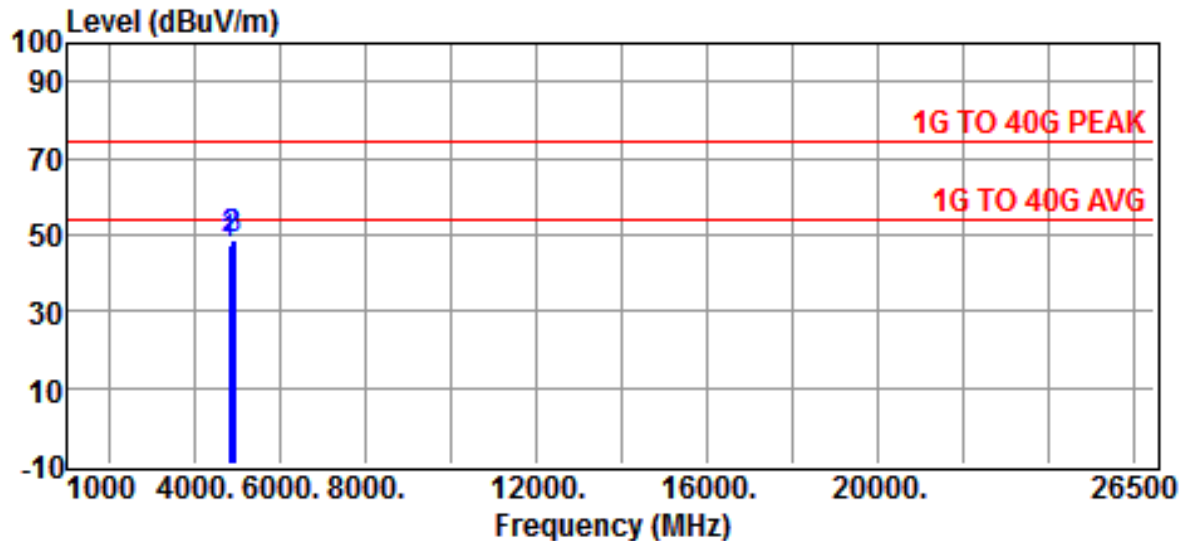
Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

Frequency Band (MHz)	Instrument	Function	Resolution bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
30 to 1000	RF Test Receiver	Quasi-Peak	120 kHz	N/A
	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	100 kHz	100 kHz
Above 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
	Spectrum Analyzer	Average	1 MHz	10 Hz

4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 RF Portion

A. (802.11b) /Ant 1

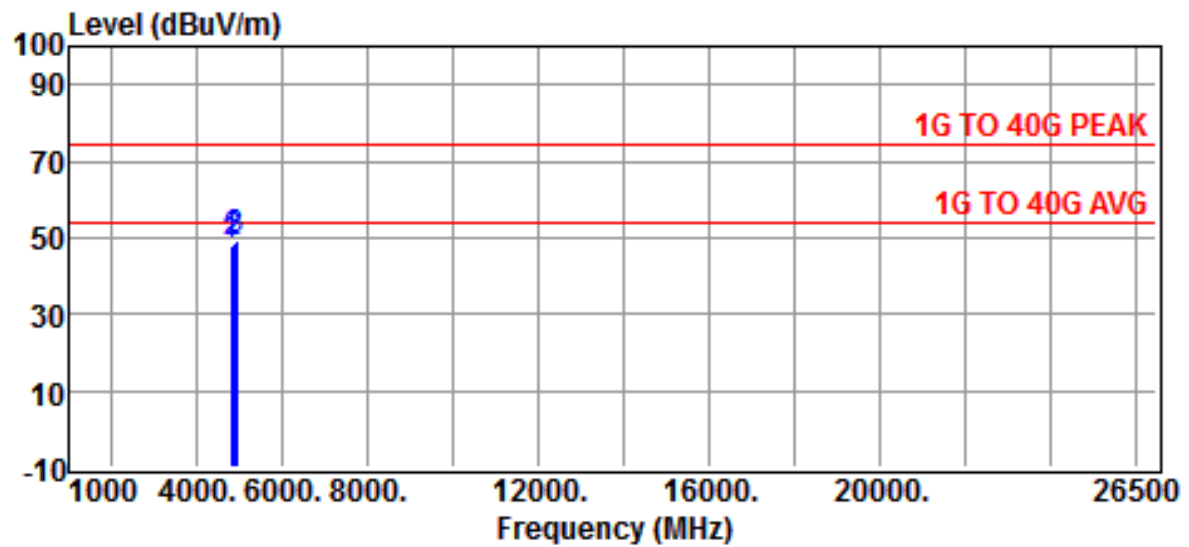


Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11B/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	46.0	1.3	47.3	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	47.2	1.4	48.6	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4924.0000	47.3	1.5	48.8	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

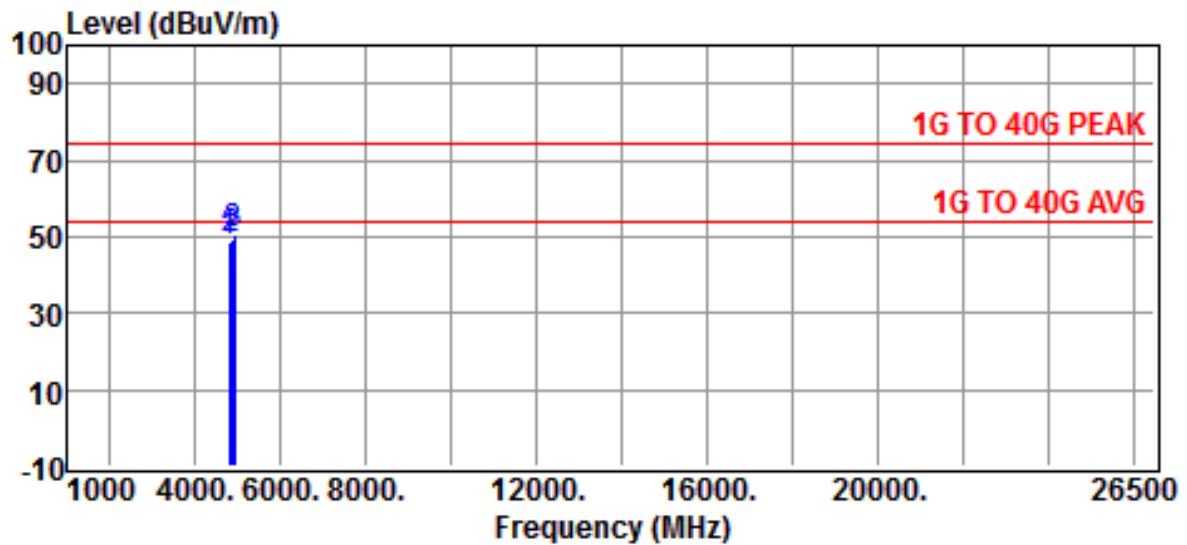


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11B/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	46.6	1.3	47.9	74.0	-26.1	Peak
4874.0000	47.2	1.4	48.6	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4924.0000	47.8	1.5	49.3	74.0	-24.7	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

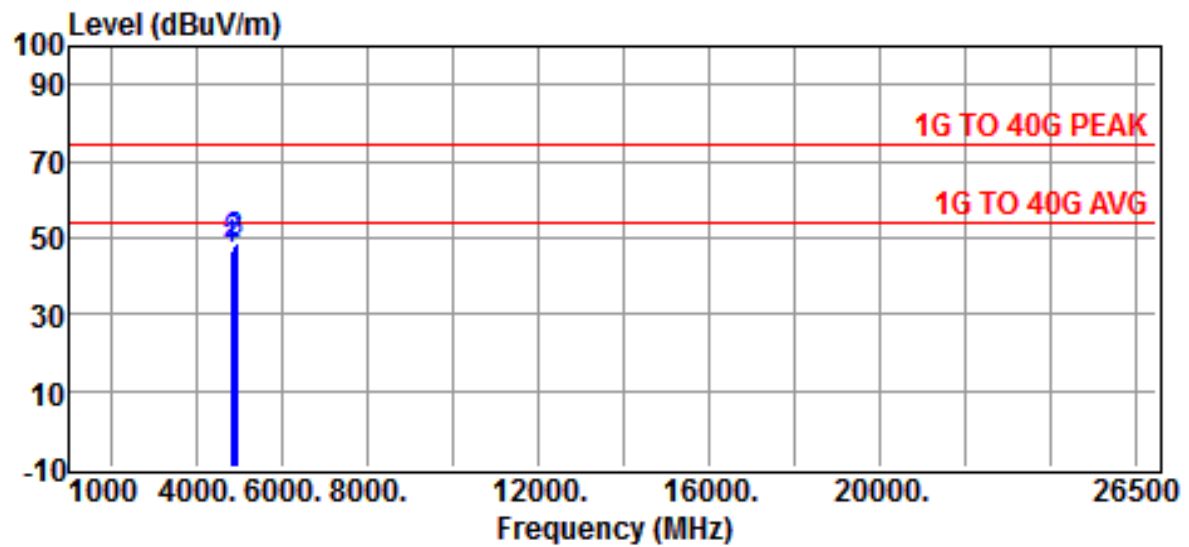
B. (802.11g) /Ant 1

Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : HORIZONTAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11G/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	47.0	1.3	48.3	74.0	-25.7	Peak
4874.0000	48.1	1.4	49.5	74.0	-24.5	Peak
4924.0000	49.1	1.5	50.6	74.0	-23.4	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

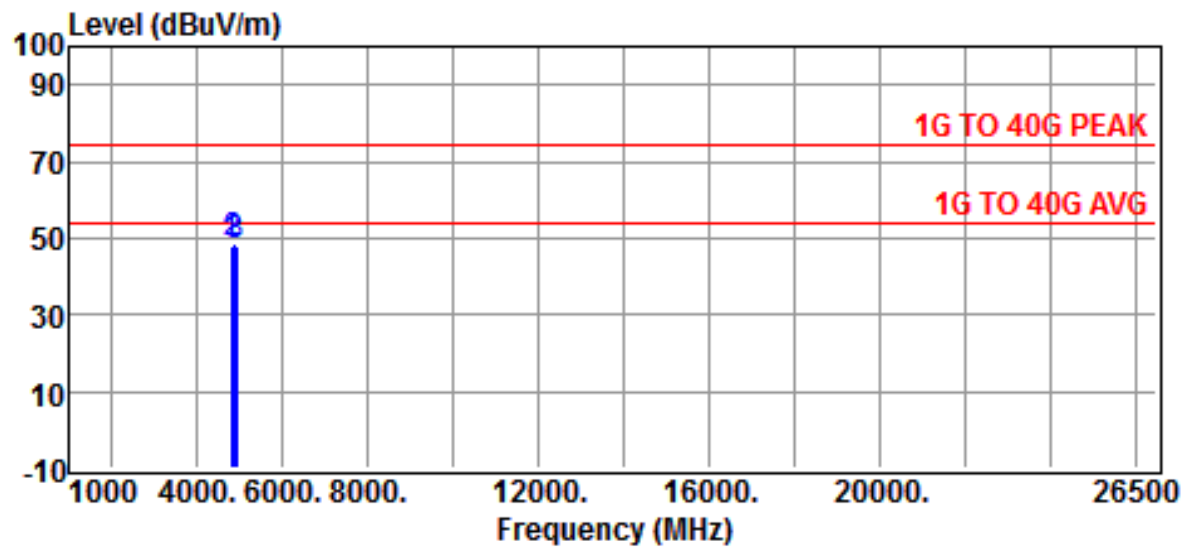


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11G/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	45.6	1.3	46.9	74.0	-27.1	Peak
4874.0000	46.3	1.4	47.7	74.0	-26.3	Peak
4924.0000	47.4	1.5	48.9	74.0	-25.1	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

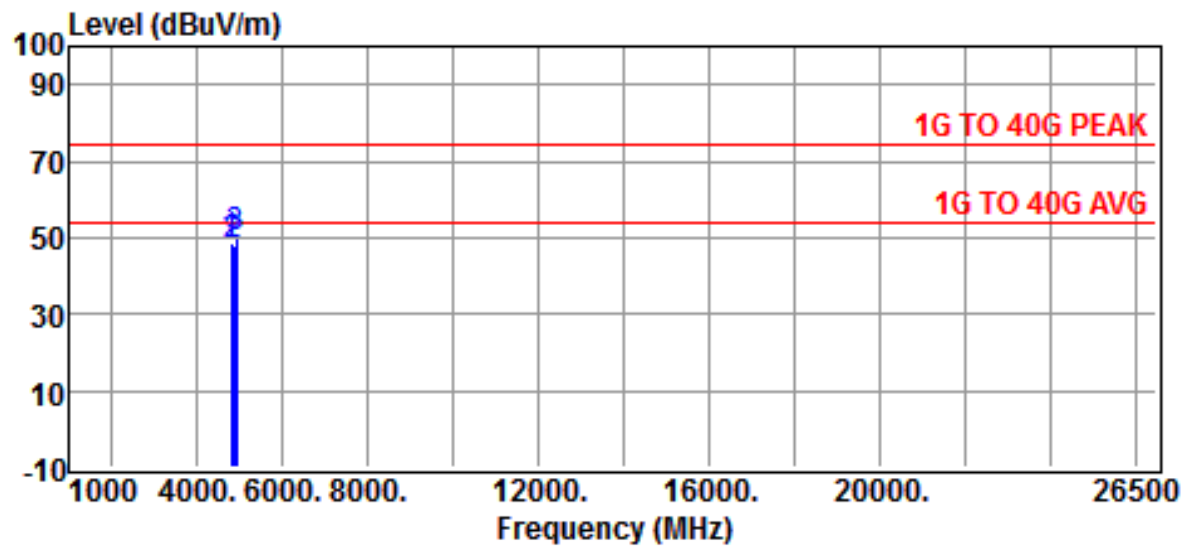
C. (802.11n HT-20) /Ant 1

Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11N-20/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	46.4	1.3	47.7	74.0	-26.3	Peak
4874.0000	47.1	1.4	48.5	74.0	-25.5	Peak
4924.0000	46.7	1.5	48.2	74.0	-25.8	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

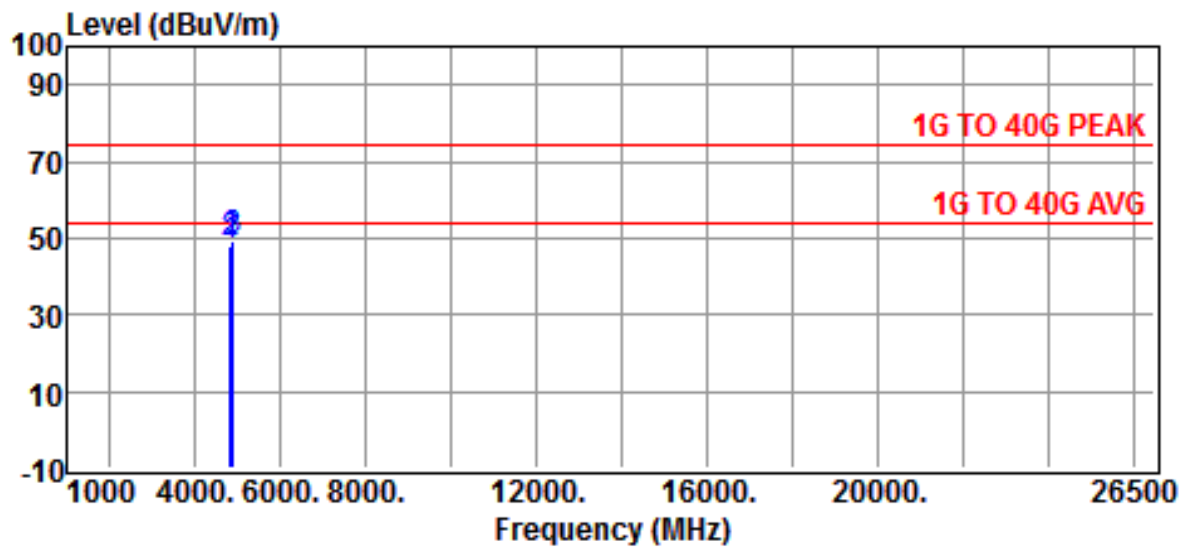


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-20/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	47.6	1.3	48.9	74.0	-25.1	Peak
4874.0000	46.7	1.4	48.1	74.0	-25.9	Peak
4924.0000	48.3	1.5	49.8	74.0	-24.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

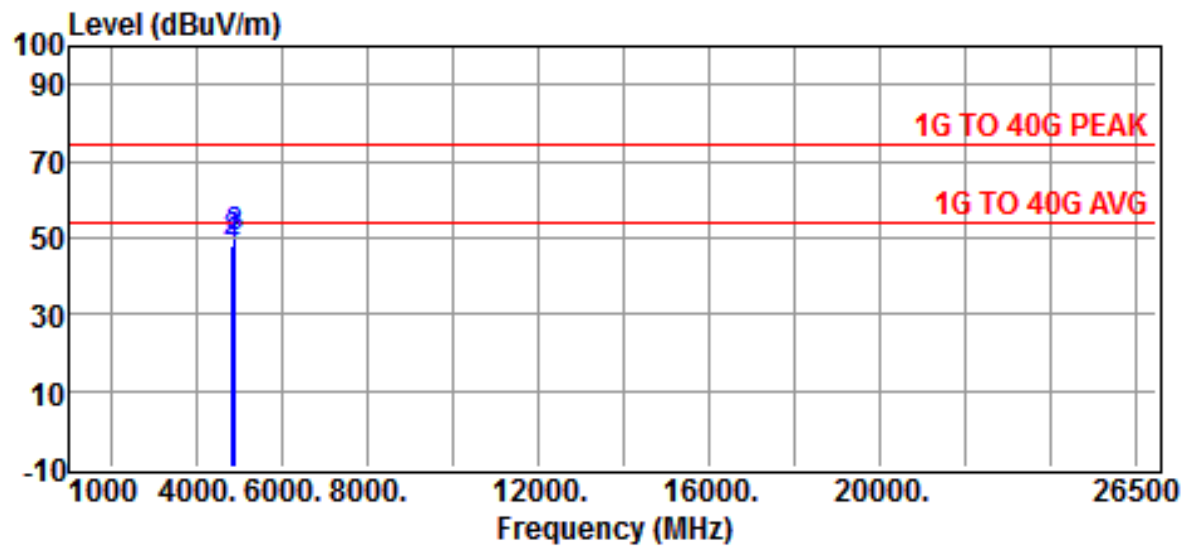
D. (802.11n HT-40) /Ant 1

Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11N-40/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4844.0000	46.9	1.3	48.2	74.0	-25.8	Peak
4874.0000	47.5	1.4	48.9	74.0	-25.1	Peak
4904.0000	48.1	1.4	49.5	74.0	-24.5	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

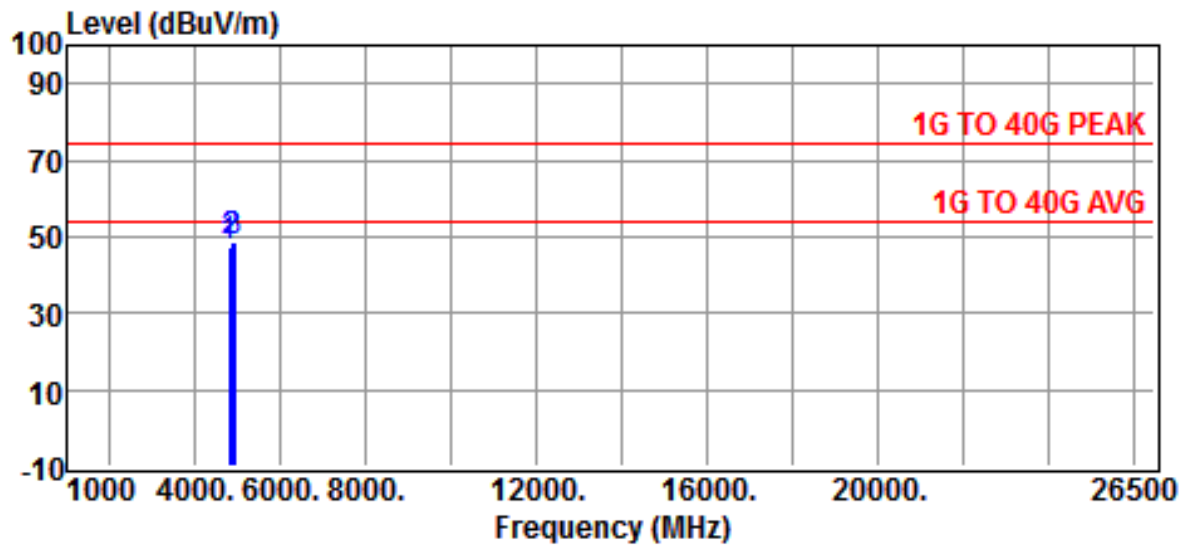


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-40/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4844.0000	46.8	1.3	48.1	74.0	-25.9	Peak
4874.0000	47.1	1.4	48.5	74.0	-25.5	Peak
4904.0000	48.3	1.4	49.7	74.0	-24.3	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

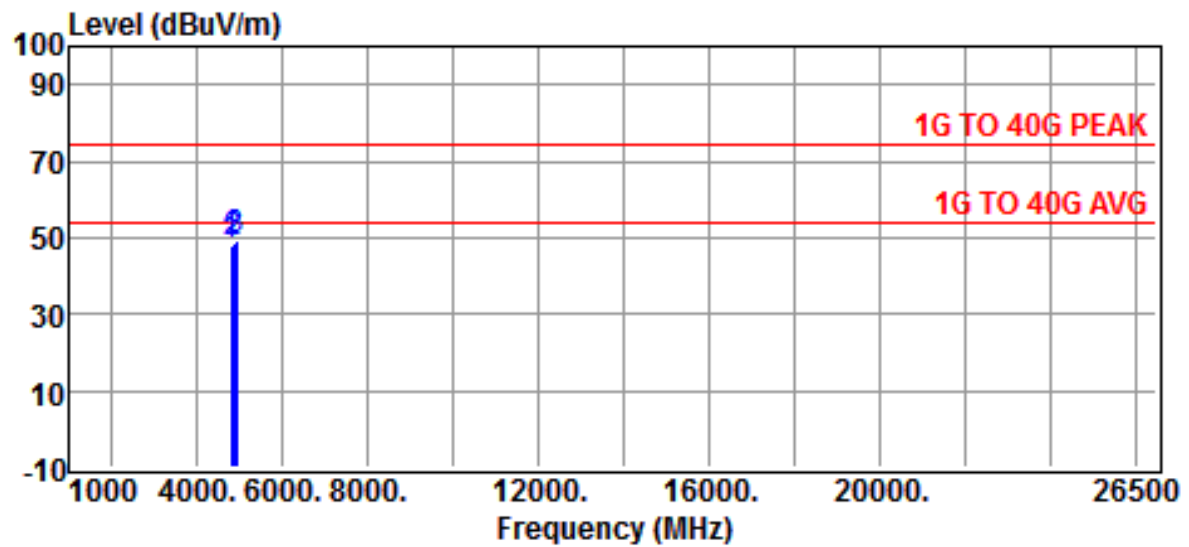
E. (802.11b) /Ant 2

Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11B/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	46.2	1.3	47.5	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	47.1	1.4	48.5	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4924.0000	47.2	1.5	48.7	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01

Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL

EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module

Temp. : 22°C

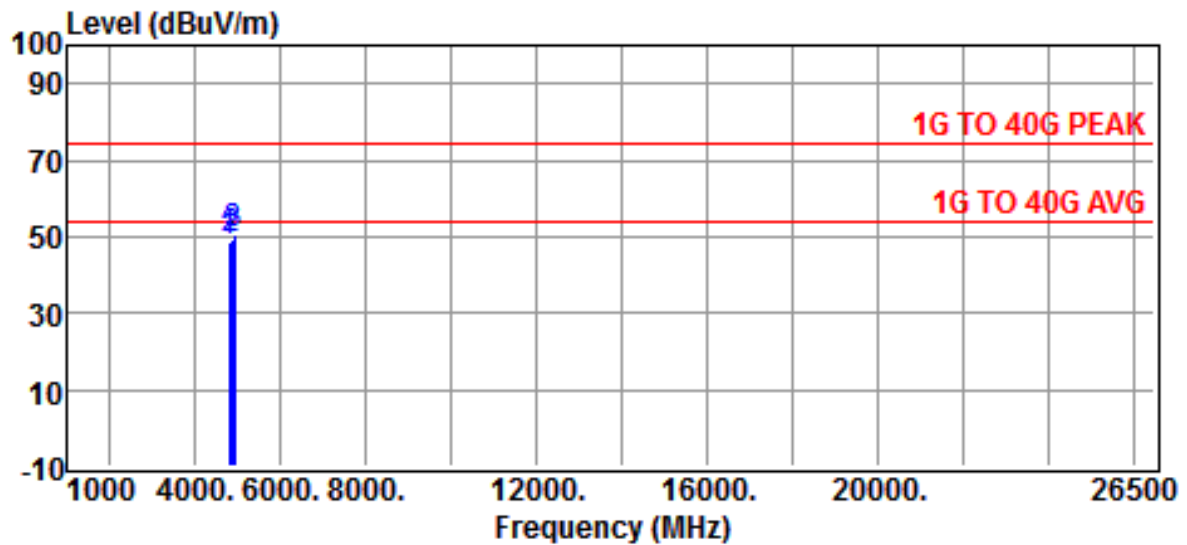
Humi. : 58%

Test Mode : 802.11B/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	46.7	1.3	48.0	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	47.3	1.4	48.7	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4924.0000	47.5	1.5	49.0	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

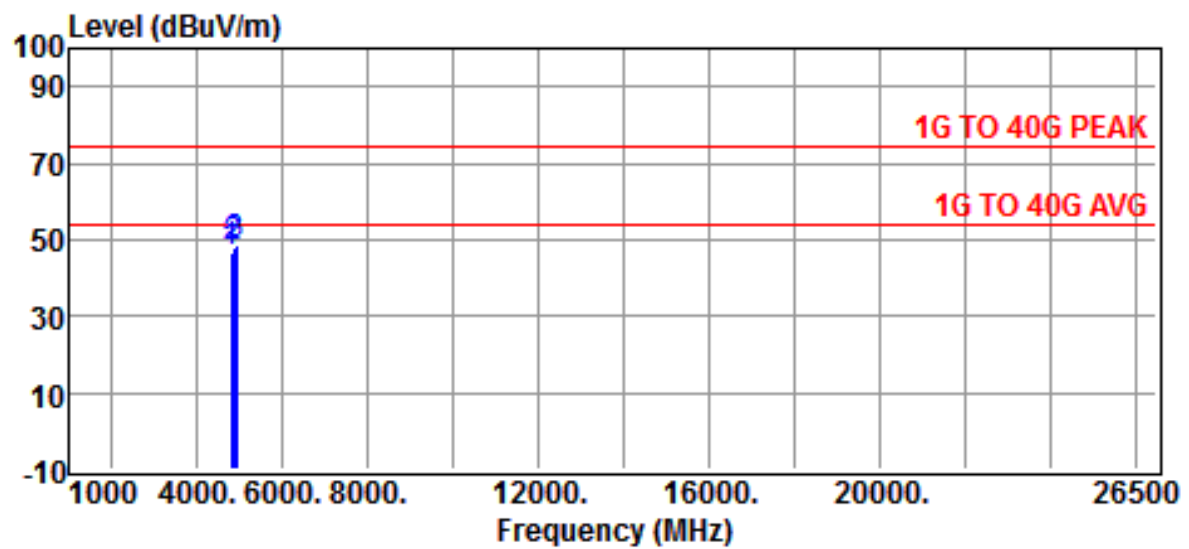
F. (802.11g) /Ant 2

Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : HORIZONTAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11G/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	47.1	1.3	48.4	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	48.2	1.4	49.6	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4924.0000	49.0	1.5	50.5	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

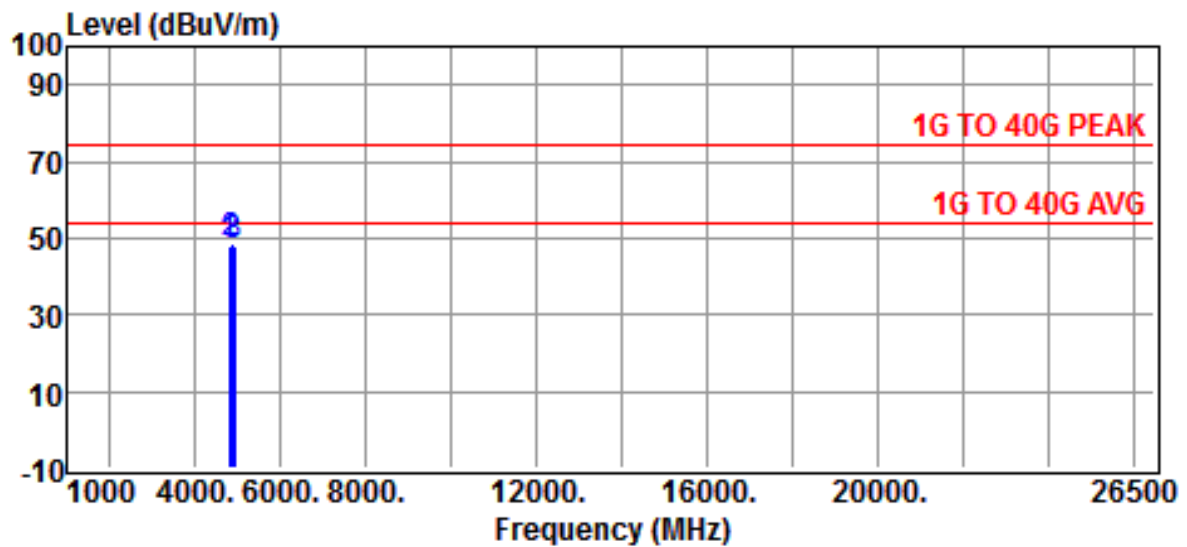


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11G/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	45.6	1.3	46.9	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	46.5	1.4	47.9	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4924.0000	47.6	1.5	49.1	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

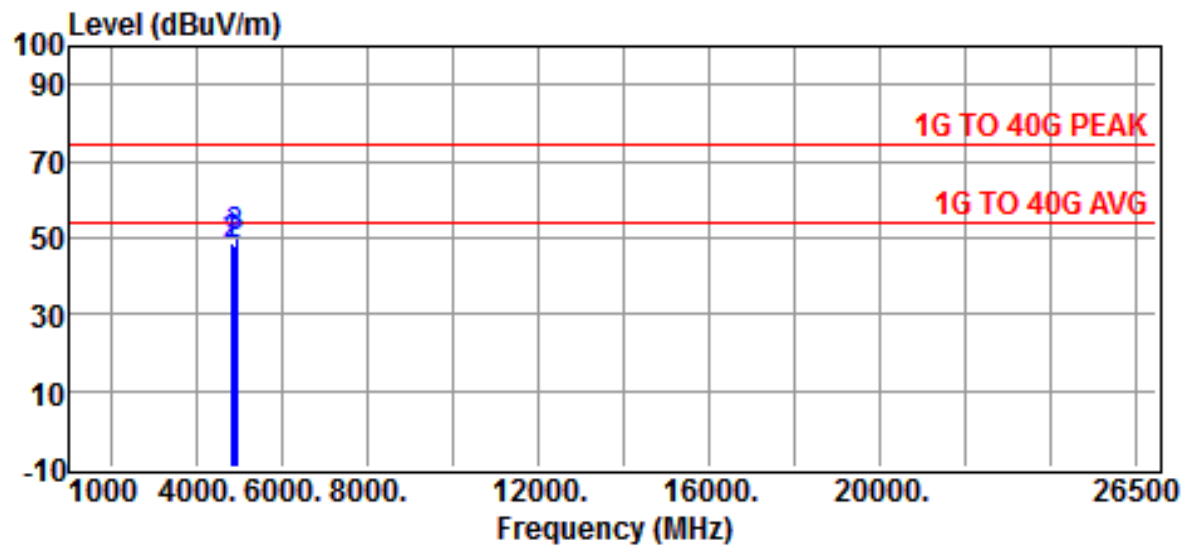
G. (802.11n HT-20) /Ant 2

Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11N-20/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	46.5	1.3	47.8	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	47.3	1.4	48.7	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4924.0000	46.8	1.5	48.3	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

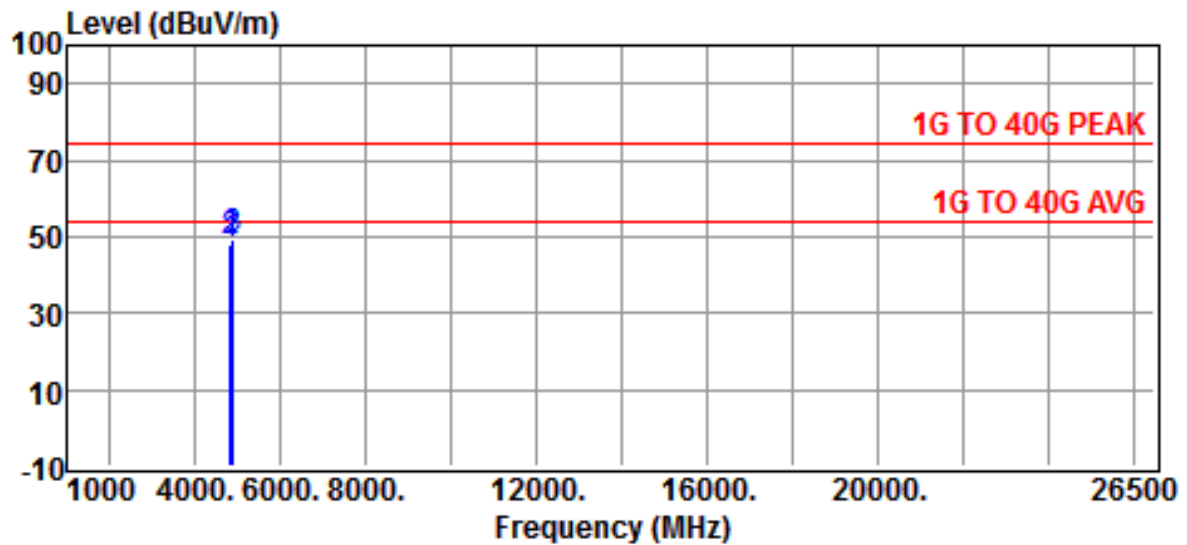


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-20/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4824.0000	47.5	1.3	48.8	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	46.8	1.4	48.2	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4924.0000	48.9	1.5	50.4	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

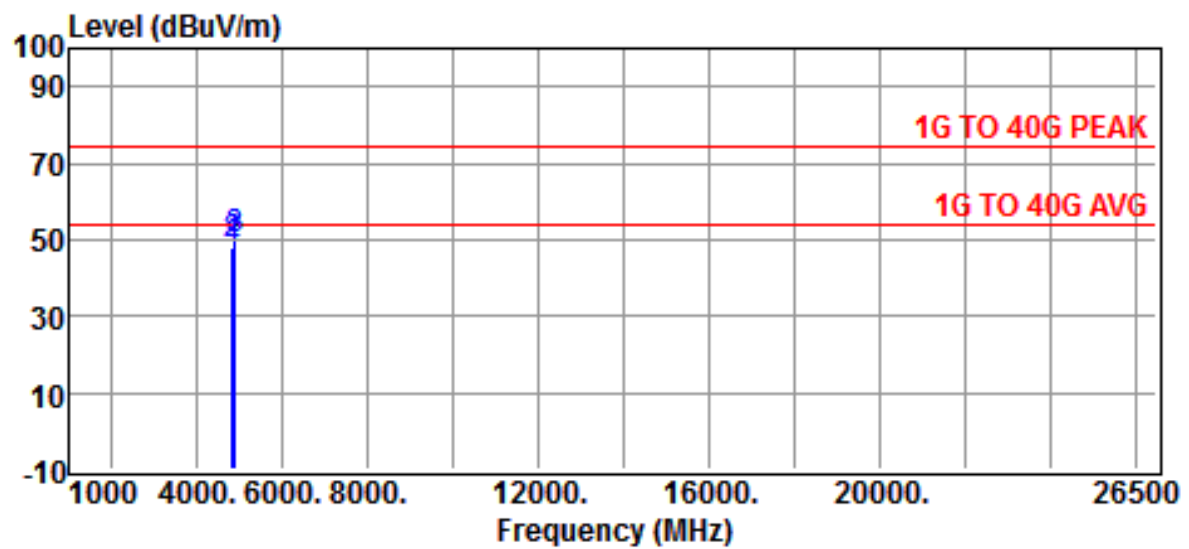
H. (802.11n HT-40) /Ant 2

Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11N-40/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4844.0000	47.1	1.3	48.4	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	47.8	1.4	49.2	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4904.0000	48.3	1.5	49.8	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-40/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

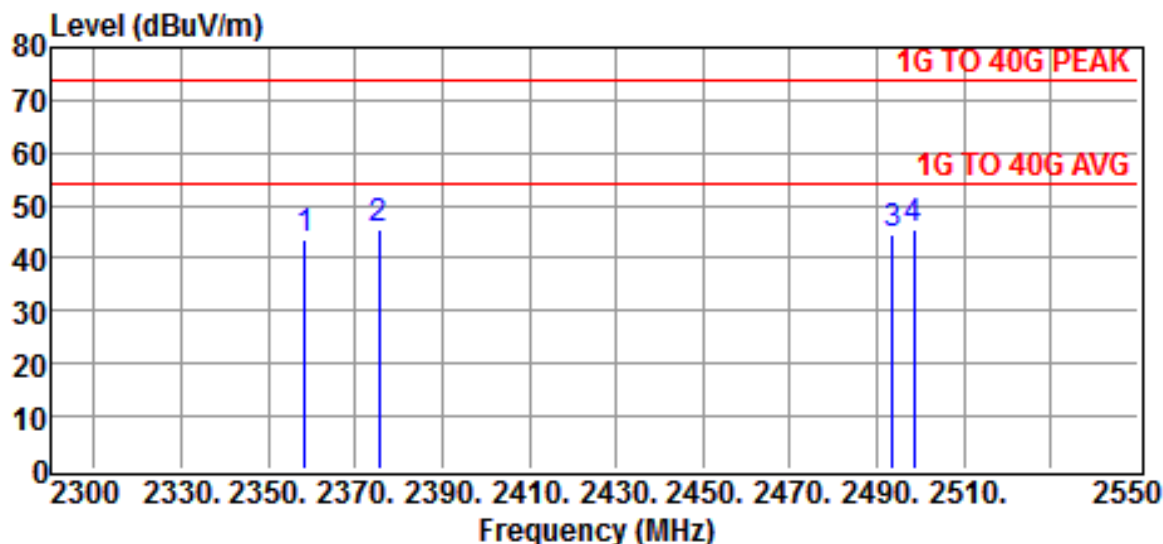
Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4844.0000	46.9	1.3	48.2	74.0	-26.7	Peak
4874.0000	47.5	1.4	48.9	74.0	-25.4	Peak
4904.0000	48.6	1.5	50.1	74.0	-25.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

4.4.2 Radiated Emission of Restricted bands

A. (802.11b) /Ant 1

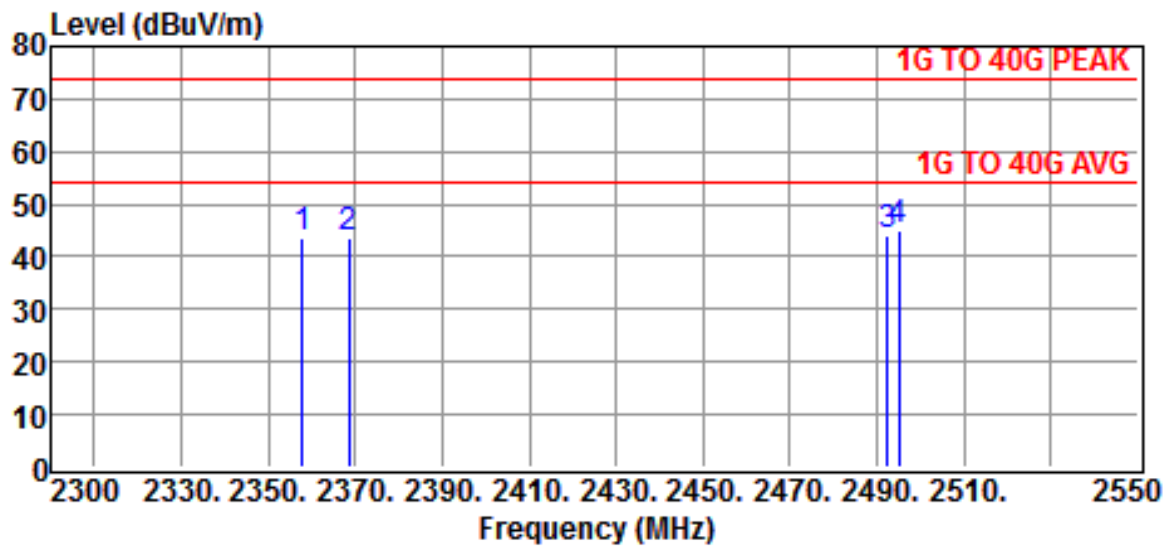


Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11B/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2358.5000	49.7	-5.9	43.8	74.0	-30.2	Peak
2375.5000	51.1	-5.8	45.3	74.0	-28.7	Peak
2493.5000	49.8	-5.4	44.4	74.0	-29.6	Peak
2498.5000	50.7	-5.4	45.3	74.0	-28.7	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

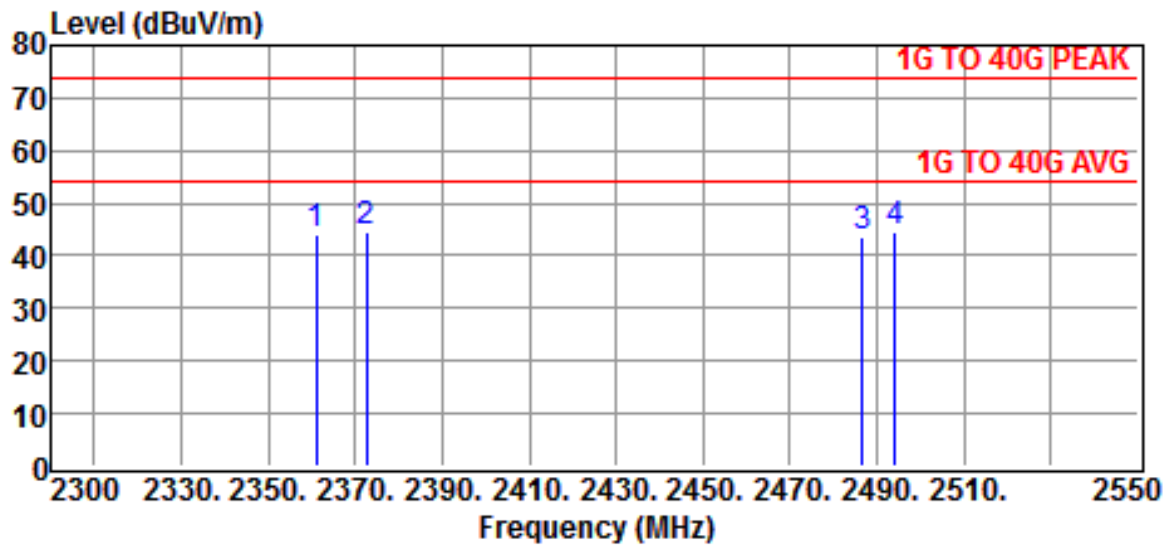


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11B/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2358.0000	49.6	-5.9	43.7	74.0	-30.3	Peak
2368.5000	49.5	-5.9	43.6	74.0	-30.4	Peak
2492.5000	49.4	-5.4	44.0	74.0	-30.0	Peak
2495.0000	50.3	-5.4	44.9	74.0	-29.1	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

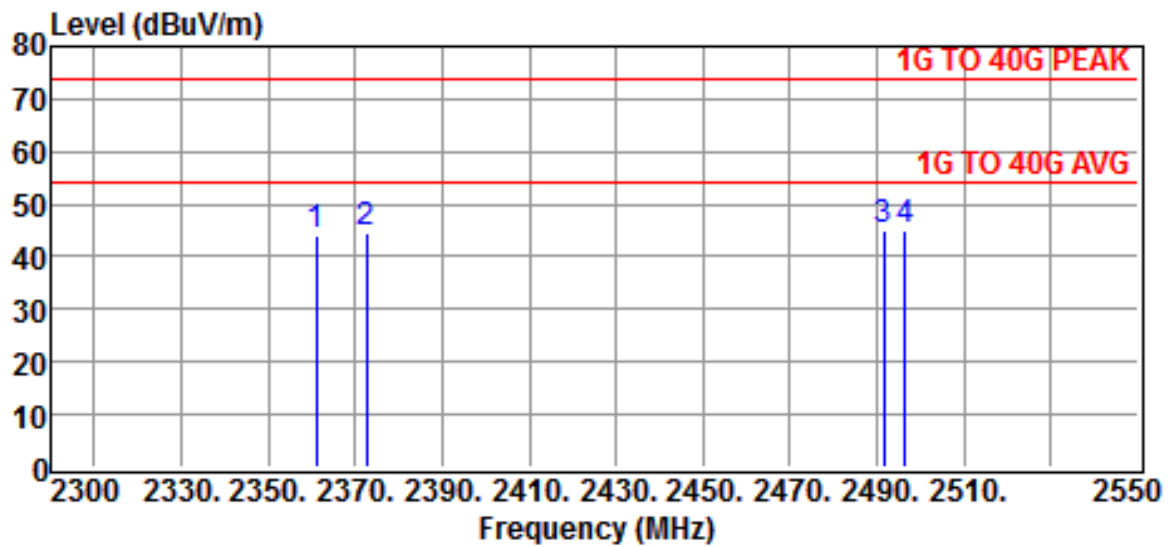
B. (802.11g) /Ant 1

Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : HORIZONTAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11G/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2361.0000	50.1	-5.9	44.2	74.0	-29.8	Peak
2372.5000	50.4	-5.8	44.6	74.0	-29.4	Peak
2486.5000	49.2	-5.4	43.8	74.0	-30.2	Peak
2494.0000	49.8	-5.4	44.4	74.0	-29.6	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

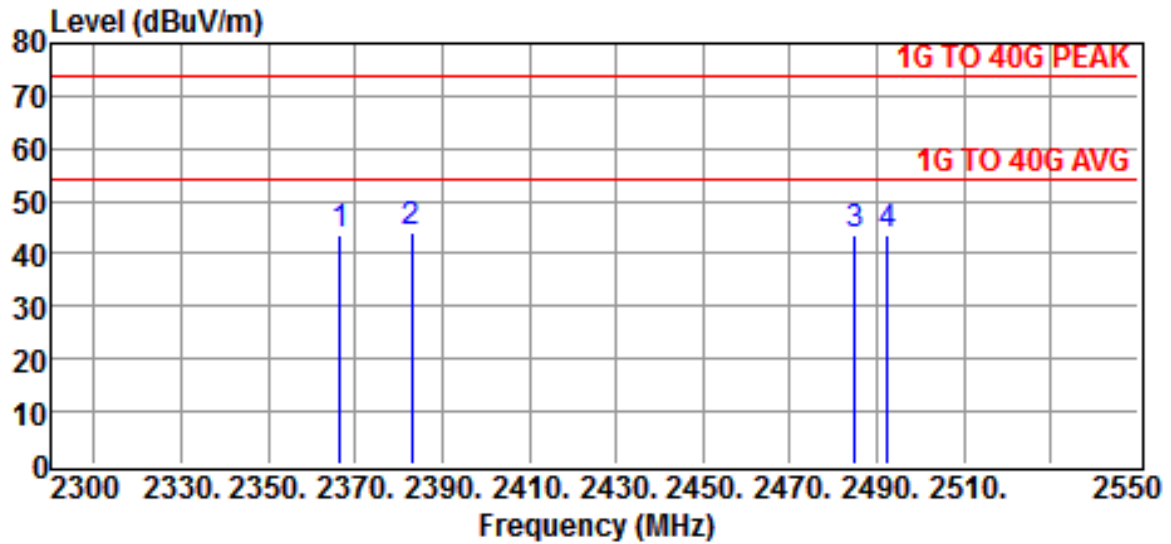


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11G/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2361.0000	50.1	-5.9	44.2	74.0	-29.8	Peak
2372.5000	50.4	-5.8	44.6	74.0	-29.4	Peak
2491.5000	50.4	-5.4	45.0	74.0	-29.0	Peak
2496.5000	50.5	-5.4	45.1	74.0	-28.9	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

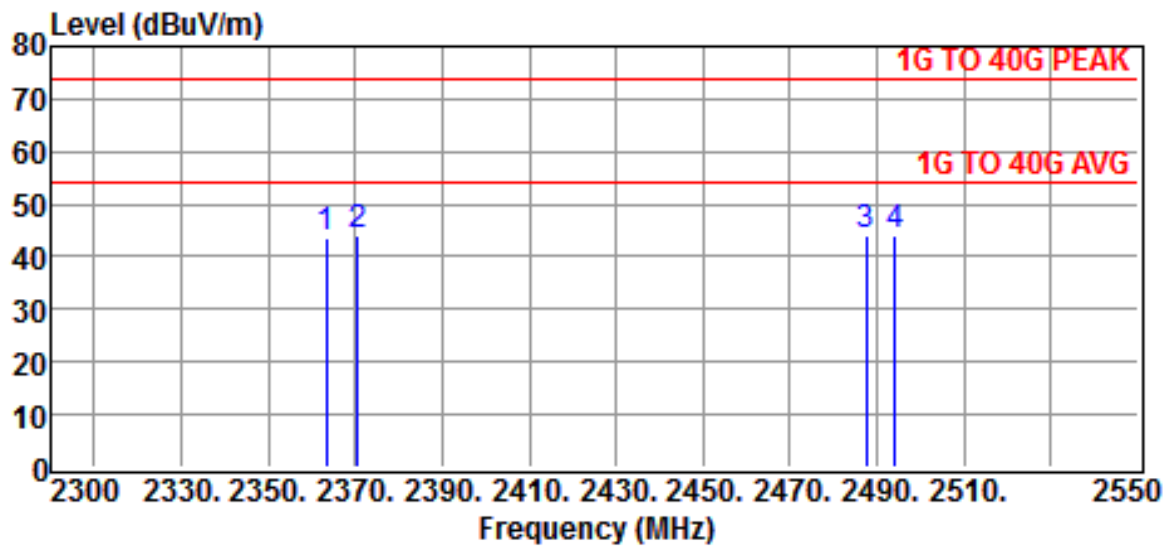
C. (802.11n HT-20) /Ant 1

Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : HORIZONTAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-20/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2366.5000	49.6	-5.9	43.7	74.0	-30.3	Peak
2383.0000	50.0	-5.8	44.2	74.0	-29.8	Peak
2485.0000	49.0	-5.4	43.6	74.0	-30.4	Peak
2492.5000	49.2	-5.4	43.8	74.0	-30.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

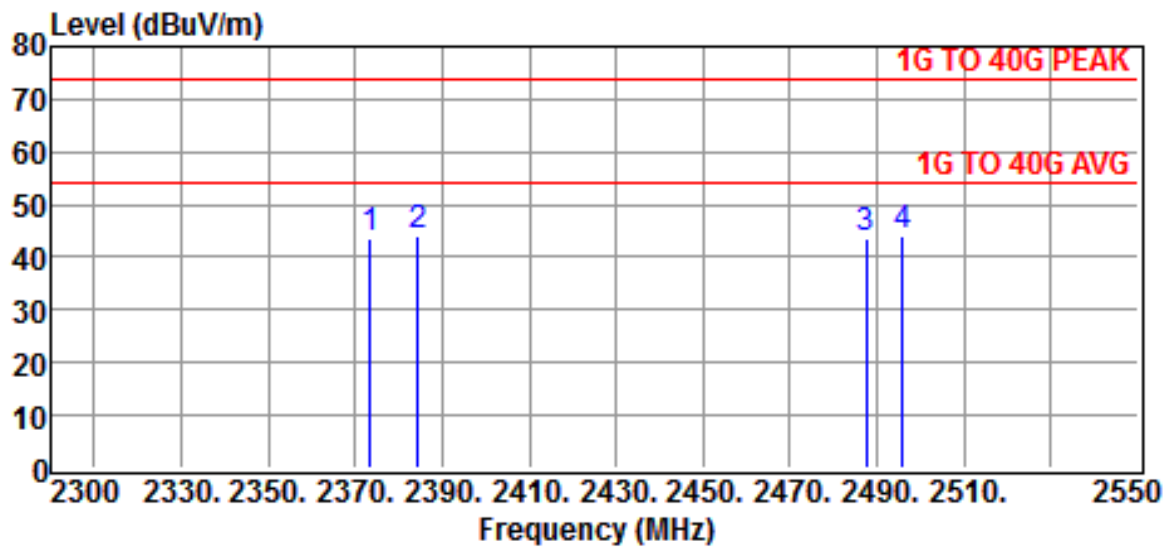


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-20/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2363.5000	49.4	-5.9	43.5	74.0	-30.5	Peak
2370.5000	49.7	-5.8	43.9	74.0	-30.1	Peak
2487.5000	49.5	-5.4	44.1	74.0	-29.9	Peak
2494.0000	49.3	-5.4	43.9	74.0	-30.1	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

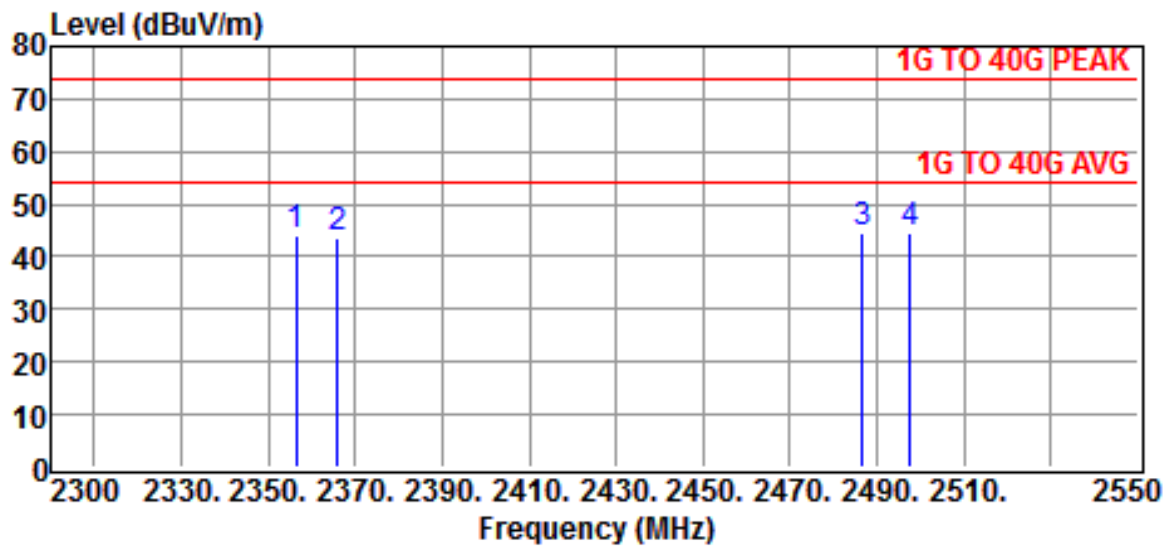
D. (802.11n HT-40) /Ant 1

Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11N-40/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2373.5000	49.2	-5.8	43.4	74.0	-30.6	Peak
2384.5000	49.7	-5.8	43.9	74.0	-30.1	Peak
2487.5000	49.2	-5.4	43.8	74.0	-30.2	Peak
2496.0000	49.5	-5.4	44.1	74.0	-29.9	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

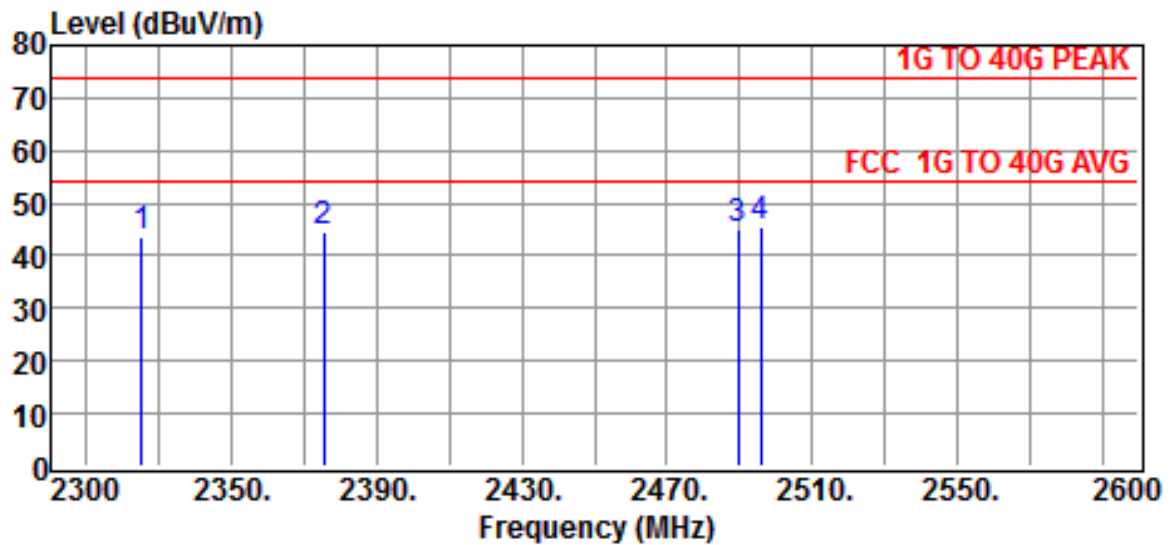


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-40/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2356.5000	49.8	-5.9	43.9	74.0	-30.1	Peak
2366.0000	49.7	-5.9	43.8	74.0	-30.2	Peak
2486.5000	50.0	-5.4	44.6	74.0	-29.4	Peak
2497.5000	50.0	-5.4	44.6	74.0	-29.4	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

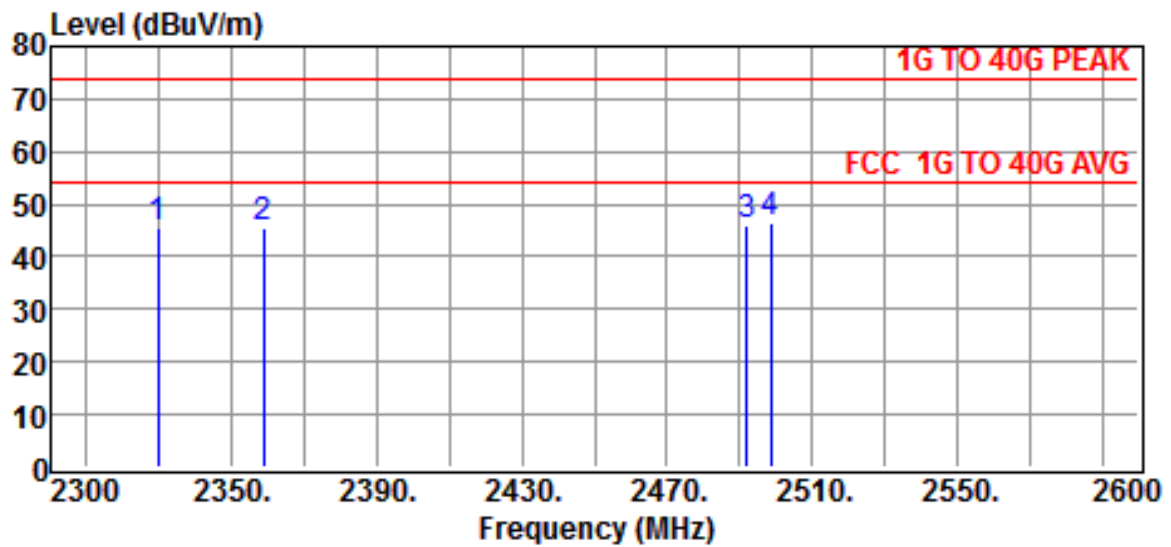
E. (802.11b) /Ant 2

Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11B/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2325.1500	50.5	-6.4	44.1	74	-29.9	Peak
2375.2500	50.7	-6.2	44.5	74	-29.5	Peak
2489.6900	51.2	-5.9	45.3	74	-28.7	Peak
2495.8500	50.6	-5.9	44.7	74	-29.3	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

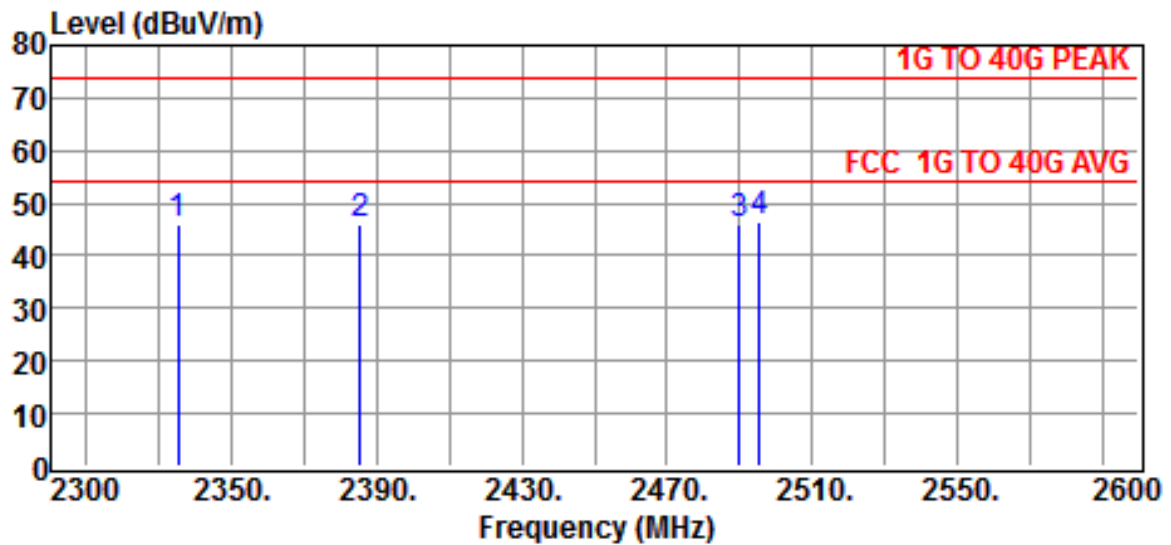


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11B/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2329.5200	51.1	-6.4	44.7	74	-29.3	Peak
2358.5800	51.5	-6.3	45.2	74	-28.8	Peak
2492.2500	50.8	-5.9	44.9	74	-29.1	Peak
2498.6500	51	-5.9	45.1	74	-28.9	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

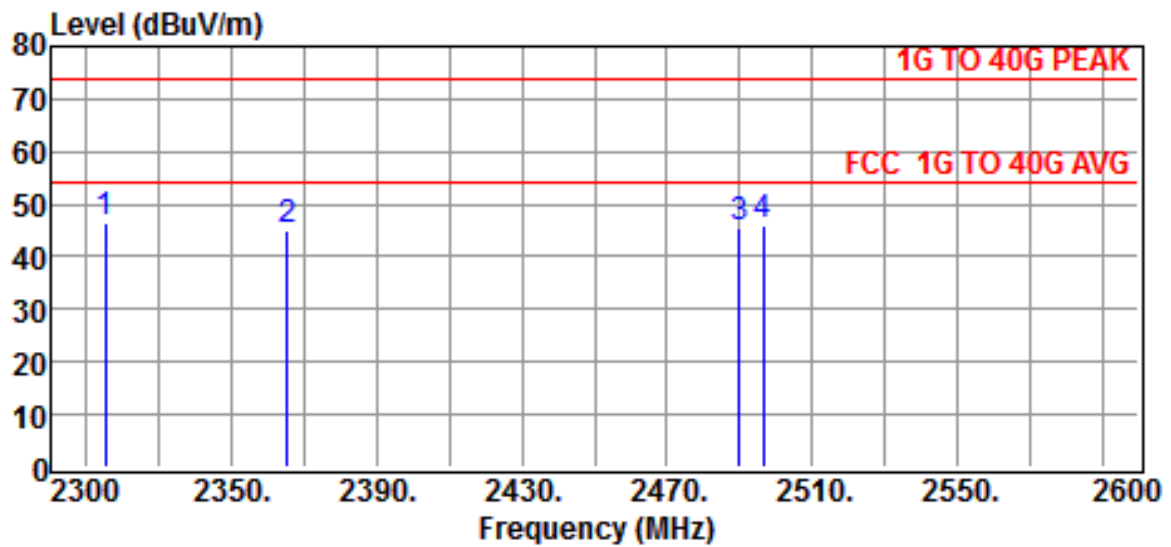
F. (802.11g) /Ant 2

Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : HORIZONTAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11G/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2335.2500	51	-6.4	44.6	74	-29.4	Peak
2385.5200	51.6	-6.2	45.4	74	-28.6	Peak
2489.9600	51.8	-5.9	45.9	74	-28.1	Peak
2495.6200	51.2	-5.9	45.3	74	-28.7	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

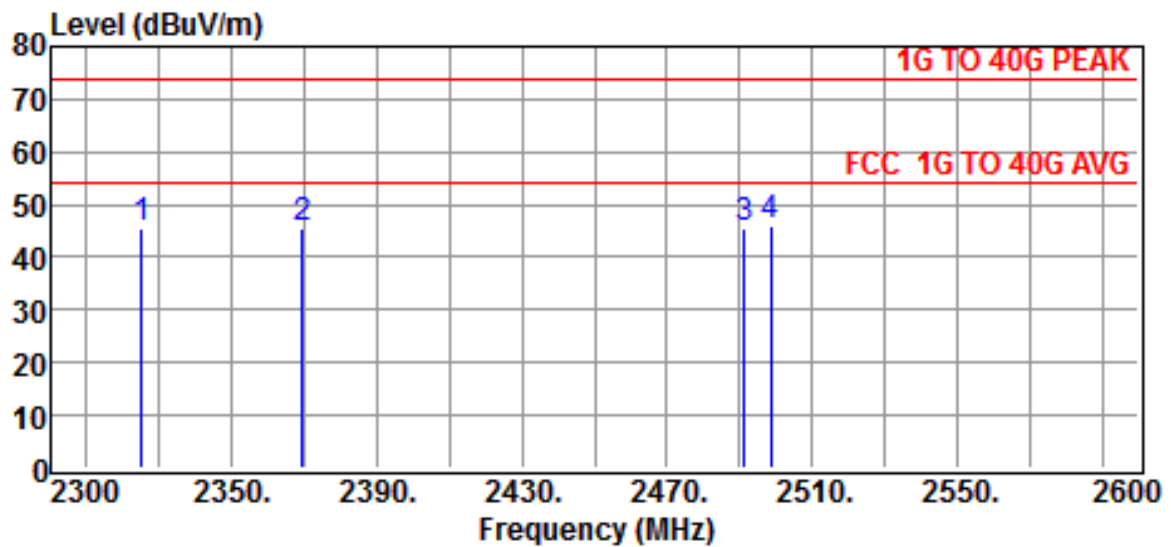


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11G/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2315.1500	51.2	-6.4	44.8	74	-29.2	Peak
2365.2500	51	-6.3	44.7	74	-29.3	Peak
2489.9500	50.9	-5.9	45.0	74	-29.0	Peak
2496.6200	51.1	-5.9	45.2	74	-28.8	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

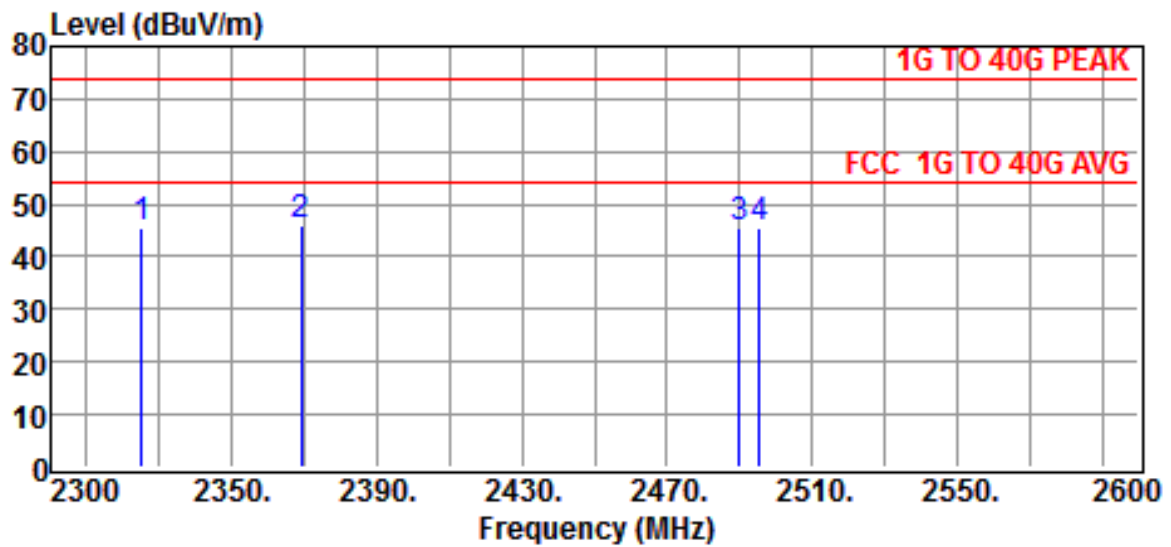
G. (802.11n HT-20) /Ant 2

Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2013-02-01
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT :WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. :22°C
 Humi. :58%
 Test Mode :802.11N-20/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode :CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2325.2400	51.2	-6.4	44.8	74	-29.2	Peak
2369.5200	51.8	-6.2	45.6	74	-28.4	Peak
2491.2500	51.3	-5.9	45.4	74	-28.6	Peak
2498.5500	51.7	-5.9	45.8	74	-28.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

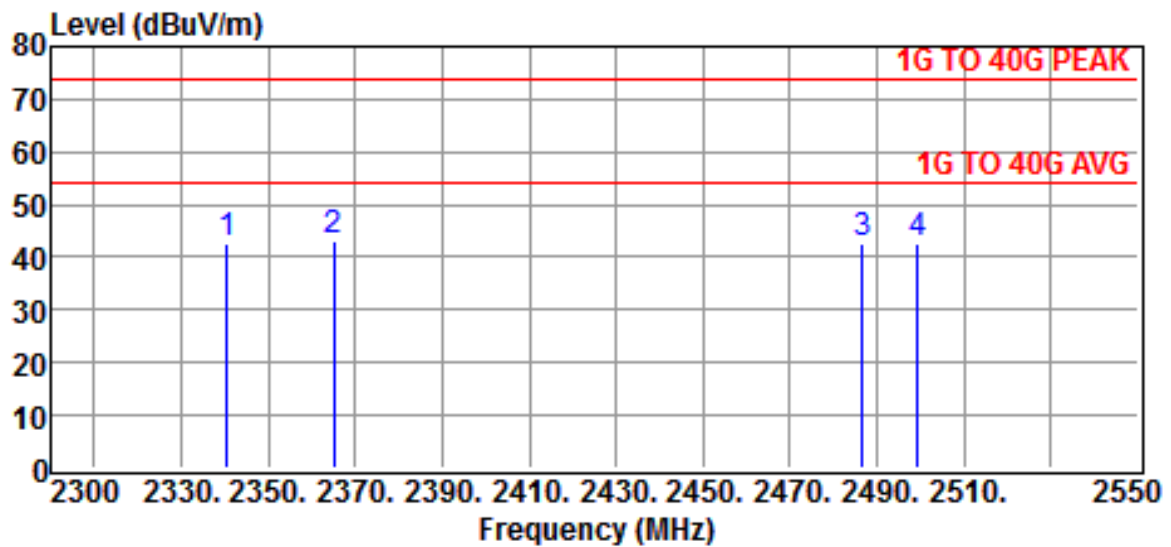


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-20/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2325.1900	51.6	-6.4	45.2	74	-28.8	Peak
2368.9500	51.2	-6.3	44.9	74	-29.1	Peak
2489.9900	50.7	-5.9	44.8	74	-29.2	Peak
2495.6200	51.7	-5.9	45.8	74	-28.2	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

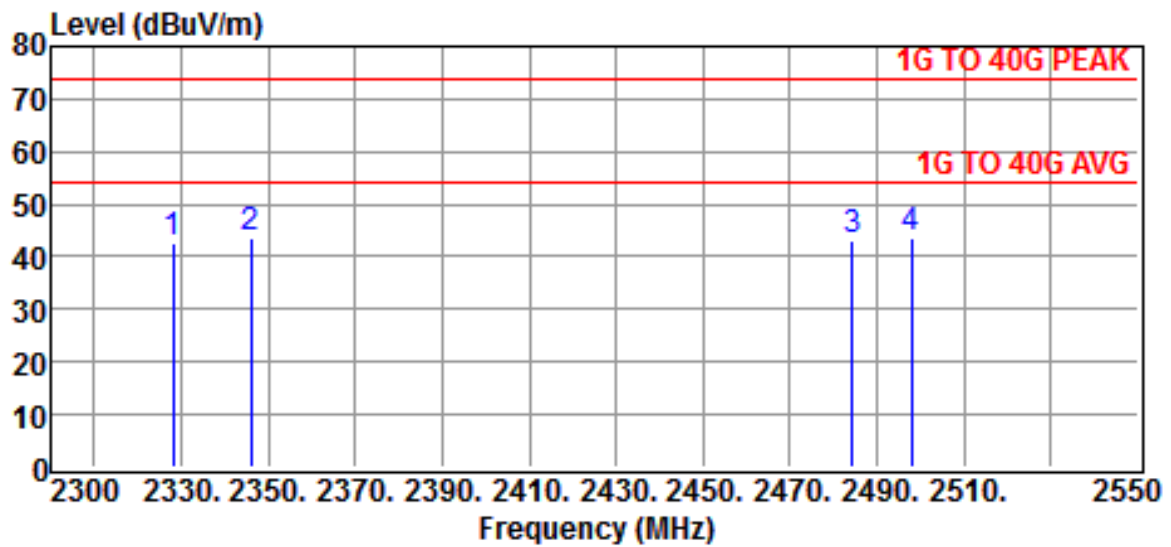
H. (802.11n HT-40) /Ant 2

Site : CHAMBER #2
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-40/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2340.5000	48.7	-5.9	42.8	74.0	-31.2	Peak
2365.0000	49.1	-5.9	43.2	74.0	-30.8	Peak
2486.7500	48.2	-5.4	42.8	74.0	-31.2	Peak
2499.2500	48.0	-5.4	42.6	74.0	-31.4	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result



Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2013-02-01
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 22°C
 Humi. : 58%
 Test Mode : 802.11N-40/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)
 Test Mode : CH LO & HI - Restricted Bands

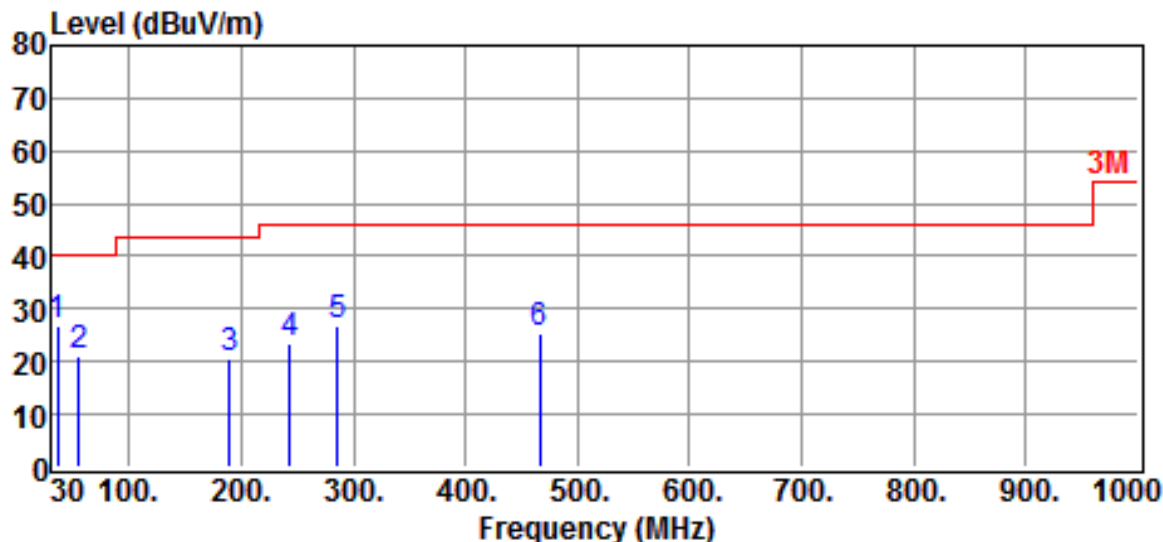
Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2328.2500	48.6	-6.0	42.6	74.0	-31.4	Peak
2346.0000	49.5	-5.9	43.6	74.0	-30.4	Peak
2484.2500	48.6	-5.4	43.2	74.0	-30.8	Peak
2498.0000	49.0	-5.4	43.6	74.0	-30.4	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

4.4.3 Other Emission

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

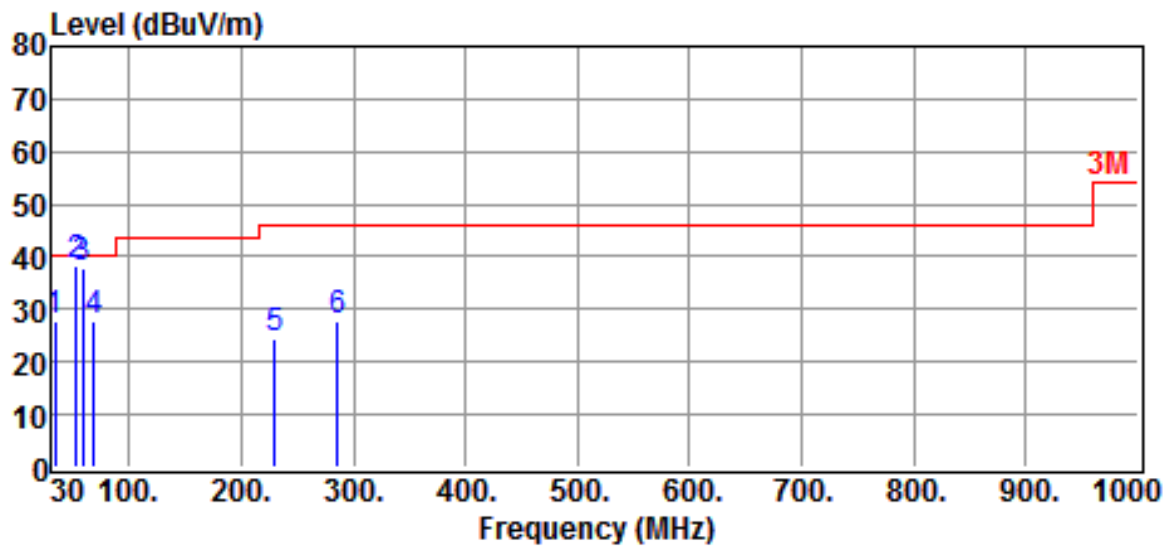


Site : OPEN SITE Date : 2013-02-21
 Limit : 3M Ant. Pol. : HORIZONTAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 20°C
 Humi. : 65%
 Engineer. : VC
 Test Mode : OPERATION MODE/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
35.8200	12.6	14.0	26.6	40.0	-13.4	QP
55.2200	9.6	11.5	21.1	40.0	-18.9	QP
189.0800	4.6	16.1	20.7	43.5	-22.8	QP
243.4000	3.9	19.7	23.6	46.0	-22.4	QP
286.0800	3.4	23.3	26.7	46.0	-19.3	QP
466.5000	4.6	20.8	25.4	46.0	-20.6	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value=Limit - Result

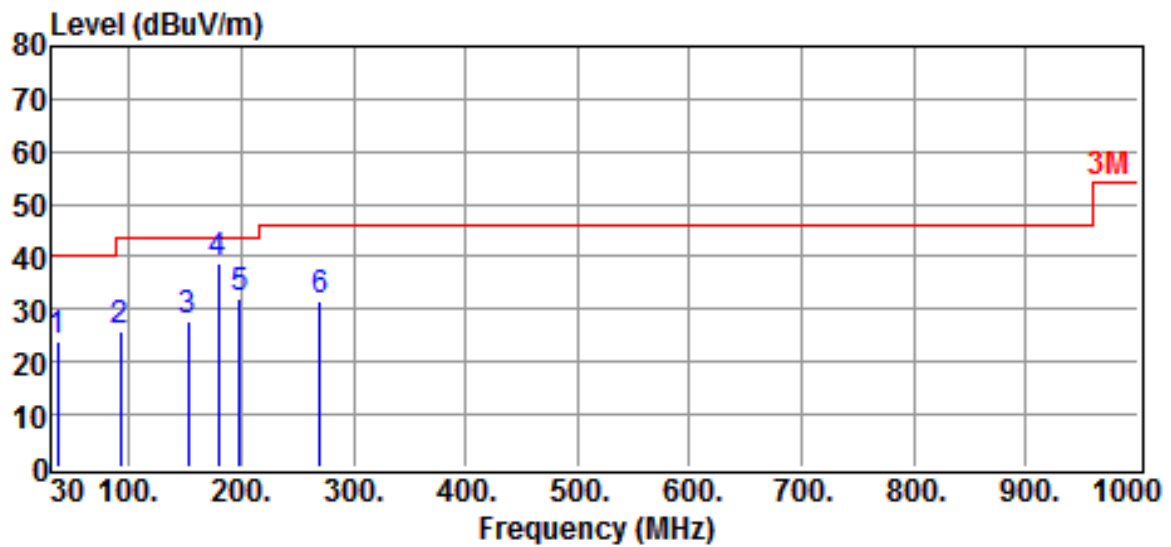


Site : OPEN SITE Date : 2013-02-21
 Limit : 3M Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 20°C
 Humi. : 65%
 Engineer. : VC
 Test Mode : OPERATION MODE/Ant 1 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
33.8800	13.2	14.5	27.7	40.0	-12.3	QP
53.2800	26.5	11.7	38.2	40.0	-1.8	QP
58.1300	26.8	11.2	38.0	40.0	-2.0	QP
68.8000	17.3	10.5	27.8	40.0	-12.2	QP
229.8200	5.6	18.8	24.4	46.0	-21.6	QP
286.0800	4.5	23.3	27.8	46.0	-18.2	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

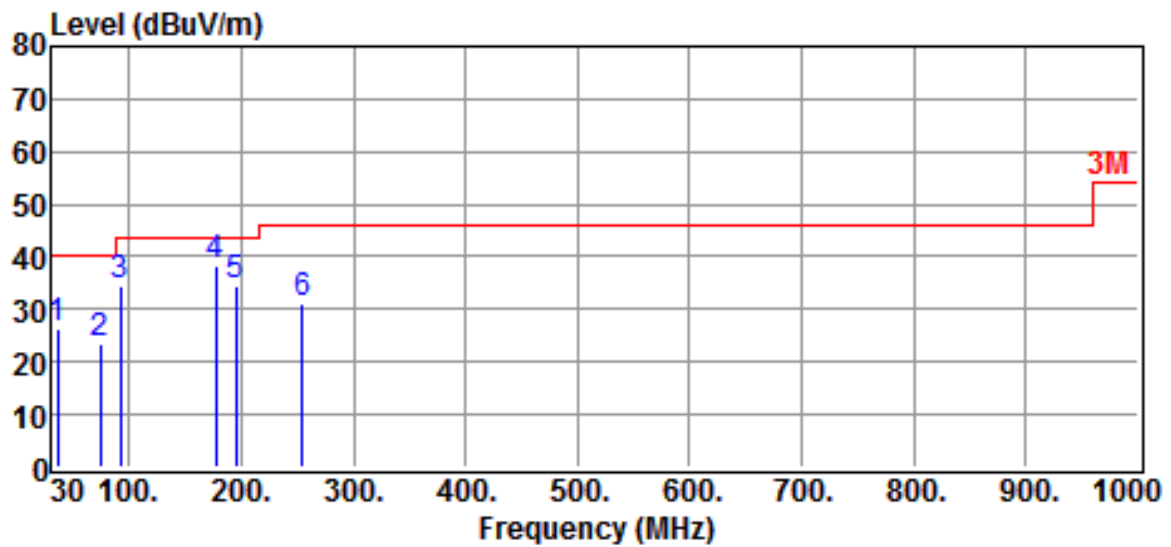


Site : OPEN SITE Date : 2013-02-21
 Limit : 3M Ant. Pol. : HORIZONTAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 20°C
 Humi. : 65%
 Engineer. : VC
 Test Mode : OPERATION MODE/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
35.8200	9.8	14.0	23.8	40.0	-16.2	QP
92.0800	15.4	10.7	26.1	43.5	-17.4	QP
152.2200	13.6	14.1	27.7	43.5	-15.8	QP
179.3800	23.9	14.8	38.7	43.5	-4.8	QP
198.7800	15.1	16.9	32.0	43.5	-11.5	QP
270.5600	9.5	22.3	31.8	46.0	-14.2	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result



Site : OPEN SITE Date : 2013-02-21
 Limit : 3M Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : WiFi/IEEE802.11n/g/b RF Module
 Temp. : 20°C
 Humi. : 65%
 Engineer. : VC
 Test Mode : OPERATION MODE/Ant 2 (Worst case: EUT lay on the table horizontally)

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
35.8200	12.3	14.0	26.3	40.0	-13.7	QP
74.6200	13.3	10.4	23.7	40.0	-16.3	QP
92.0800	23.7	10.7	34.4	43.5	-9.1	QP
177.4400	23.7	14.7	38.4	43.5	-5.1	QP
194.9000	17.9	16.6	34.5	43.5	-9.0	QP
255.0400	10.7	20.5	31.2	46.0	-14.8	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The expanded uncertainty of the radiated emission tests is 3.53 dB.
4. The margin value = Limit - Result

b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz were too low to be measured with a pre-amplifier of 35 dB.

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

$$\textbf{Result} = \textbf{Reading} + \textbf{Corrected Factor}$$

where

Corrected Factor = Antenna FACTOR + Cable Loss + High Pass Filter Loss - Amplifier Gain

5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

5.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207(a), except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

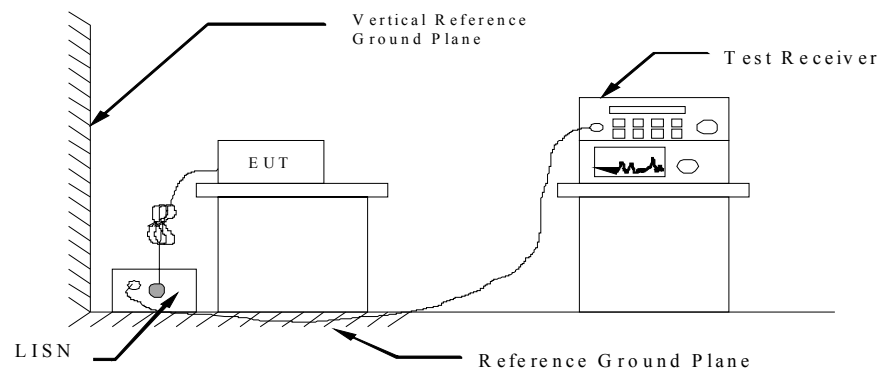
Frequency MHz	Quasi Peak dB μ V	Average dB μ V
0.15 - 0.5	66-56*	56-46*
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

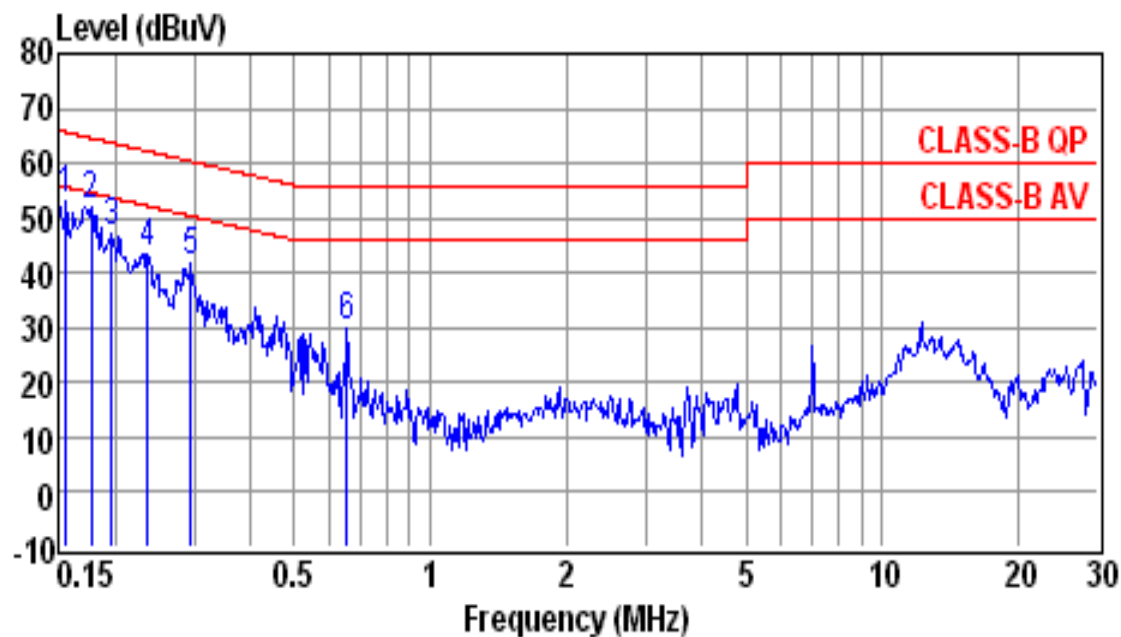
5.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 5.
2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
3. Record the 6 or 8 highest emissions relative to the limit.
4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then records the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

Figure 5: Conducted emissions measurement configuration



5.3 Conducted Emission Data



Site : conducted #1

Date : 06-05-2013

Condition : CLASS-B QP

LISN : NEUTRAL

Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65%

Test Mode : OPERATION MODE

EUT : HS-D100

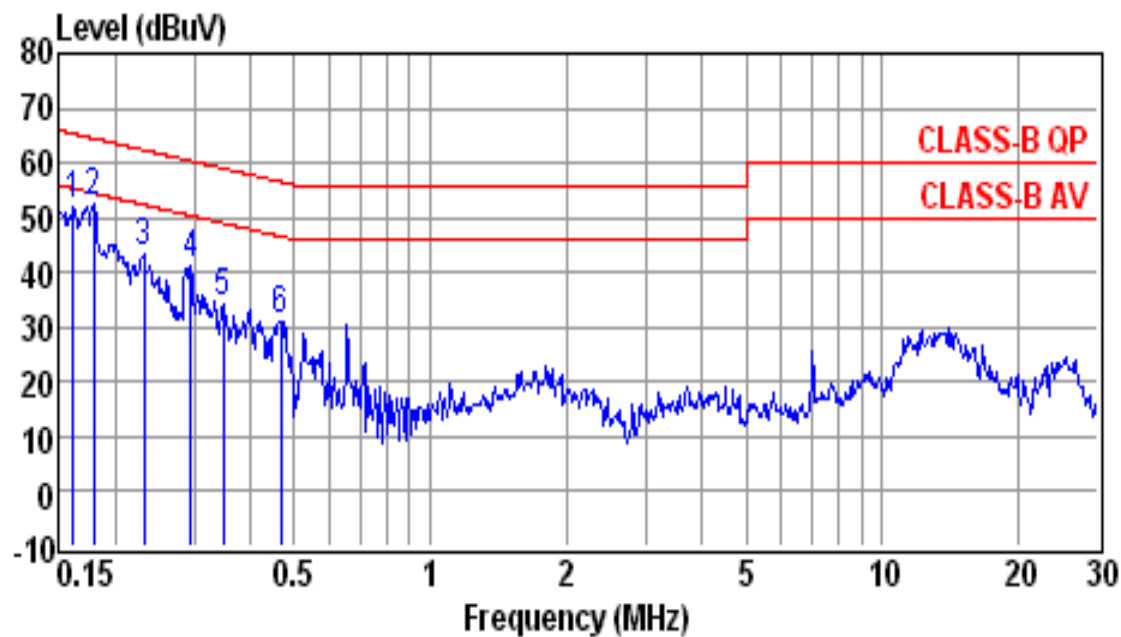
Power Rating : AC120V/60Hz to Host PC

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBUV)	Limit Line (dBUV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1565	42.9	10.3	53.2	65.6	-12.4	QP
0.1777	41.8	10.3	52.1	64.6	-12.5	QP
0.1965	36.6	10.3	46.9	63.8	-16.9	QP
0.2366	33.2	10.3	43.5	62.2	-18.7	QP
0.2955	31.3	10.3	41.6	60.4	-18.8	QP
0.6543	19.6	10.3	29.9	56.0	-26.1	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor

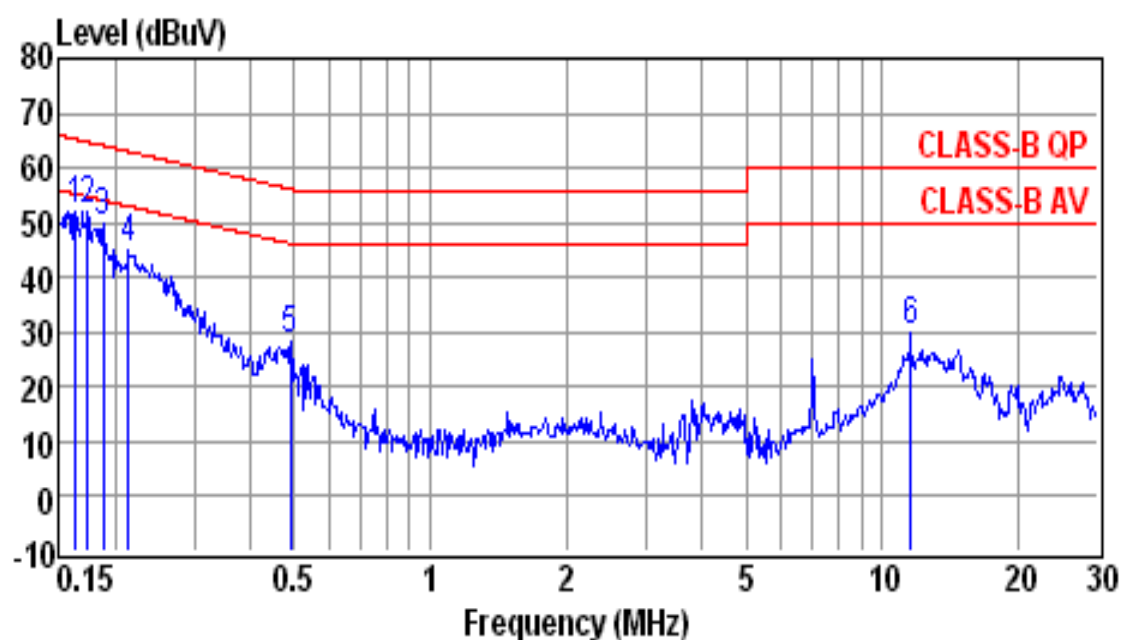
2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss



Site : conducted #1 Date : 06-05-2013
Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : LINE
Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65%
Test Mode : OPERATION MODE
EUT : HS-D100
Power Rating : AC120V/60Hz to Host PC

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBuV)	Limit Line (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1624	41.6	10.3	51.9	65.3	-13.4	QP
0.1796	42.1	10.3	52.4	64.5	-12.1	QP
0.2329	33.1	10.3	43.4	62.3	-18.9	QP
0.2955	30.8	10.3	41.1	60.4	-19.3	QP
0.3483	24.1	10.3	34.4	59.0	-24.6	QP
0.4661	20.8	10.3	31.1	56.6	-25.5	QP

Note :
1. Result = Reading + Factor
2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss



Site : conducted #1

Date : 06-05-2013

Condition : CLASS-B QP

LISN : NEUTRAL

Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65%

Test Mode : OPERATION MODE

EUT : HS-D100

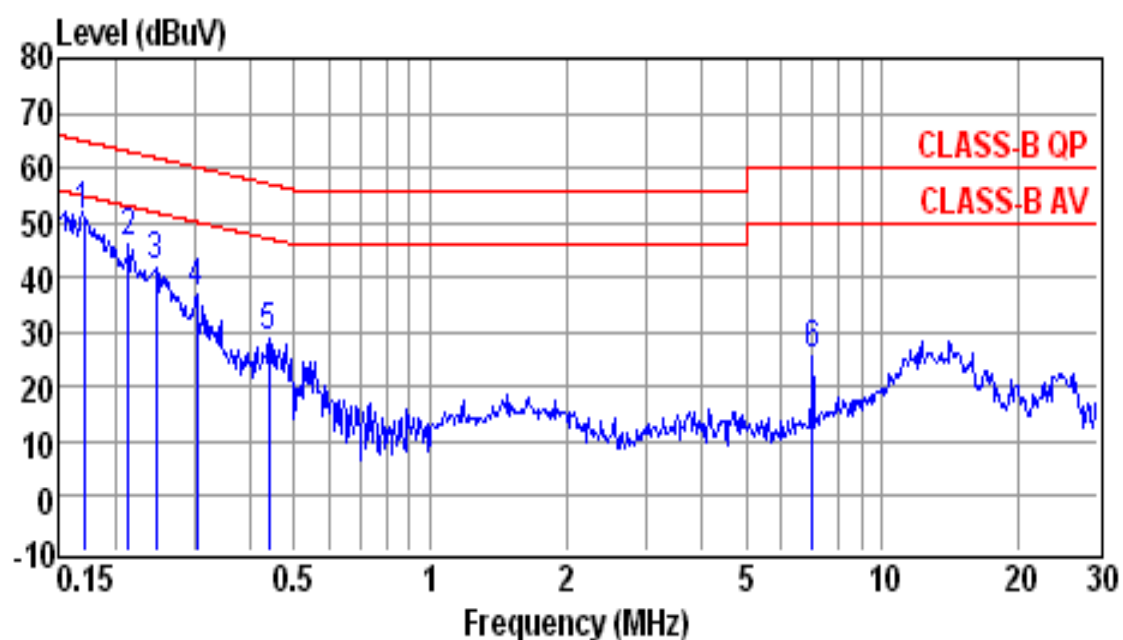
Power Rating : AC120V/60Hz to Host PC

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBuV)	Limit Line (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1641	41.9	10.3	52.2	65.3	-13.1	QP
0.1740	41.6	10.3	51.9	64.8	-12.9	QP
0.1884	39.3	10.3	49.6	64.1	-14.5	QP
0.2151	34.8	10.3	45.1	63.0	-17.9	QP
0.4889	18.2	10.3	28.5	56.2	-27.7	QP
11.5590	19.0	10.6	29.6	60.0	-30.4	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor

2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss



Site : conducted #1

Date : 06-05-2013

Condition : CLASS-B QP

LISN : LINE

Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65%

Test Mode : OPERATION MODE

EUT : HS-D100

Power Rating : AC120V/60Hz to Host PC

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBuV)	Limit Line (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1712	40.8	10.3	51.1	64.9	-13.8	QP
0.2151	35.7	10.3	46.0	63.0	-17.0	QP
0.2468	31.3	10.3	41.6	61.9	-20.3	QP
0.3035	26.6	10.3	36.9	60.1	-23.2	QP
0.4397	18.3	10.3	28.6	57.1	-28.5	QP
7.0250	14.9	10.6	25.5	60.0	-34.5	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor

2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss

5.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{RESULT} = \text{READING} + \text{LISN FACTOR}$$

Assume a receiver reading of 22.5 dB μ V is obtained, and LISN Factor is 0.1 dB, then the total of disturbance voltage is 22.6 dB μ V.

$$\text{RESULT} = 22.5 + 0.1 = 22.6 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Level in } \mu \text{ V} &= \text{Common Antilogarithm}[(22.6 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V})/20] \\ &= 13.48 \mu \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipments are used during the conducted test.

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	2012/07/16	2013/07/16
LISN	EMCO	3825/2	2012/11/02	2013/11/01
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	2013/04/12	2014/04/11

6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to §15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

There are two antenna employed.

(1) ANT 1: Integrated PIFA antenna. Model: SC-323B2. Antenna Gain: 2dBi

(2) ANT 2: Embedded antenna. Model: WF4773. Antenna Gain: 3.28dBi

The antenna gain is less than 6dBi. No need to reduce the peak output power.

Please refer to antenna specifications submitted in Exhibit.

7 EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

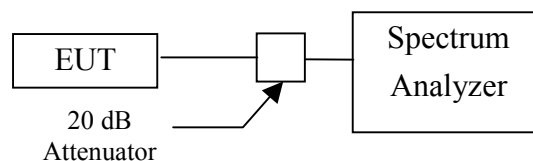
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(2), for direct sequence system, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value. The settings of spectrum analyzer is as followings.
 - 1) Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1-5% or DTS BW, not to exceed 100 kHz.
 - 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
 - 3) Detector = Peak.
 - 4) Trace mode = max hold.
 - 5) Sweep = auto couple.
 - 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
 - 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/12/07	2013/12/06

7.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Jan. 30, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

A 802.11b

- a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 12.24 MHz
- b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 12.24 MHz
- c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 12.24 MHz

B 802.11g

- a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 16.56 MHz
- b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 16.7 MHz
- c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 16.7 MHz

C 802.11n HT-20

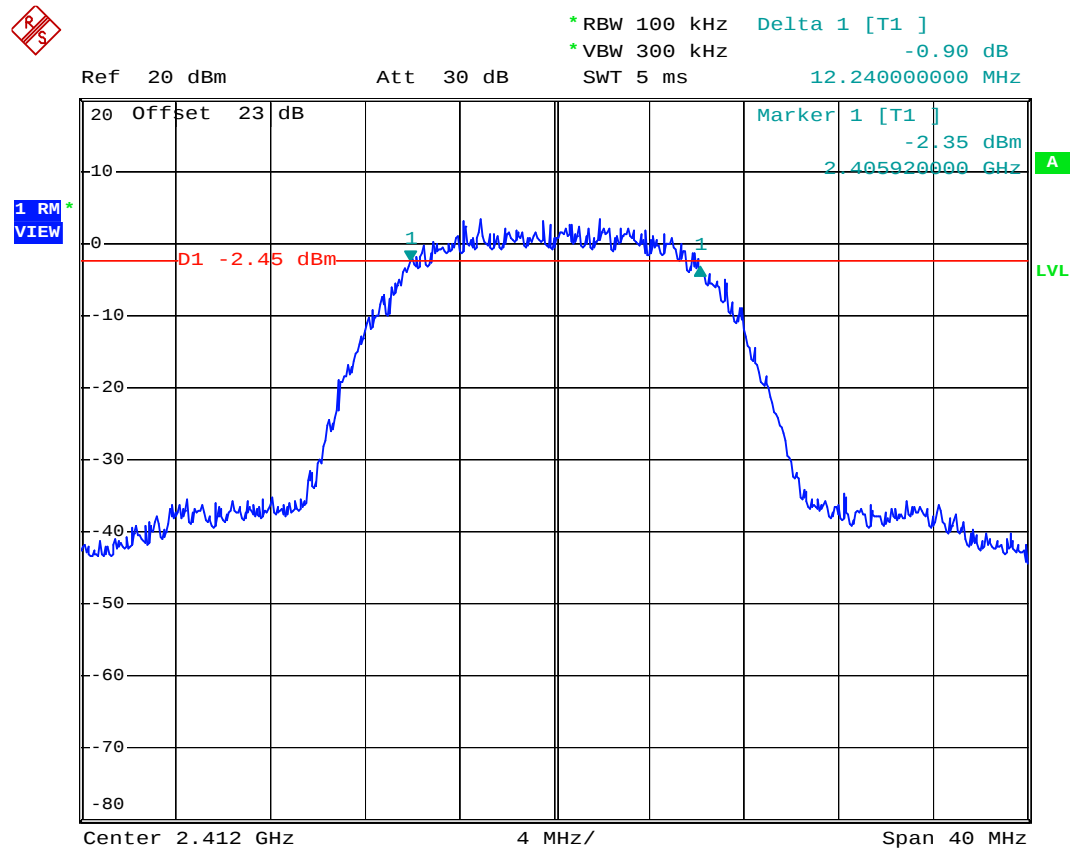
- a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 17.76 MHz
- b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 17.76 MHz
- c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 17.76 MHz

D 802.11n HT-40

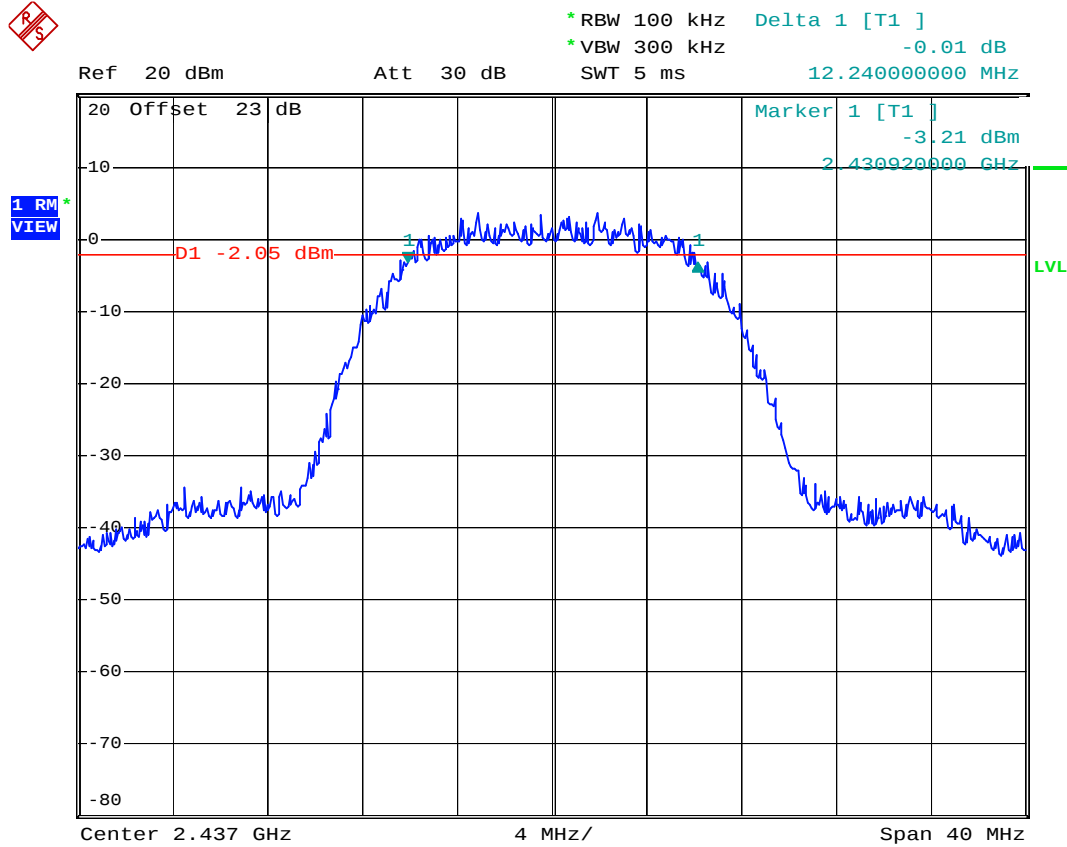
- a) Channel Low: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 36.5 MHz
- b) Channel Mid: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 36.5 MHz
- c) Channel High: 6 dB Emission Bandwidth is 36.5 MHz

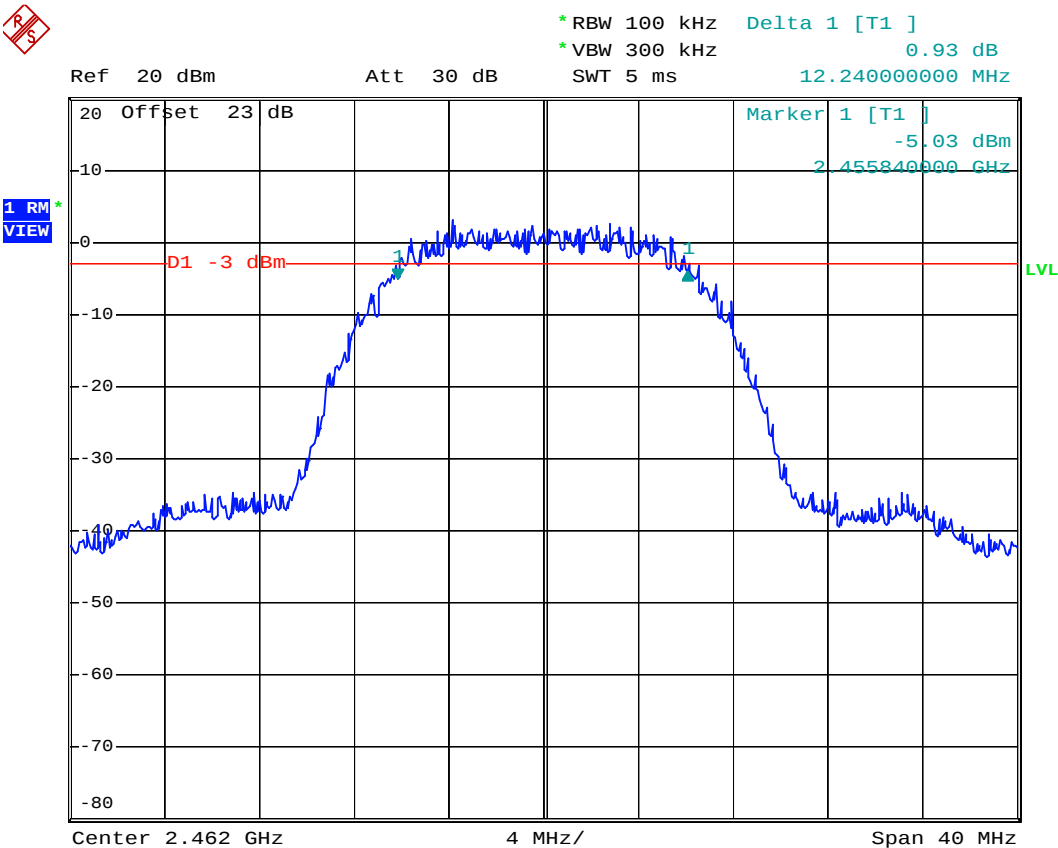
Note : The expanded uncertainty: $frequency \times 1.65 \times 10^{-6}$ ($1\text{ GHz} < f \leq 18\text{ GHz}$).

802.11b

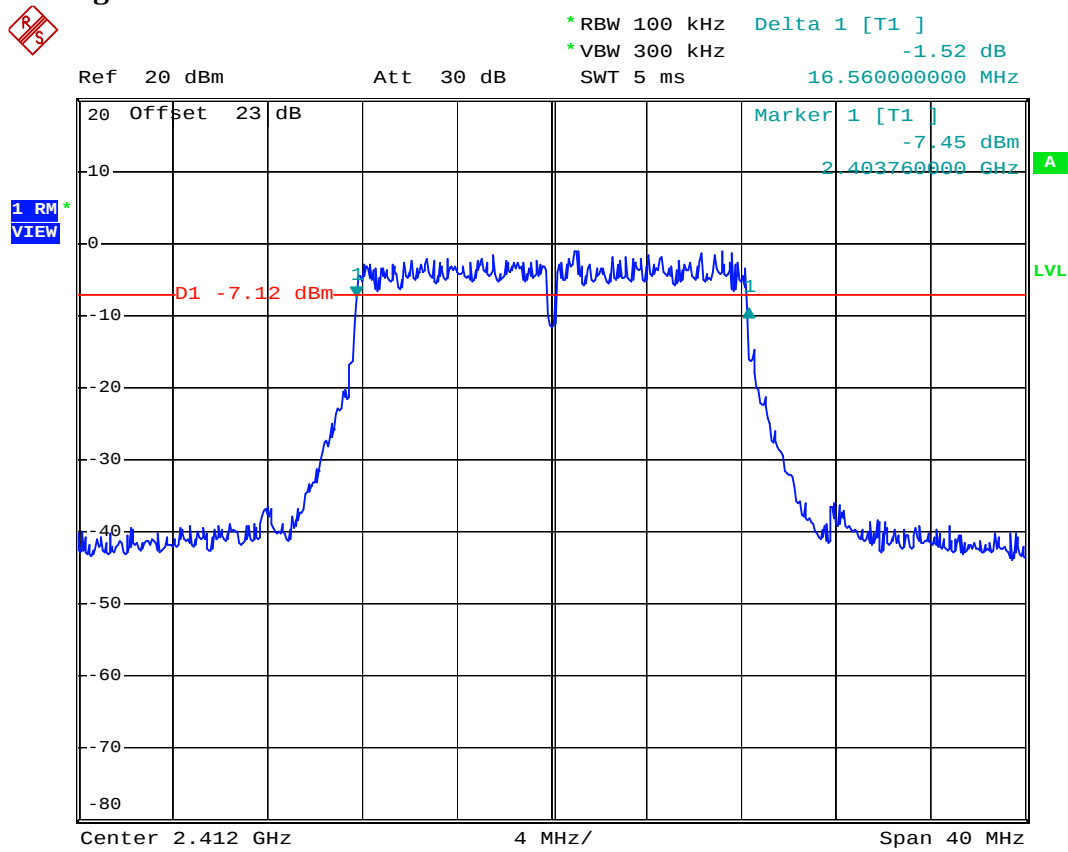


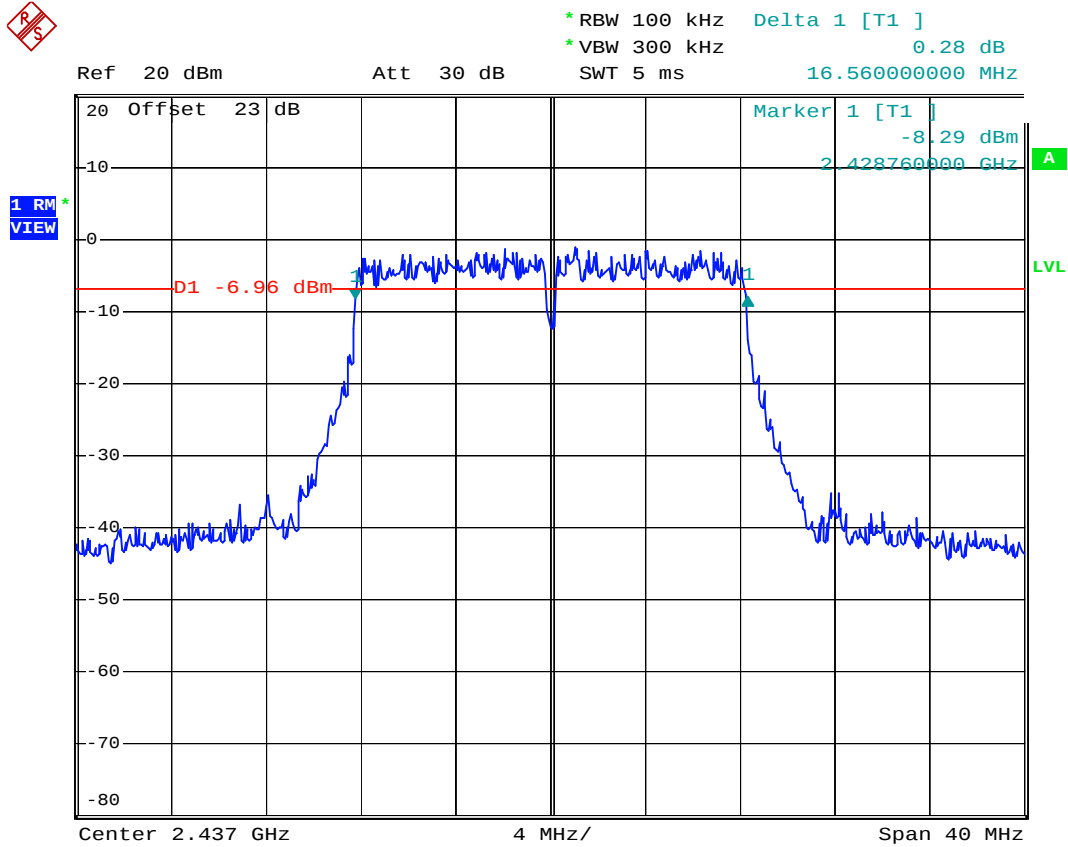
Date: 30.JAN.2013 15:04:08

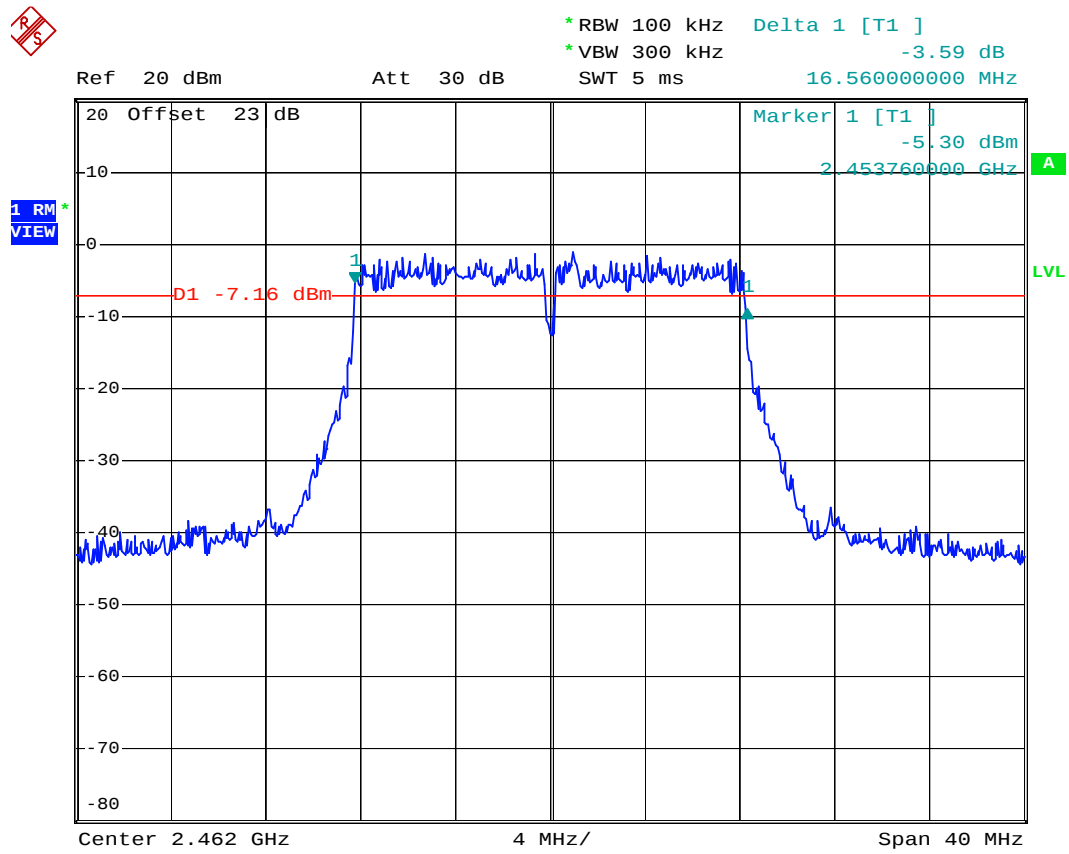




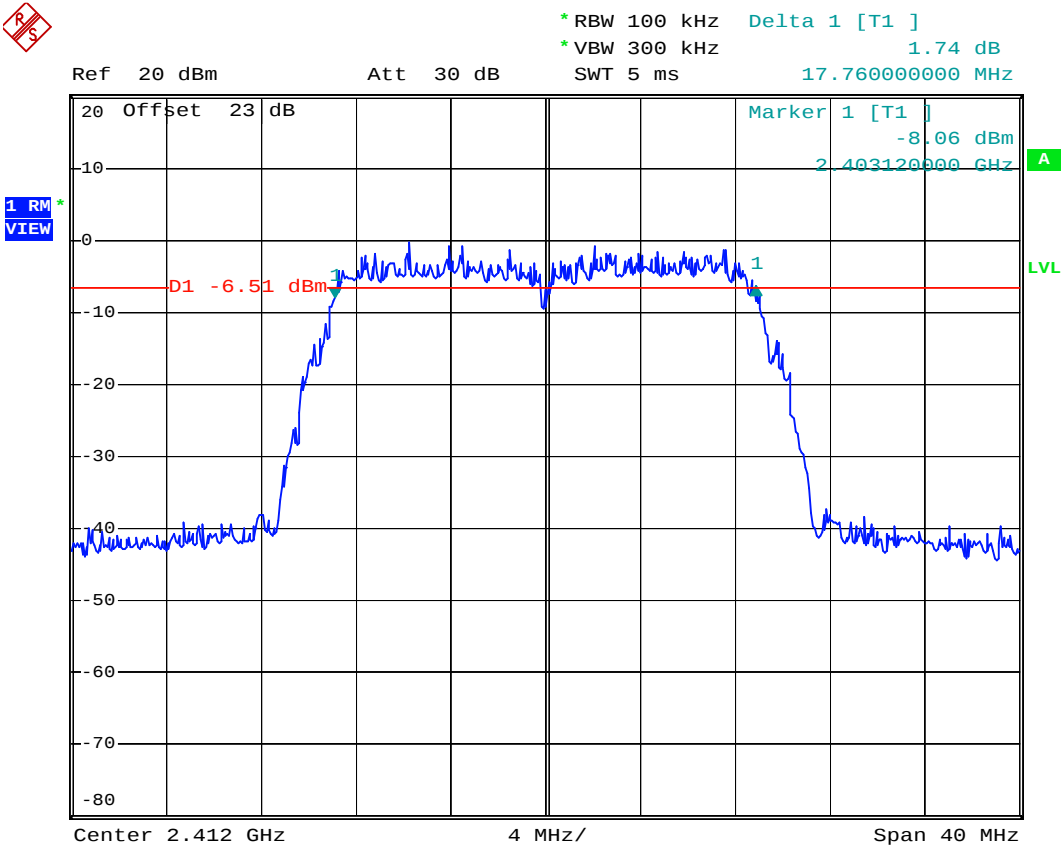
802.11g

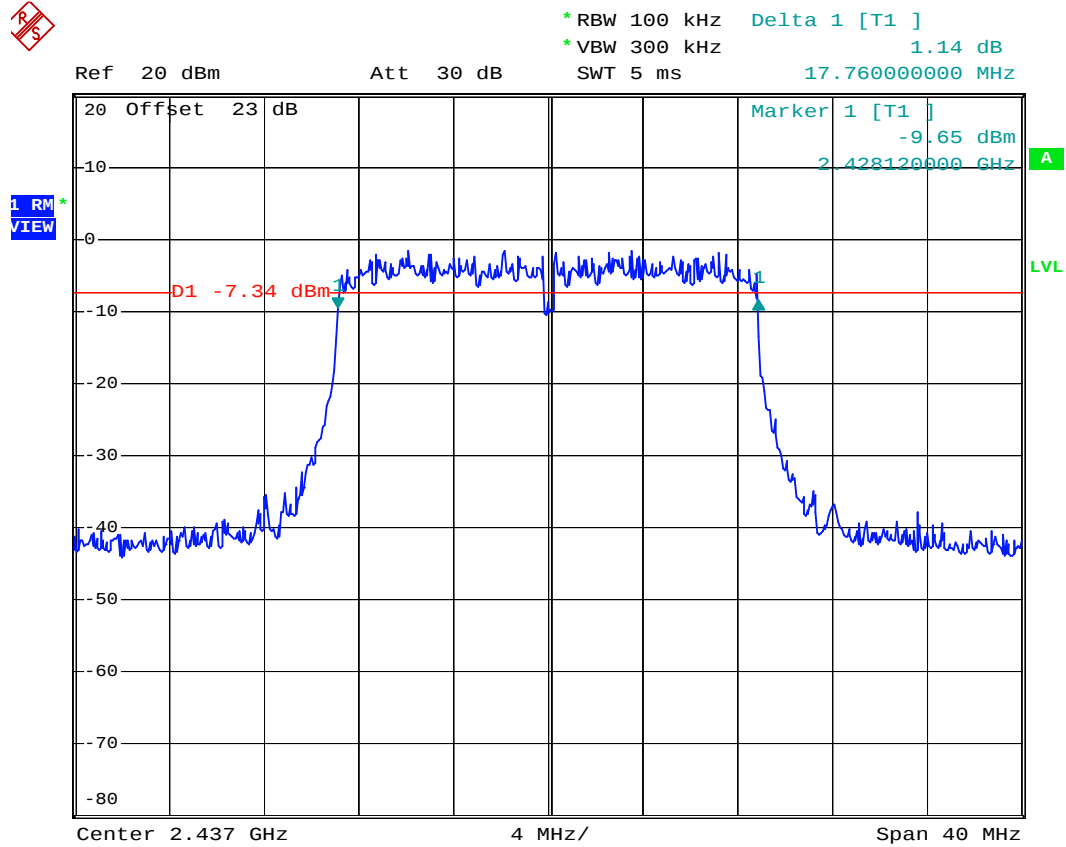


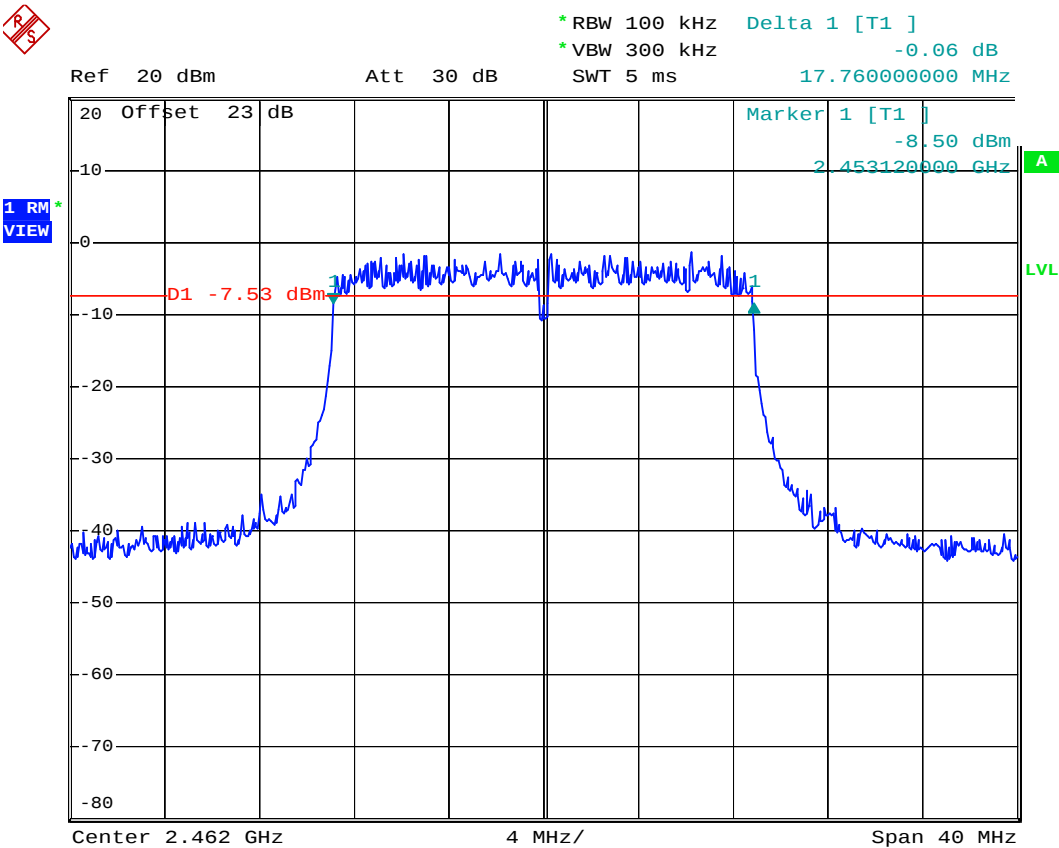




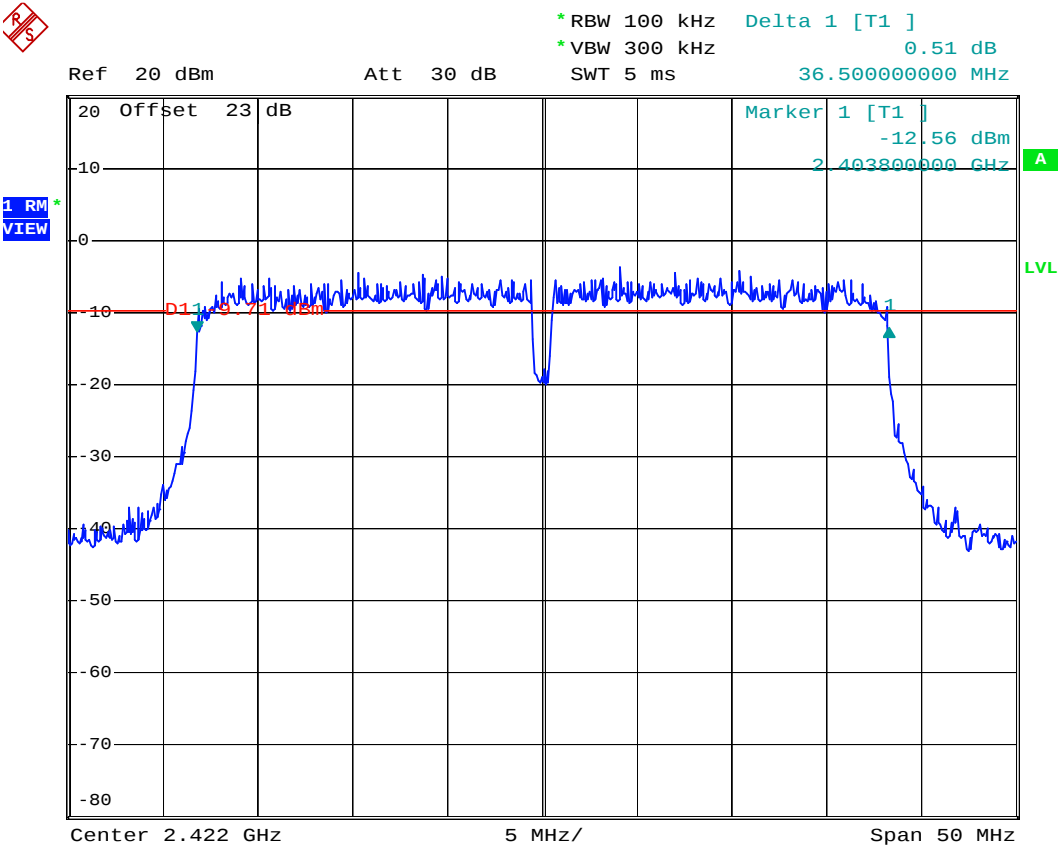
802.11n HT-20

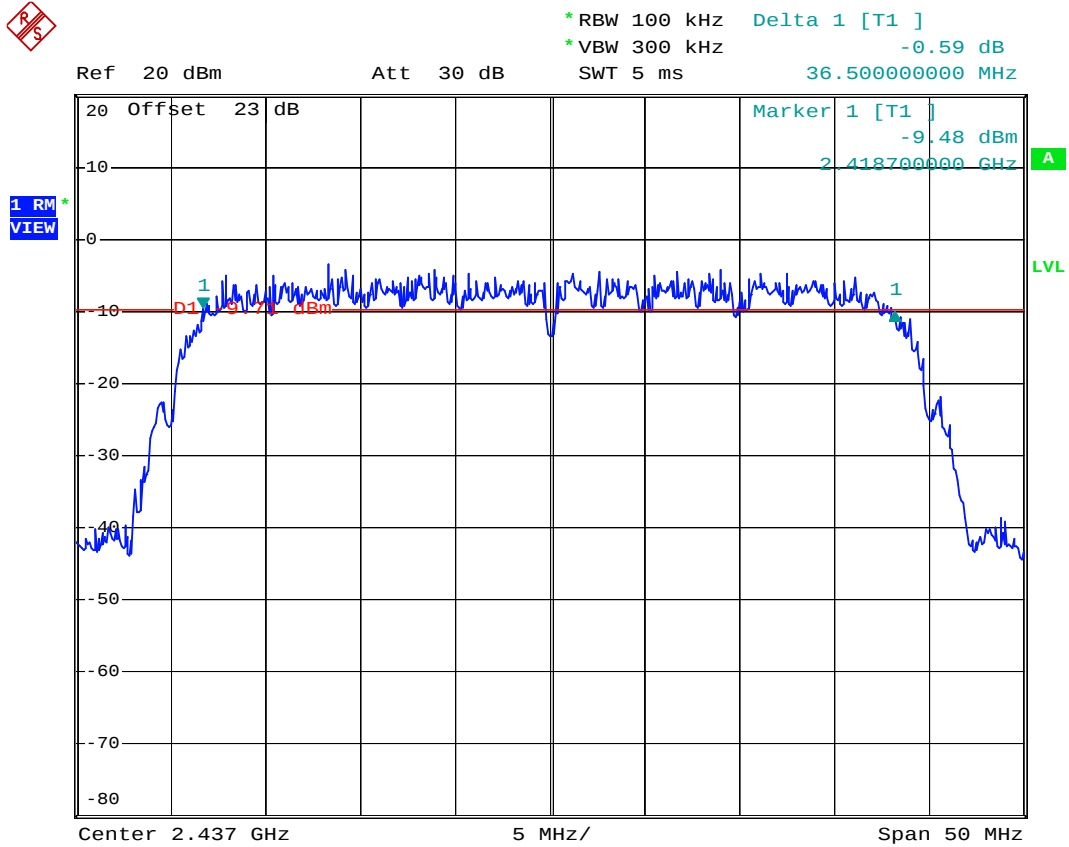


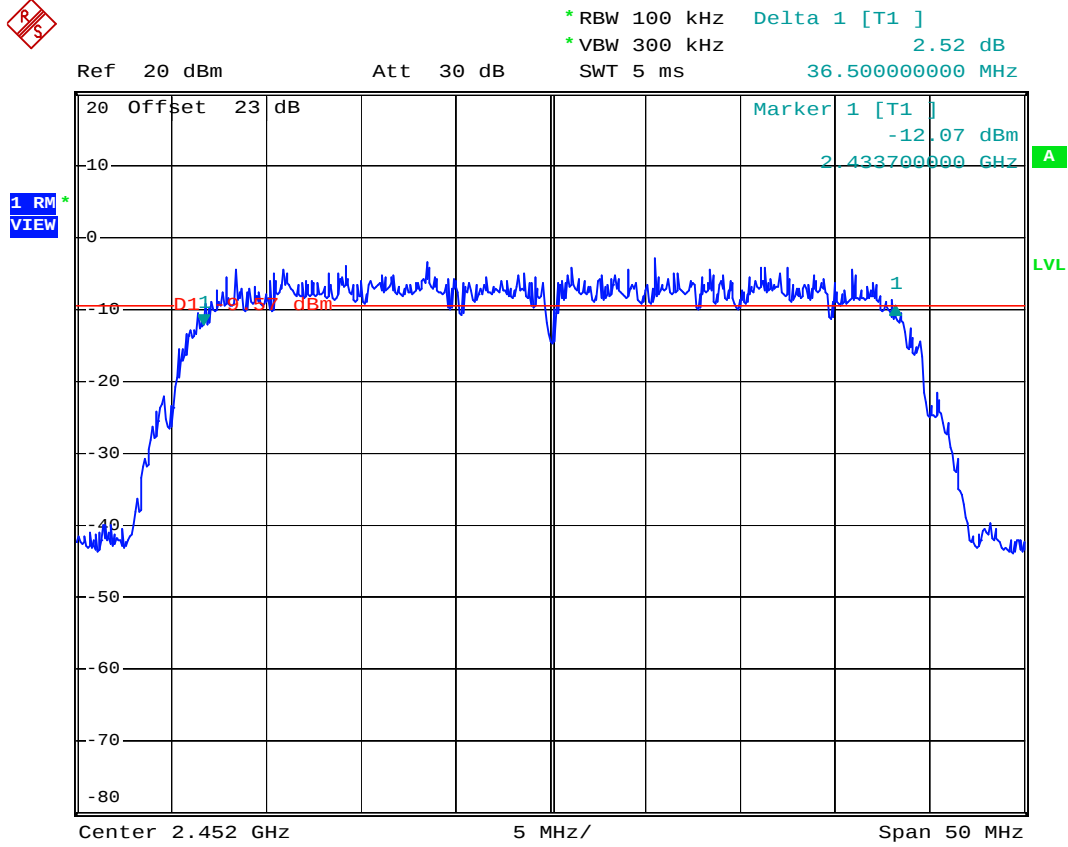




802.11n HT-40







8 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

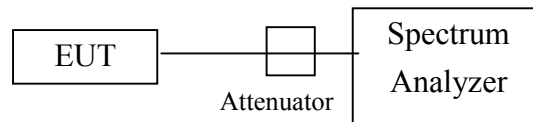
8.1 Standard Applicable

For direct sequence system, according to 15.247(b), the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. The settings of spectrum analyzer is as followings.
 - 1) Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
 - 2) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
 - 3) Set the span $\geq 1.5 \times$ DTS bandwidth.
 - 4) Detector = peak.
 - 5) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - 6) Trace mode = max hold.
 - 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - 8) Use the spectrum analyzer's band/channel power measurement function with the band limits set equal to the DTS bandwidth edges.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 5: Output power and measurement configuration.



8.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/12/07	2013/12/06

8.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Jan. 30, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

A 802.11b

- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 14.68 dBm **29.376** mW
- b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 14.78 dBm **30.061** mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 14.51 dBm **28.249** mW

B 802.11g

- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 12.61 dBm **18.239** mW
- b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 12.61 dBm **18.239** mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 12.36 dBm **17.219** mW

C.802.11n HT-20

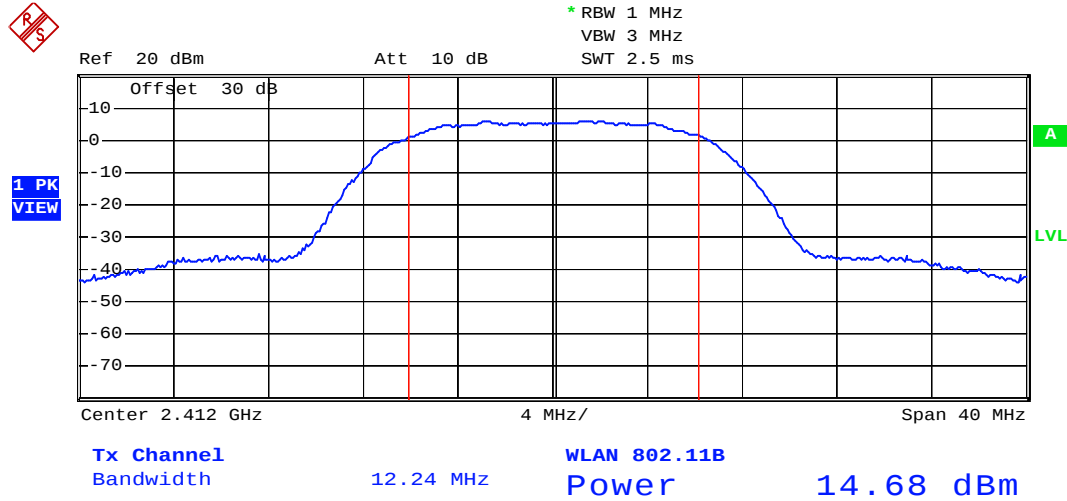
- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 12.73 dBm **18.750** mW
- b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 12.75 dBm **18.836** mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 12.51 dBm **17.824** mW

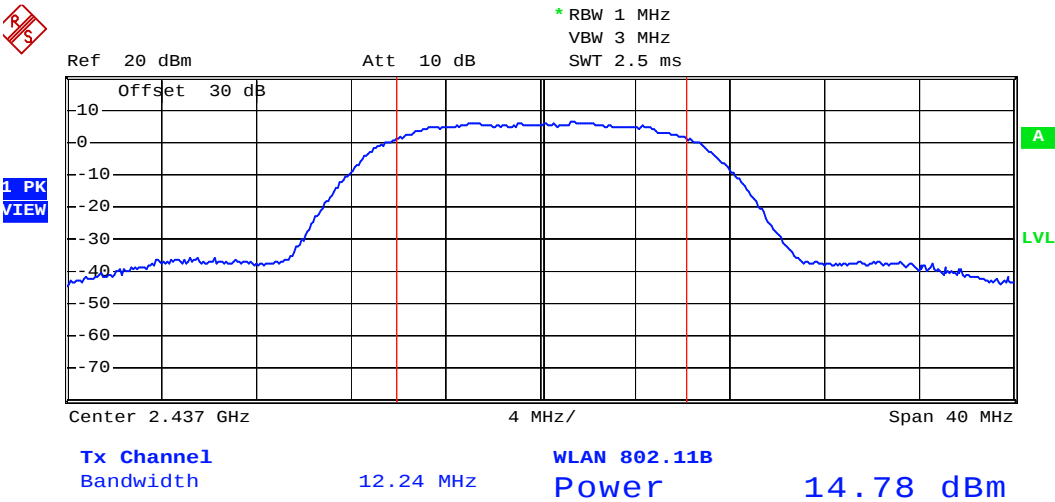
D.802.11n HT-40

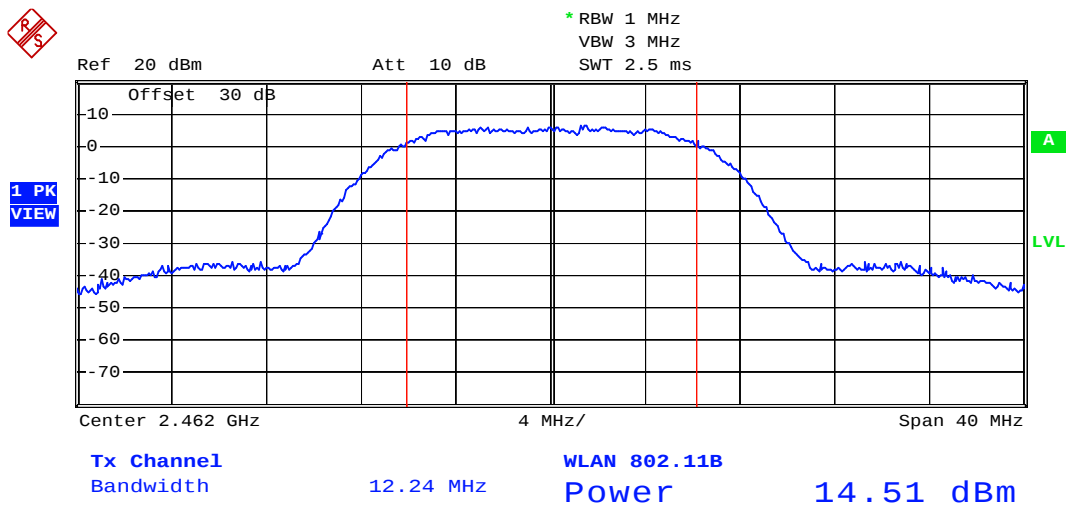
- a) Channel Low: Output Peak Power is 12.56 dBm **18.030** mW
- b) Channel Mid: Output Peak Power is 12.81 dBm **19.099** mW
- c) Channel High: Output Peak Power is 12.39 dBm **17.338** mW

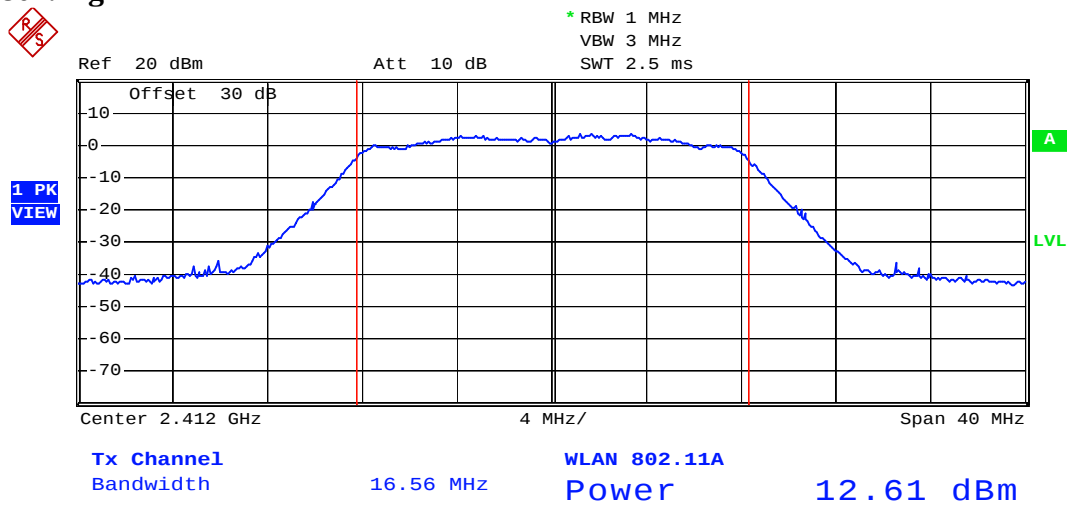
Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

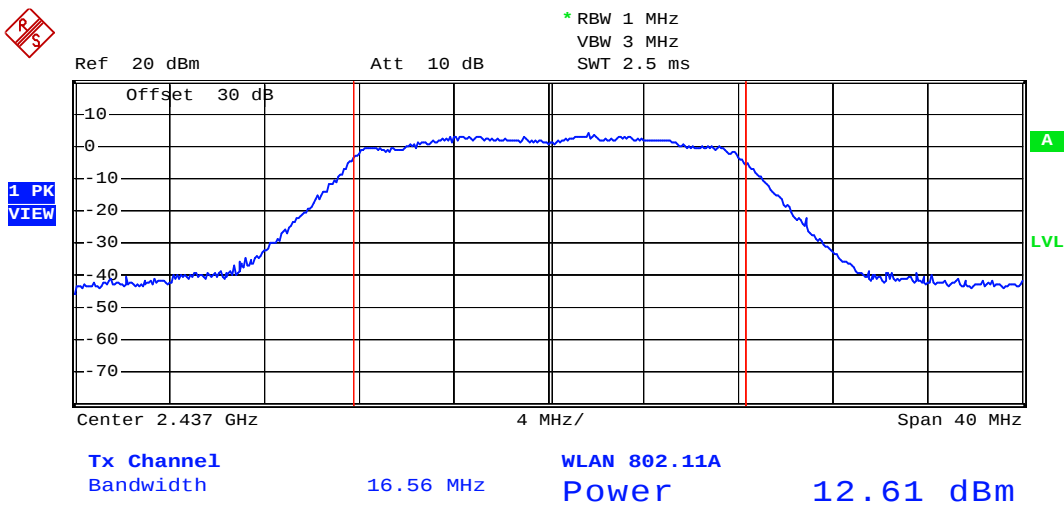
802.11b

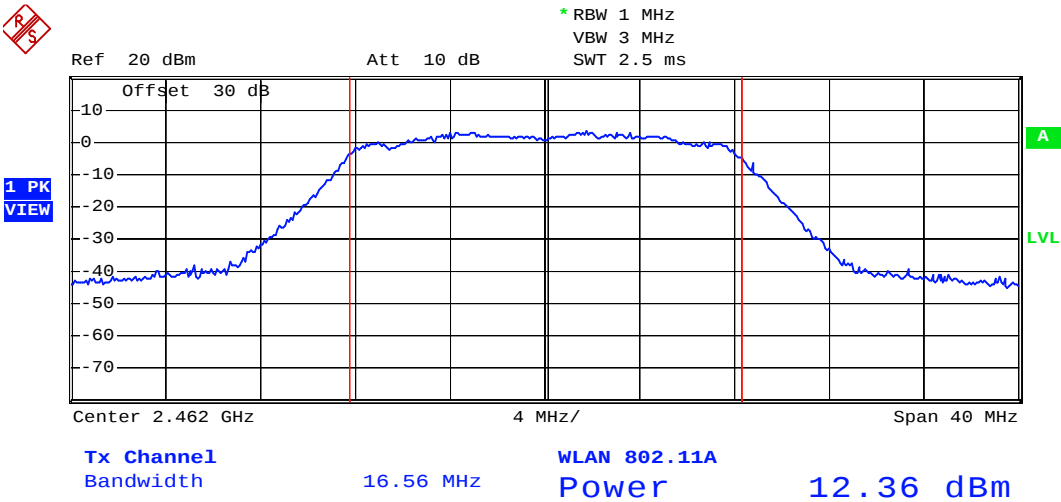




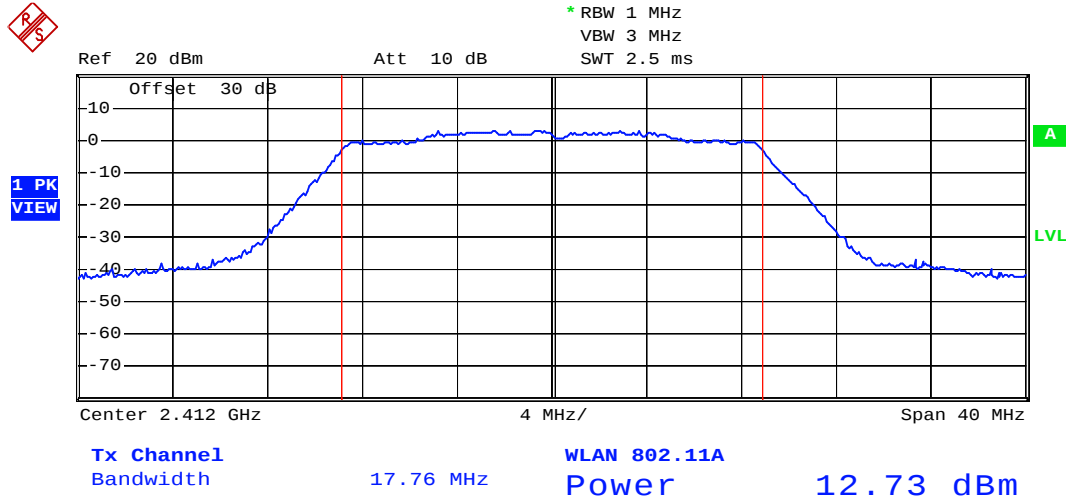


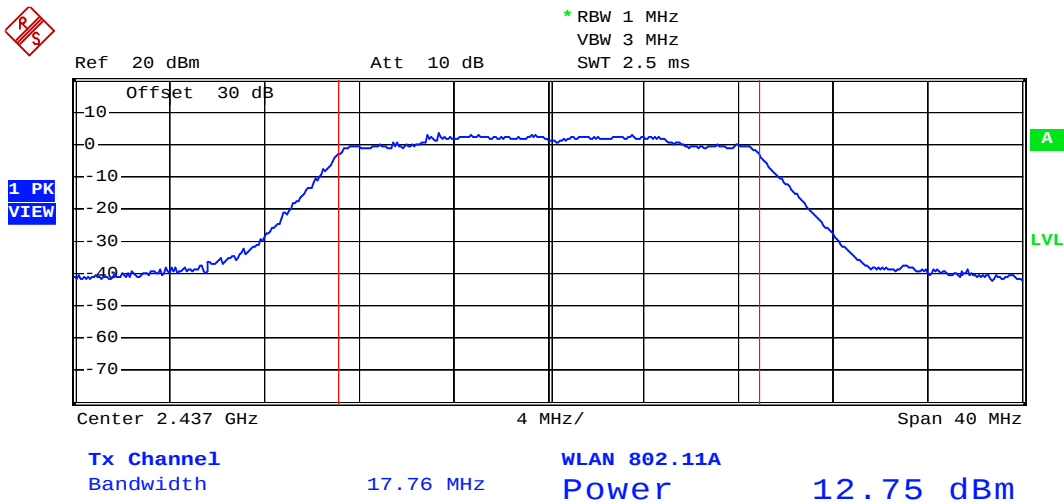


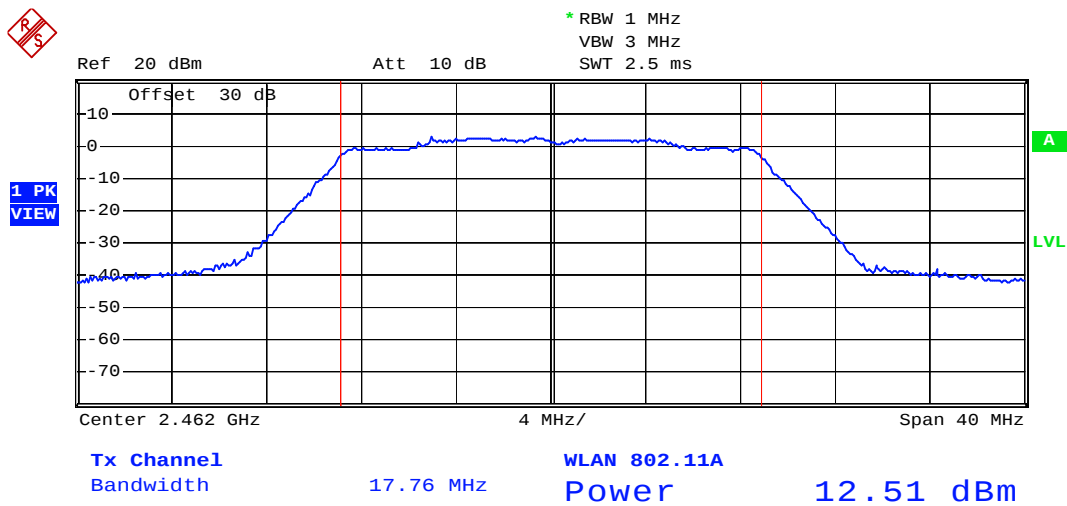




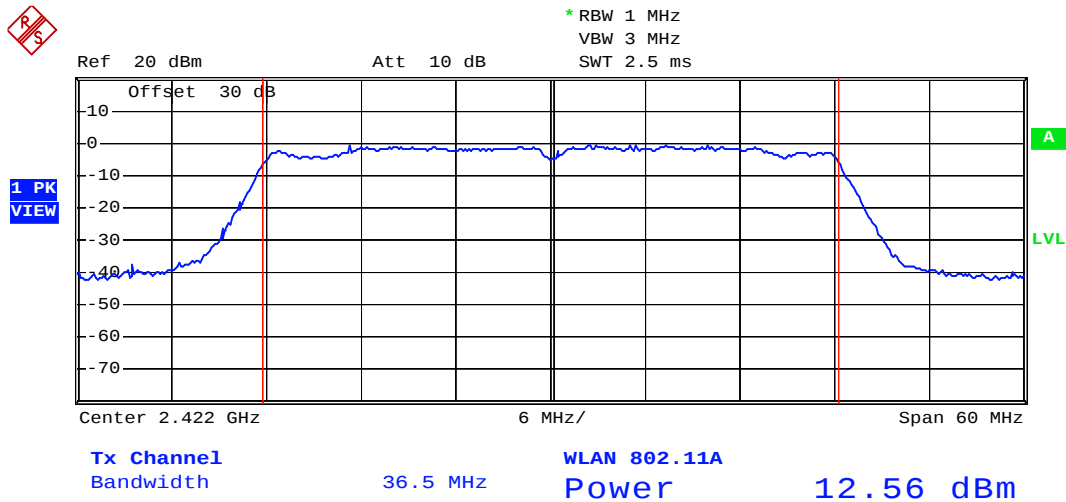
802.11n HT-20

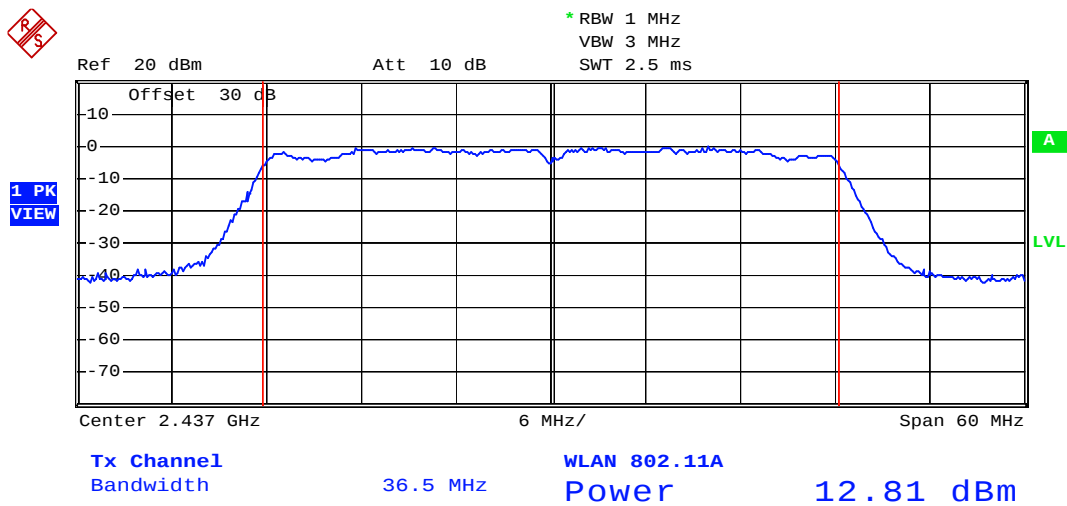


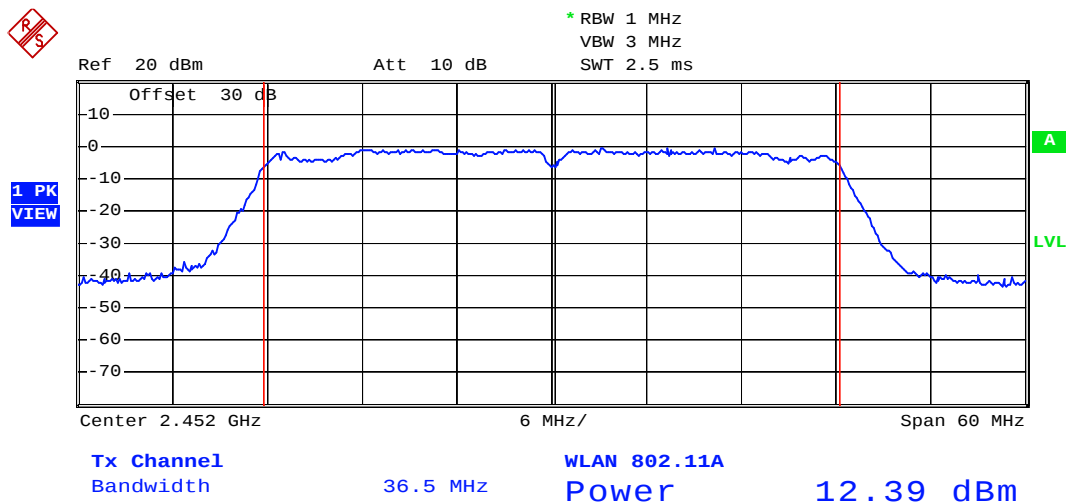




802.11n HT-40







9 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 5 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100kHz and VBW to ≥ 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

9.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/12/07	2013/12/06

9.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Jan. 30, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

A 802.11b

- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

B 802.11g

- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

C 802.11n HT-20

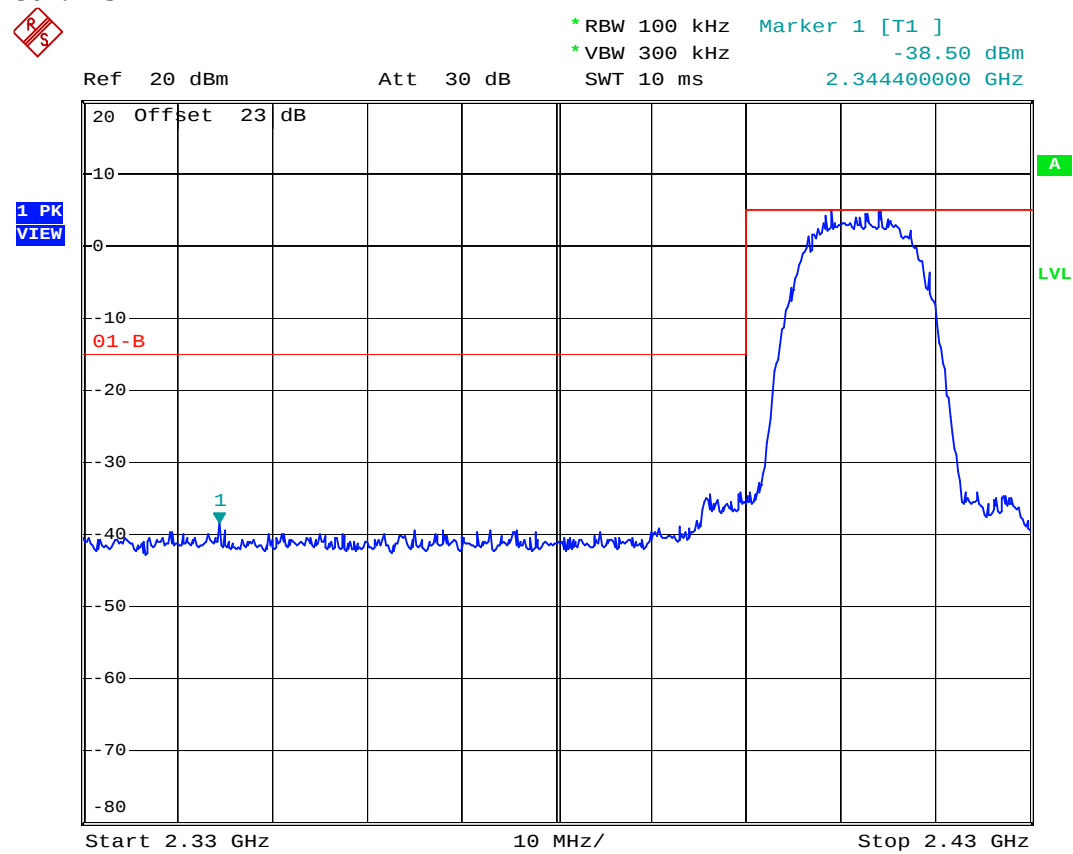
- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

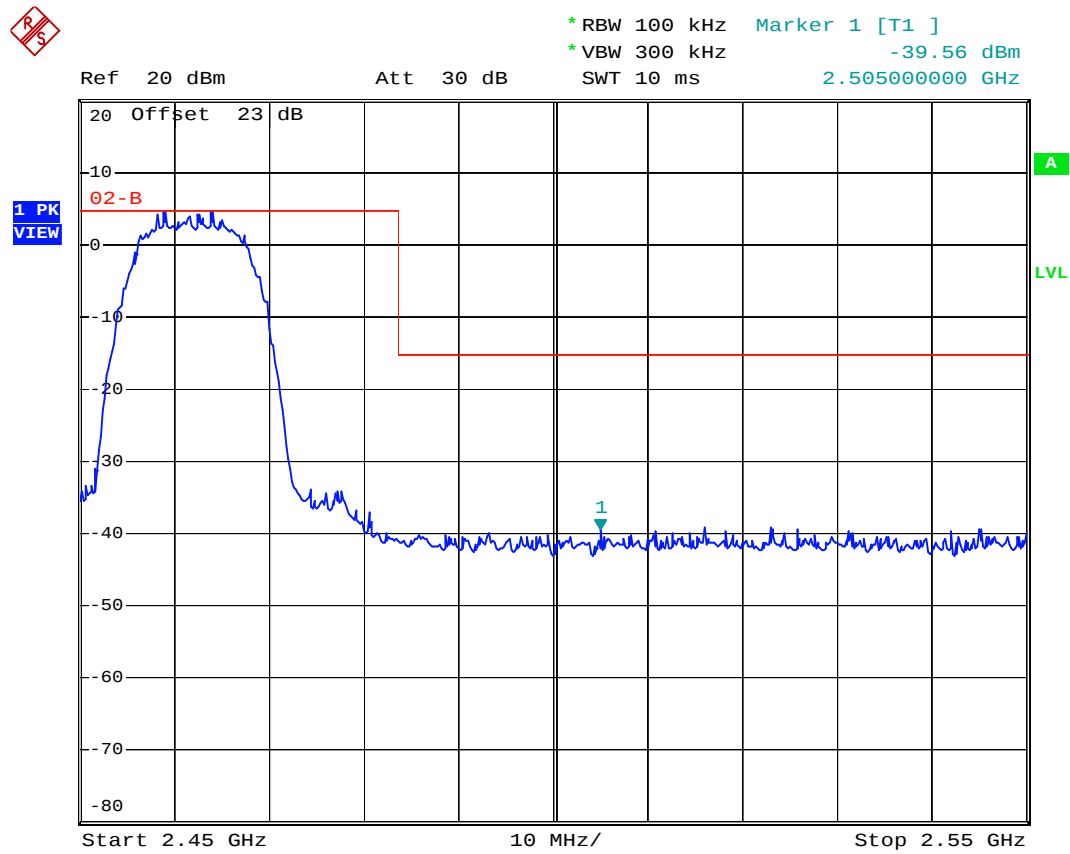
D 802.11n HT-40

- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

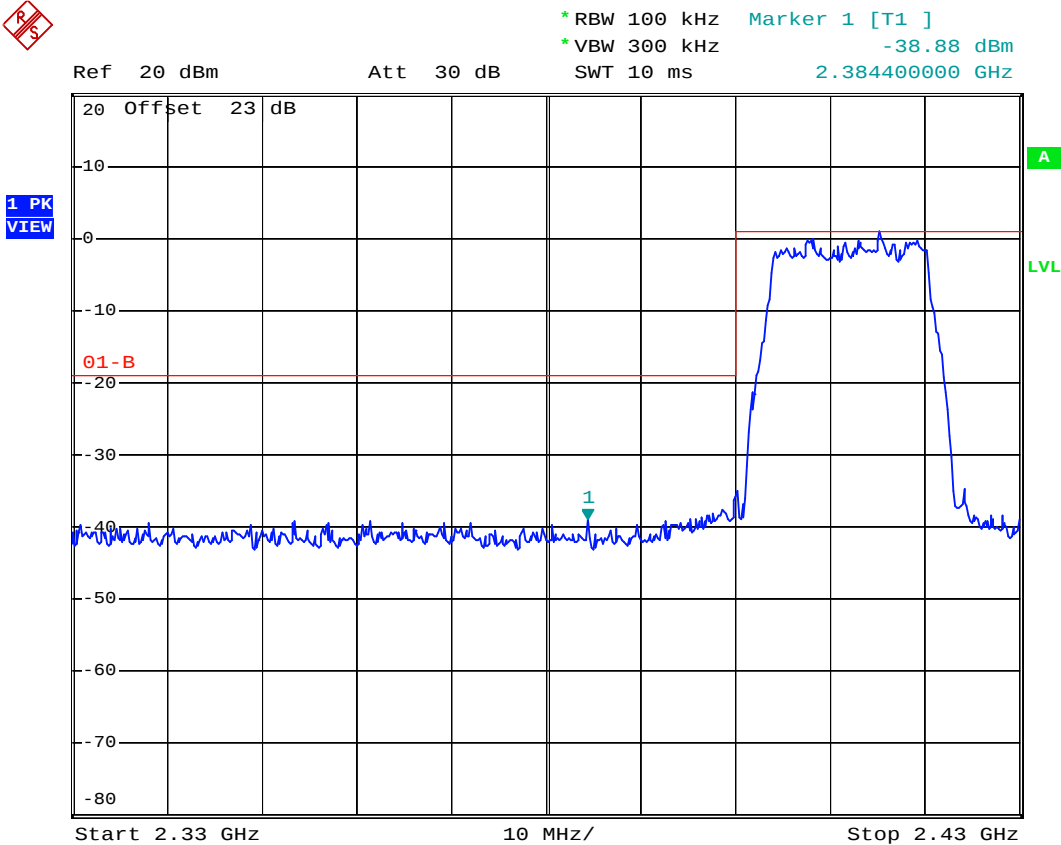
Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

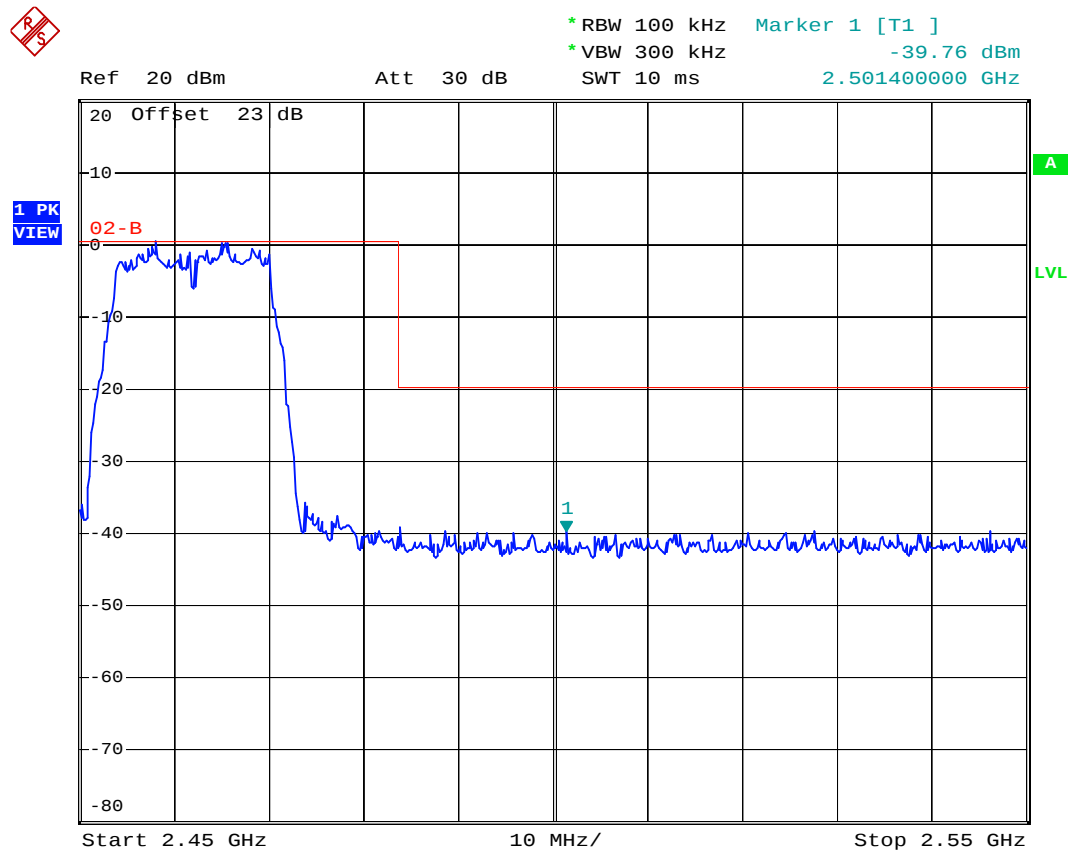
802.11b



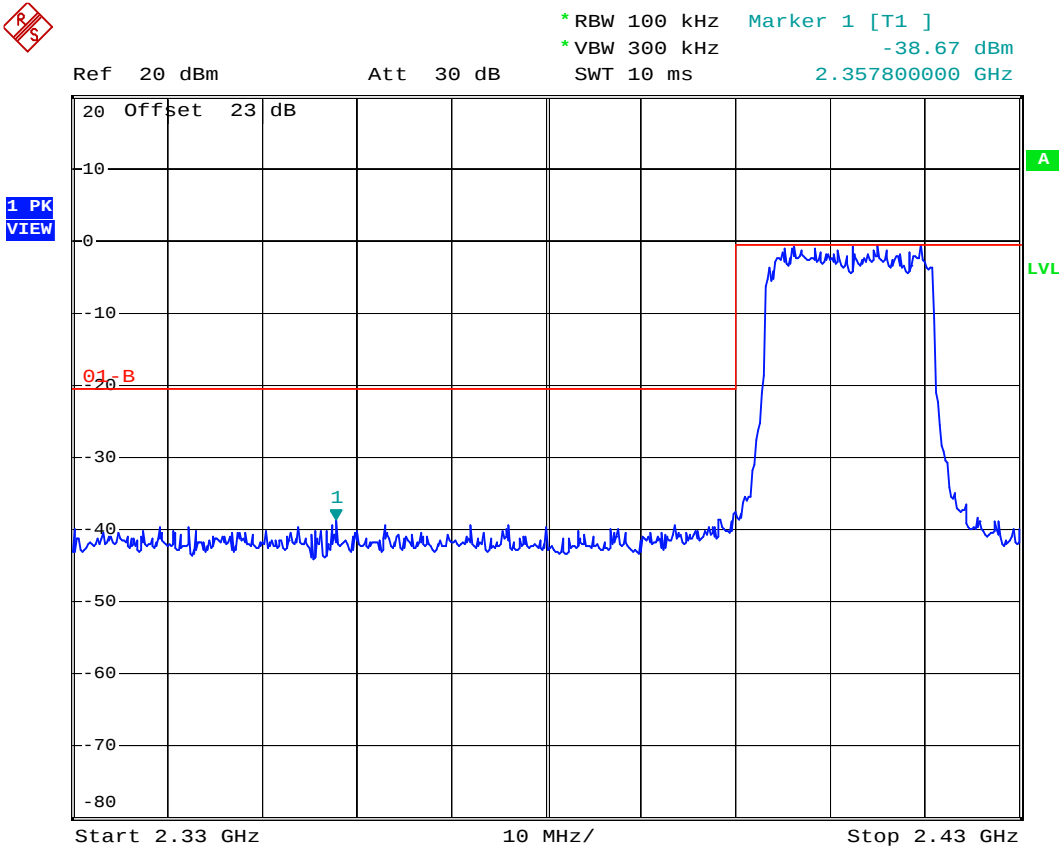


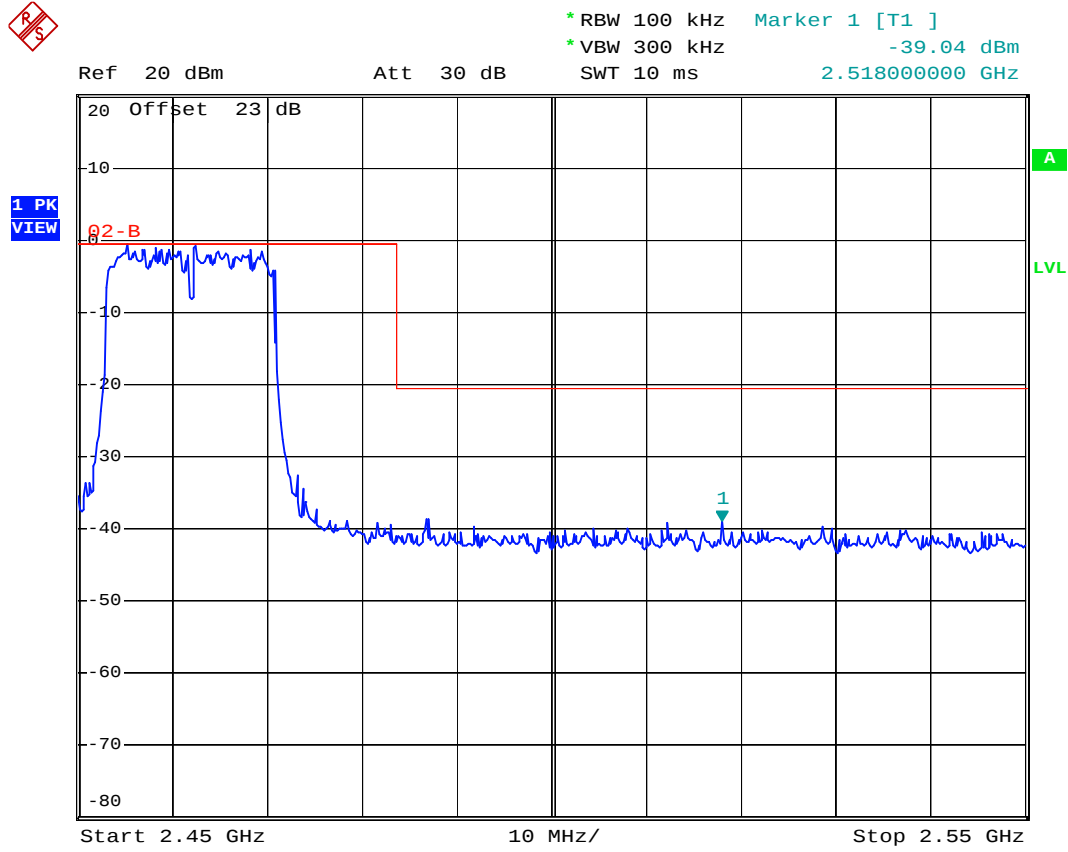
802.11g



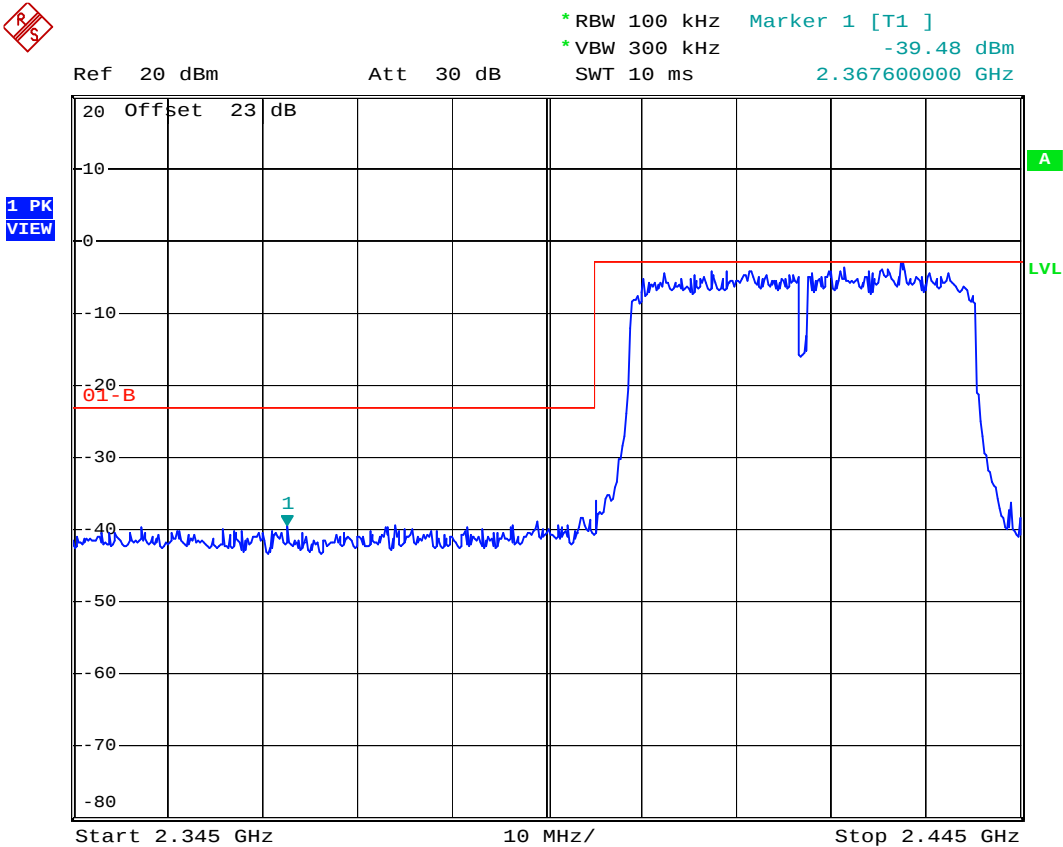


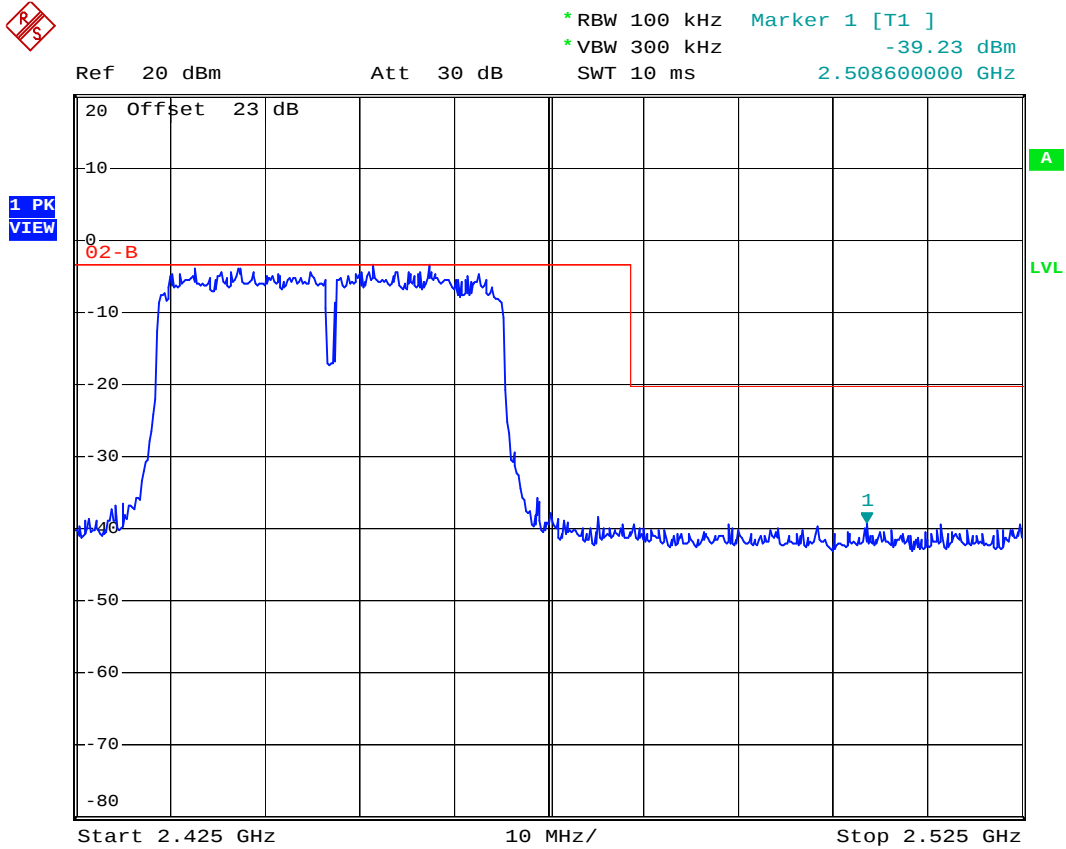
802.11n 20M





802.11n 40M





10 POWER DENSITY MEASUREMENT

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(d), for direct sequence systems, the transmitted power density averaged over any 1 second interval shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz bandwidth within these bands.

10.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set EUT to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Following the procedures below.
 - 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
 - 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
 - 3) Set the RBW ≥ 3 kHz.
 - 4) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
 - 5) Detector = peak.
 - 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - 7) Trace mode = max hold.
 - 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
 - 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
4. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

10.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/12/07	2013/12/06

10.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Jan. 30, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

A 802.11b

- a) Channel Low: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is 7.29 dBm
- b) Channel Mid: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is 7.64 dBm
- c) Channel High: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is 7.67 dBm

B 802.11g

- a) Channel Low: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -0.49 dBm
- b) Channel Mid: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -0.02 dBm
- c) Channel High: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -0.16 dBm

C 802.11n HT-20

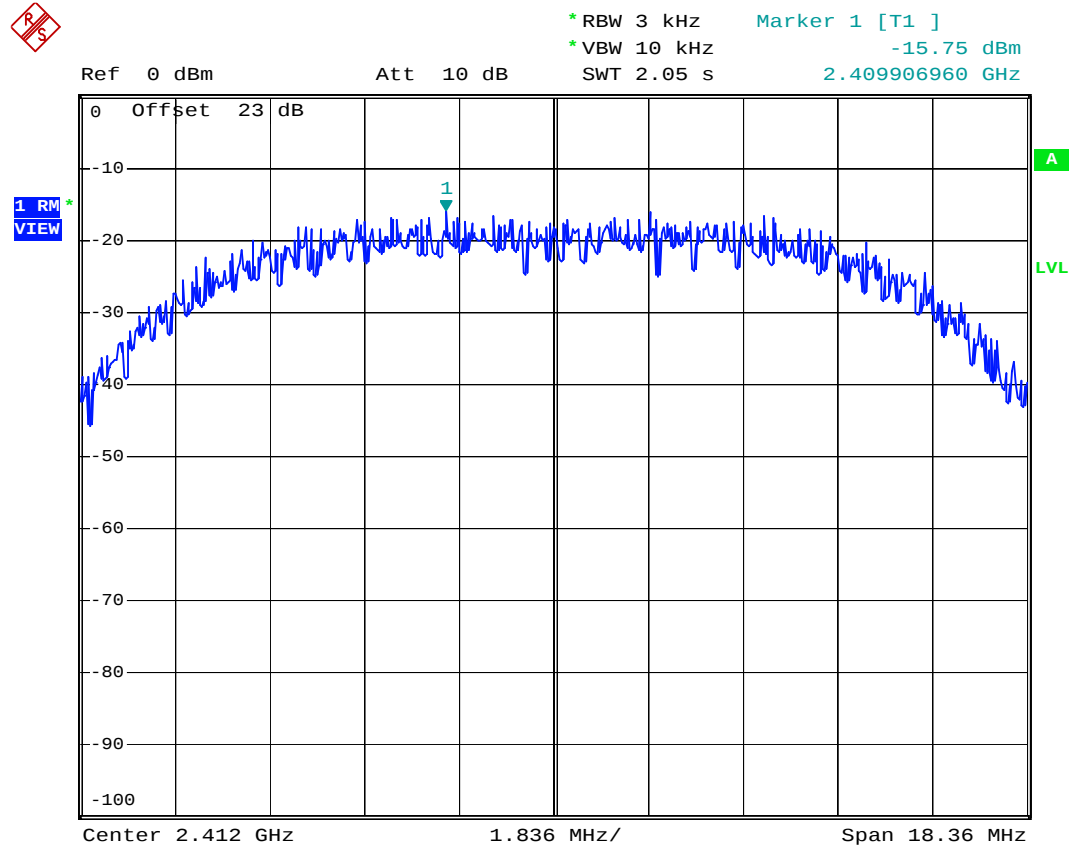
- a) Channel Low: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -0.25 dBm
- b) Channel Mid: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -0.24 dBm
- c) Channel High: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -0.48 dBm

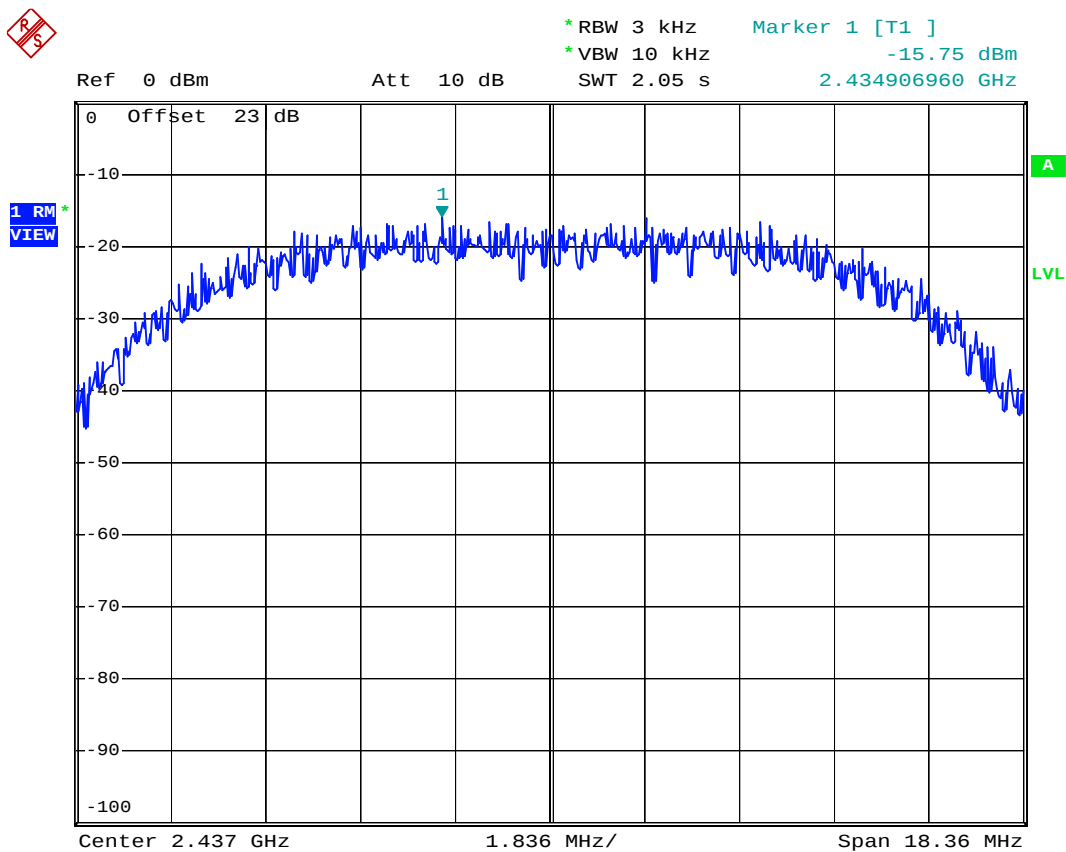
D 802.11n HT-40

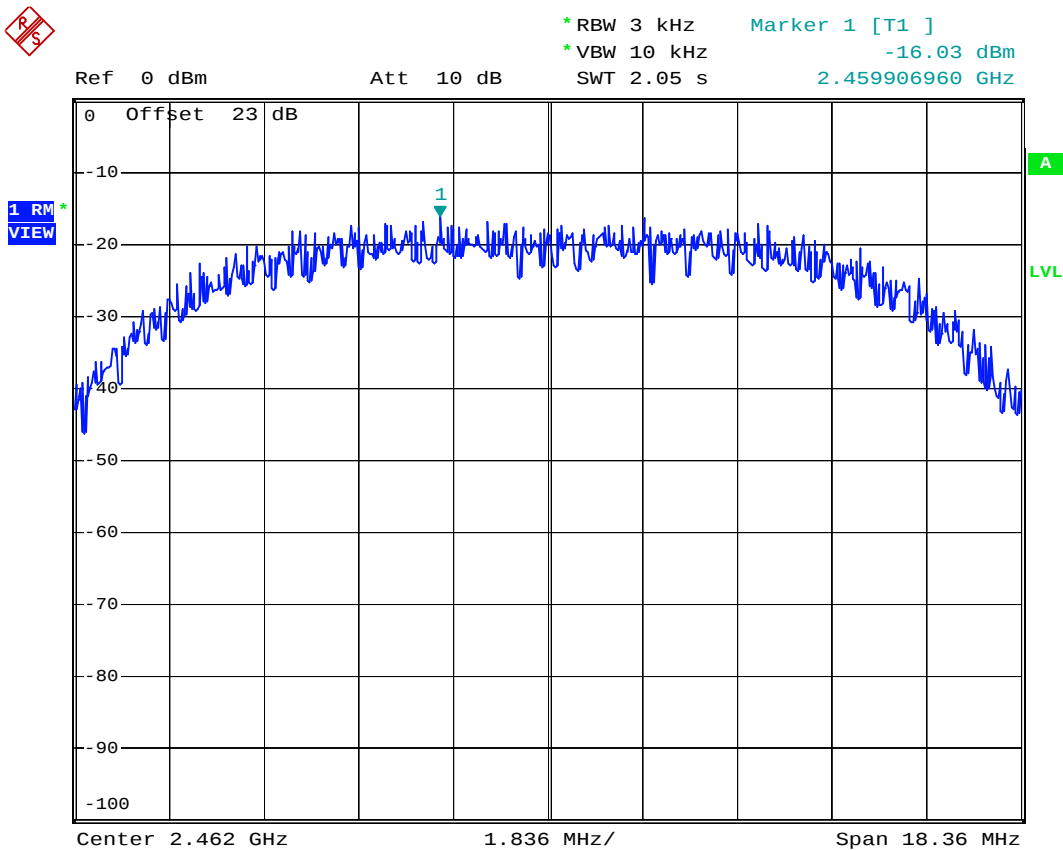
- a) Channel Low: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -4.15 dBm
- b) Channel Mid: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -4.52 dBm
- c) Channel High: Maximun Power Density of 3 kHz Bandwidth is -3.79 dBm

Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

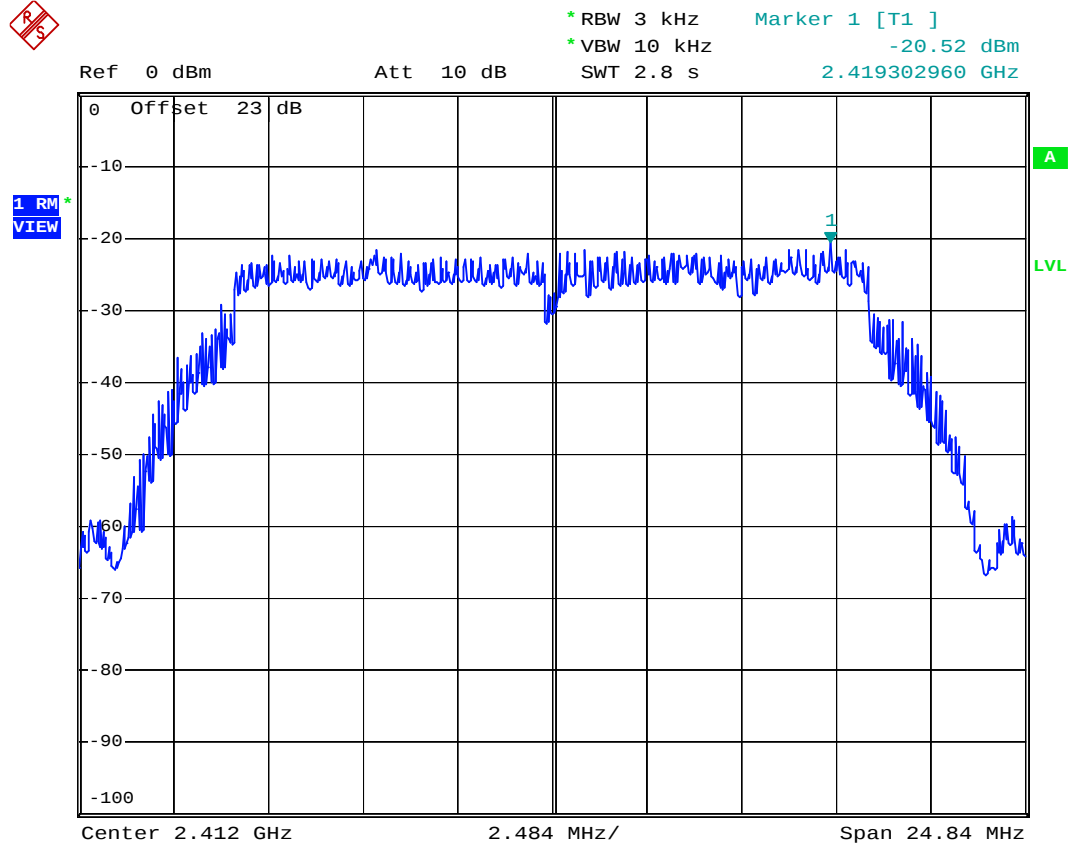
802.11b

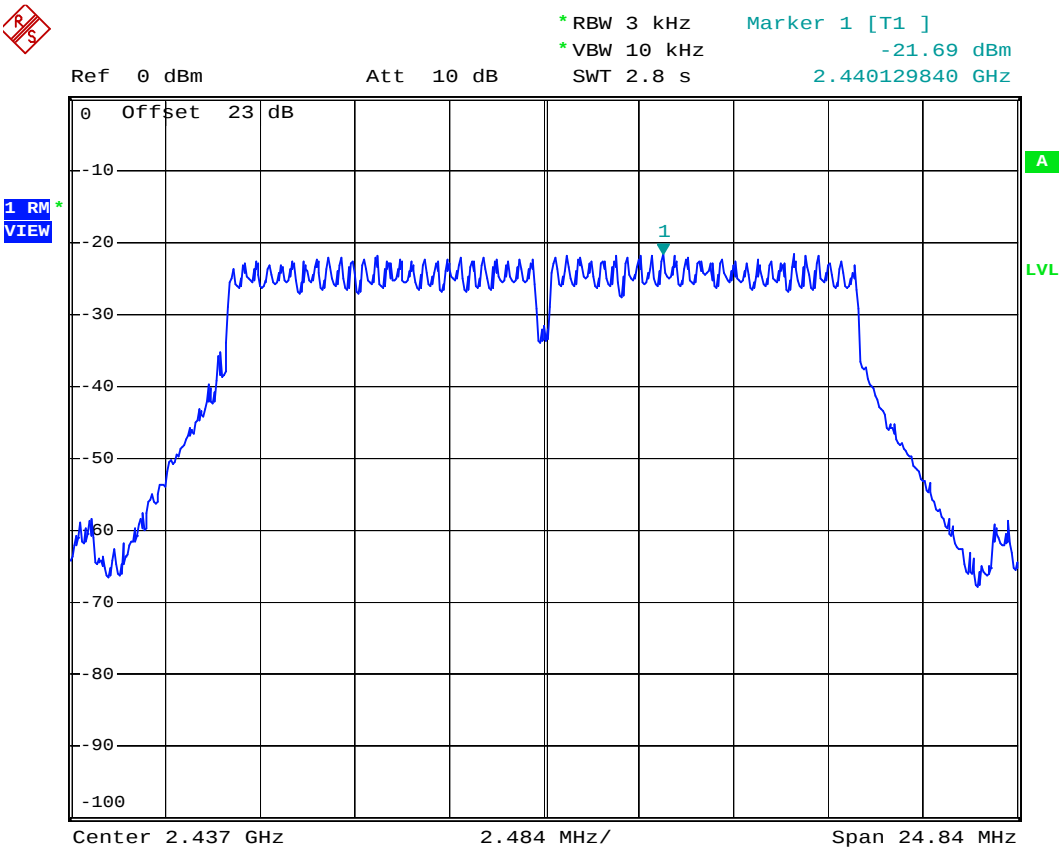


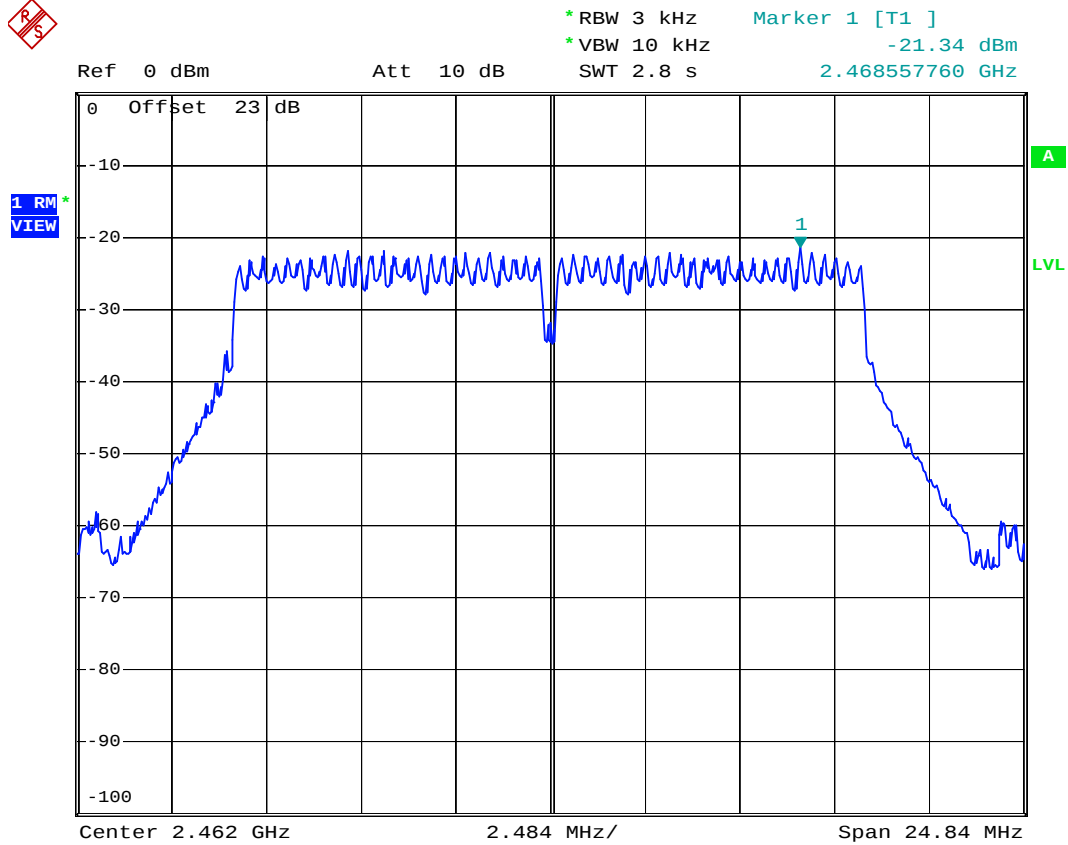




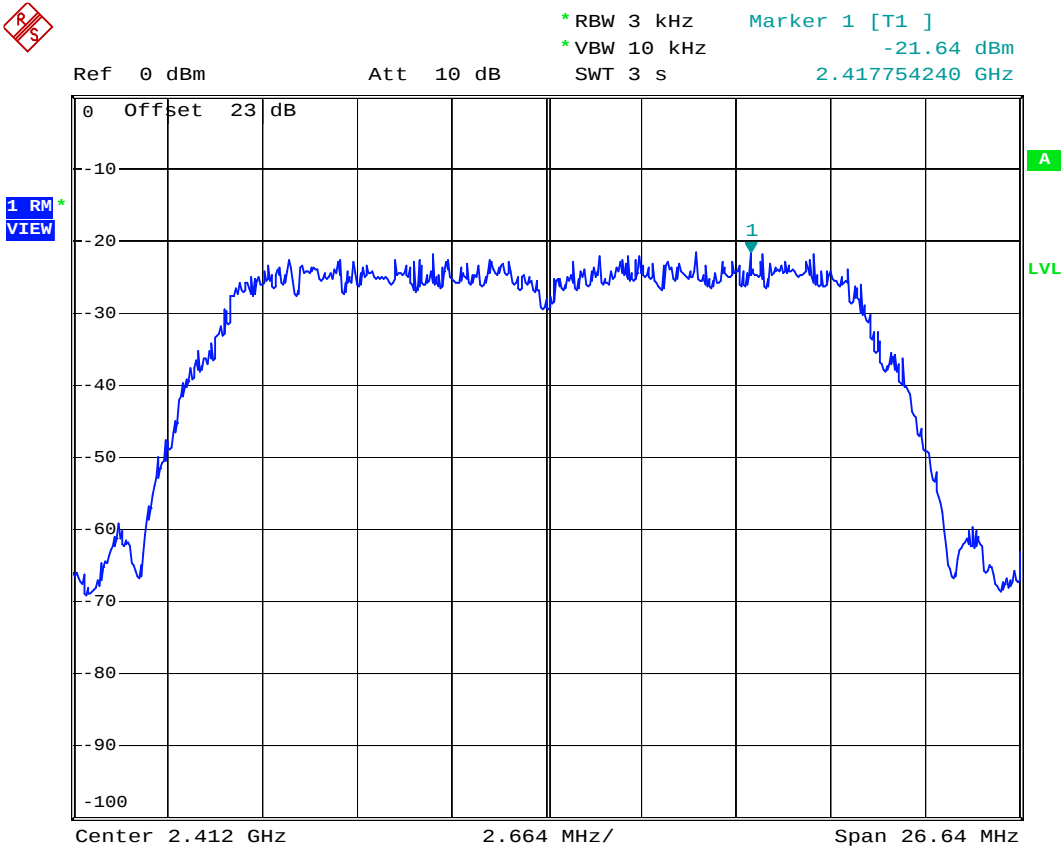
802.11g

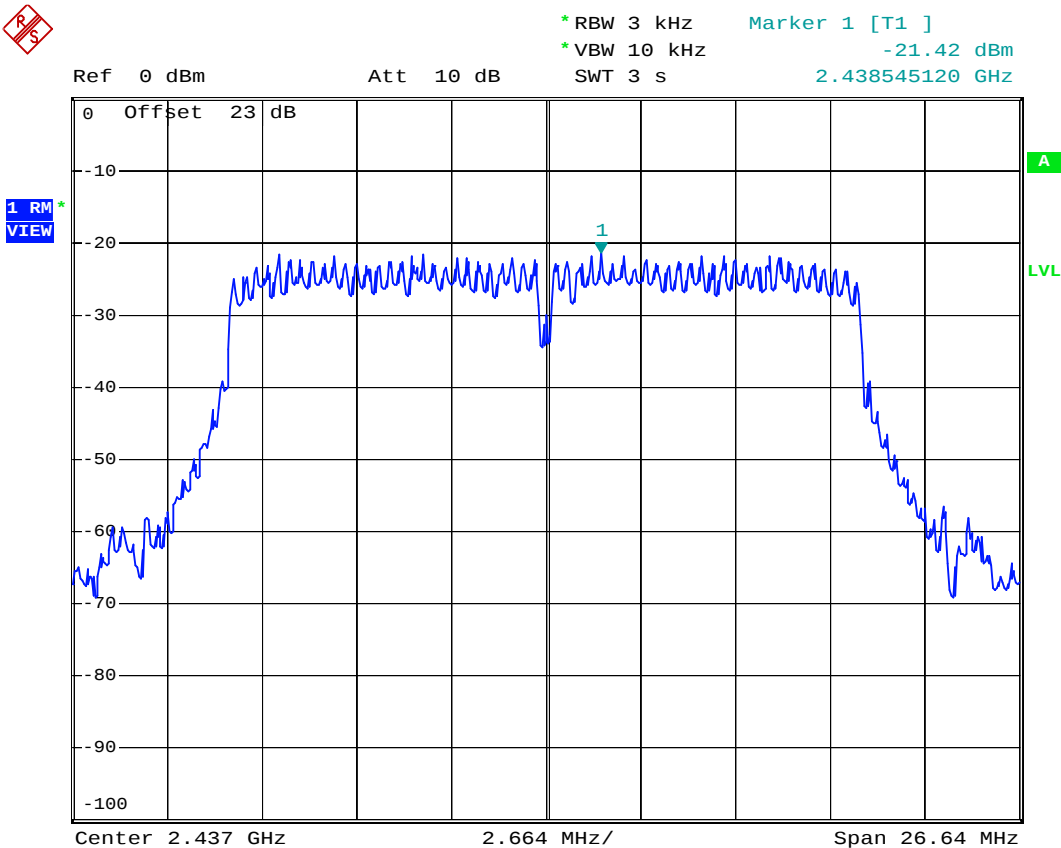


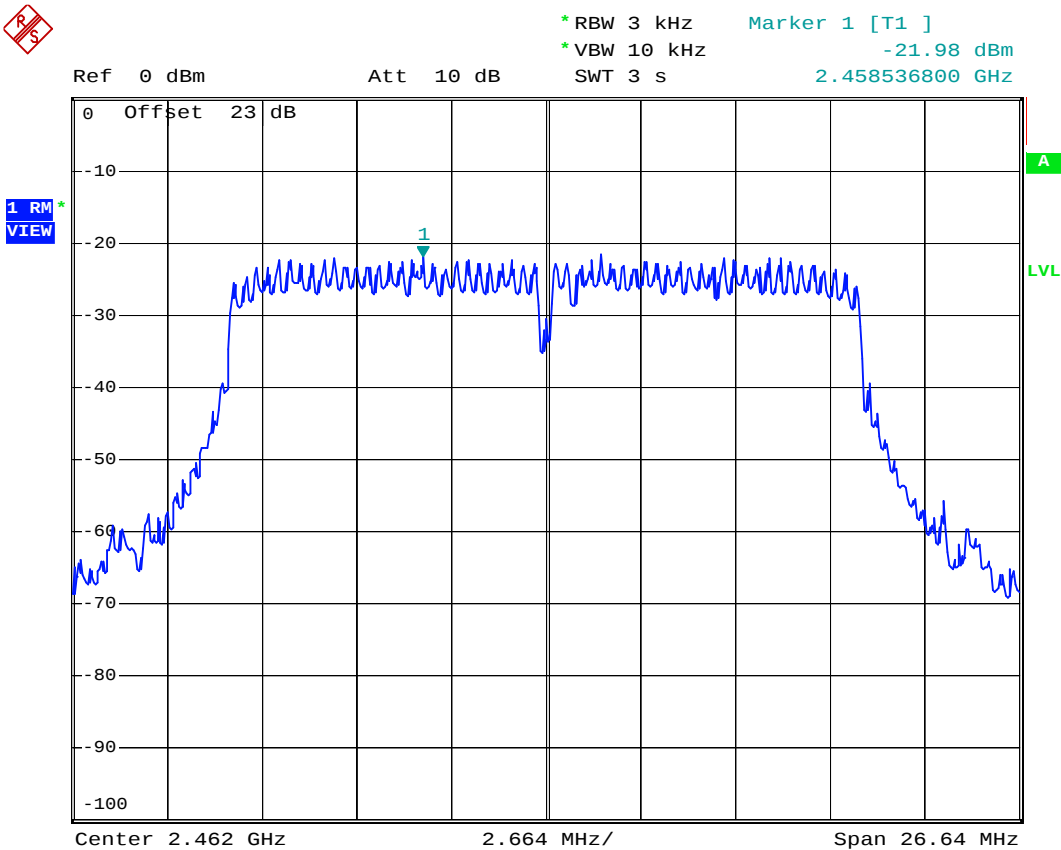




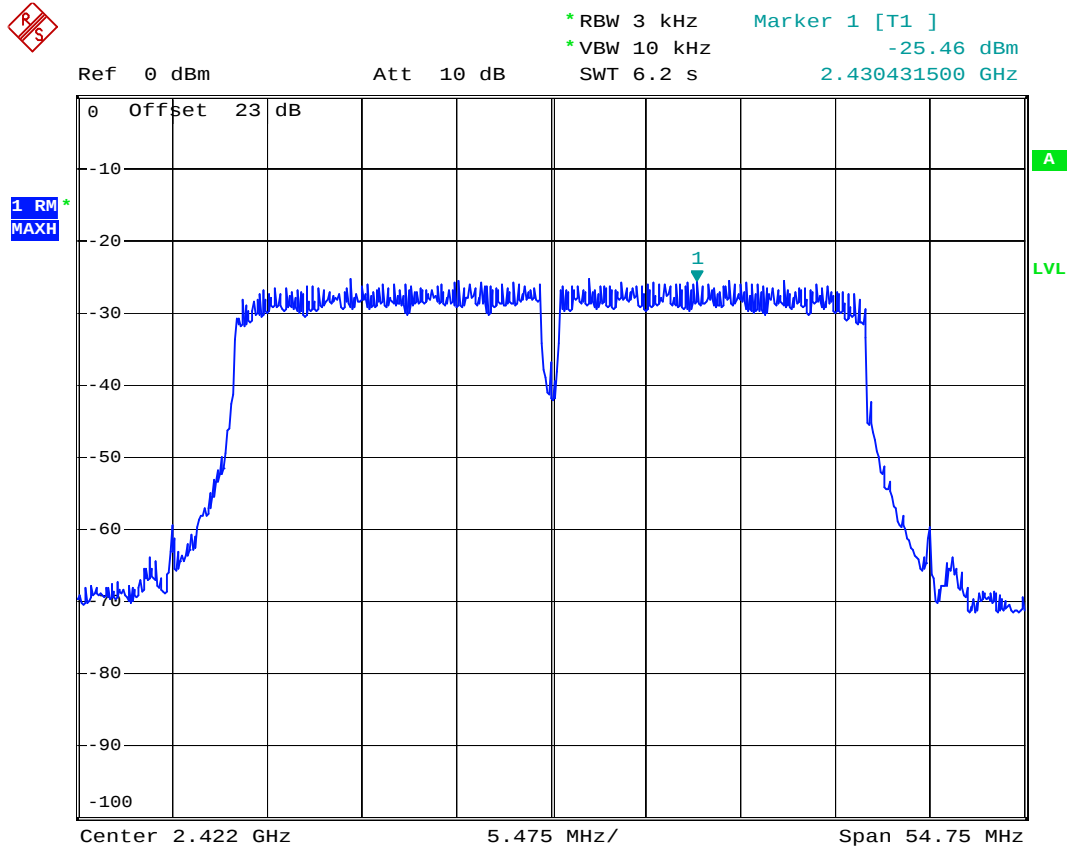
802.11n 20M

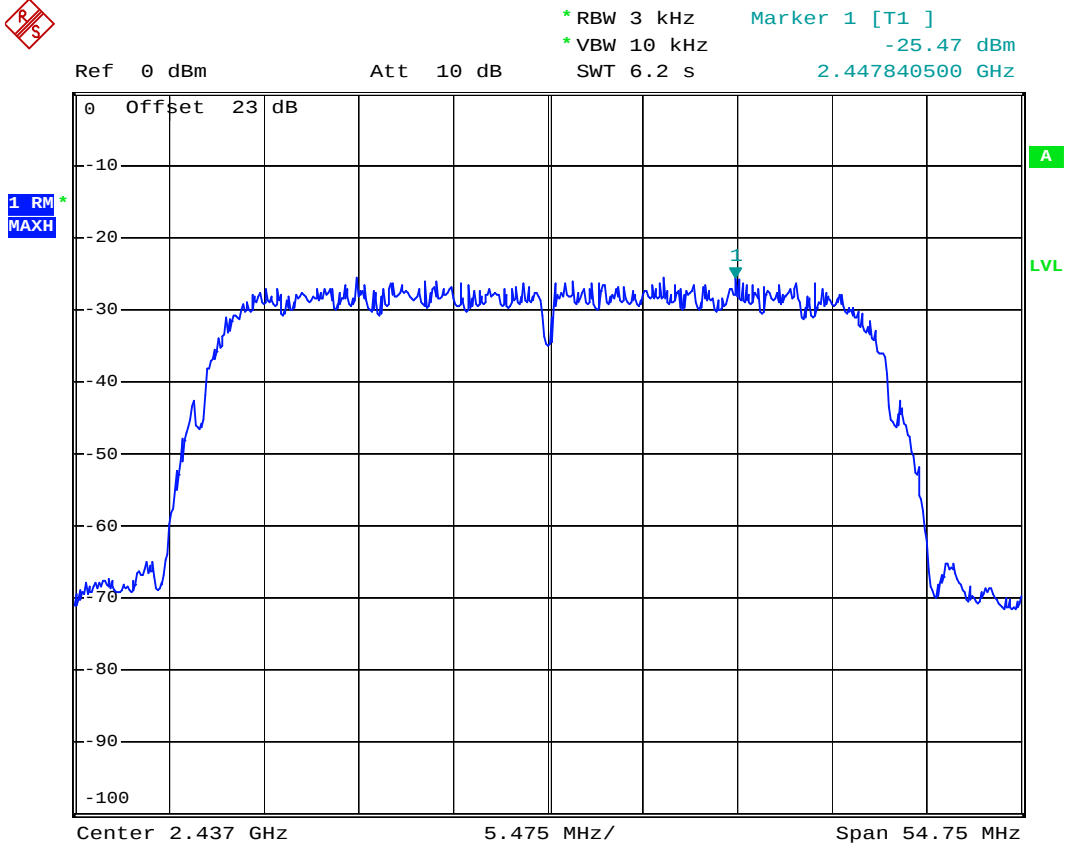


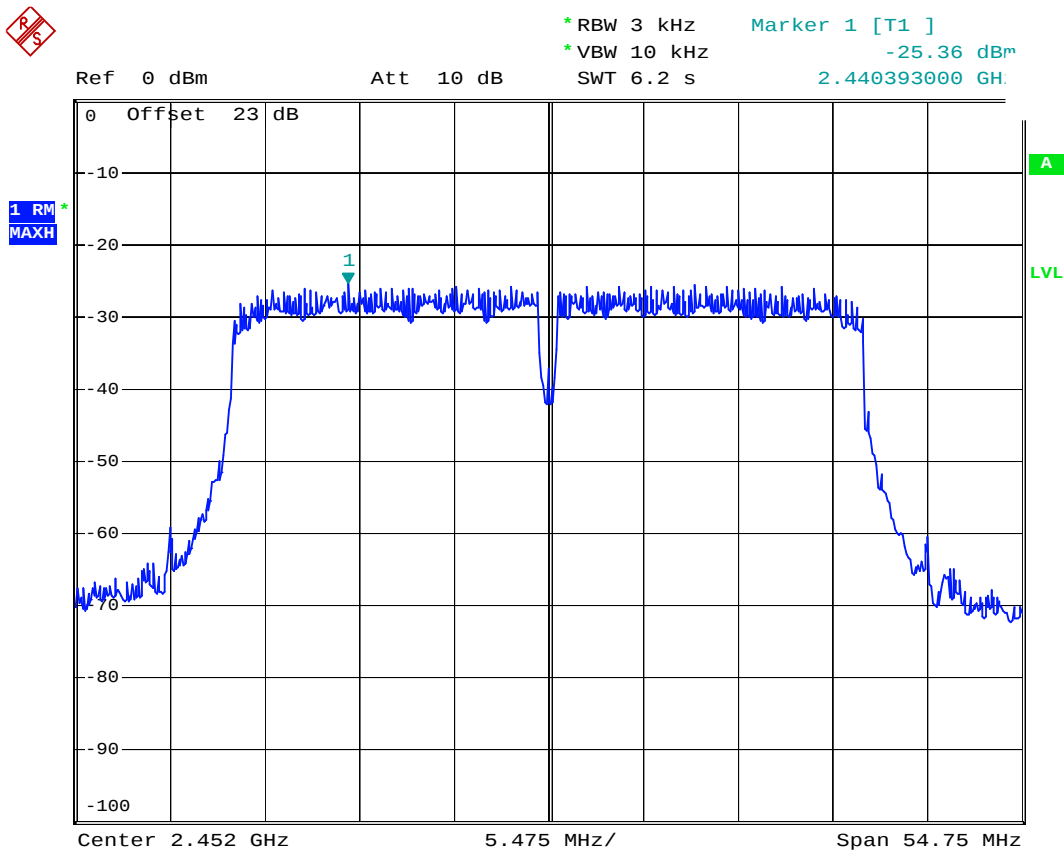




802.11n 40M







11. OUT-OF-BAND CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

11.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

11.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - 1) Set start frequency to DTS channel edge frequency.
 - 2) Set stop frequency so as to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
 - 3) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
 - 4) Set VBW $\geq$ 300 kHz.
 - 5) Detector = peak.
 - 6) Trace Mode = max hold.
 - 7) Sweep = auto couple.
 - 8) Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).
 - 9) Use peak marker function to determine maximum amplitude of all unwanted emissions within any 100 kHz bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

11.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/12/07	2013/12/06

11.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Jan. 30, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

A 802.11b

Model : Channel Low

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Model : Channel Mid

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Model : Channel High

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

Test Date : Jan. 30, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

B 802.11g**Model : Channel Low**

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Model : Channel Mid

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Model : Channel High

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

Test Date : Jan. 30, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

C 802.11n HT-20**Model : Channel Low**

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Model : Channel Mid

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Model : Channel High

- a) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

Test Date : Jan. 30, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

D 802.11n HT-40**Model : Channel Low**

- c) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- d) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Model : Channel Mid

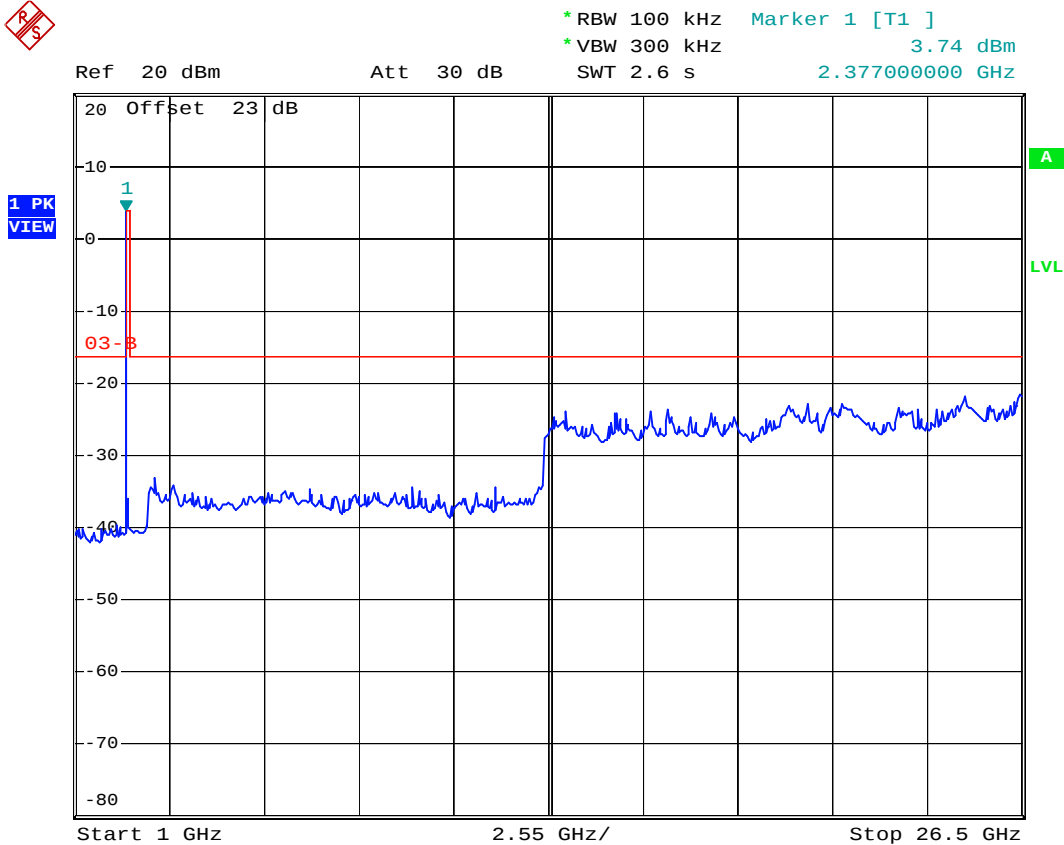
- c) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- d) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

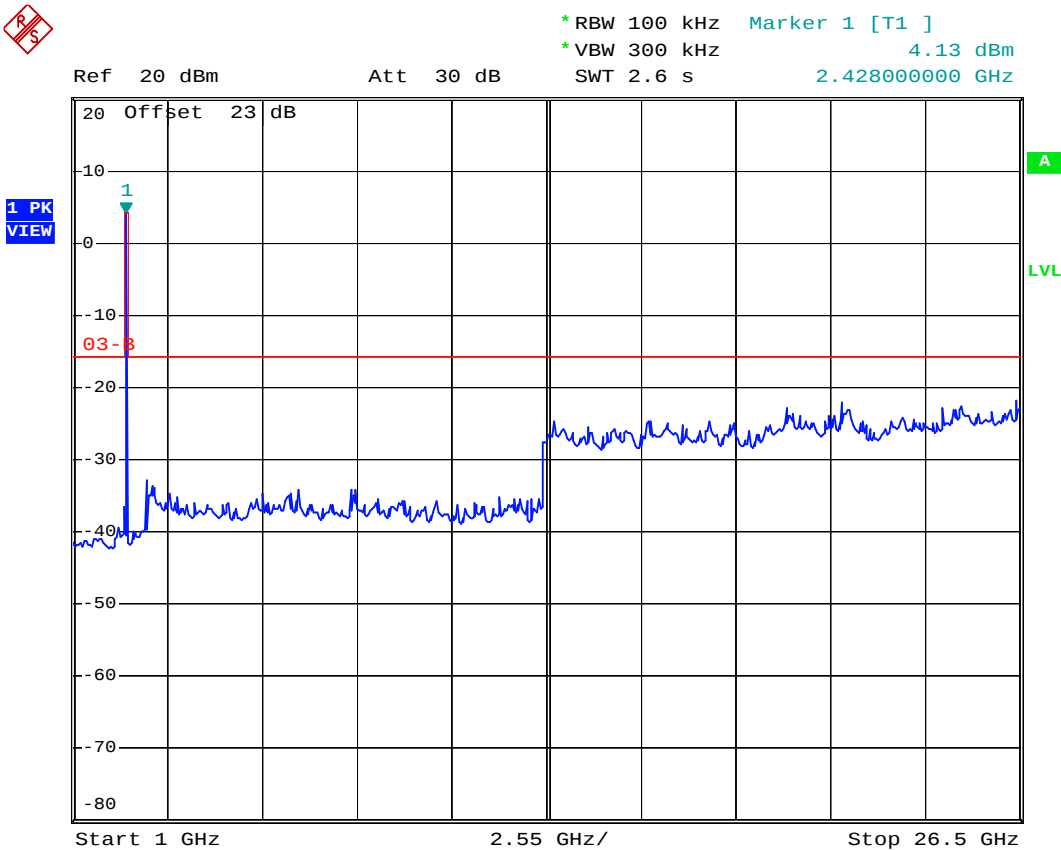
Model : Channel High

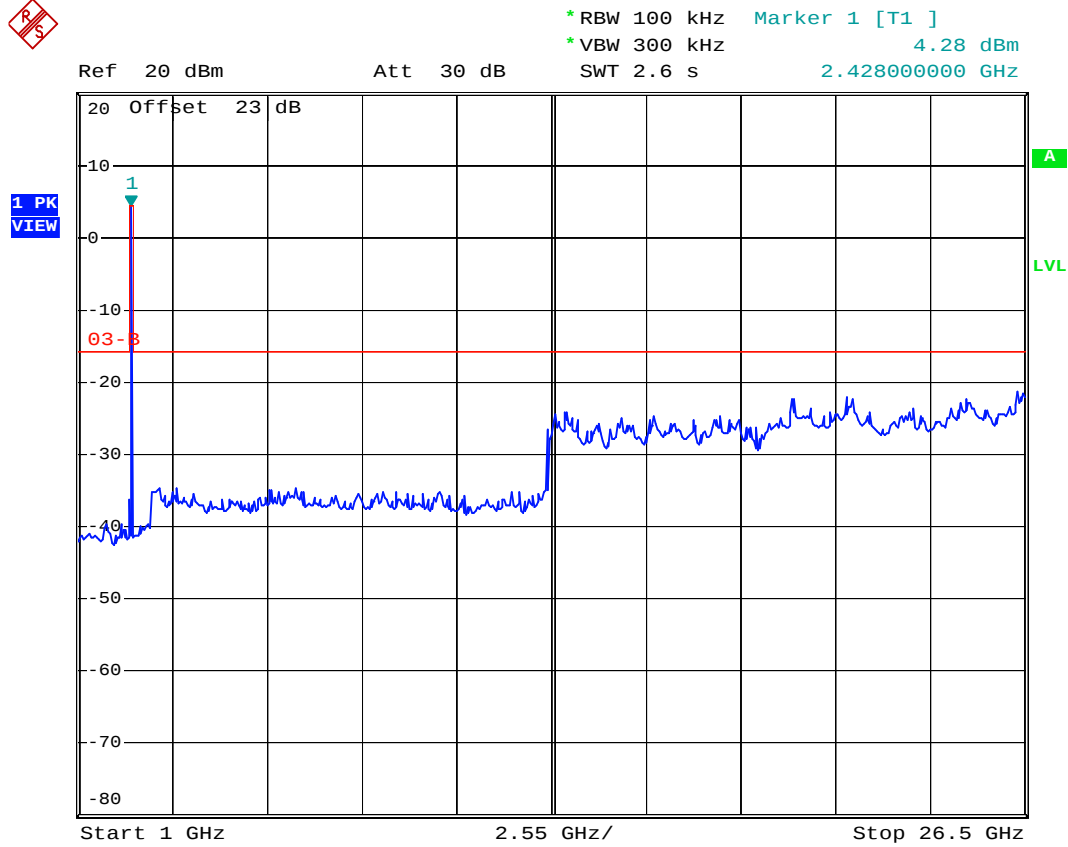
- c) 1 GHz to 3 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- d) 3 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

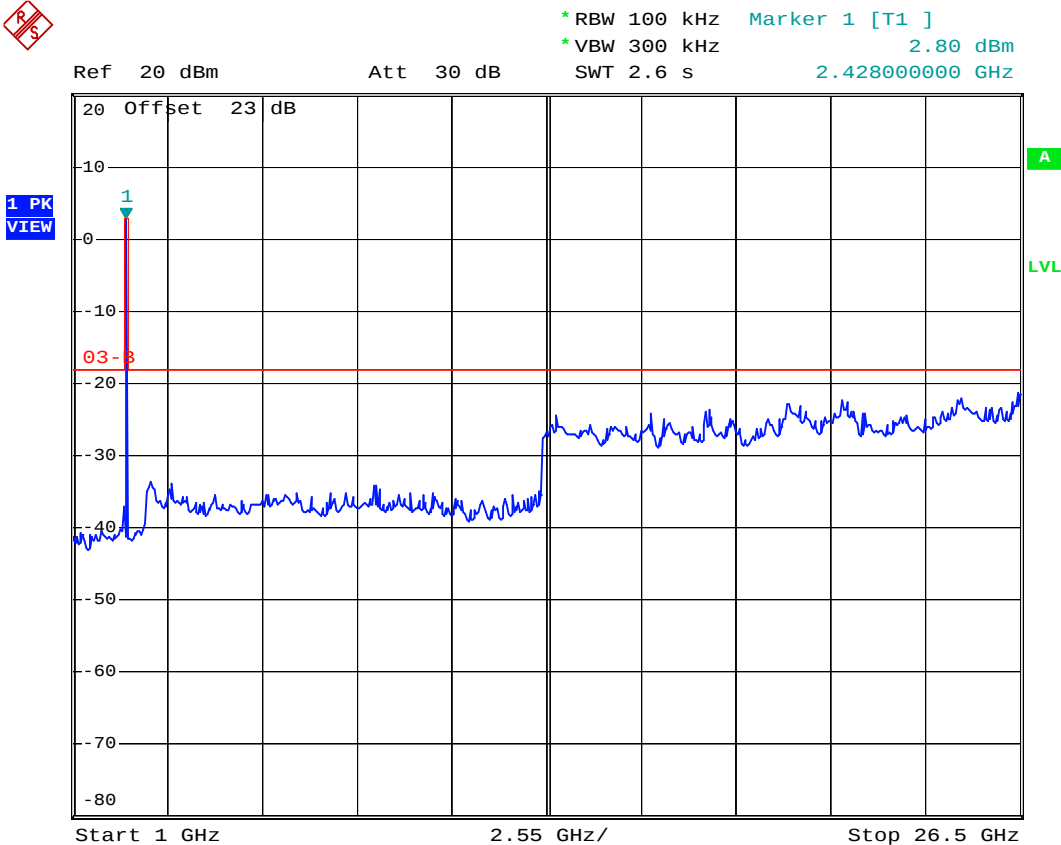
802.11b

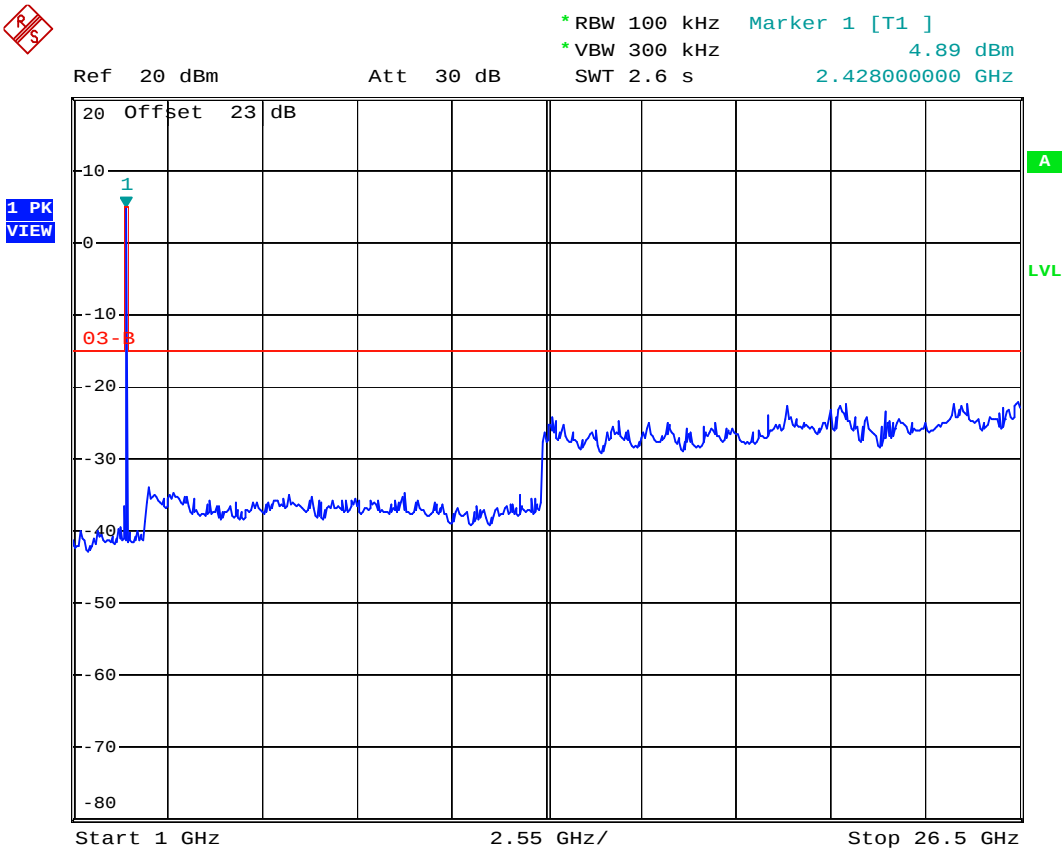


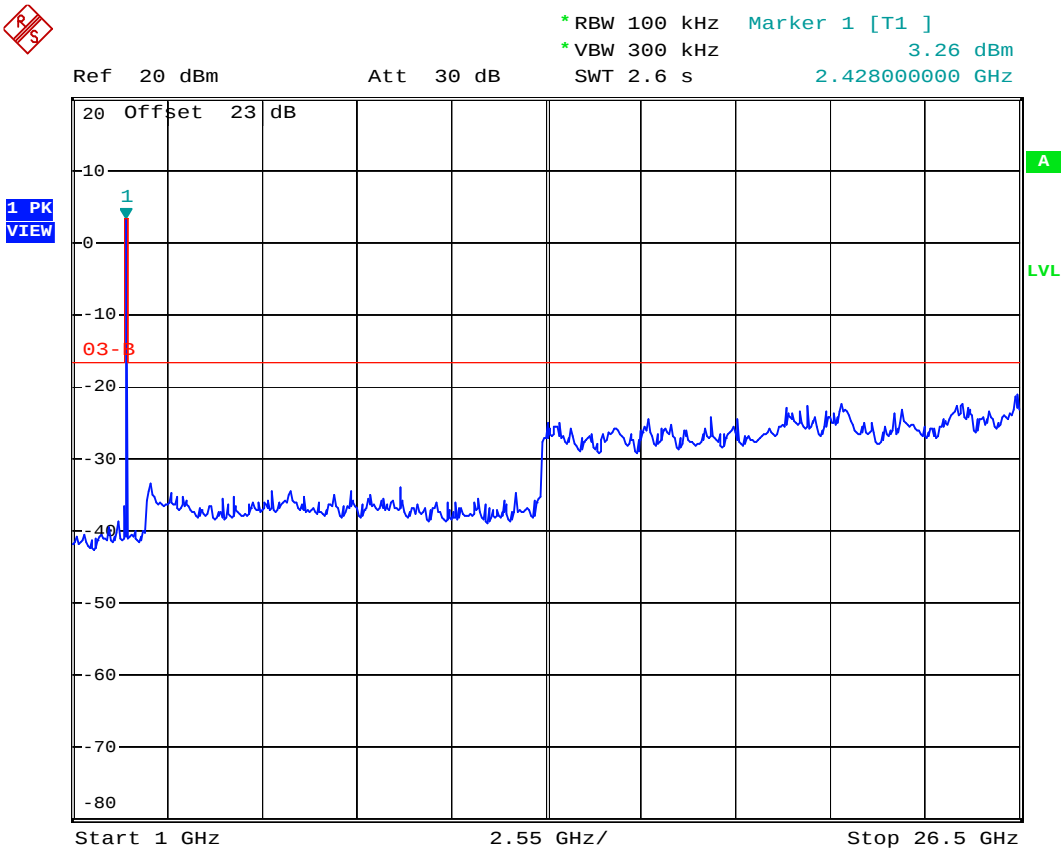




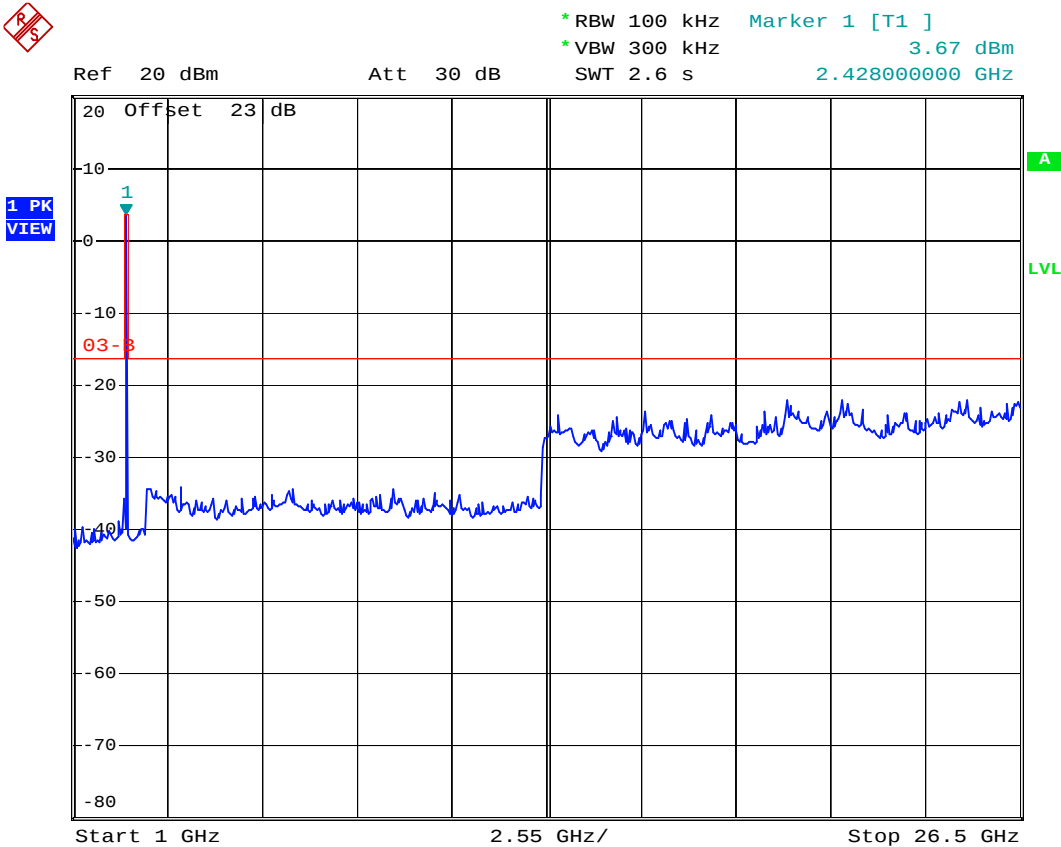
802.11g

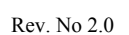


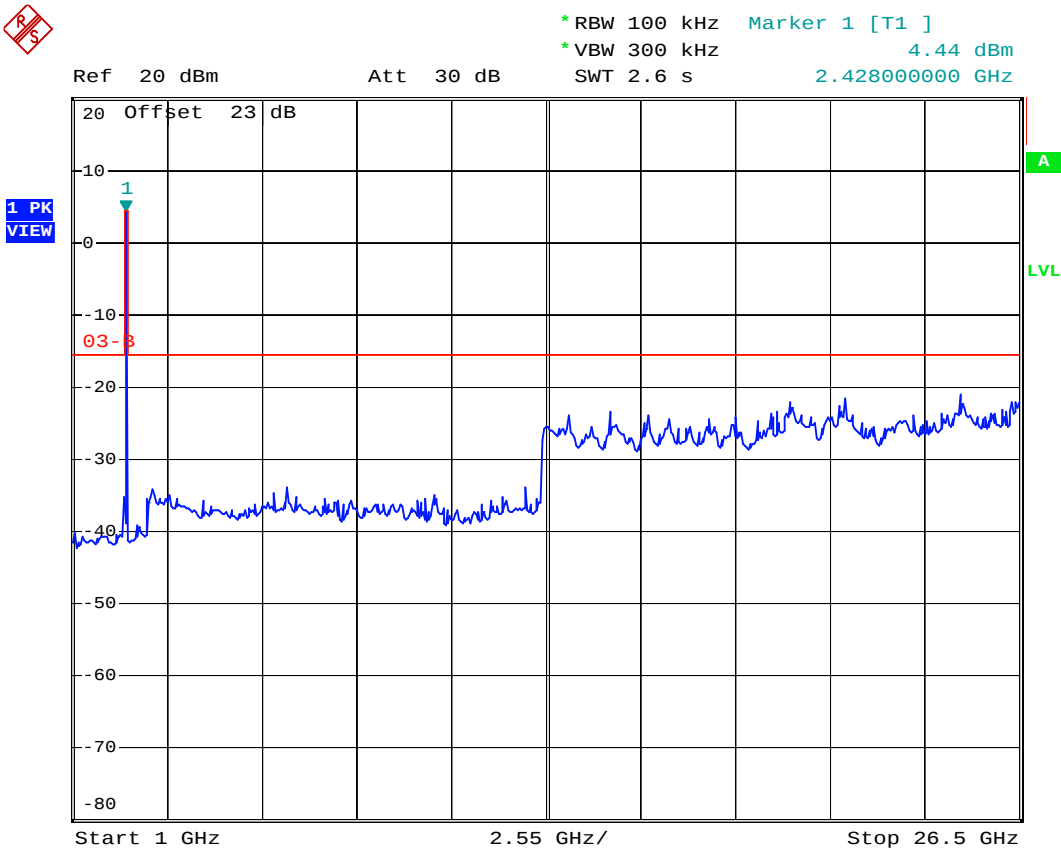




802.11n 20M







802.11n 40M

