

...the broadest narrowband money can buy



TEST REPORT

Racom_271114TR_FCC version: A

Test of RipEX-900 Radio modem

The tests have been carried out with reference to 47CFR Parts 101

Measured by: Radek Holý

Approved by: Karel Daněk

CONTENTS

(PAGE)

1. TECHNICAL SUMMARY AND TEST RESULTS.....	3
1.1 Technical Summary.....	3
1.2 Test Results.....	4
1.2.1. RF POWER OUTPUT AT TERMINALS (8.0 W)	5
1.2.2. RF POWER OUTPUT AT TERMINALS (2.0 W)	6
1.2.3. FREQUENCY STABILITY WITH TEMPERATURE VARIATION.....	7
1.2.4. FREQUENCY STABILITY WITH PRIMARY VOLTAGE VARIATION.....	9
1.2.5. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (0.1 W)	10
1.2.6. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (8.0 W)	11
1.2.7. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (2.0 W)	12
1.2.8. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (0.5 W)	13
1.2.9. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: RADIATED SPURIOUS (0.1 W)	14
1.2.10. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: RADIATED SPURIOUS (8.0 W)	15
1.2.11. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	16
1.2.12. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (4-CPFSK, 10.0 W, 50 kHz)	17
1.2.13. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (16-DEQAM, 2.0 W, 50 kHz)	18
1.2.14. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (D8PSK, 2.0 W, 50 kHz).....	19
1.2.15. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 2.0 W, 50 kHz)	20
1.2.16. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (4-CPFSK, 10.0 W, 25.0 kHz)	21
1.2.17. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (16-DEQAM, 2.0 W, 25.0 kHz)	22
1.2.18. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (D8PSK, 2.0 W, 25.0 kHz).....	23
1.2.19. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 2.0 W, 25.0 kHz)	24
1.2.20. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (4-CPFSK, 8.0 W, 12.5 kHz)	25
1.2.21. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (16-DEQAM, 2.0 W, 12.5 kHz)	26
1.2.22. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (D8PSK, 2.0 W, 12.5 kHz).....	27
1.2.23. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 2.0 W, 12.5 kHz)	28
1.3 Summary of Test Results	29
2. TEST EQUIPMENT	30
3. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	31
4. GRAPHS.....	32
4.1 Graphs 928.025MHz	34
4.2 Graphs 943.025MHz	40
4.1 Graphs 959.975MHz	46

1. Technical Summary And Test Results

1.1 Technical Summary

Applicant: **Racom s.r.o.**
Mírová 1283
592 31 Nové Město na Moravě

Manufacturer: **Racom s.r.o.**
Mírová 1283
592 31 Nové Město na Moravě
Czech Republic

Produced By: **Racom s.r.o., Czech Republic**

Kind Of Equipment: **Radio modem**

Type Designation(s): **RipEX-900**
Code: **RipEX-928S**

RF Power: **4-CPFSK 0.1 W to 8 W**
16-DEQAM 0.5W to 2W
D8PSK 0.5W to 2W
 $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 0.5W to 2W

Alignment Range: **928.000 to 960.000 MHz**

Switching Range: **32 MHz**

Number Of Units: **1**

Test made in **Racom s.r.o.**
Mírová 1283
592 31 Nové Město na Moravě

Finish Of Test: **27.11. 2014**
Date Of Test Report: **10.12.2014**

1.2 Test Results

Type Designation: **RipEX-900**
Code: **RipEX-928S**
Serial No.: **12292421**
Channel Separation: **12.5 kHz; 25 kHz; 50 kHz**
FW version **1.4.4.0**

Transmitter Part:

CH 1 **928.025 MHz**
CH 2 **943.025 MHz**
CH 3 **959.975 MHz**

Receiver Part:

CH 1 **928.025 MHz**
CH 2 **943.025 MHz**
CH 3 **959.975 MHz**

Power Supply Range: **Vnom = 20.0 V DC**
Vmin = 10.0 V DC
Vmax = 30.0 V DC

Temperature Range: **Tnom = Ambient temperature**
Tmin = -30 °C
Tmax = +60 °C

1.2.1. RF POWER OUTPUT AT TERMINALS (8.0 W)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 8.0 W (unmodulated carrier)

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1046; 101.113 (a)

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 5.2.3

TEST RESULTS:

TEST CONDITIONS		TRANSMITTER POWER [W]		
		CH 1	CH 2	CH 3
Tnom	Vnom	7.50	7.56	7.29
Measurement uncertainty		±0.6 dB		

LIMIT: The output power shall be within +/-1 dB of the manufacturers rated power.

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 34; 35; 4

REMARKS: - -

1.2.2. RF POWER OUTPUT AT TERMINALS (2.0 W)

Ambient temperature: (22 ± 1) °C

Relative humidity: (55 ± 10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W (unmodulated carrier)

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1046; 101.113 (a)

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 5.2.3

TEST RESULTS:

TEST CONDITIONS		TRANSMITTER POWER [W]		
		CH 1	CH 2	CH 3
Tnom	Vnom	2.38	2.32	2.30
Measurement uncertainty		±0.6 dB		

LIMIT: The output power shall be within +/-1 dB of the manufacturers rated power.

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 34; 35; 4

REMARKS: - -

1.2.3. FREQUENCY STABILITY WITH TEMPERATURE VARIATION

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

The measurement was carried out at maximum power level

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1055; 101.107

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 9

TEST RESULTS:

TEST CONDITIONS Temperature [°C]	FREQUENCY ERROR [ppm]		
	CH 1	CH 2	CH 3
-30	0.40	0.36	0.35
-25	0.13	0.13	0.14
-20	0.15	0.16	0.15
-15	0.24	0.28	0.28
-10	0.26	0.29	0.30
-5	0.19	0.20	0.21
0	0.10	0.13	0.13
5	0.07	0.09	0.08
10	0.09	0.09	0.10
15	0.10	0.11	0.11
20	0.09	0.07	0.08
25	0.07	0.06	0.07
30	0.03	0.00	0.00
35	-0.06	-0.06	-0.05
40	-0.03	-0.08	-0.08
45	-0.02	-0.10	-0.11
50	-0.13	-0.13	-0.12
55	-0.19	-0.19	-0.20
60	-0.24	-0.23	-0.24
Maximum frequency error	-0.24/+0.40 (limit 1.5 ppm)		
Measurement uncertainty	±45 Hz		

LIMIT:

Frequency (MHz)	Frequency tolerance (%)
928.0 - 929.0 ⁵	0.00050
932.0 - 932.5	0.00015
941.0 – 941.5	0.00025
941.5 – 944.0	0.00015
952.0 – 960.0	0.00050
Note: ⁵ FCC Part 101.107	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 1; 35; 4

REMARKS: - -

1.2.4. FREQUENCY STABILITY WITH PRIMARY VOLTAGE VARIATION

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

The measurement was carried out at maximum power level

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1055; 101.107

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 9

TEST RESULTS:

TEST CONDITIONS VOLTAGE [V]	FREQUENCY ERROR [ppm]		
	CH 1	CH 2	CH 3
10.0	0.01	0.02	0.01
15.0	0.01	0.01	0.01
20.0	0.01	0.01	0.01
25.0	0.01	0.01	0.01
30.0	0.01	0.02	0.01
Maximum frequency error	0.02 (limit 1.5 ppm)		
Measurement uncertainty	±45 Hz		

LIMIT:

Frequency (MHz)	Frequency tolerance (%)
928.0 - 929.0 ⁵	0.00050
932.0 - 932.5	0.00015
941.0 – 941.5	0.00025
941.5 – 944.0	0.00015
952.0 – 960.0	0.00050
Note: ⁵ FCC Part 101.107	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 1; 35; 4

REMARKS: - -

1.2.5. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (0.1 W)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (50±10) %

Rated output power: 0.1 W

Test signal: 4-CPFSK, 10.42kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1051, 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 6

TEST RESULTS:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS								
CH1			CH2			CH3		
Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]
For all other frequencies the spurious emissions were detected at least 20 dB below the limit.								
Measurement uncertainty			+2.8 dB/-3.3 dB					

LIMIT:

CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	12.5 kHz	> 12.5 kHz
FREQUENCY RANGE	$f_o > 15.0$ kHz	$f_o > 250\%Bw$
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL [dBc]	$50+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$43+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 80

$Limit_{(dBc)} = 50+10\log_{10}(P) = 50+10\log_{10}(0.1) = 40$ dBc; where P = RF output power in watts

$Limit_{(dBm)} = 10\log_{10}(P_{mW}) - Limit_{(dBc)} = 10\log_{10}(100) - 40 = -20$ dBm; where P_{mW} = RF output power in mW

$Limit_{(dBc)} = 43+10\log_{10}(P) = 43+10\log_{10}(0.1) = 33$ dBc; where P = RF output power in watts

$Limit_{(dBm)} = 10\log_{10}(P_{mW}) - Limit_{(dBc)} = 10\log_{10}(100) - 33 = -13$ dBm; where P_{mW} = RF output power in mW

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 11; 35; 37

REMARKS: - -

1.2.6. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (8.0 W)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (50±10) %

Rated output power: 8 W

Test signal: 4-CPFSK, 10.42kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1051, 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 6

TEST RESULTS:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS								
CH1			CH2			CH3		
Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]
1856.05	1000	-31.0	1886.05	1000	-33.2	1919.95	1000	-33.5
For all other frequencies the spurious emissions were detected at least 20 dB below the limit.								
Measurement uncertainty			+2.8 dB/-3.3 dB					

LIMIT:

CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	12.5 kHz	> 12.5 kHz
FREQUENCY RANGE	$f_o > 15.0$ kHz	$f_o > 250\%Bw$
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL [dBc]	$50+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$43+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 80

$Limit_{(dBc)} = 50+10\log_{10}(P) = 50+10\log_{10}(8) = 59$ dBc; where P = RF output power in watts

$Limit_{(dBm)} = 10\log_{10}(P_{mW}) - Limit_{(dBc)} = 10\log_{10}(8000) - 59 = -20$ dBm; where P_{mW} = RF output power in mW

$Limit_{(dBc)} = 43+10\log_{10}(P) = 43+10\log_{10}(8) = 52$ dBc; where P = RF output power in watts

$Limit_{(dBm)} = 10\log_{10}(P_{mW}) - Limit_{(dBc)} = 10\log_{10}(8000) - 59 = -13$ dBm; where P_{mW} = RF output power in mW

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 11; 35; 37

REMARKS: - -

1.2.7. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (2.0 W)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (60±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: 16-DEQAM 34.72kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1051, 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 6

TEST RESULTS:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS								
CH1			CH2			CH3		
Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]
For all other frequencies the spurious emissions were detected at least 20 dB below the limit.								
Measurement uncertainty			+2.8 dB/-3.3 dB					

LIMIT:

CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	12.5 kHz	> 12.5 kHz
FREQUENCY RANGE	$f_o > 15.0 \text{ kHz}$	$f_o > 250\%Bw$
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL [dBc]	$50+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$43+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 80

$\text{Limit}_{(dBc)} = 50+10\log_{10}(P) = 50+10\log_{10}(2) = 53 \text{ dBc}$; where P = RF output power in watts

$\text{Limit}_{(dBm)} = 10\log_{10}(P_{mW}) - \text{Limit}_{(dBc)} = 10\log_{10}(2000) - 5.3 = -20 \text{ dBm}$; where P_{mW} = RF output power in mW

$\text{Limit}_{(dBc)} = 43+10\log_{10}(P) = 43+10\log_{10}(2) = 46 \text{ dBc}$; where P = RF output power in watts

$\text{Limit}_{(dBm)} = 10\log_{10}(P_{mW}) - \text{Limit}_{(dBc)} = 10\log_{10}(2000) - 46 = -13 \text{ dBm}$; where P_{mW} = RF output power in mW

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 11; 35; 37

REMARKS: - -

1.2.8. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS (0.5 W)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (60±10) %

Rated output power: 0.5 W

Test signal: 16-DEQAM 34.72kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1051, 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 6

TEST RESULTS:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS								
CH1			CH2			CH3		
Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]
For all other frequencies the spurious emissions were detected at least 20 dB below the limit.								
Measurement uncertainty			+2.8 dB/-3.3 dB					

LIMIT:

CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	12.5 kHz	> 12.5 kHz
FREQUENCY RANGE	$f_o > 15.0 \text{ kHz}$	$f_o > 250\%Bw$
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL [dBc]	$50+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$43+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 80

$\text{Limit}_{(dBc)} = 50+10\log_{10}(P) = 50+10\log_{10}(0.5) = 47 \text{ dBc}$; where P = RF output power in watts

$\text{Limit}_{(dBm)} = 10\log_{10}(P_{mW}) - \text{Limit}_{(dBc)} = 10\log_{10}(500) - 47 = -20 \text{ dBm}$; where P_{mW} = RF output power in mW

$\text{Limit}_{(dBc)} = 43+10\log_{10}(P) = 43+10\log_{10}(0.5) = 40 \text{ dBc}$; where P = RF output power in watts

$\text{Limit}_{(dBm)} = 10\log_{10}(P_{mW}) - \text{Limit}_{(dBc)} = 10\log_{10}(500) - 40 = -13 \text{ dBm}$; where P_{mW} = RF output power in mW

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 11; 35; 37

REMARKS: - -

1.2.9. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: RADIATED SPURIOUS (0.1 W)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (60±10) %

Transmitter operating unmodulated

The measurement was carried out at minimum power level

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1053

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 6

TEST RESULTS:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS								
CH1			CH2			CH3		
Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]
For all frequencies the spurious emissions were detected at least 10 dB below the limit.								
Measurement uncertainty			+4.4 dB/-4.5 dB					

LIMIT:

CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	12.5 kHz	> 12.5 kHz
FREQUENCY RANGE	$f_o > 15.0$ kHz	$f_o > 250\%Bw$
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL [dBc]	$50+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$43+10\log_{10}(P)$ or 80

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: - -

REMARKS: Measured in Laboratory VÚS Banská Bystrica; Test report reference number: 068/608/2014/LRB(R)_Eng

1.2.10. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: RADIATED SPURIOUS (8.0 W)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (60±10) %

Transmitter operating unmodulated

The measurement was carried out at maximum power level

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.1053

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 6

TEST RESULTS:

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS								
CH1			CH2			CH3		
Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]	Freq. [MHz]	Bandwidth [kHz]	Level [dBm]
For all frequencies the spurious emissions were detected at least 10 dB below the limit.								
Measurement uncertainty								

LIMIT:

CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	12.5 kHz	> 12.5 kHz
FREQUENCY RANGE	$f_o > 15.0 \text{ kHz}$	$f_o > 250\%Bw$
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL [dBc]	$50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ or 80

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: - -

REMARKS: Measured in Laboratory VÚS Banská Bystrica; Test report reference number: 068/608/2014/LRB(R)_Eng

1.2.11. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

The measurement at maximum power level

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02, 4.2

TEST RESULTS:

Channel Spacing		12.5 kHz	25 kHz	50.0 kHz	12.5 kHz	12.5 kHz
Emission Type		8K90F1D	16K2F1D	29K0F1D	10K0D1D	10K0G1D
Modulation		4-CPFSK	4-CPFSK	4-CPFSK	16-DEQAM	D8PSK
Data Rate		10.42 kbit/s	20.83 kbit/s	41.67 kbit/s	34.72 kbit/s	26.04 kbit/s
Measured Peak Deviation		4.10 kHz	7.20 kHz	12.7 kHz	---	---
Measured 99% Occupied BW	CH1	8.85 kHz	16.2 kHz	29.0 kHz	10.00 kHz	9.99 kHz
	CH2	8.80 kHz	16.2 kHz	29.0 kHz	9.99 kHz	9.95 kHz
	CH3	8.85 kHz	16.2 kHz	29.0 kHz	9.99 kHz	9.95 kHz

Channel Spacing		12.5 kHz	25.0 kHz	25.0 kHz	25.0 kHz	50.0 kHz
Emission Type		10K0G1D	16K0D1D	16K0G1D	16K0G1D	40K0D1D
Modulation		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	16-DEQAM	D8PSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	16-DEQAM
Data Rate		17.36 kbit/s	69.44 kbit/s	52.08 kbit/s	34.72 kbit/s	138.89 kbit/s
Measured Peak Deviation		---	---	---	---	---
Measured 99% Occupied BW	CH1	9.99 kHz	15.8 kHz	15.8 kHz	15.9 kHz	39.9 kHz
	CH2	9.95 kHz	15.8 kHz	15.9 kHz	15.8 kHz	39.9 kHz
	CH3	9.95 kHz	15.8 kHz	15.9 kHz	15.9 kHz	39.8 kHz

Channel Spacing		50.0 kHz	50.0 kHz
Emission Type		40K0G1D	40K0D1D
Modulation		D8PSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK
Data Rate		104.17 kbit/s	69.44 kbit/s
Measured Peak Deviation		---	---
Measured 99% Occupied BW	CH1	39.6 kHz	39.6 kHz
	CH2	39.8 kHz	39.6 kHz
	CH3	39.6 kHz	39.6 kHz

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 7; 35; 4

REMARKS: - -

1.2.12. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (4-CPFSK, 10.0 W, 50 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 10.0 W

Test signal: 4-CPFSK 41.67kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 1, GRAPH 13, GRAPH 25)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>		

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.13. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (16-DEQAM, 2.0 W, 50 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: 16-DEQAM 138.89kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 2, GRAPH 14, GRAPH 26)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
	<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.14. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (D8PSK, 2.0 W, 50 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: D8PSK 104.17kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 3, GRAPH 15, GRAPH 27)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>		

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.15. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 2.0 W, 50 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 69.44kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 4, GRAPH 16, GRAPH 28)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>		

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.16. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (4-CPFSK, 10.0 W, 25.0 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 10 W

Test signal: 4-CPFSK 20.83kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 5, GRAPH 17, GRAPH 29)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>		

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.17. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (16-DEQAM, 2.0 W, 25.0 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: 16-DEQAM 69.44kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 6, GRAPH 18, GRAPH 30)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>		

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.18. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (D8PSK, 2.0 W, 25.0 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: D8PSK 52.08kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 7, GRAPH 19, GRAPH 31)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
	<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.19. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 2.0 W, 25.0 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 34.72kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 8, GRAPH 20, GRAPH 32)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
	<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.20. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (4-CPFSK, 8.0 W, 12.5 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 8 W

Test signal: 4-CPFSK 10.42kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 9, GRAPH 21, GRAPH 33)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
	<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.21. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (16-DEQAM, 2.0 W, 12.5 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: 16-DEQAM 34.72kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 10, GRAPH 22, GRAPH 34)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
	<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.22. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (D8PSK, 2.0 W, 12.5 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: D8PSK 26.04kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 11, GRAPH 23, GRAPH 35)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
	<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.2.23. TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 2.0 W, 12.5 kHz)

Ambient temperature: (22±1) °C

Relative humidity: (55±10) %

Rated output power: 2.0 W

Test signal: $\pi/4$ -DQPSK 17.36kbps; Random bit sequence

RULE PART NUMBER: 2.202; 2.1049; 101.109(c)6; 101.111

TEST METHOD: 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v02r02

TEST RESULTS: Meets minimum standards (See chapter 4, GRAPH 12, GRAPH 24, GRAPH 36)

LIMIT:

	Attenuator [dB]	Frequency offset [kHz]
12.5kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 2.5$
	$53 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/2.5\text{kHz})$	$2.5 < f_o < 6.25$
	$103 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/3.9\text{kHz})$	$6.25 < f_o < 9.5$
	$157 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5.3\text{kHz})$	$9.5 < f_o < 15.0$
	$50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$f_o > 15.0$
25.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 5.0$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$5.0 < f_o < 10.0$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$10 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 25$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 25$
50.0kHz	0.0 dB	$f_o < 17.5$
	$83 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/5)$	$17.5 < f_o < 22.5$
	$116 \cdot \log_{10}(f_d/6.1)$ or $50 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 70	$22.5 < f_o < 2.5 \cdot 50$
	$43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(P)$ or 80	$f_o > 2.5 \cdot 50$
	<i>Note: P is output power in W; f_d displacement frequency in kHz</i>	

TEST EQUIPMENT USED: 36; 4; 35

REMARKS: - -

1.3 Summary of Test Results

- P = Complied with the requirements of the specification for this test
- U = The results were within measurement uncertainties
- F = Not complied with the requirements of the specification for this test
- N/A = Not applicable

Unit No. 1 (154.0125 MHz)

RF POWER OUTPUT AT TERMINALS	P
FREQUENCY STABILITY WITH PRIMARY VOLTAGE VARIATION.....	P
TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: CONDUCTED SPURIOUS	P
TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS: RADIATED SPURIOUS	P
TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	P
TRANSMITTER OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH FOR EMISSION DESIGNATORS.....	P

2. Test Equipment

No.	Id. No.	Test equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Calibration valid
1	10258	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ3	R&S	830790/0001	23.9.2015
2	10237	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP3	R&S	100767	
3	10219/1	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	R&S	100015	
4	900000574	Attenuator 30dB/100W	PE7021-30	Pasternack	- -	
5	10276	Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	Agilent	MY48250231	
6	10172	Stabilock 4040	SI 4040	Wavetek	2025057	
7	10173	Stabilock 4040	SI 4040	Schlumberger	1825233	27.4.2015
8	900000611	Attenuator 30dB/40W	ATE30dB/40W	APEX	051103	
9	900000349	Attenuator 30dB/40W	ATE30dB/40W	APEX	051106	
10	900000613	Attenuator 30dB/40W	ATE30dB/40W	APEX	051102	
11	900000682	Attenuator 30dB/10W	PE7015-20	Pasternack	- -	
12	900000575	Step Attenuator	PE7033-2	Pasternack	900000575	
13	- -	Heating Chamber	- -	- -	- -	
14	10161	Freezing Box	- -	- -	- -	
15	699385	Digital Multimeter	M-3850	Metex	EB 127 259	
16	- -	4-Port Junction Pad	- -	- -	- -	
17	10291	Mixed Signal Oscilloscope	MSO 2024	Tektronix	- -	
18	10293	Dig. Phosphor Oscilloscope	DPO 2024	Tektronix	- -	
19	10203	Digital Oscilloscope	TDS2014	Tektronix	C032141	
20	10240	Signal Generator	IFR 2023B	IRF	202306/936	
21	10046	Signal Generator	8640B	HP	2250A20733	
22	10238	Signal Generator	E4438	Agilent	MY45091475	
23	10219/2	Signal Generator	SML03	R&S	100560	
24	- -	Power Splitter	- -	- -	- -	
25	- -	Termination 50 Ohm/1 W	- -	- -	- -	
26	- -	Termination 50 Ohm/1 W	- -	- -	- -	
27	- -	Termination 50 Ohm/1 W	- -	- -	- -	
28	- -	Isolating Transformer	- -	- -	- -	
29	- -	Interval Counter	- -	- -	- -	
30	900000609	Power Supply	Statron	Statron	0308023	
31	900000457	Power Supply	Statron	Statron	0510006	
32	- -	High Pass Filter (400MHz)	- -	- -	- -	
33	- -	High Pass Filter (160MHz)	- -	- -	- -	
34	10377	Wideband Power Sensor	NRP-Z85	R&S	101183	18.10.2016
35	900001390	Power Supply	SDP2603	Manson	G291101202	
36	10375	Singal & spectrum Analyzer	FSW	R&S	100608	25.4.2015
37	- -	Signal Generator	SMB 100A	R&S	176216	12.2.2016

3. Additional Information

4. Graphs

List of graphs:

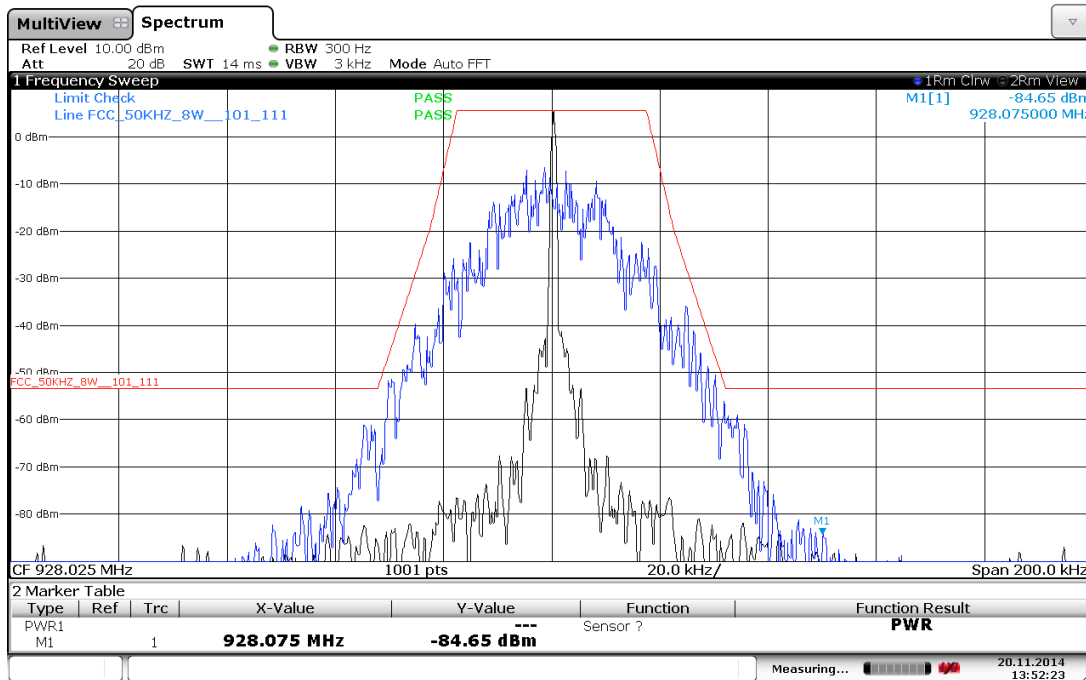
GRAPH 1: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz 4-CPFSK	34
GRAPH 2: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz 16-DEQAM	34
GRAPH 3: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz D8PSK.....	35
GRAPH 4: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	35
GRAPH 5: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz 4-CPFSK	36
GRAPH 6: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz 16-DEQAM	36
GRAPH 7: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz D8PSK.....	37
GRAPH 8: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	37
GRAPH 9: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz 4-CPFSK	38
GRAPH 10: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz 16-DEQAM	38
GRAPH 11: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz D8PSK.....	39
GRAPH 12: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	39
GRAPH 13: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz 4-CPFSK	40
GRAPH 14: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz 16-DEQAM	40
GRAPH 15: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz D8PSK.....	41
GRAPH 16: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	41
GRAPH 17: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz 4-CPFSK	42
GRAPH 18: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz 16-DEQAM	42
GRAPH 19: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz D8PSK.....	43
GRAPH 20: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	43
GRAPH 21: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz 4-CPFSK	44
GRAPH 22: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz 16-DEQAM	44
GRAPH 23: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz D8PSK.....	45
GRAPH 24: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	45
GRAPH 25: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz 4-CPFSK	46
GRAPH 26: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz 16-DEQAM	46
GRAPH 27: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz D8PSK.....	47
GRAPH 28: Spectrum for Emission 50 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	47
GRAPH 29: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz 4-CPFSK	48
GRAPH 30: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz 16-DEQAM	48
GRAPH 31: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz D8PSK.....	49
GRAPH 32: Spectrum for Emission 25 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	49
GRAPH 33: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz 4-CPFSK	50
GRAPH 34: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz 16-DEQAM	50
GRAPH 35: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz D8PSK.....	51

GRAPH 36: Spectrum for Emission 12.5 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK51

4.1 Graphs 928.025MHz

GRAPH 1: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz 4-CPFSK

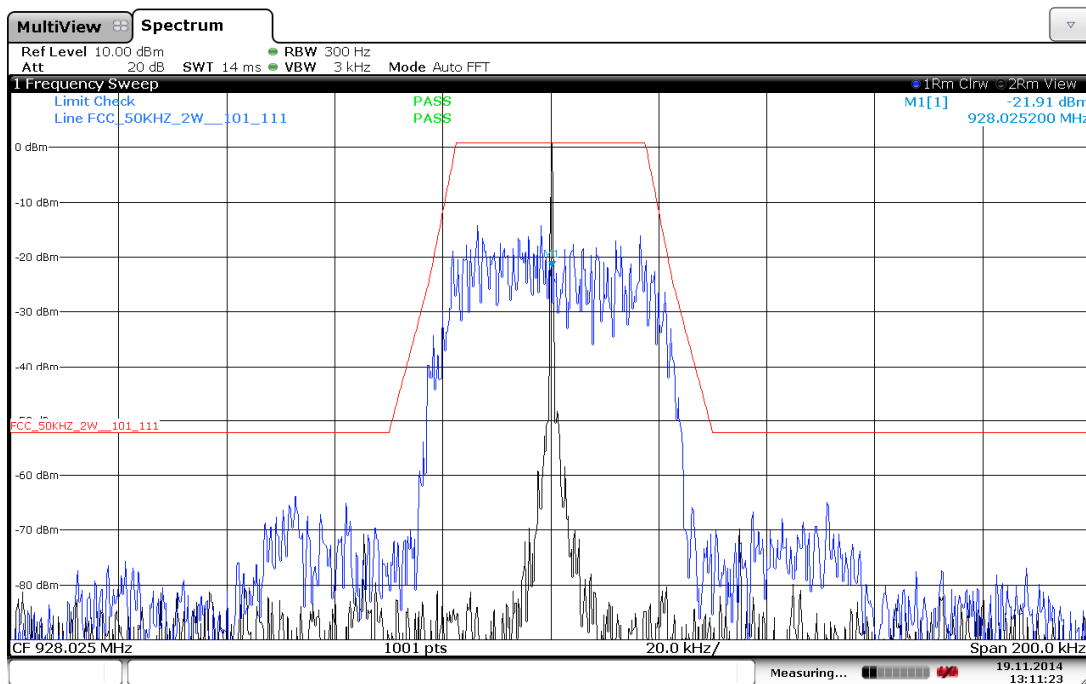
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 20.NOV.2014 13:52:23

GRAPH 2: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz 16-DEQAM

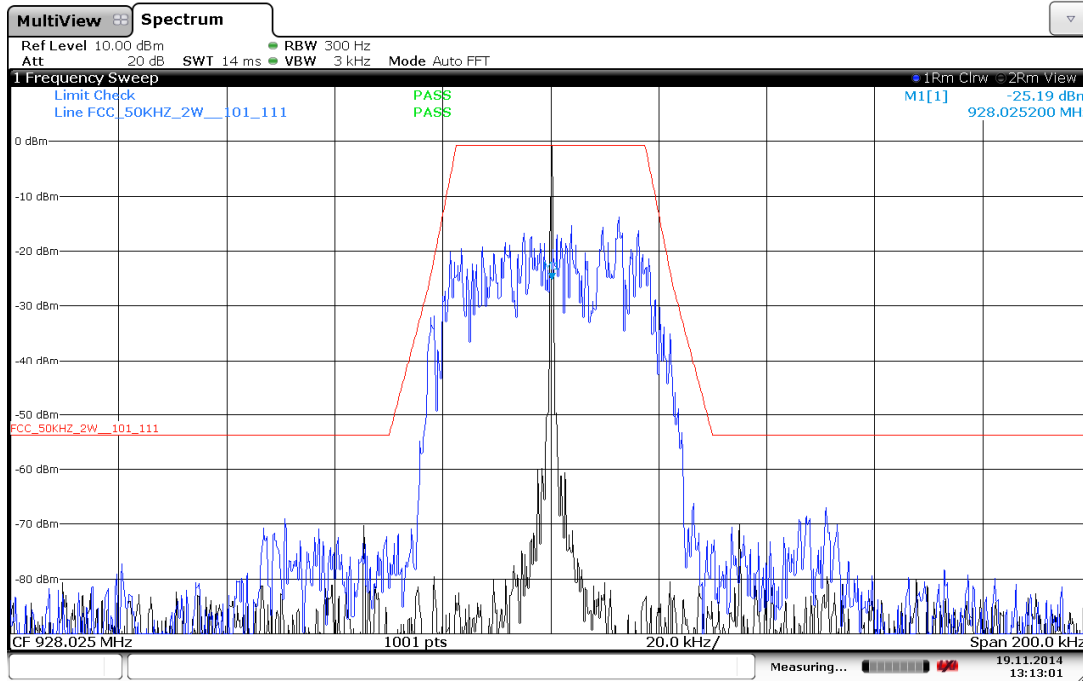
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:11:23

GRAPH 3: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz D8PSK

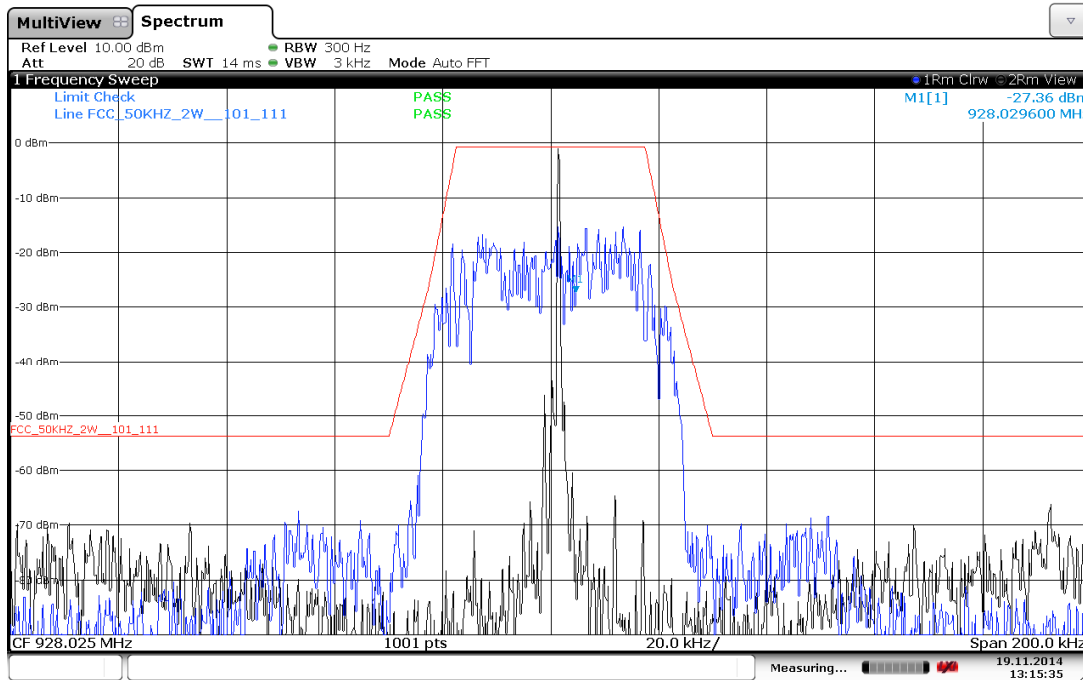
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:13:01

GRAPH 4: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:15:36

GRAPH 5: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz 4-CPFSK

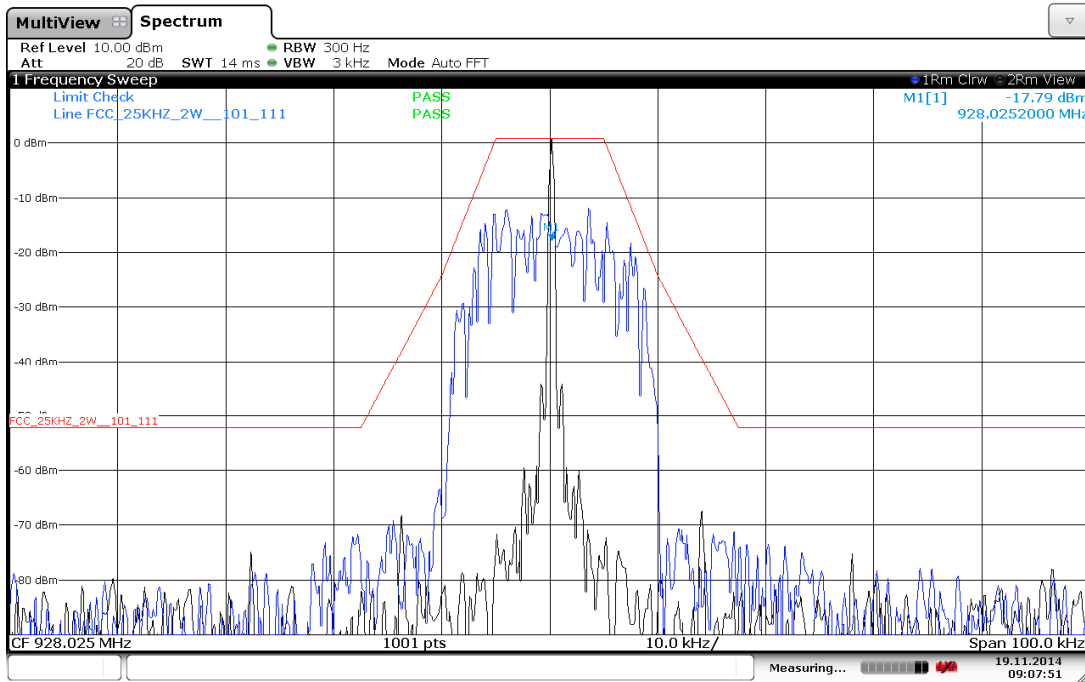
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 20.NOV.2014 14:13:33

GRAPH 6: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz 16-DEQAM

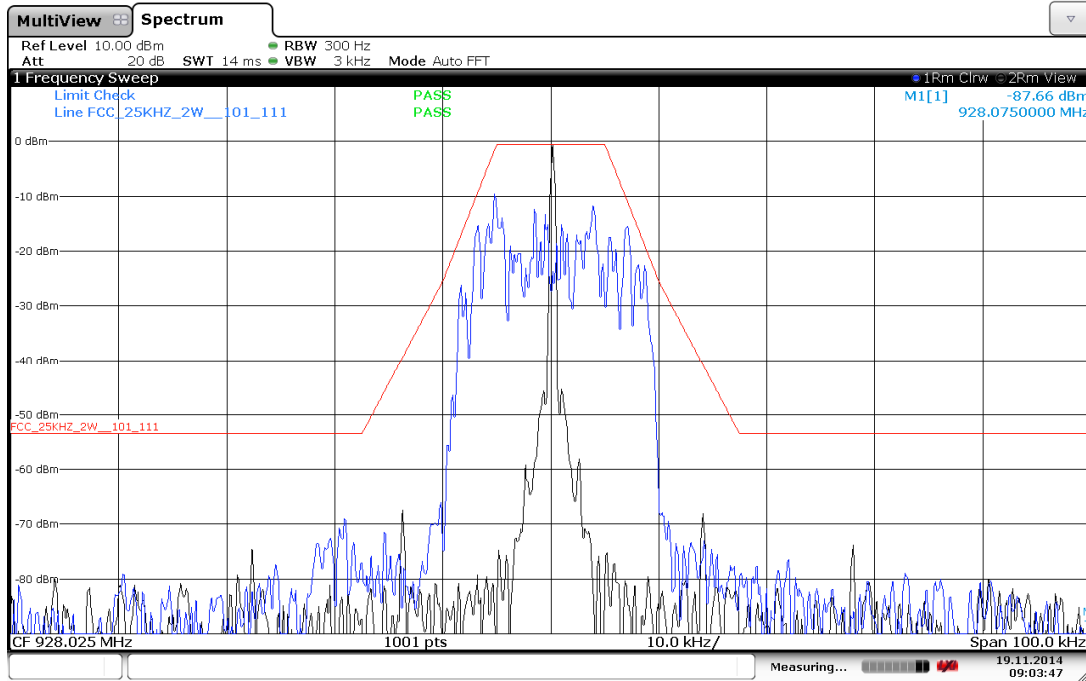
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 09:07:51

GRAPH 7: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz D8PSK

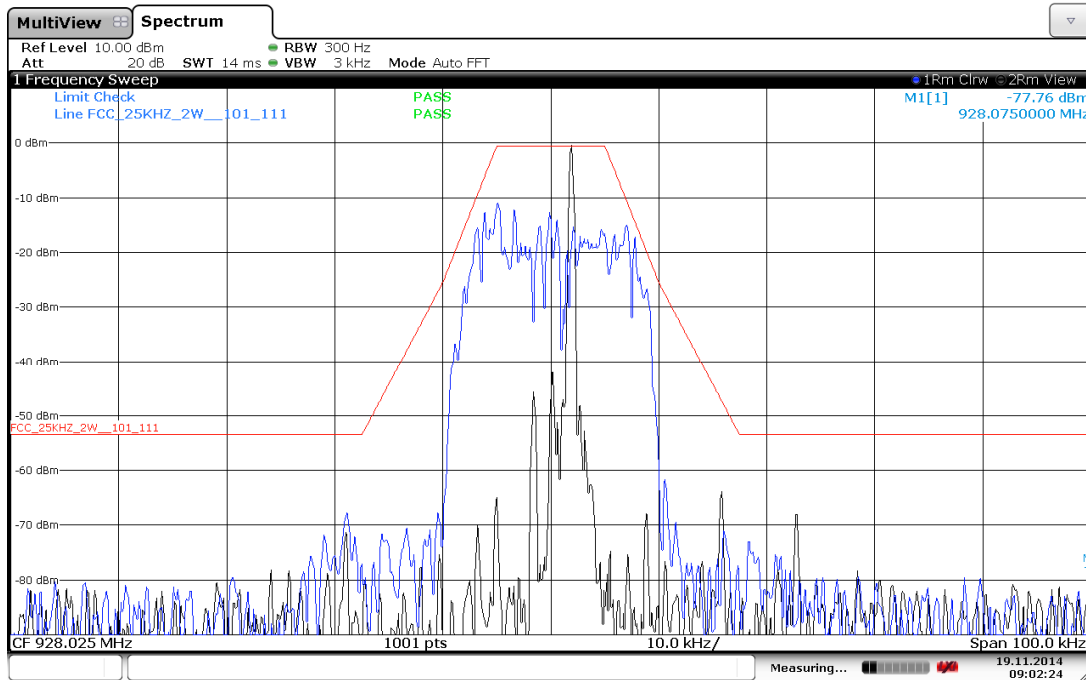
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 09:03:47

GRAPH 8: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

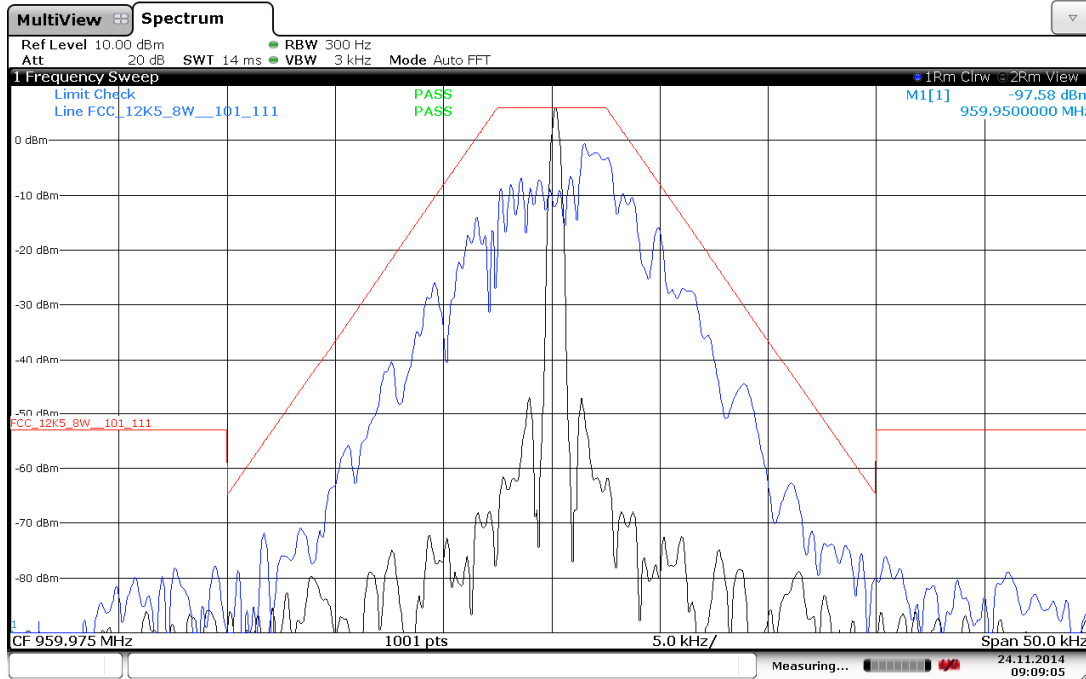
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 09:02:24

GRAPH 9: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz 4-CPFSK

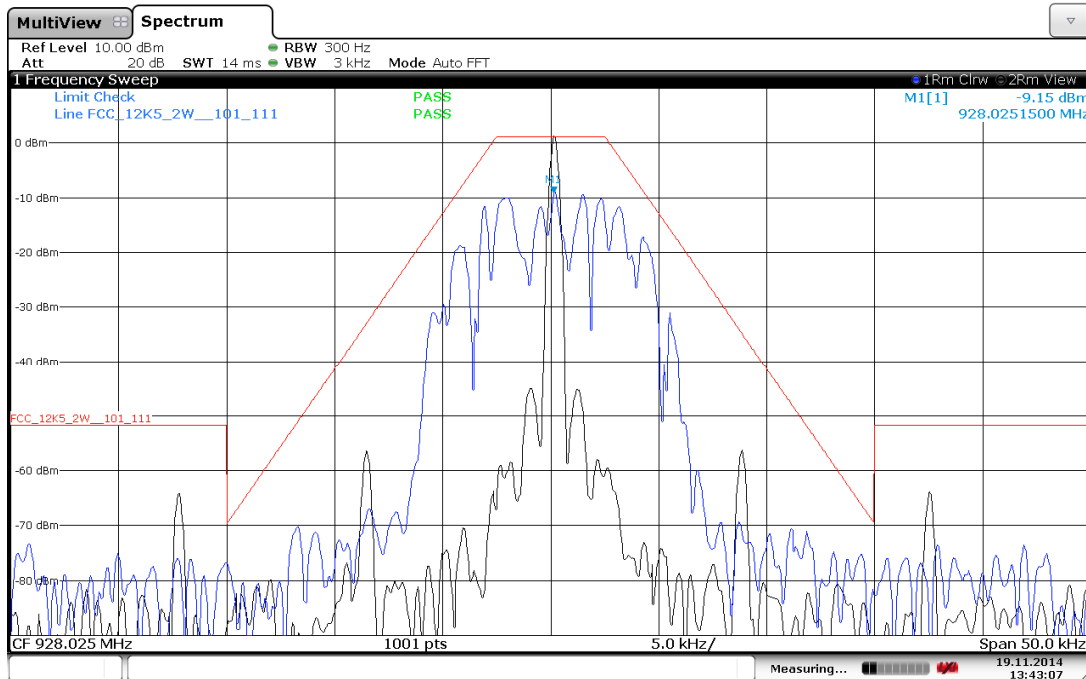
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 24.NOV.2014 09:09:05

GRAPH 10: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz 16-DEQAM

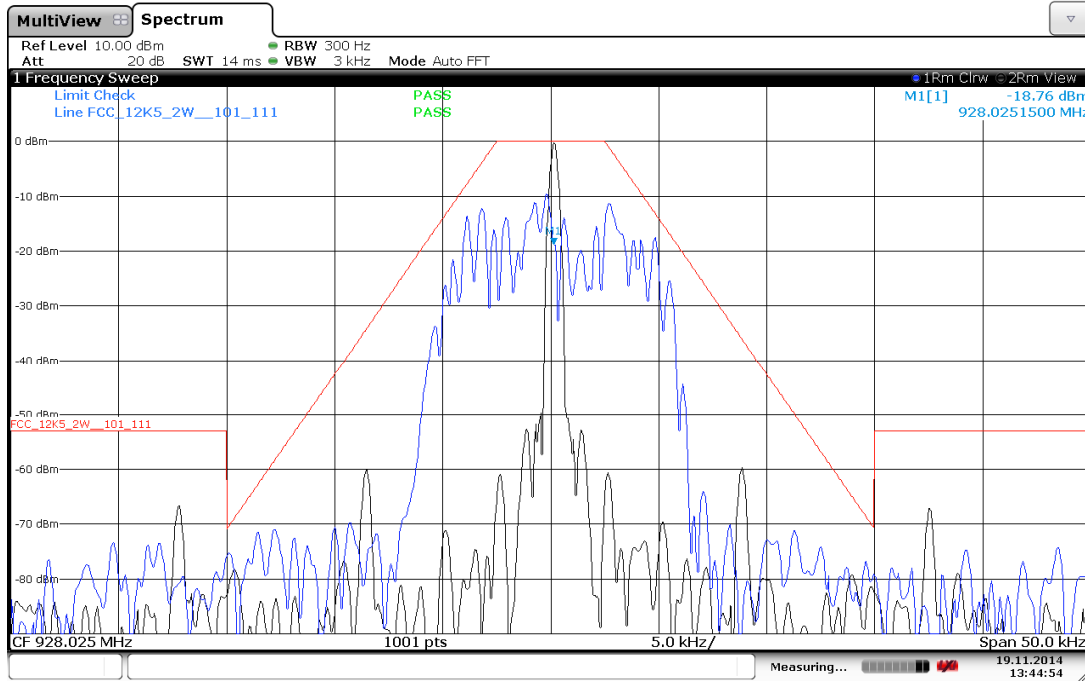
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:43:07

GRAPH 11: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz D8PSK

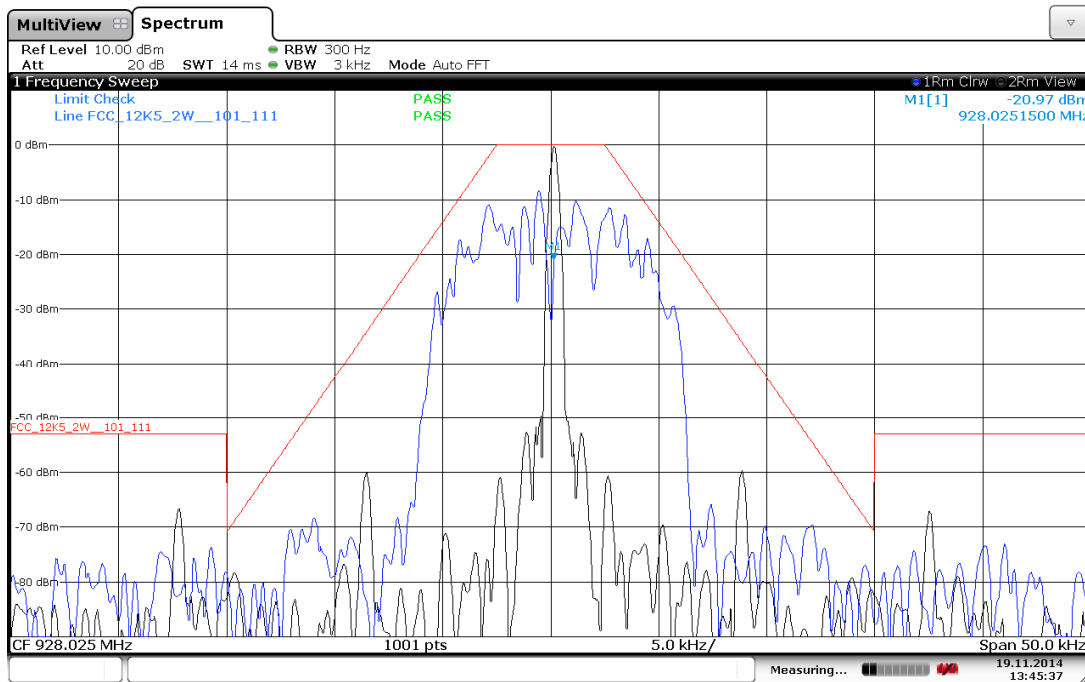
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:44:53

GRAPH 12: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.

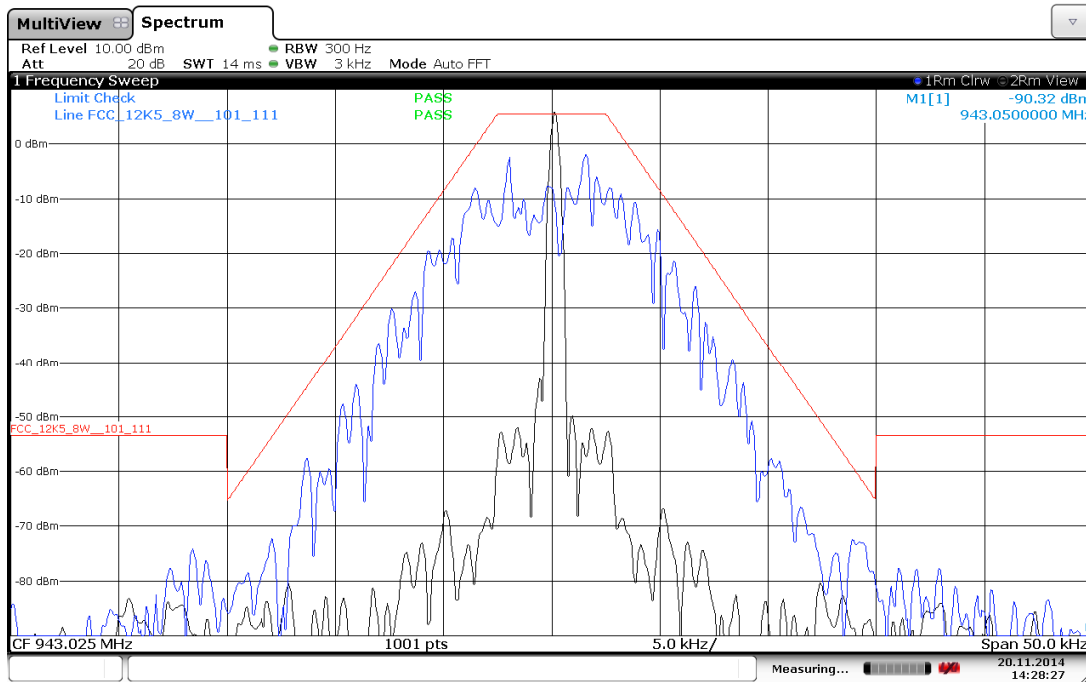


Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:45:37

4.2 Graphs 943.025MHz

GRAPH 13: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz 4-CPFSK

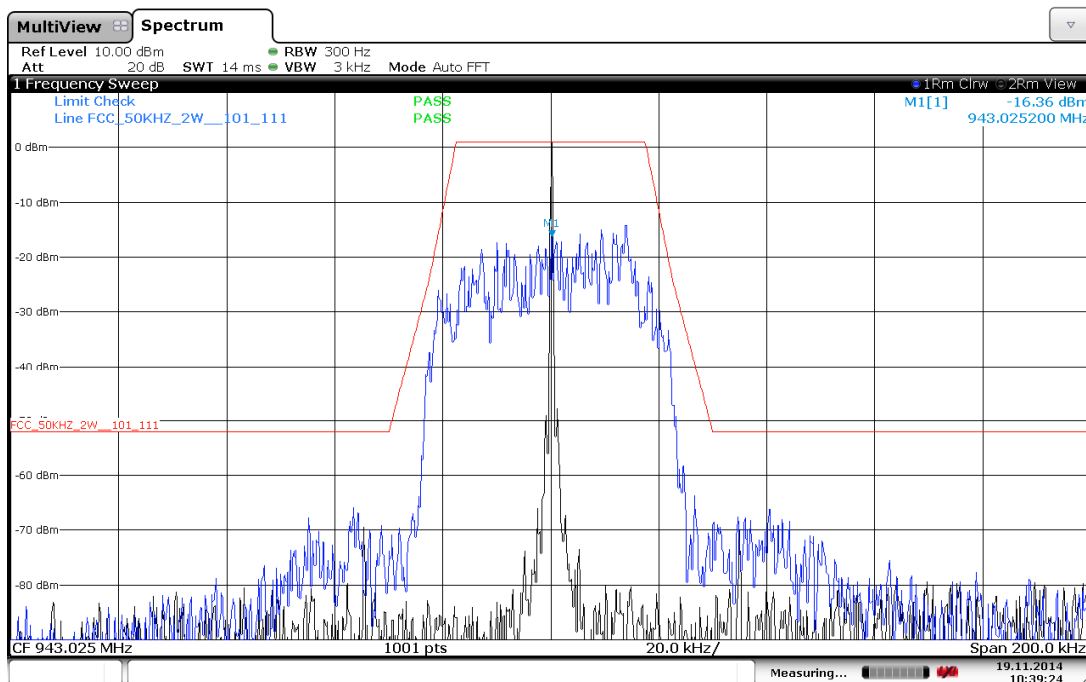
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 20.NOV.2014 14:28:27

GRAPH 14: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz 16-DEQAM

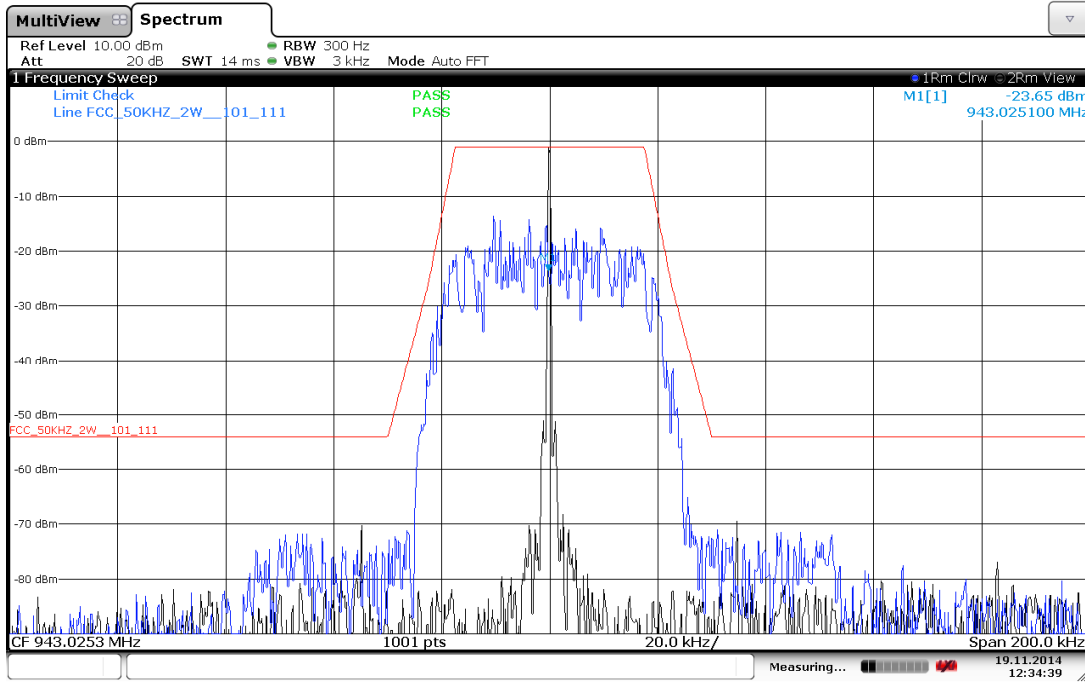
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 10:39:24

GRAPH 15: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz D8PSK

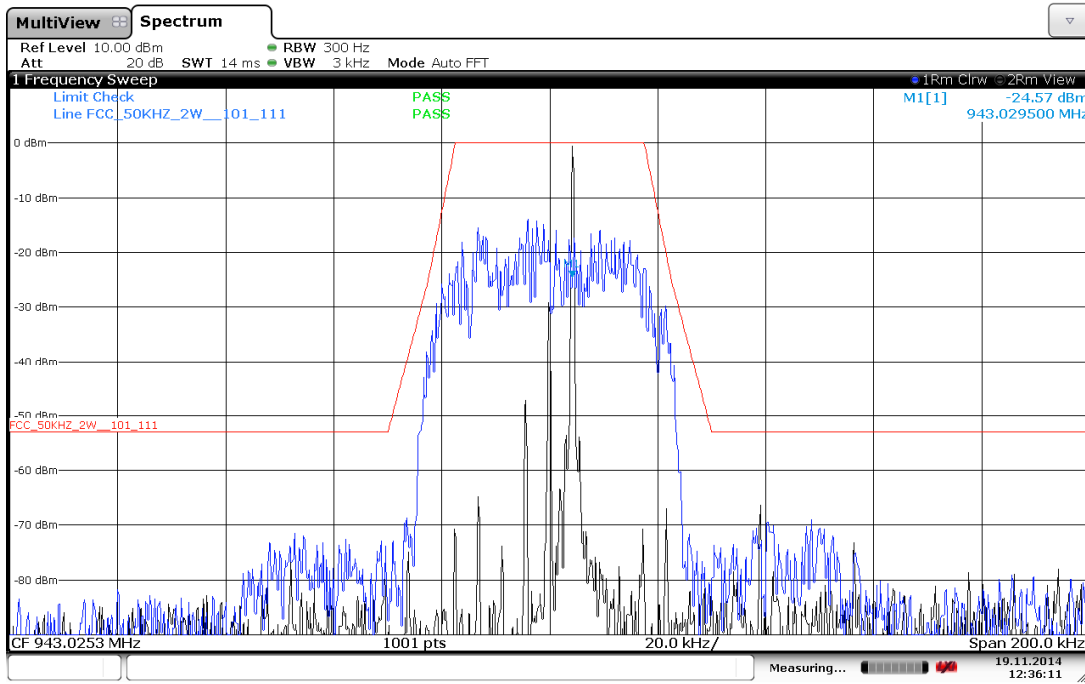
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 12:34:38

GRAPH 16: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

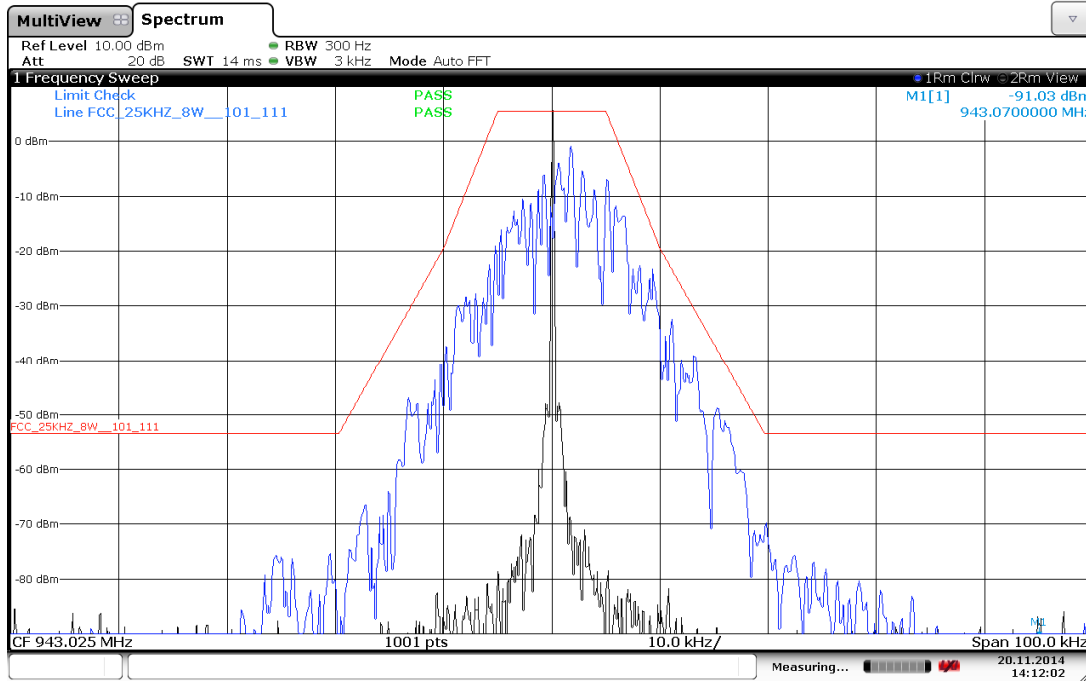
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 12:36:10

GRAPH 17: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz 4-CPFSK

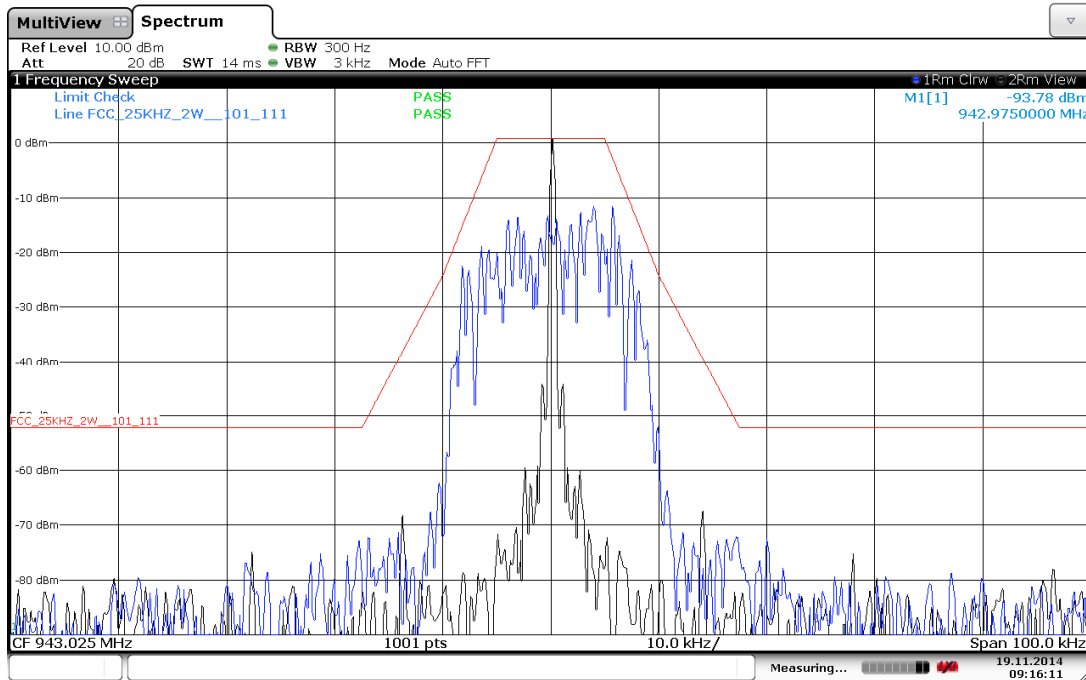
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 20.NOV.2014 14:12:02

GRAPH 18: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz 16-DEQAM

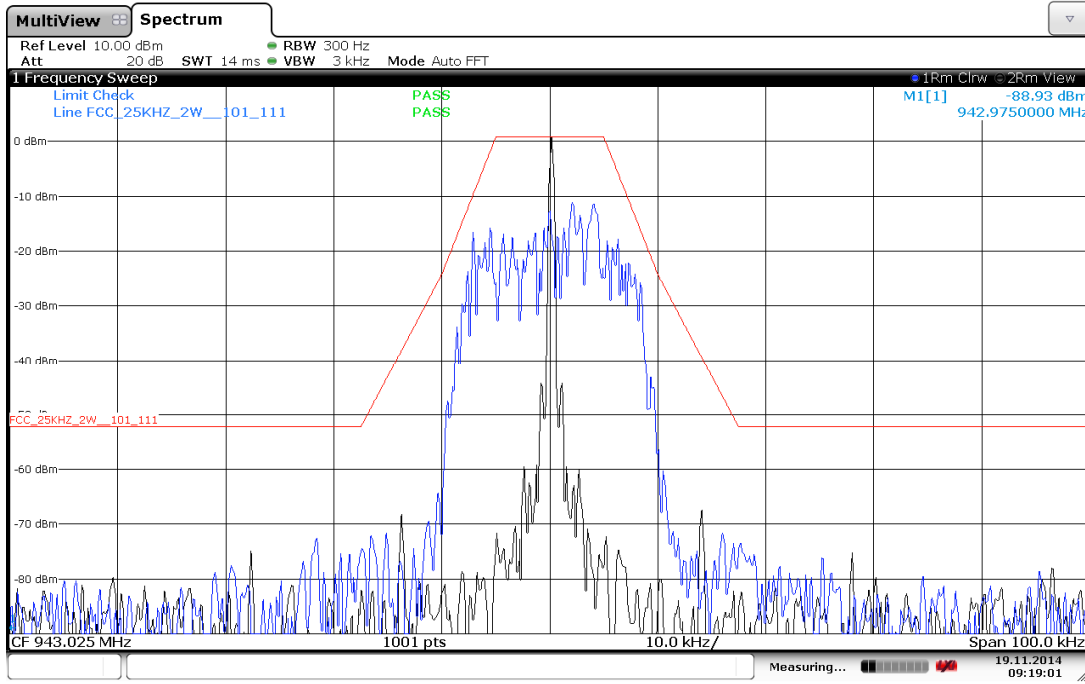
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.52 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 09:16:11

GRAPH 19: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz D8PSK

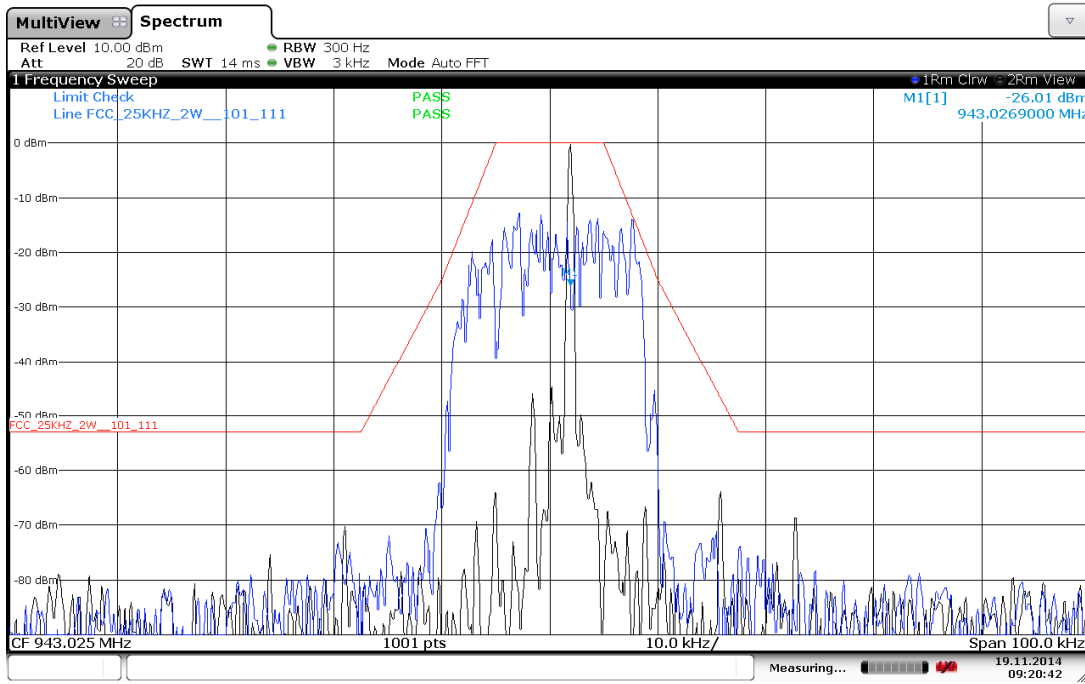
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 09:19:02

GRAPH 20: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

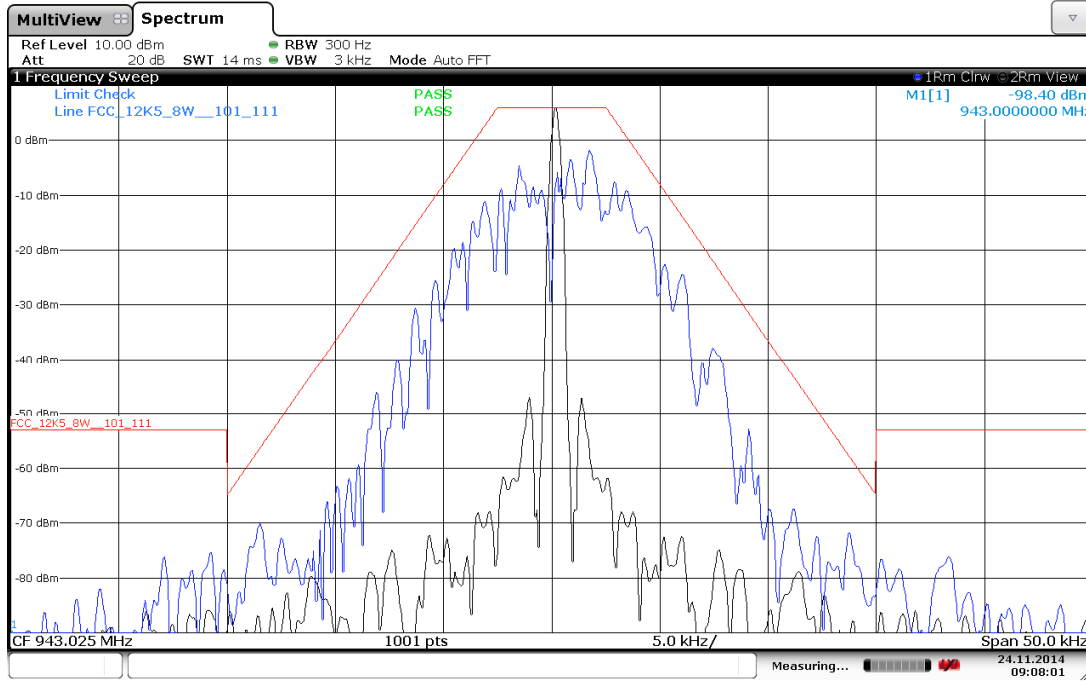
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 09:20:42

GRAPH 21: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz 4-CPFSK

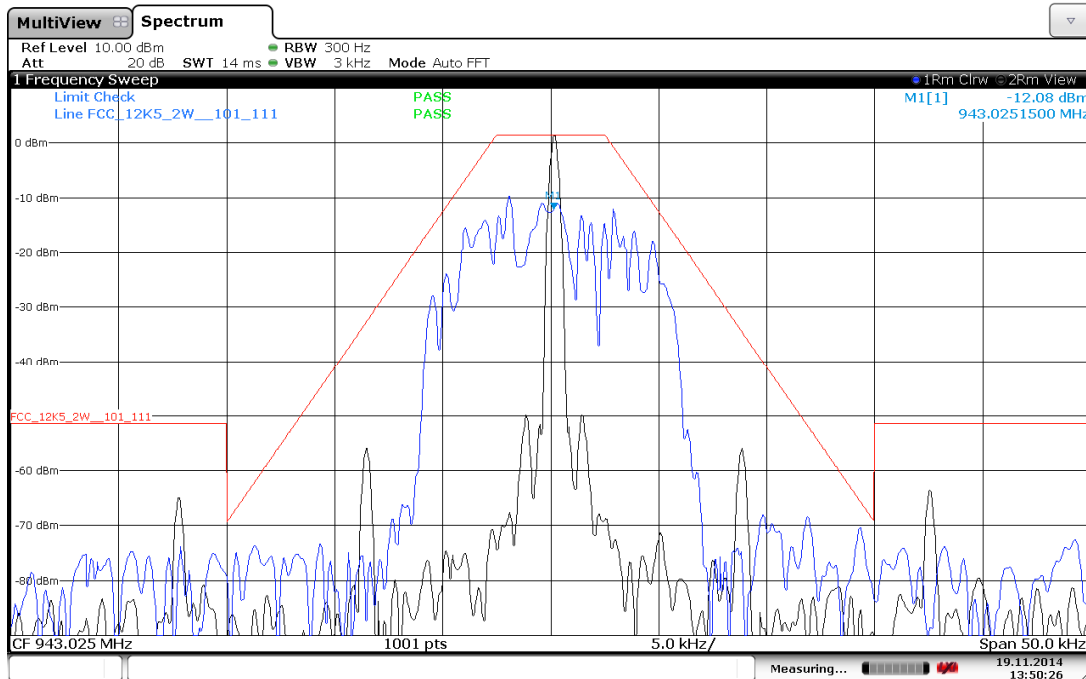
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 24.NOV.2014 09:08:01

GRAPH 22: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz 16-DEQAM

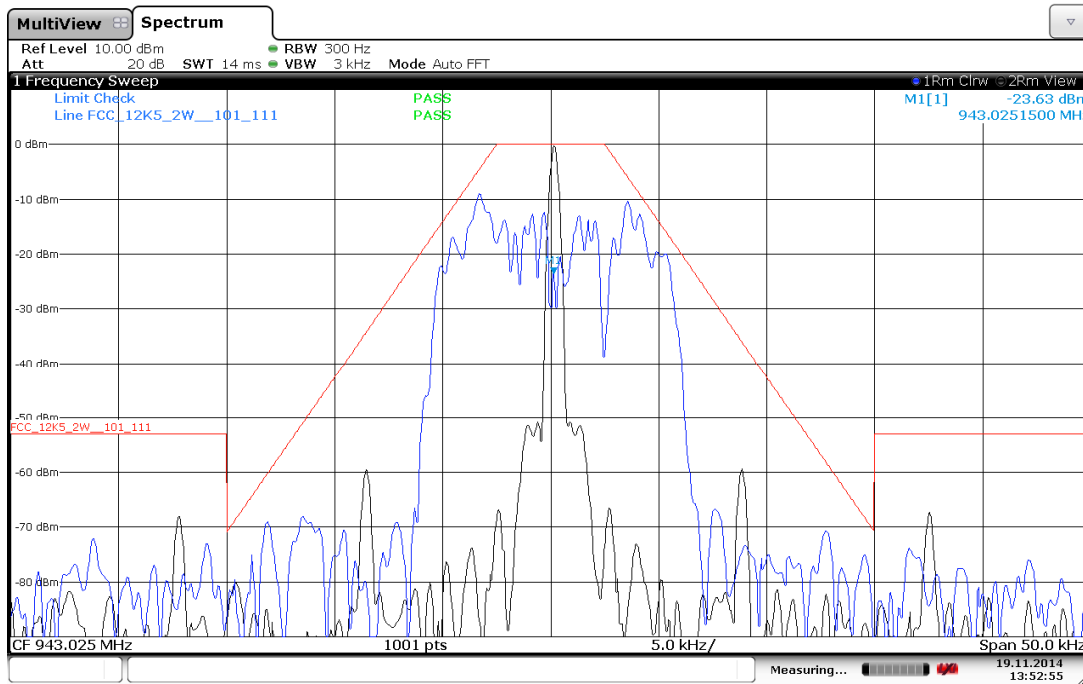
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:50:27

GRAPH 23: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz D8PSK

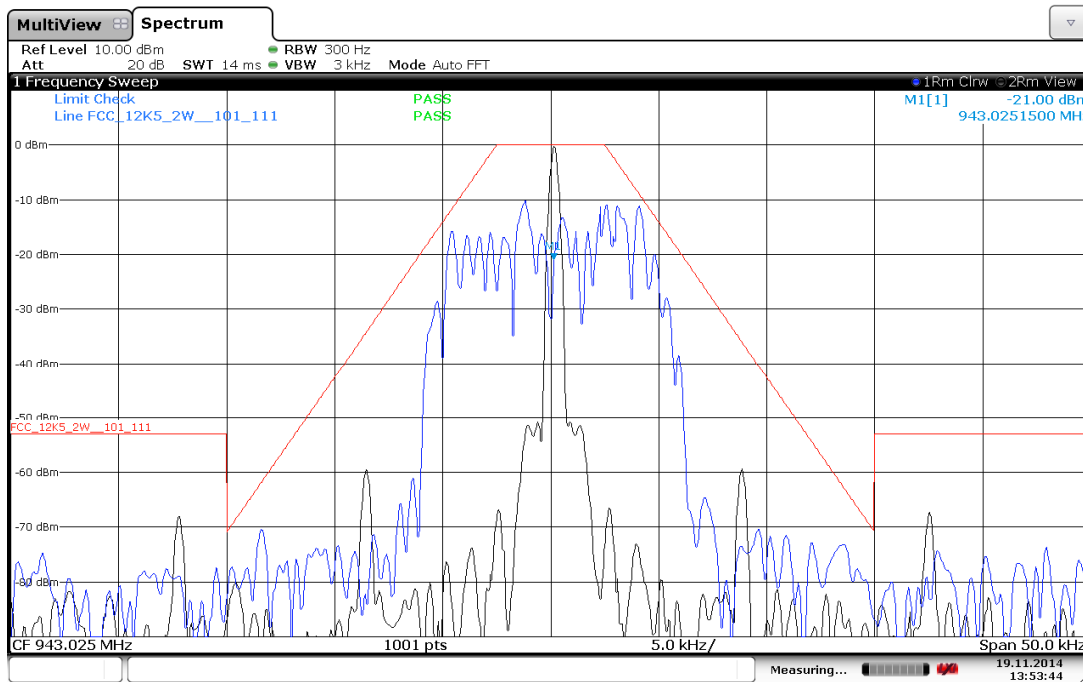
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:52:55

GRAPH 24: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.

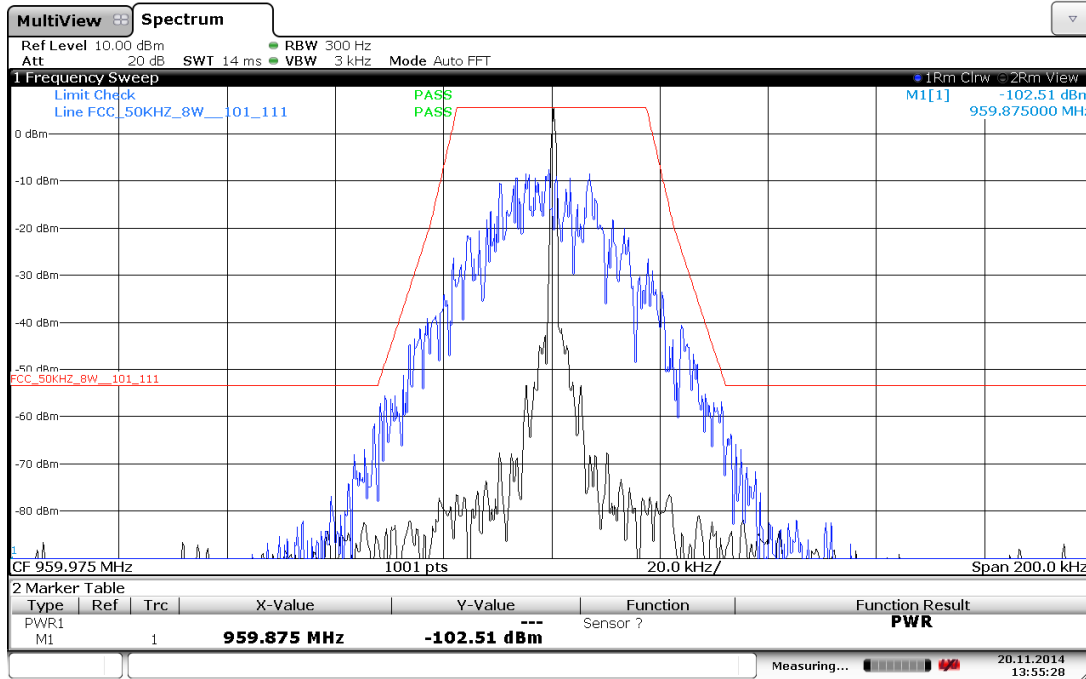


Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:53:44

4.1 Graphs 959.975MHz

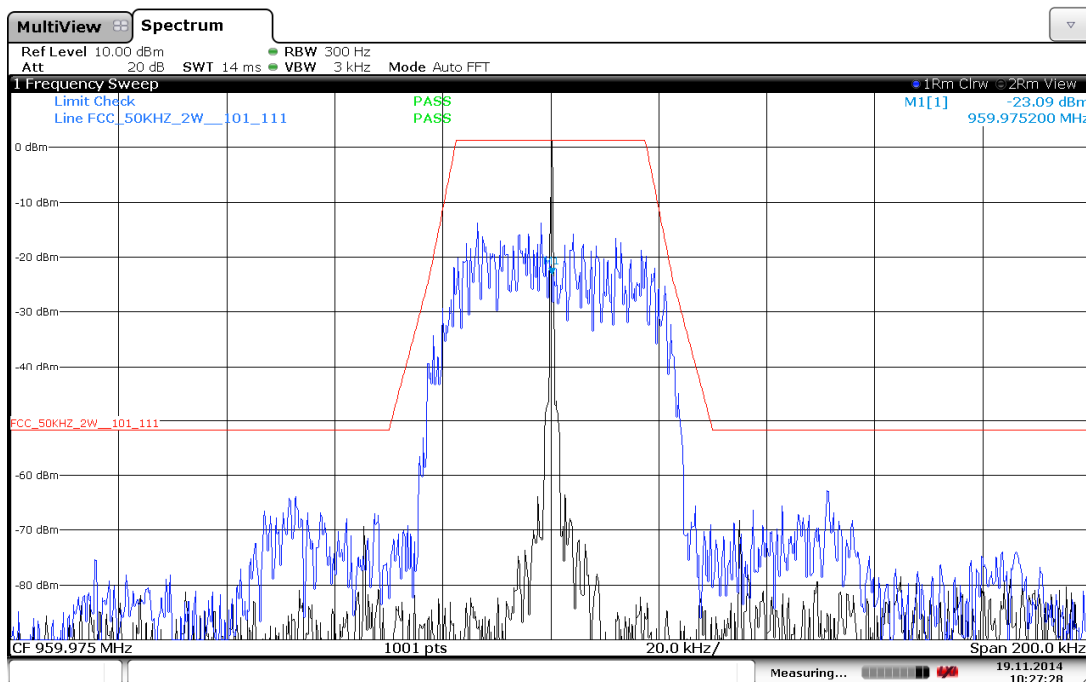
GRAPH 25: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz 4-CPFSK

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



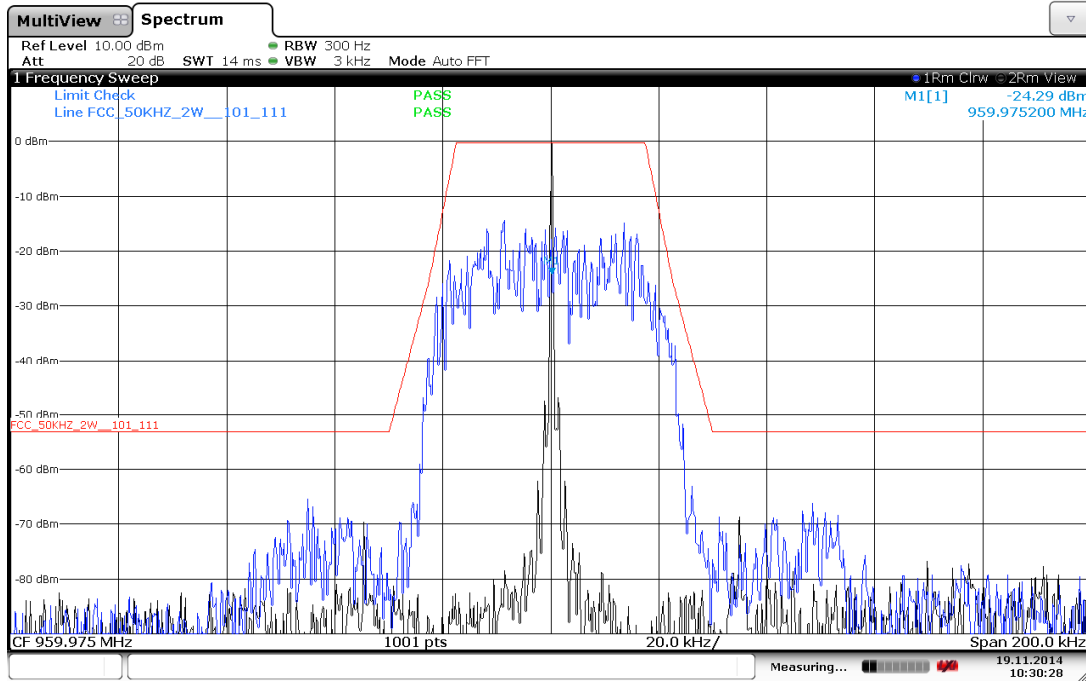
GRAPH 26: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz 16-DEQAM

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



GRAPH 27: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz D8PSK

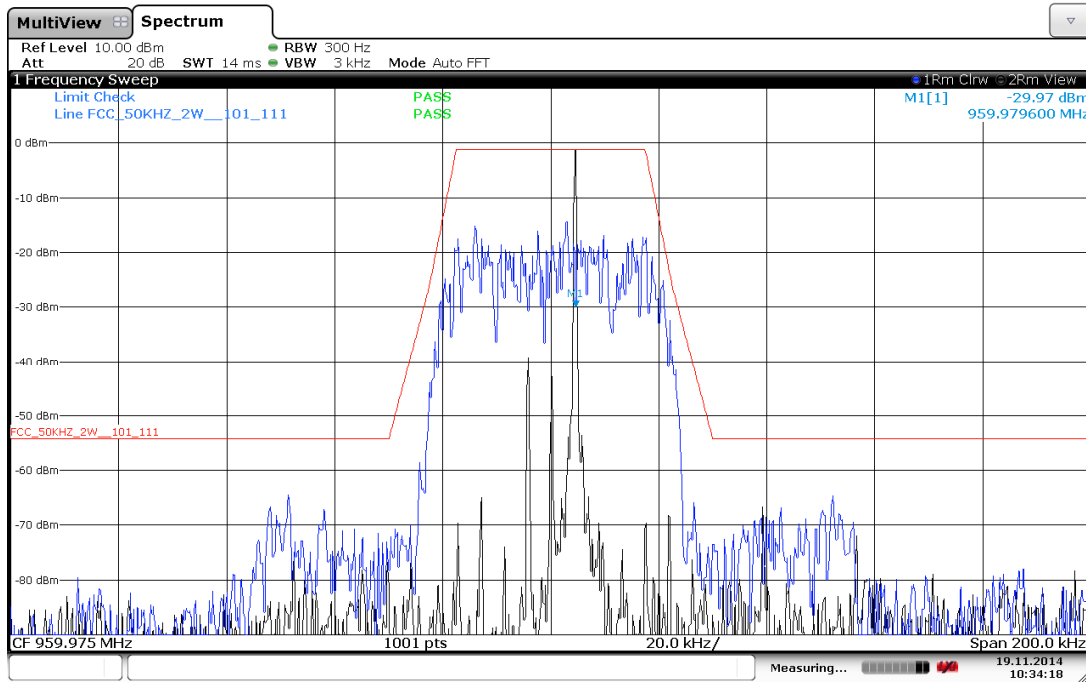
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 10:30:28

GRAPH 28: Spectrum Emission for 50 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

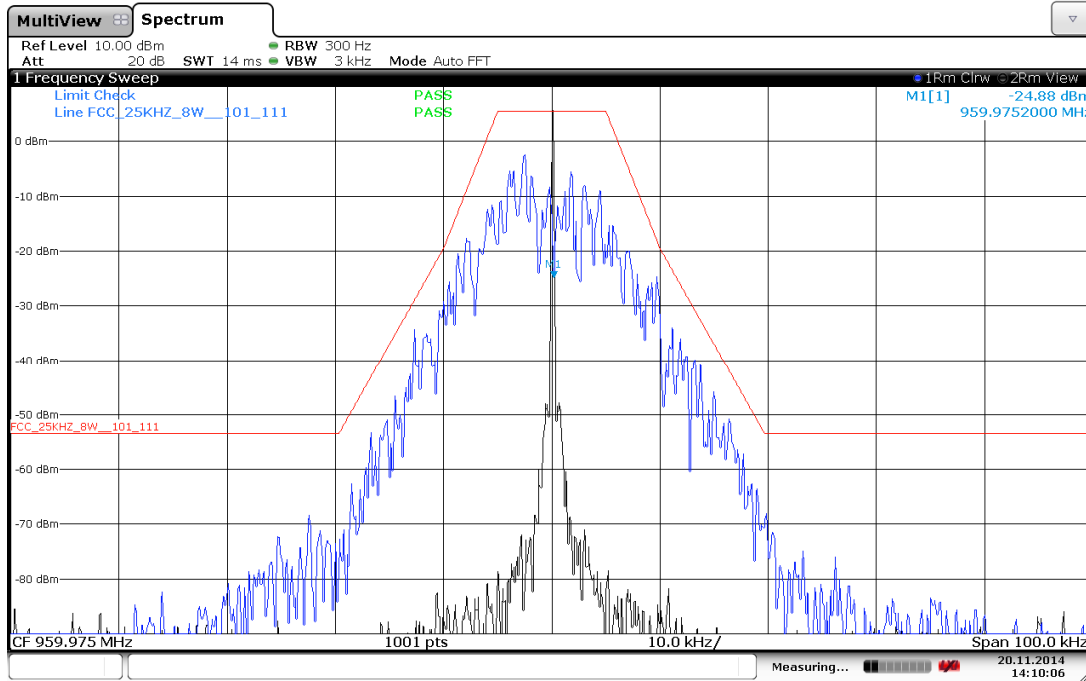
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 10:34:17

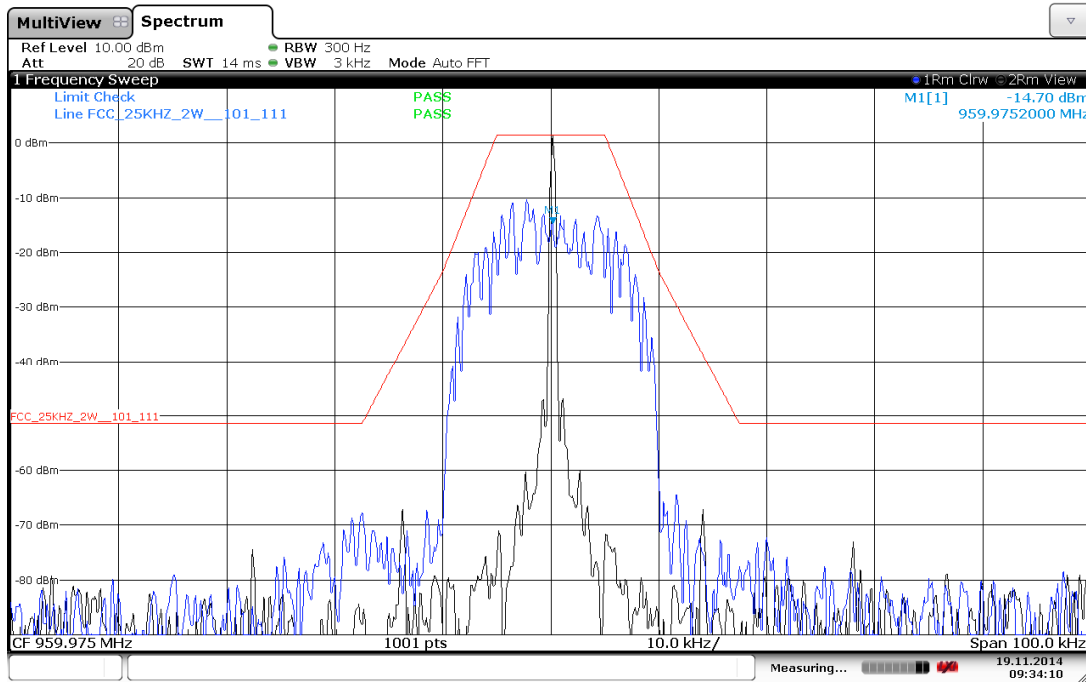
GRAPH 29: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz 4-CPFSK

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



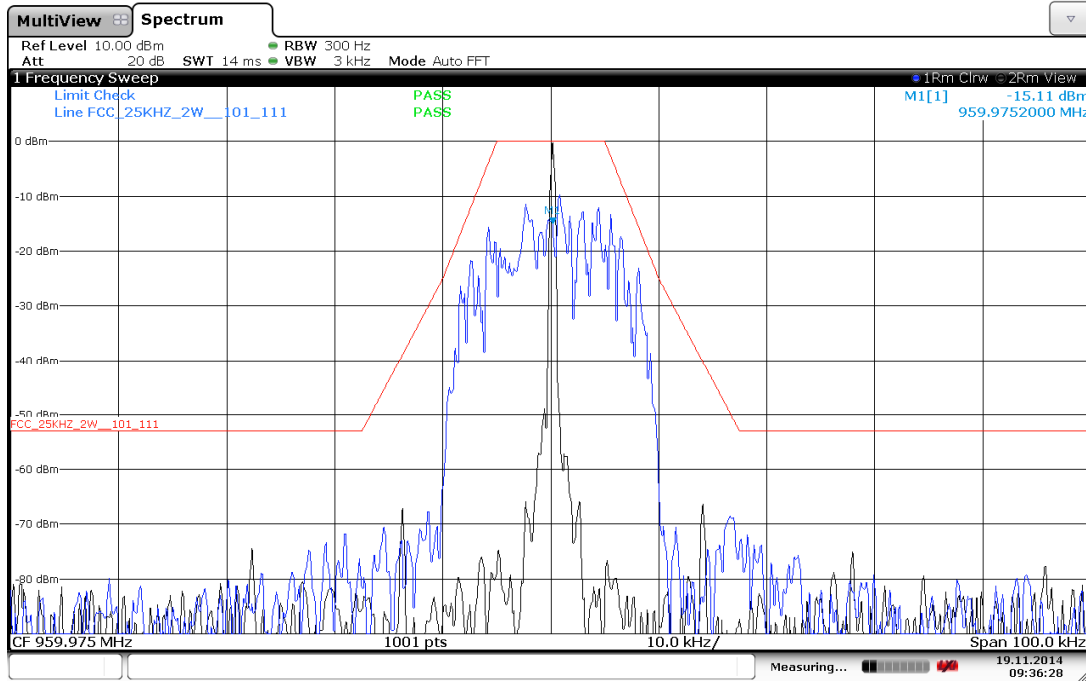
GRAPH 30: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz 16-DEQAM

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



GRAPH 31: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz D8PSK

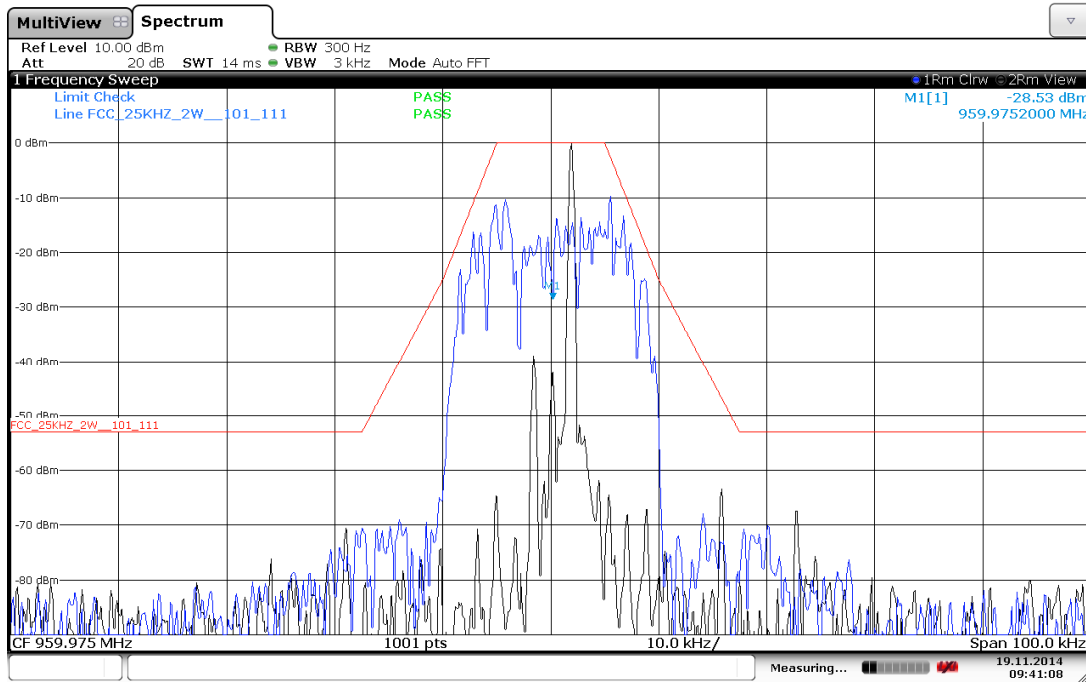
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 09:36:28

GRAPH 32: Spectrum Emission for 25 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

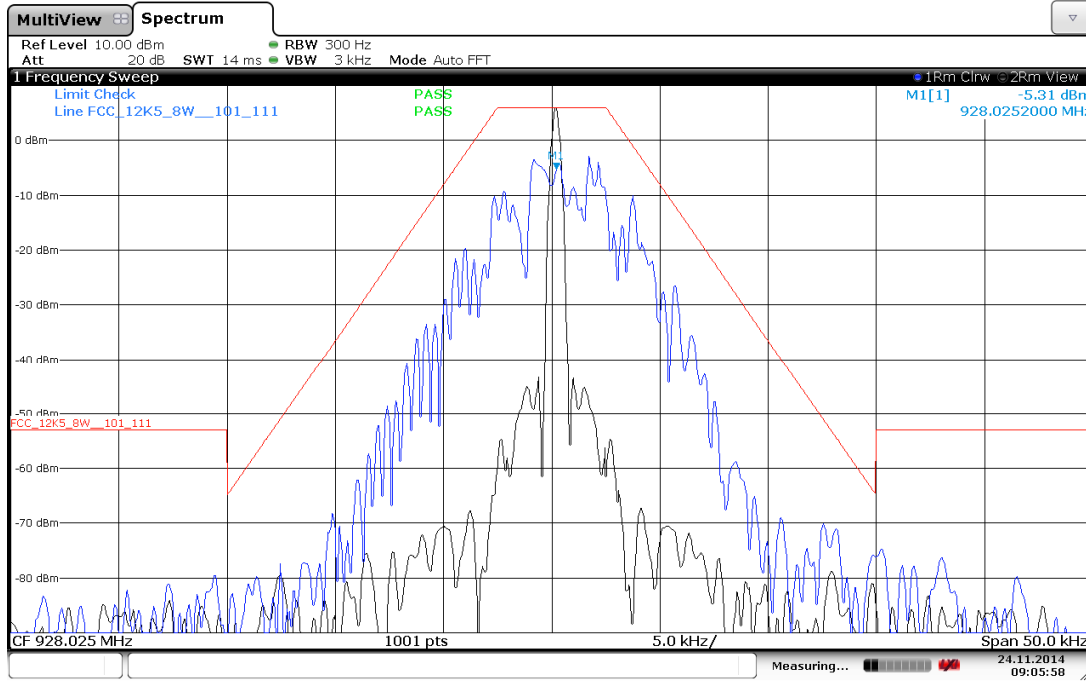
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 09:41:08

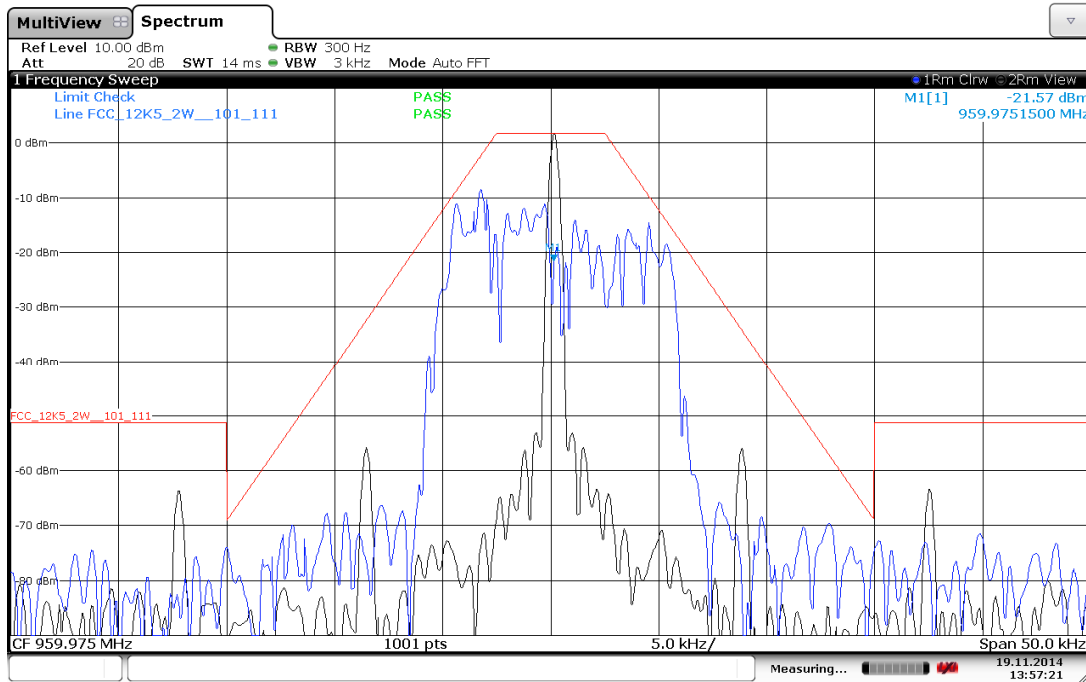
GRAPH 33: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz 4-CPFSK

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



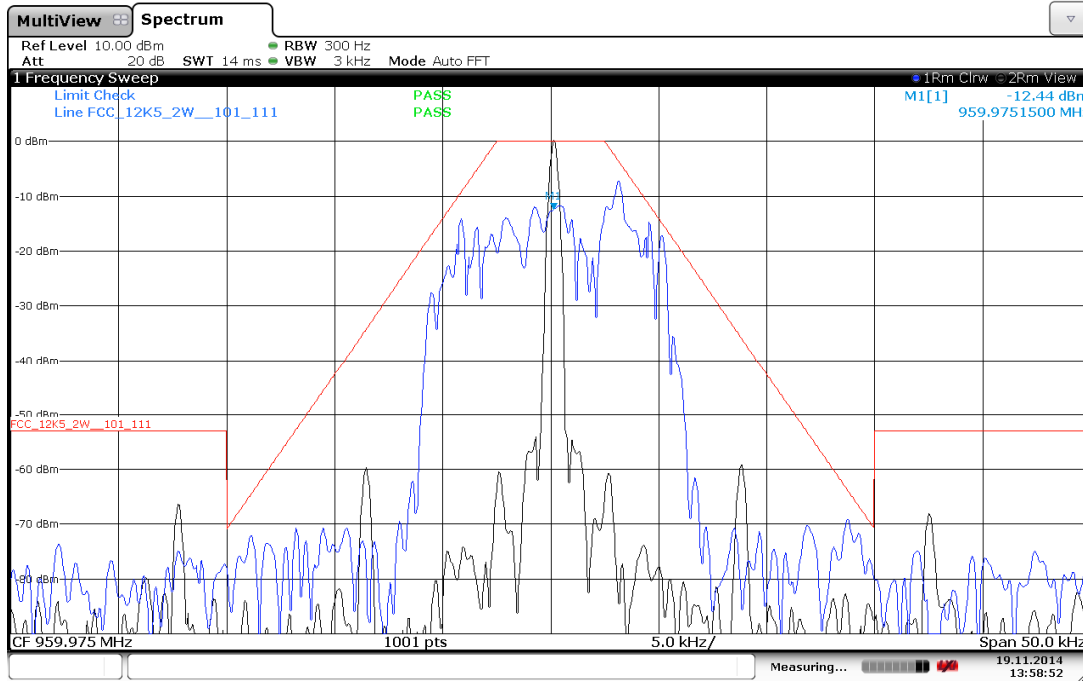
GRAPH 34: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz 16-DEQAM

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



GRAPH 35: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz D8PSK

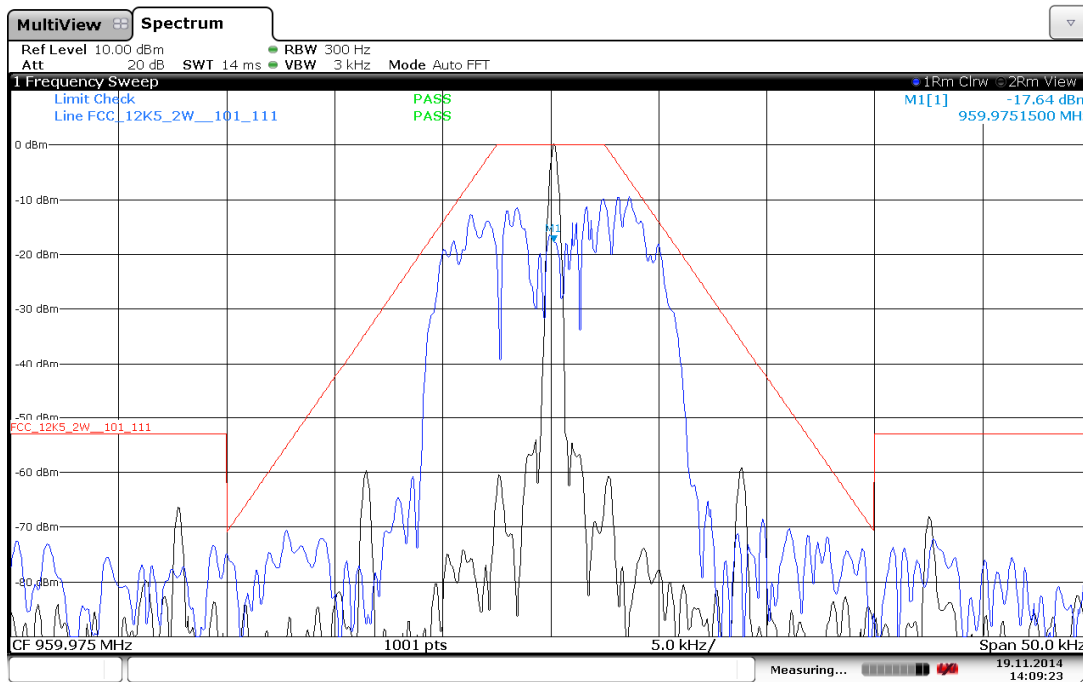
The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 13:58:52

GRAPH 36: Spectrum Emission for 12.5 kHz $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

The total attenuation of the complete measuring assembly (at the frequency of the measurement), consisting of the 30dB attenuator, the losses of the measuring cables and connectors, is 32.5 dB.



Date: 19.NOV.2014 14:09:23