

Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11g 7CH Left Cheek Touch

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.6, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.303 mW/g

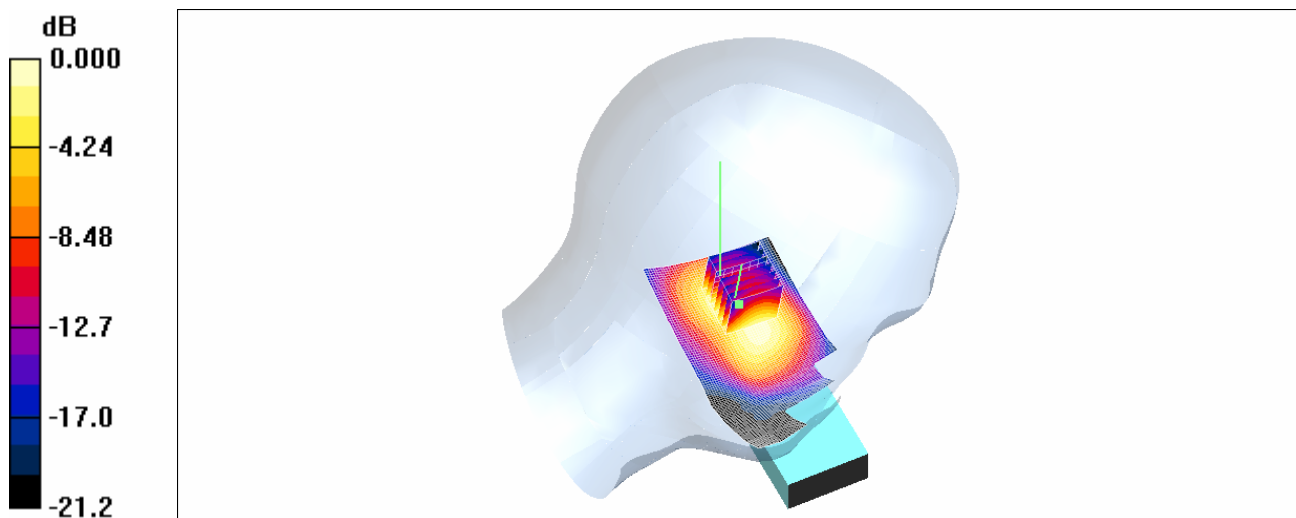
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.78 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.418 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.250 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 mW/g



Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11g 7CH Left Ear Tilt

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.6, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.170 mW/g

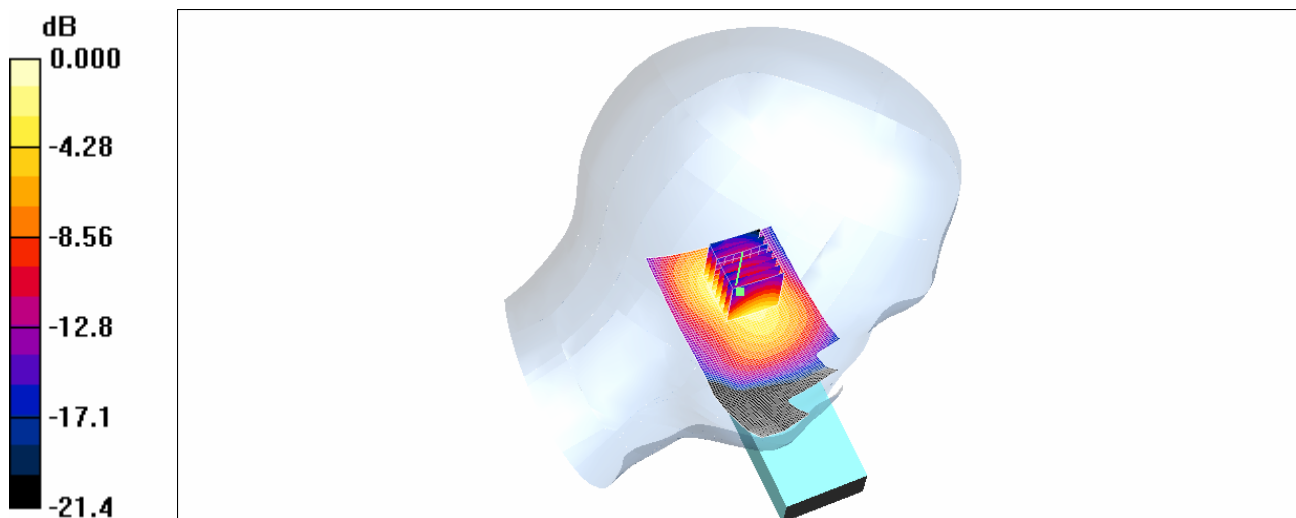
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.87 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.256 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.163 mW/g



0 dB = 0.163 mW/g

Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11g 7CH Right Cheek Touch

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.6, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.241 mW/g

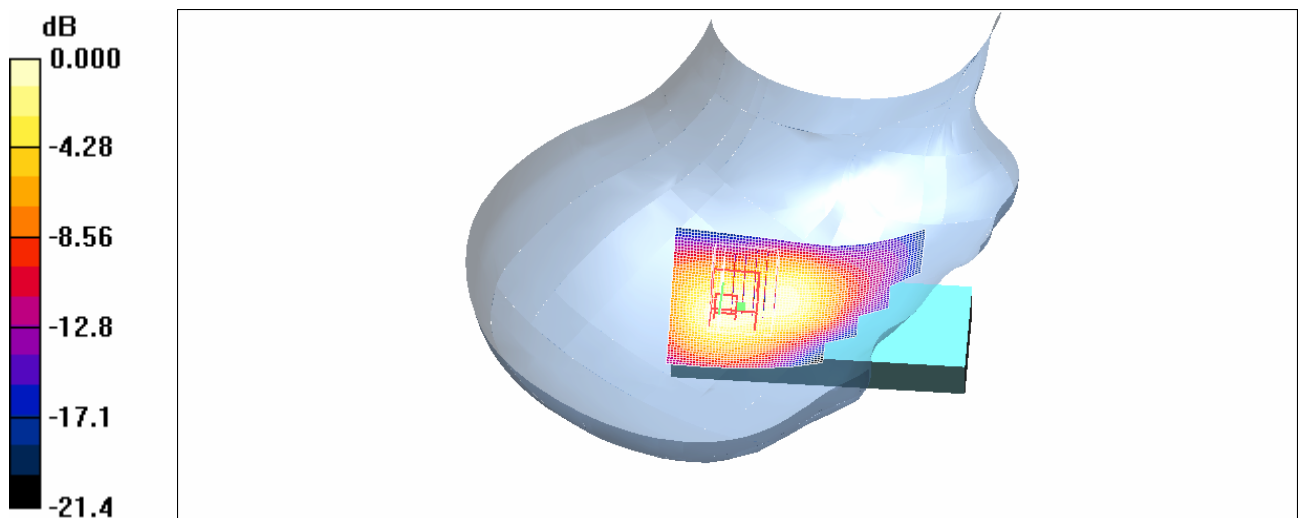
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.31 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.364 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.221 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.243 mW/g



0 dB = 0.243 mW/g

Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11g 7CH Right Ear Tilt

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.6, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.8 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 mW/g

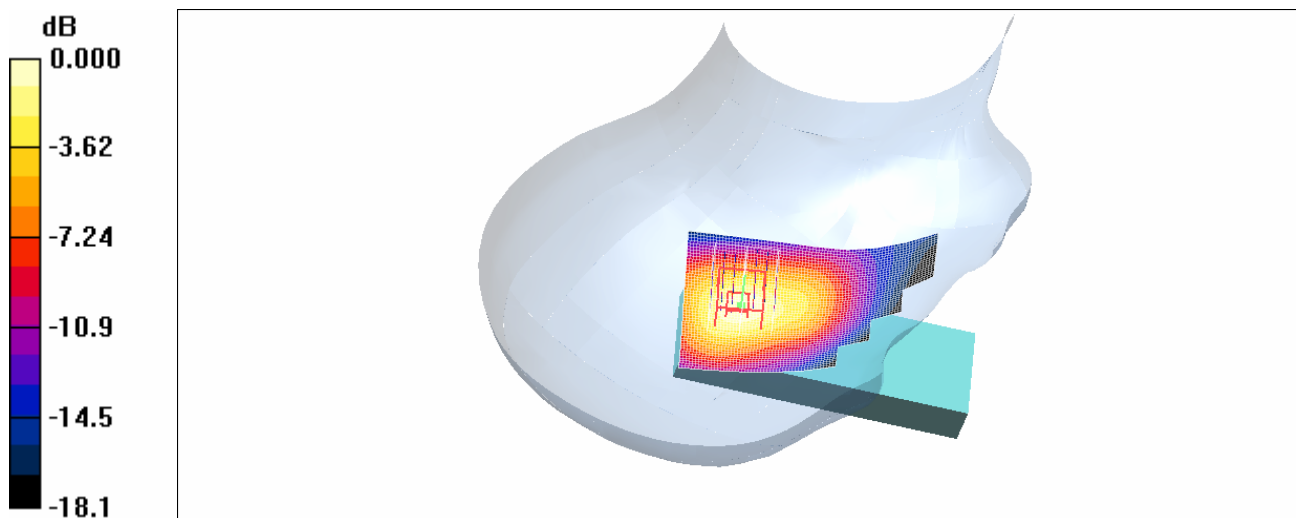
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.40 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.241 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.142 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 mW/g



Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11g 1CH Left Cheek Touch

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.6, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 mW/g

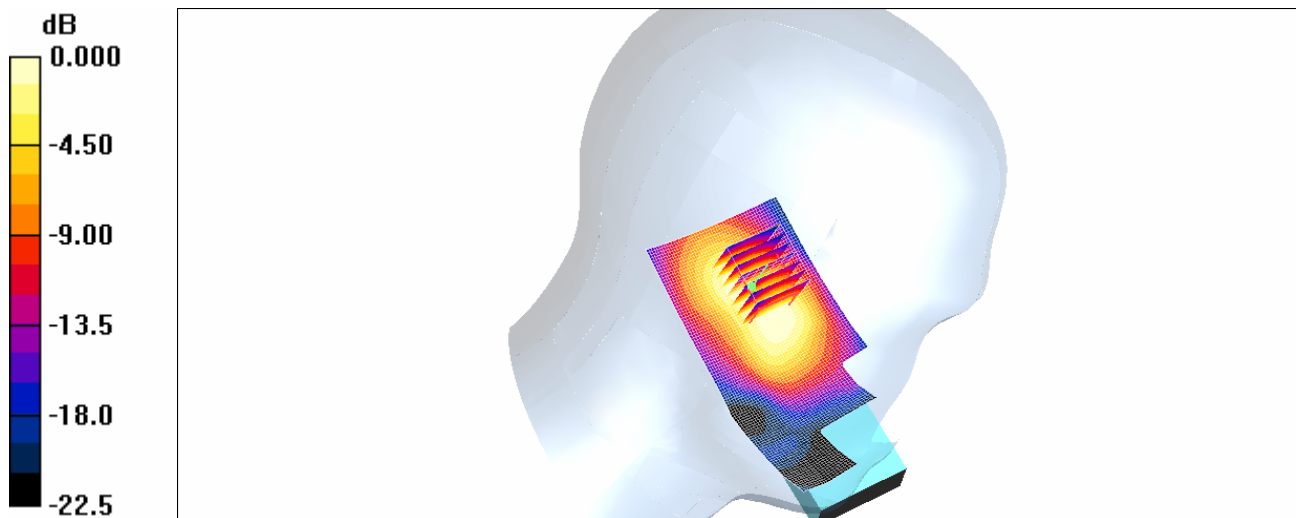
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.328 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.195 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.213 mW/g



0 dB = 0.213mW/g

Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11g 13CH Left Cheek Touch

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.6, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.361 mW/g

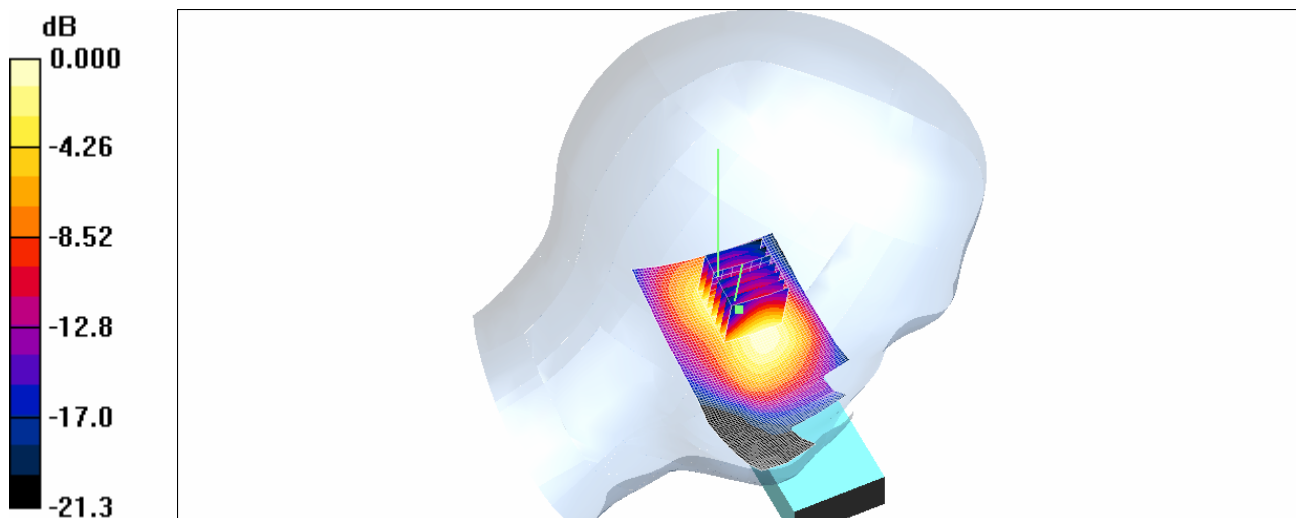
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.513 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 mW/g



0 dB = 0.327mW/g

Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11b 7CH Body Front facing phantom

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.4, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450D Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 mW/g

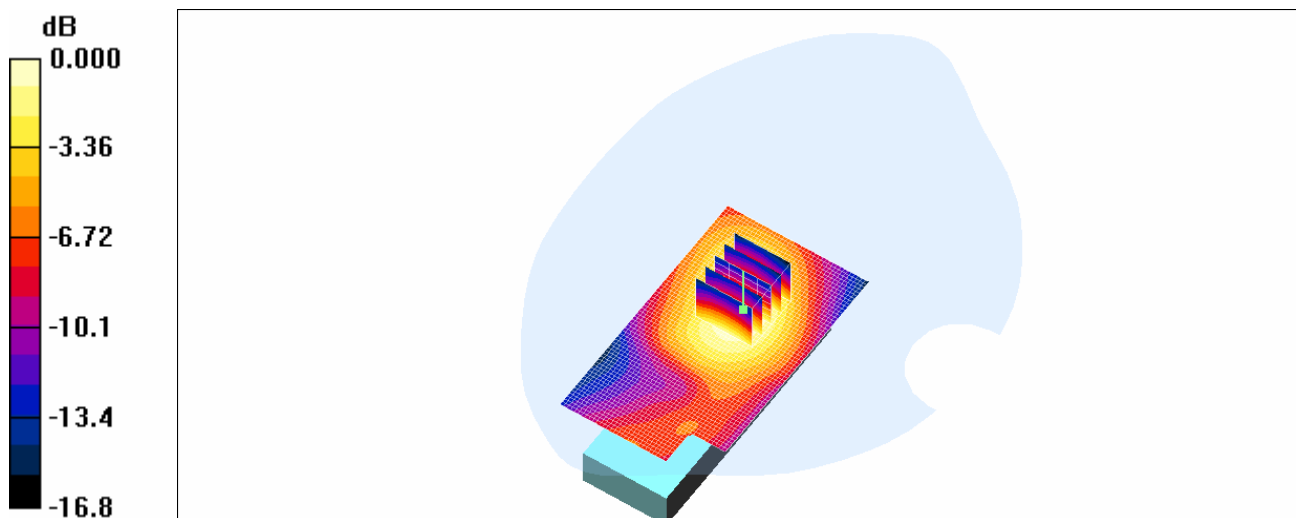
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.14 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.174 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.262 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.159 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 mW/g



0 dB = 0.172 mW/g

Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11b 7CH Body Rear facing phantom

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.4, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450D Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.562 mW/g

Z Scan (1x1x16): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$, $dz=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.046 mW/g

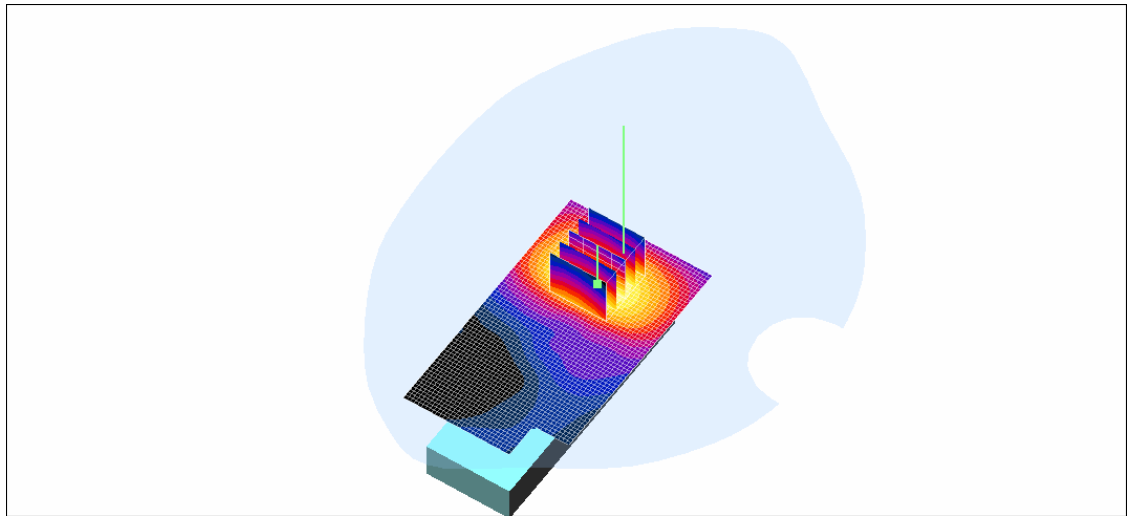
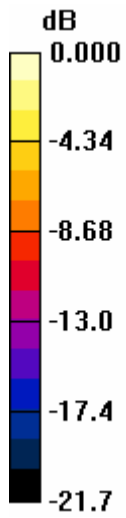
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.35 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.146 dB

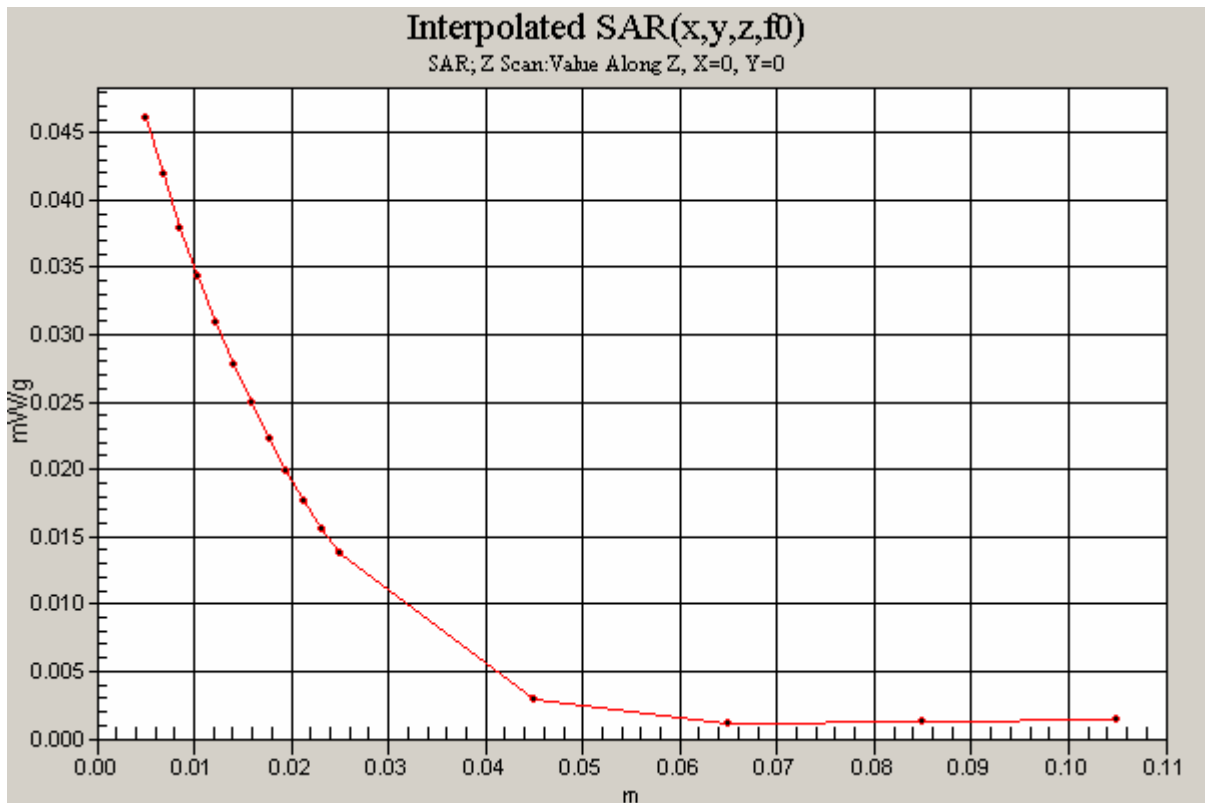
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.921 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.496 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g



0 dB = 0.549mW/g



Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11g 7CH Body front facing phantom

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.4, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450D Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.075 mW/g

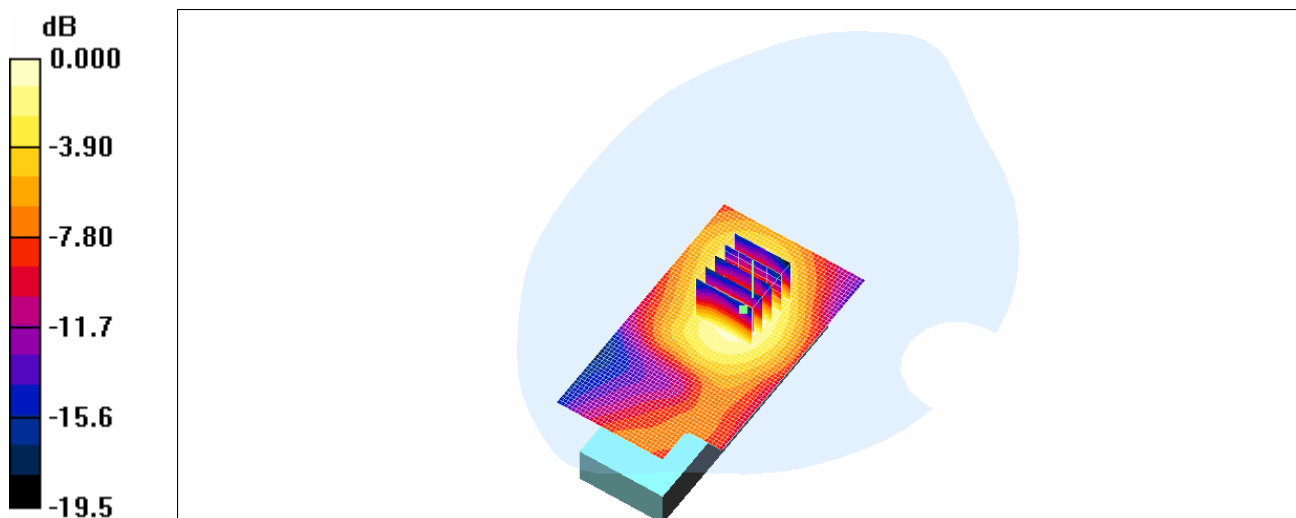
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.26 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.069 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.074 mW/g



0 dB = 0.074 mW/g

Test Laboratory: KTL

WPU-7700 802.11g 7CH Body Rear facing phantom

***Test Date : 4th/August/2008**

Measured Liquid Temperature(°C) : 22.4, Ambient Temperature(°C) : 22.0

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450D Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3161; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2008-04-07
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn559; Calibrated: 2008-03-13
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom_1800MHz; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1433
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Area Scan (41x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.237 mW/g

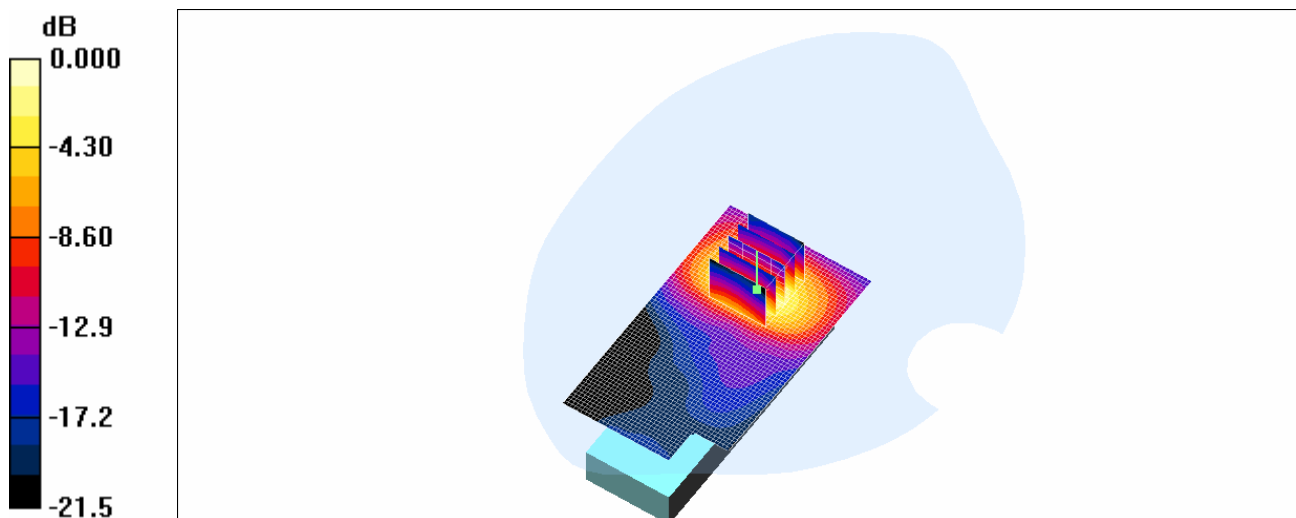
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.77 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.267 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.396 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.213 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236 mW/g



0 dB = 0.236 mW/g

Appendix B. Calibration Data Sheets

E-Field Probe 3161

DAE4 559

Dipole Antenna D2450V2 746

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **H-CT (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **ES3-3161_Apr08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3161**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **April 7, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: April 7, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

ES3DV3 SN:3161

April 7, 2008

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3161

Manufactured: October 8, 2007

Calibrated: April 7, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3161**Sensitivity in Free Space^A****Diode Compression^B**

NormX	1.09 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	90 mV
NormY	1.26 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	92 mV
NormZ	0.94 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	94 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect**TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.7	5.5
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.5

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.8	6.5
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.8

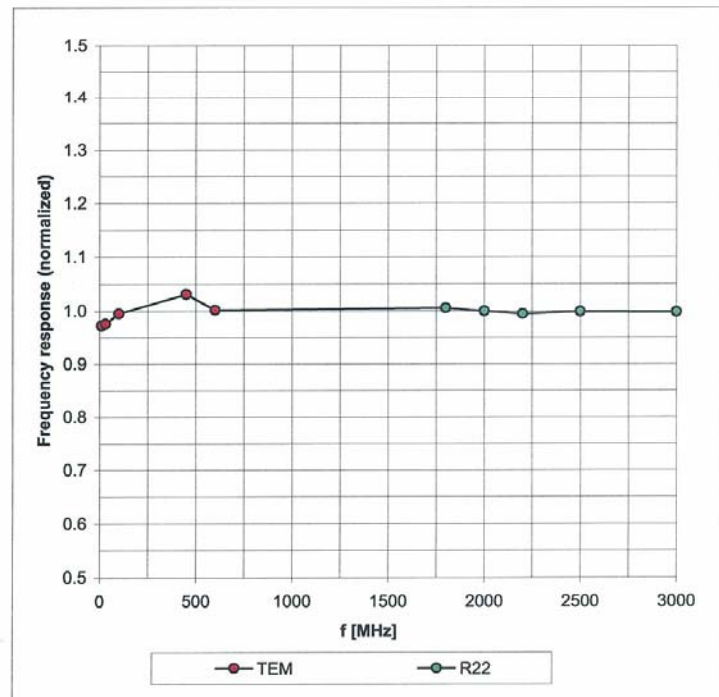
Sensor OffsetProbe Tip to Sensor Center **2.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

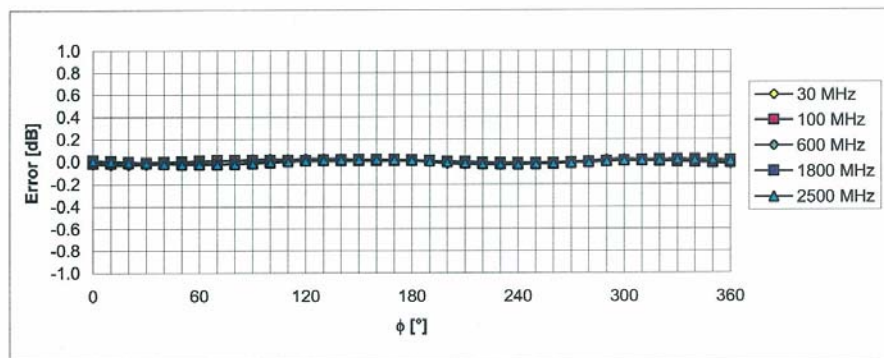
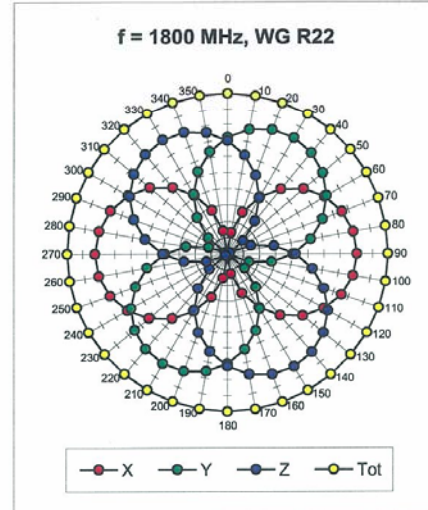
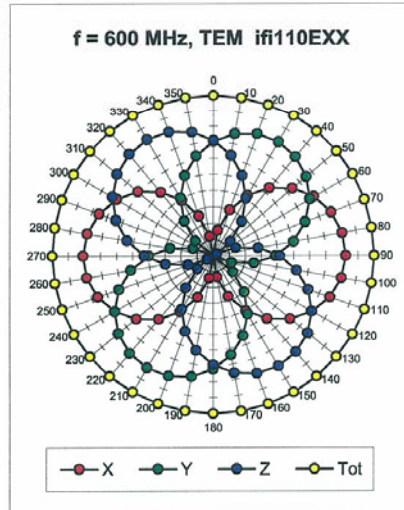
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



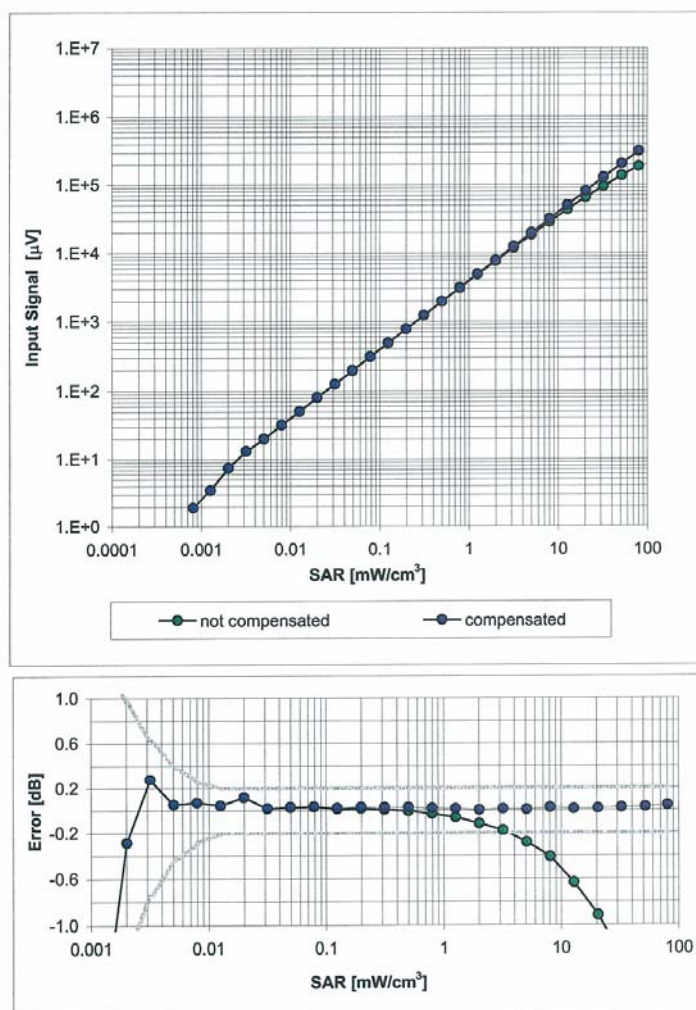
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



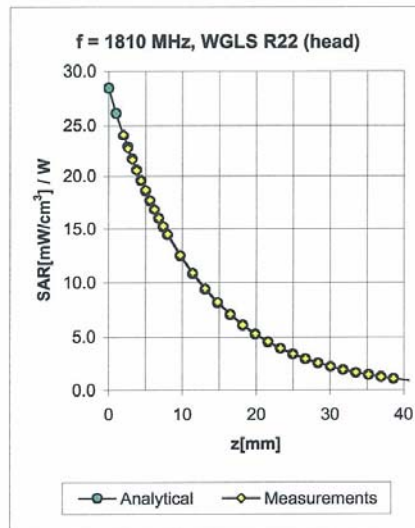
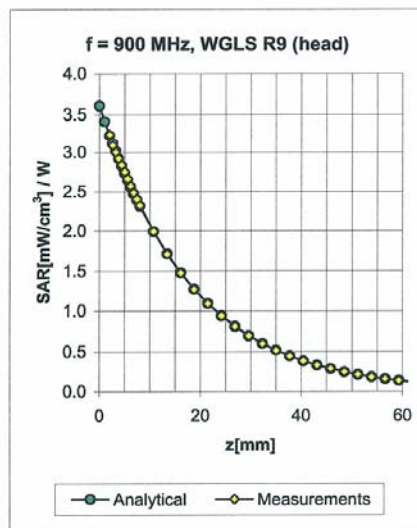
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$
(Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



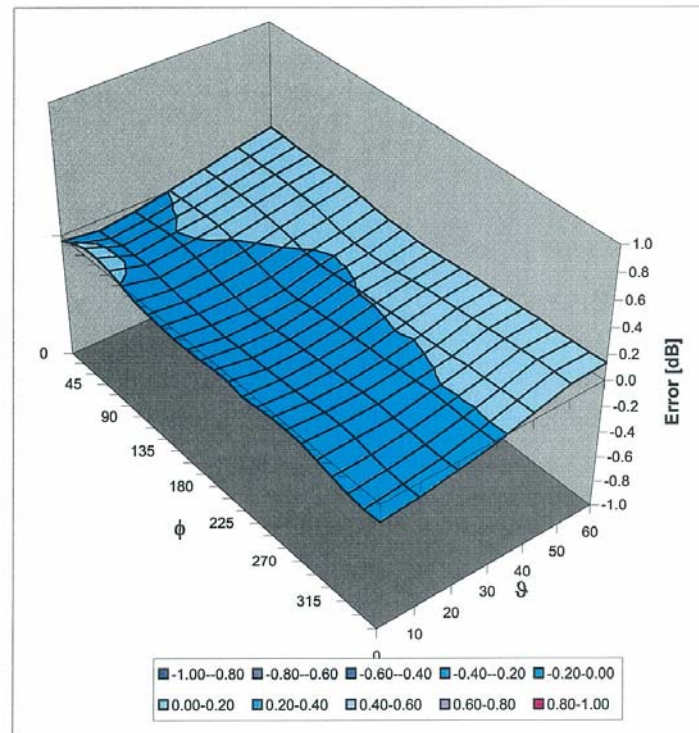
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	1.00	1.12	6.07 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.86	1.19	5.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.76	1.26	4.77 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.70	1.32	4.47 ± 11.0% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	1.00	1.17	5.63 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.81	1.22	5.07 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.74	1.31	4.68 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2300	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.8 ± 5%	1.85 ± 5%	0.56	1.65	4.32 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.60	1.52	4.15 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	0.61	1.50	3.97 ± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSLError (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz**Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)**



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Client **KTC (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-559_Mar07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BA - SN: 559**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **March 13, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	04-Oct-07 (Elcal AG, No: 6467)	Oct-08
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-07 (Elcal AG, No: 6465)	Oct-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	25-Jun-07 (SPEAG, in house check)	In house check Jun-08

Calibrated by:

Name	Function	Signature
Dominique Steffen	Technician	

Approved by:

Fin Bomholt	R&D Director
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Issued: March 13, 2008

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Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance:* DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.771 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)	403.915 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)	403.951 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96867 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.95750 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.96987 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	331 ° $\pm$ 1 °
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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200000	199999.9	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000	20000.10	0.00
Channel X	- Input	20000	-20003.47	0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200000	199999.6	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000	19998.07	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	20000	-20001.18	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200000	199999.6	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000	20001.44	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	20000	-20002.87	0.01

Low Range		Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000	2000.1	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	200	200.18	0.09
Channel X	- Input	200	-199.56	-0.22
Channel Y	+ Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200	199.48	-0.26
Channel Y	- Input	200	-200.47	0.23
Channel Z	+ Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200	199.36	-0.32
Channel Z	- Input	200	-200.92	0.46

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-4.80	-5.71
	- 200	8.30	6.41
Channel Y	200	17.28	17.42
	- 200	-18.47	-18.64
Channel Z	200	-8.93	-9.51
	- 200	8.77	8.45

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.44	-0.08
Channel Y	200	1.39	-	3.57
Channel Z	200	-0.59	0.22	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16269	14082
Channel Y	16276	16735
Channel Z	15896	14213

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M Ω

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation (μ V)
Channel X	-0.00	-0.94	0.83	0.36
Channel Y	-1.06	-2.34	0.23	0.39
Channel Z	0.11	-1.05	0.99	0.36

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2001	201.6
Channel Y	0.2000	200.4
Channel Z	0.2001	201.0

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **KTL (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-746_Feb07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 746**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **February 20, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN 3025	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager
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Issued: February 21, 2007

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.0 $\pm$ 6 %	1.79 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(20.5 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	-----	-----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	54.1 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.32 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.8 \Omega + 4.9 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 01, 2003

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 20.02.2007 15:56:21

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN746

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm 2/Area Scan (51x51x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.1 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

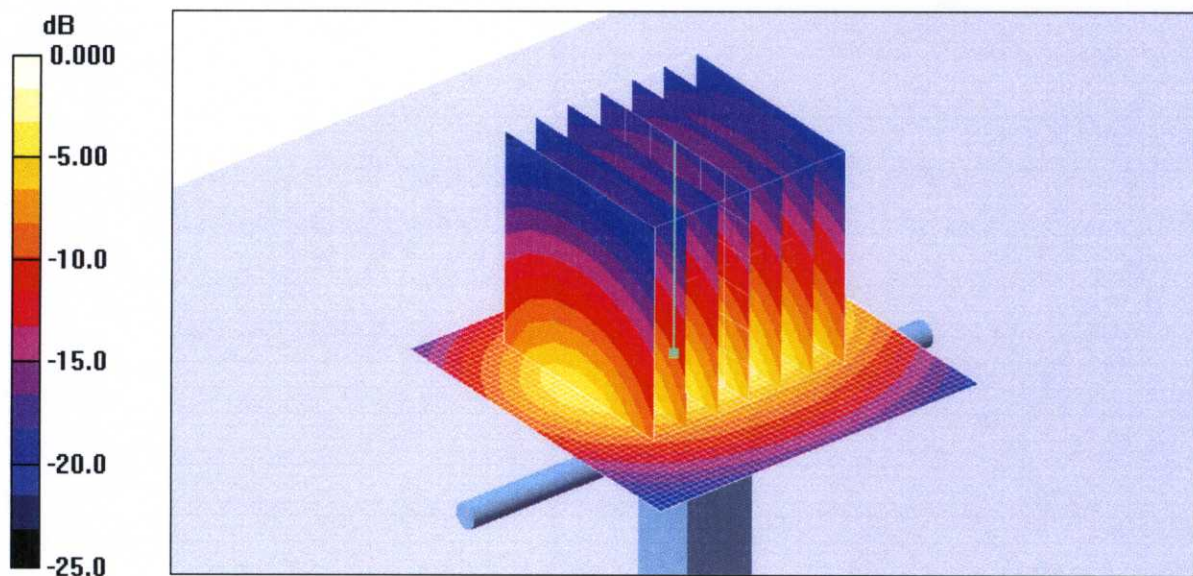
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

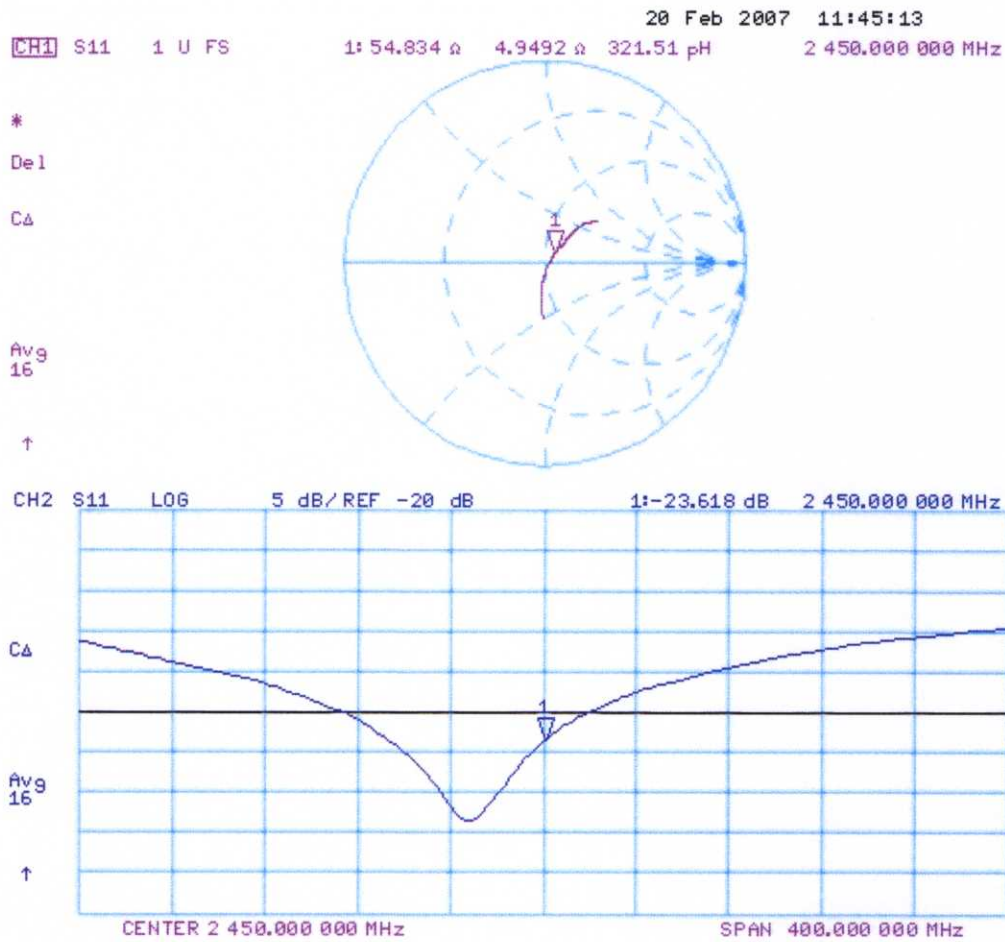
SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.32 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 mW/g



0 dB = 15.6mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Appendix C. SAR Measurement Setup Photos

Test Sample Photo- WPU-7700



<Front>



<Rear>

Head SAR set-up Photos



<Right Cheek Touch>



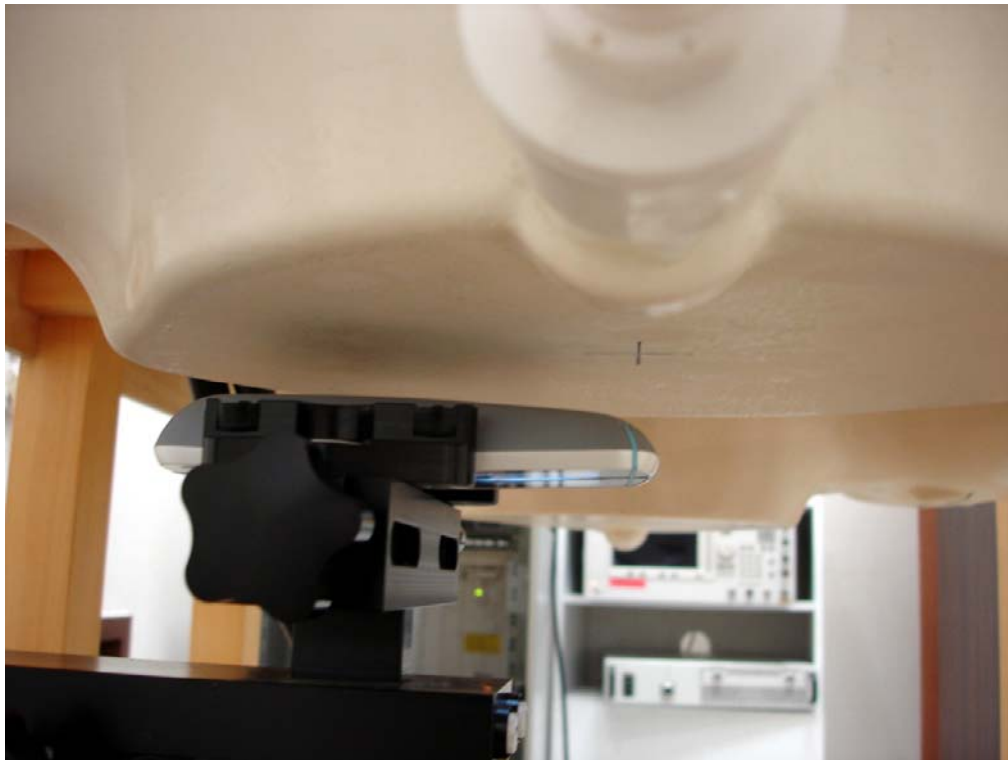
<Right Ear Tilt>



<Right Ear Tilt>



<Left Cheek Touch>



<Body without Belt-Clip>