Date/Time: 02/23/04 18:22:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1019

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: MSL5800

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.18 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3503; ConvF(5, 5, 5) ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 6/27/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 600; Calibrated: 9/30/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP:1312; Phantom section: Flat Section
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 34; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 105

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 79.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 35.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2.5mm (7x7x8)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 75.2 W/kg

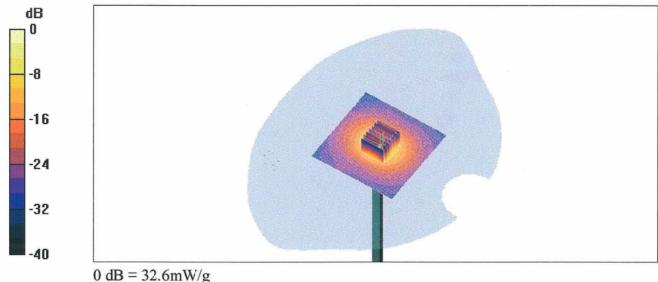
SAR(1 g) = 18.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2.5mm (7x7x8)/Cube 0:

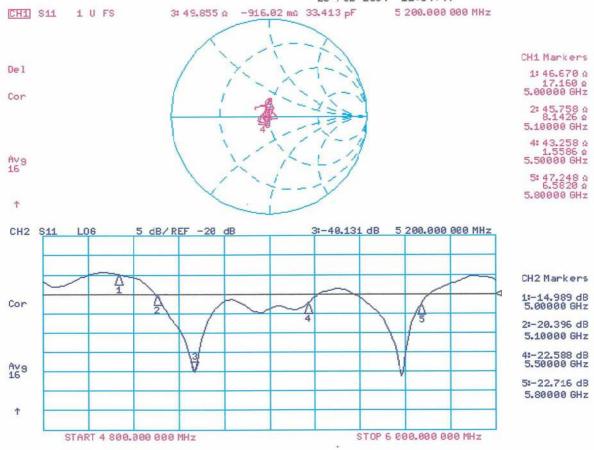
Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 69.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.45 mW/g



23 Feb 2004 12:04:44





D4: 2450MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

ADT (Auden)

Object(s)	D2450V2 - SN:716		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	August 23, 2004		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)		
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence	ational standards, which realize the physical units of m probability are given on the following pages and are p tory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	part of the certificate,
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&	ertainties with confidence acted in the closed laboral TE critical for calibration)	probability are given on the following pages and are pages and are pages and are pages are pages and are pages are pages and are pages a	eart of the certificate, s Celsius and humidity < 75%.
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The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03	ertainties with confidence acted in the closed laboral act	cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 13-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A	ertainties with confidence acted in the closed laboral act	cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05

Date issued: August 26, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D2450V2

Serial: 716

Manufactured:

September 10, 2002

Calibrated:

August 23, 2004

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the quarter size flat phantom filled with **head simulating** solution of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 38.3 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.86 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ES3DV2 (SN:3025, Conversion factor 4.55 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the quarter size flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. Lossless spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2 SN:3025 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 52.4 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)¹

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 23.8 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.147 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.983

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz:

 $Re{Z} = 54.7 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = 2.7 \Omega$

Return Loss at 2450 MHz

-26.1 dB

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the quarter size flat phantom filled with **body simulating** solution of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 51.7 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.96 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ES3DV2 (SN:3025, Conversion factor 4.22 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the quarter size flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. Lossless spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2 SN:3025 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue:

48.8 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)²

averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of tissue:

22.6 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)²

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz:

 $Re\{Z\} = 50.8 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = 4.1 \Omega$

Return Loss at 2450 MHz

-27.7 dB

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Sections 1 and 4. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

² validation uncertainty

Date/Time: 08/20/04 14:48:41

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN716

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 9/29/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 7/22/2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5 mm,

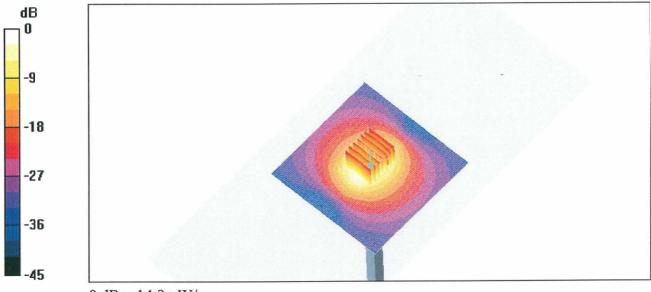
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

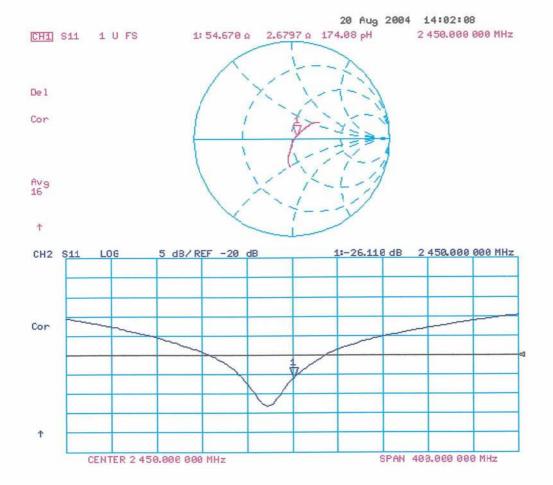
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 mW/g



0 dB = 14.8 mW/g



Date/Time: 08/23/04 11:02:14

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN716

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 2450 MHz:

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 9/29/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 7/22/2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 17; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 124

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

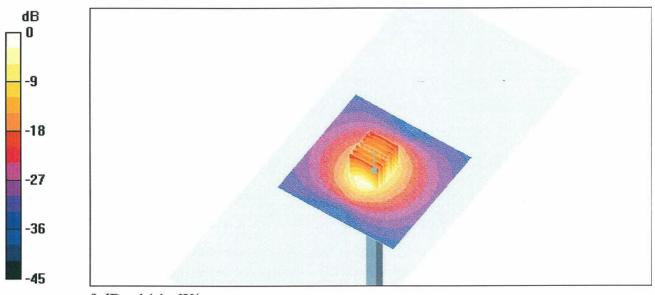
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.64 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 mW/g



0 dB = 14.1 mW/g

