



TEST REPORT

No. I16D00097-SAR

For

Client : Haier Telecom (Qingdao)Co.,Ltd

Production : GSM/WCDMA/LTE handset

Model Name : L30

FCC ID: SG7201605L30

Hardware Version: V1.01

Software Version: HL-L30-H02-S008-tigo

Issued date: 2016-06-12

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of ECIT Shanghai.

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Revision Version

Report Number	Revision	Date	Memo
I15D00097-SAR	00	2016-06-12	Initial creation of test report

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1. Test Laboratory**1.1. Testing Location**

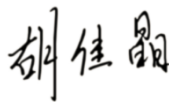
Company Name:	ECIT Shanghai, East China Institute of Telecommunications
Address:	7-8F, G Area, No. 668, Beijing East Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai, P. R. China
Postal Code:	200001
Telephone:	(+86)-021-63843300
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1.2. Testing Environment

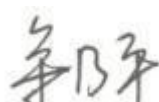
Normal Temperature:	18-25°C
Relative Humidity:	10-90%
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

1.3. Project Data

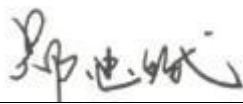
Project Leader:	Xu Yuting
Testing Start Date:	2016-05-26
Testing End Date:	2016-06-01

1.4. Signature

Hu Jiajing
(Prepared this test report)



Yu Naiping
(Reviewed this test report)



Zheng Zhongbin
Director of the laboratory
(Approved this test report)

2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **L30** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 22.4%)

Table 2.1: Max. Reported SAR (1g)

Equipment Class	Band	Position/Distance	Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)
Licensed	GSM 850	Head	0.237
	GSM 850	Body/10mm	0.335
	GSM 1900	Head	0.411
	GSM 1900	Body/10mm	0.303
	WCDMA Band II	Head	0.691
	WCDMA Band II	Body/10mm	0.788
	WCDMA Band V	Head	0.370
	WCDMA Band V	Body/10mm	0.322
	LTE Band4	Head	0.874
	LTE Band4	Body/10mm	0.672
	LTE Band5	Head	0.622
	LTE Band5	Body/10mm	0.872
	LTE Band7	Head	0.751
	LTE Band7	Body/10mm	0.524
DTS	Wi-Fi	Head	0.696
	Wi-Fi	Body/10mm	0.394

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in chapter 7 of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 3 of this test report.

The maximum reported SAR value is obtained at the case of **(Table 2.1)**, and the values are: **0.874 W/kg (1g)**.

The sample has three antennas. One is main antenna for GSM/WCDMA, and the other is for WiFi/BT and GPS. So simultaneous transmission is GSM/WCDMA and WiFi/BT.

Table 2.2: Simultaneous SAR (1g)

Simultaneous Transmission SAR(W/Kg)												
Equipment class			Licensed							DTS	DSS	SUM
Test Position			GSM 850	GSM 1900	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V	LTE Band 4	LTE Band5	LTE Band 7	WIFI	BT	
Head	Left	Cheek	0.237	0.411	0.691	0.314	0.874	0.507	0.751	0.352	0.297	1.226
		Tilt 15°	0.087	0.162	0.273	0.117	0.373	0.346	0.060	0.347	0.297	0.720
	Right	Cheek	0.211	0.382	0.570	0.384	0.660	0.639	0.217	0.696	0.297	1.356
		Tilt 15°	0.053	0.157	0.271	0.128	0.243	0.316	0.086	0.477	0.297	0.793
Body	Phantom Side		0.272	0.332	0.627	0.291	0.617	0.675	0.257	0.021	0.149	0.824
	Ground Side		0.343	0.300	0.788	0.332	0.672	0.872	0.539	0.394	0.149	1.021
	Left Side		0.213	0.123	0.217	0.266	0.387	0.441	0.443	--	0.149	0.592
	Right Side		0.310	0.047	0.158	0.205	0.114	0.534	0.064	0.218	0.149	0.752
	Bottom Side		0.063	0.125	0.668	0.065	0.502	0.159	0.274	--	0.149	0.817
	Top Side		--	---	--	--	--	--	--	0.064	0.149	--

According to the above table, the maximum sum of reported SAR values for GSM/WCDMA/LTE and WiFi is **1.356 W/kg** (1g). The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 12.

3. Client Information

3.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: Haier Telecom (Qingdao)Co.,Ltd
Address: No1,Haier Road,Hi-tech Zone,Qingdao, China
Telephone: 0532-88937273
Contact: liyinling

3.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: Haier Telecom (Qingdao)Co.,Ltd
Address: No1,Haier Road,Hi-tech Zone,Qingdao, China
Telephone: 0532-88937273
Contact: liyinling

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1. About EUT

Description:	GSM/WCDMA/LTE handset
Model name:	L30
Operation Model(s):	GSM850/1900 ,WCDMA band II/V,LTE Band4/5/7,WIFI
Tx Frequency:	824.2-848.8 (GSM850) 1850.2-1909.8MHz (GSM1900) 1852.4-1907.6 MHz (WCDMA Band II) 826.4-846.6MHz (WCDMA Band V) 1710MHz -1755 MHz (LTE Band 4) 824 MHz -849 MHz (LTE Band 5) 2500 MHz – 2570 MHz (LTE Band 7) 2412-2462 MHz (Wi-Fi) 2402~2480 MHz (BT)
Test device Production information:	Production unit
GPRS/EGPRS Class Mode:	B
GPRS/ EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
Device type:	Portable device
UE category:	3
Antenna type:	Inner antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	Headset Battery
Dimensions:	13.7cm×6.6cm
Hotspot Mode:	Support simultaneous transmission of hotspot and voice (or data)
FCC ID:	SG7201605L30

4.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
N02	861864030000399	V1.01	HL-L30-H02-S008-tigo

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

4.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
B05	Battery	H15408	N/A	N/A

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

5. TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1. Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2. Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters.

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: provides general reporting requirements as well as certain specific information required to support MPE and SAR compliance.

KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01: 3G SAR Measurement Procedures.

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices.

KDB941225 D06 hotspot SAR v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1. Targets for tissue simulating liquid

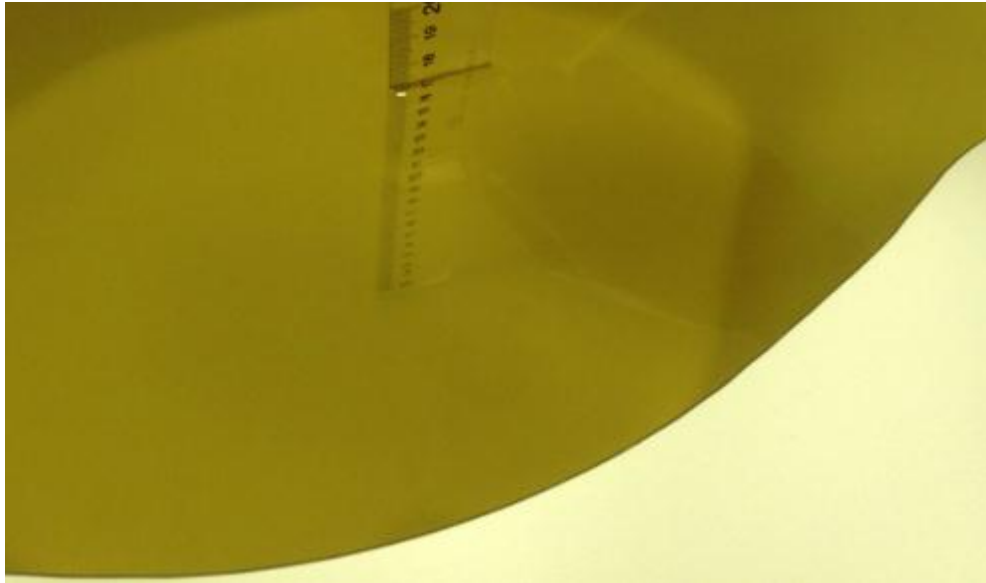
Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range	Permittivity(ϵ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1800	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1800	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39	37.05~40.95
2600	Body	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.5	59.88~55.13

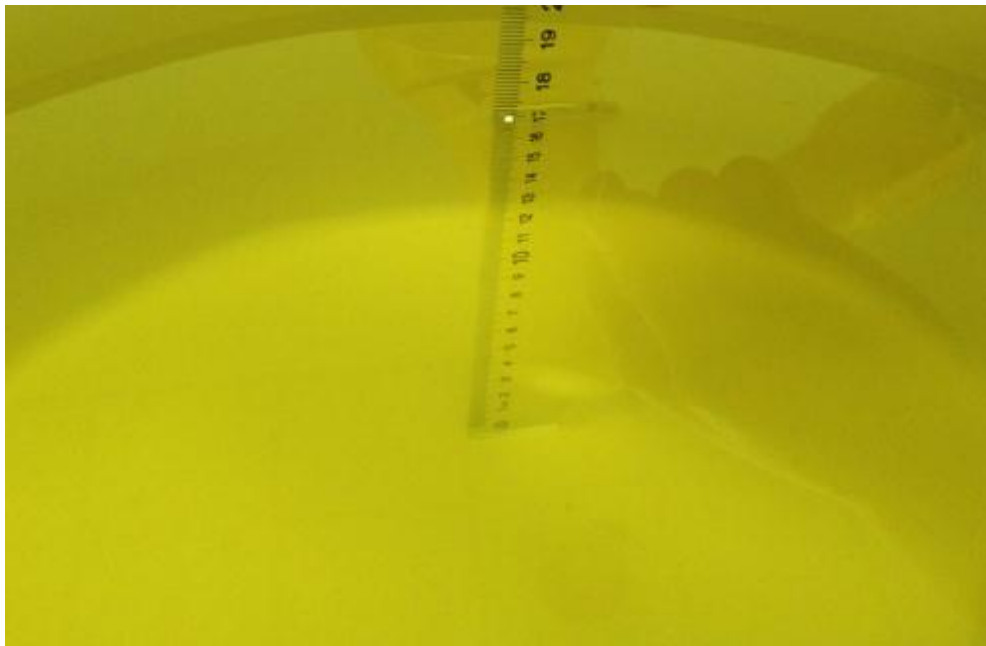
7.2. Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

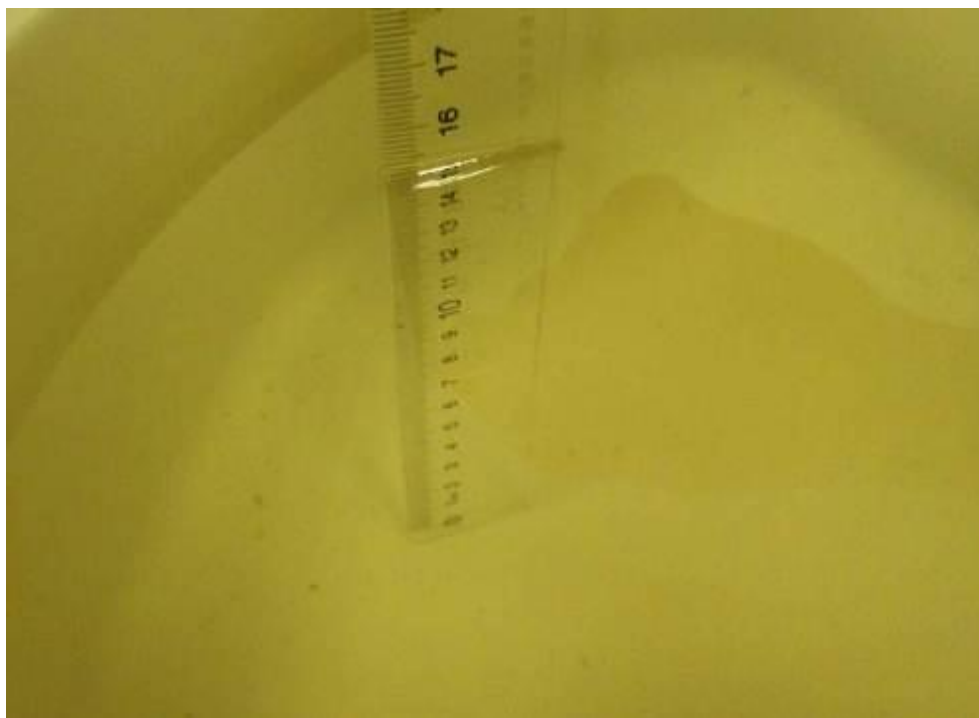
Measurement Value						
Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C						
Type	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ	Drift (%)	Test Date
Head	835 MHz	41.01	-1.18	0.918	2.00	2016-06-01
Head	1800 MHz	40.69	1.72	1.448	3.43	2016-05-31
Head	1950 MHz	38.86	-2.85	1.439	2.79	2016-05-30
Head	2450 MHz	39.12	-0.20	1.809	0.50	2016-05-27
Head	2600 MHz	38.497	-1.29	1.98	1.02	2016-05-26
Body	835 MHz	55.15	-0.09	1.001	3.20	2016-06-01
Body	1800 MHz	52.01	-2.42	1.496	-1.58	2016-05-31
Body	1950 MHz	53.23	-0.13	1.526	0.39	2016-05-30
Body	2450 MHz	53.95	2.37	1.919	-1.59	2016-05-27
Body	2600 MHz	53.52	1.94	2.10	-2.78	2016-05-26



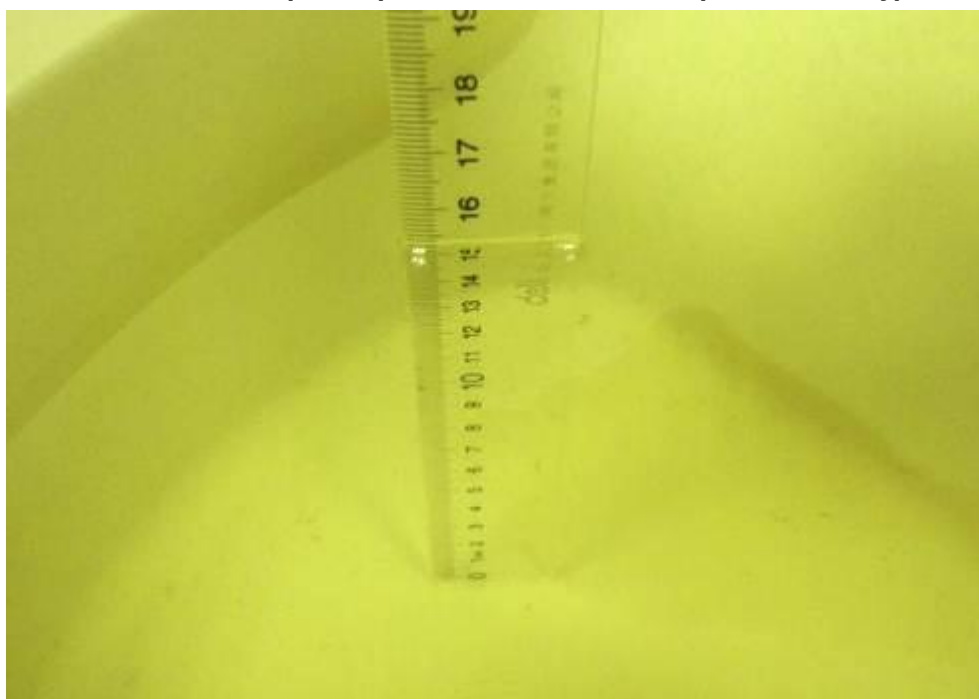
Picture 7-1: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz Head)



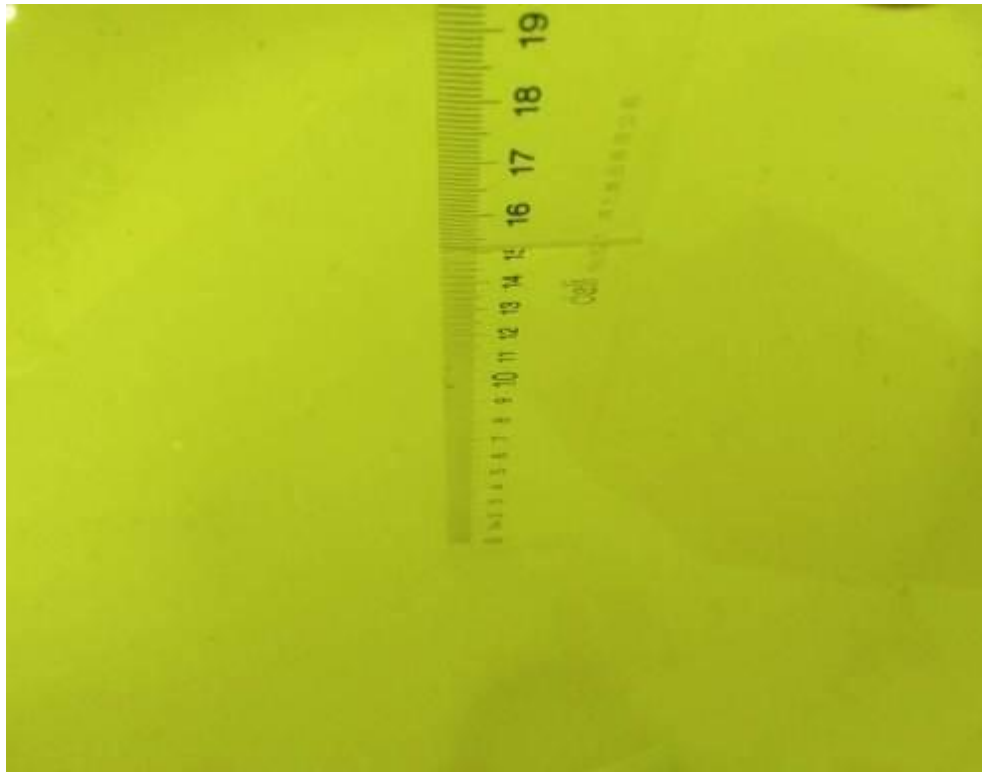
Picture 7-2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz Head)



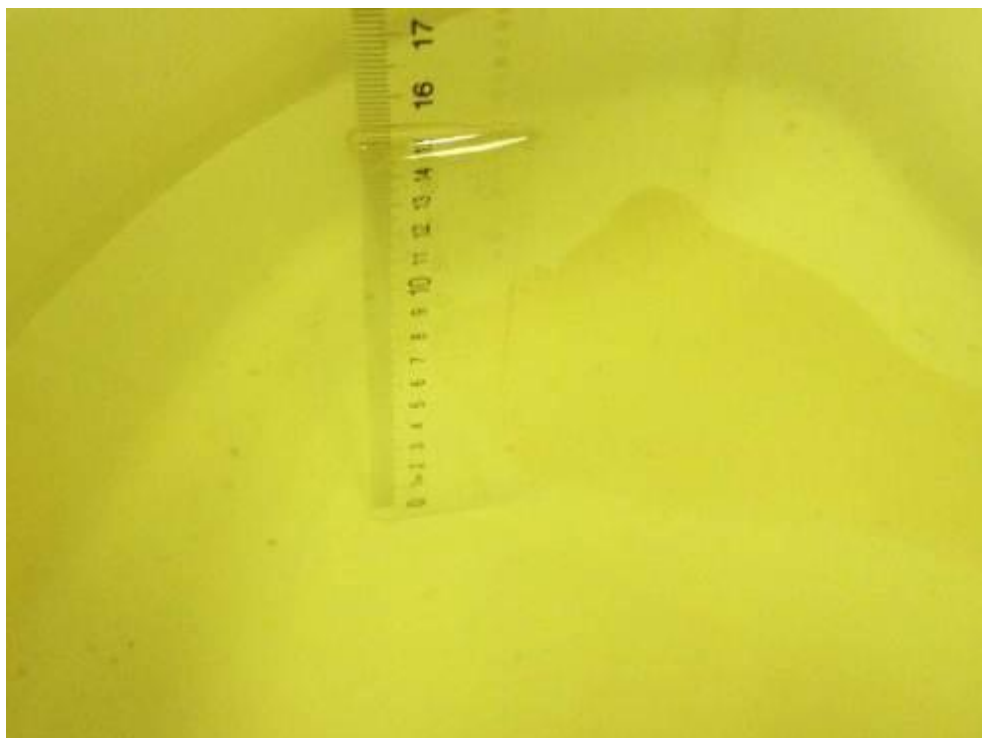
Picture 7-3: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz Body)



Picture 7-4: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900 MHz Body)



Picture 7-5: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450 MHz Head)

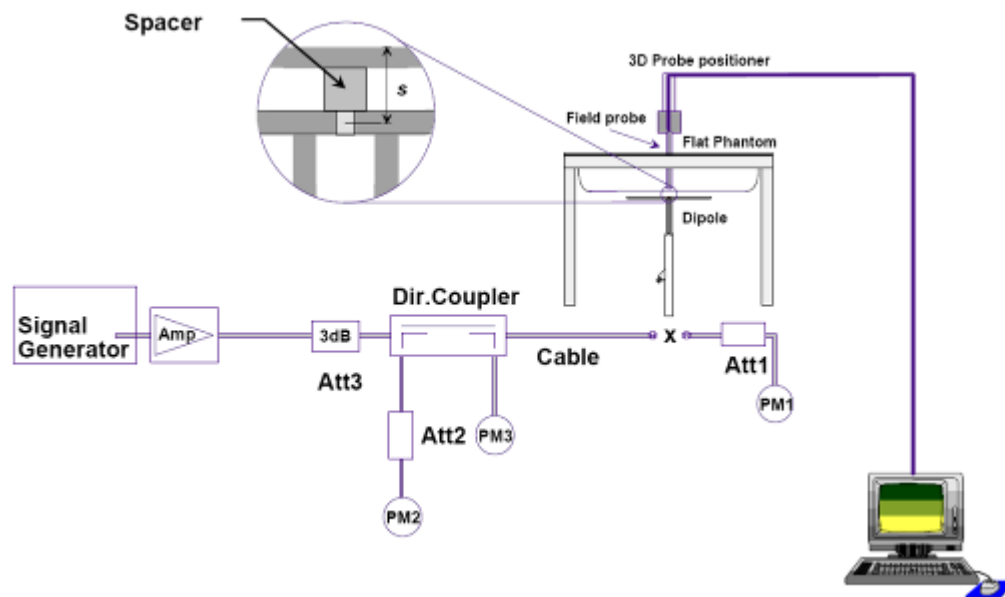


Picture 7-6: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450 MHz Body)

8. System verification

8.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

8.2. System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of

test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Verification Results							
Input power level: 250mW							
Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation		Test date
	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	
835 MHz	1.51	2.31	1.53	2.32	1.32%	0.43%	2016-06-01
1750 MHz	5.09	9.48	5.12	9.55	0.59%	0.74%	2016-05-31
1900 MHz	5.22	10.1	5.18	10.02	-0.77%	-0.79%	2016-05-30
2450 MHz	6.06	13.2	6.13	13.35	1.16%	1.14%	2016-05-27
2600 MHz	6.4	14.6	6.47	14.68	1.09%	0.55%	2016-05-26

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Verification Results							
Input power level: 250mW							
Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation		Test date
	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	
835 MHz	1.56	2.37	1.54	2.35	-1.28%	-0.84%	2016-06-01
1750 MHz	5.02	9.30	5.08	9.36	1.20%	0.65%	2016-05-31
1900 MHz	5.33	10.3	5.41	10.39	1.50%	0.87%	2016-05-30
2450 MHz	6.16	13.2	6.08	13.06	-1.30%	-1.06%	2016-05-27
2600 MHz	6.33	14.2	6.25	14.31	-1.26%	0.77%	2016-05-26

9. Measurement Procedures

9.1. Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in Picture 11.1.

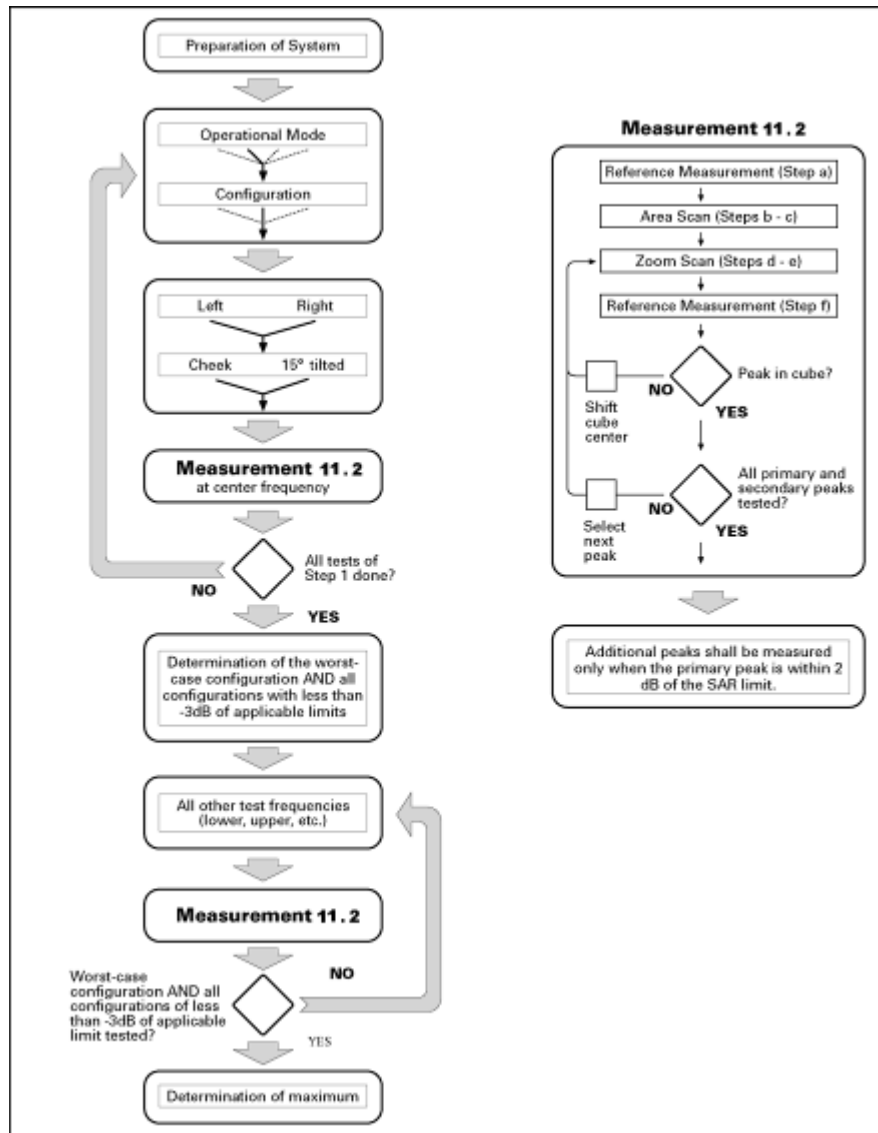
Step 1: The tests described in 11.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in Chapter 8),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 11.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

9.2. General Measurement Procedure

The following procedure shall be performed for each of the test conditions (see Picture 11.1) described in 11.1:

- Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm or less in the normal direction from the inner surface of the phantom.
- Measure the two-dimensional SAR distribution within the phantom (area scan procedure). The boundary of the measurement area shall not be closer than 20 mm from the phantom side walls. The distance between the measurement points should enable the detection of the location of local maximum with an accuracy of better than half the linear dimension of the tissue cube after interpolation. A maximum grid spacing of 20 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $(60/f \text{ [GHz]})$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater is recommended. The maximum distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be 5 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $\delta \ln(2)/2$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater, where δ is the plane wave skin depth and $\ln(x)$ is the natural logarithm. The maximum variation of the sensor-phantom surface shall be ± 1 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and

± 0.5 mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater. At all measurement points the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface should be less than 5° . If this cannot be achieved for a measurement distance to the phantom inner surface shorter than the probe diameter, additional uncertainty evaluation is needed.

c) From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that are not within the zoom-scan volume; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit. This is consistent with the 2 dB threshold already stated;

d) Measure the three-dimensional SAR distribution at the local maxima locations identified in step c). The horizontal grid step shall be $(24/f[\text{GHz}])$ mm or less but not more than 8 mm. The minimum zoom size of 30 mm by 30 mm and 30 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz. For higher frequencies, the minimum zoom size of 22 mm by 22 mm and 22 mm. The grid step in the vertical direction shall be $(8-f[\text{GHz}])$ mm or less but not more than 5 mm, if uniform spacing is used. If variable spacing is used in the vertical direction, the maximum spacing between the two closest measured points to the phantom shell shall be $(12 / f[\text{GHz}])$ mm or less but not more than 4 mm, and the spacing between further points shall increase by an incremental factor not exceeding 1.5. When variable spacing is used, extrapolation routines shall be tested with the same spacing as used in measurements. The maximum distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be 5 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $\delta \ln(2)/2$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater, where δ is the plane wave skin depth and $\ln(x)$ is the natural logarithm. Separate grids shall be centered on each of the local SAR maxima found in step c). Uncertainties due to field distortion between the media boundary and the dielectric enclosure of the probe should also be minimized, which is achieved if the distance between the phantom surface and physical tip of the probe is larger than probe tip diameter. Other methods may utilize correction procedures for these boundary effects that enable high precision measurements closer than half the probe diameter. For all measurement points, the angle of the probe with respect to the flat phantom surface shall be less than 5° . If this cannot be achieved an additional uncertainty evaluation is needed.

e) Use post processing(e.g. interpolation and extrapolation) procedures to determine the local SAR values at the spatial resolution needed for mass averaging.

9.3. WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}:47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}:47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

9.4. SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Anritsu 8820. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the Anritsu 8820

It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

9.5. Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each

SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.6. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Section 14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

10. Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v06, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.

11. Conducted Output Power

11.1. Manufacturing tolerance

Table 11.1: GSM Speech

GSM 850			
Channel	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	33.0	33.0	33.0
PCS 1900			
Channel	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	30	30	30

Table 11.2: GPRS (GMSK Modulation)

GSM 850 GPRS				
Channel		128	190	251
1 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	33.0	33.0	33.0
2 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
3 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
4 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
GSM 1900 GPRS				
Channel		512	661	810
1 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
2 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0
3 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
4 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0

Table 11.3: EGPRS (GMSK Modulation)

GSM 850 EGPRS				
Channel		128	190	251
1 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	33.0	33.0	33.0
2 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
3 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0
4 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
GSM 1900 EGPRS				
Channel		512	661	810
1 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0
2 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0
3 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
4 Txslots	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0

Table 11.4: WCDMA

WCDMA Band II			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0

Table 11.5: HSDPA

WCDMA Band II				
Channel		9262	9400	9538
1	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
2	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
3	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
4	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22

Table 11.5: HSUPA

WCDMA Band II				
Channel		9262	9400	9538
1	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
2	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
3	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
4	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
5	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22

Table 11.6: WCDMA

WCDMA Band V			
Channel	4233	4182	4132
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	23.5	23.5	23.5

Table 11.7: HSDPA

WCDMA Band V				
Channel		4233	4182	4132
1	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
2	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
3	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
4	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22

Table 11.8: HSUPA

WCDMA Band V				
Channel		4233	4182	4132
1	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
2	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
3	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
4	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22
5	Maximum Target Value (dBm)	22	22	22

Table 11.9: LTE

LTE Band4			
RB Size	1	50%	100%
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	24	23	23
LTE Band5			
RB Size	1	50%	100%
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	24	23.5	23
LTE Band7			
RB Size	1	50%	100%
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	24.5	23	23

Table 11.10: WiFi

WiFi 802.11b			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	12.5	12.5	15
WiFi 802.11g			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	12	12	13.5
WiFi 802.11n 20M			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	11	11	12

Table 11.11: Bluetooth

Bluetooth 2.1			
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	8.5	8.5	8.5
Bluetooth 4.0			
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78
Maximum Target Value (dBm)	1	1	1

11.2. GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.12: The conducted power measurement results for GSM

Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)		
GSM850	Channel 128(824.2MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 251(848.8MHz)
	32.33	32.39	32.35
GSM1900	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)
	29.76	29.78	29.41

Table 11.13: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS

GSM 850 MHz							
GPRS (GMSK)	128	190	251	Calculation	128	190	251
1 Txslot	32.32	32.37	32.33	-9.03dB	23.29	23.34	23.3
2 Txslots	29.63	29.78	29.73	-6.02dB	23.61	23.76	-35.75
3Txslots	28.59	28.7	28.68	-4.26dB	24.33	24.44	24.42
4 Txslots	25.92	26.17	26.16	-3.01dB	22.91	23.16	23.15
EGPRS (GMSK)	128	190	251	Calculation	128	190	251
1 Txslot	32.3	32.35	32.31	-9.03dB	23.27	23.32	23.28
2 Txslots	29.59	29.73	29.72	-6.02dB	23.57	23.71	23.7
3Txslots	28.52	28.65	28.65	-4.26dB	24.26	24.39	24.39
4 Txslots	25.87	26.14	26.13	-3.01dB	22.86	23.13	23.12
PCS 1900 MHz							
GPRS (GMSK)	512	661	810	Calculation	512	661	810
1 Txslot	29.49	29.53	29.33	-9.03dB	20.46	20.5	20.3
2 Txslots	27.31	27.33	27.25	-6.02dB	21.29	21.31	21.23
3Txslots	26.22	26.24	26.17	-4.26dB	21.96	21.98	21.91
4 Txslots	23.54	23.75	23.49	-3.01dB	20.53	20.74	20.48
EGPRS (GMSK)	512	661	810	Calculation	512	661	810
1 Txslot	29.47	29.43	29.31	-9.03dB	20.44	20.4	20.28
2 Txslots	27.28	27.31	27.22	-6.02dB	21.26	21.29	21.2
3Txslots	26.19	26.21	26.15	-4.26dB	21.93	21.95	21.89
4 Txslots	23.47	23.72	23.48	-3.01dB	20.46	20.71	20.47

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with GPRS 3Txslots for GSM850 and GSM1900.

11.3. WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.14: The conducted power for WCDMA Band II

WCDMA Band II Result (dBm)				
Mode	ARFCN	Channel 9262 (1852.4MHz)	Channel 9400 (1880MHz)	Channel 9538 (1907.6MHz)
WCDMA	RMC	22.44	22.54	22.48
HSDPA	1	21.18	21.23	21.21
	2	21.88	21.82	21.71
	3	21.72	21.79	21.84
	4	21.42	21.39	21.26
HSUPA	1	21.15	21.24	21.17
	2	21.39	21.44	21.42
	3	21.20	21.19	21.22
	4	21.41	21.39	21.38
	5	21.19	21.20	21.18
WCDMA Band V Result (dBm)				
Mode	ARFCN	Channel 4132 (826.4MHz)	Channel 4183 (836.6MHz)	Channel 4233 (846.6MHz)
WCDMA	RMC	22.60	22.54	22.48
HSDPA	1	21.78	21.74	21.80
	2	22.09	22.16	22.02
	3	21.81	21.79	21.83
	4	21.94	21.91	21.94
HSUPA	1	21.80	21.77	21.79
	2	21.95	21.93	21.88
	3	21.79	21.81	21.76
	4	21.93	21.85	21.89
	5	21.75	21.76	21.81

Note: HSDPA/HSUPA body SAR are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA/HSUPA active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA/HSUPA and the maximum SAR for WCDMA850 and WCDMA1900 are not above 75% of the SAR limit.

11.4. LTE Measurement result
Table 11.15: The conducted Power for LET BAND 4/5/7

Band4						
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 19975 1712.5MHz	Channel 20175 1732.5MHz	Channel 20375 1752.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.1	23.38	22.59
		1	13	22.82	23.16	22.53
		1	24	22.87	23.28	22.53
		12	0	22.14	22.16	22.02
		12	6	22.19	22.12	21.99
		12	13	22.22	22.14	22.06
		25	0	22.25	22.1	22.07
	16QAM	1	0	22.14	22.86	21.88
		1	13	22.2	22.75	21.84
		1	24	22.21	22.73	21.86
		12	0	21.07	21.13	20.89
		12	6	21.04	21.08	20.84
		12	13	21.08	21.13	20.88
		25	0	21.16	21.19	21.02
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20000 1715MHz	Channel 20175 1732.5MHz	Channel 20350 1750MHz
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.12	23.47	23.29
		1	25	23.26	23.41	23.41
		1	49	22.99	23.19	23.19
		25	0	22.28	22.29	22.2
		25	13	22.33	22.26	22.16
		25	25	22.25	22.15	22.09
		50	0	22.25	22.27	22.13
	16QAM	1	0	22.22	22.92	22.42
		1	25	22.71	22.91	22.27
		1	49	22.6	22.45	22.23
		25	0	21.04	21.34	21.37
		25	13	21.03	21.32	21.33
		25	25	21.03	21.24	21.25
		50	0	21.02	21.12	21.17
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		

				Channel 20025 1717.5MHz	Channel 20175 1732.5MHz	Channel 20325 1747.5MHz
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.16	23.43	23.42
		1	38	23.05	23.25	23.01
		1	74	23.06	23.25	23.12
		36	0	22.24	22.3	22.37
		36	18	22.26	22.18	22.13
		36	39	22.15	22.14	22.09
		75	0	22.11	22.19	22.25
	16QAM	1	0	22.32	22.64	23.06
		1	38	22.15	22.41	22.73
		1	74	22.68	22.34	22.89
		36	0	21.29	21.16	21.42
		36	18	21.3	21.08	21.01
		36	39	21.18	21.04	20.96
		75	0	21.25	21.27	21.24
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20050 1720MHz	Channel 20175 1732.5MHz	Channel 20300 1745MHz
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.22	23.32	23.49
		1	50	23.35	23.18	23.1
		1	99	23.43	23.01	22.87
		50	0	22.38	22.43	22.5
		50	25	22.28	22.31	22.28
		50	50	22.18	22.2	22.17
		100	0	22.25	22.34	22.41
	16QAM	1	0	23	22.54	23.06
		1	50	22.98	22.54	22.42
		1	99	22.81	22.03	22.1
		50	0	21.33	21.26	21.43
		50	25	21.22	21.26	21.23
		50	50	21.15	21.26	21.14
		100	0	21.21	21.12	21.31
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 19965 1711.5MHz	Channel 20175 1732.5MHz	Channel 20385 1753.5MHz
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.1	23.16	22.96
		1	8	22.98	23.11	22.92
		1	14	22.99	23.02	22.93

		8	0	22.25	22.12	22.07
		8	4	22.22	22.12	22.08
		8	7	22.2	22.16	22.03
		15	0	22.24	22.23	22.1
	16QAM	1	0	22.24	22.49	22.21
		1	8	22.13	22.36	22.17
		1	15	22.15	22.39	22.21
		8	0	21.05	21.22	21.25
		8	4	21.01	21.24	21.18
		8	7	21.08	21.27	21.22
		15	0	21.04	21.11	21.13
	Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)	
Channel 19957 1710.7MHz					Channel 20175 1732.5MHz	Channel 20393 1754.3MHz
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.1	23.09	23.03
		1	2	23.26	23.3	23.12
		1	5	23.22	22.97	22.98
		3	0	23.17	22.99	22.9
		3	1	23.18	23.03	22.92
		3	2	23.14	22.99	22.89
		6	0	22.17	22.08	21.94
	16QAM	1	0	22.87	22.19	22.15
		1	2	22.9	22.22	22.16
		1	5	22.82	22.12	22.16
		3	0	22.31	22.17	21.98
		3	1	22.34	22.21	21.9
		3	2	22.32	22.16	21.84
		6	0	21.05	20.88	21.08

Band5						
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20425 826.5MHz	Channel 20525 836.5MHz	Channel 20625 846.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.02	22.9	23.08
		1	12	22.95	23.07	23.13
		1	24	22.92	22.98	23.4
		12	0	22.09	22.14	22.09
		12	6	22	22.27	21.98
		12	13	22.01	22.22	22.19
		25	0	22.07	22.21	22.15
	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.7	22.31
		1	12	21.57	22.07	22.04
		1	24	21.53	22.04	22.42
		12	0	20.94	20.98	21.12
		12	6	20.95	21.24	21.05
		12	13	20.88	21.21	21.11
		25	0	21.06	21.17	20.96
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20450 829MHz	Channel 20525 836.5MHz	Channel 20600 844MHz
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.27	23.04	23.49
		1	25	23.1	23.44	22.88
		1	49	23.1	23.04	22.98
		25	0	22.03	22.02	22.2
		25	13	21.96	22.27	22.32
		25	25	22.02	22.22	21.98
		50	0	22.1	22.14	22.08
	16QAM	1	0	22.21	22.27	22.5
		1	25	21.99	22.74	21.91
		1	49	21.75	22.13	22.23
		25	0	20.99	21.41	21.34
		25	13	20.94	21.15	21.28
		25	25	20.9	21.1	21.14
		50	0	20.98	21.2	21.18
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20415 825.5MHz	Channel 20525 836.5MHz	Channel 20635 847.5MHz

3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.26	23.52	23.12
		1	7	22.99	23.48	23.13
		1	14	23.14	23.54	23.27
		8	0	22.19	22.21	22.16
		8	4	21.99	22.26	22.04
		8	7	21.97	22.21	22.13
		15	0	22.1	22.26	22.1
	16QAM	1	0	22.22	22.82	22.12
		1	7	21.88	22.6	22.03
		1	14	21.9	22.62	22.2
		8	0	21.38	21.33	21.17
		8	4	21.24	21.29	21.26
		8	7	21.14	21.24	21.22
		15	0	21.19	21.14	21.12
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20407 824.7MHz	Channel 20525 836.5MHz	Channel 20643 848.3MHz
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.13	23.12	23.03
		1	2	23.05	23.41	23.18
		1	5	22.96	23.25	23.04
		3	0	22.96	23.2	22.96
		3	2	23.01	23.35	22.93
		3	3	22.93	23.24	22.9
		6	0	22.14	22.3	22.11
	16QAM	1	0	22.79	22.46	22.2
		1	2	22.74	22.52	22.26
		1	5	22.68	22.56	22.24
		3	0	22.28	22.05	22.12
		3	2	22.2	22.21	22.22
		3	3	21.76	21.99	22.19
		6	0	20.98	20.8	21.25

Band7						
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20775 2502.5MHz	Channel 21100 2535MHz	Channel 21425 2567.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.58	23.71	23.2
		1	13	23.55	23.63	23.1

		1	24	23.66	23.73	23.02
		12	0	22.63	22.64	22.34
		12	6	22.63	22.59	22.25
		12	13	22.65	22.53	22.21
		25	0	22.7	22.56	22.32
	16QAM	1	0	22.58	23.21	22.55
		1	13	22.67	23.04	22.08
		1	24	22.61	23.03	22.11
		12	0	21.6	21.6	21.31
		12	6	21.55	21.47	21.05
		12	13	21.58	21.53	21.06
		25	0	21.58	21.58	21.39
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20800 2505MHz	Channel 21100 2535MHz	Channel 21400 2565MHz
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.85	23.88	23.64
		1	25	24.17	23.89	23.61
		1	49	24.04	23.57	23.05
		25	0	22.63	22.74	22.54
		25	13	22.66	22.62	22.42
		25	25	22.7	22.52	22.21
		50	0	22.68	22.6	22.39
	16QAM	1	0	22.68	22.91	22.82
		1	25	22.67	23.11	22.63
		1	49	22.61	22.75	22.19
		25	0	21.65	21.58	21.63
		25	13	21.62	21.58	21.47
		25	25	21.6	21.54	21.17
		50	0	21.57	21.55	21.4
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20825 2507.5MHz	Channel 21100 2535MHz	Channel 21375 2562.5MHz
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.99	23.93	23.83
		1	38	23.66	23.63	23.35
		1	74	23.8	23.76	23.23
		36	0	22.69	22.82	22.75
		36	18	22.74	22.66	22.56
		36	39	22.76	22.62	22.27
		75	0	22.71	22.7	22.51
	16QAM	1	0	22.94	23.16	23.16

		1	38	22.72	22.88	22.91
		1	74	22.76	22.94	22.81
		36	0	21.72	21.79	21.76
		36	18	21.68	21.71	21.5
		36	39	21.59	21.73	21.22
		75	0	21.66	21.66	21.4
Bandwidth	Mode	RB Size	RB Offset	Actual output power(dBm)		
				Channel 20850 2510MHz	Channel 21100 2535MHz	Channel 21350 2560MHz
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.70	23.67	23.94
		1	50	23.84	23.56	23.60
		1	99	23.53	23.60	23.14
		50	0	22.72	22.79	22.86
		50	25	22.74	22.68	22.66
		50	50	22.63	22.60	22.46
		100	0	22.74	22.69	22.79
	16QAM	1	0	22.84	23.13	23.35
		1	50	23.36	22.96	22.92
		1	99	23.13	22.83	22.54
		50	0	21.73	21.79	21.78
		50	25	21.58	21.67	21.48
		50	50	21.49	21.62	21.37
		100	0	21.58	21.69	21.68

11.5. Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

Table 11.16: The conducted power for Bluetooth

GFSK			
Channel	Ch0 (2402 MHz)	Ch39 (2441MHz)	CH78 (2480MHz)
Conducted Output Power (dBm)	7.06	7.92	6.95
$\pi/4$ DQPSK			
Channel	Ch0 (2402 MHz)	Ch39 (2441MHz)	CH78 (2480MHz)
Conducted Output Power (dBm)	7.36	8.13	7.07
8DPSK			
Channel	Ch0 (2402 MHz)	Ch39 (2441MHz)	CH78 (2480MHz)
Conducted Output Power (dBm)	7.59	8.26	7.25

BLE			
Channel	Ch0 (2402 MHz)	Ch12 (2426MHz)	CH39 (2480MHz)
Conducted Output Power (dBm)	-0.74	-0.33	-0.94

NOTE: According to KDB447498 D01 BT standalone SAR are not required, because maximum average output power is less than 10mW.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}] \text{ W/kg for test separation distances } \leq 50 \text{ mm};$$

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

SAR head value of BT is 0.297 W/Kg. SAR body value of BT is 0.149 W/Kg.

Table 11.17: The average conducted power for WiFi

The default power measurement procedures are:

a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.

1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.

2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.

c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting, the duty cycle is 100%.

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power(dBm)
802.11 b	1	2412 MHZ	12.02
	6	2437 MHZ	12.11
	11	2462 MHZ	14.47
802.11 g	1	2412 MHZ	11.37
	6	2437 MHZ	11.31
	11	2462 MHZ	13.05
802.11 n 20M	1	2412 MHZ	10.50
	6	2437 MHZ	10.26
	11	2462 MHZ	11.92

2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.

b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

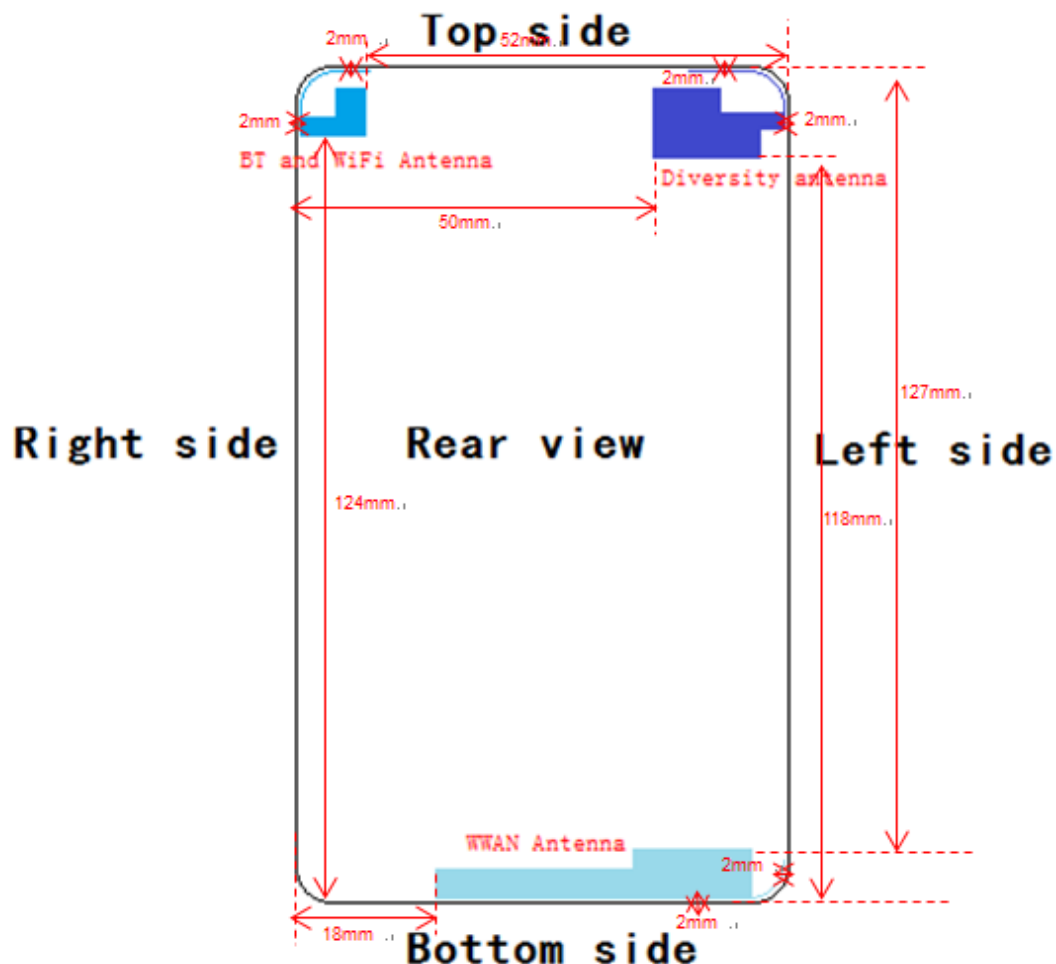
12. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

12.1. Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

12.2. Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



Picture 12.1 Antenna Locations

Note:

WWAN Antenna meaning is 2G/3G/4G TX Antenna

12.3. Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\frac{(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})}{(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})} \right] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

According to the KDB447498 appendix A, the SAR test exclusion threshold for 2450MHz at 5mm test separation distances is 10mW.

$$\frac{(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})}{(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the above equation, Bluetooth SAR was not required:

Evaluation=2.23<3.0

Based on the above equation, WiFi SAR was required:

Evaluation=4.96>3.0

12.4. SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR Measurement Positions						
Antenna Mode	Phantom	Ground	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
Main	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

13. Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: Summary of Transmitters

Band/Mode	Frequency (GHz)	SAR test exclusion threshold(mW)	RF output power (mW)
Bluetooth	2.41	10	1.413
2.4GHz WLAN 802.11 b/g/n	2.45	10	35.48

Table13.2 Simultaneous transmission SAR

Simultaneous Transmission SAR(W/Kg)												
Test Position			GSM	GSM	WCDMA	WCDMA	LTE	LTE	LTE	WIFI	BT	SUM
			850	1900	Band II	Band V	Band 4	Band5	Band 7			
Head	Left	Cheek	0.237	0.411	0.691	0.314	0.874	0.507	0.751	0.352	0.297	1.226
		Tilt 15°	0.087	0.162	0.273	0.117	0.373	0.346	0.060	0.347	0.297	0.720
	Right	Cheek	0.211	0.382	0.570	0.384	0.660	0.639	0.217	0.696	0.297	1.356
		Tilt 15°	0.053	0.157	0.271	0.128	0.243	0.316	0.086	0.477	0.297	0.793
Body	Phantom Side		0.272	0.332	0.627	0.291	0.617	0.675	0.257	0.021	0.149	0.824
	Ground Side		0.343	0.300	0.788	0.332	0.672	0.872	0.539	0.394	0.149	1.021
	Left Side		0.213	0.123	0.217	0.266	0.387	0.441	0.443	--	0.149	0.592
	Right Side		0.310	0.047	0.158	0.205	0.114	0.534	0.064	0.218	0.149	0.752
	Bottom Side		0.063	0.125	0.668	0.065	0.502	0.159	0.274	--	0.149	0.817
	Top Side		--	---	--	--	--	--	--	0.064	0.149	--

According to the conducted power measurement result, we can draw the conclusion that: stand-alone SAR for WiFi should be performed. Then, simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi/BT is considered with measurement results of GSM/WCDMA and WiFi/BT. According to the above table, the sum of reported SAR values for GSM/WCDMA and WiFi<1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required for WiFi/BT transmitter.

14. SAR Test Result

14.1. SAR results for Fast SAR

Table 14.1: Duty Cycle

Duty Cycle	
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS for GSM850/1900	1:2.77
WCDMA850/1900 and WiFi	1:1

Table 14.2: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
836.6	190	Left	Touch	Fig.1	32.39	33	1.151	0.198	0.228	0.08
836.6	190	Left	Tilt	/	32.39	33	1.151	0.0754	0.087	-0.12
836.6	190	Right	Touch	/	32.39	33	1.151	0.183	0.211	0.02
836.6	190	Right	Tilt	/	32.39	33	1.151	0.0462	0.053	0.06
824.2	128	Left	Touch	/	32.33	33	1.167	0.145	0.169	-0.10
848.8	251	Left	Touch	/	32.35	33	1.161	0.146	0.170	-0.12

Table 14.3: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band-Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Phantom	/	28.7	29	1.072	0.254	0.272	0.02
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Ground	/	28.7	29	1.072	0.287	0.308	0.06
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Left	/	28.7	29	1.072	0.199	0.213	-0.10
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Right	/	28.7	29	1.072	0.289	0.310	-0.02
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Bottom	/	28.7	29	1.072	0.0589	0.063	0.05
824.2	128	GPRS (3)	Ground	Fig.2	28.59	29	1.099	0.312	0.343	0.08
848.8	251	GPRS (3)	Ground	/	28.68	29	1.076	0.246	0.265	0.12

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	661	Left	Touch	/	29.78	30	1.052	0.336	0.353	-0.04
1880	661	Left	Tilt	/	29.78	30	1.052	0.154	0.162	-0.13
1880	661	Right	Touch	/	29.78	30	1.052	0.363	0.382	0.12
1880	661	Right	Tilt	/	29.78	30	1.052	0.149	0.157	-0.01
1850.2	512	Left	Touch	Fig.3	29.76	30	1.057	0.389	0.411	0.08
1909.8	810	Left	Touch	/	29.41	30	1.146	0.354	0.406	0.13

Table 14.5: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band-Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Phantom	Fig.4	26.24	26.5	1.062	0.313	0.332	-0.11
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Ground	/	26.24	26.5	1.062	0.283	0.300	0.08
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Left	/	26.24	26.5	1.062	0.116	0.123	0.13
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Right	/	26.24	26.5	1.062	0.0438	0.047	-0.04
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Bottom	/	26.24	26.5	1.062	0.118	0.125	-0.13
1850.2	512	GPRS (3)	Phantom	/	26.22	26.5	1.067	0.275	0.293	0.12
1909.8	810	GPRS (3)	Phantom	/	26.17	26.5	1.079	0.278	0.300	0.08

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.6: SAR Values (WCDMA Band II - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	9400	Left	Touch	Fig.5	22.54	23	1.112	0.606	0.674	-0.01
1880	9400	Left	Tilt	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.246	0.273	0.10
1880	9400	Right	Touch	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.513	0.570	0.04
1880	9400	Right	Tilt	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.244	0.271	-0.05
1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	/	22.44	23	1.138	0.548	0.623	0.13
1907.6	9538	Right	Touch	/	22.48	23	1.127	0.586	0.661	0.14

Table 14.7: SAR Values (WCDMA Band II –Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	9400	12.2K RMC	Phantom	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.564	0.627	0.13
1880	9400	12.2K RMC	Ground	Fig.6	22.54	23	1.112	0.695	0.773	0.04
1880	9400	12.2K RMC	Left	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.195	0.217	0.10
1880	9400	12.2K RMC	Right	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.142	0.158	0.04
1880	9400	12.2K RMC	Bottom		22.54	23	1.112	0.601	0.668	-0.05
1852.4	9262	12.2K RMC	Ground	/	22.44	23	1.138	0.532	0.605	0.13
1907.6	9538	12.2K RMC	Ground	/	22.48	23	1.127	0.636	0.717	0.14

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.8: SAR Values (WCDMA Band V - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
836.6	4182	Left	Touch	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.282	0.314	-0.08
836.6	4182	Left	Tilt	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.105	0.117	0.06
836.6	4182	Right	Touch	Fig.7	22.54	23	1.112	0.345	0.384	-0.17
836.6	4182	Right	Tilt	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.115	0.128	0.14
826.4	4132	Right	Touch	/	22.60	23	1.096	0.305	0.334	0.08
846.6	4232	Right	Touch		22.48	23	1.127	0.313	0.353	-0.12

Table 14.9: SAR Values (WCDMA Band V –Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
836.6	4175	12.2K RMC	Phantom	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.262	0.291	0.11
836.6	4175	12.2K RMC	Ground	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.278	0.309	0.16
836.6	4175	12.2K RMC	Left	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.239	0.266	0.03
836.6	4175	12.2K RMC	Right	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.184	0.205	0.14
836.6	4175	12.2K RMC	Bottom	/	22.54	23	1.112	0.0581	0.065	0.08
826.4	4132	12.2K RMC	Ground	Fig.8	22.60	23	1.096	0.303	0.332	0.13
846.6	4232	12.2K RMC	Ground	/	22.48	23	1.127	0.288	0.325	0.09

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.10: SAR Values (LTE Band 4 - Head)

Frequency		Mod e	Configuration	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measure d SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.											
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.591	0.665	0.10
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	Fig.9	22.5	24	1.413	0.606	0.856	0.07
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Left	Tilt	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.224	0.252	-0.08
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Left	Tilt	/	22.5	24	1.413	0.264	0.373	0.09
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Touch	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.587	0.660	0.13
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Right	Touch	/	22.5	24	1.413	0.462	0.653	0.10
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Tilt	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.132	0.148	-0.05
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Right	Tilt	/	22.5	24	1.413	0.172	0.243	0.00
1720	20050	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	/	22.38	23	1.153	0.537	0.619	0.03
1732. 5	20175	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	/	22.43	23	1.140	0.587	0.669	-0.08

Table 14.11: SAR Values (LTE Band 4 –Body)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.										
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Phantom	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.537	0.604	0.12
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Phantom	/	22.5	24	1.413	0.437	0.617	0.18
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	Fig.10	23.49	24	1.125	0.597	0.672	0.08
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	/	22.5	24	1.413	0.443	0.626	0.05
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Left	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.322	0.362	-0.03
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Left	/	22.5	24	1.413	0.274	0.387	0.02
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Right	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.0978	0.110	0.15
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Right	/	22.5	24	1.413	0.0808	0.114	0.09
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Bottom	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.446	0.502	0.06
			QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Bottom	/	22.5	24	1.413	0.355	0.501	0.15
1720	20050	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	/	23.22	24	1.197	0.547	0.655	-0.03
1732.5	20175	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	/	23.32	24	1.169	0.542	0.634	0.12

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.12: SAR Values (LTE Band 5 - Head)

Frequency		Mod e	Configuration	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.											
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.451	0.507	-0.08
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Left	Touch	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.376	0.493	0.09
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Left	Tilt	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.308	0.346	0.13
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Left	Tilt	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.253	0.332	0.10
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Touch	Fig.11	23.49	24	1.125	0.568	0.639	0.10
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Right	Touch	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.403	0.529	-0.08
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Tilt	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.281	0.316	0.09
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Right	Tilt	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.223	0.293	0.13
829	20407	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Touch	/	23.27	24	1.183	0.468	0.554	0.10
836.5	20525	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Touch	/	23.04	24	1.247	0.475	0.593	-0.05

Table 14.13: SAR Values (LTE Band 5 –Body)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.										
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Phantom	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.600	0.675	-0.08
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Toward Phantom	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.490	0.643	0.09
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	Fig.12	23.49	24	1.125	0.775	0.872	0.10
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Toward Ground	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.580	0.761	-0.08
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Left	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.392	0.441	0.09
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Toward Left	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.325	0.426	0.13
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Right	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.475	0.534	0.10
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Toward Right	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.399	0.524	-0.05
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Bottom	/	23.49	24	1.125	0.141	0.159	0.00
			QPSK_10MHz 25RB_13 offset	Toward Bottom	/	22.32	23.5	1.312	0.119	0.156	0.03
829	20407	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	/	23.27	24	1.183	0.650	0.769	0.13
836.5	20525	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	/	23.04	24	1.247	0.684	0.853	-0.08

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.14: SAR Values (LTE Band 7 - Head)

Frequency		Mod e	Configuration	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.											
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	/	23.94	24.	1.014	0.400	0.406	0.14
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.325	0.336	0.08
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Left	Tilt	/	23.94	24.	1.014	0.0596	0.060	-0.12
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Left	Tilt	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.0532	0.055	0.07
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Touch	/	23.94	24.	1.014	0.214	0.217	-0.18
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Right	Touch	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.148	0.153	-0.08
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Tilt	/	23.94	24.	1.014	0.0846	0.086	0.06
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Right	Tilt	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.0625	0.065	-0.13
2510	20850	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	/	23.70	24	1.072	0.400	0.429	0.11
2535	21100	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 10RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	Fig.13	23.67	24	1.079	0.673	0.726	-0.05

Table 14.15: SAR Values (LTE Band 7 –Body)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Phantom	/	23.94	24.	1.014	0.253	0.257	0.13
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Phantom	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.174	0.180	-0.04
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	Fig.14	23.94	24.	1.014	0.532	0.539	0.11
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.446	0.461	0.08
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Left	/	23.94	24.	1.014	0.437	0.443	0.13
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Left	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.359	0.371	-0.04
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Right	/	23.94	24.	1.014	0.0634	0.064	-0.13
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Right	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.0385	0.040	0.12
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Bottom	/	23.94	24.	1.014	0.270	0.274	-0.01
			QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Toward Bottom	/	22.86	23	1.033	0.194	0.200	0.07
2510	20850	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	/	23.70	24	1.072	0.338	0.362	0.03
2535	21100	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	/	23.67	24	1.079	0.269	0.290	0.08

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.16: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Duty cycle factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2462	11	Left	Touch	/	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.312	0.352	0.10
2462	11	Left	Tilt	/	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.307	0.347	0.04
2462	11	Right	Touch	Fig.15	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.603	0.681	0.16
2462	11	Right	Tilt	/	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.422	0.477	0.18

Table 14.17: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Duty cycle factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
2462	11	Phantom	/	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.0183	0.021	0.09
2462	11	Ground	Fig.16	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.325	0.367	-0.15
2462	11	Right	/	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.193	0.218	0.12
2462	11	Top	/	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.0566	0.064	0.04

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

SAR results for Standard procedure

There is zoom scan measurement to be added for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration/band.

Table 14.18: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
836.6	190	Left	Touch	Fig.1	32.39	33	1.151	0.206	0.237	0.08

Table 14.19: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band-Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
824.2	128	GPRS (3)	Ground	Fig.2	28.59	29	1.099	0.306	0.335	0.08

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.20: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1850.2	512	Left	Touch	Fig.3	29.76	30	1.057	0.37	0.391	0.08

Table 14.21: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band-Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Phantom	Fig.4	26.24	26.5	1.062	0.285	0.303	-0.11

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.22: SAR Values (WCDMA Band II - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	9400	Left	Touch	Fig.5	22.54	23	1.112	0.622	0.691	-0.01

Table 14.23: SAR Values (WCDMA Band II -Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
1880	9400	12.2K RMC	Ground	Fig.6	22.54	23	1.112	0.709	0.788	0.04

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.24: SAR Values (WCDMA Band V - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
836.6	4182	Right	Touch	Fig.7	22.54	23	1.112	0.333	0.370	-0.17

Table 14.25: SAR Values (WCDMA Band V –Body)

Frequency		Mode (number of timeslots)	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power(dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
826.4	4132	12.2K RMC	Ground	Fig.8	22.60	23	1.096	0.294	0.322	0.13

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.26: SAR Values (LTE Band 4 - Head)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.											
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 50RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	Fig.9	22.5	24	1.413	0.619	0.874	0.07

Table 14.27: SAR Values (LTE Band 4 –Body)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.										
1745	20300	Band 4	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	Fig.10	23.49	24	1.125	0.568	0.639	0.08

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.28: SAR Values (LTE Band 5 - Head)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.											
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Right	Touch	Fig.11	23.49	24	1.125	0.507	0.570	0.10

Table 14.29: SAR Values (LTE Band 5 –Body)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.										
844	20600	Band 5	QPSK_10MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	Fig.12	23.49	24	1.125	0.700	0.787	0.10

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.30: SAR Values (LTE Band 7 - Head)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.											
2535	21100	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 10RB_0 offset	Left	Touch	Fig.13	23.67	24	1.079	0.696	0.751	-0.05

Table 14.31: SAR Values (LTE Band 7 –Body)

Frequency		Mode	Configuration	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift(dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2560	21350	Band 7	QPSK_20MHz 1RB_0 offset	Toward Ground	Fig.14	23.94	24.	1.014	0.517	0.524	0.11

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.32: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Head)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Duty cycle factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
2462	11	Right	Touch	Fig.15	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.616	0.696	0.16

Table 14.33: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Body)

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Measured average power (dBm)	Maximum allowed Power (dBm)	Scaling factor	Duty cycle factor	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
2462	11	Ground	Fig.16	14.47	15	1.130	1	0.349	0.394	-0.15

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note: According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

Note: SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted $SAR \leq 1.2$ W/kg.

15. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Table 14.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Head Value (1g)

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	The Ratio
MHz	Ch.						
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: According to the KDB 865664 D01, repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.

Table 14.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body Value (1g)

Frequency		Mode(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g)(W/kg)	The Ratio
MHz	Ch.							
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: According to the KDB 865664 D01, repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.

16. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Unc. value, ±%	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1g	c _i 10g	Std.Unc ±%,1g	Std.Unc ±%,10g	V _i V _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.1	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Linearity	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	0.7	N	1	1	1	0.7	0.7	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.9	0.9	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Dipole								
Power Drift	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Dipole Positioning	2.0	N	1	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Dipole Input Power	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.0	5.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	∞
Combined Std Uncertainty								
						±11.2%	±10.9%	387
Expanded Std Uncertainty								
						±22.4%	±21.8%	

17. Main Test Instrument

Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	N5242A	MY51221755	Jan 18, 2016	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102257	May 12, 2016	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100644,100241		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49072044	Jan 22, 2016	One Year
05	Amplifier	NTWPA-0086010F	12023024	No Calibration Requested	
06	Coupler	778D	MY4825551	May 12, 2016	One year
07	BTS	E5515C	MY50266468	Jan 18, 2016	One year
08	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3754	Jul 13,2015	One year
9	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1244	Oct 8,2015	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	4d112	Oct 22, 2015	One year
		SPEAG D1750V2	1044	Nov 3,2015	One year
		SPEAG D1900V2	5d134	Nov 4,2015	One year
		SPEAG D2450V2	858	Oct 30,2015	One year
		SPEAG D2600V2	1031	Oct 30,2015	One year

ANNEX A. GRAPH RESULTS**GSM 850MHz Left Cheek Middle**

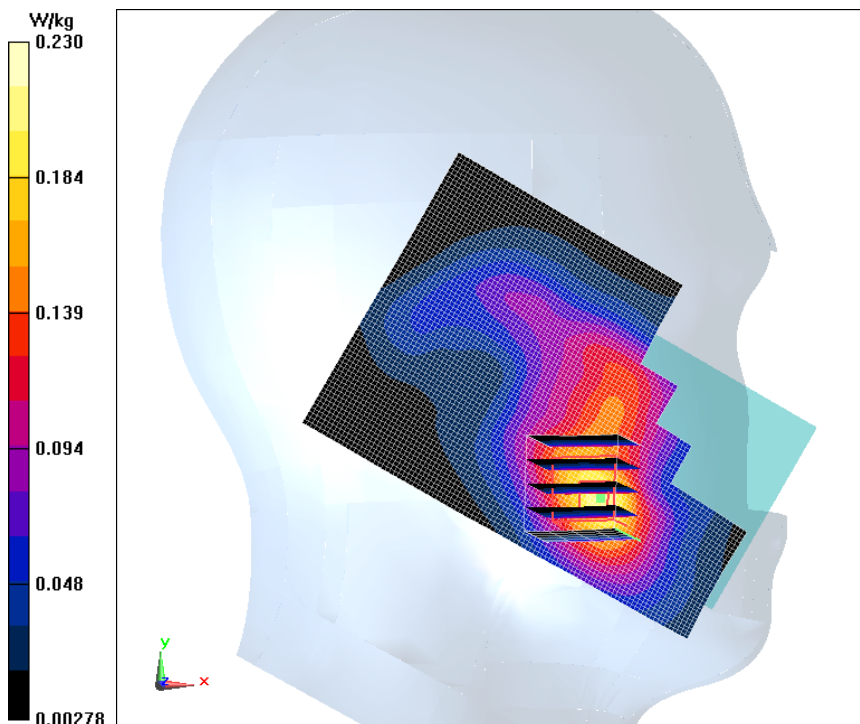
Date/Time: 2016/6/01

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: 850 Head

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.542$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Communication System: GSM Professional Head; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(9.21, 9.21, 9.21); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

GSM 850MHz Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (110x70x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$ Maximum value of SAR = 0.214 W/kg **GSM 850MHz Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value = 7.479 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR = 0.362 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.206 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 W/kg Maximum value of SAR = 0.230 W/kg **Fig.1 GSM 850MHz Left Cheek Middle**

GPRS 850MHz 3TS Ground Mode Low

Date/Time: 2016/6/01

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 835MHz

Medium parameters used : $f = 824.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.993 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.149$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 850MHz GPRS 3TS (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

GPRS 850MHz 3TS Ground Mode Low/Area Scan (60x110x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR = 0.387 W/kg

GPRS 850MHz 3TS Ground Mode Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR = 0.387 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg

Maximum of SAR = 0.326 W/kg

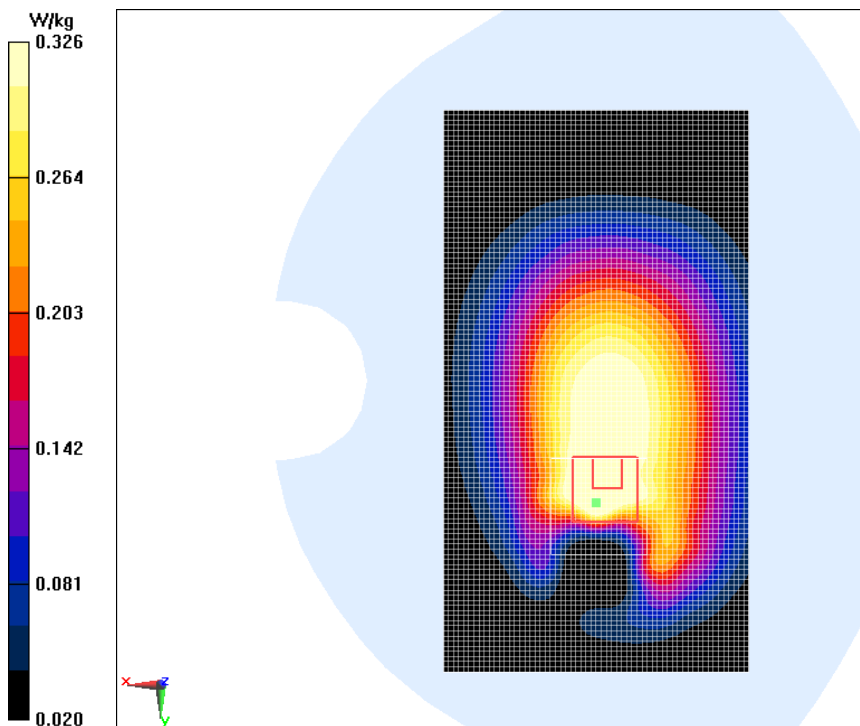


Fig.2 GPRS 850MHz 3TS Ground Mode Low

GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 2016/5/30

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1950MHz

Medium parameters used : $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.372$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.172$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM Professional 1900MHz; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low/Area Scan (110x70x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.405 W/kg

GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

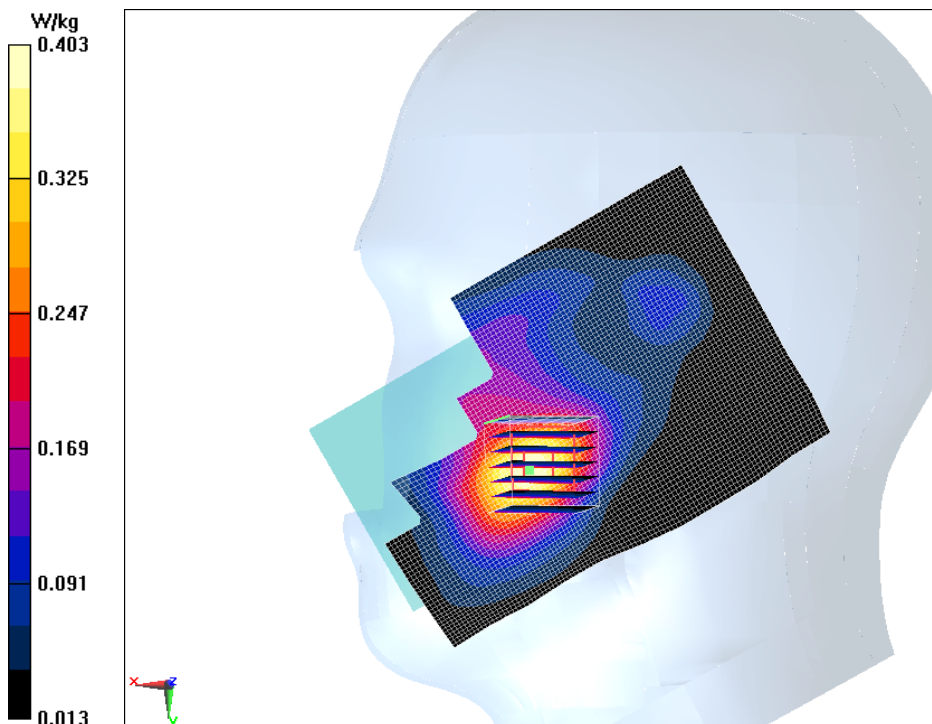
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.365 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR = 0.567 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.370 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.230 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.403 W/kg

**Fig.3 GSM 1900MHz Right Cheek Low**

GPRS 1900MHz 3TS Phantom Mode Middle

Date/Time: 2016/5/30

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1950MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS 3TS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

GPRS 1900MHz 3TS Phantom Mode Middle/Area Scan (60x110x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.364 W/kg

GPRS 1900MHz 3TS Phantom Mode Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

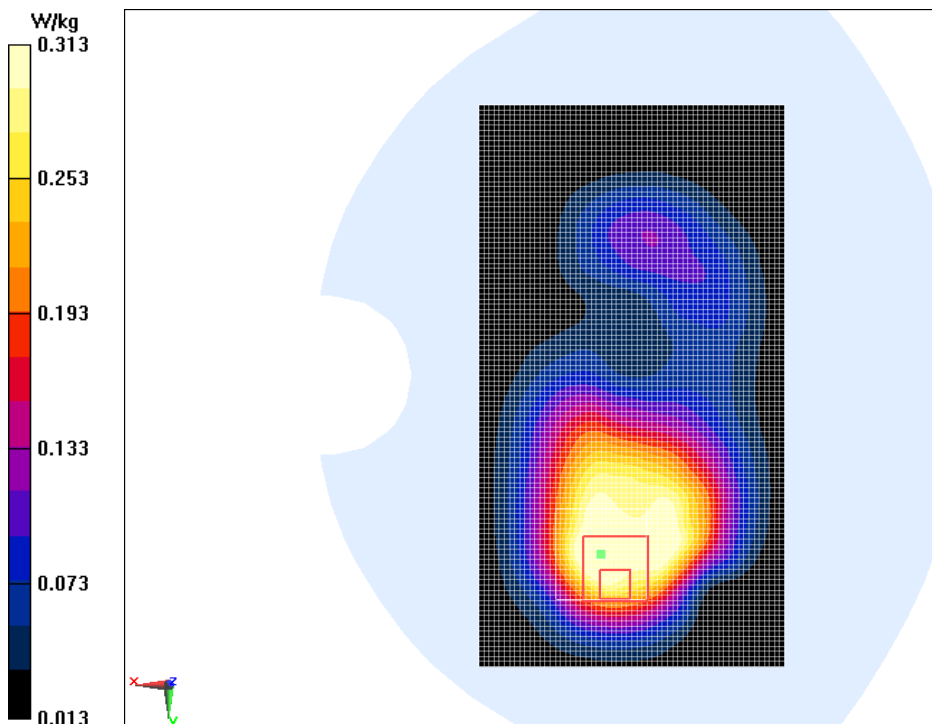
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.262 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR = 0.488 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.285 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg

Maximum of SAR = 0.313 W/kg

**Fig.4 GPRS 1900MHz 3TS Phantom Mode Middle**

WCDMA Band2 Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2016/5/30

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1950MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.867$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

WCDMA Band2 Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (120x70x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.684 W/kg

WCDMA Band2 Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.208 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR = 0.983 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.622 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.375 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.671 W/kg

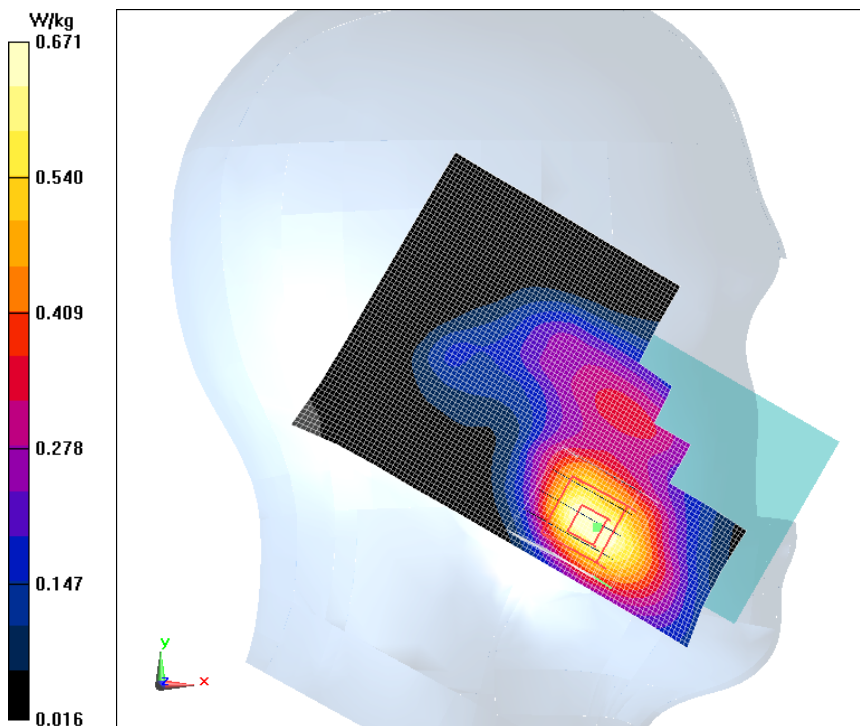


Fig.5 WCDMA Band2 Left Cheek Middle

WCDMA Band2 Ground Mode Middle

Date/Time: 2016/5/30

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1950MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.504 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.319$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $22.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.75, 7.75, 7.75); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

WCDMA Band2 Ground Mode Middle/Area Scan (60x110x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR = 0.757 W/kg

WCDMA Band2 Ground Mode Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.568 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.709 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.399 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.731 W/kg

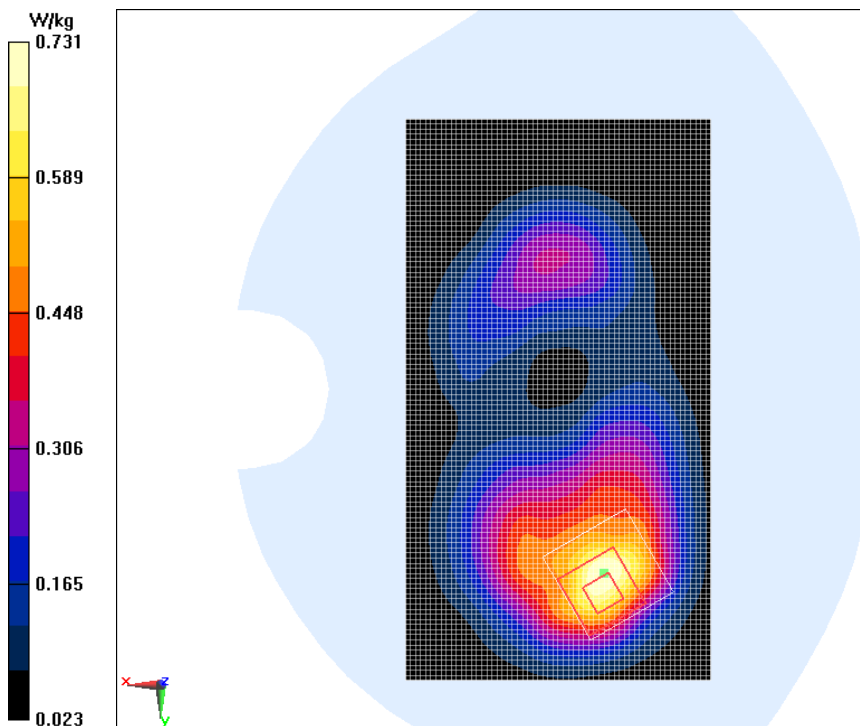


Fig.6 WCDMA Band2 Ground Mode Middle

WCDMA Band5 Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2016/6/01

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: 850 Head

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.542$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Professional Head; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(9.21, 9.21, 9.21); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

WCDMA Band5 Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (110x70x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.368 W/kg

WCDMA Band5 Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

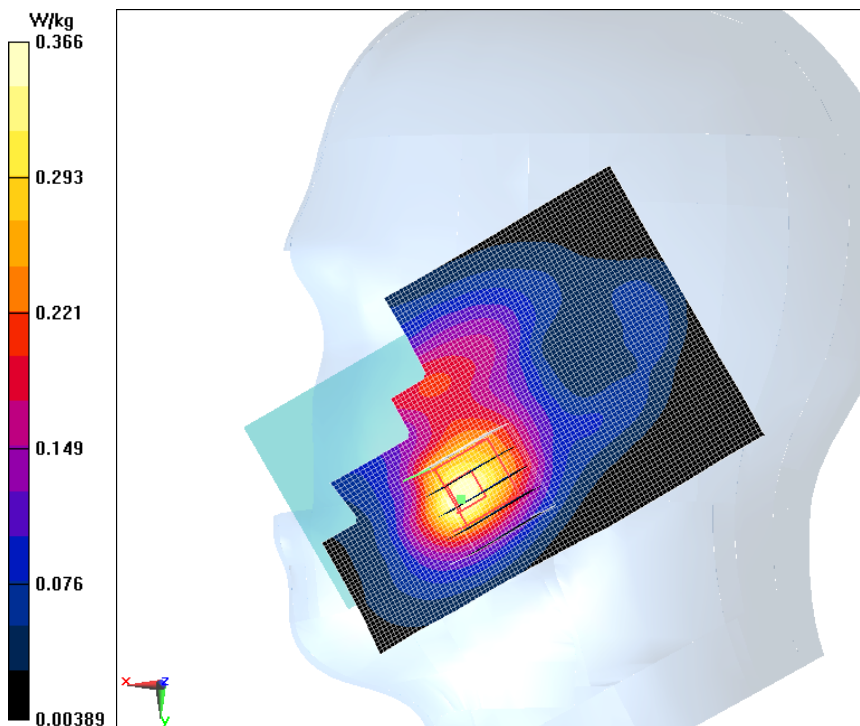
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.093 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR = 0.552 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.333 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.366 W/kg

**Fig.7 WCDMA Band5 Right Cheek Middle**

WCDMA Band5 Ground Mode Low

Date/Time: 2016/6/01

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 835MHz

Medium parameters used : $f = 826.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.994 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.147$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: WCDMA Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

WCDMA Band5 Ground Mode Low/Area Scan (60x100x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR = 0.309 W/kg

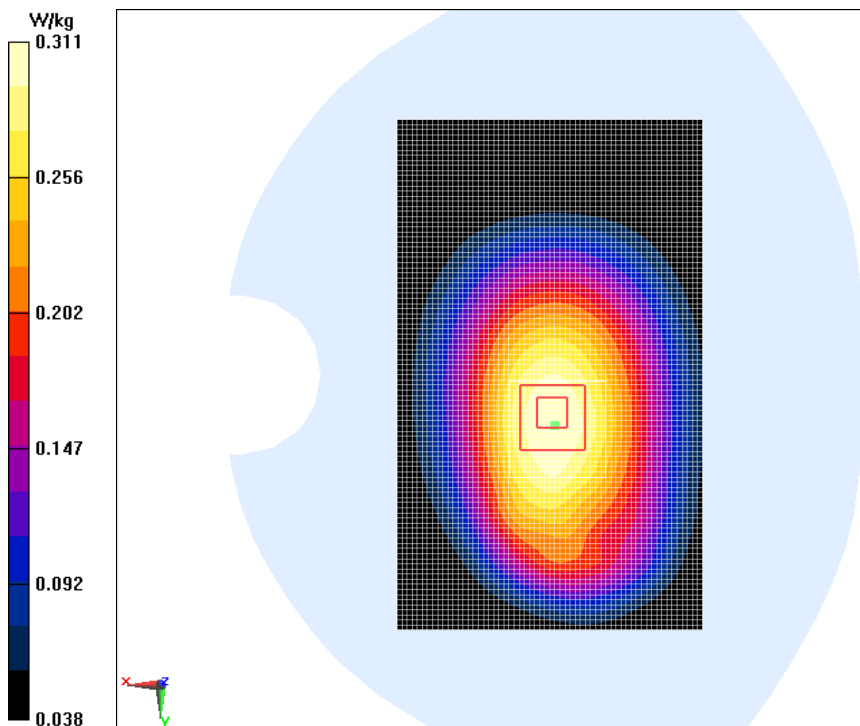
WCDMA Band5 Ground Mode Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR = 0.372 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.294 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.311 W/kg

**Fig.8 WCDMA Band5 Ground Mode Low**

LTE Band 4 20MHz 50RB 0offset Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 2016/5/31

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 1800MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 4 Professional 1800MHz; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

LTE Band 4 20MHz 50RB 0offset Left Cheek High/Area Scan (120x70x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR = 1.04 W/kg

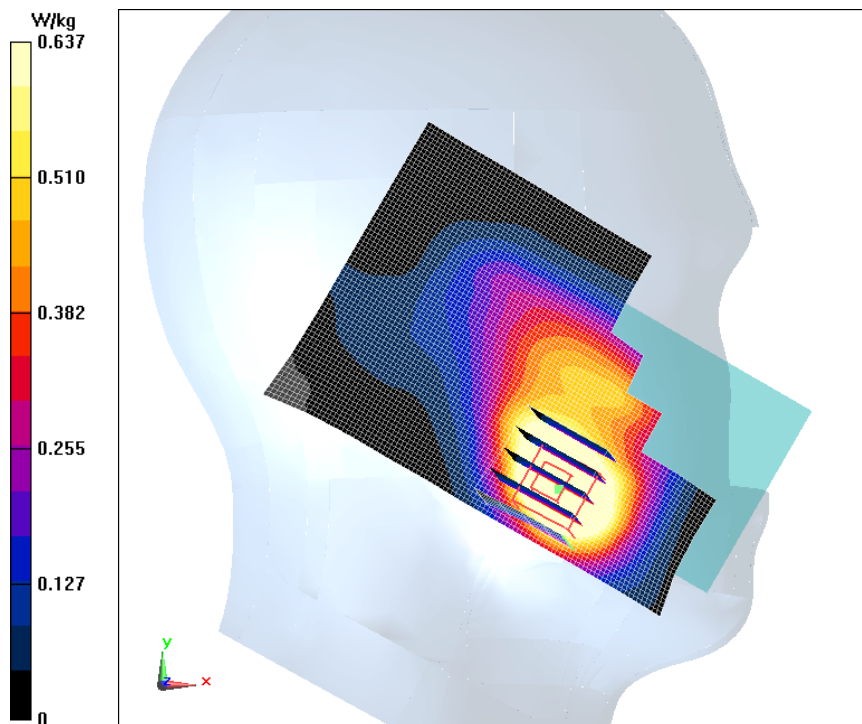
LTE Band 4 20MHz 50RB 0offset Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.876 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.619 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.637 W/kg

**Fig.9 LTE Band 4 20MHz 50RB 0offset Left Cheek High**

LTE Band 4 20MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High

Date/Time: 2016/5/31

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 1800MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.23$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 4 Professional 1900MHz; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

LTE Band 4 20MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High/Area Scan (60x110x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR = 0.607 W/kg

LTE Band 4 20MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR = 0.903 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.568 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.355 W/kg

Maximum of SAR = 0.600 W/kg

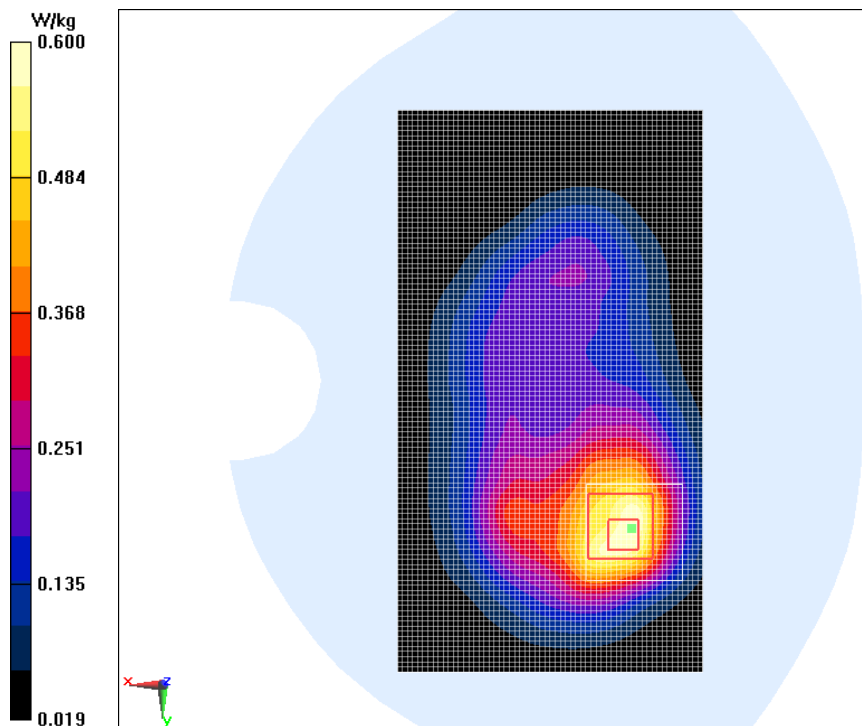


Fig.10 LTE Band 4 20MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High

LTE Band 5 10MHz 1RB 0offset Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 2016/6/01

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 835MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 844 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.924 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.846$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 5 Professional 835MHz; Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(9.21, 9.21, 9.21); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

LTE Band 5 10MHz 1RB 0offset Right Cheek High/Area Scan (110x70x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR = 0.549 W/kg

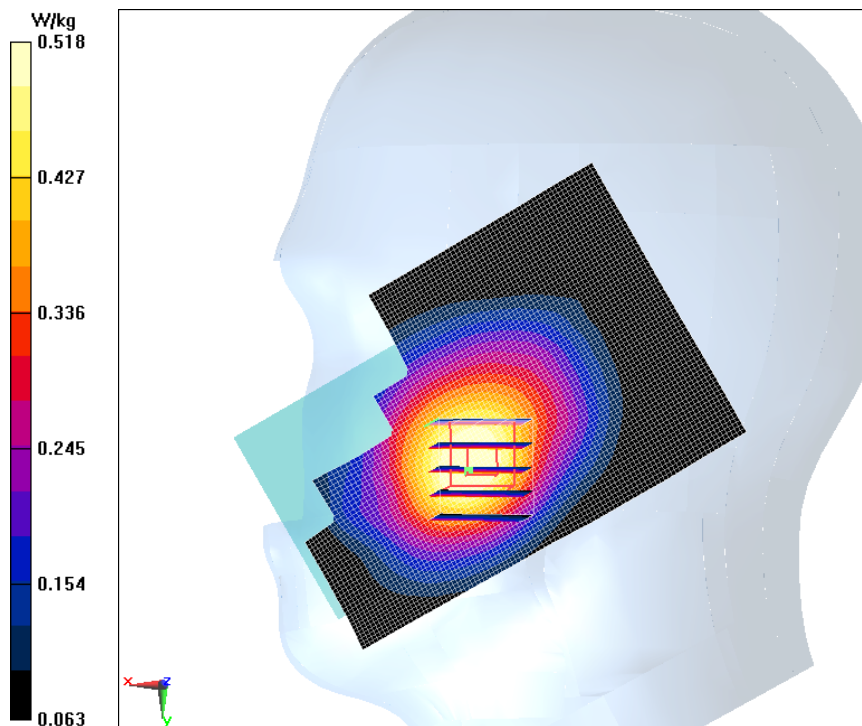
LTE Band 5 10MHz 1RB 0offset Right Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.619 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR = 0.619 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.507 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 W/kg

Maximum of SAR = 0.518 W/kg

**Fig.11 LTE Band 5 10MHz 1RB 0offset Right Cheek High**

LTE Band 5 10MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High

Date/Time: 2016/6/01

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 844 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.008 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.203$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 5 Professional 850MHz; Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(9.3, 9.3, 9.3); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

LTE Band 5 10MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High/Area Scan (60x100x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR = 0.737 W/kg

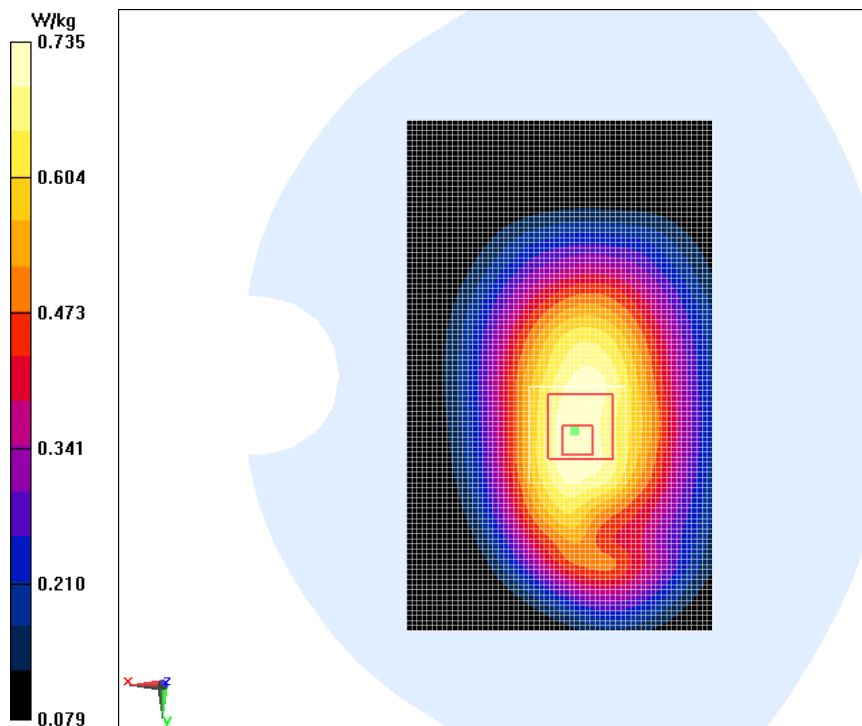
LTE Band 5 10MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR = 0.886 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.700 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.525 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.735 W/kg

**Fig.12 LTE Band 5 10MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High**

LTE Band 7 20MHz 1RB 0offset Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2016/5/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2600MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.798$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 7 Professional 2450MHz; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

LTE Band 7 20MHz 1RB 0offset Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (120x70x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.928 W/kg

LTE Band 7 20MHz 1RB 0offset Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

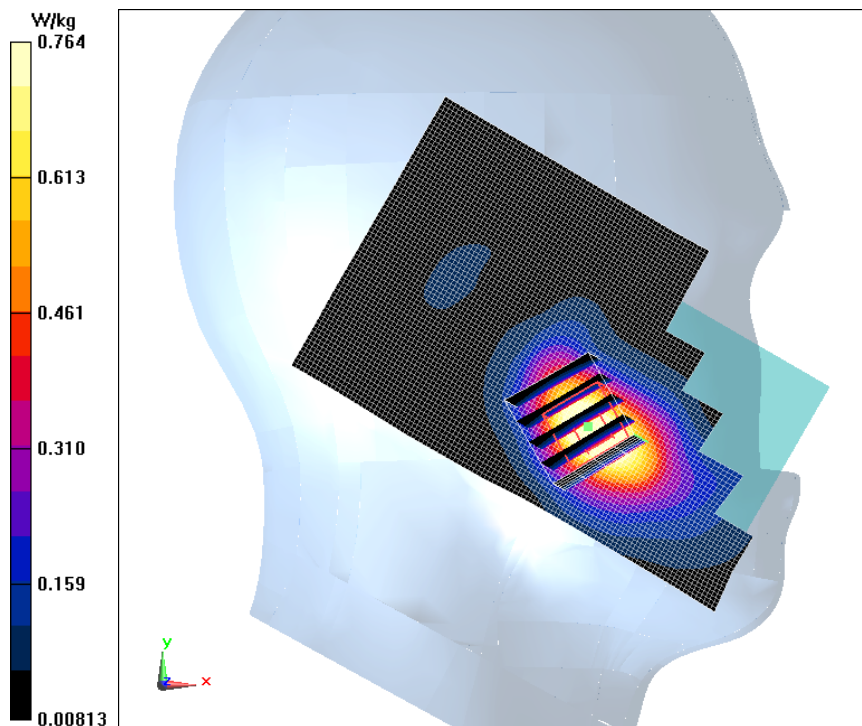
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.093 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.696 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.764 W/kg

**Fig.13 LTE Band 7 20MHz 1RB 0offset Left Cheek Middle**

LTE Band 7 20MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High

Date/Time: 2016/5/26

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2600MHz

Medium parameters used (extrapolated): $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.032$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.658$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: LTE Band 7 Professional 2450MHz; Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

LTE Band 7 20MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High /Area Scan (60x110x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.476 W/kg

LTE Band 7 20MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

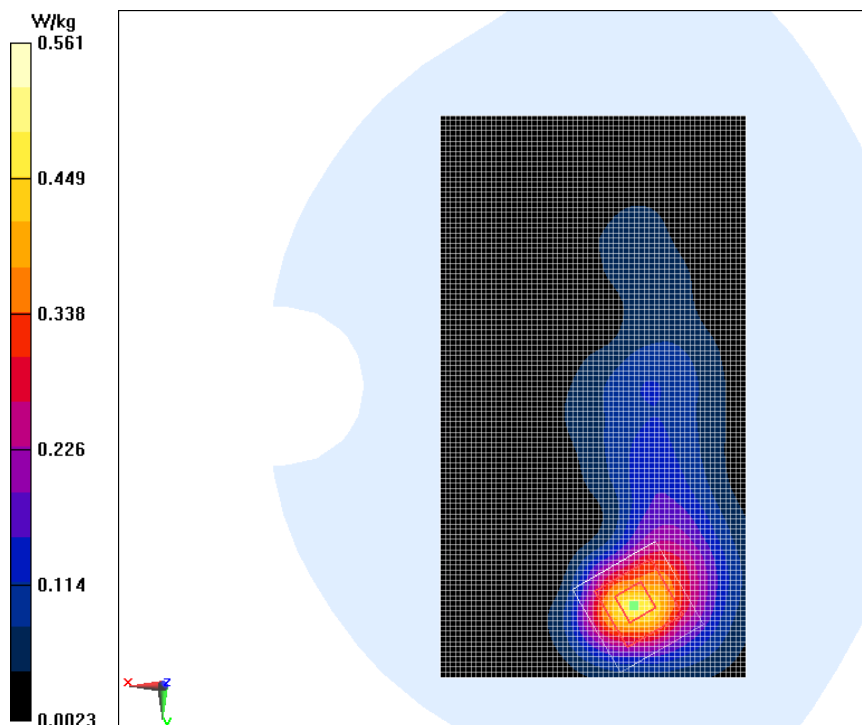
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.670 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.517 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.561 W/kg

**Fig.14 LTE Band 7 20MHz 1RB 0offset Ground Mode High**

WiFi 802.11b Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 2016/5/27

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.821 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.072$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: Wifi 2450 ; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

WiFi 802.11b Right Cheek High/Area Scan (131x81x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR = 0.655 W/kg

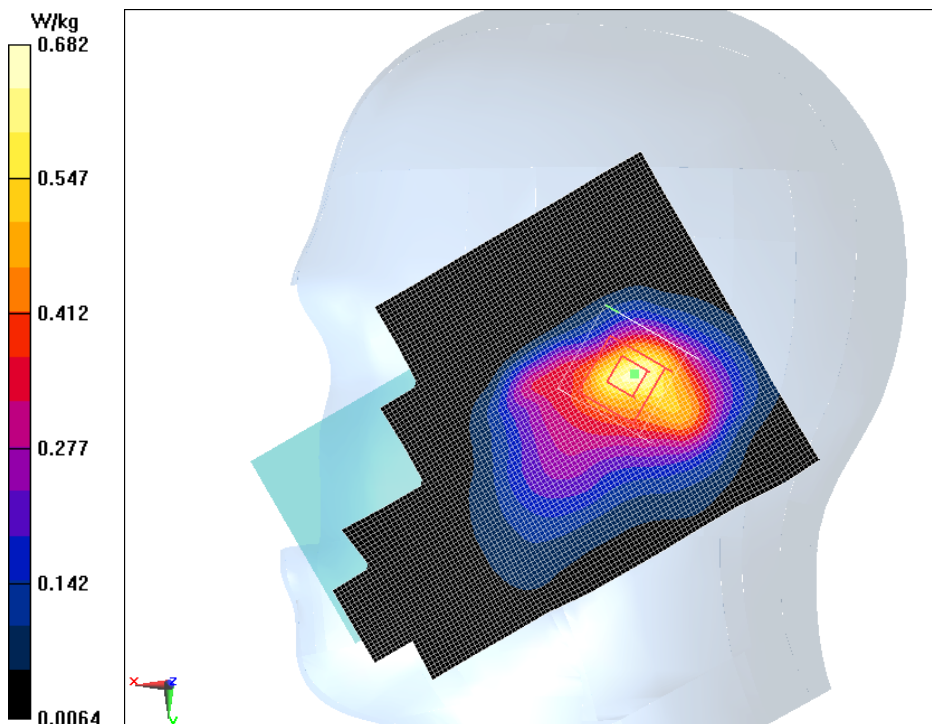
WiFi 802.11b Right Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.616 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.682 W/kg

**Fig.15 WiFi 802.11b Right Cheek High**

WiFi 802.11b Ground Mode High

Date/Time: 2016/5/27

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Body 2450MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.931$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.917$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Communication System: Wifi 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19); Calibrated: 7/13/2015

WiFi 802.11b Ground Mode High/Area Scan (71x111x1):Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR = 0.390 W/kg

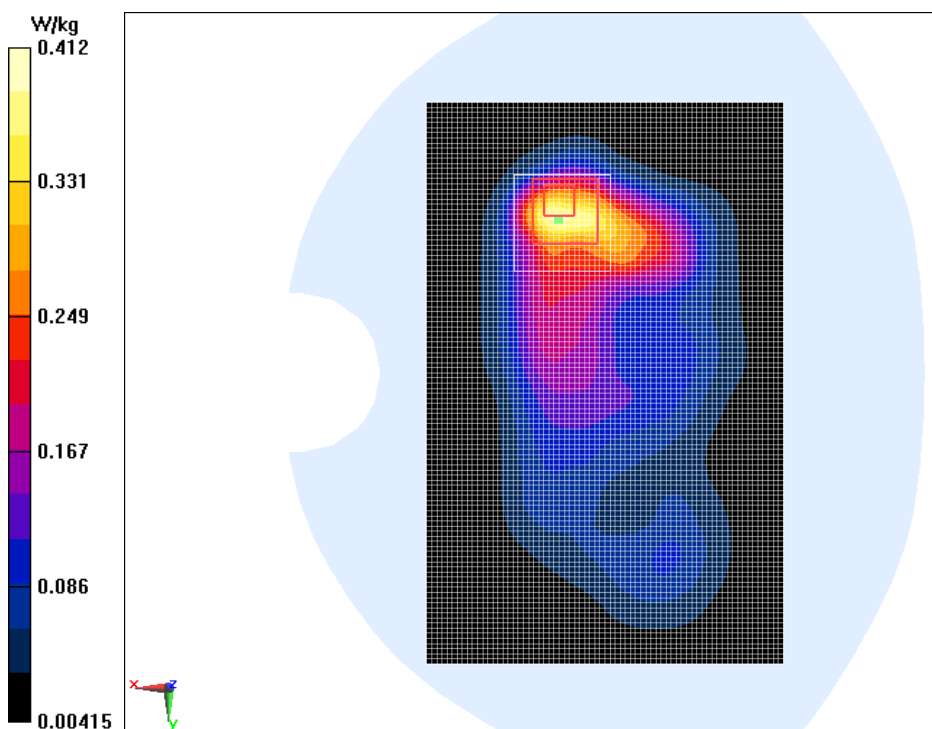
WiFi 802.11b Ground Mode High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.323 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR = 0.756 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.349 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR = 0.412 W/kg

**Fig.16 WiFi 802.11b Ground Mode High**

ANNEX B. SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS

835 MHz Head

Date/Time: 2016/6/01

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1244

Medium: Head 850MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.918 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.012$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3754ConvF(9.21, 9.21, 9.21);

System Validation/Area Scan (50x140x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10 \text{ mm}$, $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (Measurement) = 2.73 W/kg

System Validation/Zoom Scan(7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.52 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 W/kg

