



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: SET2015-02836
Product: Mobile phone
Model No.: G30
FCC ID: SG720150305G30
Applicant: Haier Telecom (Qingdao) Co., Ltd
Address: No.1 Haier Road, Hi-tech Zone, Qingdao, China
Issued by: CCIC-SET
Lab Location: Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055, P. R. China
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Test Report

Product.: Mobile phone
Model No.: G30
Brand Name.....: HAIER
FCC ID.....: SG720150305G30
Applicant.....: Haier Telecom (Qingdao) Co., Ltd
Applicant Address.....: No.1 Haier Road, Hi-tech Zone, Qingdao, China
Manufacturer.....: Haier Telecom (Qingdao) Co., Ltd
Manufacturer Address: No.1 Haier Road, Hi-tech Zone, Qingdao, China
Test Standards.....: **47CFR § 2.1093-** Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices;
ANSI C95.1-1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz;
IEEE 1528-2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques;
Test Result.....: Pass
Tested by Mei Chun 2015-04-03
Chun Mei, Test Engineer
Reviewed by.....: Shuangwen Zhang 2015-04-03
Shuangwen Zhang, Senior Engineer
Approved by.....: Wu Lian 2015-04-03
Wu Li'an , Manager

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1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1.1 This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

1.2 This report standalone does not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities.

1.3 This document is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without written approval of CCIC-SET

1.4 This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of CCIC-SET and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.



2. Administrative Date

2.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

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Department: EMC & RF Department

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Telephone: +86-755-26629676

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Responsible Test Lab Managers: Mr. Wu Li'an

2.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location(s)

Company Name: CCIC-SET

Address: Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District,
Shenzhen, P. R. China

2.3. Organization Item

CCIC-SET Report No.: SET2015-02836

CCIC-SET Project Leader: Mr. Li Sixiong

CCIC-SET Responsible for accreditation scope: Mr. Wu Li'an

Start of Testing: 2015-03-06

End of Testing: 2015-03-07

2.4. Identification of Applicant

Company Name: Haier Telecom (Qingdao) Co., Ltd

Address: No.1 Haier Road, Hi-tech Zone, Qingdao, China

2.5. Identification of Manufacture

Company Name: Haier Telecom (Qingdao) Co., Ltd

Address: No.1 Haier Road, Hi-tech Zone, Qingdao, China

Notes: This data is based on the information by the applicant.

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

3.1. Identification of the Equipment under Test

Sample Name:	Mobile phone	
Type Name:	G30	
Brand Name:	HAIER	
General description:	Support Band	GSM850MHz/1900MHz/900MHz/1800MHz WCDMA 850MHz/1900MHz/2100MHz
	Test Band	GSM 850MHz/ GSM 1900MHz, GPRS 850MHz/ GPRS 1900MHz, WCDMA 850MHz/ WCDMA 1900MHz
	Multislot Class	GPRS: Class 12,EDGE:Class 12
	GPRS Class	Class B
	Development Stage	Identical Prototype
	Accessories	Power Supply
	Battery type	3.8V 1600mAh
	Antenna type	PIFI Antenna
	Operation mode	GSM / GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA
	Modulation mode	GMSK, QPSK
	IMEI	353919025680145
	Max. RF Power	33.51dBm
	Max. SAR Value	Head: 0.319 W/kg; Body: 1.081 W/kg

NOTE:

- The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.
- This device supports GPRS and EDGE operation up to class12(max.uplin:4, max.downlink:4, total timeslots:5)
- The EUT does not support 16QAM uplink function in HSPA+ mode.



4 SAR SUMMARY

Highest Measured Standalone SAR Summary

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Scaled 1g-SAR(W/kg)	Highest Scaled 1g-SAR(W/kg)
Head	GSM850	0.319	0.319
	GSM1900	0.102	
	WCDMA850	0.291	
	WCDMA1900	0.250	
Body-worn (10mm Gap)	GPRS850 2Tx	1.081	1.081
	GSM1900	1.007	
	WCDMA 850	0.529	
	WCDMA 1900	0.490	

5 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

where C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

5.3 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SATIMO. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

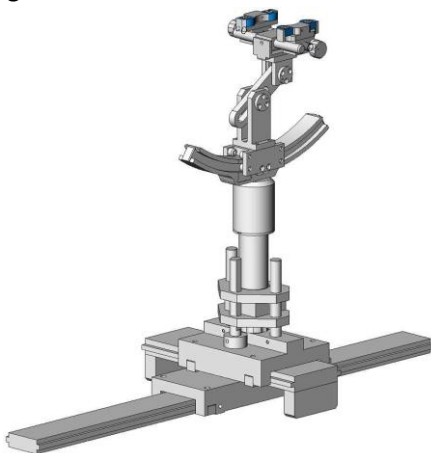


SAM Twin Phantom

5.4 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SATIMO as an integral part of the COMOSAR test system.

The device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder

5.5 Probe Specification

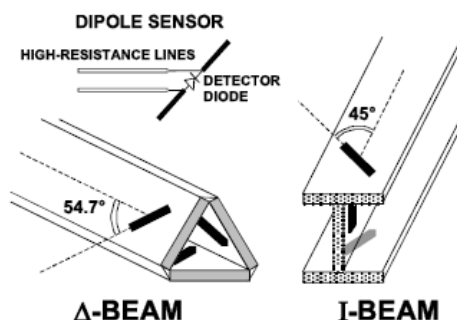


Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	700 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.5 dB (700 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	1.5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.5 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: <2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Frequency	450 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.5 dB (450 MHz to 6 GHz)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip diameter: 2.5 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Compatibility	COMOSAR

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 Schematic Test Configuration

During SAR test, EUT was operating in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) was allocated to 128, 189 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900MHz, or to 4132, 4182 and 4233 respectively in the case of WCDMA 850MHz, or to 9262, 9400 and 9538 respectively in the case of WCDMA 1900MHz, and WIFI 802.11b. The EUT was commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT should use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link was used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point should be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB

6.2 SAR Measurement System

The SAR measurement system being used is the SATIMO system, the system is controlled remotely from a PC, which contains the software to control the robot and data acquisition equipment. The software also displays the data obtained from test scans.

In operation, the system first does an area (2D) scan at a fixed depth within the liquid from the inside wall of the phantom. When the maximum SAR point has been found, the system will then carry out a 3D scan centred at that point to determine volume averaged SAR level.

6.2.1 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness Power drifts in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Table 1: Recommended Dielectric Performance of Tissue

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.46	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Table 2 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	ϵ_r	$\sigma(S/m)$	ϵ_r	$\sigma(S/m)$
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

6.2.2 Simulant liquids

For measurements against the phantom head, the “cheek” and “tilt” position on both the left hand and the right hand sides of the phantom. For body-worn measurements, the EUT was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. The EUT was put on in the belt holder. Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of GSM 850MHz/1900MHz, WCDMA850MHz/1900MHz and Wi-Fi 2.4GHz, which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms.

Table 3: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.2°C; Humidity: 64%;			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	835MHz	41.5	0.90
Validation value (Mar. 6th, 2015)	835MHz	41.45	0.91
Target value	1900MHz	40.0	1.40
Validation value (Mar. 6th, 2015)	1900MHz	39.98	1.41

Table 4: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.2°C; Humidity: 64%;			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	835MHz	55.2	0.97
Validation value (Mar. 7th, 2015)	835MHz	55.26	0.98
Target value	1900MHz	53.3	1.52
Validation value (Mar. 7th, 2015)	1900MHz	53.28	1.53



Fig. 1 Configuration of body tissue

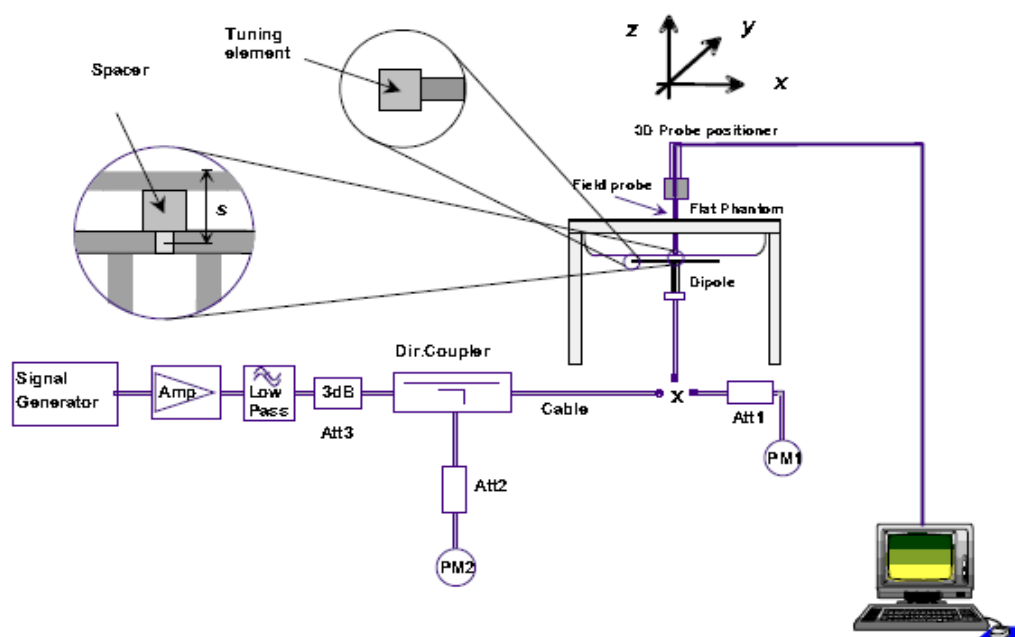
6.3 Equipments and results of validation testing

Table 6 Important equipments :

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.
System Simulator	E5515C	GB 47200710
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN 09/13 EP169
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN 27/14 EPG210
Dipole	SID835	SN 09/13 DIP 0G835-217
Dipole	SID1900	SN 09/13 DIP 1G900-218
Vector Network Analyzer	ZVB8	A0802530
Signal Generator	SMR27	A0304219
Amplifier	Nucletudes	143060
Power Meter	NRVS	1020.1809.02
Power Sensor	NRV-Z4	100069
Power Meter	NRP2	A140401673
Power Sensor	NPR-Z11	1138.3004.02-114072-nq
Multimeter	Keithley-2000	4014020
Device Holder	SATIMO	SN 09/13 MSH80
SAM Phantom	SAM97	SN 09/13 SAM97

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The following procedure, recommended for performing validation tests using box phantoms is based on the procedures described in the draft IEEE standard P1528. Setup according to the setup diagram below :



With the SG and Amp and with directional coupler in place, set up the source signal at the relevant frequency and use a power meter to measure the power at the end of the SMA cable that you intend to connect to the balanced dipole. Adjust the SG to make this, say, 0.25W (24 dBm). If this level is too high to read directly with the power meter sensor, insert a calibrated attenuator (e.g. 10 or 20 dB) and make a suitable correction to the power meter reading.

Note 1: In this method, the directional coupler is used for monitoring rather than setting the exact feed power level. If, however, the directional coupler is used for power measurement, you should check the frequency range and power rating of the coupler and measure the coupling factor (referred to output) at the test frequency using a VNA.

Note 2: Remember that the use of a 3dB attenuator (as shown in Figure 8.1 of P1528) means that you need an RF amplifier of 2 times greater power for the same feed power. The other issue is the cable length. You might get up to 1dB of loss per meter of cable, so the cable length after the coupler needs to be quite short.

Note 3: For the validation testing done using CW signals, most power meters are suitable. However, if you are measuring the output of a modulated signal from either a signal generator or a handset, you must ensure that the power meter correctly reads the modulated signals.

The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the device against the phantom are provided in Tables 7 and Table 8. The humidity and ambient temperature of test facility were 64% and 23.2°C respectively. The body phantom were full of the body tissue simulating liquid. The EUT was supplied with full-charged battery for each measurement.

The distance between the back of the EUT and the bottom of the flat phantom is 10 mm (taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna).

Table 7: Head SAR system validation (1g)

Frequency	Duty cycle	Target value (W/kg)	Test value (W/kg)	
			250 mW	1W
835MHz(Mar. 6th, 2015)	1:1	9.77	2.45	9.80
1900MHz(Mar. 6th, 2015)	1:1	40.37	9.79	39.16

Table 8: Body SAR system validation (1g)

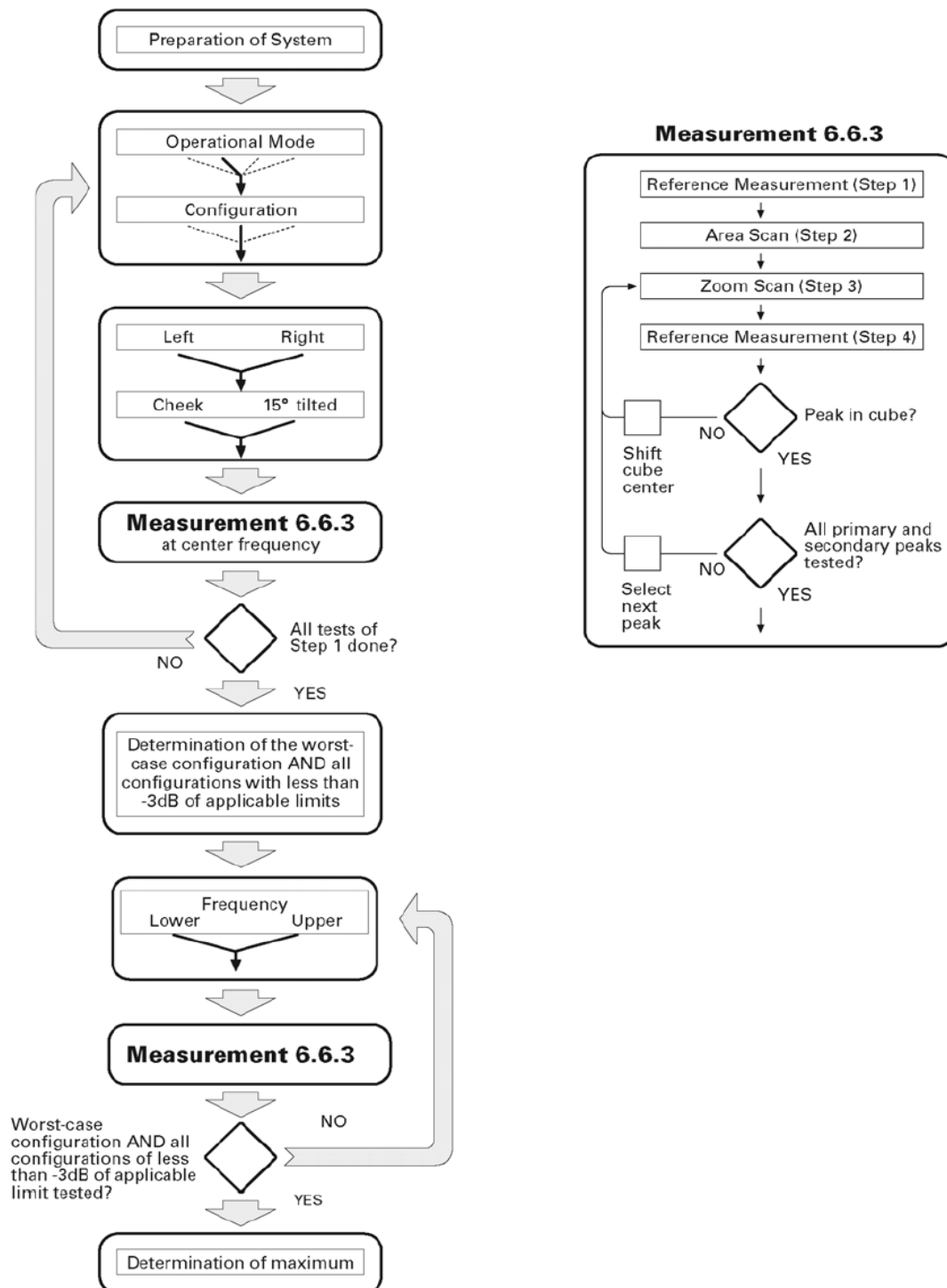
Frequency	Duty cycle	Target value (W/kg)	Test value (W/kg)	
			250 mW	1W
835MHz(Mar. 7th, 2015)	1:1	10.31	2.46	9.84
1900MHz(Mar. 7th, 2015)	1:1	40.81	9.98	39.92

* Note: Target value was referring to the measured value in the calibration certificate of reference dipole.

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

6.4 SAR measurement procedure

The SAR test against the head phantom was carried out as follow:



Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator, the connection between the EUT and the base station simulator is established via air interface.

After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 2mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a

second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEE p1528 standard. This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behaviour are tested.

For body-worn measurement, the EUT was tested under two position: face upward and back upward.

6.5 Transmitting antenna information

The GSM&WCDMA antenna inside the EUT is the only transmitting source, and it's a type of PIFA antenna.

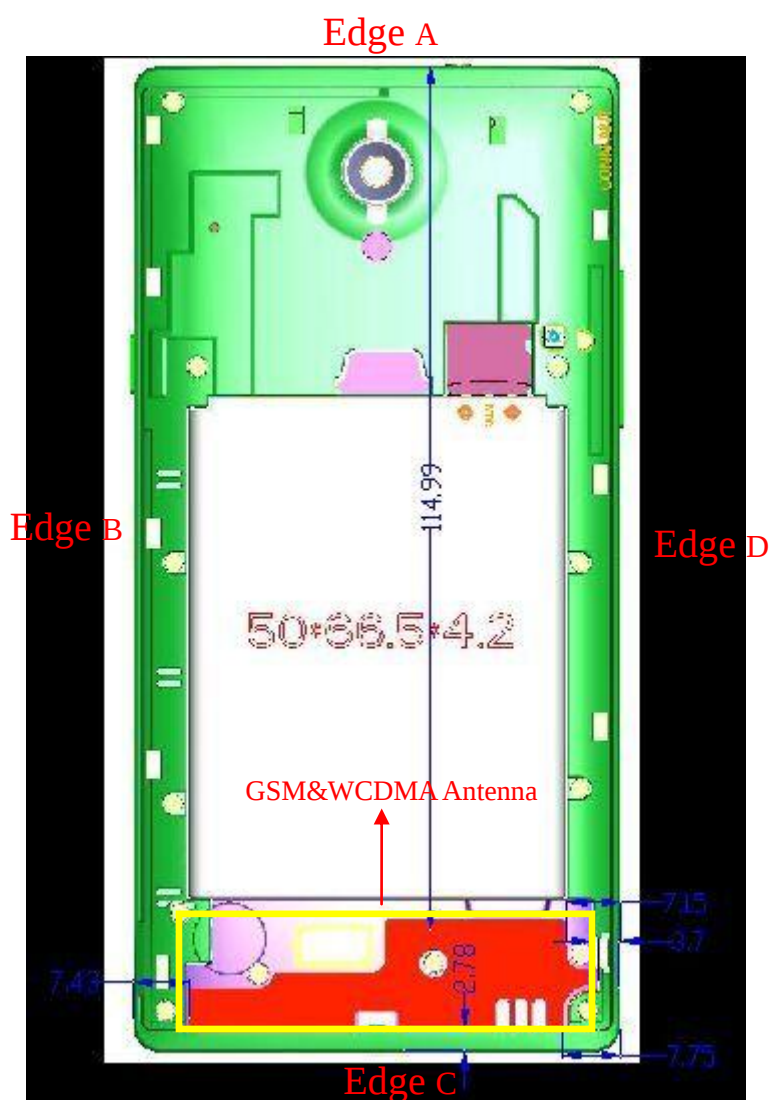


Fig. 3 Position of the antennas

7 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TEST

7.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

47CFR § 2.1093- Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices;

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz;

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques;

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

7.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this is in accordance with the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

FCC KDB 447498 D02 v01r01 Dipole Requirements for SAR System Validation and Verification

FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02

FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01 SAR Reporting

FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02 SAR test for 3G devices

FCC KDB 941225 D04 v01 Evaluating SAR for GSM/(E)GPRS Dual Transfer Mode

8 LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

Table 9: The Ambient Conditions during SAR Test

Temperature	Min. = 22 °C, Max. = 25 °C
Atmospheric pressure	Min.=86 kPa, Max.=106 kPa
Relative humidity	Min. = 45%, Max. = 75%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

9. Conducted RF Output Power

9.1 GSM Conducted Power

Table 10: GSM Conducted Power

Band		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
GSM850	TX Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
	Frequency(MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	824.2	836.4	848.8
	GSM	33.41	33.51	33.42	24.09	24.48	24.39
	GPRS (Slot 1)	33.02	33.22	33.14	23.99	24.19	24.11
	GPRS (Slot 2)	30.08	30.14	30.09	24.06	24.12	24.07
	GPRS (Slot 3)	28.29	28.30	28.27	24.03	24.04	24.01
	GPRS (Slot 4)	26.6	26.68	26.62	23.59	23.67	23.61
	EDGE (Slot 1)	30.32	30.29	30.3	21.29	21.26	21.27
	EDGE (Slot 2)	27.19	27.23	27.21	21.17	21.21	21.19
	EDGE (Slot 3)	25.22	25.24	25.23	20.96	20.98	20.97
	EDGE (Slot 4)	23.88	23.86	23.85	20.87	20.85	20.84
GSM1900	TX Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
	Frequency(MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
	GSM	30.72	30.78	30.68	21.69	21.75	21.65
	GPRS (Slot 1)	30.6	30.64	30.63	21.57	21.61	21.6
	GPRS (Slot 2)	27.38	27.38	27.36	21.36	21.36	21.34
	GPRS (Slot 3)	25.72	25.75	25.72	21.46	21.49	21.46
	GPRS (Slot 4)	23.8	23.82	23.83	20.79	20.81	20.82
GSM1900	EDGE (Slot 1)	30.28	30.36	30.27	21.25	21.33	21.24
	EDGE (Slot 2)	27.14	27.28	27.23	21.12	21.26	21.21
	EDGE (Slot 3)	25.23	25.26	25.19	20.97	21	20.93
	EDGE (Slot 4)	23.42	23.45	23.4	20.41	20.44	20.39

Note: Per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

For Head SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average power.

For Body worn SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 and GSM 1900 due to its highest frame-average power.

For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EDGE should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS850 (2Tx slots) and GPRS1900 (1Tx slots) due to its highest frame-average power.

Table 11: Timeslot consignations

No. Of Slots	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation	1Up4Down	2Up3Down	3Up2Down	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:267	1:2
Crest Factor	-9.03dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB

9.2 WCDMA Conducted peak output Power

Table 12: WCDMA conducted peak output power

Item	band	WCDMA 850			WCDMA 1900		
	ARFCN	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
	subtest	dBm			dBm		
RMC 12.2kbps	non	23.24	23.32	23.22	23.23	23.26	23.12
AMR	non	23.12	23.24	23.18	23.2	23.24	23.12
HSDPA	1	22.72	22.53	22.82	22.68	22.8	22.6
	2	22.28	22.72	22.25	22.45	22.08	22.52
	3	21.7	21.92	21.74	21.84	21.92	21.9
	4	21.69	21.74	21.71	21.68	21.86	21.82
HSUPA	1	22.28	22.38	22.37	22.54	22.57	22.42
	2	22.22	22.18	22.2	22.04	21.9	21.94
	3	21.96	22.09	22.02	22.07	22.12	22.06
	4	22.04	22.14	22.23	21.92	21.81	21.79
	5	22.24	22.26	22.31	22.04	22.25	22.18
Note:	The Conducted RF Output Power test of WCDMA /HSDPA /HSUPA were tested by power meter.						

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - Set UE Target Power
 - Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 \cdot \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 \cdot \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 \cdot \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note:

1. WCDMA SAR was tested under PMC 12.2kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01.HSPA SAR was not requires since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2W/kg.
2. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSPA subtests may be up to 2dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0dB according to the chipset implementation in this model.

9.3. Scaling Factor calculation

Table 13: Scaling Factor for each band

Operation Mode	Channel	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up Power in tolerance(dBm)	Scaling Factor
GSM 850	128	33.41	33.15 ± 0.5	1.057
	190	33.51	33.15 ± 0.5	1.033
	251	33.42	33.15 ± 0.5	1.054
GPRS 850(2Tx)	128	30.08	30.00 ± 0.5	1.102
	190	30.14	30.00 ± 0.5	1.086
	251	30.09	30.00 ± 0.5	1.099
GSM1900	512	30.72	30.30 ± 0.5	1.019
	661	30.78	30.30 ± 0.5	1.005
	810	30.68	30.30 ± 0.5	1.028
GPRS1900(1Tx)	512	30.6	30.15 ± 0.5	1.012
	661	30.64	30.15 ± 0.5	1.002
	810	30.63	30.15 ± 0.5	1.005
WCDMA850	4132	23.24	22.40 ± 1	1.038
	4183	23.32	22.40 ± 1	1.019
	4233	23.22	22.40 ± 1	1.042
WCDMA1900	9262	23.23	22.30 ± 1	1.016
	9400	23.26	22.30 ± 1	1.009
	9538	23.12	22.30 ± 1	1.042

Simultaneous SAR

No.	Transmitter Combinations	Scenario Supported or not	Supported for Mobile Hotspot or not
1	GSM(Voice)+GSM(Data)	No	No
2	WCDMA(Voice)+WCDMA(Data)	Yes	No
3	GSM(Voice)+ WCDMA(Data)	No	No
4	WCDMA(Voice)+GSM(Data)	No	No
5	GSM(Voice)+ WCDMA(Voice)	No	No

10 TEST RESULTS

10.1 Summary of Power Measurement Results

According the description above, the measurements against the head phantom were executed on the operation mode: GSM850 /1900MHz, WCDMA850/1900MHz, while the tests against the body-worn were carried out on the operation mode : GSM850/1900MHz, GPRS 850 /1900MHz, WCDMA850/1900MHz.

Table 17: SAR Values of GSM 850MHz Band

Temperature: 23.0~23.5°C, humidity: 62~64%.				
Test Positions		Channel /Frequency (MHz)	SAR(W/Kg), 1.6 (1g average)	
			SAR(W/Kg),1g	Scaled SAR(W/Kg),1g
Right Side of Head	Cheek	190/836.4	0.309	0.319
	Tilt 15 degrees	190/836.4	0.177	0.183
Left Side of Head	Cheek	190/836.4	0.294	0.304
	Tilt 15 degrees	190/836.4	0.189	0.195
Body (10mm Separation)	GSM	Face Upward	190/836.4	0.390
		Back Upward	128/824.2	0.898
			190/836.4	0.912
			251/848.8	0.855
		Edge A	190/836.4	0.032
		Edge B	190/836.4	0.237
		Edge C	128/824.2	0.771
			190/836.4	0.775
			251/848.8	0.882
		Edge D	190/836.4	0.499
	GPRS (2Tx)	Face Upward	190/836.4	0.244
		Back Upward	128/824.2	0.981
			190/836.4	0.939
			251/848.8	0.925
		Edge A	128/824.2	0.038
		Edge B	128/824.2	0.409
		Edge C	128/824.2	0.891
			190/836.4	0.866
			251/848.8	0.874
		Edge D	128/824.2	0.444

Table 18: SAR Values of GSM1900 MHz Band

Temperature: 23.0~23.5°C, humidity: 62~64%.				
Test Positions		Channel /Frequency (MHz)	SAR(W/Kg), 1.6 (1g average)	
			SAR(W/Kg),1g	Scaled SAR(W/Kg),1g
Right Side of Head	Cheek	661/1880.0	0.101	0.102
	Tilt 15 degrees	661/1880.0	0.036	0.036
Left Side of Head	Cheek	661/1880.0	0.062	0.062
	Tilt 15 degrees	661/1880.0	0.043	0.043
Body (10mm Separation)	GSM	Face Upward	661/1880.0	0.144
		Back Upward	512/1850.2	0.988
			661/1880.0	1.007
		Edge A	661/1880.0	0.928
			810/1909.8	0.933
		Edge B	661/1880.0	0.954
			661/1880.0	0.981
		Edge C	661/1880.0	0.098
			661/1880.0	0.098
		Edge D	661/1880.0	0.109
			661/1880.0	0.110
		Edge E	512/1850.2	0.775
			661/1880.0	0.790
	GPRS (1Tx)	Face Upward	661/1880.0	0.826
		Back Upward	661/1880.0	0.830
		Edge A	810/1909.8	0.899
		Edge B	661/1880.0	0.924
		Edge C	512/1850.2	0.825
		Edge D	661/1880.0	0.841

Table 19: SAR Values of WCDMA850

Temperature: 23.0~23.5°C, humidity: 62~64%.				
Test Positions		Channel /Frequency (MHz)	SAR(W/Kg), 1.6 (1g average)	
			SAR(W/Kg),1g	Scaled SAR(W/Kg),1g
Right Side of Head	Cheek	4183/836.6	0.214	0.218
	Tilt 15 degrees	4183/836.6	0.088	0.090
Left Side of Head	Cheek	4183/836.6	0.286	0.291
	Tilt 15 degrees	4183/836.6	0.094	0.096
Body (10mm Separation)	Face Upward	4183/836.6	0.102	0.104
	Back Upward	4183/836.6	0.519	0.529
	Edge A	4183/836.6	0.018	0.018
	Edge B	4183/836.6	0.249	0.254
	Edge C	4183/836.6	0.361	0.368
	Edge D	4183/836.6	0.294	0.300

Table 20: SAR Values of WCDMA1900

Temperature: 23.0~23.5°C, humidity: 62~64%.				
Test Positions		Channel /Frequency (MHz)	SAR(W/Kg), 1.6 (1g average)	
			SAR(W/Kg1g Peak)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg),1g
Right Side of Head	Cheek	9400/1880.0	0.196	0.198
	Tilt 15 degrees	9400/1880.0	0.068	0.069
Left Side of Head	Cheek	9400/1880.0	0.248	0.250
	Tilt 15 degrees	9400/1880.0	0.096	0.097
Body (10mm Separation)	Face Upward	9400/1880.0	0.138	0.139
	Back Upward	9400/1880.0	0.486	0.490
	Edge A	9400/1880.0	0.039	0.039
	Edge B	9400/1880.0	0.198	0.200
	Edge C	9400/1880.0	0.442	0.446
	Edge D	9400/1880.0	0.278	0.281

Note:

a) According to KDB 941225 D01, since the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA/HSUPA active is less than that measured without HSDPA/HSUPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is less 1.2 W/kg, the measurement against HSDPA and HSUPA were ignored in this report.

b) When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel or the channel with the Highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.(Per KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02)

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

10.2 Conclusion

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 6 of this report. Maximum localized SAR is **below** exposure limits specified in the relevant standards.

11 Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) $u_i(\%)$	Degree of freedom v_{eff} or v_i
Measurement System								
1	– Probe Calibration	B	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	∞
2	– Axial isotropy	B	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	∞
3	– Hemispherical Isotropy	B	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞
4	– Boundary Effect	B	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
5	– Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
6	– System Detection Limits	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
7	Modulation response	B	3	N	1	1	3.00	
8	– Readout Electronics	B	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	∞
9	– Response Time	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
10	– Integration Time	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
11	– RF Ambient Conditions	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
12	– Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
13	– Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
14	– Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	B	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	∞
Uncertainties of the DUT								
15	– Position of the DUT	A	2.6	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.6	5
16	– Holder of the DUT	A	3	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.0	5

17	– Output Power Variation –SAR drift measurement	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
18	– Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	B	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	B	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	– Liquid Conductivity Target –tolerance	B	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
21	– Liquid Conductivity –measurement Uncertainty)	B	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
22	– Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	B	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
23	– Liquid Permittivity –measurement uncertainty	B	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty				RSS			10.63	
Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)				K=2			21.26	

System Check Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) $u_i(\%)$	Degree of freedom V_{eff} or v_i
Measurement System								
1	– Probe Calibration	B	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	∞
2	– Axial isotropy	B	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	∞
3	– Hemispherical Isotropy	B	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞
4	– Boundary Effect	B	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
5	– Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
6	– System Detection Limits	B	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
7	Modulation response	B	0	N	1	1	0.00	

8	– Readout Electronics	B	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	∞
9	– Response Time	B	0.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	∞
10	– Integration Time	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
11	– RF Ambient Conditions	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
12	– Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
13	– Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
14	– Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	B	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	∞
Uncertainties of the DUT								
15	Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	A	4	N	1	1	4.00	5
16	Input Power and SAR drift measurement	A	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	5
17	Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	B	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
18	– Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	B	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	B	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	– Liquid Conductivity Target –tolerance	B	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
21	– Liquid Conductivity –measurement Uncertainty)	B	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
22	– Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	B	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
23	– Liquid Permittivity –measurement uncertainty	B	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty				RSS			10.15	
Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)				K=2			20.29	

**12 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS**

No.	EQUIPMENT	TYPE	Series No.	Last Calibration	Due Date
1	System Simulator	E5515C	GB 47200710	2015/02/23	1 Year
2	System Simulator	CMW500	130805	2014/06/10	1 Year
3	SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN 09/13 EP169	2014/04/05	1 Year
4	SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN 27/14 EPG210	2014/05/16	1 Year
5	Dipole	SID750	SN25/13 DIP0G750-253	2014/08/17	1 Year
6	Dipole	SID835	SN09/13 DIP0G835-217	2014/08/28	1 Year
7	Dipole	SID1800	SN09/13 DIP1G800-216	2014/08/28	1 Year
8	Dipole	SID1900	SN09/13 DIP1G900-218	2014/08/28	1 Year
9	Dipole	SID2450	SN09/13 DIP2G450-220	2014/08/28	1 Year
10	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	A0802530	2014/06/13	1 Year
11	Signal Generator	SMR27	A0304219	2014/06/10	1 Year
12	Amplifier	Nucletudes	143060	2014/04/05	1 Year
15	Power Meter	NRP2	A140401673	2014/04/16	1 Year
16	Power Sensor	NPR-Z11	1138.3004.02-114072-nq	2015/03/04	1 Year
17	Multimeter	Keithley-2000	4014020	2014/04/16	1 Year
18	Device Holder	SATIMO	SN 09/13 MSH80	2014/04/05	1 Year
19	SAM Phantom	SAM97	SN 09/13 SAM97	2014/04/05	1 Year

ANNEX A

of

CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-02836

Haier Telecom (Qingdao) Co., Ltd

Mobile phone

Type Name: G30

Hardware Version: M11_V1.01_PCB

Software Version: HW-W816-H01-S006

Accreditation Certificate

This Annex consists of 2 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-03



China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE

(Registration No. CNAS L1659)

CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Building 28/29, Shigudong, Xili Industrial Area, Xili Street,

Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence of testing and calibration.

The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached appendices bearing the same registration number as above. The appendices form an integral part of this certificate.

Date of Issue: 2012-09-29

Date of Expiry: 2015-09-28

Date of Initial Accreditation: 1999-08-03

Date of Update: 2012-09-29



Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service
for Conformity Assessment

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation schemes for conformity assessment. CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC MRA) and Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC MRA).

No.CNAS AL 2

0005210

ANNEX B

of

CCIC-SET

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-02836

Haier Telecom (Qingdao) Co., Ltd

Mobile phone

Type Name: G30

Hardware Version: M11_V1.01_PCB

Software Version: HW-W816-H01-S006

TEST LAYOUT

This Annex consists of 9 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-03

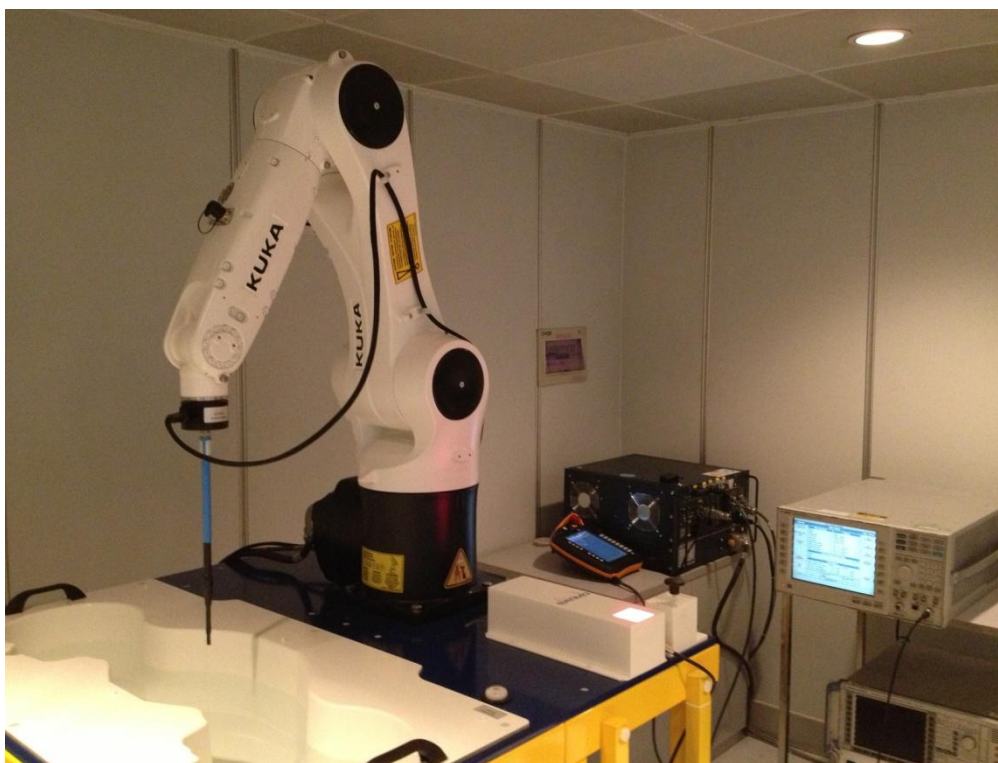


Fig.1 COMO SAR Test System

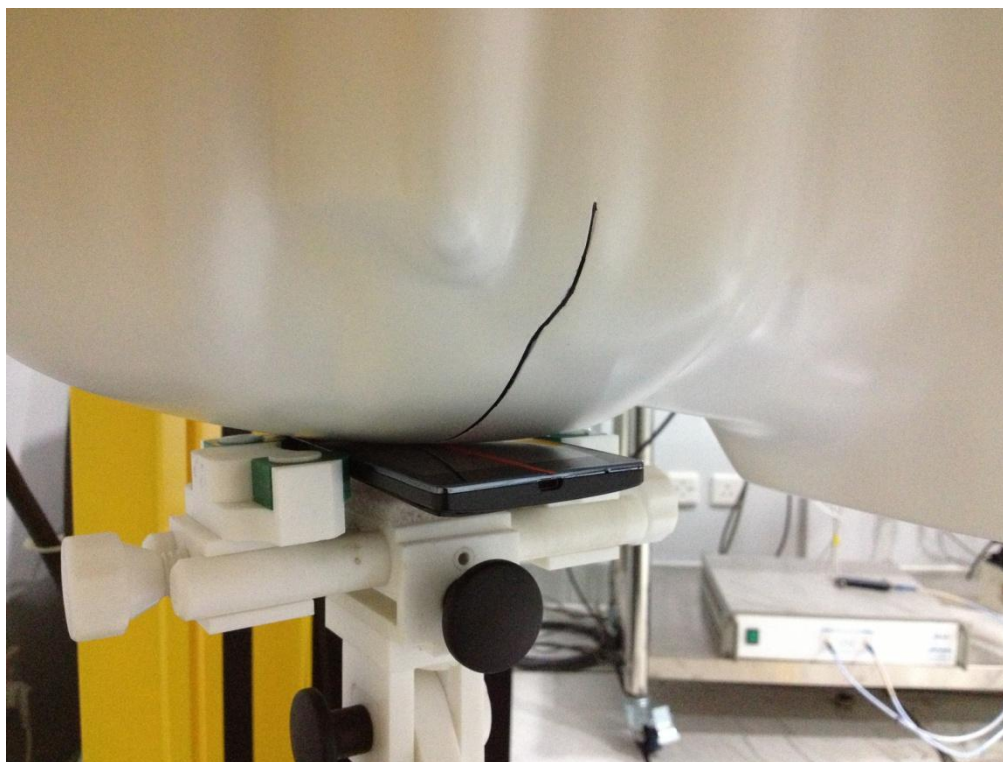


Fig.2 Right_Cheek



Fig.3 Right_Tilt

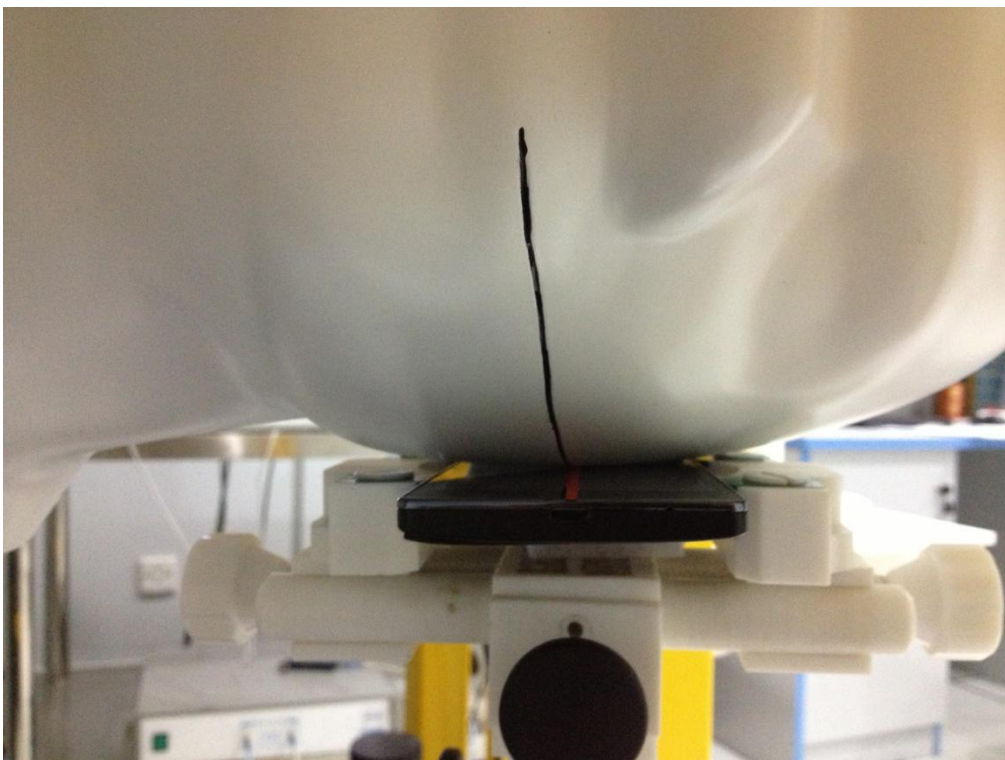


Fig.4 Left Cheek

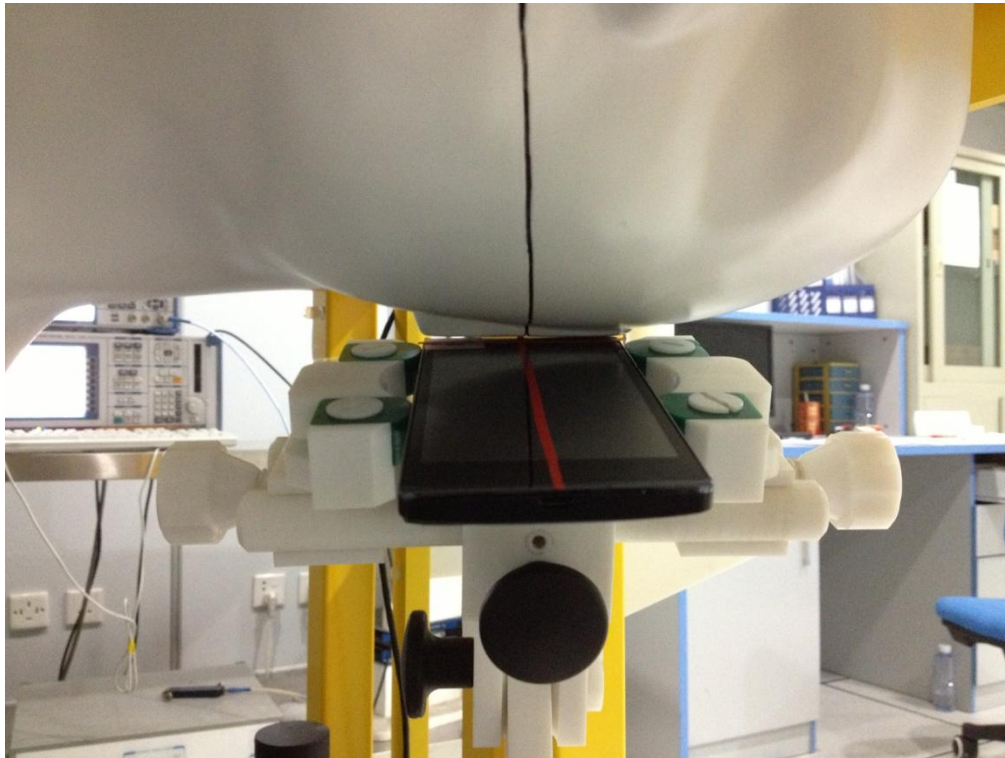


Fig.5 Left_Tilt



Fig.6 Body (Back upside,10mm separation)

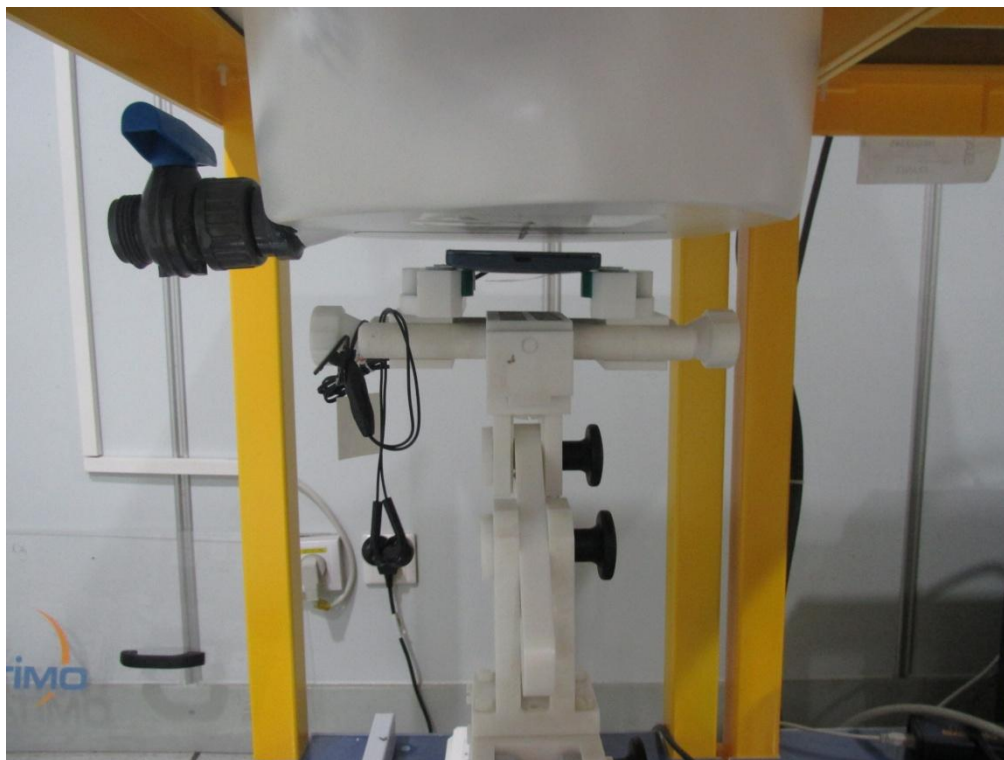


Fig.7 Body (Face upside,10mm separation)



Fig.8 Body Edge A(UP,10mm separation)



Fig.9 Body Edge B(Right upside,10mm separation)



Fig.10 Body Edge C(Down,10mm separation)



Fig.11 Body Edge D(Left upside,10mm separation)

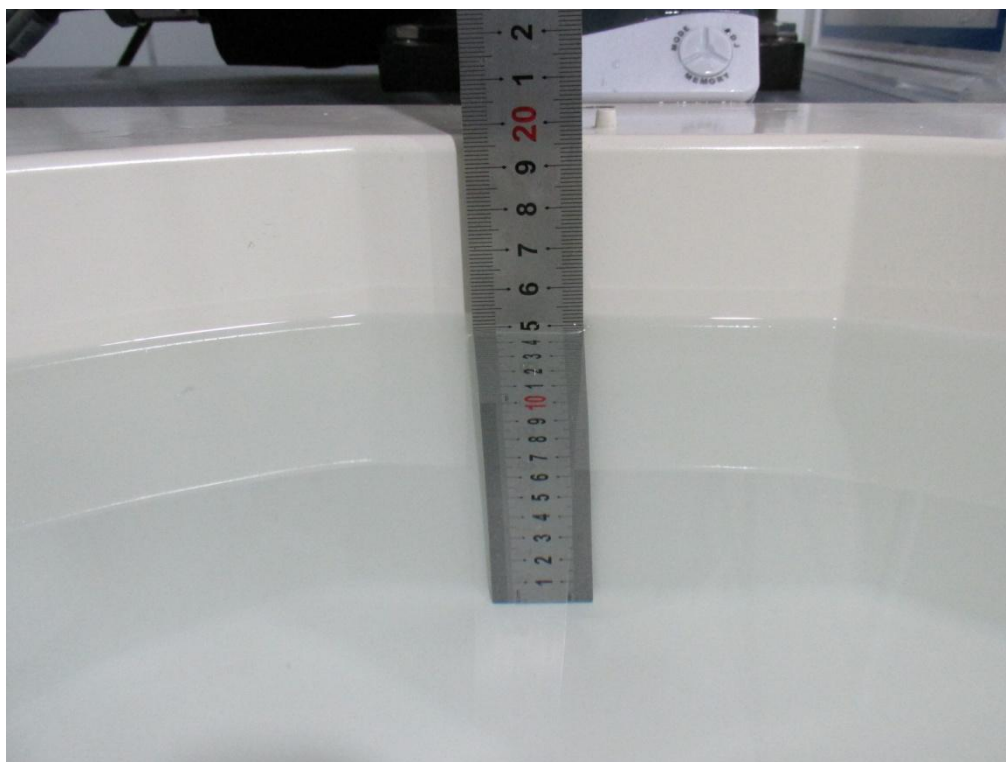


Fig.12 Head Liquid of 835MHz(15cm)



Fig.13 Body Liquid of 835MHz(15cm)



Fig.14 Head Liquid of 1900MHz(15cm)



Fig.15 Body Liquid of 1900MHz(15cm)

ANNEX C

of

CCIC-SET

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-02836

Mobile phone

Type Name: G30

Hardware Version: M11_V1.01_PCB

Software Version: HW-W816-H01-S006

Sample Photographs

This Annex consists of 2 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-03

1. Appearance



Appearance and size (obverse)



Appearance and size (reverse)

ANNEX D

of

CCIC-SET

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-02836

Mobile phone

Type Name: G30

Hardware Version: M11_V1.01_PCB

Software Version: HW-W816-H01-S006

System Performance Check Data and Highest SAR Plots

This Annex consists of 24 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-03

**GRAPH TEST RESULTS**

BAND	PAPAMETERS
GSM 850	Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Flat Plane with Back Body device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Flat Plane with Back Body device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
GSM 1900	Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Flat Plane with Back Body device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Flat Plane with Back Body device position on Middle Channel in GPRS mode
WCDMA 850	Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode Flat Plane with Back Body device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
WCDMA 1900	Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode Flat Plane with Back Body device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode

System Performance Check (Head, 835MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement:06/03/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 51 seconds

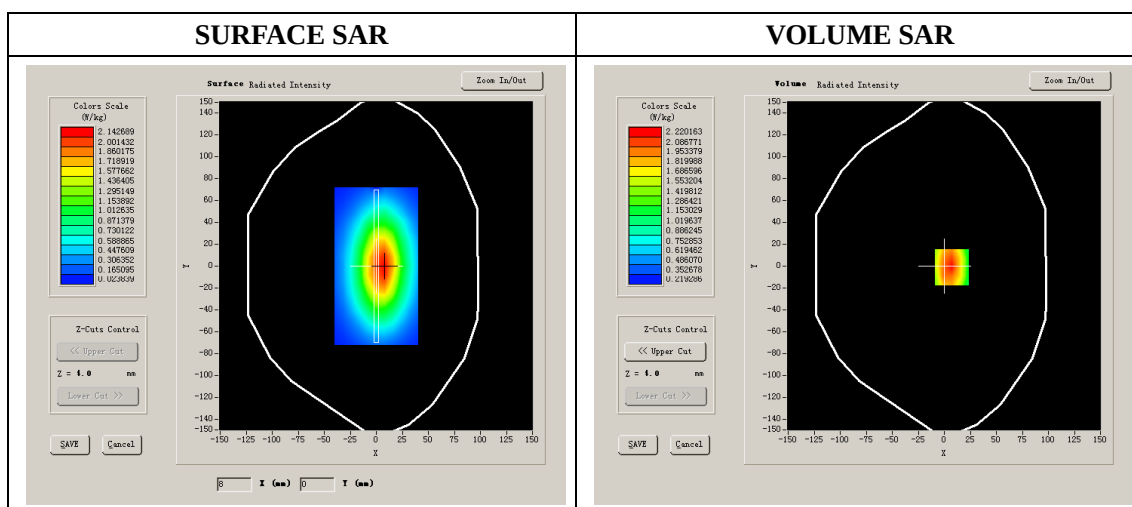
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.45
Relative permittivity	15.07
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Power drift (%)	0.120000
Ambient Temperature:	23.2 °C
Liquid Temperature:	23.4 °C
ConvF:	5.51
Duty factor:	1:1



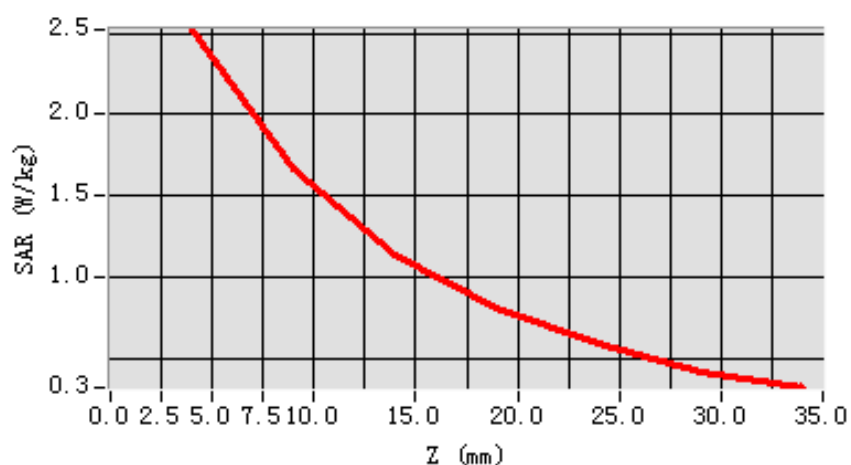
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.822168
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.451246

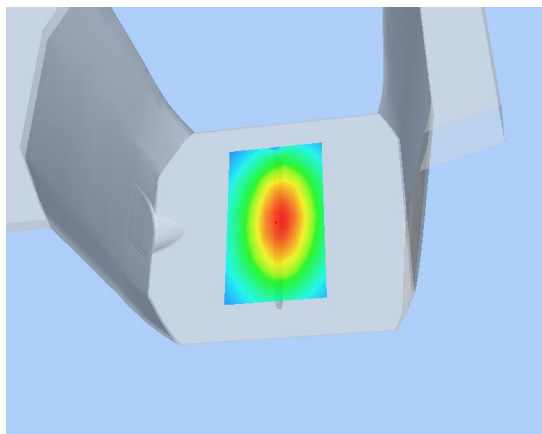
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5214	1.6624	1.1451	0.8065	0.5875	0.4153

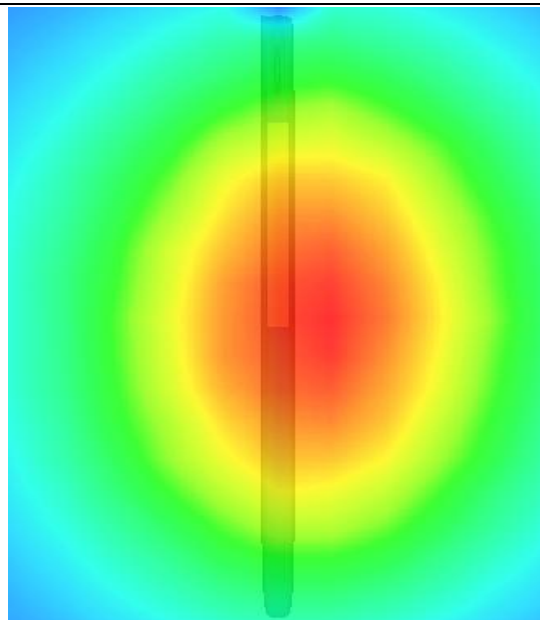
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 7, Y = -1)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check (Head, 1900MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 06/03/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 55 seconds

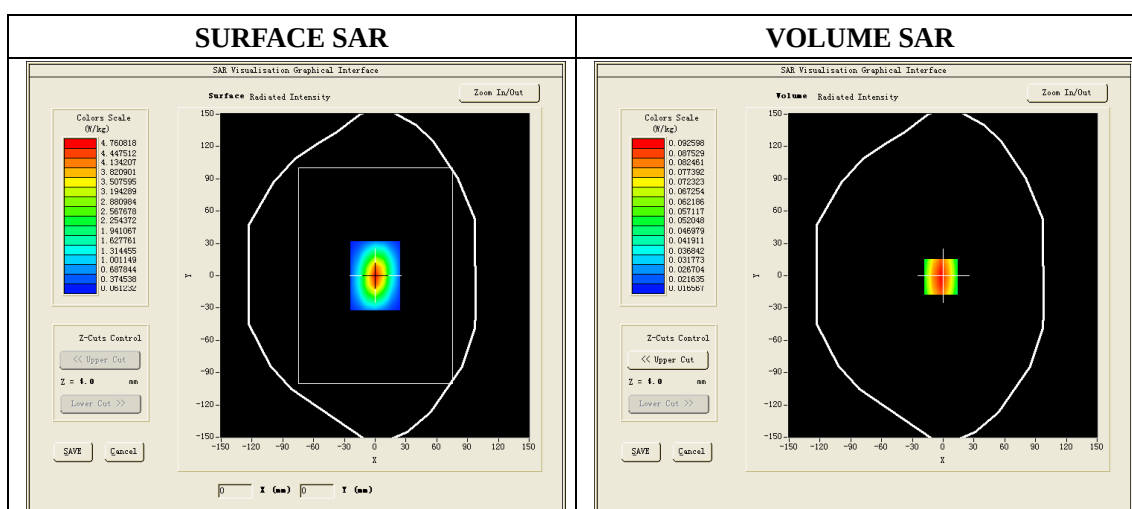
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	
Band	1900MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.98
Relative permittivity	15.07
Conductivity (S/m)	1.41
Power drift (%)	-0.210000
Ambient Temperature:	23.2 °C
Liquid Temperature:	23.4 °C
ConvF:	5.49
Duty factor:	1:1

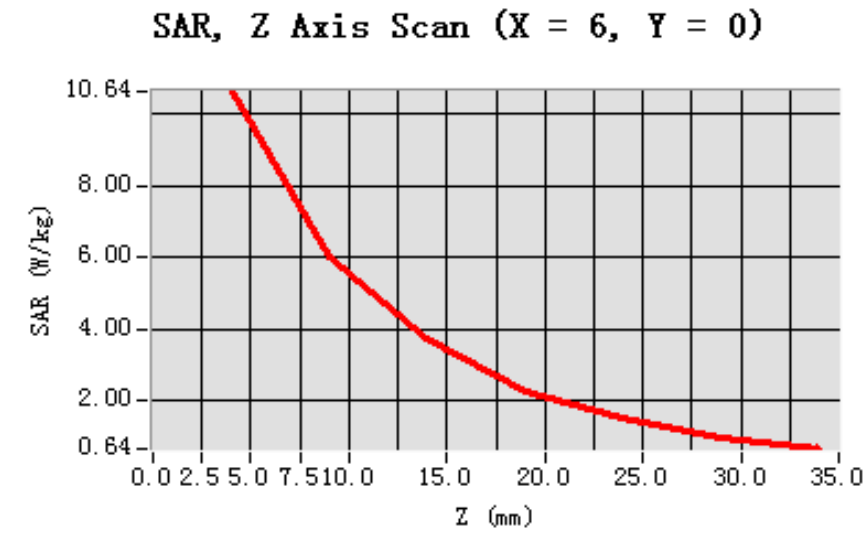


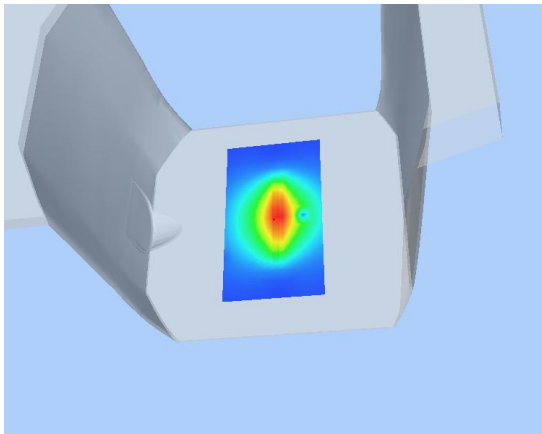
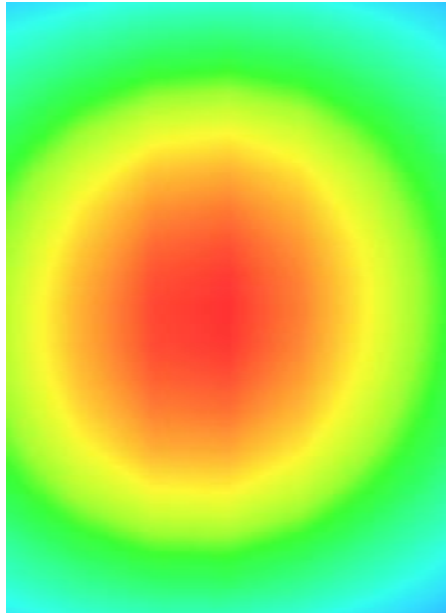
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.151372
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.792462

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.6418	6.0044	3.7296	2.2605	1.5117	0.9790



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check (Body, 835MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 07/03/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 58 seconds

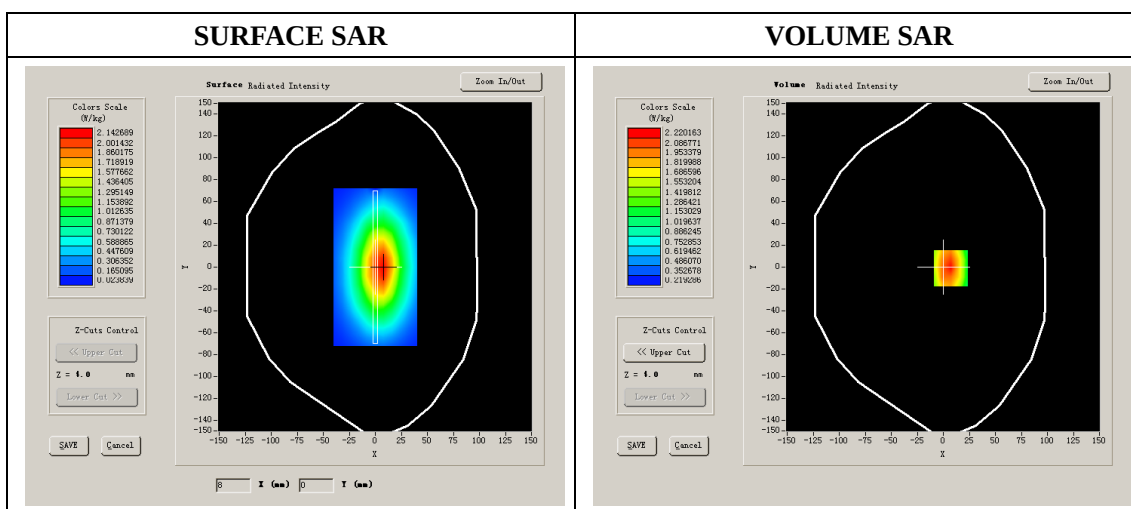
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.26
Relative permittivity	21.71
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Power drift (%)	0.260000
Ambient Temperature:	23.2 °C
Liquid Temperature:	23.5 °C
ConvF:	5.68
Duty factor:	1:1



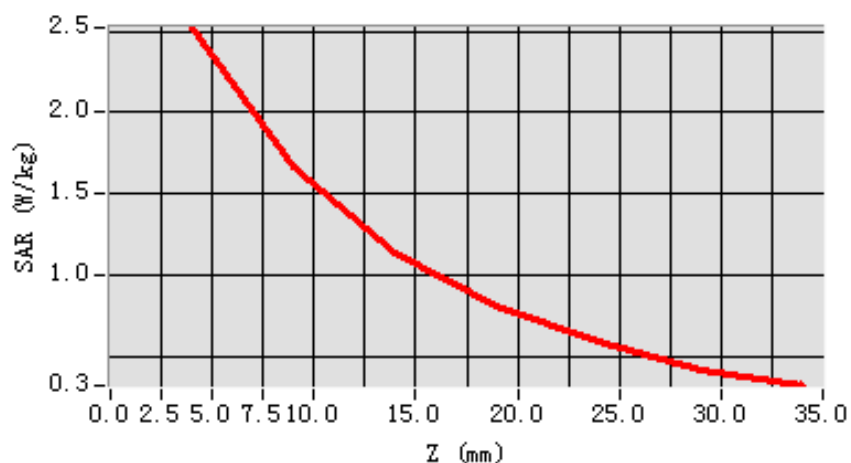
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.740156
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.462178

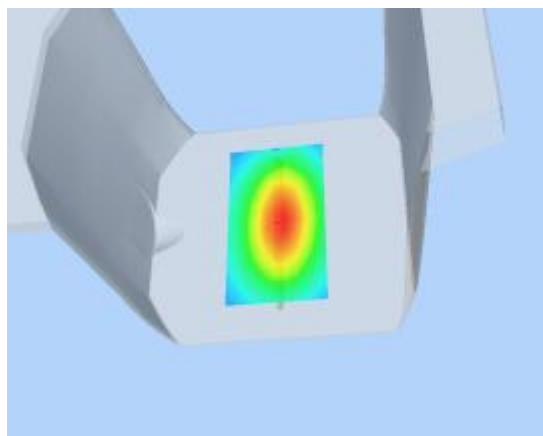
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5212	1.6645	1.1443	0.8082	0.5893	0.4148

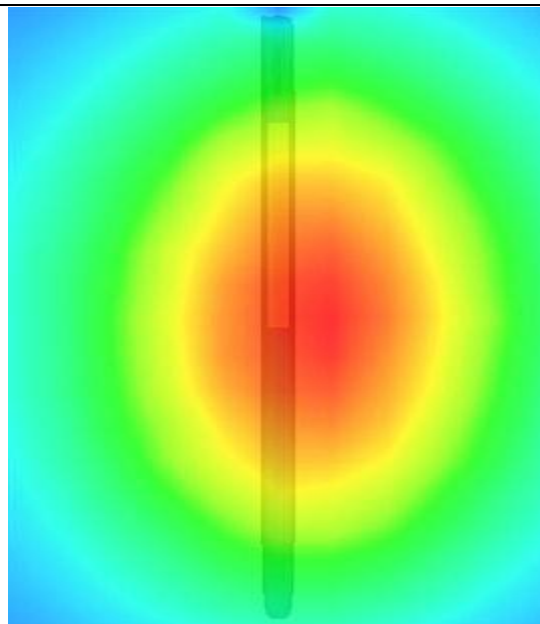
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 7, Y = -1)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check (Body, 1900MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 07/03/2015

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 01 seconds

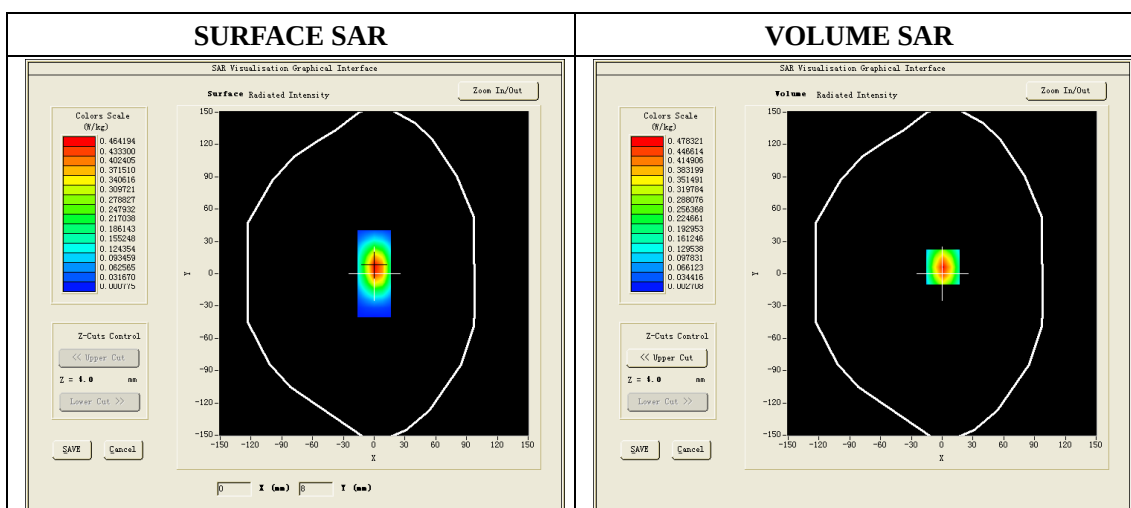
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	1900MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.28
Relative permittivity	12.99
Conductivity (S/m)	1.53
Power Drift (%)	0.240000
Ambient Temperature:	23.0 °C
Liquid Temperature:	22.8 °C
ConvF:	5.65
Duty factor:	1:1



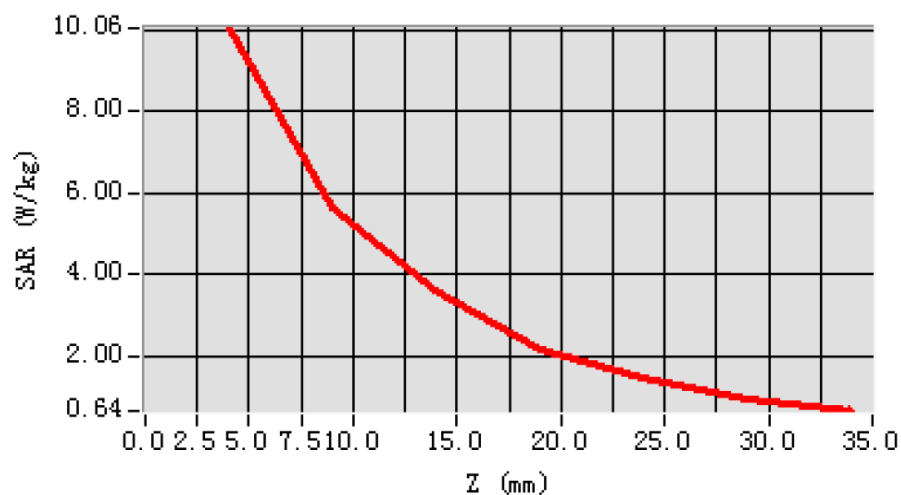
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=6.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.221432
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.980242

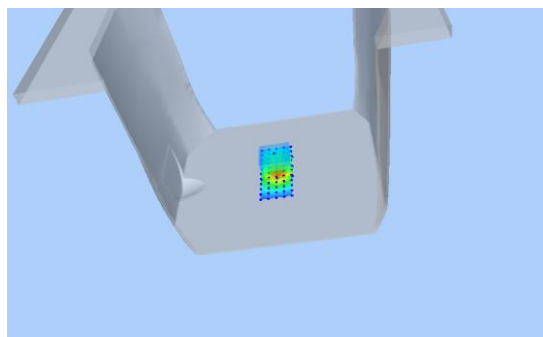
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.0613	5.7282	3.6529	2.0314

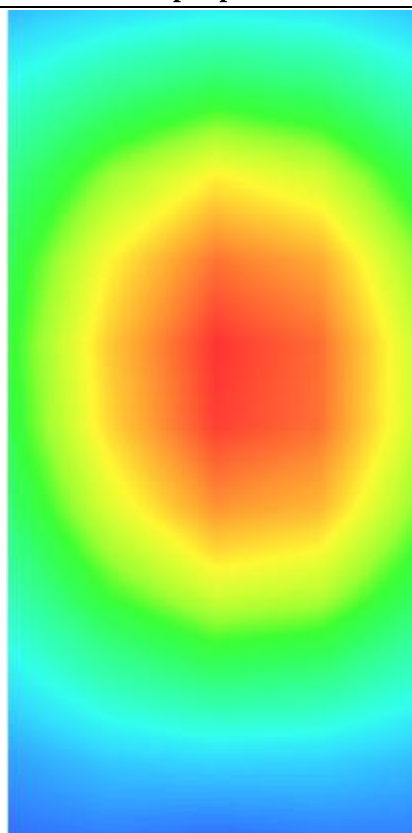
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 1, Y = 6)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



GSM850, Right Cheek, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 6/3/2015

Measurement duration: 6 minutes 35 seconds

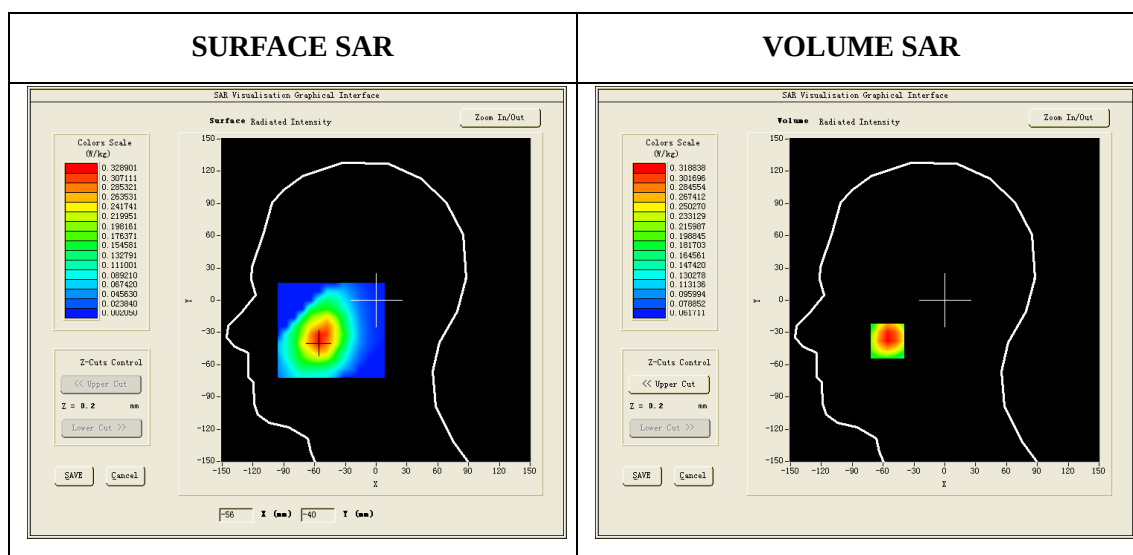
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	190
Signal	GSM (Duty cycle: 1:8)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.45
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.07
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	1.020000
ConvF:	5.51



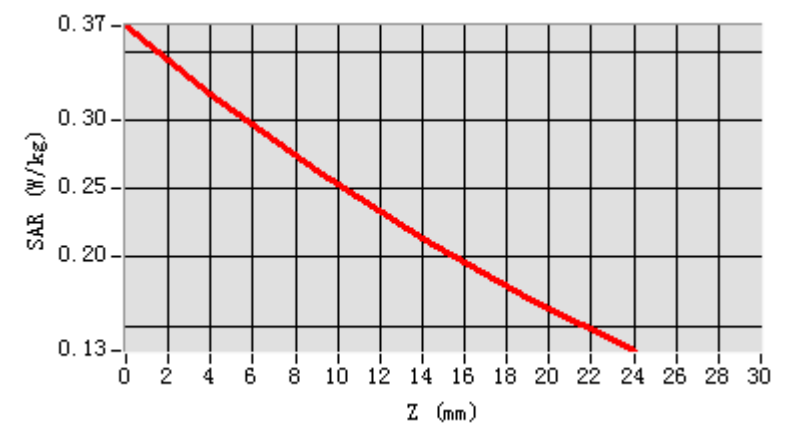
Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-38.00

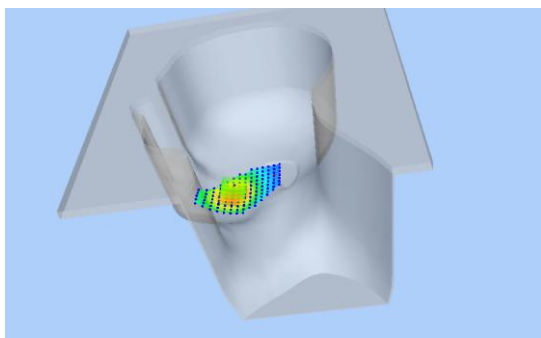
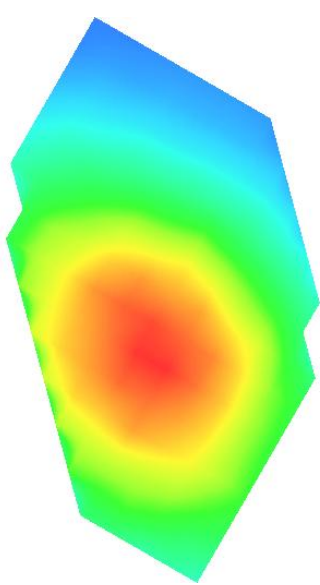
SAR Peak: 0.38 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.228789
----------------	----------

SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.309366
---------------	----------

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.3685	0.3188	0.2629	0.2135	0.1700



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

GSM850, Back, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 7/3/2015

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 32 seconds

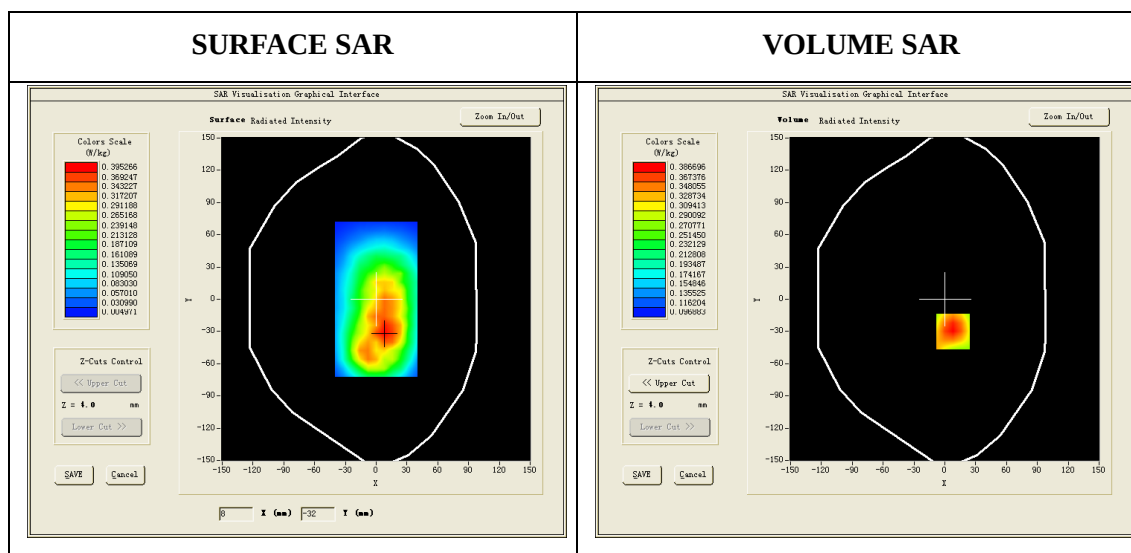
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GSM850
Channels	190
Signal	GSM(Duty cycle: 1:8)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.4
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.26
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.71
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Variation (%)	-2.470000
ConvF:	5.68



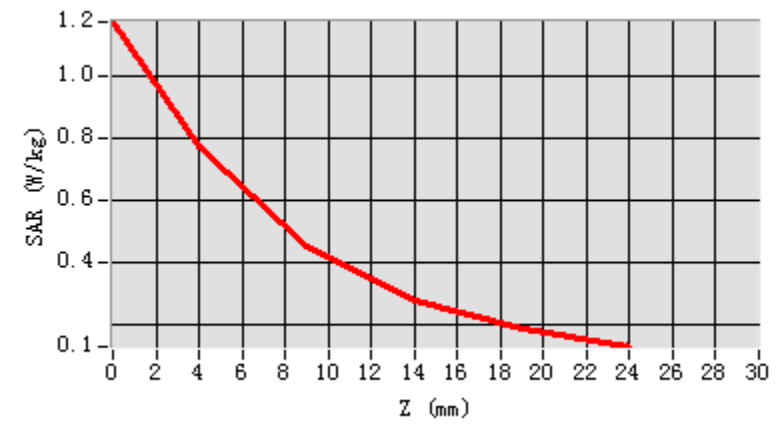
Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-32.00

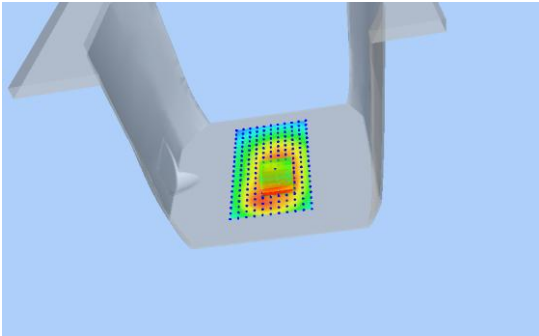
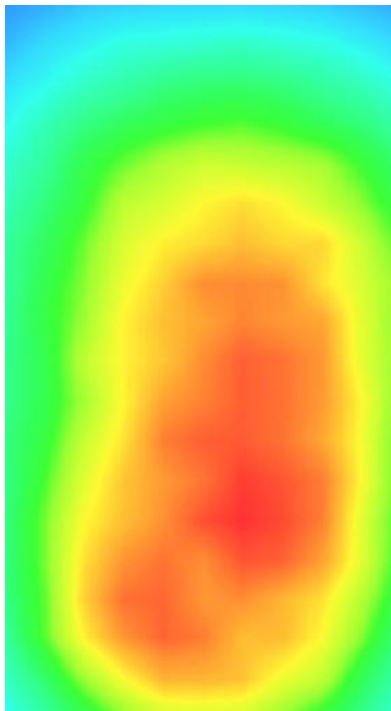
SAR Peak: 1.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.603538
----------------	----------

SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.911625
---------------	----------

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1744	0.7720	0.4540	0.2776	0.1847



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

GPRS 850, Back, Low

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 7/3/2014

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 8 seconds

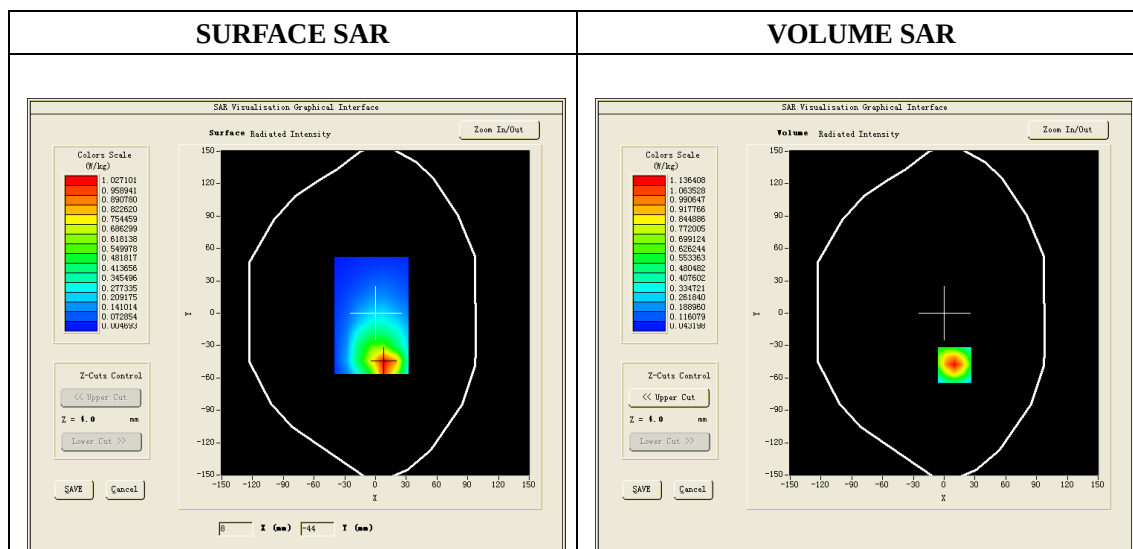
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	CUSTOM (GPRS850_2Tx)
Channels	128
Signal	GPRS(Duty cycle: 1:4)

B.SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.29
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.73
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Variation (%)	-0.300000
ConvF:	5.68

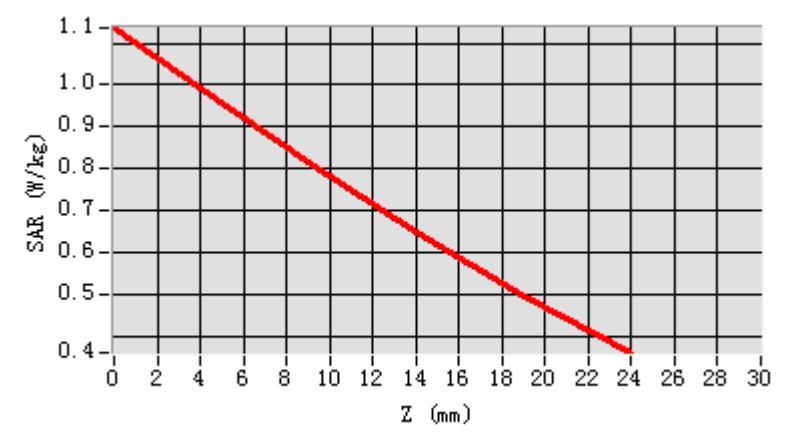


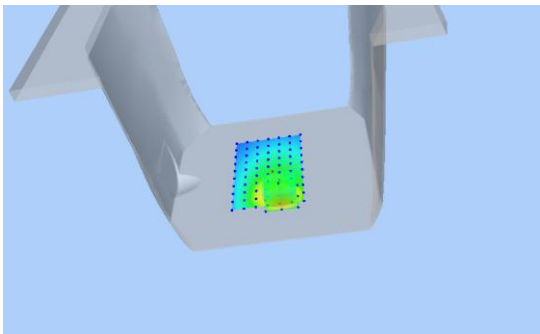
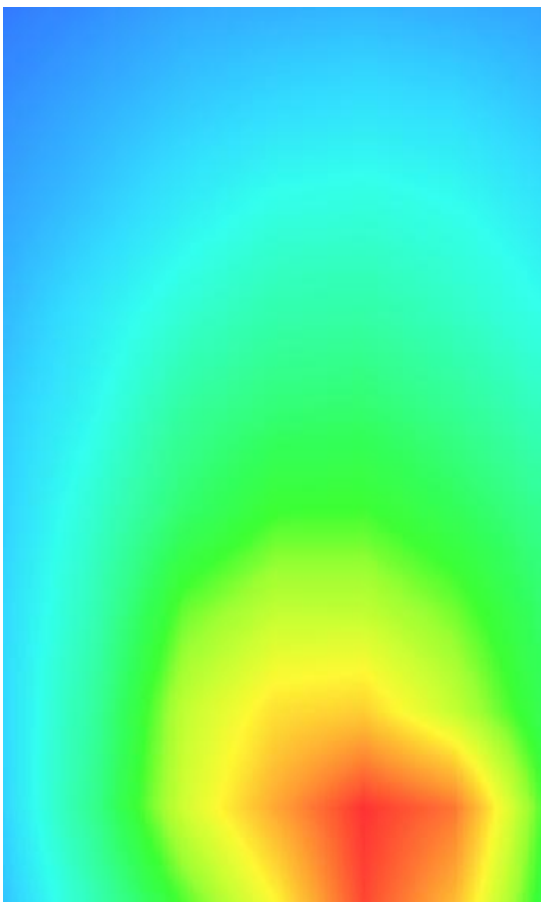
Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=-48.00

SAR Peak: 1.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.714565
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.980613

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1361	0.9915	0.8161	0.6493	0.4952



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

GSM1900, Right Cheek, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 6/3/2015

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 03 seconds

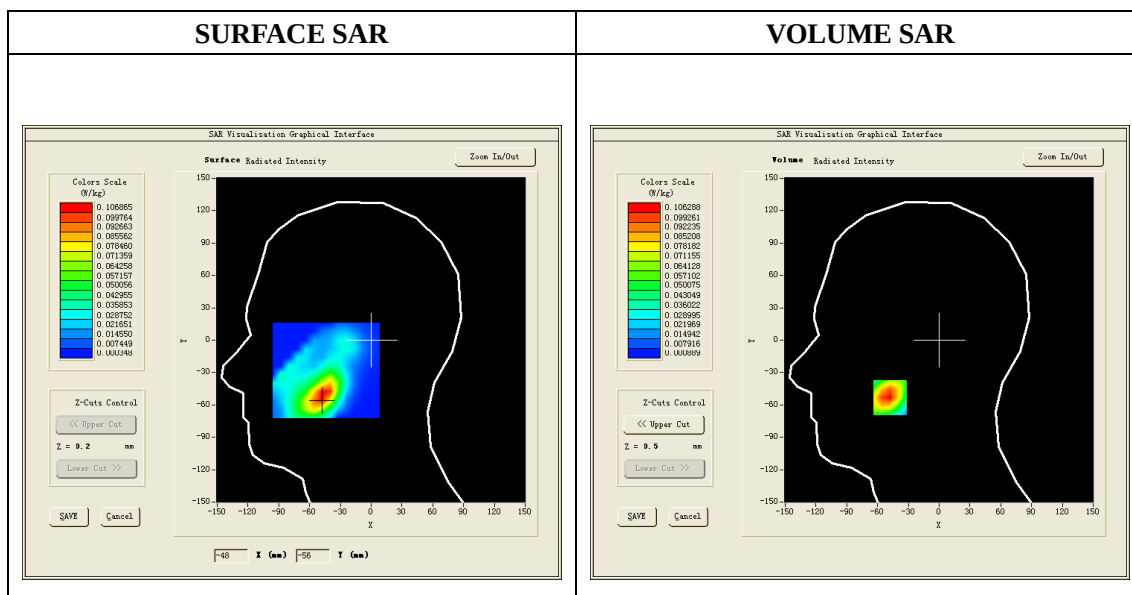
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GSM1900
Channels	512
Signal	GSM (Duty cycle: 1:8)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.98
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.36
Conductivity (S/m)	1.41
Variation (%)	-1.180000
ConvF:	5.49

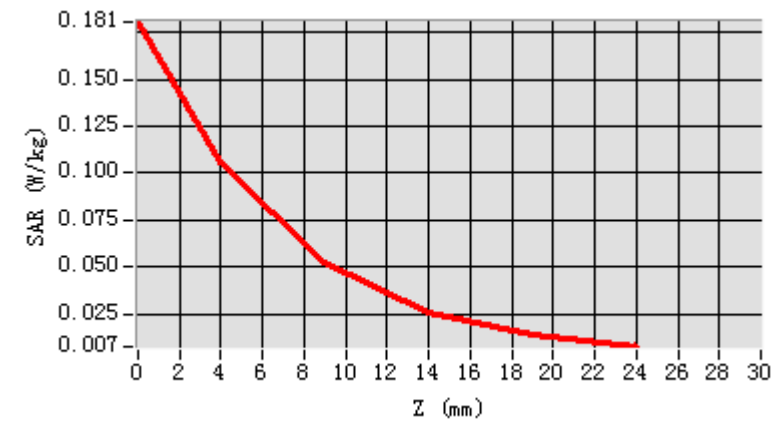


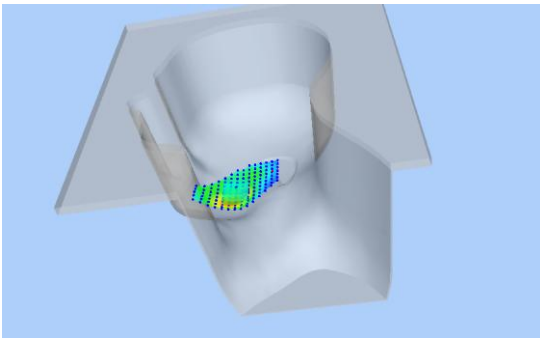
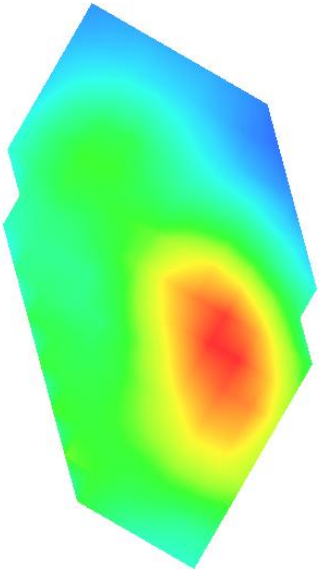
Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-53.00

SAR Peak: 0.18 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.050513
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.100818

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.1806	0.1063	0.0523	0.0258	0.0138



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

GSM1900, Back, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 7/3/2015

Measurement duration: 6 minutes 52 seconds

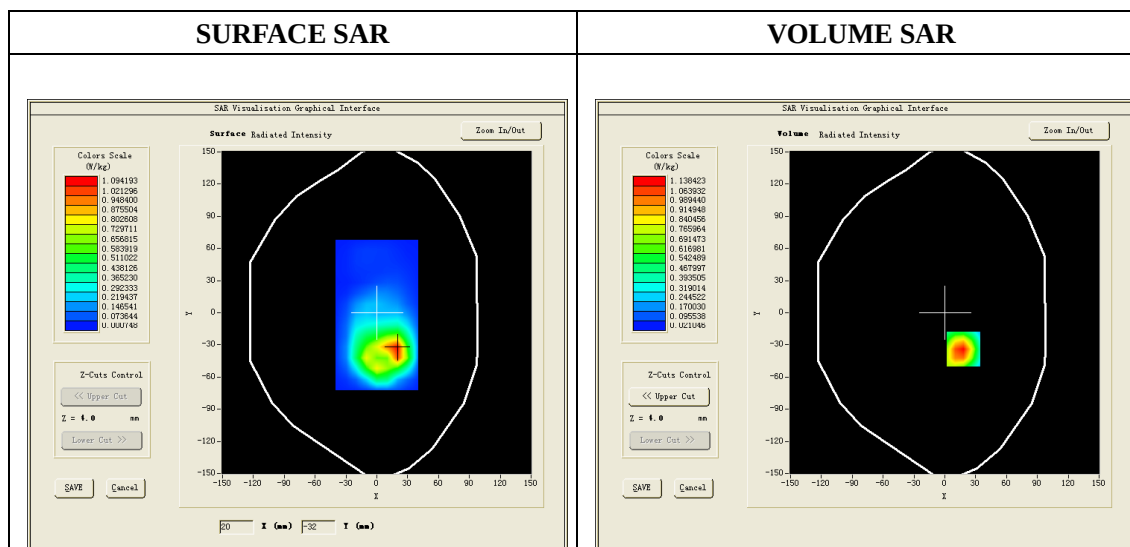
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GSM1900
Channels	512
Signal	GSM (Duty cycle: 1:8)

B. SAR Measurement Results

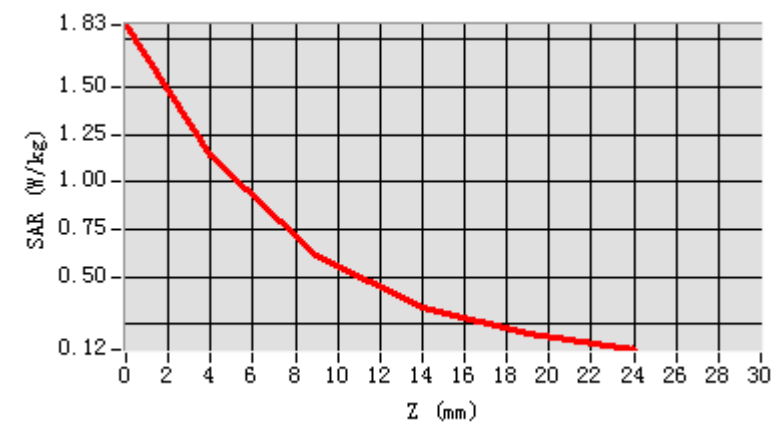
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.36
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.99
Conductivity (S/m)	1.53
Variation (%)	-3.010000
ConvF:	5.65

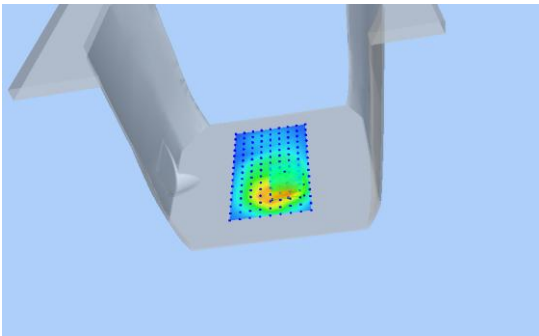
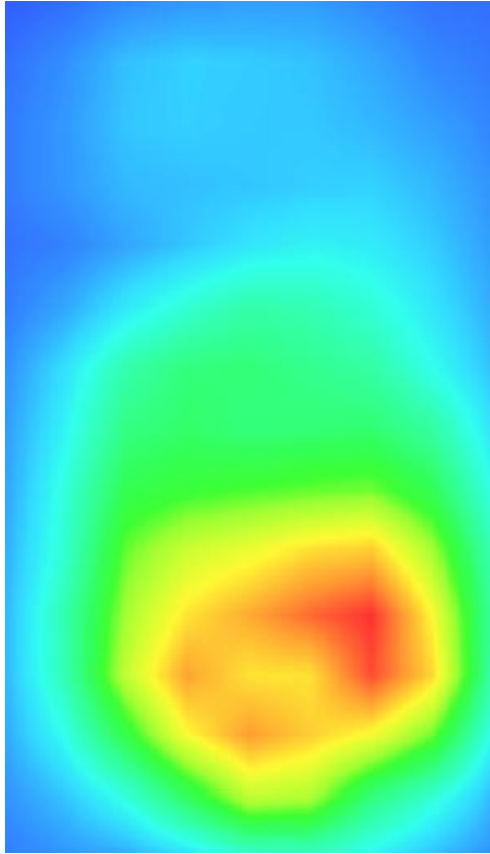


Maximum location: X=18.00, Y=-34.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.486231
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.988248

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.8262	1.1384	0.6134	0.3352	0.1963



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

GPRS1900, BACK, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 7/3/2015

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 31 seconds

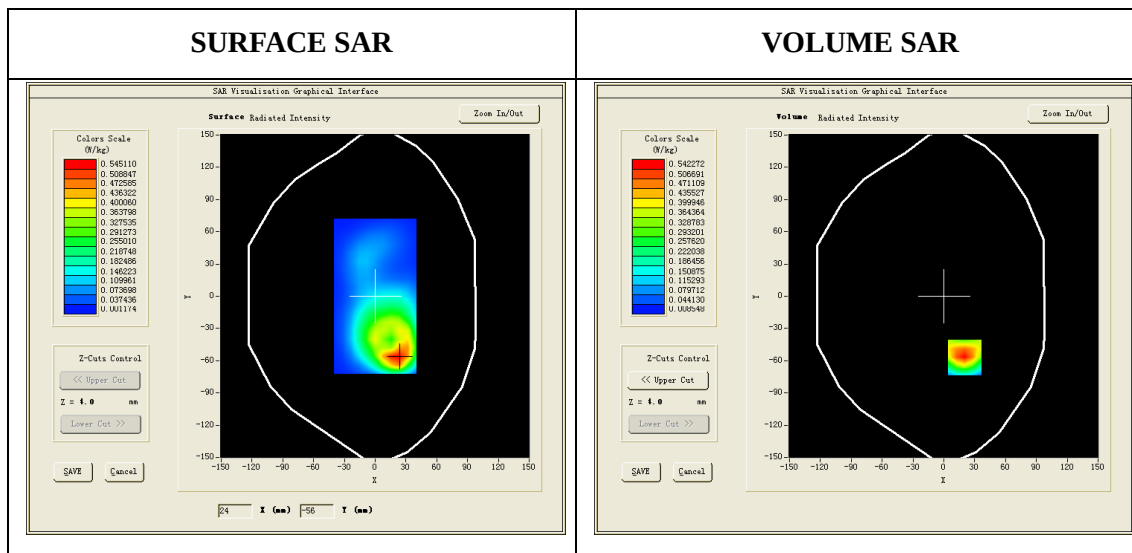
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	CUSTOM (GPRS1900_1Tx)
Channels	661
Signal	GPRS (Duty cycle: 1:8)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.28
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.99
Conductivity (S/m)	1.53
Variation (%)	2.920000
ConvF:	5.65

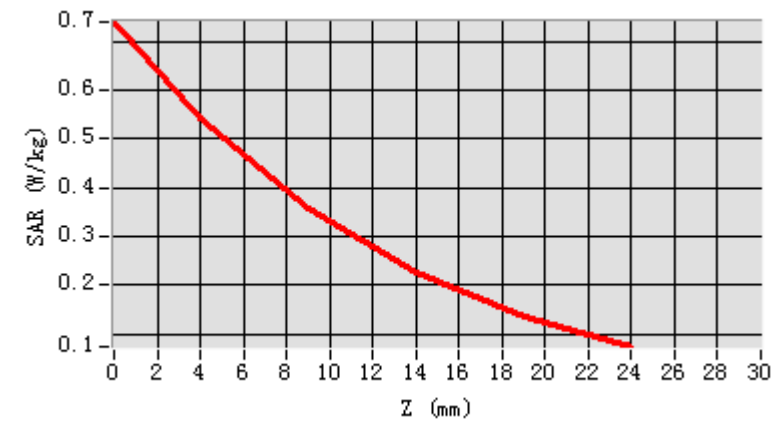


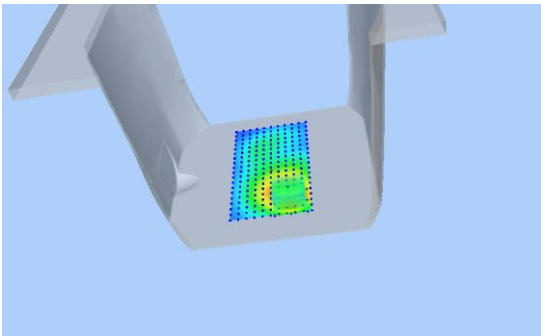
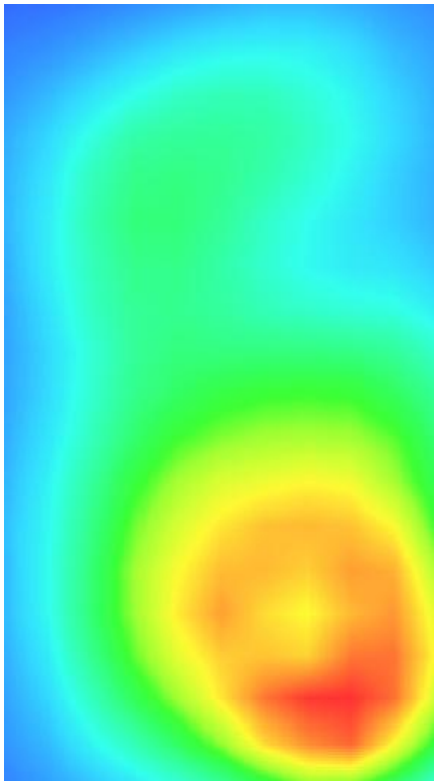
Maximum location: X=20.00, Y=-57.00

SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.294375
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.521617

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.7396	0.5423	0.3575	0.2273	0.1373



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

WCDMA850, Left Cheek, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 6/3/2015

Measurement duration: 6 minutes 53 seconds

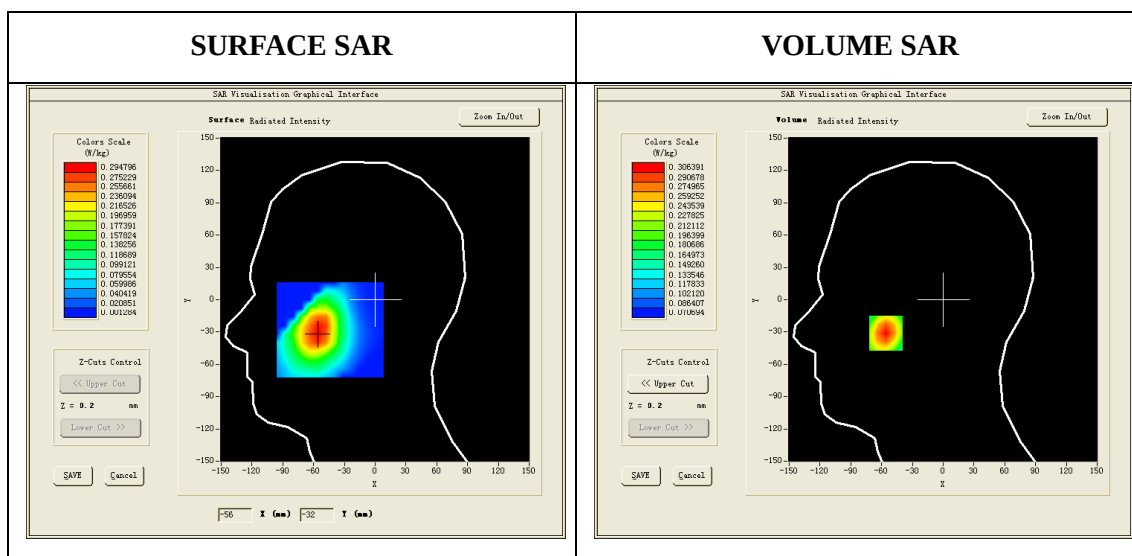
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	4183
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.45
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.07
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Variation (%)	-4.900000
ConvF:	5.51

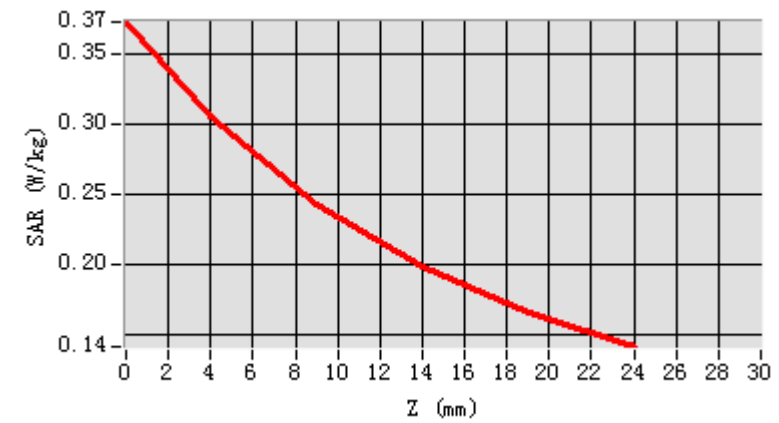


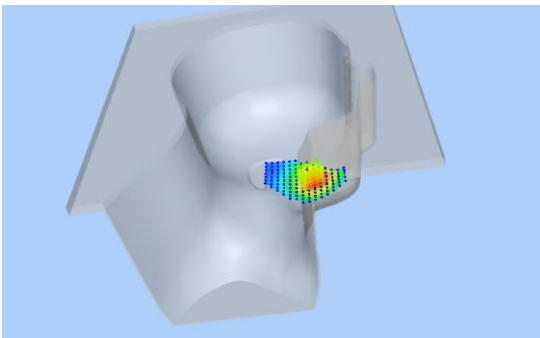
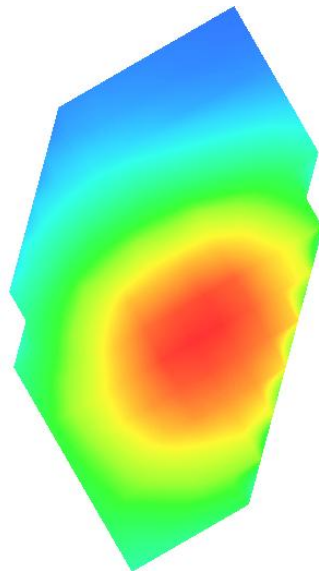
Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-31.00

SAR Peak: 0.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.217824
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.286146

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.3729	0.3064	0.2430	0.1980	0.1663



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

WCDMA850, Back, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement:7/3/2015

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 29 seconds

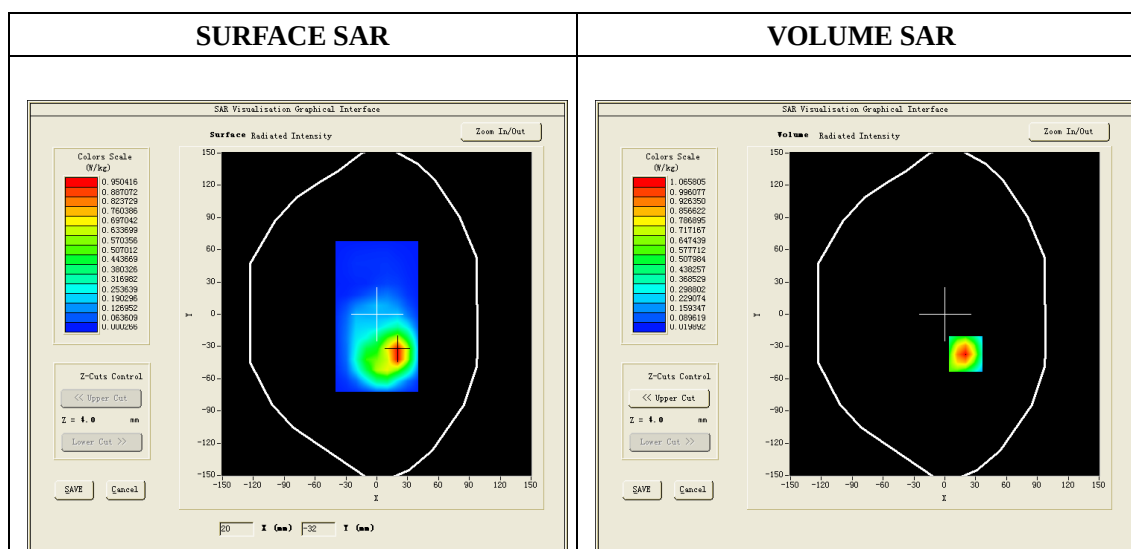
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	4183
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)

B. SAR Measurement Results

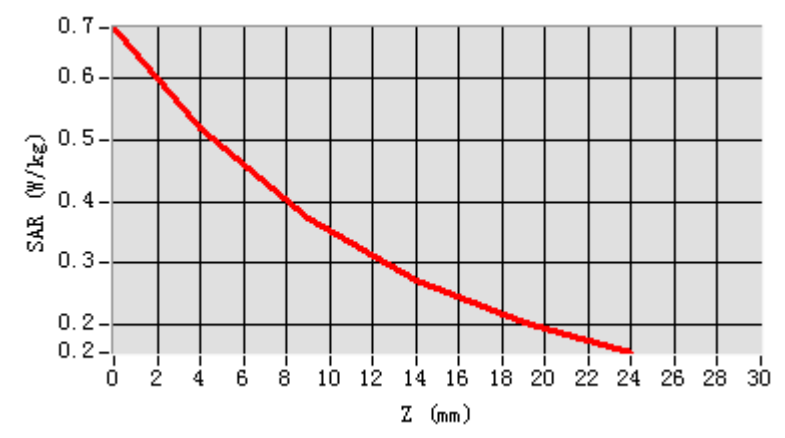
Frequency (MHz)	836.6.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.26
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.71
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98
Variation (%)	-0.420000
ConvF:	5.68

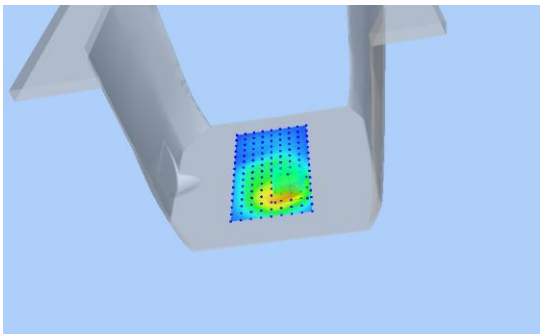
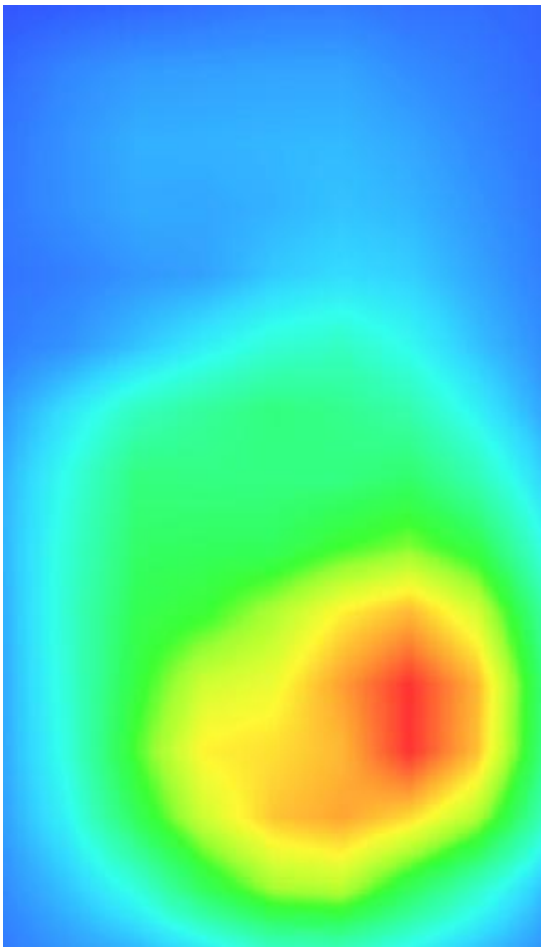


Maximum location: X=20.00, Y=-37.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.351970
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.519104

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6827	0.5199	0.3716	0.2711	0.2036



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

WCDMA1900, Left Cheek, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 6/3/2015

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 31 seconds

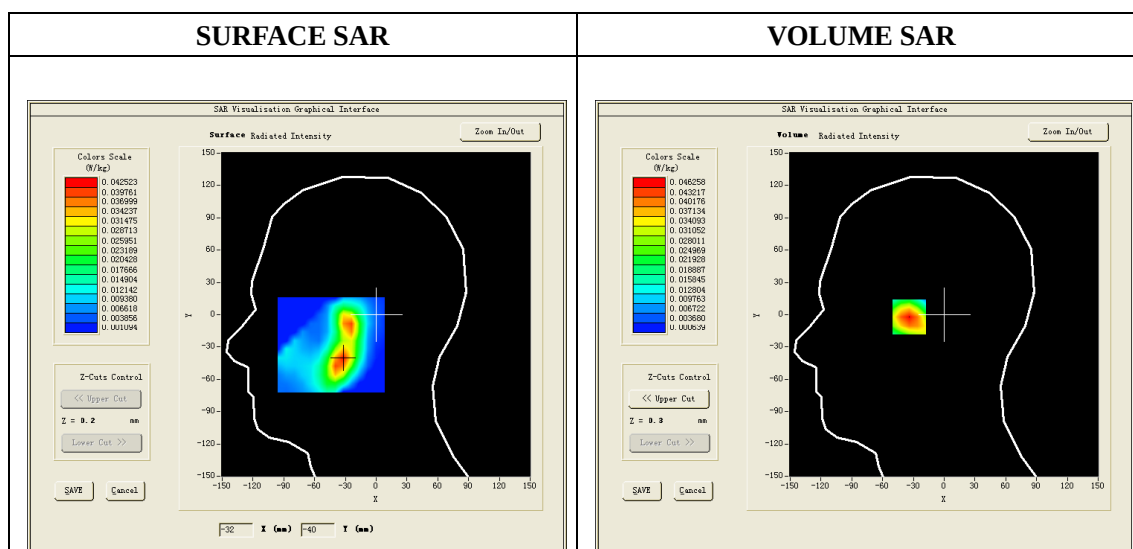
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Left head
Band	Cheek
Channels	9400
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.98
Relative permittivity (imaginary)	13.36
Conductivity (S/m)	1.41
Variation (%)	-1.280000
ConvF:	5.49

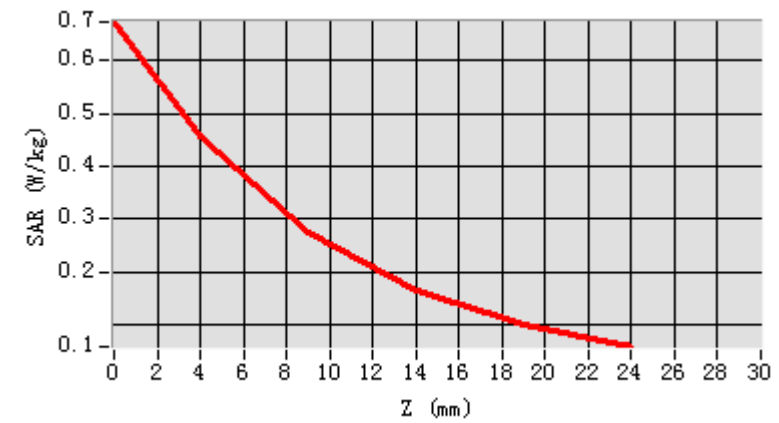


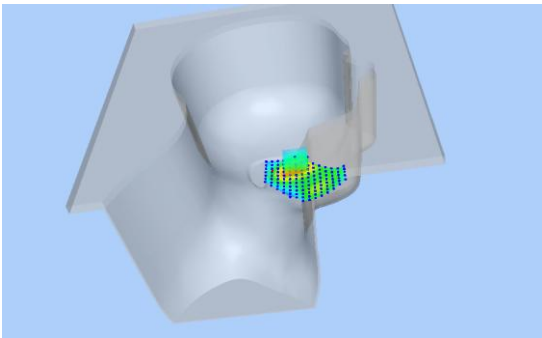
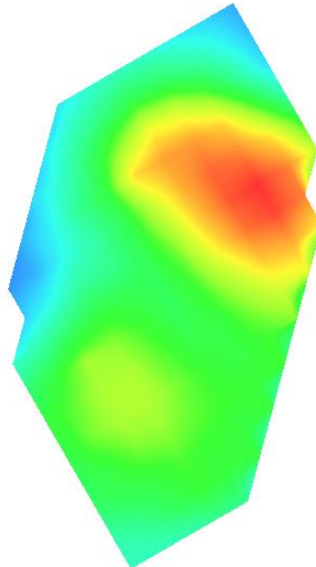
Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=-1.00

SAR Peak: 0.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.129329
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.248168

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6734	0.4563	0.2747	0.1647	0.0997



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

WCDMA1900, BACK, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Very fast, 11 points in the volume)

Date of measurement: 7/3/2015

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 37 seconds

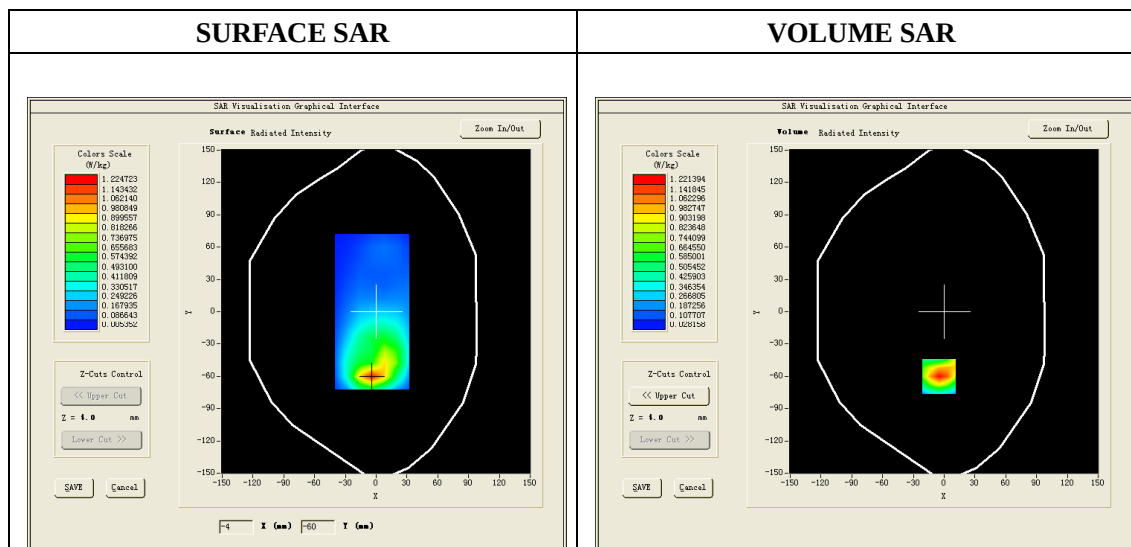
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
Channels	9400
Signal	WCDMA (Duty cycle: 1:1)

B. SAR Measurement Results

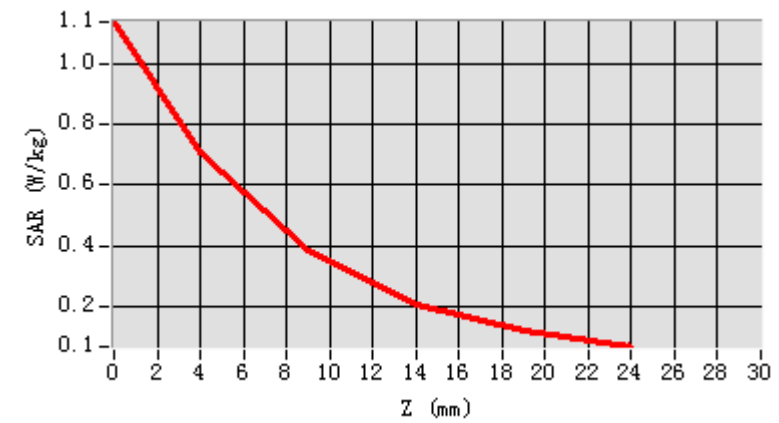
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.28
Relative permittivity (imaginary)	12.99
Conductivity (S/m)	1.53
Variation (%)	-0.710000
ConvF:	5.65

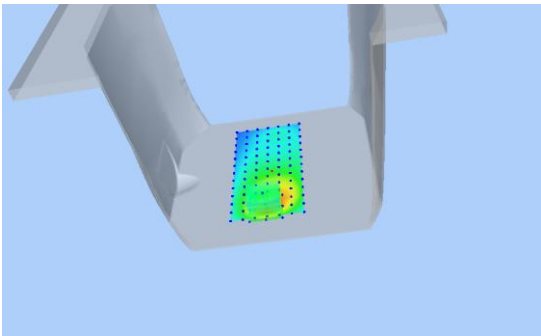
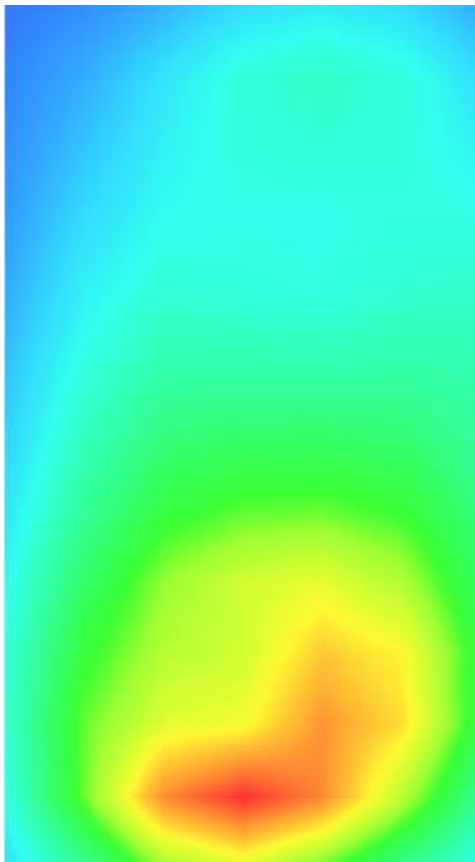


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-60.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.246409
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.485982

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1351	0.7099	0.3837	0.2094	0.1214



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

ANNEX E

of

CCIC-SET

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-02836

Mobile phone

Type Name: G30

Hardware Version: M11_V1.01_PCB

Software Version: HW-W816-H01-S006

Calibration Certificate of Probe and Dipoles

This Annex consists of 33 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-03

Probe Calibration Certificate**COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.96.2.14.SATU.A

**CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT
TESTING (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd**
ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, SHAHE ROAD, XILI
TOWN, SHENZHEN, P.R. CHINA (POST CODE:518055)
SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 09/13 EP169

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



04/05/14

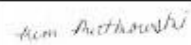
Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.96.2.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	04/05/2014	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	04/05/2014	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	04/08/2014	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	04/08/2014	Initial release

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR-96.2.14.SATUA

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SSE5
Serial Number	SN 09/13 EP169
Product Condition (new / used)	new
Frequency Range of Probe	0.7 GHz-3GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.223 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.233 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.222 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.96.2.14.SATU.A

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.733%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.733%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.886%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.310%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.733%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.886%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.733%

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.96.2.14.SATU.A

Combined standard uncertainty					5.832%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.1%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	23 °C
Lab Temperature	23 °C
Lab Humidity	58 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

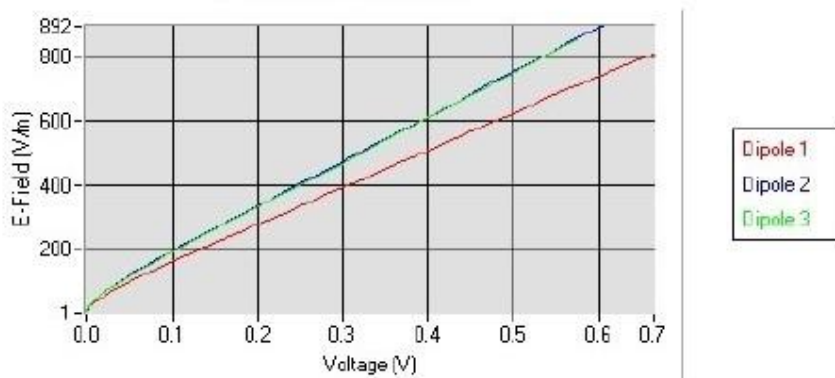
Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
7.23	6.10	5.74

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
93.2	93.1	90.2

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ ($i=1,2,3$) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

Calibration curves



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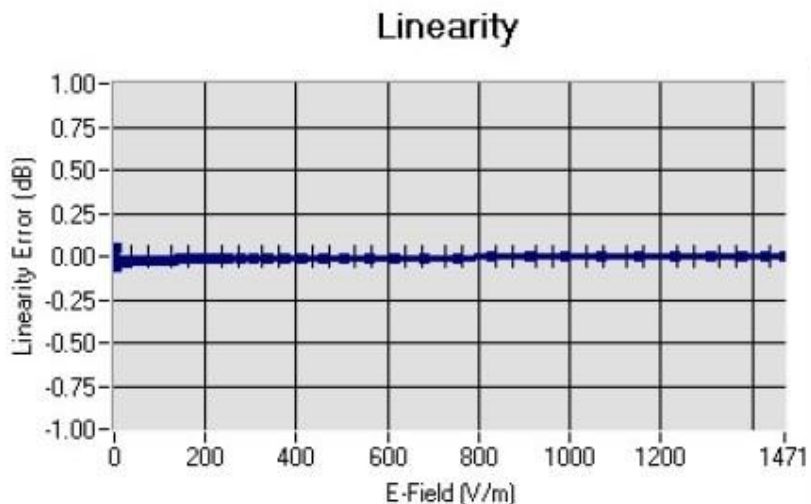
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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.96.2.14.SATU.A

5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: $\pm 1.42\%$ ($\pm 0.06\text{dB}$)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz $\pm$ 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL850	835	42.56	0.87	5.51
BL850	835	55.26	0.97	5.68
HL900	900	41.79	0.97	5.20
BL900	900	55.98	1.05	5.33
HL1800	1750	40.17	1.39	4.80
BL1800	1750	52.05	1.49	4.94
HL1900	1880	39.80	1.45	5.49
BL1900	1880	52.55	1.52	5.65
HL2000	1950	38.93	1.42	4.80
BL2000	1950	53.12	1.50	5.02
HL2450	2450	38.64	1.83	4.81
BL2450	2450	52.02	1.95	4.91

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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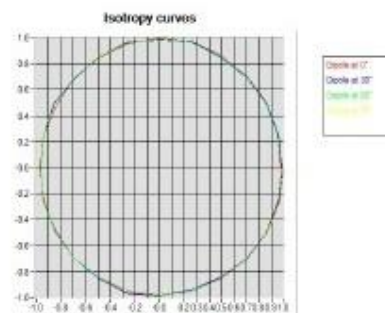
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.96.2.14.SATU.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

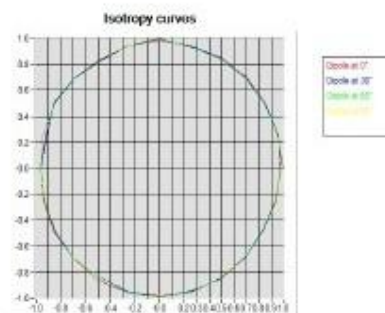
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.04 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB



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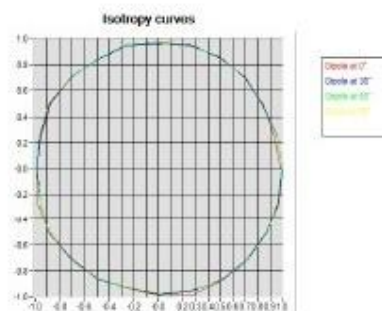


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR-96.2.14.SATU.A

HL2450 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.07 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.96.2.14.SATU.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EP 94 SN 37/08	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	11/2013	11/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2013	11/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	11/2013	11/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	3/2014	3/2016

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SID835 Dipole Calibration Certificate**SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.240.1.14.SATU.A

**CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT
TESTING (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD**
ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, SHAHE ROAD, XILI
TOWN
SHENZHEN, P.R. CHINA (POST CODE:518055)
SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE
FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 09/13 DIP0G835-217

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



08/28/14

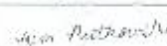
Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.240.1.14 SATU.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/29/2014	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/29/2014	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	8/29/2014	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT TESTING (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	8/29/2014	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 09/13 DIP0G835-217
Product Condition (new / used)	used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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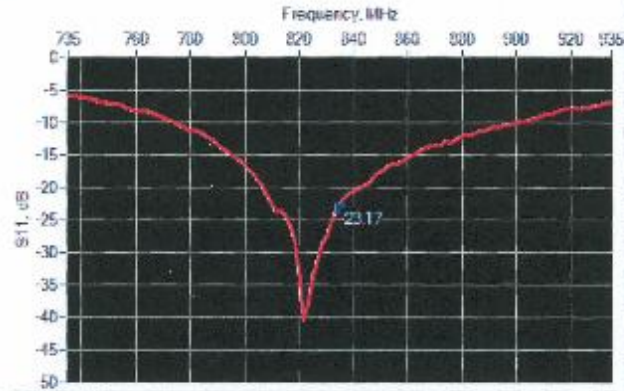


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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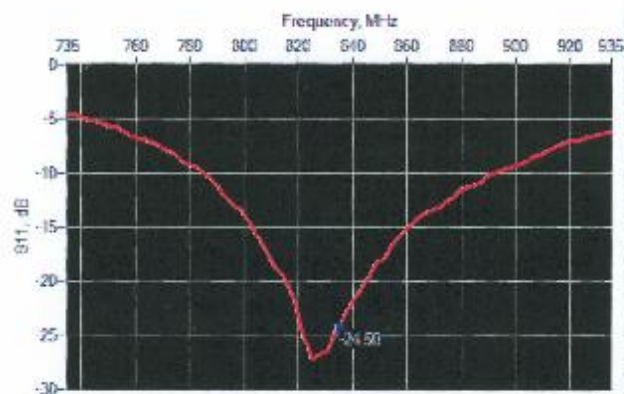
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-23.17	-20	$57.4 \Omega - 0.2 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-24.50	-20	$55.0 \Omega + 3.9 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 $\pm$ 1 %		250.0 $\pm$ 1 %		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %	
450	290.0 $\pm$ 1 %		156.7 $\pm$ 1 %		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %	
750	176.0 $\pm$ 1 %		100.0 $\pm$ 1 %		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %	
835	161.0 $\pm$ 1 %	PASS	89.8 $\pm$ 1 %	PASS	3.6 $\pm$ 1 %	PASS

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900	149.0 ±1 %		83.3 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1450	89.1 ±1 %		51.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1500	80.5 ±1 %		50.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1640	79.0 ±1 %		45.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1750	75.2 ±1 %		42.9 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1800	72.0 ±1 %		41.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1900	68.0 ±1 %		39.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1950	66.3 ±1 %		38.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2000	64.5 ±1 %		37.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2100	61.0 ±1 %		35.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2300	55.5 ±1 %		32.6 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2450	51.5 ±1 %		30.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2600	48.5 ±1 %		28.8 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3000	41.5 ±1 %		25.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3500	37.0 ±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3700	34.7 ±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r)		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	

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Ref: ACR.240.1.14.SATU.A

2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPEN SAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_r : 42.3 σ : 0.92
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.72 (0.98)	6.22	6.30 (0.63)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	

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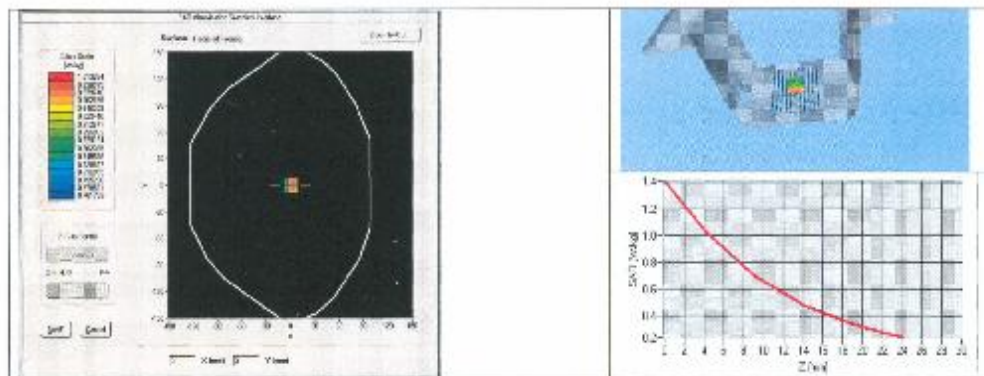
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2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r)		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.80 $\pm$ 5 %	
300	58.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.92 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	56.7 $\pm$ 5 %		0.94 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	55.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.96 $\pm$ 5 %	
835	55.2 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
900	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.05 $\pm$ 5 %	
915	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.06 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	54.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.30 $\pm$ 5 %	
1610	53.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2000	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	53.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.62 $\pm$ 5 %	
2450	52.7 $\pm$ 5 %		1.95 $\pm$ 5 %	
2600	52.5 $\pm$ 5 %		2.16 $\pm$ 5 %	
3000	52.0 $\pm$ 5 %		2.73 $\pm$ 5 %	
3500	51.3 $\pm$ 5 %		3.31 $\pm$ 5 %	
5200	49.0 $\pm$ 10 %		5.30 $\pm$ 10 %	
5300	48.9 $\pm$ 10 %		5.42 $\pm$ 10 %	
5400	48.7 $\pm$ 10 %		5.53 $\pm$ 10 %	

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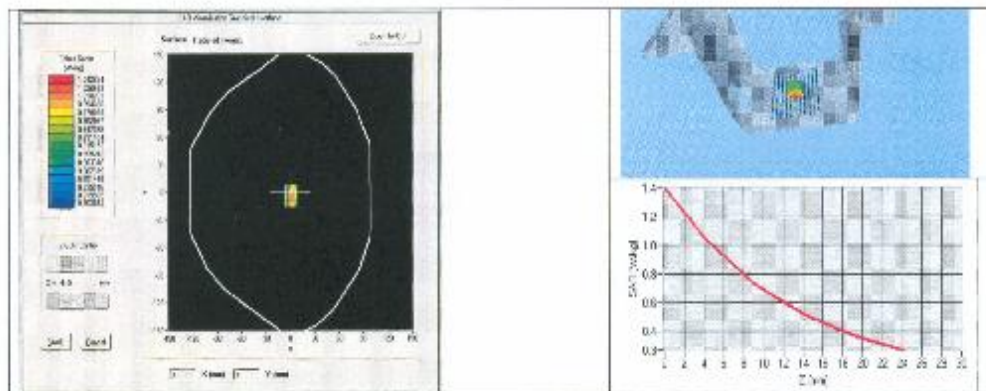
Ref: ACR 340 1 14 SATUA

5500	48.5 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20:09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18:11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: ϵ_{ps}^1 : 54.1 sigma : 0.97
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	10.31 (1.03)	6.74 (0.67)



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Rev. ACR 240114 SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2013	10/2014
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-861-9	8/2012	8/2015

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SID1900 Dipole Calibration Certificate**SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.240.4.14.SATU.A

**CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT
TESTING (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD**
ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, SHAHE ROAD, XILI
TOWN
SHENZHEN, P.R. CHINA (POST CODE:518055)
SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE
FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 09/13 DIP1G900-218

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



08/28/14

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR240414.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/29/2014	<i>JS</i>
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/29/2014	<i>JS</i>
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	8/29/2014	<i>Kim Rutkowski</i>

	Customer Name
Distribution :	CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT TESTING (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	8/29/2014	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID1900
Serial Number	SN 09/13 DIP1G900-218
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k = 2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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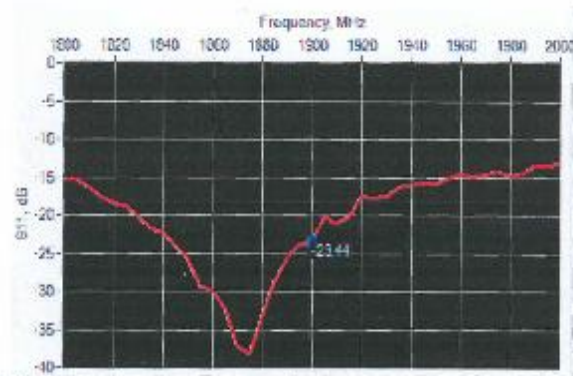


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Ref: ACR 200.414 SATIM-A

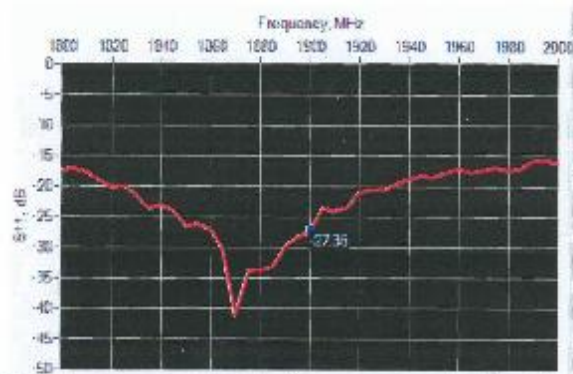
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-23.44	-20	$55.4 \Omega + 5.2 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-27.36	-20	$51.7 \Omega + 4.4 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	$420.0 \pm 1 \%$		$250.0 \pm 1 \%$		$6.35 \pm 1 \%$	
450	$290.0 \pm 1 \%$		$166.7 \pm 1 \%$		$6.35 \pm 1 \%$	
750	$176.0 \pm 1 \%$		$100.0 \pm 1 \%$		$6.35 \pm 1 \%$	
835	$161.0 \pm 1 \%$		$89.8 \pm 1 \%$		$3.5 \pm 1 \%$	

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900	149.3 ±1 %		83.3 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1450	89.1 ±1 %		51.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1500	80.5 ±1 %		50.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1640	79.0 ±1 %		45.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1750	75.2 ±1 %		42.9 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1800	72.0 ±1 %		41.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
1900	68.0 ±1 %	PASS	39.5 ±1 %	PASS	3.6 ±1 %	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %		38.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2000	64.5 ±1 %		37.5 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2100	61.0 ±1 %		35.7 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2300	55.5 ±1 %		32.6 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2450	51.5 ±1 %		30.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
2600	48.5 ±1 %		28.8 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3000	41.5 ±1 %		25.0 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3500	37.0 ±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	
3700	34.7 ±1 %		26.4 ±1 %		3.6 ±1 %	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEM/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r)		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.5 ±5 %		0.85 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.70 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1540	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	

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Ref: ACR240-016 SATULA

2100	59.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	59.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	59.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	59.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	58.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	57.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 2009 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: $\epsilon_{\text{ps}}' : 41.1$ $\sigma_{\text{ps}} : 1.42$
Distance between dipole center and liquid	13.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8\text{mm}/dy=8\text{mm}$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8\text{mm}/dy=8\text{mm}/dz=5\text{mm}$
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.26	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		5.22	
900	10.9		5.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.2	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	40.97 (4.04)	20.5	20.62 (2.06)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	

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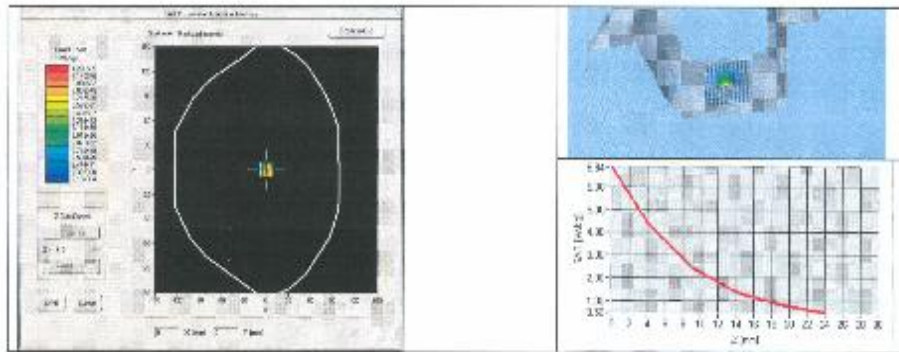
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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR260.1.14 SATULA

2450	52.4		24	
2500	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r)		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	51.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.80 $\pm$ 5 %	
300	58.7 $\pm$ 5 %		0.93 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	56.7 $\pm$ 5 %		0.94 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	55.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.96 $\pm$ 5 %	
835	55.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	
900	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.05 $\pm$ 5 %	
915	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.06 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	54.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.30 $\pm$ 5 %	
1610	53.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
2000	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	53.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.62 $\pm$ 5 %	
2450	52.7 $\pm$ 5 %		1.95 $\pm$ 5 %	
2600	52.5 $\pm$ 5 %		2.16 $\pm$ 5 %	
3000	52.0 $\pm$ 5 %		2.73 $\pm$ 5 %	
3500	51.3 $\pm$ 5 %		3.31 $\pm$ 5 %	
5200	49.0 $\pm$ 10 %		5.30 $\pm$ 10 %	
5300	48.9 $\pm$ 10 %		5.42 $\pm$ 10 %	
5400	48.7 $\pm$ 10 %		5.53 $\pm$ 10 %	

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

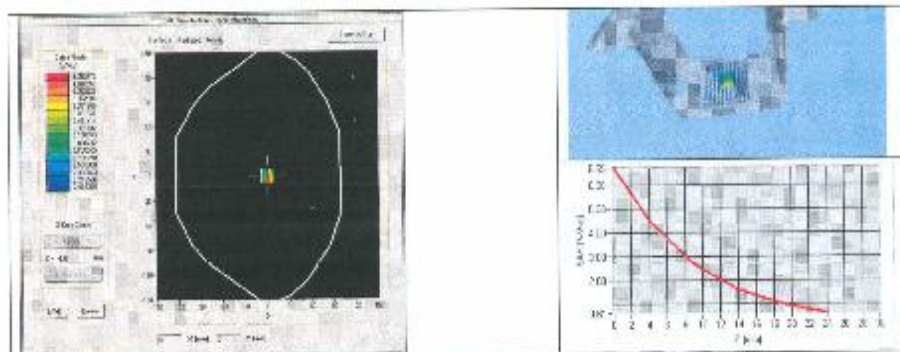
Ref: ACR 060 4 14 SAT/JJA

5500	48.5 ±10 %		5.55 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EP0122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: ϵ_{ps}^* : 54.2 sigma : 1.54
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zona Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1900	40.81 [4.08]	71.71 [2.12]



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR249.4.14.SAT0.5

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
CCMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2013	10/2014
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E28A	US37181480	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11 661-9	8/2012	8/2015

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—End of the Report—