

FCC SAR

TEST REPORT

of

CDMA 1x mobile phone

Model Name: HC-C53
Trade Name: Haier
Report No.: SZ11030003S01
FCC ID.: SG70121HC-C53

prepared for

Qingdao Haier Telecom Co., Ltd.

No.1 Haier Road Hi-tech Zone Qingdao P.R.CHINA

prepared by

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Contents

1. GENERAL INFORMATION.....	4
1.1. Notes	4
1.2. Organization item.....	4
1.3. Conclusion.....	4
2. TESTING LABORATORY.....	5
2.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory.....	5
2.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location	5
2.3. Accreditation Certificate	5
2.4. List of Test Equipments	5
3. TECHNICAL INFORMATION	6
3.1. Identification of Applicant.....	6
3.2. Identification of Manufacturer	6
3.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)	6
3.3.1. Photographs of the EUT	7
3.3.2. Identification of all used EUTs	7
3.4. Applied Reference Documents	7
3.5. Device Category and SAR Limits	7
3.6. Test Environment/Conditions	8
4. SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	9
4.1 Introduction	9
4.2 SAR Definition.....	9
5. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	10
5.1. The Measurement System	10
5.2. Probe.....	11
5.3. Phantom	13
5.4. Device Holder	13
6. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS.....	14
7. UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT	16
7.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST	16

7.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK	17
8. SAR MEASUREMENT EVALUATION	19
8.1. System Setup.....	19
8.2. Validation Results.....	19
9. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST	20
9.1. Informations on the testing	20
9.2. Body-worn Configurations.....	21
9.3. Measurement procedure.....	21
9.4. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme.....	22
10. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.....	23
10.1. Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal.....	23
10.2. SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA	23
10.3. Output Power Verification	23
10.4. SAR Measurement	23
11. TEST RESULTS LIST	25
ANNEX A ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE.....	26
ANNEX B PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT.....	27
ANNEX C GRAPH TEST RESULTS	31

Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	Mar. 10, 2011	First edition

1. General Information

1.1. Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the information specified in section 3.3. Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the identification. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publications of extracts from the test report requires the prior written approval of Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory. The test report shall be invalid without all the signatures of testing the Project Manager, the Deputy Project Manager and the Test Lab Manager. Any objections must be raised to Morlab within 30 days since the date when the report is received. It will not be taken into consideration beyond this limit.

1.2. Organization item

Report No.:	SZ11030003S01
Date of Issue:	Mar. 10, 2011
Date of Tests:	Mar. 07, 2011
Responsible for Accreditation:	Shu Luan
Project Manager:	Li Lei
Deputy Project Manager:	Samuel.Peng

1.3. Conclusion

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory has verified that all tests as listed in the section 11 of this report have been performed successfully with the tested equipment.

 Samuel.Peng Tested by (Responsible for the Test Report)		 Li Lei Reviewed by (Verification of the Test Report)
 Shu Luan Approved by (Responsible Test Lab Manager)		

2. Testing Laboratory

2.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
 Department: Morlab Laboratory
 Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China
 Responsible Test Lab Manager: Mr. Shu Luan
 Telephone: +86 755 86130268
 Facsimile: +86 755 86130218

2.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
 Morlab Laboratory
 Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

2.3. Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory: No. CNAS L3572 (see Annex A)

2.4. List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Type	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Rohde&Schwarz (CMU200, SN:105894)	2010-9-26	1year
3	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2010-9-24	1year
4	Synthesizer	Rohde&Schwarz (SML_03, SN:101868)	2010-9-24	1year
5	Amplifier	Nucl udes (ALB216, SN:10800)	2010-9-24	1year
6	Power Meter	Rohde&Schwarz (NRVD, SN:101066)	2010-9-24	1year
7	Probe	Antennessa (SN:SN_3708_EP80)	2010-9-24	1year
8	Phantom	Antennessa (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2010-9-24	1year
9	Liquid	Antennessa (Last Calibration:21 08 08)	2010-8-21	1year

3. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

3.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name: Qingdao Haier Telecom Co.,ltd.
Address: No.1 Haier Road Hi-tech Zone Qingdao P.R.CHINA

3.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name: Qingdao Haier Telecom Co.,ltd.
Address: No.1 Haier Road Hi-tech Zone Qingdao P.R.CHINA

3.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Brand Name: Haier
Type Name: Haier
Marking Name: HC-C53
Hardware Version: P0V0
Software Version: C5310-HSP-S001.0-MOVILNET
Frequency Bands: CMDA 1900MHz
Modulation Mode: CDMA
Antenna type: Fixed Internal Antenna
Development Stage: Identical prototype
Battery Model: 423450A
Battery specification: 800mAh 3.7V

3.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

3.3.2. Identification of all used EUTs

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	P0V0	C5310-HSP-S001.0-MOVILNET

3.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR § 2. 1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
2	FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields
3	ANSI C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300 GHz
4	IEEE 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

3.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20 ... 25 °C	
Relative Humidity:	30 ... 75 %	
Air Pressure:	980 ... 1020 hPa	
Details of Power Supply:	220V/50Hz AC	
Extreme Voltage of the EUT:	Normal Voltage (NV)	= 3.70V
	Low Voltage (LV)	= 3.60V
	High Voltage (HV)	= 4.20V
Test frequency:	CDMA 1900MHz	
Operation mode:	Call established	
Power Level:	CDMA Maximum output power	

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 25, 600 and 1175 respectively in the case of CDMA 1900MHz, The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

For SAR testing, EUT is in CDMA link mode, its crest factor is 1.

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

5. SAR Measurement Setup

5.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

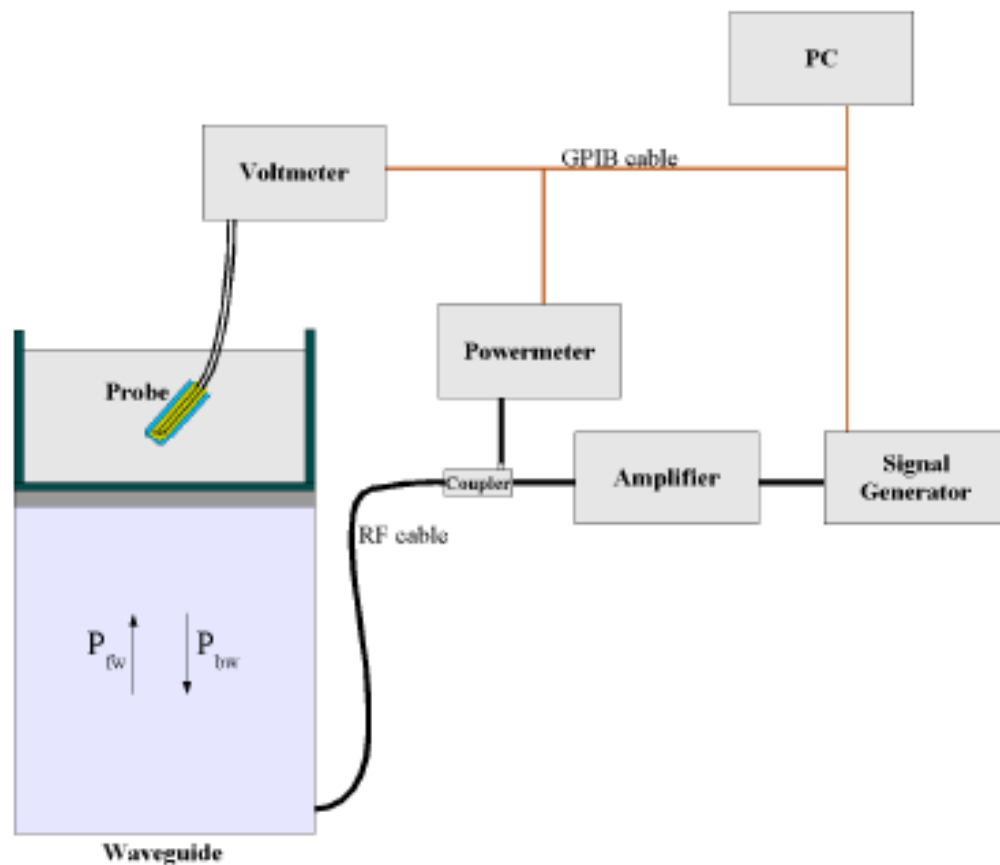
5.2. Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 6.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

P_{fw} = Forward Power

P_{bw} = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

δ = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE = MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO

After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N) = SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage V_{lin}(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$V_{lin}(N) = V(N) * (1 + V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

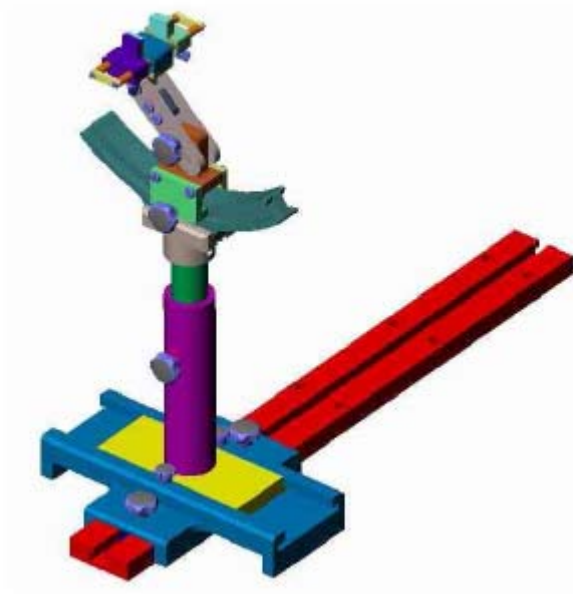
where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

5.3. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

5.4. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of CDMA 1900MHz, which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR) or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15 cm.

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for one liter of head and body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 850MHz and 1900 MHz.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency Band	
	1900MHz	
Tissue Type	Head	Body
Water	55.36	40.4
Salt(NaCl)	0.35	0.5
Sugar	30.45	58.0
HEC	0.0	1.0
Bactericide	0.0	0.1
Triton	0.0	0.0
DGBE	13.84	0.0
Acticide SPX	0.0	0.0
Dielectric Constant	41.00	54.0
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38	1.45

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	1900 MHz	40	1.40
Validation value (Mar. 07)	1900 MHz	38.509998	1.436111

For body-worn measurements, the device was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. Under measurement phone was put on in the phone holder.

Table 2: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	1900 MHz	53.3	1.52
Validation value (Mar. 07)	1900 MHz	52.548876	1.573978

7. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

7.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	V i
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R				1.02	1.02	
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R				1.63	1.63	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N - 1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	4.04	R		1	1	2.33	2.33	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									

Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R		0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R		0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.23	10.70	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			k				21.91	20.86	

7.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	V i
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R				1.02	1.02	
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R				1.63	1.63	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max.	E.5.2	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	

SAR Evaluation									
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N		1	1	0.58	0.58	N - 1
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	4.04	R		1	1	2.33	2.33	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R		0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R		0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.08	9.47	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			k				19.65	18.47	

8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

8.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments :

name	Type and specification
Signal generator	E4433B
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)
Reference dipole	1800MHz:SN 36/08 DIPF 101

8.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Frequency	1900MHz
Target value (1g)	38.1 W/Kg
250 mW input power	9.903 W/Kg (head)
	9.835 W/Kg (body)
Test value (1g)	39.612 W/Kg (head)
	39.34 W/Kg (body)

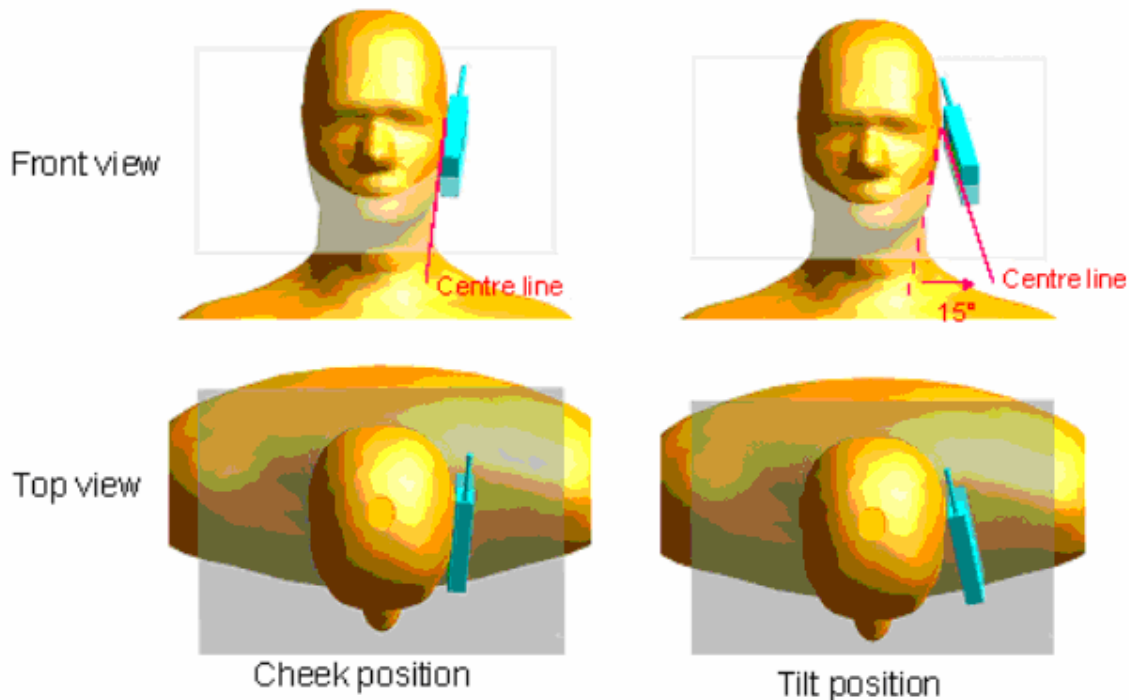
Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 82-88

9. Operational Conditions During Test

9.1. Informations on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the “cheek” and “tilted” positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Description of the “cheek” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the “tilted” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the “cheek” position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the month by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

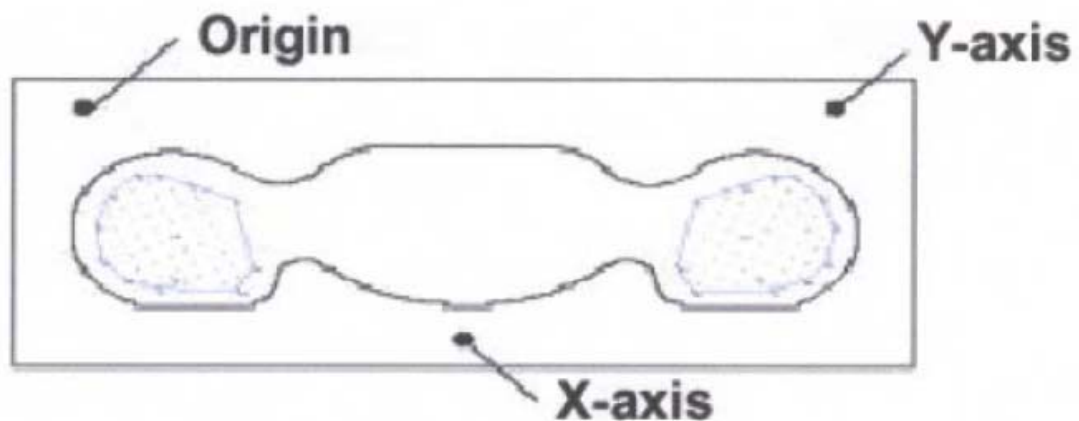
Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

9.2. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

The depth of the body tissue was 15.1cm. The distance between the back of the device and the bottom of the flat phantom is 1.5cm(taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna)

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.



SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

9.3. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

9.4. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

10. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

10.1.Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

10.2.SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices", October 2007 (Revised).

10.3.Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices", October 2007 (Revised).

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 3.1.2.3.4 of 3GPP2 C.S0033-0/TIA-866 for Rev. 0 and section 4.3.4 of 3GPP2 C.S0033-A for Rev. A. For Rev. A, maximum output power for both Subtype 0/1 and Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations should be measured. The device operating configurations under TAP/ETAP should be documented in the test report; including power control, code channel and RF channel output power levels. The measurement results should be tabulated in the SAR report with any measurement difficulties and equipment limitations clearly identified.

10.4.SAR Measurement

SAR is measured using FTAP/RTAP and FETAP/RETAP respectively for Rev. 0 and Rev. A devices. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. Both FTAP and FETAP are configured with a Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. AT power control should be in "All Bits Up" conditions for TAP/ETAP.

Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. SAR for Subtype 2 Physical layer configurations is not required for Rev. A when the maximum average output of each RF channels is less than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical layer configurations. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channels in Rev. 0.17 Head SAR is required for Ev-Do devices that support operations next to the ear; for example, with VOIP, using Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations according to the required handset configurations.

4.4.2.3 1x RTT Support

For Ev-Do devices that also support 1x RTT voice and/or data operations, SAR is not required for 1x RTT when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. Otherwise, the 'Body SAR Measurements' procedures in the 'CDMA 2000 1x Handsets' section should be applied.

4.4.2.4 Output Power Verification 1x RTT

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle, and Low channels according to procedures in Section 4.4.5.2 of 3 GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. Results for at least steps 3,4 and 10 of the power measurement procedures should be tabulated in the SAR report. Steps 3 and 4 should be measured using SO55 with power control bits in "All Up" condition. TDSO/SO32 may be used instead of SO55 for step 4. Step 10 should be measured using TDSO/SO32 with power control bits in the "Bits Hold"

1xRTT Power Measurements

Channel	Radio Configuration and conducted Power (dBm)			
	RC1	RC1	RC3	RC3
25	26.32	26.28	26.22	26.24
600	26.08	26.05	26.03	26.01
1175	25.36	25.26	25.23	25.21
SO	SO2	SO55	SO2	SO55

Power Control was set in 'All Bits Up' for all measurements.

11. Test Results List

Summary of Measurement Results (CDMA 1900MHz Band)

SAR Values (CDMA 1900MHz Band), Measured against the head.

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.		
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1 g Peak	
	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)	
	1 g Peak (W/kg)	Power level (dBm)
Right head, Touch cheek, Channel Low	1.250	26.32
Right head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	1.206	26.08
Right head, Touch cheek, Channel High	1.449	25.36
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Low	0.219	26.32
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.323	26.08
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel High	0.445	25.36
Left head, Touch cheek, Channel Low	1.045	26.32
Left head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.693	26.08
Left head, Touch cheek, Channel High	0.878	25.36
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Low	0.294	26.32
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.239	26.08
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel High	0.386	25.36

SAR Values (CDMA 1900MHz Band), Measured against the body.

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.		
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1 g Peak	
	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)	
	1 g Peak (W/kg)	Power level (dBm)
Side, Low frequency	0.572	26.32
Side, Middle frequency	0.662	26.08
Side, High frequency	0.842	25.36
Side, High frequency (back)	0.493	25.36
Side, High frequency (with earphone)	0.824	25.36

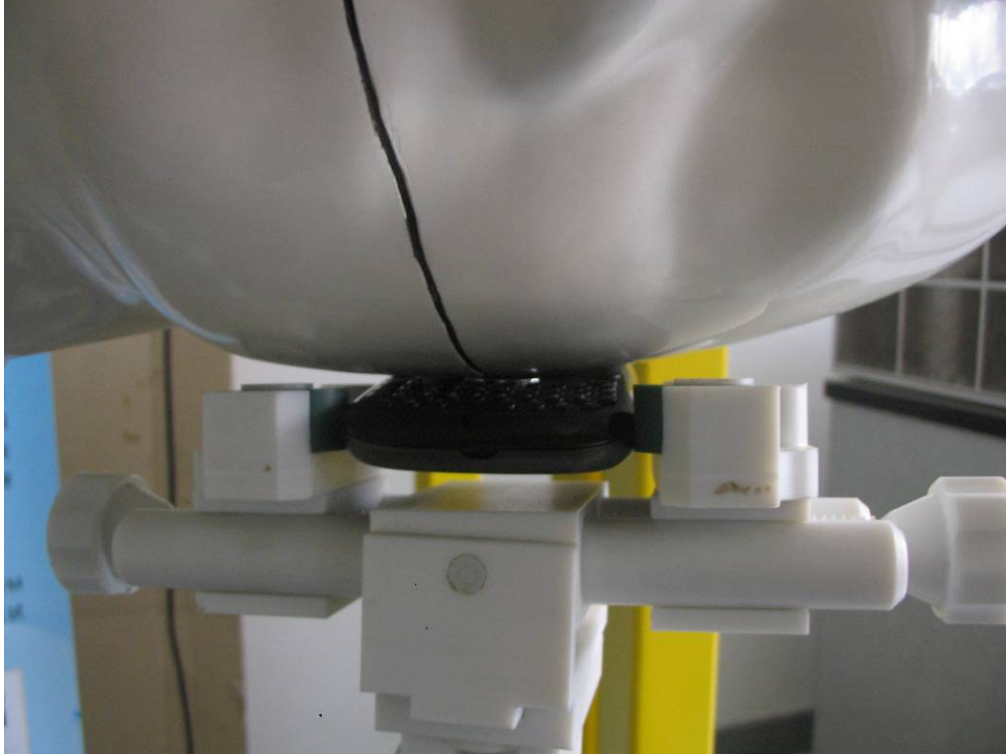
Note: 1. Per KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 1.6W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.

Annex A Accreditation Certificate

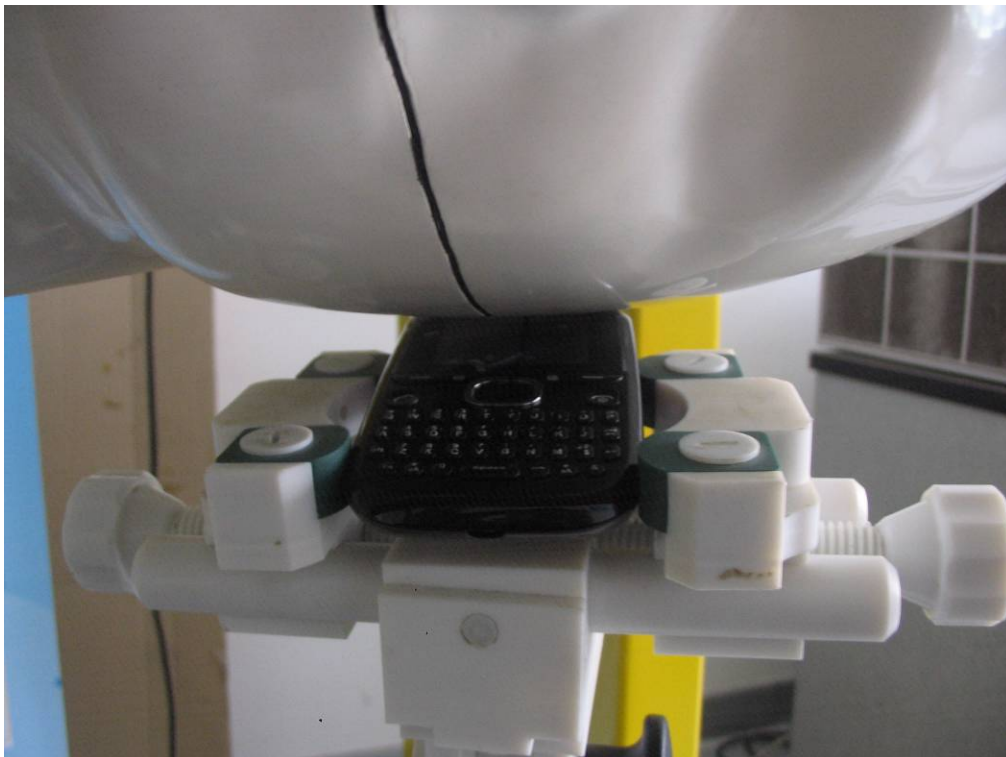
 China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE (No. CNAS L1659) <i>China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment has accredited</i> Shenzhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center <u>Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Xili, Nanshan District,</u> <u>Shenzhen, Guangdong, China</u> <i>to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing and calibration.</i> <i>The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached schedule bearing the same accreditation number as above. The schedule forms an integral part of this certificate.</i> Date of Issue: 2009-09-29 Date of Expiry: 2012-09-28 Date of Initial Accreditation: 1999-08-03  Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment(CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation systems for conformity assessment. CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC MRA), and the signatory to Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC MRA).

Annex B Photographs of the EUT

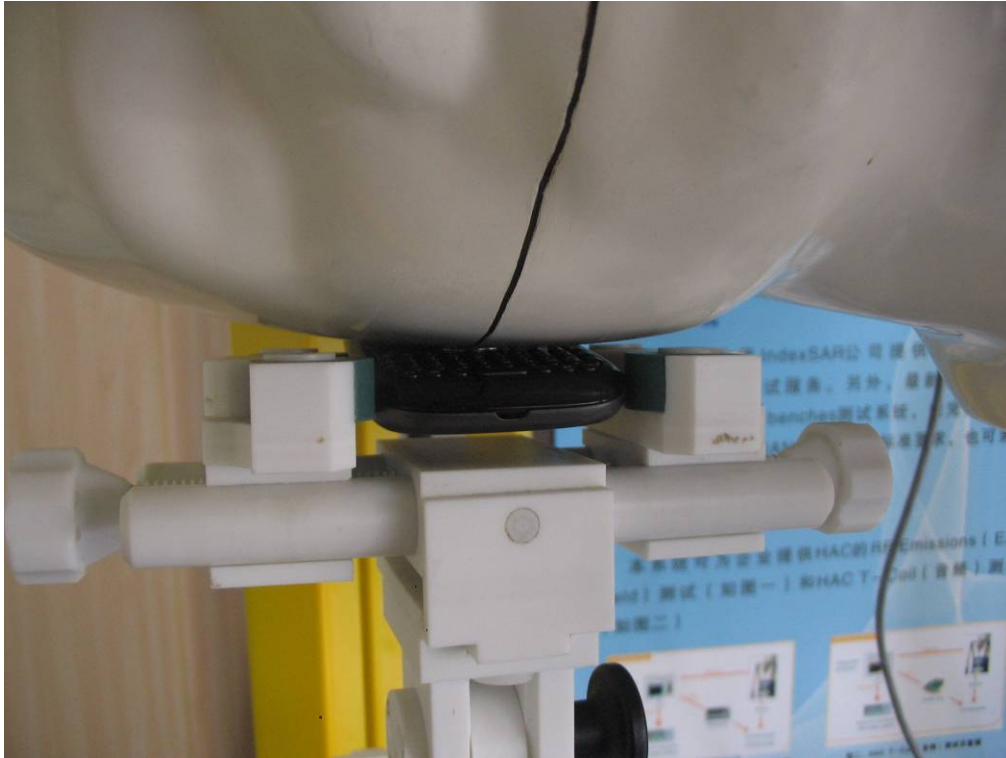
1 EUT Left Head Touch Cheek Position



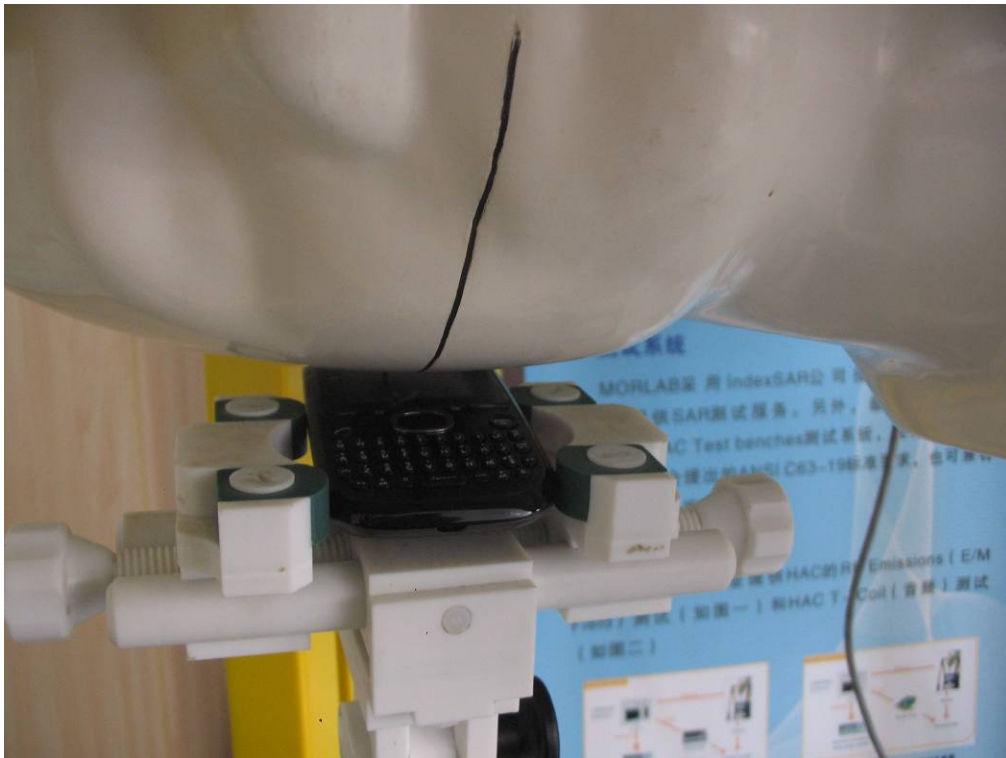
2 EUT Left Head Tilt15 Position



3 EUT Right Head Touch Cheek Position



4 EUT Right Head Tilt15 Position



5 Side Position



6 With Headphone



Liquid Level Photo



Annex C Graph Test Results

<u>TYPE</u>	BAND	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
	<u>CDMA1900</u>	<u>Measurement 1:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 2:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 3:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 4:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 5:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 6:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on High Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 7:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 8:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 9:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 10:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 11:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 12:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on High Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 13:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 14:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 15:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on High Channel in CDMA mode <u>Measurement 16:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on High Channel in CDMA mode (back) <u>Measurement 17:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on High Channel in CDMA mode (with earphone)

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 15 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

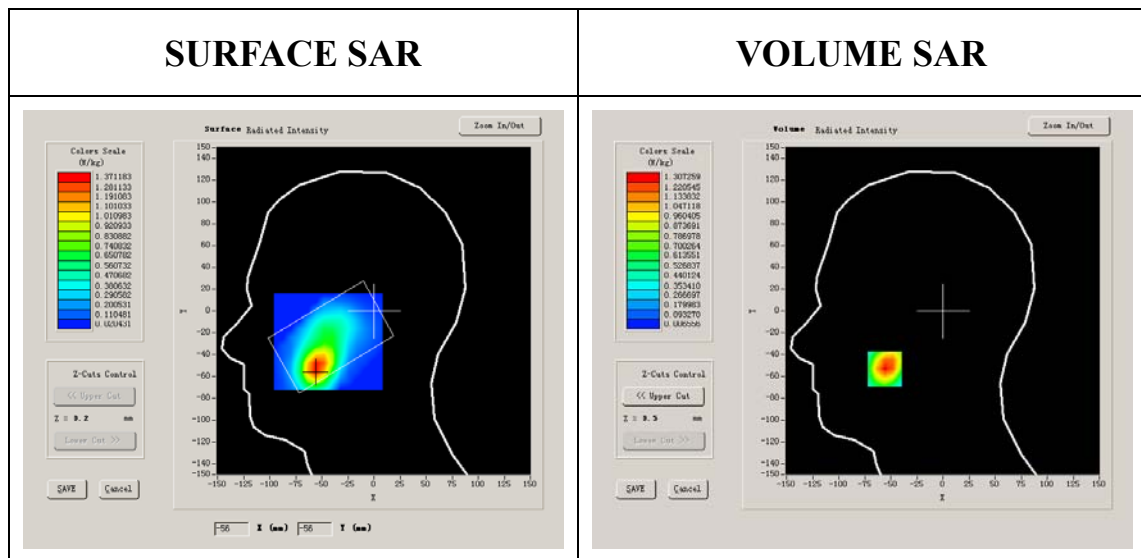
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Low
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1851.250000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.431186
Variation (%)	0.770000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



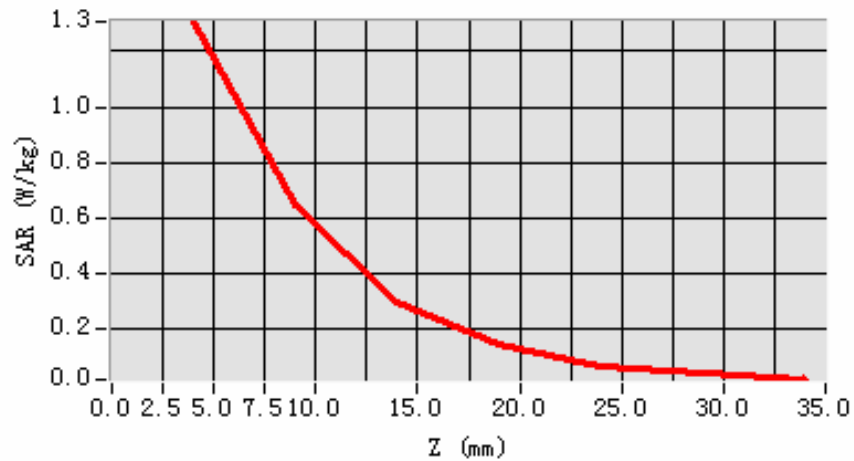
Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-53.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.622097
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.250008

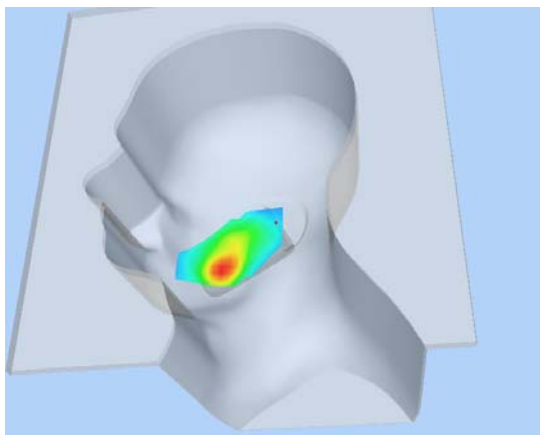
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.3073	0.6466	0.2944	0.1422	0.0677	0.0382

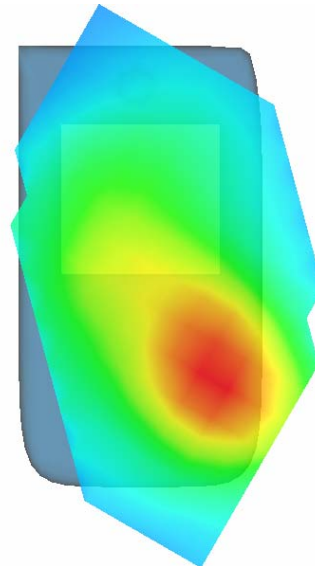
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -56, Y = -53)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 1 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

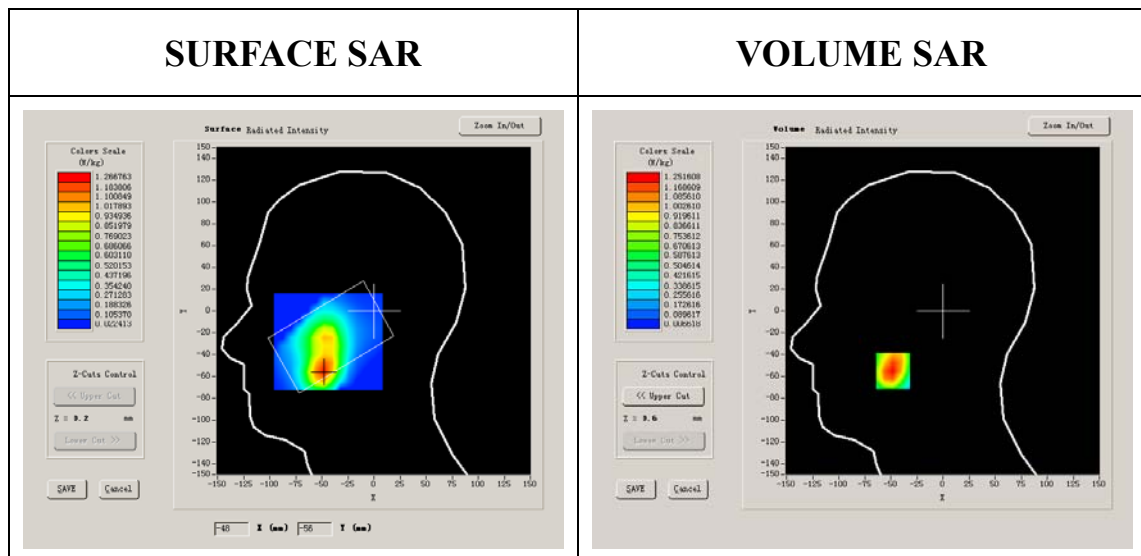
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 600):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.453412
Variation (%)	0.900000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

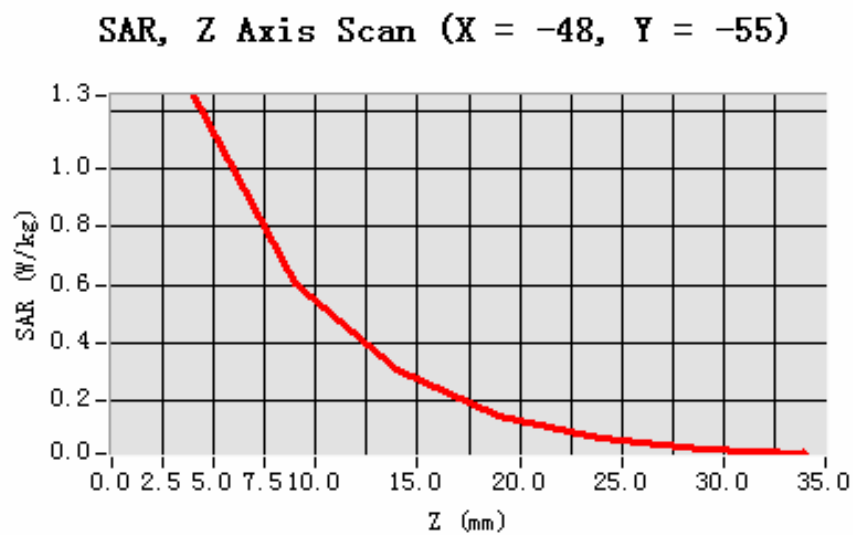


Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-55.00

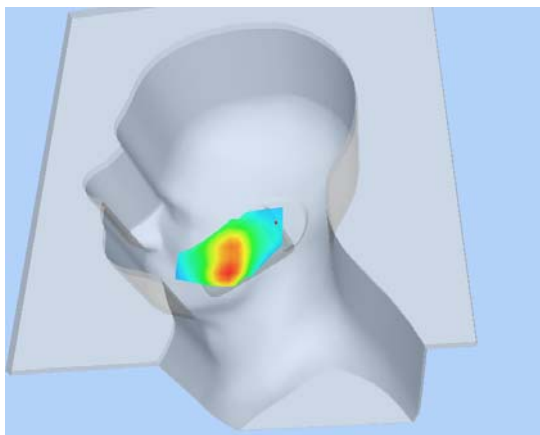
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.611935
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.205942

Z Axis Scan

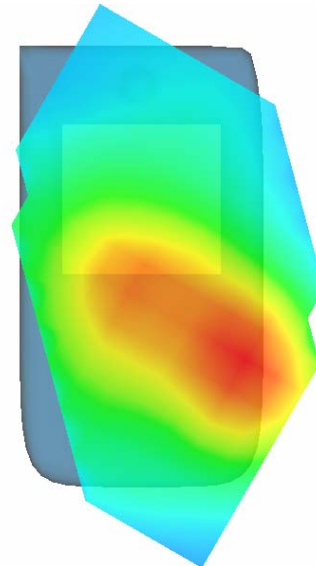
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.2516	0.6037	0.3059	0.1502	0.0758	0.0372



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 58 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

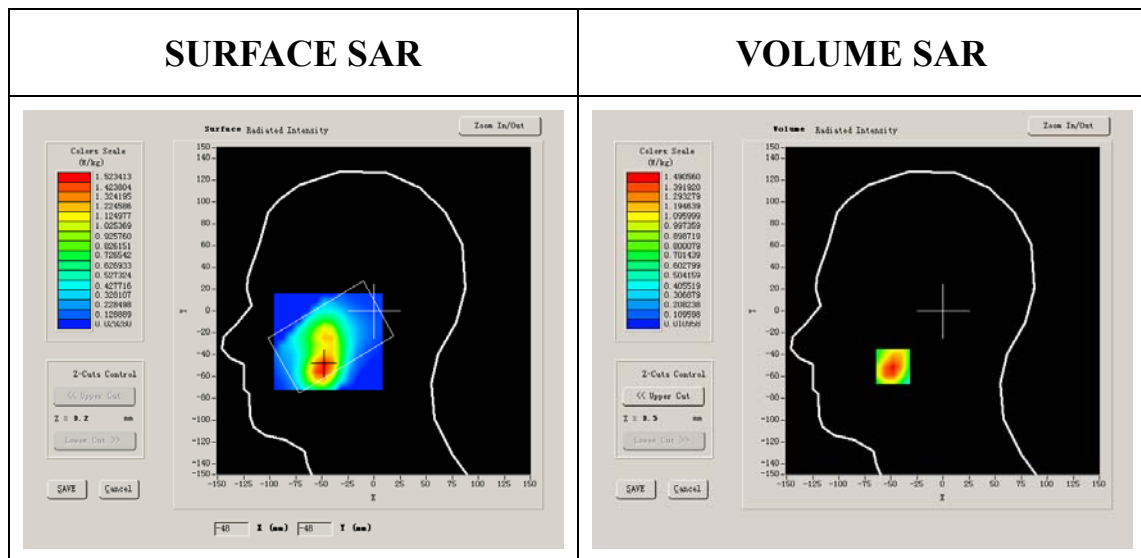
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	US_PCS
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 1175):

Frequency (MHz)	1908.750000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.475639
Variation (%)	-2.880000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



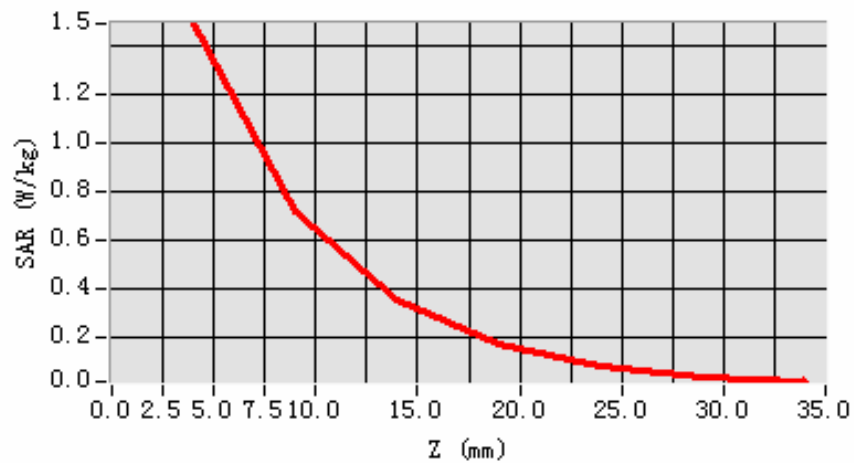
Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-51.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.726964
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.448801

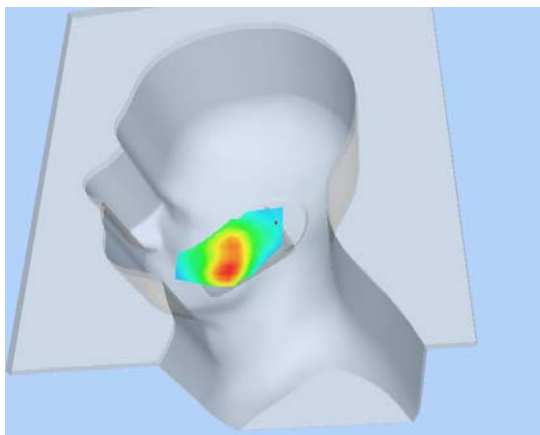
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.4906	0.7229	0.3576	0.1727	0.0841	0.0415

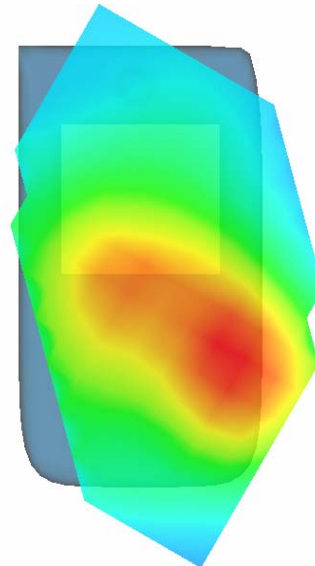
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -48, Y = -51)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 39 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

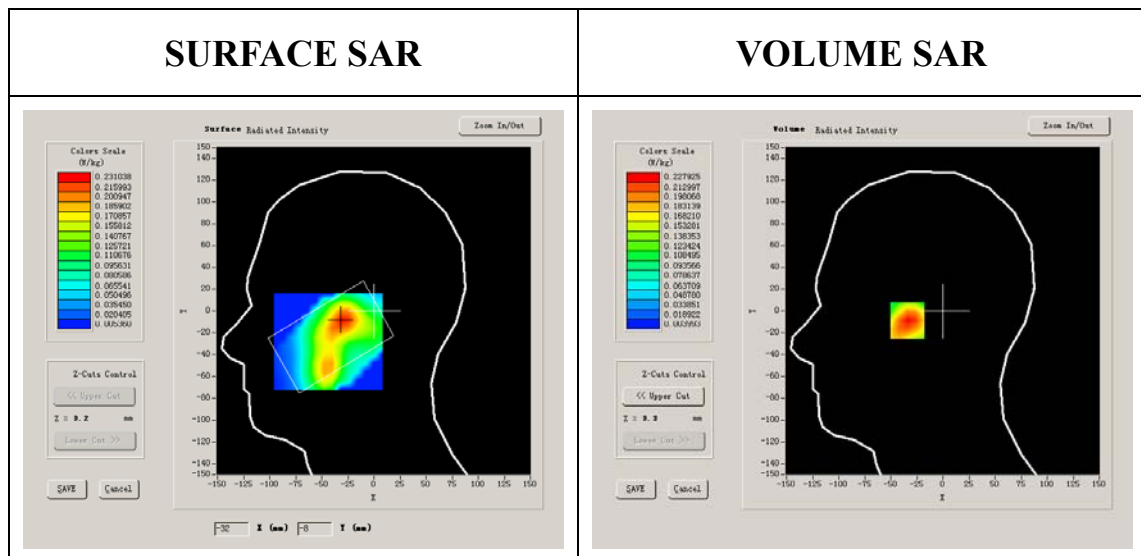
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Low
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1851.250000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.431186
Variation (%)	-0.690000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



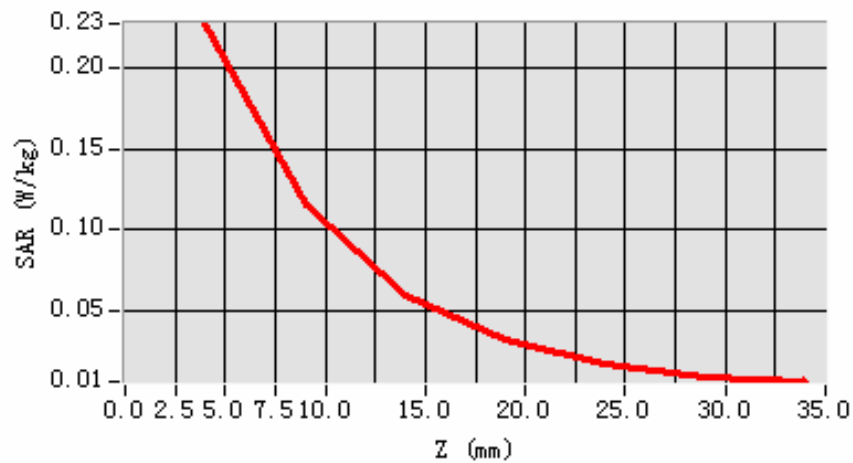
Maximum location: X=-31.00, Y=-8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.117903
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.219484

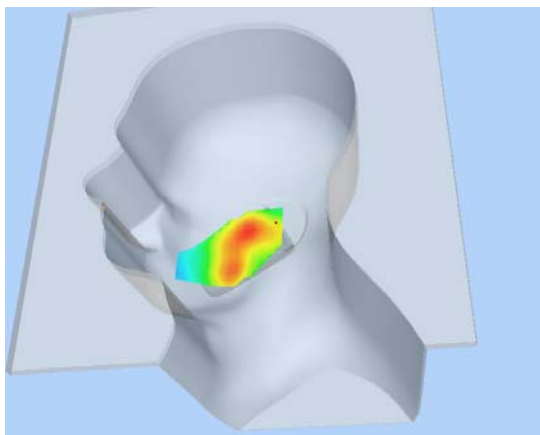
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2279	0.1155	0.0594	0.0316	0.0163	0.0081

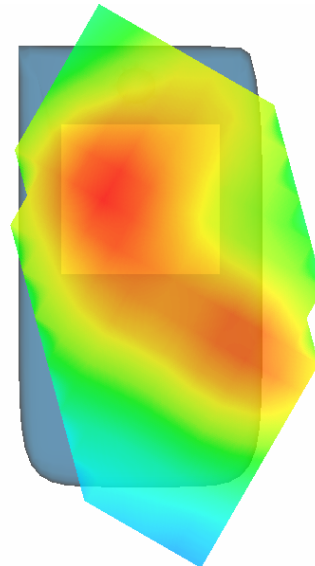
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -31, Y = -8)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 40 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

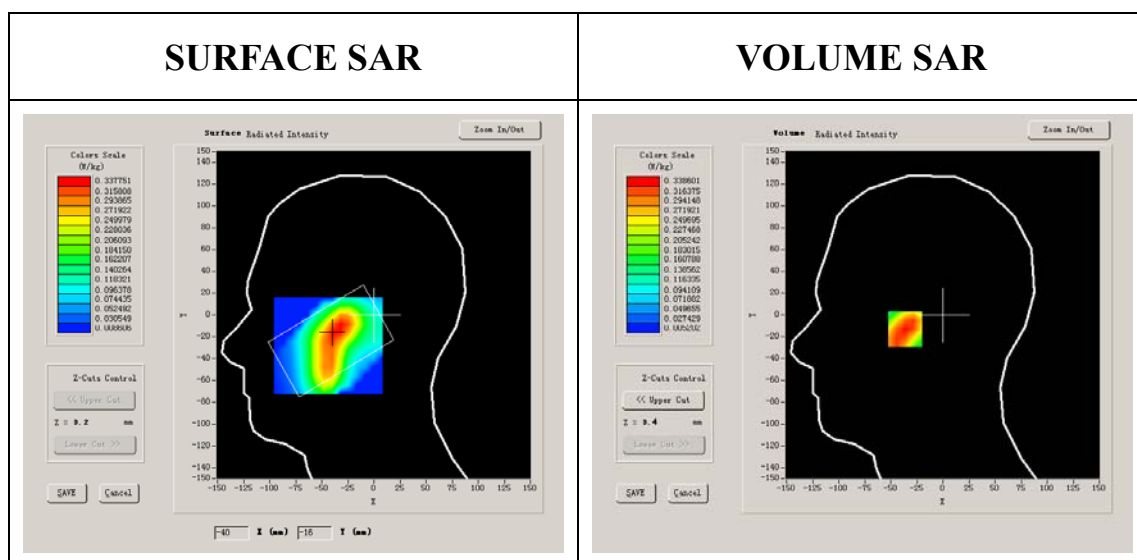
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 600):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.453412
Variation (%)	-1.230000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



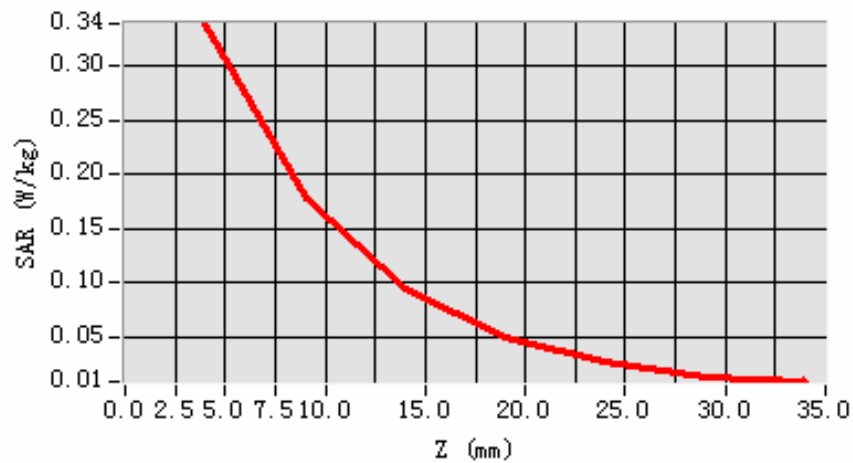
Maximum location: X=-34.00, Y=-13.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.176349
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.322857

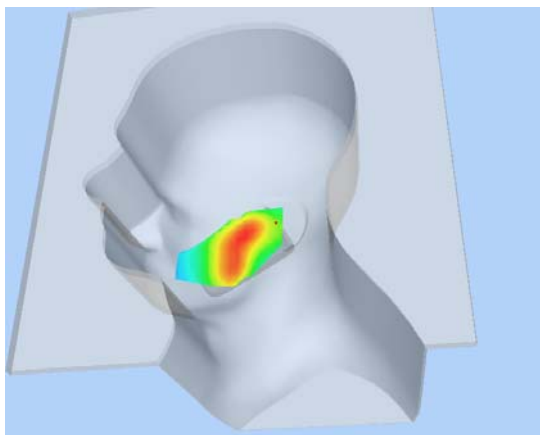
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3386	0.1779	0.0939	0.0488	0.0263	0.0137

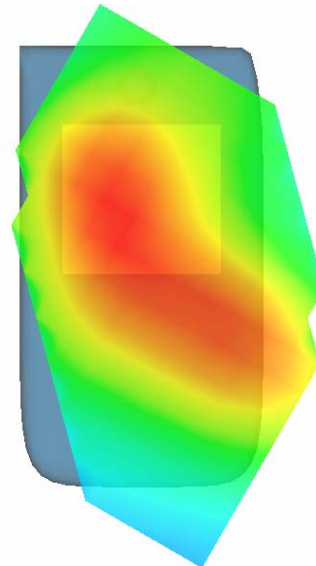
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -34, Y = -13)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 37 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

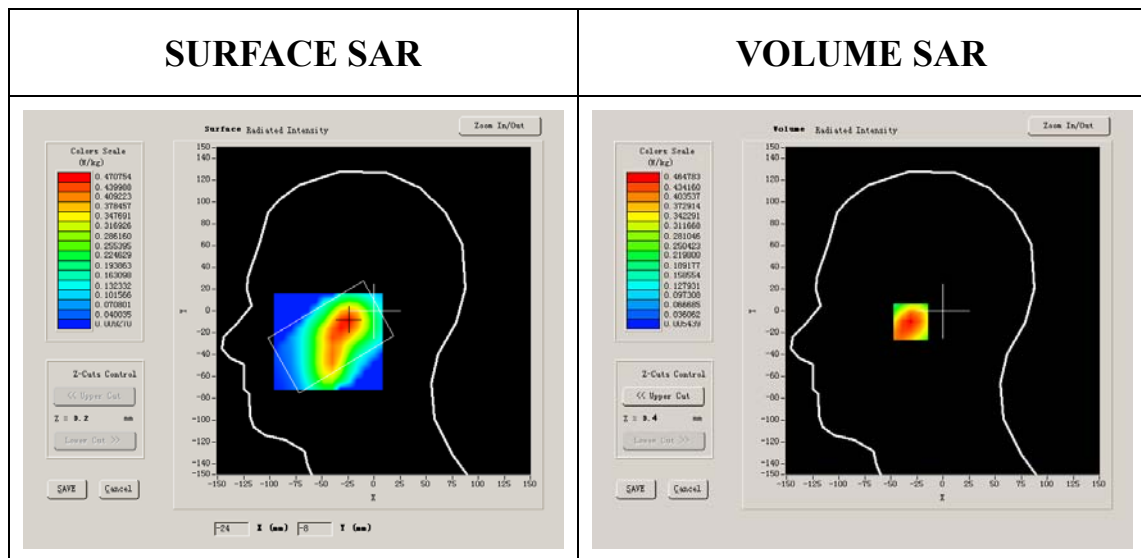
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	US_PCS
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 1175):

Frequency (MHz)	1908.750000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.475639
Variation (%)	0.830000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

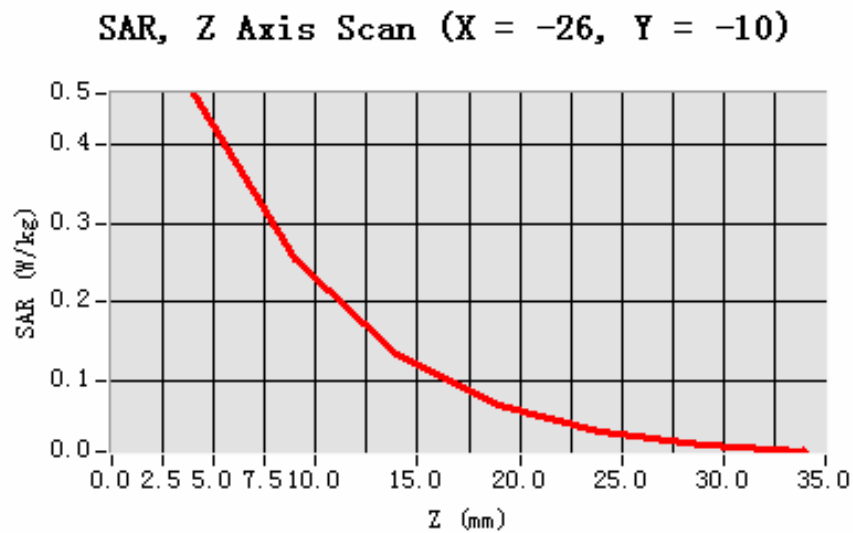


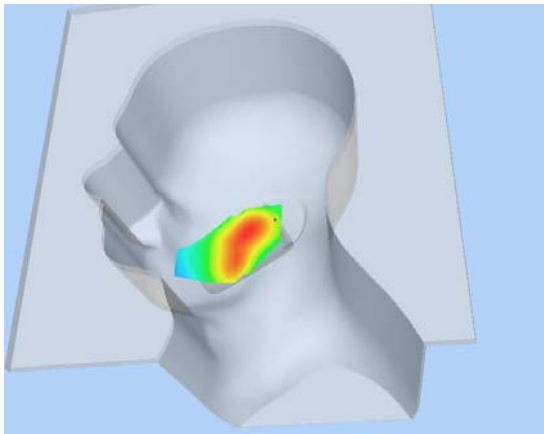
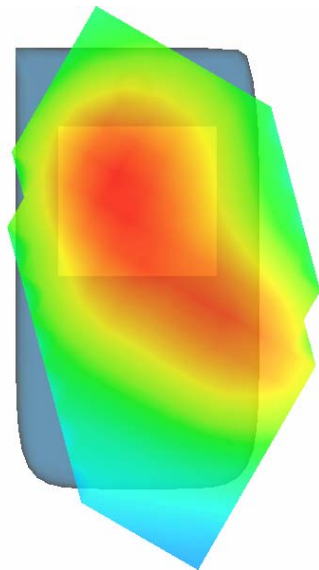
Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=-10.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.243968
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.444993

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4648	0.2536	0.1344	0.0703	0.0360	0.0191



3D scene shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 30 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

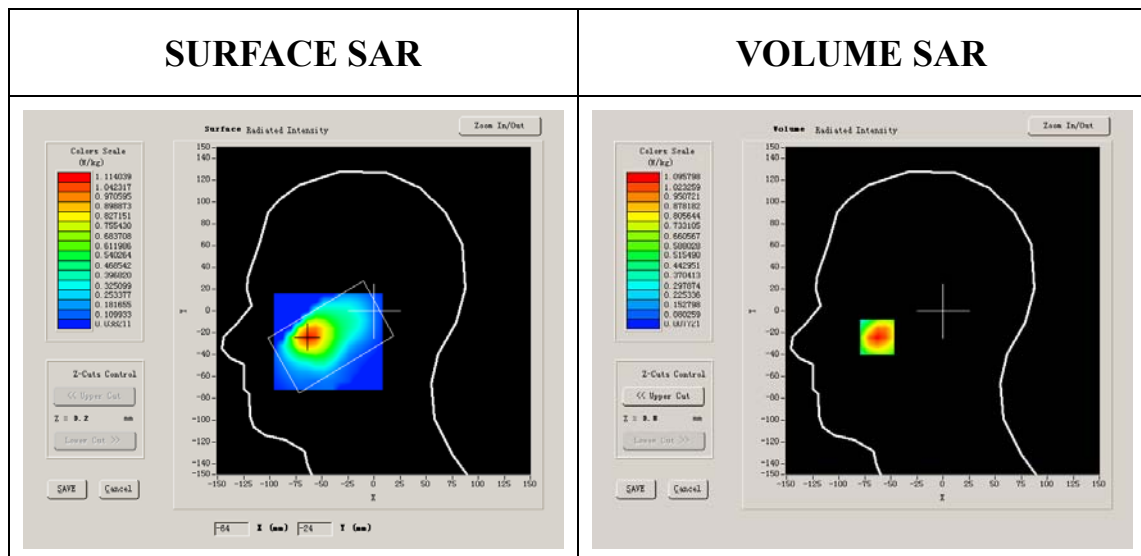
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Low
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1851.250000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.431186
Variation (%)	-0.330000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

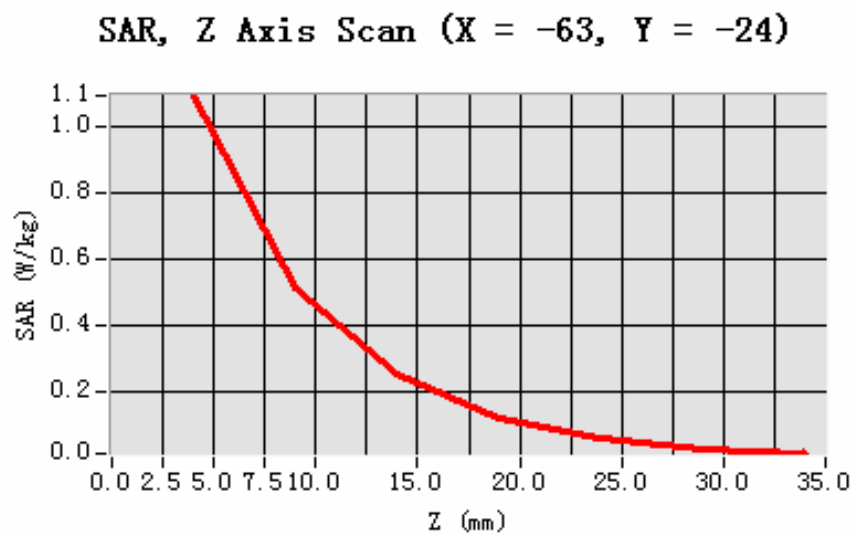


Maximum location: X=-63.00, Y=-24.00

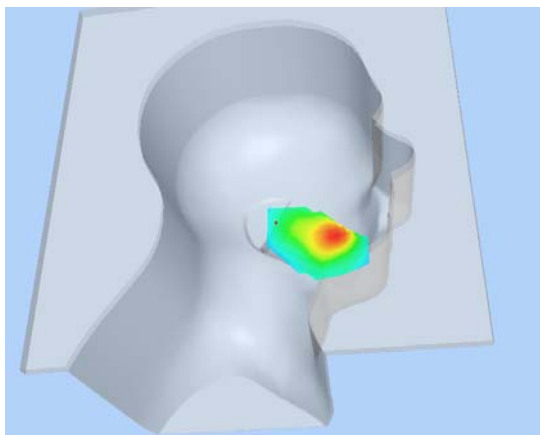
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.535530
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.045115

Z Axis Scan

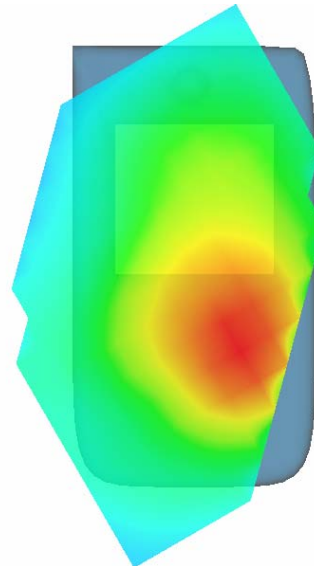
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.0958	0.5144	0.2540	0.1229	0.0599	0.0296



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 8

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 57 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

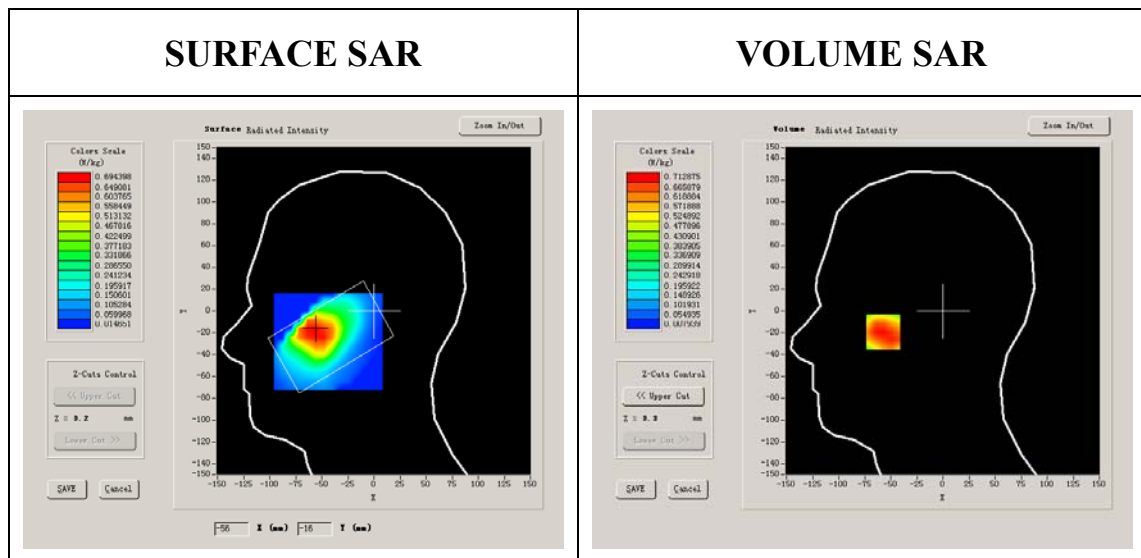
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 600):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.453412
Variation (%)	0.720000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



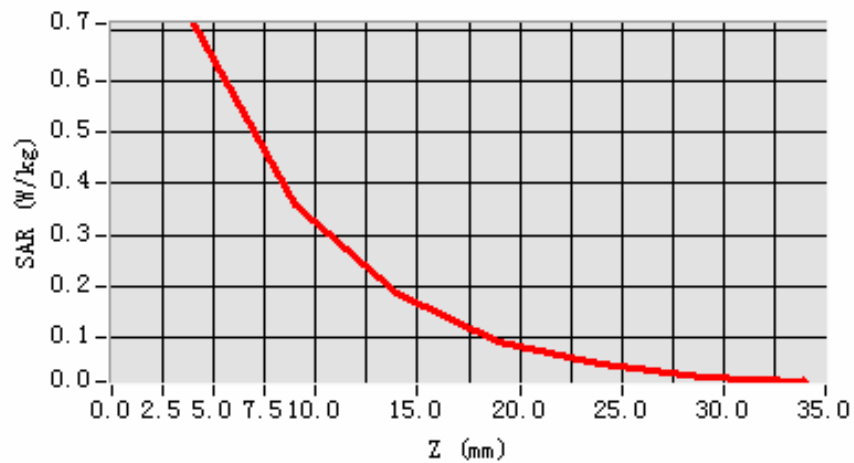
Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-18.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.375893
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.692538

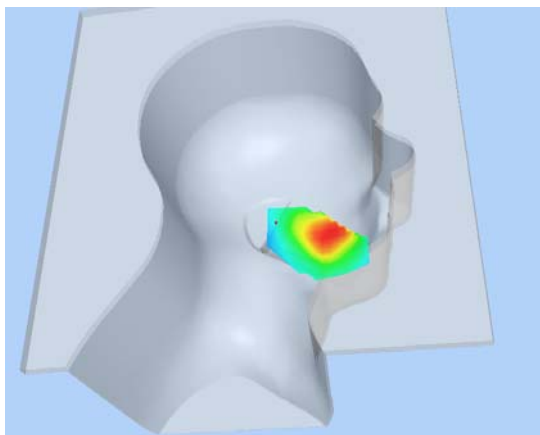
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.7129	0.3583	0.1843	0.0914	0.0462	0.0239

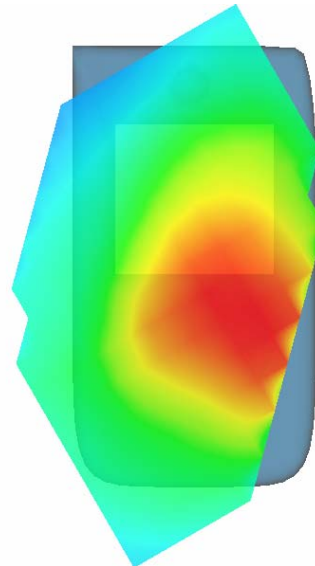
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -57, Y = -18)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 9

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 57 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

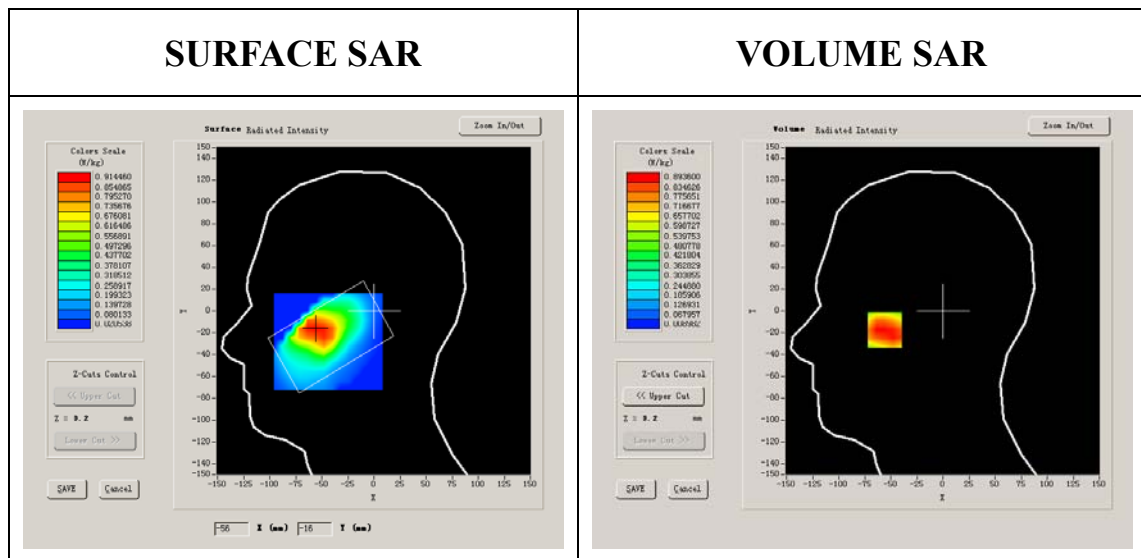
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	US_PCS
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 1175):

Frequency (MHz)	1908.750000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.475639
Variation (%)	-2.390000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

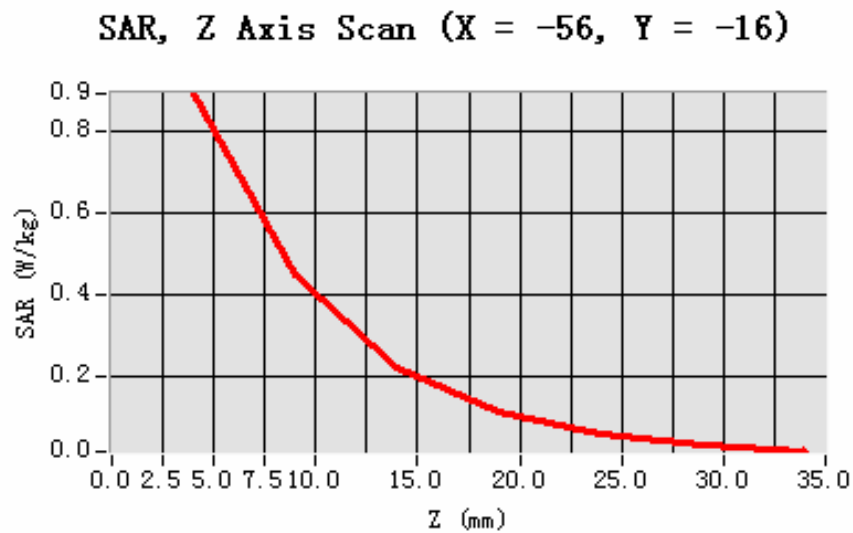


Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-16.00

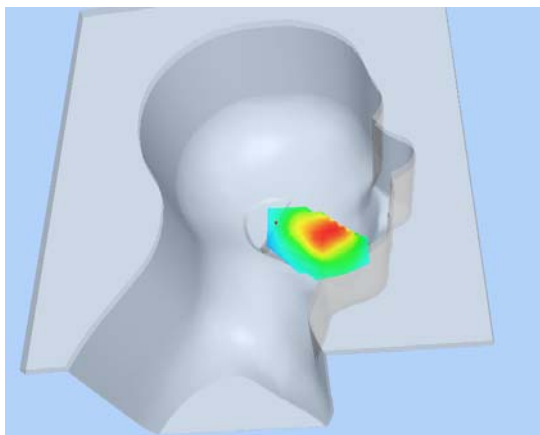
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.478618
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.877557

Z Axis Scan

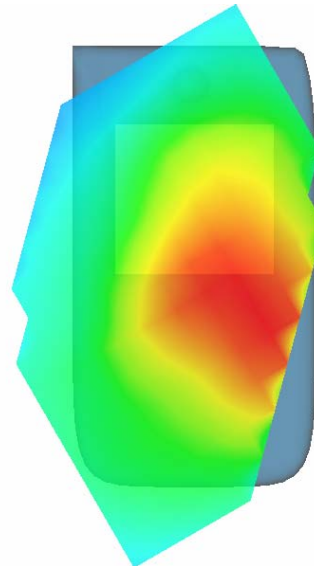
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.8926	0.4472	0.2223	0.1103	0.0561	0.0290



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 10

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 26 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

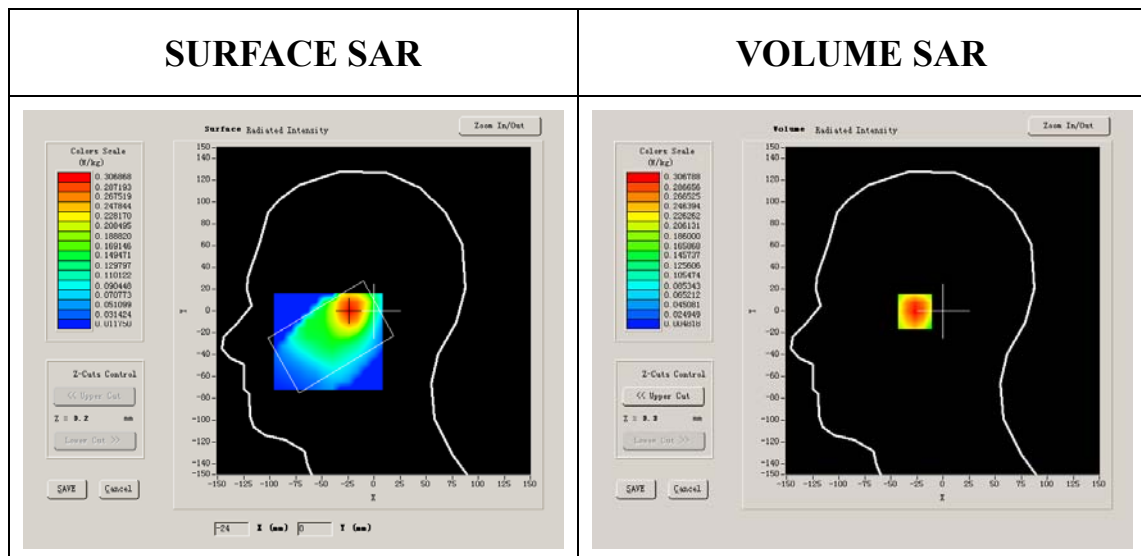
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Low
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1851.250000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.431186
Variation (%)	-0.760000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



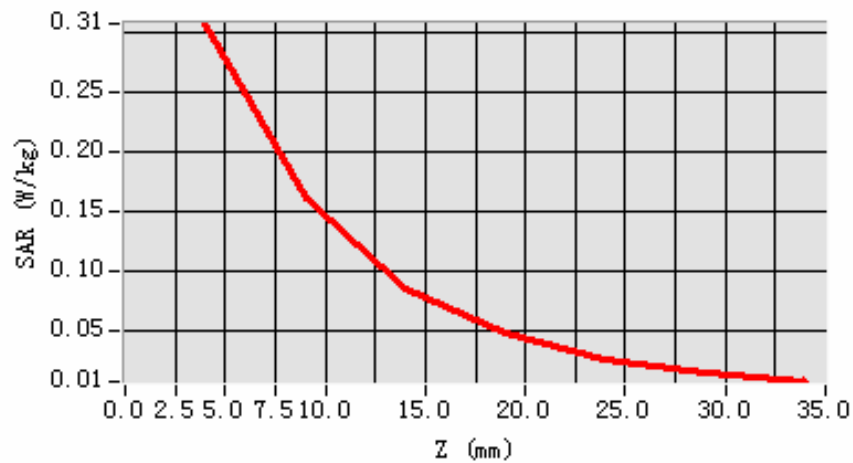
Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.162144
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.294023

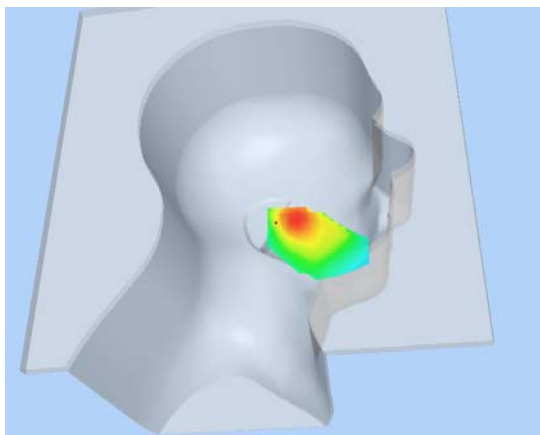
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3068	0.1615	0.0852	0.0478	0.0259	0.0148

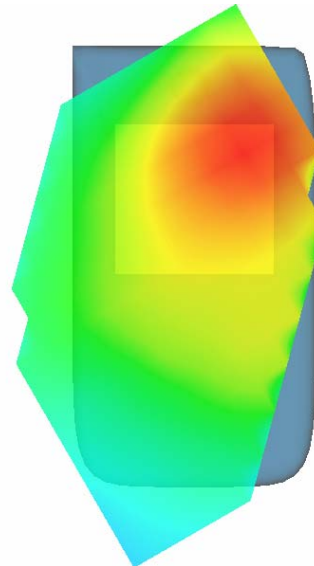
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -23, Y = 0)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 11

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 22 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

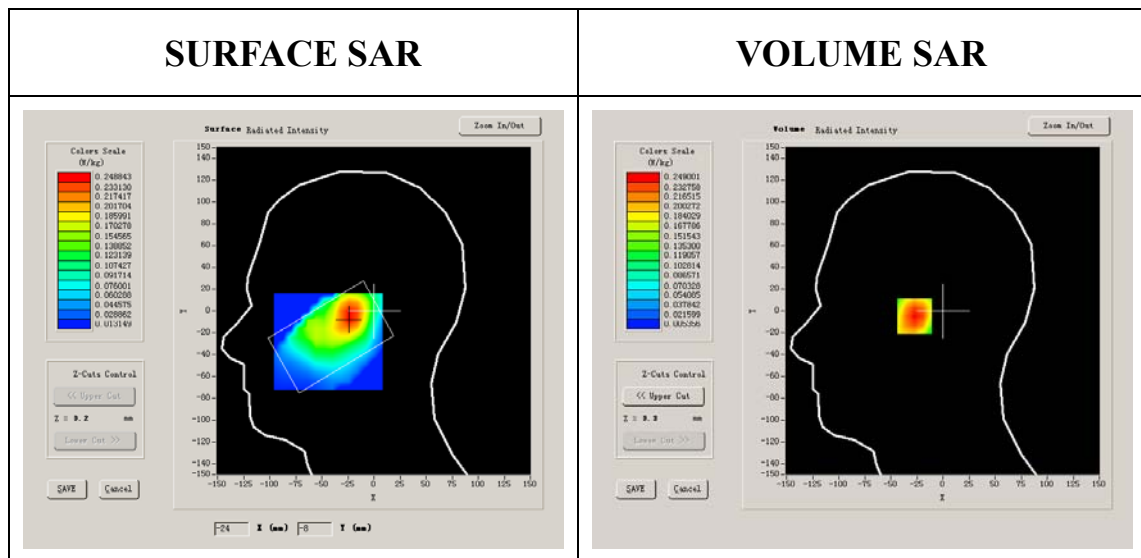
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 600):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.453412
Variation (%)	-1.360000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



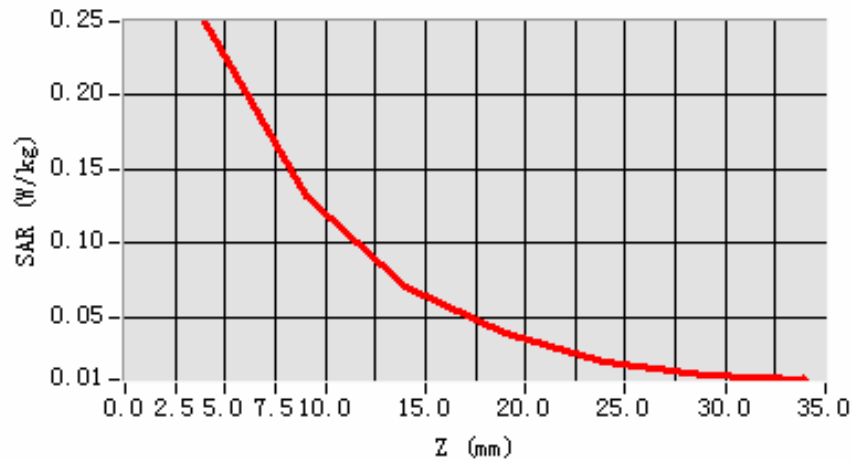
Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=-5.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.131972
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.238909

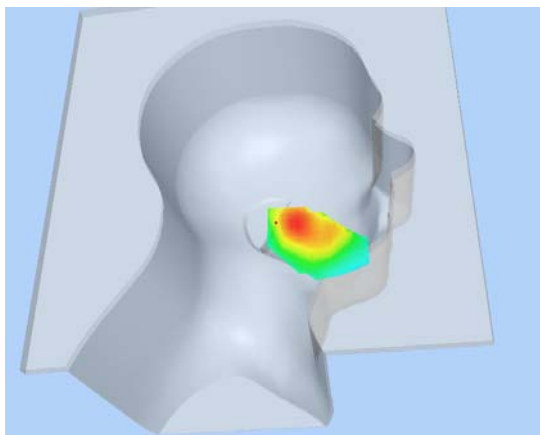
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2490	0.1324	0.0705	0.0393	0.0204	0.0119

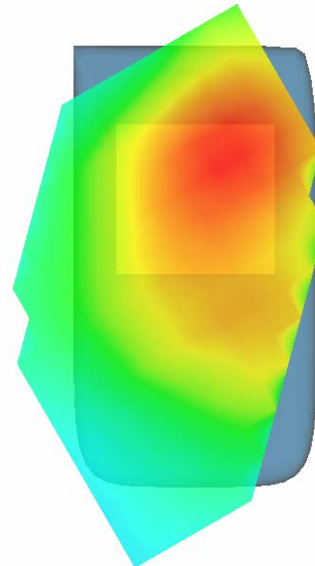
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -23, Y = -5)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 12

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 32 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

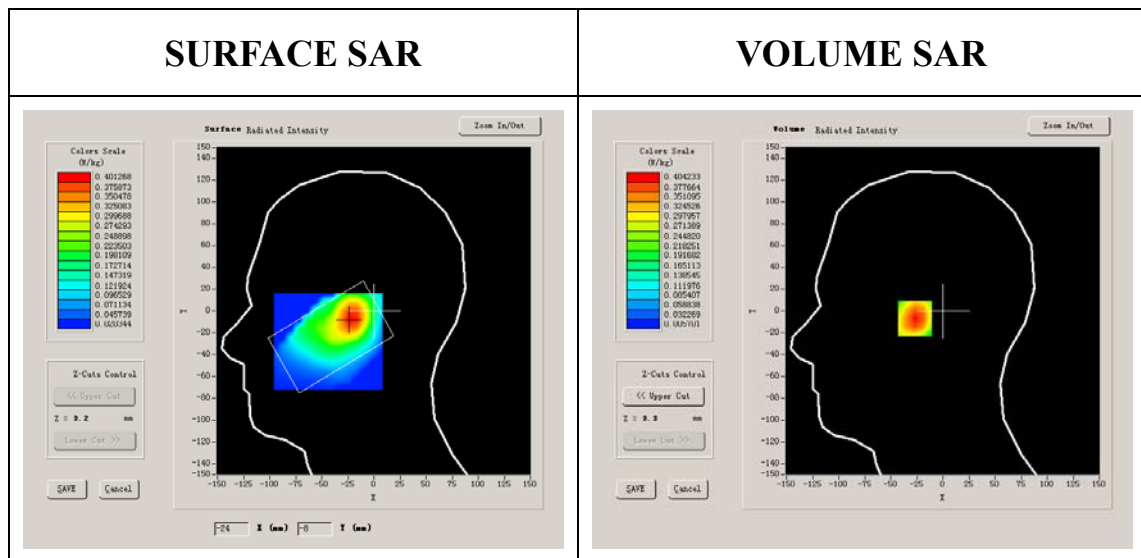
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	US_PCS
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 1175):

Frequency (MHz)	1908.750000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650

Conductivity (S/m)	1.475639
Variation (%)	-0.890000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



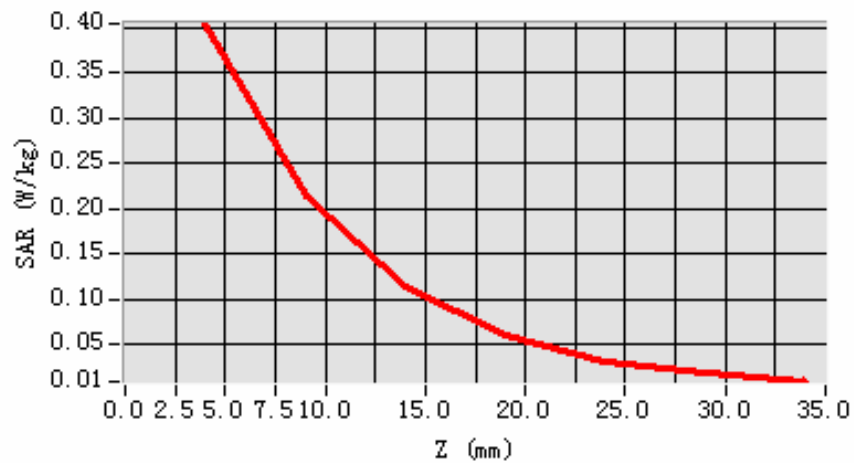
Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=-7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.211065
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.386318

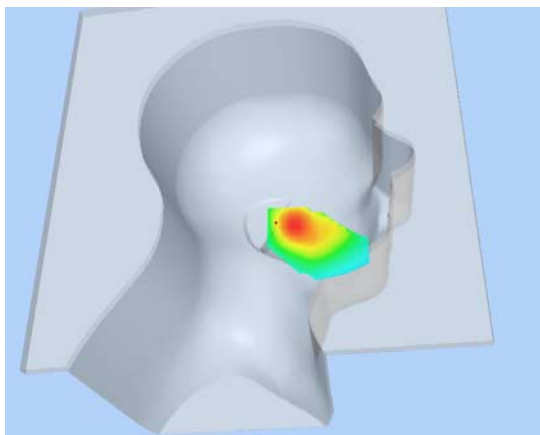
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4042	0.2131	0.1139	0.0600	0.0326	0.0189

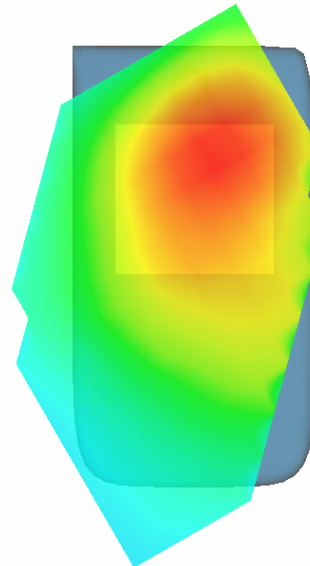
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -22, Y = -7)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 13

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 12 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

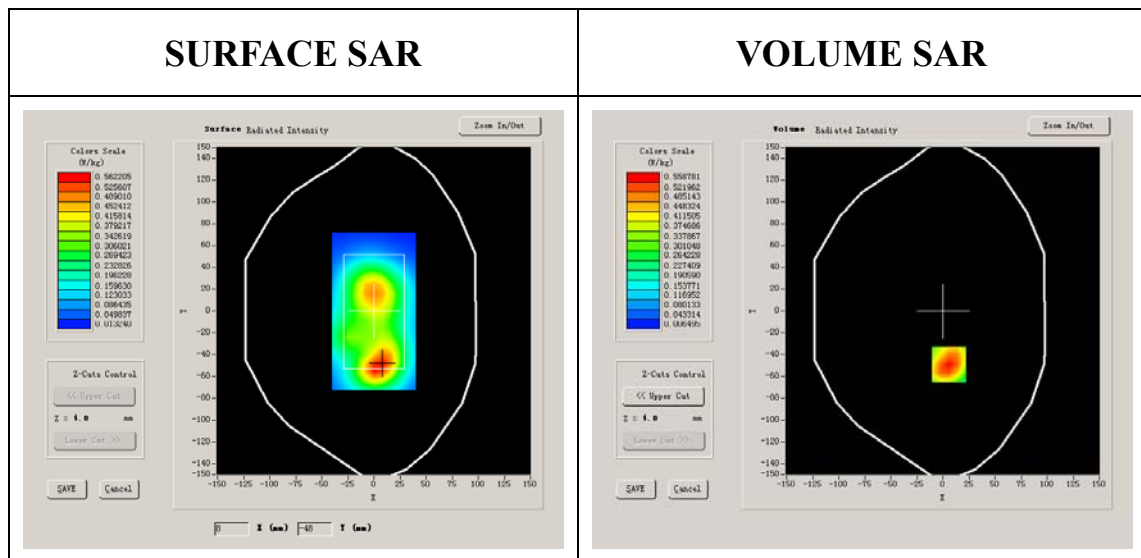
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Low
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1851.250000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.903000
Relative permittivity	14.817600

Conductivity (S/m)	1.523949
Variation (%)	-1.030000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

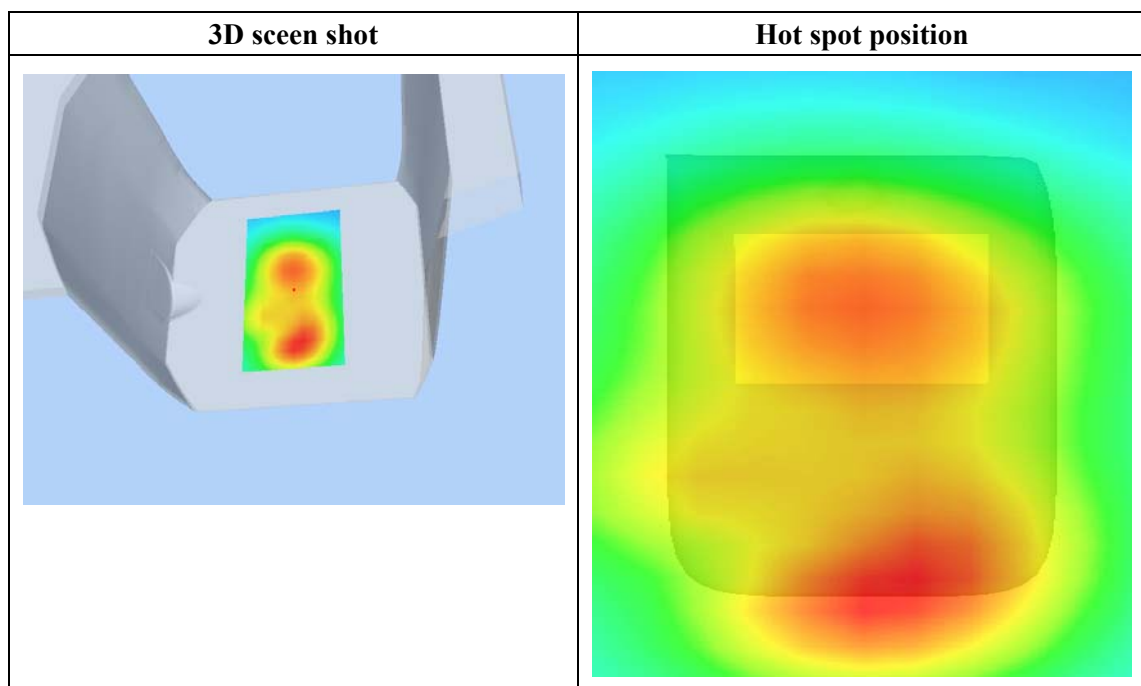
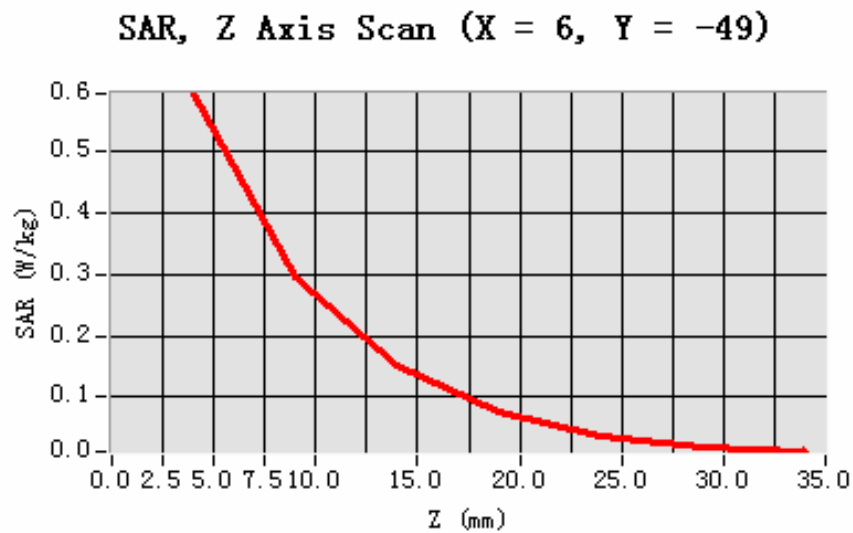


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-49.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.302423
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.572481

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.5950	0.2943	0.1501	0.0745	0.0368	0.0196



MEASUREMENT 14

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: $dx=8\text{mm}, dy=8\text{mm}$

Zoom scan resolution: $dx=8\text{mm}, dy=8\text{mm}, dz=5\text{mm}$

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 13 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

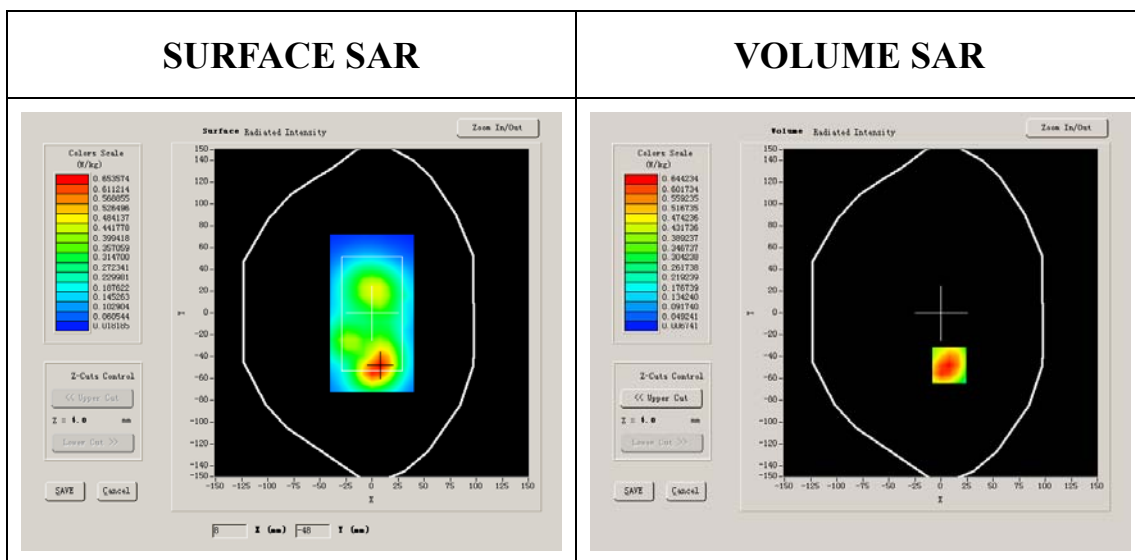
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	US_PCS
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 600):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.903000
Relative permittivity	14.817600

Conductivity (S/m)	1.547616
Variation (%)	-0.440000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



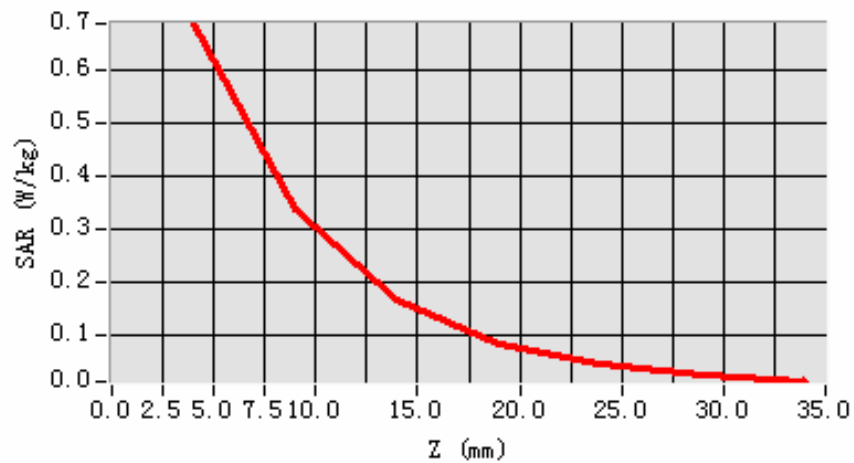
Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-48.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.348304
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.662270

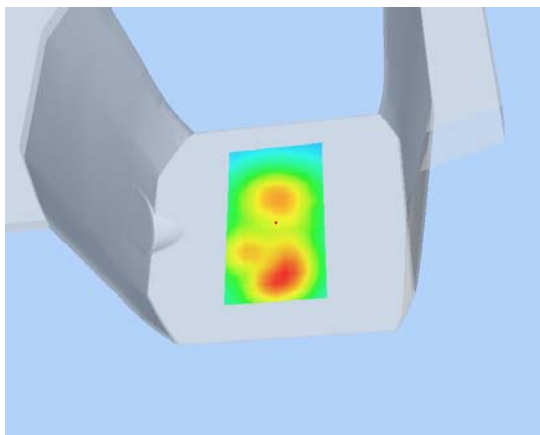
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.6860	0.3341	0.1670	0.0838	0.0434	0.0215

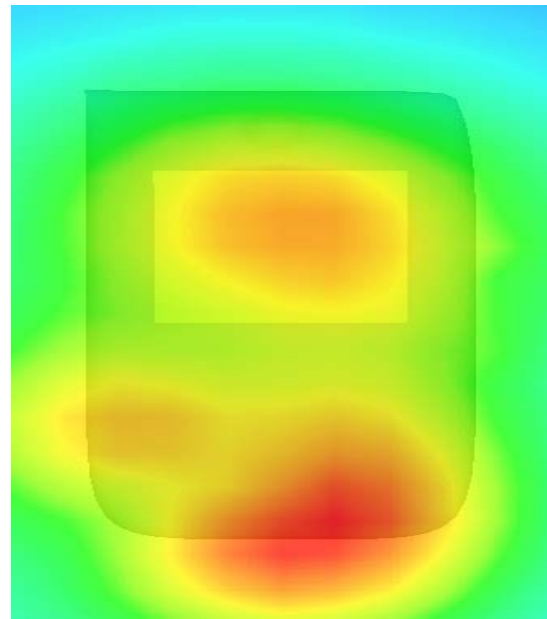
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 8, Y = -48)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 15

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

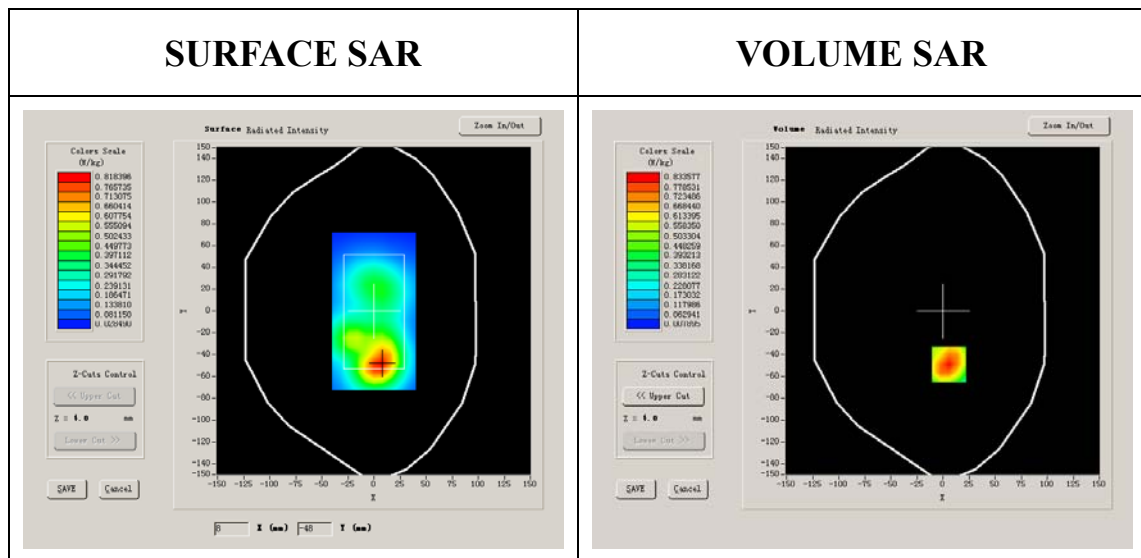
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	US_PCS
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 1175):

Frequency (MHz)	1908.750000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.903000
Relative permittivity	14.817600

Conductivity (S/m)	1.571283
Variation (%)	-0.010000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



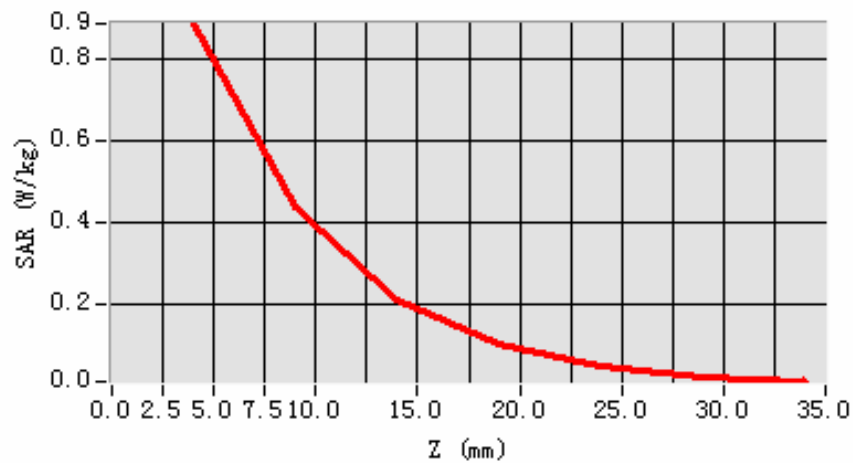
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-49.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.440352
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.842491

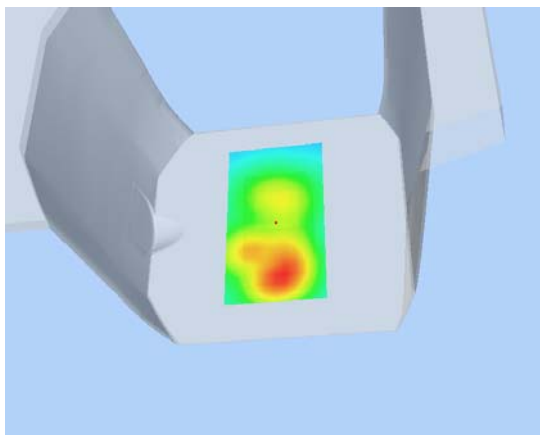
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.8876	0.4380	0.2124	0.1055	0.0530	0.0269

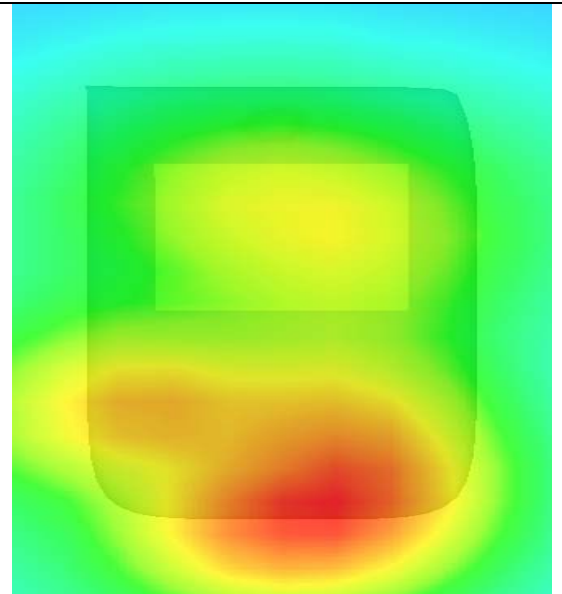
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 6, Y = -49)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 16

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 13 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

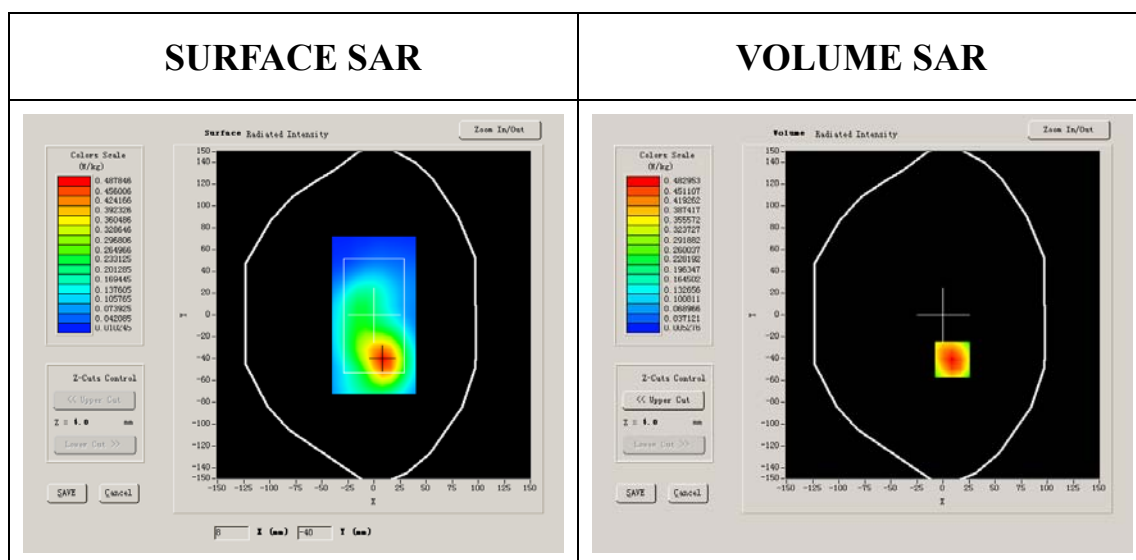
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	US_PCS
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 1175):

Frequency (MHz)	1908.750000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.903000
Relative permittivity	14.817600

Conductivity (S/m)	1.571283
Variation (%)	-0.210000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



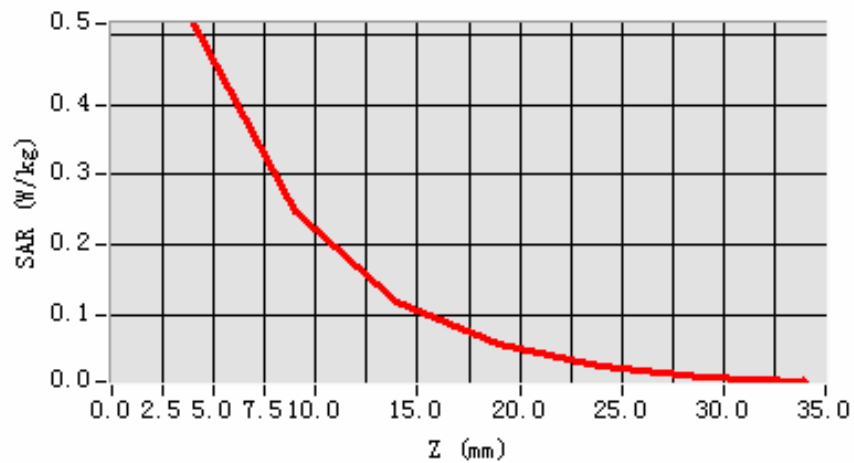
Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-41.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.261901
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.492625

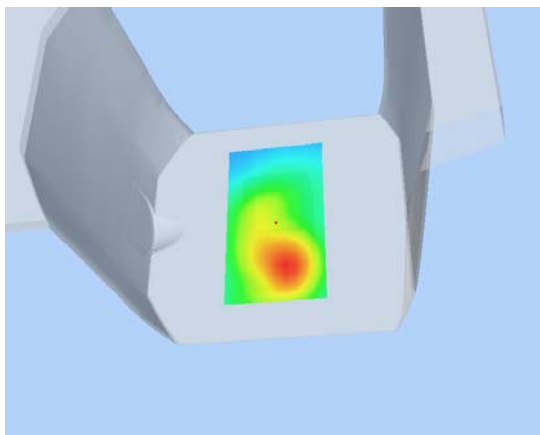
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.5143	0.2490	0.1207	0.0594	0.0297	0.0140

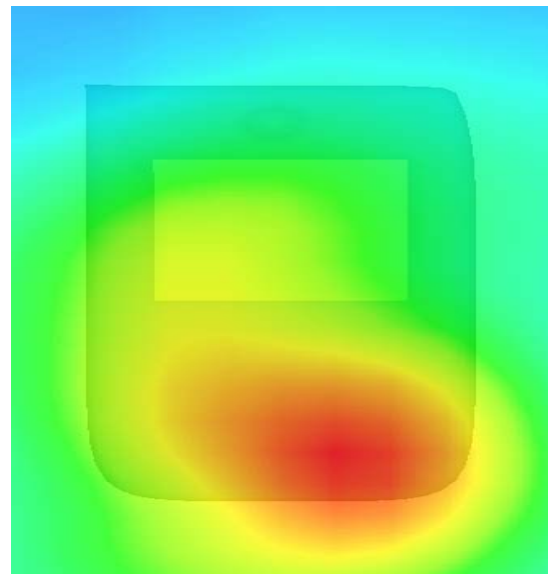
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 9, Y = -41)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 17

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 13 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

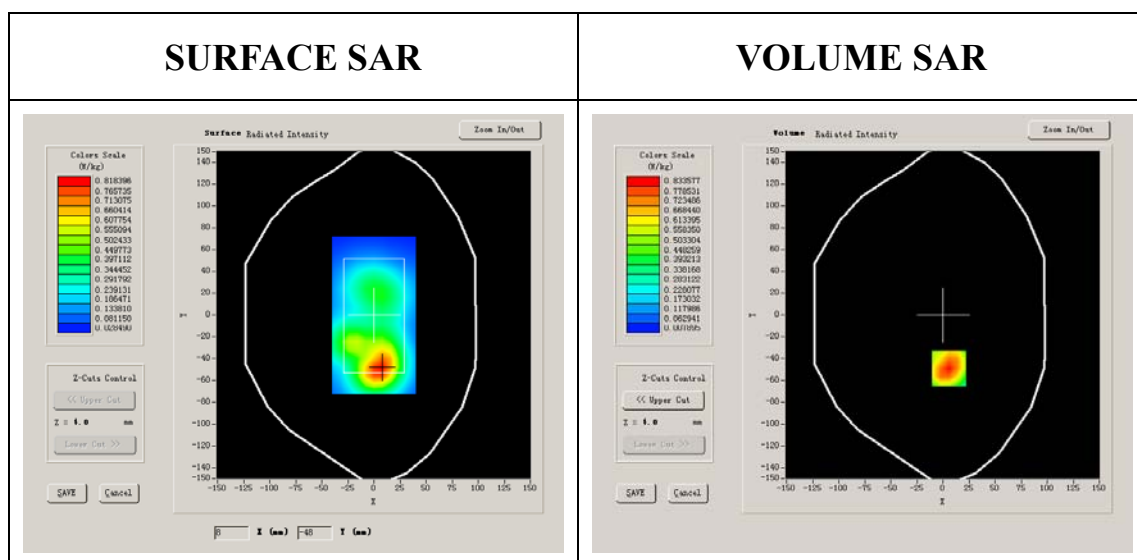
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	US_PCS
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 1175):

Frequency (MHz)	1908.750000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.903000
Relative permittivity	14.817600

Conductivity (S/m)	1.571283
Variation (%)	-1.012400
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



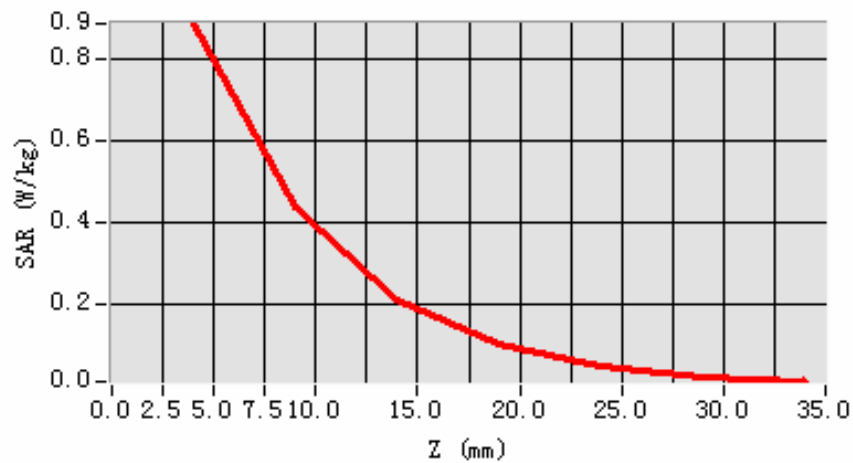
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-49.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.435748
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.824576

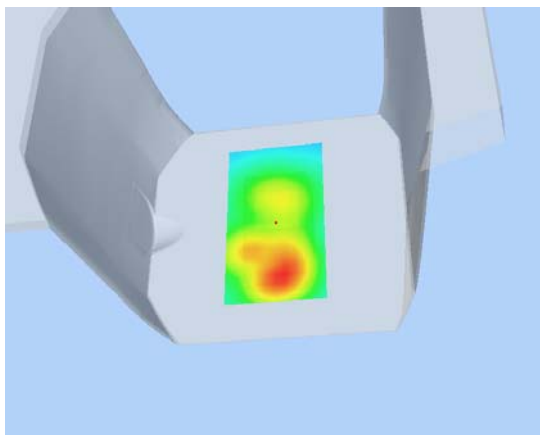
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.8876	0.4380	0.2124	0.1055	0.0530	0.0269

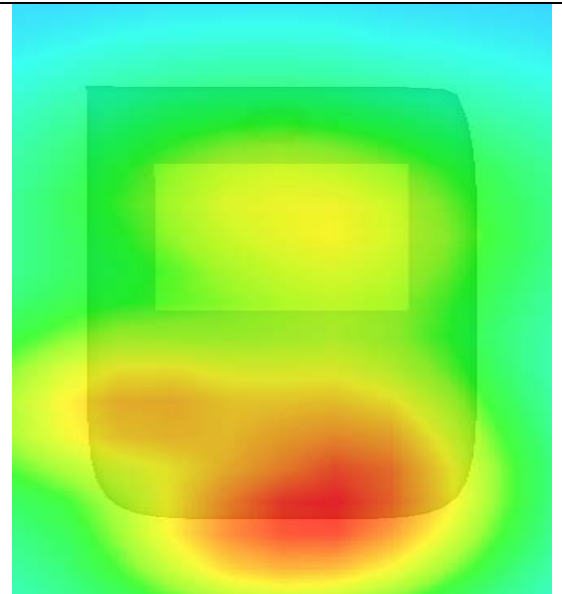
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 6, Y = -49)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

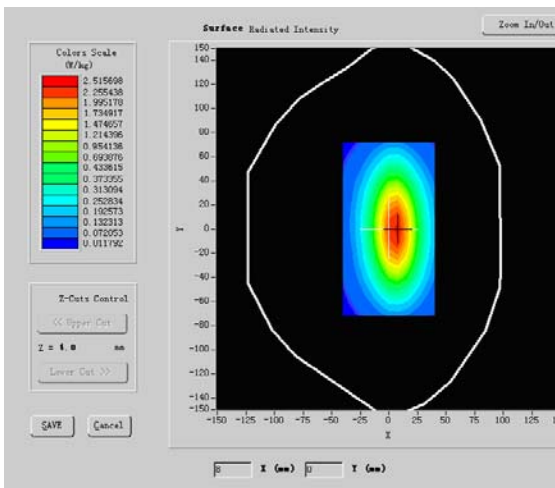
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	1800MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR:

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.930000
Relative permittivity	15.070000

Conductivity (S/m)	1.321229
Variation (%)	-0.140000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

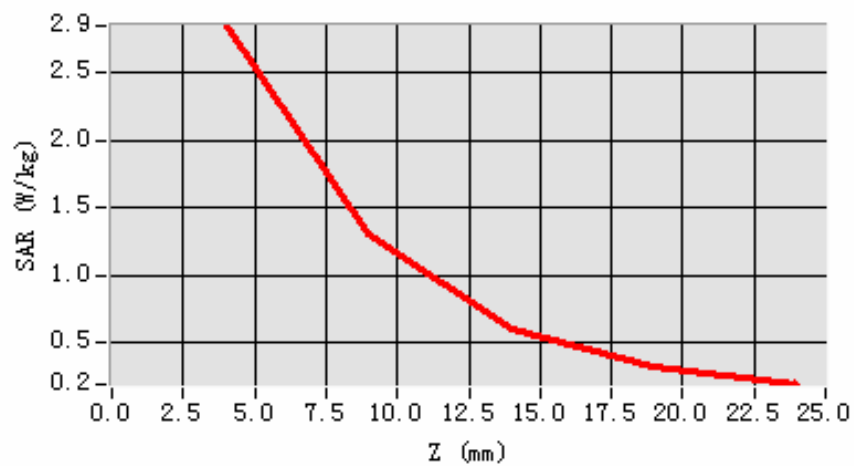
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.910003
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.903521

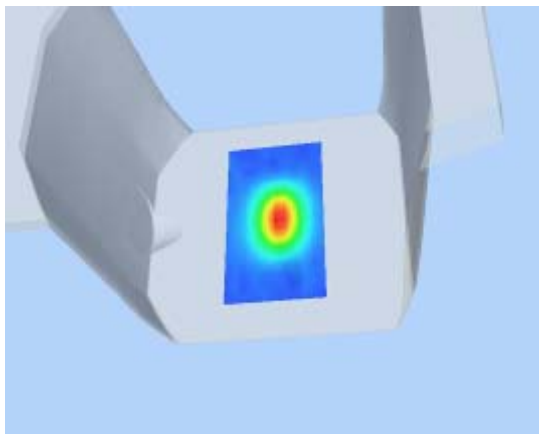
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.8536	1.3061	0.6041	0.3211

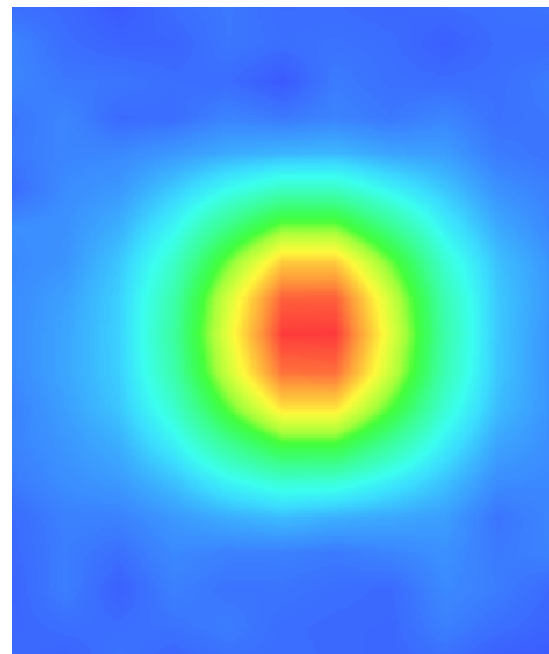
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 5, Y = 1)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 7/3/2011

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

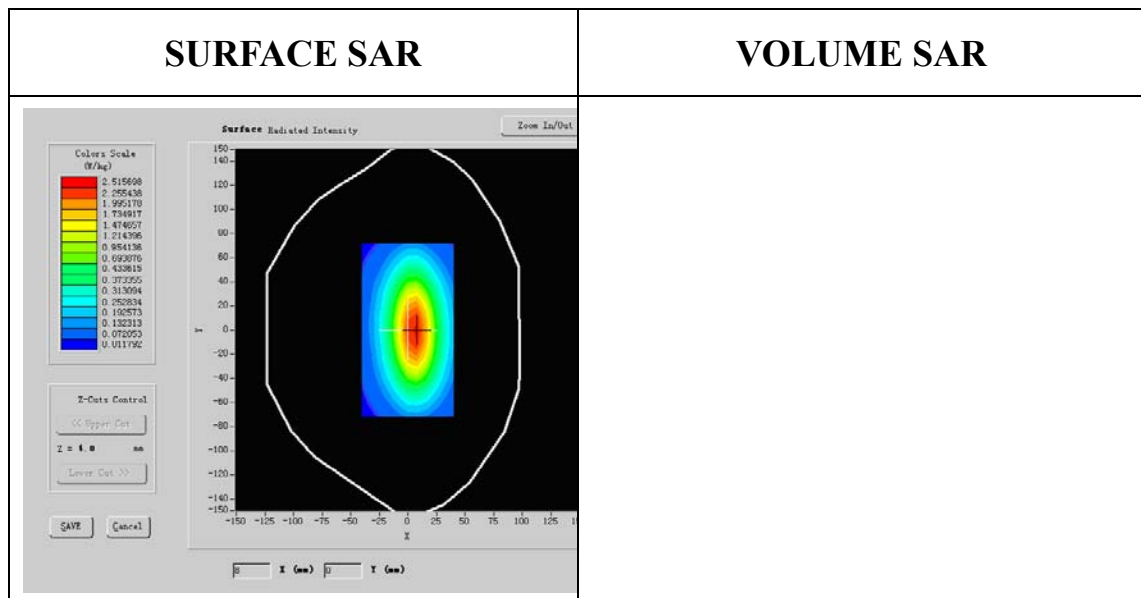
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	1800MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR:

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.930000
Relative permittivity	15.070000

Conductivity (S/m)	1.321229
Variation (%)	-0.140000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1



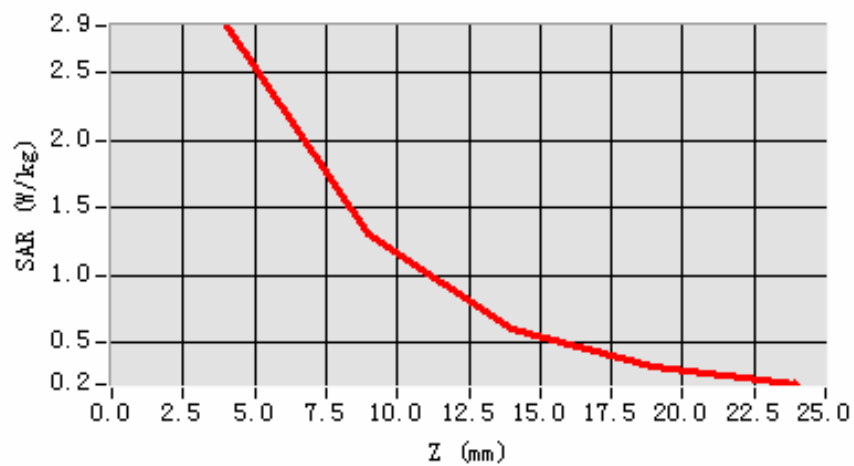
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.910003
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.835521

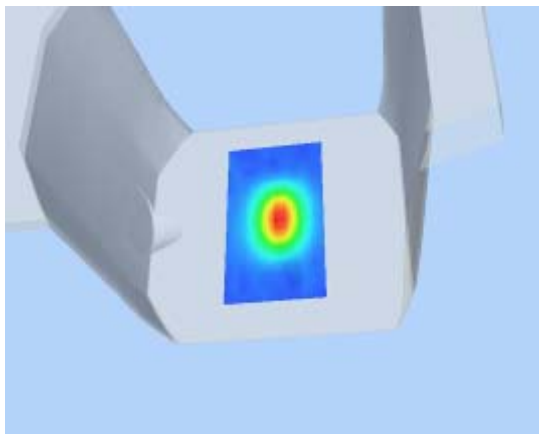
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.8536	1.3061	0.6041	0.3211

SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 5, Y = 1)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position

