

## 4 FCC §2.1091, §15.407(f) & IC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

### 4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.407(f) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Before equipment certification is granted, the procedure of IC RSS-102 must be followed concerning the exposure of humans to RF fields.

According to IC RSS-102 Issue 2 section 4.1, RF limits used for general public will be applied to the EUT.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field (V/m rms)	Magnetic Field (A/m rms)	Power Density (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	Time Averaging (minutes)
0.003 - 1	280	2.19	-	6
1 - 10	280 / f	2.19 / f	-	6
10 - 30	28	2.19 / f	-	6
30 - 300	28	0.073	2*	6
300 - 1 500	1.585 f <sup>0.5</sup>	0.0042 f <sup>0.5</sup>	f / 150	6
1 500 - 15 000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15 000 - 150 000	61.4	0.163	10	616000 / f <sup>1.2</sup>
150 000- 300 000	0.158 f <sup>0.5</sup>	4.21 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> f <sup>0.5</sup>	6.67 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> f	616000 / f <sup>1.2</sup>

**Note:** f is frequency in MHz

\* = Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz

## 4.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

## 4.3 MPE Results

### 5 GHz:

<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u>	<u>23.89</u>
<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u>	<u>244.91</u>
<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u>	<u>5690</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u>	<u>3.162</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>0.1541</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (W/m<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>1.541</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (W/m<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>10</u>

### 2.4 GHz:

<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u>	<u>24.92</u>
<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u>	<u>310.46</u>
<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u>	<u>2437</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u>	<u>1.995</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>0.123</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (W/m<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>1.23</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (W/m<sup>2</sup>):</u>	<u>10</u>

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02, EUT has two 2.4 GHz band antenna and two 5 GHz band antenna. The power density for 2.4 GHz band is 0.123 (refer to T504 2.4 GHz band report R1409183-247. So the sum of MPE ratio for four antennas is:  $0.123 + 0.1541 = 0.2771 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ , which is smaller than  $1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ . So the colocation exposure exclusion applies.