


TEST REPORT



DT&C Co., Ltd.

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Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664

1. Report No : DRTFCC1803-0055
2. Customer
 - Name : Sena Technologies, Inc.
 - Address : 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
3. Use of Report : FCC & IC Class II Permissive Change
4. Product Name / Model Name : Momentum_Lite / SP41
FCC ID: S7A-SP41 / IC: 8154A-SP41
5. Test Method Used : ANSI C63.10-2013
Test Specification : FCC Part 15 Subpart C.247
RSS-247 Issue 2 (2017-02), RSS-GEN Issue 4 (2014-11)
6. Date of Test : 2018.02.12 ~ 2018.02.28
7. Testing Environment : See appended test report.
8. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

| | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Affirmation | Tested by | Reviewed by |
| | Name : JungWoo Kim  (Signature) | Name : GeunKi Son  (Signature) |

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2018 . 03 . 13 .

DT&C Co., Ltd.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

| Test Report No. | Date | Description |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| DRTFCC1803-0055 | Mar. 13, 2018 | Initial issue |
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1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

| | | |
|--|---|------------------|
| DT&C Co., Ltd. | | |
| The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements. | | |
| - FCC MRA Accredited Test Firm No. : KR0034 | | |
| - IC Test site No. : 5740A-4 | | |
| www.dtnet.net | | |
| Telephone | : | + 82-31-321-2664 |
| FAX | : | + 82-31-321-1664 |

1.2 Testing Environment

| Ambient Condition | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| ▪ Temperature | +21 °C ~ +23 °C |
| ▪ Relative Humidity | 40 % ~ 42 % R.H. |

1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 and ANSI C63.10-2013. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k = 2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

| Test items | Measurement uncertainty |
|--|---|
| Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz Below) | 5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$) |
| Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz) | 5.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$) |
| Radiated spurious emission (18 GHz Above) | 5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$) |

1.4 Details of Applicant

Applicant : Sena Technologies, Inc.
Address : 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
Contact person : Seunghyun Kim

1.5 Description of EUT

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| EUT | Momentum_Lite |
| Model Name | SP41 |
| Add Model Name | - |
| Serial Number | Identical prototype |
| Hardware version | 1.0 |
| Software version | 1.0 |
| Power Supply | DC 3.7 V |
| Frequency Range | 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz |
| Modulation Technique | GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK |
| Number of Channels | 79 |
| Antenna 1 /Antenna Gain | Dipole Antenna / PK : 0.48 dBi |
| Antenna 2 /Antenna Gain | Dipole Antenna / PK : 0.52 dBi |

1.6 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer

- NA

1.7 Information about the FHSS characteristics

- This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following :

A) The hopping sequence is pseudorandom

Note 1 : Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 42, 54, 72, 09, 01, 11, 33, 41, 34, 42, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04,
20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 41, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11,
35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 52, 71, 08, 24, 06, 24, 48, 56, 45, 46, 70, 01, 72, 06, 25,
33, 12, 28, 49, 60, 45, 58, 74, 13, 05, 18, 37, 49 etc

.. The System receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel badwidths of
Their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchroniztation with the transmit
Ted signals.

B) All channels are used equally on average

C) The receiver input bandwidth equals the transmit bandwidth

D) The receiver hops in sequence with the transmit signal

- 15.247(g) : In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.
- 15.247(h) : In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate its channels selection / hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.
- 15.247(h) : The EUT employs Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) which identifies sources of interference namely devices operating in 802.11 WLAN and excludes them from the list of available channels. The process of re-mapping reduces the number of test channels from 79 channels to a minimum number of 20 channels.

1.8 Test Equipment List

| Type | Manufacturer | Model | Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd) | Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd) | S/N |
|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent Technologies | N9020A | 17/09/05 | 18/09/05 | MY46471251 |
| Multimeter | FLUKE | 17B | 17/04/12 | 18/04/12 | 26030065WS |
| Signal Generator | Rohde Schwarz | SMBV100A | 17/12/27 | 18/12/27 | 255571 |
| Signal Generator | Rohde Schwarz | SMF100A | 17/04/21 | 18/04/21 | 102341 |
| Thermohygrometer | BODYCOM | BJ5478 | 17/04/11 | 18/04/11 | 120612-2 |
| Loop Antenna | Schwarzbeck | FMZB1513 | 16/04/22 | 18/04/22 | 1513-128 |
| BILOG ANTENNA | Schwarzbeck | VULB 9160 | 16/08/05 | 18/08/05 | 9160-3362 |
| Horn Antenna | ETS-LINDGREN | 3117 | 16/05/03 | 18/05/03 | 00140394 |
| Horn Antenna | A.H.Systems Inc. | SAS-574 | 17/07/31 | 19/07/31 | 155 |
| PreAmplifier | Agilent | 8449B | 17/09/05 | 18/09/05 | 3008A02108 |
| PreAmplifier | TSJ | MLA-010K01-B01-27 | 17/03/06 | 18/03/06 | 1844539 |
| EMI Test Receiver | Rohde Schwarz | ESR7 | 17/02/16 | 18/02/16 | 101061 |
| | | | 18/02/13 | 19/02/13 | |
| High-pass filter | Wainwright | WHKX12-2580-3000-18000-80SS | 17/09/05 | 18/09/05 | 3 |
| High-pass filter | Wainwright | WHNX6-6320-8000-26500-40CC | 17/09/05 | 18/09/05 | 1 |

Note: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017.

1.9 Summary of Test Results

| FCC Part RSS Std. | Parameter | Limit (Using in 2400~ 2483.5 MHz) | Test Condition | Status Note 1 |
|--|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|
| 15.247(a) RSS-247(5.1) | Carrier Frequency Separation | ≥ 25 kHz or \geq Two thirds of the 20 dB BW, whichever is greater. | Conducted | NT ^{Note 5} |
| | Number of Hopping Frequencies | ≥ 15 hops | | NT ^{Note 5} |
| | 20 dB Bandwidth | N/A | | NT ^{Note 5} |
| | Dwell Time | ≤ 0.4 seconds | | NT ^{Note 5} |
| 15.247(b) RSS-247(5.4) | Transmitter Output Power | For FCC ≤ 1 Watt , if CHs ≥ 75 Others ≤ 0.125 W For IC if CHs ≥ 75 ≤ 1 Watt For Conducted Power ≤ 4 Watt For e.i.r.p, Others ≤ 0.125 W For Conducted Power. ≤ 4 Watt For e.i.r.p | | NT ^{Note 5} |
| 15.247(d) RSS-247(5.5) | Conducted Spurious Emissions | The radiated emission to any 100 kHz of out-band shall be at least 20 dB below the highest in-band spectral density. | Radiated | NT ^{Note 5} |
| RSS Gen(6.6) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 %) | N/A | | NT ^{Note 5} |
| 15.247(d) 15.205 & 209 RSS-247(5.5) RSS-Gen (8.9 & 8.10) | Radiated Spurious Emissions | FCC 15.209 Limits | Radiated | C ^{Note 2, 3} |
| 15.207 RSS-Gen(8.8) | AC Conducted Emissions | FCC 15.207 Limits | AC Line Conducted | NA ^{Note 4} |
| 15.203 RSS-Gen(8.3) | Antenna Requirements | FCC 15.203 | - | C |

Note 1 : C = Comply NC = Not Comply NT = Not Tested NA = Not Applicable

Note 2 : For radiated emission tests below 30 MHz were performed on semi-anechoic chamber which is correlated with OATS.

Note 3 : This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 4 : The power supply of this device is only DC (Internal Battery) and Bluetooth function is disabled in charging status.

Note 5 : The product itself has not changed. Only the new antenna have been added.
Therefore, this test item was not performed for class II permissive change.

1.10 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode

The EUT has three type of modulation (GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK).

Therefore all applicable requirements were tested with all the modulations.

And packet type was tested at the worst case(DH5).

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in three orthogonal EUT positions (X-axis, Y-axis and Z-axis).

Tested frequency information,

- Hopping Function : Enable

| | TX Frequency (MHz) | RX Frequency (MHz) |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Hopping Band | 2402 ~ 2480 | 2402 ~ 2480 |

- Hopping Function : Disable

| | TX Frequency (MHz) | RX Frequency (MHz) |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Lowest Channel | 2402 | 2402 |
| Middle Channel | 2441 | 2441 |
| Highest Channel | 2480 | 2480 |

2. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

2.1 Test Setup

- Not Tested

2.2 Limit

■ FCC Requirements

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725 – 5805 MHz band : 1 Watt.

■ IC Requirements

1. RSS-247(5.4), For FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

2.3 Test Procedure

1. The RF output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
2. The peak output power of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using ;
Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
RBW \geq 20 dB BW
VBW \geq RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

2.4 Test Results

- Not Tested

3. 20 dB BW & Occupied BW

3.1 Test Setup

- Not Tested

3.2 Limit

Limit : Not Applicable

3.3 Test Procedure

1. The 20 dB bandwidth & Occupied bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna Connector(conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using below setting:
RBW = 1% to 5% of the 20 dB BW & Occupied BW
VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
Span = between two times and five times the 20 dB bandwidth & Occupied BW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

3.4 Test Results

- Not Tested

4. Carrier Frequency Separation

4.1 Test Setup

- Not Tested

4.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 25 kHz or \geq Two-Thirds of the 20 dB BW whichever is greater.

4.3 Procedure

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

4.4 Test Results

- Not Tested

5. Number of Hopping Frequencies

5.1 Test Setup

- Not Tested

5.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 15 hops

5.3 Procedure

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

To get higher resolution, two frequency ranges for FH mode within the 2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Span for FH mode = 50 MHz Start Frequency = 2391.5 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2441.5 MHz

Start Frequency = 2441.5 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2491.5 MHz

Span for AFH mode = 50 MHz Start Frequency = 2416.0 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2466.0 MHz

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.4 Test Results

- Not Tested

6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

6.1 Test Setup

- Not Tested

6.2 Limit

The maximum permissible time of occupancy is 400 ms within a period of 400 ms multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

6.3 Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Center frequency = 2441 MHz

Span = zero

RBW = 1 MHz (RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1/T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel)

VBW \geq RBW

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

6.4 Test Results

- Not Tested

7. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

7.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

7.2 Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

| Frequency (MHz) | Limit (uV/m) | Measurement Distance (meter) |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.490 | 2400/F (kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 ~ 1705 | 24000/F (kHz) | 30 |
| 1705 ~ 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 ~ 88 | 100 ** | 3 |
| 88 ~ 216 | 150 ** | 3 |
| 216 ~ 960 | 200 ** | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 MHz, 76 - 88 MHz, 174 - 216 MHz or 470 - 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

| MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz | GHz |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.110 | 8.41425 ~ 8.41475 | 108 ~ 121.94 | 1300 ~ 1427 | 4.5 ~ 5.15 | 14.47 ~ 14.5 |
| 0.495 ~ 0.505 | 12.29 ~ 12.293 | 123 ~ 138 | 1435 ~ 1626.5 | 5.35 ~ 5.46 | 15.35 ~ 16.2 |
| 2.1735 ~ 2.1905 | 12.51975 ~ 12.52025 | 149.9 ~ 150.05 | 1645.5 ~ 1646.5 | 7.25 ~ 7.75 | 17.7 ~ 21.4 |
| 4.125 ~ 4.128 | 12.57675 ~ 12.57725 | 156.52475 ~ 156.52525 | 1660 ~ 1710 | 8.025 ~ 8.5 | 22.01 ~ 23.12 |
| 4.17725 ~ 4.17775 | 13.36 ~ 13.41 | 156.7 ~ 156.9 | 1718.8 ~ 1722.2 | 9.0 ~ 9.2 | 23.6 ~ 24.0 |
| 4.20725 ~ 4.20775 | 16.42 ~ 16.423 | 162.0125 ~ 167.17 | 2200 ~ 2300 | 9.3 ~ 9.5 | 31.2 ~ 31.8 |
| 6.215 ~ 6.218 | 16.69475 ~ 16.69525 | 167.72 ~ 173.2 | 2310 ~ 2390 | 10.6 ~ 12.7 | 36.43 ~ 36.5 |
| 6.26775 ~ 6.26825 | 16.80425 ~ 16.80475 | 240 ~ 285 | 2483.5 ~ 2500 | 13.25 ~ 13.4 | Above 38.6 |
| 6.31175 ~ 6.31225 | 25.5 ~ 25.67 | 322 ~ 335.4 | 2655 ~ 2900 | | |
| 8.291 ~ 8.294 | 37.5 ~ 38.25 | 399.90 ~ 410 | 3260 ~ 3267 | | |
| 8.362 ~ 8.366 | 73 ~ 74.6 | 608 ~ 614 | 3332 ~ 3339 | | |
| 8.37625 ~ 8.38675 | 74.8 ~ 75.2 | 960 ~ 1240 | 3345.8 ~ 3358 | | |
| | | | 3600 ~ 4400 | | |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

7.3. Test Procedures

7.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 1 or 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.
4. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
6. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

Note: The radiated spurious emission was tested with below settings.

- Frequencies less than or equal to 1000 MHz
The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- Frequencies above 1000 MHz
The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
The result of Average measurement is calculated using PK result and duty correction factor.

7.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. The **reference level** of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz.
3. The conducted spurious emission was tested each ranges were set as below.

Frequency range : 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001

Frequency range : 30 MHz ~ 10 GHz, 10 GHz ~ 25 GHz

RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001

LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)

If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

7.4. Test Results

7.4.1. Radiated Emissions

9kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : GFSK)_Antenna 1

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2388.59 | H | X | PK | 60.30 | 0.70 | N/A | N/A | 61.00 | 74.00 | 13.00 |
| 2388.59 | H | X | AV | 60.30 | 0.70 | -24.79 | N/A | 36.21 | 54.00 | 17.79 |
| 12009.71 | V | X | PK | 51.08 | 13.33 | N/A | N/A | 64.41 | 74.00 | 9.59 |
| 12009.71 | V | X | AV | 51.08 | 13.33 | -24.79 | N/A | 39.62 | 54.00 | 14.38 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 12204.69 | V | X | PK | 54.87 | 13.55 | N/A | N/A | 68.42 | 74.00 | 5.58 |
| 12204.69 | V | X | AV | 54.87 | 13.55 | -24.79 | N/A | 43.63 | 54.00 | 10.37 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.61 | H | X | PK | 62.61 | 0.94 | N/A | N/A | 63.55 | 74.00 | 10.45 |
| 2483.61 | H | X | AV | 62.61 | 0.94 | -24.79 | N/A | 38.76 | 54.00 | 15.24 |
| 12399.70 | V | X | PK | 52.13 | 13.77 | N/A | N/A | 65.90 | 74.00 | 8.10 |
| 12399.70 | V | X | AV | 52.13 | 13.77 | -24.79 | N/A | 41.11 | 54.00 | 12.89 |

▪ Note.

- The radiated emissions were investigated 9kHz to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)
Refer to the original test report for D.C.F.
- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**
- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$
- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$
- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

9kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK)_Antenna 1

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2386.18 | H | X | PK | 56.64 | 0.69 | N/A | N/A | 57.33 | 74.00 | 16.67 |
| 2386.18 | H | X | AV | 56.64 | 0.69 | -24.79 | N/A | 32.54 | 54.00 | 21.46 |
| 4804.28 | V | Y | PK | 50.40 | 4.77 | N/A | N/A | 55.17 | 74.00 | 18.83 |
| 4804.28 | V | Y | AV | 50.40 | 4.77 | -24.79 | N/A | 30.38 | 54.00 | 23.62 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4881.90 | V | Y | PK | 51.62 | 5.11 | N/A | N/A | 56.73 | 74.00 | 17.27 |
| 4881.90 | V | Y | AV | 51.62 | 5.11 | -24.79 | N/A | 31.94 | 54.00 | 22.06 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.56 | H | X | PK | 67.36 | 0.94 | N/A | N/A | 68.30 | 74.00 | 5.70 |
| 2483.56 | H | X | AV | 67.36 | 0.94 | -24.79 | N/A | 43.51 | 54.00 | 10.49 |
| 4959.54 | V | Y | PK | 49.24 | 5.34 | N/A | N/A | 54.58 | 74.00 | 19.42 |
| 4954.54 | V | Y | AV | 49.24 | 5.32 | -24.79 | N/A | 29.77 | 54.00 | 24.23 |

▪ Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 9kHz to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

Refer to the original test report for D.C.F.

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

.

9kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : 8DPSK)_Antenna 1

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2378.21 | H | X | PK | 57.83 | 0.65 | N/A | N/A | 58.48 | 74.00 | 15.52 |
| 2378.21 | H | X | AV | 57.83 | 0.65 | -24.79 | N/A | 33.69 | 54.00 | 20.31 |
| 4803.60 | V | Y | PK | 50.68 | 4.77 | N/A | N/A | 55.45 | 74.00 | 18.55 |
| 4803.60 | V | Y | AV | 50.68 | 4.77 | -24.79 | N/A | 30.66 | 54.00 | 23.34 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4881.97 | V | Y | PK | 51.86 | 5.11 | N/A | N/A | 56.97 | 74.00 | 17.03 |
| 4881.97 | V | Y | AV | 51.86 | 5.11 | -24.79 | N/A | 32.18 | 54.00 | 21.82 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.53 | H | X | PK | 66.32 | 0.94 | N/A | N/A | 67.26 | 74.00 | 6.74 |
| 2483.53 | H | X | AV | 66.32 | 0.94 | -24.79 | N/A | 42.47 | 54.00 | 11.53 |
| 4959.85 | V | Y | PK | 49.82 | 5.34 | N/A | N/A | 55.16 | 74.00 | 18.84 |
| 4959.85 | V | Y | AV | 49.82 | 5.34 | -24.79 | N/A | 30.37 | 54.00 | 23.63 |

▪ Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 9kHz to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

Refer to the original test report for D.C.F.

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

9kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : GFSK)_Antenna 2

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2389.36 | H | X | PK | 61.56 | 0.70 | N/A | N/A | 62.26 | 74.00 | 11.74 |
| 2389.36 | H | X | AV | 61.56 | 0.70 | -24.79 | N/A | 37.47 | 54.00 | 16.53 |
| 12009.73 | V | Z | PK | 50.81 | 13.33 | N/A | N/A | 64.14 | 74.00 | 9.86 |
| 12009.73 | V | Z | AV | 50.81 | 13.33 | -24.79 | N/A | 39.35 | 54.00 | 14.65 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 12204.62 | V | Z | PK | 51.53 | 13.55 | N/A | N/A | 65.08 | 74.00 | 8.92 |
| 12204.62 | V | Z | AV | 51.53 | 13.55 | -24.79 | N/A | 40.29 | 54.00 | 13.71 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.77 | H | X | PK | 63.81 | 0.94 | N/A | N/A | 64.75 | 74.00 | 9.25 |
| 2483.77 | H | X | AV | 63.81 | 0.94 | -24.79 | N/A | 39.96 | 54.00 | 14.04 |
| 12399.83 | V | X | PK | 49.44 | 13.77 | N/A | N/A | 63.21 | 74.00 | 10.79 |
| 12399.83 | V | X | AV | 49.44 | 13.77 | -24.79 | N/A | 38.42 | 54.00 | 15.58 |

▪ Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 9kHz to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

Refer to the original test report for D.C.F.

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = \underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

9kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK)_Antenna 2

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2376.25 | H | X | PK | 57.60 | 0.65 | N/A | N/A | 58.25 | 74.00 | 15.75 |
| 2376.25 | H | X | AV | 57.60 | 0.65 | -24.79 | N/A | 33.46 | 54.00 | 20.54 |
| 4804.20 | V | X | PK | 44.92 | 4.77 | N/A | N/A | 49.69 | 74.00 | 24.31 |
| 4804.20 | V | X | AV | 44.92 | 4.77 | -24.79 | N/A | 24.90 | 54.00 | 29.10 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4882.00 | V | X | PK | 45.76 | 5.11 | N/A | N/A | 50.87 | 74.00 | 23.13 |
| 4882.00 | V | X | AV | 45.76 | 5.11 | -24.79 | N/A | 26.08 | 54.00 | 27.92 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.58 | H | X | PK | 67.89 | 0.94 | N/A | N/A | 68.83 | 74.00 | 5.17 |
| 2483.58 | H | X | AV | 67.89 | 0.94 | -24.79 | N/A | 44.04 | 54.00 | 9.96 |
| 4960.19 | V | X | PK | 46.23 | 5.34 | N/A | N/A | 51.57 | 74.00 | 22.43 |
| 4960.19 | V | X | AV | 46.23 | 5.34 | -24.79 | N/A | 26.78 | 54.00 | 27.22 |

▪ Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 9kHz to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

Refer to the original test report for D.C.F.

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

.

9kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : 8DPSK)_Antenna 2

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2375.80 | H | X | PK | 58.64 | 0.64 | N/A | N/A | 59.28 | 74.00 | 14.72 |
| 2375.80 | H | X | AV | 58.64 | 0.64 | -24.79 | N/A | 34.49 | 54.00 | 19.51 |
| 4804.01 | V | X | PK | 45.10 | 4.77 | N/A | N/A | 49.87 | 74.00 | 24.13 |
| 4804.01 | V | X | AV | 45.10 | 4.77 | -24.79 | N/A | 25.08 | 54.00 | 28.92 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4881.80 | V | X | PK | 45.52 | 5.11 | N/A | N/A | 50.63 | 74.00 | 23.37 |
| 4881.80 | V | X | AV | 45.52 | 5.11 | -24.79 | N/A | 25.84 | 54.00 | 28.16 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.52 | H | X | PK | 68.52 | 0.94 | N/A | N/A | 69.46 | 74.00 | 4.54 |
| 2483.52 | H | X | AV | 68.52 | 0.94 | -24.79 | N/A | 44.67 | 54.00 | 9.33 |
| 4959.76 | V | X | PK | 46.42 | 5.34 | N/A | N/A | 51.76 | 74.00 | 22.24 |
| 4959.76 | V | X | AV | 46.42 | 5.34 | -24.79 | N/A | 26.97 | 54.00 | 27.03 |

▪ Note.

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 9kHz to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

Refer to the original test report for D.C.F.

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

8.1 Test Setup

- Not Applicable

8.2 Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Conducted Limit (dBuV) | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| | Quasi-Peak | Average |
| 0.15 ~ 0.5 | 66 to 56 * | 56 to 46 * |
| 0.5 ~ 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5 ~ 30 | 60 | 50 |

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

8.3 Test Procedures

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10.

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

8.4 Test Results

- Not Applicable

9. Antenna Requirement

Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that either its antenna is permanently attached, or that it employs a unique antenna connector, for every antenna proposed for use with the EUT.

Conclusion: **Comply**

**The external antenna is connected to the unique connector. (Refer to External Photo file.)
Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203**

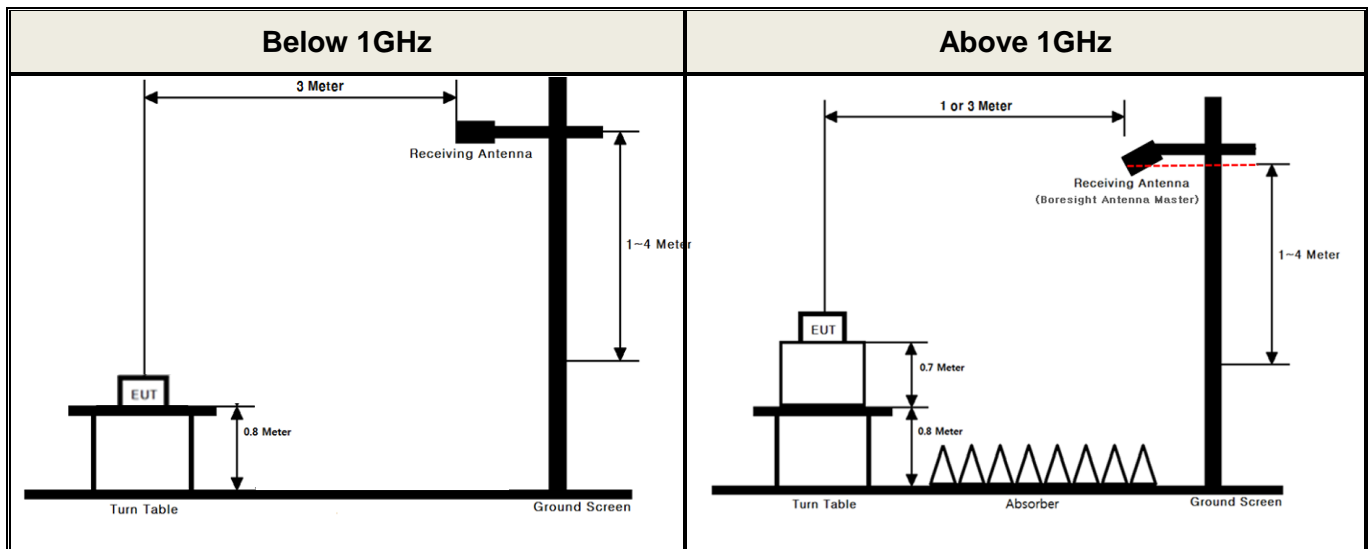
- Minimum Standard :

| |
|--|
| An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions. |
|--|

APPENDIX I

Test set up diagrams

▪ Radiated Measurement

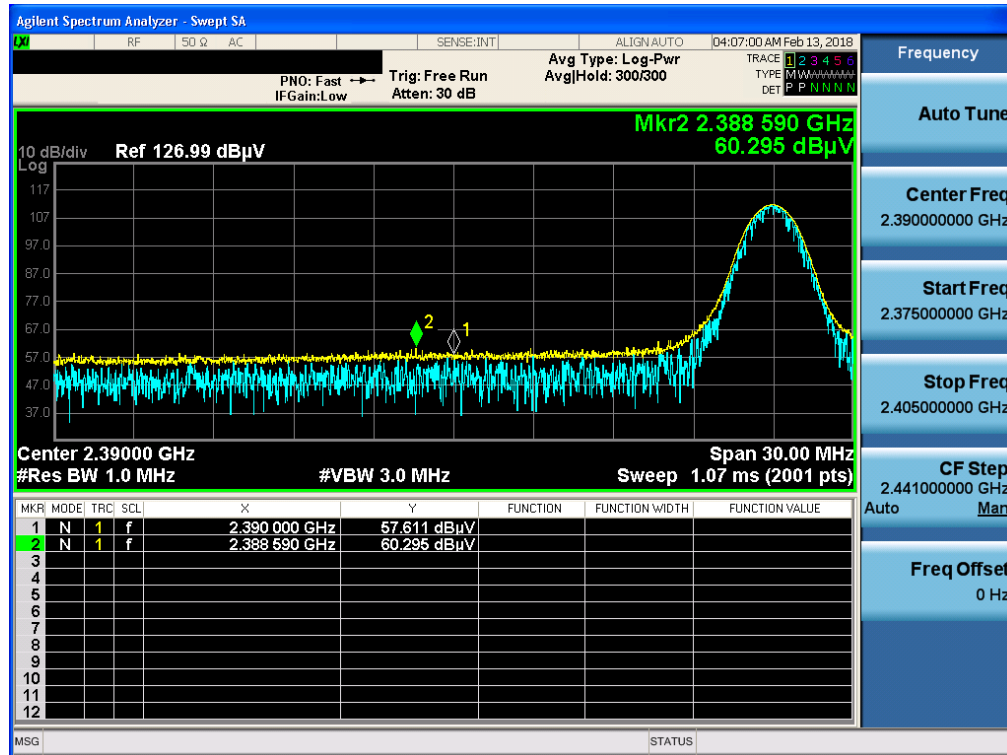


APPENDIX II

Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot_Antenna 1

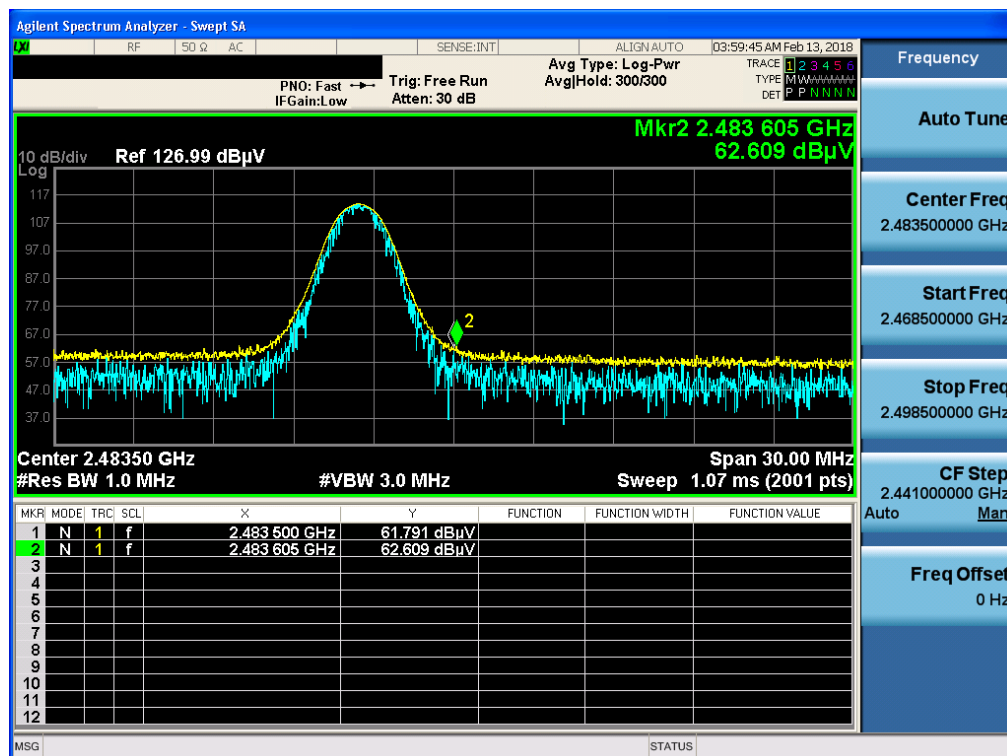
GFSK & Lowest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



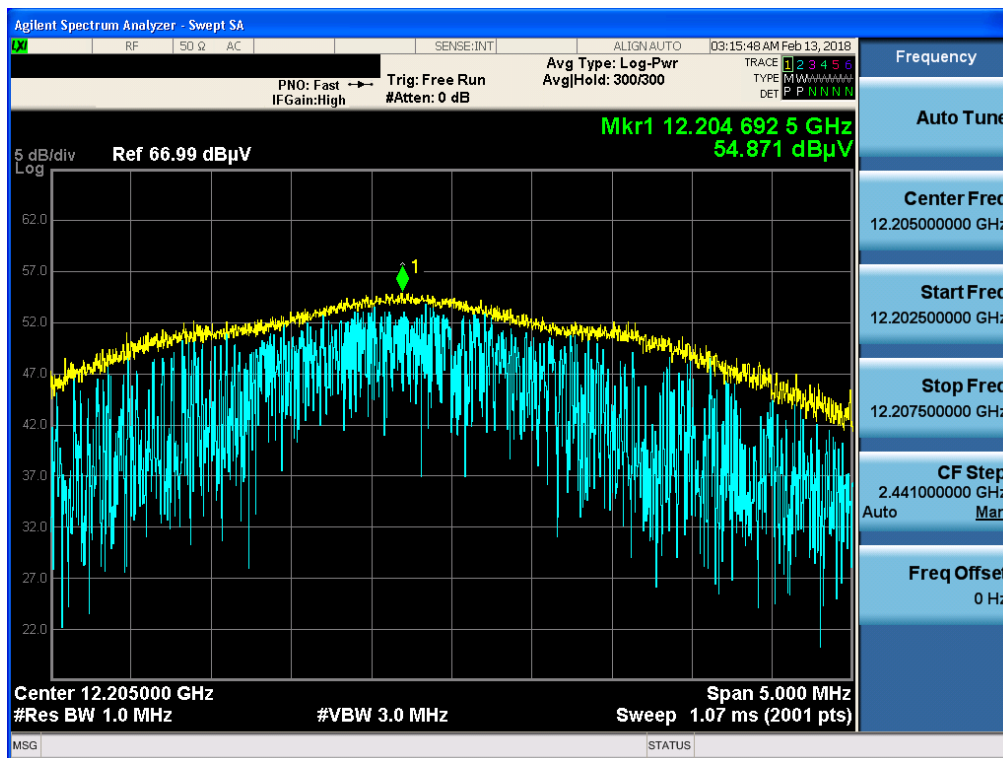
GFSK & Highest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



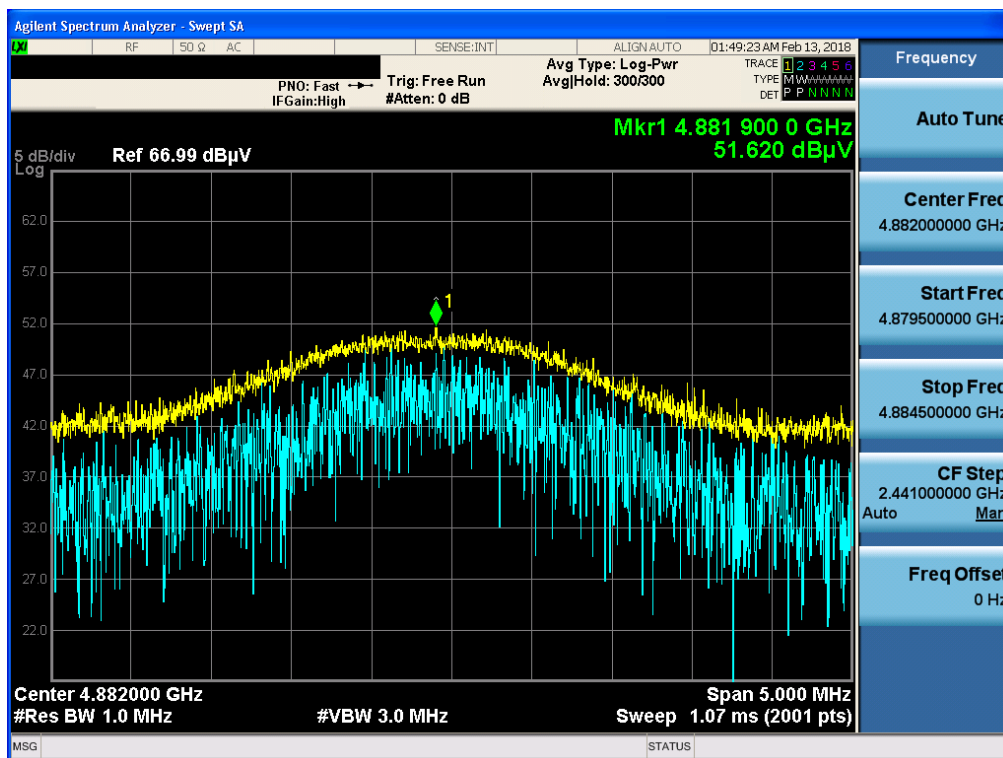
GFSK & Middle & X & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



π /4DQPSK & Middle & Y & Ver

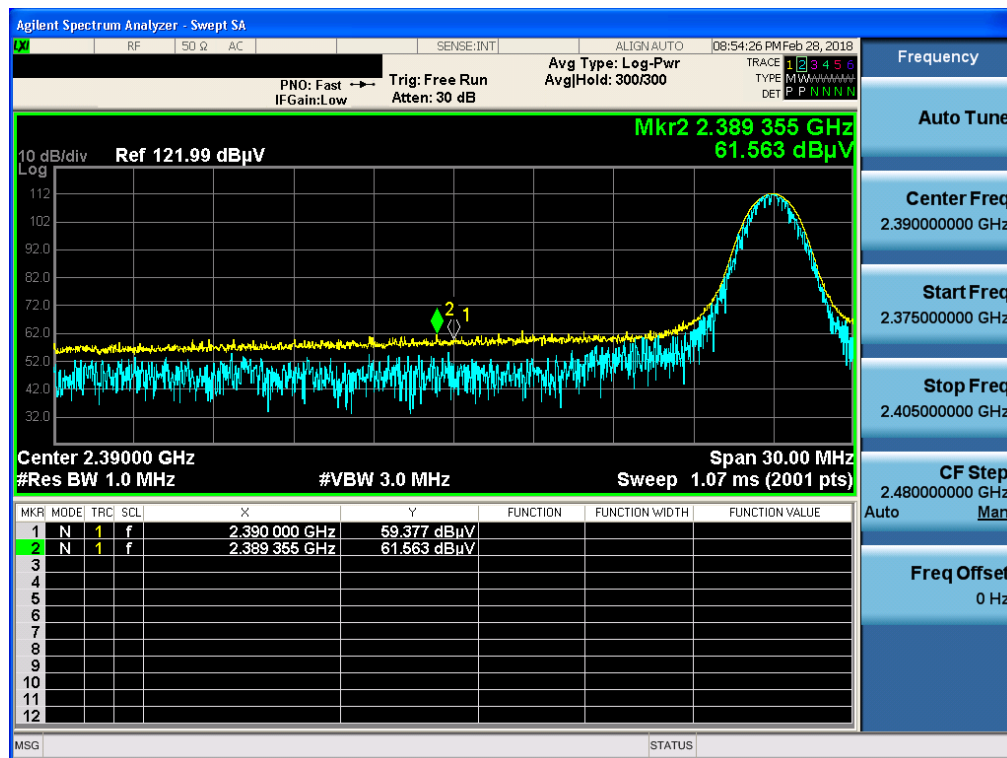
Detector Mode : PK



Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot_Antenna 2

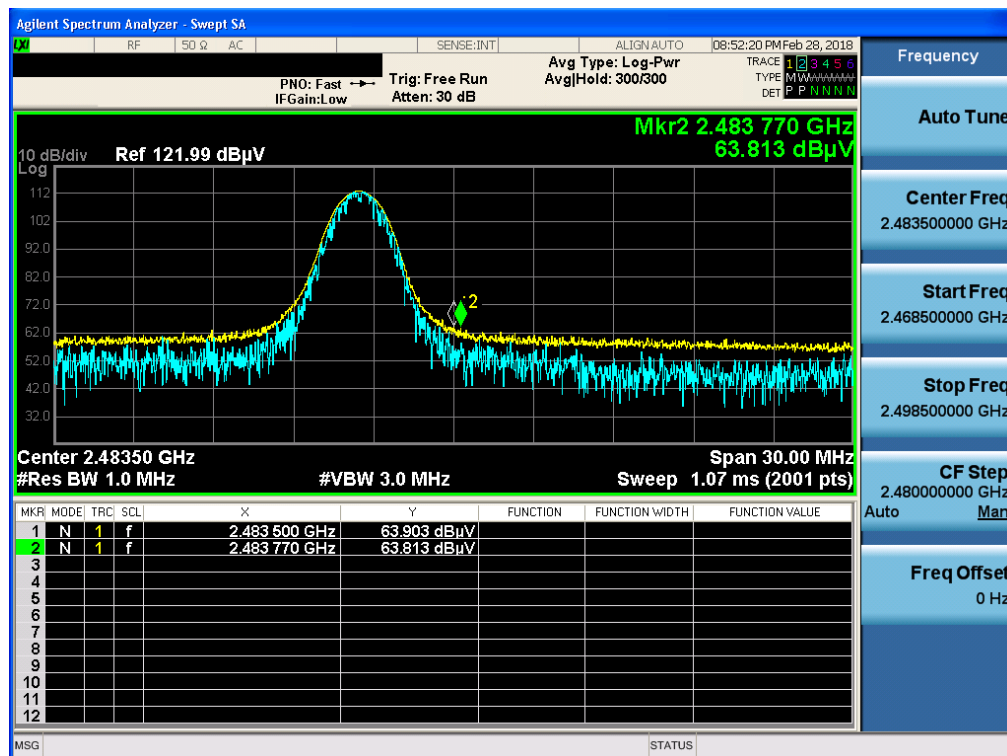
GFSK & Lowest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK

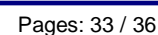


GFSK & Highest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK

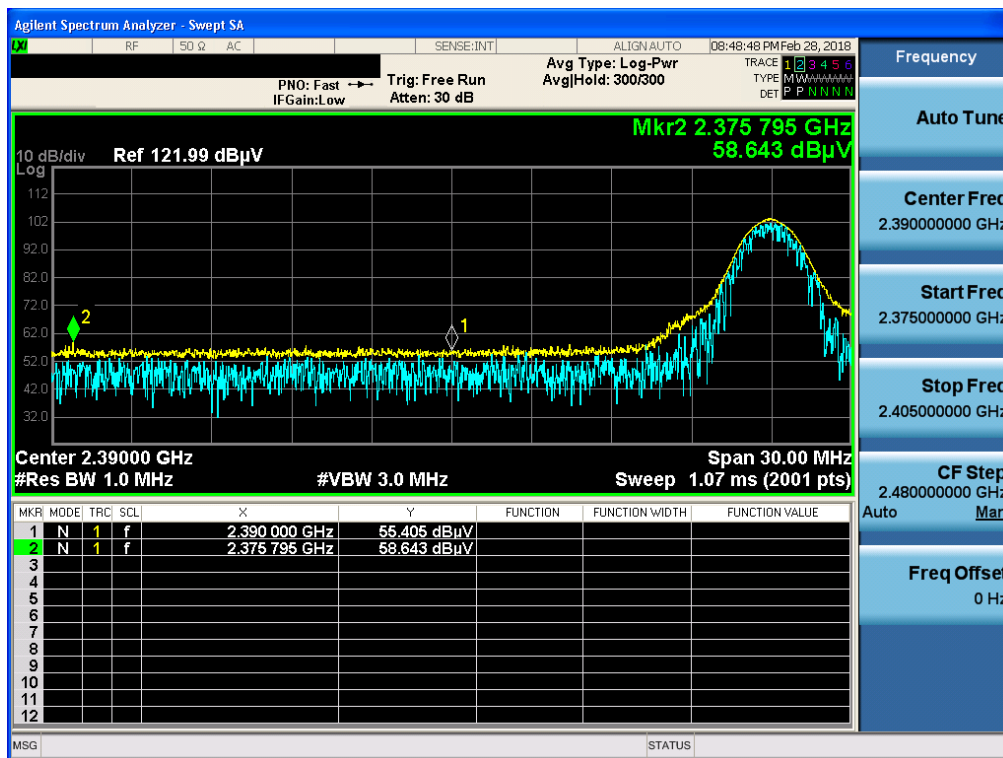


Detector Mode : PK



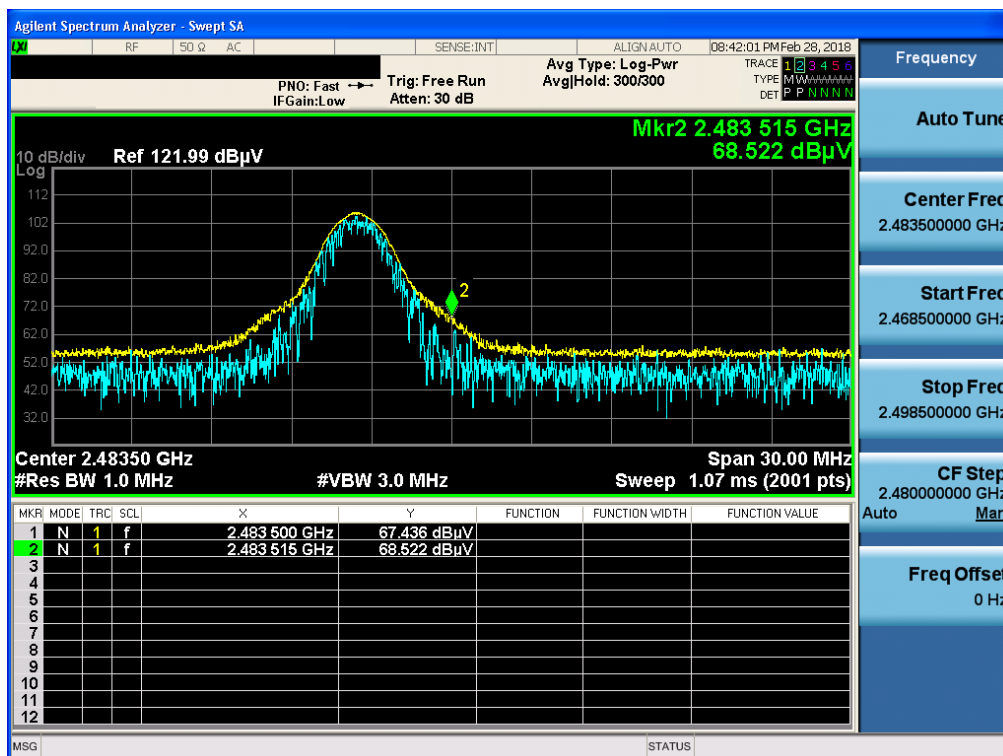
8DPSK & Lowest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



8DPSK & Highest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



8DPSK & Highest & X & Ver

Detector Mode : PK

