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Certification Test Report

FCC ID: S4MRSN300-16-A

FCC Rule Part: 15.247

ACS Report Number: 09-0145-15C

Manufacturer: **TeraHop Networks, Inc.**
Model(s): **RSN300**

Test Begin Date: April 16, 2009

Test End Date: April 20, 2009

Report Issue Date: April 29, 2009



FOR THE SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION UNDER LAB Code 200612-0

This report is not be used to claim certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any government agency.

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This report contains 26 pages

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Additional Exhibits Included In Filing

Internal Photographs
External Photographs
Test Setup Photographs
Product Labeling
RF Exposure – MPE Calculations

Installation/Users Guide
Theory of Operation
System Block Diagram
Schematics

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 15 Subpart C of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations.

1.2 Product Description

1.2.1 General

The RSN300 is comprised of a small, battery-operated assembly that forms the basis of the TeraHop Networks ad-hoc wireless network. The RSN is intended to be placed on assets that require monitoring and/or tracking. The RSN provides primary wireless communications between other RSN units and a gateway.

In a typical usage scenario, many RSNs will be deployed around a large number of assets such as shipping containers or other items that require monitoring. The RSN would be used to track the arrival of the asset. It would also be used to report triggering events such as motion, shock, tampering etc.

Manufacturer Information:

TeraHop Networks Incorporated
1225 Old Alpharetta Road Suite 210
Alpharetta, GA 30005

Test Sample Serial Number(s): 5

Test Sample Condition:

Test sample was provided in good working order with no visible defects.

Detailed photographs of the EUT are filed separately with this filing.

1.2.2 Intended Use

The RSN is intended to be placed on assets that require monitoring and/or tracking.

1.3 Test Methodology and Considerations

The RSN300 utilizes an integral antenna however the EUT was modified with a temporary antenna port for RF conducted measurements. Radiated emissions were performed with the integral antenna attached.

For radiated emissions, including band edge, three different orientation positions were tested, X-Position, Y-Position, and Z-Position. For these tests, data for all positions is presented.

2.0 TEST FACILITIES

2.1 Location

The radiated and conducted emissions test sites are located at the following address:

Advanced Compliance Solutions
5015 B.U. Bowman Drive
Buford, GA 30518
Phone: (770) 831-8048
Fax: (770) 831-8598

2.2 Laboratory Accreditations/Recognitions/Certifications

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site, Open Area Test Site (OATS) and Conducted Emissions Site have been fully described, submitted to, and accepted by the FCC, Industry Canada and the Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference by information technology equipment. In addition, ACS is compliant to ISO/IEC 17025 as certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program. The following certification numbers have been issued in recognition of these accreditations and certifications:

FCC Registration Number: 894540

Industry Canada Lab Code: IC 4175

VCCI Member Number: 1831

- VCCI OATS Registration Number R-1526
- VCCI Conducted Emissions Site Registration Number: C-1608

NVLAP Lab Code: 200612-0

2.3 Radiated Emissions Test Site Description

2.3.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site consists of a 20' x 30' x 18' shielded enclosure. The chamber is lined with Toyo Ferrite Grid Absorber, model number FFG-1000. The ferrite tile grid is 101 x 101 x 19mm thick and weighs approximately 550 grams. These tiles are mounted on steel panels and installed directly on the inner walls of the chamber.

The turntable is 150cm in diameter and is located 160cm from the back wall of the chamber. The chamber is grounded via 1 - 8' copper ground rod, installed at the center of the back wall, it is bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is all steel, flush mounted table installed in an all steel frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 25' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Behind the turntable is a 3' x 6' x 4' deep shielded pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 1 - 4" PVC chases from the turntable to the pit that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit.

A diagram of the Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-1 below:

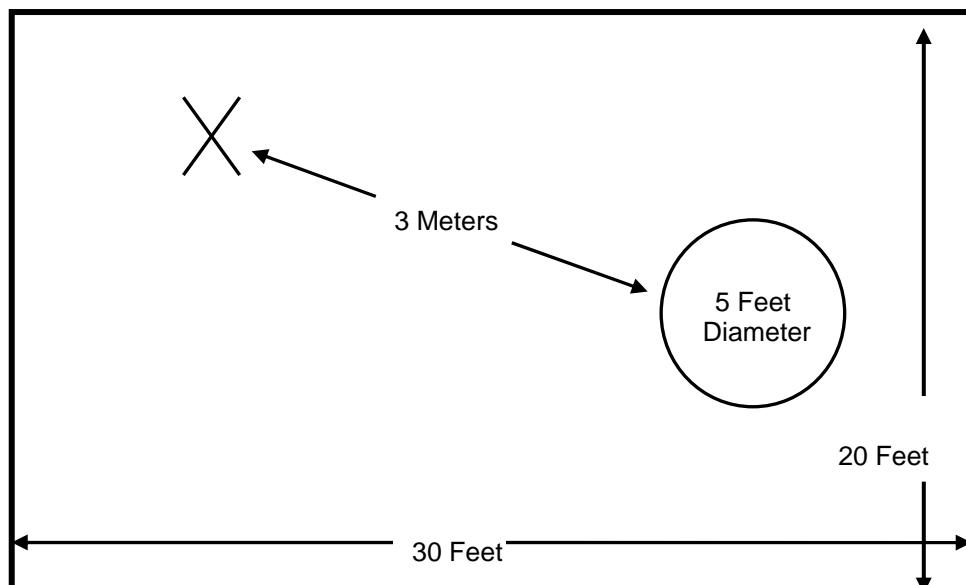


Figure 2.3-1: Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

2.3.2 Open Area Tests Site (OATS)

The open area test site consists of a 40' x 66' concrete pad covered with a perforated electro-plated galvanized sheet metal. The perforations in the sheet metal are 1/8" holes that are staggered every 3/16". The individual sheets are placed to overlap each other by 1/4" and are riveted together to provide a continuous seam. Rivets are spaced every 3" in a 3 x 20 meter perimeter around the antenna mast and EUT area. Rivets in the remaining area are spaced as necessary to properly secure the ground plane and maintain the electrical continuity.

The entire ground plane extends 12' beyond the turntable edge and 16' beyond the antenna mast when set to a 10 meter measurement distance. The ground plane is grounded via 4 - 8' copper ground rods, each installed at a corner of the ground plane and bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is an all aluminum 10' flush mounted table installed in an all aluminum frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 40' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Adjacent to the turntable is a 7' x 7' square and 4' deep concrete pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 5 - 4" PVC chases from the pit to the control room that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit. The pit is covered with 2 sheets of 1/4" diamond style re-enforced steel sheets. The sheets are painted to match the perforated steel ground plane; however the underside edges have been masked off to maintain the electrical continuity of the ground plane. All reflecting objects are located outside of the ellipse defined in ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the Open Area Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-2 below:

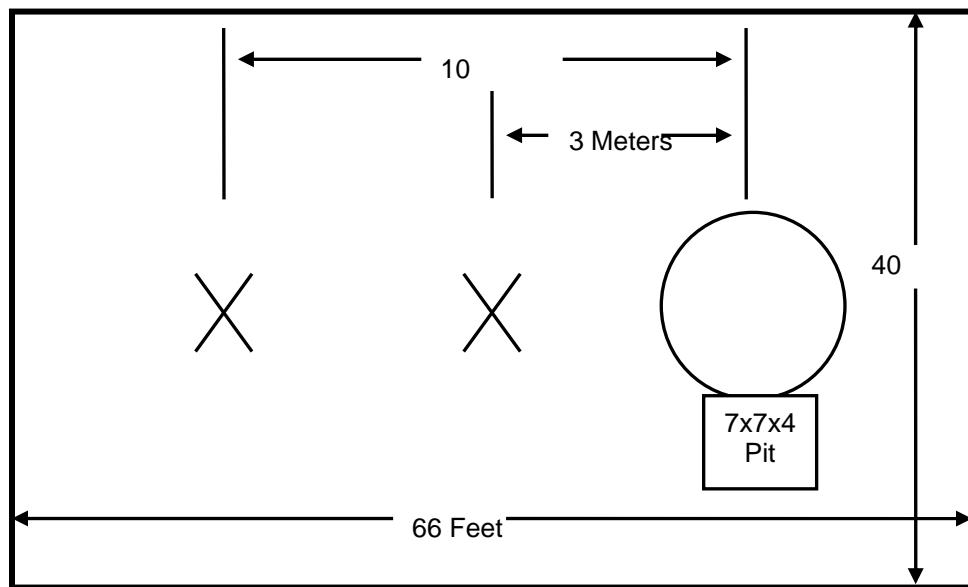


Figure 2.3-2: Open Area Test Site

2.4 Conducted Emissions Test Site Description

The AC mains conducted EMI site is located in the main EMC lab. It consists of an 8' x 8' solid aluminum horizontal group reference plane (GRP) bonded every 3" to an 8' X 8' vertical ground plane.

The site is of sufficient size to test table top and floor standing equipment in accordance with section 6.1.4 of ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the room is shown below in figure 4.1.3-1:

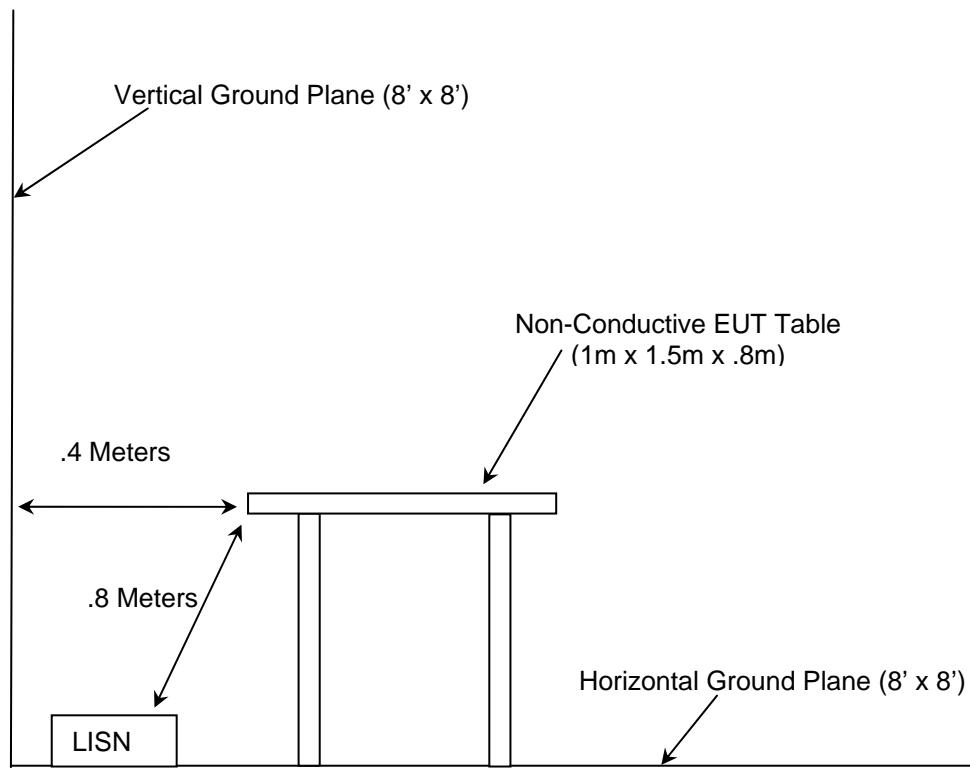


Figure 2.4-1: AC Mains Conducted EMI Site

3.0 APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES

The following standards were used:

- ❖ ANSI C63.4-2003: Method of Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the 9KHz to 40GHz
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 2, Subpart J: Equipment Authorization Procedures, 2008
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C: Radio Frequency Devices, Intentional Radiators, 2008
- ❖ FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 - Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247), March 2005

4.0 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The calibration interval of test equipment is annually or the manufacturer's recommendations. Where the calibration interval deviates from the annual cycle based on the instrument manufacturer's recommendations, it shall be stated below.

Table 4-1: Test Equipment

Equipment Calibration Information					
ACS#	Mfg.	Eq. type	Model	S/N	Cal. Due
1	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI - Display	833771/007	09-19-2009
2	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI-Receiver	839587/003	09-19-2009
22	Agilent	Amplifiers	8449B	3008A00526	10-22-2009
25	Chase	Antennas	CBL6111	1043	08-22-2009
30	Spectrum Technologies	Antennas	DRH-0118	970102	05-07-2009
167	ACS	Cable Set	Chamber EMI Cable Set	167	02-06-2010
283	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	FSP40	1000033	09-19-2009
291	Florida RF Cables	Cables	SMRE-200W-12.0-SMRE	None	11-24-2009 (See Note1)
292	Florida RF Cables	Cables	SMR-290AW-480.0-SMR	None	11-24-2009 (See Note1)
321	Hewlett Packard	Amplifiers	HPC 8447D	1937A02809	10-08-2009
282	Microwave Circuits	Filters	H2G020G4	74541	02-04-2010 (See Note1)
338	Hewlett Packard	Amplifiers	8449B	3008A01111	10-22-2009
340	Aeroflex/Weinschel	Attenuators	AS-20	7136	10-22-2009 (See Note2)
422	Florida RF	Cables	SMS-200AW-72.0-SMR	805	02-05-2010 (See Note1)

Note1: Items characterized on an annual cycle. The date shown indicates the next characterization due date.

Note2: Items verified on an annual cycle. The date shown indicates the next verification due date.

5.0 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Table 5-1: Support Equipment

Item	Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
The EUT is self-supporting with no support equipment utilized.				

6.0 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM

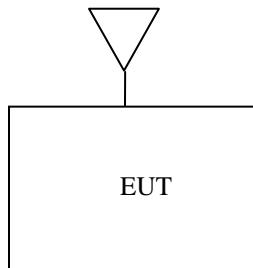


Figure 6-1: EUT Test Setup

*See Test Setup photographs for additional detail.

7.0 SUMMARY OF TESTS

Along with the tabular data shown below, plots were taken of all signals deemed important enough to document.

7.1 Antenna Requirement - FCC Section 15.203

The RSN300 utilizes integral antennas thus satisfying the requirements of Part 15.203 for unique antenna coupling.

7.2 Power Line Conducted Emissions - FCC Section 15.207 IC: RSS-Gen 7.2.2

The RSN300 is powered by two lithium ion batteries connected in series therefore power line conducted emissions is not applicable.

7.3 Radiated Emissions – FCC: Section 15.109(Unintentional Radiation) IC: RSS-210 2.6

7.3.1 Test Methodology

Radiated emissions tests were performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 12.5GHz. Measurements of the radiated field strength were made at a distance of 3m from the boundary of the equipment under test (EUT) and the receiving antenna. The antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. Radiated measurements above 30MHz and below 1GHz were made with the Spectrum Analyzer's resolution bandwidth set to 120 KHz using a Quasi-peak detector. Above 1GHz, average and peak measurements are taken with the RBW and VBW were set to 1MHz and 3Mz respectively.

7.3.2 Test Results

Results of the test are given in Table 7.3-1 below:

Table 7.3-1: Radiated Emissions Tabulated Data

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
30	-----	21.75	v	-8.50	-----	13.25	-----	40.0	-----	26.75
45.08	-----	21.52	v	-15.63	-----	5.89	-----	40.0	-----	34.11
127	-----	22.74	v	-12.54	-----	10.20	-----	43.5	-----	33.30
477.27	-----	22.56	v	-6.72	-----	15.84	-----	46.0	-----	30.16
687.44	-----	22.94	v	-1.98	-----	20.96	-----	46.0	-----	25.04
839.41	-----	21.52	v	0.89	-----	22.41	-----	46.0	-----	23.59

* Note: All emissions above 839.41 MHz were attenuated below the permissible limit.

7.4 6dB & 99% Bandwidth – FCC Section 15.247(a)(2) IC: RSS-210 A8.2(a)

7.4.1 Test Methodology

The 6dB bandwidth was measured in accordance with the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 "Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)". The RBW of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100 kHz and VBW 300 kHz. Span was set large enough to capture the entire emissions and >> RBW.

The 99% occupied bandwidth was also measured in accordance to the measurement guidelines provided by Industry Canada (The Measurement of Occupied Bandwidth).

7.4.2 Test Results

Results are shown below in table 7.4.2-1 and figure 7.4.2-1 to 7.4.2-6:

Table 7.4.2-1: 6dB and 99% Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	6dB Bandwidth [kHz]	99% Bandwidth [kHz]
2402	870	1055
2440	910	1102
2478	860	1466

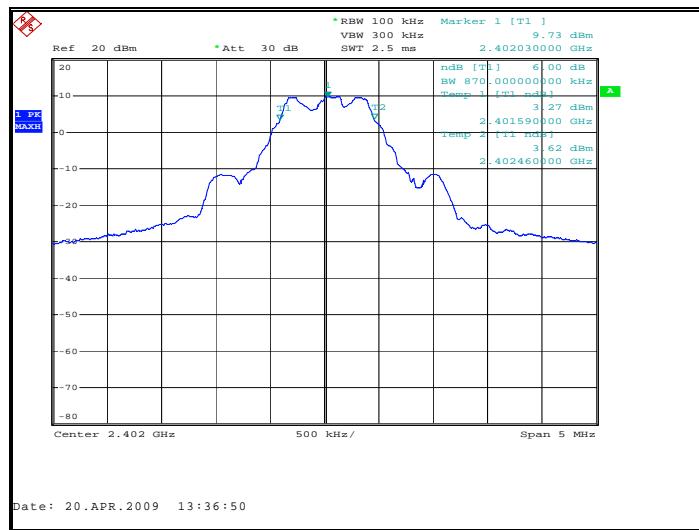


Figure 7.4.2-1: 6dB Bandwidth Plot – Low Channel

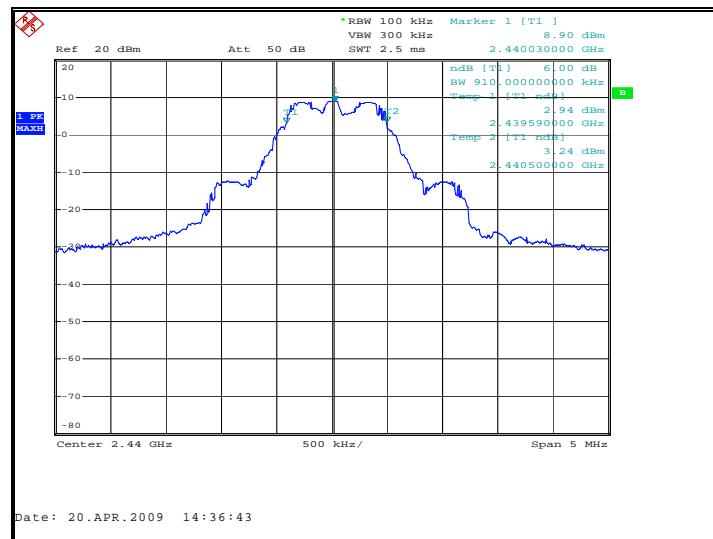


Figure 7.4.2-2: 6dB Bandwidth Plot – Mid Channel

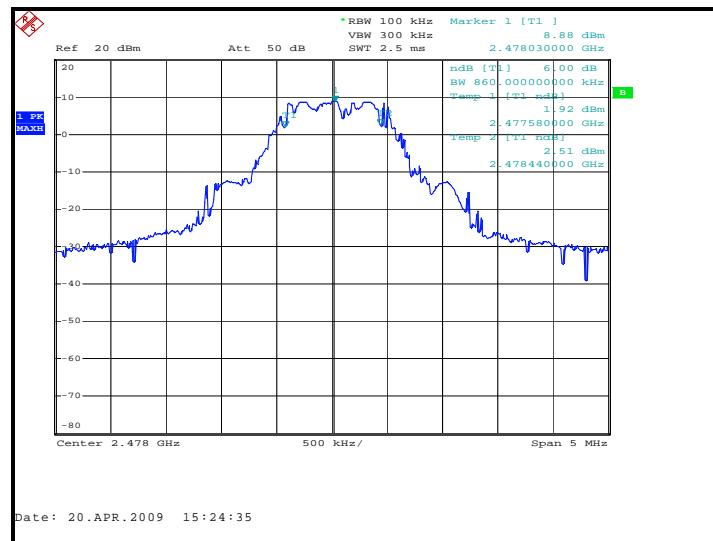


Figure 7.4.2-3: 6dB Bandwidth Plot – High Channel

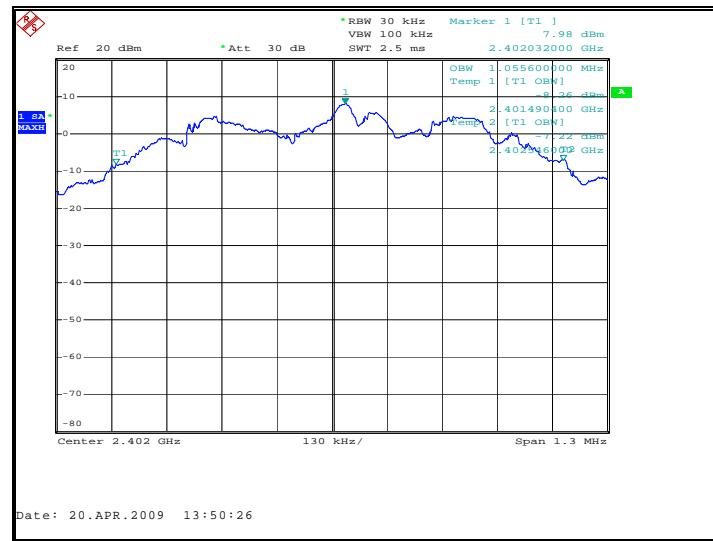


Figure 7.4.2-4: 99% Bandwidth Plot – Low Channel

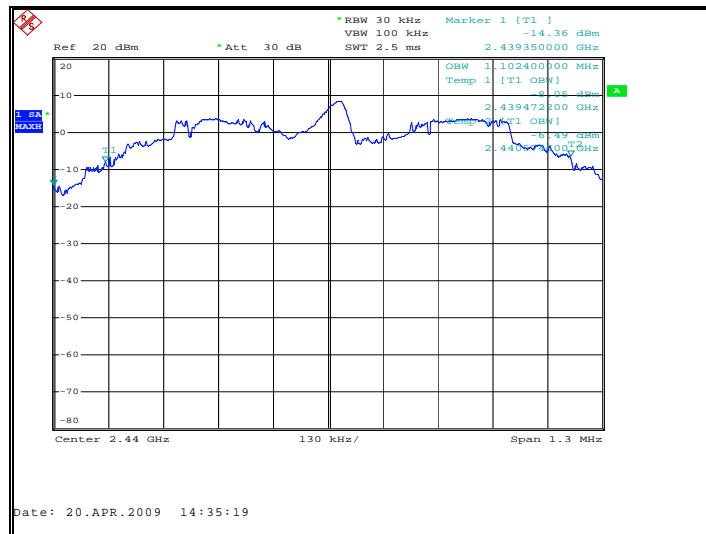


Figure 7.4.2-5: 99% Bandwidth Plot – Mid Channel

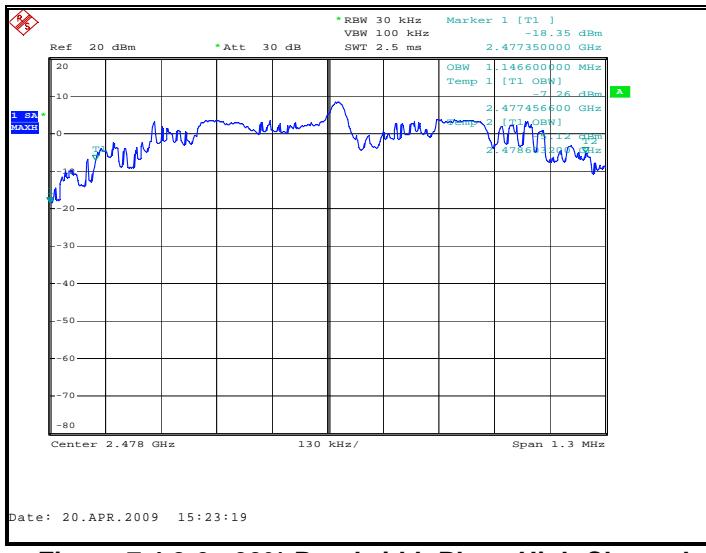


Figure 7.4.2-6: 99% Bandwidth Plot – High Channel

7.5 Peak Output Power Requirement - FCC Section 15.247(b)(3) IC: RSS-210 A8.4(4)

7.5.1 Test Methodology

The Peak Output Power was measured in accordance with the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 "Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)" Power Option 1. The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer.

Data was collected with the EUT operating at maximum power.

7.5.2 Test Results

Results are shown below in Table 7.5.2-1 and Figures 7.5.2-1 to 7.5.2-3.

Table 7.5.2-1: Peak Output Power

Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)
2402	10.51
2440	9.20
2478	8.99

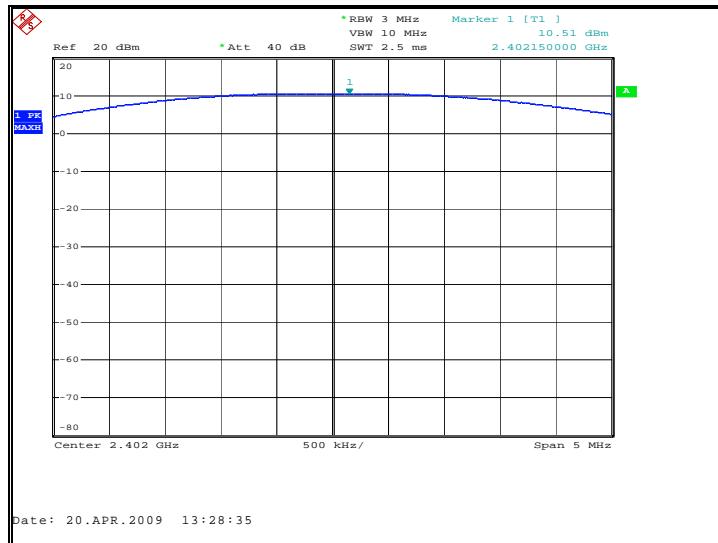


Figure 7.5.2-1: Output power – Low Channel

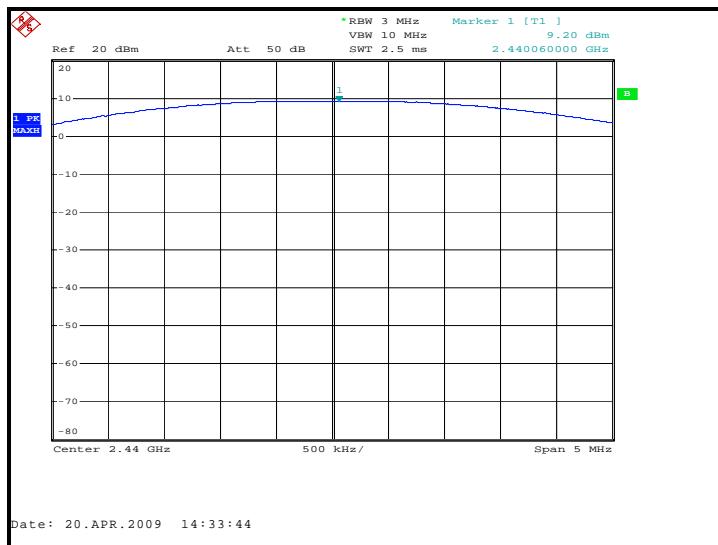


Figure 7.5.2-2: Output power – Mid Channel

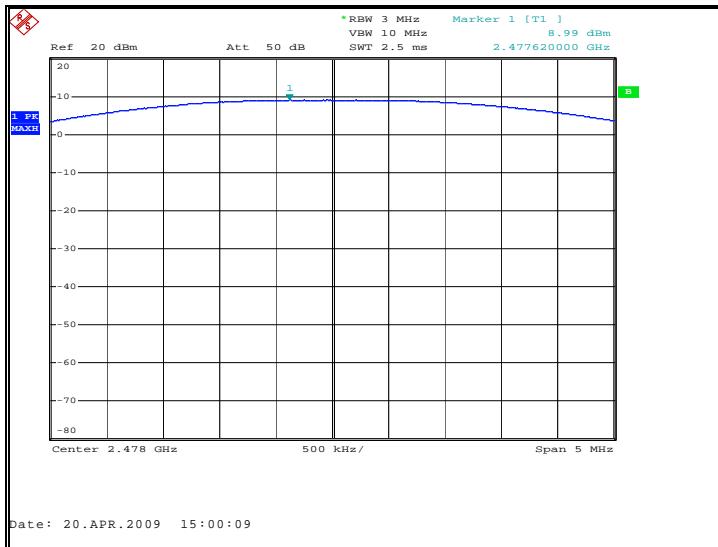


Figure 7.5.2-3: Output power – High Channel

7.6 Band-Edge Compliance and Spurious Emissions - FCC Section 15.247(d) IC: RSS-210 2.6, A8.5

7.6.1 Band-Edge Compliance of RF Emissions

7.6.1.1 Test Methodology

The EUT was investigated at the low and high channels of operation to determine band-edge compliance. Because the upper band-edge coincides with a restricted band, band-edge compliance for the upper band-edge was determined using the radiated mark-delta method as outlined in FCC DA 00-705 for peak emissions. The radiated field strength of the fundamental emission was first determined and then the mark-delta method was used to determine the field strength of the band-edge emissions.

The radiated marker delta method was used only for the peak level. The average data was taken as an absolute measurement.

The lower band-edge compliance was determined using the marker-delta method in which the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT is at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

7.6.1.2 Test Results

Upper band-edge compliance for peak emissions is displayed in Table 7.6.1.2-1 and Figures 7.6.1.2-1 – 7.6.1.2-3.

Upper band-edge compliance for average emissions is displayed in Table 7.6.1.2-2.

Low channel band-edge compliance is displayed in Figure 7.6.1.2-4.

Table 7.6.1.2-1: Upper Band-edge Peak Measurements – Marker Delta Method

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Fundamental Field Strength (dBuV/m)		Delta- Marker (dB)	Band-edge Field Strength (dBuV/m)		Margin to Limit (dBuV/m)	
	pk	avg			pk	avg		pk	avg	pk	avg
Fundamental Frequency X-Position											
2478	106.80	-----	H	1.03	107.83	-----	47.31	60.52	-----	13.48	-----
Fundamental Frequency Y-Position											
2478	105.68	-----	H	1.23	106.91	-----	48	58.91	-----	15.09	-----
Fundamental Frequency Z-Position											
2478	106.37	-----	H	1.23	107.60	-----	47.32	60.28	-----	13.72	-----



Figure 7.6.1.2-1: High Channel Band-edge plot – X-position



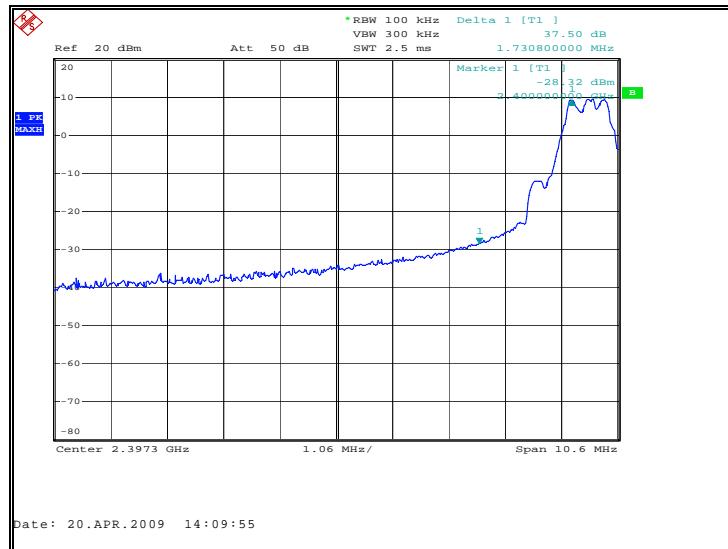
Figure 7.6.1.2-2: High Channel Band-edge Plot – Y-Position



Figure 7.6.1.2-3: High Channel Band-edge Plot – Z-Position

Table 7.6.1.2-2: Upper Band-edge Average Measurements - Absolute

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
Fundamental Frequency X Position										
2483.5	-----	39.77	H	1.26	-----	41.03	74.0	54.0	-----	12.97
2483.5	-----	46.13	V	1.06	-----	47.19	74.0	54.0	-----	6.81
Fundamental Frequency Y Position										
2483.5	-----	45.03	H	1.26	-----	46.29	74.0	54.0	-----	7.71
2483.5	-----	44.89	V	1.06	-----	45.95	74.0	54.0	-----	8.05
Fundamental Frequency Z Position										
2483.5	-----	45.42	H	1.26	-----	46.68	74.0	54.0	-----	7.32
2483.5	-----	43.89	V	1.06	-----	44.95	74.0	54.0	-----	9.05

**Figure 7.6.1.2-10: Low Channel Band-edge**

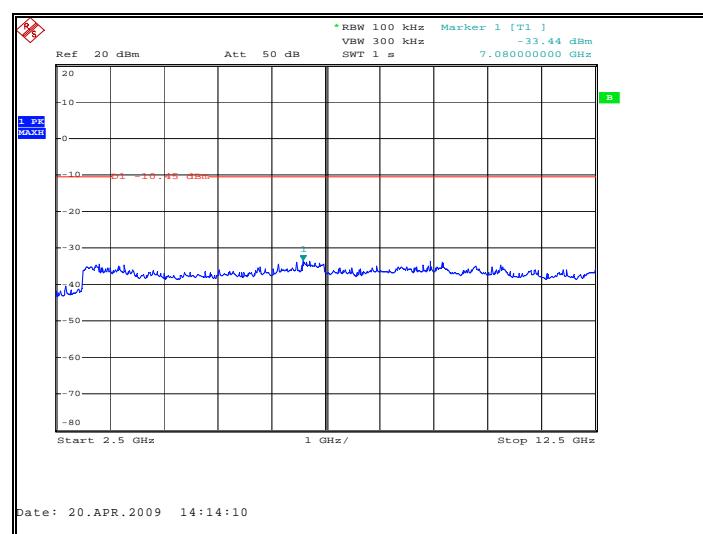
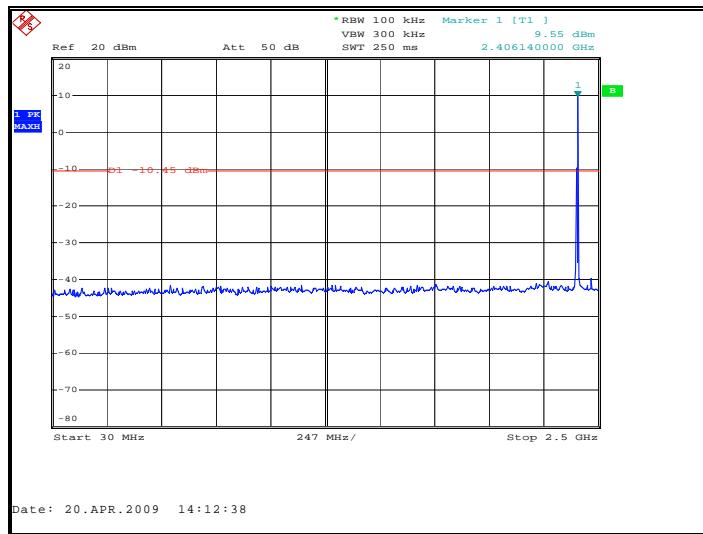
7.6.2 RF Conducted Spurious Emissions

7.6.2.1 Test Methodology

The RF Conducted Spurious Emissions were measured in accordance with the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 "Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)". The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer. The EUT was investigated for conducted spurious emissions from 30MHz to 25GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency. For each measurement, the spectrum analyzer's RBW was set to 100 kHz and the VBW was set to 300 kHz. The peak detector and Max Hold function of the analyzer were utilized.

7.6.2.2 Test Results

In a 100 kHz bandwidth, the radio frequency power that was produced by the EUT emissions is at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power. RF Conducted Emissions are displayed in Figures 7.6.2.2-1 through 7.6.2.2-9.



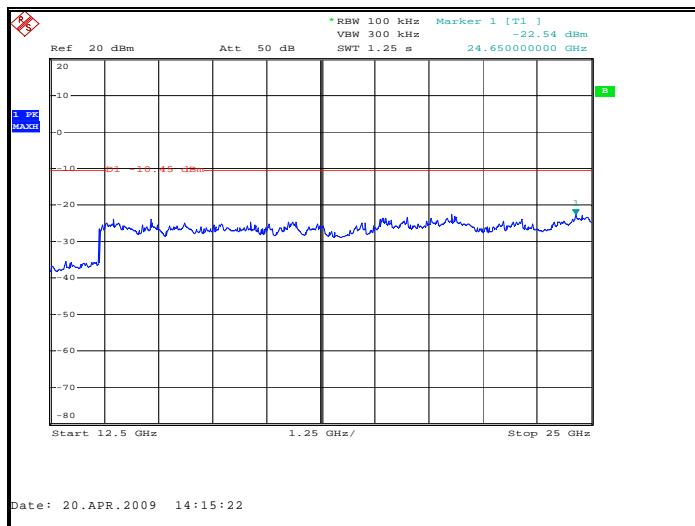


Figure 7.6.2.2-3: 12.5 GHz – 25 GHz – Low Channel

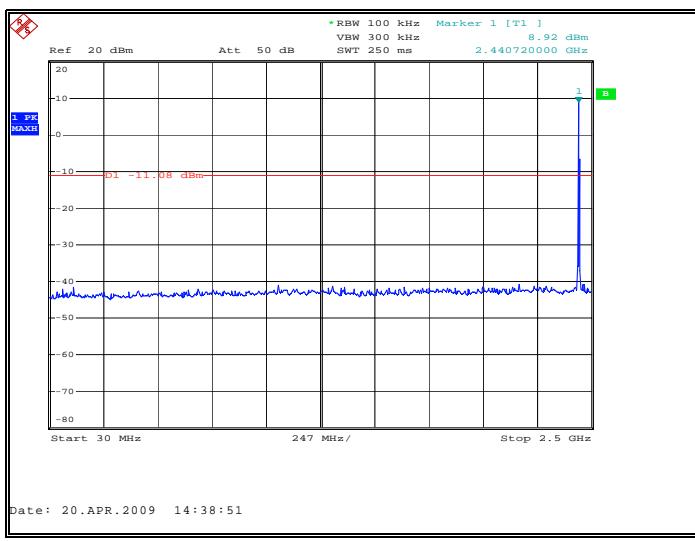


Figure 7.6.2.2-4: 30 MHz – 2.5 GHz – Mid Channel

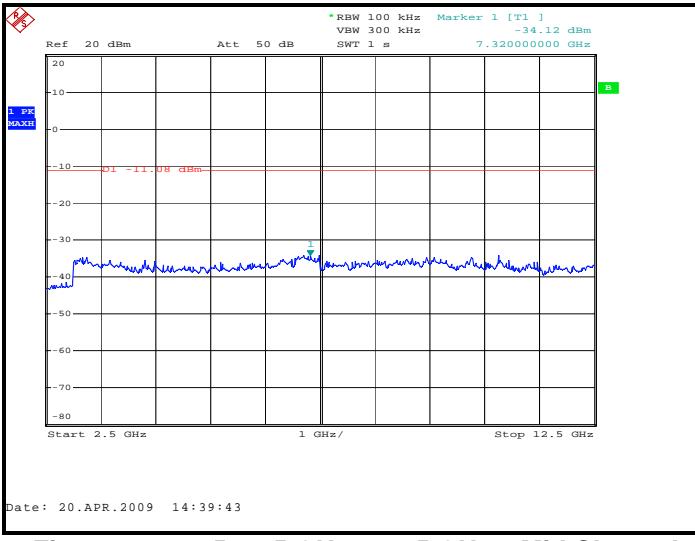


Figure 7.6.2.2-5: 2.5 GHz – 12.5 GHz – Mid Channel

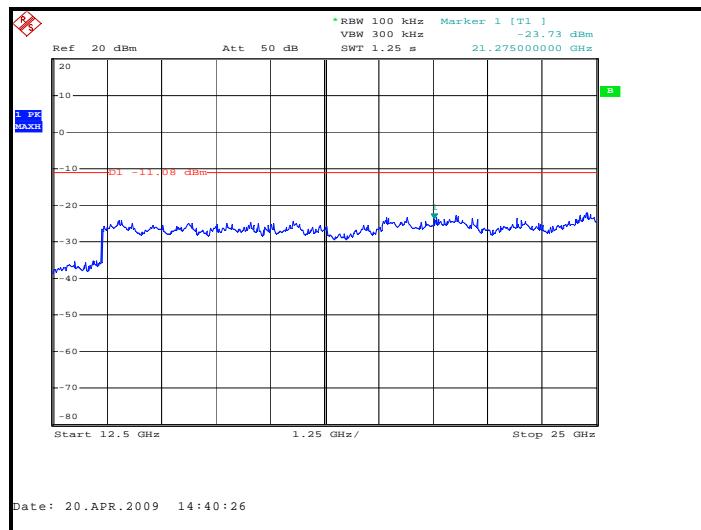


Figure 7.6.2.2-6: 12.5 GHz – 25 GHz – Mid Channel

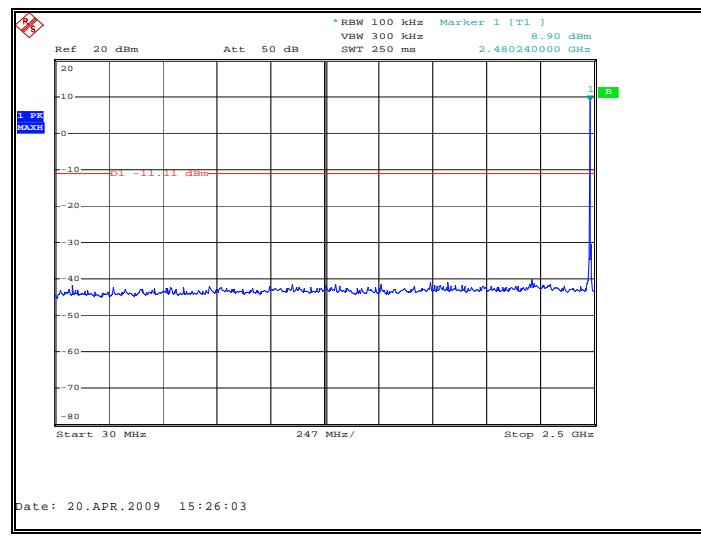


Figure 7.6.2.2-7: 30 MHz – 2.5 GHz – High Channel

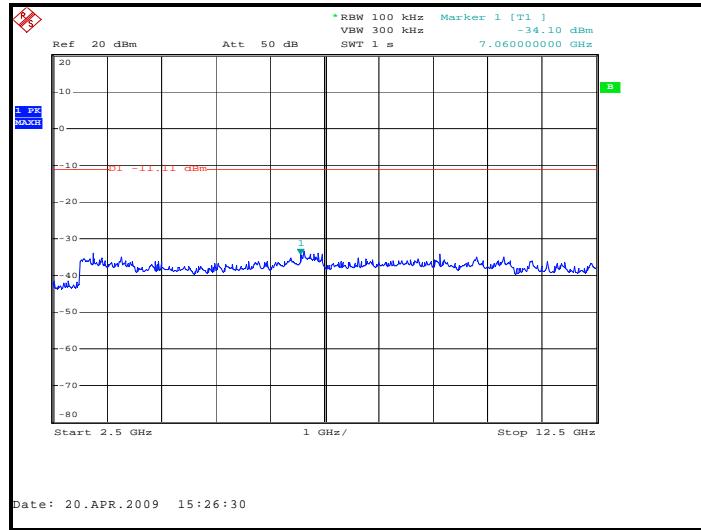


Figure 7.6.2.2-8: 2.5 GHz – 12.5 GHz – High Channel

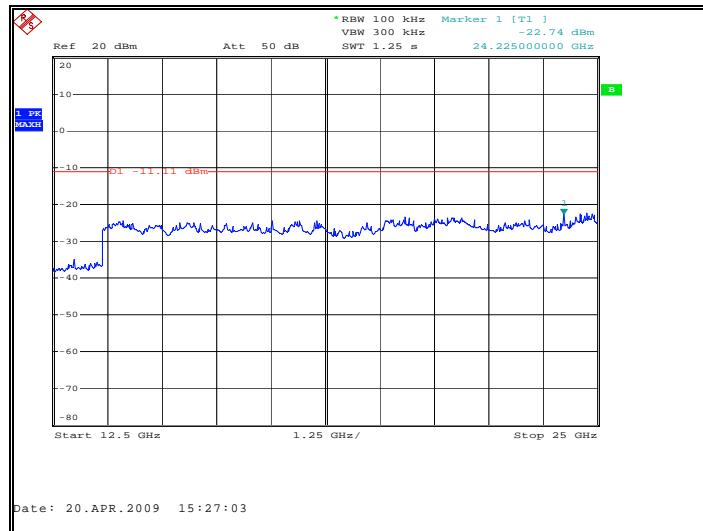


Figure 7.6.2.2-9: 12.5 GHz – 25 GHz –High Channel

7.6.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions (Restricted Bands) - FCC Section 15.205 IC: RSS-210 2.6

7.6.3.1 Test Methodology

Using the procedures set forth in the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 "Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)", radiated emissions tests were made over the frequency range of 30MHz to 25GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency. Each emission found to be in a restricted band as defined by section 15.205, was compared to the radiated emission limits as defined in section 15.209.

The EUT was rotated through 360° and the receive antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For frequencies below 1000MHz, quasi-peak measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth RBW of 120 kHz and a video bandwidth VBW of 300 kHz. For frequencies above 1000MHz, peak and average measurements made with RBW and VBW of 1 MHz and 3 MHz respectively.

7.6.3.2 Test Results

Radiated spurious emissions are reported in Tables 7.6.3.3-1 to 7.6.3.3-3.

Table 7.6.3.2-1: Radiated Spurious Emissions – Low Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
Spurious Emissions - Low Channel - X-Position										
12010	47.47	39.37	H	21.57	69.04	60.94	83.5	63.5	14.50	2.60
12010	47.00	38.80	V	21.58	68.58	60.38	83.5	63.5	14.97	3.17
Spurious Emissions - Low Channel - Y-Position										
12010	45.82	36.62	H	22.78	68.60	59.40	83.5	63.5	14.94	4.14
12010	46.34	38.33	V	22.78	69.12	61.11	83.5	63.5	14.42	2.43
Spurious Emissions - Low Channel - Z-Position										
12010	45.67	33.95	H	22.78	68.45	56.73	83.5	63.5	15.09	6.81
12010	42.06	29.57	V	22.78	64.84	52.35	83.5	63.5	18.70	11.19

Table 7.6.3.2-2: Radiated Spurious Emissions – Mid Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
Spurious Emissions - Mid Channel - X-Position										
12200	42.93	31.35	H	23.97	66.90	55.32	83.5	63.5	16.64	8.22
12200	45.75	35.40	V	24.05	69.80	59.45	83.5	63.5	13.74	4.09
Spurious Emissions - Mid Channel - Y-Position										
12200	42.14	30.10	H	23.97	66.11	54.07	83.5	63.5	17.43	9.47
12200	38.01	26.10	V	24.05	62.06	50.15	83.5	63.5	21.48	13.39
Spurious Emissions - Mid Channel - Z-Position										
12200	39.83	26.65	H	23.97	63.80	50.62	83.5	63.5	19.74	12.92

Table 7.6.3.2-3: Radiated Spurious Emissions – High Channel

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
Spurious Emissions - High Channel - X-Position										
7434	50.04	37.24	H	13.47	63.51	50.71	74.0	54.0	10.49	3.29
7434	48.78	36.39	V	13.56	62.34	49.95	74.0	54.0	11.66	4.05
12390	46.22	34.55	H	25.16	71.38	59.71	83.5	63.5	12.16	3.83
12390	48.15	38.00	V	25.32	73.47	63.32	83.5	63.5	10.07	0.22
Spurious Emissions - High Channel - Y-Position										
7434	48.50	34.51	V	13.56	62.06	48.07	74.0	54.0	11.94	5.93
12390	42.70	31.60	H	25.16	67.86	56.76	83.5	63.5	15.68	6.78
12390	48.32	37.52	V	25.32	73.64	62.84	83.5	63.5	9.90	0.70
Spurious Emissions - High Channel - Z-Position										
4956	46.54	37.83	H	9.14	55.68	46.97	74.0	54.0	18.32	7.03
4956	46.75	39.44	V	9.24	55.99	48.68	74.0	54.0	18.01	5.32
7434	48.62	39.41	H	13.47	62.09	52.88	74.0	54.0	11.91	1.12
7434	48.25	38.79	V	13.56	61.81	52.35	74.0	54.0	12.19	1.65
12390	47.65	37.11	H	25.16	72.81	62.27	83.5	63.5	10.73	1.27
12390	43.82	32.52	V	25.32	69.14	57.84	83.5	63.5	14.40	5.70

7.6.3.3 Sample Calculation:

$$R_C = R_U + CF_T$$

Where:

CF_T = Total Correction Factor (AF+CA+AG)-DC (Average Measurements Only)

R_U = Uncorrected Reading

R_C = Corrected Level

AF = Antenna Factor

CA = Cable Attenuation

AG = Amplifier Gain

DC = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

Example Calculation: Peak

Corrected Level: $47.47 + 21.57 = 69.04$ dBuV/m

Margin: 83.5 dBuV/m – 69.04 dBuV/m = 14.50 dB

Example Calculation: Average

Corrected Level: $39.37 + 21.57 - 0 = 60.94$ dBuV

Margin: 63.5 dBuV – 60.94 dBuV = 2.60 dB

7.7 Peak Power Spectral Density- FCC Section 15.247(e) IC: RSS-210 A8.2(b)

7.7.1 Test Methodology

The power spectral density was measured in accordance with the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 "Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)". The emission peaks within the pass band were located and zoomed in on. The spectrum analyzer RBW was set to 3 kHz and VBW 10 kHz. Span was adjusted to 500 kHz and the sweep time was calculated to be 168s (Span/3 kHz).

7.7.2 Test Results

Results are shown below in table 7.7.2-1 and figures 7.7.2-1 – 7.7.2-3:

Table 7.7.2-1: Peak Power Spectral Density

Frequency (MHz)	PSD Level (dBm)
2402	-2.73
2440	-2.69
2478	-5.05

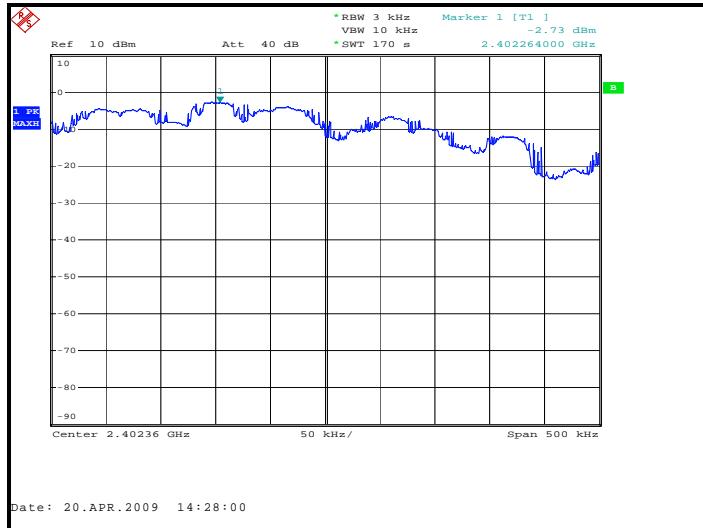


Figure 7.7.2-1: Power Spectral Density Plot – Low Channel

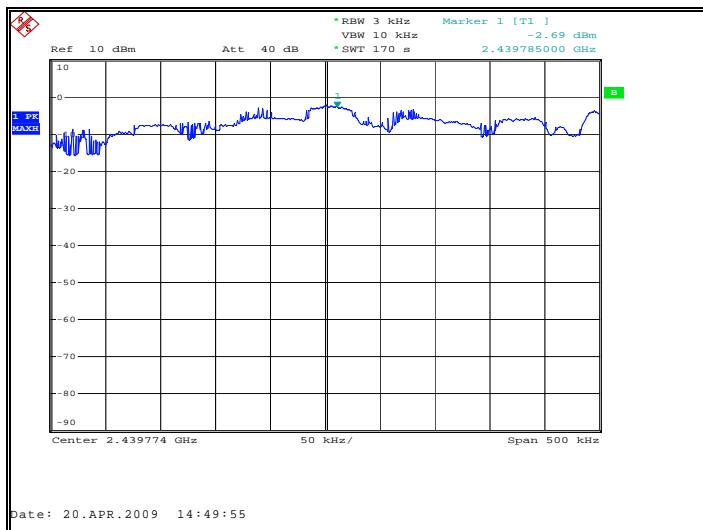


Figure 7.7.2-2: Power Spectral Density Plot – Mid Channel

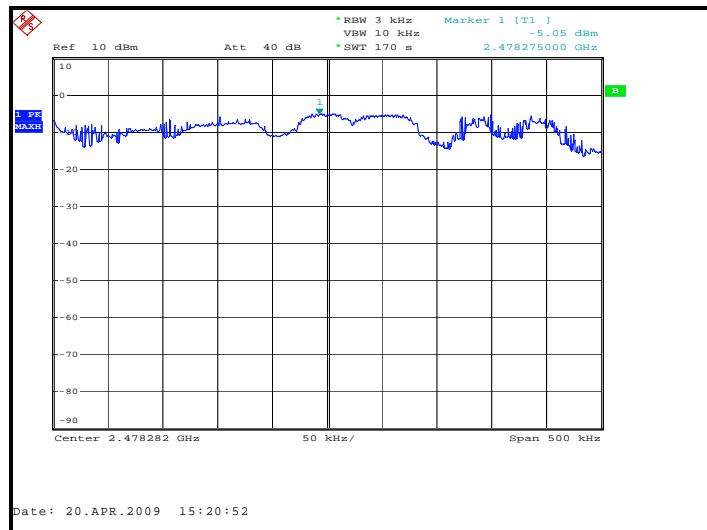


Figure 7.7.2-3: Power Spectral Density Plot – High Channel

8.0 CONCLUSION

In the opinion of ACS, Inc. the RSN300, manufactured by TeraHop Networks, Inc. meets the requirements of FCC Part 15 subpart C.

END REPORT