



# RF EXPOSURE REPORT

**REPORT NO.:** SA950221L07

**MODEL NO.:** GO710

**ACCORDING:** FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure  
IEEE C95.1

**APPLICANT:** TomTom BV.

**ADDRESS:** Rembrandtplein 35 1017 CT, Amsterdam,  
Netherlands, NW1 6DE

**ISSUED BY:** Advance Data Technology Corporation

**LAB ADDRESS:** No. 47, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Tsuen, Lin Kou  
Hsiang 244, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

**TEST LOCATION:** No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd., Wen Hwa Tsuen,  
Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333,  
Taiwan, R.O.C.



## RF Exposure Measurement (Portable Device)

### 1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

### 2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

#### LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average Time (minutes)
<b>(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures</b>				
300-1500	...	...	F/300	6
1500-100,000	...	...	5	6
<b>(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure</b>				
300-1500	...	...	F/1500	6
1500-100,000	...	...	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz



### 3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula:  $P_d = (P_{out} \cdot G) / (4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^2)$

where

$P_d$  = power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

$P_{out}$  = output power to antenna in mW

$G$  = gain of antenna in linear scale

$\pi$  = 3.1416

$R$  = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref.: David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition,  
Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

### 4 EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

### 5. Classification

This device is classified as **Portable Device**.



## 6 Conclusion

No evaluation required if power is below this threshold:

F (GHz)		mW
Low	2.402	24.585
High	2.480	

Maximum measured transmitter power:

Pout (dBm)		Pout (mW)
Conducted Power	-0.93	0.807
EIRP Power	-3.97	0.692

**\*NOTE:** The antenna is PIFA antenna with -3dBi gain

Threshold for no SAR evaluation is 24.585mW.

Transmitter power is 0.601mW.

Conclusion: No SAR evaluation required since Transmitter Power is below FCC threshold.