





HAC RF TEST REPORT

No. I21Z70234-SEM01

For

FIH CO., LTD

WCDMA/LTE Mobile Phone

Model name: EA211101

With

Hardware Version: 2.0

Software Version: 0.2116.11.01_TA

FCC ID: RYQEA211101

Results Summary: M Category = M4

Issued Date: 2021-06-26

Note:

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I21Z70234-SEM01	Rev.0	2021-06-26	Initial creation of test report





TABLE OF CONTENT

1 IEST LABORATORY	4
1.1 Testing Location	$\it \Delta$
1.2 Testing Environment.	
1.3 Project Data	
1.4 Signature	
2 CLIENT INFORMATION	5
2.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	5
2.2 Manufacturer Information	
3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMEN	IT (AE)6
3.1 ABOUT EUT	
3.3 AIR INTERFACES / BANDS INDICATING OPERATING MODES	
4 MAXIMUM OUTPUT DOWER	-
4 MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER	<i>I</i>
5 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS	8
5.1 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS FOR TESTING	8
6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST	9
6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP	
6.2 Probe Specification	
6.3TEST ARCH PHANTOM & PHONE POSITIONER	
6.4ROBOTIC SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	11
7 EUT ARRANGEMENT	12
7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane	12
8 EVALUATION OF MIF	13
8.1 Introduction	13
8.2 MIF MEASUREMENT WITH THE AIA	
8.3 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR THE MIF MEASUREMENT	
8.4 DUT MIF RESULTS	14
9 EVALUATION FOR LOW-POWER EXEMPTION	15
9.1 PRODUCT TESTING THRESHOLD	15
9.2 CONDUCTED POWER	
0.2 Conclusion	1.5





1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

CompanyName:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	\
Testing End Date:	\

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)





2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	FIH CO., LTD
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Contact Email:	Certification@fih-foxconn.com
Telephone:	886-2-2268-5511
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2.2 Manufacturer Information

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Contact Person:	Barry Tsai
Contact Email:	Certification@fih-foxconn.com
Telephone:	886-2-2268-5511
Fax	\





3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

Description:	WCDMA/LTE Mobile Phone
Model name:	EA211101
Operating mode(s):	WCDMA850/1700/1900, LTE Band 2/4/5/12/14/30, BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G

3.2 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer	
AE1 Battery	Li-ion Battery	HE402	SHENZHEN UTILITY ENERGY		
			CO.,LTD.		

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Туре	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissio ns	Name of Voice Service
MCDMA	850				
WCDMA (UMTS)	1700	VO	NO ⁽¹⁾	BT, WLAN	CMRS Voice
	1900				
LTE FDD	Band2/4/5/12/14/3 0	V/D	NO ⁽¹⁾	BT, WLAN	VoLTE,
BT	2450	DT	NA	WCDMA,LTE	NA
WLAN	2450	DT	NA	WCDMA ,LTE	NA

NA: Not Applicable VO: Voice Only V/D: CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport DT: Digital Transport

Note2= According to ANSI C63.19 2011, the air interface is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is \leq 17 dBm, and is rated as M4. So the WCDMA and LTE FDD are exempt from testing and rated as M4. The detail is described in chapter 9.

^{*} HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes, Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating





4 Maximum Output Power

WCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)				
850MHz	Channel 4233(846.6MHz)	Channel 4182(836.4MHz)	Channel 4132(826.4MHz)			
RMC	24.5	24.5	24.5			
MCDMA	Conducted Power (dBm)					
WCDMA 1700MHz	Channel 1513 (1752.6MHz)	Channel 1412 (1732.4MHz)	Channel 1312			
1700101112			(1712.4MHz)			
RMC	23.5	23.5	23.5			
WCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)				
1900MHz	Channel 9538(1907.6MHz)	Channel 9400(1880MHz)	Channel			
1900101112			9262(1852.4MHz)			
RMC	24	24	24			
LTE Band2		Conducted Power (dBm)				
LIL Balluz	Channel19100(1900MHz)	Channel 18900(1880MHz)	Channel18700(1860MHz)			
QPSK	25	25	25			
16QAM	24	24	24			
LTE Band4	Conducted Power (dBm)					
LIE Ballu4	Channel20300(1745MHz)	Channel 20175(1732.5MHz)	Channel20050(1720MHz)			
QPSK	25	25	25			
16QAM	24	24	24			
LTE Band5		Conducted Power (dBm)				
LIL Ballus	Channel20600(844MHz)	Channel 20525(836.5MHz)	Channel20450(829MHz)			
QPSK	25.5	25.5	25.5			
16QAM	24.5	24.5	24.5			
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)				
Band12	Channel23130(711MHz)	Channel23095(707.5MHz)	Channel23060(704MHz)			
QPSK	25	25	25			
16QAM	24	24	24			
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)				
Band14	Channel 23330(793MHz)					
QPSK	25					
16QAM	24					
LTE	Conducted Power (dBm)					
Band30	Channel 27710(2310MHz)					
QPSK		25				
16QAM		24				





5 Reference Documents

5.1 Reference Documents for testing

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version			
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of	2011			
	Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and	Edition			
	Hearing Aids				
FCC 47 CFR §20.19	Hearing Aid Compatible Mobile Headsets	2015			
		Edition			
KDB 285076 D01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	v05r01			





6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

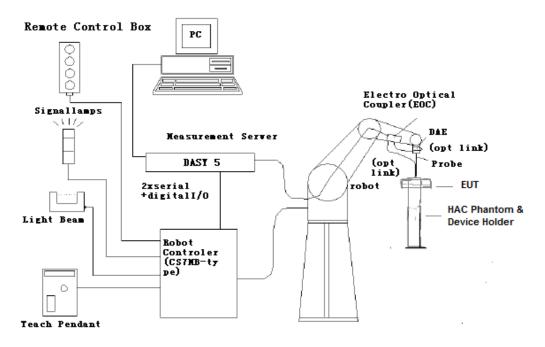


Fig. 1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.





6.2 Probe Specification

E-Field Probe Description

Construction One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material

Calibration In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%,

k=2)

Frequency 40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm

Application General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz

Field component measurements

Fast automatic scanning in phantoms



[ER3DV6]





6.3Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: $370 \times 370 \times 370 \text{ mm}$).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field $<\pm 0.5$ dB.

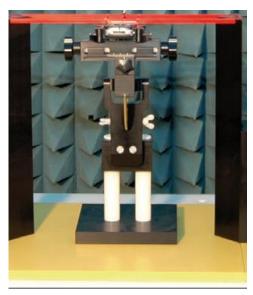


Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

6.4Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L

Repeatability: ±0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86GHz

Operating System: Windows XP

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock





7 EUT ARRANGEMENT

7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
- •The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

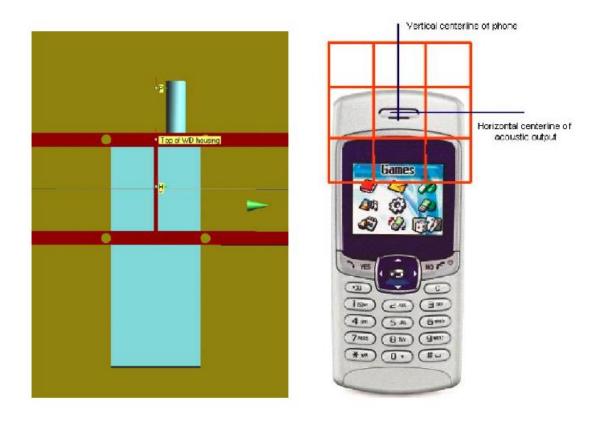


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements





8 Evaluation of MIF

8.1 Introduction

The MIF (Modulation Interference Factor) is used to classify E-field emission to determine Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC). It scales the power-averaged signal to the RF audio interference level and is characteristic to a modulation scheme. The HAC standard preferred "indirect" measurement method is based on average field measurement with separate scaling by the MIF. With an Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA) designed by SPEAG specifically for the MIF measurement, these values have been verified by practical measurements on an RF signal modulated with each of the waveforms. The resulting deviations from the simulated values are within the requirements of the HAC standard.

The AIA (Audio Interference Analyzer) is an USB powered electronic sensor to evaluate signals in the frequency range 698MHz - 6 GHz. It contains RMS detector and audio frequency circuits for sampling of the RF envelope.

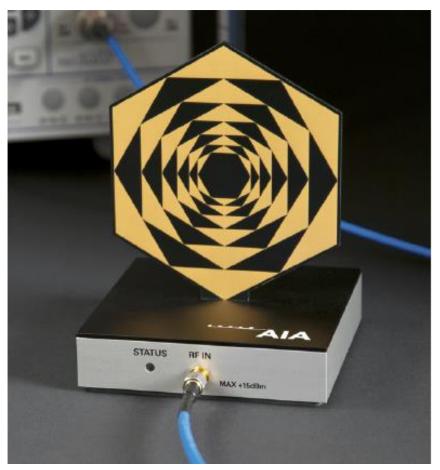


Fig. 5 AIA Front View





8.2 MIF measurement with the AIA

The MIF is measured with the AIA as follows:

- 1. Connect the AIA via USB to the DASY5 PC and verify the configuration settings.
- 2. Couple the RF signal to be evaluated to an AIA via cable or antenna.
- 3. Generate a MIF measurement job for the unknown signal and select the measurement port and timing settings.
- 4. Document the results via the post processor in a report.

8.3 Test equipment for the MIF measurement

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Manufacturer
01	Signal Generator	MG3700A	6201052605	Anritsu
02	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	SPEAG
03	BTS	CMW500	166370	R&S

8.4 DUT MIF results

Based on the KDB285076D01v05, the handset can also use the MIF values predetermined by the test equipment manufacturer. MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to be determine the Low-power Exemption.

Typical MIF levels in ANSI C63.19-2011					
Transmission protocol	Modulation interference factor				
UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43dB				
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK)	-15.63 dB				
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM)	-9.76 dB				
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 64QAM)	-9.93 dB				
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	-5.90 dB				
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	-5.17 dB				
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	-3.37 dB				
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02 dB				
IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6	-0.36dB				
Mbps)					
IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	-15.80 dB				





9 Evaluation for low-power exemption

9.1 Product testing threshold

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is \leq 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals \leq 50 $\,\mu$ s20, is \leq 23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4.

The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

9.2 Conducted power

Band	Average power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)	C63.19 Tested
WCDMA 850 - RMC	24.5	-25.43	-0.93	No
WCDMA 1700 - RMC	23.5	-25.43	-1.93	No
WCDMA 1900 - RMC	24	-25.43	-1.43	No
LTE Band 2 QPSK	25	-15.63	9.37	No
LTE Band 4 QPSK	25	-15.63	9.37	No
LTE Band 5 QPSK	25.5	-15.63	9.87	No
LTE Band 12 QPSK	25	-15.63	9.37	No
LTE Band 14 QPSK	25	-15.63	9.37	No
LTE Band 30 QPSK	25	-15.63	9.37	No
LTE Band 2 16QAM	24	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 4 16QAM	24	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 5 16QAM	24.5	-9.76	14.74	No
LTE Band 12 16QAM	24	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 14 16QAM	24	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 30 16QAM	24	-9.76	14.24	No

9.3 Conclusion

According to the above table, the sums of average power and MIF for WCDMA and LTE FDD are less than 17dBm. The WCDMA and LTE FDD are exempt from testing and rated as M4.

***END OF REPORT BODY*