

### 1900 Body Towards Phantom Middle with GPRS

Date/Time: 2007-8-28 10:31:08

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

**Toward Phantom Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.644 mW/g

**Toward Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.604 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.650 mW/g

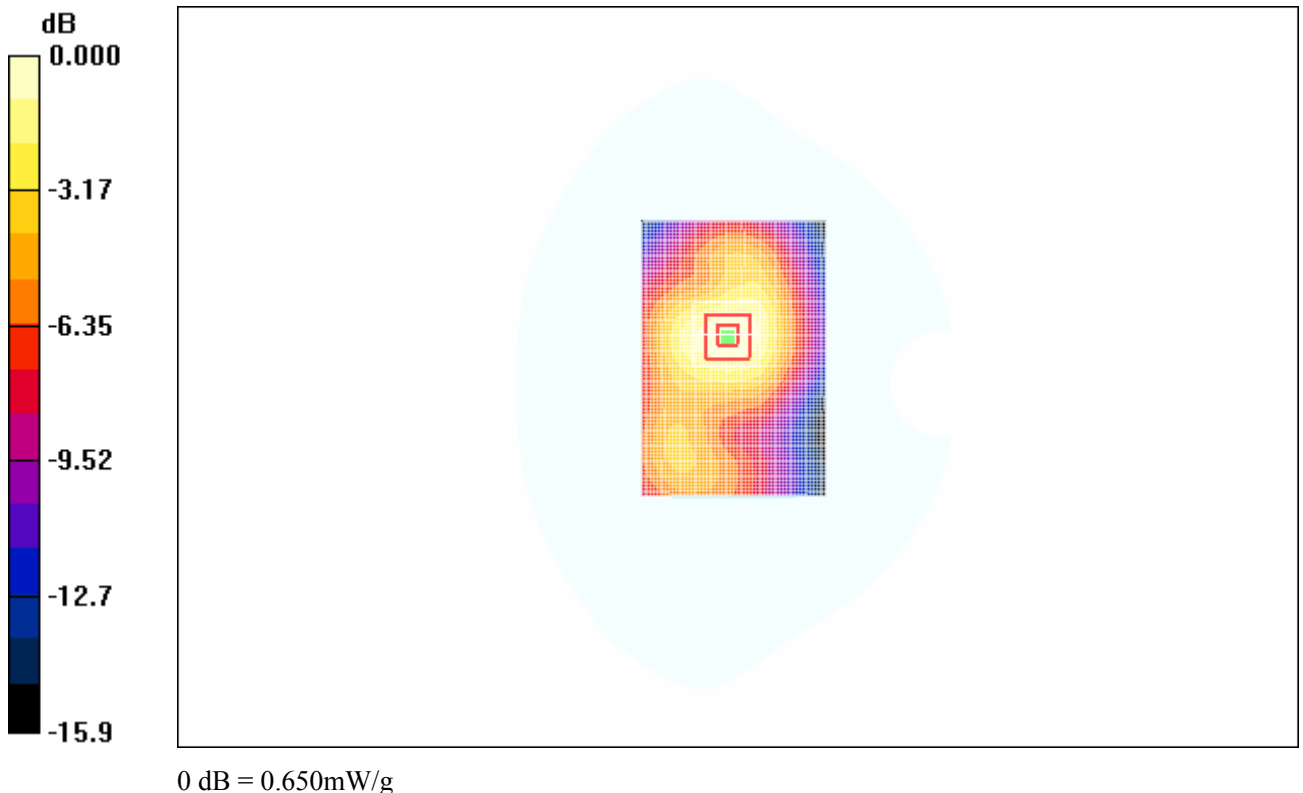
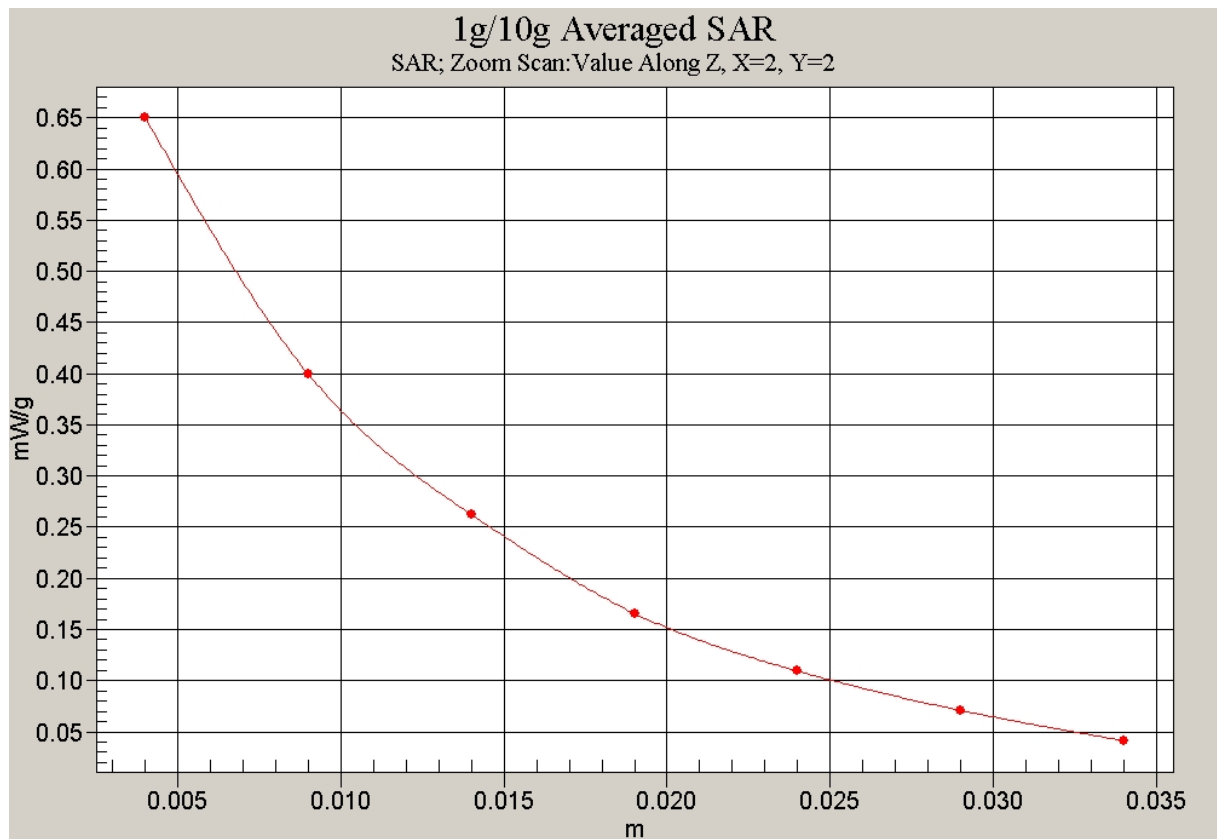


Fig. 87 1900 MHz CH661



**Fig. 88 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH661)**

### 1900 Body Towards Phantom Low with GPRS

Date/Time: 2007-8-28 10:50:59

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

**Toward Phantom Low/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.666 mW/g

**Toward Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.070 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.628 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.390 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.671 mW/g

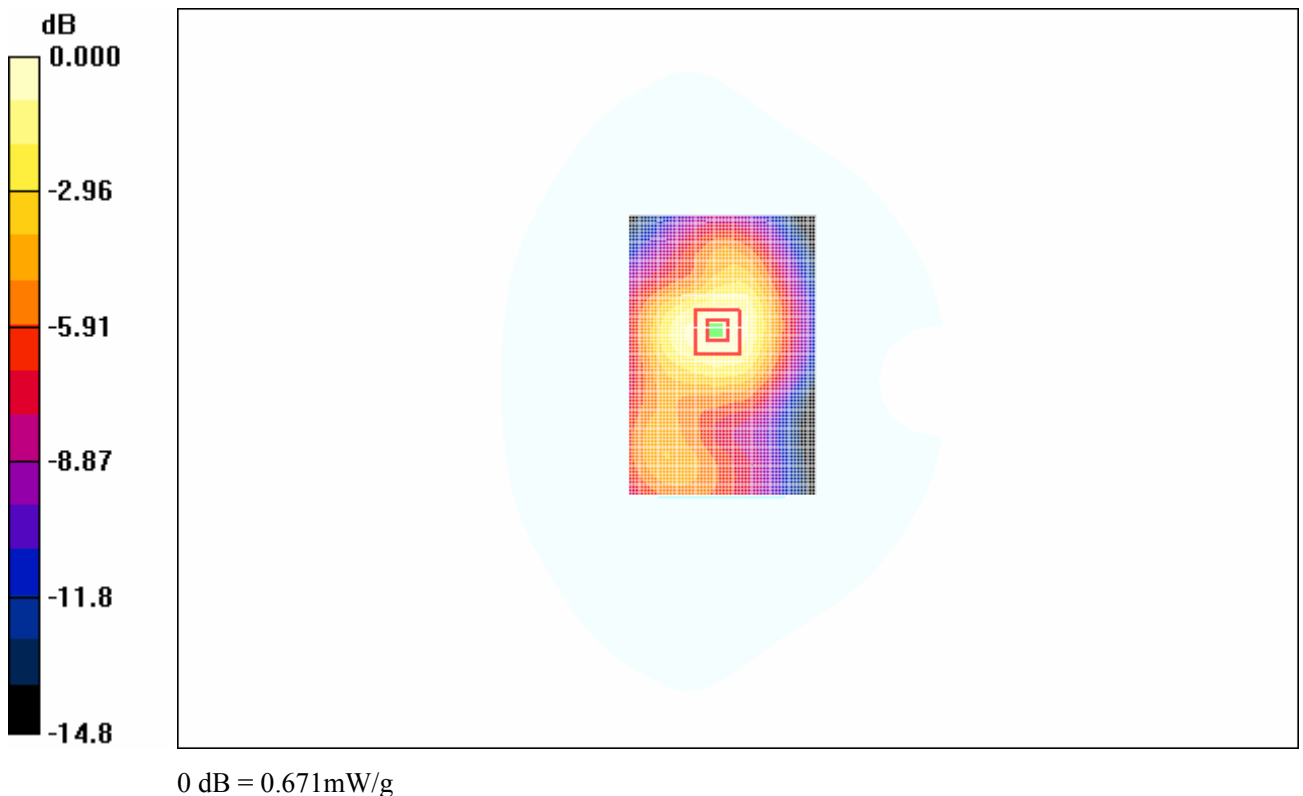
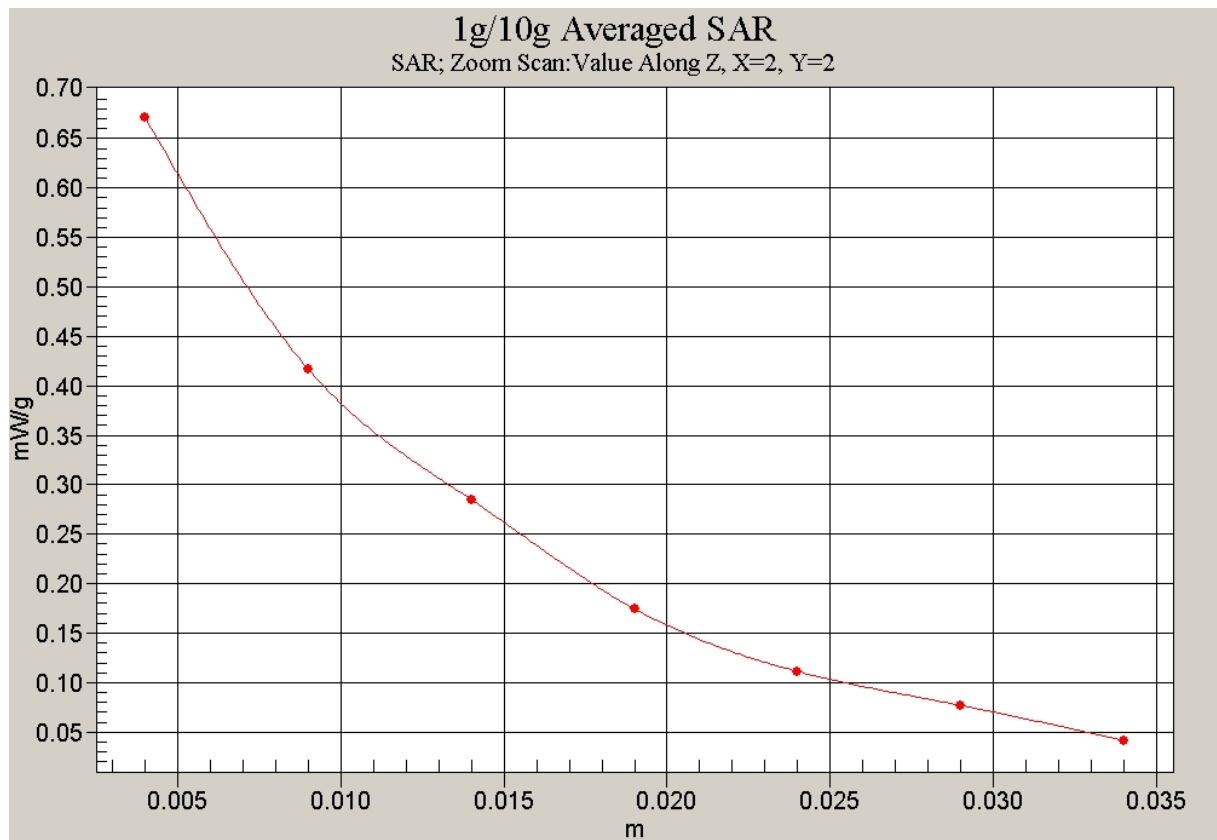


Fig. 89 1900 MHz CH512



**Fig. 90 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH512)**

### 1900 Body Towards Ground High with GPRS

Date/Time: 2007-8-28 11:52:24

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.54$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

**Toward Ground High/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.790 mW/g

**Toward Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.716 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.781 mW/g

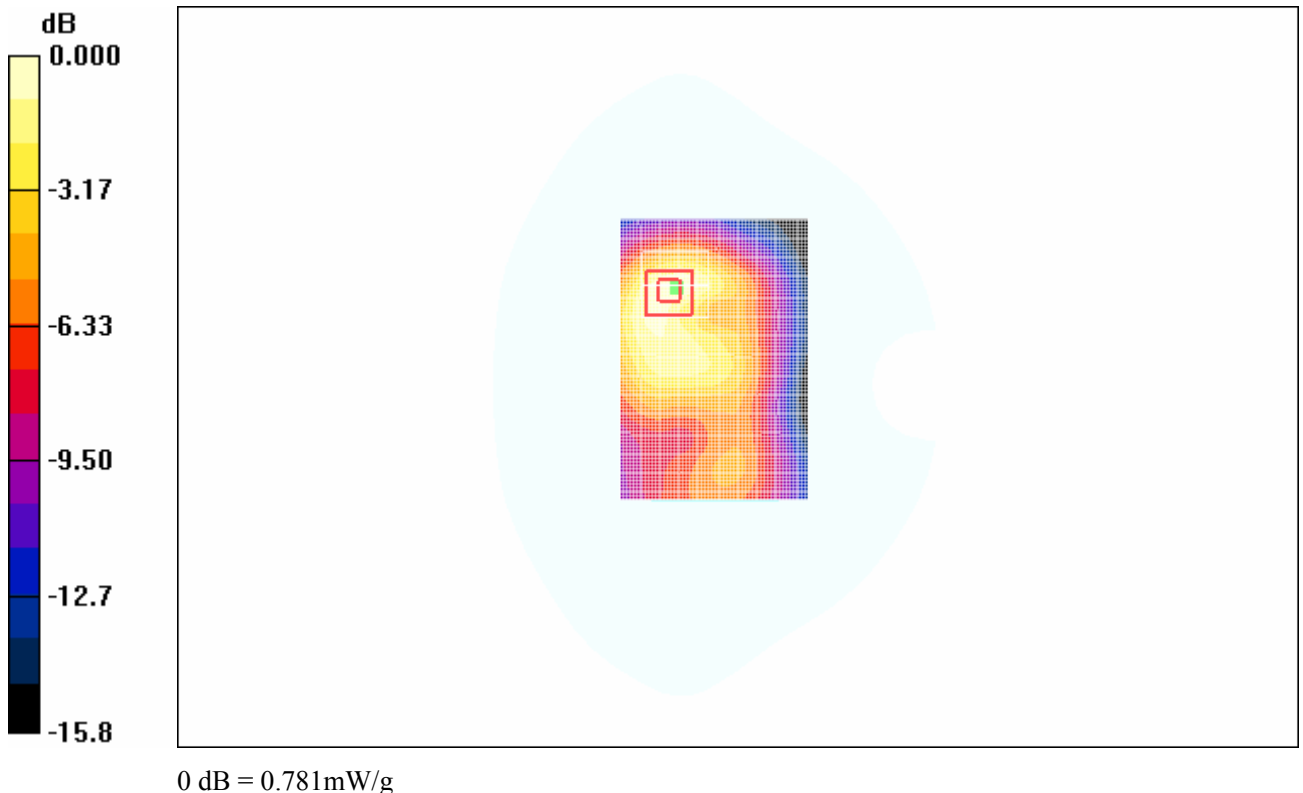
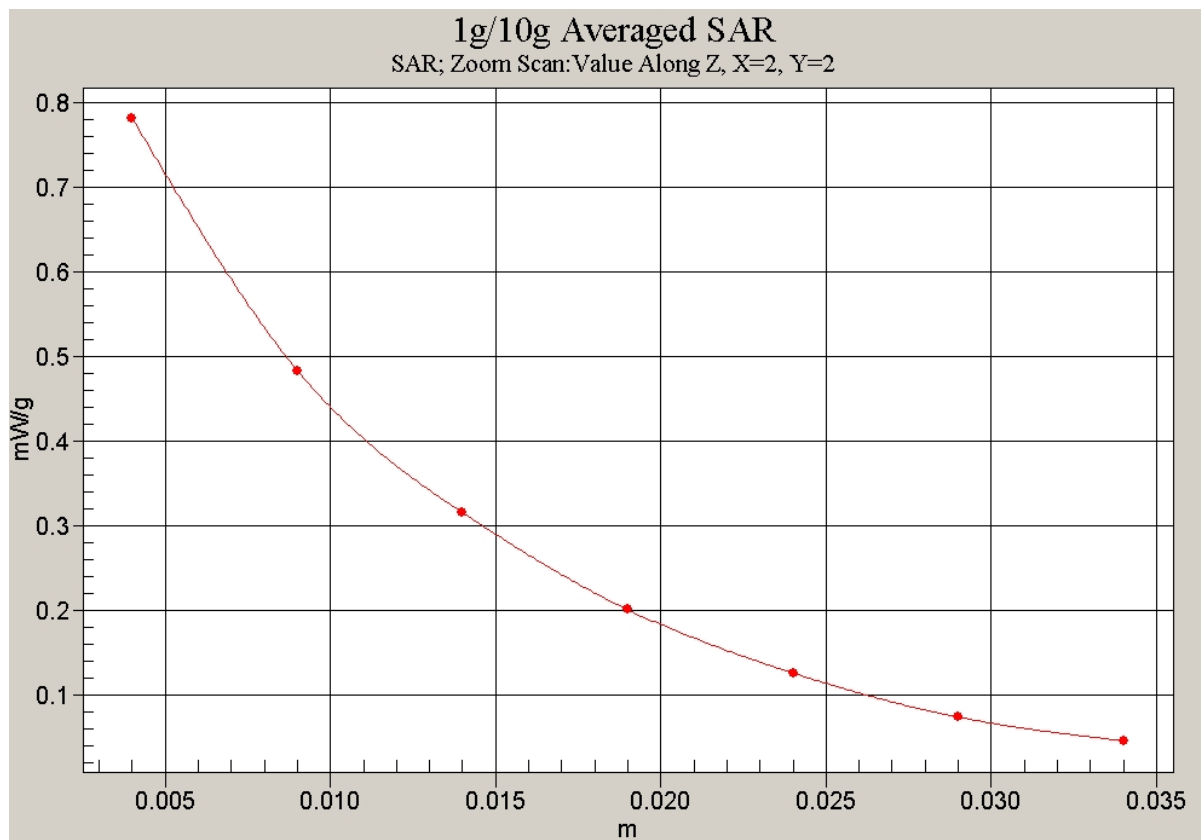


Fig. 91 1900 MHz CH810



**Fig. 92 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH810)**

### 1900 Body Towards Ground Middle with GPRS

Date/Time: 2007-8-28 11:38:10

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

**Toward Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.743 mW/g

**Toward Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.065 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.669 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.410 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.725 mW/g

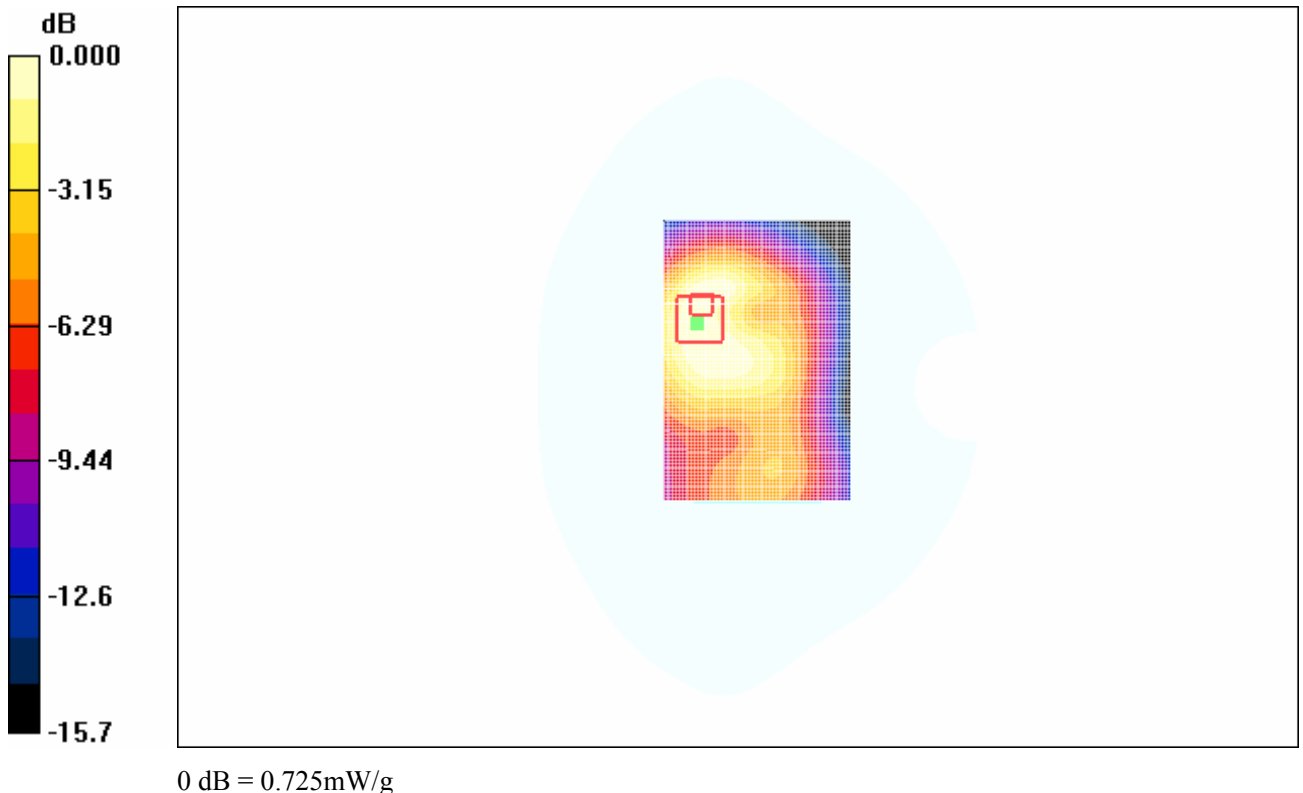
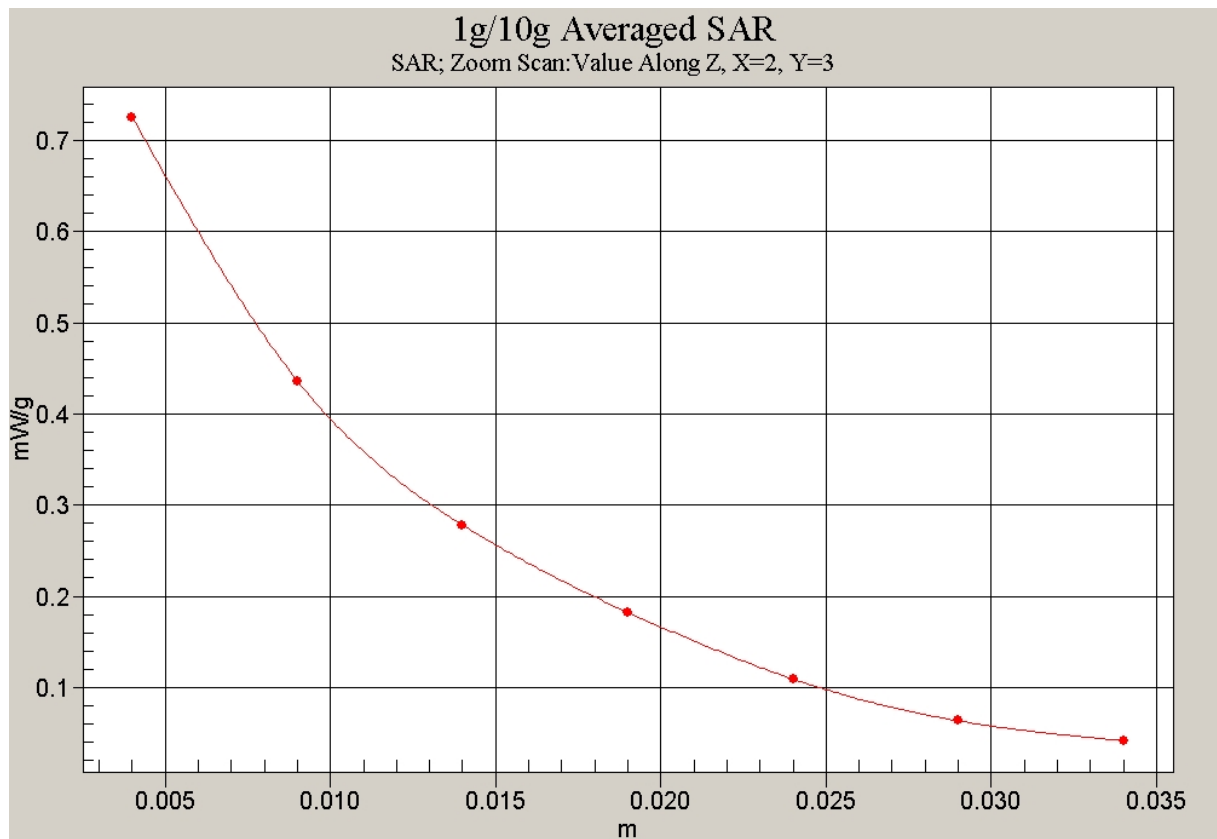


Fig. 93 1900 MHz CH661



**Fig. 94 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH661)**

### 1900 Body Towards Ground Low with GPRS

Date/Time: 2007-8-28 11:16:59

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

**Toward Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.789 mW/g

**Toward Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.714 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.451 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.760 mW/g

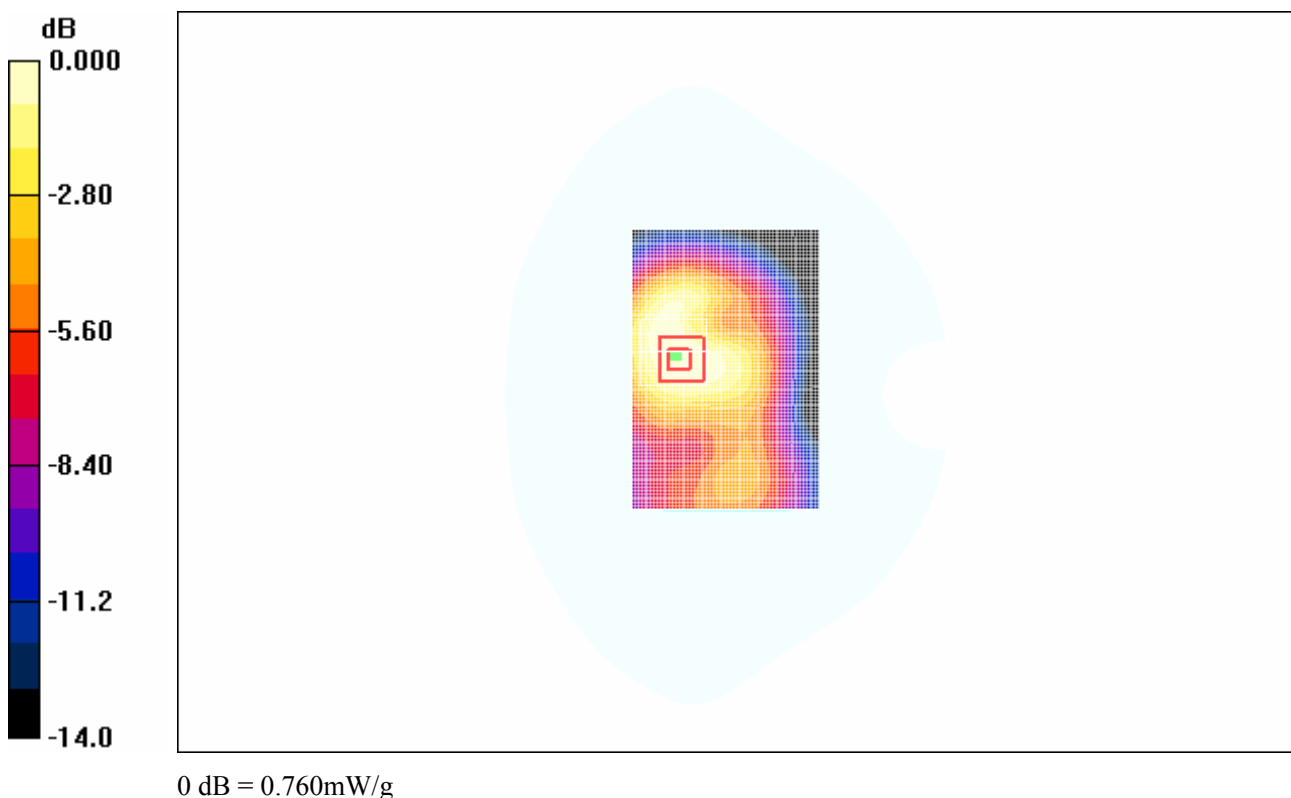
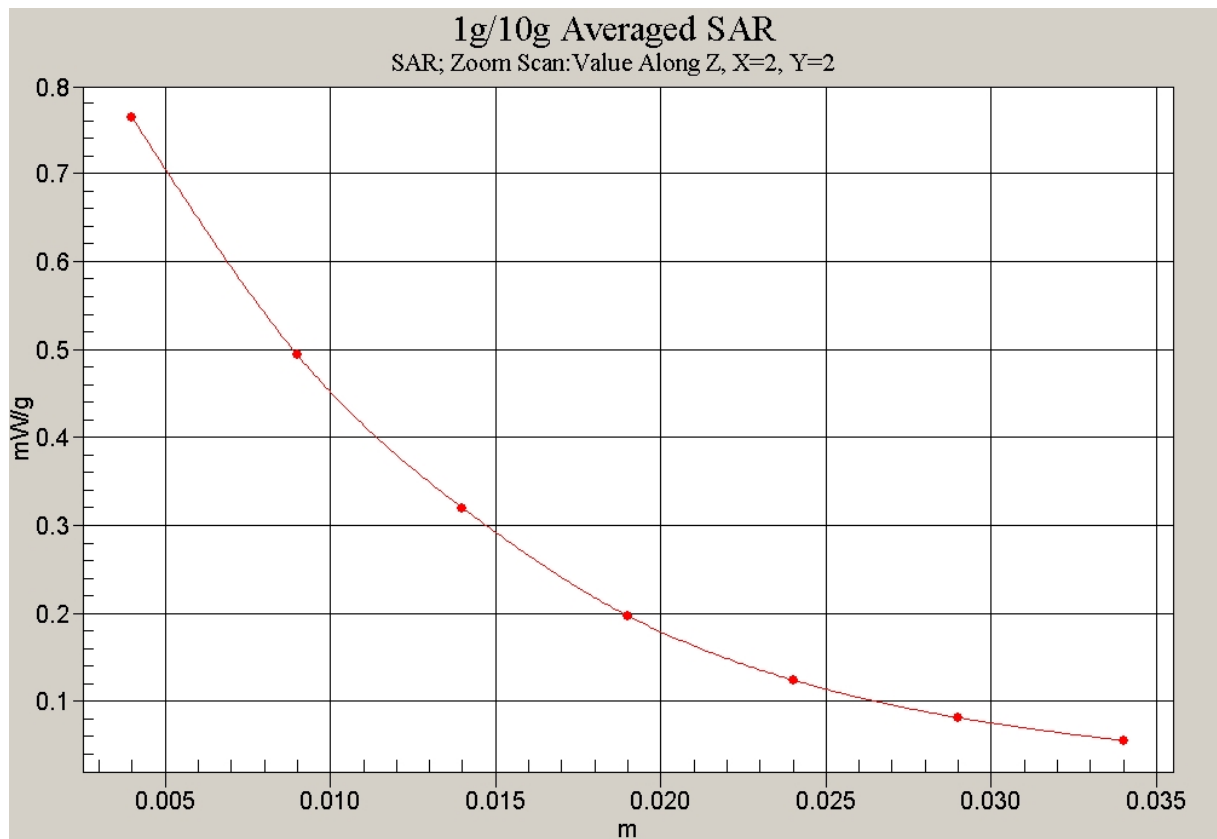


Fig. 95 1900 MHz CH512



**Fig. 96 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH512)**

### 850 Body Towards Ground Low with Bluetooth Function

Date/Time: 2007-8-30 11:15:45

Electronics: DAE3 Sn4536

Medium: 900 Body

Medium parameters used:  $f = 825$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.00$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(6.45, 6.45, 6.45)

**Toward Ground Low/Area Scan (71x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.637 mW/g

**Toward Ground Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.757 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.604 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.637 mW/g

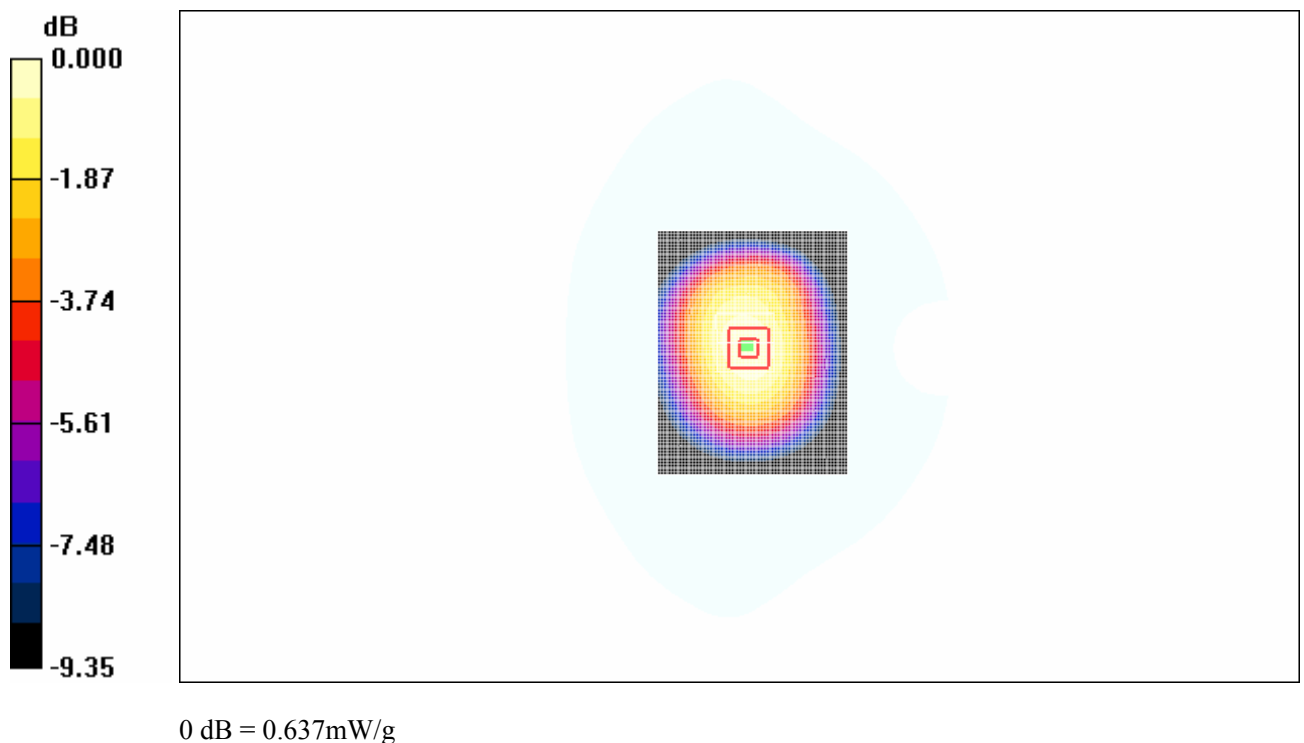
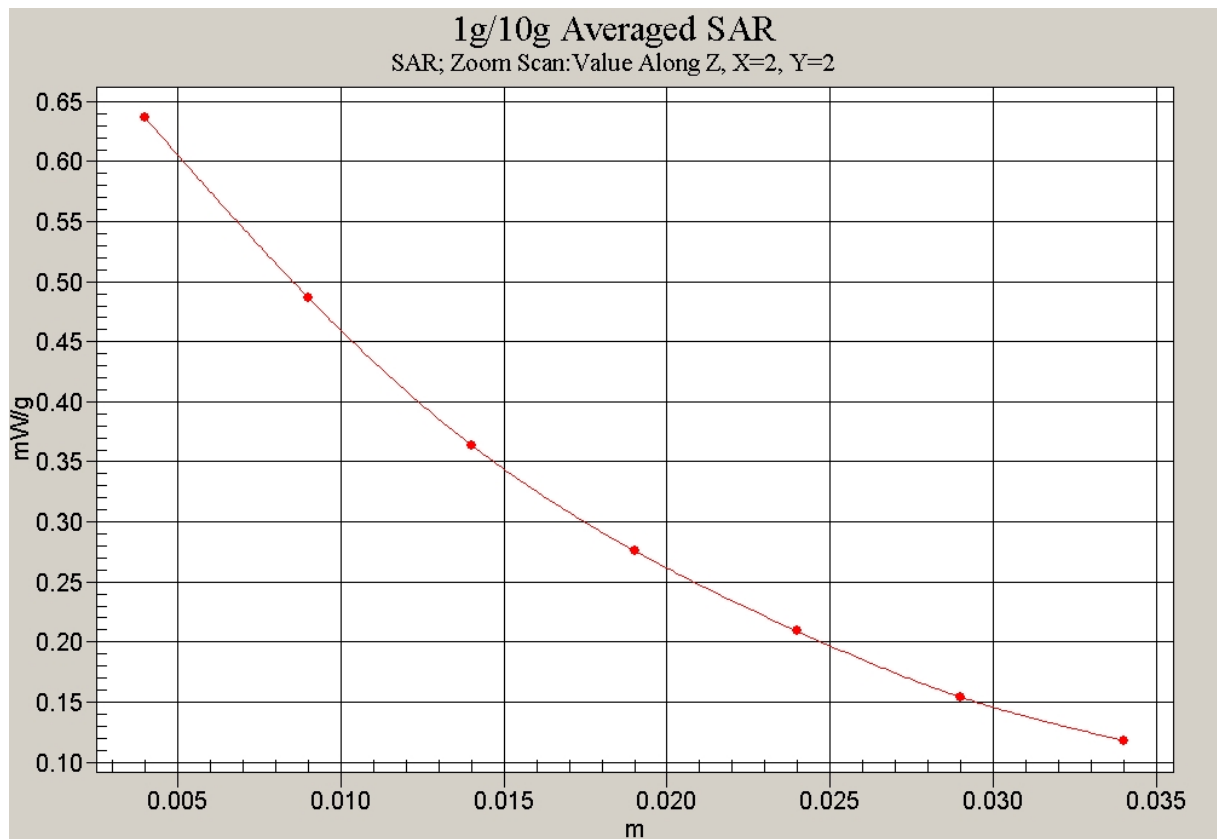


Fig. 97 850 MHz CH128



**Fig. 98 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz CH128)**

### 1900 Body Towards Ground Middle with Bluetooth Function

Date/Time: 2007-8-28 14:24:46

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88)

**Toward Ground Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.399 mW/g

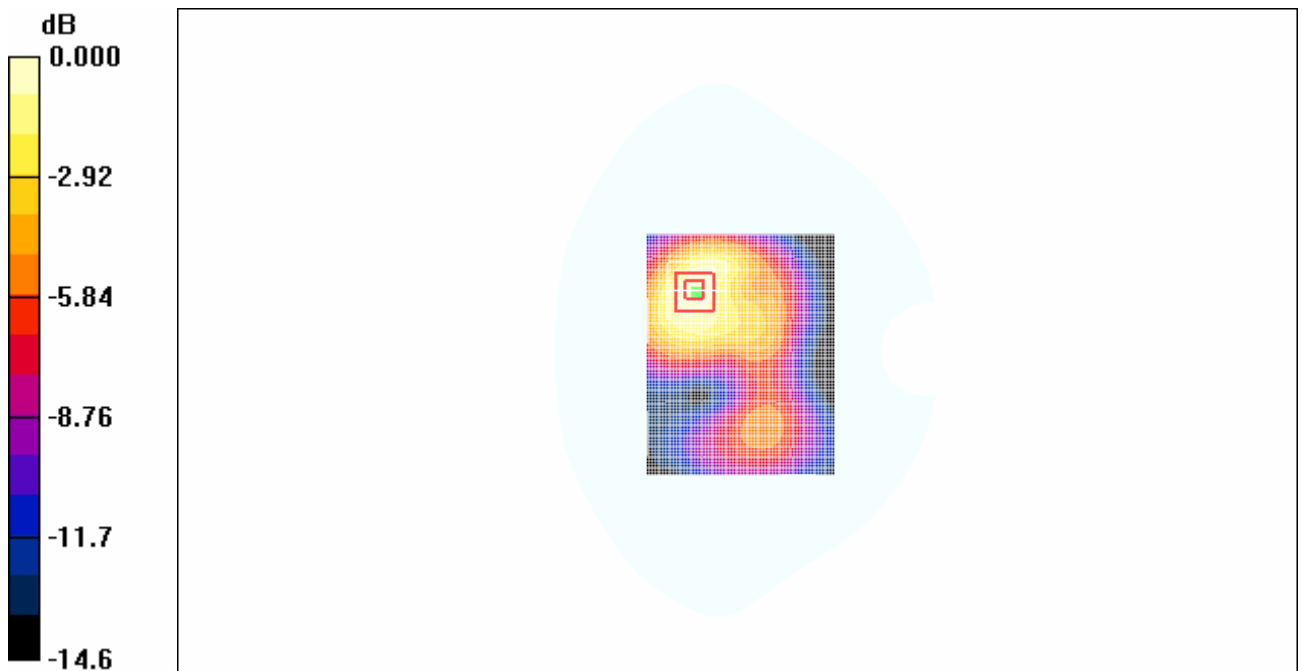
**Toward Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.200 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.632 W/kg

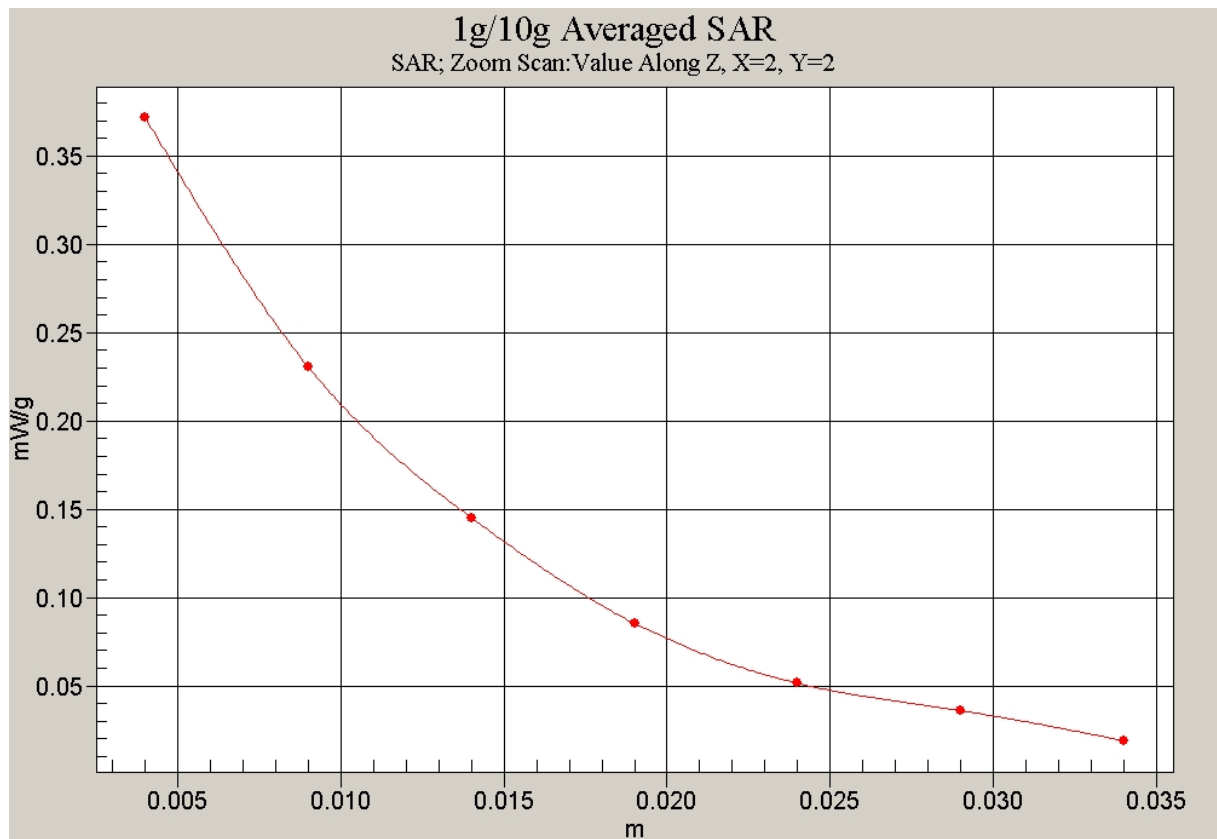
**SAR(1 g) = 0.364mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 mW/g



0 dB = 0.374mW/g

Fig. 99 1900 MHz CH661



**Fig. 100 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH661)**

## ANNEX D: SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS

### 835MHzDAE589Probe1736

Date/Time: 2007-8-30 07:05:21

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C      Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(6.51, 6.51, 6.51)

**835MHz/Area Scan (101x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.68 mW/g

**835MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.50 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g

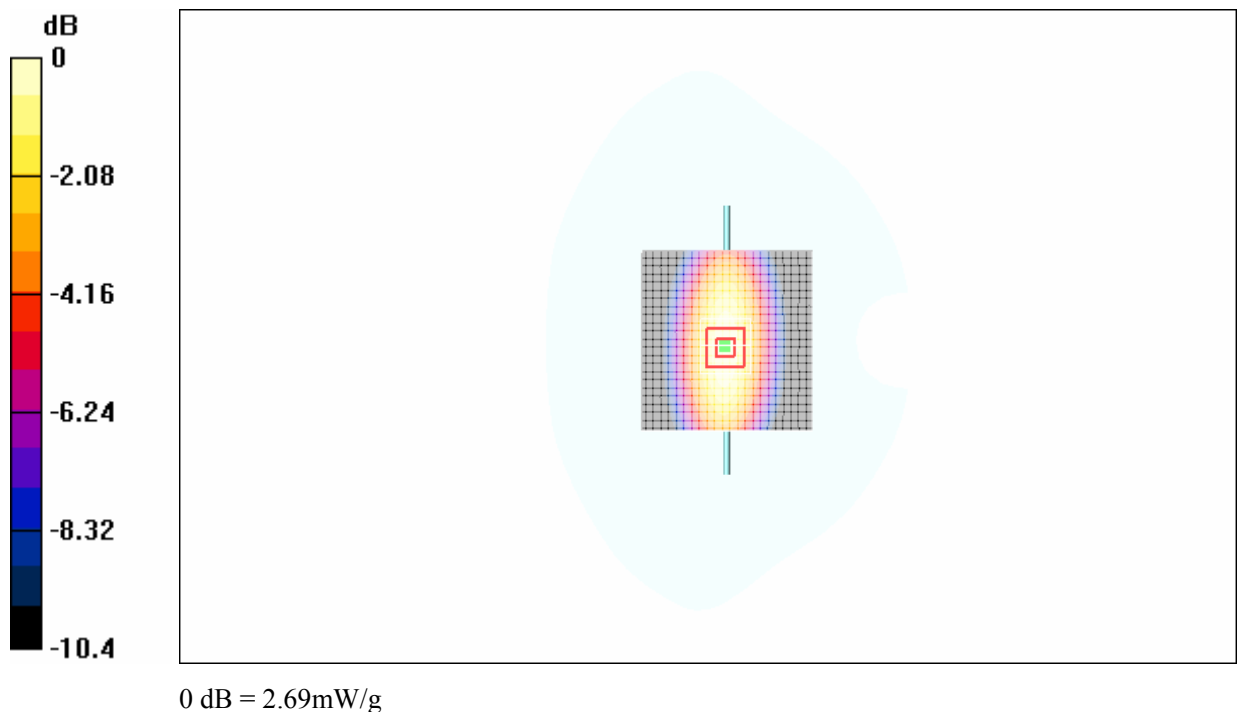


Fig.101 validation 835MHz 250mW

**1900MHzDAE536Probe1736**

Date/Time: 2007-8-28 07:21:13

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1900\text{MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.38\text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $23.3^\circ\text{C}$       Liquid Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

**System Validation/Area Scan (101x101x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=10\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=10\text{mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $11.2\text{ mW/g}$

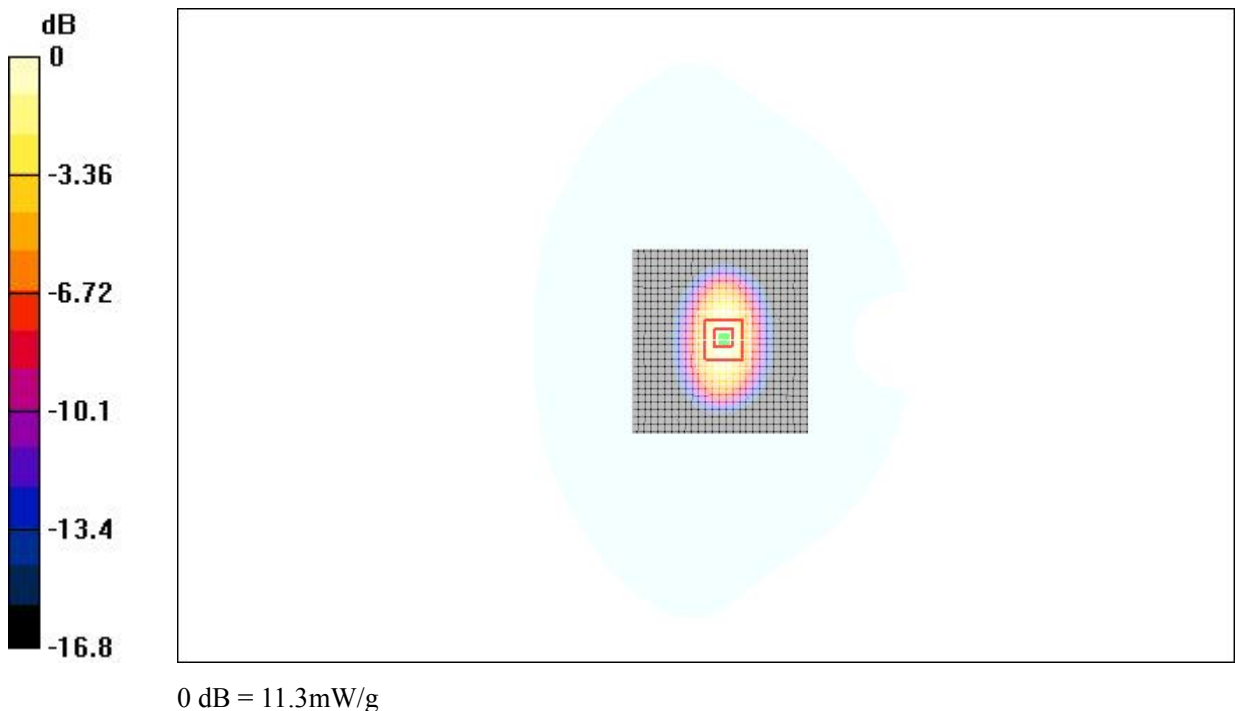
**System Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $92.1\text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.1\text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $16.9\text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $9.91\text{ mW/g}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $5.27\text{ mW/g}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $11.3\text{ mW/g}$



**Fig.102 validation 1900MHz 250mW**

## ANNEX E: PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **TMC China**

Certificate No: **ET3DV6-1736\_Dec06**

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

|                                  |                                                                             |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Object                           | <b>ET3DV6-SN: 1736</b>                                                      |
| Calibration procedure(s)         | <b>QA CAL-01.v5<br/>Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes</b> |
| Calibration date:                | <b>December 1, 2006</b>                                                     |
| Condition of the calibrated item | <b>In Tolerance</b>                                                         |

This calibration certify documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI).  
All calibrations have been conducted at an environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID#            | Cal Data (Calibrated by, Certification NO.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB341293874    | 22-May-06 (METAS, NO. 251-00466)            | May-07                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41495277     | 22-May-06 (METAS, NO. 251-00466)            | May-07                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087     | 22-May-06 (METAS, NO. 251-00466)            | May-07                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN:S5086 (20b) | 22-May-06 (METAS, NO. 251-00467)            | May-07                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN:S5086 (20b) | 22-May-06 (METAS, NO. 251-00467)            | May-07                 |
| DAE4                       | SN:3013        | 13-Jan-06 (SPEAG, NO. ES3-3013_Jan06)       | Jan-07                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 907        | 11-Jun-06 (SPEAG, NO.DAE4-907_Jun06)        | Jun-07                 |
| Secondary Standards        | ID#            | Check Data (in house)                       | Scheduled Calibration  |
| RF generator HP8648C       | US3642U01700   | 4-Dec-05(SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)      | In house check: Dec-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585     | 10-Nov-05(SPEAG, NO. DAE4-901_Nov-04)       | In house check: Nov-09 |

|                | Name          | Function              | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Nico Vetterli | Laboratory Technician |           |
| Approved by:   | Katja Pokovic | Technical Director    |           |

Issued: **December 1, 2006**

This calibration certificate shall not be reported except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|                          |                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                             |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                            |
| ConF                     | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                           |
| DCP                      | diode compression point                                                                                                                              |
| Polarization $\phi$      | $\phi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                                    |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- **NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- **NORM(*f*)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- **DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- **ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- **Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

ET3DV6 SN: 1736

December 1, 2006

# Probe ET3DV6

**SN: 1736**

|                  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Manufactured:    | September 27, 2002 |
| Last calibrated: | November 25, 2005  |
| Recalibrated:    | December 1, 2006   |

Calibrated for DASY System

ET3DV6 SN: 1736

December 1, 2006

### DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1736

#### Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>

#### Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>

|       |              |                                     |       |       |
|-------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| NormX | 1.97 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP X | 93 mV |
| NormY | 1.75 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Y | 93 mV |
| NormZ | 1.97 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Z | 93 mV |

#### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

#### Boundary Effect

TSL                      900 MHz      Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

|                                           |                              |        |        |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 9.6    | 5.0    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.1    | 0.3    |

TSL                      1810 MHz      Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

|                                           |                              |        |        |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance |                              | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | Without Correction Algorithm | 13.2   | 8.8    |
| SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]                     | With Correction Algorithm    | 0.6    | 0.1    |

#### Sensor Offset

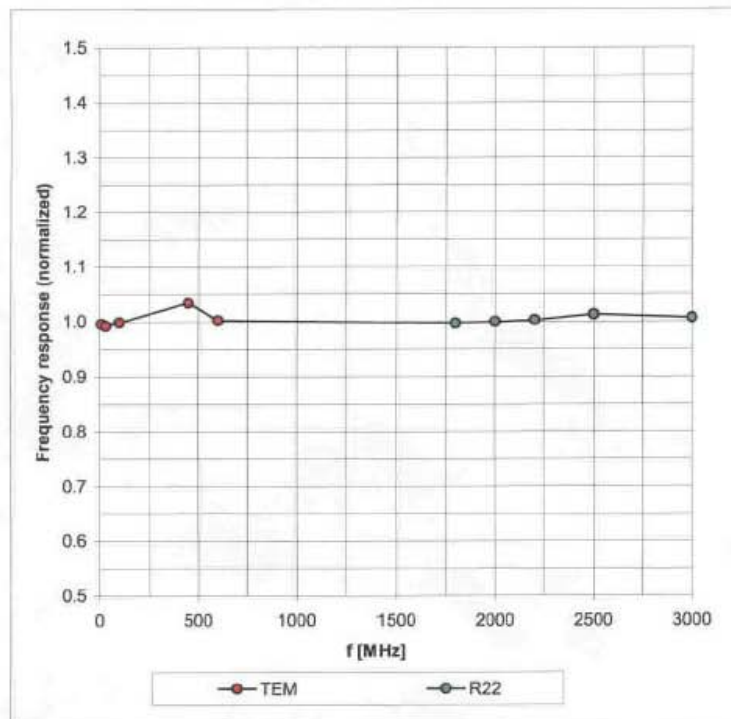
|                            |        |
|----------------------------|--------|
| Probe Tip to Sensor Center | 2.7 mm |
|----------------------------|--------|

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December 1, 2006

### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

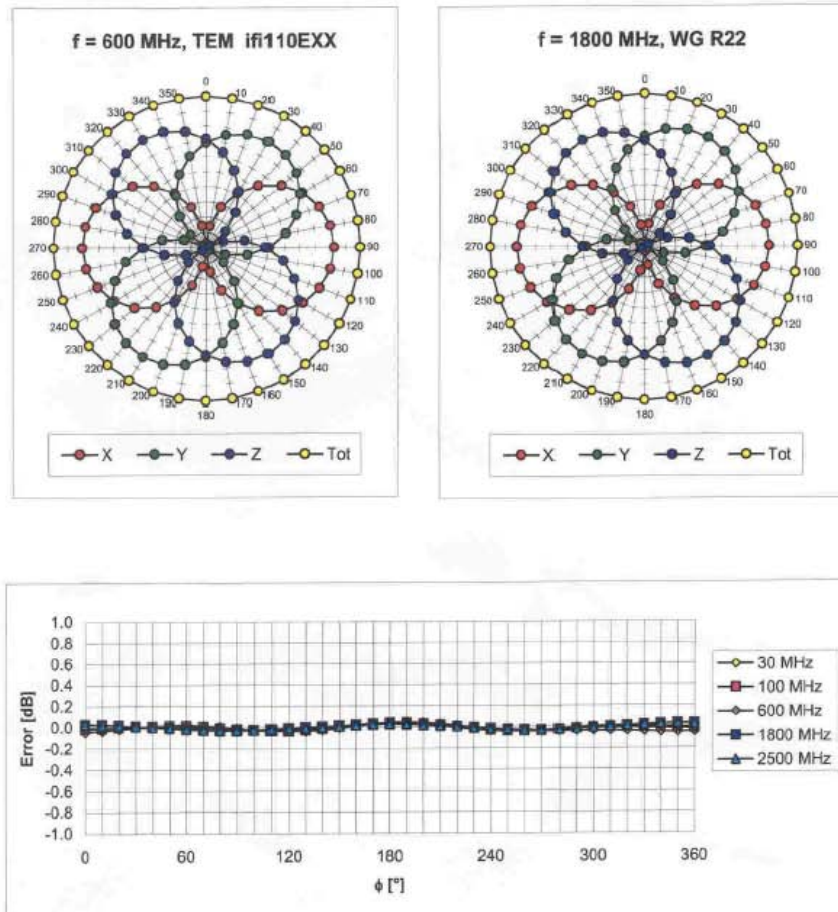


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

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December 1, 2006

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

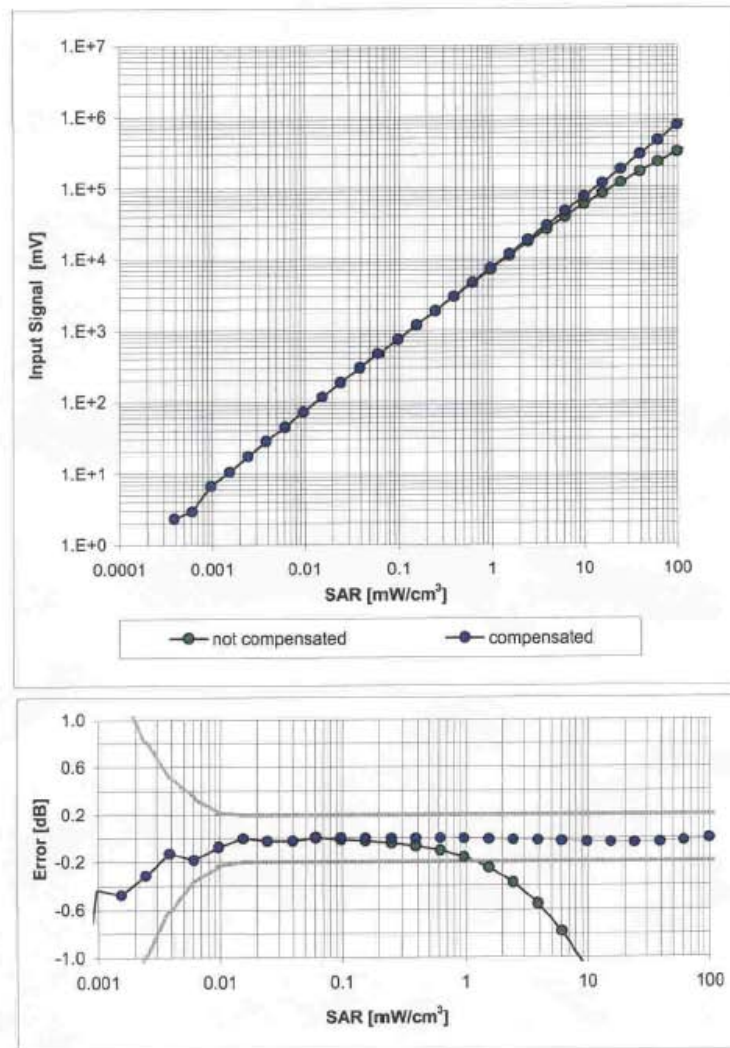


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

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**Dynamic Range  $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$**   
(Waveguide R22,  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ )

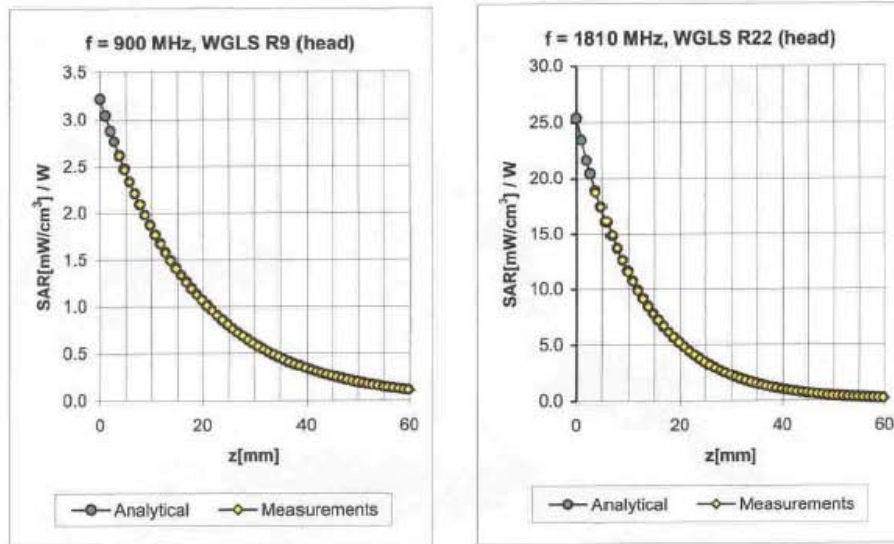


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

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December 1, 2006

### Conversion Factor Assessment



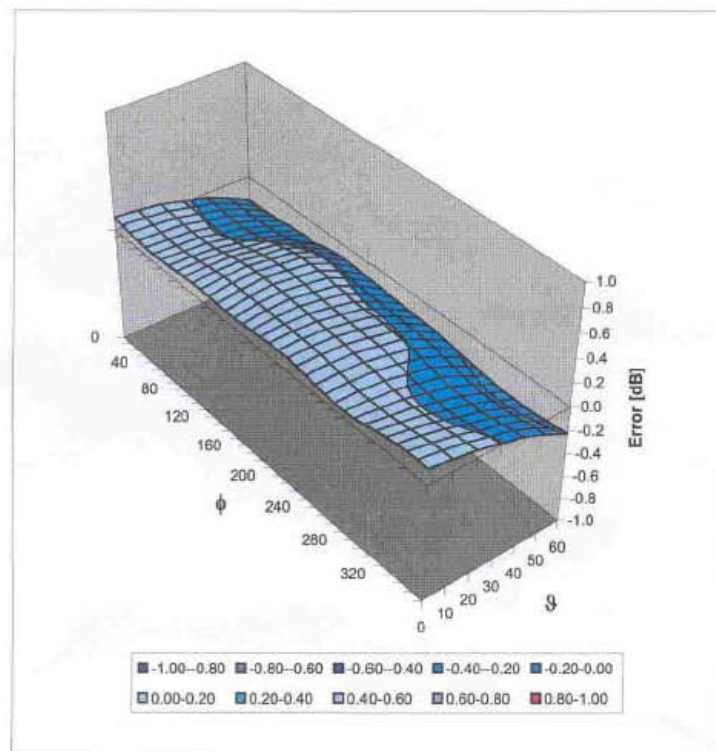
| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | TSL  | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty  |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 41.5 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%    | 0.56  | 1.85  | 6.51 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%    | 0.57  | 2.47  | 5.40 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Head | 39.2 ± 5%    | 1.80 ± 5%    | 0.62  | 2.29  | 4.67 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 450     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 56.7 ± 5%    | 0.94 ± 5%    | 0.12  | 1.61  | 7.74 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 900     | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 55.0 ± 5%    | 1.05 ± 5%    | 0.47  | 2.15  | 6.45 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%    | 0.53  | 2.78  | 4.88 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450    | ± 50 / ± 100                | Body | 52.7 ± 5%    | 1.95 ± 5%    | 0.65  | 2.11  | 4.35 ± 11.8% (k=2) |

ET3DV6 SN: 1736

December 1, 2006

### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## ANNEX F: DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Calibration Laboratory of</b><br><b>Schmid &amp; Partner</b><br><b>Engineering AG</b><br>Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland                                                                                                   |  |   | <b>S</b> Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst<br><b>C</b> Service suisse d'étalonnage<br><b>S</b> Servizio svizzero di taratura<br><b>S</b> Swiss Calibration Service |
| Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of metrology and Accreditation<br>The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA<br>Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates<br>Client TMC China |  | Accreditation No.: SCS 108<br><br>Certificate No: D835V2-443_Feb07                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                  |

| CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE          |                                                                  |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Object                           | D835V2-SN: 443                                                   |
| Calibration procedure(s)         | QA CAL-05.v6<br>Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits |
| Calibration date:                | February 19, 2007                                                |
| Condition of the calibrated item | In Tolerance                                                     |

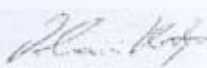
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted at an environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID#             | Cal Data (Calibrated by, Certification NO.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704      | 03-Oct-06 (METAS, NO. 217-00608)            | Oct-07                |
| Power sensor 8481A          | US37292783      | 03-Oct-06 (METAS, NO. 217-00608)            | Oct-07                |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN:5086 (20g )  | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, NO. 217-00591)            | Aug-07                |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator  | SN:5047_2 (10r) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, NO. 217-00591)            | Aug-07                |
| DAE4                        | SN:601          | 30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, NO.DAE4-601_Jan07)        | Jan-08                |
| Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF) | SN: 1507        | 19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, NO. ET3-1507_Oct06)       | Oct-07                |

| Secondary Standards         | ID#             | Check Data (In house)                   | Scheduled Calibration   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317      | 18-Oct-02(SPEAG, in house check Oct-05) | In house check: Oct-07  |
| RF generator Agilent E4421B | MY41000678      | 11-May-05(SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov -07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390685S4206 | 18-Oct-01(SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct -07 |

|                |               |                       |                                                                                       |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                | Name          | Function              | Signature                                                                             |
| Calibrated by: | Marcel Fehr   | Laboratory Technician |  |
| Approved by:   | Katja Pokovic | Technical Director    |  |

Issued: February 21, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reported except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                           |             |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY4                     | V4.7        |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                     | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz       |             |

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C             | 41.5           | 0.90 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 39.9 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.88 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (21.2 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | ----           | ----                 |

#### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 2.48 mW / g                    |
| SAR normalized                                        | normalized to 1W   | 9.90 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>      | normalized to 1W   | 9.70 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 1.60 mW / g                    |
| SAR normalized                                          | normalized to 1W   | 6.40 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | 6.31 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2) |

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $50.5\Omega - 6.8j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.8 dB                 |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.402 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |                   |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG             |
| Manufactured on | September 3, 2001 |

## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 19.02.2007 10:04:15

Test laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; serial: D835V2-SN: 443

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f=835$  MHz;  $\sigma=0.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r=39.9$ ;  $\rho=1000\text{kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6-SN1507(HF); ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.1\_2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY, V4.7 Build 53; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

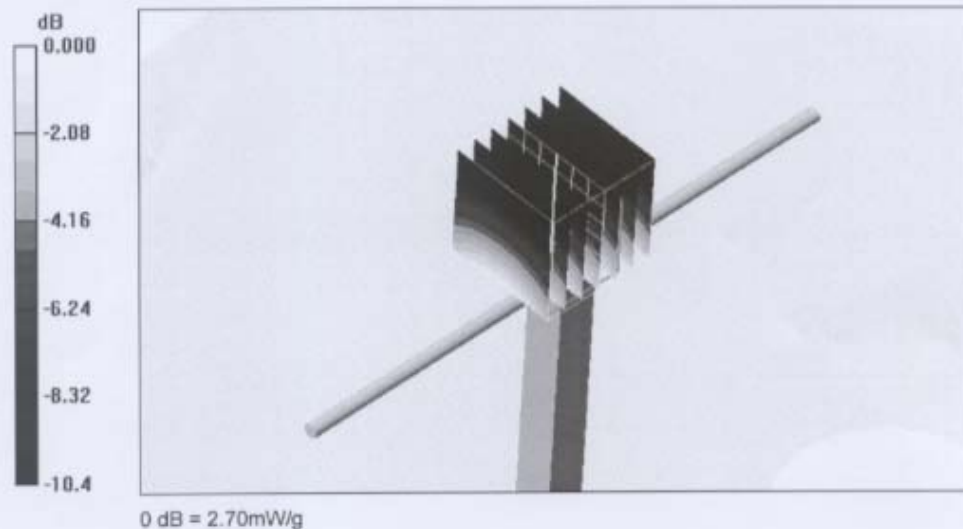
$P_{in} = 250$  mW;  $d = 15$  mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

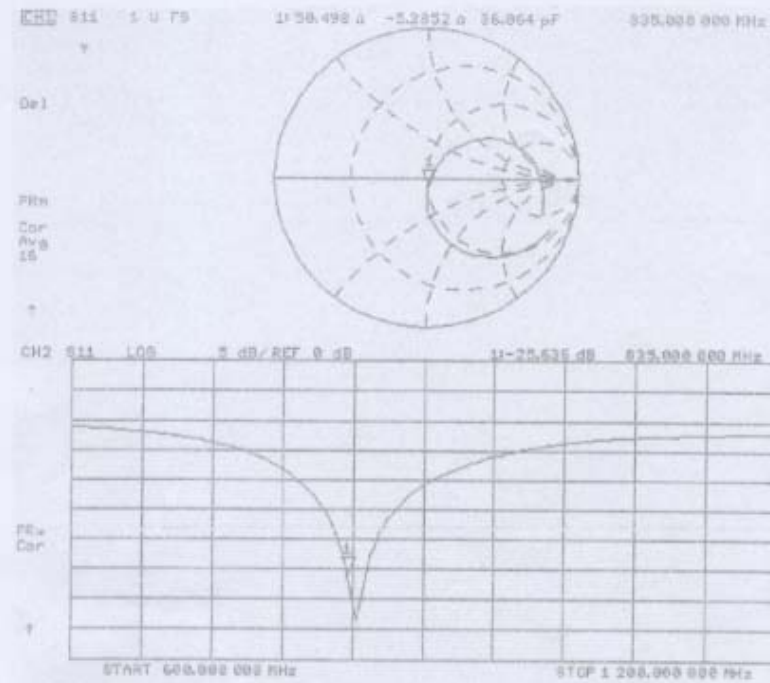
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.60 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.70 mW/g



### Impedance measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client TMC China

Certificate No: D1900V2-541\_Feb07

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

|                                  |                                                                  |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Object                           | D1900V2-SN: 541                                                  |
| Calibration procedure(s)         | QA CAL-05.v6<br>Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits |
| Calibration date:                | February 20, 2007                                                |
| Condition of the calibrated item | In Tolerance                                                     |

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted at an environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID#             | Cal Data (Calibrated by, Certification NO.) | Scheduled Calibration   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704      | 03-Oct-06 (METAS, NO. 217-00608)            | Oct-07                  |
| Power sensor 8481A          | US37292783      | 03-Oct-06 (METAS, NO. 217-00608)            | Oct-07                  |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN:5086 (20g )  | 10-Aug-05 (METAS, NO. 217-00591)            | Aug-07                  |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator  | SN:5047_2 (10r) | 10-Aug-05 (METAS, NO. 217-00591)            | Aug-07                  |
| DAE4                        | SN:801          | 30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, NO DAE4-501_Jan07)        | Jan-08                  |
| Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF) | SN: 1507        | 19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, NO. ET3-1507_Oct06)       | Oct-07                  |
| Secondary Standards         | ID#             | Check Data (in house)                       | Scheduled Calibration   |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317      | 18-Oct-02(SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)     | In house check: Oct-07  |
| RF generator Agilent E4421B | MY41000576      | 11-May-05(SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)     | In house check: Nov -07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585S4206 | 18-Oct-01(SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)     | In house check: Oct -07 |

|                |                     |                                   |               |
|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br>Marcel Fehr | Function<br>Laboratory Technician | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Katja Pokovic       | Technical Director                |               |

Issued: February 21, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reported except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-541\_Feb07

Page 1 of 6

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Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                           |             |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY4                     | V4.7        |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                     | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| Frequency                    | 1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |             |

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters     | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 38.9 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.38 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.1 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | —              | —                    |

#### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 9.73 mW /g                     |
| SAR normalized                                        | normalized to 1W   | 38.9 mW /g                     |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>      | normalized to 1W   | 38.6 mW / g $\pm$ 17.6 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 5.09 mW /g                     |
| SAR normalized                                          | normalized to 1W   | 20.4 mW /g                     |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>        | normalized to 1W   | 20.2 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2) |

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $48.4 \Omega - 8.9 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 26.4 dB                   |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.214 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG            |
| Manufactured on | October 4 , 2001 |

## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 20.02.2007 09:25:37

Test laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; serial: D1900V2-SN: 541

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f=1900$  MHz;  $\sigma=1.38$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r=38.9$ ;  $\rho=1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6-SN1507(HF); ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.1\_2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;
- Measurement SW: DASY, V4.7 Build 53; Post processing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

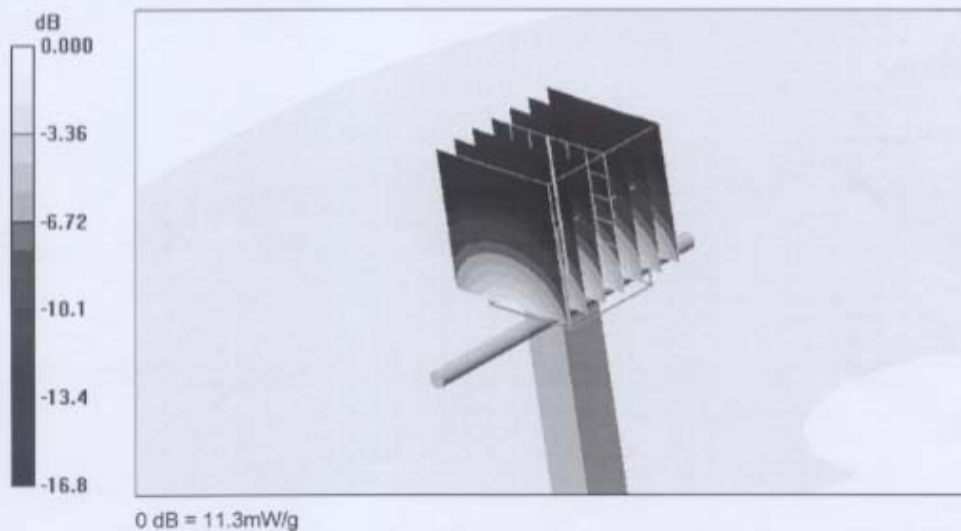
$P_{in} = 250$  mW;  $d = 15$  mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 92.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



Impedance measurement Plot for Head TSL

