

FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C CLASS II PERMISSIVE CHANGE CERTIFICATION

TEST REPORT

FOR

MICROWAVE LINK

MODEL NUMBER: GE60, FE60, AR60*

FCC ID: RWM-GE60

REPORT NUMBER: 05U3556-1

ISSUE DATE: JULY 21, 2005

Prepared for

BRIDGEWAVE COMMUNICATIONS 3350 THOMAS ROAD SANTA CLARA, CALIFORNIA 95054

Prepared by

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*Details of specific model(s) tested and model differences shall be identified in body of report



REPORT NO: 05U3556-1 EUT: MICROWAVE LINK

DATE: JULY 25, 2005 FCC ID: RWM-GE60X

Revision History

	Issue		
Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
A	7/25/05	Initial Issue	MH

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME: BRIDGEWAVE COMMUNICATIONS

> 3350 THOMAS ROAD SANTA CLARA, CA 95054

MICROWAVE LINK TRANSCEIVER **EUT DESCRIPTION:**

MODEL TESTED: AR60

DATE TESTED: JULY 18-20, 2005

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD **TEST RESULTS**

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By: Tested By:

MH

MIKE HECKROTTE ENGINEERING MANAGER COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES JOSEPH CHUNG **EMC ENGINEER** COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

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2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2. **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

5. EUT DESCRIPTION

5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT is a 60 GHz transceiver intended for microwave link applications.

The radio utilizes an Integral Directional Cassegrain Antenna with a gain of 39 dBi.

5.2. DESCRIPTION OF MODEL DIFFERNCES AND CLASS II PERMISSIVE CHANGE

The purpose of the Class II permissive change is to add 100 Mbit/sec and dual-rate 100 / 1000 Mbit/sec modulations. Hardware is identical to the original single-rate 1000 Mbit/sec version.

The GE60 operates at a data rate of 1 Gbit/sec, the FE60 operates at a data rate of 100 Mbits/sec, and the AR60 is a dual rate 100 Mbit/sec or 1 Gbit/sec.

The hardware for all three models is identical; changes are made via firmware.

All testing documented in this report was performed with the dual rate version.

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TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT 5.3.

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due			
Harmonic Mixer, 26.5 ~ 40 GHz	HP	11970A	3008A04190	10/14/05			
Harmonic Mixer, 33 ~ 50 GHz	HP	11970Q	3003A03363	4/20/07			
Harmonic Mixer, 50 ~ 75 GHz	HP	11970V	2521A01163	10/22/05			
Harmonic Mixer, 75 ~ 110 GHz	HP	11970W	2521A01314	10/25/05			
Harmonic Mixer, 90 ~ 140 GHz	OML	M08HWA	F90519-2	CNR			
Harmonic Mixer, 140 ~ 220 GHz	OML	M05HWA	G90519-1	CNR			
Mixer Diplexer for HP	OML	DPL.313B	N02429	CNR			
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	FCC	LISN-50/250-25-2	2023	8/30/2005			
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Solar	8012-50-R-24-BNC	8379443	10/21/2005			
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESHS 20	827129/006	10/22/2005			
Spectrum Analyzer 3 Hz ~ 44 GHz	Agilent	E4446A	US42510266	8/25/2005			
AC Power Source	Elgar	1751	C01042	CNR			
Temperature / Humidity Chamber	Thermotron	SE 600-10-10	29800	6/10/06			
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	ETS	3117	29310	4/22/06			
Preamplifier, 1 ~ 26.5 GHz	HP	8449B	3008A00369	8/17/05			
Antenna, Horn 18 ~ 26 GHz	ARA	MWH-1826/B	1049	9/12/05			
Antenna, Bilog 30MHz ~ 2Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1	A121003	3/3/06			
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	HP	8542E	3942A00286	3/29/06			
RF Filter Section	HP	85420E	3705A00256	3/29/06			
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	GB40202203	CNR			
Power Sensor	Agilent	V8486A	170891	CNR			

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6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST						
Description Manufacturer Model Serial Number FCC ID						
AC ADAPTER	Peak Power Supply	PW-070A-1Y24D	N/A	N/A		

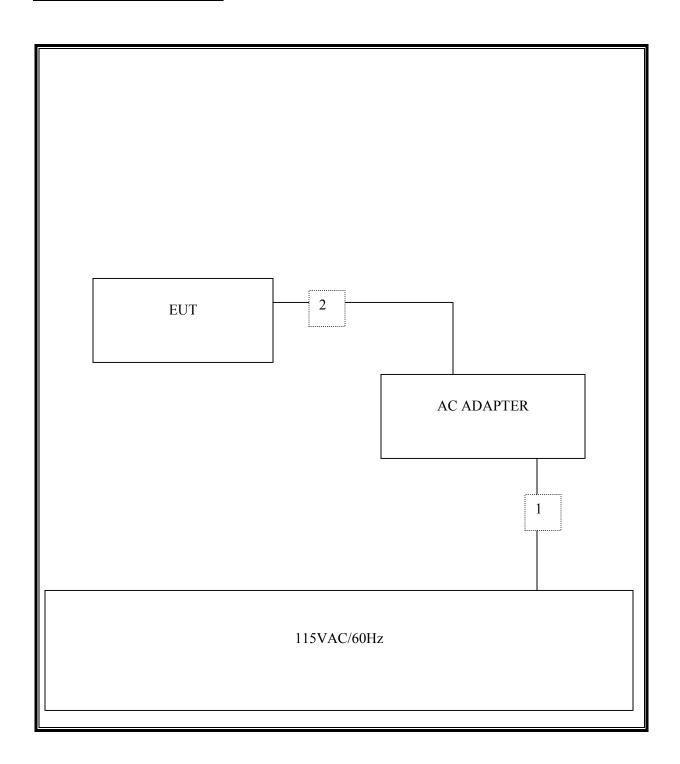
I/O CABLES

	I/O CABLE LIST							
Cable No.	Port	# of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length	Remarks		
1	AC PWR	1	AC PWR	UNSHIELDED	1.86M	US (3 PRONG)		
2	DC PWR	1	TERMINAL	UNSHIELDED	1.86M	N/A		

TEST SETUP

During the testing process the EUT was set to transmit continuously.

SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS



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7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

7.1. MEASUREMENT FUNDAMENTALS

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT was mounted on a tower and the measurement instrumentation was placed in the far field. The far field distance was determined from calculations described below.

Using a level and a laser pointer, the EUT antenna and measurement antennas were brought into alignment. The measurement antenna/mixer assembly was hand held and was very slowly moved with small horizontal and vertical motions to capture the maximum signal level from the EUT.

NEAR FIELD BOUNDARY CALCULATIONS

For the high-gain antenna used with the EUT, the 3m distance is within the antenna's near field or Fresnel region. This is confirmed from the equation for near-field boundary given in OET 65 (p. 27):

(12) R(near field) = $(D^2) / (4 * \lambda)$

where

D = Largest Antenna Dimension, including the reflector, in meters

 λ = wavelength in meters

For a parabolic reflector antenna with D = 0.275 m and λ = 300 / f (MHz) equation (3) predicts a near-field boundary of

R (near field) = 3.66 m at 58.1 GHz, and 3.96 m at 62.9 GHz.

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FAR FIELD BOUNDARY CALCULATIONS

The far-field boundary is given in OET 65 (page 29) as:

(16) R(far field) =
$$(0.6 * D^2) / \lambda$$

where

D = Largest Antenna Dimension, including the reflector, in meters

 λ = wavelength in meters

For a parabolic reflector antenna with D = 0.275 m and λ = 300 / f (MHz) equation (16) predicts a far-field boundary of

R (far field) = 8.79 m at 58.1 GHz, and 9.51 m at 62.9 GHz.

POWER DENSITY AS A FUNCTION OF DISTANCE FROM ANTENNA

The equations are given in OET 65 pages 27 - 29 as follows:

- (5) at the surface of the antenna with aperture area A: S(surface) = 4P/A
- (6) in the near field, with antenna maximum dimension D: S(near field) = $16\eta P/\pi D^2$ where η = aperture efficiency
- (7) in the transition region R (near field) < R < R (far field) at distance R: S(transition) = (S(near field) * R(near field)) / R
- (8) in the far field or Fraunhofer region: S(far field) = $PG/4\pi R^2$ where G = transmitter antenna gain

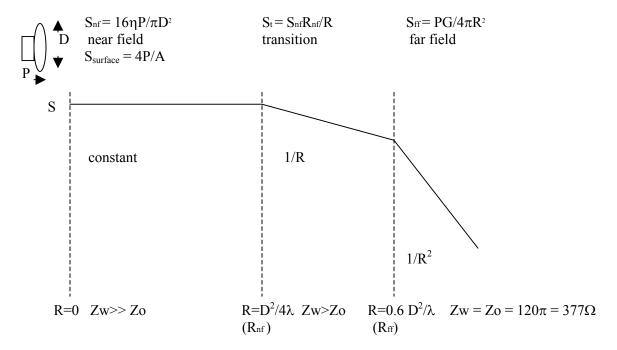
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The equations (5) - (8) indicate that the variation of power density with distance R from the Cassegrain antenna is:

- a) constant from the antenna surface to the near-field boundary R_{nf} ;
- b) decreases as 1/R in the transition region $R_{\rm nf} < R < R_{\rm ff};$
- c) decreases as $1/R_2$ in the far field, for $R > R_{ff}$.



When the near field boundary is greater than 3m, as it is for this EUT, the power density can be calculated from far field measurements according to the following relationship:

S(at 3m) = S(at measurement distance) + 20log(R/R(far field)) + 10log(R(far field)) / R(near field))

where $S = Power Density in dBuW/cm^2$

R = measurement distance in far field

 $R(far\ field) = from\ equation\ (16)$ and

R(near field) = from equation (12) above

Correction Factor from far field boundary to near field region = 10 * log (R(far field) / R(near field))

Correction Factor from far field boundary to near field region (the near field region includes 3 meters) = 3.8 dB at 58.1 GHz and 62.9 GHz.

The correction Factor from the 10 meter measuring distance to near field region (the near field region includes 3 meters) = 4.9 dB at 58.1 GHz and 4.2 dB at 62.9 GHz.

POWER DENSITY AND FIELD STRENGTH RELATIONSHIP

From OET 40, the relationship between field strength, power at the spectrum analyzer input, and test antenna gain is given by

$$E = (2\pi/\lambda) * (120 Prx/Grx)^{1/2}$$

where

Prx = power at receiver input, watts Grx = antenna gain with impedance matching receiver, numeric $\lambda =$ wavelength, meters

Power density in the far field is related to field strength:

 $S = (E^2) / 120 \pi = (E^2) / 377$ where S is the Power Density in W/m² and E is the Field Strength in V/m

POWER DENSITY LIMITS EXPRESSED AS FIELD STRENGTH

Rearranging terms from above,

$$E = Sqrt (377 * S)$$

where E is the field strength in V/m and S is the power density in W/m^2

For $S = 18 \text{ uW/cm}^2$, $S = 0.18 \text{ W/m}^2$ and E = 8.24 V/m or 138 dBuV/m

For S = 9 uW/cm², S = 0.09 W/m² and E = 5.82 V/m or 135 dBuV/m

For S = 90 pW/cm^2, S = 9 * 10 ^ (-11) W/m^2 and E = 0.000184 V/m or 45.3 dBuV/m DATE: JULY 25, 2005

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7.2. 6 dB BANDWIDTH

APPLICABLE RULE

§ 15.255 (e)For the purposes of this paragraph, emission bandwidth is defined as the instantaneous frequency range occupied by a steady state radiated signal with modulation, outside which the radiated power spectral density never exceeds 6 dB below the maximum radiated power spectral density in the band, as measured with a 100 kHz resolution bandwidth spectrum analyzer. The center frequency must be stationary during the measurement interval, even if not stationary during normal operation (e.g. for frequency hopping devices).

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The spectrum analyzer and external mixer are set up to measure the radiated output of the transmitter. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 100 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

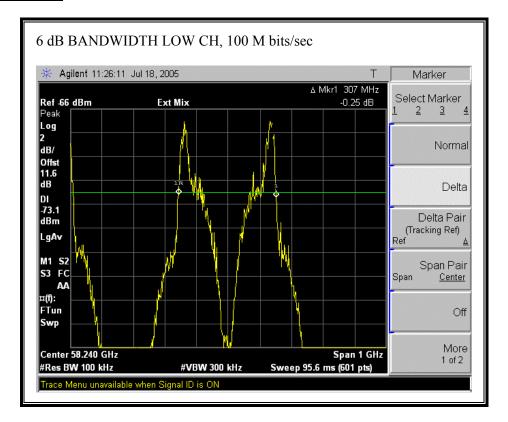
In the 1 Mb/s data rate mode, the falloff from the peak to 6 dB below the peak occurs in less than one horizontal bin on the spectrum analyzer. Therefore, the markers are set to the signal peaks corresponding to the maximum frequency deviation. Also the emission bandwidth is greater than the image frequency separation of the external mixer. Therefore, the actual signal and the image signal overlap. On the analyzer display the actual signal is to the right and the image signal is to the left. The Signal ID trace only displays the actual signal, however the Max Hold function is not supported in the Signal ID mode. The portion of the display that shows the image signal is ignored when placing the delta markers for the emission bandwidth measurement.

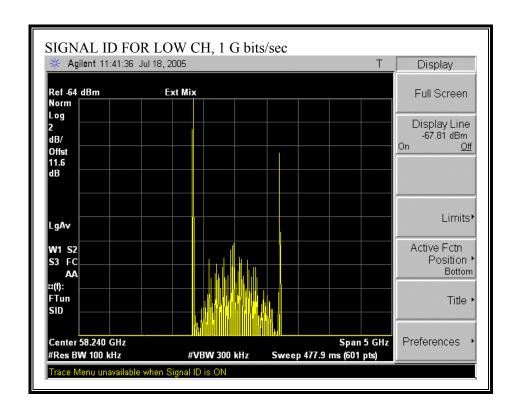
RESULTS

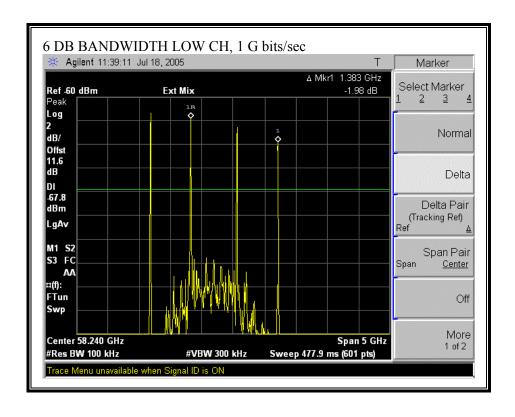
No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency	Data rate	6 dB Bandwidth	
	(GHz)	(bits/sec)	(MHz)	
Low	58.1	100 M	307	
Low	58.1	1 G	1383	
High	62.9	100 M	305	
High	62.9	1 G	1375	

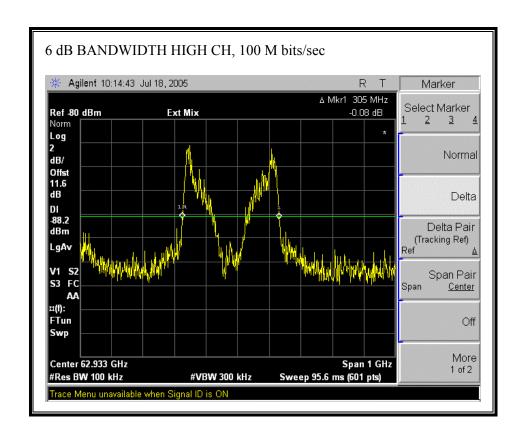
6 dB BANDWIDTH

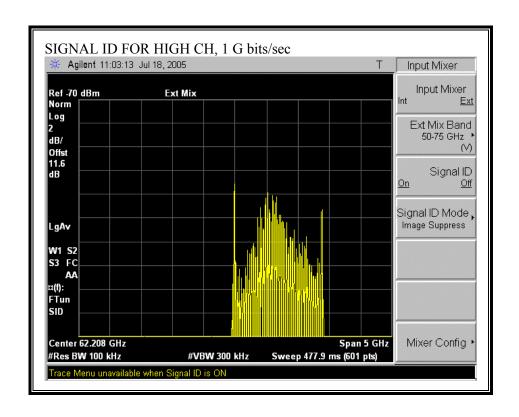


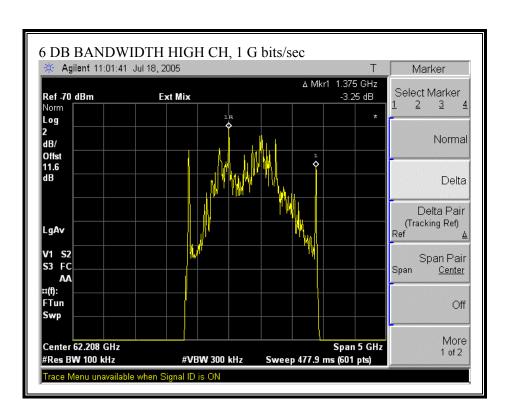




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7.3. **POWER DENSITY**

LIMIT

- §15.255 (b) Within the 57-64 GHz band, emission levels shall not exceed the following:
- (1) For products other than fixed field disturbance sensors, the average power density of any emission, measured during the transmit interval, shall not exceed 9 uW/cm², as measured 3 meters from the radiating structure, and the peak power density of any emission shall not exceed 18 uW/cm², as measured 3 meters from the radiating structure.
- (4) Peak power density shall be measured with an RF detector that has a detection bandwidth that encompasses the 57-64 GHz band and has a video bandwidth of at least 10 MHz, or using an equivalent measurement method.
- (5) The average emission limits shall be calculated, based on the measured peak levels, over the actual time period during which transmission occurs.

TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to the Measurement Fundamentals section of this report for the derivation of equations and calculations.

The power meter mount and corresponding horn antenna are set up at the far field distance to measure the radiated output of the transmitter. The frequency range of the measuring instrumentation is 50 to 75 GHz, which encompasses the authorized band of 57 to 64 GHz. No video filtering is used.

The measured power level at the far field distance is converted to field strength using:

Power (dBuV) = Power (dBm) + 107 Field strength (dBuV/m) = Power (dBuV) + Antenna Factor (dB/m).

This field strength is extrapolated to the field strength at 3 meters using the near field correction factors derived in the Measurement Fundamentals section of this report.

The 3 meter field strength is then converted to power density for comparison to the 3 meter power density limit

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No non-compliance noted:

Frequency	Data rate	Measured	Antenn	Far Field	3 m Field	3 m	Margin
		Power	Factor	Strength	Strength	Limit	
(GHz)	(bits/sec)	(dBm)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
58.1	100 M	-24.30	45.50	128.2	133.1	135	-1.9
58.1	1 G	-24.60	45.50	127.9	132.8	135	-2.2
62.9	100 M	-24.20	46.20	129.0	133.2	135	-1.8
62.9	1 G	-24.26	46.20	128.9	133.1	135	-1.9

For reference, the measured field strength is also converted to power density for direct comparison to the power density limit:

Frequency	Data	3 m Field	Peak Power	Power Density	Power Density
	Rate	Strength	Density	Peak Limit	Avg Limit
(GHz)	(bits/sec)	(dBuV/m)	(uW/cm^2)	(uW/cm^2)	(uW/cm^2)
58.1	100 M	133.1	5.4	18.0	9.0
58.1	1 G	132.8	5.1	18.0	9.0
62.9	100 M	133.2	5.5	18.0	9.0
62.9	1 G	133.1	5.4	18.0	9.0

The Peak Power Density is less than both the Peak and Average limits.

7.4. PEAK POWER

LIMIT

15.255(e) Except as specified below, the total peak transmit output power shall not exceed 500 mW.

- (2) Peak transmit output power shall be measured with an RF detector that has a detection bandwidth that encompasses the 57-64 GHz band and has a video bandwidth of at least 10 MHz, or using an equivalent measurement method.
- (3) For the purpose of demonstrating compliance with this paragraph, corrections to the transmitter output power may be made due to the antenna and circuit loss.

PROCEDURE

The 3 meter field strengths from the peak power density measurements are converted to EIRP and peak output power using the following formulas:

EIRP (dBm) = field strength (dBuV) -95.2

Output Power (dBm) = EIRP - Antenna Gain (dBi)

RESULT

No non-compliance noted:

Frequency	3 m Field	Measured	Antenna	Output	Output	Power
	Strength	EIRP	Gain	Power	Power	Limit
(GHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)
58.1	132.8	37.6	46.00	-8.4	0.145	500.0
62.9	133.2	38.0	46.00	-8.0	0.158	500.0

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7.5. **RF EXPOSURE**

LIMITS

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	/Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0	614 1842/f	1.63 4.89/f	*(100) *(900/f²)	6
30–300 300–1500	61.4	0.163	1.0 f/300	6
1500–100,000	for General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Exp	5 DOSILITA	6
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f²)	30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)	
30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30	

f = frequency in MHz

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposured or the potential for exposure or can part exercise control over their exposure.

exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

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CALCULATIONS

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B), $S = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

The maximum allowed exposure for uncontrolled exposure is 1 mW/cm².

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

Maximum power density at 3m is 5.5 uW/cm² at 62.9 GHz and 100 Mbit/sec data rate.

 $S = 5.5 \text{ uW/cm}^2 = 0.0055 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

This is constant from the antenna surface to the near field boundary (3.66 m at 58.1 GHz, and 3.96 m at 62.9 GHz.)

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

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7.6. FREQUENCY STABILITY

APPLICABLE RULES

15.255(f) Fundamental emissions must be contained within the frequency bands specified in this section during all conditions of operation. Equipment is presumed to operate over the temperature range -20 to +50 degrees Celsius with an input voltage variation of 85% to 115% of rated input voltage, unless justification is presented to demonstrate otherwise.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed in an environmental chamber and set for CW operation. The EUT frequency was measured over the specified ranges of temperature and operating voltages.

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RESULTS

Temp (°C)	Voltage (AC)	Hz	Freq (GHz)	Δ from 25 deg C, 115V (MHz)
-20	115	60	57.55850	-6.30
-10	115	60	57.55417	-10.63
0	115	60	57.55292	-11.88
10	115	60	57.55308	-11.72
20	115	60	57.55317	-11.63
25	97.75	60	57.56484	0.04
25	115	60	57.56480	0.00
25	132	60	57.56417	-0.63
30	115	60	57.55359	-11.21
40	115	60	57.55684	-7.96
50	115	60	57.56184	-2.96

The maximum carrier frequency delta is ± 0.04 / ± 11.88 MHz. All emissions remain within the 57 to 64 GHz authorized band for both modulation rates.

7.7. FIELD STRENGTH

7.7.1. APPLICABLE RULES

§15.255 Operation within the band 57-64 GHz.

- (c) Limits on spurious emissions:
- (1) The power density of any emissions outside the 57-64 GHz band shall consist solely of spurious emissions.
- (2) Radiated emissions below 40 GHz shall not exceed the general limits in Section 15.209 of this part.
- (3) Between 40 GHz and 200 GHz, the level of these emissions shall not exceed 90 pW/cm² at a distance of 3 meters.
- (4) The levels of the spurious emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.

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§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15	
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46	
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75	
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5	
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2	
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5	
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7	
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4	
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5	
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2	
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4	
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12	
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0	
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8	
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5	
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$	
13.36 - 13.41				

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

² Above 38.6

REPORT NO: 05U3556-1 DATE: JULY 25, 2005 EUT: MICROWAVE LINK FCC ID: RWM-GE60X

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)			
30 - 88	100 **	3			
88 - 216	150 **	3			
216 - 960	200 **	3			
Above 960	500	3			

^{**} Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

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^{§15.209 (}b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

REPORT NO: 05U3556-1 EUT: MICROWAVE LINK

7.7.2. TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is mounted on a tower. It is set to the worst-case operating condition; worst-case is determined as the frequency and data rate which yields the highest fundamental power density.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 200 GHz is investigated.

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The frequency span is set small enough to easily differentiate between broadcast stations, intermittent ambient signals and EUT emissions. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the signal. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

For spurious measurements above 26.5 GHz, the maximum distance from the EUT that yields a minimum system noise floor at least 6 dB below the 15.209 limit is calculated for each separate harmonic mixer band. This distance is shown in the noise floor calculations below. The antenna is scanned around the entire perimeter surface of the EUT, in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. During this perimeter scan, the antenna is kept no further from the EUT than the maximum distance calculated for each mixer band.

For harmonic measurements above 26.5 GHz, the above scanning procedure is used to detect harmonic emissions. For all emissions detected, the antenna is moved away from the EUT in a 1/3/10 sequence, as far as possible to maintain a 10 dB signal to noise ratio. Each emission is then maximized by rotating the EUT and varying the antenna height.

DATE: JULY 25, 2005

FCC ID: RWM-GE60X

7.7.3. SYSTEM NOISE FLOOR WITH EXTERNAL MIXERS

SYSTEM NOISE FLOOR FROM 26.5 TO 200 GHz

Compliance Certification Services

Worst Case Radiated Emissions System Noise Floor, 26.5 to 100 GHz

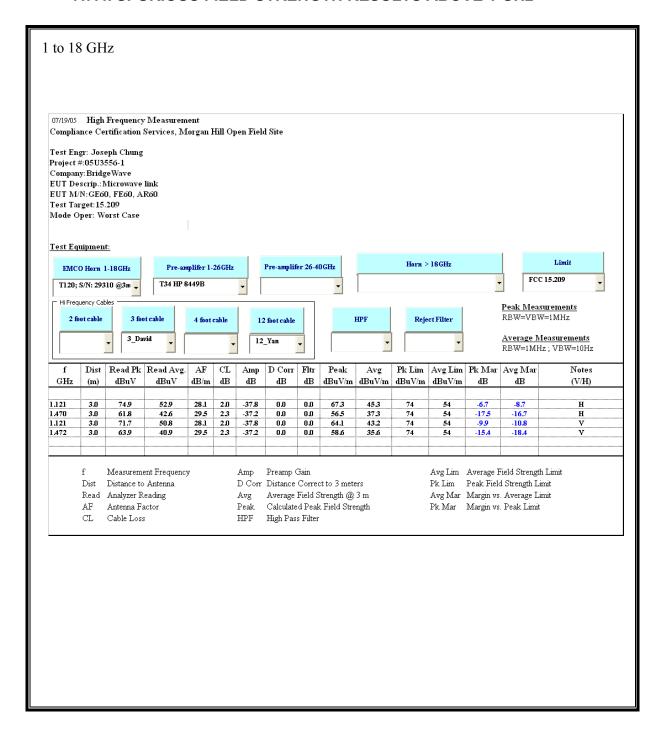
External Harmonic Mixers are used for this frequency range
The preamplifier is internal to Spectrum Analyzer, with the gain factor built into firmware
The antenna is mounted directly on the harmonic mixer, therefore there is no cable loss

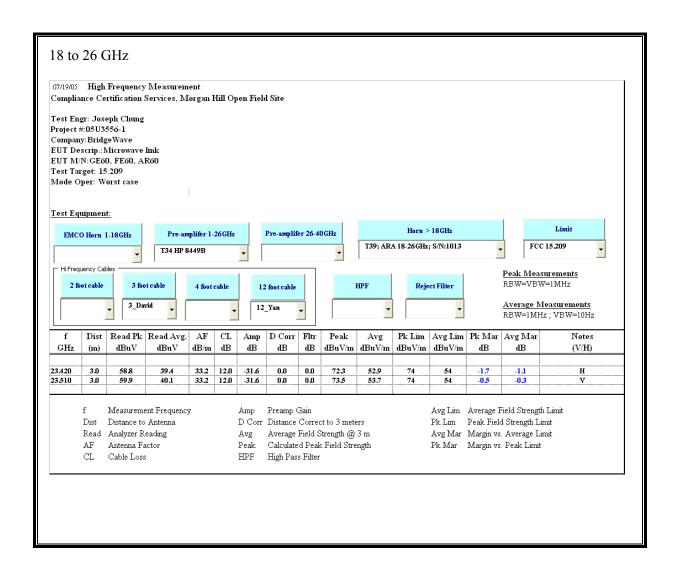
Each band below corresponds to each harmonic mixer band Noise floor field strength results are compared to the applicable FCC 15.245 limit

Specification Distance: 3 meters

Specification Distance: 3 meters								
Freq	SA	AF	Distance	Distance	Field	Limit	Margin	
GHz	dBuV	dB/m	m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
26.5 to 40 GHz								
RBW =	1 MHz, p	eak dete	ection					
40	39.2	42.3	0.3	-20.0	61.50	74	-12.50	
RBW =	1 MHz, a	average (detection					
40	27.2	42.3	0.3	-20.0	49.50	54	-4.50	
33 to 50) GHz							
RBW =	1 MHz, p	eak dete	ection					
50	39.2	44.2	0.3	-20.0	63.40	74	-10.60	
RBW =	1 MHz, a	average (detection					
50	27.2	44.2	0.1	-29.5	41.86	54	-12.14	
50 to 75	GHz							
RBW =	1 MHz, p	eak dete	ection					
75	48	47.7	0.1	-29.5	66.16	74	-7.84	
RBW =	1 MHz, a	average (detection					
75	35.4	47.7	0.03	-40.0	43.10	54	-10.90	
75 to 10								
RBW =	1 MHz, p	eak dete	ection					
100	55.8	50.2	0.03	-40.0	66.00	74	-8.00	
RBW =	RBW = 1 MHz, average detection							
100	42.5	50.2	0.01	-49.5	43.16	54	-10.84	
100 to 2	100 to 200 GHz							
	1 MHz, p		ection					
200	51.7	53.3	0.03	-40.0	65.00	74	-9.00	
RBW =	1 MHz, a	average (detection					
200	39	53.3	0.01	-49.5	42.76	54	-11.24	

7.7.4. SPURIOUS FIELD STRENGTH RESULTS ABOVE 1 GHz





26.5 to 200 GHz

07/19/05 High Frequency Measurement

Compliance Certification Services, Morgan Hill Open Field Site

Test Engr: Joseph Chung Project #:05U3556-1 Company: BridgeWave EUT Descrip.: Microwave Link EUT M/N: GE60, FE60, AR60

Test Target: FCC 15.209 below 40 GHz, 15.255 above 40 GHz

Mode Oper: Continuous transmit

Test Equipment: External Harmonic Mixers

Peak Measurements RBW=VBW=1MHz

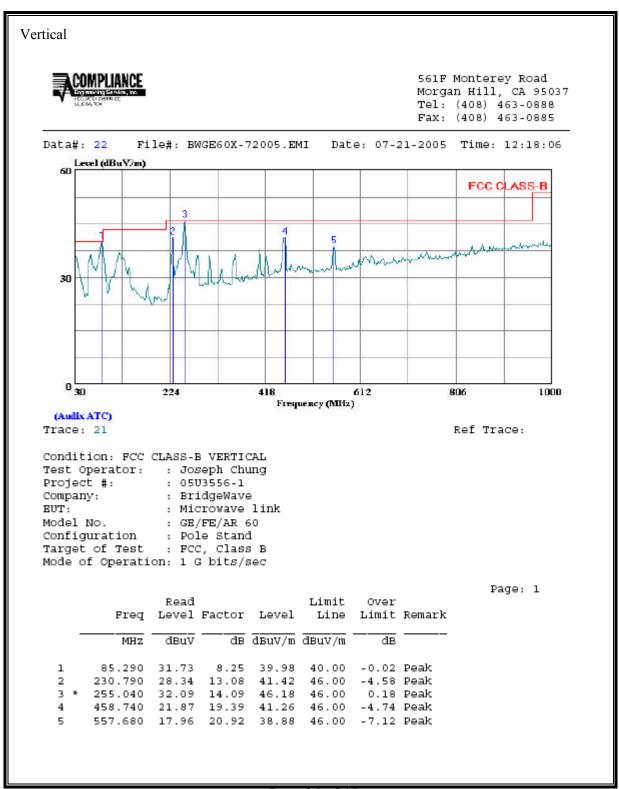
Average Measurements RBW=1MHz; VBW=10Hz

Read Pk Read Avg. CL Amp D Corr Fltr Peak Pk Lim | Avg Lim | Pk Mar | Avg Mar GHz (m) dBuV dBuV dB/m dB dB dB dB dBuV/m dBuV/m dBuV/m dBuV/m dB dB (V/H) 65.6

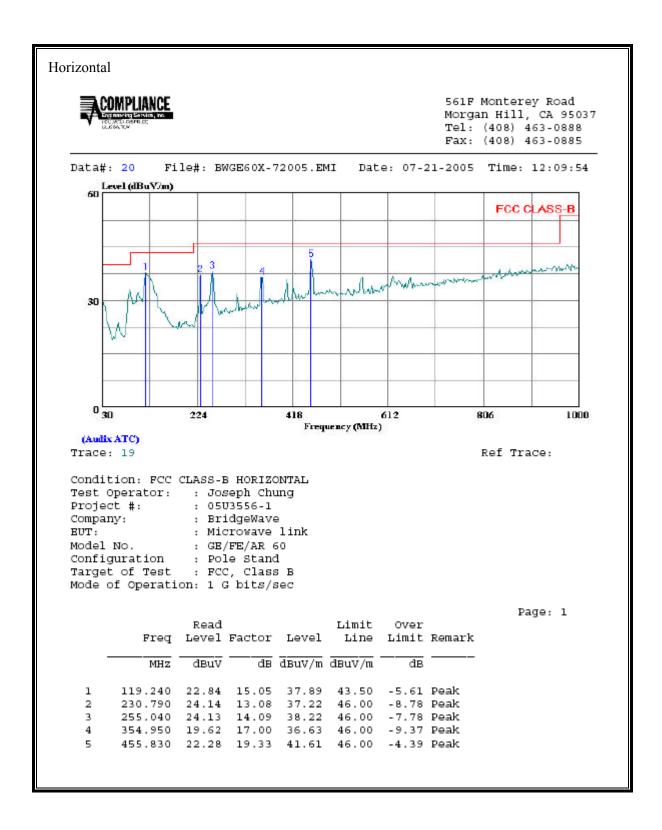
Avg Lim Average Field Strength Limit Measurement Frequency Preamp Gain Dist Distance to Antenna D Corr Distance Correct to 3 meters Pk Lim Peak Field Strength Limit Average Field Strength @ 3 m Avg Mar Margin vs. Average Limit Read Analyzer Reading Avg Antenna Factor Peak Calculated Peak Field Strength Pk Mar Margin vs. Peak Limit CL Cable Loss HPF High Pass Filter

7.7.5. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION,)



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7.8. **POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

LIMIT

§15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)			
	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *		
0.5-5	56	46		
5-30	60	50		

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. EUT was continually transmitting modulated signal during test.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both peak detection and quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

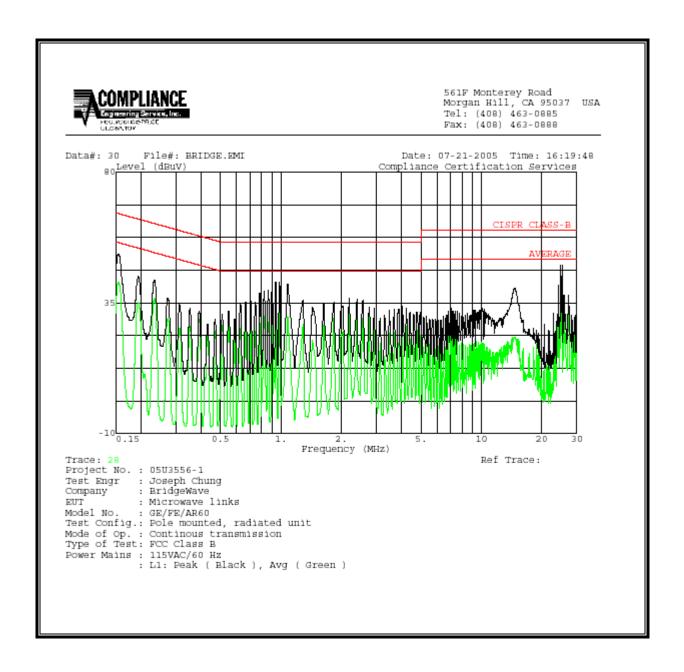
RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

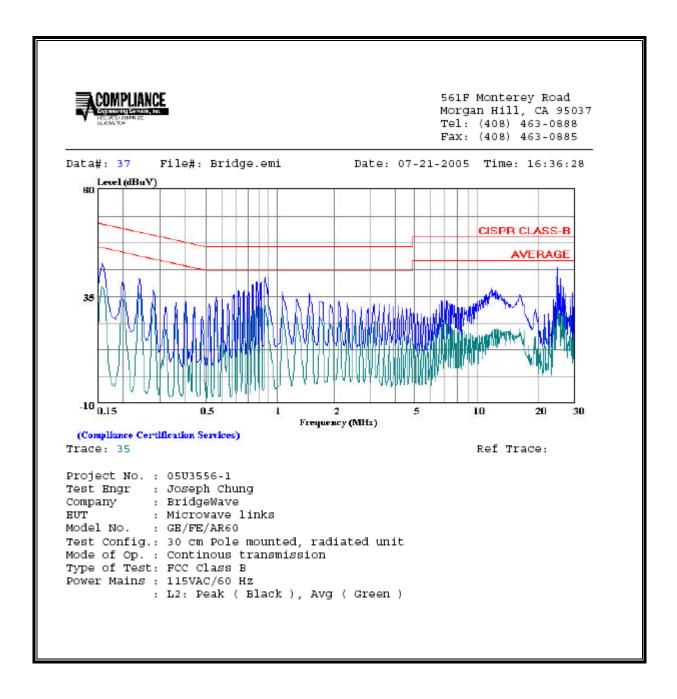
6 WORST EMISSIONS

	CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (115VAC 60Hz)								
Freq.	Reading			Closs	Limit	EN_B	Margin		Remark
(MHz)	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)	(dB)	QP	AV	QP (dB)	AV(dB)	L1/L2
0.16	51.88		42.08	0.00	65.73	55.73	-13.85	-13.65	L1
0.98	42.04		31.44	0.00	56.00	46.00	-13.96	-14.56	L1
24.79	48.04		47.49	0.00	60.00	50.00	-11.96	-2.51	L1
0.16	48.74		39.33	0.00	65.62	55.62	-16.88	-16.29	L2
1.00	43.16		31.65	0.00	56.00	46.00	-12.84	-14.35	L2
24.79	47.28		45.93	0.00	60.00	50.00	-12.72	-4.07	L2
6 Worst Data									

LINE 1 RESULTS



LINE 2 RESULTS



8. SETUP PHOTOS

RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP





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FREQUENCY STABILITY MEASUREMENT SETUP



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POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP





END OF REPORT