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SKTFCE-040223-020 **Test Report No.: NVLAP CODE:** 200220-0 Multiware & Image Co., Ltd. Applicant: #701, Samsung industry-university Cooperation bldg., San30, Jangjeon2-dong, **Applicant Address:** Geumjeong-gu, Busan 609-735, Korea **Product: Mpeq4 Web Transmitter** FCC ID: **RVYMEYE-344** Model No.: Meye-344 Receipt No.: SKTEU04-0078 Date of receipt: Feb. 11, 2004 Date of Issue: Feb. 23, 2004 SK TECH CO., LTD. **Testing location:** 820-2, Wolmoon-Ri, Wabu-Up, Namyangju-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea **Test Standards:** ANSI C63.4 / 2001 Rule Parts: FCC part 15 Subpart B

Test Result: The above mentioned product has been tested and passed.

Class B Digital Device Peripheral

Prepared by: Y.H.Kang Tested by: J.S.Hyun/Engineer A

Approved by: C.H.Jeong /Manager& Chief Engineer

tang.

Equipment Class:

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Signature	Date	Signature	Date	Signature	Date
Other Aspects :					
Abbreviations :	· OK, Pass = p	assed · Fail = faile	d · N/A = not appli	cable	

- •This test report is not permitted to copy partly without our permission.
 - •This test result is dependent on only equipment to be used.
 - •This test result is based on a single evaluation of one sample of the above mentioned.
 - •This test report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S Government.
 - We certify that this test report has been based on the measurement standards that is traceable to the national or International standards.

NVLAP Lab. Code: 200220-0

^{*} This device has shown compliance with the conducted emissions limits in 15.107, 15.207 or 18.307 adopted under FCC 02-157(ET Docket 98-80). The device may be marketed after July 11, 2005, and is not affected by the 15.37(j) or 18.123 transition provisions.



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1. General

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures as indicated in this report.

We attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by SK Tech Co., Ltd. and were made under Chief Engineer's supervision.

We assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

2. Test Site

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2.1 Location

820-2, Wolmoon Ri, Wabu-Up, Namyangju-Si, Kyunggi-Do, Korea

The test site is in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 for general requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

This laboratory is accredited by NVLAP for NVLAP Lab. Code : 200220-0 and DATech for DAR-Registration No.:DAT-P-076/97-01



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2.2 List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Table 1: List of Test and Measurement Equipment

Conducted Disturbance

Kind of Equipment	Туре	S/N	Calibrated until
EMI Receiver	ESHS10	862970/019	07.2004
Artificial Mains Network	ESH2-Z5	834549/011	08.2004
EMI Receiver	ESHS10	835871/002	10.2004
Artificial Mains Network	ESH3-Z5	836679/018	08.2004

Radiated Disturbance

Kind of Equipment	Туре	S/N	Calibrated until
EMI Receiver	ESVS 10	825120/013	10.2004
EMI Receiver	ESVS 10	834468/008	10.2004
Spectrum Analyzer	R3361A	11730187	10.2004
Amplifier	8447F	3113A05153	08.2004
Log Periodic Antenna	UHALP9107	1819	10.2004
Biconical Antenna	BBA9106	91031626	10.2004
Open Site Cable	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antenna Turntable Driver	5907	N/A	N/A
Antenna Turntable controller	5906	N/A	N/A
Amp & Receiver connection cable	N/A	N/A	N/A
Amp & Spectrum connection cable	N/A	N/A	N/A
50 Ω Switcher	MP59B	6100214538	N/A

2.3 Test Date

Date of Application : Feb. 11, 2004

Date of Test : Feb. 12, 2004 ~ Feb. 18, 2004

2.4 Test Environment

See each test item's description.



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3. Description of the tested samples

The EUT is the Mpeg4 Web Transmitter.

3.1 Rating and Physical Characteristics

Video	Input: NTSC/PAL Resolution: 320 x 240 Compression: MPEG4, Compression rate: 200~400:1 Frame rate: Max. 30frames/sec, Avg. 20~25 frames/sec Channel 4 MPEG4 encoding each channel 5 frames/sec Size per frame: 0.5 KB Number of video input: simultaneous 4 channels Number of MPEG4 encoding: simultaneous 4 channels
Protocols	TCP/IP, HTTP, SMTP, ARP, DNS, PPPoE, ICMP, FTP
Network interface	Ethernet : 10 BASE-T, RJ-45
Video control	Image quality(MinQ, MaxQ), frame rates, Intra interval, Bandwidth
Digital In/Out	Opto-isolated 4 inputs, relay 1 output
Voice	Phone line quality G.726 ADPCM Bi-directional audio : Mic input / Speaker output
Operation environment	0 ~ 50 ℃, 800mA(in normal 240mA, Max 800mA)
Access	Basic 10 Clients Maximum more 100 Clients(Optional)
Serial	RS-232 1 channel & RS-485 1 channel Mainly used for PTZ control

3.2 Submitted Documents

N/A



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4. Measurement Conditions

The operating voltage of EUT(DC 12V, 3.0A) is supplied by the AC Adapter.

(AC Adapter Input Voltage : AC 120V, 60Hz)

4.1 Modes of Operation

The EUT was in the following operation mode during all testing; Receiving visual signal, the EUT transmitted it to the PC by RJ-45 interface.

4.2 List of Peripherals

Description	Manufacturer	Model Name	Serial No.	FCC ID
Mpeg4 Web Transmitter(EUT)	M&I	Meye-344	N/A	-
Adapter (for EUT)	Samsung	PSCV360104A	000302343REV.A	-
PC	LG Electronics	W8S	202KI10585	-
Monitor	LG IBM	1510 TFT Rev B.	304KG04896	-
Keyboard	Jing Mold Enterprise	LKB-0107	20103462	-
Mouse	Logitech	M-U48a	LZE20806413	-
Camera	SECURA	CCN-314IA	N/A	-
Adapter (for Camera)	NEW 新光電子	SG-105	N/A	-
Printer	EPSON PRICISION (PHILIPPINES) INC.	EPSON STYLUS PHOTO 830	ELTK014633	-



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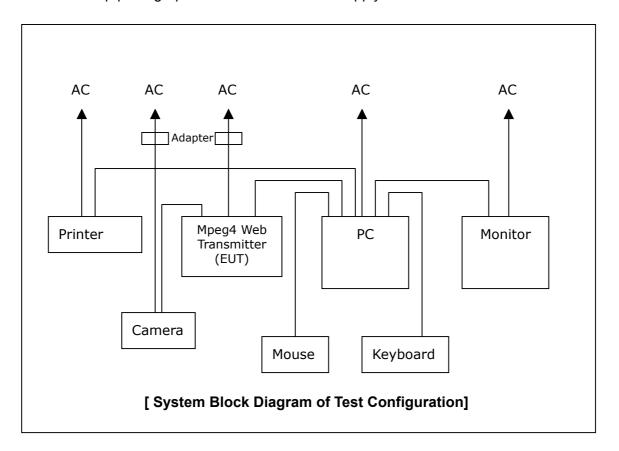
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4.3 Type of Used Cables

Description	Length	Type of shield	Manufacturer	Remark
RJ-45 cable	3.0m	Non-Shield	None	For EUT
AC Adapter power cable	1.2m	Non-Shield	None	For EUT
Power cable	1.4m	Non-Shield	None	For Monitor
Video cable	1.7m	Shield	None	For Monitor
USB cable	1.3m	Non-Shield	None	For Mouse
PS/2 cable	1.2m	Non-Shield	None	For Keyboard
Parallel interface cable	1.0m	Shield	None	For Printer
Power cable	1.4m	Non-Shield	None	For Printer
Power cable	1.3m	Non-Shield	None	For PC
BNC Cable	1.2m	Non-Shield	None	For Camera
AC Adapter power cable	1.2m	Non-Shield	None	For Camera

4.4 Test Setup

The test setup photographs showed the external supply connections and interfaces.





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4.5 Uncertainty

1) Radiated disturbance

• Horizontally polarized radiated disturbances from 30MHz to 1000MHz at a distance of 10m

	Unce	rtainty of Xi	U(Xi)			
Input quantity	dB	Probability distribution function	dB	Ci	Ciu(xi)	CISPR 16-4
1) Receiver reading	±0.1 K =1		0.1	1	0.1	0.10
2) Attenuation: antenna-receiver	±0.18	K=2	0.09	1	0.09	0.05
3) Antenna factor	±1.5	K=2	0.75	1	0.75	1.00
RECEIVER CORRECTIONS:	•					
4) Sine wave voltage	±0.56	K=2	0.28	1	0.50	0.50
5) Pulse amplitude response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87
6) Pulse repetition rate response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87
7) Noise floor proximity	±0.5	K=2	0.25	1	0.25	0.25
8) AF frequency interpolation	±0.3	Rectangular (√3)	0.17	1	0.17	0.17
9) Balance	±0.3	Rectangular (√3)	0.17	1	0.17	0.53
10) AF height deviations	±0.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.29	1	0.29	0.29
11) Phase center location	±0.3	Rectangular (√3)	0.17	1	0.17	0.17
12) Directive difference	+1.0	Rectangular (√3)	0.29	1	0.29	0.29
13) Cross polarization	±0.9	Rectangular (√3)	0.52	1	0.52	0.52
14) Site corrections	±2.6	Rectangular (√3)	1.5	1	1.5	1.63
15) Mismatch (ant-receiver)	±1.06	U-shaped $(\sqrt{2})$	0.75	1	0.75	0.67

Combined Uncertainty

$$Uc(xi) = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (2)^2 + (3)^2 + (4)^2 + (5)^2 + (6)^2 + (7)^2 + (8)^2 + (9)^2 + (10)^2 + (11)^2 + (12)^2} + (13)^2 + (14)^2 + (15)^2 = 2.37$$

Expanded Uncertainty

U= k*Uc(xi) = 2 * 2.37= 4.74dB (The coverage factor k = 2 yields approximately a 95% level of confidence)



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• Vertically polarized radiated disturbances from 30MHz to 1000MHz at a distance of 10m

Input quantity	Unce dB	ertainty of Xi Probability distribution	U(Xi)	Ci	Ciu(xi)	CISPR 16-4	
	иь	function	dB			10-4	
1) Receiver reading	±0.1	K =1	0.1	1	0.1	0.10	
2) Attenuation: antenna-receiver	±0.18	K=2	0.09	1	0.09	0.05	
3) Antenna factor	±1.5	K=2	0.75	1	0.75	1.00	
RECEIVER CORRECTIONS:							
4) Sine wave voltage	±0.56	K=2	0.28	1	0.50	0.50	
5) Pulse amplitude response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87	
6) Pulse repetition rate response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87	
7) Noise floor proximity	loise floor proximity ±0.5		0.25	1	0.25	0.25	
8) AF frequency interpolation	±0.3	Rectangular (√3)	0.17	1	0.17	0.17	
9) Balance	±0.9		0.52	1	0.52	0.52	
10)AF height deviations	±0.3	Rectangular $(\sqrt{3})$	0.17	1	0.17	0.17	
11) phase center location	±0.3	Rectangular (√3)	0.17	1	0.17	0.17	
12) directive difference	+1.0	Rectangular (√3)	0.29	1	0.29	0.29	
13)cross polarization	±0.9	Rectangular $(\sqrt{3})$	0.52	1	0.52	0.52	
14) site corrections	±2.6	Rectangular $(\sqrt{3})$	1.5	1	1.5	1.63	
15) Mismatch (ant-receiver)	±1.06	U-shaped (√2)	0.75	1	0.75	0.67	

Combined Uncertainty

$$Uc(xi) = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (2)^2 + (3)^2 + (4)^2 + (5)^2 + (6)^2 + (7)^2 + (8)^2 + (9)^2 + (10)^2 + (11)^2 + (12)^2 + (13)^2 + (14)^2 + (15)^2} = 2.43$$

Expanded Uncertainty

 $U = k^*Uc(xi) = 2 * 2.43 = 4.86dB$

(The coverage factor k = 2 yields approximately a 95% level of confidence)



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2) Conducted disturbance

\odot Conducted disturbance from 150KHz to 30MHz using a 50 Ω /50uH AMN

	Uı	ncertainty of Xi				
input quantity	dB	Probability distribution function	U(Xi) dB	Ci	Ciu(xi)	CISPR 16-4
1) Receiver Readeing	±0.1	K =1	0.1	1	0.1	0.10
2) Attenuation:AMN-receiver	±0.36	Triangular (√6)	0.15	1	0.15	0.05
RECEIVER CORRECTIONS:						
3) Sine wave voltage	±0.5	K=2	0.25	1	0.25	0.50
4) Pulse amplitude response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87
5) Pulse repetition rate response	±1.5	Rectangular (√3)	0.87	1	0.87	0.87
6) AMN voltage division factor	±0.07	K=2	0.04	1	0.04	0.1
7) Mismatch : AMN-receiver	±0.55	U-shaped (√2)	0.39	1	0.39	0.53
8) AMN impedance	±1.52	Triangular (√6)	0.62	1	0.62	1.08

• 1)~8) For numbered comments, refer to following articles

Combined Uncertainty

Uc(xi)=
$$\sqrt{(1)^2+(2)^2+(3)^2+(4)^2+(5)^2+(6)^2+(7)^2+(8)^2}$$
 = 1.47

Expanded uncertainty

$$U = k*Uc(xi) = 2 * 1.47 = 2.94dB$$

The coverage factor k = 2 yields approximately a 95% level of confidence

Refer

- 1) receiver's resolution capacity
- 2) refer to the sub clause 11. of a calibration report
- 3) quoted from CISPR 16-4
- 4) refer to a calibration report
- 5) refer to CISPR 16-4 article 5. 7)
- 6) refer to a calibration report and a measured AMN impedance data



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5. EMISSION Test

5.1 Conducted Emissions

Result: Pass

The line-conducted facility is located inside a 2.0M x 3.6M x 7.2M shielded enclosure.

The shielding effectiveness of the shielded room is in accordance with MIL-Std-285 or NSA 604-05.

A 1m x 1.5m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm. away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room. ROHDE & SCHWARZ Model ESH3-Z5 (10kHz-30MHz) 50ohm/50 uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks(LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room.

The EUT is powered from the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN and the support equipment is powered from the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN. Power to the LISNs are filtered by a high-current high-insertion loss Lindgren enclosures power line filters (100dB 14kHz-10GHz).

The purpose of the filter is to attenuate ambient signal interference and this filter is also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

All electrical cables are shielded by braided tinned copper zipper tubing with inner diameter of 1/2". If the EUT is a DC-powered device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and this supply lines will be connected to the ROHDE & SCHWARZ LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) to a 1-meter length.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME from the EUT.

The spectrum was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz with 100msec. sweep time.

The frequency producing the maximum level was reexamined using EMI/field Intensity Meter (ESHS 10) and Quasi-Peak adapter. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode. The bandwidth of the receiver was set to 10kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission.

Each emission was maximized by: switching power lines; varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed; if applicable; whichever determined the worst-case emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of conducted test.

Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.



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Figure 1 : Spectral Diagram, LINE - PE

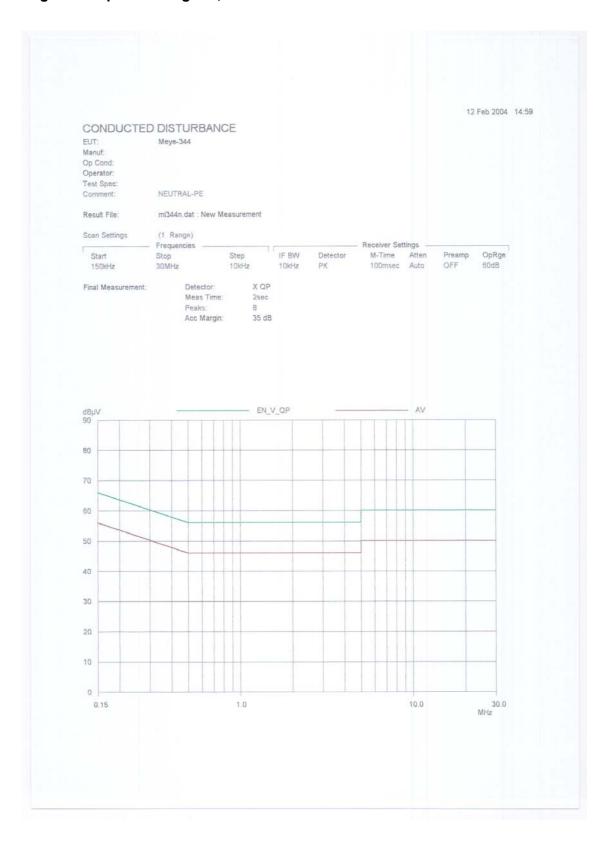




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Figure 2 : Spectral Diagram, NEUTRAL - PE





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Table 2: Test Data, Conducted Emissions

▶ LINE-PE

Frequency	Reading	C/F	CL	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV)	(dB)
0.190	34.86	0.08	0.1	64.04	29.00
0.250	33.35	0.08	0.1	61.76	28.23
0.310	32.01	0.08	0.1	59.97	27.78
0.380	30.17	0.09	0.1	58.28	27.92
0.440	32.80	0.09	0.1	57.06	24.07
0.500	30.39	0.09	0.1	56.00	25.42

▶ NEUTRAL-PE

Frequency	Reading	C/F	CL	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV)	(dB)

NOTES:

- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emission are reported.
- 2. All other emissions are non-significant.
- 3. All readings are calibrated by self-mode in receiver.
- 4. Measurements using CISPR quasi-peak mode.
- 5. C/F = Correction Factor
- 6. C/L = Cable Loss

♠ Margin Calculation



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5.2 Radiated Emissions

Result: Pass

Preliminary measurements were made indoors at 3 meter using broadband antennas, broadband amplifier, and spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all EME from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, turntable azimuth with respect to the antenna were noted for each frequency found.

The spectrum was scanned from 30 to 300 MHz using biconical antenna and from 300 to 1000 MHz using log-periodic antenna. Above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used.

Final measurements were made outdoors at 3-meter test range using SCHWARZBECK dipole antennas. The test equipment was placed on a wooden table situated on a 4x4 meter area adjacent to the measurement area. Turntable was to protect from weather in the dome that made with FRP. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. Each frequency found during pre-scan measurements was re-examined and investigated using EMI/Field Intensity Meter(ESVS 10) and Quasi-Peak Adapter. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the receiver was set to 100kHz or 1MHz depending on the frequency or type of signal.

The half-wave dipole antenna was tuned to the frequency found during preliminary radiated measurements. The EUT, support equipment and interconnecting cables were re-configured to the set-up producing the maximum emission for the frequency and were placed on top of a 0.8-meter high non-metallic 1 x 1.5 meter table.

The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were re-arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission. The turntable containing the system was rotated; the antenna height was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by: varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed, and/or support equipment, if applicable; and changing the polarity of the antenna, whichever determined the worst-case emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in photograph of radiated emission test. Each EME reported was calibrated using self-calibrating mode.



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Table 3: Test Data, Radiated Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Pol.	Height [m]	Angle [°]	(1) Reading (dBµV)	(2) AFCL (dB/m)	(3) Actual (dBµV/m)	(4) Limit (dBµV/m)	(5) Margin (dB)
159.35	Η	4.0	183	17.5	17.2	34.7	43.5	8.8
176.32	Η	4.0	27	18.4	17.8	36.2	43.5	7.3
270.17	Η	4.0	311	19.6	20.7	40.3	46.0	5.7
297.80	Η	3.0	190	13.0	22.5	35.5	46.0	10.5

Table. Radiated Measurements at 3-meters

NOTES:

- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emission are reported.
- 2. All other emission are non-significant.
- 3. All readings are calibrated by self-mode in receiver.
- 4. Measurements using CISPR quasi-peak mode.
- 5. AFCL = Antenna factor and cable loss
- 6. H = Horizontal, V = Vertical Polarization

♠ Margin Calculation