



Excellence in Compliance Testing

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## **Certification Exhibit**

**Digital Transmission System**

**FCC ID: RTTAB-WLNB**

**FCC Rule Part: 15.247**

**ACS Report Number(s): 07-0457**

Manufacturer: DPAC Technologies

Model(s): ABDB-AN-DPxxx

## **RF Exposure**

**General Information:**

Applicant: DPAC Technologies  
 ACS Project: 07-0457  
 Device Category: Mobile  
 Environment: General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure  
 Exposure Conditions: Greater than 20 centimeters  
 Simultaneous Tx: Yes

**Technical Information:**

| Radio           | 900 MHz LAN<br>FCC ID: SK9AMI-2A | 2.4GHz Zigbee<br>(Register PCB)<br>FCC ID: SK9AMI-2A | 2.4GHz Zigbee<br>(Cell Relay PCB)<br>FCC ID: SK9AMI-2A | WiFi Module<br>FCC ID: RTTAB-WLNB |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| Antenna Type    | single-band patch                | half wavelength slot                                 | single-band slot                                       | Microstrip patch                  |
| Antenna Gain    | 3dBi                             | 1dBi   | 4dBi   | 5dBi                              |
| Conducted Power | 21.92dBm                         | 18.71dBm   | -12.61dBm  | 15.66dBm                          |
| Maximum EIRP    | 0.310W                           | 0.094W   | 0.138mW  | 0.116W                            |
| Maximum ERP     | 0.189W                           | 0.057W   | 0.084mW  | 0.071W                            |

**MPE Calculation:****Calculated Conducted Power (15.249) – Host 2.4GHz Zigbee Radio**

For the purpose of determining Power Density for the 2.4GHz Zigbee radio in the host device (FCC ID: SK9AMI-2A, IC:864G-AMI2A), the conducted RF power must first be calculated.

The power was calculated using the following equation:

$$P = \frac{(E * d)^2}{30 * G}$$

Where: G = Numeric Gain of the transmitting antenna with reference to an isotropic radiator

d = The distance in meters from which the field strength was measured

E = The measured maximum fundamental field strength in V/m

**Table 1: Maximum Fundamental Field Strength**

| Frequency (MHz) | Uncorrected Reading (dB $\mu$ V/m) | Antenna Polarity (H/V) | Total Correction Factor (dB) | Corrected Reading (dB $\mu$ V/m) |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2405            | 87.86                              | H                      | -1.24                        | 86.62                            |

**Table 2: Peak Output Power**

| Frequency (MHz) | Numeric Gain | Distance (m) | Max. Fund. Field Strength (V/m) | Output Power (dBm) |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| 2405            | 2.51         | 3            | 0.0214                          | -12.61             |

**Power Density**

The Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) is calculated as follows:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

Where:

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

| MPE Calculator for Mobile Equipment<br>Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure* |                   |   |                  |                    |                       |               |                                     |
|---|-------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| Transmit Frequency (MHz)  | Radio Power (dBm) | Power Density Limit (mW/Cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Radio Power (mW) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Antenna Gain (mW eq.) | Distance (cm) | Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) |
| 902.25  | 21.92             | 0.60                                      | 155.60           | 3                  | 1.995                 | 20            | 0.062                               |
| 2405  | 18.71             | 1.00                                      | 74.30            | 1                  | 1.259                 | 20            | 0.019                               |
| 2405  | -12.61            | 1.00                                      | 0.05             | 4                  | 2.512                 | 20            | 0.000                               |
| 2412  | 15.66             | 1.00                                      | 36.81            | 5                  | 3.162                 | 20            | 0.023                               |

**Summation of Power Densities – Simultaneous Transmissions**

This application for equipment authorization involves multiple transmitters which can operate simultaneously and therefore the maximum RF exposure is determined by the summation of power densities. The host 900 MHz LAN and host high power Zigbee radio can not operate simultaneously there it is not appropriate to include both of those power density values in the same summation of power densities. For the sake of providing the worst case data, the highest power density from those two transmitters (900 MHz LAN) will be applied for the calculations.

The maximum power density as calculated by a summation of power densities for each simultaneous transmission combination as follows:

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| 900MHz LAN:          | 0.062 (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )             |
| 2.4GHz Zigbee:       | 0.000 (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )             |
| 802.11b:             | 0.023 (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )             |
| <b><u>TOTAL:</u></b> | <b><u>0.085 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</u></b> |

**Installation Guidelines:**

The installation manual shall contain text similar to the following advising how to install the equipment to maintain compliance with the FCC RF exposure requirements:

**"RF Exposure (Intentional Radiators Only)**

In accordance with FCC requirements of human exposure to radiofrequency fields, the radiating element shall be installed such that a minimum separation distance of 20cm is maintained from the general population."

**Conclusion:**

This device complies with the MPE requirements by providing adequate separation between the device, any radiating structure and the general population.