

RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: RF930101R04
MODEL NO.: WMP-G03

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure

IEEE C95.1

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RF Exposure Measurement (Mobile Device)

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Average Time
Range	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm ²)	(minutes)
(MHz)				
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1500		•••	F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
300-1500			F/1500	6
1500-100,000		•••	1.0	30

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F = Frequency in MHz



3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : Pd = $(Pout*G) / (4*pi*r^2)$

where

Pd = power density in mW/cm²

Pout = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance r.

Ref.: David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4 EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

This modular is specified to be installed in access point or router which is connected with host through wire. So it is easy to be re-located in the place where at least 20cm far away from the body of the user. Warning statement to the user for keeping at least 20cm or more separation distance with the antenna should be included in users manual. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**.

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6 Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is 2.0dBi or 1.585 (numeric).

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

For CCK technique

For Dipole Antenna:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	41.783	0.013	1.0
6	2437	45.186	0.014	1.0
11	2462	43.152	0.014	1.0

For PIFA Antenna:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	41.783	0.010	1.0
6	2437	45.186	0.011	1.0
11	2462	43.152	0.010	1.0

For OFDM technique

For Dipole Antenna:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	41.783	0.013	1.0
6	2437	43.954	0.014	1.0
11	2462	42.462	0.013	1.0

For PIFA Antenna:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm²)
1	2412	41.783	0.010	1.0
6	2437	43.954	0.010	1.0
11	2462	42.462	0.010	1.0