

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-7444-24-01-03_TR1-R03



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12047-01-00

Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2018-03) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS).

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number:

D-PL-12047-01-00.

ISED Testing Laboratory Recognized Listing Number: DE0001

FCC designation number: DE0002

Applicant

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Manufacturer

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Test standard/s

FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15 FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: **Satellite IP router**
Model name: **8033A Yahsat Commander NEO Terminal (T333)**
 8026A Thuraya Orion NEO Terminal (T260)
 8030A Thuraya Voyager NEO Terminal (T333C)
FCC ID: **ROJ-8033A**
Frequency: 5150 – 5250 MHz, 5250 – 5350 MHz, 5470 – 5725 MHz, 5725 – 5850 MHz
Technology tested: WLAN
Antenna: Two integrated patch antennas
Power supply: 19.0 V DC by AC/DC switching adapter
Temperature range: -20°C to +55°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:



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Test performed:



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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. cetecom advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-7444/24-01-03_TR1-R02 and dated 2024-08-07.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2024-04-19
Date of receipt of test item:	2024-05-16
Start of test:*	2024-05-16
End of test:*	2024-06-25
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

*Date of each measurement, if not shown in the plot, can be requested. Dates are stored in the measurement software.

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s, references and accreditations

Test standard	Date	Description
FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15	-/-	FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

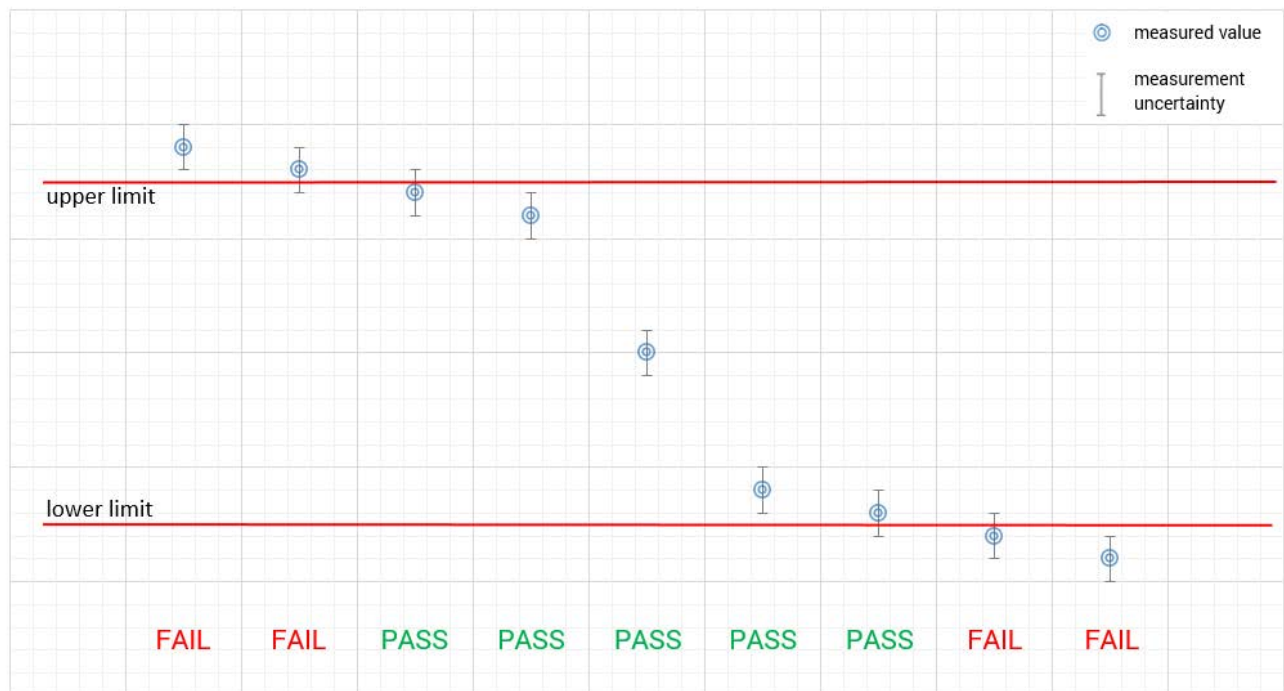
Guidance	Version	Description
KDB 789033 D02	v02r01	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
KDB 662911 D01	v02r01	Emissions Testing of Transmitters with Multiple Outputs in the Same Band

4 Reporting statements of conformity – decision rule

Only the measured values related to their corresponding limits will be used to decide whether the equipment under test meets the requirements of the test standards listed in chapter 3.

The measurement uncertainty is mentioned in this test report, see chapter 9 but is not taken into account - neither to the limits nor to the measurement results. Measurement results with a smaller margin to the corresponding limits than the measurement uncertainty have a potential risk of more than 5% that the decision might be wrong."

measured value, measurement uncertainty, verdict



5 Test environment

Temperature	:	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme environmental conditions required. No tests under extreme environmental conditions required.
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
Power supply	:	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	19.0 V DC by AC/DC switching adapter No tests under extreme environmental conditions required. No tests under extreme environmental conditions required.

6 Test item

6.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Satellite IP router
Model name	:	8033A Yahsat Commander NEO Terminal (T333) 8026A Thuraya Orion NEO Terminal (T260) 8030A Thuraya Voyager NEO Terminal (T333C)
S/N serial number	:	Rad. T333: 3; T260: 1 Cond. T333: 4
Hardware status	:	HW hardware status for T260 terminal: 408026A-NEO released HW hardware status for T333 terminal: 408033A-YGS released
Software status	:	SW software status for T260 terminal: 84-408026-1000000 SW software status for T333 terminal: 84-408033-1000000
Firmware status	:	NA
Frequency band	:	5150 – 5250 MHz, 5250 – 5350 MHz, 5470 – 5725 MHz, 5725 – 5850 MHz
Type of radio transmission	:	OFDM
Use of frequency spectrum	:	
Type of modulation	:	(D)BPSK, (D)QPSK, 16 – QAM, 64 – QAM
Number of channels	:	24 (20 MHz); 11 (40 MHz); 5 (80 MHz)
Antenna	:	Two integrated patch antennas
Power supply	:	19.0 V DC by AC/DC switching adapter
Temperature range	:	-20°C to +55°C

6.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report:

1-7444-24-01-01_TR1-A101-R01
1-7444-24-01-01_TR1-A102-R01
1-7444-24-01-01_TR1-A103-R01

7 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

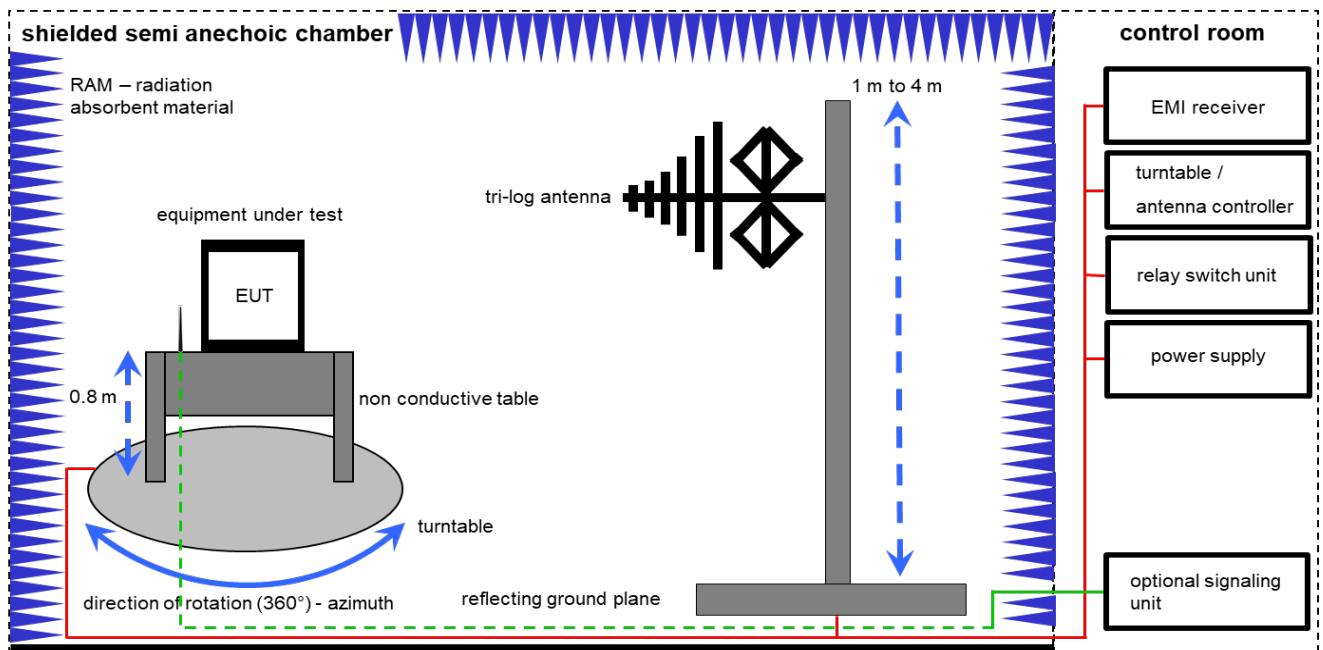
Each block diagram listed can contain several test setup configurations. All devices belonging to a test setup are identified with the same letter syntax. For example: Column Setup and all devices with an A.

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

7.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter; EMC32 software version: 10.59.00

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

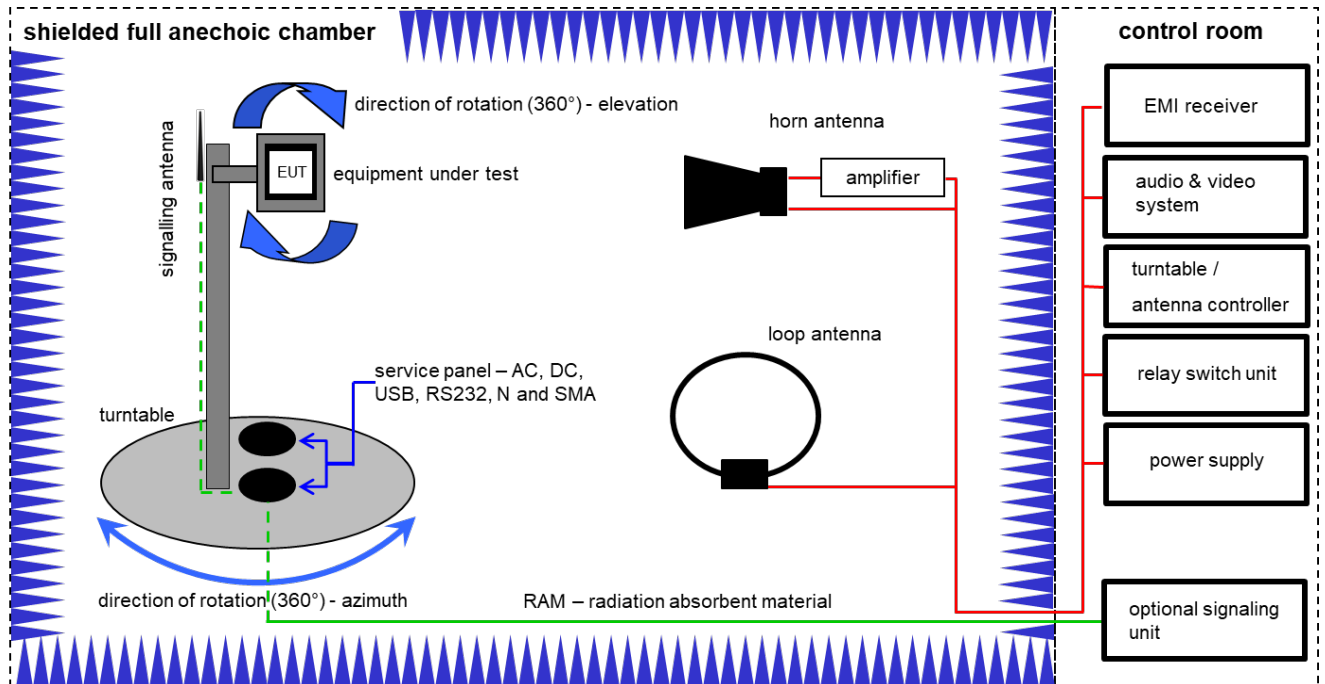
Example calculation:

$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 12.35 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + 1.90 \text{ [dB]} + 16.80 \text{ [dB/m]} = 31.05 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (35.69 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Semi anechoic chamber	3000023	MWB AG	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
4	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	216	300003288	vKI!	31.08.2023	31.08.2025
7	A	Turntable	2089-4.0	EMCO	-/-	300004394	ne	-/-	-/-
8	A	PC	Tecline	F+W	-/-	300004388	ne	-/-	-/-
9	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	06.12.2023	31.12.2024

7.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

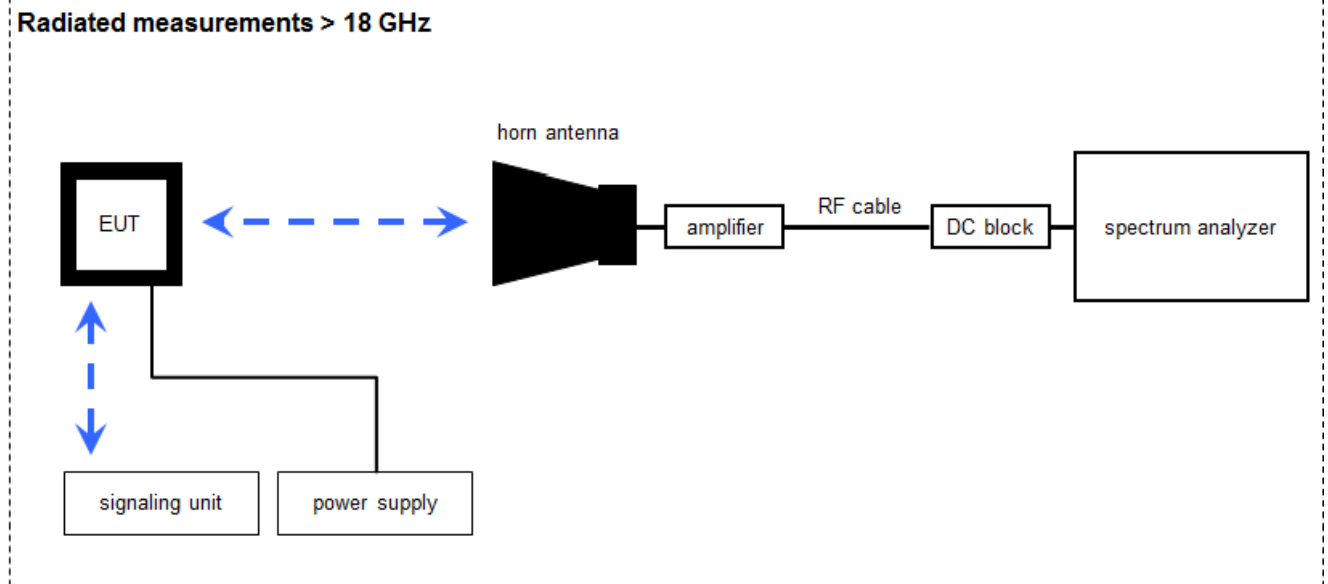
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 40.0 [dB\mu V/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dB\mu V/m] (71.61 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A, B, C	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3696	300001604	vIKI!	20.03.2023	19.03.2025
2	C	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vIKI!	02.08.2023	31.08.2025
3	B	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	37	400000148	ne	-/-	-/-
4	B	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A, B, C	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22051	300004483	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A, B, C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000032	300004510	ne	-/-	-/-
7	A, B, C	Computer	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor	-/-	2V2403033A54 21	300004591	ne	-/-	-/-
8	A, B, C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V2022.0.22.0	Nexio	-/-	300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
9	A, B, C	Anechoic chamber	-/-	TDK	-/-	300003726	ne	-/-	-/-
10	A, B, C	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz – 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	11.12.2023	31.12.2024
11	B	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011571	300005240	ev	-/-	-/-

7.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

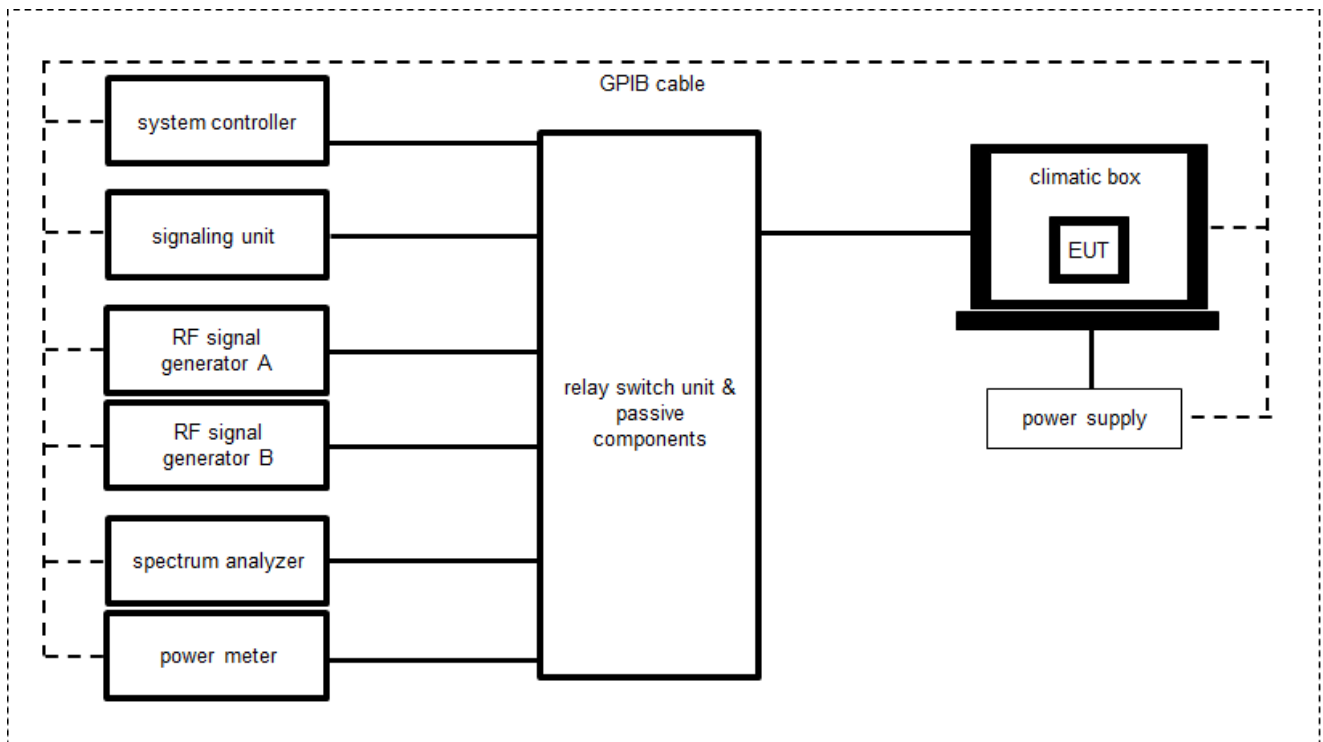
Example calculation:

FS [dBμV/m] = 40.0 [dBμV/m] + (-60.1) [dB] + 36.74 [dB/m] = 16.64 [dBμV/m] (6.79 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP	00419	300002268	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda	8205	300002442	k	24.01.2024	23.01.2026
3	A	Signal analyzer	FSV40	Rohde&Schwarz	101042	300004517	k	06.12.2023	31.12.2024
4	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	Broadband Low Noise Amplifier 18-50 GHz	CBL18503070-XX	CERNEX	19338	300004273	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5-40.0 GHz	V637	Narda	82-16	300000510	vIKI!	24.01.2024	23.01.2026

7.4 Conducted measurements system



OP = AV + CA
(OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

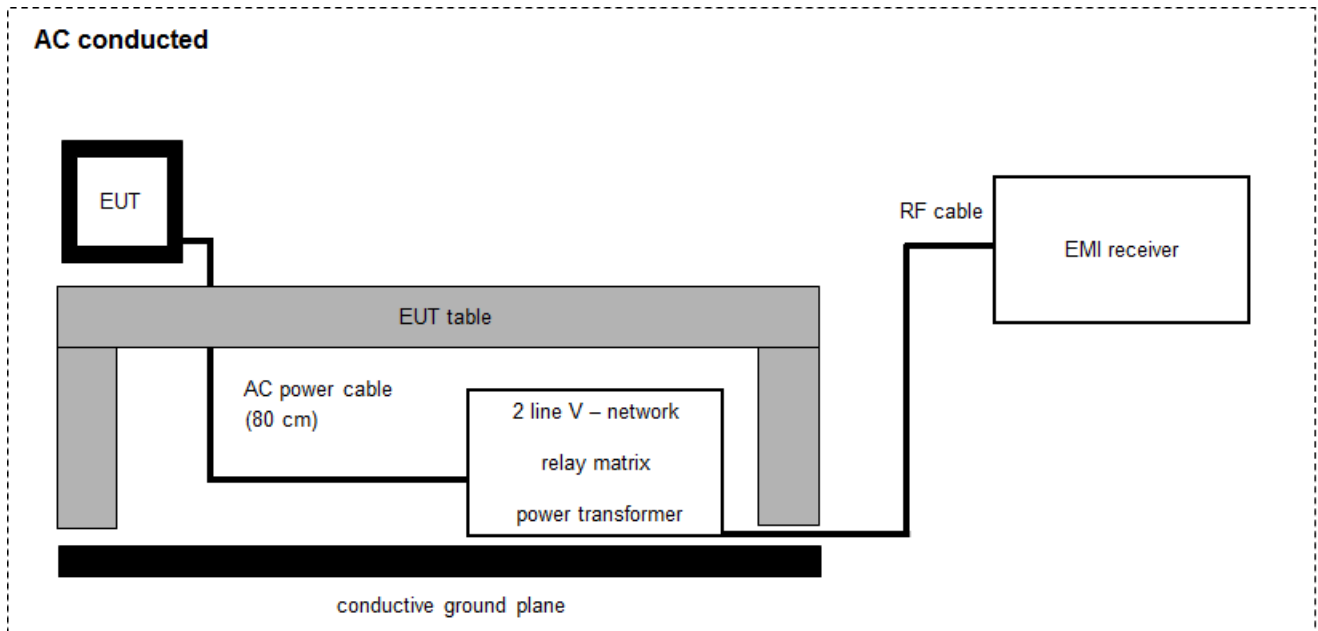
Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch / Control Unit (including DC-Block, Splitter)	3488A	HP	-/-	300000929	ne	-/-	-/-
2	A	Hygro-Thermometer	-/-, 5-45C, 20-100rF	Thies Clima	-/-	400000080	ev	15.09.2022	14.09.2024
3	A	Signal analyzer	FSV30	Rohde&Schwarz	1321.3008K30/103170	300004855	vKI!	09.12.2022	31.12.2024
4	A	USB-GPIB-Interface	82357B	Agilent Technologies	MY54323070	300004852	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A	Tester Software C.BER	Version 5.0	cetecom advanced GmbH	0001	400001379	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A	Switch matrix	RSM 1.1	cetecom advanced GmbH	31534892	400001456	ev	20.09.2023	19.09.2024

7.5 AC conducted



$$FS = UR + CF + VC$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 37.62 [dB\mu V/m] + 9.90 [dB] + 0.23 [dB] = 47.75 [dB\mu V/m] \quad (244.06 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Setup	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Two-line V-Network (LISN) 9 kHz to 30 MHz	ESH3-Z5	Rohde & Schwarz	892475/017	300002209	vKI!	12.12.2023	31.12.2025
2	A	RF-Filter-section	85420E	HP	3427A00162	300002214	NK!	-/-	-/-
3	A	Analyzer-Reference-System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	NK!	-/-	-/-
4	A	Hochpass 150 kHz	EZ-25	R&S	100010	300003798	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	PC	TecLine	F+W	-/-	300003532	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A	Netzsimulation 1600/2000 A	ACS-1600-PS	-/-	2002-001247-0	300006074	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A	EMI Test Receiver 3.6 GHz	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102981	300006318	k	08.12.2023	31.12.2024

8 Sequence of testing

8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

*)Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

9 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Test case	Uncertainty	
Antenna gain	± 3 dB	
Power spectral density	± 1.56 dB	
DTS bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Occupied bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Maximum output power conducted	± 1.56 dB	
Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	± 1.56 dB	
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted	> 3.6 GHz	± 1.56 dB
	> 7 GHz	± 1.56 dB
	> 18 GHz	± 2.31 dB
	≥ 40 GHz	± 2.97 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB	

10 Summary of measurement results

☐	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☒	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Title 47 Part 15	See table	2024-08-20	Tests according to customer demand

Test specification clause	Test case	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
-/-	Output power verification (cond.)	-/-				Declared
-/-	Antenna gain	-/-				Declared
U-NII Part 15	Duty cycle	-/-				-/-
§15.407(a)	Maximum output power (conducted)	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(a)	Power spectral density	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(e)	Spectrum bandwidth 6dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(a)	Spectrum bandwidth 26dB / 20 dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS Gen clause 6.6	Spectrum bandwidth 99% bandwidth	-/-				-/-
§15.205	Band edge compliance radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(b)	TX spurious emissions radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a)	Spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Spurious emissions conducted emissions< 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407	DFS	-/-				See module test report

Notes:

C:	Compliant	NC:	Not compliant	NA:	Not applicable	NP:	Not performed
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11 Additional comments

Reference documents: Antenna data sheet Kyocera Part No. 1000424, On Ground BT / Wi-Fi Dual Band Stamped Metal Antenna

Co-applicable documents: 1-7444_21-01-02_TR1-A201-R01.pdf

Special test descriptions: Power settings:

Channel	36 / 40 / 48	52 / 56 / 64	100 / 120 / 140	149 / 157 / 165
OFDM / a – mode	12 / 15 / 18	20 / 20 / 14	16 / 15 / 12	20 / 20 / 20
OFDM / ac20 – mode	12 / 15 / 17	20 / 20 / 14	16 / 15 / 12	20 / 20 / 20
Channel	38 / 46	54 / 62	102 / 110 / 134	151 / 159
OFDM / ac40 – mode	12 / 15	20 / 12	14 / 15 / 12	20 / 20
Channel	42	58	106 / 122	155
OFDM / ac80 – mode	10	11	11 / 10	15

Configuration descriptions: All tests were performed with both ports / antennas transmitting simultaneously with the power settings stated above. SISO and MIMO power settings are the same in all cases according to customer declaration. The results of acVHT20-mode and acVHT40-mode are also applicable for nHT20-mode and nHT40-mode, as the power settings are the same for both modes. The device is a client device without radar detection.

EUT selection: ☒ Only one device available
☐ Devices selected by the customer
☐ Devices selected by the laboratory (Randomly)

Provided channels:

Channels with 20 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency								
channel	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
f _c / MHz	5180	5200	5220	5240	5260	5280	5300	5320

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz) channel number & center frequency											
channel	100	104	108	112	116	120	124	128	132	136	140
f _c / MHz	5500	5520	5540	5560	5580	5600	5620	5640	5660	5680	5700

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency					
channel	149	153	157	161	165
f _c / MHz	5745	5765	5785	5805	5825

Channels with 40 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency				
channel	38	46	54	62
f _c / MHz	5190	5230	5270	5310

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz) channel number & center frequency					
channel	102	110	118	126	134
f _c / MHz	5510	5550	5590	5630	5670

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	151	159
f _c / MHz	5755	5795

Channels with 80 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	42	58
f _c / MHz	5210	5290

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	106	122
f _c / MHz	5530	5610

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency	
channel	155
f _c / MHz	5775

Test mode:

- ☐ No test mode available.
Iperf is used to transmit data to a companion device
- ☒ Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit operating modes:

- ☐ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
- Equipment with 1 antenna,
 - Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
 - Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)
- ☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.
- ☒ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

12 Measurement results

12.1 Identify worst case data rate

Measurement:

All modes of the module will be measured with an average power meter to identify the maximum transmission power on mid channel. In the case that only one or two channels are available, only these will be measured.

In further tests only the identified worst case modulation scheme or bandwidth will be measured.

Measurement parameters:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	3 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace mode:	Max hold
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Results:

OFDM – mode	Modulation scheme / bandwidth					
	U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A		U-NII-2C		U-NII-3	
	lowest channel	highest channel	lowest channel	highest channel	lowest channel	highest channel
a – mode	6 Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s
n HT20 – mode	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0
ac VHT20 – mode	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0
n HT40 – mode	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0
ac VHT40 – mode	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0
ac VHT80 – mode	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0

12.2 Antenna gain

Limits:

Antenna Gain
6 dBi / > 6 dBi output power and power density reduction required

Results: Extracted from antenna datasheet

U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Gain / dBi (declared)	4.5		

U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Gain / dBi (declared)	4.5		

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Gain / dBi (declared)	4.5		

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Gain / dBi (declared)	4.5		

Results: Declared by applicant

antenna 1+2	All channels
Beamforming gain [dBi] / Declared	3.0

12.3 Duty cycle

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, B.	
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Results:

Duty cycle and correction factor:

OFDM – mode	Calculation method
a – mode	100 % duty cycle for all modes
n/ac HT20 – mode	
n/ac HT40 – mode	
ac VHT80 – mode	

12.4 Maximum output power

12.4.1 Maximum output power according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, E.2.e.	
External result file(s)	1-7444_21-01-02_TR1-A201-R01.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9
Standard parts:	FCC: § 15.407 (a)

Limits:

Limits	
Radiated output power	Conducted output power
Band 5150 MHz – 5250 MHz	
For an outdoor access point: Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain For an indoor access point: Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain For fixed point-to-point access points Conducted power + 23 dBi antenna gain For client devices Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain (If the Antenna gain is greater than the Limit: 1dB reduction in the max. conducted output power for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of the Limit)	For an outdoor access point: output power $\leq 1\text{W}/30\text{dBm}$ The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm) For an indoor access point output power $\leq 1\text{W}/30\text{dBm}$ For fixed point-to-point access points output power $\leq 1\text{W}/30\text{dBm}$ For client devices output power $\leq 250\text{ mW}/24\text{dBm}$
Band 5250MHz – 5350 MHz	
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain (Antenna gain higher than the Limit: 1dB reduction in the max. conducted output power for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of the Limit)	Output power $\leq$ lesser of 250mW or $11\text{dBm} + 10\log B$ (B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz)
Band 5470MHz – 5725 MHz	
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain (Antenna gain higher than the Limit: 1dB reduction in the max. conducted output power for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of the Limit)	Output power $\leq$ lesser of 250mW or $11\text{dBm} + 10\log B$ (B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz)
Band 5725MHz – 5850 MHz	
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain (Antenna gain higher than the Limit: 1dB reduction in the max. conducted output power for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of the Limit Exception: fixed point-to-point U-NII devices, no corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power)	output power $\leq 1\text{W}/30\text{dBm}$

NOTE: The sum of antenna gain and beamforming gain is 7.5 dBi, therefore the output power limits are 1.5 dBi more stringent. All measured values are compliant with the stricter limits.

Results: Antenna port 1

a	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	4.7	5.8	11.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	10.6	11.2	5.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	10.1	8.1	6.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	13.8	14.3	14.5

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT20	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	6.1	7.0	9.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	11.4	11.9	7.1
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	10.9	8.9	6.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	14.5	15.0	15.1

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT40	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	4.9		6.6
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	11.3		4.5
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	8.3	9.3	7.5
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	14.2		14.8

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT80	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	3.5		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	4.1		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	5.5		5.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	14.6		

Results: Antenna port 2

a	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	4.4	7.3	9.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	12.6	12.5	8.2
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	11.9	10.8	7.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	14.1	13.6	13.8

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT20	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	4.3	7.4	8.1
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	12.6	12.6	8.2
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	12.0	10.9	7.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	14.1	13.6	13.9

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT40	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	4.4		6.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	12.6		5.7
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	9.9	10.7	7.9
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	14.1		13.7

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT80	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	3.0		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	4.7		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	7.3		6.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	14.2		

Results: Antenna port 1+2

a	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	7.6	9.6	13.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	14.7	14.9	10.2
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	14.1	12.7	9.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.0	17.0	17.2

Results: Antenna port 1+2

ac VHT20	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	8.3	10.2	11.8
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	15.1	15.3	10.7
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	14.5	13.0	10.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.3	17.4	17.6

Results: Antenna port 1+2

ac VHT40	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	7.7		9.5
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	15.0		8.2
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	12.2	13.1	10.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	17.2		17.3

Results: Antenna port 1+2

ac VHT80	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	6.3		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	7.4		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	9.5		8.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	17.4		

12.5 Power spectral density

12.5.1 Power spectral density according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, F.	
External result file(s)	1-7444_21-01-02_TR1-A201-R01.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9
Standard parts:	FCC: § 15.407 (a)

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
Band 5150 MHz – 5250 MHz
For an outdoor access point power spectral density conducted ≤ 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band* For an indoor access point power spectral density conducted ≤ 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band* For fixed point-to-point access points power spectral density conducted ≤ 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band** For client devices point power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band* *If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi **Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.
Band 5250MHz – 5350 MHz
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band* *If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi
Band 5470MHz – 5725 MHz
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band* *If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi
Band 5725MHz – 5850 MHz
power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi

NOTE: The sum of antenna gain and beamforming gain is 7.5 dBi, therefore the PSD limits are 1.5 dBi more stringent. All measured values are compliant with the stricter limits.

Results: Antenna port 1

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.5	-5.0	0.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-0.8	0.2	-4.9
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-1.0	-3.1	-5.0
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-0.2	0.0	0.4

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-5.3	-3.9	-1.6
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-0.2	0.6	-3.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-0.5	-2.5	-4.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	0.3	0.3	0.8

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-8.9		-7.5
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-2.3		-9.0
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-5.7	-4.6	-6.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-2.7		-2.3

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT80	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-13.9		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-13.2		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-11.9		-12.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-6.2		

Results: Antenna port 2

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.7	-3.6	-2.1
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	1.3	1.2	-2.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	0.6	-0.3	-3.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	0.0	-0.9	-0.6

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-7.0	-3.3	-3.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	1.0	0.9	-3.0
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	0.3	-0.4	-4.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-0.3	-1.1	-0.3

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-9.6		-7.7
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-1.7		-8.3
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.4	-3.7	-6.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-2.8		-3.7

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT80	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-14.9		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-12.6		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-10.5		-11.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-6.9		

Results: Antenna port 1+2

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-3.6	-1.2	2.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.4	3.7	-0.7
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	2.9	1.5	-1.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	2.9	2.6	2.9

Results: Antenna port 1+2

ac VHT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-3.1	-0.6	0.6
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.5	3.8	-0.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	2.9	1.7	-1.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.0	2.7	3.3

Results: Antenna port 1+2

ac VHT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-6.2		-4.6
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	1.0		-5.6
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-2.0	-1.1	-3.5
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	0.3		0.1

Results: Antenna port 1+2

ac VHT80	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-11.4		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-9.7		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-8.1		-9.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-3.5		

12.6 Minimum emission bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.2.	
External result file(s)	1-7444_21-01-02_TR1-A201-R01.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISED Minimum Emission BW
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

FCC	ISED
The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results: Antenna port 1

a	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.6	16.6	16.6
ac VHT20	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.7	17.8	17.8
ac VHT40	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Highest channel	
	36.5	36.5	
ac VHT80	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	76.6		

Results: Antenna port 2

a	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.6	16.6	16.6
ac VHT20	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.7	17.7	17.7
ac VHT40	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Highest channel	
	36.4	36.4	
ac VHT80	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	76.4		

12.7 Spectrum bandwidth / 26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 26 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.1.	
External result file(s)	1-7444_21-01-02_TR1-A201-R01.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISSED Bandwidths
Used test setup:	see chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Spectrum Bandwidth – 26 dB Bandwidth
IC: Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band. FCC: Radar Detection Function of Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS). U-NII devices operating with any part of its 26 dB emission bandwidth in the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems.

Results: Antenna port 1

a	26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.1	33.8	35.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	46.8	45.2	25.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	24.0	20.0	20.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	30.3	30.4	30.3

Note: For U-NII-1; U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C is the 26 dB bandwidth applicable, for U-NII-3 the 20 dB bandwidth.

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT20	26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.3	26.0	33.8
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	48.4	46.7	20.5
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	28.0	23.2	20.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	29.9	30.3	34.3

Note: For U-NII-1; U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C is the 26 dB bandwidth applicable, for U-NII-3 the 20 dB bandwidth.

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT40	26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	40.8		40.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	96.1		40.9
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	40.8	41.0	41.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	66.8		68.0

Note: For U-NII-1; U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C is the 26 dB bandwidth applicable, for U-NII-3 the 20 dB bandwidth.

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT80	26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	81.8		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	81.8		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	81.6		81.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	149.8		

Note: For U-NII-1; U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C is the 26 dB bandwidth applicable, for U-NII-3 the 20 dB bandwidth.

Results: Antenna port 2

a	26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.0	20.0	38.0
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	42.2	43.7	20.2
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.4	20.0	20.0
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	25.7	25.9	25.7

Note: For U-NII-1; U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C is the 26 dB bandwidth applicable, for U-NII-3 the 20 dB bandwidth.

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT20	26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.5	23.4	37.5
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	47.3	48.6	20.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	25.5	20.4	20.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	29.6	30.8	27.0

Note: For U-NII-1; U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C is the 26 dB bandwidth applicable, for U-NII-3 the 20 dB bandwidth.

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT40	26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	40.4		41.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	94.7		40.0
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	40.2	40.3	40.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	40.2		46.8

Note: For U-NII-1; U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C is the 26 dB bandwidth applicable, for U-NII-3 the 20 dB bandwidth.

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT80	26 dB / 20 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	81.4		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	81.4		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	81.4		81.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	137.2		

Note: For U-NII-1; U-NII-2A and U-NII-2C is the 26 dB bandwidth applicable, for U-NII-3 the 20 dB bandwidth.

12.8 Occupied bandwidth / 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-7444_21-01-02_TR1-A201-R01.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISED Bandwidths
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.5 – B
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Usage:

-/-	ISED
OBW is necessary for Emission Designator	

Results: Antenna port 1

a	99% bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.7	17.6	17.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	29.2	26.3	17.1
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.0	16.9	16.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	25.4	25.1	26.0

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT20	99% bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.7	18.0	18.0
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	30.6	27.6	17.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.9	17.8	17.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	26.3	26.4	27.8

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT40	99% bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36.3		36.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	61.2		36.5
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	36.4	36.5	36.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	56.9		56.3

Results: Antenna port 1

ac VHT80	99% bandwidth (MHz)	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	76.3	
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	76.3	
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	76.3	76.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	118.1	

Results: Antenna port 2

a	99% bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.8	16.9	18.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	24.5	26.0	16.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.8	16.8	16.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	23.0	23.1	21.7

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT20	99% bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.7	17.8	18.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	26.7	28.1	17.7
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.8	17.7	17.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	24.4	24.7	23.4

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT40	99% bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36.4		36.5
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	51.0		36.2
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	36.3	36.4	36.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	42.2		44.5

Results: Antenna port 2

ac VHT80	99% bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	76.3		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	76.1		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	76.1		76.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	102.7		

12.9 Undesirable emissions for transmitters operating in the 5725 MHz to 5850 MHz band (conducted)

Description:

Measurement of the spectrum mask as per FCC Part 15.407 (b)(4) and KDB 789033 II.G.2 (c) (ii). The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel and performed in a conducted way as defined in KDB 789033 II.G.3 (b).

The highest antenna gain is considered and was added to the Reference Level Offset. Emission levels are further adjusted to consider the number of antenna outputs (2).

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Span:	See plots!
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

FCC Part 15.407 (b)(4)
All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

Result: See log file

12.10 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to the lowest channel for the lower restricted band and to the highest channel for the upper restricted band. Measurement distance is 3m.

Measurement:

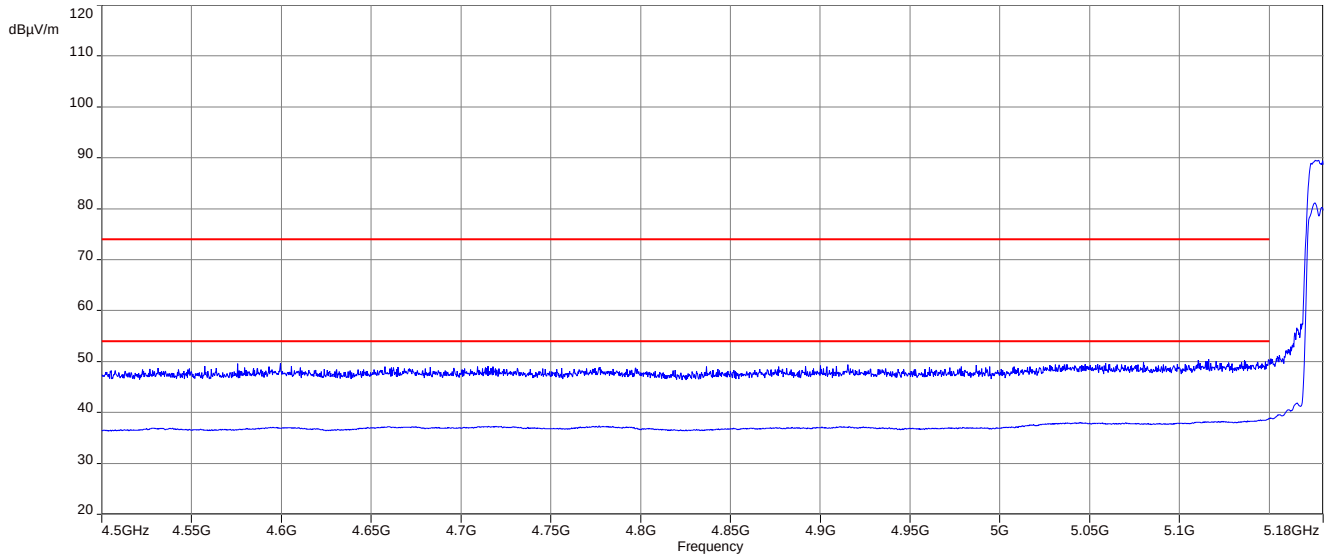
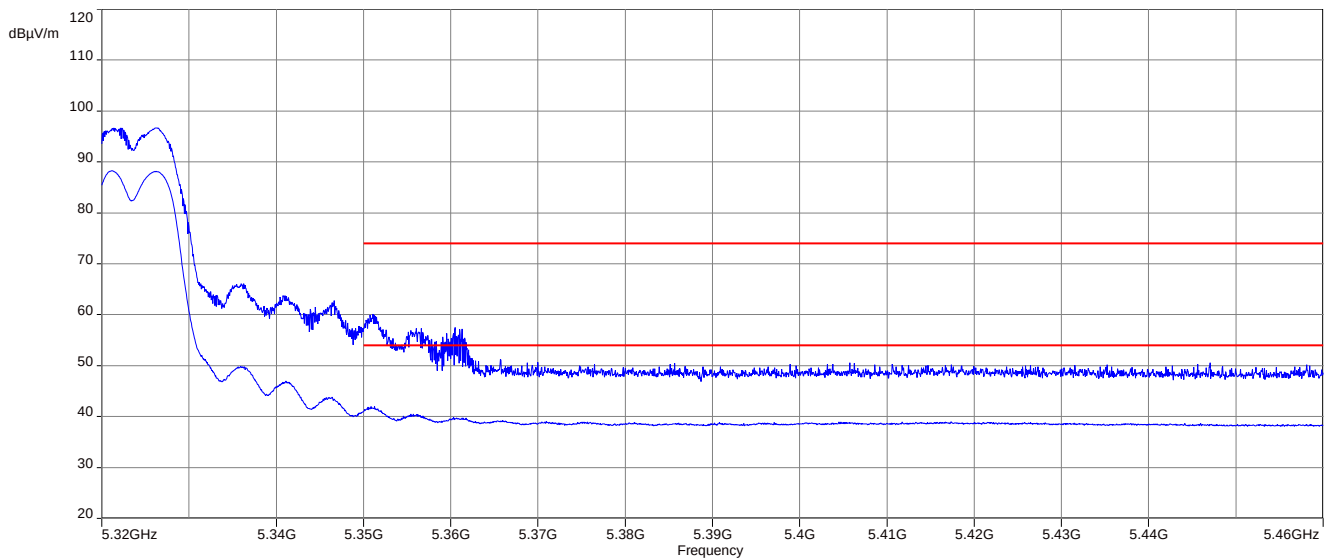
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Span:	See plots!
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

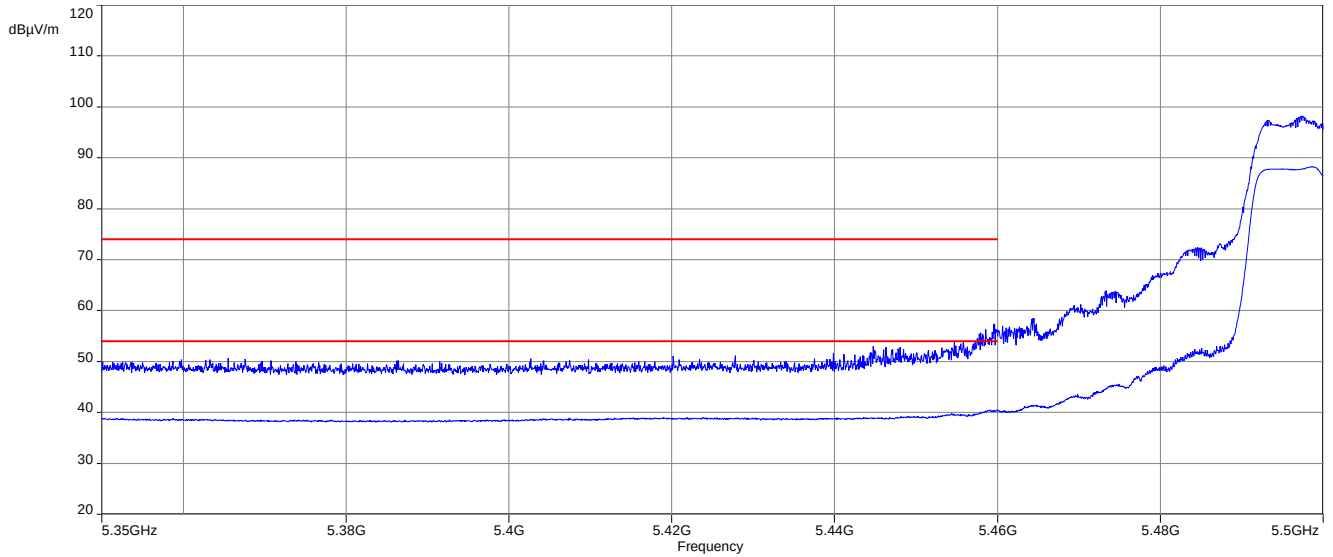
Band Edge Compliance Radiated
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).
74 dB μ V/m (peak) 54 dB μ V/m (average)

Result:

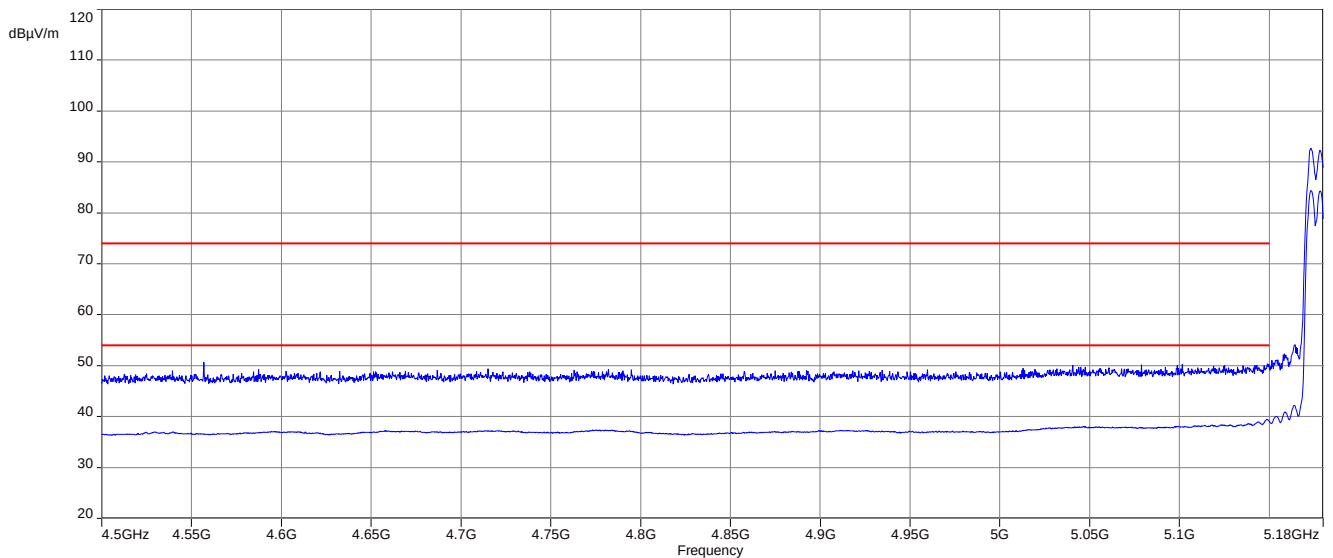
Scenario	Band Edge Compliance Radiated [dB μ V/m]
band edge	< 74 dB μ V/m (peak) < 54 dB μ V/m (average)

Plots:**Plot 1:** lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; a-mode**Plot 2:** upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; a-mode

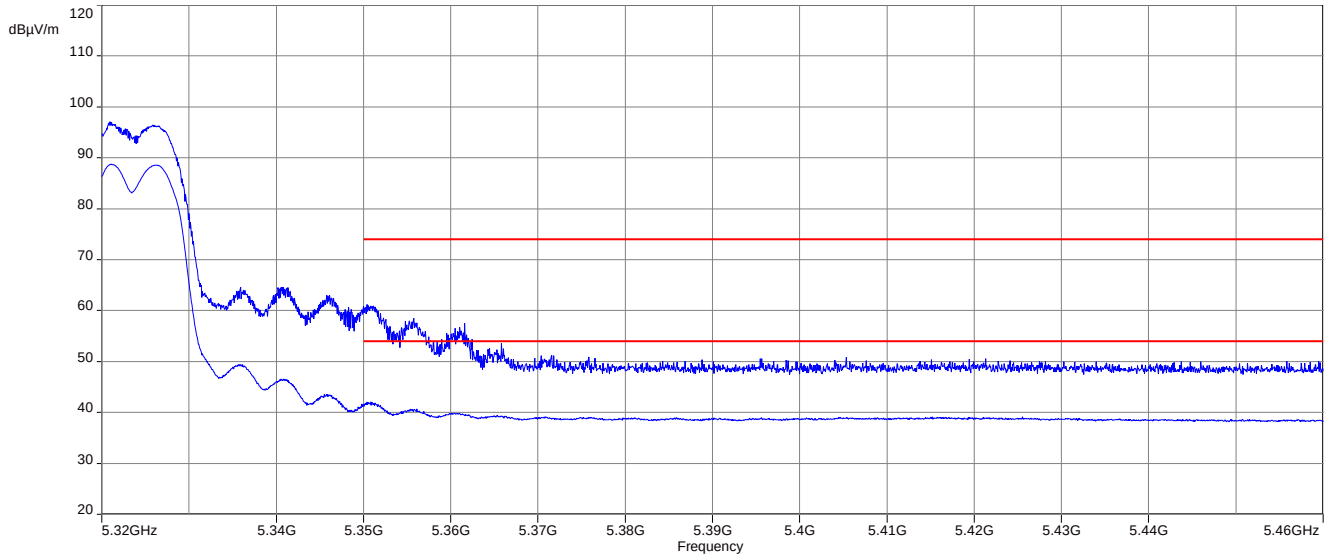
Plot 3: lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; a-mode



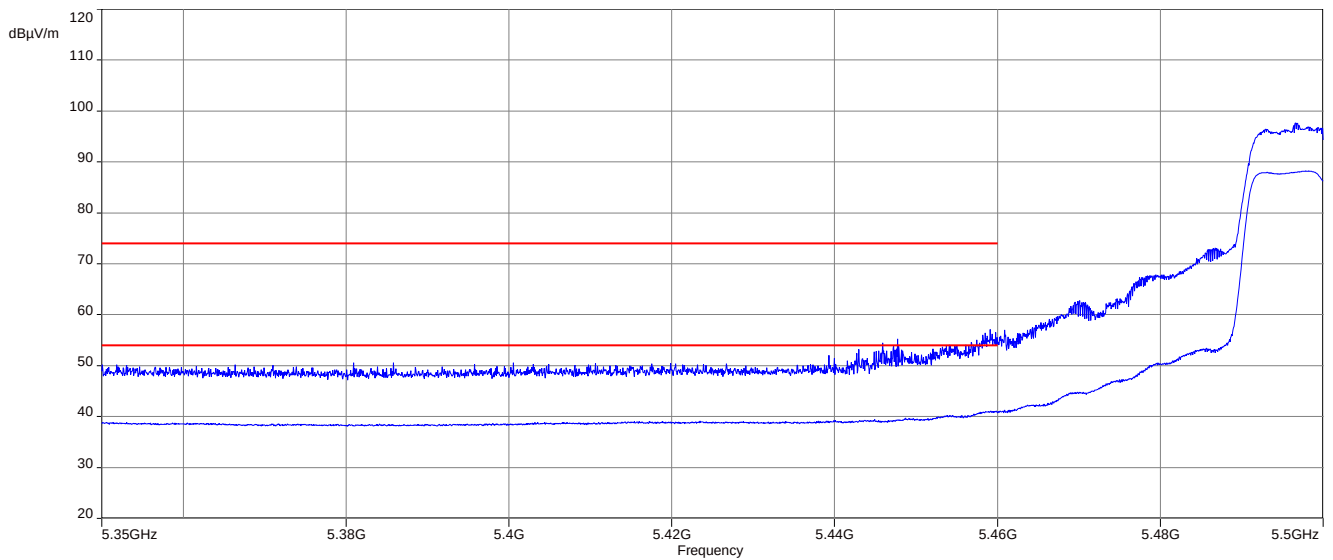
Plot 4: lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; ac20-mode



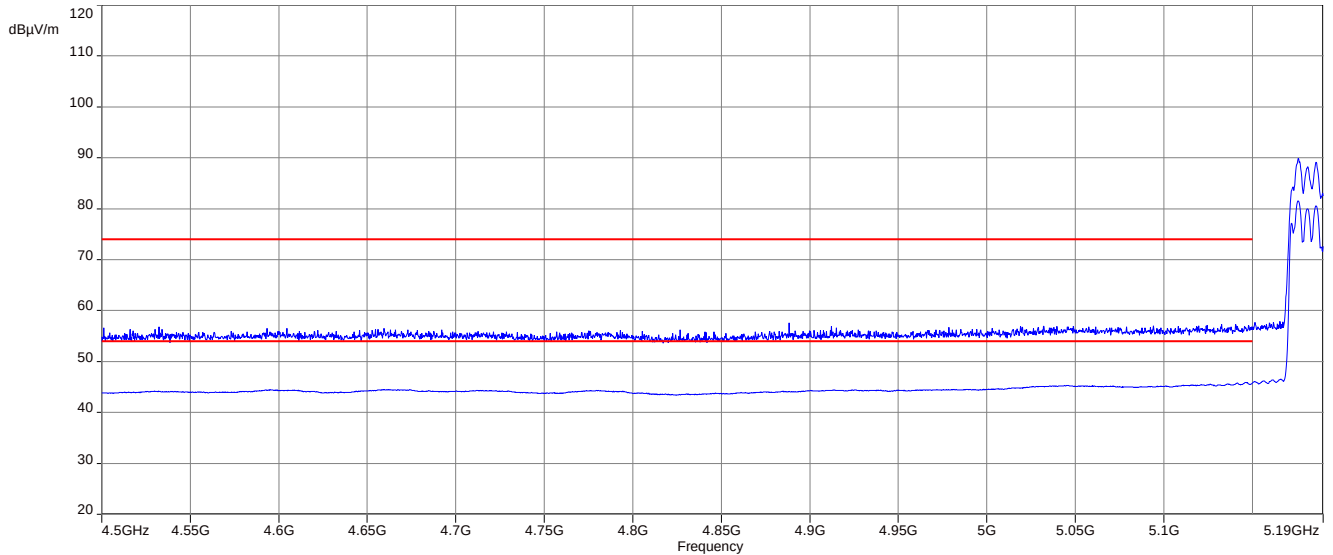
Plot 5: upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; ac20-mode



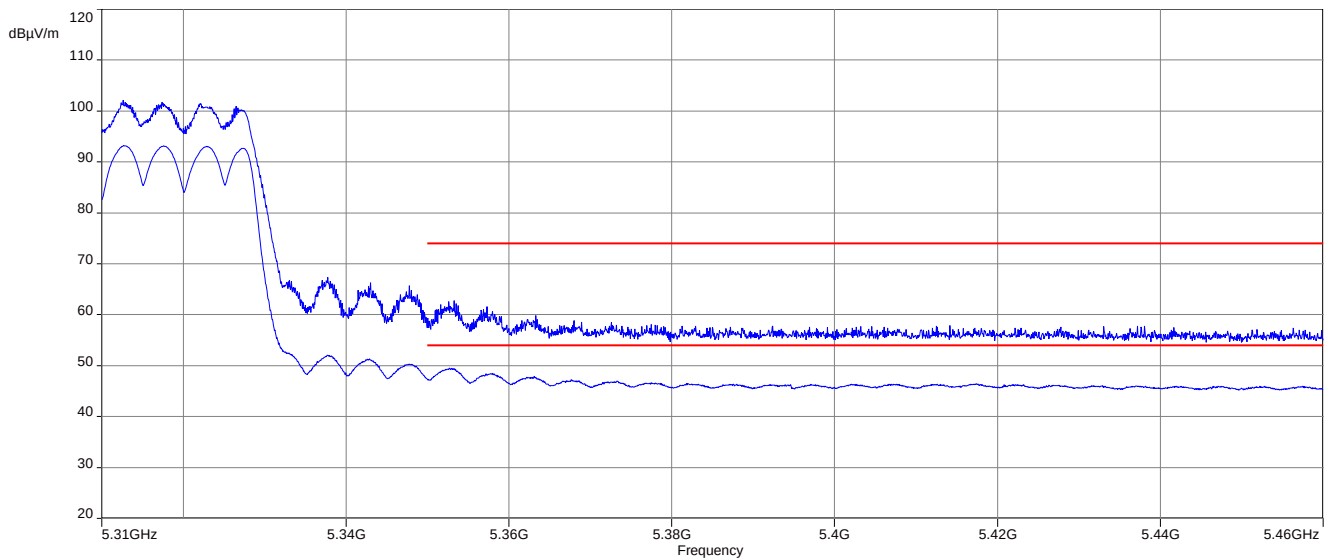
Plot 6: lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; ac20-mode

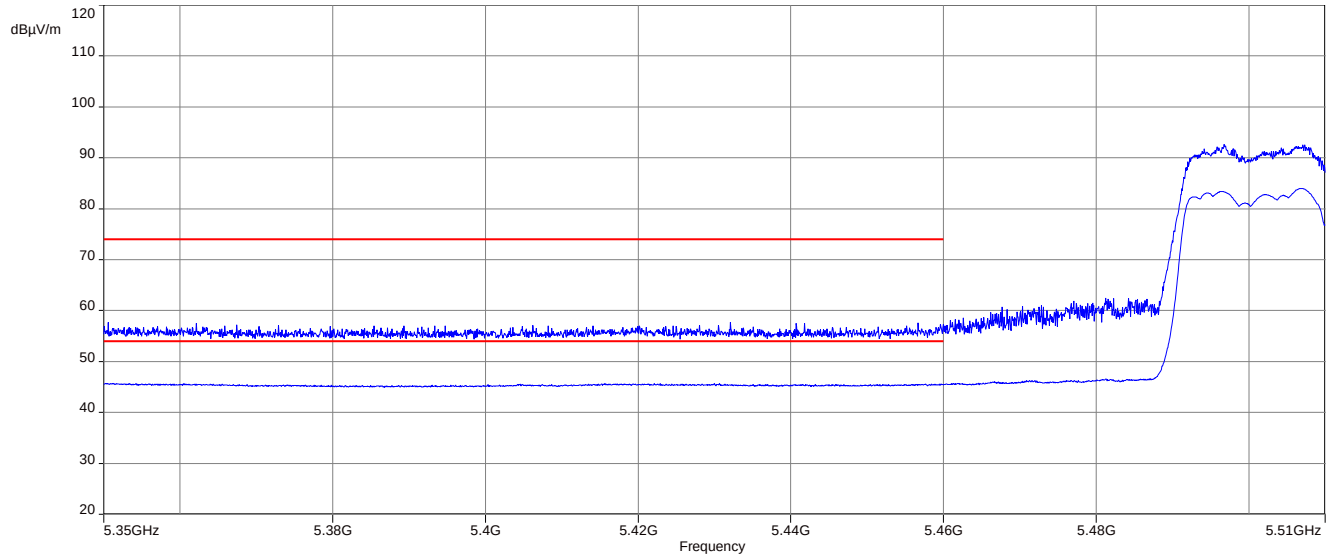
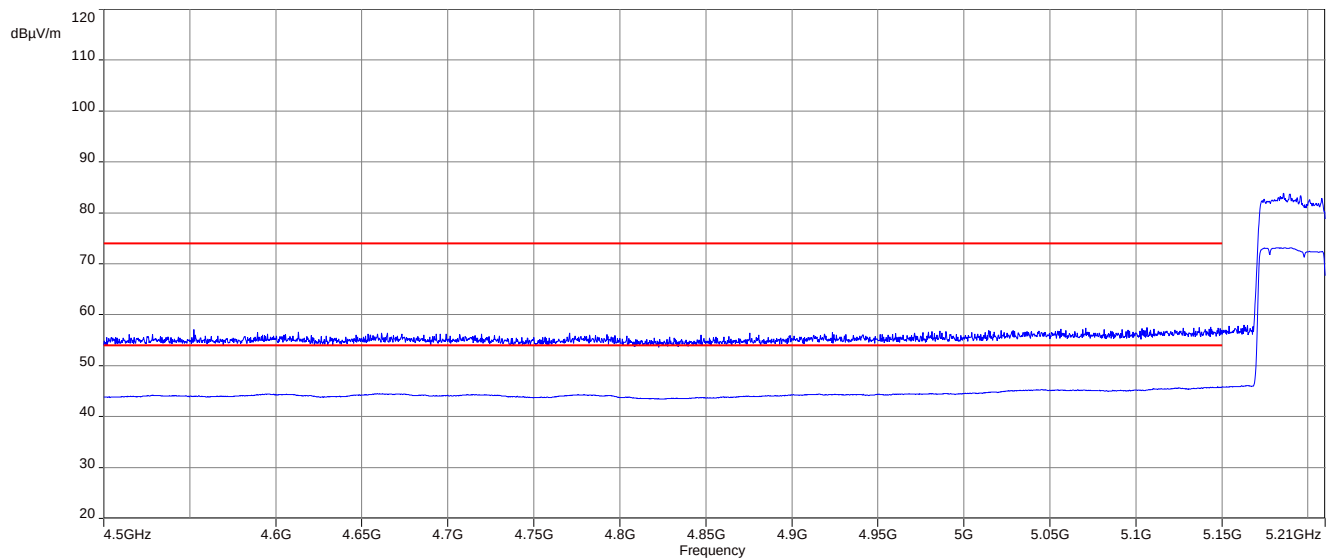


Plot 7: lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; ac40-mode

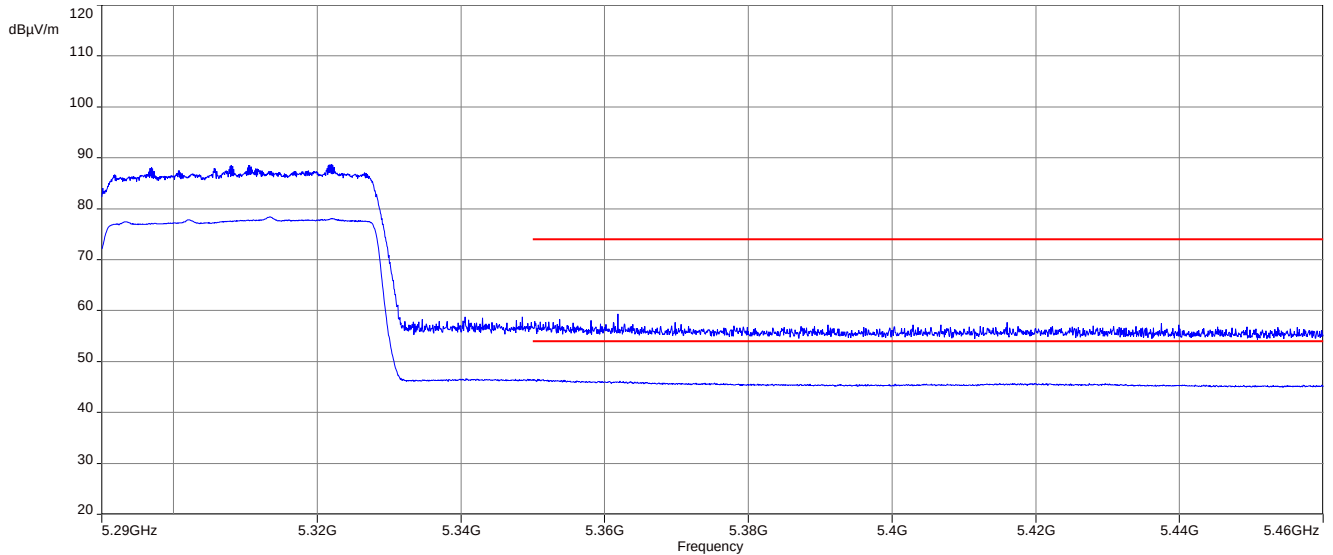


Plot 8: upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; ac40-mode

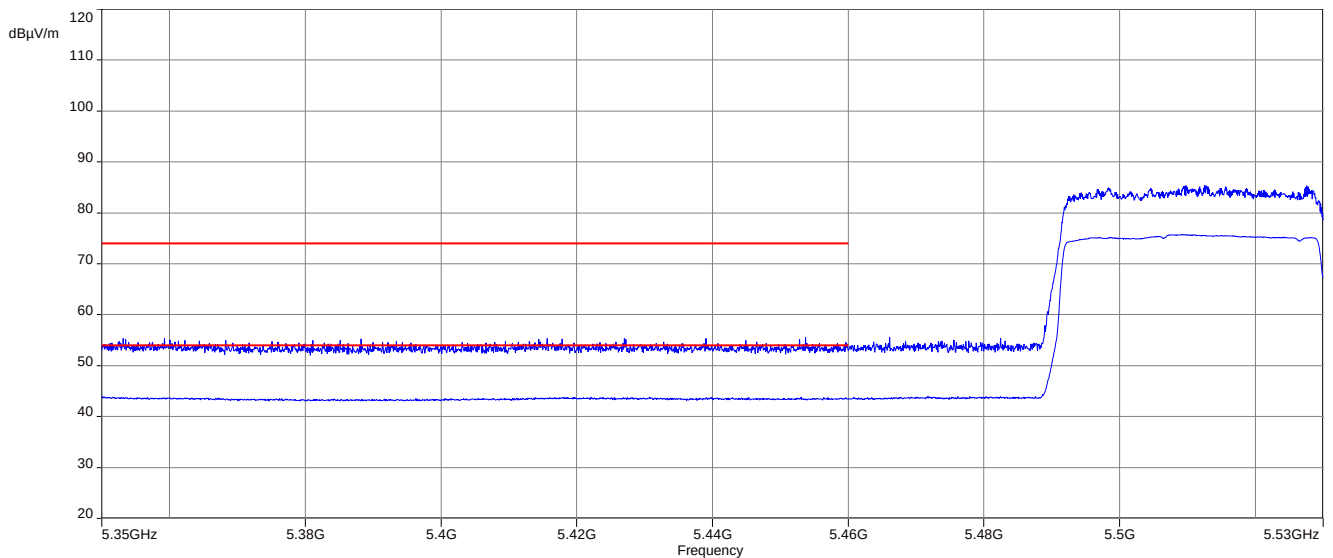


Plot 9: lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; ac40-mode**Plot 10:** lower band edge; U-NII-1; middle channel; ac80-mode

Plot 11: upper band edge; U-NII-2A; middle channel; ac80-mode



Plot 12: lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; ac80-mode



12.11 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The limits are re-calculated to a measurement distance of 3 m with 40 dB/decade according CFR Part 2.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.2 – C
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

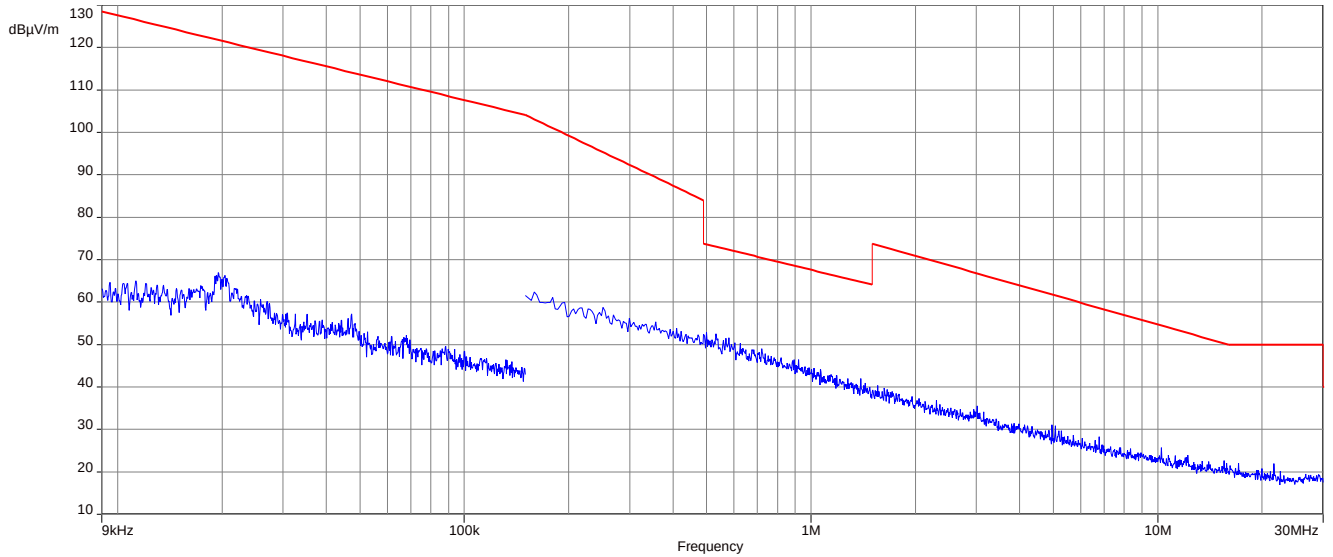
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

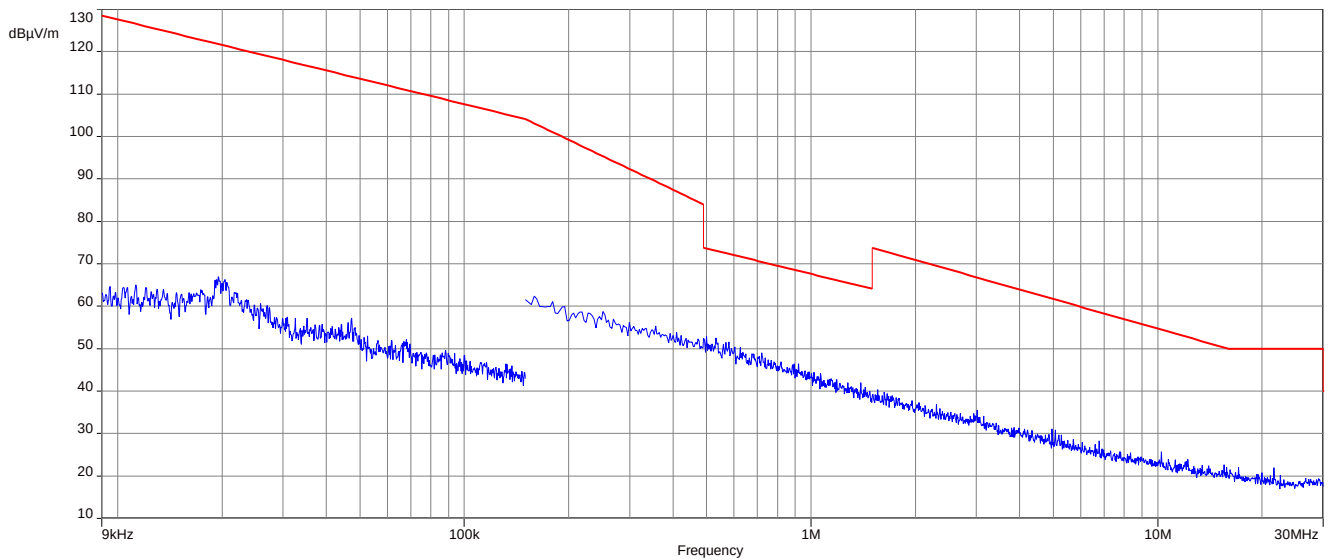
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz [dBμV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

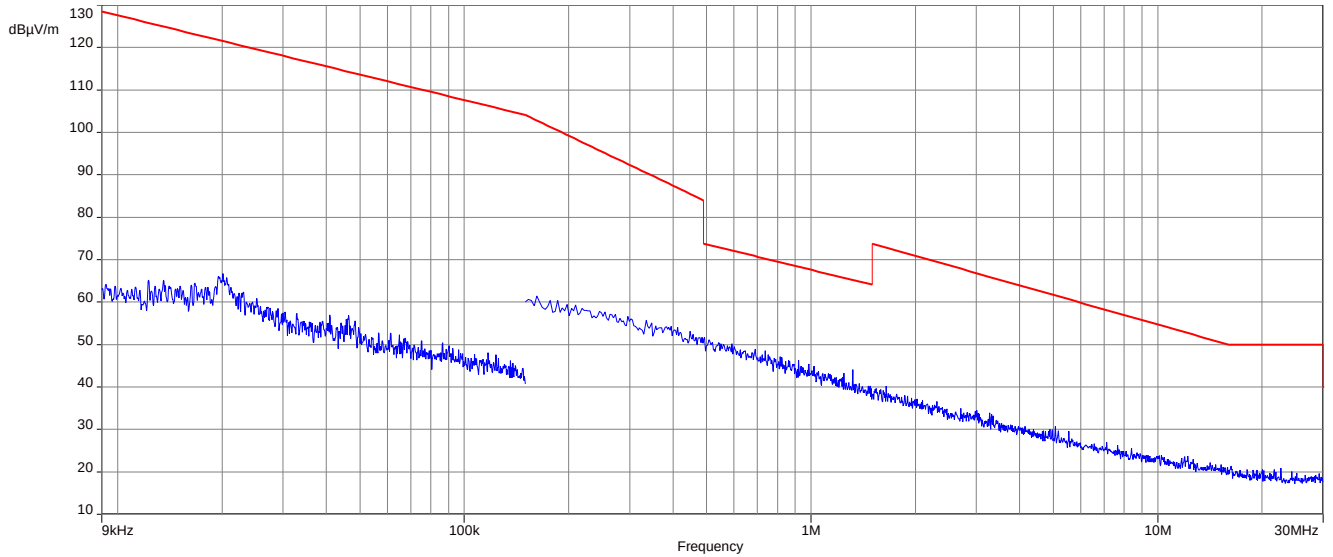
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



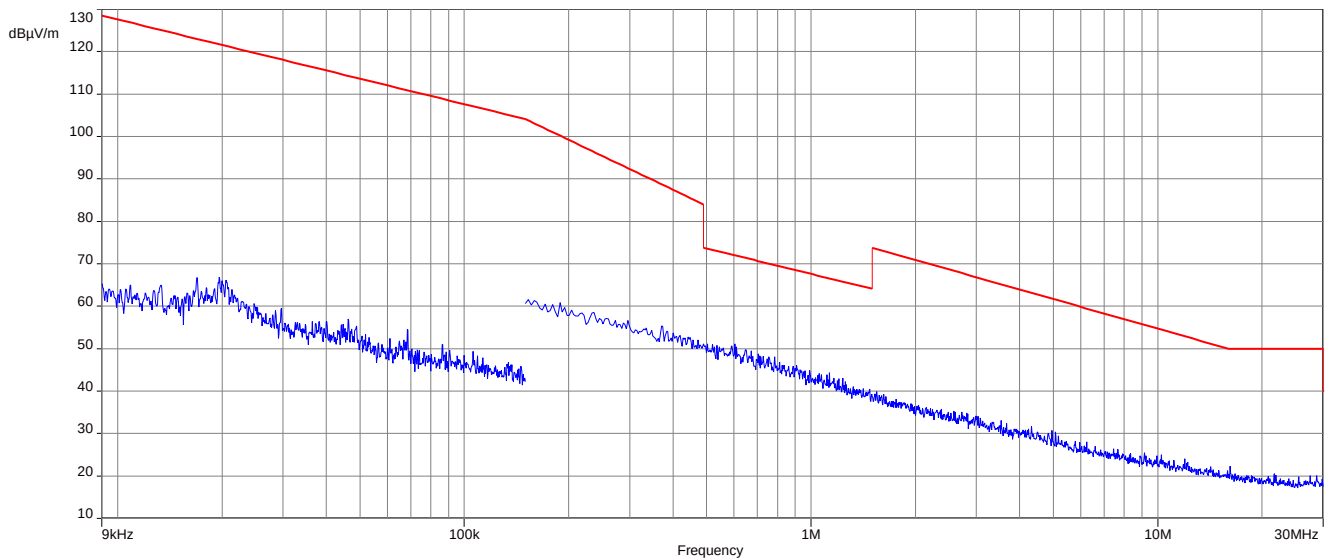
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; middle channel



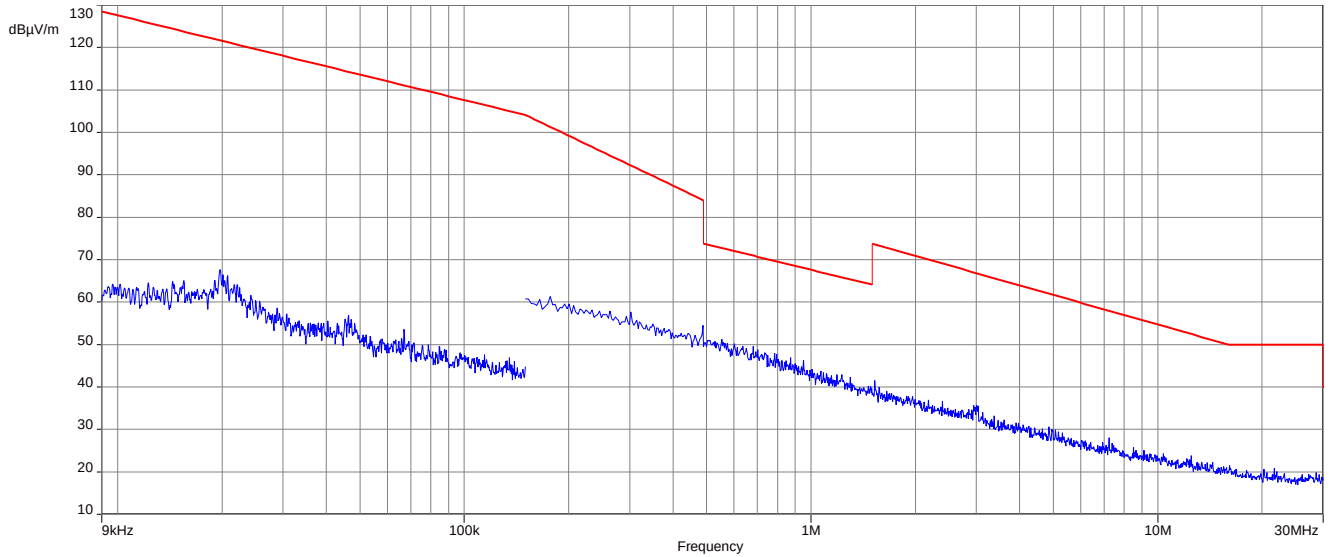
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel



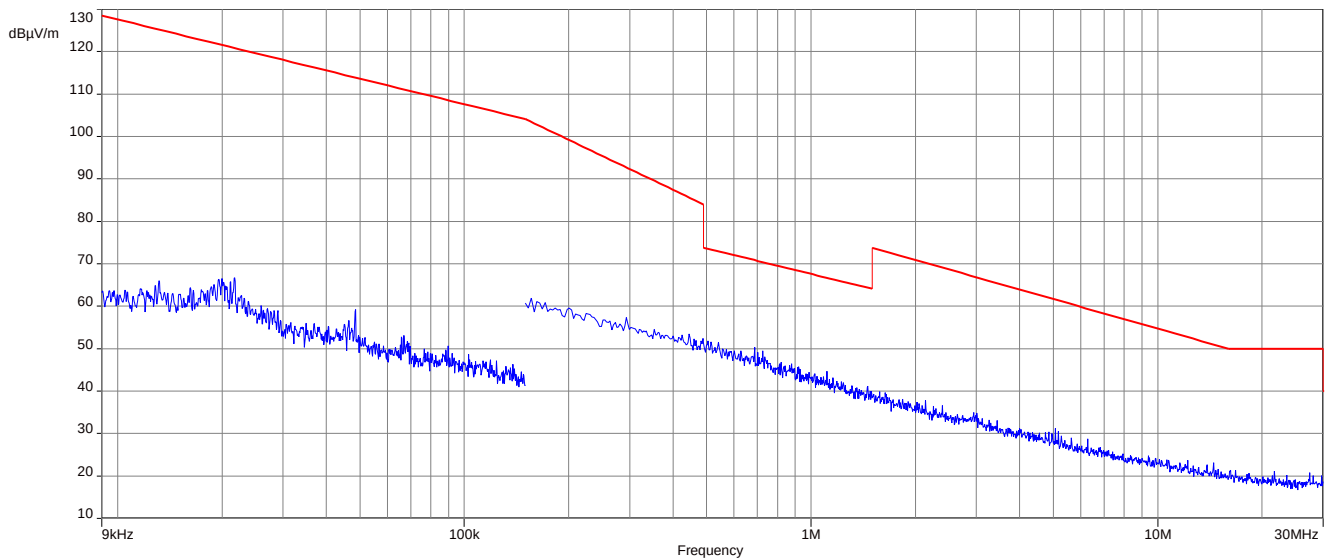
Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; lowest channel



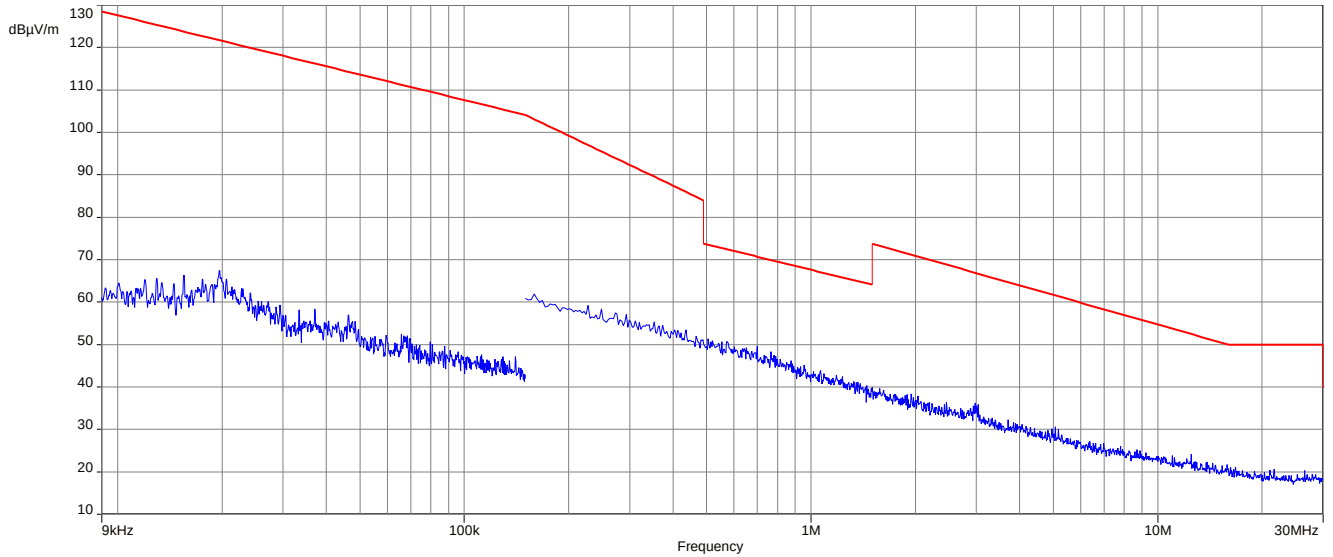
Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; middle channel



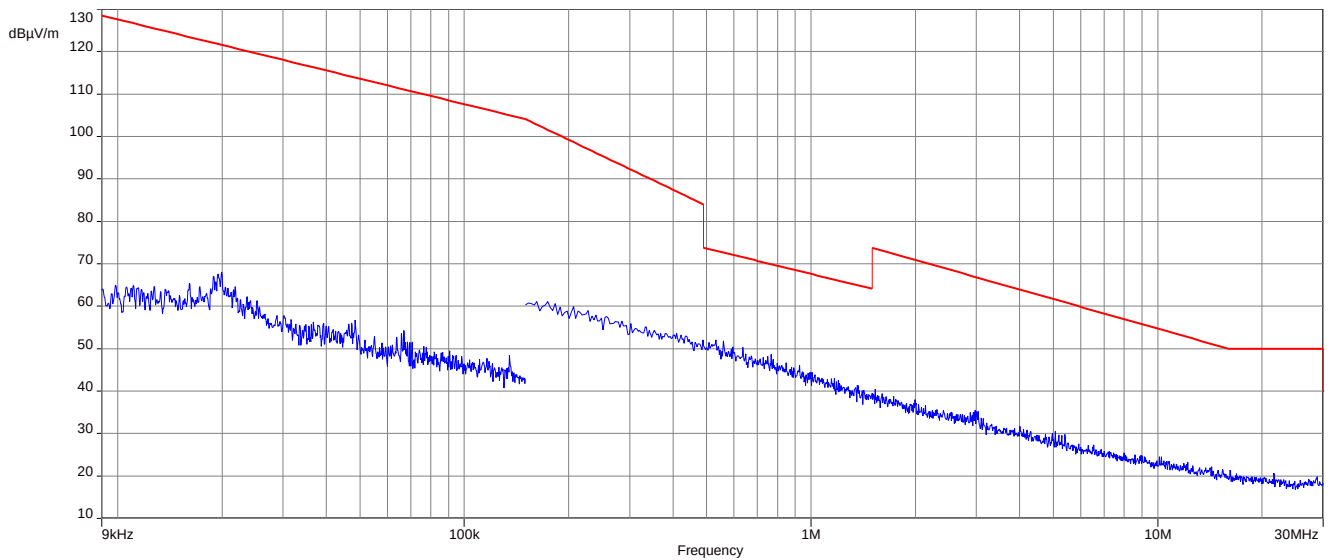
Plot 6: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; highest channel



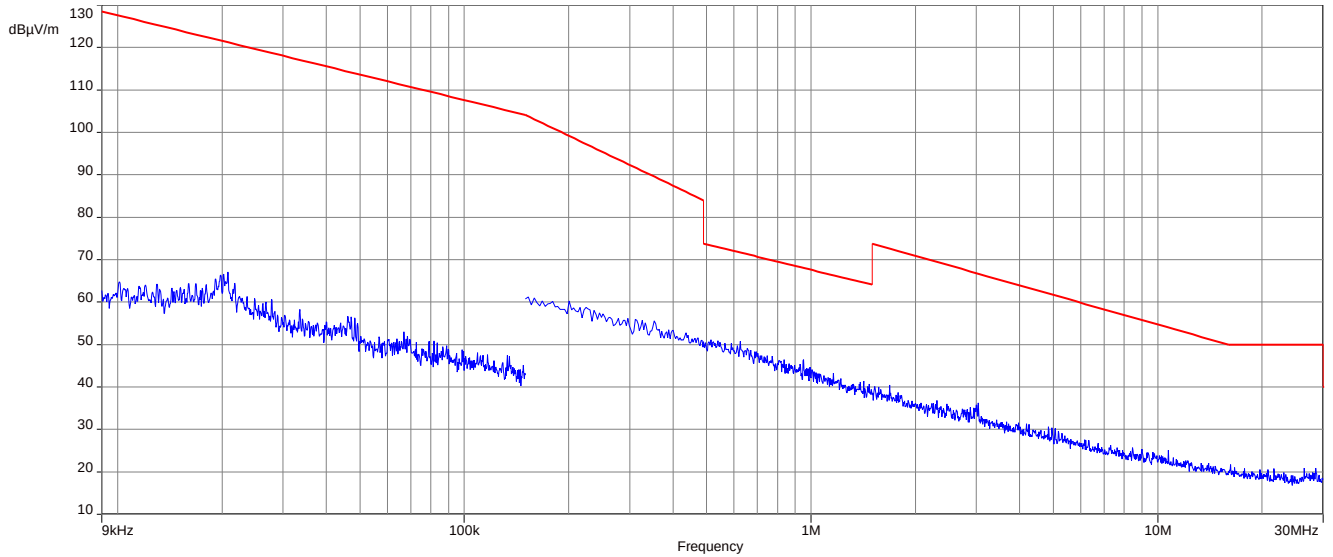
Plot 7: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; lowest channel



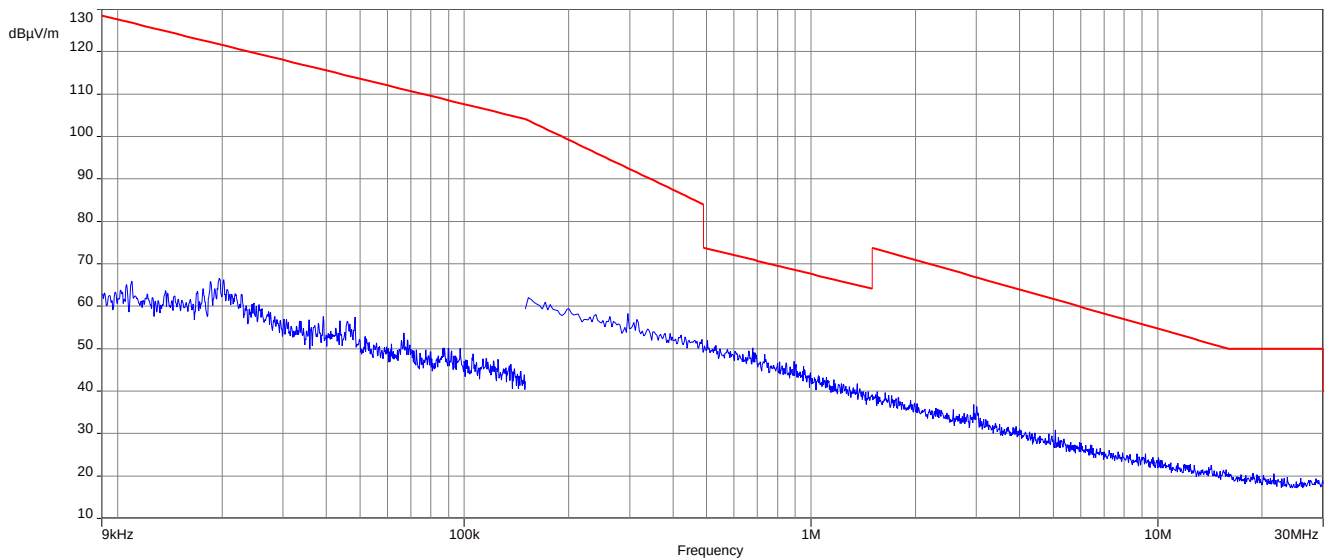
Plot 8: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; middle channel



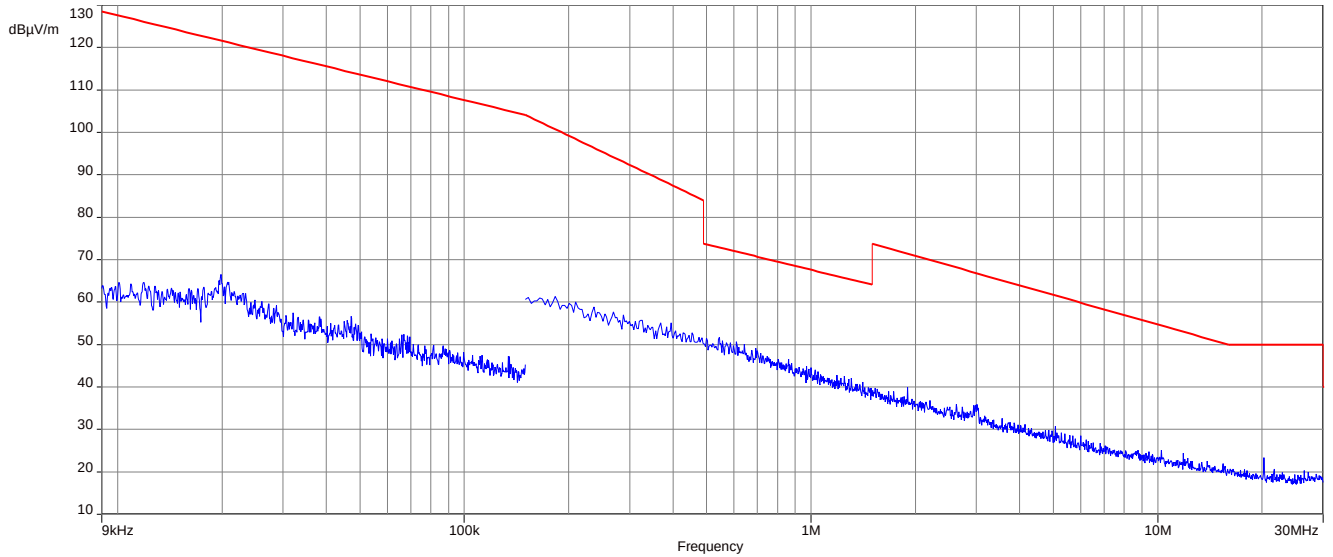
Plot 9: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; highest channel



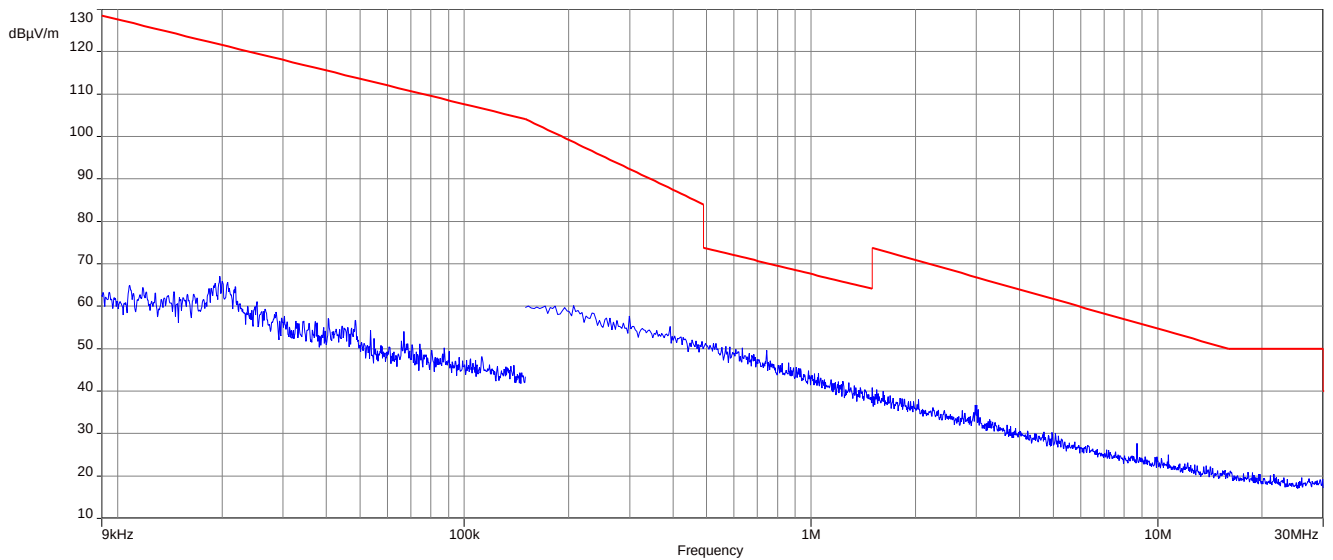
Plot 10: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel



Plot 11: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; middle channel

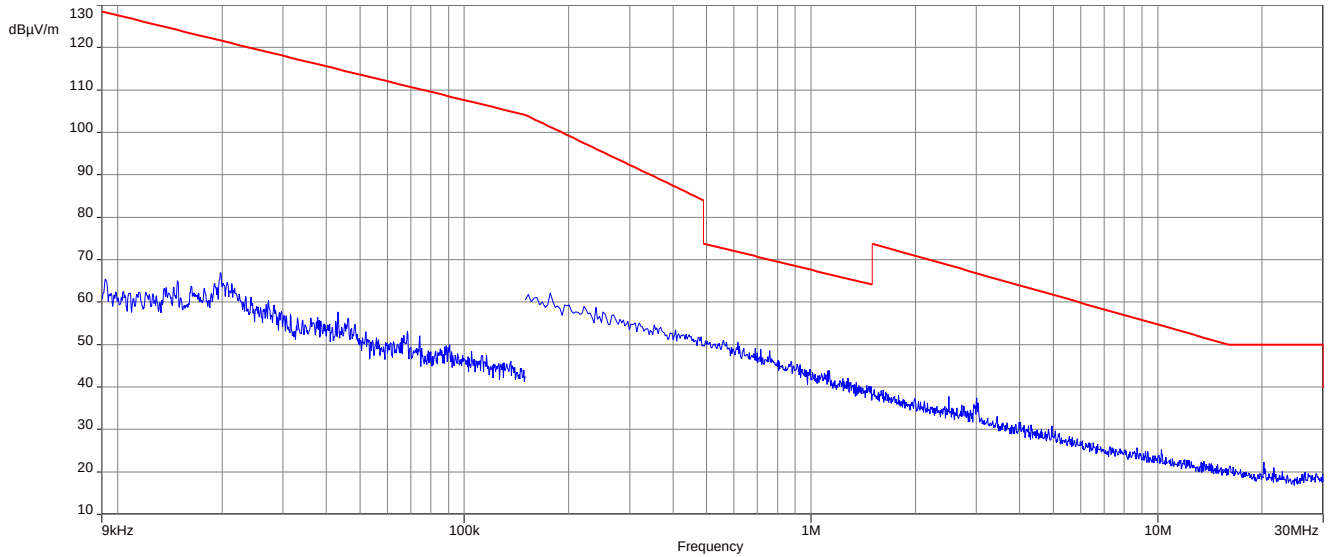


Plot 12: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel

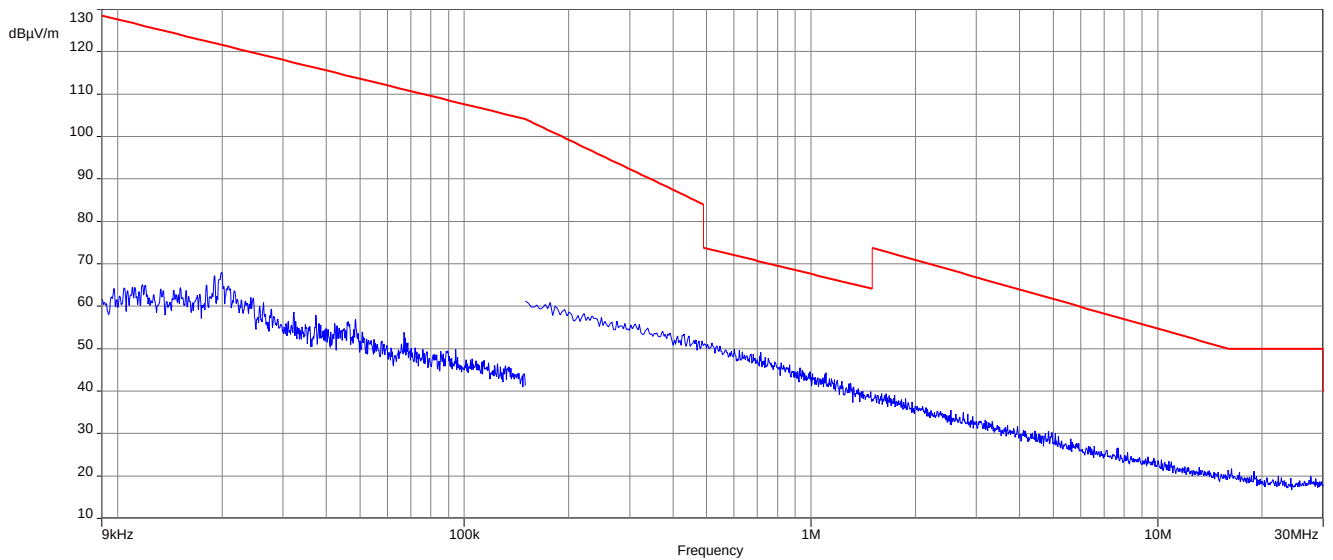


Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

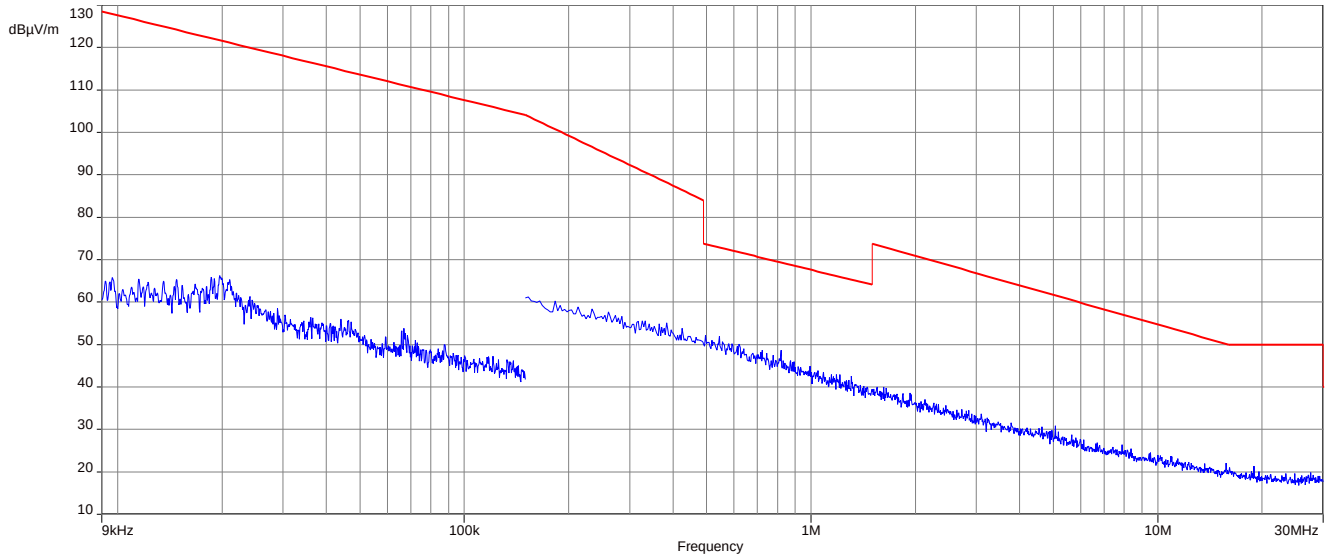
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



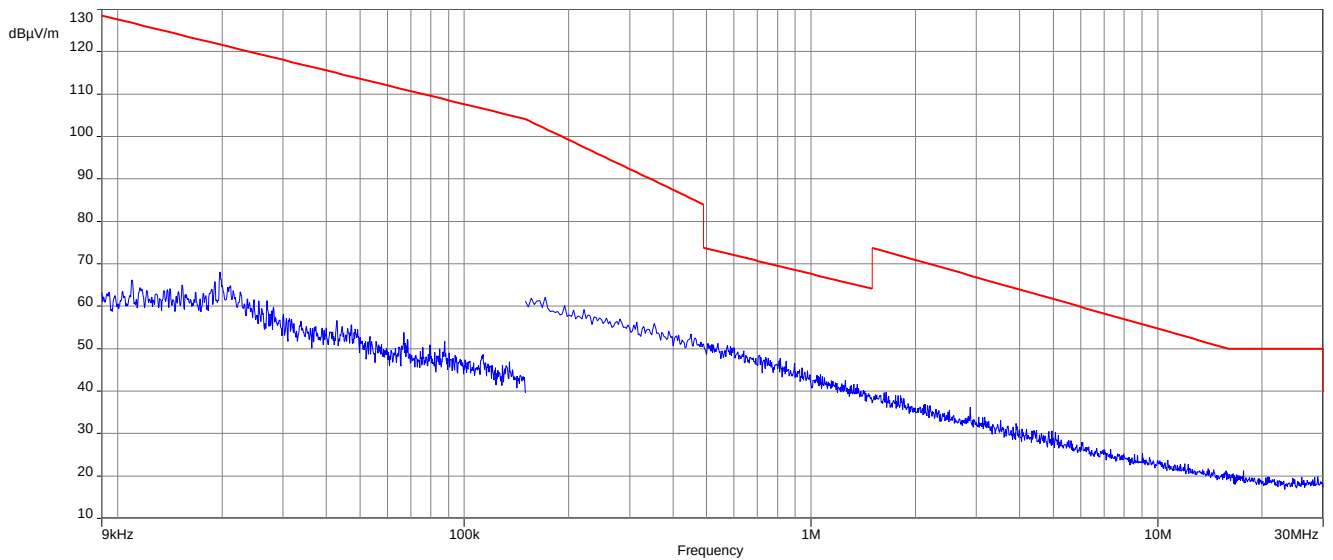
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel



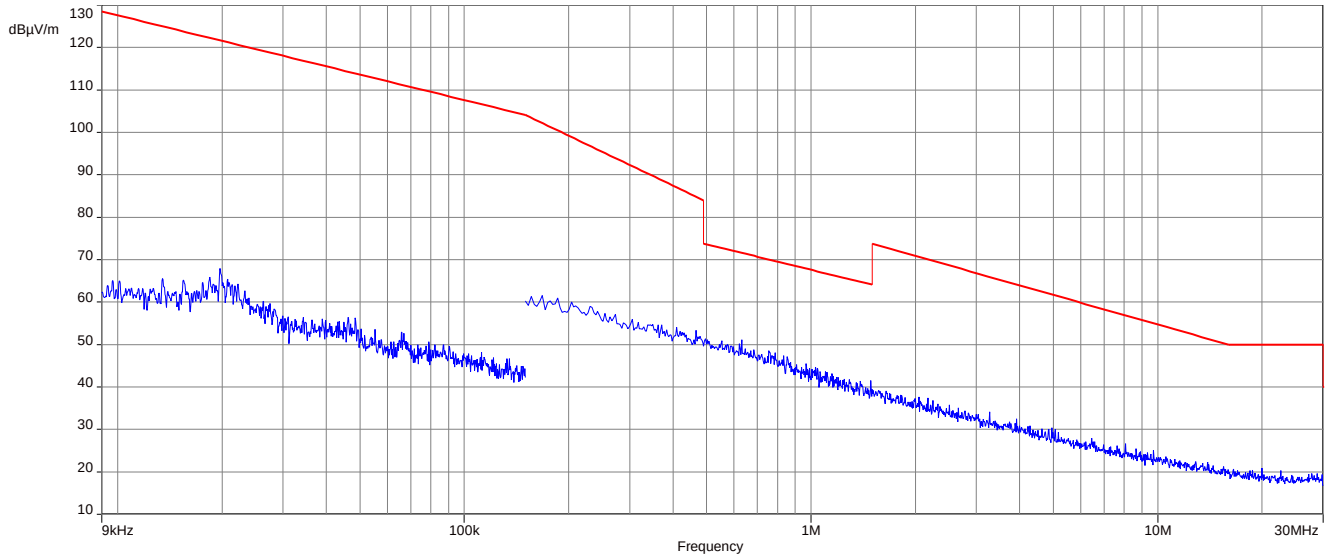
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; lowest channel



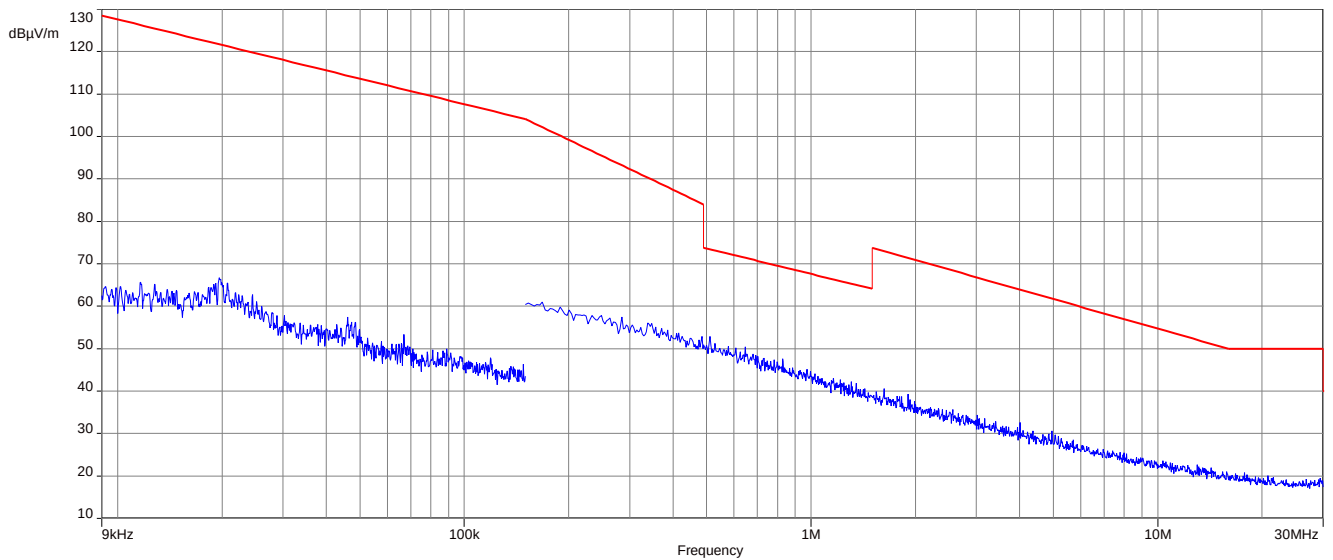
Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; highest channel



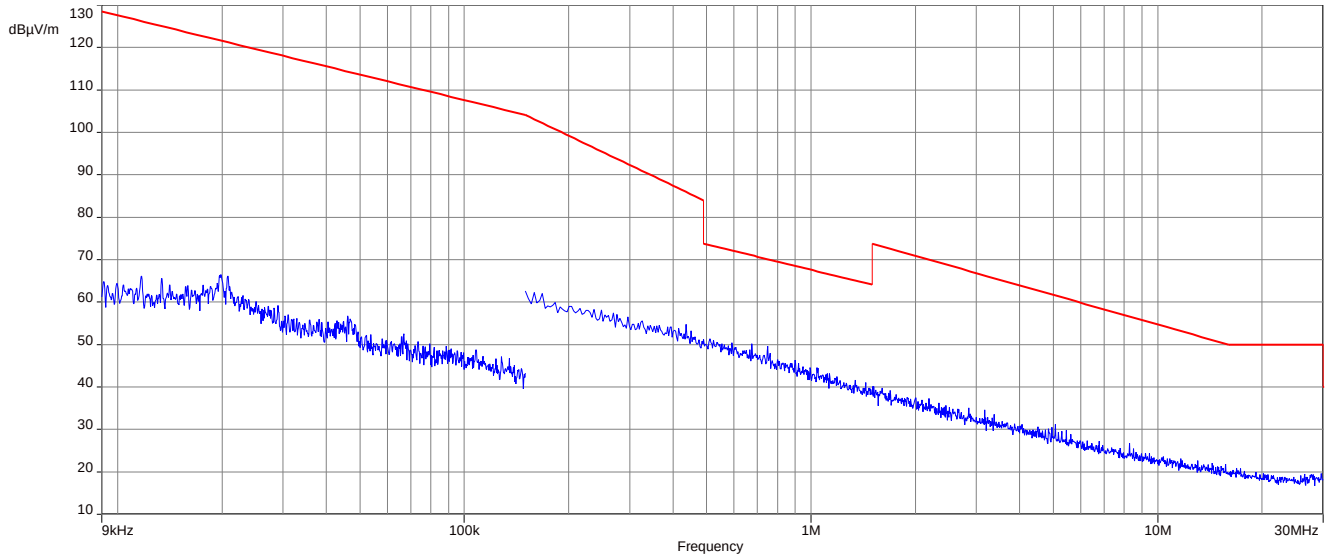
Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; lowest channel



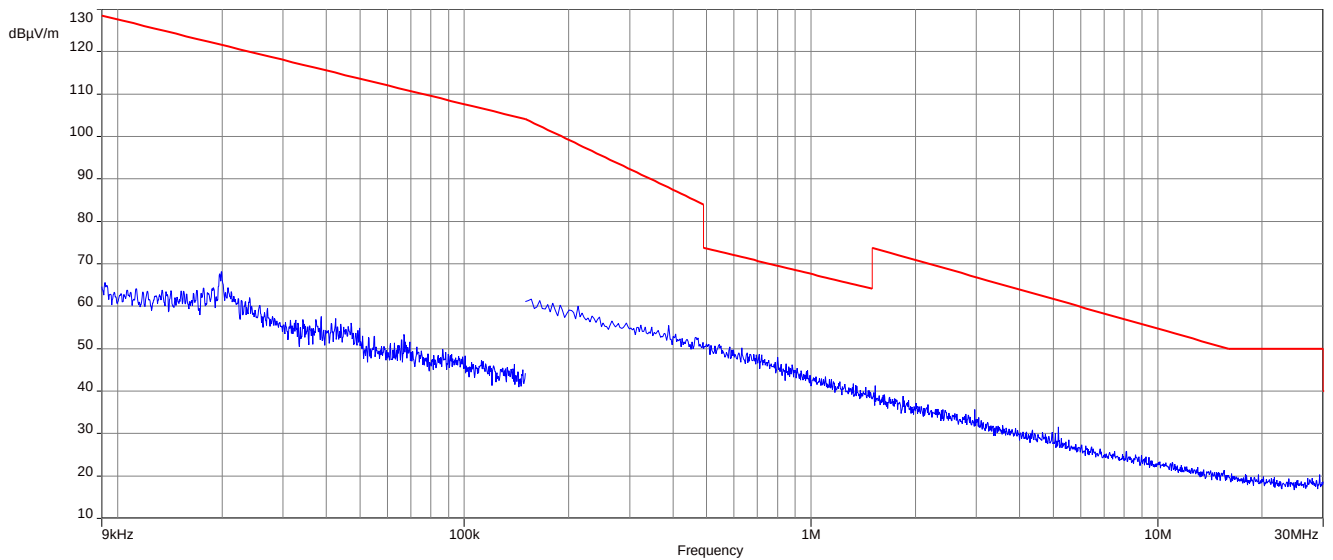
Plot 6: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; middle channel



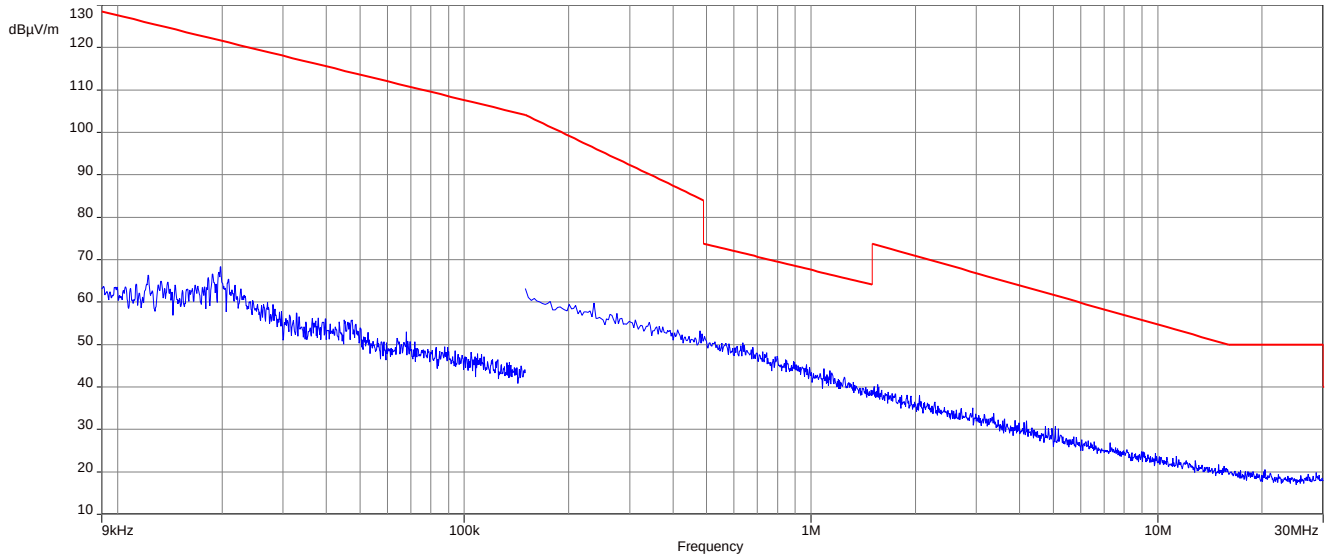
Plot 7: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; highest channel



Plot 8: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel

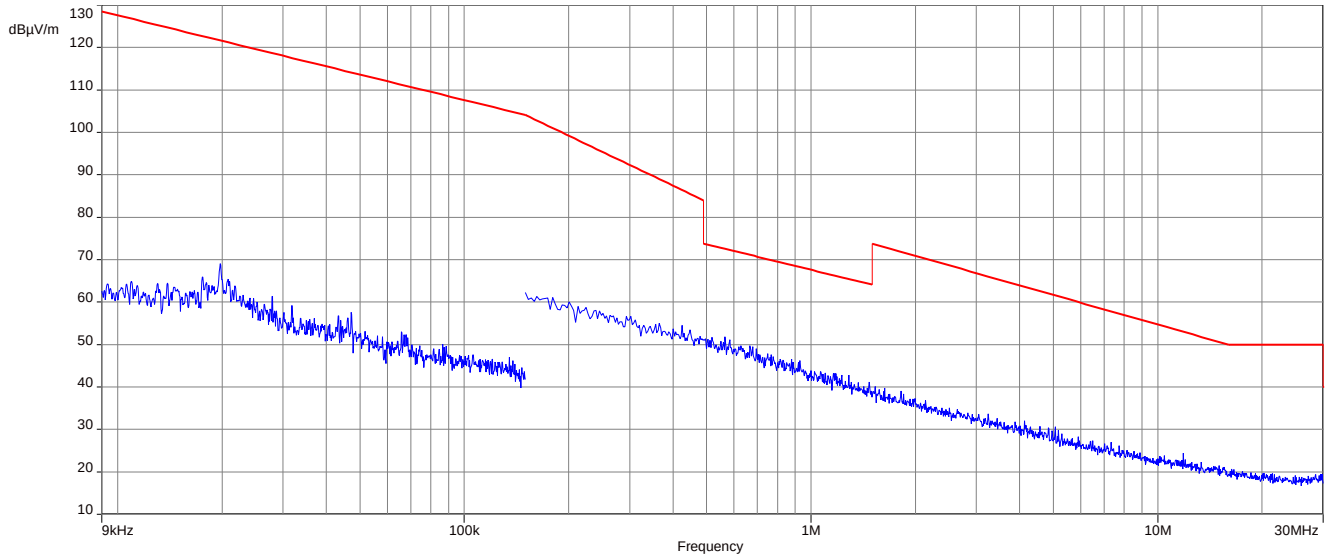


Plot 9: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel

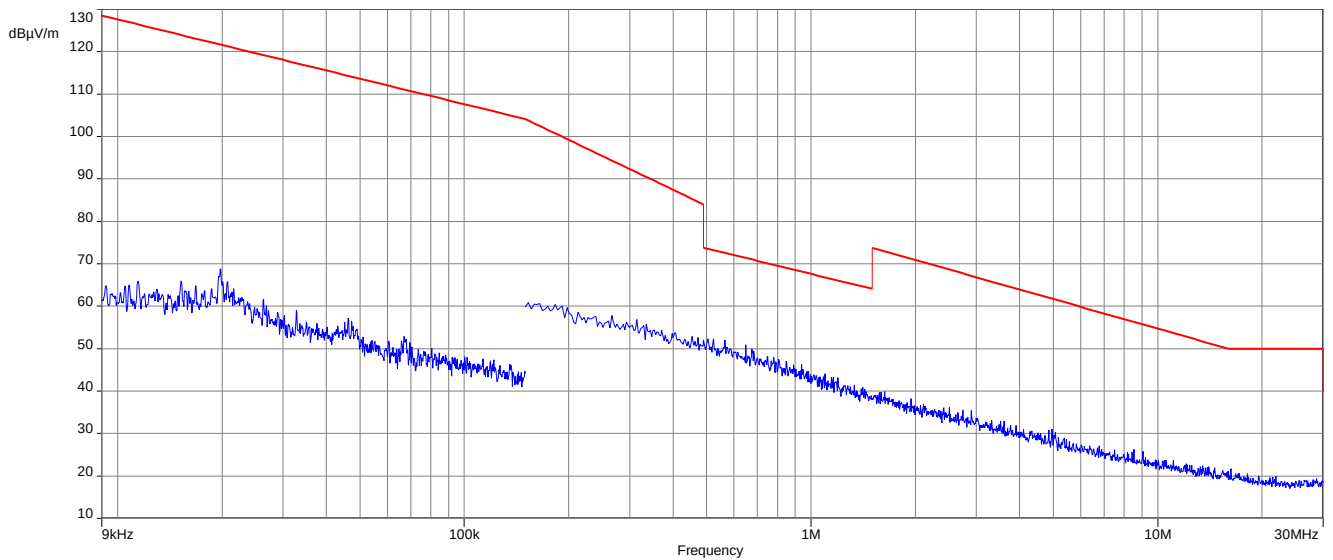


Plots: 80 MHz channel bandwidth

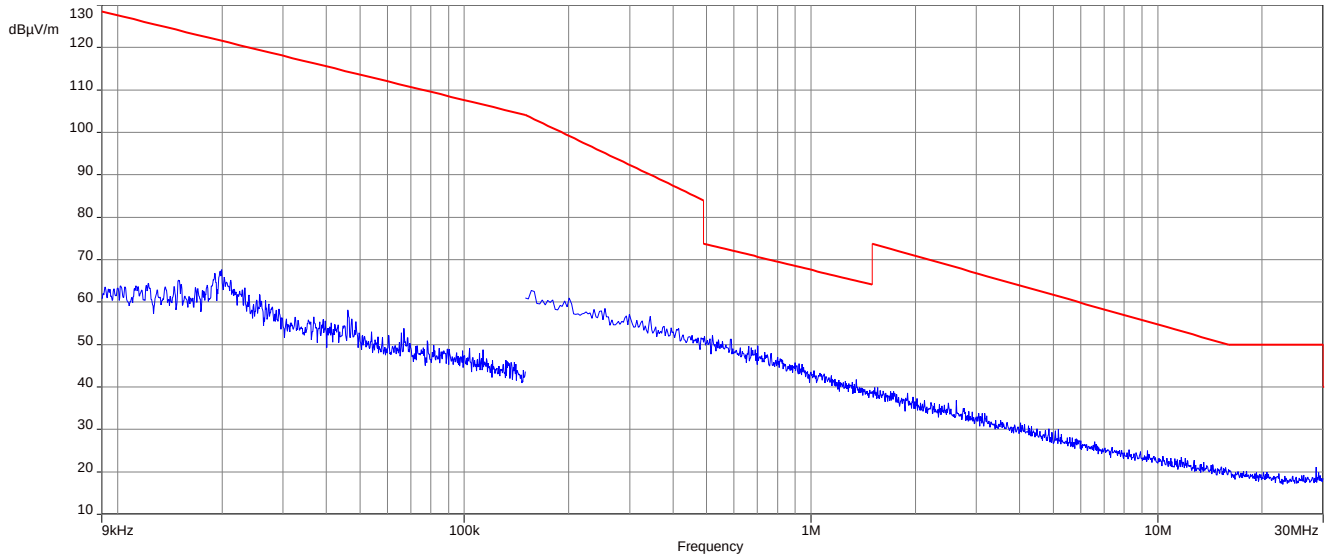
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; middle channel



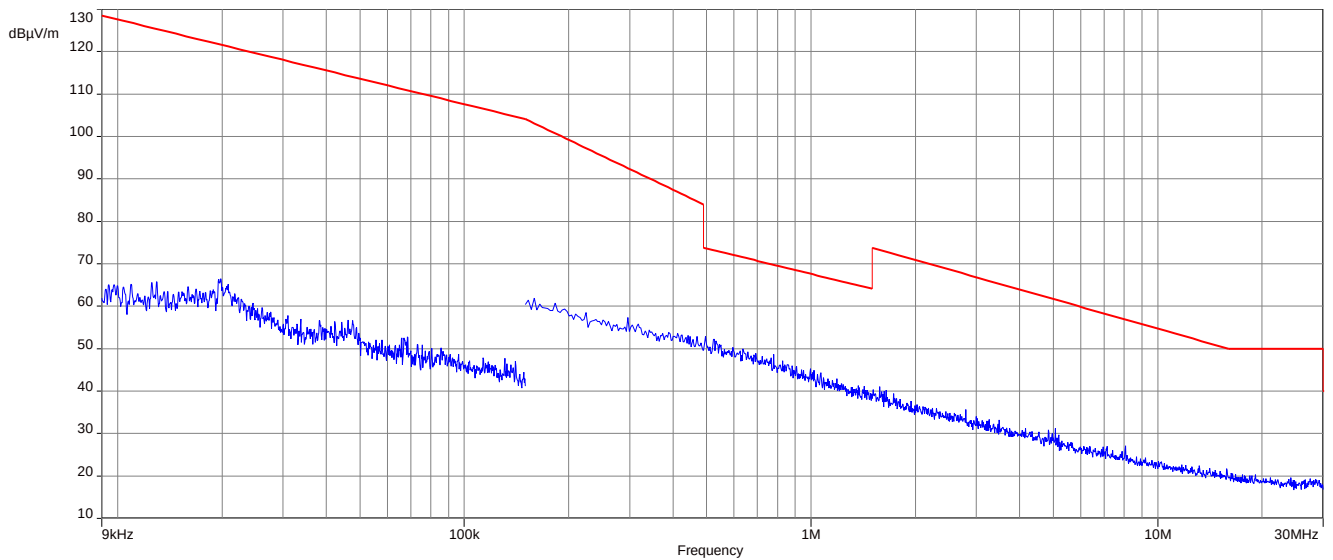
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; middle channel



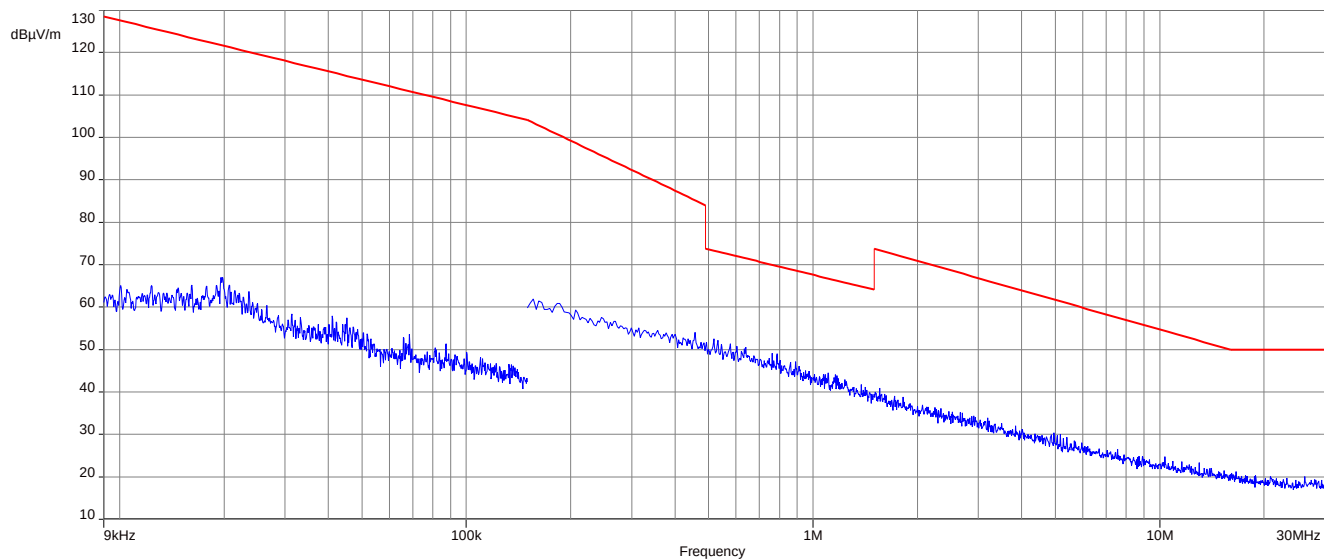
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; lowest channel



Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; highest channel



Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; middle channel



12.12 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations below 1 GHz.

Measurement:

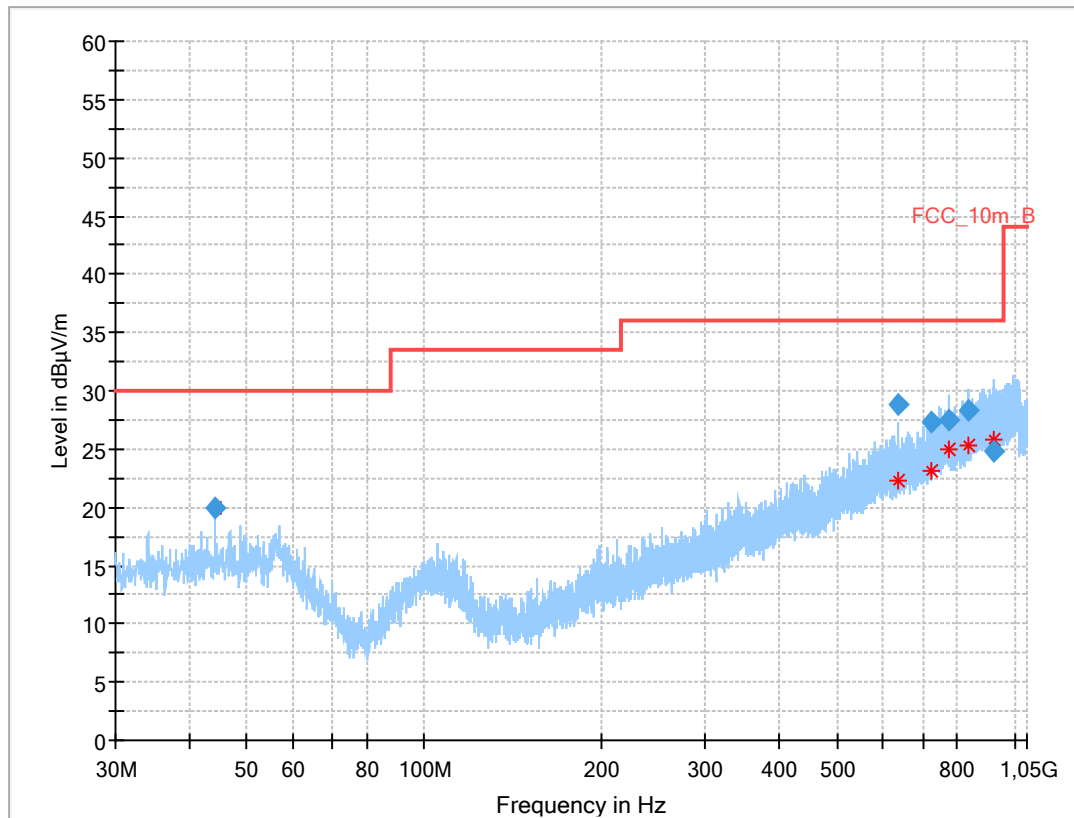
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	120 kHz
Video bandwidth:	500 kHz
Span:	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.1 – A See sub clause 7.2 – B See sub clause 7.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209 / RSS-247		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

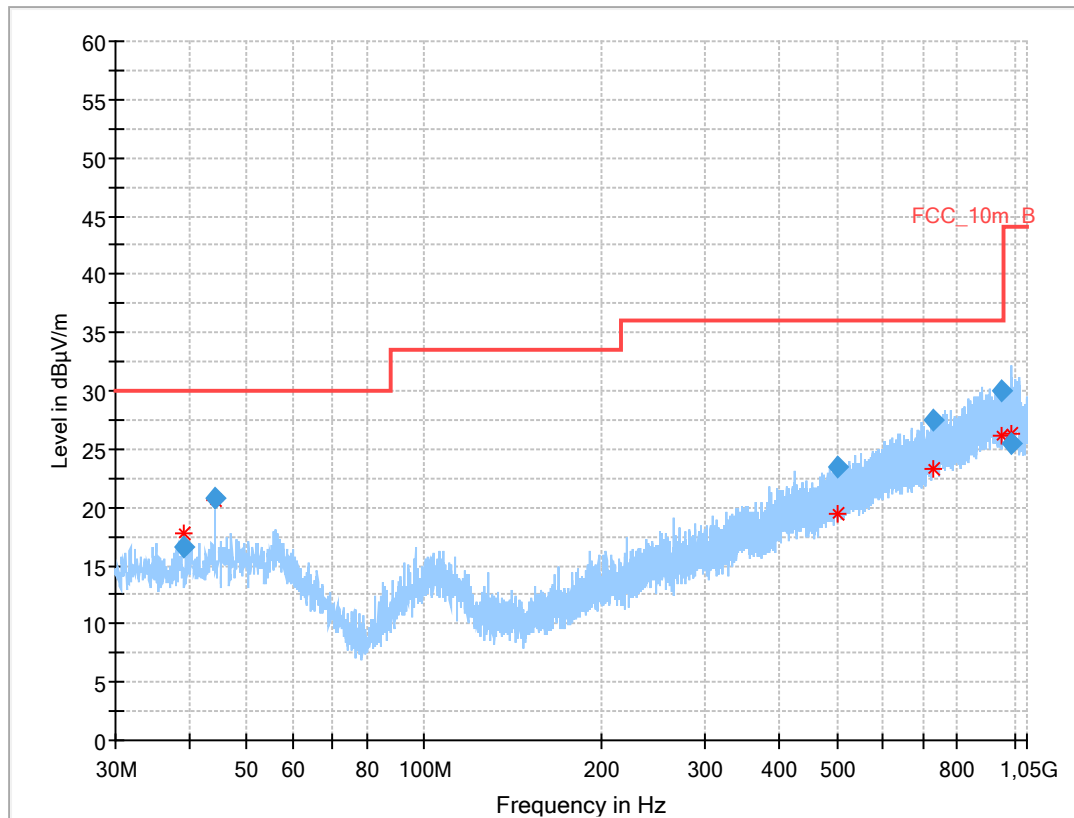
Plots:

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; valid for all channels and modes

**Results:**

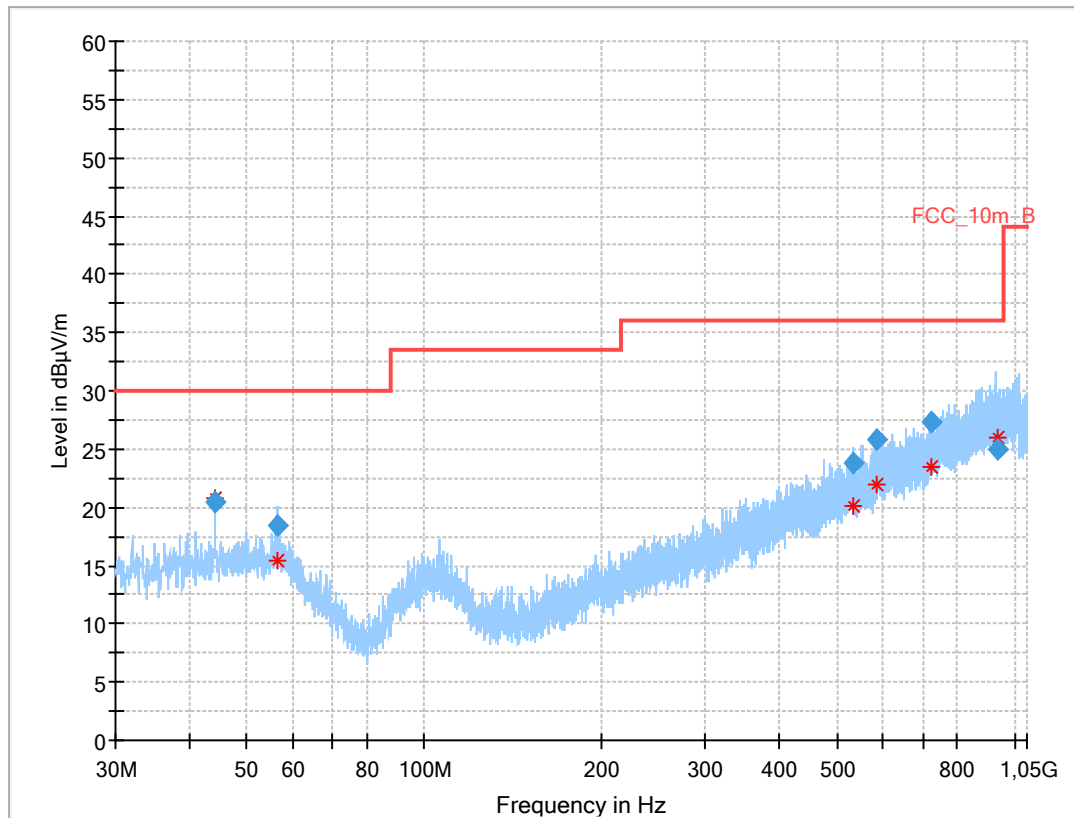
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
44.240	19.98	30.0	10.0	1000	120.0	121.0	V	77	15
635.153	28.87	36.0	7.1	1000	120.0	151.0	V	-15	22
723.600	27.30	36.0	8.7	1000	120.0	195.0	H	217	23
774.126	27.48	36.0	8.5	1000	120.0	195.0	V	144	24
834.966	28.35	36.0	7.7	1000	120.0	195.0	V	70	24
922.918	24.76	36.0	11.2	1000	120.0	195.0	V	142	25

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; valid for all channels and modes

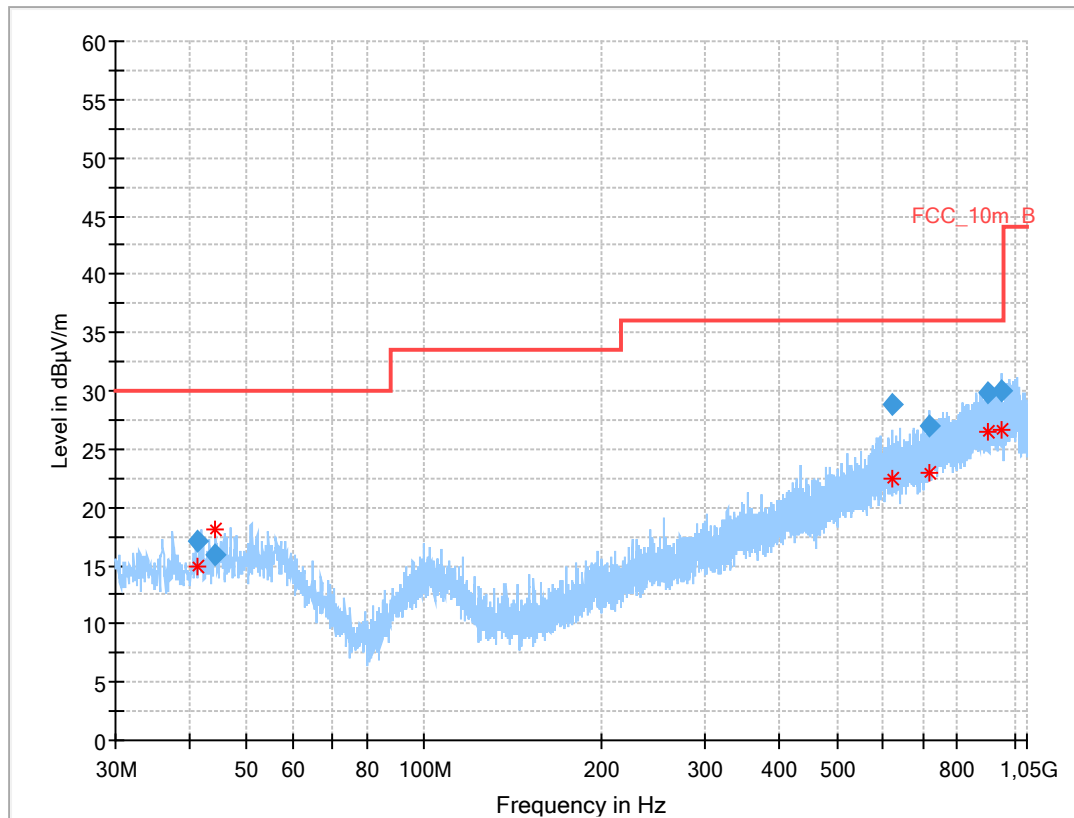


Results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
39.114	16.55	30.0	13.5	1000	120.0	132.0	H	232	14
44.230	20.80	30.0	9.2	1000	120.0	98.0	V	176	15
501.117	23.44	36.0	12.6	1000	120.0	195.0	H	9	20
727.334	27.44	36.0	8.6	1000	120.0	98.0	V	255	23
951.250	29.93	36.0	6.1	1000	120.0	195.0	V	79	25
989.080	25.50	44.0	18.5	1000	120.0	195.0	V	52	26

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; valid for all channels and modes**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
44.236	20.48	30.0	9.5	1000	120.0	149.0	V	160	15
56.253	18.51	30.0	11.5	1000	120.0	195.0	H	52	16
533.351	23.74	36.0	12.3	1000	120.0	195.0	H	26	20
582.158	25.77	36.0	10.2	1000	120.0	122.0	H	249	21
724.525	27.34	36.0	8.7	1000	120.0	195.0	V	52	23
933.231	24.99	36.0	11.0	1000	120.0	195.0	V	142	25

Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; valid for all channels and modes**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
41.387	17.07	30.0	12.9	1000	120.0	195.0	V	-37	14
44.229	15.98	30.0	14.0	1000	120.0	107.0	V	300	15
619.824	28.81	36.0	7.2	1000	120.0	189.0	H	-31	22
718.169	26.90	36.0	9.1	1000	120.0	147.0	V	232	22
900.244	29.82	36.0	6.2	1000	120.0	195.0	H	160	25
951.928	29.93	36.0	6.1	1000	120.0	195.0	H	-37	25

12.13 Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 40 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations from 1 GHz to 40 GHz.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak below 1 GHz (alternative Peak) Peak above 1 GHz / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	1 GHz to 40 GHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold / Average with 100 counts + 20 log (1 / X) for duty cycle lower than 100 %
Test setup:	See sub clause 7.1 – A See sub clause 7.2 – B See sub clause 7.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209 / RSS-247		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

Results: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBμV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-	-/-	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBμV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-	-/-	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBμV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-	-/-	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBμV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-	-/-	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

Results: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-	-/-	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-	-/-	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-	-/-	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-	-/-	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

Results: 80 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm		
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
Middle channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-

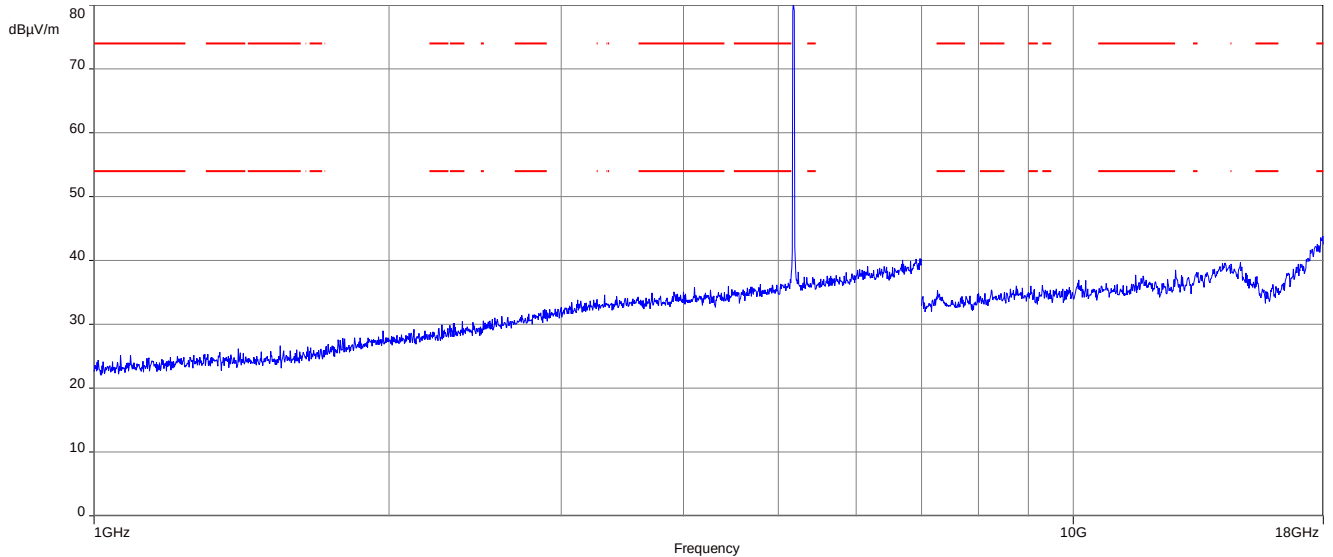
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm		
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
Middle channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm					
U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)					
Lowest channel			Highest channel		
-/-	Peak	-/-	-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

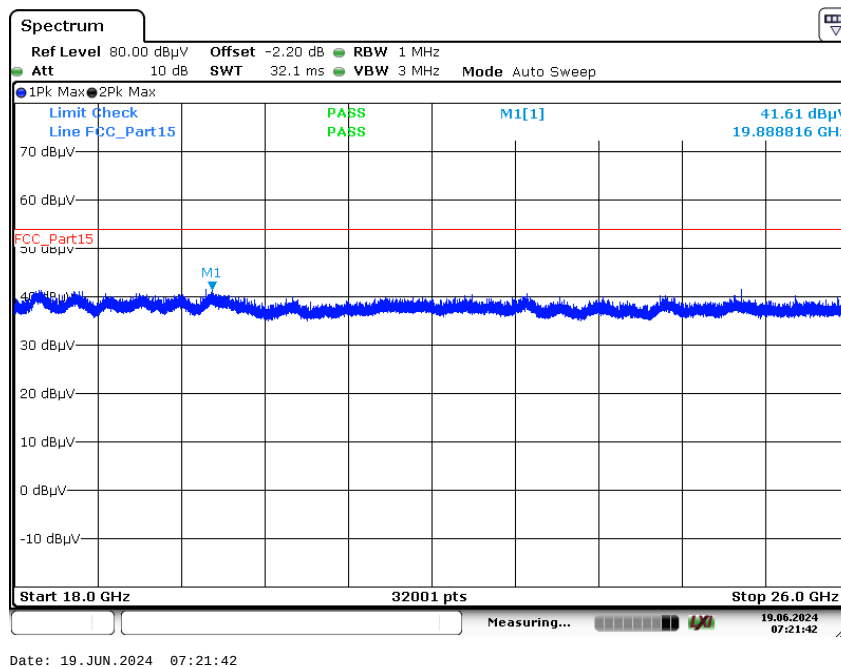
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm		
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
Middle channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-

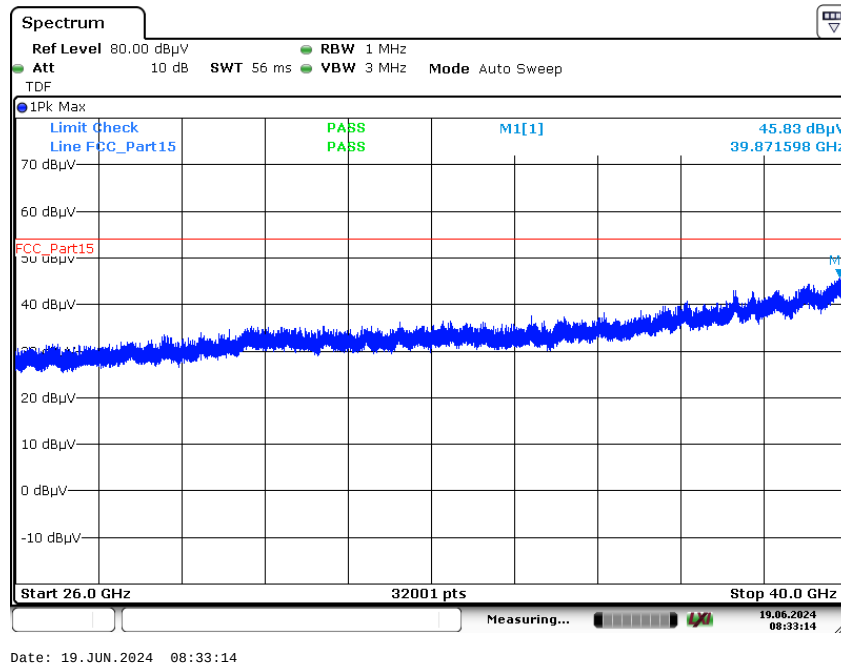
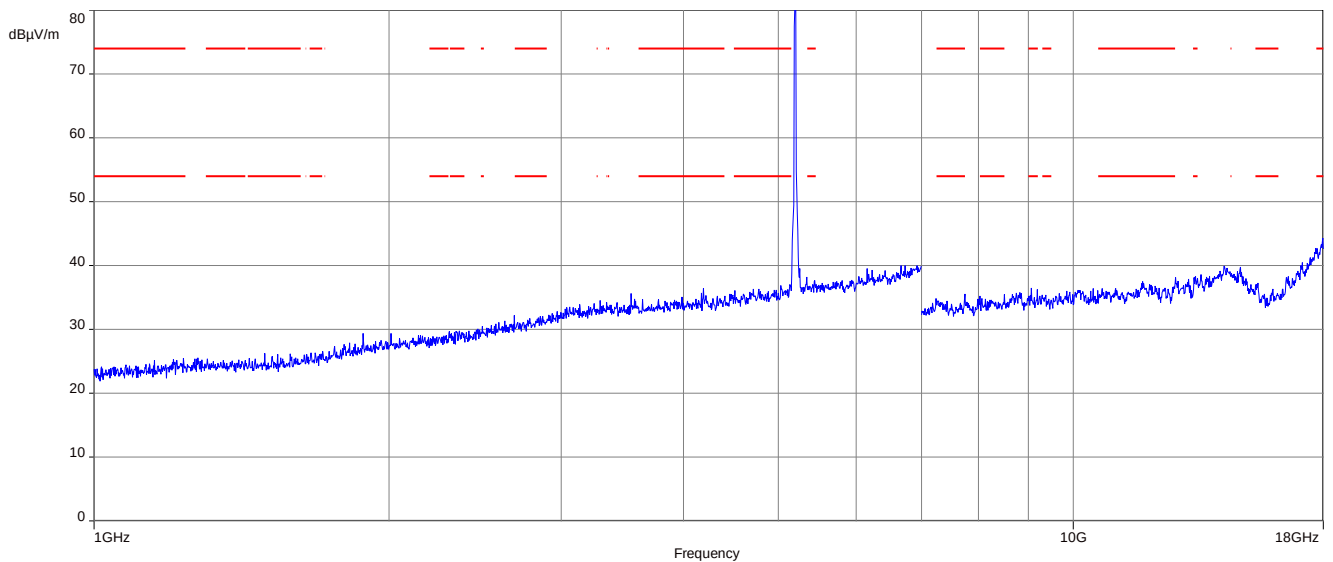
Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

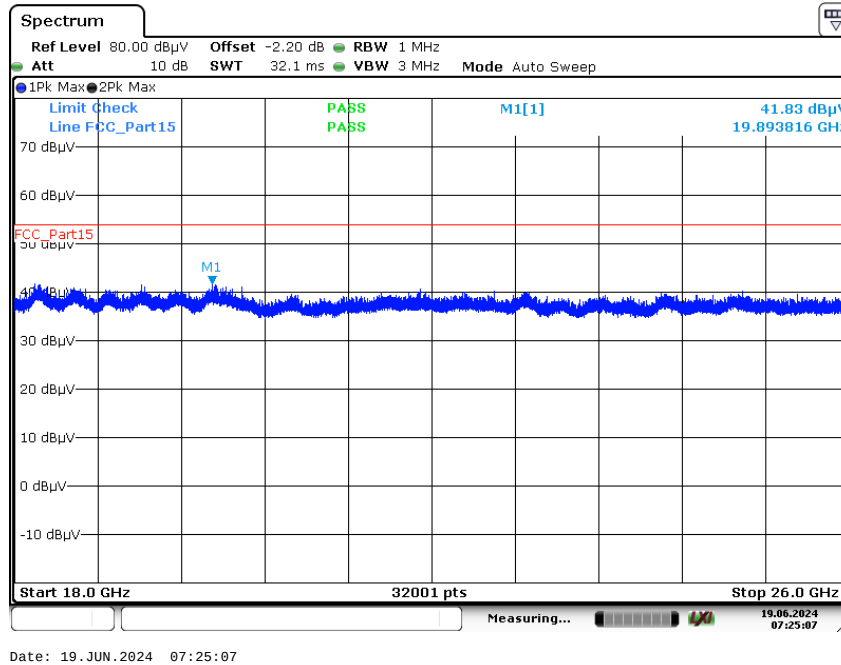
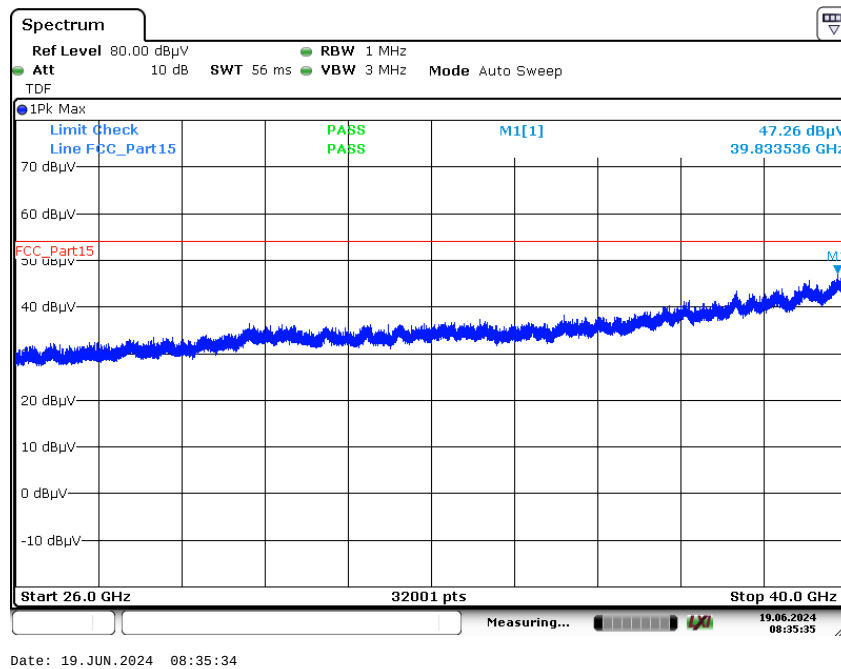
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

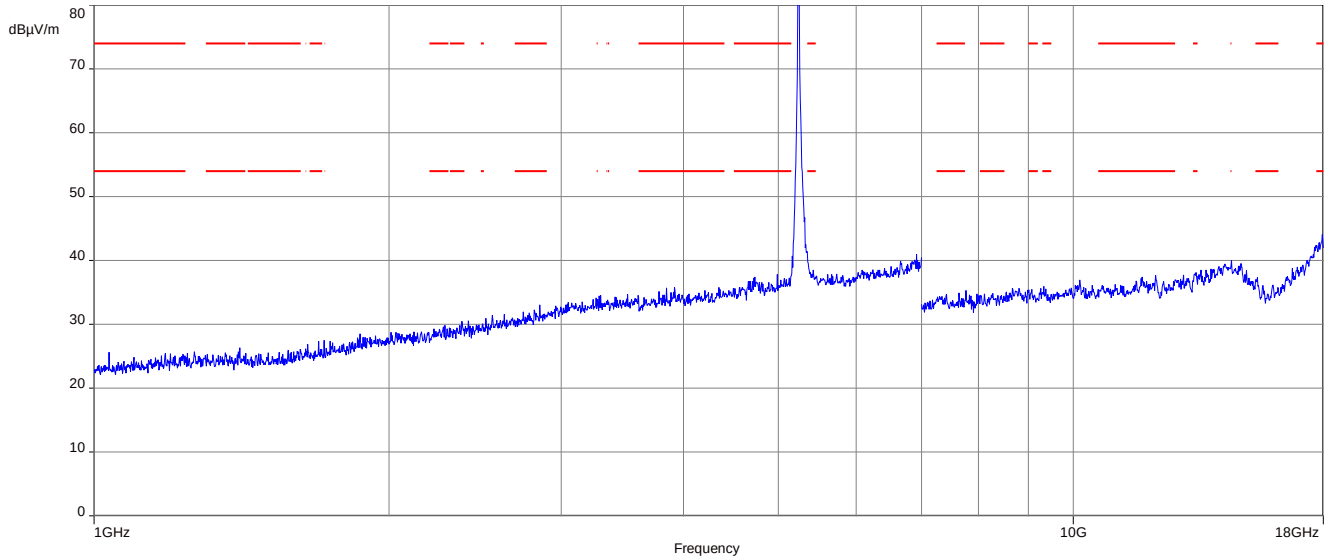
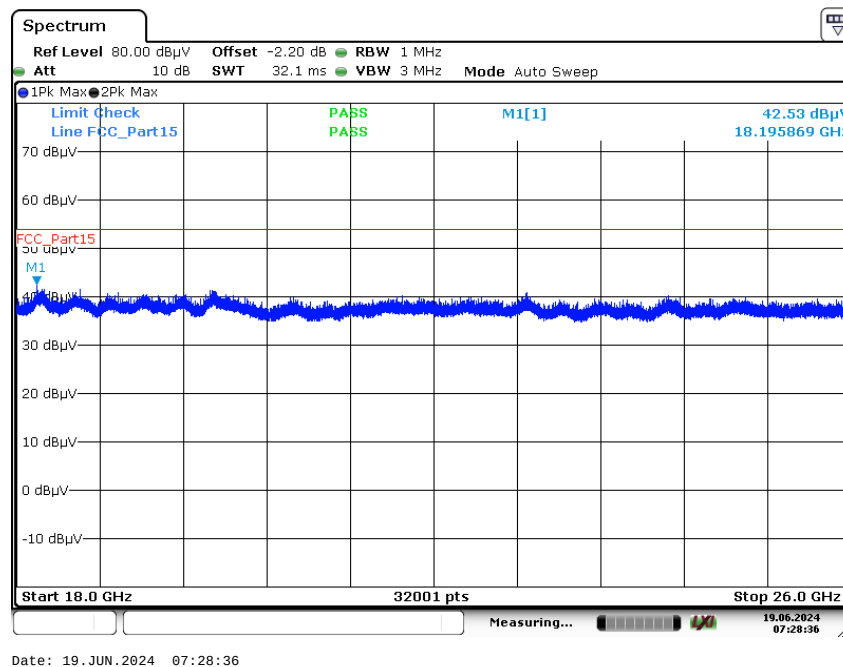


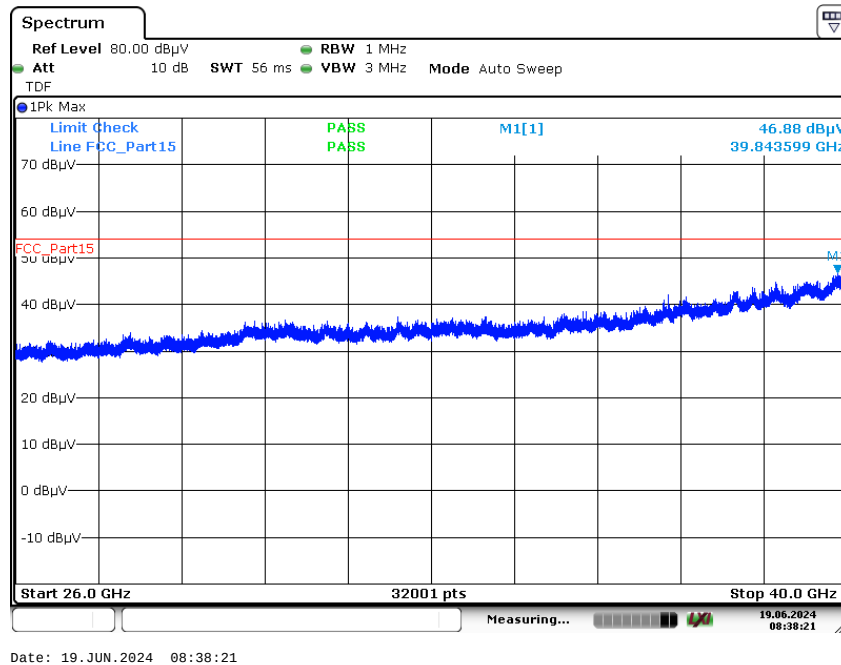
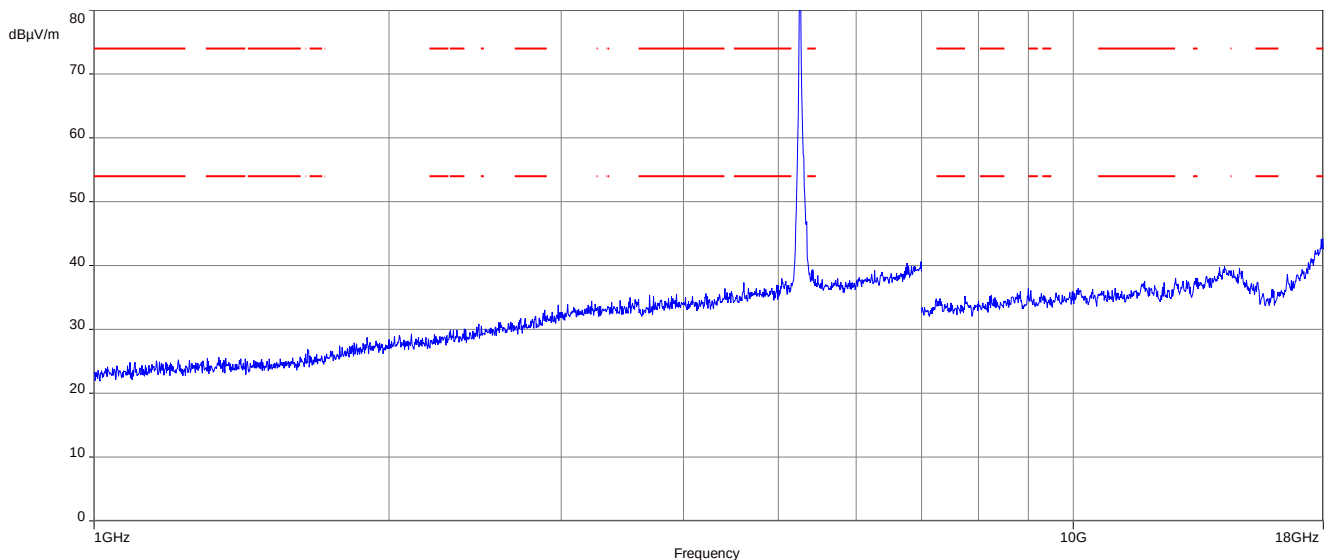
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

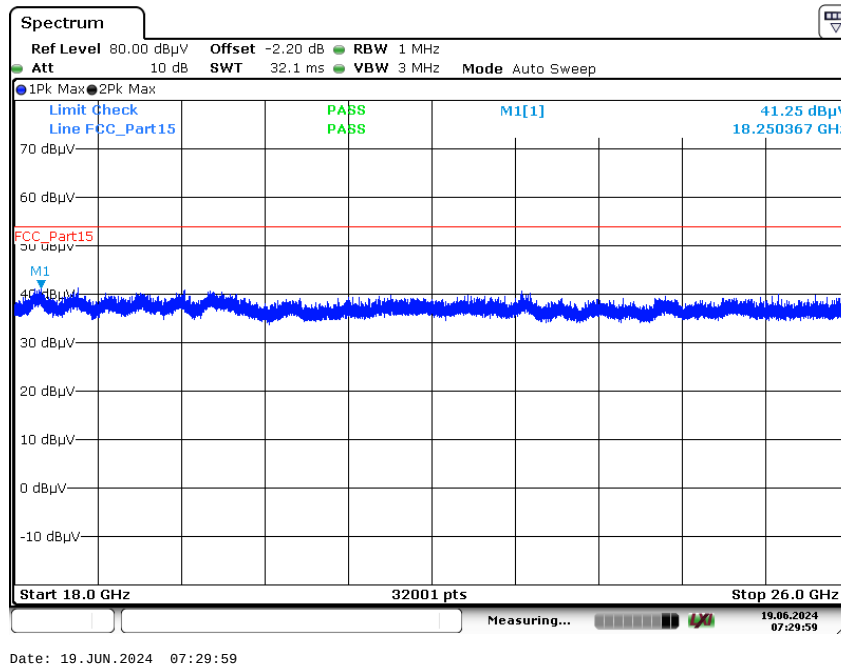
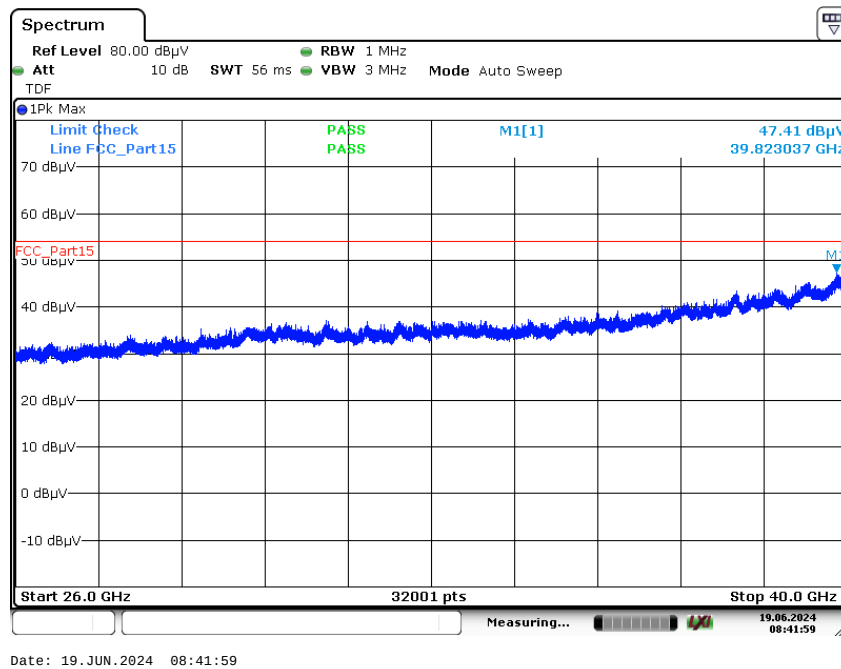


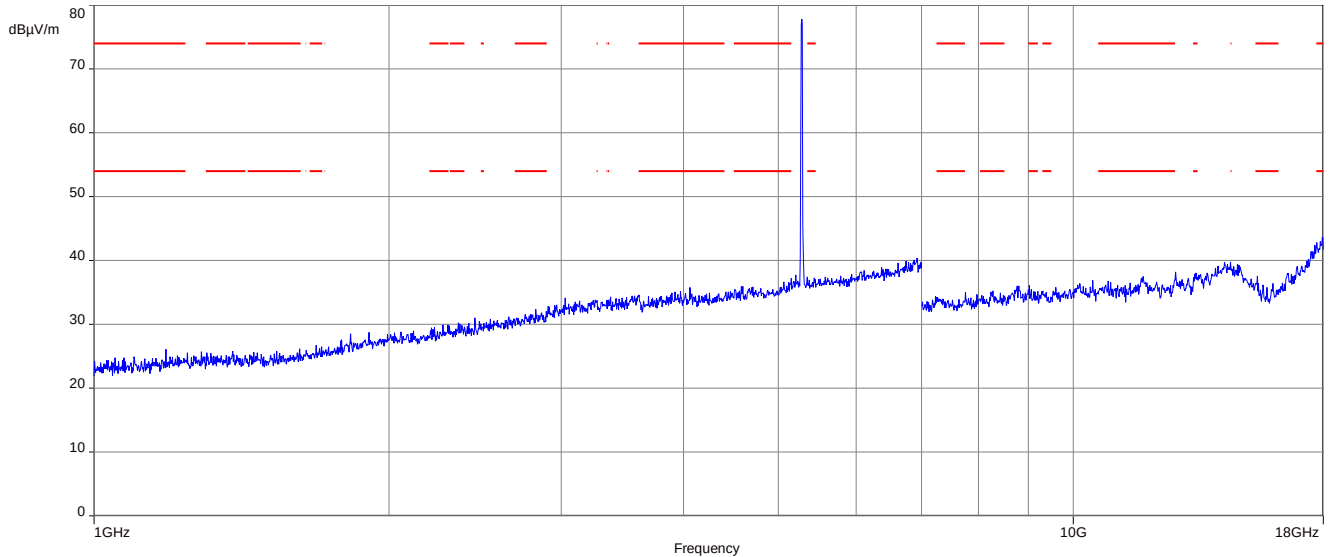
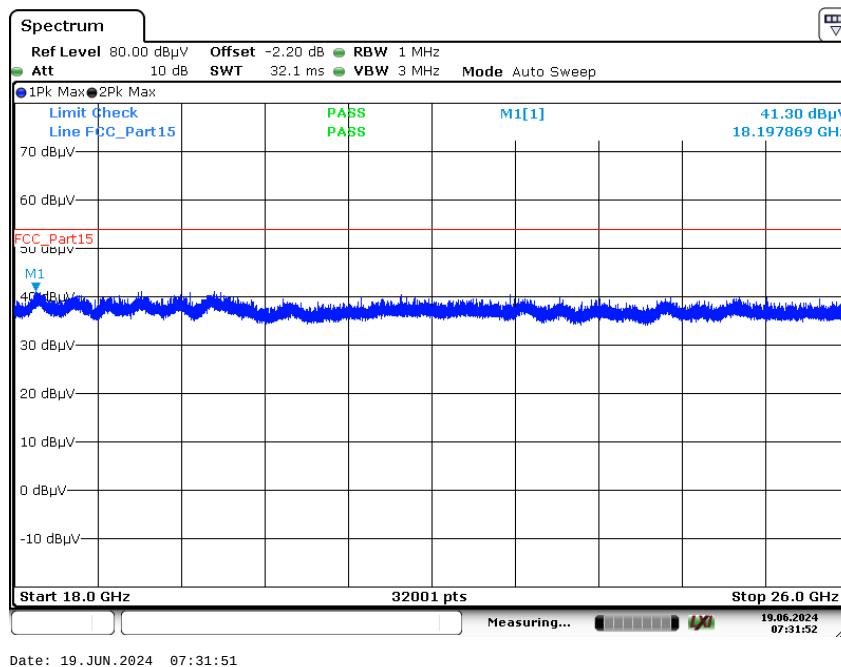
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel**Plot 4:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel

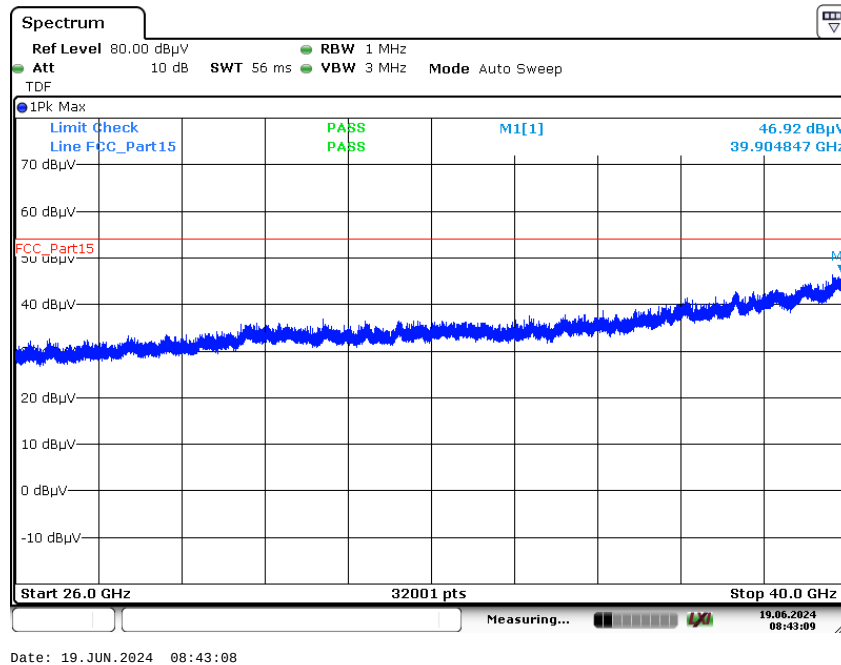
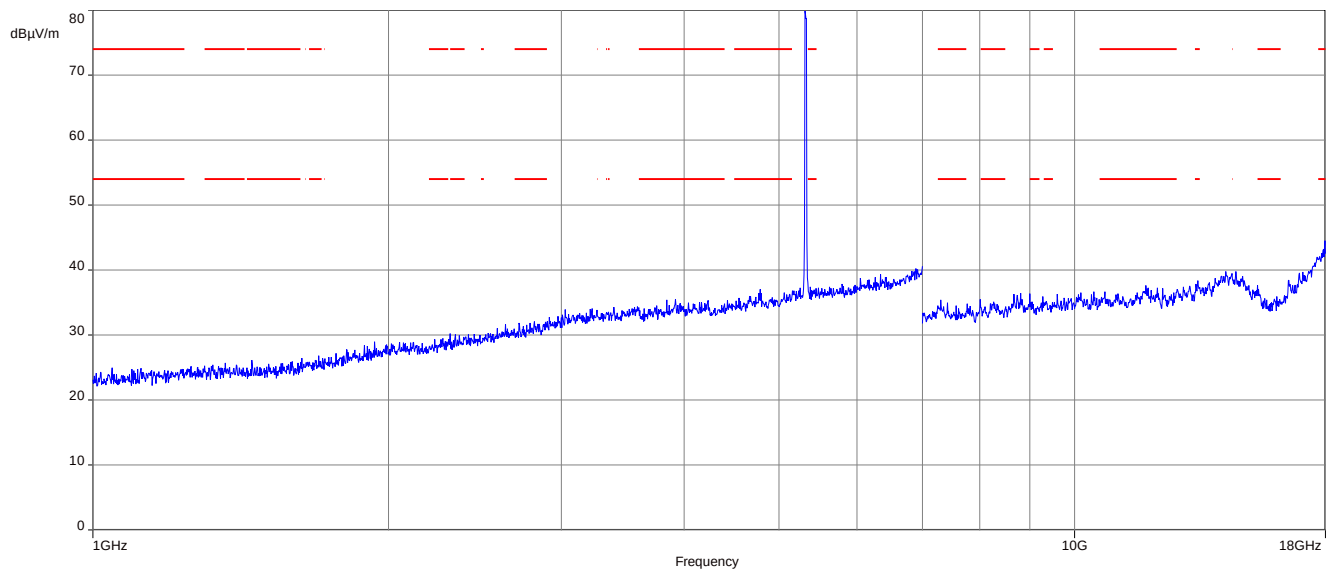
Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel**Plot 6:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel

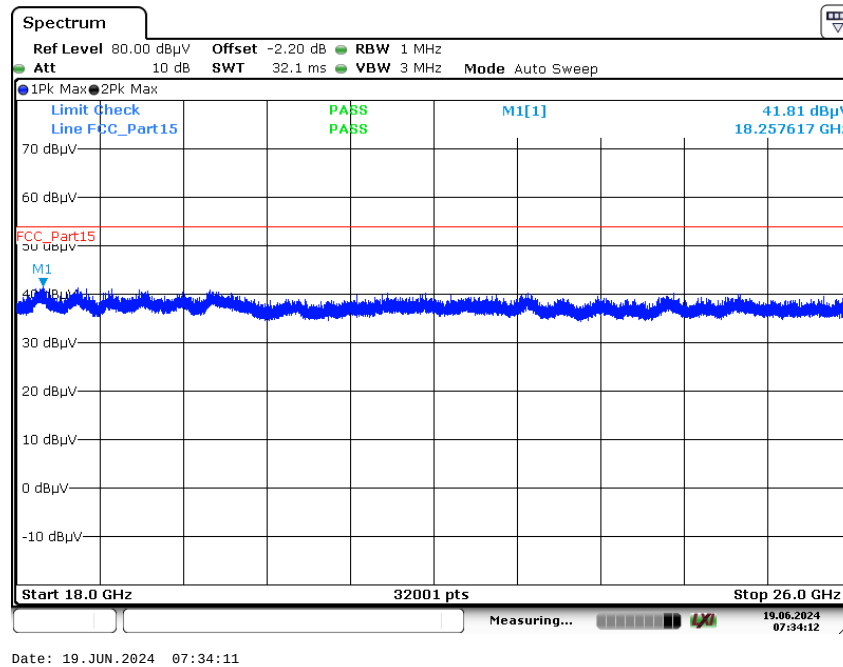
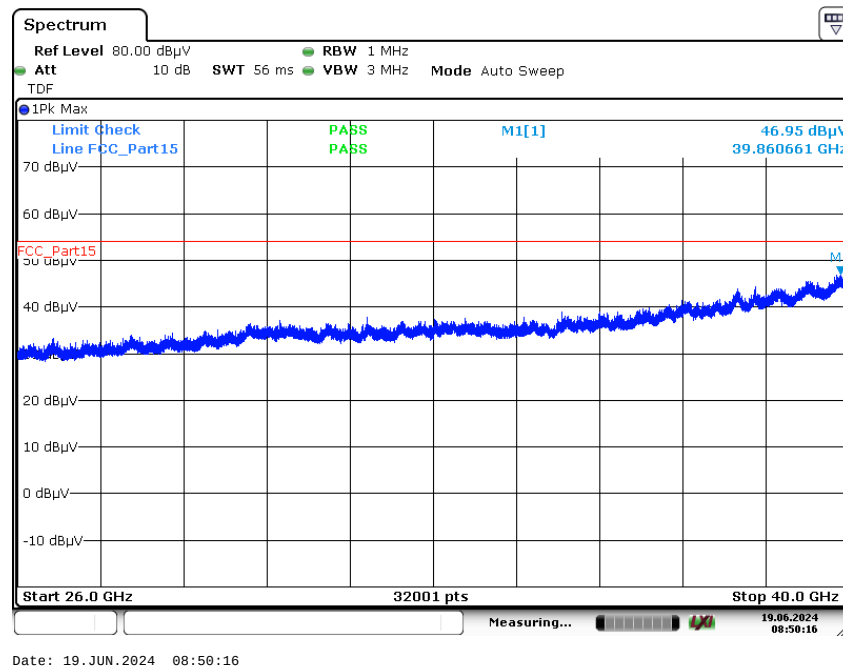
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Plot 8:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

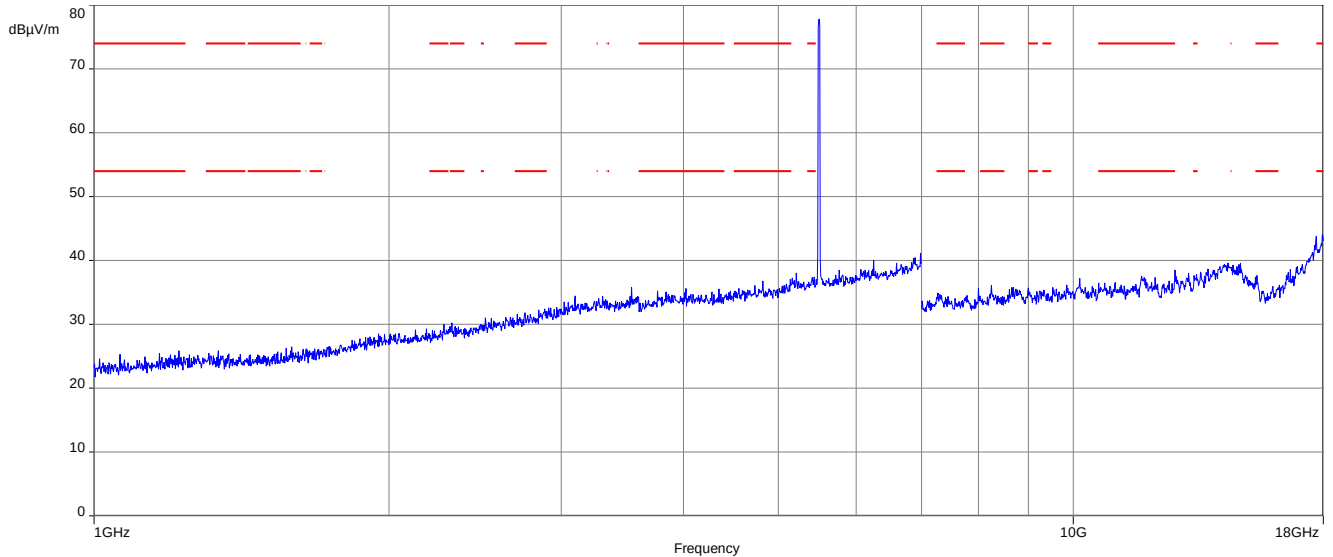
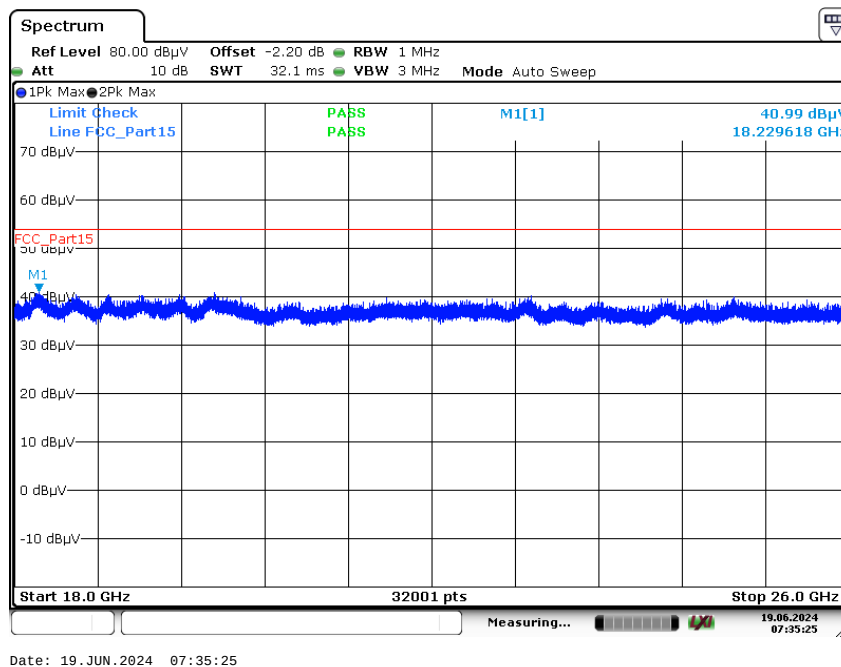
Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Plot 10:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

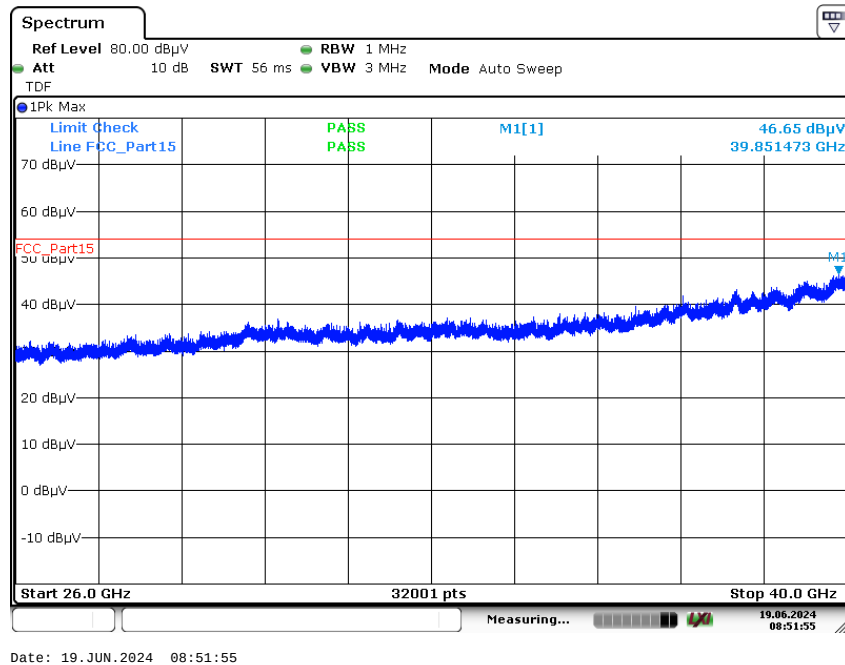
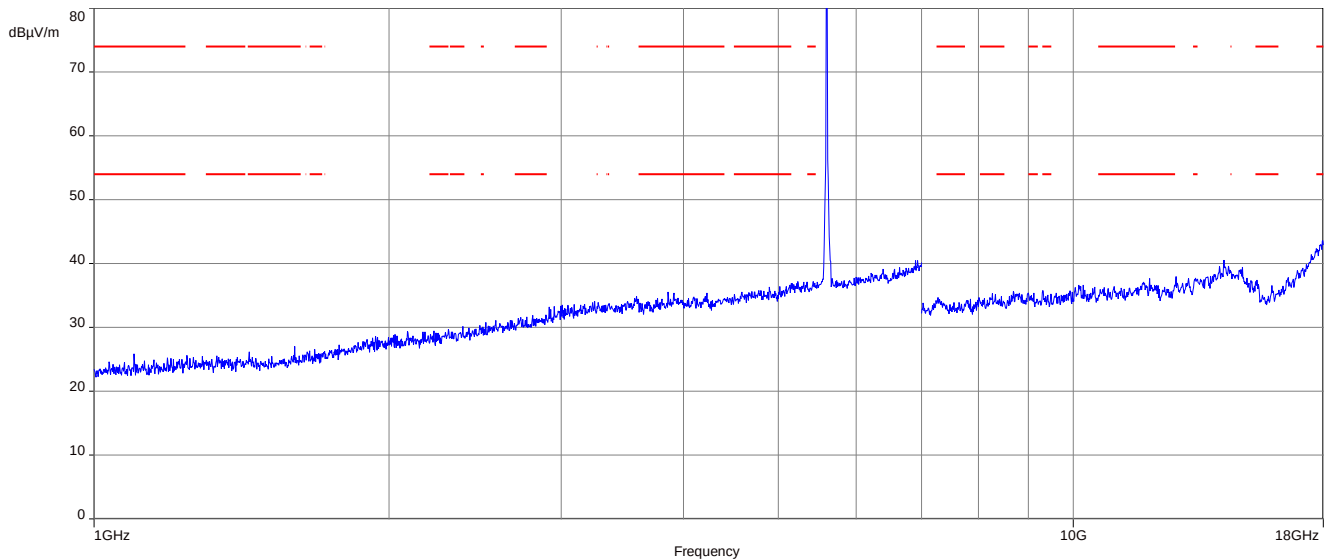
Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 12:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

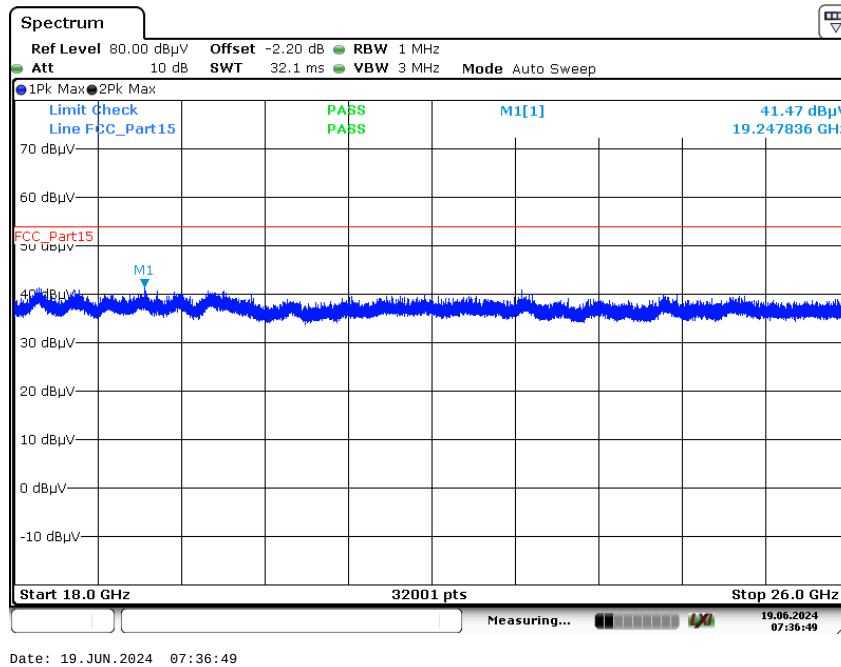
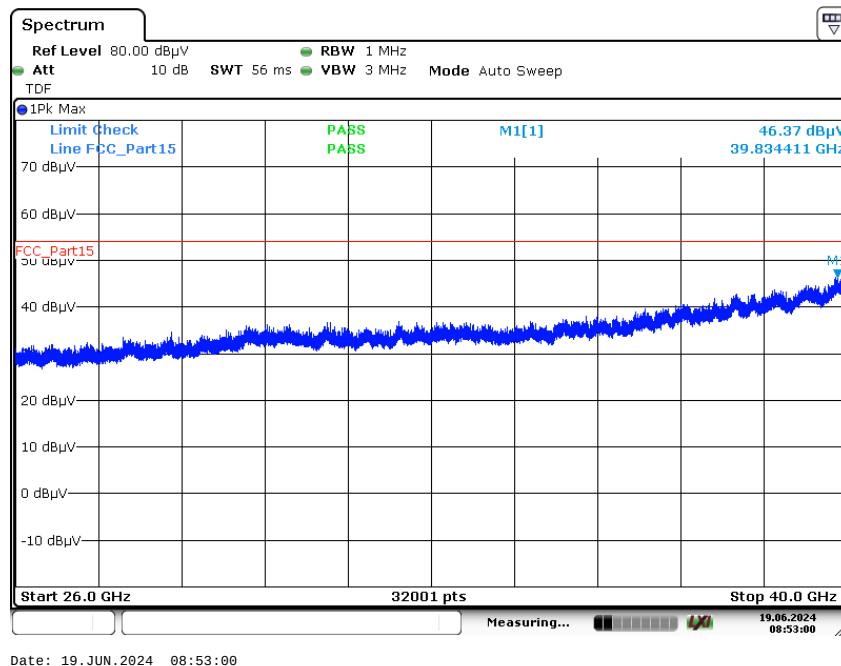
Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel**Plot 14:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel

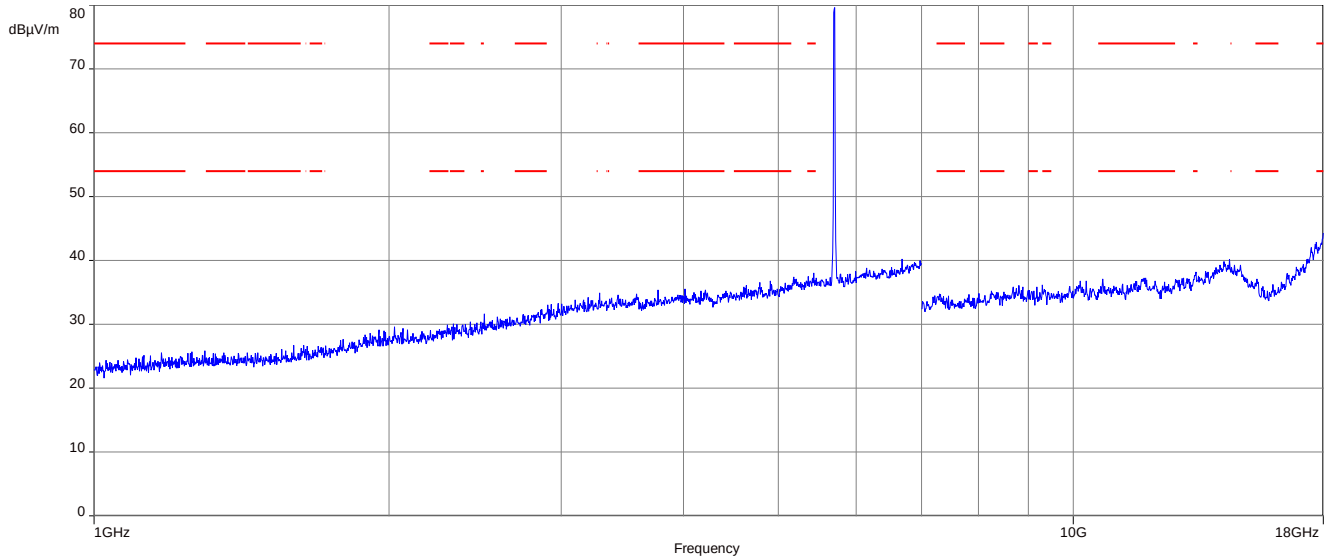
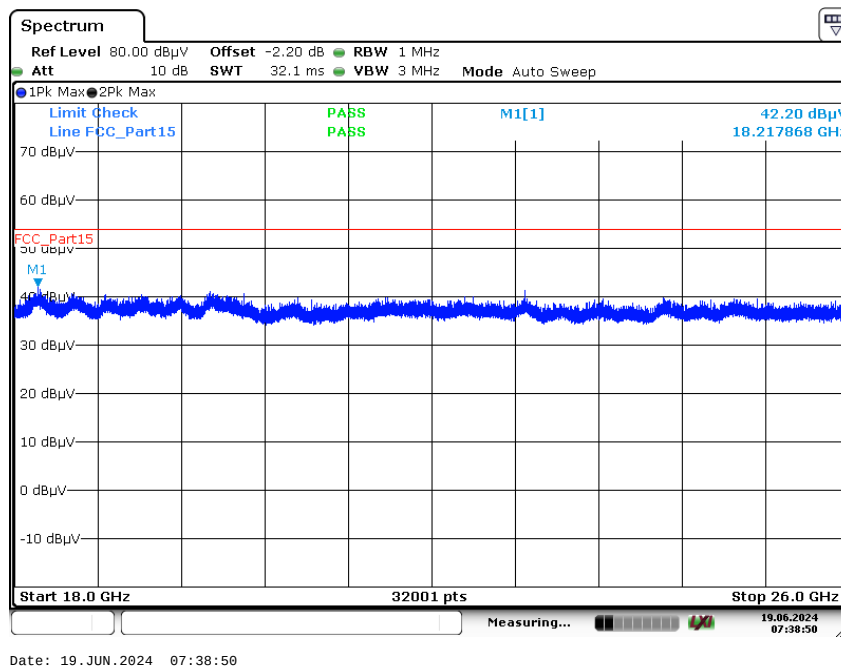
Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel**Plot 16:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

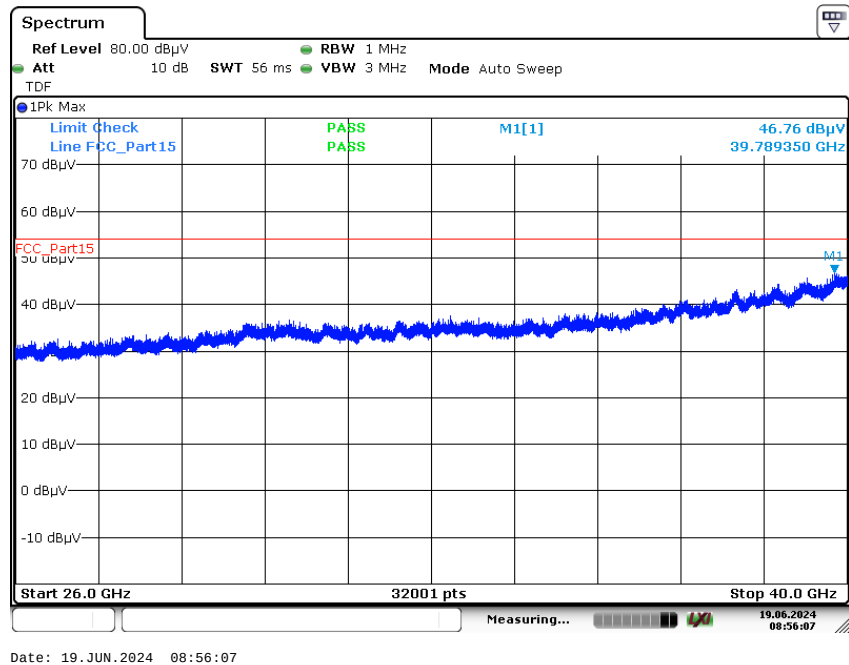
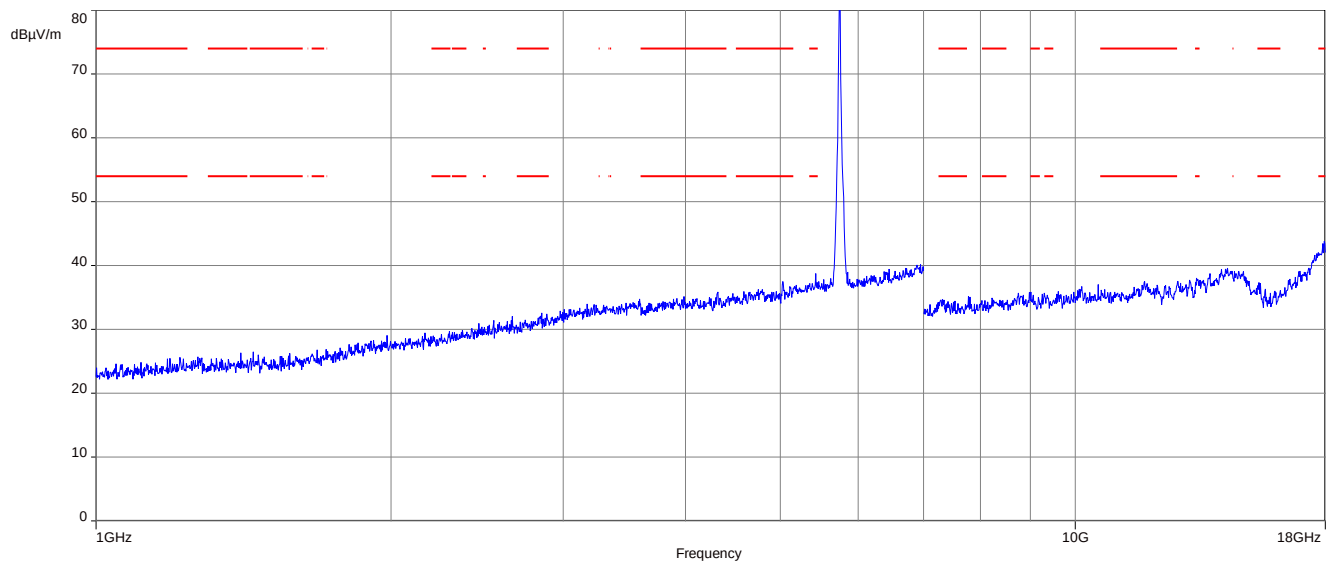
Plot 17: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel**Plot 18:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

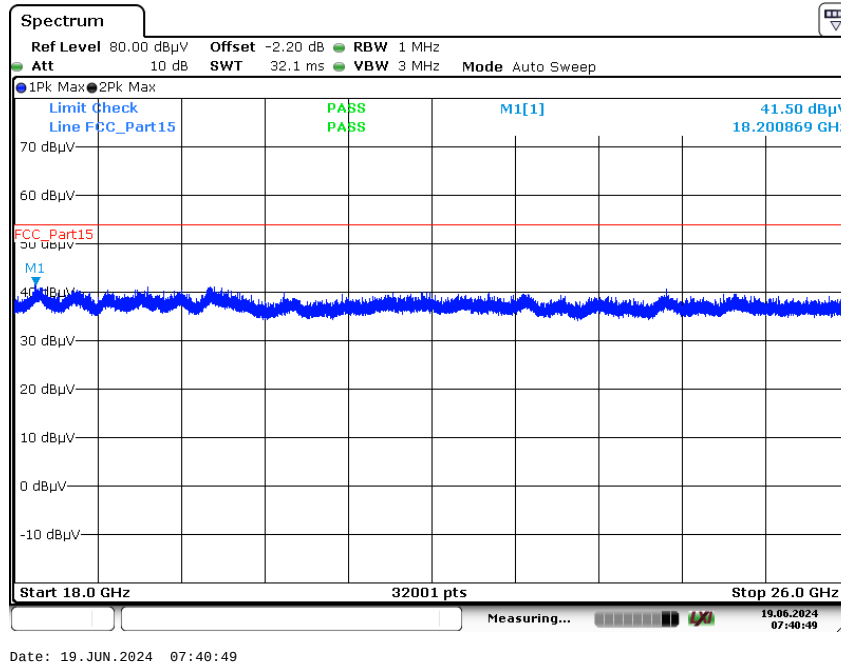
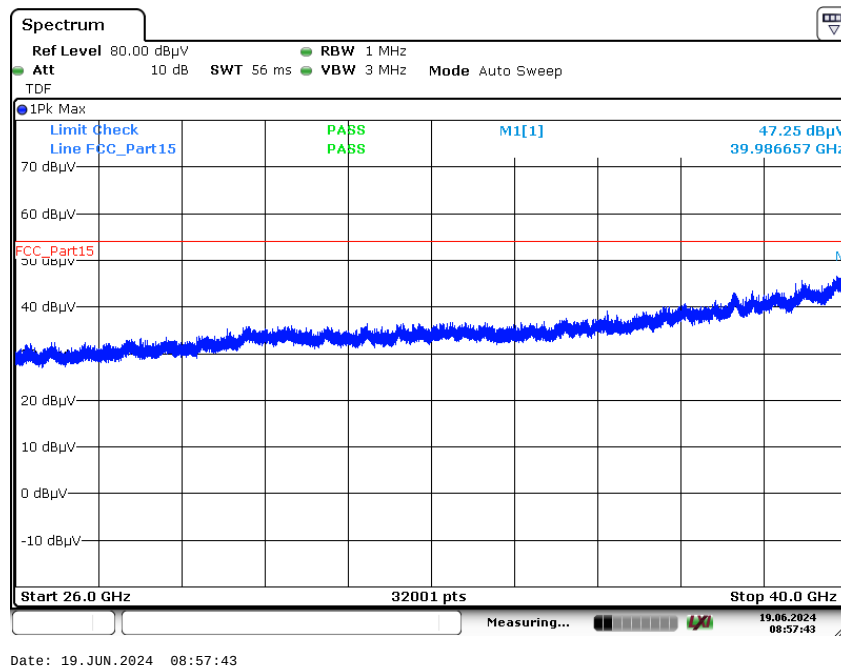
Plot 19: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 20:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel

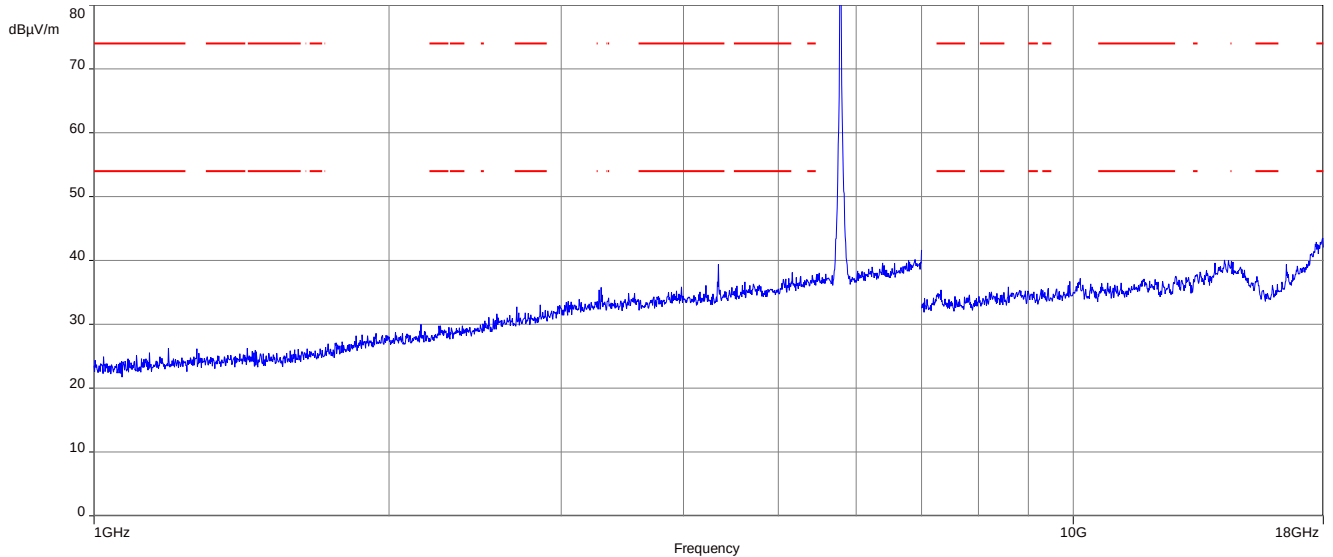
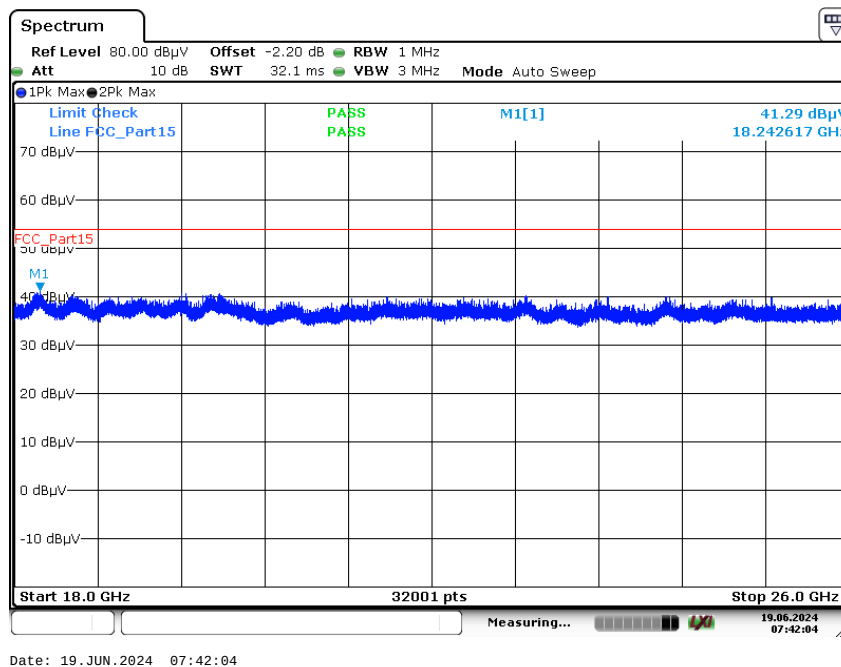
Plot 21: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 22:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel

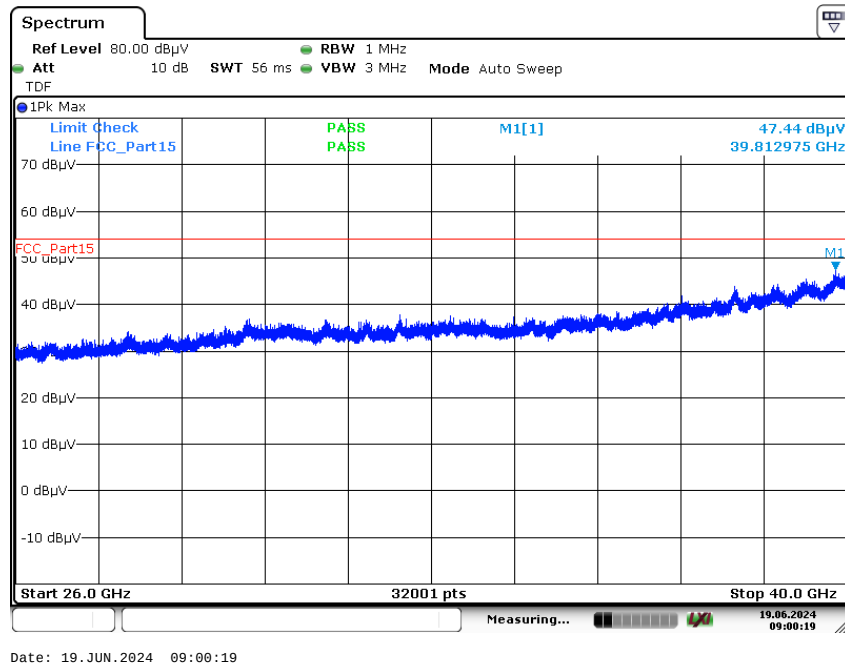
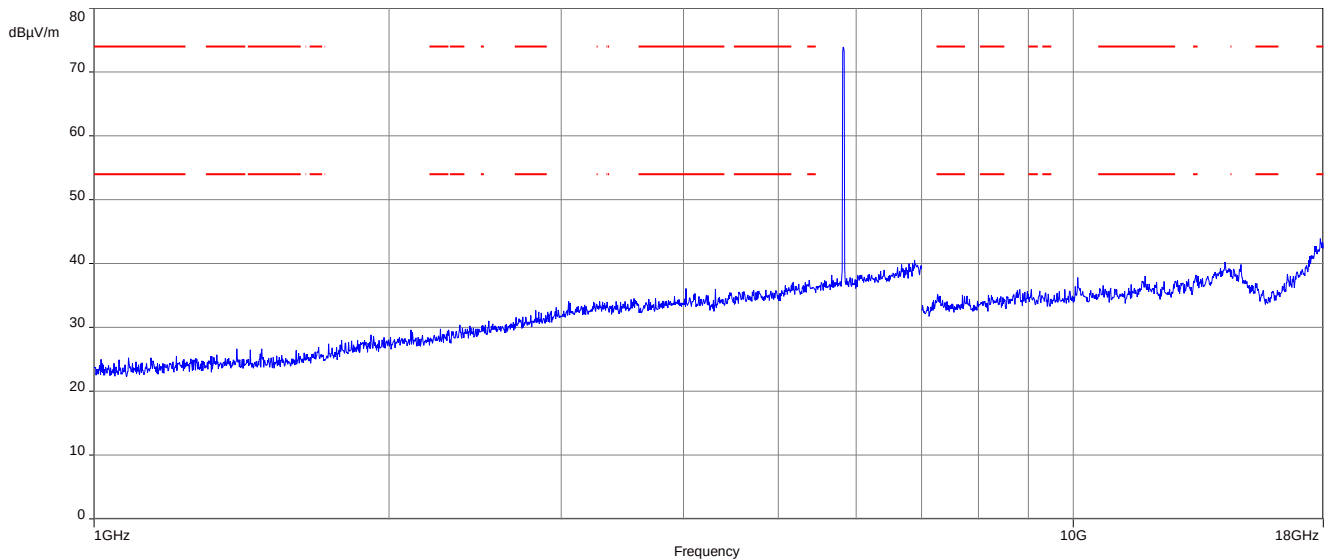
Plot 23: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel**Plot 24:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel

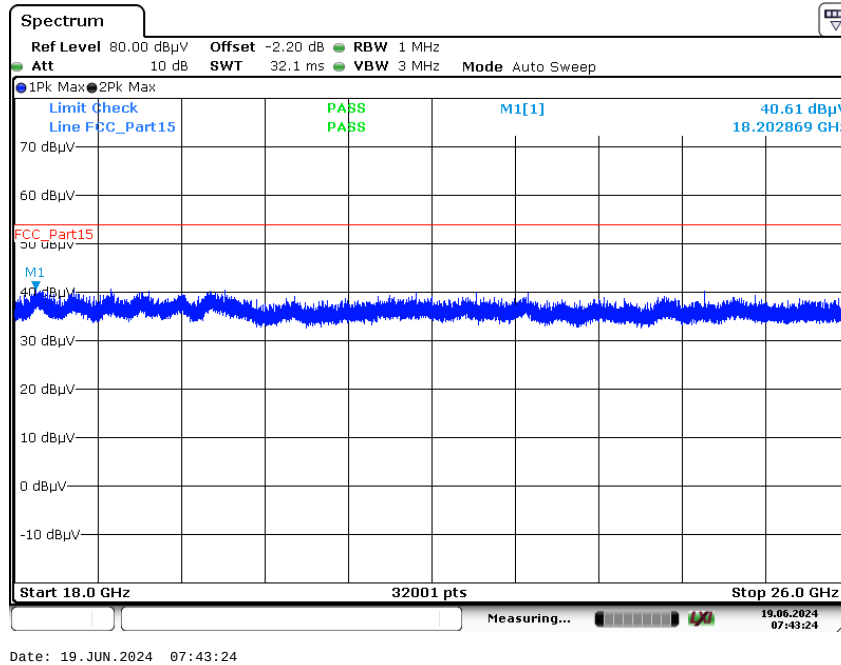
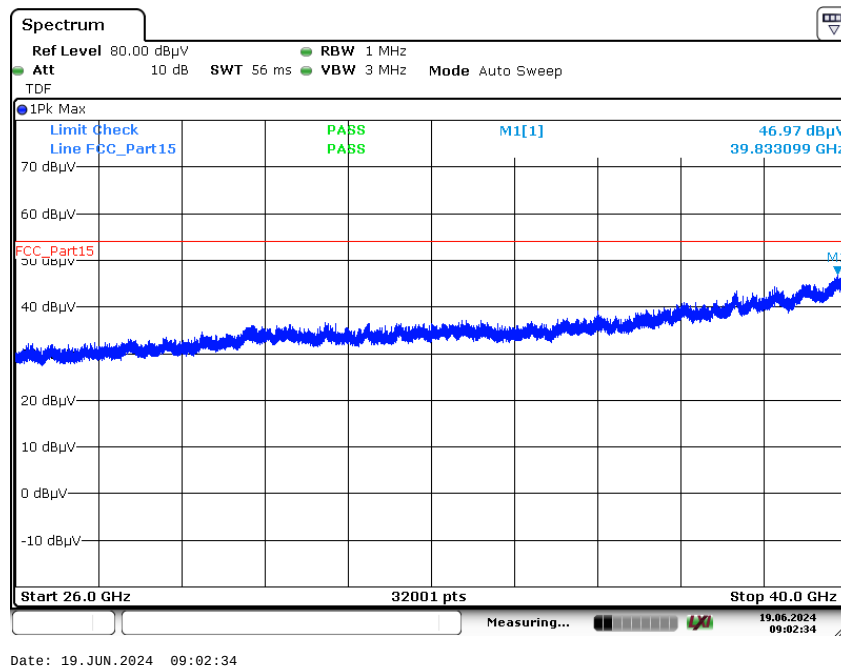
Plot 25: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 26:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

Plot 27: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 28:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

Plot 29: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Plot 30:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

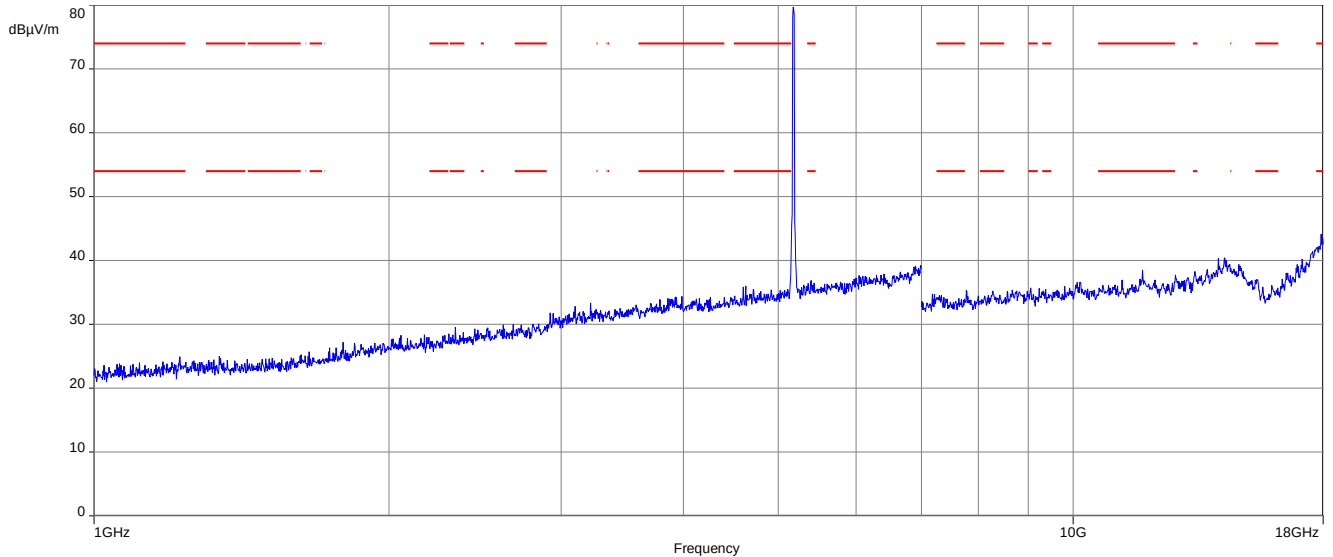
Plot 31: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Plot 32:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

Plot 33: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Plot 34:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

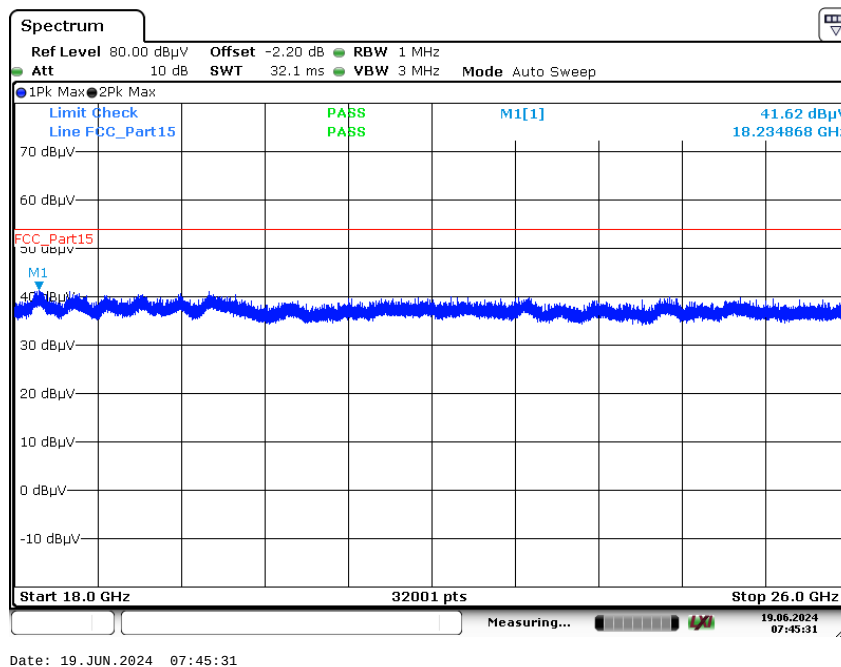
Plot 35: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel**Plot 36:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

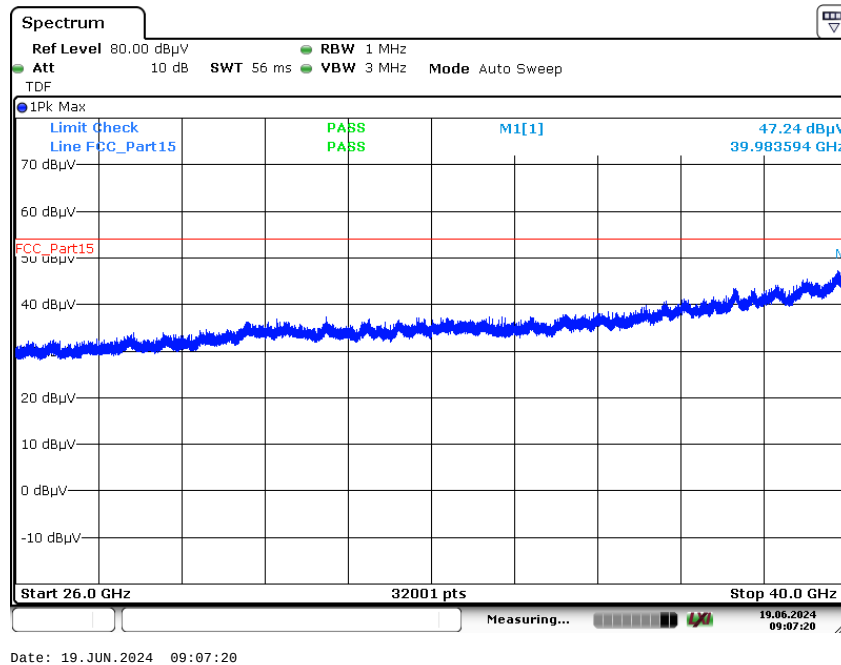
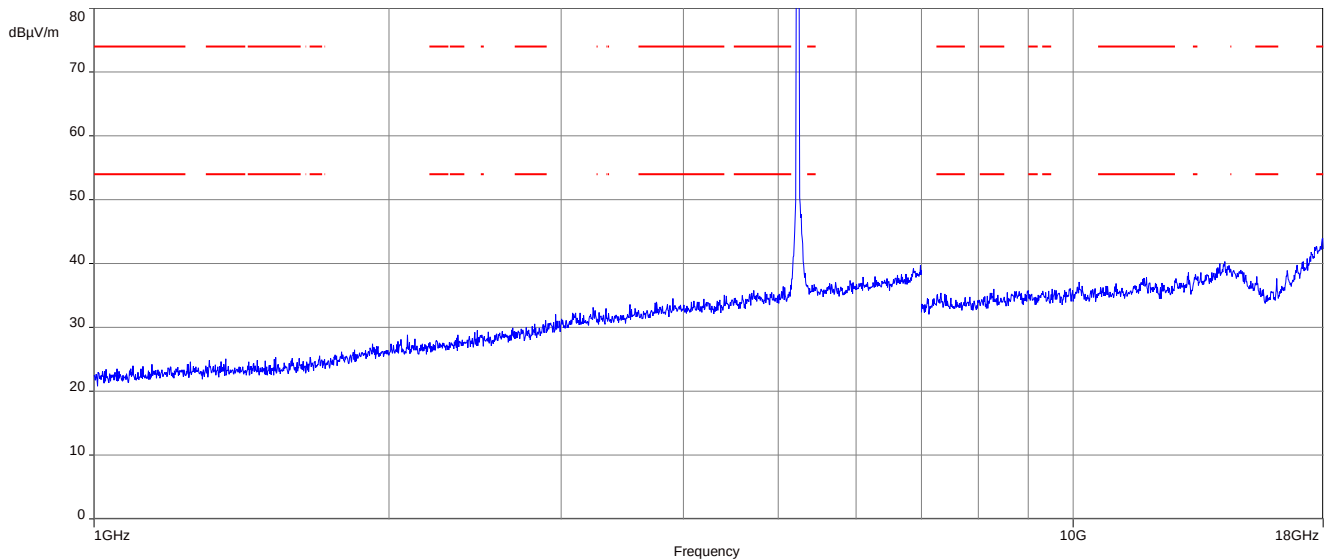
Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

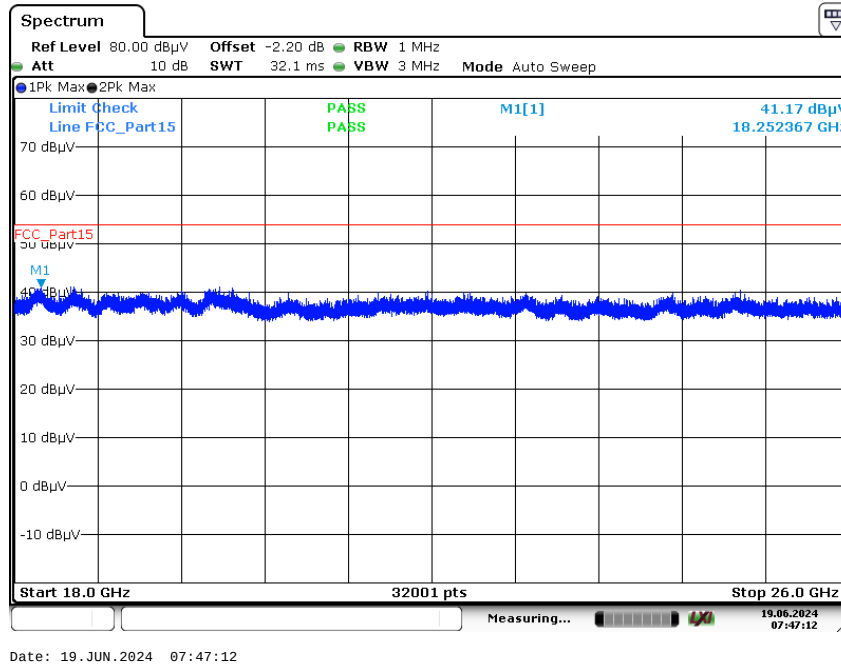
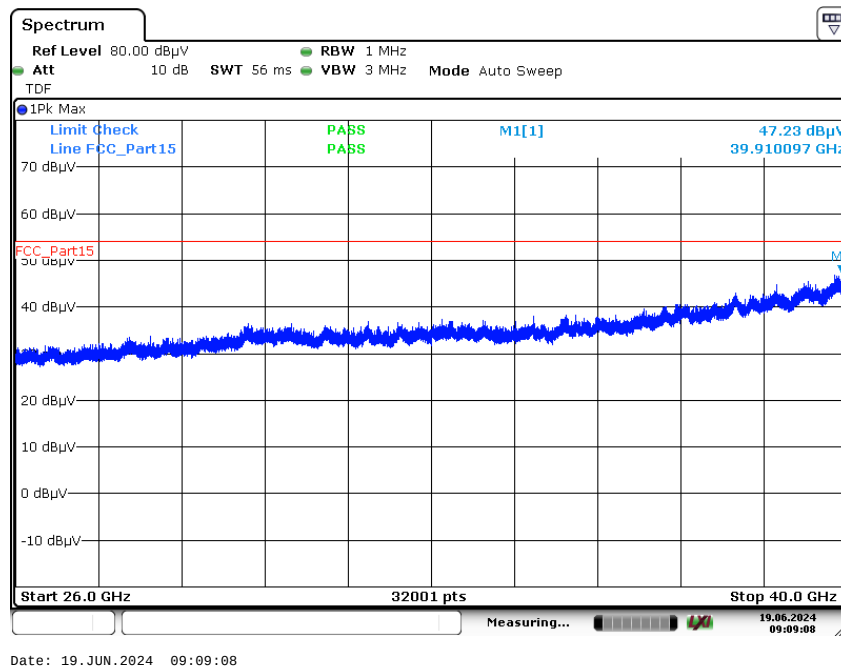
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

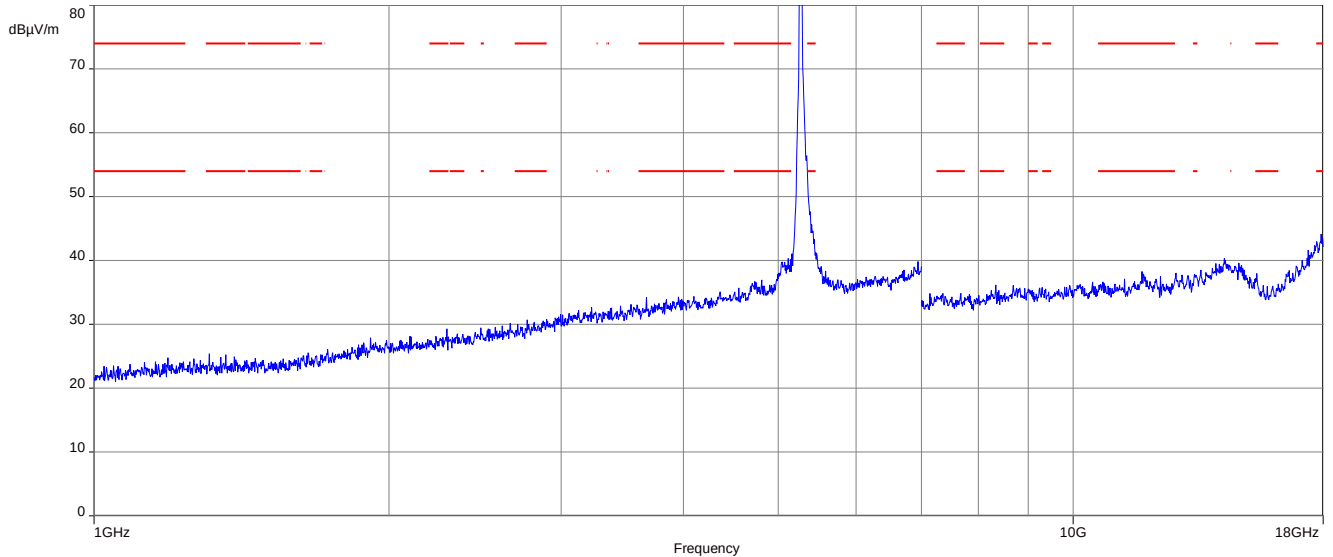
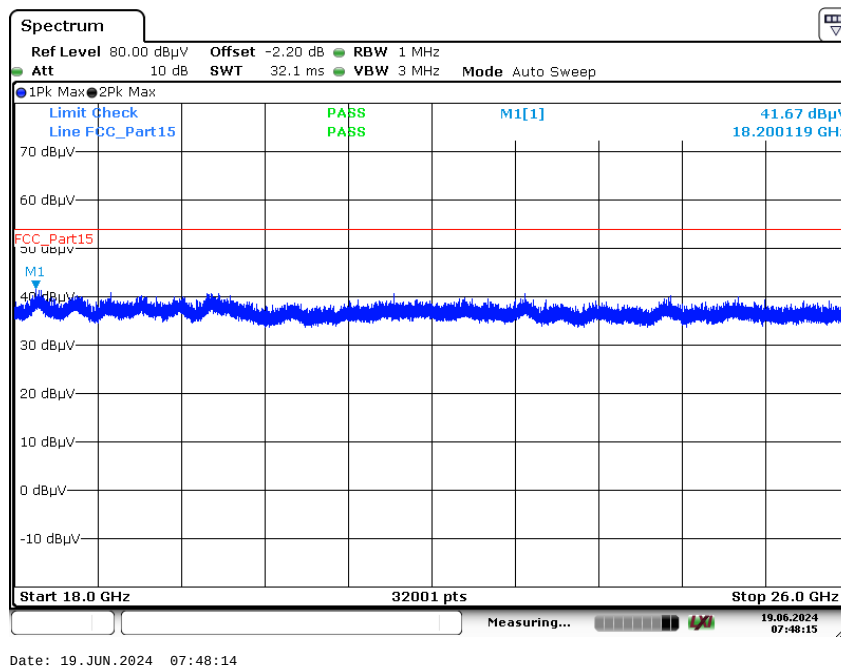


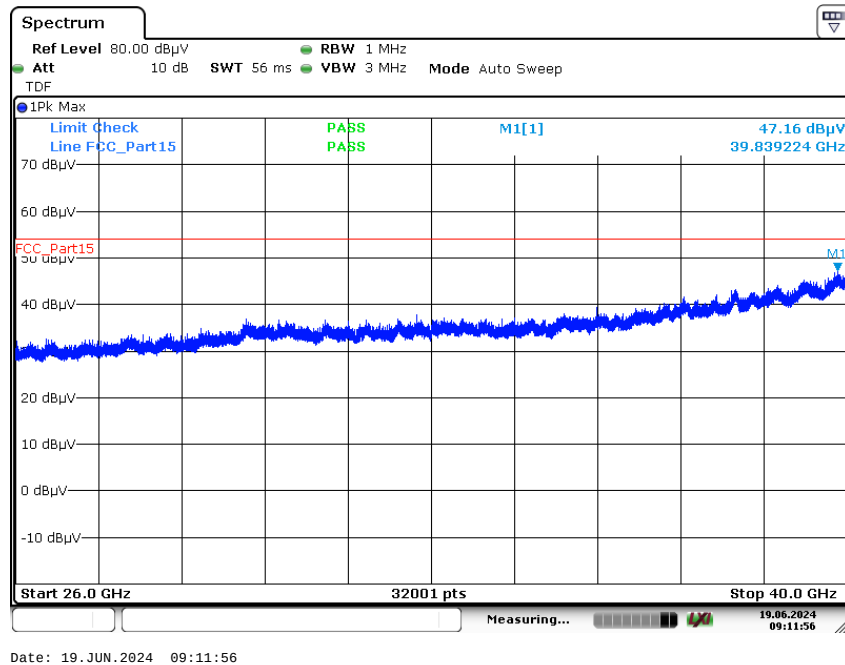
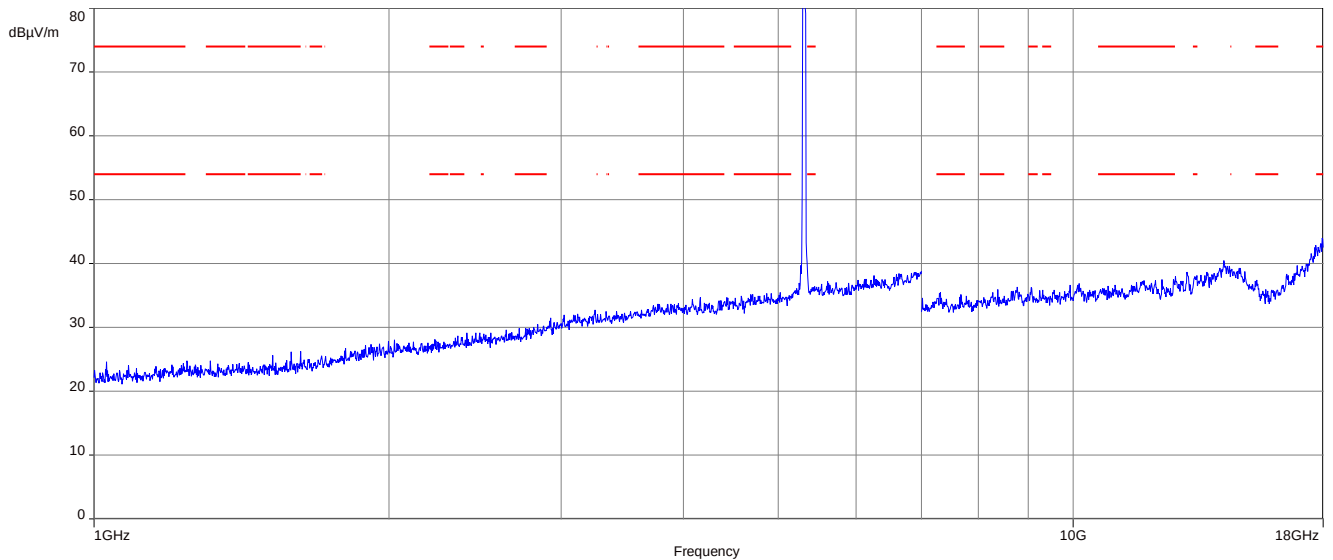
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

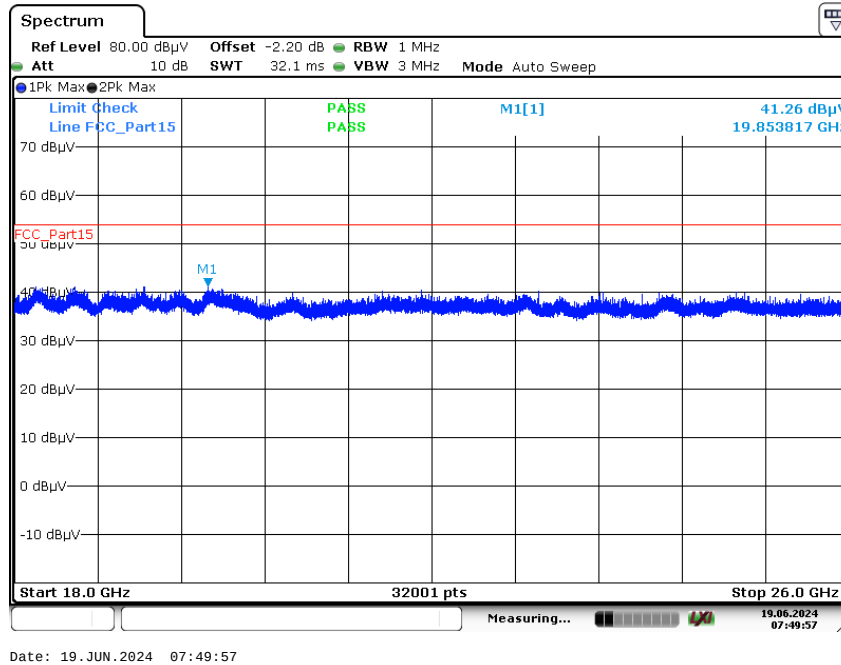
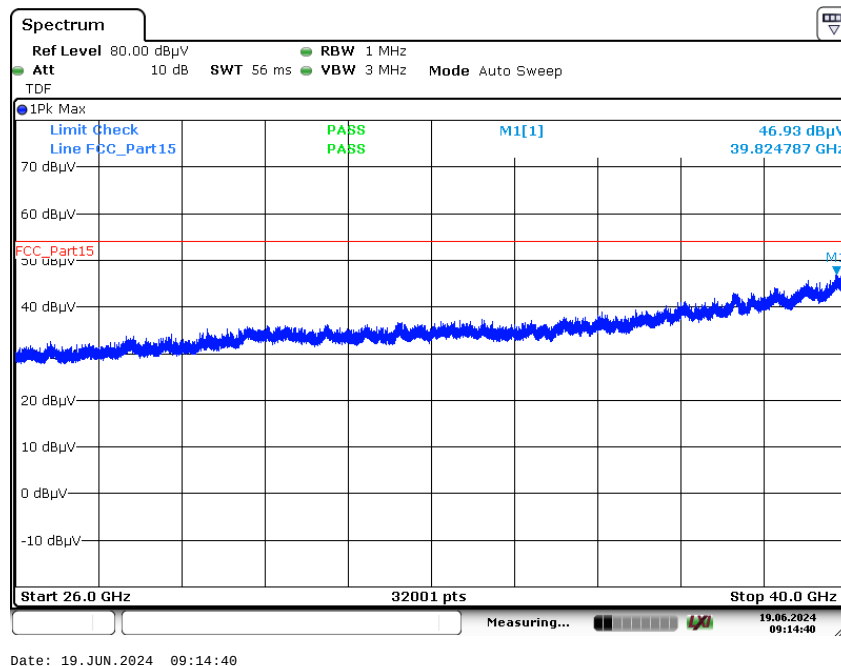


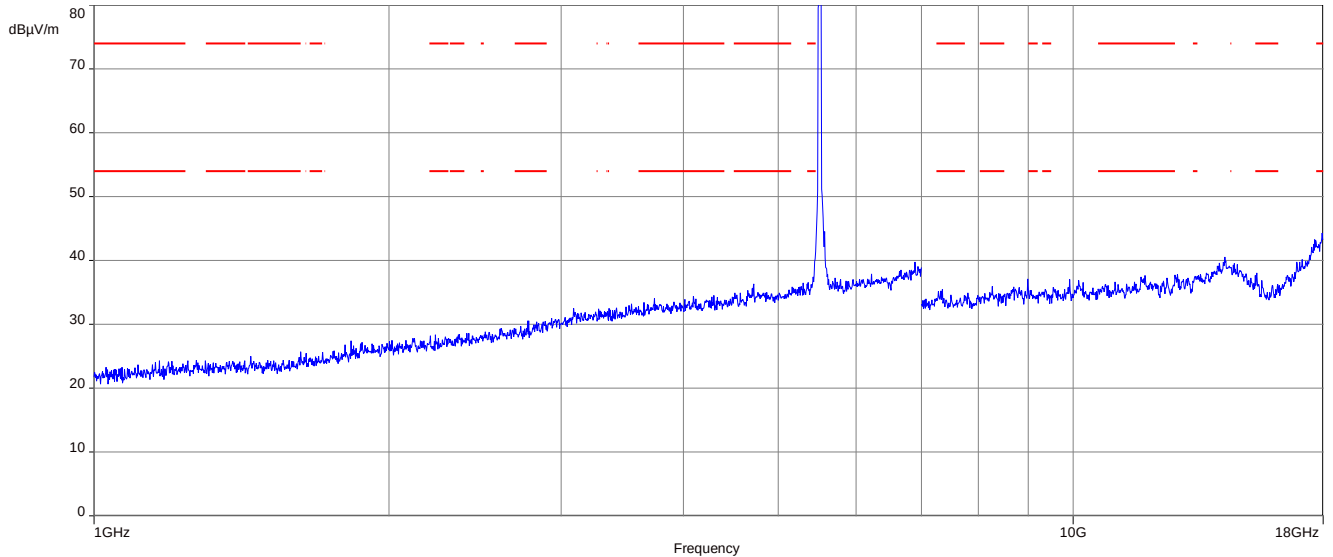
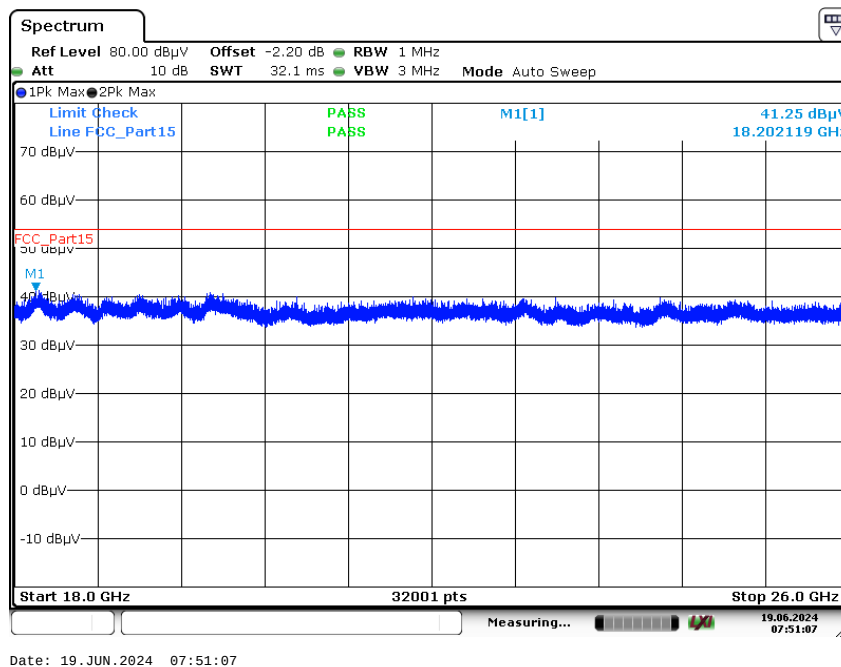
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel**Plot 4:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

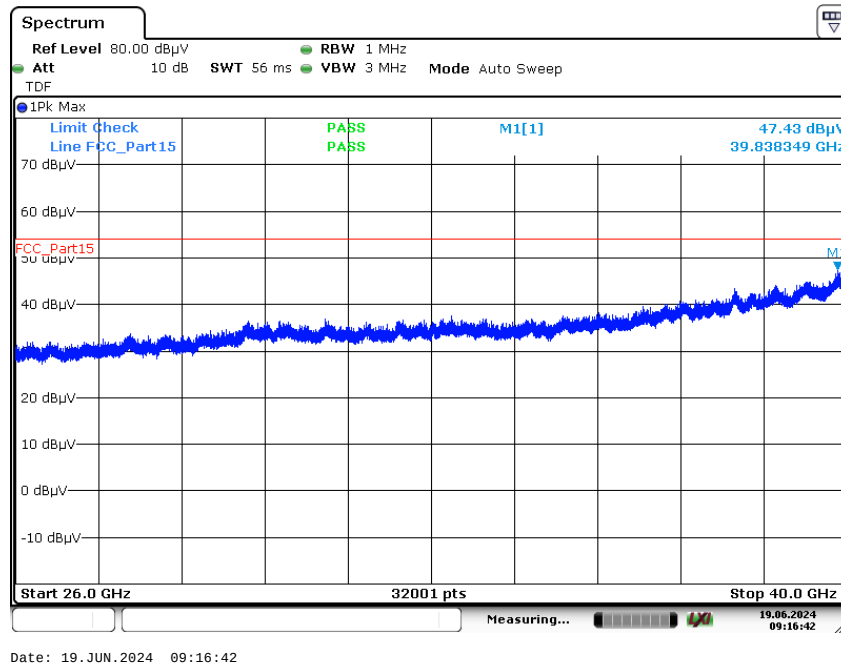
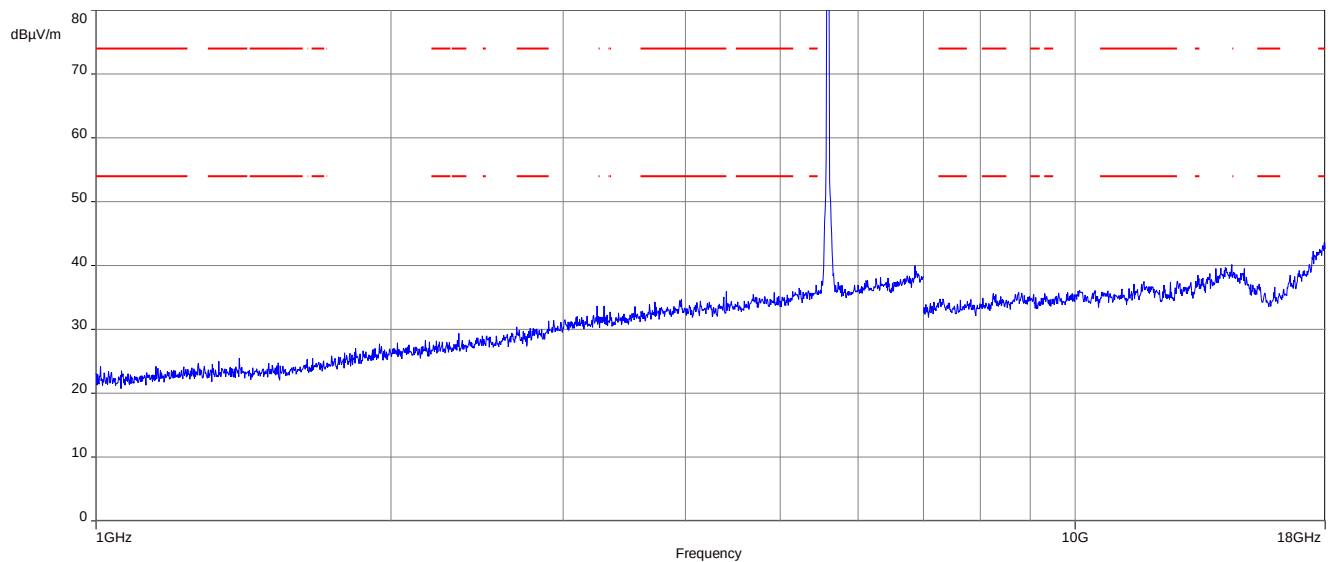
Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Plot 6:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

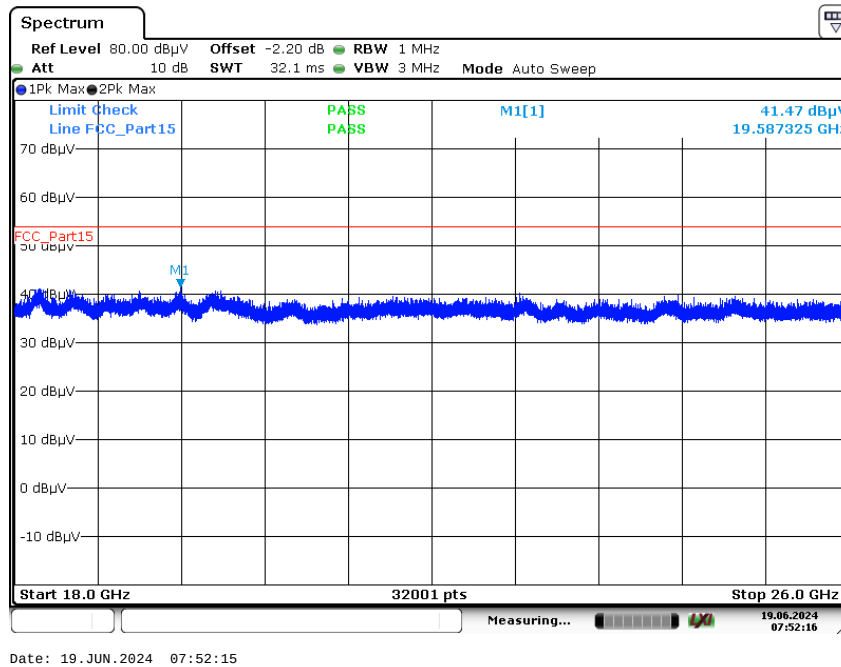
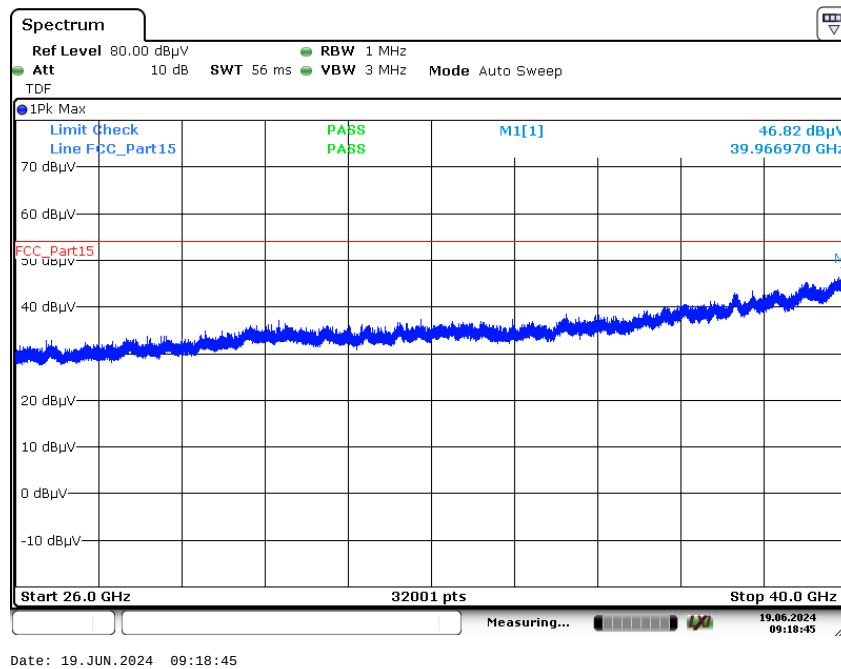
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 8:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

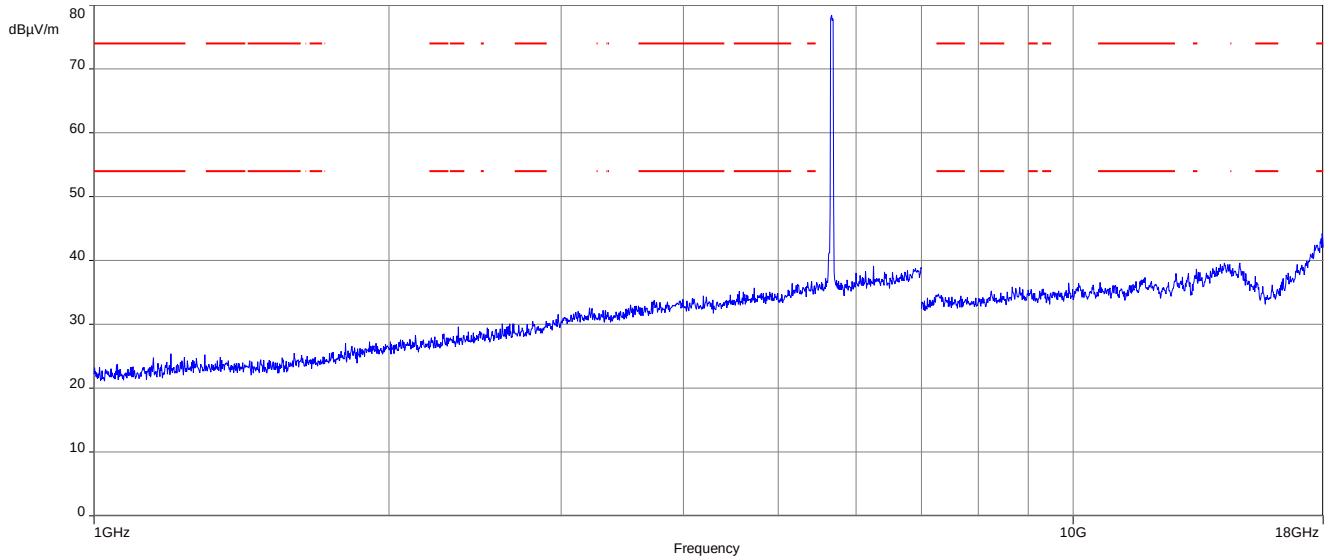
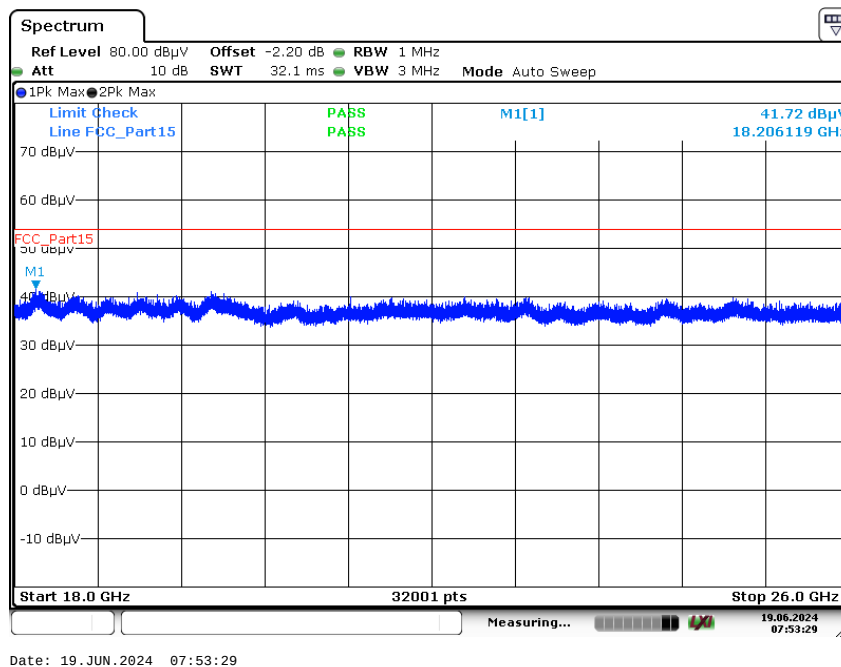
Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 10:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel**Plot 12:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

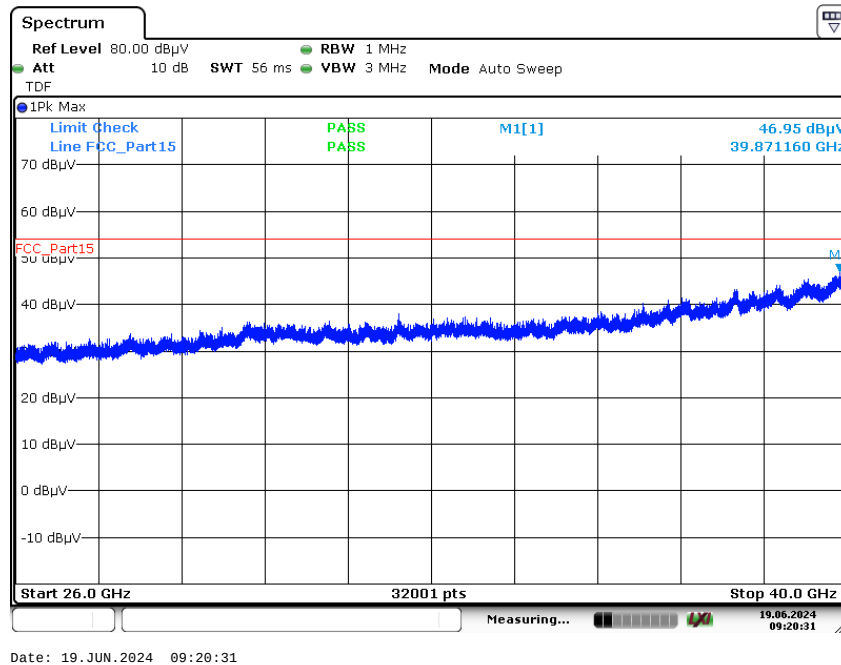
Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 14:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel

Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 16:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel

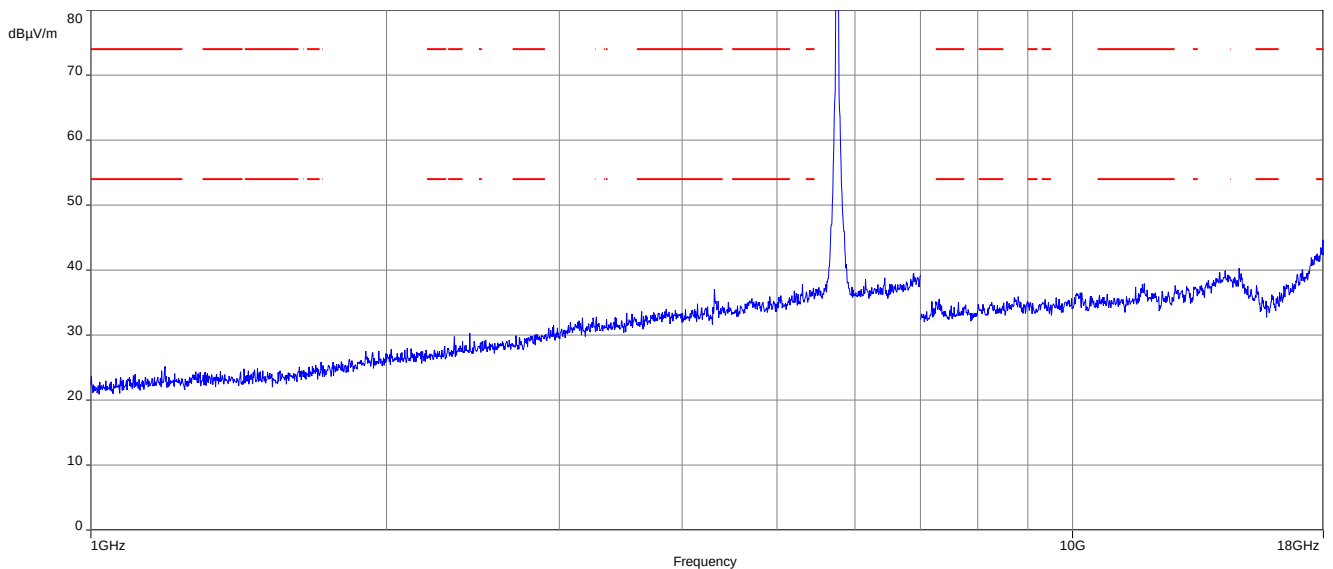
Plot 17: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel**Plot 18:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel

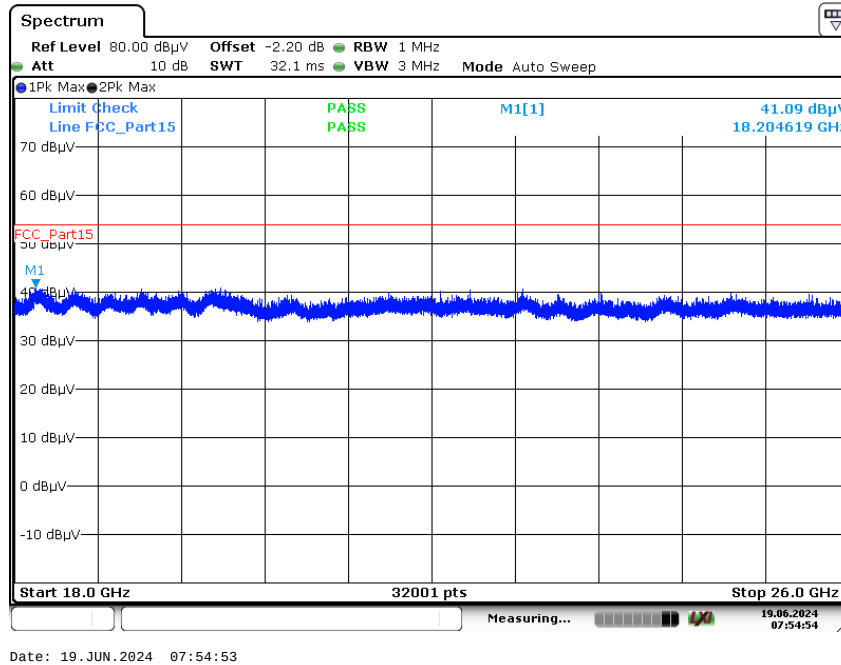
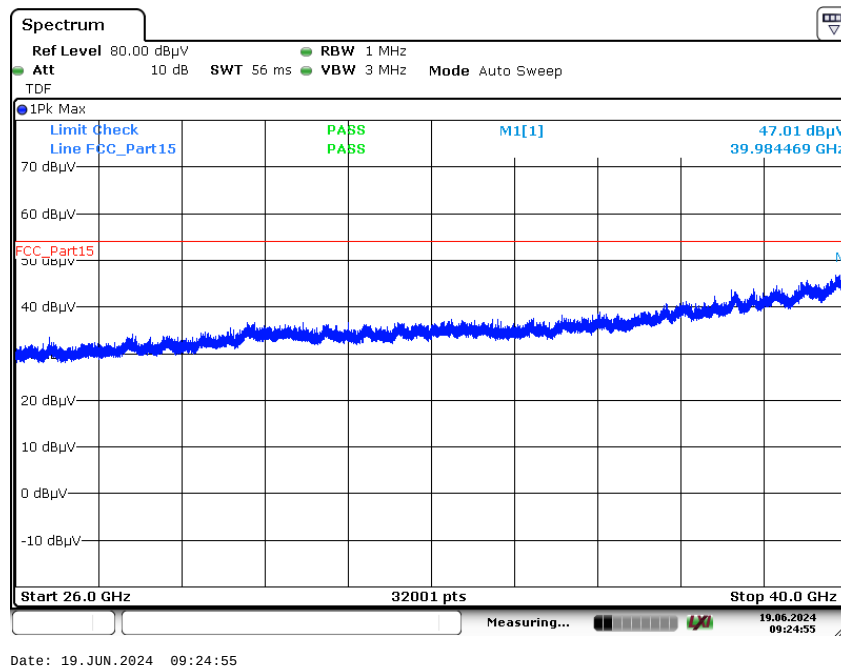
Plot 19: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 20:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

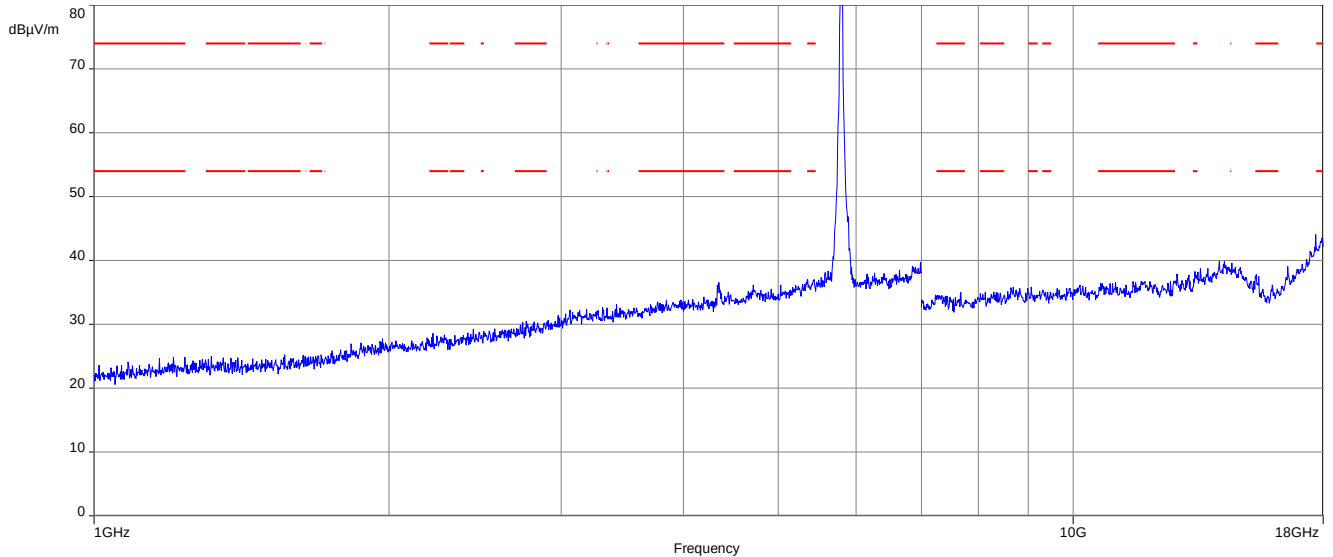
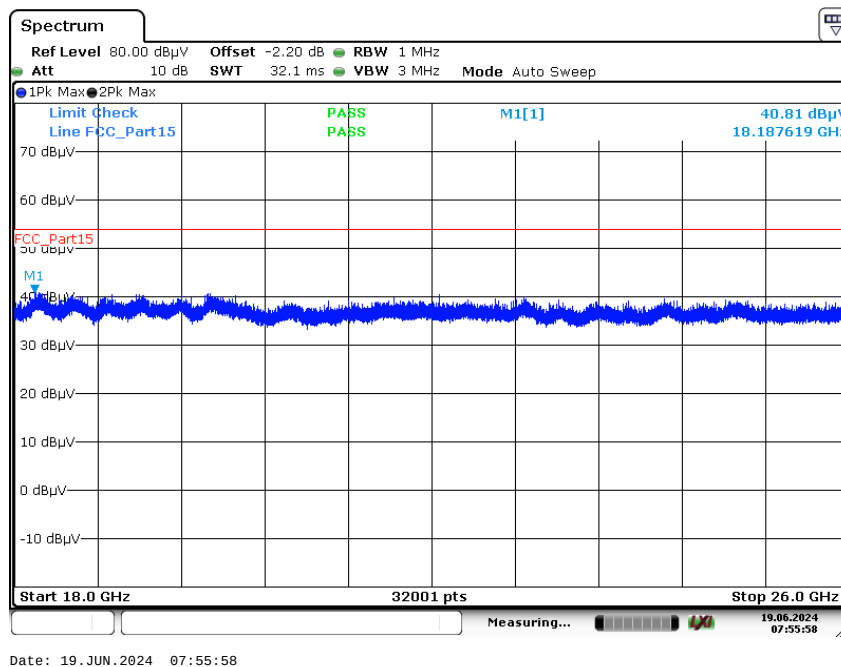
Plot 21: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

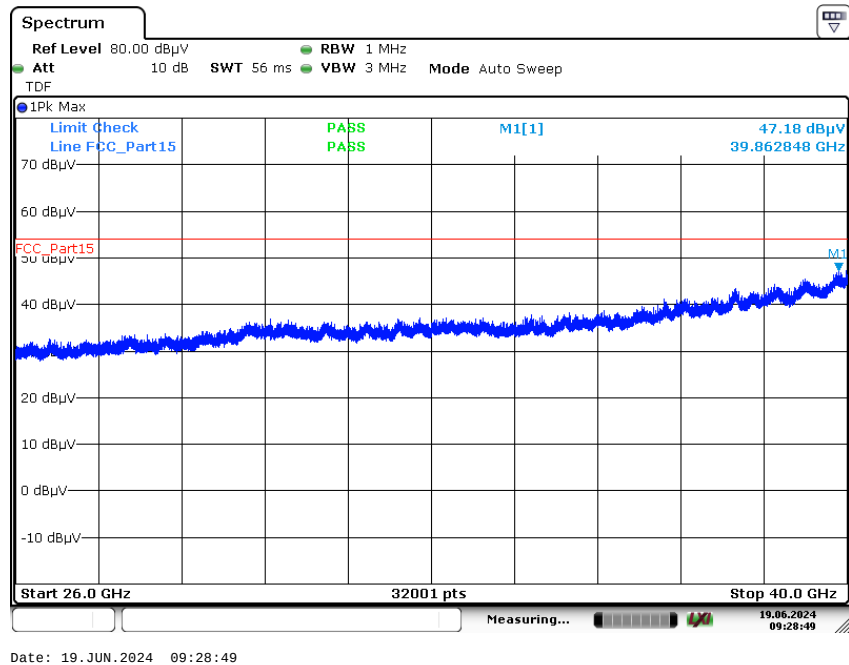


Plot 22: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel



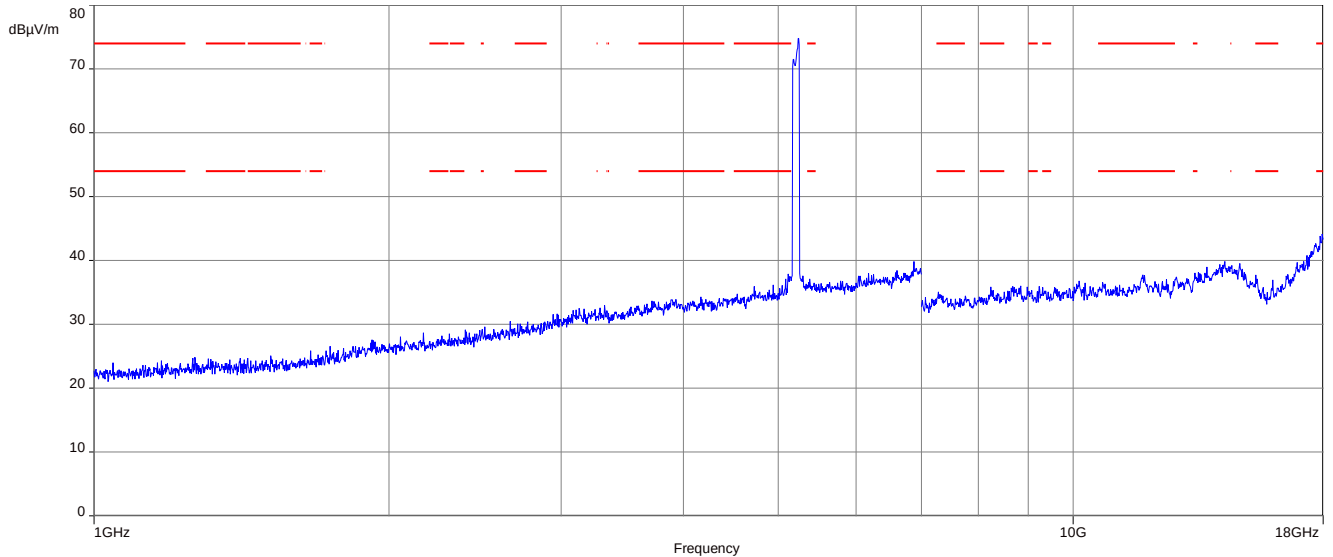
Plot 23: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Plot 24:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

Plot 25: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel**Plot 26:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

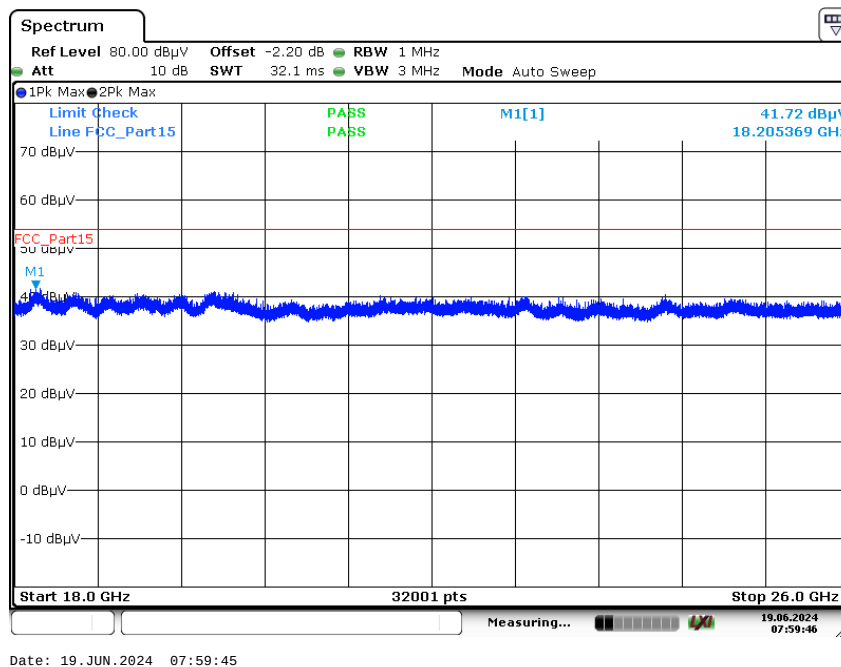
Plot 27: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

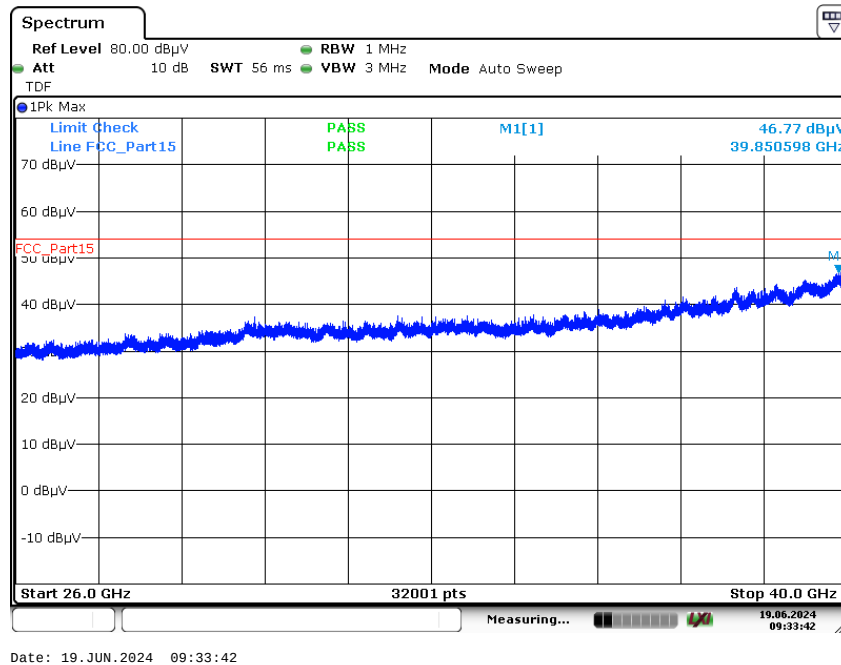
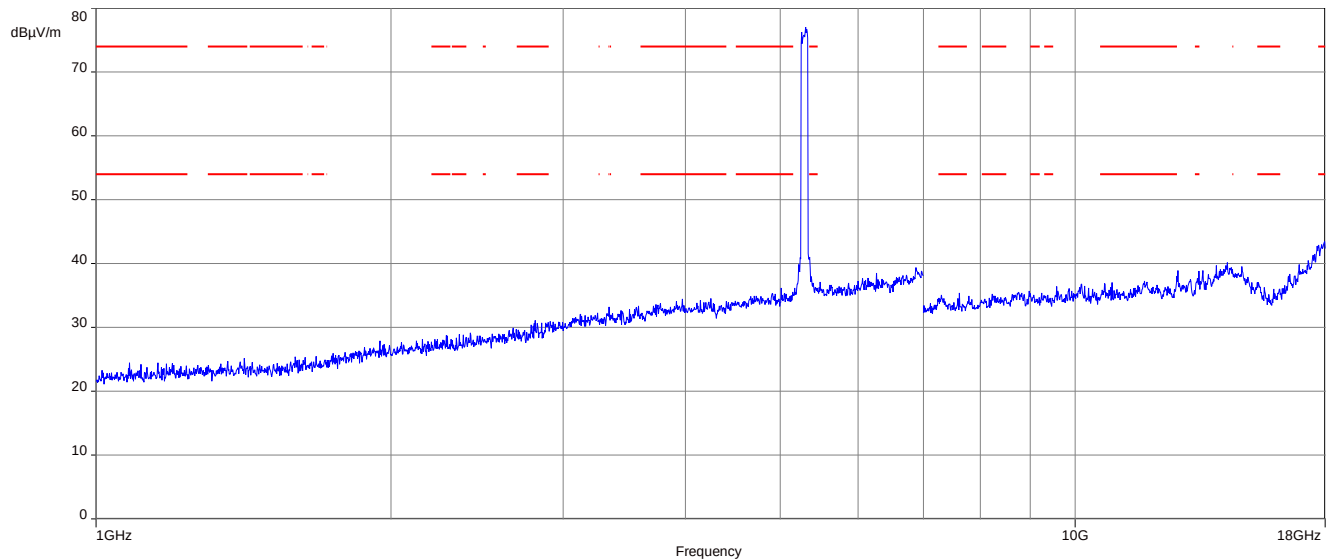
Plots: 80 MHz channel bandwidth

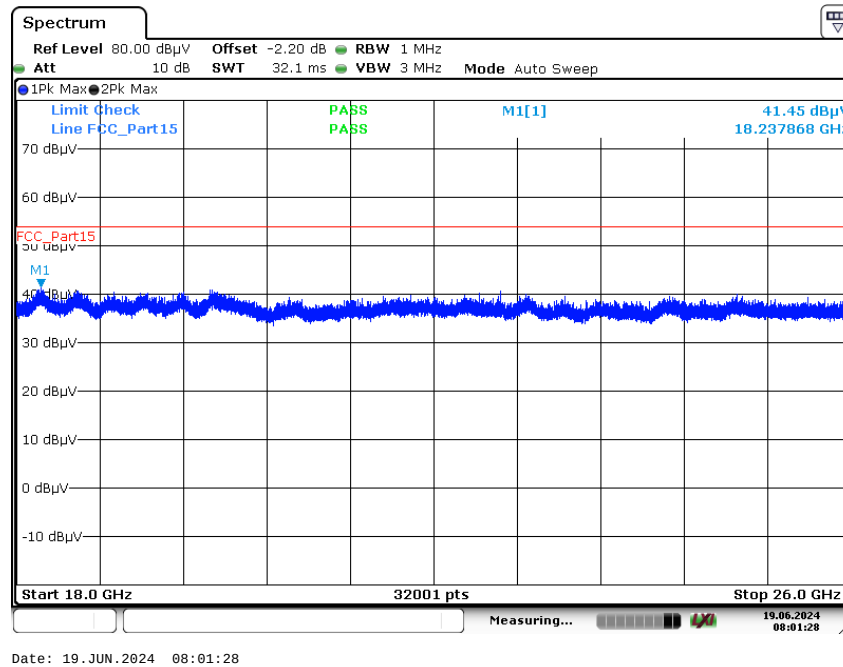
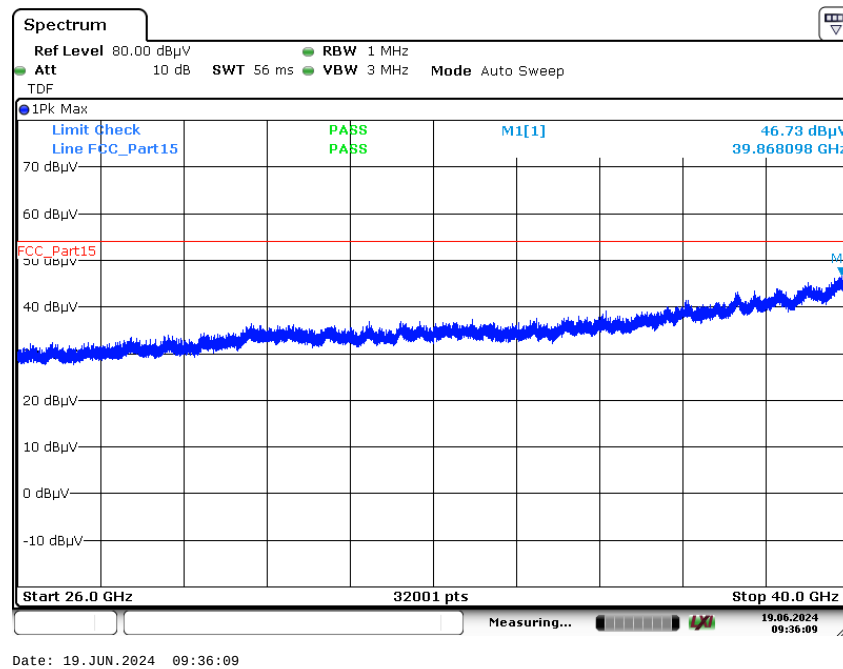
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel

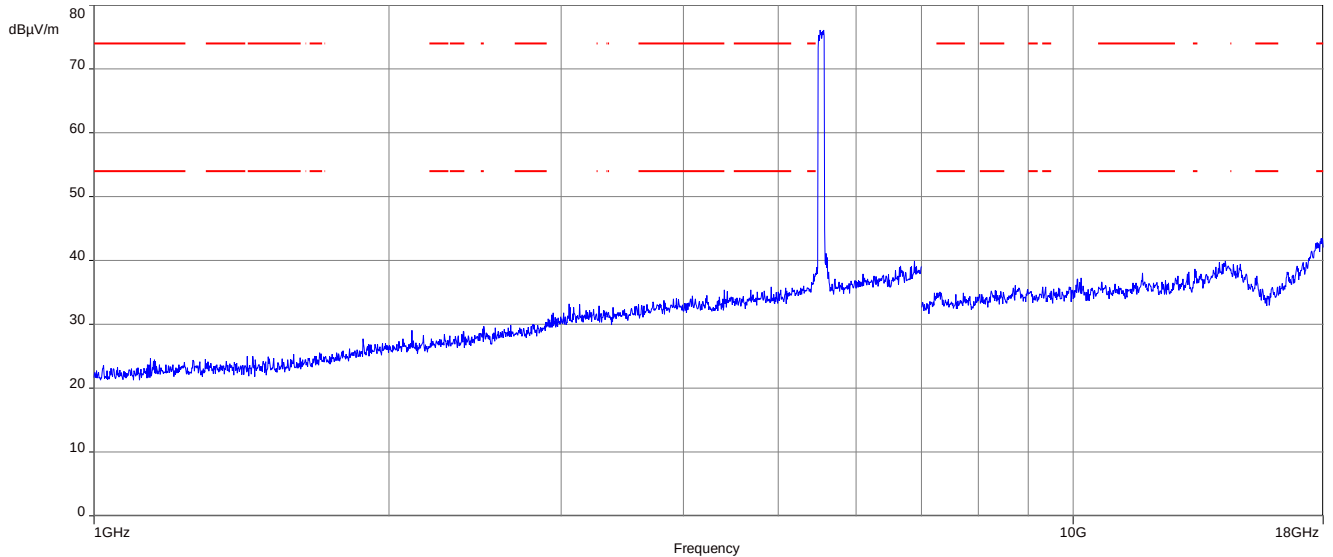
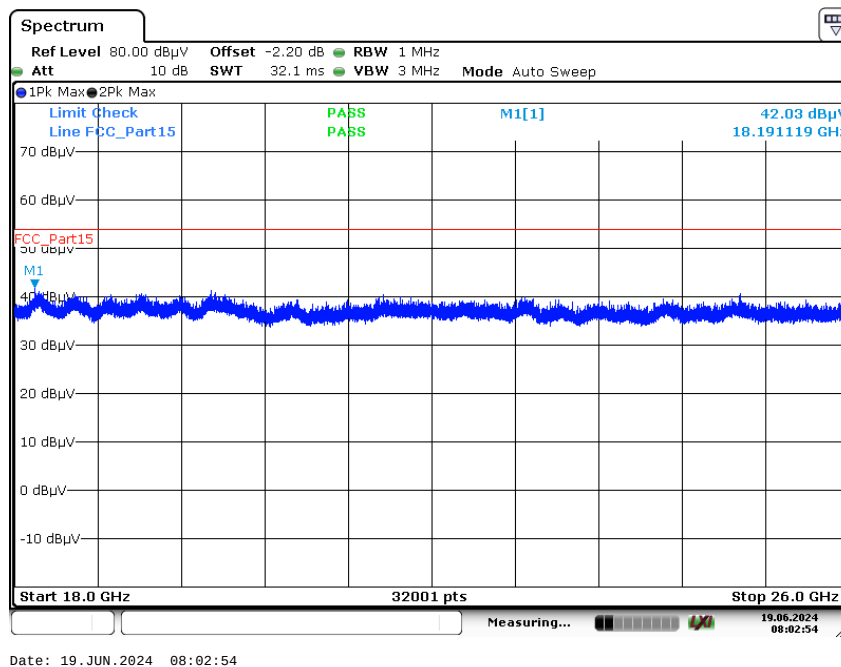


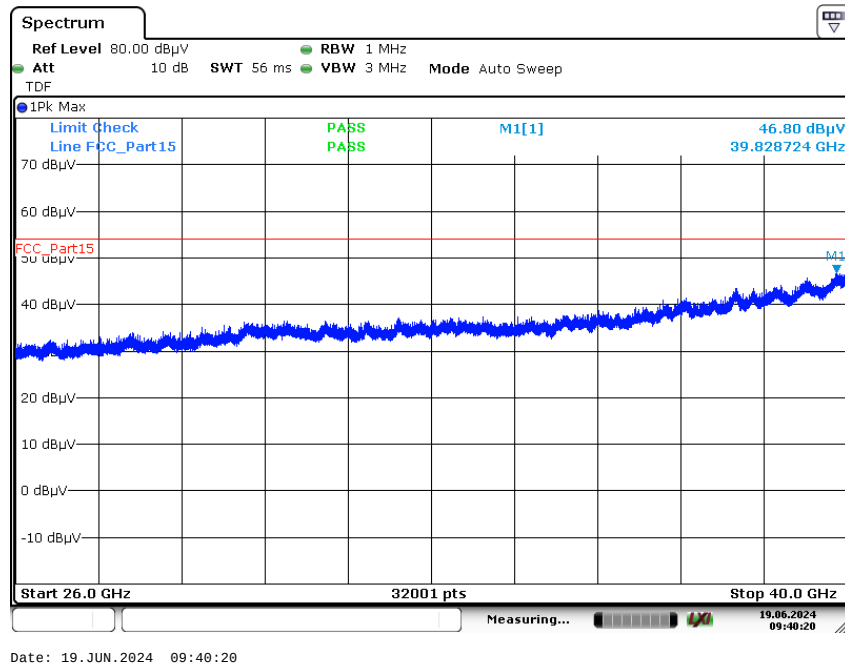
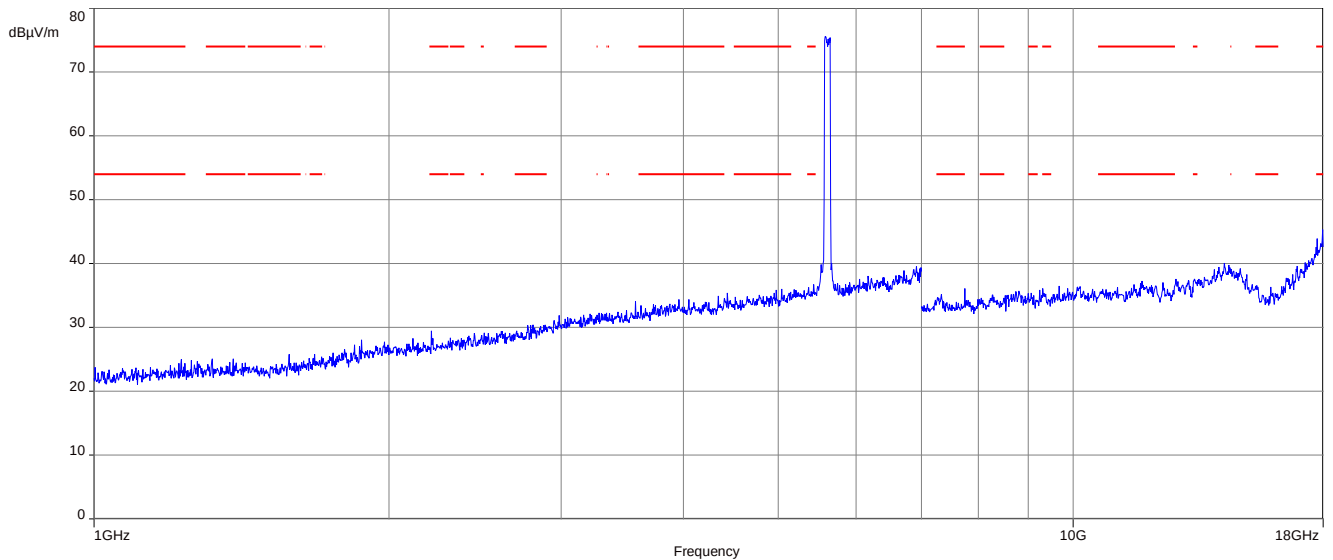
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel

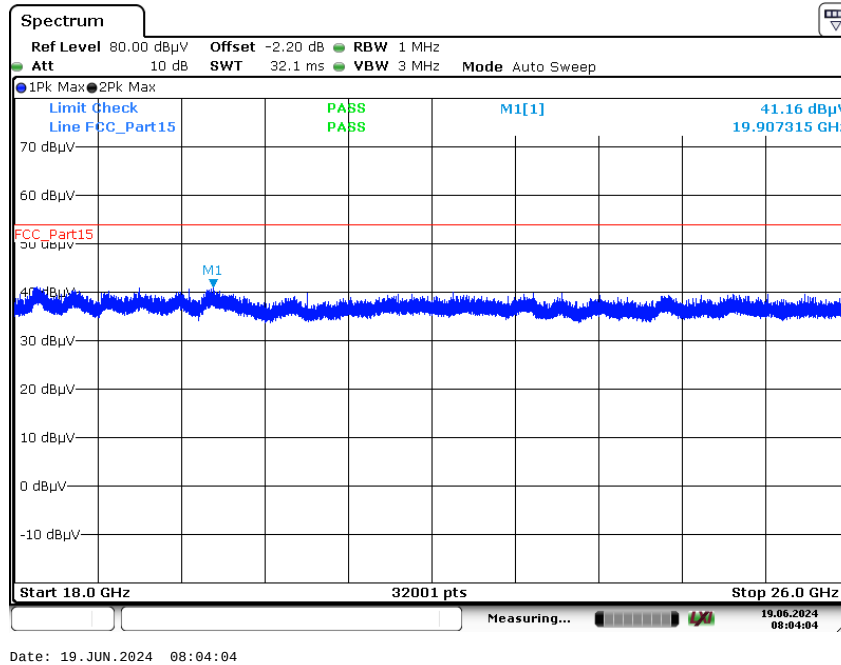
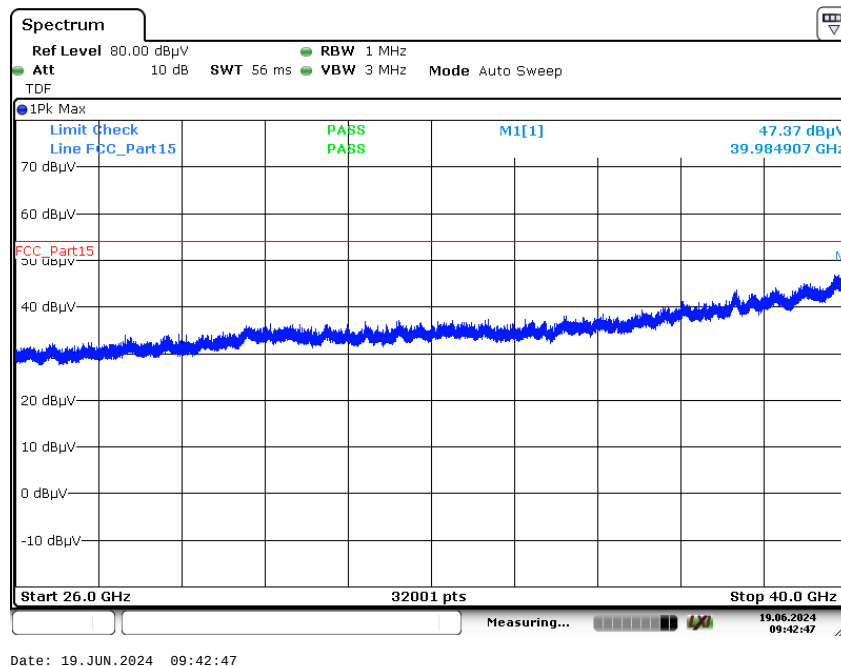


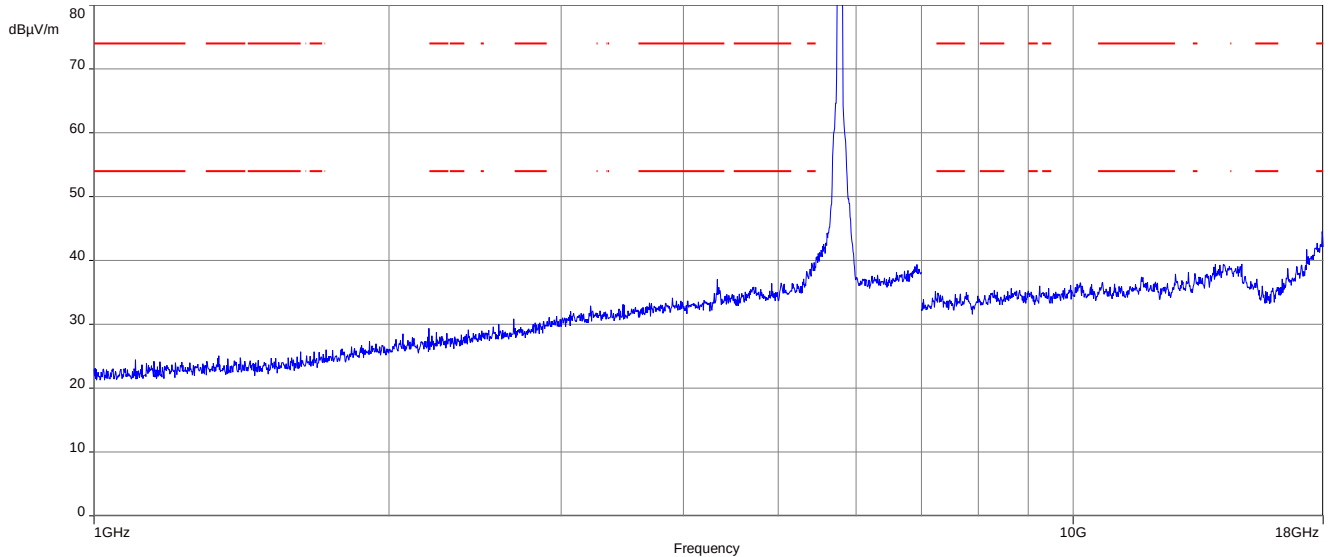
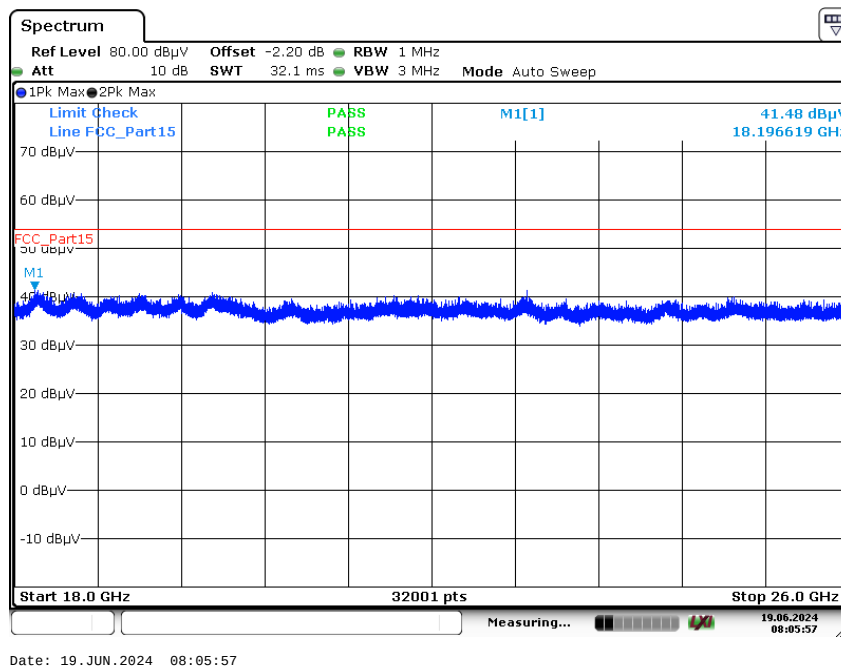
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel**Plot 4:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel

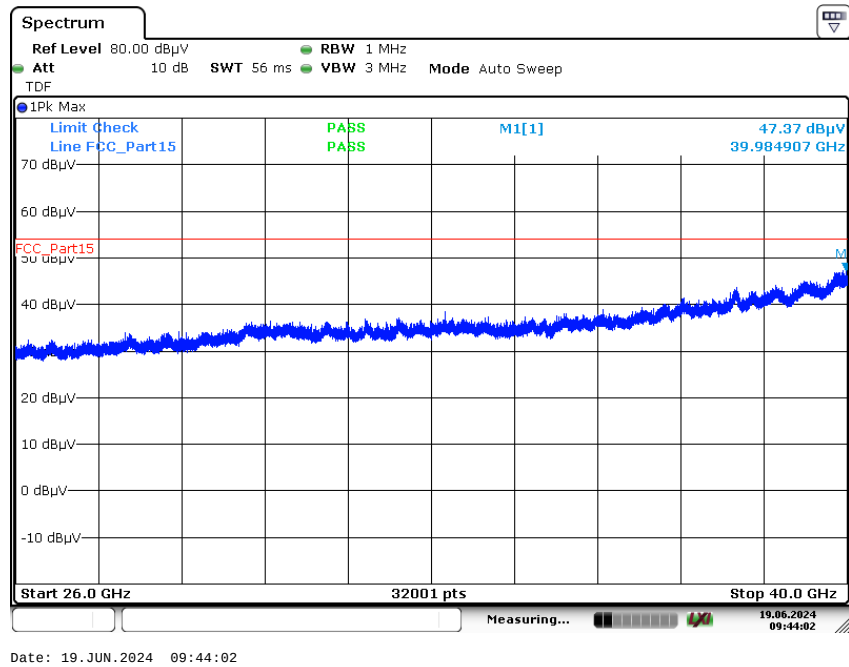
Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel**Plot 6:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel

Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 8:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel

Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 10:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 12:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Plot 14:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

12.14 Spurious emissions conducted < 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to middle channel. If critical peaks are found the lowest channel and the highest channel will be measured too. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak - Quasi Peak / Average
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 9

Limits:

Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dB μ V/m)	Average (dB μ V/m)
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30.0	60	50

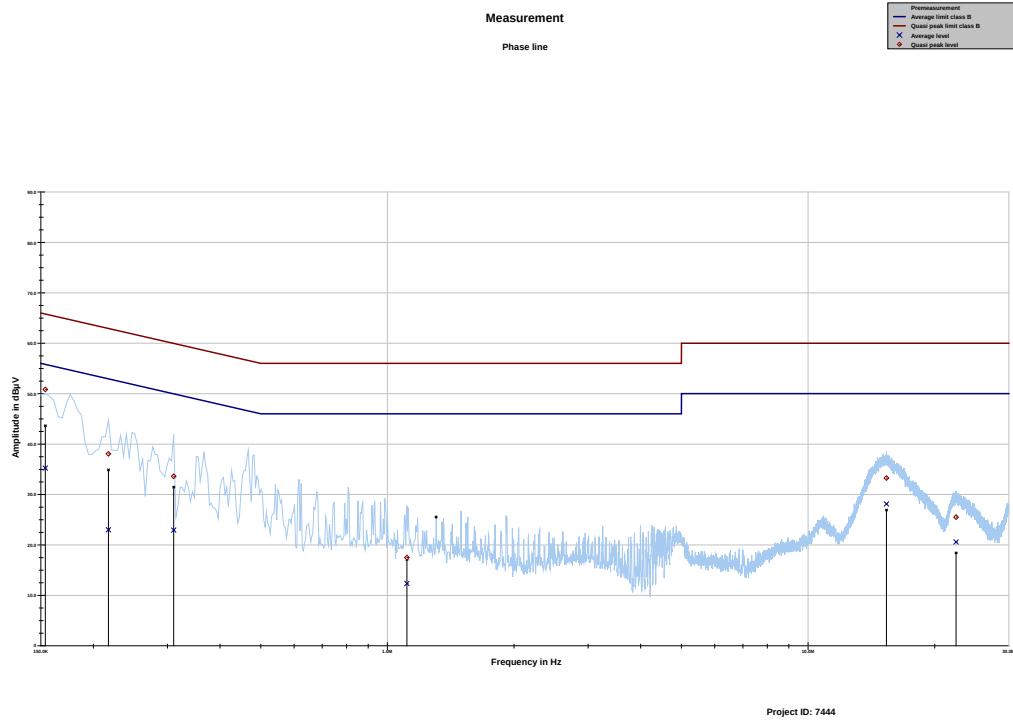
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Results:

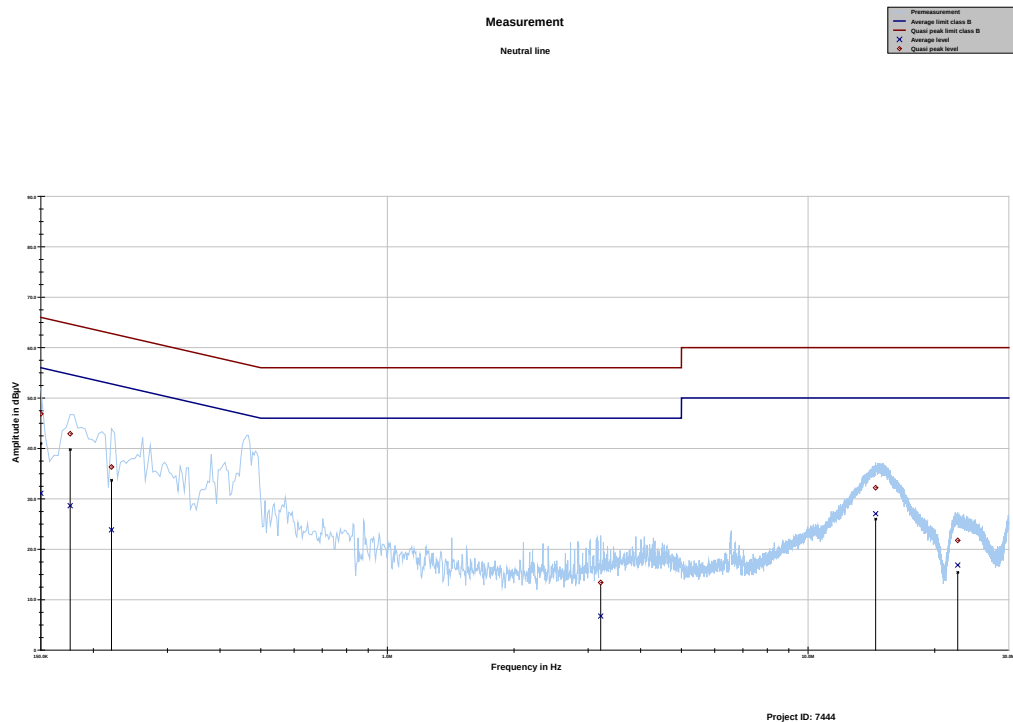
Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz [dB μ V/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots:

Plot 1: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line



Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line



13 Glossary

AVG	Average
C	Compliant
C/N₀	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz
CAC	Channel availability check
CW	Clean wave
DC	Duty cycle
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
DUT	Device under test
EN	European Standard
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EUT	Equipment under test
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
HW	Hardware
IC	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	Inventory number
MC	Modulated carrier
NA	Not applicable
NC	Not compliant
NOP	Non occupancy period
NP	Not performed
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
OOB	Out of band
OP	Occupancy period
PER	Packet error rate
PMN	Product marketing name
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
RLAN	Radio local area network
S/N or SN	Serial number
SW	Software
UUT	Unit under test
WLAN	Wireless local area network

14 Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
R03	Editorial changes	2024-08-20

END OF TEST REPORT