



FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C AND ANSI C63.4: 2003

TEST REPORT

For

Wireless 2T2R Router

Model: BRC76n

Brand: Amigo

Issued for

Amigo Technology Inc.

5F., No.63, Lane 77, Xing-Ai Road, Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Issued by

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Tainan Lab.

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Date of Issue: October 20, 2012



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**REVISION HISTORY**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	September 08, 2012	Initial Issue	ALL	Sunny Chang
01	September 24, 2012	Update test procedure	Page 4; 13; 31-32; 41-42; 53-54; 73; 111	Sunny Chang
02	October 04, 2012	Add test data	Page 74	Sunny Chang
03	October 20, 2012	Update all RF test data	All	Sunny Chang



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**1. TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION**

Applicant : Amigo Technology Inc.

Address : 5F., No.63, Lane 77, Xing-Ai Road, Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan
(R.O.C.)

Manufacturer : Amigo Technology Inc.

Address : No. 82, Gongye 2nd Rd., Tainan City 70955, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Equipment Under Test : Wireless 2T2R Router

Model : BRC76n

Brand : Amigo

Date of Test : July 27, 2012 ~ October 13, 2012

APPLICABLE STANDARD	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC Part 15 Subpart C AND ANSI C63.4 : 2003	No non-compliance noted

Approved by:

Jeter Wu
Assistant Manager

Reviewed by:

Eric Huang
Assistant Section Manager



2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product Name	Wireless 2T2R Router
Model	BRC76n
Brand	Amigo
Received Date	July 24, 2012
Frequency Range	IEEE 802.11b/g, 802.11n HT20 (DTS Band):2412MHz~2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40 (DTS Band):2422MHz~2452MHz
Transmit Power	IEEE 802.11b Mode : 22.84dBm (DTS Band) (192.3mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode : 24.26dBm (DTS Band) (266.7mW) IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode : 24.51dBm (DTS Band) (282.8mW) IEEE 802.11n HT40 Mode : 23.33dBm (DTS Band) (215.5mW)
Channel Spacing	IEEE 802.11b/g, 802.11n HT20/HT40: 5MHz
Channel Number	IEEE 802.11b/g, 802.11n HT20:11 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT40 :7 Channels
Transmit Data Rate	IEEE 802.11b : 11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps IEEE 802.11g : 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps IEEE 802.11n HT20 : 144.4, 130, 115.6, 86.7, 57.8, 43.3, 28.9, 14.4, 13 Mbps IEEE 802.11n HT40 : 300, 270, 240, 180, 120, 90, 60, 30, 27 Mbps
Type of Modulation	IEEE 802.11b : DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK)
	IEEE 802.11g : OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
	IEEE 802.11n HT20/40 : OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Frequency Selection	By software / firmware
Antenna Type	Antenna (2Tx2Rx) Type: Dipole Model: 112011013; 112011014 Gain: 3.0 dBi
Power Source	Powered from adapter Brand: Amigo Model: AMS47-0500600FU I/P: 100-240Vac, 50/60Hz, 0.2A O/P: 5Vdc, 0.6A
Temperature Range	0 ~ +55°C

**REMARK:**

1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.
2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: **RC6-BRC76N** filing to comply with Section 15.207,15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.
3. For more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.
4. To add a series model is for business necessary. The different of the each model is shown as bellows:

Multiple Listing :

Company Name/Address	Brand name	Model	Product Name
E-Top Network Technology Inc. No. 82 ,Gongye 2nd Rd.,Tainan City 70955,Taiwan,R.O.C.	ETOP		
Amigo Technology Inc. 5F., No.63, Lane 77, Xing-Ai Road, Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	Amigo	BRC76n GS810W BR470n BR476n	Wireless 2T2R Router 8 Port Gigabit Ethernet N+ Power Saving Broadband Router 3G/4GRouter
Sapido Technology Inc. No. 383., Sec. 2, Minsheng Rd., West Central District, Tainan 700, Taiwan, R.O.C.	SAPIDO		



3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT is a 11n router. It has two transmitter chains and two receive chains (2x2 configurations). The 2x2 configuration is implemented with two outside chains (Chain 0 and Chain 1).

The RF chipset is manufactured by Realtek Technology, Corp.

The antenna peak gain 3.0dBi (highest gain) were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11 b ,802.11g ,802.11n HT20 mode (DTS Band)

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Low	2412
Middle	2437
High	2462

IEEE 802.11b mode: 1Mbps long data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11g mode: 6Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode: 13Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode (DTS Band)

The EUT had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
Low	2422
Middle	2437
High	2452

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode: 27Mbps data rate (worst case) were chosen for full testing.

The worst-case data rates are determined according to the description above, based on the investigations by measuring the PSD, peak power and average power across all the data rates, bandwidths, modulations and spatial stream modes.



4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at No.8, Jiucengling, Xinhua Dist., Tainan City 712, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS LISTINGS

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 1109 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC PART 15 AND CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by TAF or any agency of the Government. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Federal Communications Commission (registration no: TW-1037 and 455173).



5.4 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following accreditation body according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Taiwan

TAF

The measuring facility of laboratories has been authorized or registered by the following approval agencies.

Canada

Industry Canada

Germany

TUV NORD

Taiwan

BSMI

USA

FCC

Copies of granted accreditation certificates are available for downloading from our web site, <http://www.ccsrf.com>

6. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

6.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

6.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz Test Site : OATS-6	$\pm 3.59\text{dB}$
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz Test Site : OATS-6	$\pm 3.27\text{dB}$
Radiated Emission, 1 to 26.5 GHz	$\pm 3.20\text{dB}$
Power Line Conducted Emission	$\pm 2.90\text{dB}$

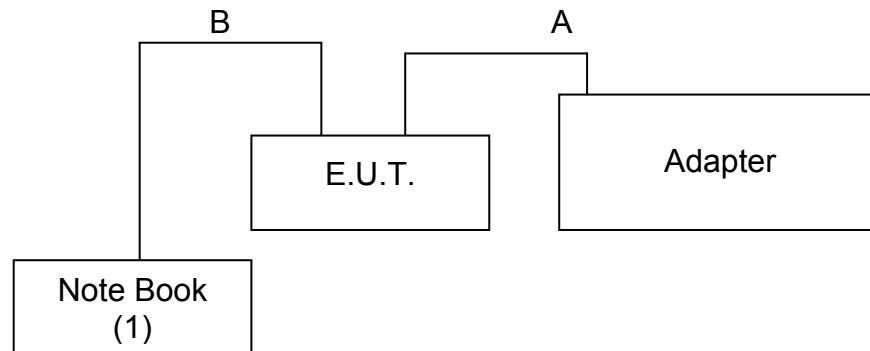
Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%, K=2



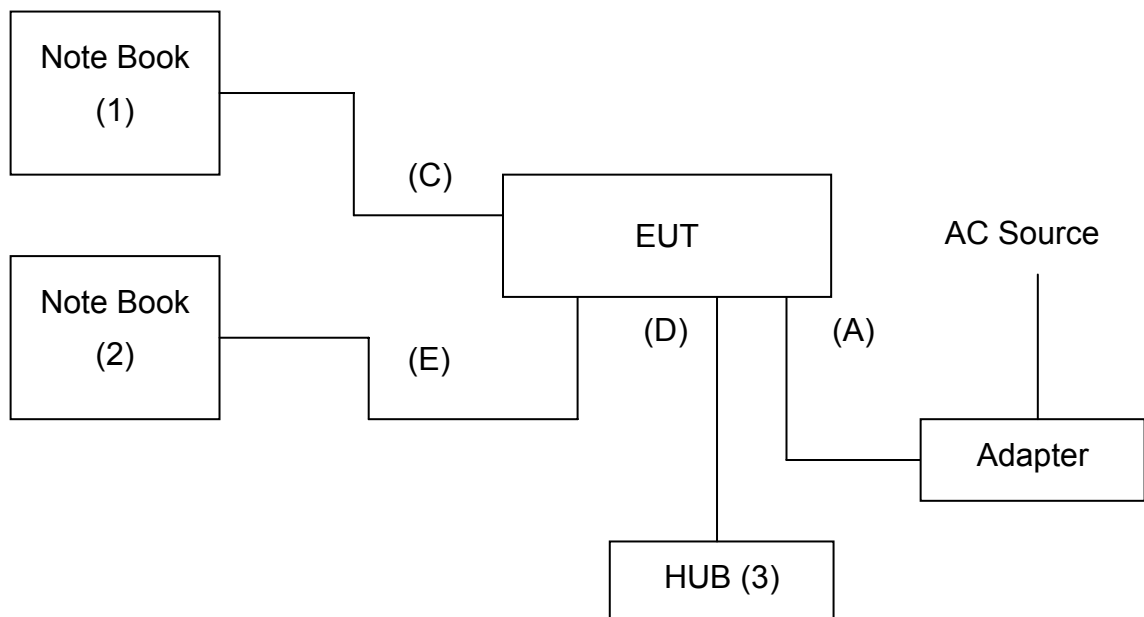
7. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

7.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

For RF test



For EMI test





7.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

RF test

No.	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Certify No.	Signal cable
1.	Note Book	IBM	T43	DoC	Power cable, unshd, 1.6m

No.	Signal cable description	
A	DC	Unshielded, 1.8m, 1pcs.
B	LAN	Unshielded, 10m, 1pcs.

EMI test

No.	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Certify No.	Signal cable
1.	Note Book	IBM	R50E	DoC	Power cable, unshd, 1.6m
2.	Note Book	Acer	AS 3830TG	DoC	Power cable, unshd, 1.6m
3.	HUB	BARRICAD	SMC7008BR	DoC	Power cable, unshd, 1.6m

No.	Signal cable description	
A	Power	Unshielded, 1.8m, 1pcs.
B	LAN	Unshielded, 10m, 1pcs.
C	LAN	Unshielded, 10m, 1pcs.
D	LAN	Unshielded, 3m, 3pcs.

REMARK:

1. All the above equipment/cables were placed in worse case positions to maximize emission signals during emission test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



7.3 EUT OPERATING CONDITION

RF Setup

1. Set up all computers like the setup diagram.
2. Reset equipment and burn in the test program "MP_Test".
3. The "Realtek Test Program for "RTL819x " software was used for testing
The EUT driver software installed in the host support equipment during testing was Realtek Test Program for RTL819x Drive

(1)TX Mode:

- ⇒ **IC Type: RTL_8192C**
- ⇒ **Mode:2.4G/DaulMac**
- ⇒ **Dev:WLAN1**
- ⇒ **Test Item :Continuous TX**
- ⇒ **Channel:1(2412MHz)、 3(2422MHz)、 6(2437MHz)、 9(2452MHz)、 11(2462MHz)**
- ⇒ **TX POWER: follow "Power Control"**
- ⇒ **Antenna: B、 G Mode ANT A, HT20、 HT40 Mode ANT AB**
- ⇒ **Tx Data : 1Mbps long (IEEE 802.11b mode , TX)**
6Mbps (IEEE 802.11g mode , TX)
13Mbps (IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode , Chain 0, Chain 1 TX)
27Mbps (IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode, Chain 0, Chain 1 TX)
- ⇒ **Bandwith: B 1MHz、 G 6MHz、 HT20 20MHz、 HT40 40MHz**
- ⇒ **Start**

Power control

- Target Power:** IEEE 802.11b Channel Low (2412MHz) = 46
IEEE 802.11b Channel Middle (2437MHz) =46
IEEE 802.11b Channel High (2462MHz) = 46
- Target Power:** IEEE 802.11g Channel Low (2412MHz) = 49
IEEE 802.11g Channel Middle (2437MHz) = 49
IEEE 802.11g Channel High (2462MHz) = 49
- Target Power:** IEEE 802.11n HT20 Channel Low (2412MHz) = 45 **(Chain 0)**
IEEE 802.11 n HT20 Channel Middle (2437MHz) = 45 **(Chain 0)**
IEEE 802.11 n HT20 Channel High (2462MHz) = 45 **(Chain 0)**
IEEE 802.11n HT20 Channel Low (2412MHz) = 45 **(Chain 1)**
IEEE 802.11 n HT20 Channel Middle (2437MHz) =45 **(Chain 1)**
IEEE 802.11 n HT20 Channel High (2462MHz) = 45 **(Chain 1)**
- Target Power:** IEEE 802.11n HT40 Channel Low (2422MHz) = 44 **(Chain 0)**
IEEE 802.11 n HT40 Channel Middle (2437MHz) = 44 **(Chain 0)**
IEEE 802.11 n HT40 Channel High (2452MHz) = 43 **(Chain 0)**
IEEE 802.11n HT40 Channel Low (2422MHz) = 44 **(Chain 1)**
IEEE 802.11 n HT40 Channel Middle (2437MHz) = 44 **(Chain 1)**
IEEE 802.11 n HT40 Channel High (2452MHz) = 43 **(Chain 1)**

(2) RX Mode :

Test Item packets RX

Start RX

Normal Link Setup

1. Set up all computers like the setup diagram.
 2. All of the function are under run.
 3. Notebook PC (2) ping 192.168.1.10 –t to Notebook PC (1).
 4. Notebook PC (1) ping 192.168.1.20 –t to Notebook PC (2).
 5. Notebook PC (1) ping 192.168.1.50 –t to Wireless Access Point (3).
- Start test.



8. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

8.1 6DB BANDWIDTH

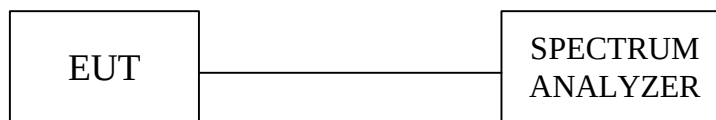
LIMIT

§ 15.247(a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSU	200789	SEP. 29, 2013

TEST SETUP



TEST PROCEDURE

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1-5 % of the emission bandwidth (EBW).
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission. Compare the resultant bandwidth with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is 1-5 %.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	10192.30	500	PASS
Middle	2437	10192.30	500	PASS
High	2462	10192.30	500	PASS

NOTE :

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 1Mbps long.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	66dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	16474.35	500	PASS
Middle	2437	16474.35	500	PASS
High	2462	16474.35	500	PASS

NOTE :

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain1		
Low	2412	17756.41	17756.41	500	PASS
Middle	2437	17692.30	17756.41	500	PASS
High	2462	17692.30	17756.41	500	PASS

NOTE :

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 13Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode

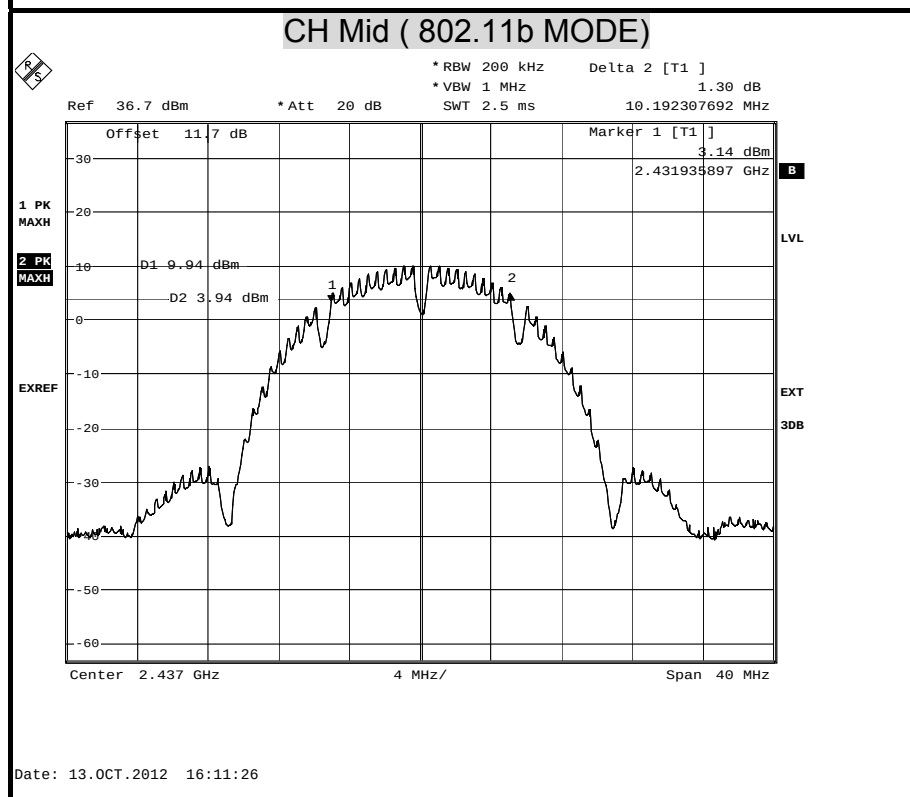
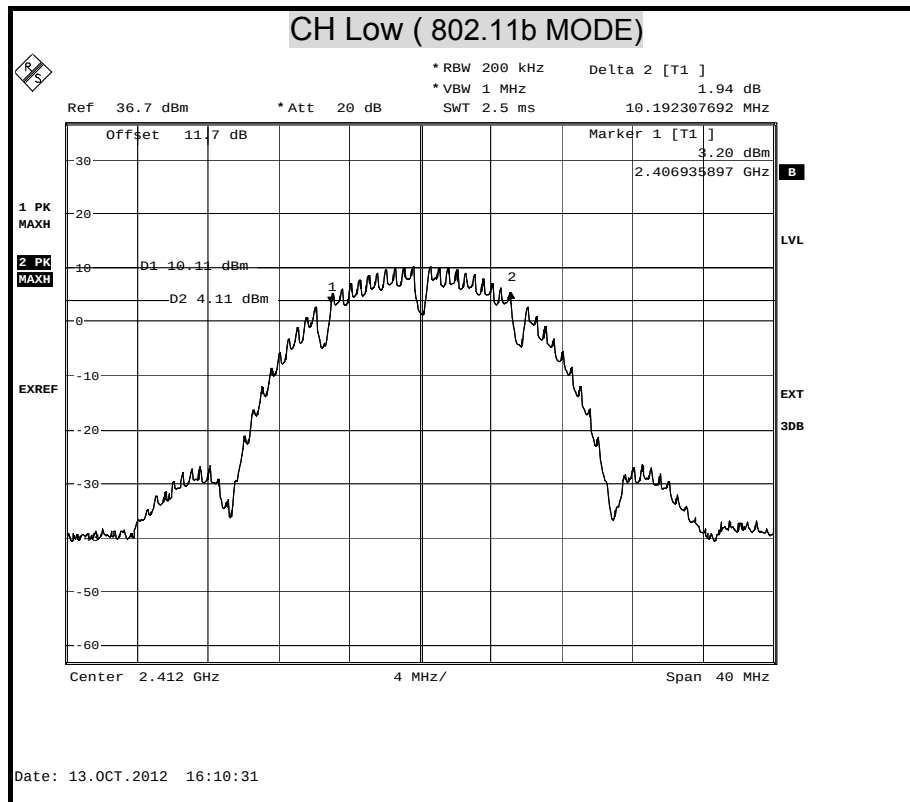
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Minimum Limit (kHz)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain1		
Low	2422	36153.84	36153.84	500	PASS
Middle	2437	36250.00	36153.84	500	PASS
High	2452	36057.69	36153.84	500	PASS

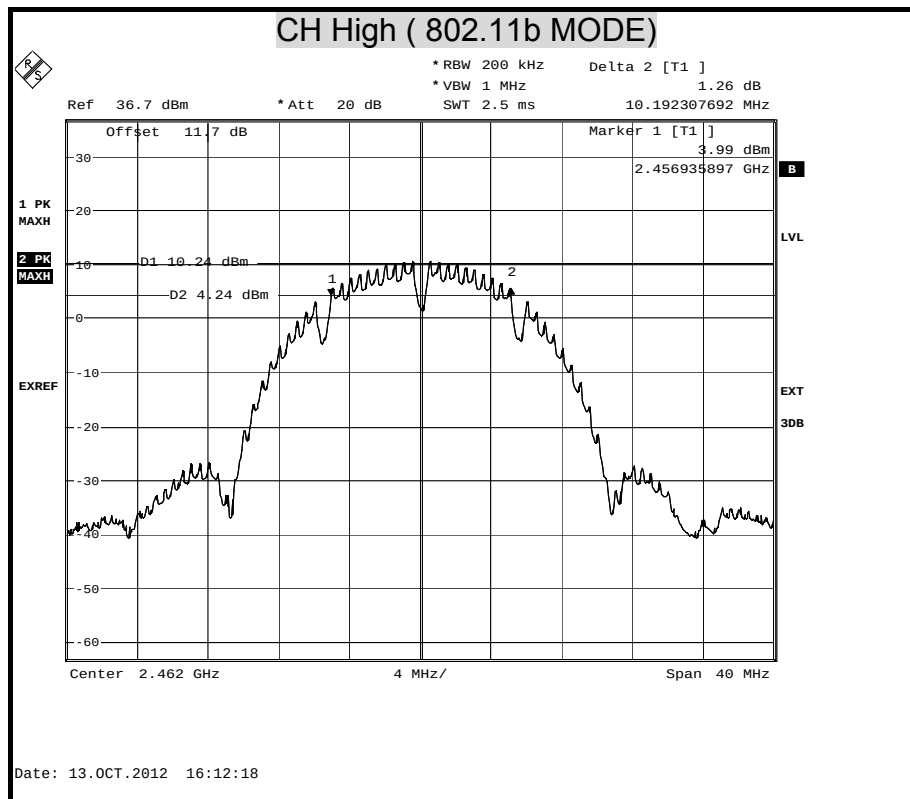
NOTE :

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 27Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



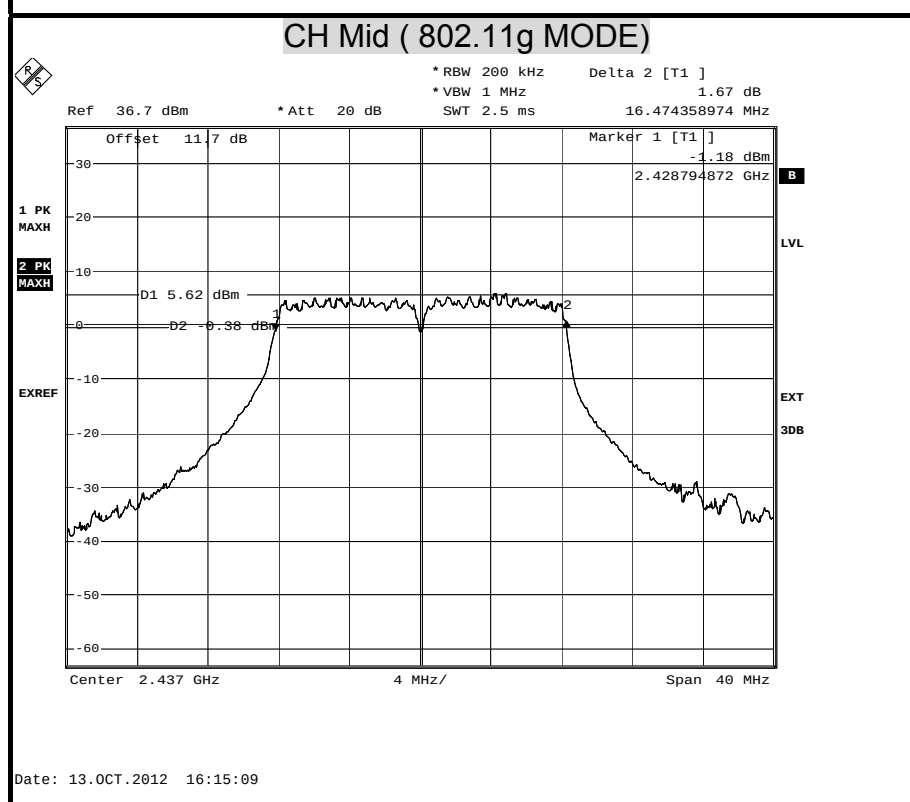
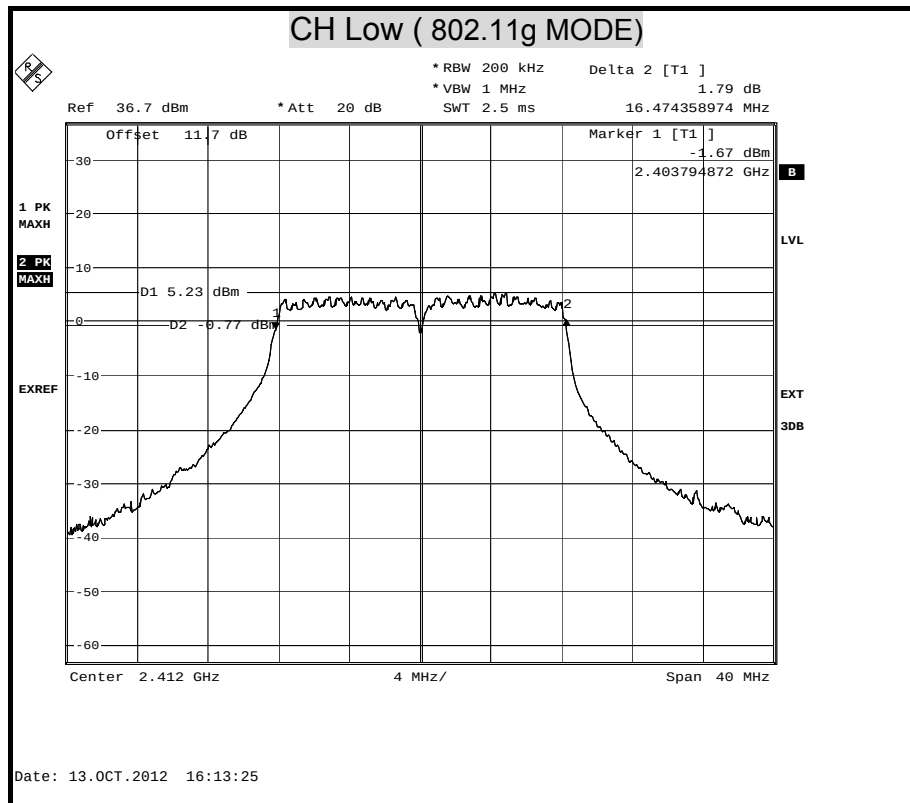
6dB BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)

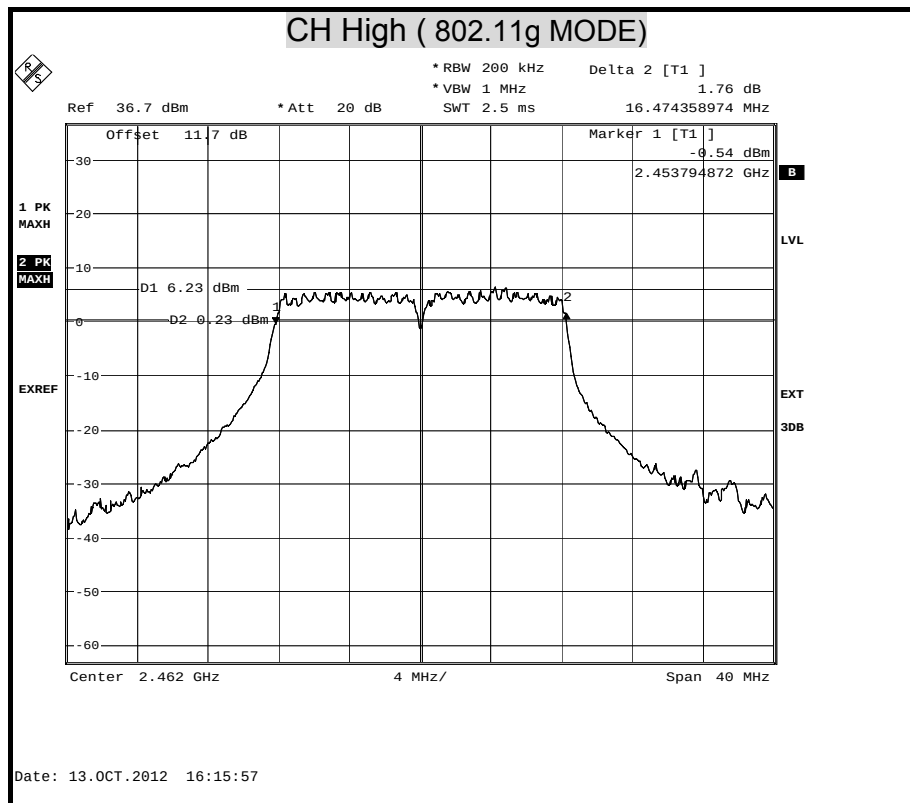






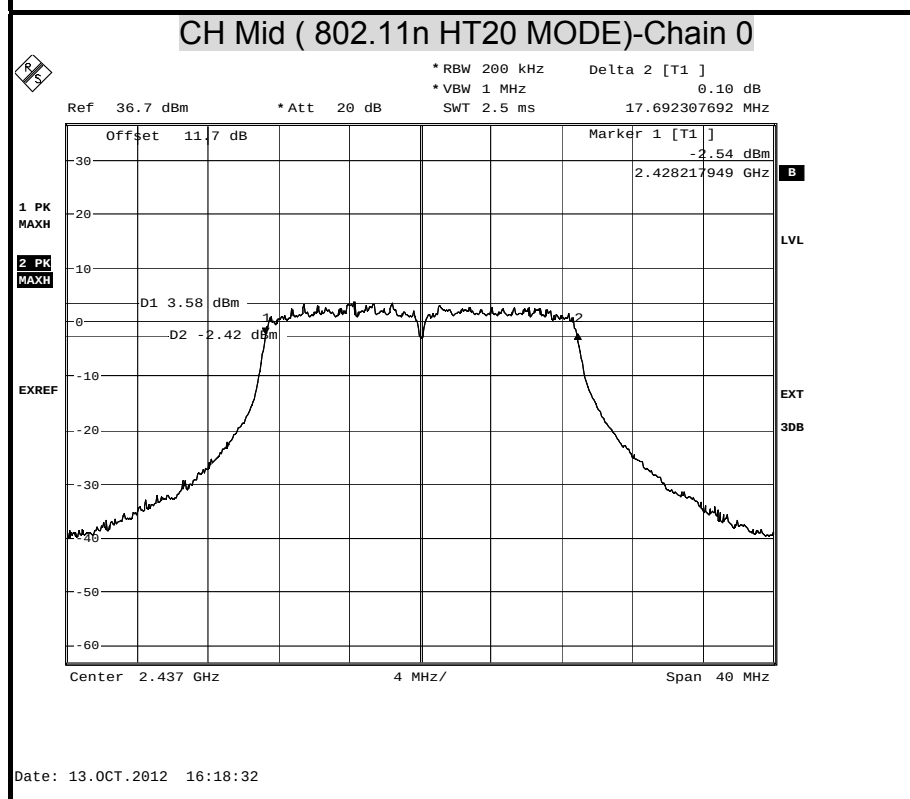
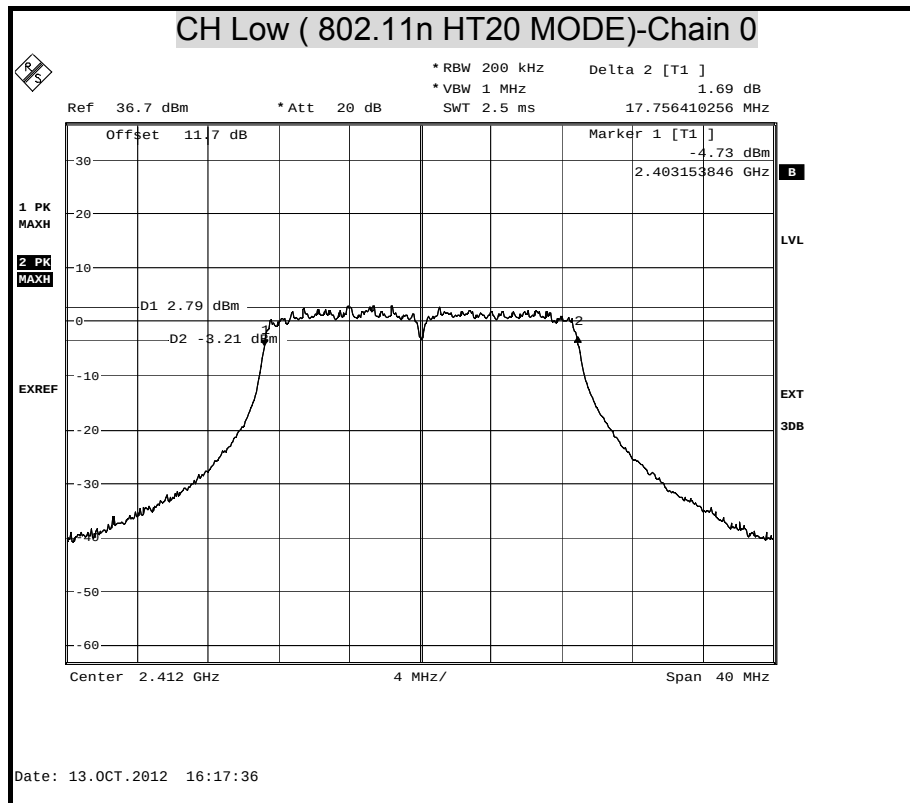
6dB BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)

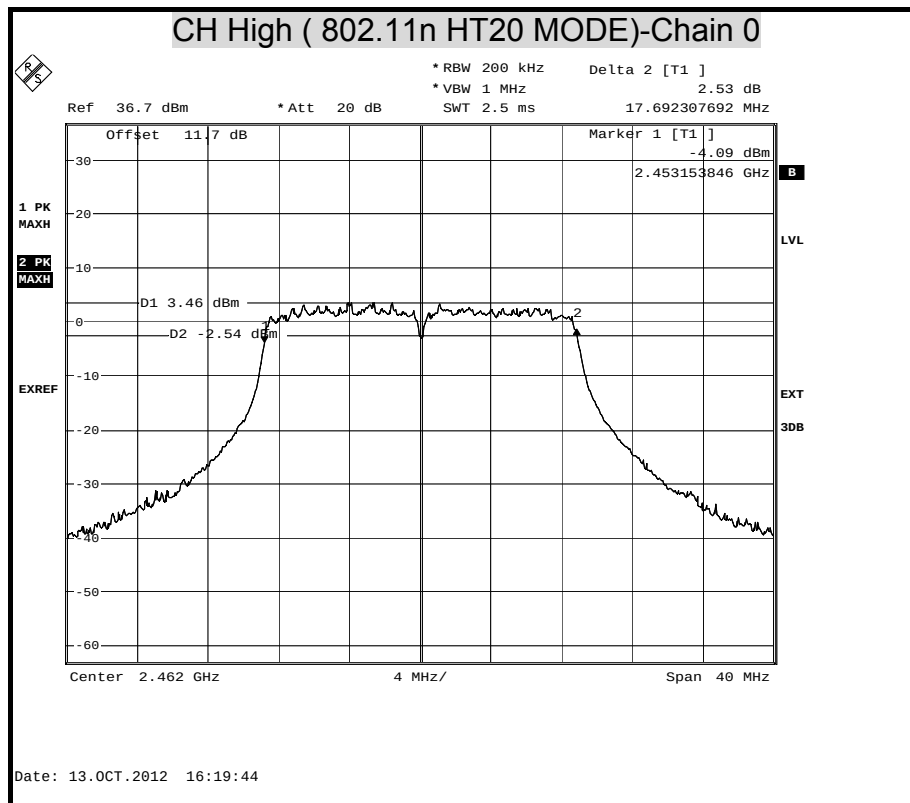






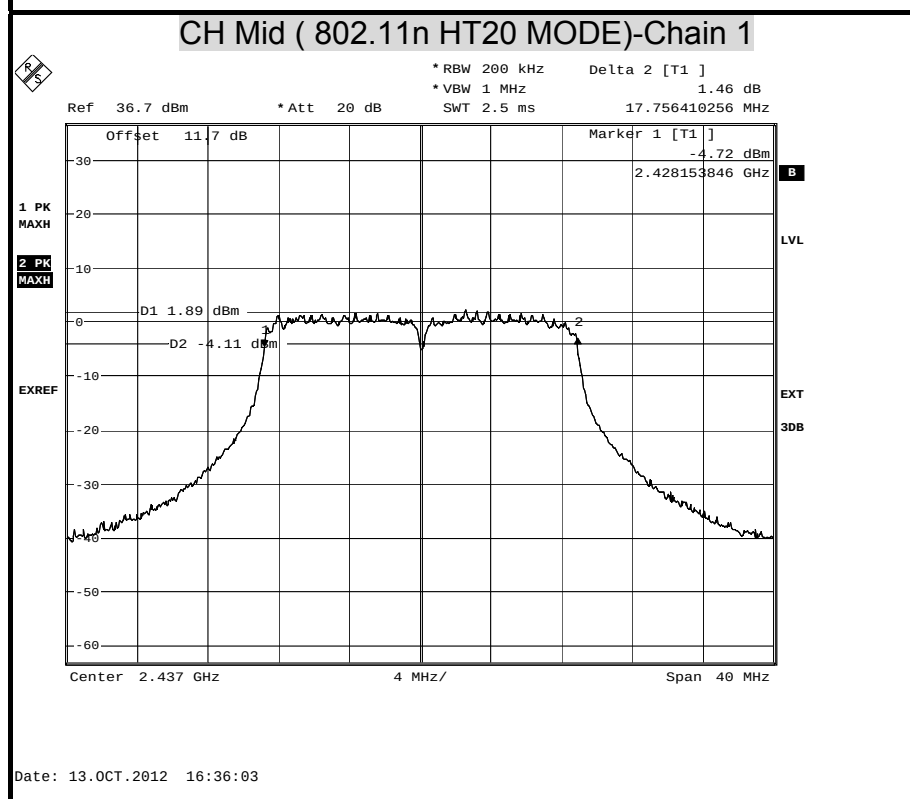
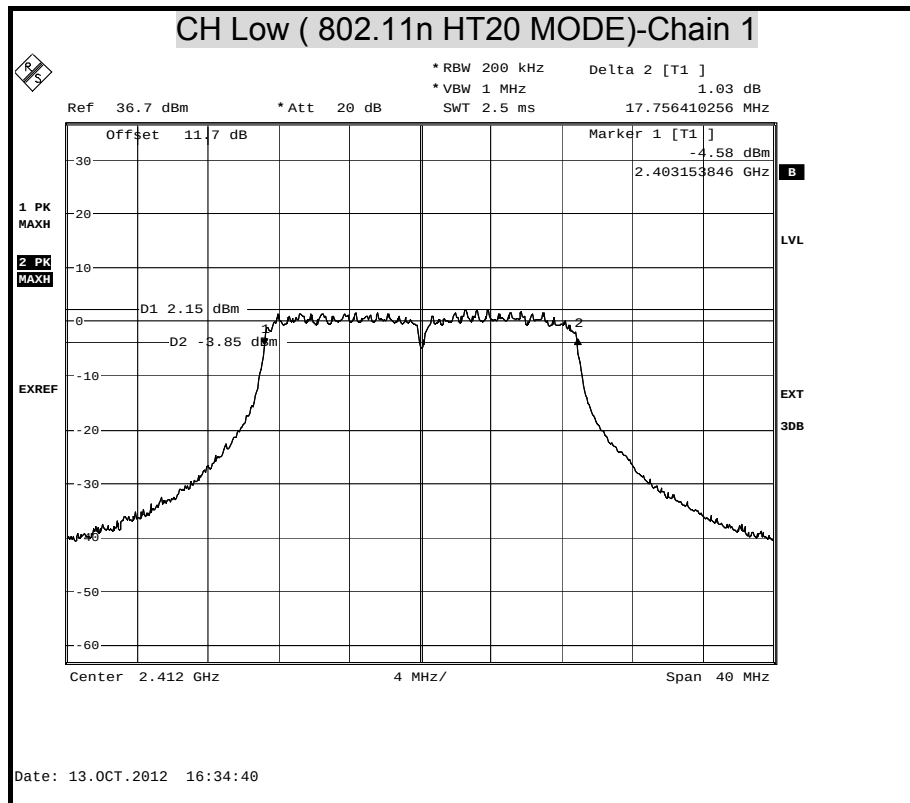
6dB BANDWIDTH (802.11n HT20 MODE) Chain 0

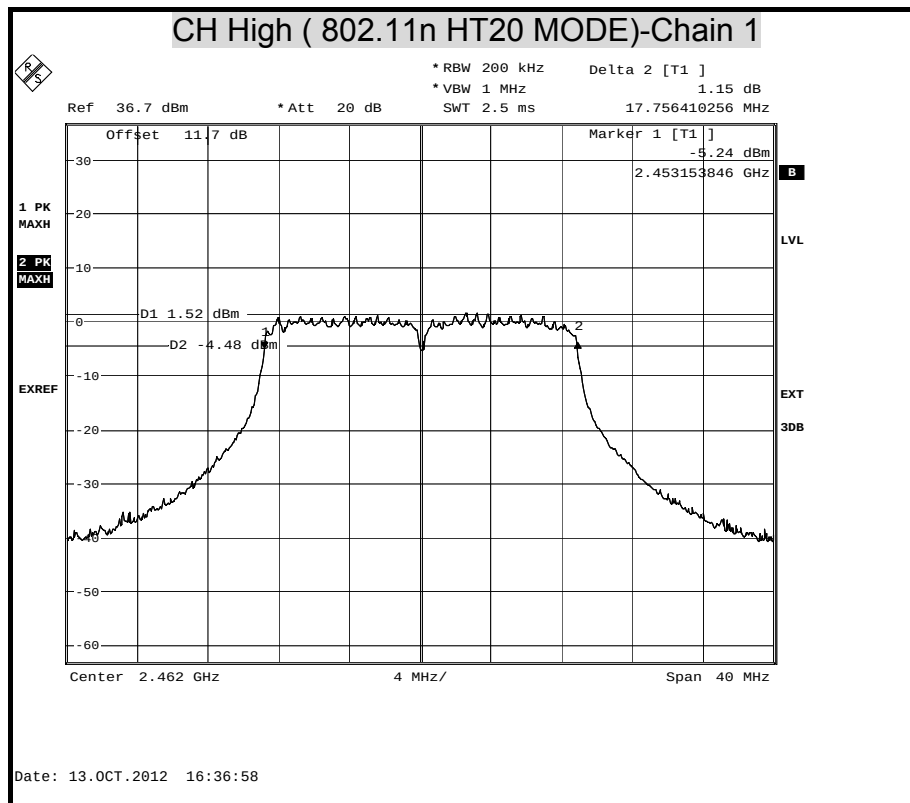






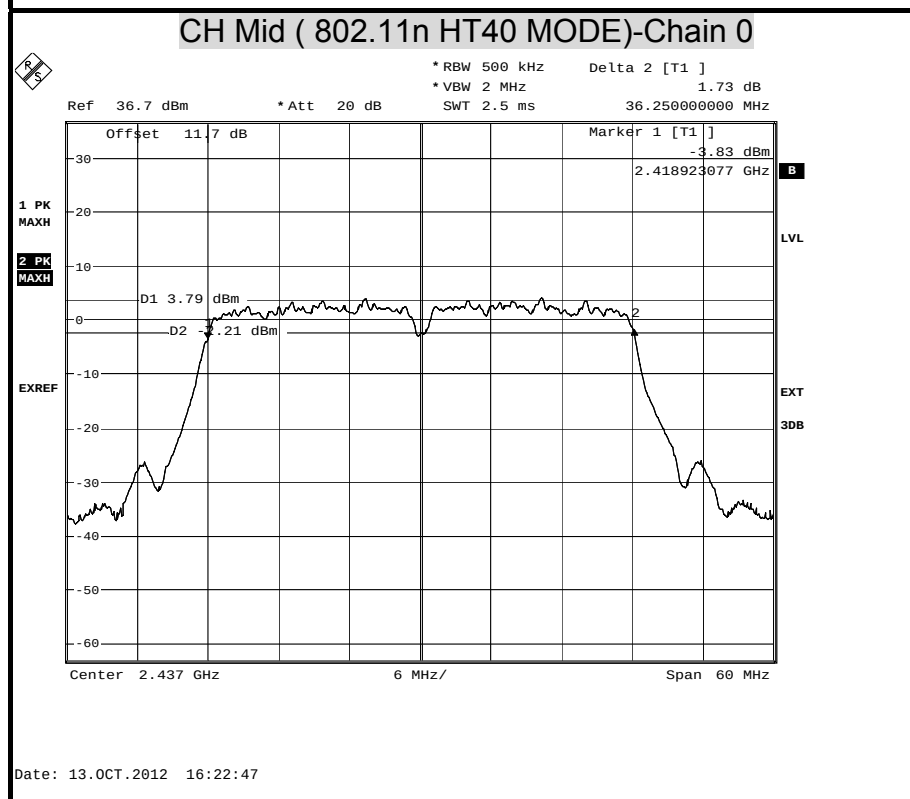
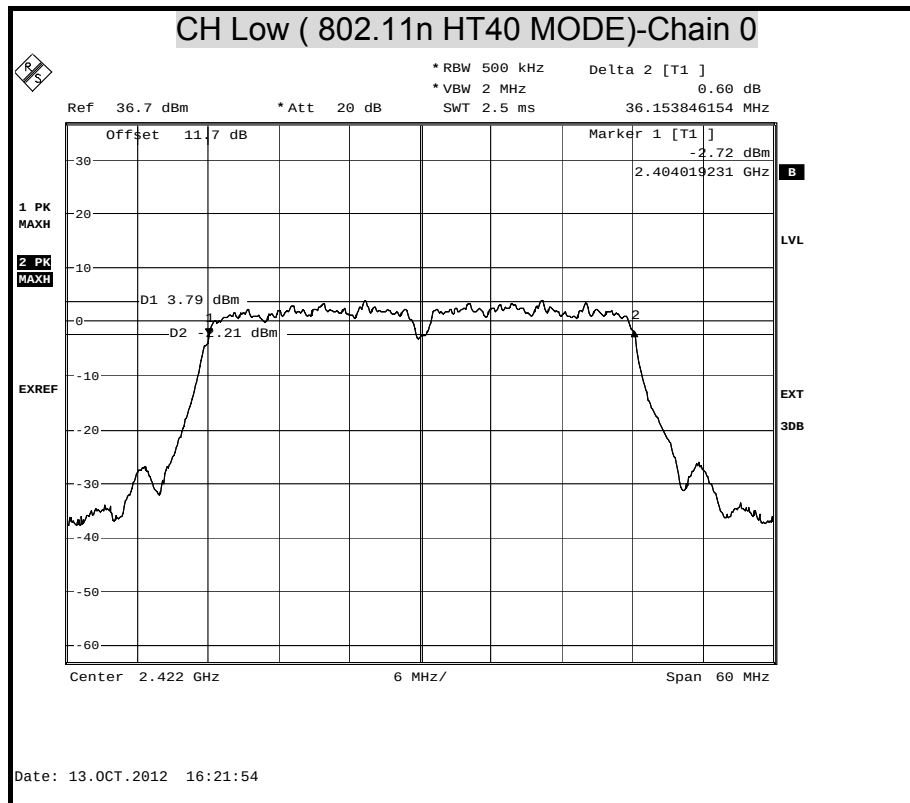
6dB BANDWIDTH (802.11n HT20 MODE) Chain 1

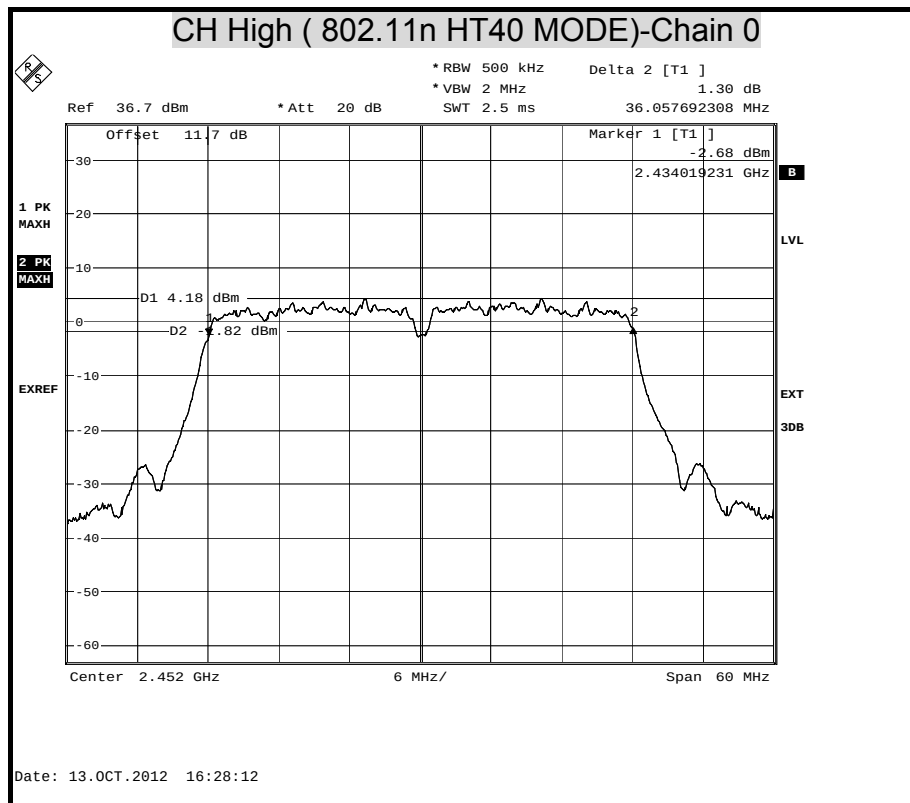






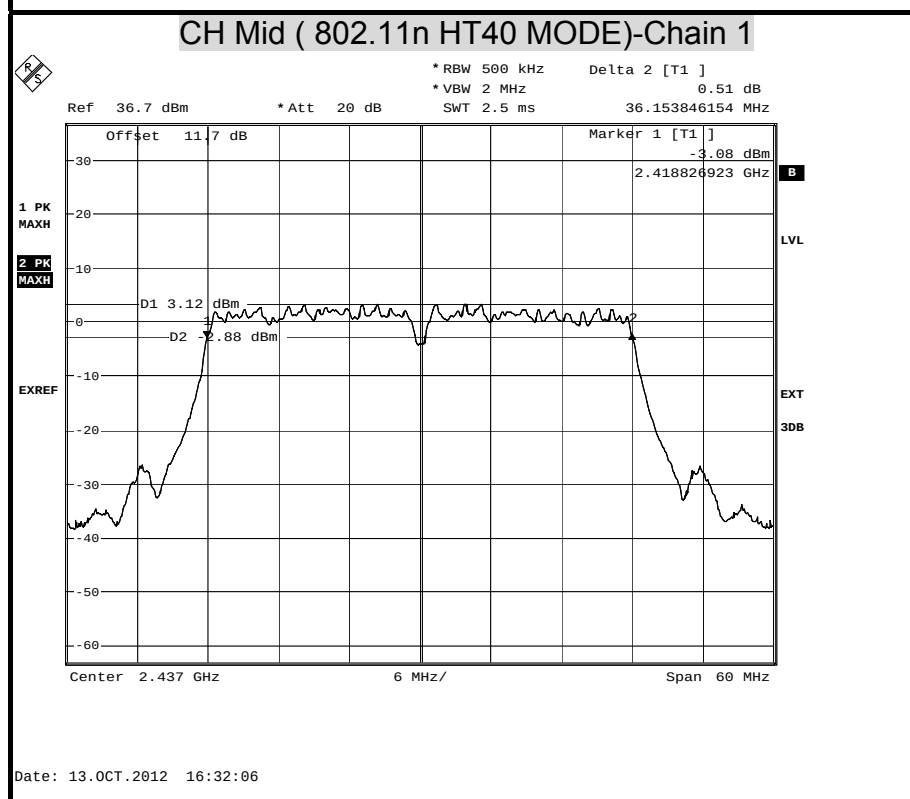
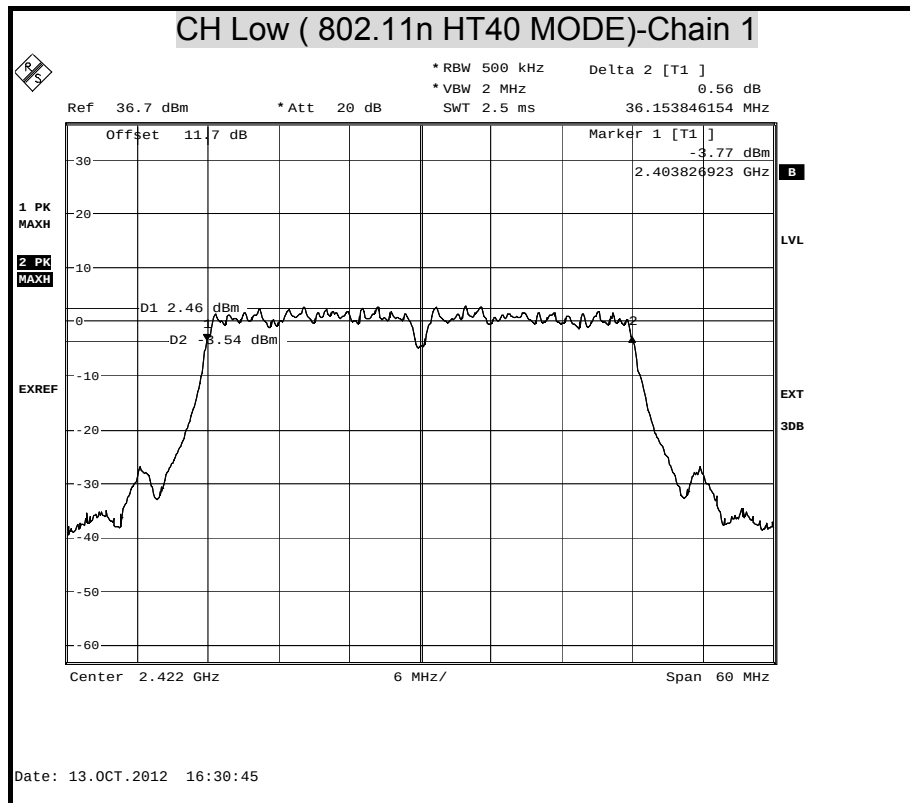
6dB BANDWIDTH (802.11n HT40 MODE) Chain 0

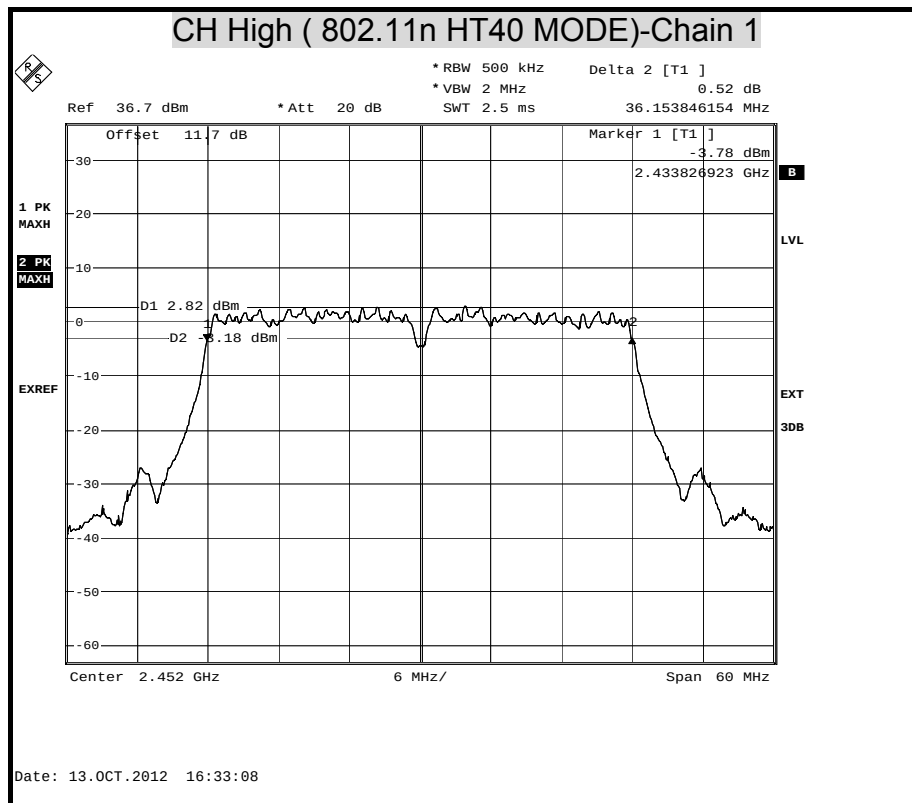






6dB BANDWIDTH (802.11n HT40 MODE) Chain 1







8.2 MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

LIMIT

§ 15.247(b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

§ 15.247(b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands : 1 watt.

§ 15.247(b) (4) Except as shown in paragraphs (c) of this section , if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section , as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSU	200789	SEP. 29, 2013

TEST SETUP





TEST PROCEDURE

The tests were performed in accordance with KDB 558074 5.2.1.2 and 5.2.2.1.

5.2.1.2 Measurement Procedure PK2:

- 1.This procedure provides an integrated measurement alternative when the maximum available RBW < EBW.
- 2.Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
- 3.Set the VBW = 3 MHz.
- 4.Set the span to a value that is 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
- 5.Detector = peak.
- 6.Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7.Trace mode = max hold.
- 8.Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9.Use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW band edges(for some analyzers, this may require a manual override to ensure use of peak detector). If the spectrum analyzer does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW of the spectrum.

5.2.2.1 Measurement Procedure AVG1(power averaging over the EBW with slow sweep speed):

- 1.Set the analyzer span to 5-30% greater than the EBW.
- 2.Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
- 3.Set the VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz.
- 4.Detector = power average (RMS).
- 5.Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq 2 \times$ (span/RBW).
- 6.Manually set the sweep time to: $\geq 10 \times$ (number of measurement points in sweep) $\times$ (transmission symbol period).
- 7.Perform the measurement over a single sweep.
- 8.Use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW band edges to determine the maximum conducted output power of the EUT over the EBW. Note: If the analyzer does not have a band power function, sum the spectral levels (in linear power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the entire EBW.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

**IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	21.83	30.00	PASS
Middle	2437	22.37	30.00	PASS
High	2462	22.84	30.00	PASS

NOTE : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 1Mbps long.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	23.54	30.00	PASS
Middle	2437	24.00	30.00	PASS
High	2462	24.26	30.00	PASS

NOTE : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)		Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1			
Low	2412	21.57	21.06	24.33	30.00	PASS
Middle	2437	21.86	21.02	24.47	30.00	PASS
High	2462	22.14	20.76	24.51	30.00	PASS

NOTE :

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 13Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)		Peak Power Total (dBm)	Peak Power Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Chain 0	Chain 1			
Low	2422	20.24	20.04	23.15	30.00	PASS
Middle	2437	20.65	19.97	23.33	30.00	PASS
High	2452	20.34	19.80	23.09	30.00	PASS

NOTE :

1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 27Mbps.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

**Average Power Data****IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
Low	2412	19.15
Middle	2437	19.63
High	2462	19.99

IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
Low	2412	17.59
Middle	2437	18.03
High	2462	18.30

IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode

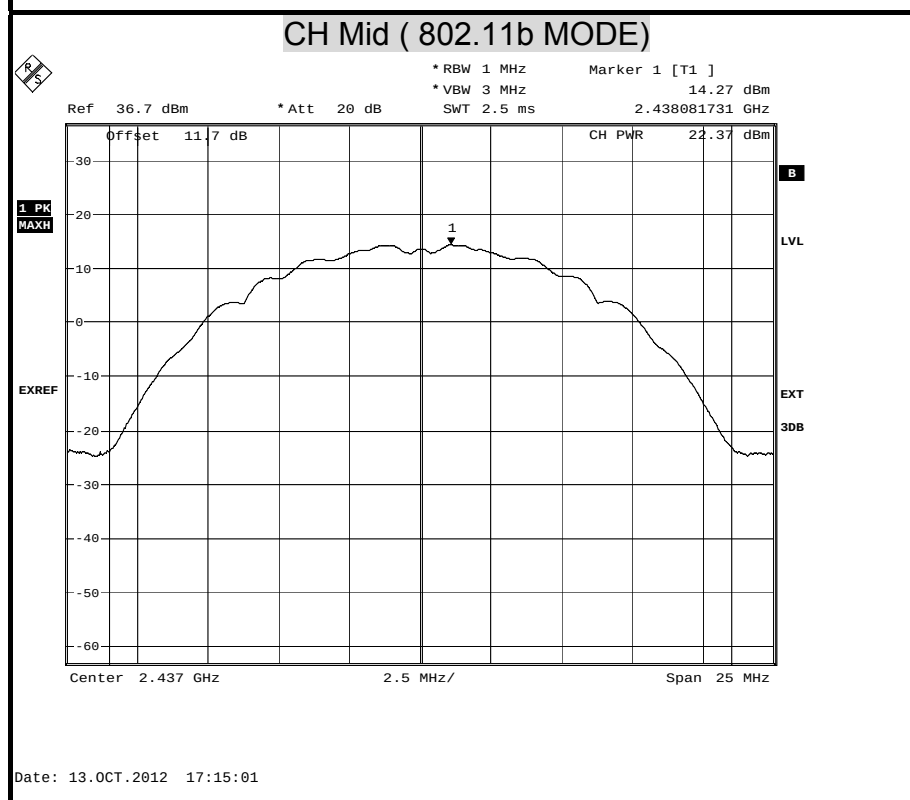
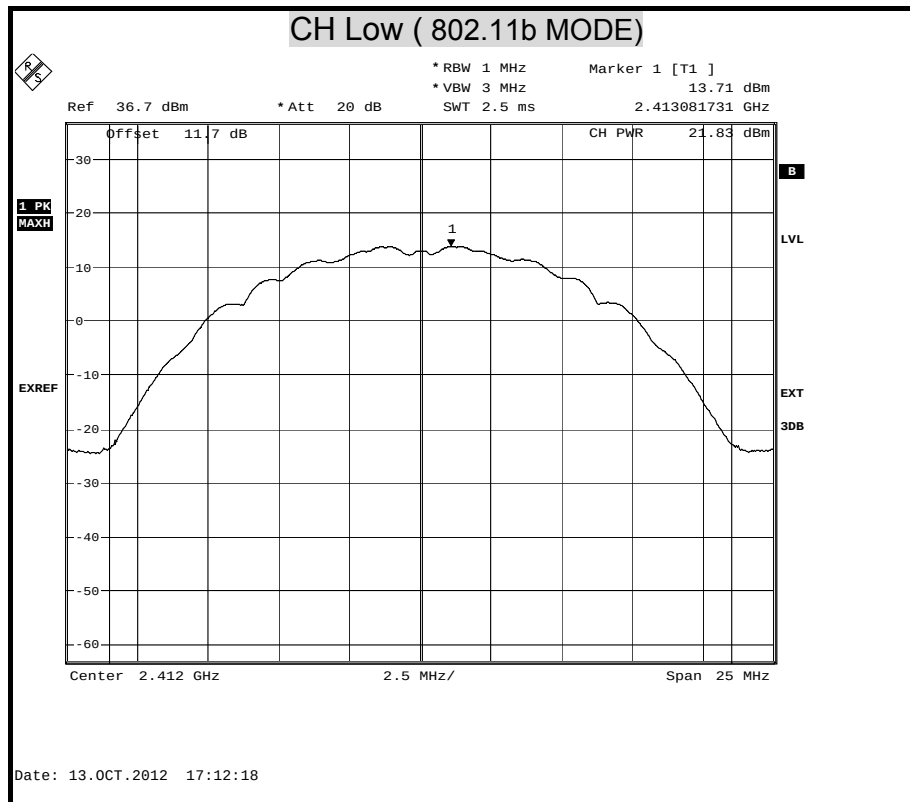
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
		Chain 0	Chain 1
Low	2412	15.45	15.25
Middle	2437	15.84	15.16
High	2462	16.03	14.96

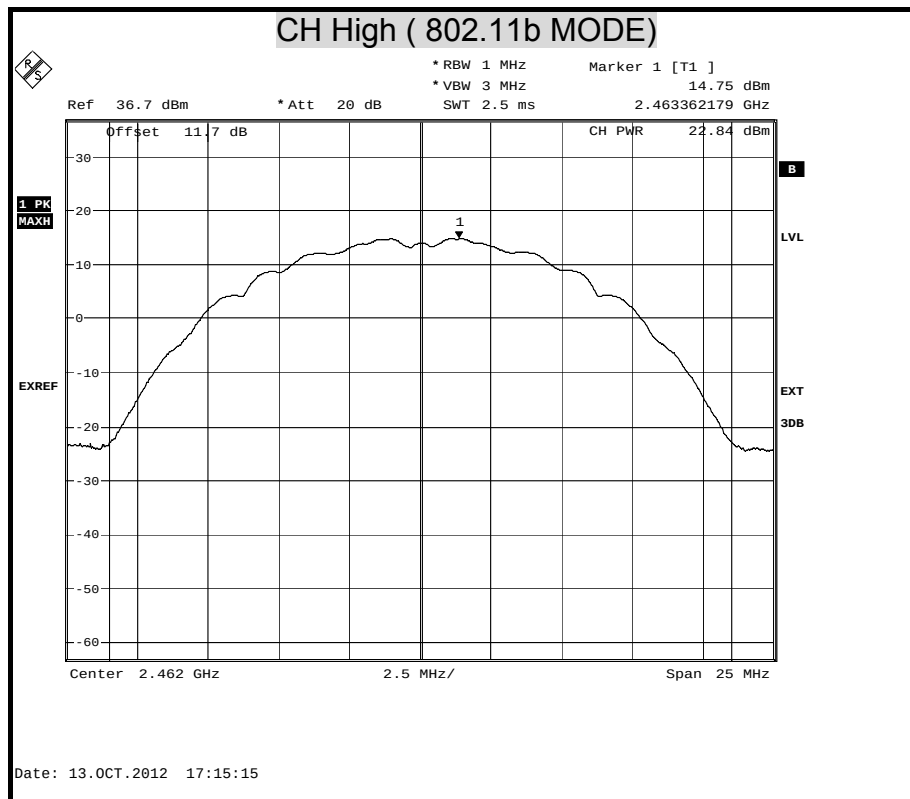
IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
		Chain 0	Chain 1
Low	2422	15.03	14.03
Middle	2437	14.52	14.06
High	2452	14.29	13.73



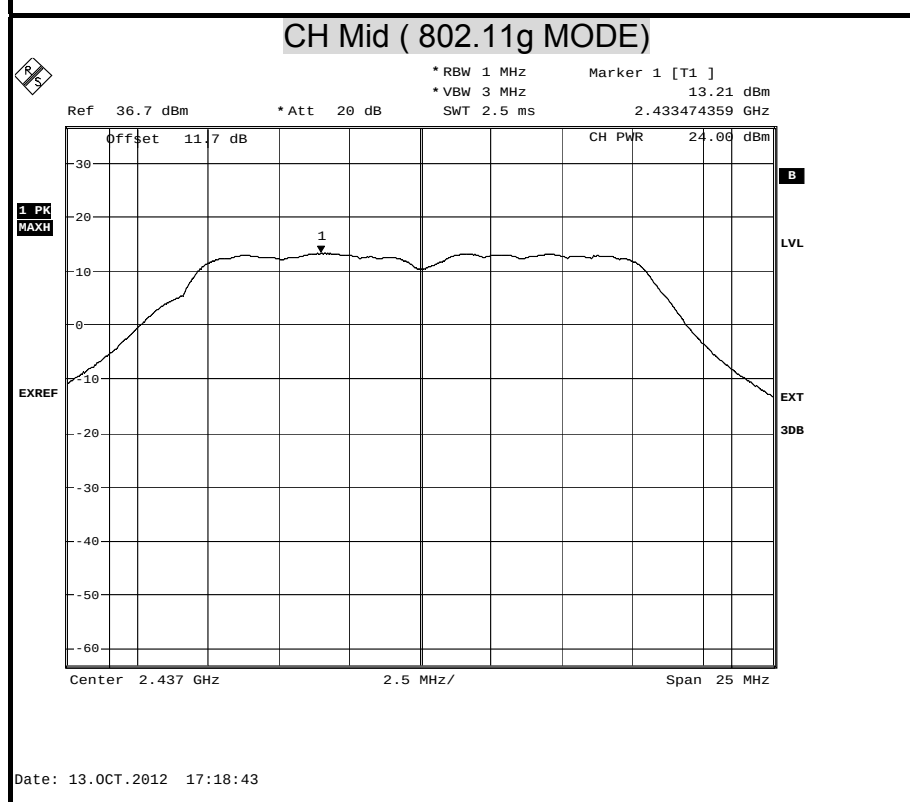
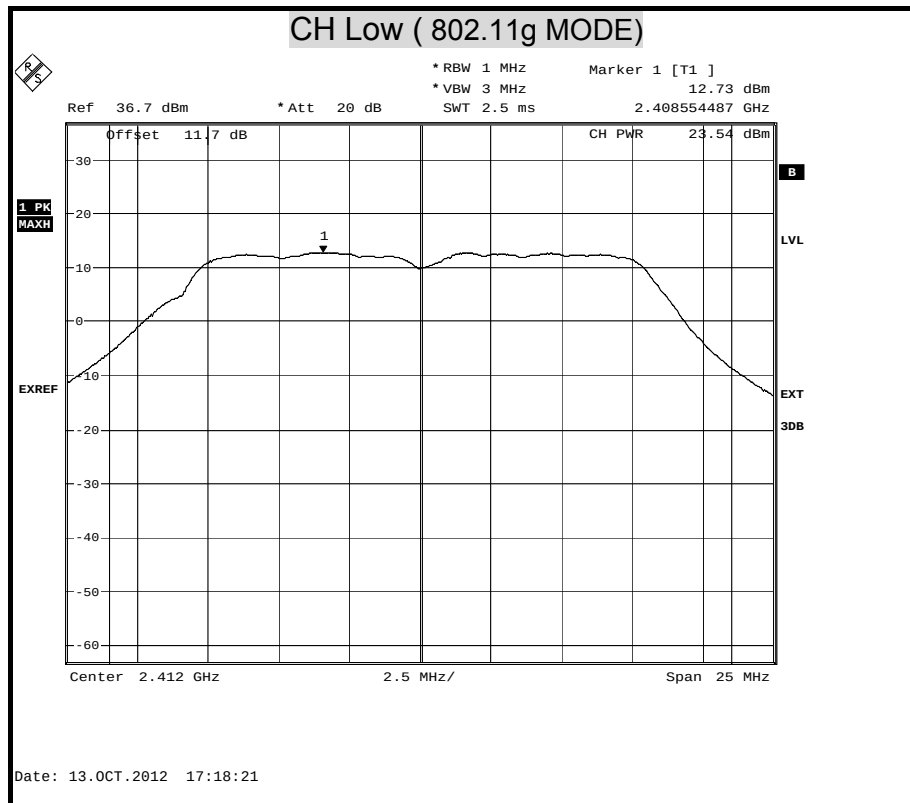
MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (802.11b MODE)

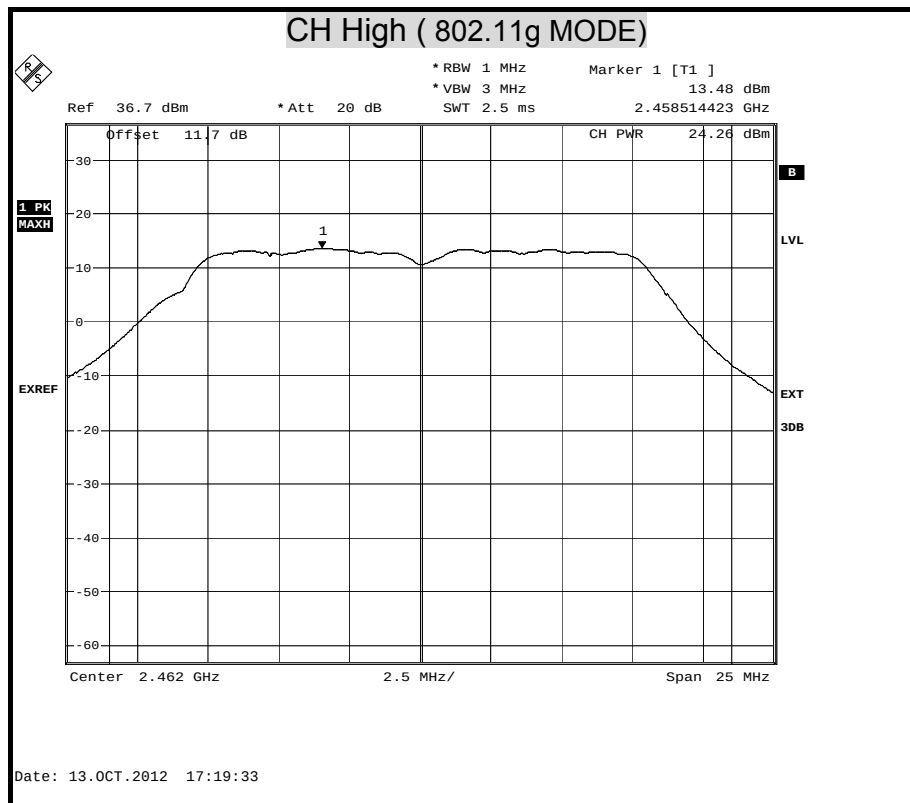






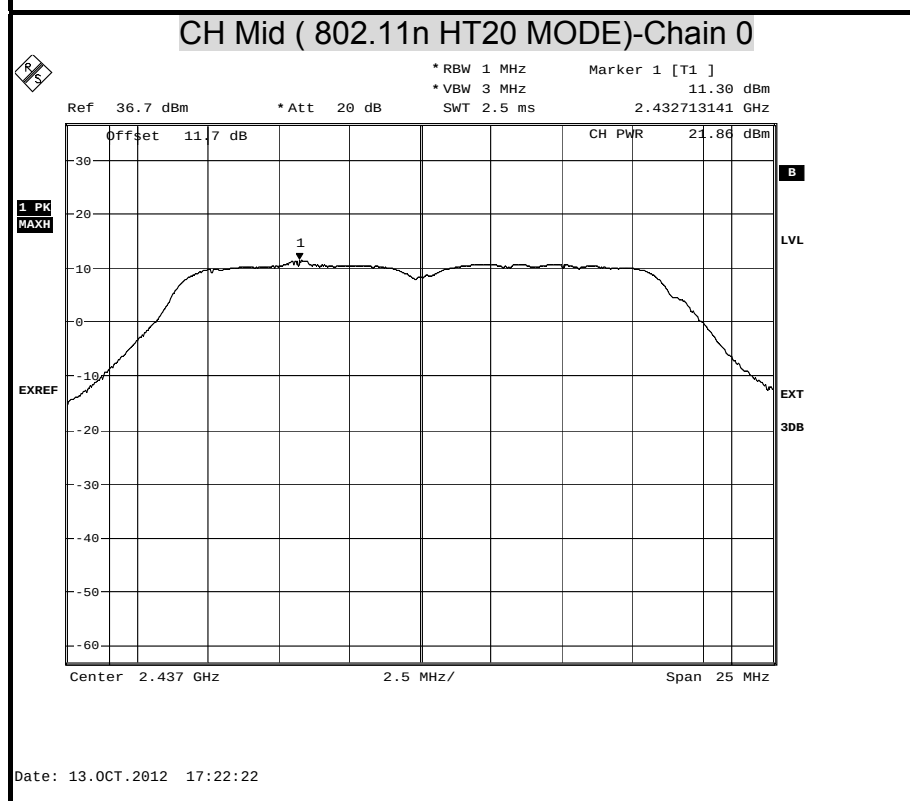
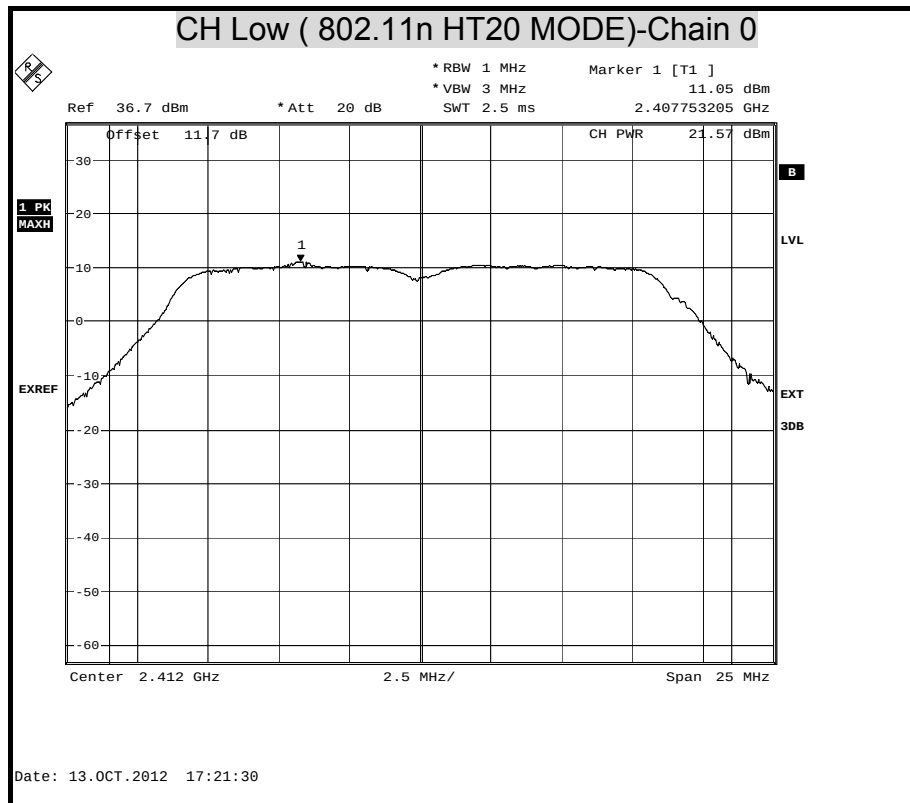
MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (802.11g MODE)

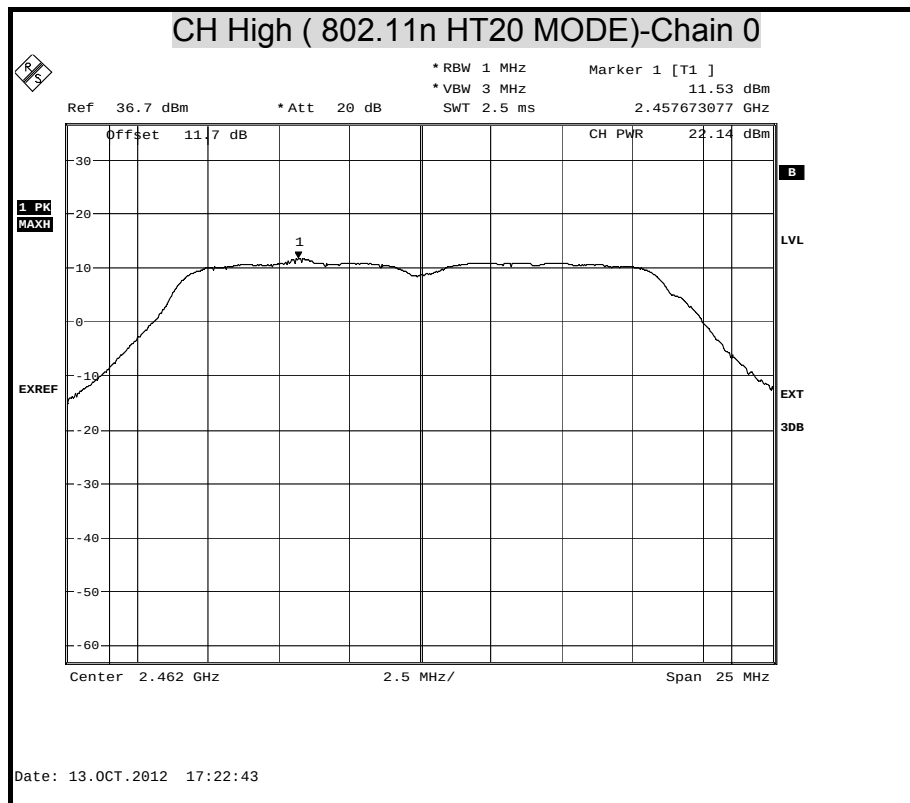






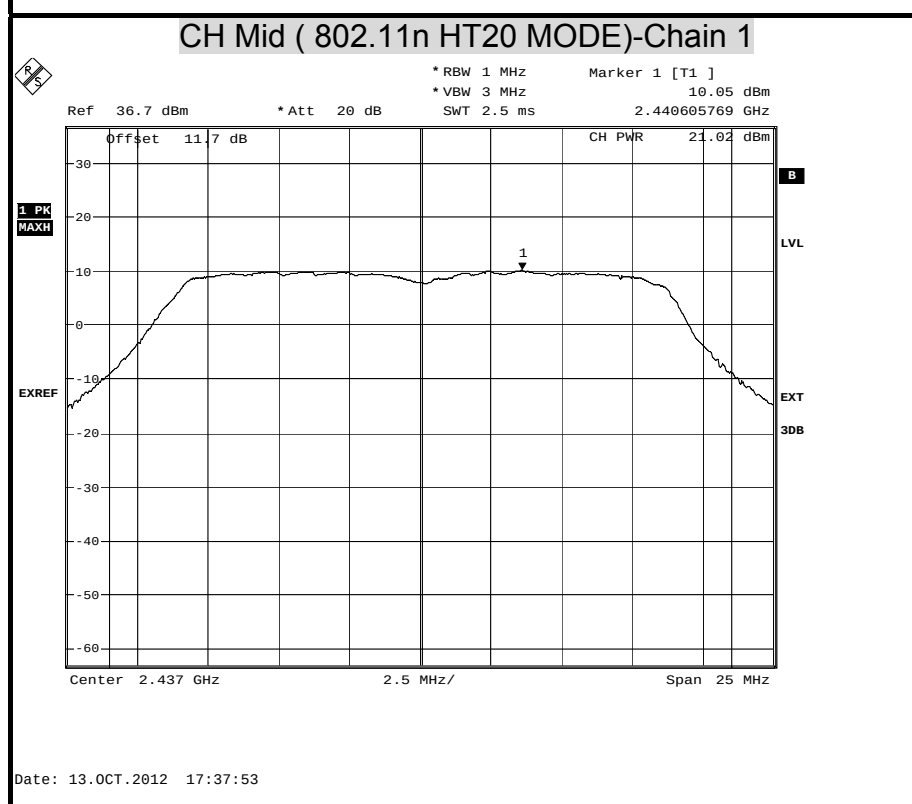
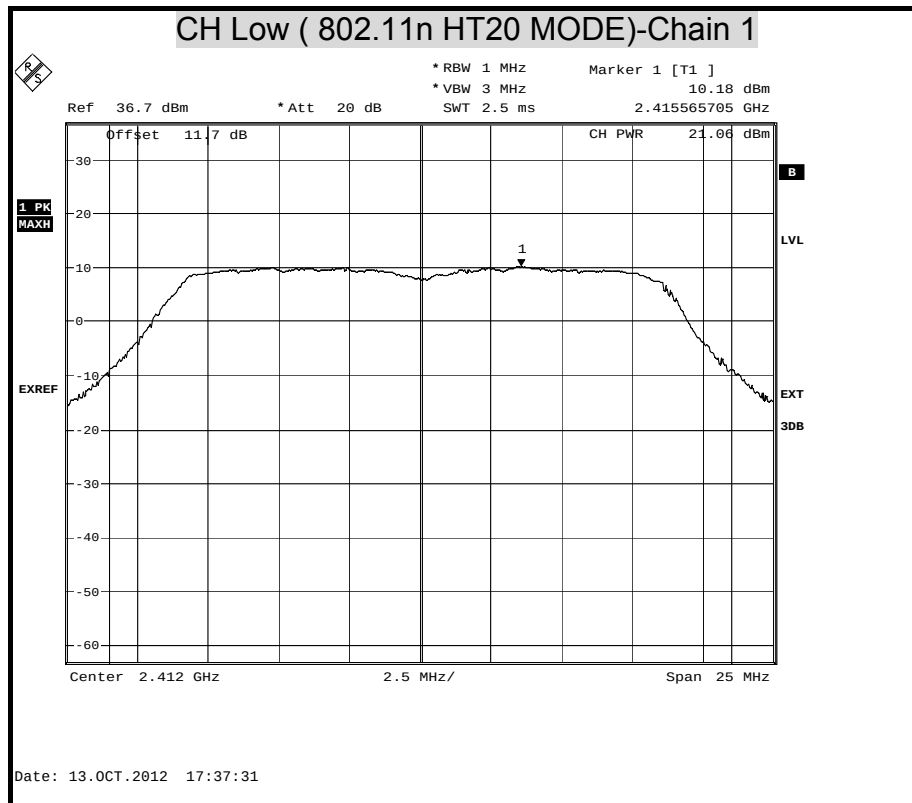
MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (802.11n HT20 MODE) Chain 0

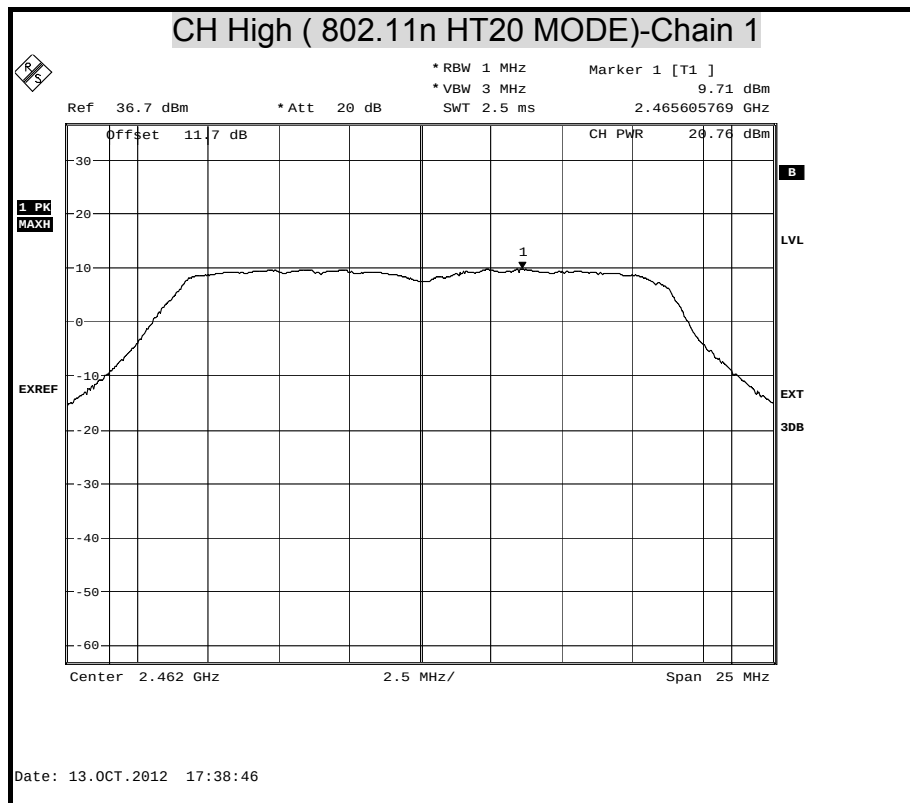






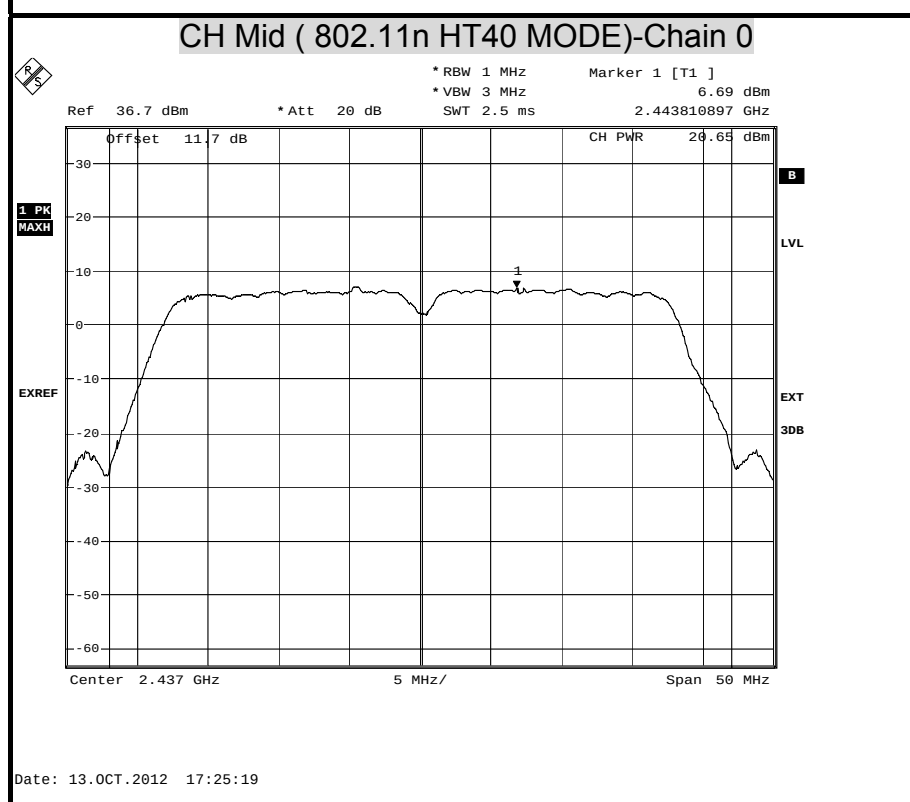
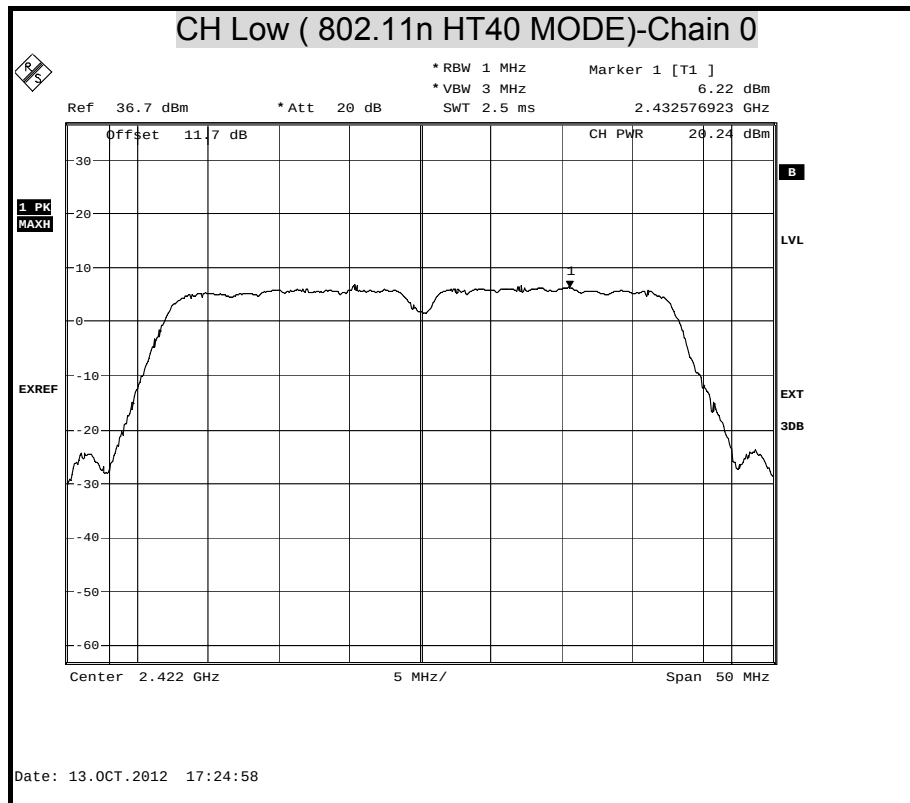
MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (802.11n HT20 MODE) Chain 1

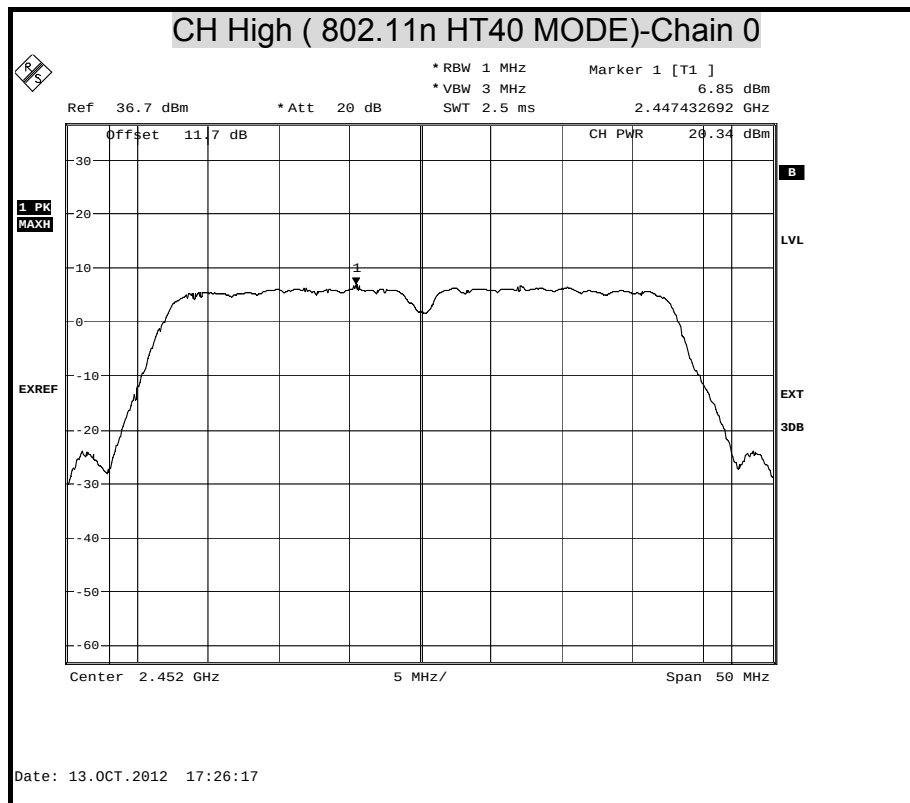






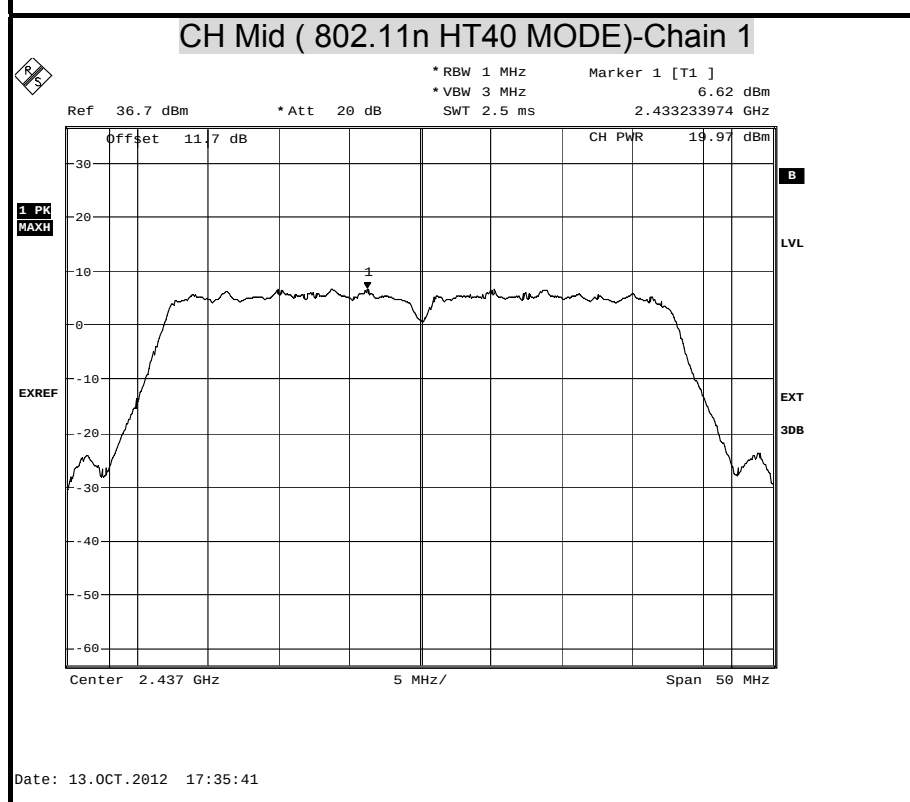
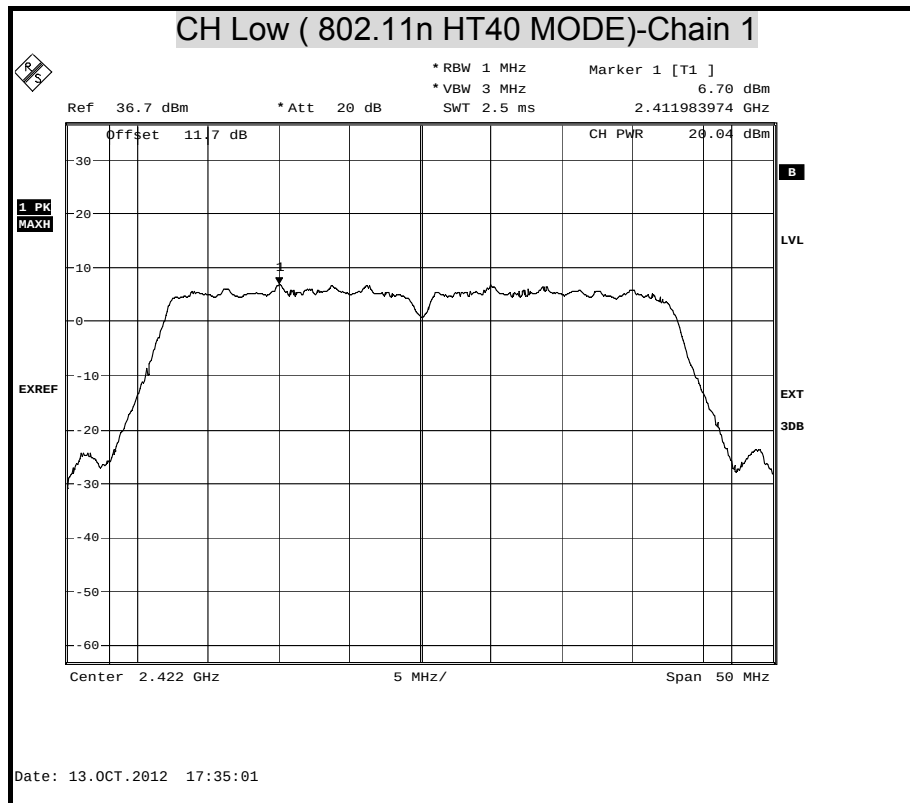
MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (802.11n HT40 MODE) Chain 0

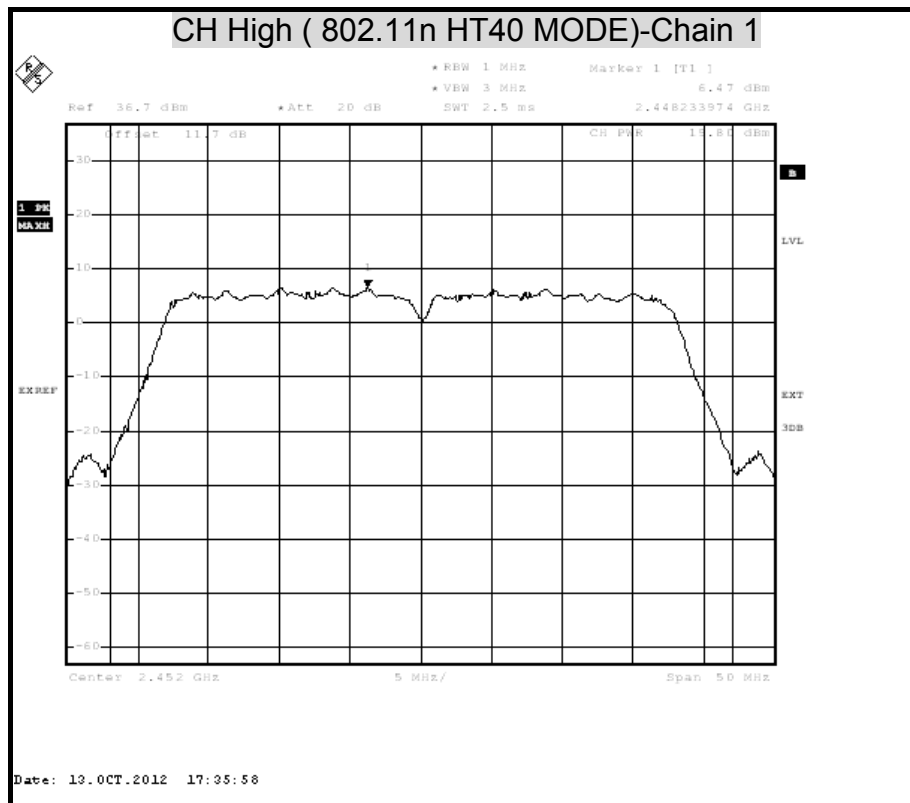






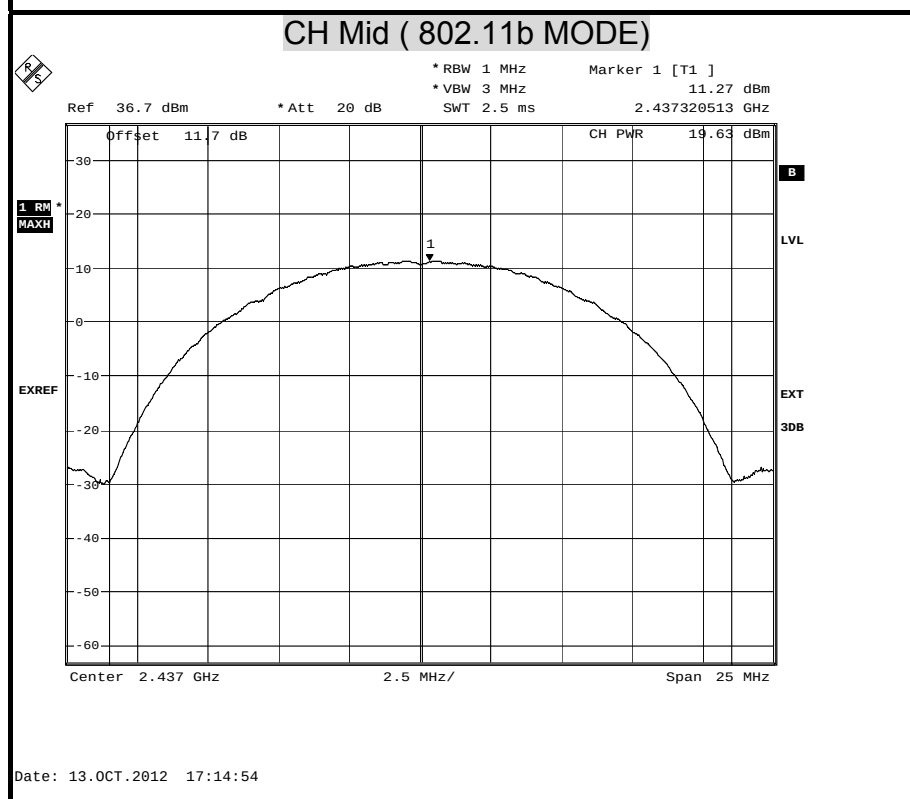
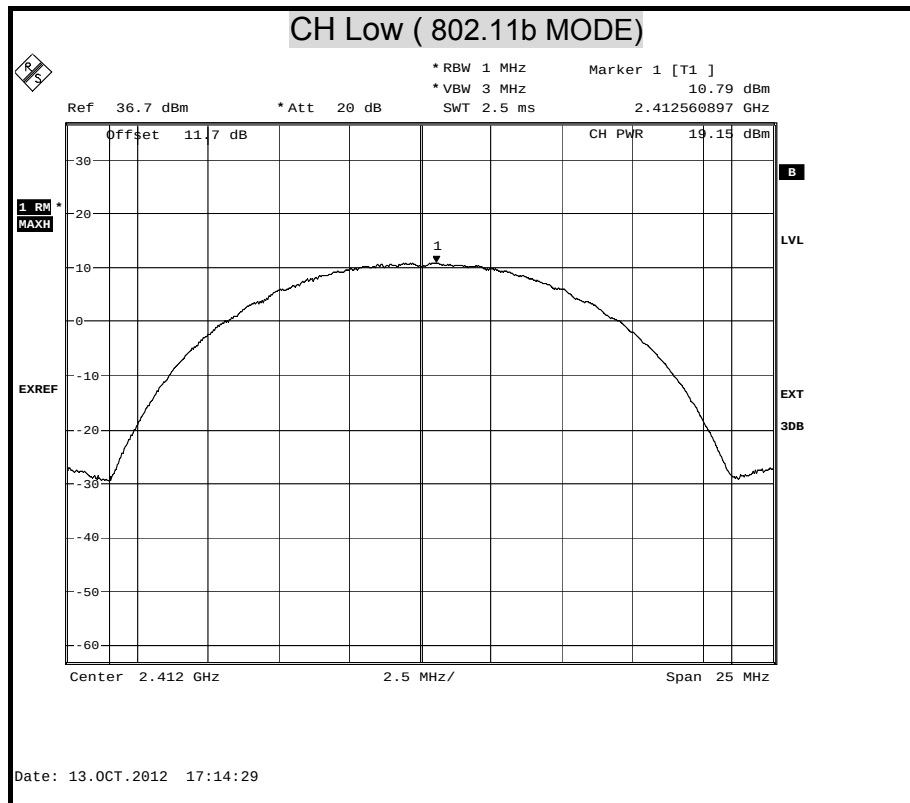
MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (802.11n HT40 MODE) Chain 1

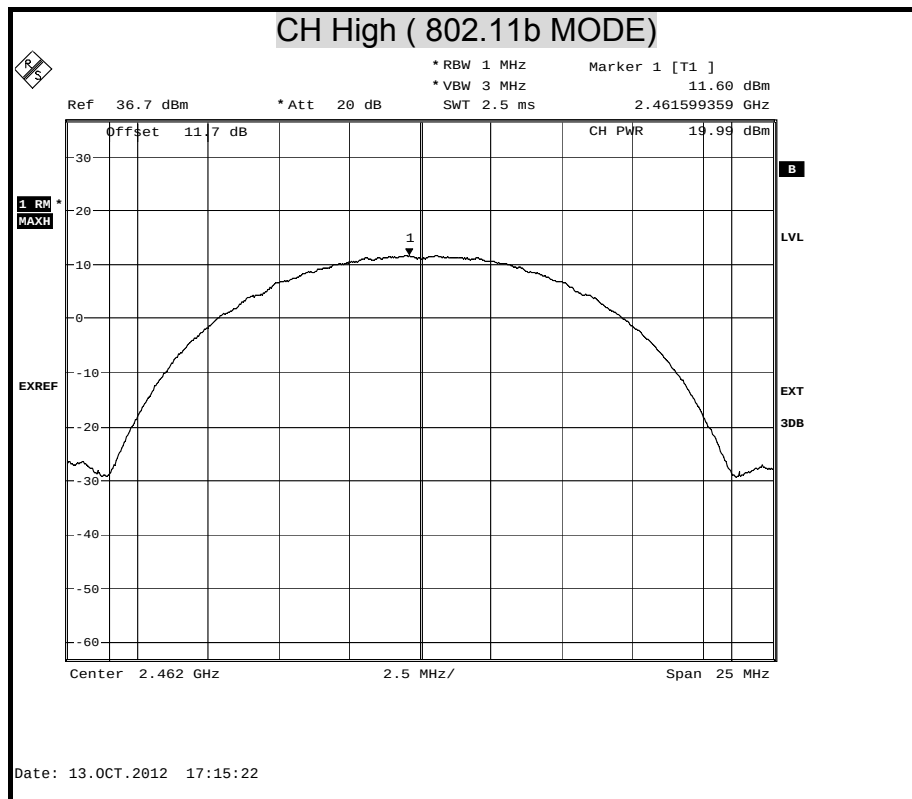






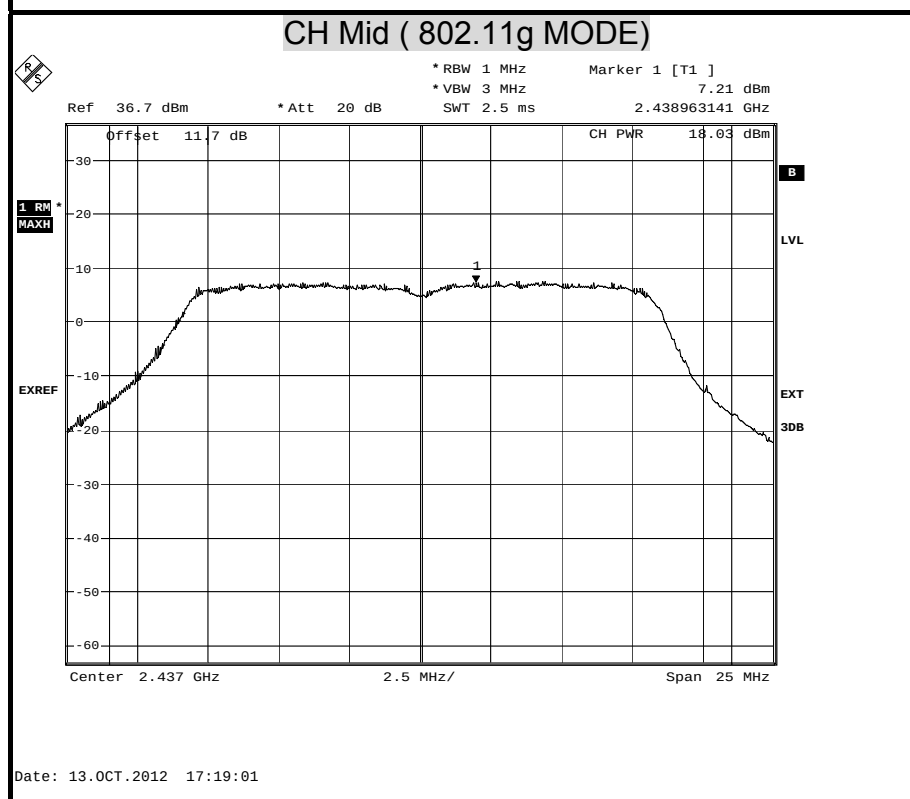
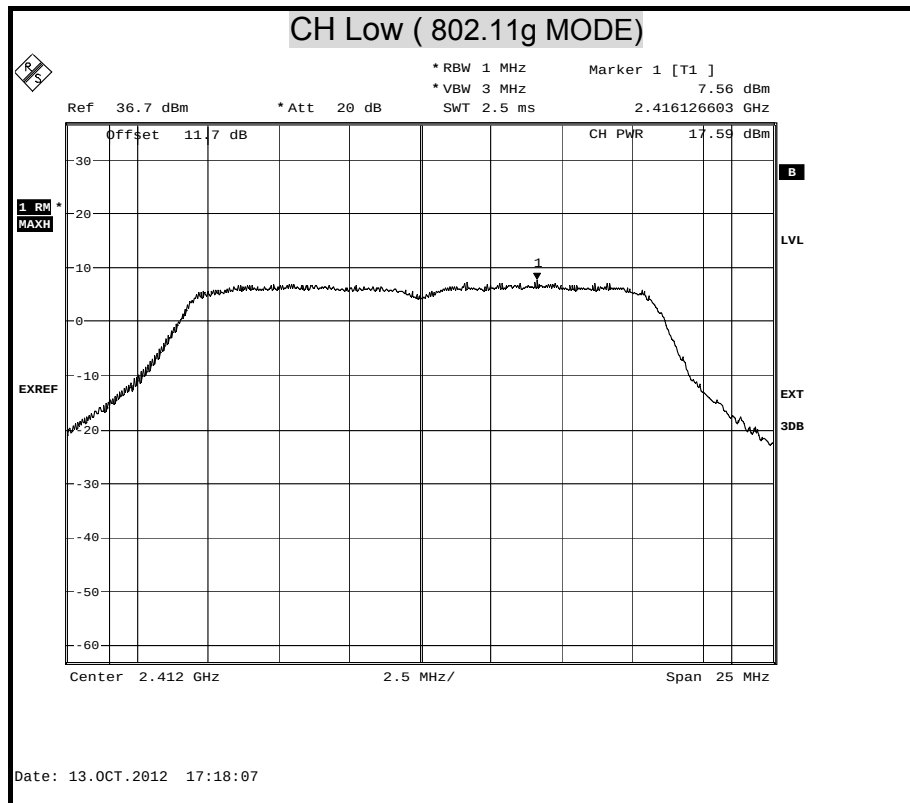
AVERAGE (802.11b MODE)

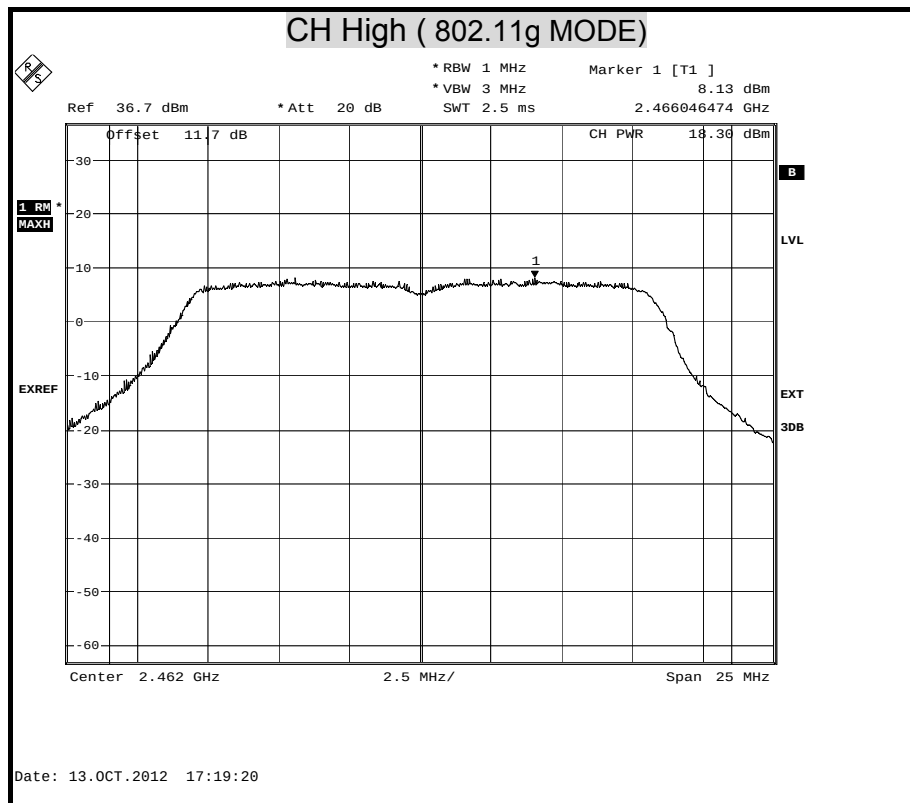






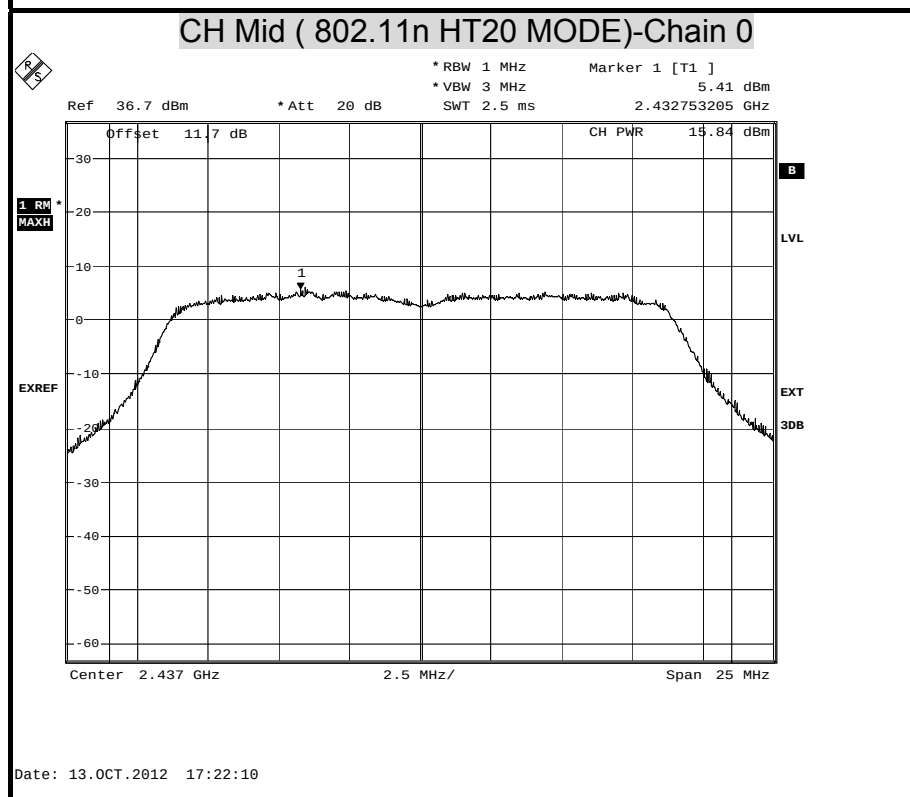
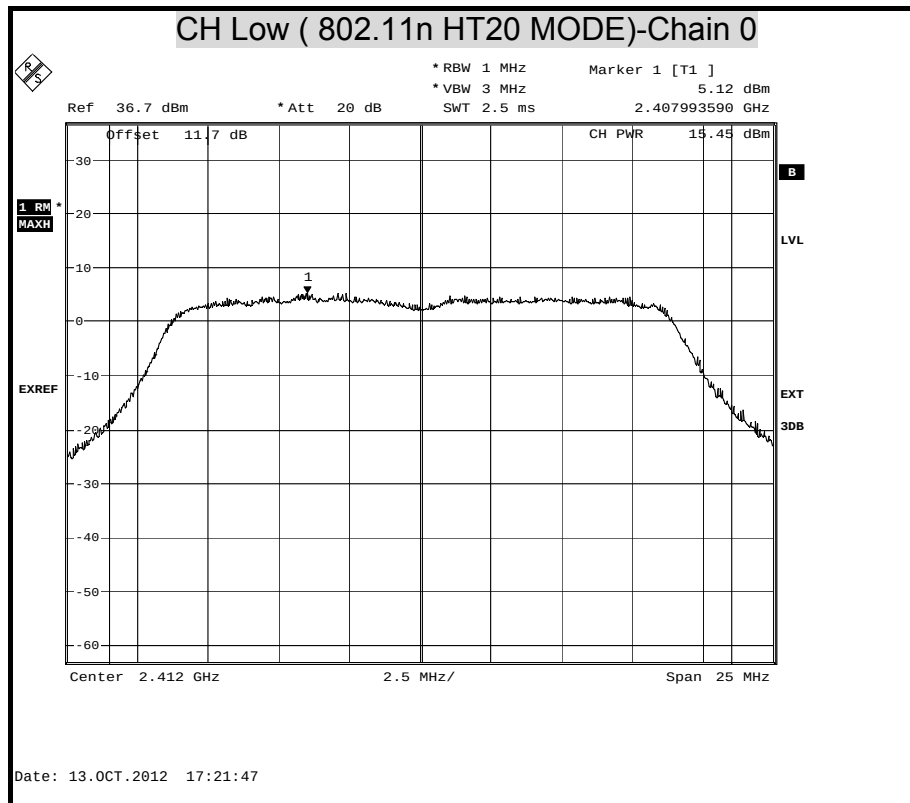
AVERAGE (802.11g MODE)

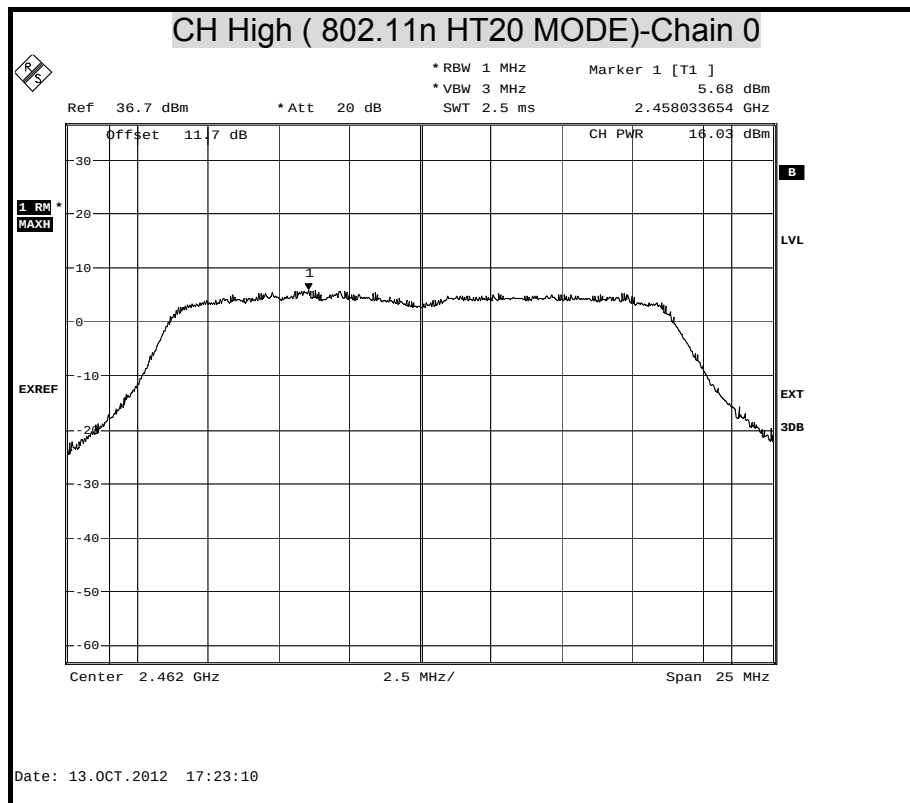






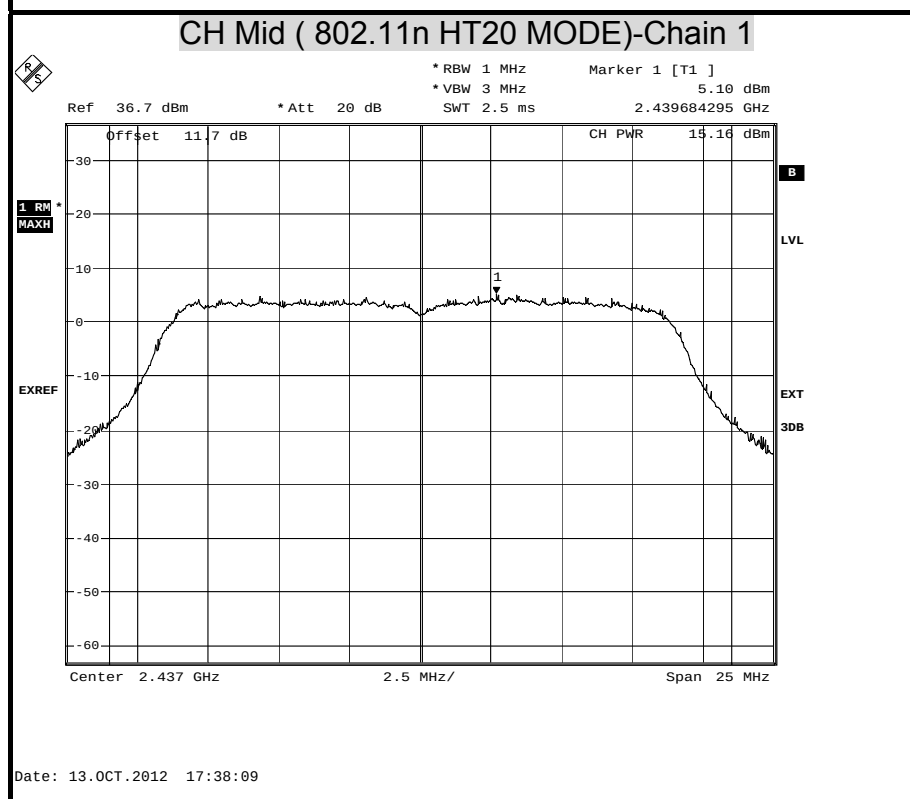
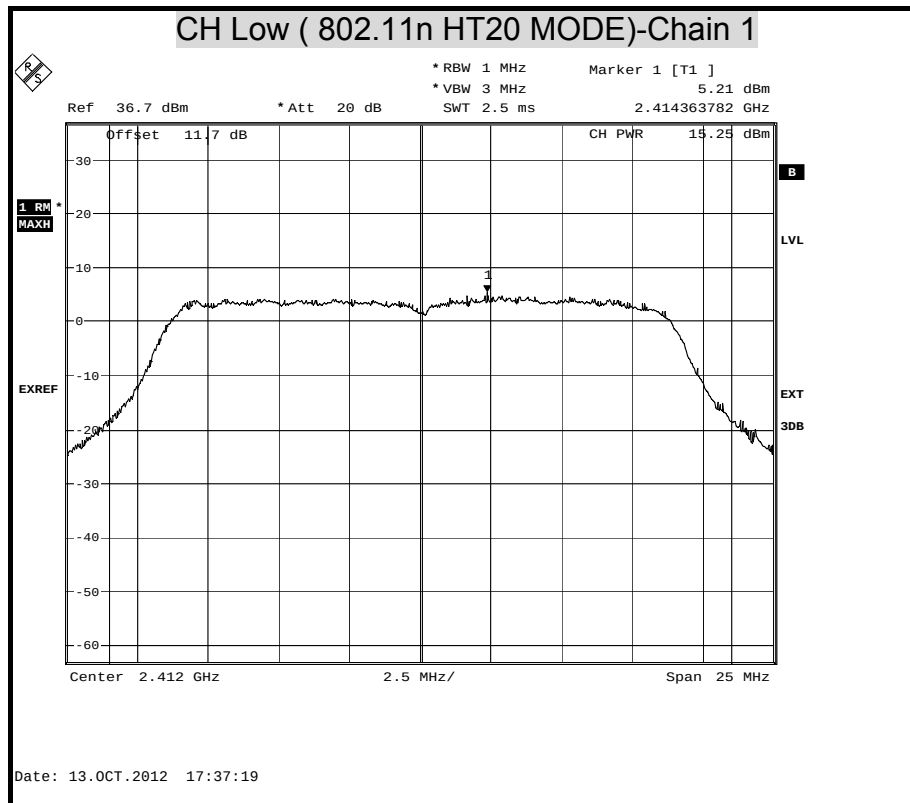
AVERAGE (802.11n HT20 MODE) Chain 0

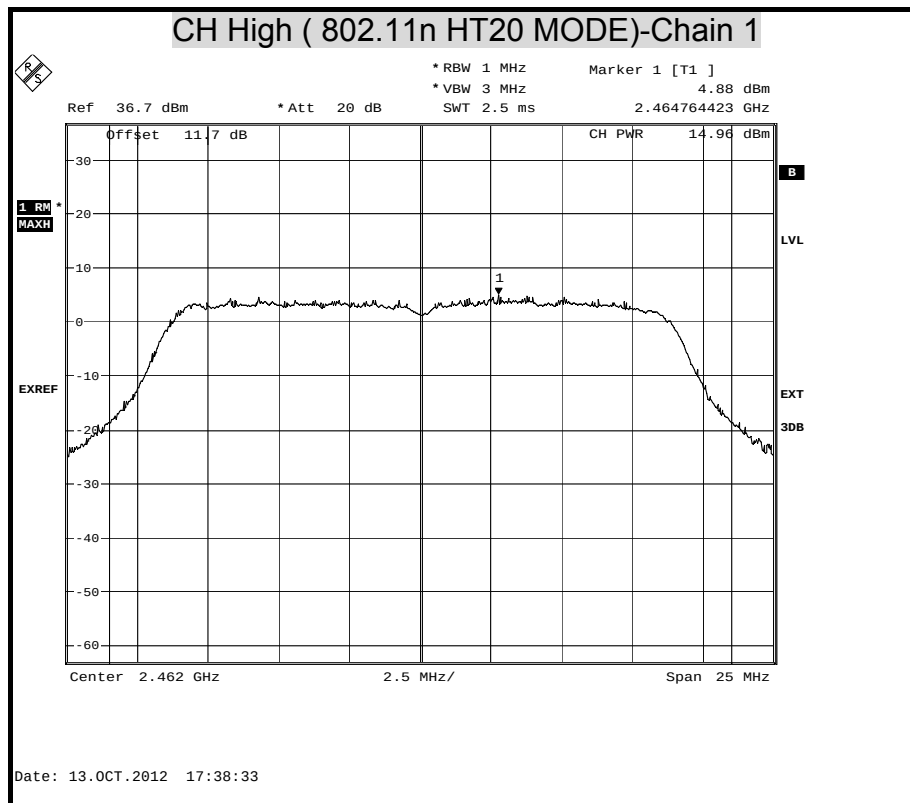






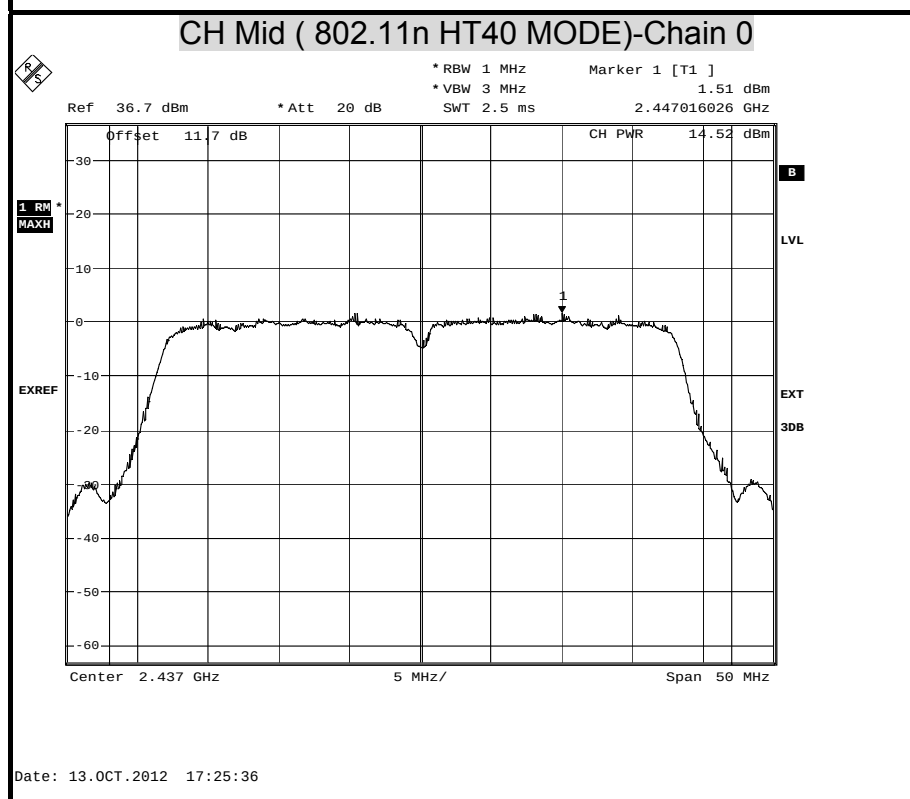
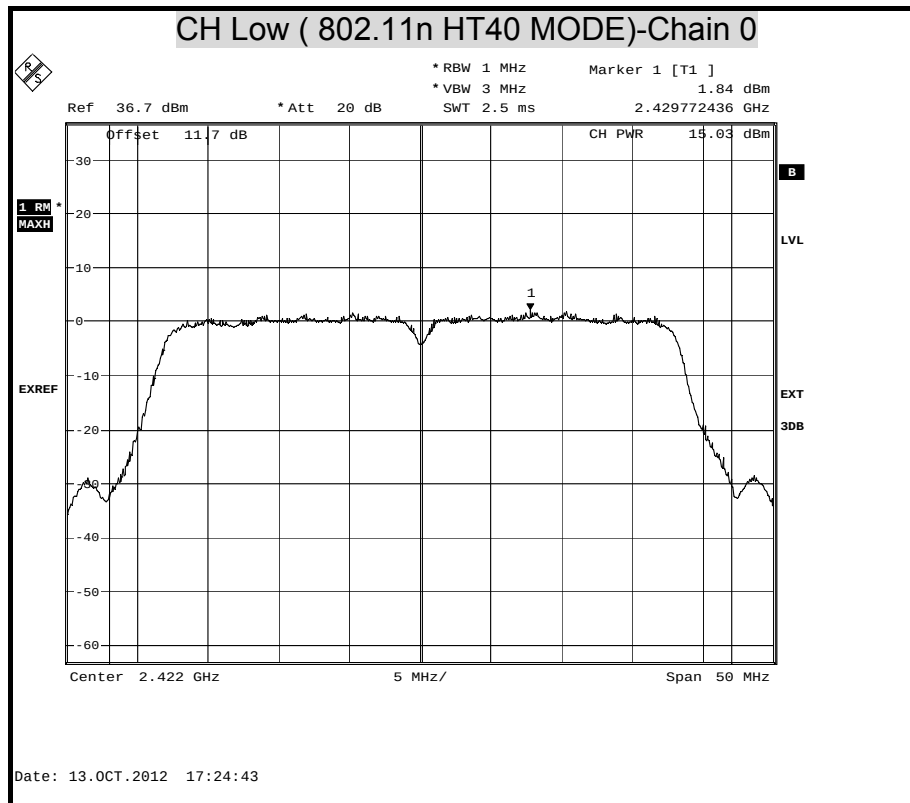
AVERAGE (802.11n HT20 MODE) Chain 1

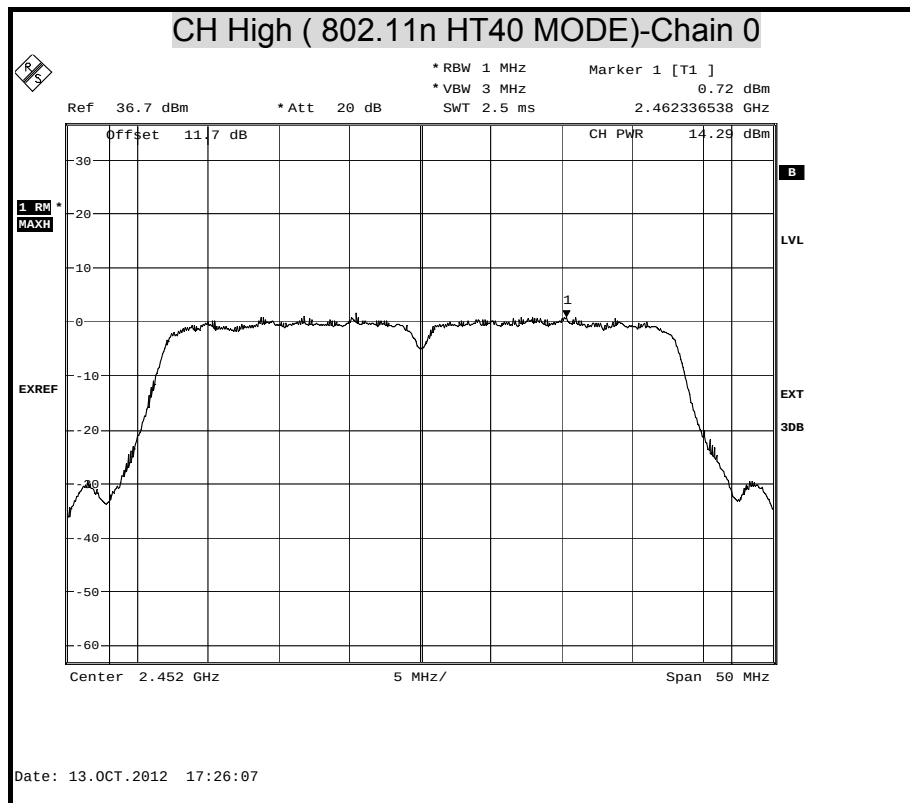






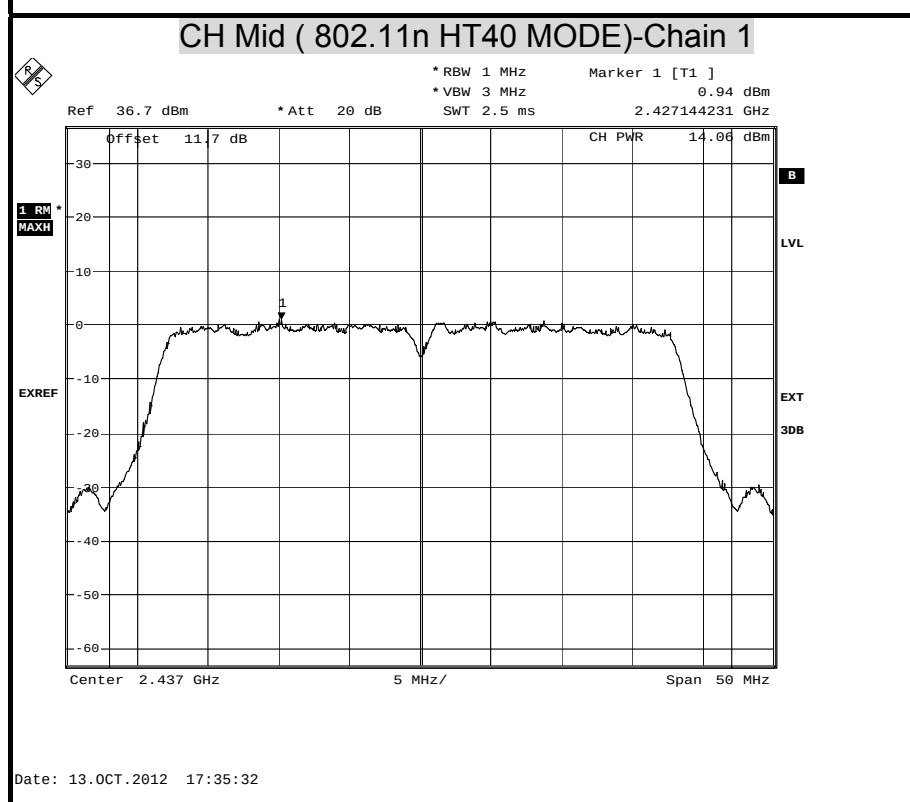
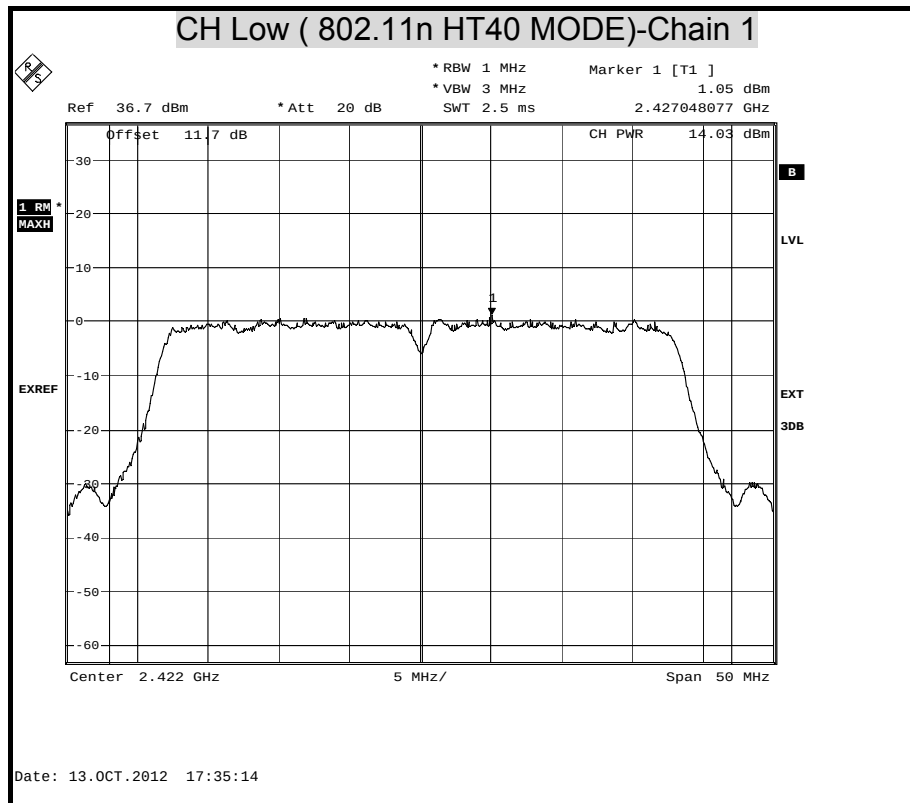
AVERAGE (802.11n HT40 MODE) Chain 0

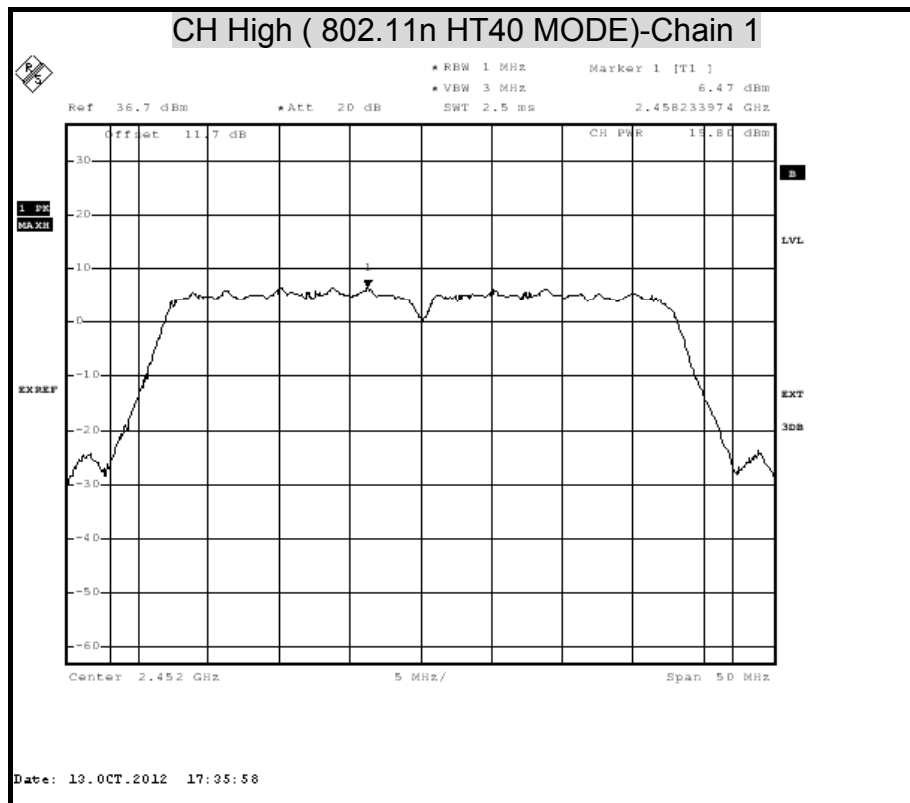






AVERAGE (802.11n HT40 MODE) Chain 1







8.3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

According to FCC 1.1310 : The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b) LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1,500	--	--	F/300	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures				
300-1,500	--	--	F/1500	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	1	30

CALCULATIONS

Given $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$ & $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P \text{ (mW)} = P \text{ (W)} / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d \text{ (cm)} = d \text{ (m)} / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power density in mW / cm²

**LIMIT**

Power Density Limit, $S=1.0\text{mW/cm}^2$

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$

Once Antenna Gain=3.0dBi=1.995262mW

Total Antenna Gain=6.01dBi=3.990525mW

IEEE 802.11b	=	0.0796	*	192.3092	*	1.99526231	÷ 400 =	0.07636
IEEE 802.11g	=	0.0796	*	266.6859	*	1.99526231	÷ 400 =	0.10589
IEEE 802.11n HT20	=	0.0796	*	282.8059	*	3.99052463	÷ 400 =	0.22458
IEEE 802.11n HT40	=	0.0796	*	215.4565	*	3.99052463	÷ 400 =	0.1711

Mode	Minimum separation distance (cm)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mw)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density Limit (mW/cm ²)	Power Density at 20cm (mW/cm ²)
IEEE 802.11b	20	22.84	192.31	3.00	1.00	0.076358
IEEE 802.11g	20	24.26	266.69	3.00	1.00	0.105890
IEEE 802.11n HT20	20	24.51	282.81	6.01	1.00	0.224580
IEEE 802.11n HT40	20	23.33	215.46	6.01	1.00	0.171097

REMARK: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.



8.4 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

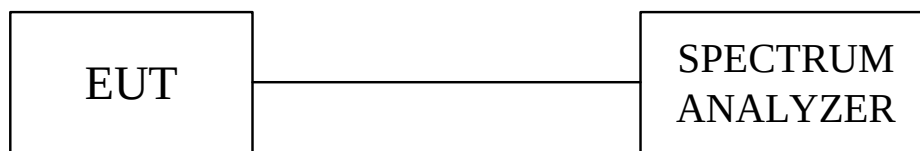
LIMIT

§ 15.247(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

TEST EQUIPMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSU	200789	SEP. 29, 2013

TEST SETUP



TEST PROCEDURE

The tests were performed in accordance with KDB 558074 5.3.1.

5.3.1 Measurement Procedure PKPSD:

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
3. Set the VBW $\geq$ 300 kHz.
4. Set the span to 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.
10. Scale the observed power level to an equivalent value in 3 kHz by adjusting (reducing) the measured power by a bandwidth correction factor (BWCF) where $BWCF = 10\log(3 \text{ kHz}/100 \text{ kHz}) = -15.2 \text{ dB}$.
11. The resulting peak PSD level must be $\leq 8 \text{ dBm}$.

**TEST RESULTS****IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBm)	BWCF (dB)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	8.35	-15.2	-6.85	8.00	-14.85	PASS
Middle	2437	8.81	-15.2	-6.39	8.00	-14.39	PASS
High	2462	8.97	-15.2	-6.23	8.00	-14.23	PASS

NOTE : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 1Mbps long.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBm)	BWCF (dB)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	1.41	-15.2	-13.79	8.00	-21.79	PASS
Middle	2437	1.63	-15.2	-13.57	8.00	-21.57	PASS
High	2462	1.82	-15.2	-13.38	8.00	-21.38	PASS

NOTE : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 6Mbps long.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Chain0 (dBm)	Reading Chain1 (dBm)	BWCF (dB)	PPSD Chain0 (dBm)	PPSD Chain1 (dBm)	PPSD Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Pass / Fail
Low	2412	-1.33	0.21	-15.2	-16.53	-14.99	-12.68	8.00	-20.68	PASS
Middle	2437	-1.16	-0.44	-15.2	-16.36	-15.64	-12.97	8.00	-20.97	PASS
High	2462	-0.87	-0.55	-15.2	-16.07	-15.75	-12.90	8.00	-20.90	PASS

NOTE : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 13Mbps long.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.

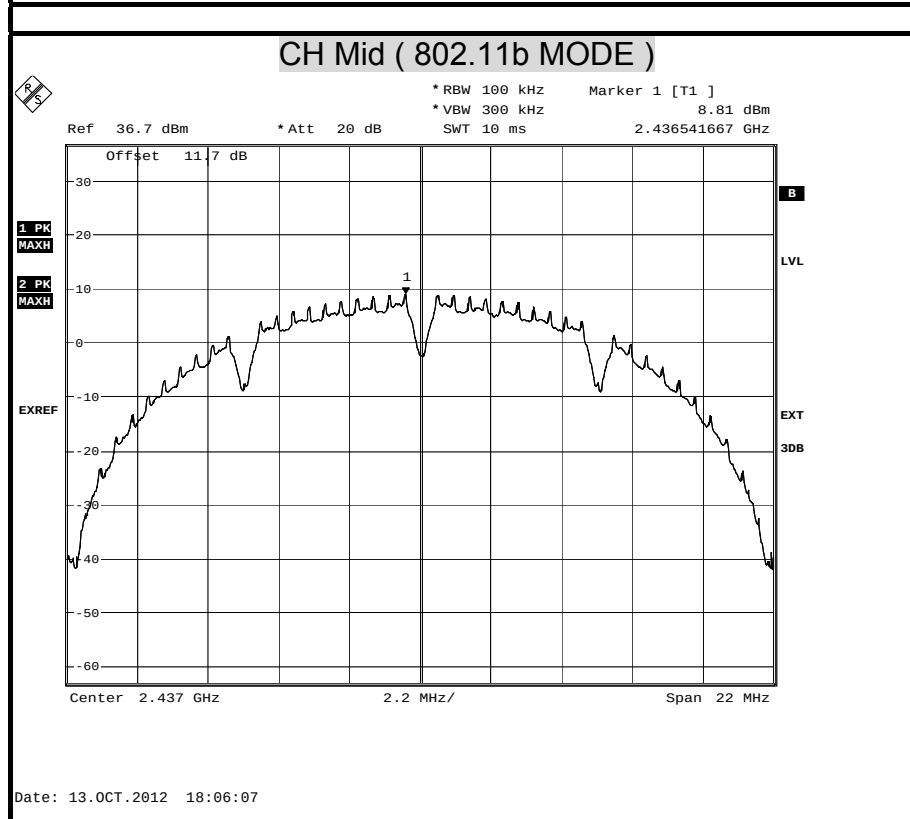
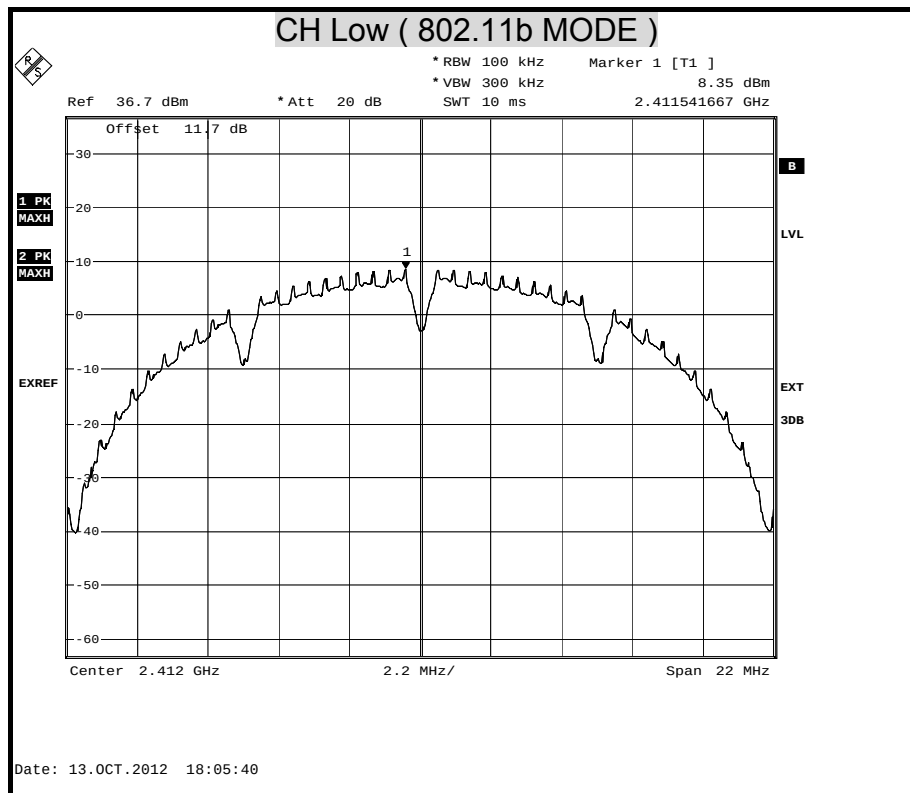
IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode

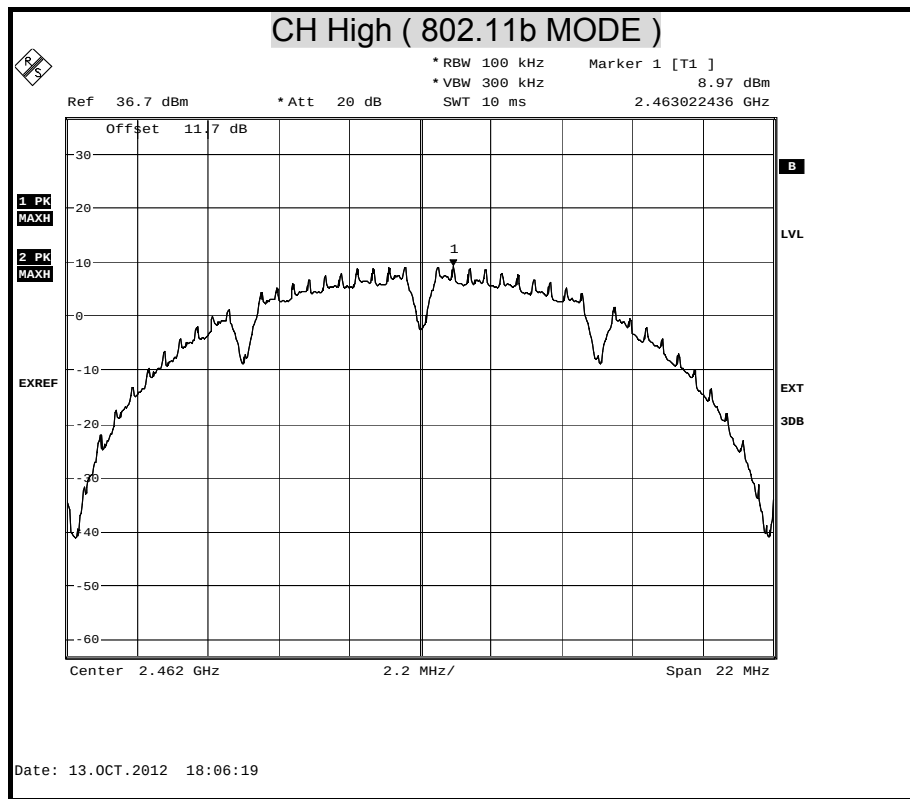
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Chain0 (dBm)	Reading Chain1 (dBm)	BWCF (dB)	PPSD Chain0 (dBm)	PPSD Chain1 (dBm)	PPSD Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Pass / Fail
Low	2422	-4.64	-4.26	-15.2	-19.84	-19.46	-16.64	8.00	-24.64	PASS
Middle	2437	-4.76	-3.84	-15.2	-19.96	-19.04	-16.47	8.00	-24.47	PASS
High	2452	-5.13	-5.22	-15.2	-20.33	-20.42	-17.36	8.00	-25.36	PASS

NOTE : 1. At final test to get the worst-case emission at 27Mbps long.
2. The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.7dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.7 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the spectrum analyzer to allow for direct reading of power.



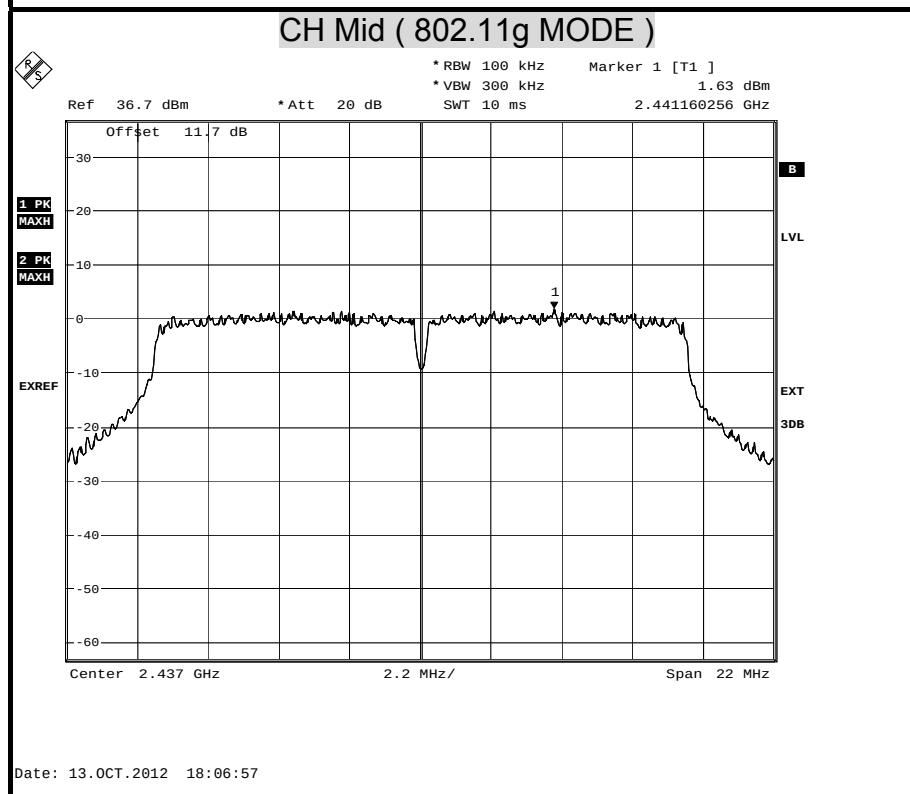
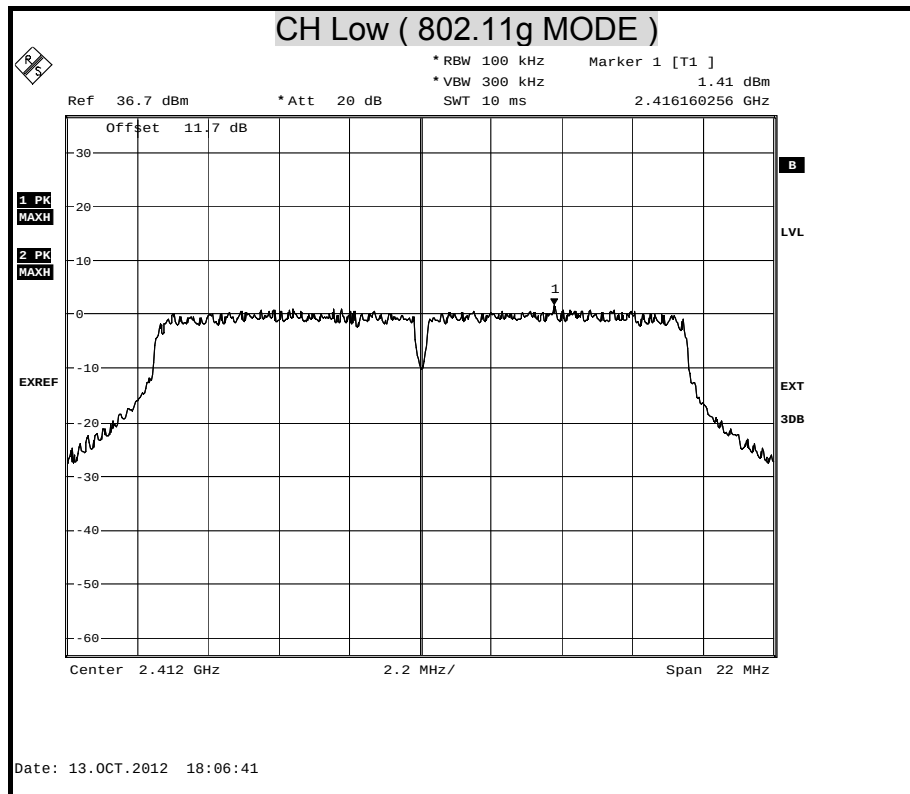
POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (IEEE 802.11b MODE)

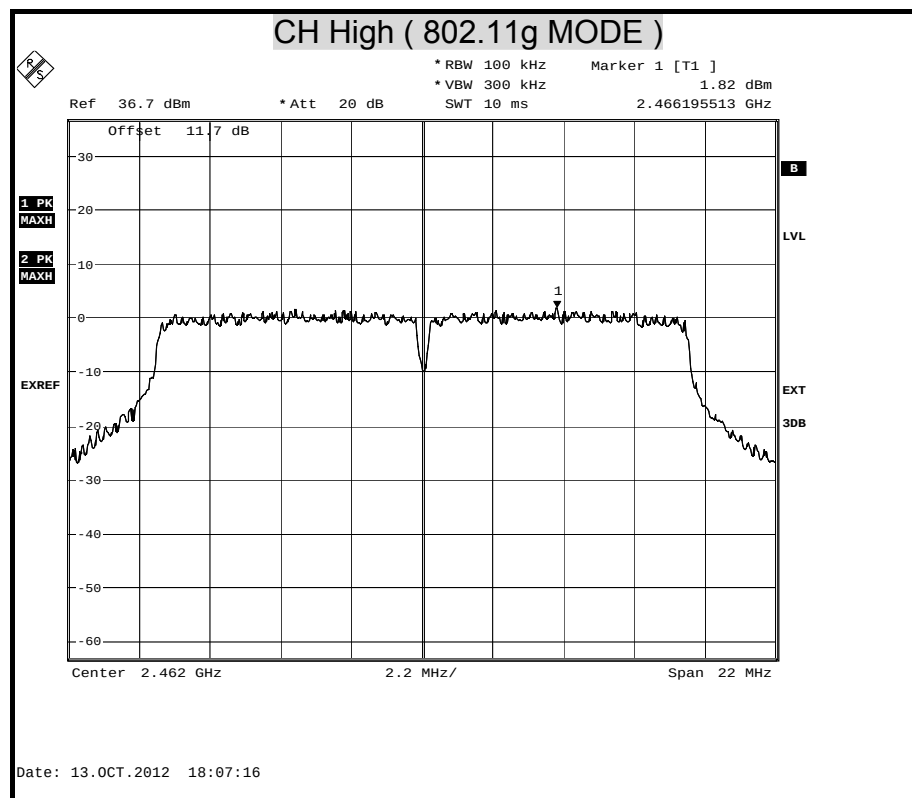






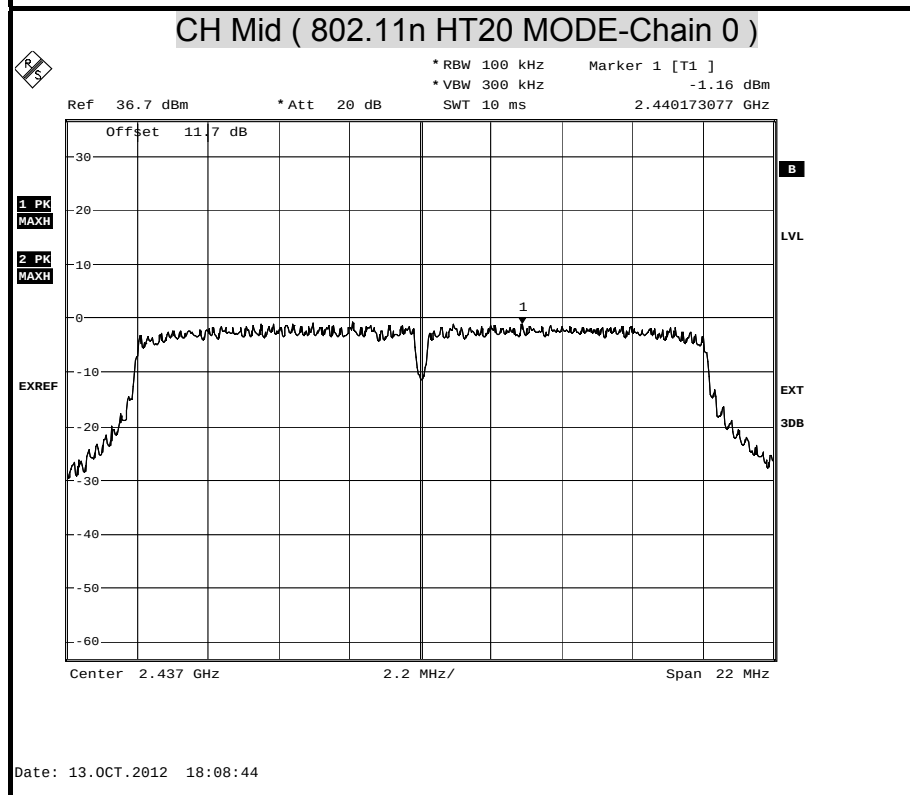
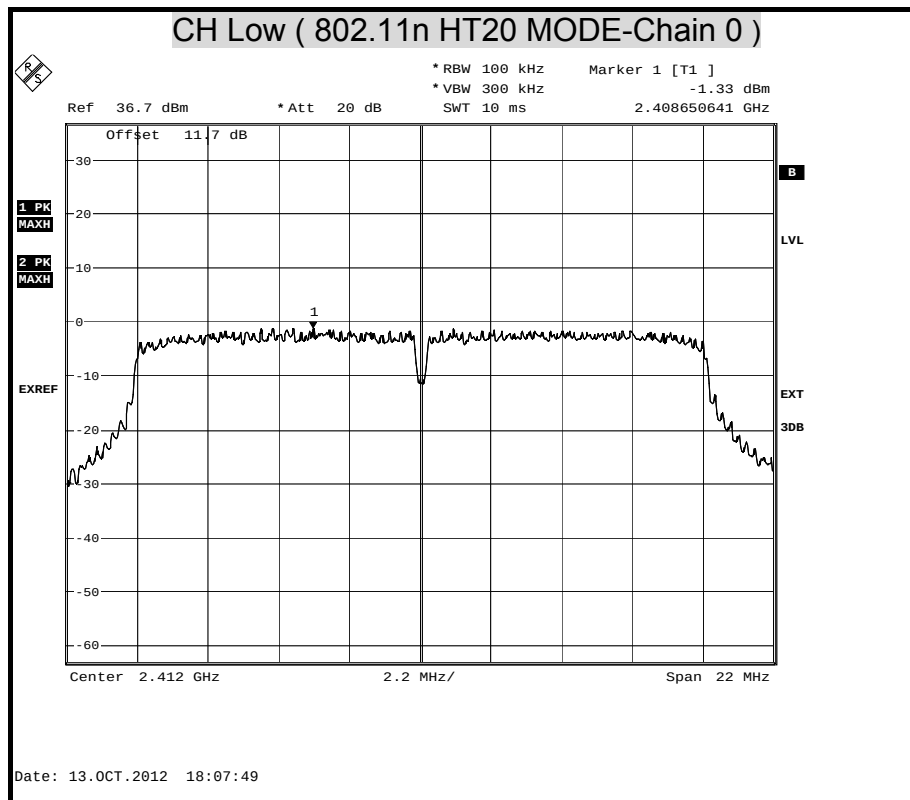
POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (IEEE 802.11g MODE)

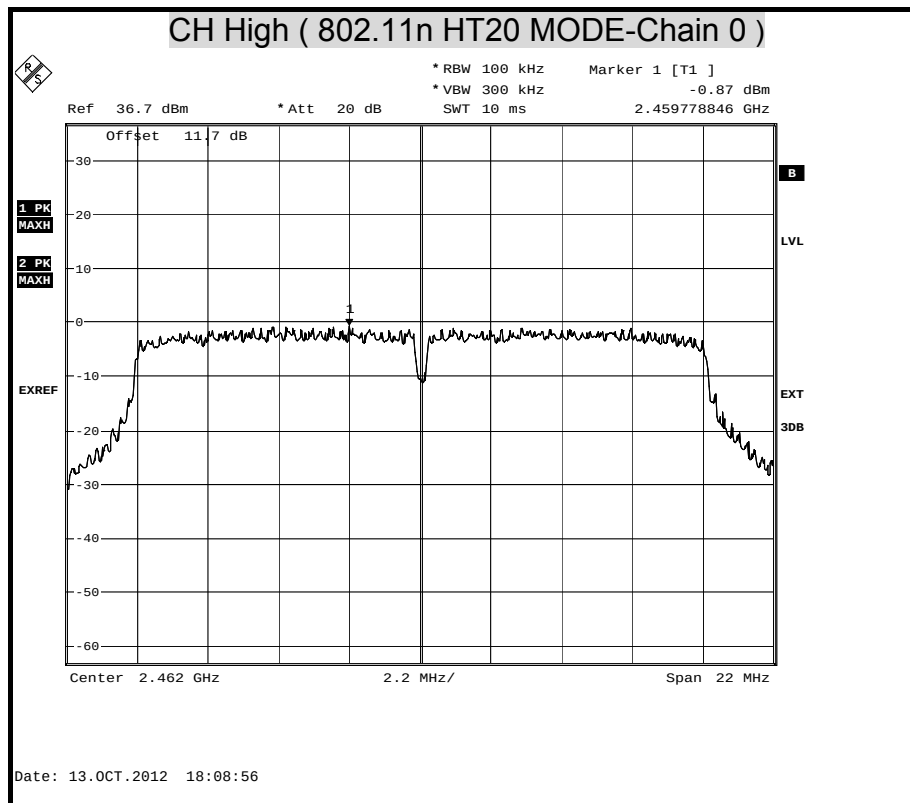






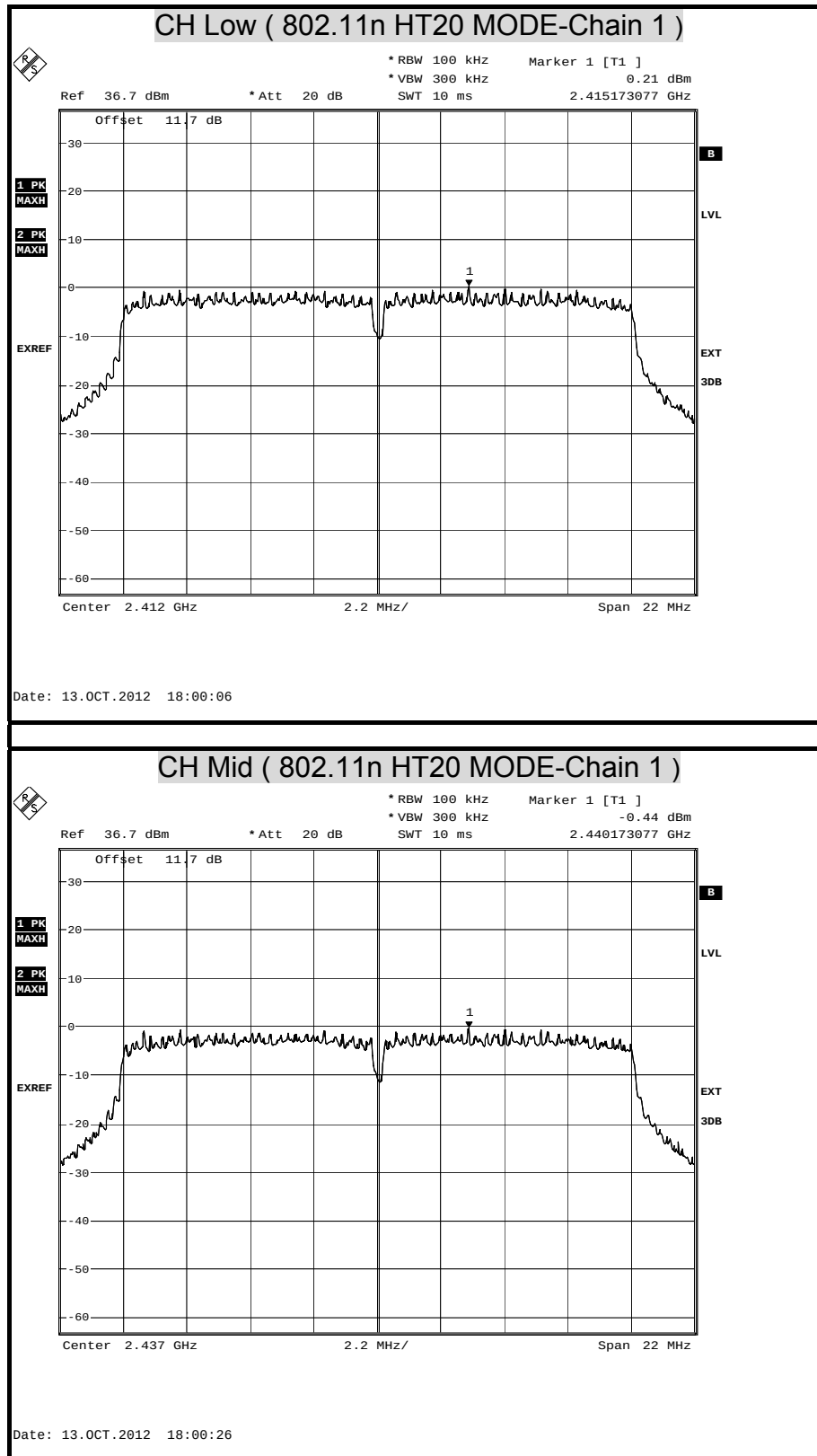
POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11n HT20 MODE)

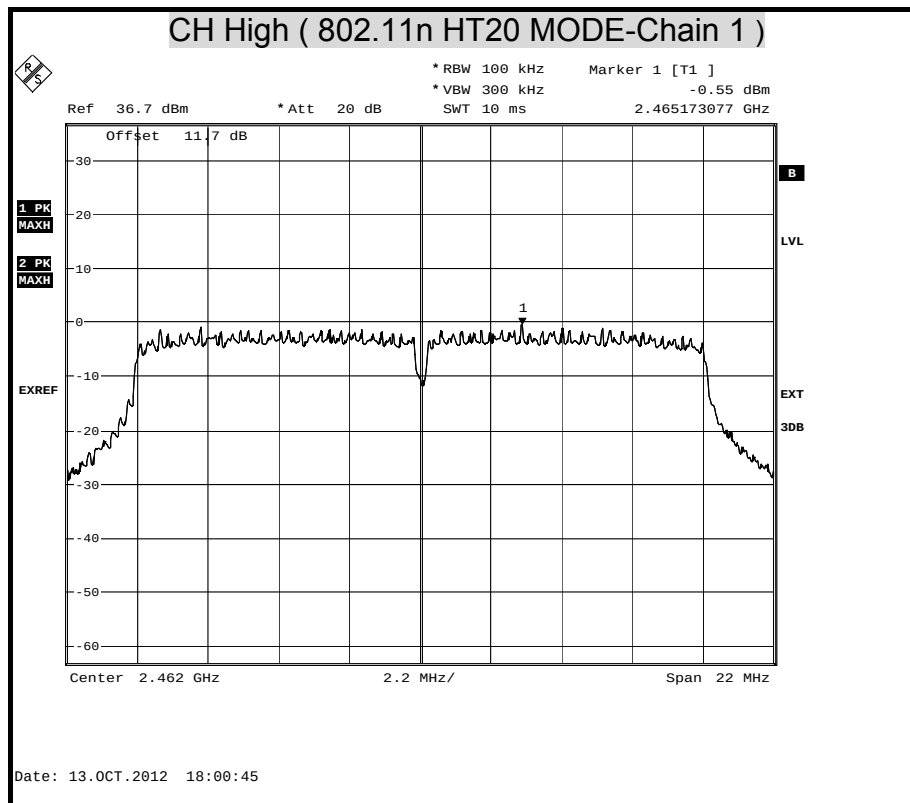






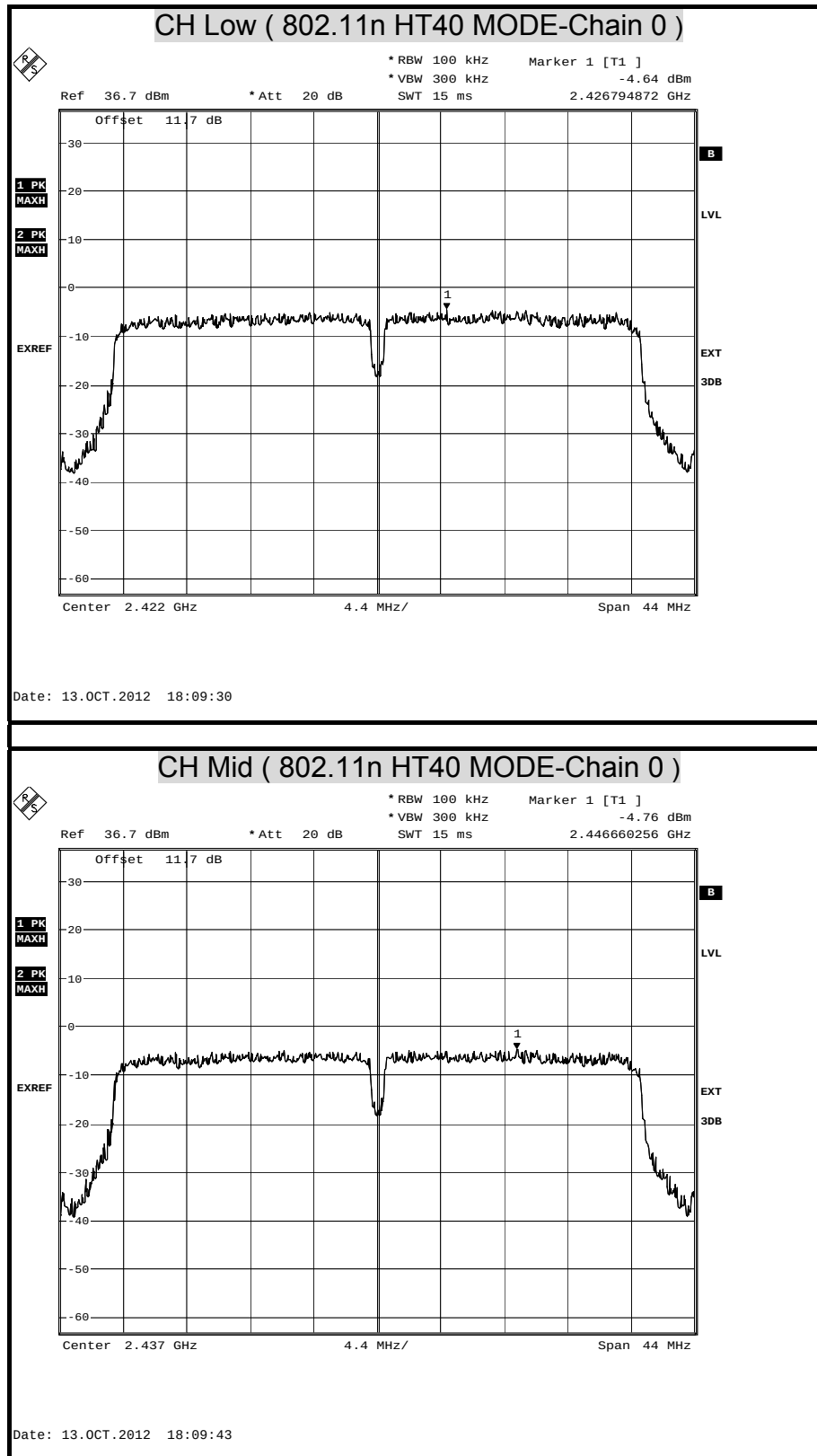
POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11n HT20 MODE)

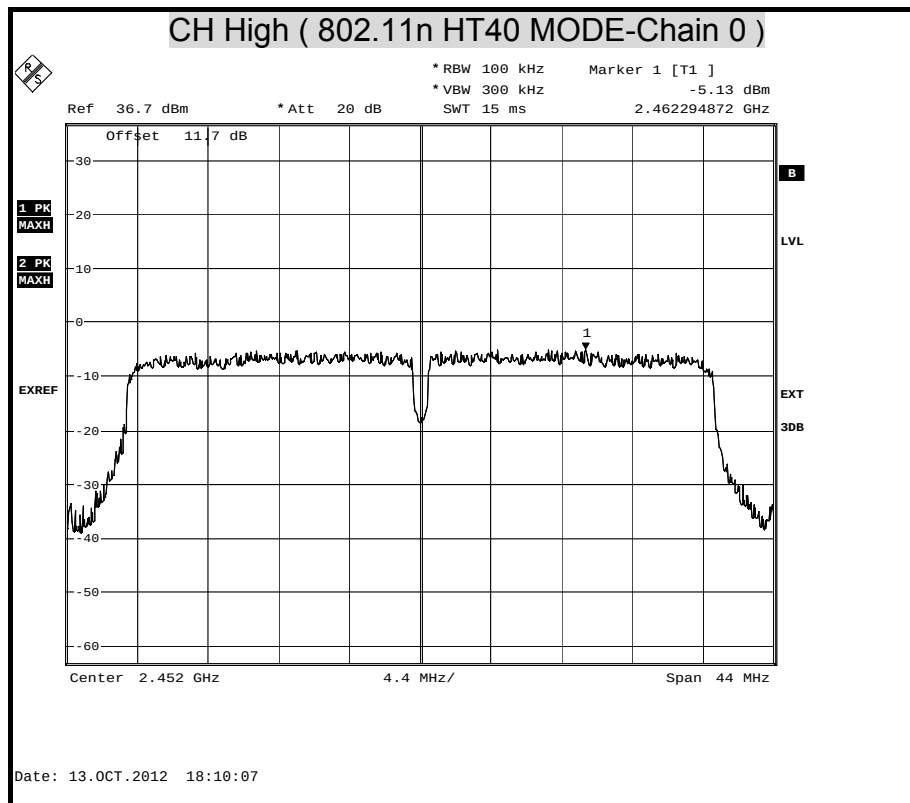






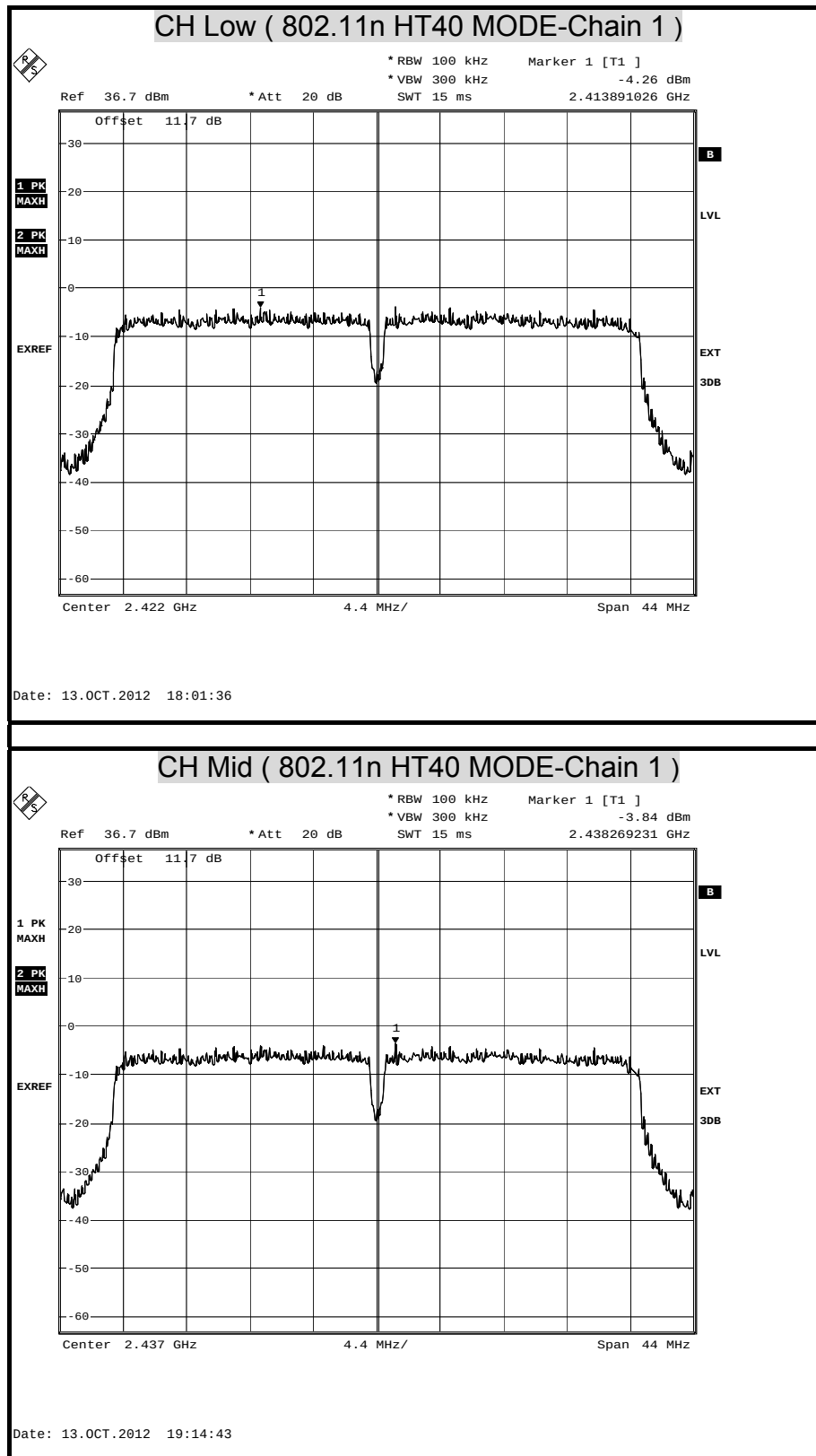
POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11n HT40 MODE)

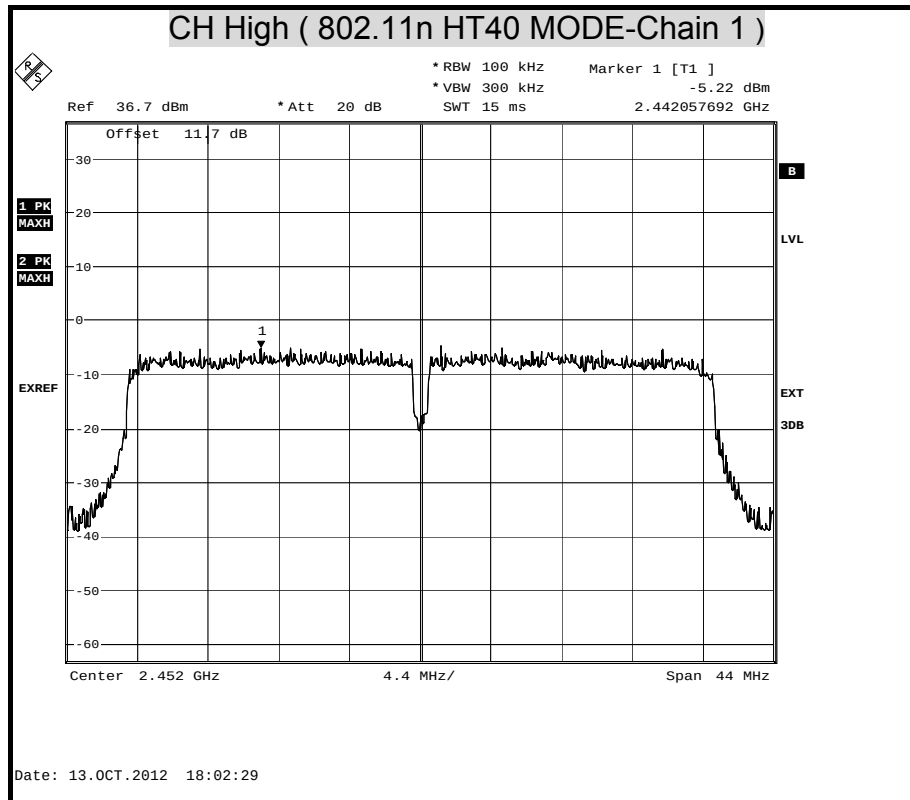






POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11n HT40 MODE)







8.5 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

LIMITS

§ 15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

TEST EQUIPMENT

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSU	200789	SEP. 29, 2013

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

TEST SETUP



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

**TEST RESULTS**

802.11n HT-20Mode

LOW CHANNEL						
Frequency	Chain0	Chain1	Total	Limit	Margin	Result
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
Fundamental	-1.01	-0.92	--	--	--	--
2400.00	-28.10	-27.04	-24.03	-20.92	-3.11	Pass

MIDDLE CHANNEL						
Frequency	Chain0	Chain1	Total	Limit	Margin	Result
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
Fundamental	-1.26	-1.68	--	--	--	--
2400.00	-40.77	-40.83	-37.76	-21.26	-16.50	Pass
2483.50	-40.14	-40.33	-37.13	-21.26	-15.87	Pass

HIGH CHANNEL						
Frequency	Chain0	Chain1	Total	Limit	Margin	Result
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
Fundamental	-1.09	-2.06	--	--	--	--
2483.50	-37.54	-38.69	-34.53	-21.09	-13.44	Pass

802.11n HT-40 Mode

LOW CHANNEL						
Frequency	Chain0	Chain1	Total	Limit	Margin	Result
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
Fundamental	-5.15	-4.81	--	--	--	--
2400.00	-33.90	-34.30	-30.89	-24.81	-6.08	Pass

MIDDLE CHANNEL						
Frequency	Chain0	Chain1	Total	Limit	Margin	Result
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
Fundamental	-4.89	-5.05	--	--	--	--
2400.00	-39.00	-41.08	-35.99	-24.89	-11.10	Pass
2483.50	-39.86	-39.50	-36.49	-24.89	-11.60	Pass

HIGH CHANNEL						
Frequency	Chain0	Chain1	Total	Limit	Margin	Result
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
Fundamental	-5.66	-5.54	--	--	--	--
2483.50	-39.05	-38.78	-35.77	-25.54	-10.23	Pass

Remark:

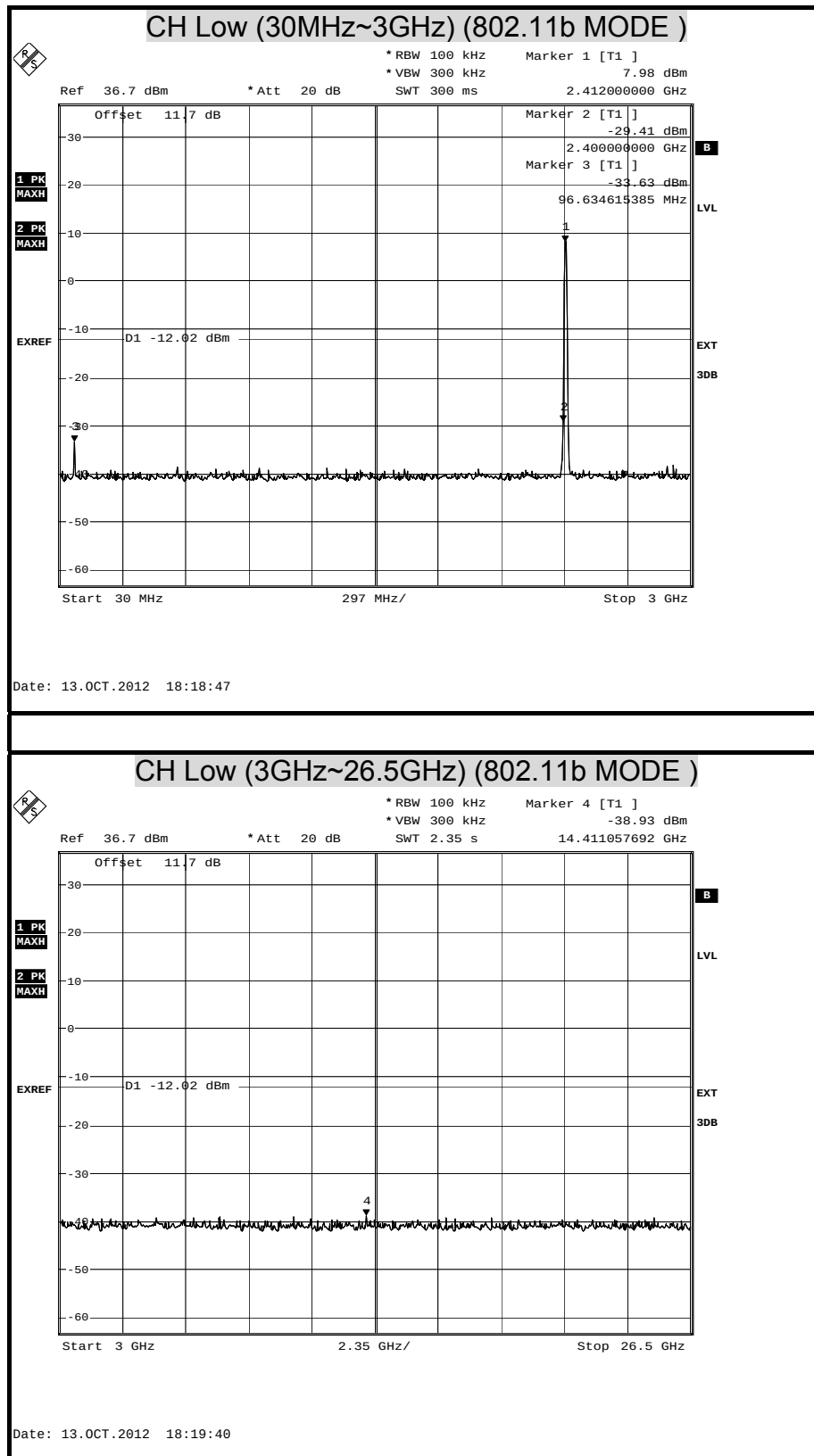
Total (dBm) = Measure + 10 log(2) dB,

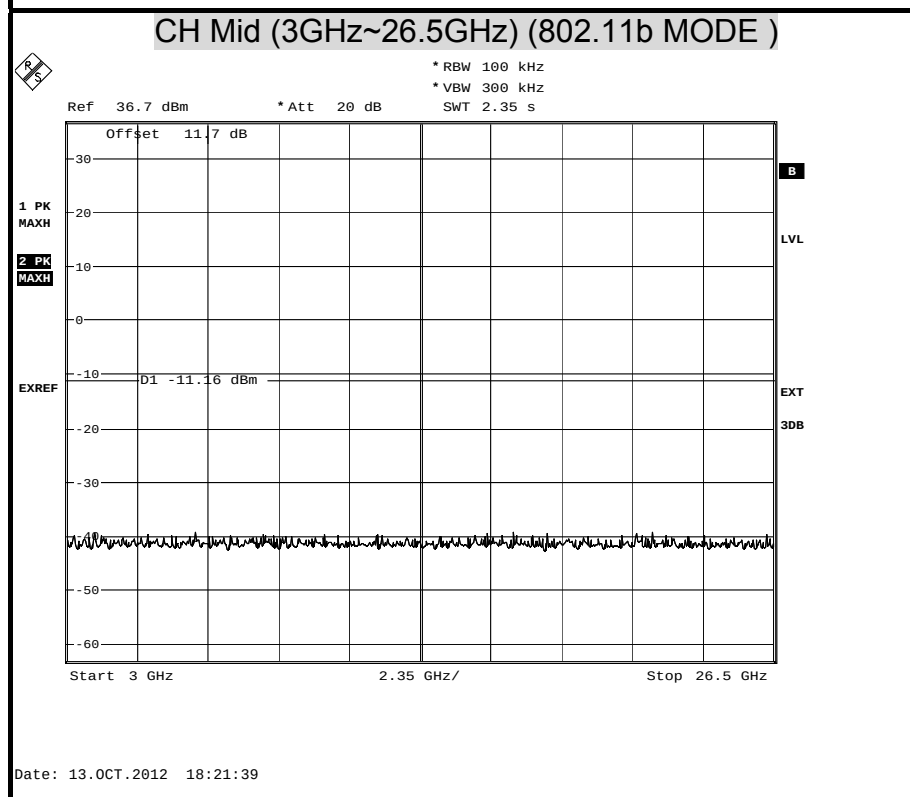
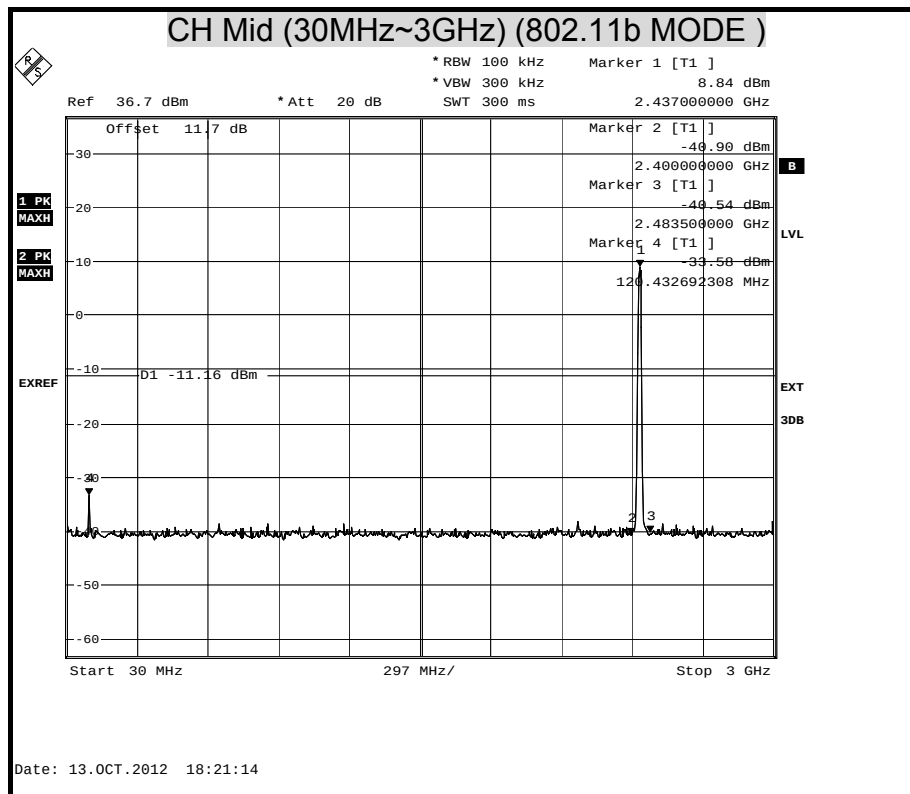
Measure=Choose the max chain value

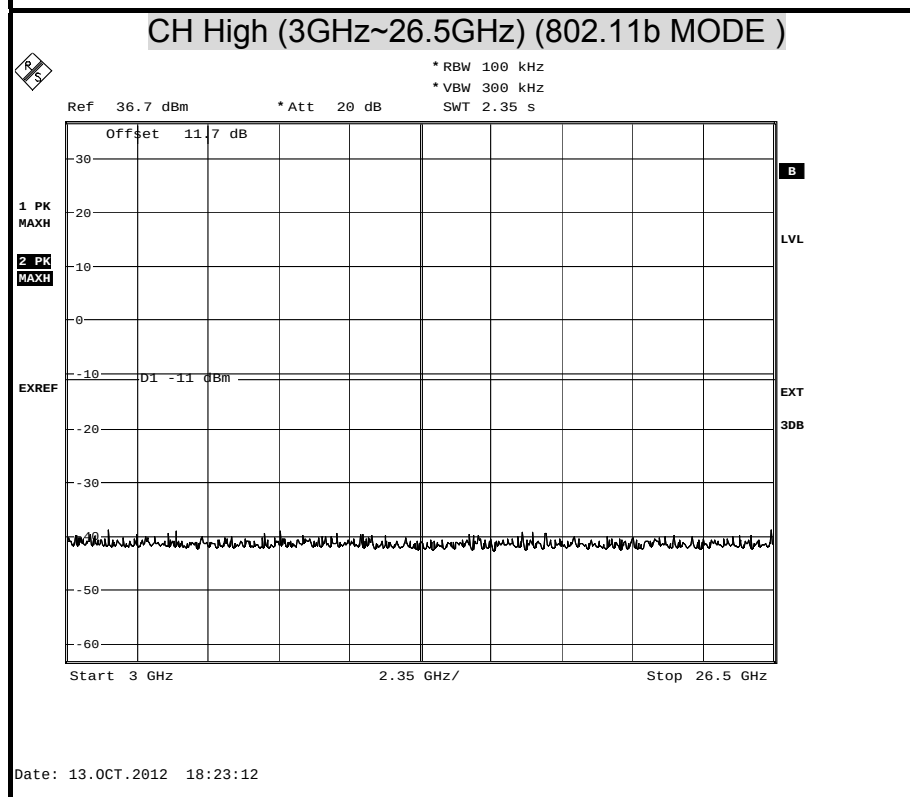
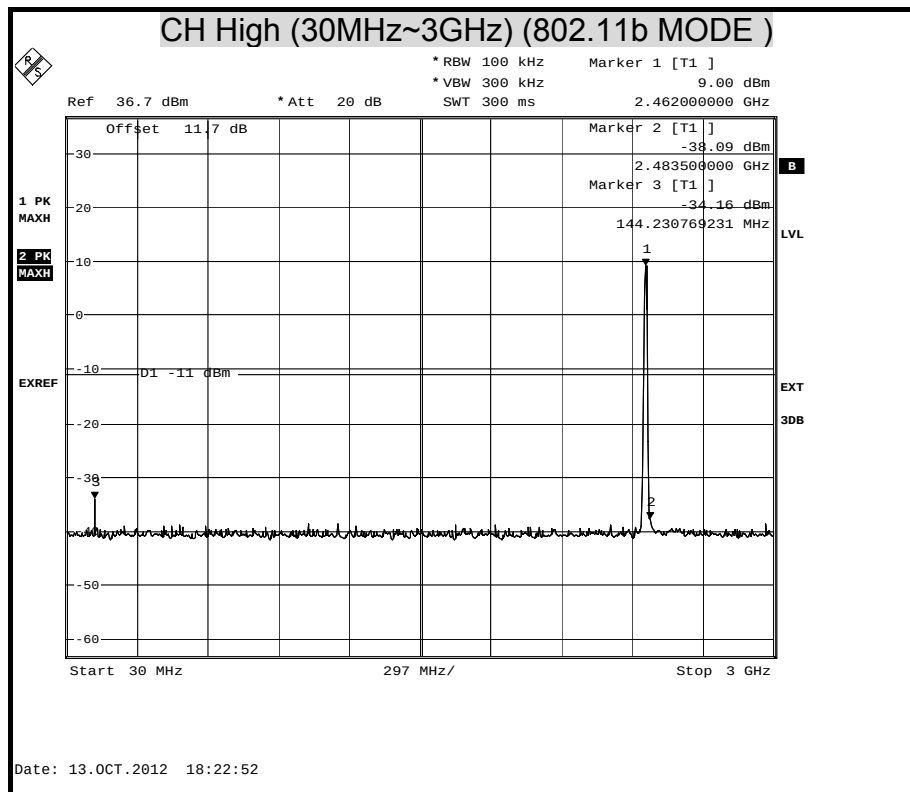


OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

(IEEE 802.11b MODE)



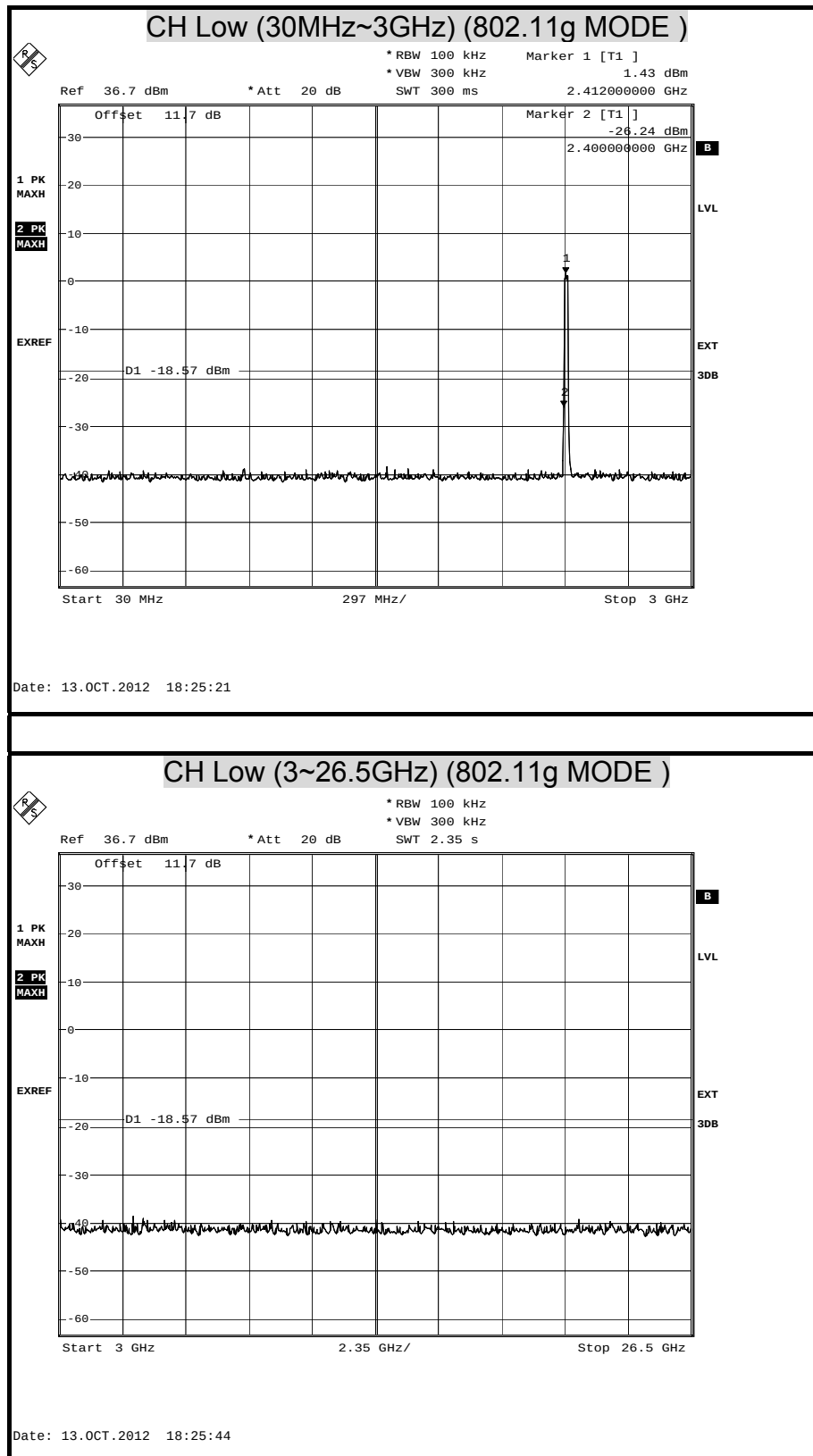


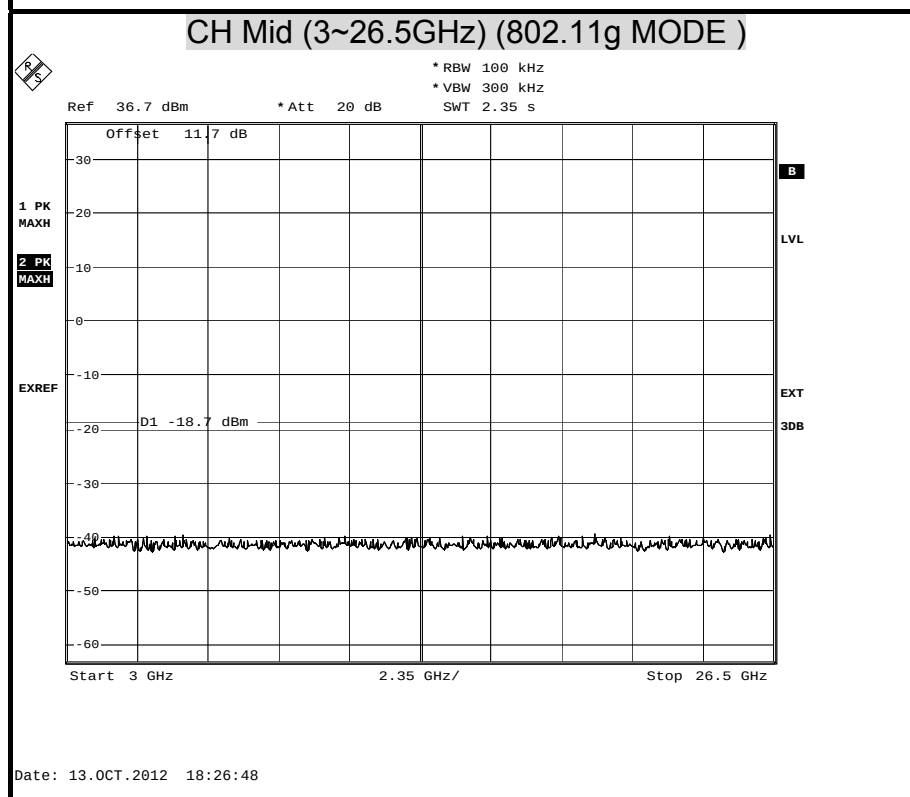
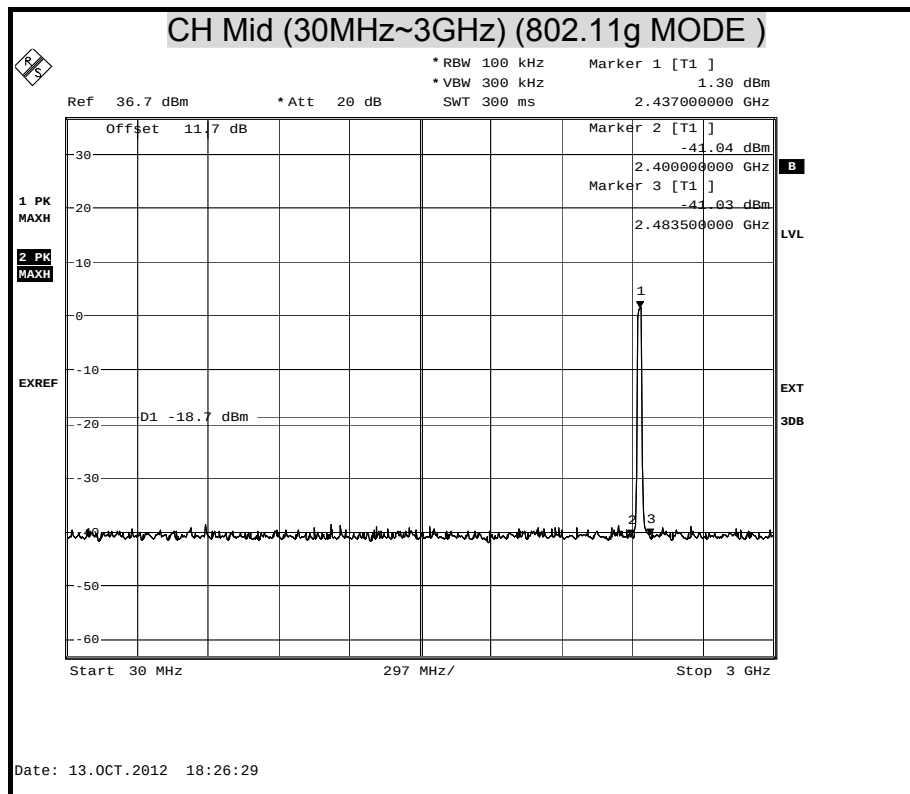


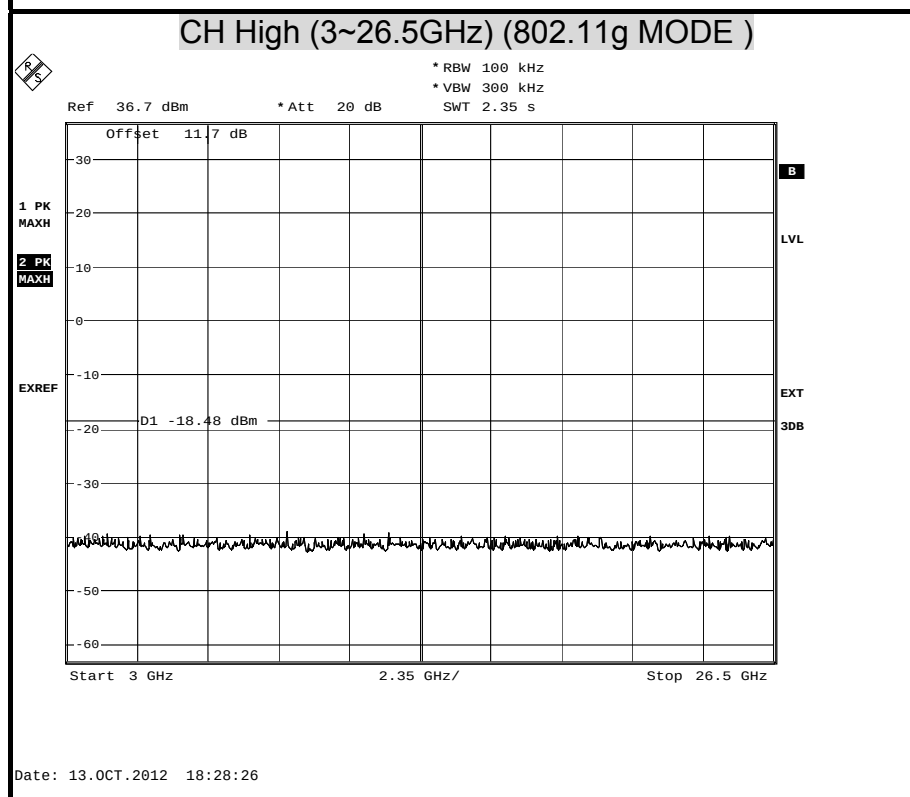
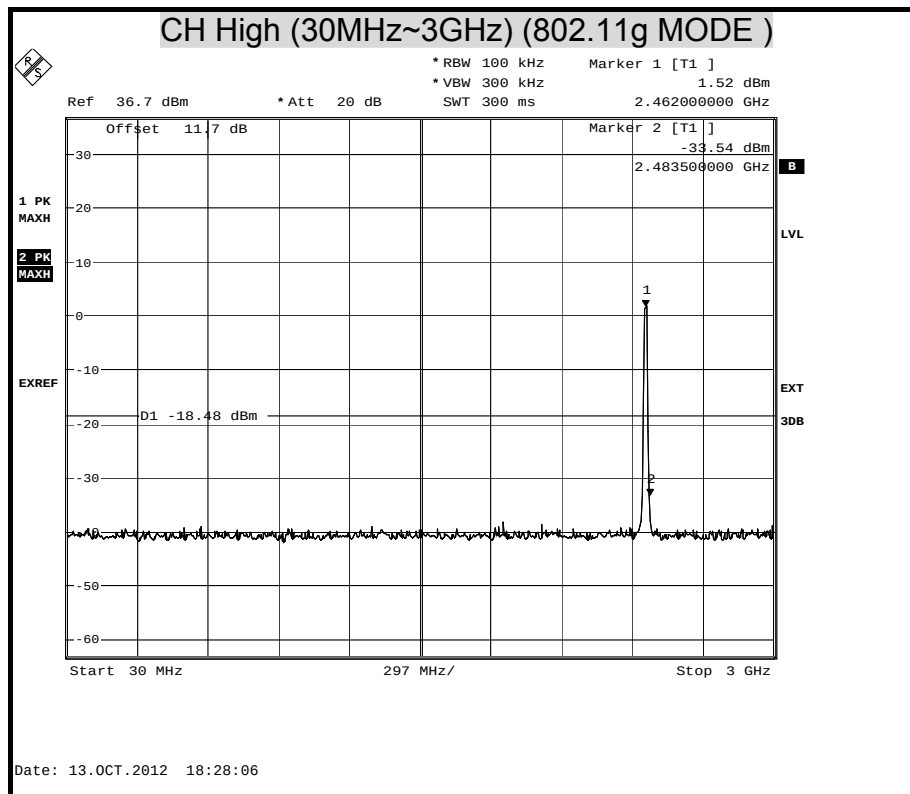


OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

(802.11g MODE)

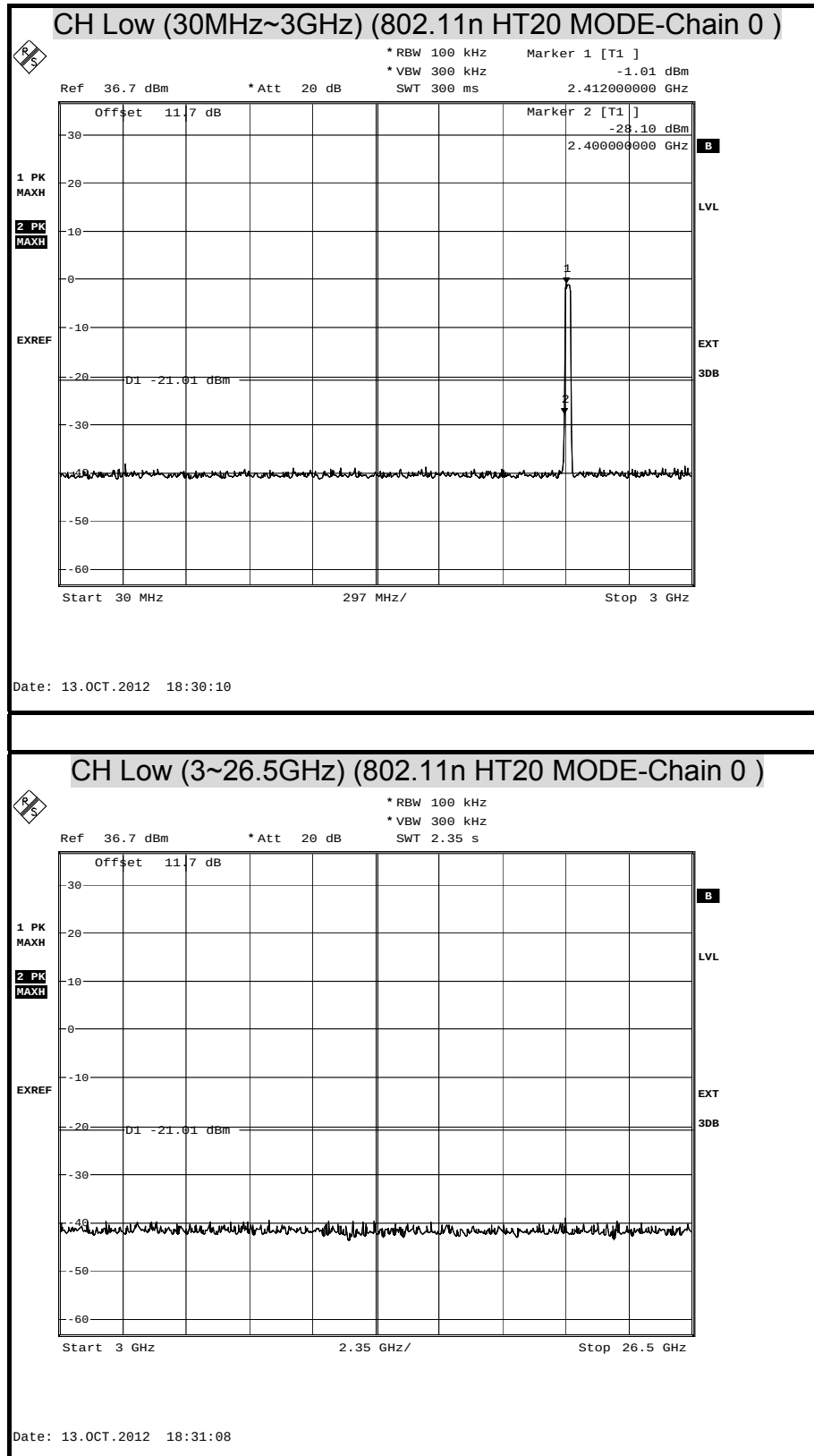


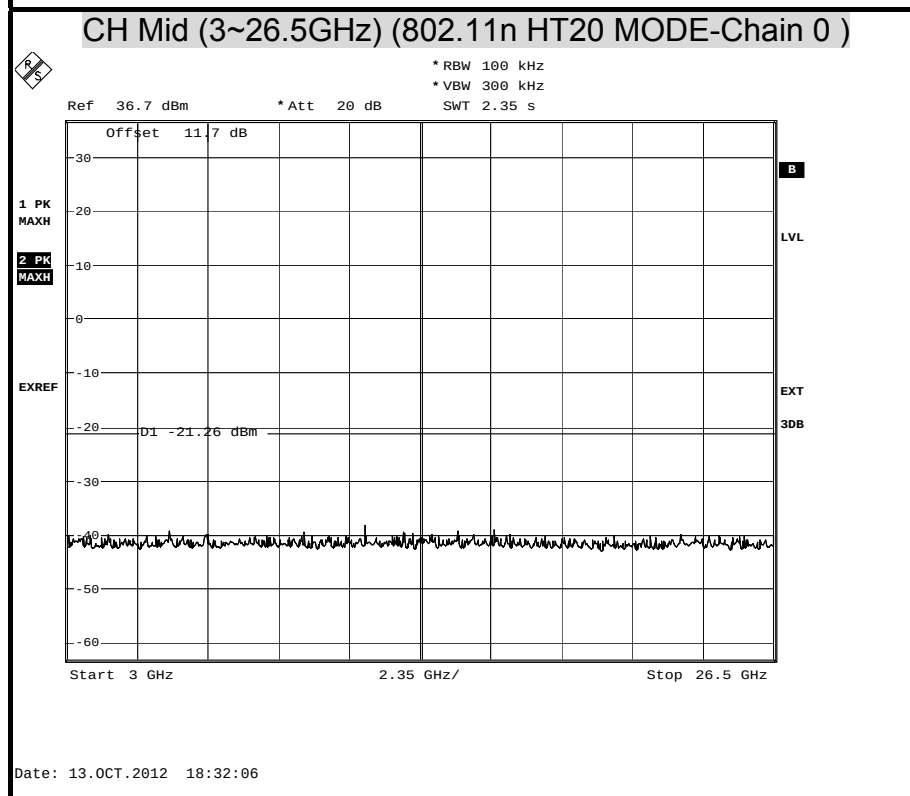
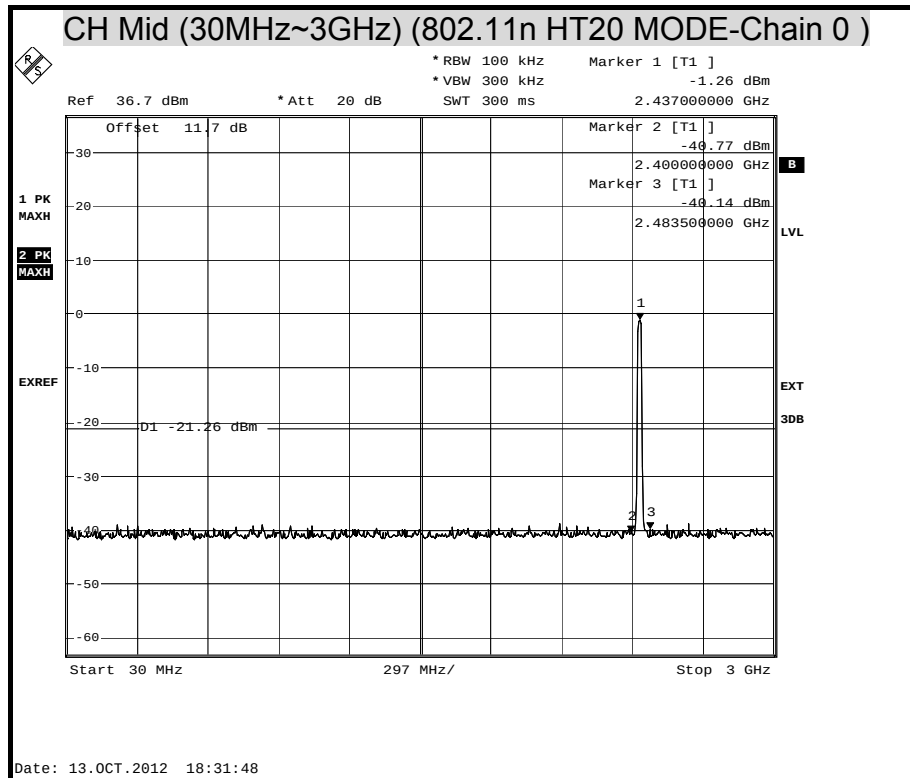


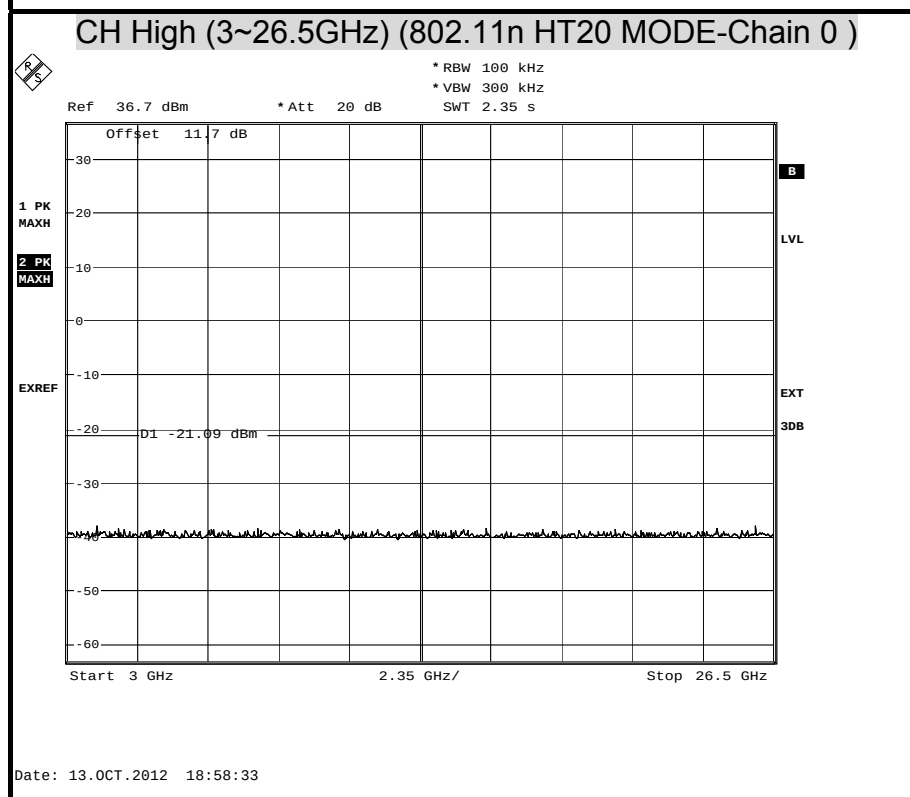
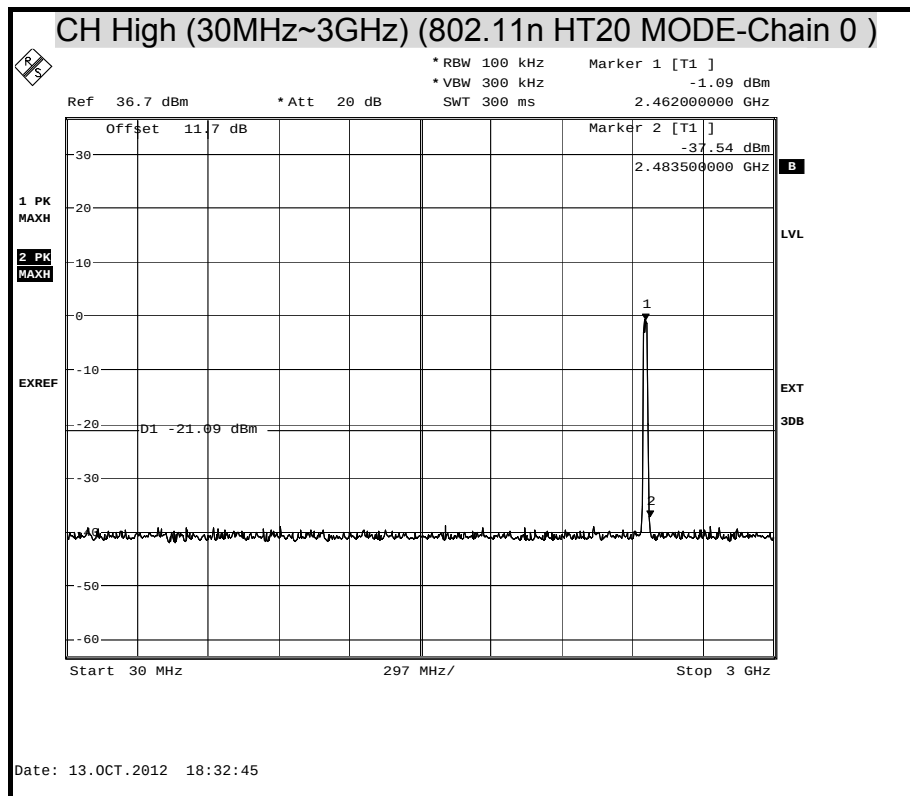


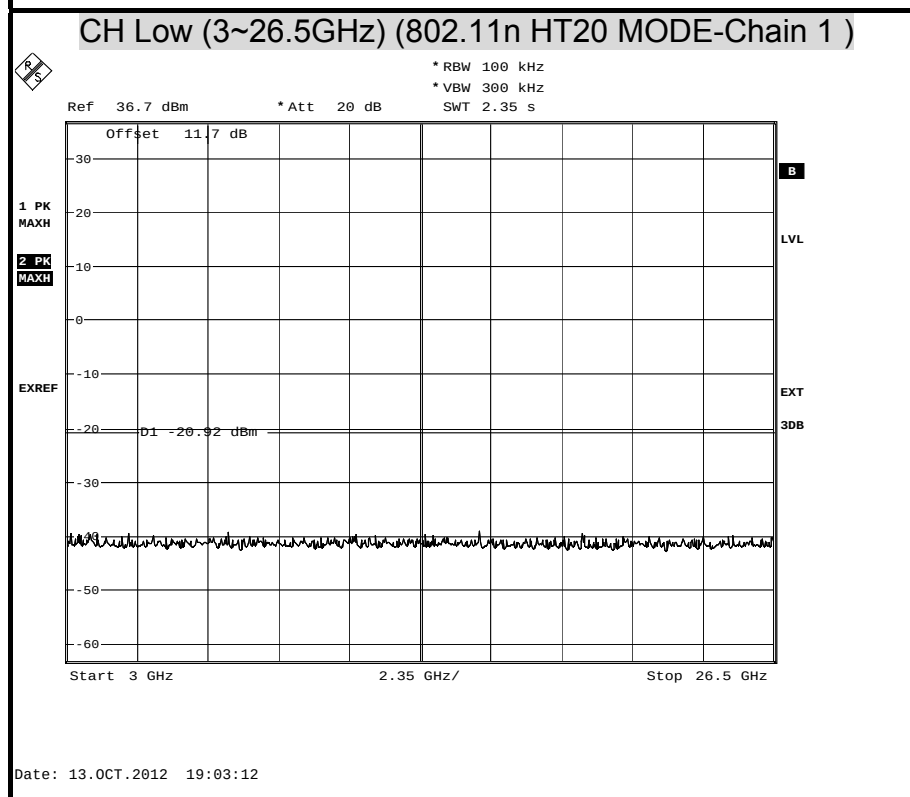
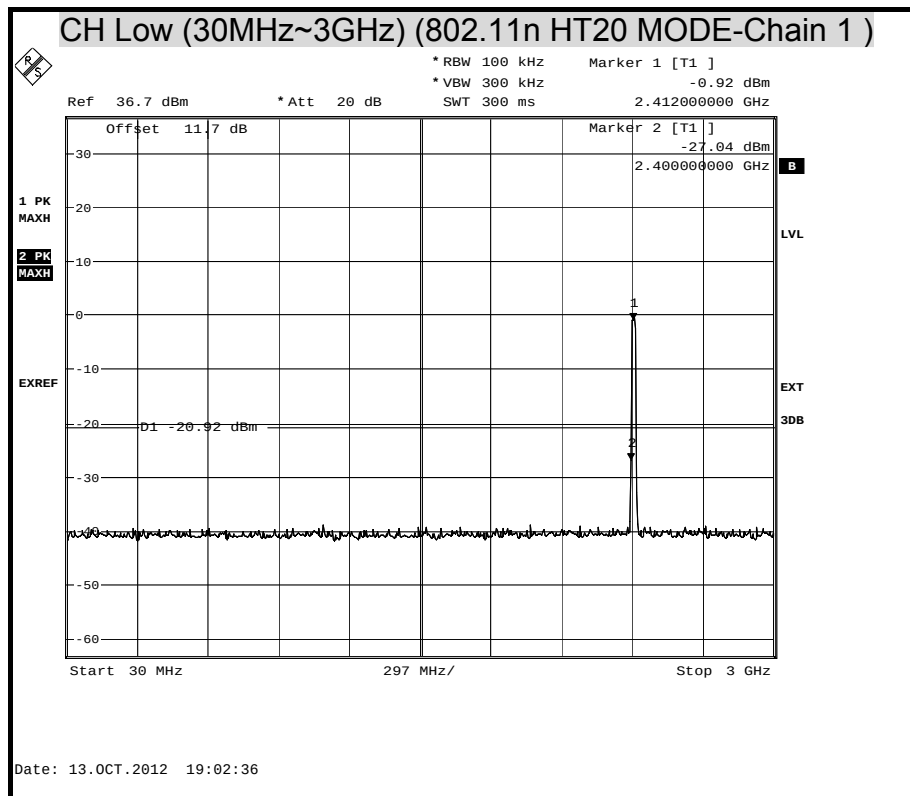


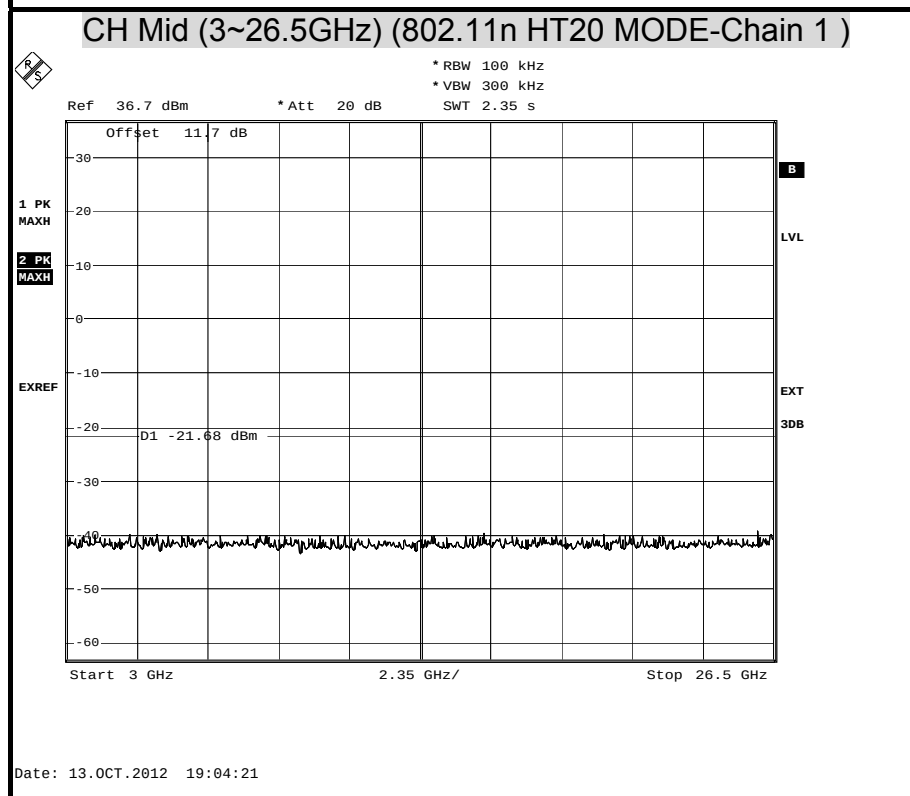
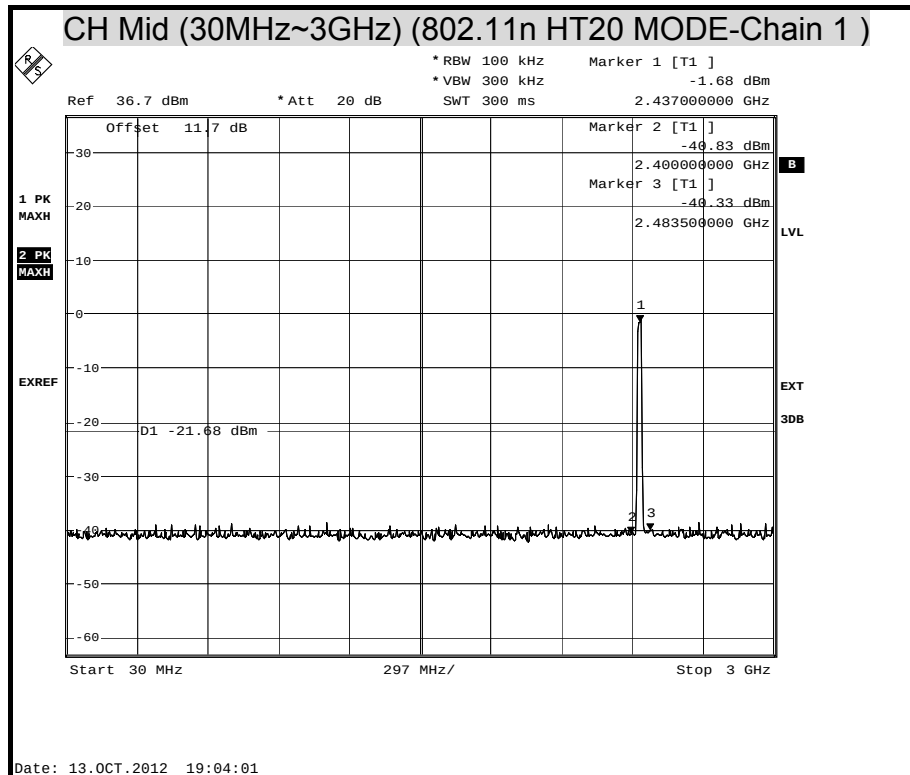
OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT
(802.11n HT20 MODE)

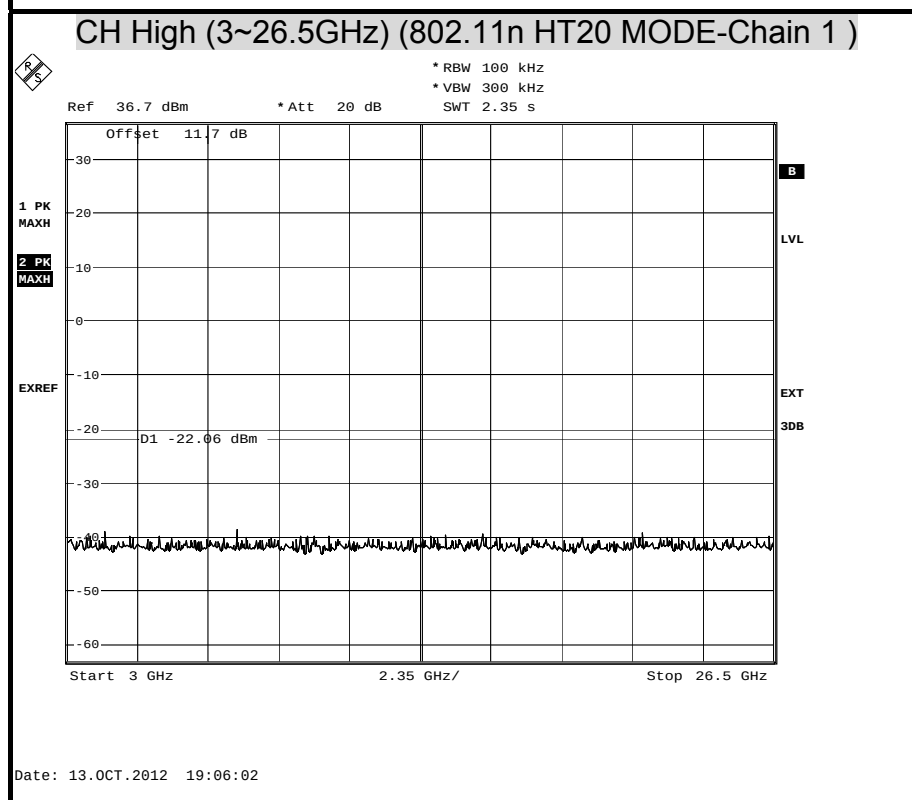
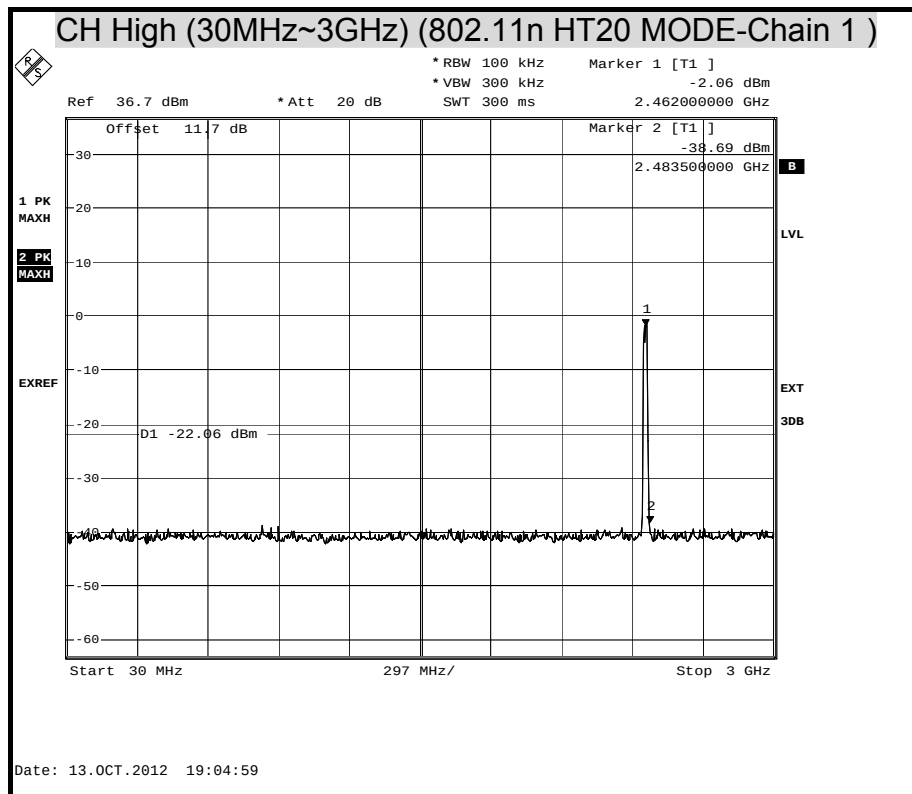














OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT

(802.11n HT40 MODE)

