



# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

**FCC ID** : RAS-MT7925B22M  
**Equipment** : 2TX 11be (Wifi7) BW160 + BT/BLE Combo Card  
**Brand Name** : MediaTek  
**Model Name** : MT7925B22M  
**Applicant** : Media Tek Inc.  
No.1, Dusing 1st Rd., Hsinchu Science Park,  
Hsinchu City, 30078 Taiwan  
**Manufacturer** : Media Tek Inc.  
No.1, Dusing 1st Rd., Hsinchu Science Park,  
Hsinchu City, 30078 Taiwan  
**Standard** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was installed into Portable Computer (Brand Name: DELL, Model Name: P196G) during test.

The product was received on Mar. 18, 2025 and testing was started from Mar. 19, 2025 and completed on Mar. 24, 2025. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provided by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager



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## History of this test report



## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for Media Tek Inc., 2TX 11be (Wifi7) BW160 + BT/BLE Combo Card, MT7925B22M, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary	
		Body (Separation 0mm)	1g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.43	0.80
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.61	
6CD	6GHz WLAN	0.45	1.03
DSS	Bluetooth	0.02	
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Reported APD (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Reported PD (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
6CD	6GHz WLAN	0.38	0.57
Date of Testing:		2025/03/19 ~ 2025/03/24	

Sportun Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093), Human Exposure to RF Radiation Limits (1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>=10 W/m<sup>2</sup>) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 1.1310 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: Jason Wang

Report Producer: Carlie Tsai

## 2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedure for Device Operation at 6GHz-10GHz)



### 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

#### 3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	2TX 11be (Wifi7) BW160 + BT/BLE Combo Card
Brand Name	MediaTek
Model Name	MT7925B22M
FCC ID	RAS-MT7925B22M
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8 GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 5.9 GHz Band: 5850 MHz ~ 5895 MHz WLAN 6GHz Band: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz, 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz, 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz, 6875 MHz ~ 7125 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
Mode	WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax/be HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160/EHT20/EHT40/EHT80/EHT160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
Remark:	1. There are two kinds of antenna vendor, RF exposure evaluation is selected WNC as the main test, HB will spot check worst case found in WNC.

Host Information	
Equipment Name	Portable Computer
Brand Name	DELL
Model Name	P196G
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Antenna Information_HB									
Main	Ant. Type	PIFA			Aux	Ant. Type	PIFA		
	Model No.	330-29035 (025.902H5.0011)				Model No.	330-29035 (025.902H5.0011)		
Peak Gain (dBi)									
2400~2483.5MHz	2.31	5850~5895MHz	1.15		2400~2483.5MHz	2.56	5850~5895MHz	1.24	
5150~5250MHz	1.4	5925~6425MHz	2.35		5150~5250MHz	0.65	5925~6425MHz	1.41	
5250~5350MHz	1.94	6425~6525MHz	0.16		5250~5350MHz	0.65	6425~6525MHz	2.27	
5470~5725MHz	2.35	6525~6875MHz	1.73		5470~5725MHz	0.76	6525~6875MHz	2.86	
5725~5850MHz	1.22	6875~7125MHz	2.23		5725~5850MHz	1.24	6875~7125MHz	2.86	
Antenna Information_WNC									
Main	Ant. Type	PIFA			Aux	Ant. Type	PIFA		
	Model No.	81ELBE15.G40 (025.902H5.0001)				Model No.	81ELBE15.G40 (025.902H5.0001)		
Peak Gain (dBi)									
2400~2483.5MHz	2.31	5850~5895MHz	1.15		2400~2483.5MHz	2.56	5850~5895MHz	1.24	
5150~5250MHz	1.4	5925~6425MHz	2.35		5150~5250MHz	0.65	5925~6425MHz	1.41	
5250~5350MHz	1.94	6425~6525MHz	0.16		5250~5350MHz	0.65	6425~6525MHz	2.27	
5470~5725MHz	2.35	6525~6875MHz	1.73		5470~5725MHz	0.76	6525~6875MHz	2.86	
5725~5850MHz	1.22	6875~7125MHz	2.23		5725~5850MHz	1.24	6875~7125MHz	2.86	



## 4. RF Exposure Limits

### 4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### 4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



### 4.3 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz

According to ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1310.

Peak Spatially Averaged Power Density was evaluated over a circular area of 4cm<sup>2</sup> per interim FCC Guidance for near-field power density evaluations per October 2018 TCB Workshop notes

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
<b>(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures</b>				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
<b>(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure</b>				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30



## 5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

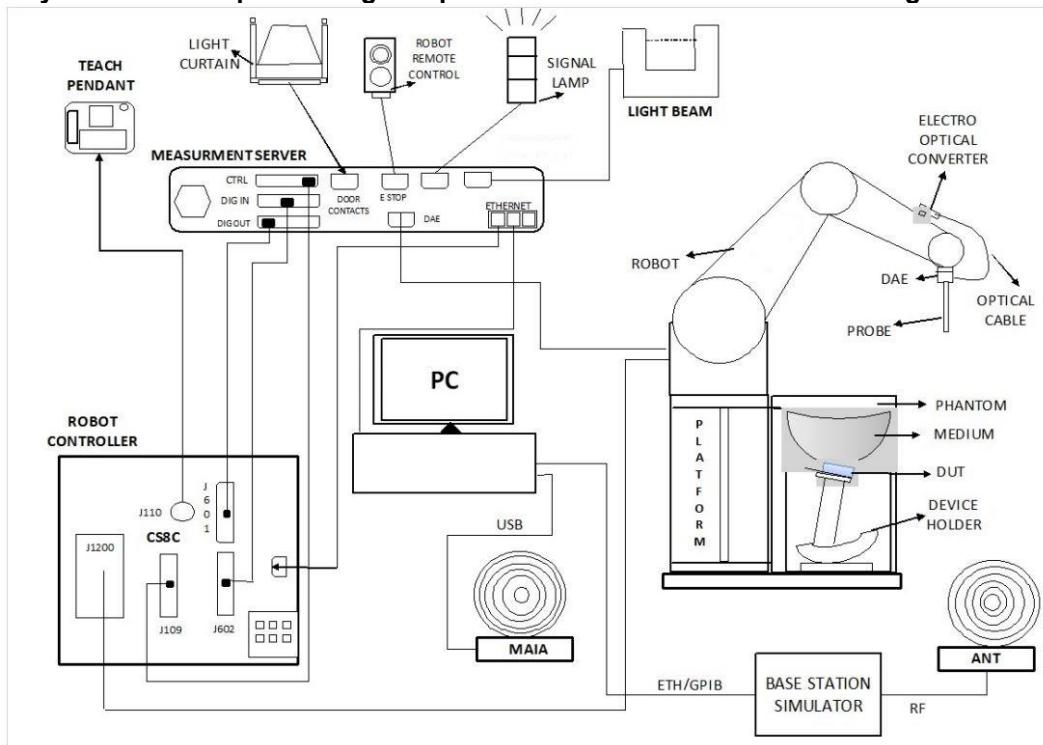
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## 6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- The DASY system in SAR Configuration is shown above
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running windows software and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### 6.1 Test Site Location

The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Laboratory	EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory		Wensan Laboratory					
Test Site Location	TW1190 No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan		TW3786 No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan					
Test Site No.	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY	SAR15-HY	SAR18-HY	SAR21-HY	
	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY	SAR16-HY	SAR19-HY	SAR22-HY	
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY	SAR13-HY	SAR14-HY	SAR17-HY	SAR20-HY		

## 6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### <ES3DV3 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	4 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	5 $\mu$ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

### <EX3DV4 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	4 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically <1 $\mu$ W/g)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

## 6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 M $\Omega$ ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE



## 6.4 Phantom

### <SAM Twin Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### <ELI Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 30 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

## 6.5 Device Holder

### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held  
Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops



## 7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



## 7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## 7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}$ , $\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	



## 7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\leq 4$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\geq 28$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\geq 25$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\geq 22$ mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

\* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## 7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remains in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT installed full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



## 8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit <sup>(2)</sup>	D2450V2	929	Nov. 21, 2022	Nov. 18, 2025
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Oct. 15, 2024	Oct. 14, 2025
SPEAG	6500MHz System Validation Kit	D6.5GHzV2	1083	Oct. 17, 2024	Oct. 16, 2025
SPEAG	5G Verification Source	10GHz	1020	Jan. 14, 2025	Jan. 13, 2026
SPEAG	EUmmWV Probe Tip Protection	EUmmWV4	9461	Oct. 16, 2024	Oct. 15, 2025
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	661	May. 16, 2024	May. 15, 2025
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1424	Dec. 19, 2024	Dec. 18, 2025
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1696	Sep. 03, 2024	Sep. 02, 2025
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7791	Feb. 19, 2025	Feb. 18, 2026
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7813	May. 30, 2024	May. 29, 2025
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Oct. 28, 2024	Oct. 27, 2025
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	101136	Oct. 20, 2024	Oct. 19, 2025
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Sep. 24, 2024	Sep. 23, 2025
Keysight	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Oct. 20, 2024	Oct. 19, 2025
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 17, 2024	Sep. 16, 2025
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	3690	Aug. 07, 2024	Aug. 06, 2025
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 13, 2024	Aug. 12, 2025
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 13, 2024	Aug. 12, 2025
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jul. 09, 2024	Jul. 08, 2025
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6418	Oct. 23, 2024	Oct. 22, 2025
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Warison	Directional Coupler	WCOU-10-50S-10	WR889BMC4B1	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	

**General Note:**

- Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

## 9. System Verification

### 9.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of 18°C to 25°C, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.

The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing

#### < Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results >

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Conductivity Target ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta ( $\sigma$ ) (%)	Delta ( $\epsilon_r$ ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	22.6	1.810	39.800	1.80	39.20	0.56	1.53	$\pm 5$	2025/3/20
2450	22.1	1.780	38.700	1.80	39.20	-1.11	-1.28	$\pm 5$	2025/3/24
5250	22.5	4.770	36.600	4.71	35.95	1.27	1.81	$\pm 5$	2025/3/21
5600	22.5	5.110	36.200	5.07	35.50	0.79	1.97	$\pm 5$	2025/3/21
5800	22.5	5.340	35.900	5.27	35.30	1.33	1.70	$\pm 5$	2025/3/21
6500	22.6	6.180	34.800	6.07	34.50	1.81	0.87	$\pm 5$	2025/3/19

### 9.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Test Site	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
SAR-14	2025/3/20	2450	50	D2450V2-929	EX3DV4 - SN7813	DAE4 Sn1424	2.490	52.400	49.8	-4.96
SAR-17	2025/3/24	2450	50	D2450V2-929	EX3DV4 - SN7791	DAE4 Sn1696	2.370	52.400	47.4	-9.54
SAR-14	2025/3/21	5250	50	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN7813	DAE4 Sn1424	3.670	80.600	73.4	-8.93
SAR-14	2025/3/21	5600	50	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN7813	DAE4 Sn1424	3.980	83.400	79.6	-4.56
SAR-14	2025/3/21	5800	50	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN7813	DAE4 Sn1424	3.750	80.600	75	-6.95
SAR-14	2025/3/19	6500	100	D6.5GHzV2-1083	EX3DV4 - SN7813	DAE4 Sn1424	30.900	297.000	309	4.04

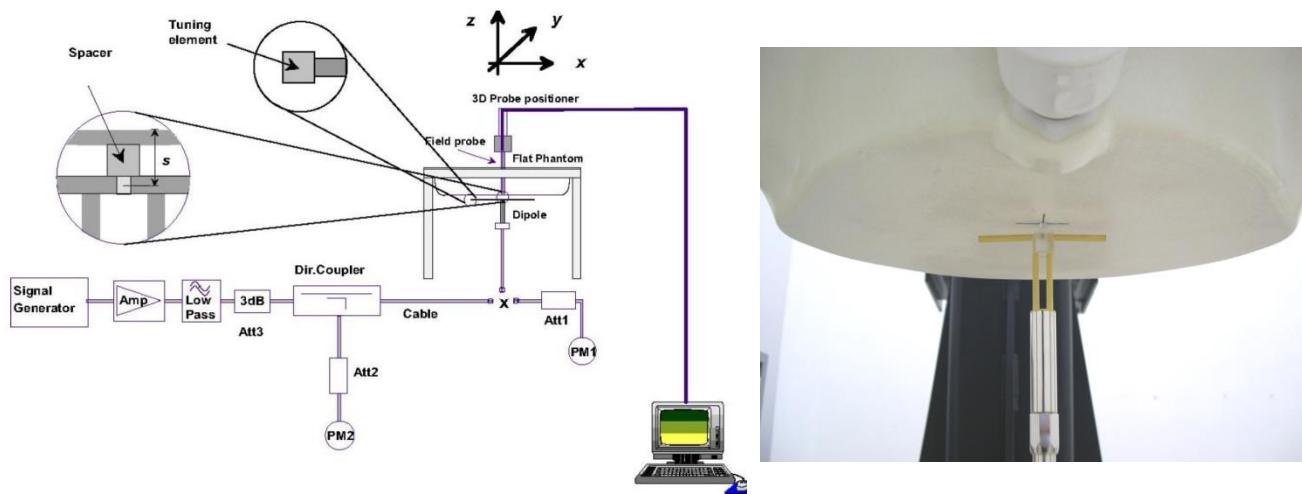


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo



### 9.3 PD System Performance Check Results

The system was verified to be within  $\pm 0.66$  dB of the power density targets on the calibration certificate according to the test system specification in the user's manual and calibration facility recommendation. The 0.66 dB deviation threshold represents the expanded uncertainty for system performance checks using SPEAG's mmWave verification sources. The same spatial resolution and measurement region used in the source calibration was applied during the system check. The measured power density distribution of verification source was also confirmed through visual inspection to have no noticeable differences, both spatially (shape) and numerically (level) from the distribution provided by the manufacturer, per November 2017 TCBC Workshop Notes

Test Location	Frequency (GHz)	5G Verification Source	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Distance (mm)	Measured 4 cm <sup>2</sup> (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	Targeted 4 cm <sup>2</sup> (W/m <sup>2</sup> )	Deviation (dB)	Date
SAR14	10G	10GHz_1052	EUmmWV4 - 9461	1424	10	61.6	57.2	0.32	2025/3/18
SAR17	10G	10GHz_1052	EUmmWV4 - 9461	661	10	54.8	57.2	-0.19	2025/3/21

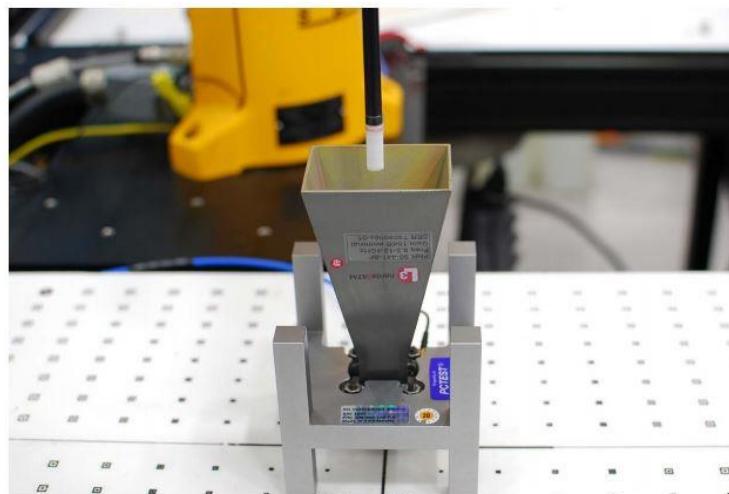


Figure 4-3  
System Verification Setup Photo

System Performance Check Setup



## 10. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

### General Note:

1. For each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than (or equal to) the power in MIMO operation, RF exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas operating in SISO mode.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio  $\leq 0.04$ , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
3. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b, 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, additional output power measurements were not necessary.
4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
5. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
6. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
7. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is  $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.
8. Per 201904 TCBC workshops, General principles of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 can be applied to determine the SAR Initial Test Configurations and test reduction for 802.11ax SAR testing. For the table below the 802.11ax maximum power is SU (non-OFDMA), and the SU maximum power also higher than RU (OFDMA)
9. In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing
10. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands
11. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
  - a. If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power
  - b. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
  - c. When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel



				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	19.57	20.00	98.29	19.53	20.00	98.44		23.00	
		6	2437	19.97	20.00		19.94	20.00			23.00	
		11	2462	19.69	20.00		19.55	20.00			23.00	
		12	2467	19.67	20.00		19.57	20.00			23.00	
		13	2472	19.70	20.00		19.52	20.00			23.00	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		12	2467		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		13	2472		20.00			20.00			23.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		12	2467		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		13	2472		20.00			20.00			23.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		9	2452		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		10	2457		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	1	2412		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		12	2467		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		13	2472		20.00			20.00			23.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	3	2422		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		9	2452		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		10	2457		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	1	2412		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		12	2467		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		13	2472		20.00			20.00			23.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	3	2422		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		9	2452		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		10	2457		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	
	802.11be-EHT20 MCS0	1	2412		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		12	2467		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		13	2472		20.00			20.00			23.00	
	802.11be-EHT40 MCS0	3	2422		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		6	2437		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		9	2452		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		10	2457		20.00			20.00			23.00	
		11	2462		20.00			20.00			23.00	



				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
5.2GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		40	5200		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		44	5220		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		48	5240		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180		16.50	Not required	16.50		16.50	Not required	19.50	
		40	5200		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		44	5220		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		48	5240		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190		16.50	Not required	16.50		16.50	Not required	19.50	
		46	5230		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		36	5180		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		40	5200		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	44	5220		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		48	5240		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		38	5190	16.50	16.50	96.20	16.34	16.50	92.69	Not required	19.50	
		46	5230	16.50	16.50		16.17	16.50			19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	42	5210	16.50	16.50	86.17	16.08	16.50	86.17		19.50	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	36	5180	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		40	5200		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		44	5220		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		48	5240		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	38	5190		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		46	5230		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		42	5210		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		36	5180		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	40	5200		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		44	5220		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		48	5240		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		38	5190		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11be-EHT40 MCS0	46	5230		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		36	5180		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		40	5200		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		44	5220		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11be-EHT80 MCS0	48	5240		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		38	5190		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		46	5230		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		42	5210		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	



	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
				Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		56	5280		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		60	5300		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		64	5320		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		56	5280		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		60	5300		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		64	5320		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		62	5310		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		56	5280		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		60	5300		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		64	5320		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		62	5310		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	16.34	16.50	86.17	16.47	16.50	86.17	Not required	19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	50	5250	16.43	16.50	86.09	16.27	16.50	86.14		19.50	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	52	5260	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50		
		56	5280	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
		60	5300	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
		64	5320	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	54	5270	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50		
		62	5310	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	58	5290	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50		
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	50	5250	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
	802.11be-EHT20 MCS0	52	5260	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50		
		56	5280	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
		60	5300	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
		64	5320	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
	802.11be-EHT40 MCS0	54	5270	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50		
		62	5310	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		
	802.11be-EHT80 MCS0	58	5290	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50		
	802.11be-EHT160 MCS0	50	5250	16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50		



				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
5.5GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		100	5500	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		116	5580		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		124	5620		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		132	5660		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		140	5700		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		144	5720		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		116	5580		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		124	5620		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		132	5660		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		140	5700		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		144	5720		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		110	5550		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		126	5630		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		134	5670		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		142	5710		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		116	5580		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		124	5620		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		132	5660		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		140	5700		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	144	5720	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		102	5510		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		110	5550		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		126	5630		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		134	5670		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	142	5710	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		106	5530		16.13		16.50	86.17	16.41	16.50		
		122	5610		16.46		16.50		16.13	16.50		
		138	5690		16.16		16.50		16.04	16.50		
		114	5570		16.08		16.50		86.09	16.13	16.50	86.14
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	100	5500	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		116	5580		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		124	5620		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		132	5660		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		140	5700		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		144	5720		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	102	5510	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		110	5550		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		126	5630		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		134	5670		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		142	5710		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	106	5530	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		122	5610		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		138	5690		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		114	5570		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	100	5500	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		116	5580		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		124	5620		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		144	5620		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		

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		132	5660		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		140	5700		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		144	5720		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		102	5510		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11be-EHT40 MCS0	110	5550		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		126	5630		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		134	5670		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		142	5710		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11be-EHT80 MCS0	106	5530		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		122	5610		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		138	5690		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		114	5570		16.50		16.50		19.50	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Ant 1		Ant 2		Ant 1+2			
					Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	Not required
		157	5785		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		165	5825		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745		16.50	Not required	16.50		16.50		19.50	
		157	5785		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		165	5825		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	16.22	16.50	92.60	16.33	92.69	16.50	Not required	19.50	Not required
		159	5795		16.50		16.23		16.50		19.50	
		149	5745		16.50		86.17		16.20		19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	157	5785	16.13	16.50	Not required	86.17	86.17	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		165	5825		16.50		86.17		16.50		19.50	
		151	5755		16.50		86.17		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	159	5795	16.16	16.50	Not required	16.23	92.69	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		155	5775		16.50		86.17		16.20		19.50	
		149	5745		16.50		86.17		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	157	5785	16.13	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	Not required
		165	5825		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		151	5755		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	159	5795	16.13	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		155	5775		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		149	5745		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	157	5785	16.13	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		165	5825		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		151	5755		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11be-EHT20 MCS0	159	5795	16.13	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	Not required
		149	5745		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		157	5785		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11be-EHT40 MCS0	165	5825	16.13	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	19.50	
		151	5755		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
		159	5795		16.50		16.50		16.50		19.50	
	802.11be-EHT80 MCS0	155	5775	16.50			16.50		16.50		19.50	



				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.9GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	169	5845	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		173	5865		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		177	5885		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	169	5845		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		173	5865		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		177	5885		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	167	5835		16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required	
		175	5875		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	169	5845		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50	Not required	
		173	5865		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
		177	5885		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	167	5835		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50	Not required	
		175	5875		16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50		
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	171	5855	16.44	16.50	86.17	16.15	16.50	86.17	19.50	Not required	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	163	5815	16.37	16.50	86.09	16.35	16.50	86.14	19.50		
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	169	5845	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50	Not required		
		173	5865	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50			
		177	5885	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50			
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	167	5835	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50	Not required		
		175	5875	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50			
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	171	5855	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50	Not required		
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	163	5815	16.50	Not required	16.50	Not required	16.50	19.50			
	802.11be-EHT20 MCS0	169	5845	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50	Not required		
		173	5865	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50			
		177	5885	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50			
	802.11be-EHT40 MCS0	167	5835	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50	Not required		
		175	5875	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50			
	802.11be-EHT80 MCS0	171	5855	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50	Not required		
	802.11be-EHT160 MCS0	163	5815	16.50		16.50		16.50	19.50			

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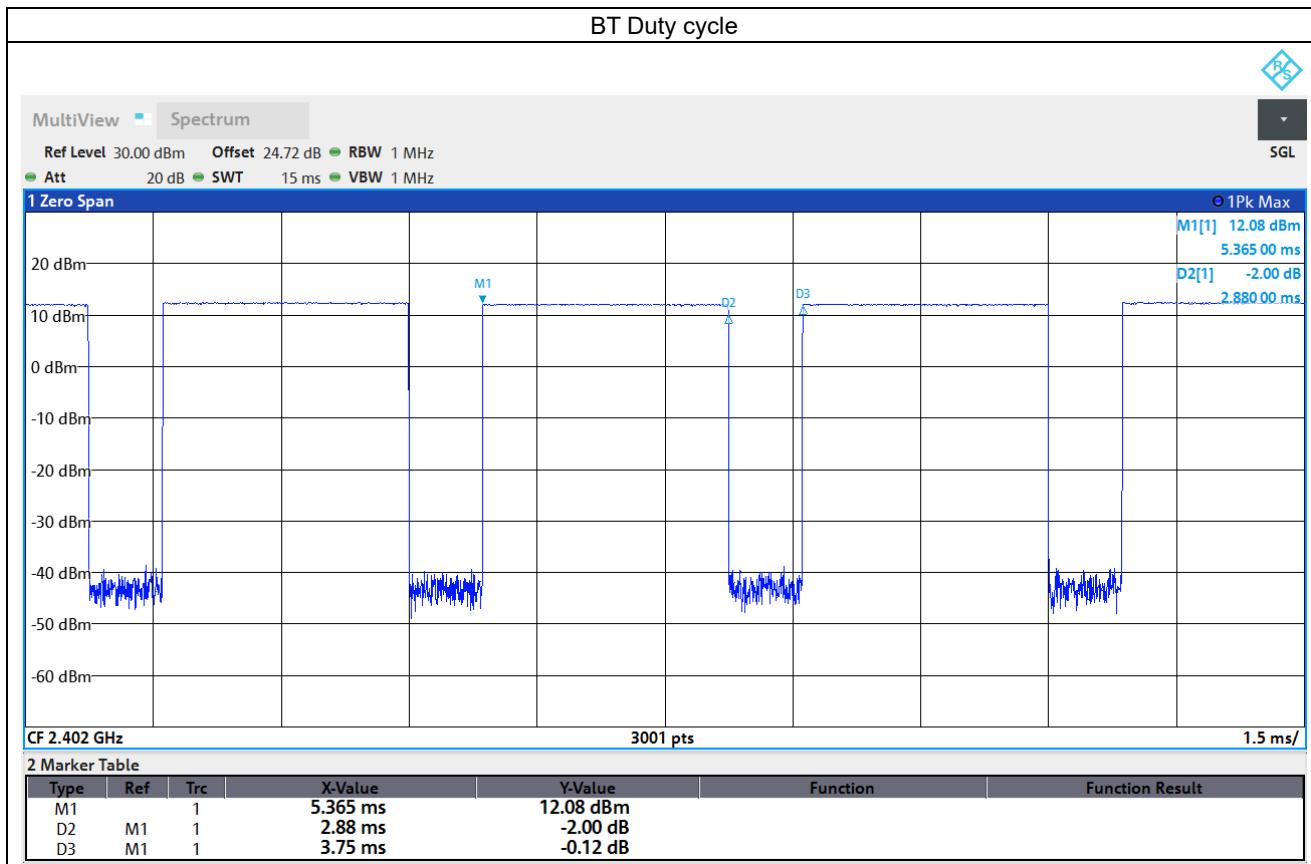
				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
WiFi 6E	802.11a 6Mbps	1	5955	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	17.00	
		57	6235		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		113	6515		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		173	6815		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		233	7115		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	1	5955	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	17.00	
		57	6235		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		113	6515		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		173	6815		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		233	7115		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	3	5965	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	17.00	
		59	6245		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		107	6485		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		171	6805		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		227	7085		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	7	5985	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	17.00	
		71	6305		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		119	6545		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		167	6785		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		215	7025		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	15	6025	13.74	14.00	86.32	13.62	14.00	86.35	Not required	17.00	
		47	6185	13.89	14.00		13.53	14.00			17.00	
		111	6505	13.72	14.00		13.89	14.00			17.00	
		143	6665	13.61	14.00		13.75	14.00			17.00	
		207	6985	13.59	14.00		13.54	14.00			17.00	
	802.11be-EHT20 MCS0	1	5955	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	17.00	
		57	6235		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		113	6515		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		173	6815		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		233	7115		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
	802.11be-EHT40 MCS0	3	5965	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	17.00	
		59	6245		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		107	6485		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		171	6805		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		227	7085		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
	802.11be-EHT80 MCS0	7	5985	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	17.00	
		71	6305		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		119	6545		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		167	6785		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		215	7025		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
	802.11be-EHT160 MCS0	15	6025	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	14.00	Not required	17.00	
		47	6185		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		111	6505		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		143	6665		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	
		207	6985		14.00		14.00		14.00		17.00	

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

				Ant 2			
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
Bluetooth	BR / EDR 1Mbps	0	2402	10.81	11.50	76.80	
		39	2441	10.44	11.50		
		78	2480	10.52	11.50		
	BR / EDR 2Mbps	0	2402		8.50	Not required	
		39	2441		8.50		
		78	2480		8.50		
	BR / EDR 3Mbps	0	2402		8.50		
		39	2441		8.50		
		78	2480		8.50		
LE 1Mbps	0	2402		Not required	11.50	Not required	
	19	2440			11.50		
	39	2480			11.50		
	0	2402			11.50		
	19	2440			11.50		
	39	2480			11.50		

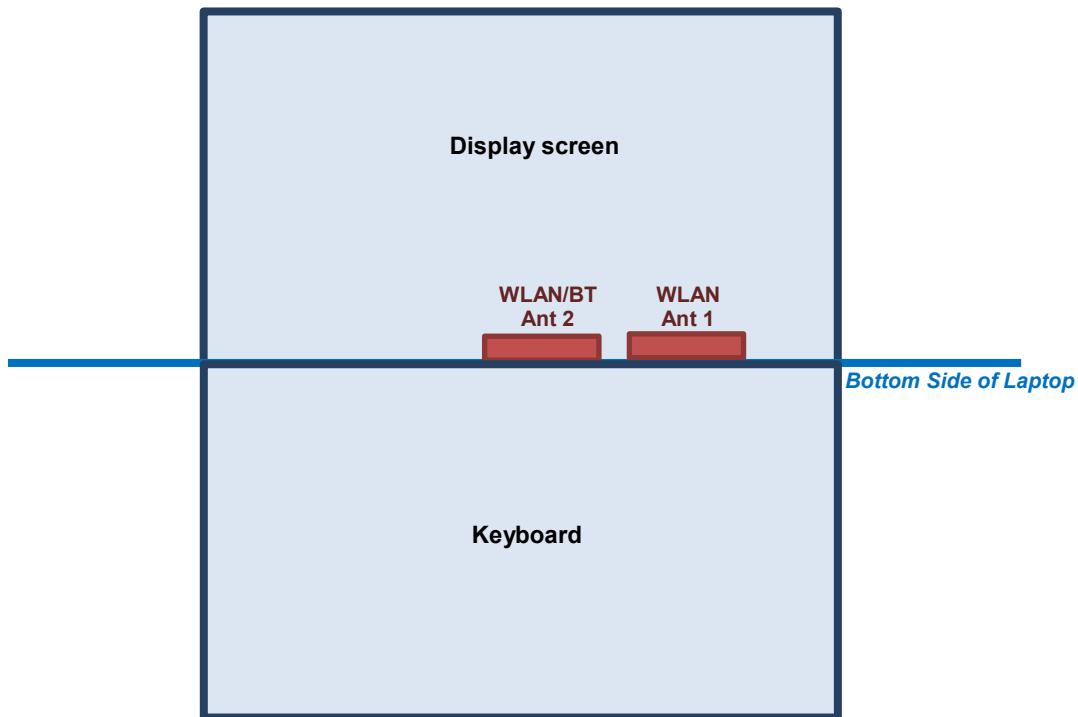
**General Note:**

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 76.80% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.





## 11. Antenna Location



The separation distance for antenna to edge :

Antenna	To Bottom Side (mm)
WLAN Antenna 1	4
WLAN/BT Antenna 2	4



## **12. SAR Test Results**

**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
  - c. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $2.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
  - $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $1.5 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between  $100 \text{ MHz}$  and  $200 \text{ MHz}$
  - $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $1.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ .

**WLAN Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ .
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, WLAN5.2GHz SAR testing is not required when the WLAN5.3GHz band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR is not required for WLAN5.2GHz band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is  $> 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$  or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$  or all required channels are tested.
5. For WLAN SAR testing was performed on single antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode.
6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is  $< 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$  and SAR peak to location ratio  $\leq 0.04$ , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
7. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

**WLAN PD Note:**

1. The WiFi 6E PD was performed according 2020 TCB workshop RF Exposure 5G RFX Policies Interim Procedures.
2. First, evaluate SAR using 6-7 GHz parameters per IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 and evaluate incident PD using the mmw near-field probe and total-field/power-density reconstruction method.
3. Per Interim Procedures. The power density results were scaled according to IEC 62479:2010 for the portion of the measurement uncertainty > 30%. Total expanded uncertainty of 2.68 dB (85.4%) was used to determine the psPD measurement scaling factor
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. The WiFi 6E RF Exposure results are used for simultaneous transmission analysis with the other transmitters and total exposure ratio, the analysis can be found in this report section 13.
6. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm<sup>2</sup> averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
7. Power density was calculated by repeated E-field measurements on two measurement planes separated by  $\lambda/4$ .
8. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools.
9. The measurement procedure consists of measuring the PDinc at two different distances: 2 mm (compliance distance) and  $\lambda/5$ . The grid extents should be large enough to fully capture the transmitted energy. The grid step should be fine enough to demonstrate that the integrated Power Density iPdn fulfill the criterion described below. Since iPd ratio between the two distances is  $\geq -1$ dB, the grid step (0.0625) was sufficient for determining compliance at d=2mm.

$$10 \cdot \log_{10} \frac{iPD_n(2mm)}{iPD_n(\lambda/5)} \geq -1$$

**12.1 Body SAR****<WLAN SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Vendor	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	WNC	19.97	20.00	1.007	98.29	1.017	0.07	0.418	0.428
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	1	2412	WNC	19.57	20.00	1.104	98.29	1.017	0.08	0.371	0.417
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	11	2462	WNC	19.69	20.00	1.074	98.29	1.017	0.01	0.369	0.403
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	12	2467	WNC	19.67	20.00	1.079	98.29	1.017	-0.15	0.284	0.312
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	13	2472	WNC	19.70	20.00	1.072	98.29	1.017	0.13	0.291	0.317
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	HB	19.97	20.00	1.007	98.29	1.017	0.08	0.377	0.386
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	6	2437	WNC	19.94	20.00	1.014	98.44	1.016	0.11	0.361	0.372
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	6	2437	HB	19.94	20.00	1.014	98.44	1.016	0.03	0.356	0.367
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	50	5250	WNC	16.43	16.50	1.016	86.09	1.162	0.07	0.335	0.395
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	50	5250	HB	16.43	16.50	1.016	86.09	1.162	0.1	0.312	0.368
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	50	5250	WNC	16.27	16.50	1.054	86.14	1.161	0.09	0.399	0.488
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	50	5250	HB	16.27	16.50	1.054	86.14	1.161	0.12	0.353	0.432
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	114	5570	WNC	16.08	16.50	1.102	86.09	1.162	0.03	0.211	0.270
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	114	5570	HB	16.08	16.50	1.102	86.09	1.162	-0.03	0.200	0.256
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	114	5570	WNC	16.13	16.50	1.089	86.14	1.161	0.05	0.484	0.612
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	114	5570	HB	16.13	16.50	1.089	86.14	1.161	-0.05	0.443	0.560
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	155	5775	WNC	16.13	16.50	1.089	86.17	1.160	0.01	0.192	0.243
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	155	5775	HB	16.13	16.50	1.089	86.17	1.160	-0.17	0.177	0.224
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	155	5775	WNC	16.20	16.50	1.072	86.17	1.160	0.03	0.381	0.474
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	155	5775	HB	16.20	16.50	1.072	86.17	1.160	0.01	0.360	0.448
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	163	5815	WNC	16.37	16.50	1.030	86.09	1.162	0.07	0.197	0.236
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	163	5815	HB	16.37	16.50	1.030	86.09	1.162	0.04	0.189	0.226
05	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	163	5815	WNC	16.35	16.50	1.035	86.14	1.161	0.07	0.403	0.484
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	163	5815	HB	16.35	16.50	1.035	86.14	1.161	0.05	0.374	0.449



Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Vendor	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured APD (W/m^2)	Reported APD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	47	6185	WNC	13.89	14.00	1.026	86.32	1.158	-0.09	0.146	0.173	1.12	1.331
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	15	6025	WNC	13.74	14.00	1.062	86.32	1.158	-0.08	0.134	0.165	1.01	1.242
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	111	6505	WNC	13.72	14.00	1.067	86.32	1.158	0.13	0.134	0.166	0.996	1.231
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	143	6665	WNC	13.61	14.00	1.094	86.32	1.158	0.12	0.147	0.186	1.1	1.394
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	207	6985	WNC	13.59	14.00	1.099	86.32	1.158	0.05	0.170	0.216	1.26	1.604
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 1	207	6985	HB	13.59	14.00	1.099	86.32	1.158	0.18	0.166	0.211	1.24	1.578
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	111	6505	WNC	13.89	14.00	1.026	86.35	1.158	-0.1	0.192	0.228	1.45	1.723
06	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	15	6025	WNC	13.62	14.00	1.091	86.35	1.158	0.06	0.352	0.445	3.04	3.841
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	47	6185	WNC	13.53	14.00	1.114	86.35	1.158	0.08	0.287	0.370	2.21	2.851
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	143	6665	WNC	13.75	14.00	1.059	86.35	1.158	-0.1	0.198	0.243	1.44	1.766
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	207	6985	WNC	13.54	14.00	1.112	86.35	1.158	0.01	0.149	0.192	1.07	1.378
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	15	6025	HB	13.62	14.00	1.091	86.35	1.158	-0.15	0.259	0.327	2.01	2.539

### <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Vendor	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
07	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	0	2402	WNC	10.81	11.50	1.172	76.8	1.085	-0.05	0.016	0.020
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Ant 2	0	2402	HB	10.81	11.50	1.172	76.8	1.085	0.02	0.013	0.017

## 12.1 6GHz PD Test Result

Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Antenna Vendor	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Grid Step (λ)	iPDn	iPD ratio (≥ -1)	Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Total psPD (W/m^2)
WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 1	WNC	15	6025	13.74	0.0625	1.81	-0.90626288	1.3	1.4
WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant 1	WNC	15	6025	13.74	0.25	2.23		1.22	1.25
WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 1	WNC	207	6985	13.59	0.0625	2.71	-0.55581426	2.05	2.22
WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	8.59mm	Ant 1	WNC	207	6985	13.59	0.25	3.08		1.27	1.33

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Antenna Vendor	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Grid Step (λ)	Scaling Factor for Measurement Uncertainty	Power Drift (dB)	Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Scaled Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Total psPD (W/m^2)	Scaled Total psPD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 1	WNC	47	6185	13.89	14.00	1.026	86.32	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.03	1.53	2.82	1.66	3.06
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 1	WNC	15	6025	13.74	14.00	1.062	86.32	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.11	1.3	2.48	1.4	2.67
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 1	WNC	111	6505	13.72	14.00	1.067	86.32	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.05	1.69	3.24	1.83	3.51
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 1	WNC	143	6665	13.61	14.00	1.094	86.32	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.08	1.79	3.52	1.93	3.80
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 1	WNC	207	6985	13.59	14.00	1.099	86.32	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.02	2.05	4.05	2.22	4.39
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 1	HB	207	6985	13.59	14.00	1.099	86.32	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.03	1.5	2.97	1.64	3.24
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 2	WNC	111	6505	13.89	14.00	1.026	86.35	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.05	2.17	4.00	2.37	4.37
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 2	WNC	15	6025	13.62	14.00	1.091	86.35	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	2.16	4.24	2.26	4.44
01	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 2	WNC	47	6185	13.53	14.00	1.114	86.35	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.04	2.65	5.31	2.82	5.65
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 2	WNC	143	6665	13.75	14.00	1.059	86.35	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.15	2.39	4.55	2.54	4.84
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 2	WNC	207	6985	13.54	14.00	1.112	86.35	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	0.08	2.18	4.36	2.3	4.60
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom Side	2mm	Ant 2	HB	47	6185	13.54	14.00	1.112	86.35	1.158	0.0625	1.5535	-0.08	2.31	4.62	2.46	4.92



### 13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1 + WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2	Yes
2.	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 + WLAN5/6GHz Ant 1	Yes
3.	WLAN5/6GHz Ant 1 + WLAN5/6GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes

**General Note:**

1. The worst case WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation. Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with WLAN.
2. WLAN RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode. Therefore SPLSR calculation was choose worst case with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode perform evaluation.
3. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR =  $(\text{SAR1} + \text{SAR2})^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where  $(x1, y1, z1)$  and  $(x2, y2, z2)$  are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If  $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

#### 13.1 Body Exposure Conditions

Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	2+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2	WLAN5/6GHz Ant 1	WLAN5/6GHz Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 2			
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
Bottom Side at 0mm	0.428	0.372	0.395	0.612	0.020	0.800	0.767	1.027

**Test Engineer :** Bevis Chang and Harry Hsu



## 14. Uncertainty Assessment

### Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

### Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacturer's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	$1/k^{(b)}$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $k$  is the coverage factor

### Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.



## Applicable for SAR Measurements:

Error Description	Uncertainty Budget (4 MHz - 10 GHz range)						
	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
<b>Measurement System</b>							
Probe Calibration	18.60	N	2	1	1	9.3	9.3
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
<b>Test Sample Related</b>							
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Test sample Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>							
Phantom Uncertainty	7.60	R	1.732	1	1	4.4	4.4
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.77	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	2.3	2.2
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	1.1	1.1
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	1.7	1.6
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
<b>Combined Std. Uncertainty</b>						14.5%	14.2%
<b>Coverage Factor for 95 %</b>						K=2	K=2
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>						29.0%	28.4%



## Applicable for Power Density Measurements:

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±dB)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	Standard Uncertainty (±dB)
Probe Calibration	0.49	N	1	1	0.49
Probe correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Frequency response (BW ≤ 1 GHz)	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12
Sensor cross coupling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Isotropy	0.50	R	1.732	1	0.29
Linearity	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12
Probe scattering	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Probe positioning offset	0.30	R	1.732	1	0.17
Probe positioning repeatability	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Sensor mechanical offset	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Probe spatial resolution	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Field impedance dependance	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Amplitude and phase drift	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Amplitude and phase noise	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Measurement area truncation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Data acquisition	0.03	N	1	1	0.03
Sampling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Field reconstruction	2.00	R	1.732	1	1.15
Forward transformation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Power density scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Spatial averaging	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.06
System detection limit	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
<b>Uncertainty terms dependent on the DUT and environmental factors</b>					
Probe coupling with DUT	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Modulation response	0.40	R	1.732	1	0.2
Integration time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Response time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Device holder influence	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.1
DUT alignment	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
RF ambient conditions	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0
Ambient reflections	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0
Immunity / secondary reception	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Drift of the DUT		R	1.732	1	
<b>Combined Std. Uncertainty</b>					1.34
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty (95%)</b>					2.68



## **15. References**

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [5] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [6] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [9] IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", Oct. 2020
- [10] SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- [11] SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedure for Device Operation at 6GHz-10GHz)