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Compliance test report ID: **182563-3TRFWL**

Date of issue
October 28, 2011

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

§15.247 – Operation within the bands 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz and 5725–5850 MHz

Applicant **BelAir Networks Inc.**
Product **DRUE 5.8 GHz radio**
Model **B5CH118AA**
FCC ID **RAR50005001**

Nemko Canada Inc., a testing laboratory, is accredited by the Standards Council of Canada. The tests included in this report are within the scope of this accreditation



Test location

Nemko Canada Inc.
303 River Road
Ottawa, ON, K1V 1H2
Canada
Test site FCC ID: 176392 (3 m semi anechoic chamber)

Telephone +1 613 737 9680
Facsimile +1 613 737 9691
Toll free +1 800 563 6336
Website www.nemko.com

Tested by Andrey Adelberg, Senior Wireless/EMC Specialist

Reviewed by
David Duchesne, Senior Wireless/EMC Specialist

October 28, 2011

Date:

Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contained in this report are within Nemko Canada's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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Section 1: Report summary

1.1 Applicant

BelAir Networks Inc.
603 March Road,
Ottawa, ON, Canada
K2K 2M5

1.2 Test specifications

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

§15.247 - Operation within the bands 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz and 5725–5850 MHz

1.3 Statement of compliance

In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was completed against all relevant requirements of the test standard. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See *“Summary of test results” for full details.*

1.4 Test report revision history

Original report issued

Section 2: Summary of test results

2.1 FCC Part 15 – General requirements, test results

| Part | Test description | Verdict |
|------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| §15.31(e) | Variation of power source | See Notes 1 |
| §15.31(m) | Number of operating frequencies | See Notes 2 |
| §15.203 | Antenna requirement | See Notes 3 |
| §15.207(a) | Conducted limits | Pass |

Notes:

1. Transmit output power was measured while supply voltage was varied from 102 to 138 V_{AC} (85 to 115 % of the nominal rated supply voltage). No change in transmit output power was observed
2. The frequency range over which the device operates is greater than 10 MHz. Tests were performed on three operating channels. (low, mid and high)
3. This requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed

2.2 FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247, test results

| Part | Test description | Verdict |
|--------------------|--|------------------|
| §15.247(a)(1)(i) | Frequency hopping systems operating in the 902–928 MHz band | N/A ¹ |
| §15.247(a)(1)(ii) | Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725–5850 MHz band | |
| §15.247(a)(1)(iii) | Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band | |
| §15.247(a)(2) | Minimum 6 dB bandwidth for systems using digital modulation techniques | Pass |
| §15.247(b)(1) | Maximum peak output power of frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band and 5725–5850 MHz band | N/A ¹ |
| §15.247(b)(2) | Maximum peak output power of Frequency hopping systems operating in the 902–928 MHz band | |
| §15.247(b)(3) | Maximum peak output power of systems using digital modulation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands | Pass |
| §15.247(b)(4) | Maximum peak output power | Pass |
| §15.247(c)(1) | Fixed point-to-point operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi | Pass |
| §15.247(c)(2) | Transmitters operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that emit multiple directional beams | N/A ³ |
| §15.247(d) | Spurious emissions | Pass |
| §15.247(e) | Power spectral density for digitally modulated devices | Pass |
| §15.247(f) | Time of occupancy for hybrid systems | N/A ¹ |

Notes:

- ¹ - The EUT is not a hopping nor hybrid system
- ² - This equipment does not emit multiple-directional beams

Section 3: Equipment under test (EUT) details

3.1 Sample information

Receipt date July 28, 2011
Nemko sample ID number 1

3.2 EUT information

Product name DRUE 5.8 GHz radio
Model B5CH118AA
Serial number M1817E0018

3.3 Technical information

Operating band 5725–5850 MHz
Operating frequencies 5740–5825 MHz (20 MHz channel)
5750–5790 MHz (40 MHz channel)
Modulation type 20 MHz channel: 802.11a and 802.11n
40 MHz channel: 802.11n
Channel bandwidth 20 MHz, 40 MHz
Emission designator W7D
Power requirements 120 V_{AC}, 60 Hz
Antenna information
Type: Omni-directional (professionally installed)
Gain: 6.5 dBi.
Model: BMAG00291-A
Manufacturer: BelAir Networks

3.4 Product description and theory of operation

The EUT is a 3x3 MIMO combo Wi-Fi module designed to operate in the 2.4–2.4835 GHz band, and 5.725–5.85 GHz band. There are two independent radio units. This report covers only the 5.8 GHz radio.

3.5 EUT exercise details

The EUT was controlled to transmit ad desire frequency and modulation from laptop using Art GUI software and telnet session.

3.6 EUT setup diagram

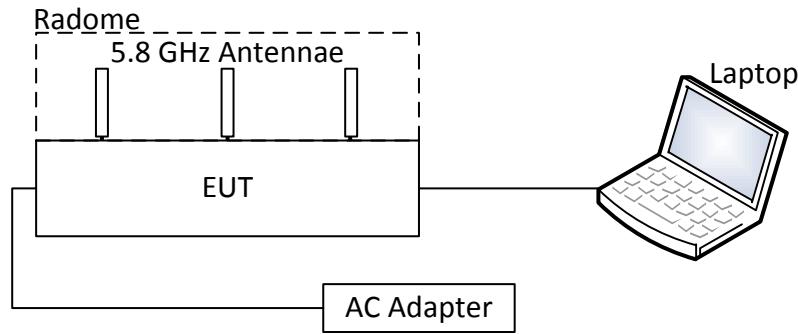


Diagram 3.6-1: Setup diagram

Section 4: Engineering considerations

1.4 Modifications incorporated in the EUT

There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

1.5 Technical judgment

None

1.6 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

No deviations were made from laboratory test procedures.

Section 5: Test conditions

5.1 Atmospheric conditions

Temperature: 15–30 °C

Relative humidity: 20–75 %

Air pressure: 86–106 kPa

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

5.2 Power supply range

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages $\pm 5\%$, for which the equipment was designed.

Section 6: Measurement uncertainty

6.1 Uncertainty of measurement

Nemko Canada Inc. has calculated measurement uncertainty and is documented in EMC/MUC/001 "Uncertainty in EMC measurements." Measurement uncertainty was calculated using the methods described in CISPR 16-4 Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC measurements; as well as described in UKAS LAB34: The expression of Uncertainty in EMC Testing. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of K=2 with 95% certainty.

Section 7: Test equipment

7.1 Test equipment list

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model no. | Asset no. | Cal cycle | Next cal. |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| 3 m EMI test chamber | TDK | SAC-3 | FA002047 | 1 year | Mar. 09/12 |
| Flush mount turntable | Sunol | FM2022 | FA002082 | — | NCR |
| Controller | Sunol | SC104V | FA002060 | — | NCR |
| Antenna mast | Sunol | TLT2 | FA002061 | — | NCR |
| Power supply | California Inst. | 3001I | FA001021 | 1 year | Jan. 26/12 |
| Receiver/spectrum analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | ESU 26 | FA002043 | 1 year | April 27/12 |
| Spectrum analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | FSU | FA001877 | 1 year | Dec.06/11 |
| Bilog antenna | Sunol | JB3 | FA002108 | 1 year | Jan. 31/12 |
| Horn antenna #2 | EMCO | 3115 | FA000825 | 1 year | Feb. 04/12 |
| 1–18 GHz pre-amplifier | JCA | JCA118-503 | FA002091 | 1 year | Sept. 23/11 |
| Horn antenna 18–40 GHz | EMCO | 3116 | FA001847 | 1 year | May 20/12 |
| 18–26 GHz pre-amplifier | Narda | BBS-1826N612 | FA001550 | — | VOU |
| 26–40 GHz pre-amplifier | Narda | DBL-2640N610 | FA001556 | — | VOU |

Note: NCR = no cal required, VOU = verify on use

Section 8: Testing data

8.1 Clause 15.207(a) Conducted limits

Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Table 8.1-1: Conducted emissions limit

| Frequency of emission (MHz) | Conducted limit (dBμV) | |
|------------------------------------|--|----------------|
| | Quasi-peak | Average |
| 0.15–0.5 | 66 to 56* | 56 to 46* |
| 0.5–5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5–30 | 60 | 50 |

*-Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

8.1.1 Test summary

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| Test date | August 5, 2011 | Test engineer | Andrey Adelberg | Verdict | Pass |
| Temperature | 25 °C | Air pressure | 1005 mbar | Relative humidity | 45 % |

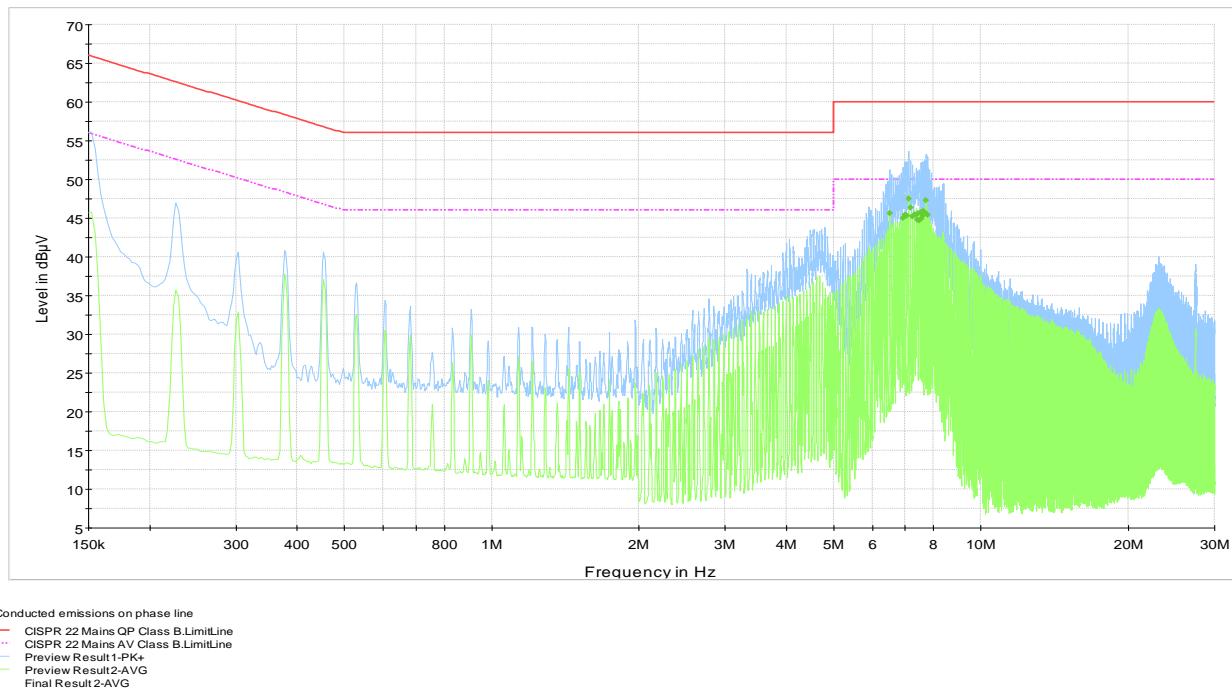
8.1.2 Observations/special notes

The EUT was set up as tabletop configuration.

The spectral scan has been corrected with transducer factors (i.e. cable loss, LISN factors, and attenuators) for determination of compliance.

A preview measurement was generated with the receiver in continuous scan mode. Emissions detected within 6 dB or above limit were re-measured with the appropriate detector against the correlating limit and recorded as the final measurement.

8.1.3 Test data



Plot 8.1-1: Conducted emissions on phase line

Frequency range 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz
Preview measurements Receiver: 9 kHz RBW, Peak (blue) and Average (green) detector, max hold
Final measurement Receiver: 9 kHz RBW, Quasi-peak and Average (green) detector
Measurement time 100 ms

Table 8.1-2: Average conducted emissions results on phase line

| Frequency (MHz) | Average result (dB μ V) | Meas. Time (ms) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Filter | Conductor | Correction (dB) | Margin (dB) | Limit (dB μ V) |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 7.480500 | 44.7 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 5.3 | 50.0 |
| 7.419750 | 44.8 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 5.2 | 50.0 |
| 7.541250 | 44.9 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 5.1 | 50.0 |
| 6.931500 | 45.0 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 5.0 | 50.0 |
| 7.248750 | 45.2 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 4.8 | 50.0 |
| 7.602000 | 45.3 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 4.7 | 50.0 |
| 6.992250 | 45.4 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 4.6 | 50.0 |
| 7.053000 | 45.4 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 4.6 | 50.0 |
| 7.316250 | 45.4 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 4.6 | 50.0 |
| 7.383750 | 45.4 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 4.6 | 50.0 |
| 7.791000 | 45.4 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Phase | 10.2 | 4.6 | 50.0 |

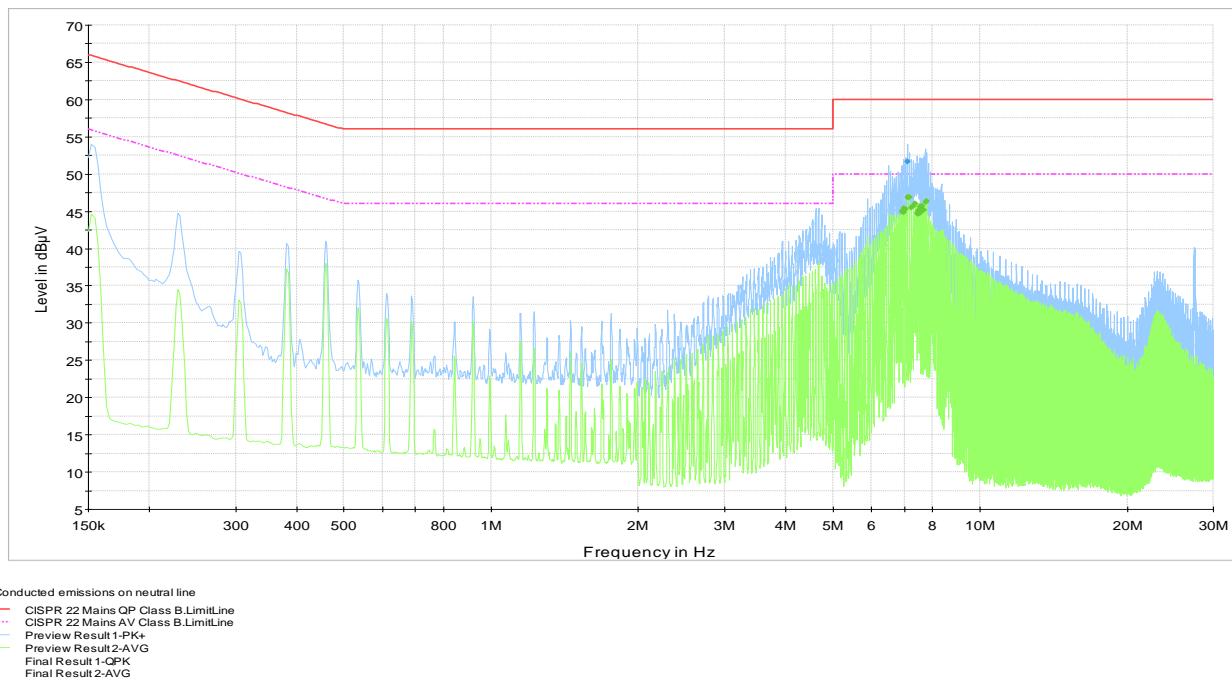
Sample calculation:

Correction factor (dB) = LISN factor IL (dB) + cable loss (dB) + attenuator (dB)
Result (dB μ V) = XX dB μ V (reading from receiver) + XX dB (Correction factor)

Example:

43.5 dB μ V = 23.2 dB μ V (receiver reading) + 10.1 dB (LISN factor IL) + 0.2 dB (cable loss) + 10 dB (attenuator)

8.1.3 Test data, continued



Plot 8.1-2: Conducted emissions on neutral line

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Frequency range | 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz |
| Preview measurements | Receiver: 9 kHz RBW, Peak (blue) and Average (green) detector, max hold |
| Final measurement | Receiver: 9 kHz RBW, Quasi-peak (blue) and Average (green) detector |
| Measurement time | 100 ms |

Table 8.1-3: Average conducted emissions results on neutral line

| Frequency (MHz) | Average result (dB μ V) | Meas. Time (ms) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Filter | Conductor | Correction (dB) | Margin (dB) | Limit (dB μ V) |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 7.480500 | 44.6 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 5.4 | 50.0 |
| 7.541250 | 44.7 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 5.3 | 50.0 |
| 7.419750 | 44.8 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 5.2 | 50.0 |
| 6.976500 | 44.9 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 5.1 | 50.0 |
| 6.931500 | 45.0 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 5.0 | 50.0 |
| 7.451250 | 45.1 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 4.9 | 50.0 |
| 7.602000 | 45.1 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 4.9 | 50.0 |
| 7.653750 | 45.2 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 4.8 | 50.0 |
| 7.053000 | 45.3 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 4.7 | 50.0 |
| 6.992250 | 45.4 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 4.6 | 50.0 |
| 7.246500 | 45.5 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 4.5 | 50.0 |

Table 8.1-4: Quasi-peak conducted emissions results

| Frequency (MHz) | Quasi-peak result (dB μ V) | Meas. Time (ms) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Filter | Conductor | Correction (dB) | Margin (dB) | Limit (dB μ V) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 7.113750 | 51.6 | 100.0 | 9.000 | On | Neutral | 10.2 | 8.4 | 60.0 |

Sample calculation:

Correction factor (dB) = LISN factor IL (dB) + cable loss (dB) + attenuator (dB)
Result (dB μ V) = XX dB μ V (reading from receiver) + XX dB (Correction factor)

Example:

43.5 dB μ V = 23.2 dB μ V (receiver reading) + 10.1 dB (LISN factor IL) + 0.2 dB (cable loss) + 10 dB (attenuator)

Section 8**Test name****Standard**

Testing data

Clause 15.247(a)(2) Minimum 6 dB bandwidth for systems using digital modulation techniques

FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247

8.2 Clause 15.247(a)(2) Minimum 6 dB bandwidth for systems using digital modulation techniques

(a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

8.2.1 Test summary

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| Test date | July 27, 2011 | Test engineer | Andrey Adelberg | Verdict | Pass |
| Temperature | 23 °C | Air pressure | 1005 mbar | Relative humidity | 38 % |

8.2.2 Observations/special notes

A peak detector with 100 kHz RBW and 300 kHz VBW was used to perform measurement.

8.2.3 Test data

Table 8.2-1: 6 dB bandwidth results for 802.11n

| Channel bandwidth, MHz | Frequency, MHz | 6 dB BW, MHz | Limit, MHz | Margin, MHz |
|------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 17.83 | 0.5 | 17.33 |
| | 5800 | 17.83 | 0.5 | 17.33 |
| | 5825 | 17.83 | 0.5 | 17.33 |
| 40 | 5750 | 36.56 | 0.5 | 36.06 |
| | 5790 | 36.61 | 0.5 | 36.11 |

Table 8.2-2: 6 dB bandwidth results for 802.11a

| Frequency, MHz | 6 dB BW, MHz | Limit, MHz | Margin, MHz |
|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 5740 | 16.67 | 0.5 | 16.17 |
| 5800 | 16.55 | 0.5 | 16.05 |
| 5825 | 16.63 | 0.5 | 16.13 |

8.3 Clause 15.247(b)(3) and (4) Maximum peak conducted output power

(b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(ii) Systems operating in the 5725–5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

(iii) Fixed, point-to-point operation, as used in paragraphs (b)(3)(i) and (b)(3)(ii) of this section, excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

8.3.1 Test summary

| | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| Test date | July 27, 2011 | Test engineer | Andrey Adelberg | Verdict | Pass |
| Temperature | 23 °C | Air pressure | 1005 mbar | Relative humidity | 38 % |

8.3.2 Observations/special notes

The output RF power was measured on the antenna port 1, 2 and 3 by means of a spectrum analyzer and following the 'Power Output Option 2, Method 1' procedure from the FCC guidelines for Measurement of Digital Transmission Systems operating under Section 15.247. The total output power equal to the summary of the output RF power was measured on the antenna port 1, 2 and 3.

8.3.3 Test data

Table 8.3-1: Power and EIRP results for not correlated 3x3 MIMO, 802.11n

| Channel bandwidth (MHz) | Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 23.0 | 258.978 | 219.048 | 218.375 | 28.43 | 30.00 | 1.57 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 34.43 | 36.0 | 1.57 | |
| | 5800 | 23.0 | 308.397 | 266.877 | 251.935 | 29.18 | 30.00 | 0.82 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 35.18 | 36.0 | 0.82 | |
| | 5825 | 23.0 | 252.477 | 245.572 | 238.694 | 28.67 | 30.00 | 1.33 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 34.67 | 36.0 | 1.33 | |
| 40 | 5750 | 23.0 | 179.904 | 145.592 | 152.486 | 26.79 | 30.00 | 3.21 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 32.79 | 36.0 | 3.21 | |
| | 5790 | 23.0 | 186.413 | 171.952 | 152.800 | 27.09 | 30.00 | 2.91 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 33.09 | 36.0 | 2.91 | |

- Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-3 (mW)})$
- EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))

Table 8.3-2: Power and EIRP results for not correlated 3x3 MIMO, 802.11a

| Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 5740 | 23.0 | 170.876 | 150.168 | 152.800 | 26.76 | 30.00 | 3.24 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 32.76 | 36.0 | 3.24 |
| 5800 | 23.0 | 190.523 | 167.860 | 158.667 | 27.14 | 30.00 | 2.86 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 33.14 | 36.0 | 2.86 |
| 5825 | 23.0 | 154.635 | 145.592 | 152.486 | 26.56 | 30.00 | 3.44 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 32.56 | 36.0 | 3.44 |

- Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-3 (mW)})$
- EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))

Table 8.3-3: Power and EIRP results for correlated 3x3 MIMO (CDD/TXBF), 802.11n

| Channel bandwidth (MHz) | Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 18.5 | 114.412 | 98.730 | 109.247 | 25.08 | 25.23 | 0.15 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 35.85 | 36.0 | 0.15 |
| | 5800 | 17.0 | 108.002 | 108.976 | 101.075 | 25.02 | 25.23 | 0.21 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 35.79 | 36.0 | 0.21 |
| | 5825 | 18.0 | 115.169 | 108.231 | 106.576 | 25.18 | 25.23 | 0.05 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 35.95 | 36.0 | 0.05 |
| 40 | 5750 | 20.5 | 118.614 | 98.017 | 100.255 | 25.01 | 25.23 | 0.22 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 35.78 | 36.0 | 0.22 |
| | 5790 | 19.0 | 105.095 | 101.559 | 77.897 | 24.54 | 25.23 | 0.69 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 35.31 | 36.0 | 0.69 |

- Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-3 (mW)})$
- EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))
- Combined 3 antennae gain (dBi) = $6.5 \text{ [dBi]} + 10 \times \log_{10}(3) = 11.27 \text{ dBi}$
- Limit (dBm) = $30 - ((11.27 - 0.5) - (6.5 - 0.5)) = 30 - (10.77 - 6.0) = 25.23 \text{ dBm}$

Table 8.3-4: Power and EIRP results for correlated 3x3 MIMO (CDD/TXBF), 802.11a

| Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 5740 | 20.5 | 108.816 | 97.136 | 105.151 | 24.93 | 25.23 | 0.30 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 35.70 | 36.0 | 0.30 |
| 5800 | 19.5 | 123.704 | 112.594 | 90.544 | 25.14 | 25.23 | 0.09 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 35.91 | 36.0 | 0.09 |
| 5825 | 21.0 | 112.131 | 103.394 | 107.960 | 25.10 | 25.23 | 0.13 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 35.87 | 36.0 | 0.13 |

- Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-3 (mW)})$
- EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))
- Combined 3 antennae gain (dBi) = $6.5 \text{ [dBi]} + 10 \times \log_{10}(3) = 11.27 \text{ dBi}$
- Limit (dBm) = $30 - ((11.27 - 0.5) - (6.5 - 0.5)) = 30 - (10.77 - 6.0) = 25.23 \text{ dBm}$

8.3.3 Test data, continued

Table 8.3-5: Power and EIRP results for correlated 2x3, 2x2 MIMO (CDD/TXBF), 802.11n

| Channel bandwidth (MHz) | Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 23.0 | 258.978 | 219.048 | N/A | 26.79 | 27.00 | 0.21 | 9.50 | 0.5 | 35.79 | 36.0 | 0.21 |
| | 5800 | 21.5 | 248.781 | 223.106 | N/A | 26.74 | 27.00 | 0.26 | 9.50 | 0.5 | 35.74 | 36.0 | 0.26 |
| | 5825 | 23.0 | 252.477 | 245.572 | N/A | 26.97 | 27.00 | 0.03 | 9.50 | 0.5 | 35.97 | 36.0 | 0.03 |
| 40 | 5750 | 23.0 | 179.904 | 145.592 | N/A | 25.13 | 27.00 | 1.87 | 9.50 | 0.5 | 34.13 | 36.0 | 1.87 |
| | 5790 | 23.0 | 186.413 | 171.952 | N/A | 25.54 | 27.00 | 1.46 | 9.50 | 0.5 | 34.54 | 36.0 | 1.46 |

- Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)})$
- EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))
- Combined 2 antennae gain (dBi) = $6.5 [\text{dBi}] + 10 \times \log_{10}(2) = 9.5 \text{ dBi}$
- Limit (dBm) = $30 - ((9.5 - 0.5) - (6.5 - 0.5)) = 30 - (9.0 - 6.0) = 27.00 \text{ dBm}$

Table 8.3-6: Power and EIRP results for correlated 2x3, 2x2 MIMO (CDD/TXBF), 802.11a

| Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 5740 | 23.0 | 170.876 | 150.168 | N/A | 25.07 | 27.00 | 1.93 | 9.50 | 0.5 | 34.07 | 36.0 | 1.93 |
| 5800 | 23.0 | 190.523 | 167.860 | N/A | 25.54 | 27.00 | 1.46 | 9.50 | 0.5 | 34.54 | 36.0 | 1.46 |
| 5825 | 23.0 | 154.635 | 145.592 | N/A | 24.77 | 27.00 | 2.23 | 9.50 | 0.5 | 33.77 | 36.0 | 2.23 |

- Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)})$
- EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))
- Combined 2 antennae gain (dBi) = $6.5 [\text{dBi}] + 10 \times \log_{10}(2) = 9.5 \text{ dBi}$
- Limit (dBm) = $30 - ((9.5 - 0.5) - (6.5 - 0.5)) = 30 - (9.0 - 6.0) = 27.00 \text{ dBm}$

Table 8.3-7: Power and EIRP results for correlated 1x3, 1x2, 1x1 MIMO (CDD/TXBF), 802.11n

| Channel bandwidth (MHz) | Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 23.0 | 258.978 | N/A | N/A | 24.13 | 30.00 | 5.87 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 30.13 | 36.0 | 5.87 |
| | 5800 | 23.0 | 308.397 | N/A | N/A | 24.89 | 30.00 | 5.11 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 30.89 | 36.0 | 5.11 |
| | 5825 | 23.0 | 252.477 | N/A | N/A | 24.02 | 30.00 | 5.98 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 30.02 | 36.0 | 5.98 |
| 40 | 5750 | 23.0 | 179.904 | N/A | N/A | 22.55 | 30.00 | 7.45 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 28.55 | 36.0 | 7.45 |
| | 5790 | 23.0 | 186.413 | N/A | N/A | 22.70 | 30.00 | 7.30 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 28.70 | 36.0 | 7.30 |

- Output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)})$
- EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))

Table 8.3-8: Power and EIRP results for correlated 1x3, 1x2, 1x1 MIMO (CDD/TXBF), 802.11a

| Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 5740 | 23.0 | 170.876 | N/A | N/A | 22.33 | 30.00 | 7.67 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 28.33 | 36.0 | 7.67 |
| 5800 | 23.0 | 190.523 | N/A | N/A | 22.80 | 30.00 | 7.20 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 28.80 | 36.0 | 7.20 |
| 5825 | 23.0 | 154.635 | N/A | N/A | 21.89 | 30.00 | 8.11 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 27.89 | 36.0 | 8.11 |

- Output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)})$
- EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))

8.3.3 Test data, continued

Table 8.3-9: Power and EIRP results for uncorrelated 3x3 MIMO (STBC/STC), 802.11n

| Channel bandwidth (MHz) | Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|--|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 23.0 | 258.978 | 219.048 | 218.375 | 28.43 | 30.00 | 1.57 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 34.43 | 36.0 | 1.57 | |
| | 5800 | 23.0 | 308.397 | 266.877 | 251.935 | 29.18 | 30.00 | 0.82 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 35.18 | 36.0 | 0.82 | |
| | 5825 | 23.0 | 252.477 | 245.572 | 238.694 | 28.67 | 30.00 | 1.33 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 34.67 | 36.0 | 1.33 | |
| | 40 | 23.0 | 179.904 | 145.592 | 152.486 | 26.79 | 30.00 | 3.21 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 32.79 | 36.0 | 3.21 | |
| - Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-3 (mW)})$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB)) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 8.3-10: Power and EIRP results for uncorrelated 3x3 MIMO (STBC/STC), 802.11a

| Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|--|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 5740 | 23.0 | 170.876 | 150.168 | 152.800 | 26.76 | 30.00 | 3.24 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 32.76 | 36.0 | 3.24 | |
| 5800 | 23.0 | 190.523 | 167.860 | 158.667 | 27.14 | 30.00 | 2.86 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 33.14 | 36.0 | 2.86 | |
| 5825 | 23.0 | 154.635 | 145.592 | 152.486 | 26.56 | 30.00 | 3.44 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 32.56 | 36.0 | 3.44 | |
| - Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-3 (mW)})$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB)) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 8.3-11: Power and EIRP results for uncorrelated 2x3, 2x2 MIMO (STBC/STC), 802.11n

| Channel bandwidth (MHz) | Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|---|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 23.0 | 258.978 | 219.048 | N/A | 26.79 | 30.00 | 3.21 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 32.79 | 36.0 | 3.21 | |
| | 5800 | 23.0 | 308.397 | 266.877 | N/A | 27.60 | 30.00 | 2.40 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 33.60 | 36.0 | 2.40 | |
| | 5825 | 23.0 | 252.477 | 245.572 | N/A | 26.97 | 30.00 | 3.03 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 32.97 | 36.0 | 3.03 | |
| | 40 | 23.0 | 179.904 | 145.592 | N/A | 25.13 | 30.00 | 4.87 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 31.13 | 36.0 | 4.87 | |
| - Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)})$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB)) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 8.3-12: Power and EIRP results for uncorrelated 2x3, 2x2 MIMO (STBC/STC), 802.11a

| Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|---|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 5740 | 23.0 | 170.876 | 150.168 | N/A | 25.07 | 30.00 | 4.93 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 31.07 | 36.0 | 4.93 | |
| 5800 | 23.0 | 190.523 | 167.860 | N/A | 25.54 | 30.00 | 4.46 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 31.54 | 36.0 | 4.46 | |
| 5825 | 23.0 | 154.635 | 145.592 | N/A | 24.77 | 30.00 | 5.23 | 6.50 | 0.5 | 30.77 | 36.0 | 5.23 | |
| - Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)})$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB)) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

8.3.3 Test data, continued

Table 8.3-13: Point-to-Point Maximum Output Power and EIRP results for correlated 3x3 MIMO (TxBF), 802.11n

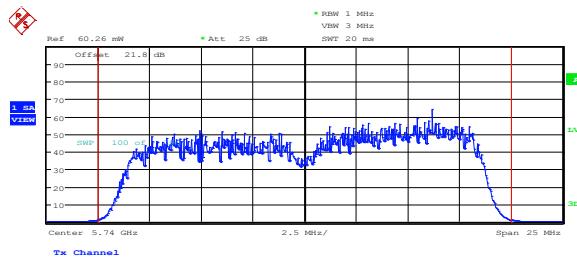
| Channel bandwidth (MHz) | Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 23.0 | 258.978 | 219.048 | 218.375 | 28.43 | 30.00 | 1.57 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 39.20 | N/A | N/A |
| | 5800 | 23.0 | 308.397 | 266.877 | 251.935 | 29.18 | 30.00 | 0.82 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 39.95 | N/A | N/A |
| | 5825 | 23.0 | 252.477 | 245.572 | 238.694 | 28.67 | 30.00 | 1.33 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 39.44 | N/A | N/A |
| 40 | 5750 | 23.0 | 179.904 | 145.592 | 152.486 | 26.79 | 30.00 | 3.21 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 37.56 | N/A | N/A |
| | 5790 | 23.0 | 186.413 | 171.952 | 152.800 | 27.09 | 30.00 | 2.91 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 37.86 | N/A | N/A |

- Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-3 (mW)})$
 - EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))
 - Point-to-Point mode, therefore no EIRP limitation

Table 8.3-14: Point-to-Point Maximum Output Power and EIRP results for correlated 3x3 MIMO (TxBF), 802.11a

| Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 1 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 2 (mW) | Conducted Avg. Power ANT 3 (mW) | Combined Output Power (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Limit (dBm) | Conducted Output Power Margin (dB) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Cable loss (dB) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | EIRP Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 5740 | 23.0 | 170.876 | 150.168 | 152.800 | 26.76 | 30.00 | 3.24 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 37.53 | N/A | N/A |
| 5800 | 23.0 | 190.523 | 167.860 | 158.667 | 27.14 | 30.00 | 2.86 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 37.91 | N/A | N/A |
| 5825 | 23.0 | 154.635 | 145.592 | 152.486 | 26.56 | 30.00 | 3.44 | 11.27 | 0.5 | 37.33 | N/A | N/A |

- Combined output power (dBm) = $10 \times \log_{10} (\text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-1 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-2 (mW)} + \text{Conducted Avg. Power ANT-3 (mW)})$
 - EIRP (dBm) = Combined output power (dBm) + ((Antenna gain (dBi) - Cable loss (dB))
 - Point-to-Point mode, therefore no EIRP limitation



Sample plot 8.3-1: Output power

8.4 Clause 15.247(d) Spurious emissions

d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

8.4.1 Test summary

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| Test date | July 27, 2011 | Test engineer | Andrey Adelberg | Verdict | Pass |
| Temperature | 23 °C | Air pressure | 1005 mbar | Relative humidity | 38 % |

8.4.2 Observations/special notes

Conducted measurements

- The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to 40 GHz for low, mid and high carrier frequencies.
- All measurements for spurious emissions were performed conducted using a spectrum analyzer with Peak Detector with 100 kHz/300 kHz RBW/VBW.
- The spurious emissions were measured individually on antenna port 1, 2 and 3.
- Only the worst-case test results are provided.

Radiated measurements

Table 8.4-1: §15.209 – Radiated emission limits

| Frequency (MHz) | Field strength | | Measurement distance (m) |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | (μV/m) | (dBμV/m) | |
| 0.009–0.490 | 2400/F | 67.6–20log(F) | 300 |
| 0.490–1.705 | 24000/F | 87.6–20log(F) | 30 |
| 1.705–30.0 | 30 | 29.5 | 30 |
| 30–88 | 100 | 40.0 | 3 |
| 88–216 | 150 | 43.5 | 3 |
| 216–960 | 200 | 46.0 | 3 |
| above 960 | 500 | 54.0 | 3 |

Notes:

- F = fundamental frequency in kHz
- In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test.

8.4.2 Observations/special notes, continued

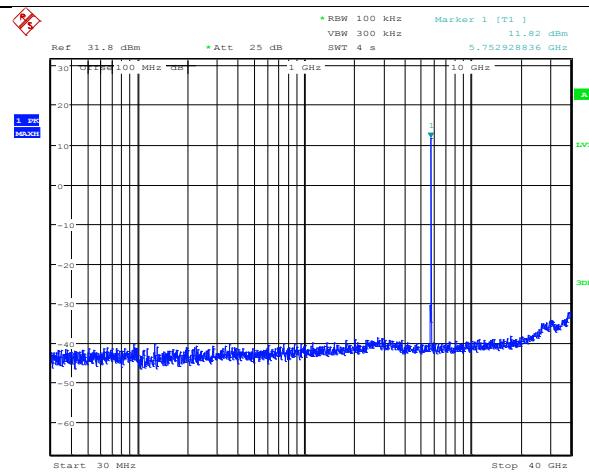
Table 8.4-2: §15.205 – Restricted bands of operation

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090–0.110 | 16.42–16.423 | 399.9–410 | 4.5–5.15 |
| 0.495–0.505 | 16.69475–16.69525 | 608–614 | 5.35–5.46 |
| 2.1735–2.1905 | 16.80425–16.80475 | 960–1240 | 7.25–7.75 |
| 4.125–4.128 | 25.5–25.67 | 1300–1427 | 8.025–8.5 |
| 4.17725–4.17775 | 37.5–38.25 | 1435–1626.5 | 9.0–9.2 |
| 4.20725–4.20775 | 73–74.6 | 1645.5–1646.5 | 9.3–9.5 |
| 6.215–6.218 | 74.8–75.2 | 1660–1710 | 10.6–12.7 |
| 6.26775–6.26825 | 108–121.94 | 1718.8–1722.2 | 13.25–13.4 |
| 6.31175–6.31225 | 123–138 | 2200–2300 | 14.47–14.5 |
| 8.291–8.294 | 149.9–150.05 | 2310–2390 | 15.35–16.2 |
| 8.362–8.366 | 156.52475–156.52525 | 2483.5–2500 | 17.7–21.4 |
| 8.37625–8.38675 | 156.7–156.9 | 2690–2900 | 22.01–23.12 |
| 8.41425–8.41475 | 162.0125–167.17 | 3260–3267 | 23.6–24.0 |
| 12.29–12.293 | 167.72–173.2 | 3332–3339 | 31.2–31.8 |
| 12.51975–12.52025 | 240–285 | 3345.8–3358 | 36.43–36.5 |
| 12.57675–12.57725 | 322–335.4 | 3600–4400 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36–13.41 | | | |

Notes:

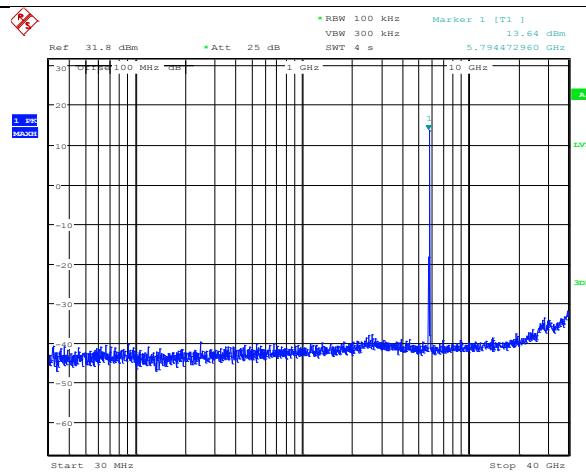
- The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to 40 GHz for low, mid and high carrier frequencies
- These results apply to emissions found in the restricted bands defined in FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.205.
- Peak Detector with 100 kHz/300 kHz RBW/VBW was used for measurements below 1 GHz and 1 MHz/3 MHz RBW/VBW for frequencies above 1 GHz. Since EUT has 100 % duty cycle, average measurements were performed at the frequencies above 1 GHz with 1 MHz/10 Hz RBW/VBW spectrum analyzer settings.
- Only the worst-case test results are provided.
- No radiated spurious emissions were detected within 30–40 000 MHz frequency range.

8.4.3 Test data



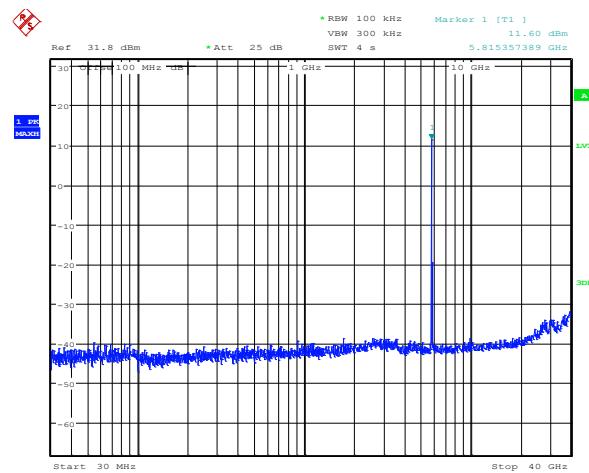
Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:41:50

Plot 8.4-1: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 1, low channel



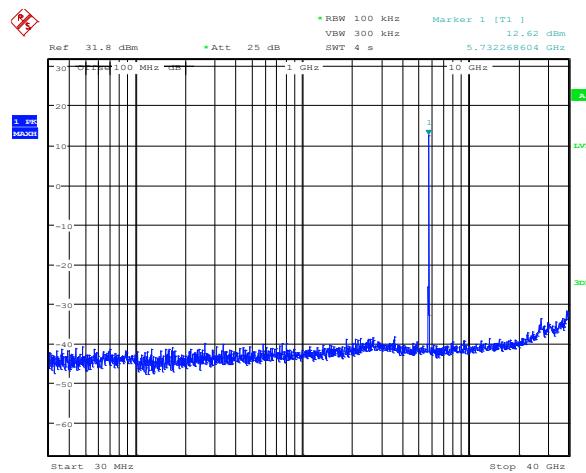
Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:45:05

Plot 8.4-2: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 1, mid channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:45:57

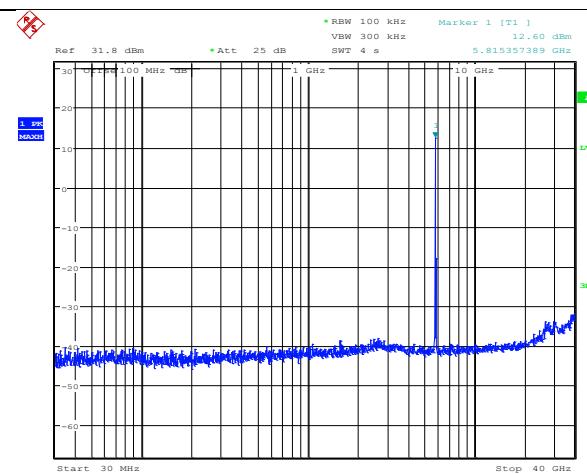
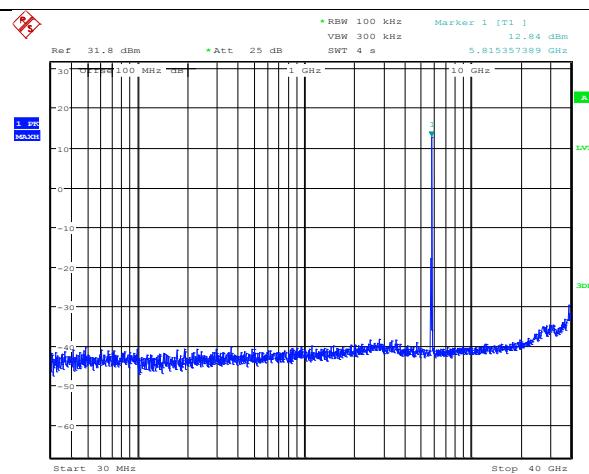
Plot 8.4-3: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 1, high channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:42:20

Plot 8.4-4: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 2, low channel

8.4.3 Test data, continued

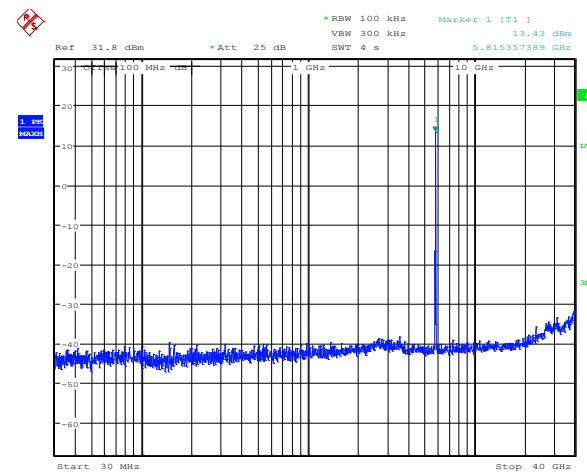
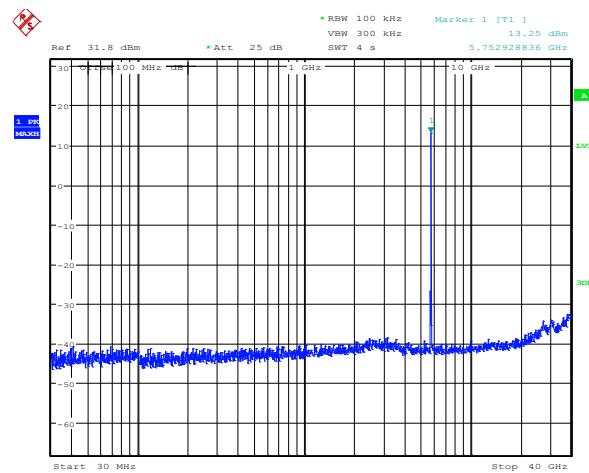


Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:44:25

Plot 8.4-5: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 2, mid channel

Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:46:58

Plot 8.4-6: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 2, high channel

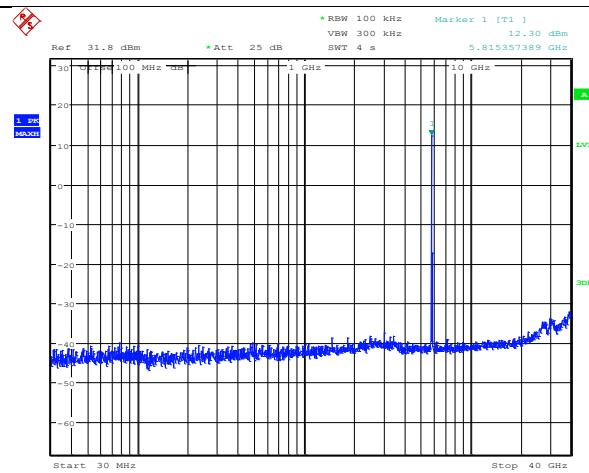


Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:42:59

Plot 8.4-7: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 3, low channel

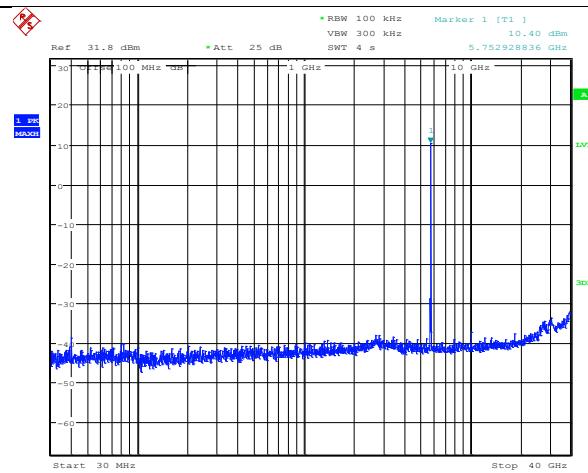
Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:43:46

8.4.3 Test data, continued



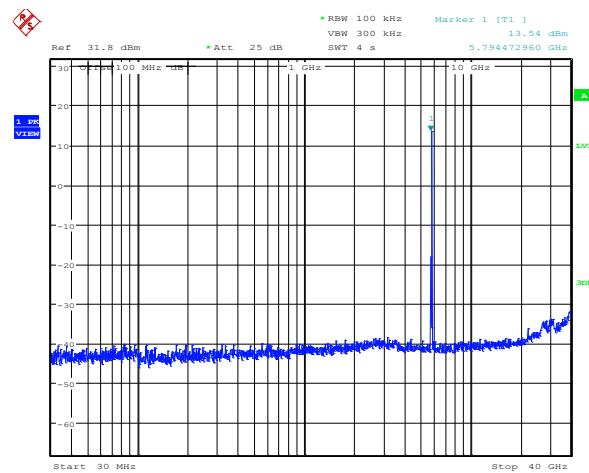
Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:47:39

Plot 8.4-9: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 3, high channel



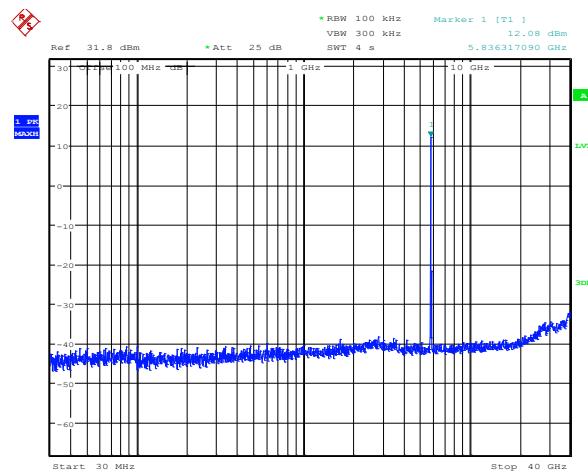
Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:50:25

Plot 8.4-10: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 1, low channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:53:23

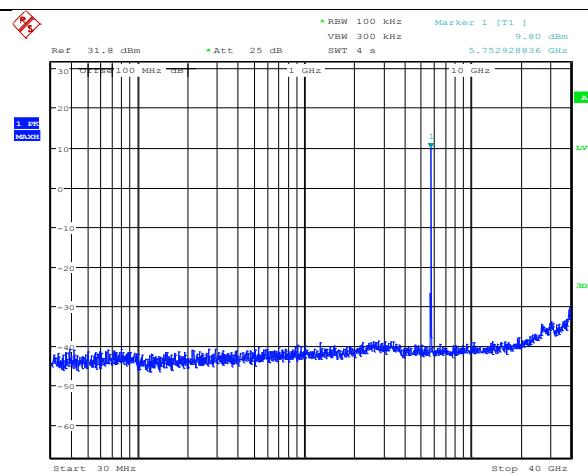
Plot 8.4-11: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 1, mid channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:48:31

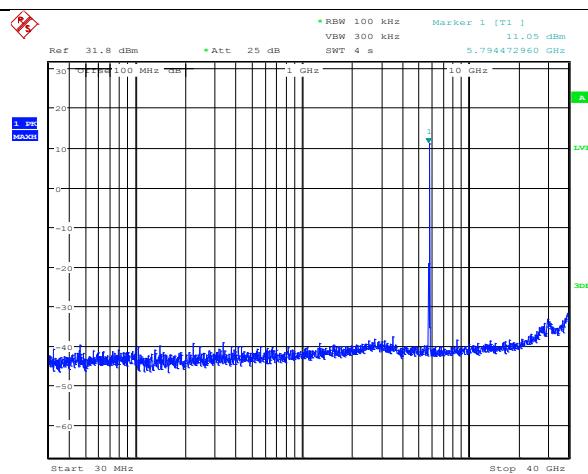
Plot 8.4-12: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 1, high channel

8.4.3 Test data, continued



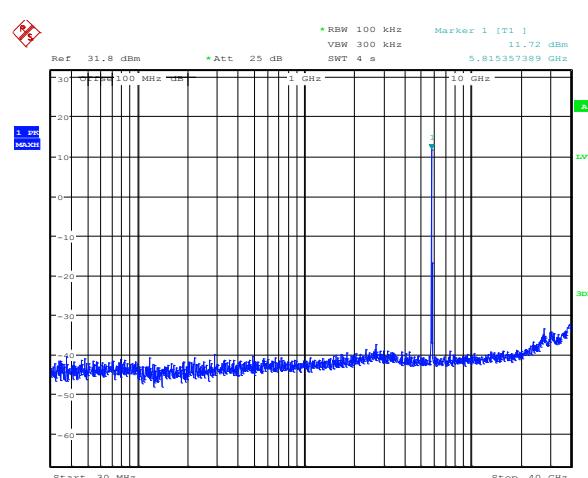
Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:51:07

Plot 8.4-13: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 2, low channel



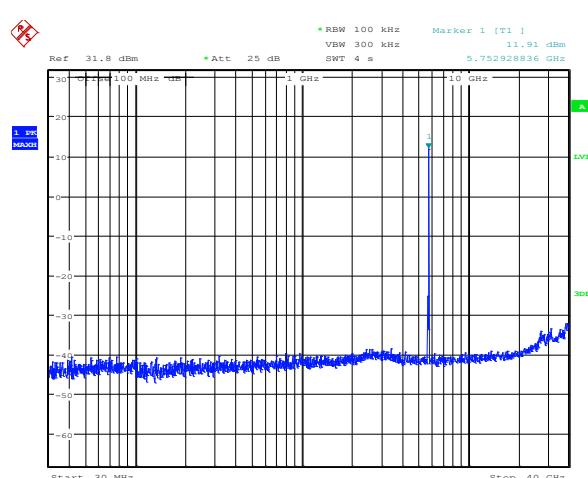
Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:54:03

Plot 8.4-14: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 2, mid channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:49:06

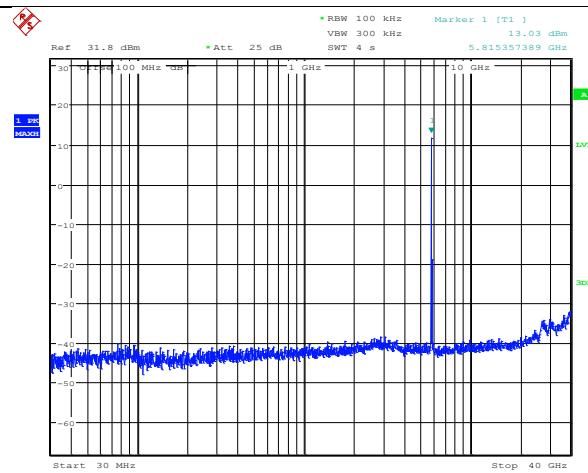
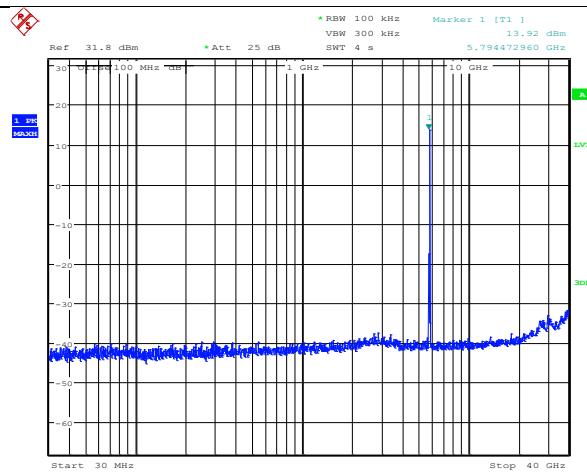
Plot 8.4-15: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 2, high channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:51:51

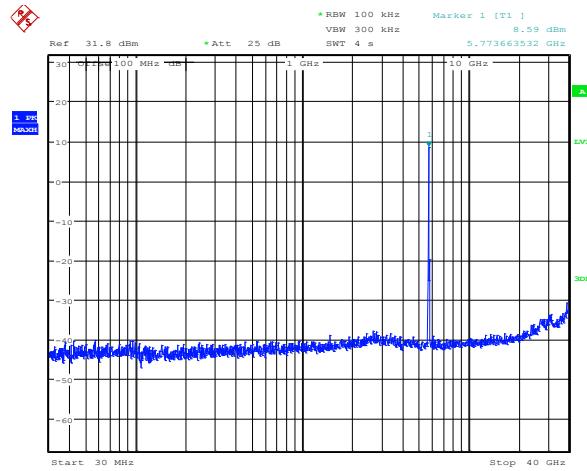
Plot 8.4-16: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 3, low channel

8.4.3 Test data, continued



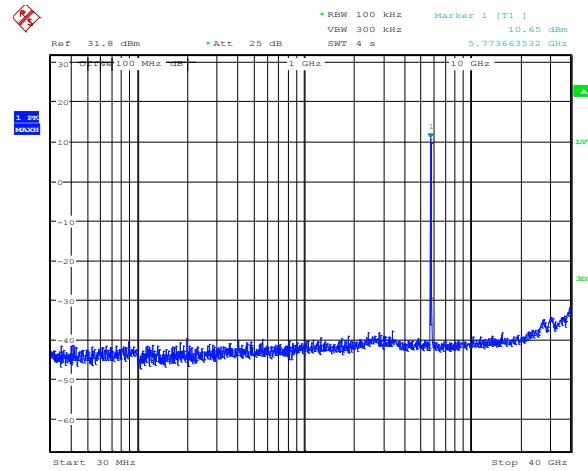
Date: 23.AUG.2011 15:56:01

Plot 8.4-17: Conducted spurious emissions, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 3, mid channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 16:06:55

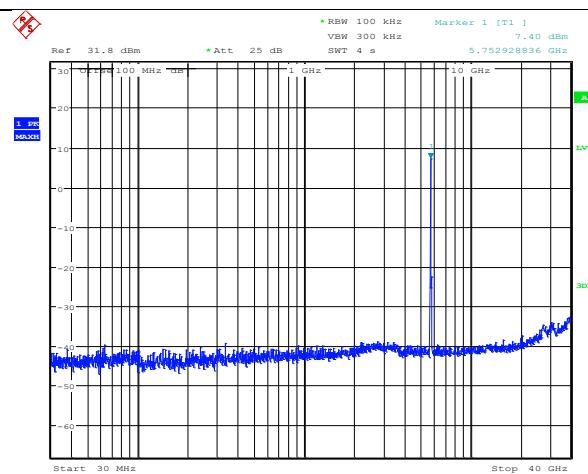
Plot 8.4-19: Conducted spurious emissions, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 1, low channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 16:04:28

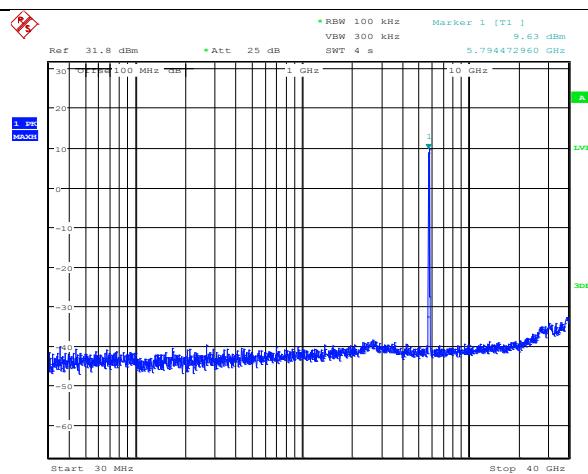
Plot 8.4-20: Conducted spurious emissions, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 1, high channel

8.4.3 Test data, continued



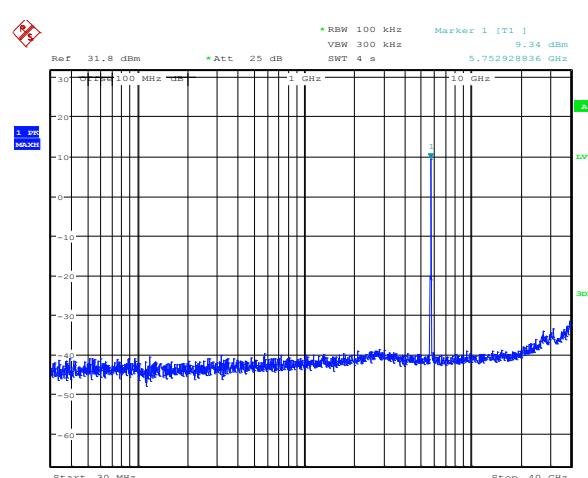
Date: 23.AUG.2011 16:07:34

Plot 8.4-21: Conducted spurious emissions, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 2, low channel



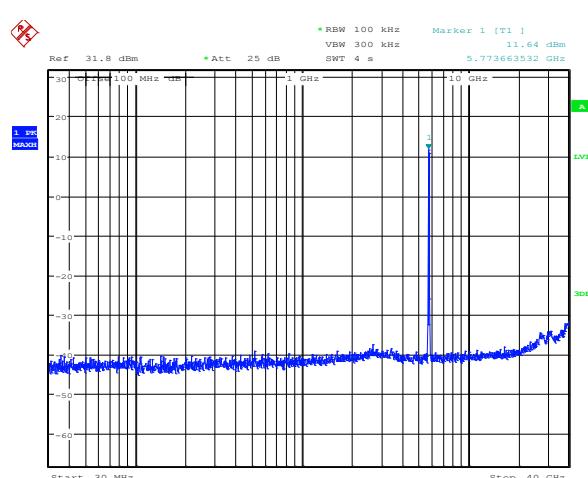
Date: 23.AUG.2011 16:05:01

Plot 8.4-22: Conducted spurious emissions, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 2, high channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 16:08:11

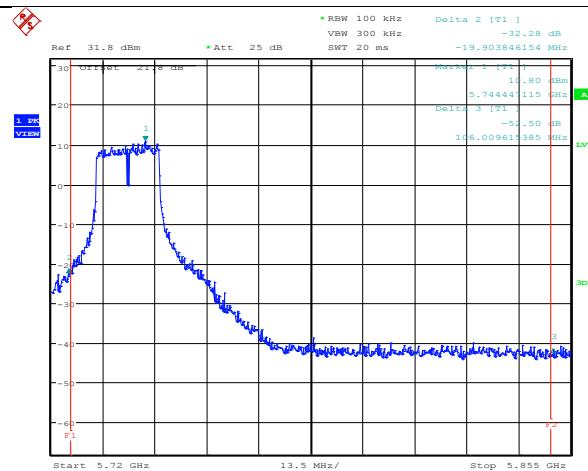
Plot 8.4-23: Conducted spurious emissions, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 3, low channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 16:03:55

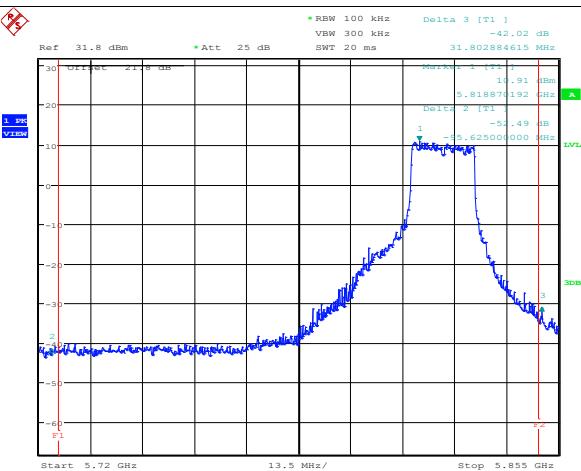
Plot 8.4-24: Conducted spurious emissions, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 3, high channel

8.4.3 Test data, continued



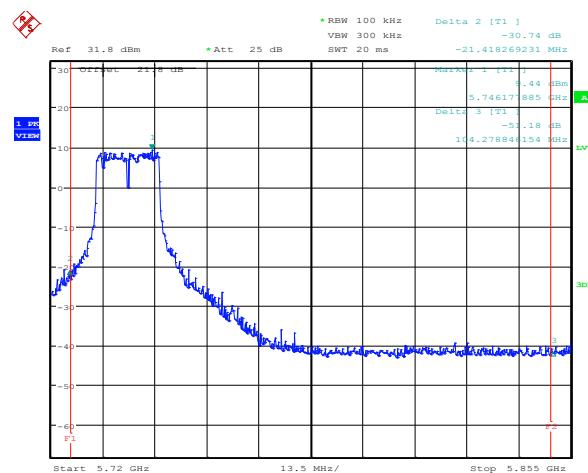
Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:21:02

Plot 8.4-25: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 1, low channel



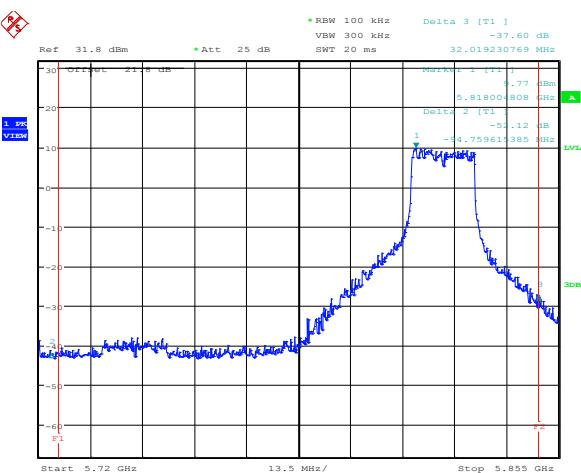
Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:17:37

Plot 8.4-26: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 1, high channel



Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:20:26

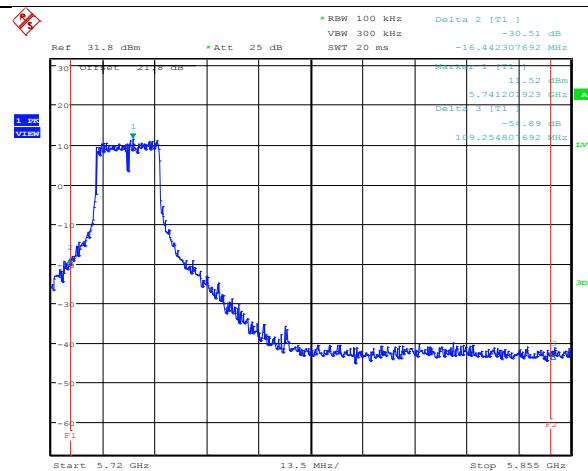
Plot 8.4-27: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 2, low channel



Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:18:11

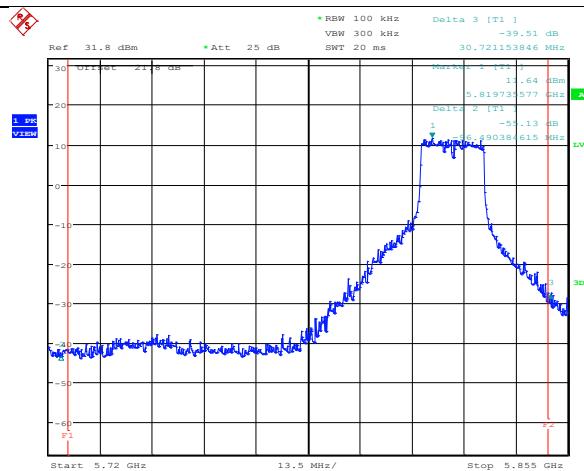
Plot 8.4-28: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 2, high channel

8.4.3 Test data, continued



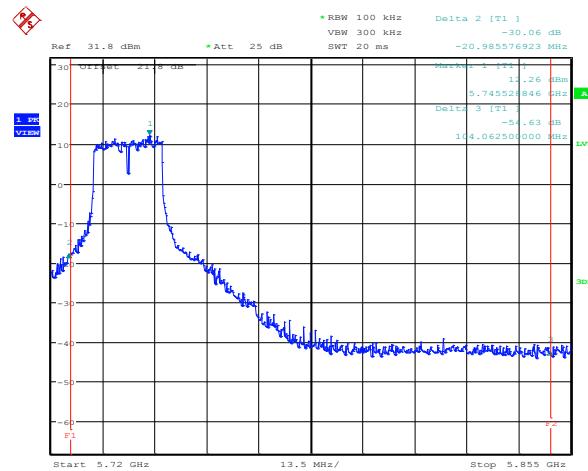
Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:19:32

Plot 8.4-29: Conducted band edges, 802.11a, 20 MHz channel, Antenna port 3, low channel



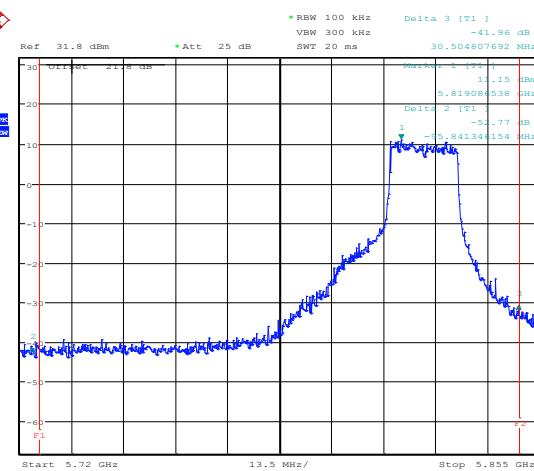
Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:18:45

Plot 8.4-30: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11a, Antenna port 3, high channel



Date: 22.AUG.2011 21:55:34

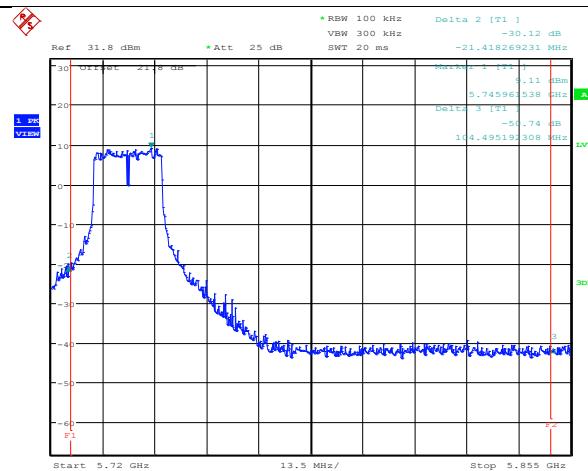
Plot 8.4-31: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 1, low channel



Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:16:53

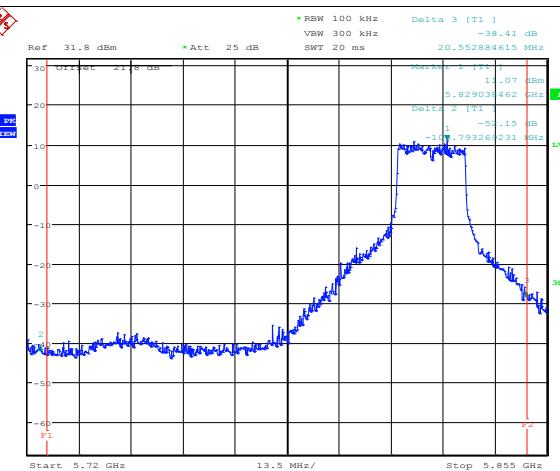
Plot 8.4-32: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 1, high channel

8.4.3 Test data, continued



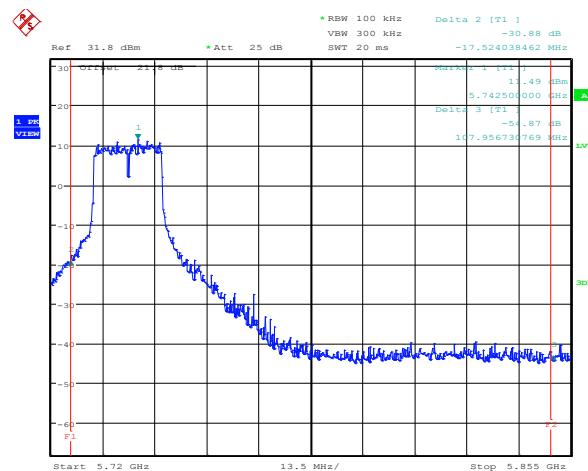
Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:12:55

Plot 8.4-33: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 2, low channel



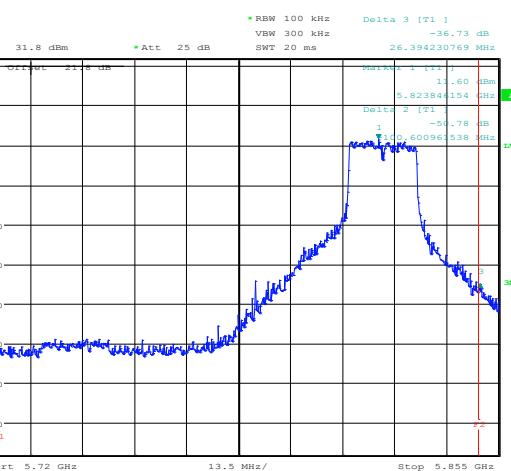
Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:16:14

Plot 8.4-34: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 2, high channel



Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:14:03

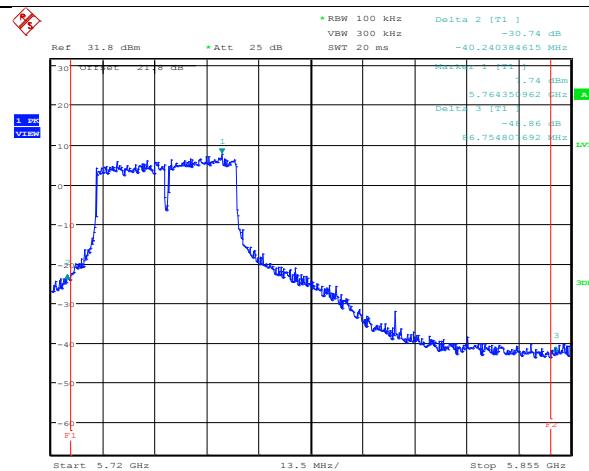
Plot 8.4-35: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 3, low channel



Date: 22.AUG.2011 22:15:34

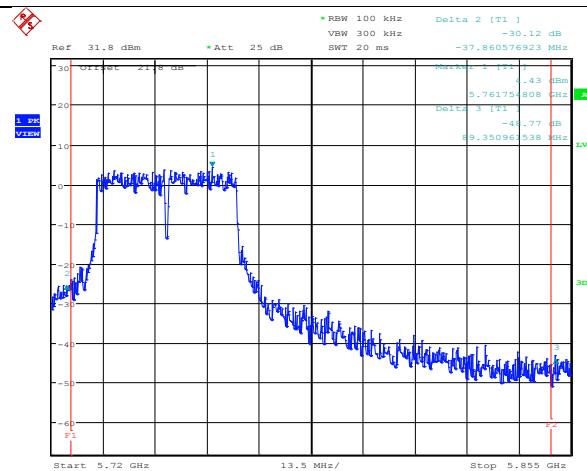
Plot 8.4-36: Conducted band edges, 20 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 3, high channel

8.4.3 Test data, continued



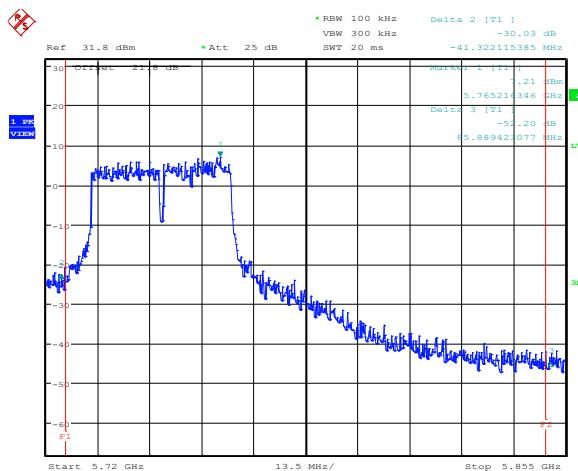
Date: 23.AUG.2011 18:36:53

Plot 8.4-37: Conducted band edges, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 1 low channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 18:38:58

Plot 8.4-38: Conducted band edges, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 2, low channel



Date: 23.AUG.2011 18:41:01

Plot 8.4-39: Conducted band edges, 40 MHz channel, 802.11n, Antenna port 3 low channel

The upper 40 MHz channel is located in the middle of the frequency allocated band and therefore has an attenuation more than 40 dB below the fundamental at both 5.725 and 5.850 MHz band edges.

8.5 Clause 15.247(e) Power spectral density for digitally modulated devices

(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

8.5.1 Test summary

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| Test date | August 23, 2011 | Test engineer | Andrey Adelberg | Verdict | Pass |
| Temperature | 24 °C | Air pressure | 1002 mbar | Relative humidity | 35 % |

8.5.2 Observations/special notes

The Power Spectral Density was measured on the antenna port 1, 2 and 3 individually by means of a spectrum analyzer and following procedure described in 'PSD Option 1' in FCC guidelines for Measurement of Digital Transmission Systems operating under Section 15.247. The total PSD equal to the summary of the PSD was measured on the antenna port 1, 2 and 3.

8.5.3 Test data

Table 8.5-1: PSD results for 802.11n

| Channel bandwidth (MHz) | Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted PSD Ant 1 (dBm/3 kHz) | Conducted PSD Ant 2 (dBm/3 kHz) | Conducted PSD Ant 3 (dBm/3 kHz) | Combined PSD (dBm/3 kHz) | PSD Limit (dBm/3 kHz) | Margin (dB) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 20 | 5740 | 23.00 | -3.39 | -2.96 | -4.17 | 1.29 | 8.00 | 6.71 |
| | 5800 | 23.00 | -1.28 | -1.68 | -2.60 | 2.95 | 8.00 | 5.05 |
| | 5825 | 23.00 | -1.91 | -2.04 | -2.85 | 2.52 | 8.00 | 5.48 |
| 40 | 5750 | 23.00 | -4.11 | -5.09 | -6.38 | -0.32 | 8.00 | 8.32 |
| | 5790 | 23.00 | -3.81 | -4.60 | -5.77 | 0.12 | 8.00 | 7.88 |

$$\text{Combined PSD } \text{dBm/3 kHz} = 10 \times \log_{10} 10^{-\frac{\text{CPSD1}}{10}} + 10^{-\frac{\text{CPSD2}}{10}} + 10^{-\frac{\text{CPSD3}}{10}}$$

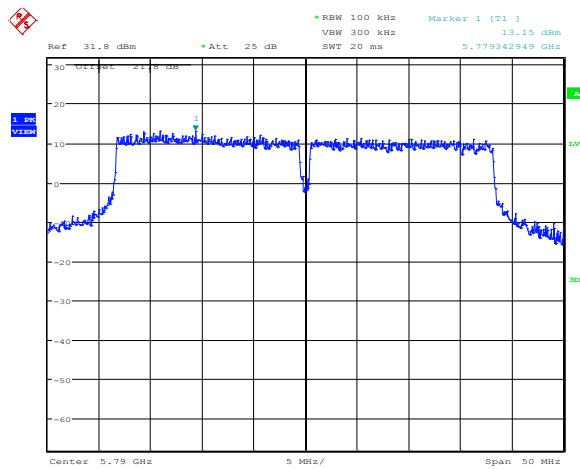
CPSD1 = Conducted PSD ANT-1 [dBm/3 kHz]; CPSD2 = Conducted PSD ANT-2 [dBm/3 kHz]; CPSD3 = Conducted PSD ANT-3 [dBm/3 kHz]

Table 8.5-2: PSD results for 802.11a

| Frequency (MHz) | SW setting | Conducted PSD Ant 1 (dBm/3 kHz) | Conducted PSD Ant 2 (dBm/3 kHz) | Conducted PSD Ant 3 (dBm/3 kHz) | Combined PSD (dBm/3 kHz) | PSD Limit (dBm/3 kHz) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 5740 | 23.00 | -2.47 | -2.22 | -2.87 | 2.26 | 8.00 | 5.74 |
| 5800 | 23.00 | -1.83 | -2.12 | -2.47 | 2.64 | 8.00 | 5.36 |
| 5825 | 23.00 | -2.85 | -2.67 | -2.80 | 2.00 | 8.00 | 6.00 |

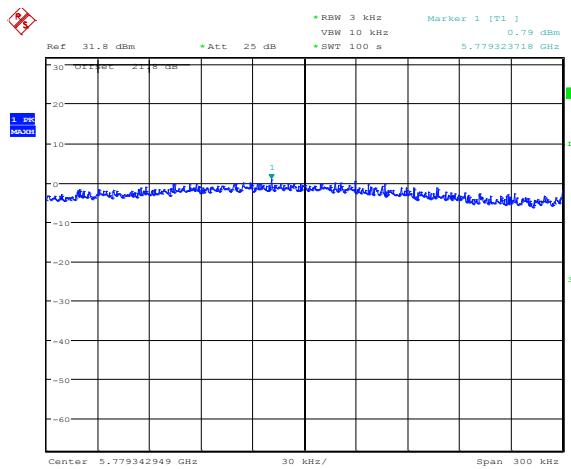
$$\text{Combined PSD } \text{dBm/3 kHz} = 10 \times \log_{10} 10^{-\frac{\text{CPSD1}}{10}} + 10^{-\frac{\text{CPSD2}}{10}} + 10^{-\frac{\text{CPSD3}}{10}}$$

CPSD1 = Conducted PSD ANT-1 [dBm/3 kHz]; CPSD2 = Conducted PSD ANT-2 [dBm/3 kHz]; CPSD3 = Conducted PSD ANT-3 [dBm/3 kHz]



Date: 23.AUG.2011 18:46:30

Sample plot 8.5-1: PSD, step 1

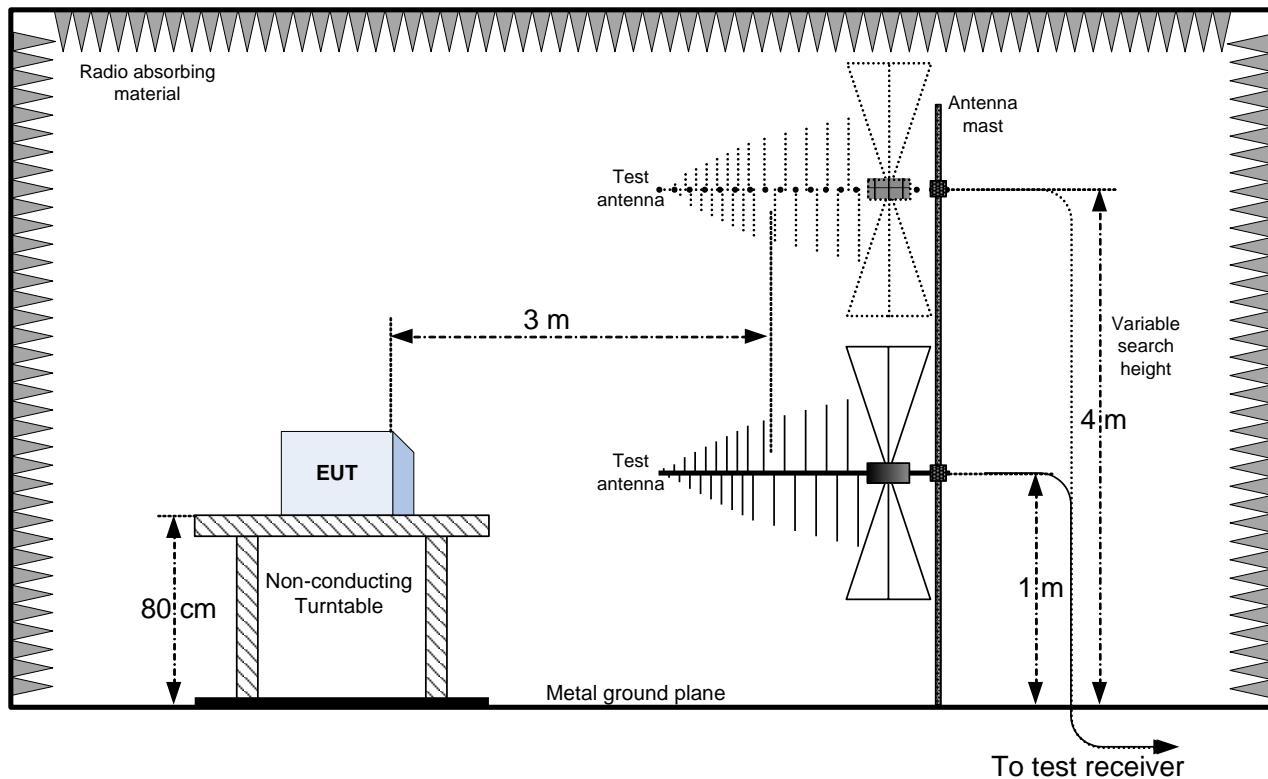


Date: 23.AUG.2011 18:48:41

Sample plot 8.5-2: PSD, step 2

Section 9: Block diagrams of test set-ups

9.1 Radiated emissions set-up



9.2 Conducted emissions set-up

