

are very destructive to telephone equipment connected to AC power sources. To minimize damage from these types of surges, a surge arrestor is recommended.

Should you experience trouble with this equipment, please contact BellSouth Customer Support for service information. If the equipment is causing harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may request that you disconnect the equipment until the problem is resolved.

WARNING: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

CAUTION: To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines place the base unit at least 20 cm from nearby persons.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is needed.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

BellSouth Customer Support: 1-800-733-2355

Intertek Testing Services

For SAR evaluation of the handset, refer to TCB Exclusions List Revised on 17 July 2002. Potable transmitter with output power less than 60/fGHz ($d < 2.5\text{cm}$) can be certified by TCB without the SAR evaluation.

In fact, the Output power for portable transmitters is the higher of the conducted or radiated (EIRP) source-based time-averaged output. And the $f\text{GHz}$ is mid-band frequency in GHz, and d is the distance to a person's body, excluding hands, wrists, feet, and ankles.

For the tested model of BS2440, the measured peak conducted power was 192.31mW and the source-based time averaged output power was 15.38mW as TX duty cycle of the handset is 8%.

The maximum field strength (FS) was 113.4dB $\mu\text{V/m}$ at 2401.056MHz and 2482.272MHz. The distance (D) between the antenna and the equipment under test (EUT) was 3 meters.

From these data, the EIRP can be calculated by:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EIRP} &= (\text{FS} \times \text{D})^2 / 30 \\ &= 65.6\text{mW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Source-based time averaged output power} &= (65.6 \times 0.08)\text{mW} \\ &= 5.2\text{mW} \end{aligned}$$

Based on the above calculation, it is concluded that the handset can be certified by TCB without the SAR evaluation.