

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C  
EMI MEASUREMENT AND TEST REPORT

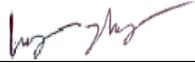
For

Metro (Suzhou) Technologies Co., Ltd.

No. 221 Xinghai Street, China-Singapore Suzhou Industrial Park  
Suzhou, Jiangsu

**FCC ID: RA4MLPN953S**

2003-07-09

<b>This Report Concerns:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Report	<b>Equipment Type:</b> Barcode Scanner
<b>Test Engineer:</b> Ming Jing / 	
<b>Report No.:</b> R0306115	
<b>Test Date:</b> 2003-07-03	
<b>Reviewed By:</b> Ling Zhang / 	
<b>Prepared By:</b> Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corporation (BACL) 230 Commercial Street Sunnyvale, CA 94085 Tel: (408) 732-9162 Fax: (408) 732 9164	

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**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**1 - GENERAL INFORMATION.....4**

1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) .....4

1.2 OBJECTIVE .....4

1.3 RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S).....4

1.4 TEST METHODOLOGY .....4

1.5 TEST FACILITY .....5

1.6 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST .....5

1.7 POWER SUPPLY INFORMATION.....6

**2 - SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION.....7**

2.1 JUSTIFICATION .....7

2.2 EUT EXERCISE SOFTWARE .....7

2.3 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES.....7

2.4 SCHEMATICS / BLOCK DIAGRAM .....7

2.5 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS .....7

2.6 CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEM.....8

2.7 TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM .....8

**3 - SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS.....9**

**4 - MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER.....10**

4.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE .....10

4.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE.....10

4.3 TEST EQUIPMENT .....10

4.4 MEASUREMENT RESULT .....10

4.5 PLOTS OF MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER .....10

**5 - CHANNEL BANDWIDTH .....13**

5.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE .....13

5.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE.....13

5.3 TEST EQUIPMENT .....13

5.4 MEASUREMENT RESULT .....13

5.5 PLOT OF CHANNEL BANDWIDTH .....13

**6 - NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED .....16**

6.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE .....16

6.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE.....16

6.3 TEST EQUIPMENT .....16

6.4 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE.....16

6.5 PLOTS OF NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY .....16

**7 - HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION .....18**

7.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE .....18

7.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE.....18

7.3 TEST EQUIPMENT .....18

7.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS.....18

7.5 PLOTS OF HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION .....18

**8 - 100 KHZ BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES .....21**

8.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE .....21

8.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE.....21

8.3 TEST EQUIPMENT .....21

8.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS.....21

8.5 PLOTS OF 100kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGE .....21

**9 - DWELL TIME .....24**

9.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE .....24

9.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE.....24

9.3 TEST EQUIPMENT .....24

9.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS.....24

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9.5 PLOTS OF DWELL TIME .....	24
<b>10 - SPURIOUS EMISSION AT ANTENNA PORT.....</b>	<b>28</b>
10.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE .....	28
10.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE.....	28
10.3 TEST EQUIPMENT .....	28
10.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS.....	28
<b>11 - RADIATED EMISSION.....</b>	<b>32</b>
11.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY .....	32
11.2 TEST SETUP.....	32
11.3 SPECTRUM ANALYZER SETUP .....	32
11.4 TEST PROCEDURE .....	33
11.5 CORRECTED AMPLITUDE & MARGIN CALCULATION .....	33
11.6 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS .....	33
11.7 RADIATED EMISSION TEST DATA.....	34
<b>12 - CONDUCTED EMISSION .....</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>13 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT.....</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>14 - RF EXPOSURE.....</b>	<b>38</b>

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## 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

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### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

The *Metro (Suzhou) Technologies Co., Ltd.* product, model number.:MS9535 and the cradle (MI9535) or the “EUT” as referred to this report is a Barcode Scanner which is measured approximately 7.8” L x 1.8” W x 1.6” H. The EUT shall establish a communication with the cradle first by scanning a Bluetooth address bar code before the normal scanning. After the scanner successfully scans a bar code, the information will first be sent to the cradle, and then transmitted to the hosts of different communication protocols.

*\* The test data gathered are from typical production samples provided by the manufacturer.*

### 1.2 Objective

This type approval report is prepared on behalf of *Metro (Suzhou) Technologies Co., Ltd.* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, Part 15, Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective of the manufacturer is to demonstrate compliance with FCC 15.247 rules for the bluetooth transmitter:

- Maximum Peak Output Power
- Hopping Channel Separation
- Number of Hopping Frequency Used
- 20 dB Bandwidth
- Dwell Time on Each Channel
- 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edge
- Conducted Emission
- Spurious Emission
- Radiated Emission
- Antenna Requirement
- RF Exposure Limit

### 1.3 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No Related Submittals.

### 1.4 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-1992, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at BACL. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

## 1.5 Test Facility

The Open Area Test site used by BACL to collect radiated and conducted emission measurement data is located in the back parking lot of the building at 230 Commercial Street, Sunnyvale, California, USA.

Test site at BACL has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). The details of these reports has been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on February 11 and December 10, 1997 and Article 8 of the VCCI regulations on December 25, 1997. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-1992.

The Federal Communications Commission and Voluntary Control Council for Interference has the reports on file and is listed under FCC file 31040/SIT 1300F2 and VCCI Registration No.: C-1298 and R-1234. The test site has been approved by the FCC and VCCI for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, BACL is a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) accredited laboratory, under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200167-0). The scope of the accreditation covers the FCC Method - 47 CFR Part 15 - Digital Devices, CISPR 22: 1997: Electromagnetic Interference - Limits and Methods of Measurement of Information Technology Equipment test methods.

## 1.6 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
HP	Spectrum Analyzer	8568B	2517A01610	2003-10-30
HP	Amplifier	8447E	2944A07030	2004-06-28
HP	Quasi-Peak Adapter	85650A	2521A00718	2004-03-08
Com-Power	Biconical Antenna	AB-100	14012	2003-09-05
Com-Power	Log Periodic Antenna	AL-100	16005	2003-08-23
Com-Power	Log Periodic Antenna	AB-900	15049	2004-05-01
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer (9KHz – 40GHz)	8564E	3943A01781	2003-08-01
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer (9KHz – 50GHz)	8565EC	3946A00131	2004-05-03
HP	Amplifier (1-26.5GHz)	8449B	3147A00400	2004-03-14
A.H.System	Horn Antenna (700MHz-18GHz)	SAS-200/571	261	2004-05-31

\* **Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corp.** certifies that all calibration has been performed using suitable standards traceable to the NIST.

**1.7 Power Supply Information**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
Metro	AC Adapter	HK-A110-A05	S3177465	DOC

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## **2 - SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION**

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### **2.1 Justification**

The host system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a normally used by a typical user).

The EUT was tested in the normal (native) operating mode to represent *worst*-case results during the final qualification test.

### **2.2 EUT Exercise Software**

The EUT exercising program used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.

### **2.3 Special Accessories**

As shown in section 2.7, all interface cables used for compliance testing are shielded as normally supplied by their respective support equipment manufacturers.

### **2.4 Schematics / Block Diagram**

Please refer to Exhibit D.

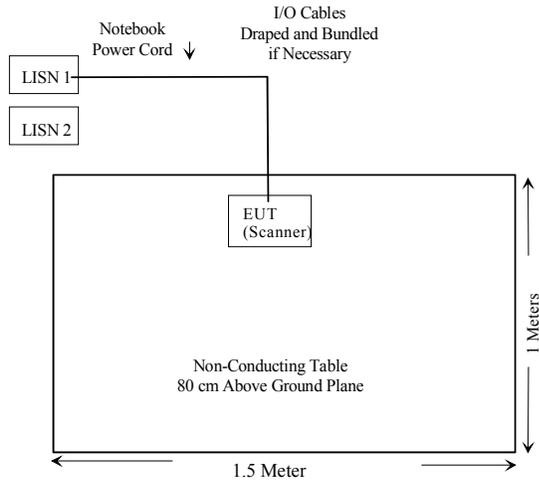
### **2.5 Equipment Modifications**

No modifications were made by BACL Corporation to ensure the EUT to comply with the applicable limits and requirements.

## 2.6 Configuration of Test System



## 2.7 Test Setup Block Diagram



### 3 - SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT	REFERENCE
§ 2.1093	RF Safety Requirements	Compliant	User Manual
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant	Section 13
§15.207 (a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant	Section 12
§ 15.205	Restricted Bands	Compliant	Section 11
§15.247 (a) (1) (i)	Number of Hopping Frequencies Used	Compliant	Section 6
§15.209	Radiated Emission	Compliant	Section 11
§15.247 (a) (1)	Hopping Channel Separation	Compliant	Section 7
§15.247 (a) (1) (iii)	Dwell Time of Each Frequency within a 10 Second Period of time (0.4 x Number of Channel)	Compliant	Section 9
§15.247 (a) (1)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant	Section 5
§15.247 (b) (1)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant	Section 4
§ 15.247 (c)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant	Section 8
§ 15.247 (g)	Full and complete compliance with applicable requirements for FHSS. Compliance with the definition of frequency hopping system, distribute transmission over minimum number of hopping channel	Compliant	Technical Manual
§ 15.247 (h)	Limitation on avoidance on hopping on occupied channel	Compliant	Technical Manual

## 4 - MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

### 4.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels, and all direct sequence systems, the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt.

### 4.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Place the EUT on the turntable and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

### 4.3 Test Equipment

Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	3943A01781	2003-08-01

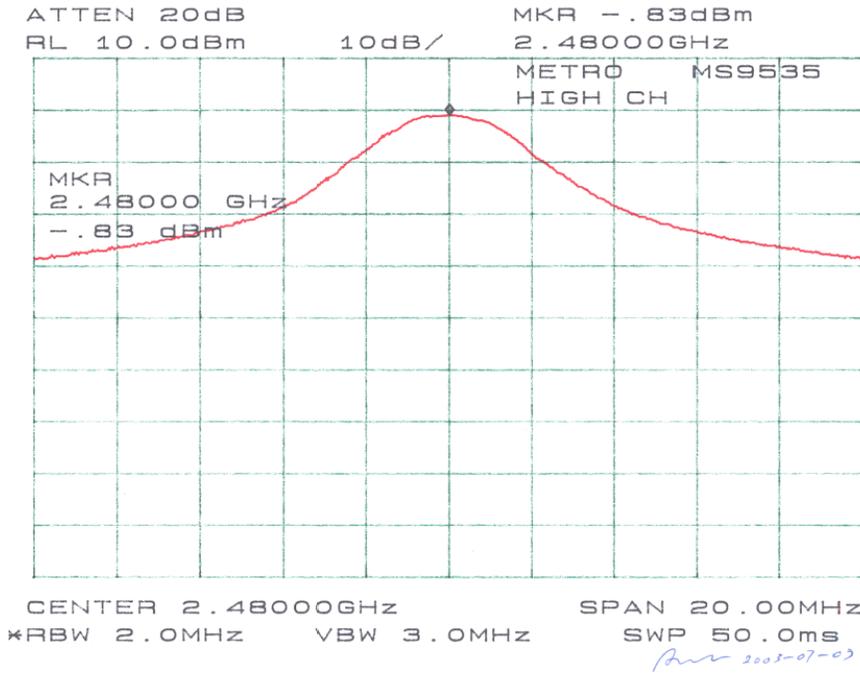
### 4.4 Measurement Result

Channel	Frequency	Output Power in dBm	Output Power in W	Standard	Result
Low	2401.8	-0.33	0.00093	≤ 1W	Compliant
Middle	2441	0.17	0.00104	≤ 1W	Compliant
High	2480	-0.83	0.00083	≤ 1W	Compliant

### 4.5 Plots of Maximum Peak Output Power

Please refer to following plots.





## 5 - CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

### 5.1 Standard Applicable

This test is for the purpose of channel separation.

### 5.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 5.3 Test Equipment

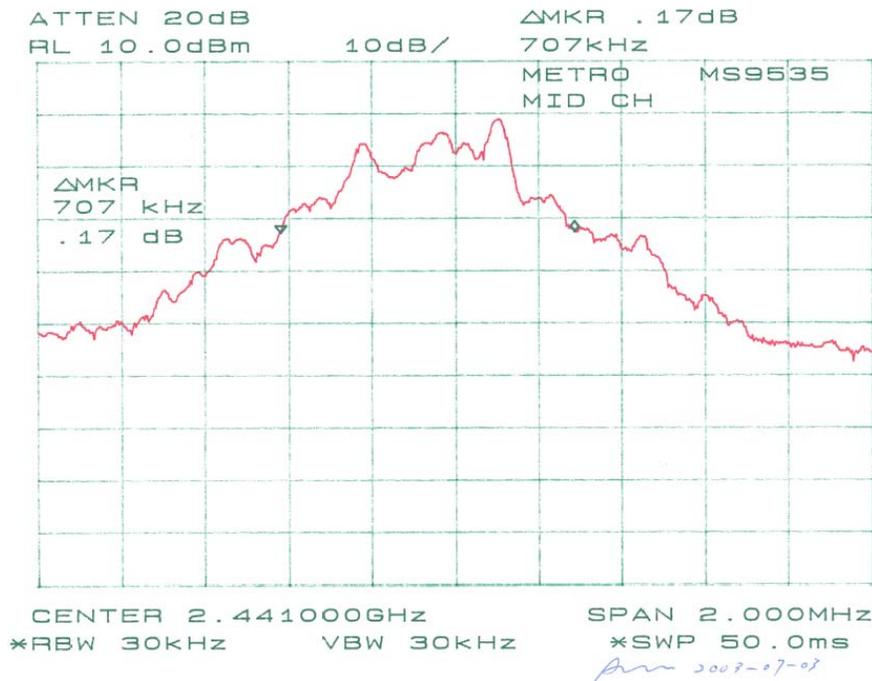
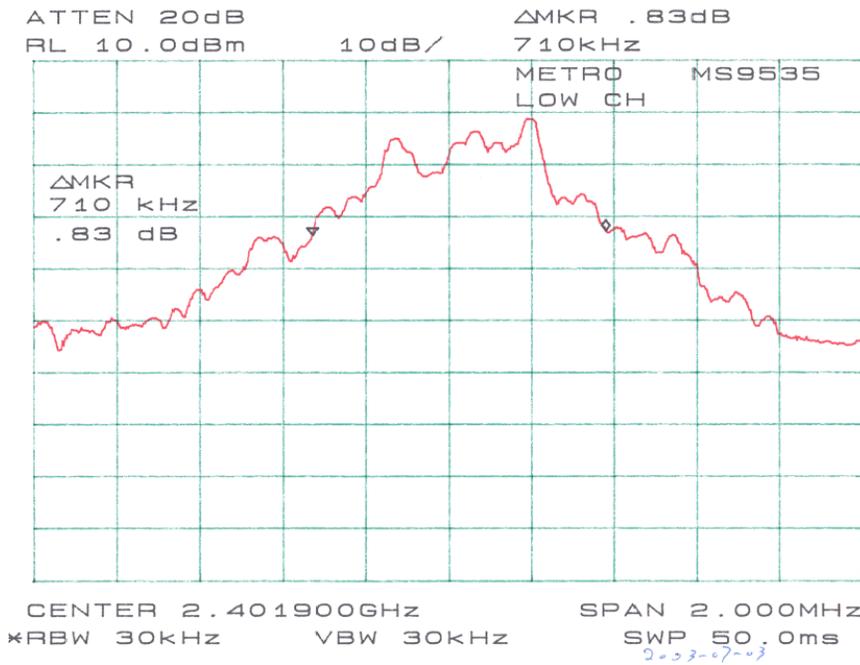
Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	3943A01781	2003-08-01

### 5.4 Measurement Result

Frequency	Measurement (kHz)	Standard	Result
Low	710	$\leq 1\text{MHz}$	Compliant
Middle	707	$\leq 1\text{MHz}$	Compliant
High	710	$\leq 1\text{MHz}$	Compliant

### 5.5 Plot of Channel Bandwidth

Please refer to following plots.





## 6 - NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED

### 6.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5Mhz band shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

### 6.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT on the bench without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set the SA on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
4. Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 6.3 Test Equipment

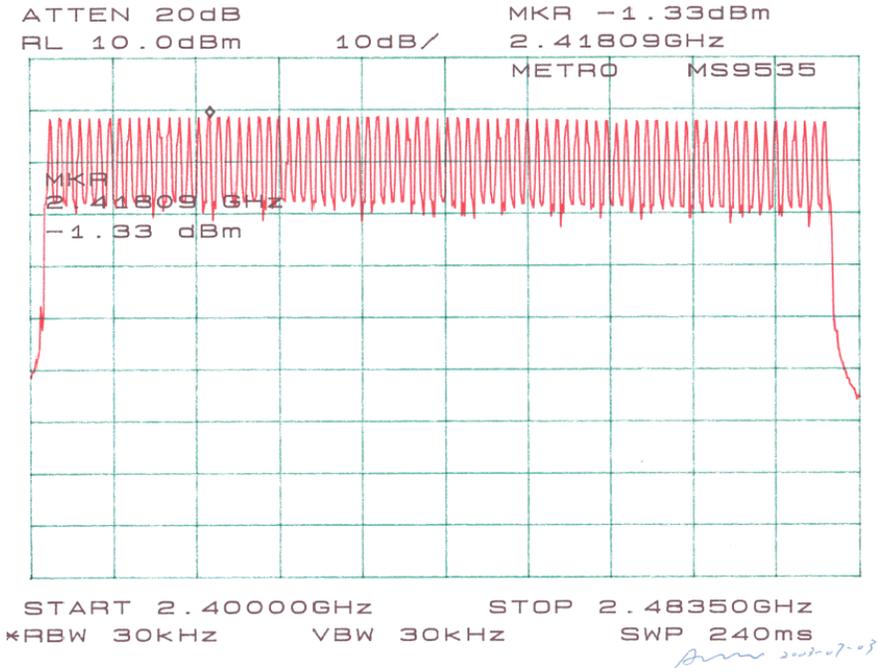
Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	3943A01781	2003-08-01

### 6.4 Measurement Procedure

Measurement	Standard	Result
79	15	Compliant

### 6.5 Plots of Number of Hopping Frequency

Please refer to the attached plots.



## 7 - HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

### 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping system shall have, hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies.

### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT on a bench without connection to measurement instrument Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
3. By using the Max-Hold function record the separation of two adjacent channels.
4. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by SA MARK function, and then plot the result on SA screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 7.3 Test Equipment

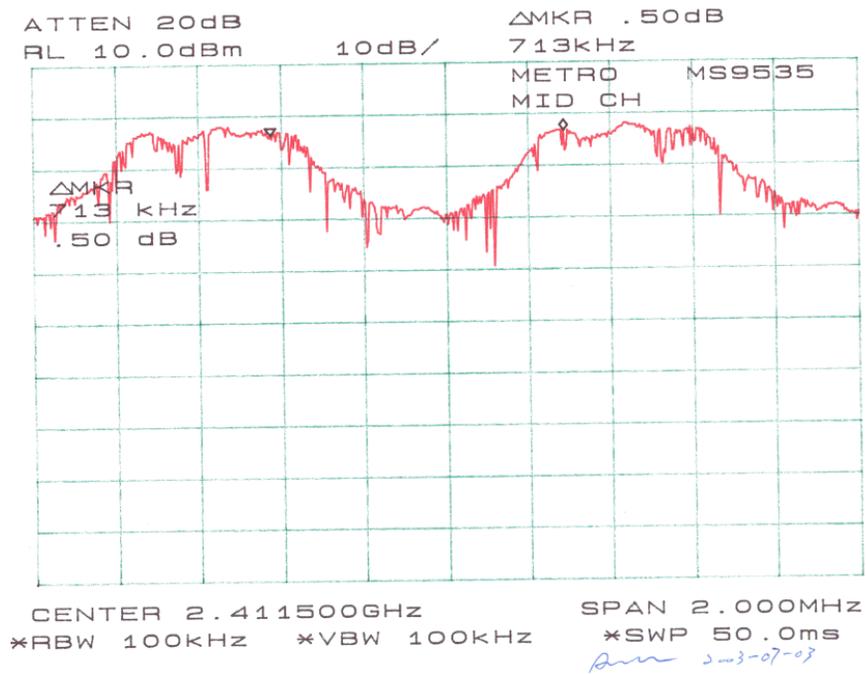
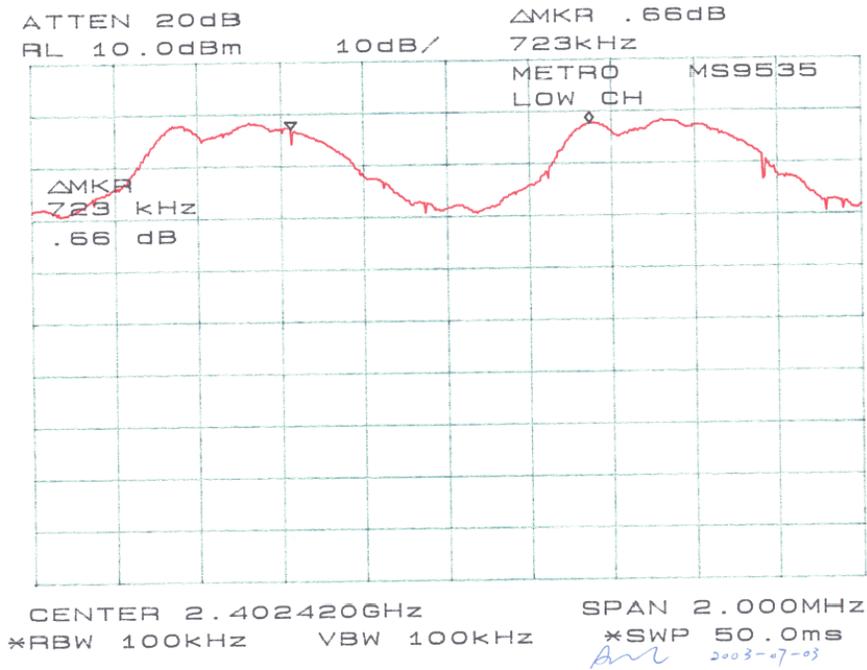
Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	3943A01781	2003-08-01

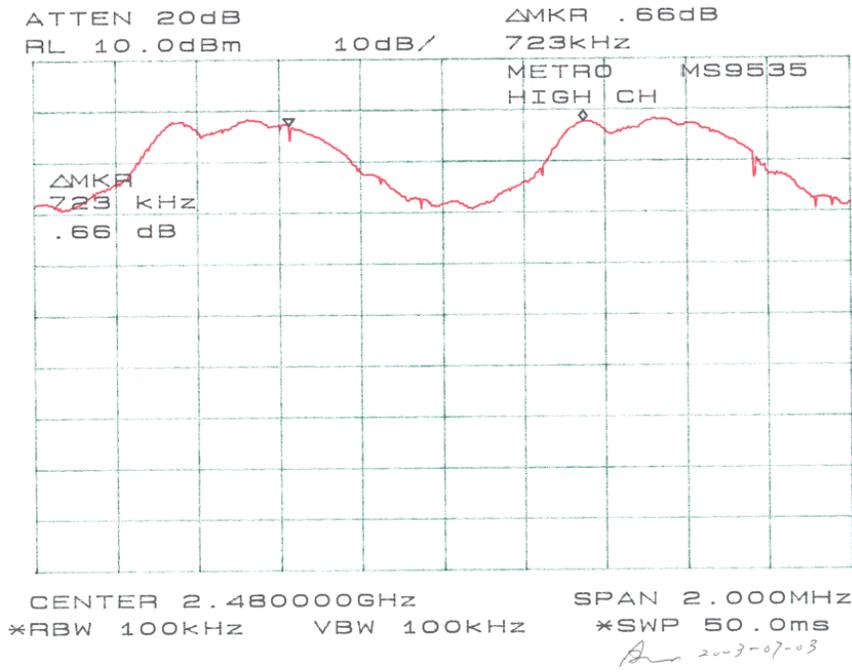
### 7.4 Measurement Results

Channel	Frequency	Measurement (kHz)	Result
Low	2402	723	Compliant
Middle	2411	713	Compliant
High	2480	723	Compliant

### 7.5 Plots of Hopping Channel Separation

Please refer to the following plots.





## 8 - 100 KHZ BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES

### 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

### 8.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### 8.3 Test Equipment

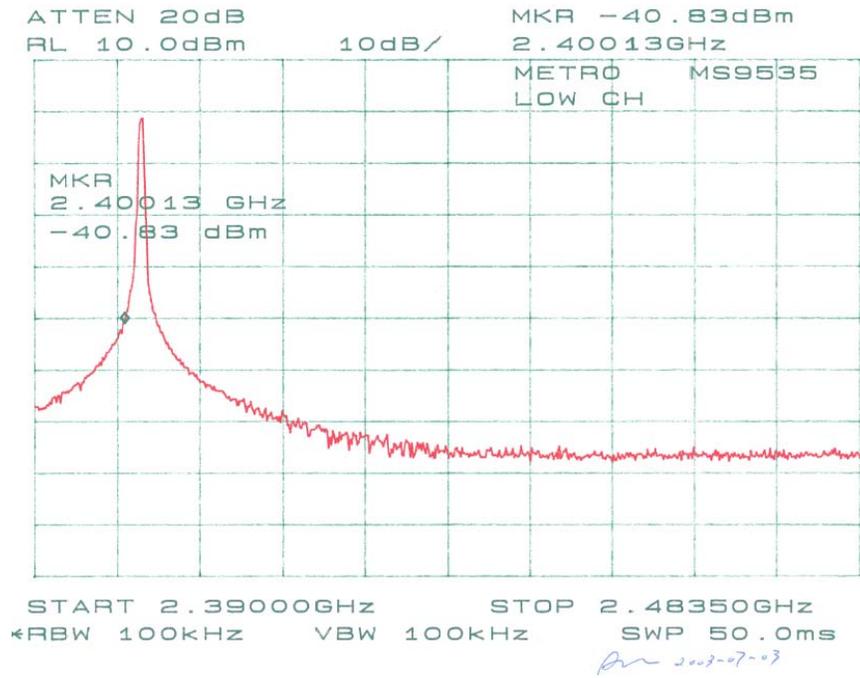
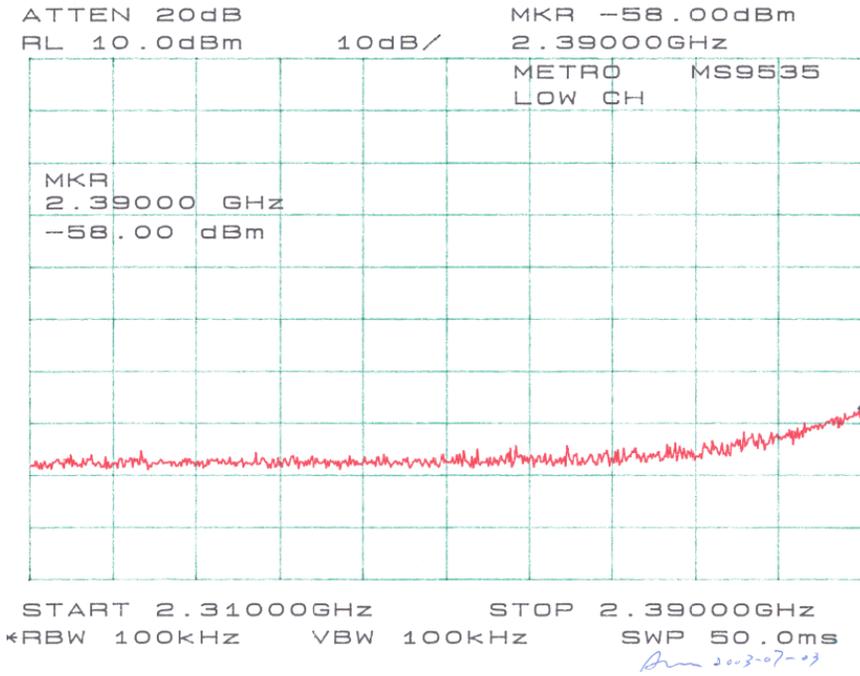
Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	3943A01781	2003-08-01

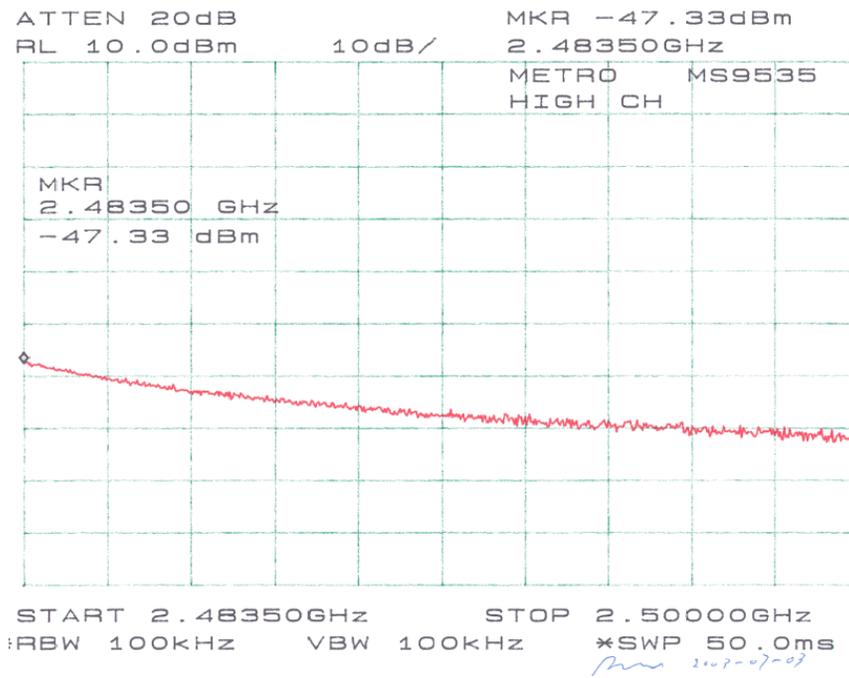
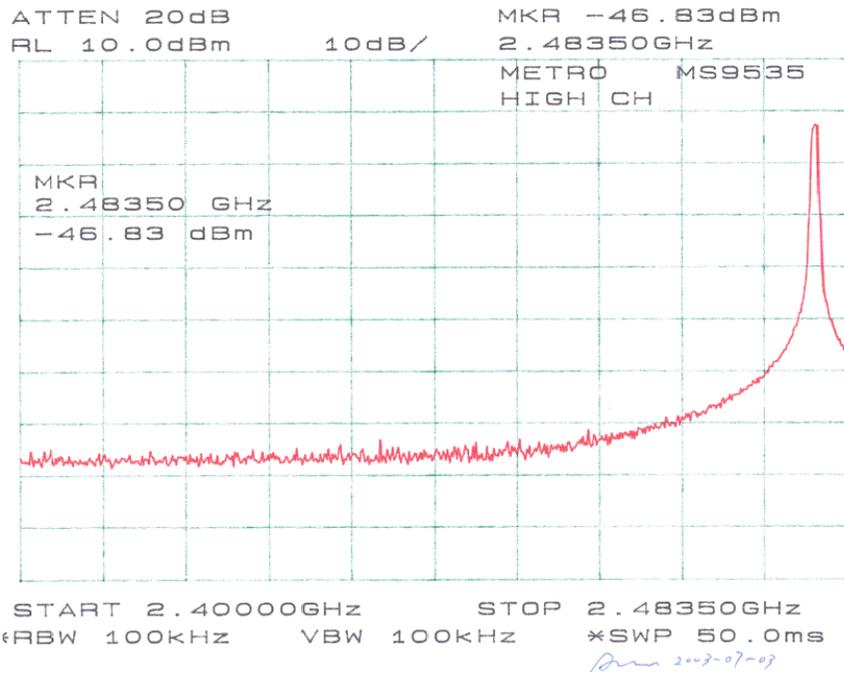
### 8.4 Measurement Results

Channel	Measurement (dBm)	Standard	Result
Low	40.83	≥ 20dB	Compliant
High	46.83	≥ 20dB	Compliant

### 8.5 Plots of 100kHz Bandwidth of Band Edge

Please refer the following plots.





## 9 - DWELL TIME

### 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (a)(1)(iii), the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### 9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT was set without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency be measured and set SA to zero span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
4. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 9.3 Test Equipment

Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	3943A01781	2003-08-01

### 9.4 Measurement Results

Low Channel:  $5 \times 2.217 \times 0.0316 = 0.35s < 0.4 s$

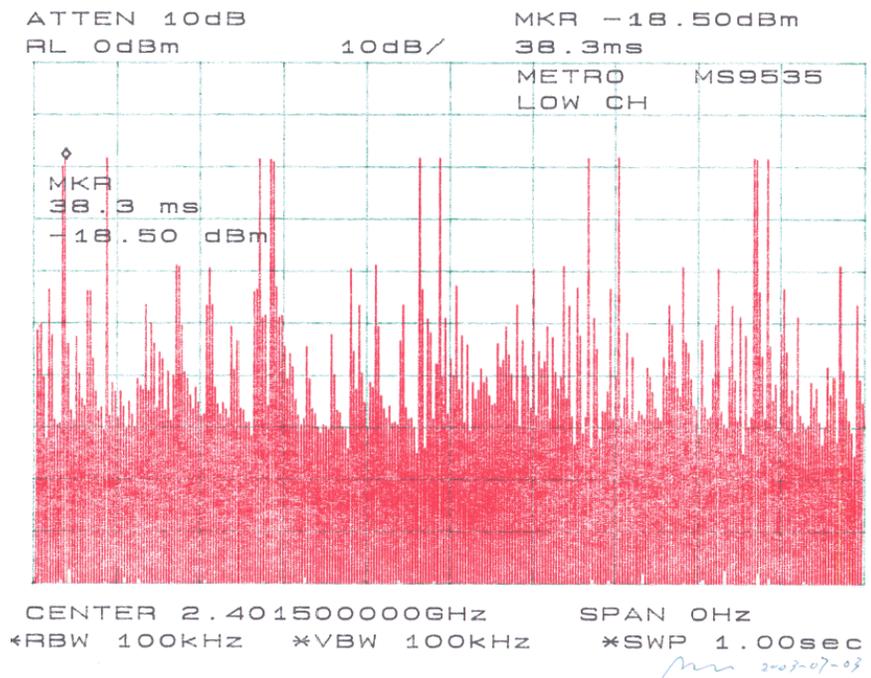
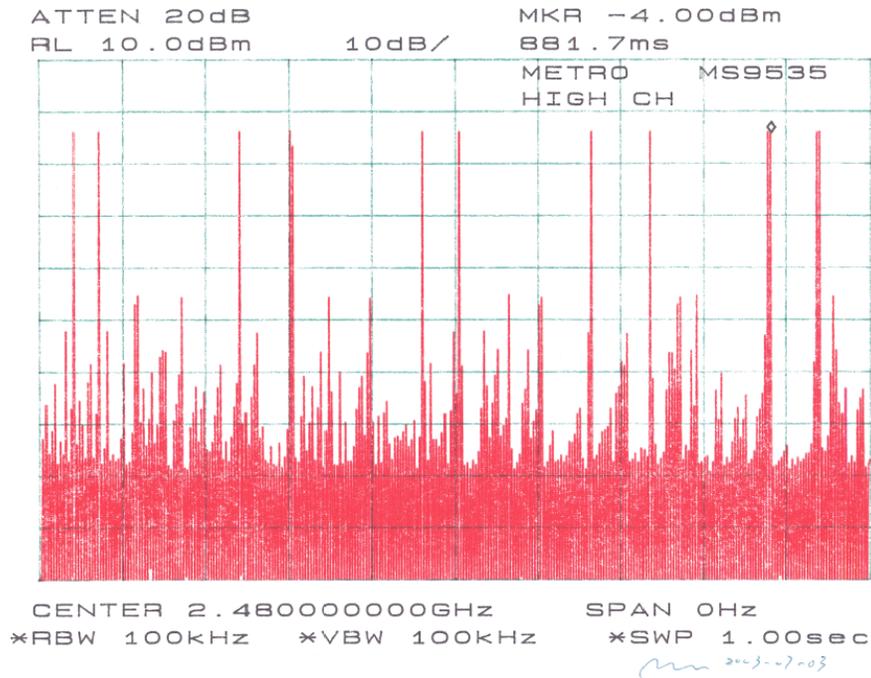
Middle Channel:  $5 \times 2.20 \times 0.0316 = 0.348s < 0.4 s$

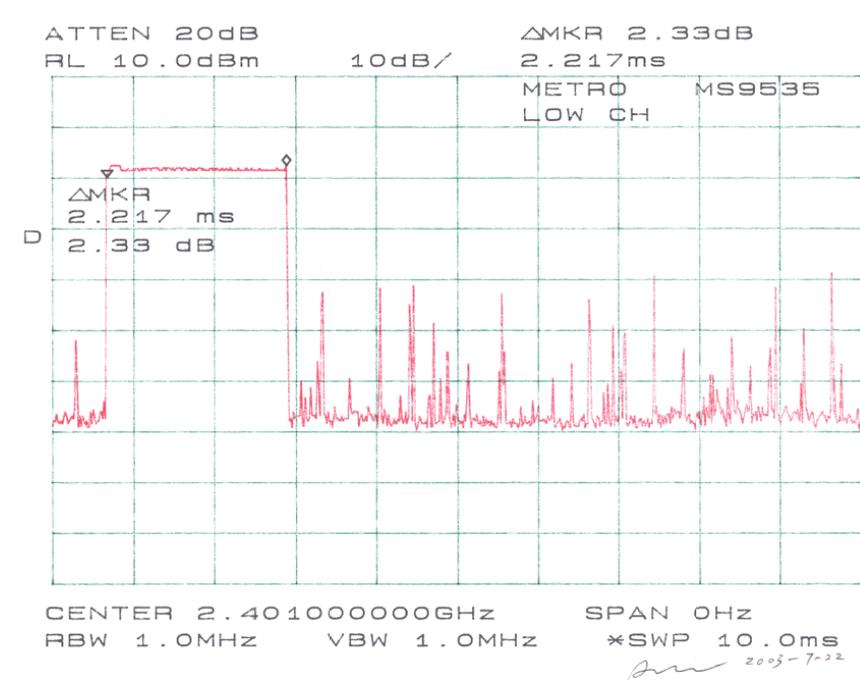
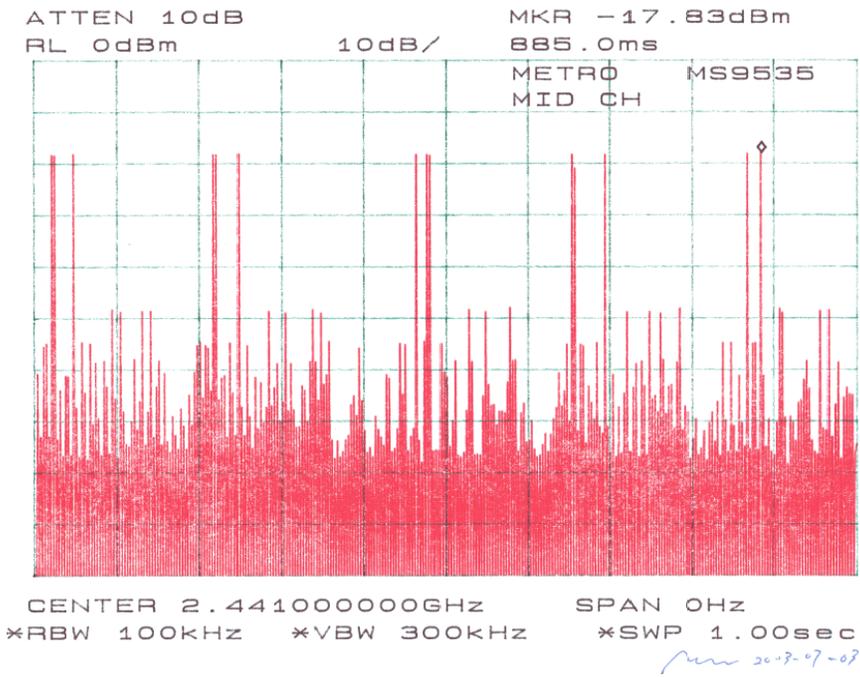
High Channel:  $5 \times 2.217 \times 0.0316 = 0.35s < 0.4 s$

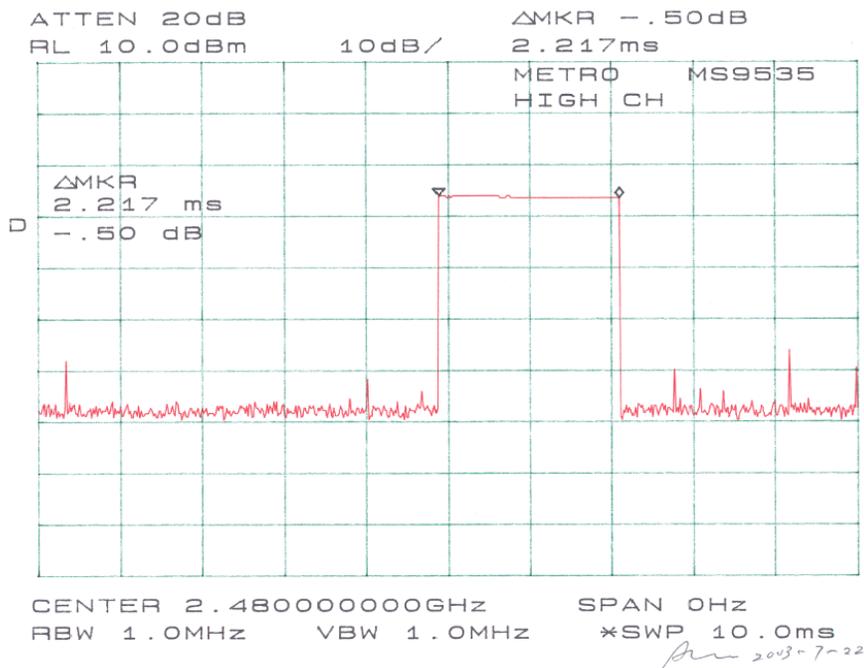
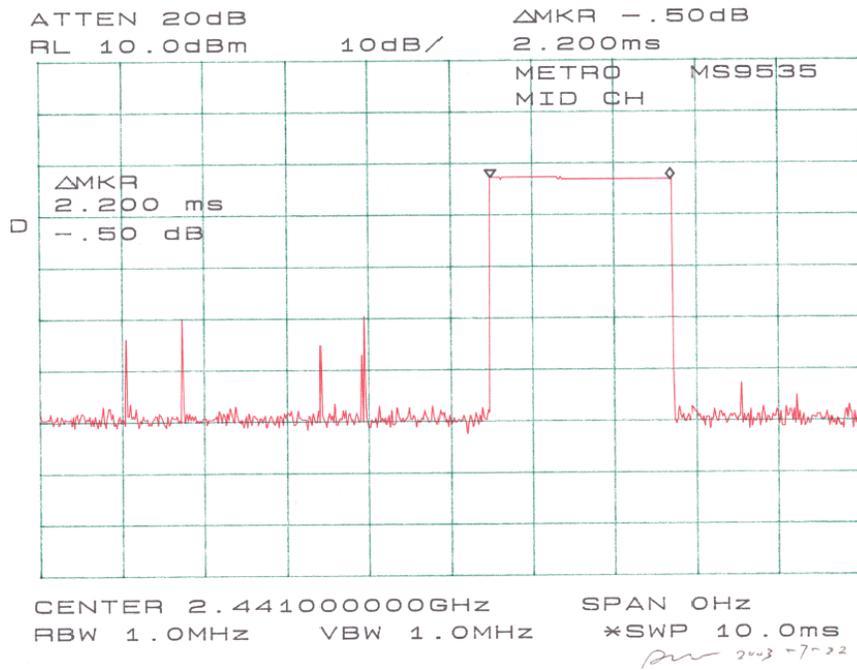
Channel	Frequency	Measurement	Standard (seconds)	Result
Low	2402	0.35	< 0.4	Compliant
Middle	2411	0.348	< 0.4	Compliant
High	2480	0.35	< 0.4	Compliant

### 9.5 Plots of Dwell Time

Please refer the following plots.







## 10 - SPURIOUS EMISSION AT ANTENNA PORT

### 10.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.209 (f) and §15.33(a), in some cases the emissions from an intentional radiator must be measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator because of the incorporation of a digital device. If measurements above the tenth harmonic are so required, the radiated emissions above the tenth harmonic shall comply with the general radiated emission limits applicable to the incorporated digital device, as shown in §15.109 and as based on the frequency of the emission being measured, or, except for emissions contained in the restricted frequency bands shown in §15.205, the limit on spurious emissions specified for the intentional radiator, whichever is the higher limit.

### 10.2 Measurement Procedure

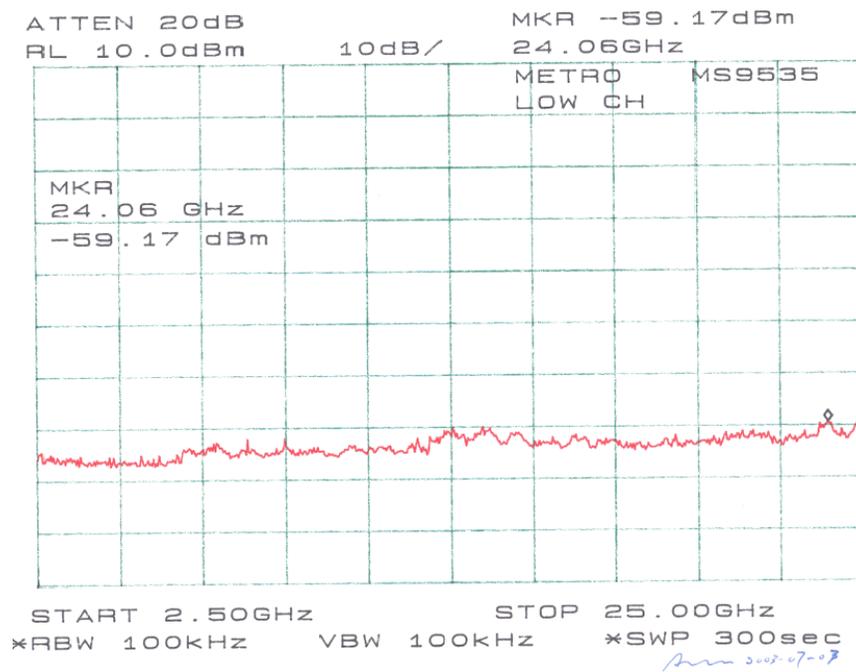
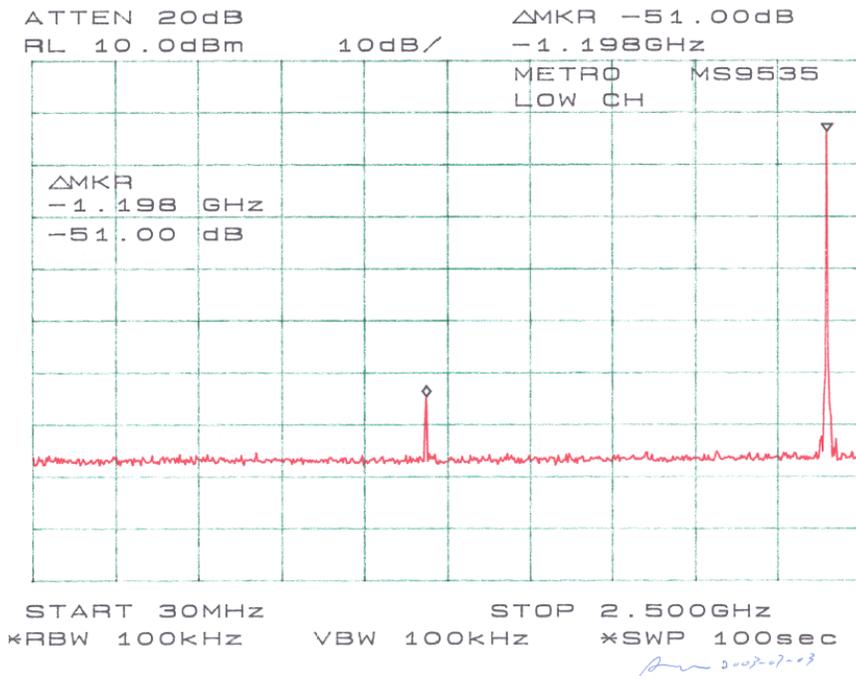
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT on a bench without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set the SA on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in transmitting mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
4. Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

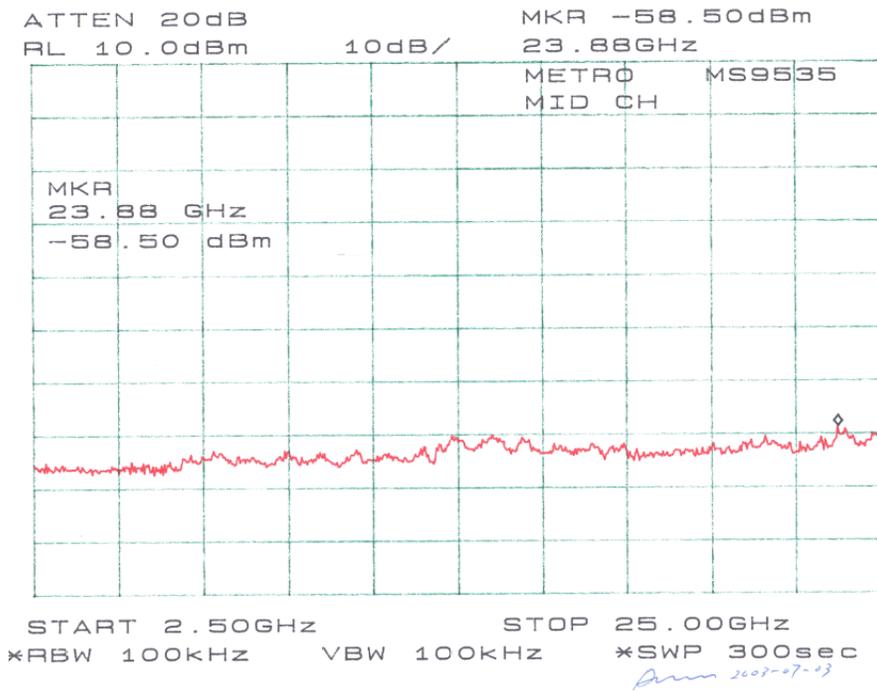
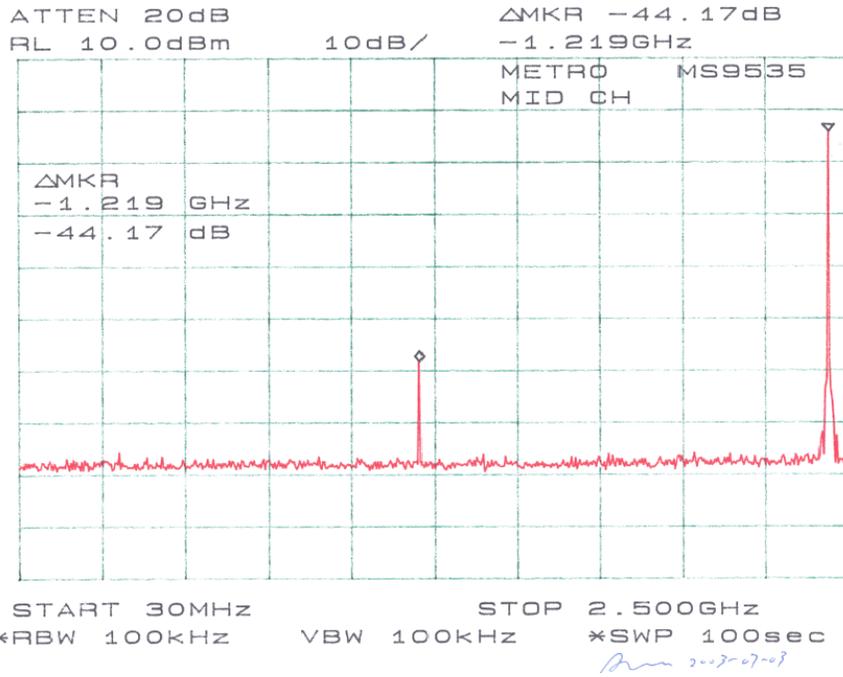
### 10.3 Test Equipment

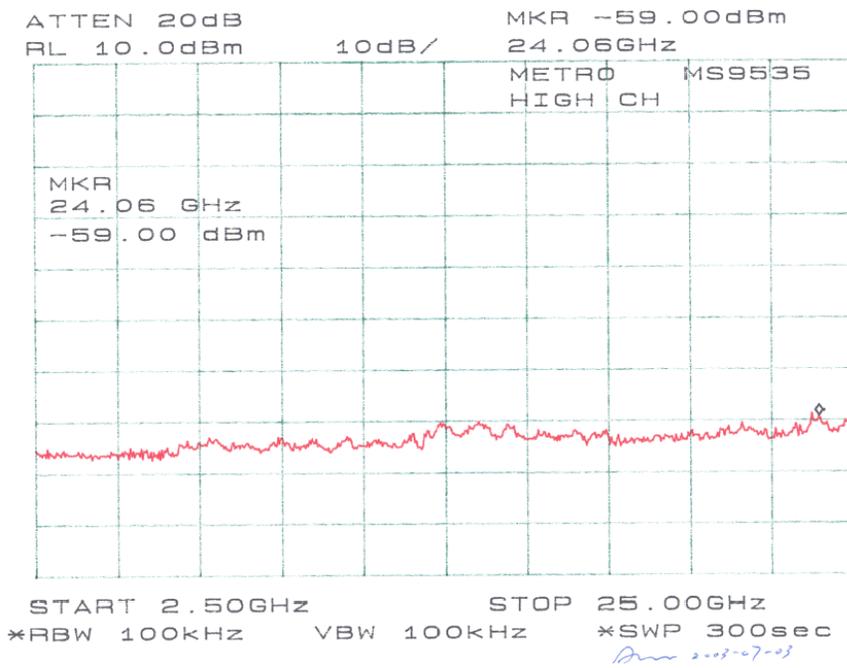
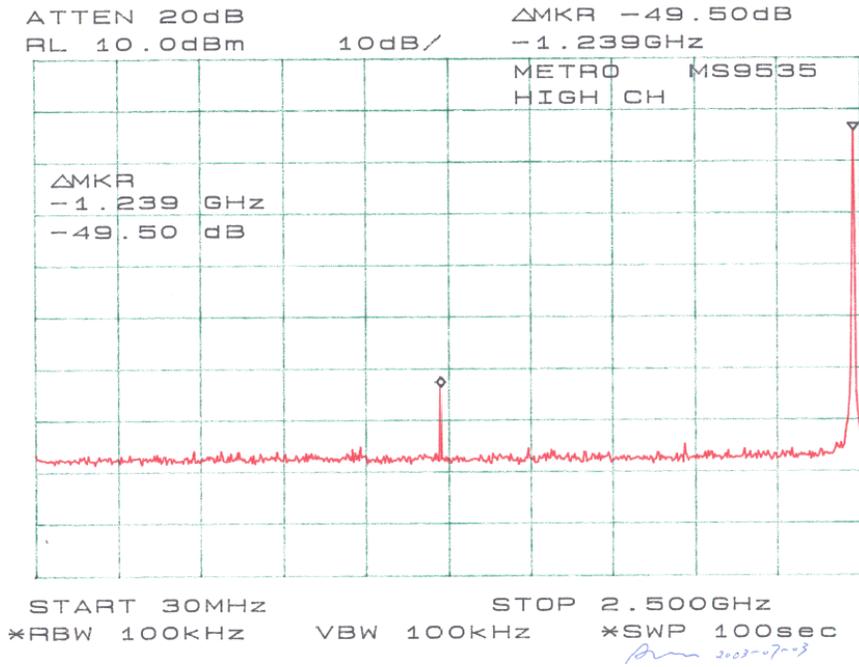
Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	3943A01781	2003-08-01

### 10.4 Measurement Results

Please refer to the following plots.







## 11 - RADIATED EMISSION

### 11.1 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement at BACL is  $\pm 4.0$  dB.

### 11.2 Test Setup

The radiated emission tests were performed in the open area 3-meter test site, using the setup in accordance with the ANSI C63.4-1992. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C limits.

The laptop notebook was placed on the center of the back edge on the test table with the EUT connected to it.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The laptop was connected with 120Vac/60Hz power source.

### 11.3 Spectrum Analyzer Setup

According to FCC Rules, 47 CFR §15.33 (a) (1), the system was tested to 25000 MHz.

During the radiated emission test, the spectrum analyzer was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency .....	30 MHz
Stop Frequency .....	25000 MHz
Sweep Speed .....	Auto
IF Bandwidth .....	1 MHz
Video Bandwidth .....	1 MHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth.....	120 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode .....	Normal
Resolution Bandwidth.....	1MHz

#### 11.4 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, both the laptop and all peripheral power cords were connected to the AC floor outlet since the power supply used in the laptop did not provide an accessory power outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance is with all installation combinations.

All data was recorded in the peak detection mode. Quasi-peak readings was performed only when an emission was found to be marginal (within -4 dB $\mu$ V of specification limits), and are distinguished with a "Qp" in the data table.

#### 11.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corr. Ampl.} = \text{Indicated Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Factor} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7dB $\mu$ V means the emission is 7dB $\mu$ V below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corr. Ampl.} - \text{Class B Limit}$$

#### 11.6 Summary of Test Results

According to the data in section 11.7, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.207, and 15.247, and had the worst margin of:

- 12.6 dB at 7206.60 MHz in the **Horizontal** polarization, Low Channel.
- 13.1 dB at 7323.60 MHz in the **Horizontal** polarization, Middle Channel.
- 13.4 dB at 7440.60 MHz in the **Horizontal** polarization, High Channel.
- 6.1 dB at 32.09 MHz in the **Vertical** polarization, Unintentional Emission

**11.7 Radiated Emission Test Data**

**11.7.1 Test Data for Transmitter / Scanner**

Frequency MHz	Indicated		Antenna Height Meter	Antenna		Correction Factor			FCC 15 Subpart C		
	Ampl. dBµV/m	Direction Degree		Polar H/V	Antenna dBµV/m	Cable Loss dBµV/ m	Amp. dB	Corr. Ampl. dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin dB	Mode
Low Channel											
2402.20	92.30	140	1.5	V	28.1	3.4	35.2	88.6			FUND/PEAK
2402.20	100.60	180	1.8	H	28.1	3.4	35.2	96.9			FUND/PEAK
2402.20	61.70	140	1.5	V	28.1	3.4	35.2	58.0			FUND/AVE
2402.20	64.80	180	1.8	H	28.1	3.4	35.2	61.1			FUND/AVE
7206.60	34.20	185	1.5	H	35.1	5.6	33.5	41.4	54	-12.6	AVE
4804.40	36.40	170	1.5	H	32.5	4.9	33.0	40.8	54	-13.2	AVE
7206.60	32.70	140	1.5	V	35.1	5.6	33.5	39.9	54	-14.1	AVE
4804.40	33.80	130	1.5	V	32.5	4.9	33.0	38.2	54	-15.8	AVE
7206.60	47.60	185	1.5	H	35.1	5.6	33.5	54.8	74	-19.2	PEAK
4804.40	49.30	170	1.5	H	32.5	4.9	33.0	53.7	74	-20.3	PEAK
7206.60	45.30	140	1.5	V	35.1	5.6	33.5	52.5	74	-21.5	PEAK
4804.40	47.10	130	1.5	V	32.5	4.9	33.0	51.5	74	-22.5	PEAK
Middle Channel											
2441.20	92.20	70	1.8	V	28.1	3.4	35.2	88.5			FUND/PEAK
2441.20	100.50	90	1.8	H	28.1	3.4	35.2	96.8			FUND/PEAK
2441.20	59.80	70	1.8	V	28.1	3.4	35.2	56.1			FUND/AVE
2441.20	62.30	90	1.8	H	28.1	3.4	35.2	58.6			FUND/AVE
7323.60	33.70	90	1.5	H	35.1	5.6	33.5	40.9	54	-13.1	AVE
4882.40	36.20	0	1.5	H	32.5	4.9	33.0	40.6	54	-13.4	AVE
7323.60	31.90	60	1.8	V	35.1	5.6	33.5	39.1	54	-14.9	AVE
4882.40	33.50	70	1.5	V	32.5	4.9	33.0	37.9	54	-16.1	AVE
7323.60	47.50	90	1.5	H	35.1	5.6	33.5	54.7	74	-19.3	PEAK
4882.40	49.10	0	1.5	H	32.5	4.9	33.0	53.5	74	-20.5	PEAK
7323.60	45.10	60	1.8	V	35.1	5.6	33.5	52.3	74	-21.7	PEAK
4882.40	46.80	70	1.5	V	32.5	4.9	33.0	51.2	74	-22.8	PEAK
High Channel											
2480.20	90.20	160	1.5	V	28.1	3.4	35.2	86.5			FUND/PEAK
2480.20	98.40	170	1.5	H	28.1	3.4	35.2	94.7			FUND/PEAK
2480.20	54.80	160	1.5	V	28.1	3.4	35.2	51.1			FUND/AVE
2480.20	59.50	170	1.5	H	28.1	3.4	35.2	55.8			FUND/AVE
7440.60	33.40	180	1.5	H	35.1	5.6	33.5	40.6	54	-13.4	AVE
4960.40	35.80	175	1.5	H	32.5	4.9	33.0	40.2	54	-13.8	AVE
7440.60	31.10	160	1.5	V	35.1	5.6	33.5	38.3	54	-15.7	AVE
4960.40	33.20	150	1.6	V	32.5	4.9	33.0	37.6	54	-16.4	AVE
7440.60	46.90	180	1.5	H	35.1	5.6	33.5	54.1	74	-19.9	PEAK
4960.40	48.90	175	1.5	H	32.5	4.9	33.0	53.3	74	-20.7	PEAK
7440.60	44.70	160	1.5	V	35.1	5.6	33.5	51.9	74	-22.1	PEAK
4960.40	46.30	150	1.6	V	32.5	4.9	33.0	50.7	74	-23.3	PEAK

**Unintentional Emission**

Frequency MHz	Indicated		Antenna	Antenna		Correction Factor			FCC 15 Subpart C	
	Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Direction Degree	Height Meter	Polar H/V	Antenna dB $\mu$ V/m	Cable Loss dB $\mu$ V/ m	Amp. dB	Corr. Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Limit dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB
32.09	43.20	270	1.2	V	14.9	0.8	25.0	33.9	40	-6.1
319.60	46.10	90	1.2	V	15.1	2.3	25.0	38.5	46	-7.5
159.74	41.50	30	1.5	V	12.8	1.7	25.0	31.0	43.5	-12.5
343.70	40.50	150	1.5	V	15.4	2.3	25.0	33.2	46	-12.8
312.05	39.80	180	1.5	H	15.1	2.3	25.0	32.2	46	-13.8
432.12	37.38	30	1.3	H	16.9	2.8	25.0	32.1	46	-13.9

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## **12 - CONDUCTED EMISSION**

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Not Applicable Due to Battery Operation.

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## **13 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

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According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to § 15.247 (1), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The antenna of the device is permanently attached to the device.

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## **14 - RF EXPOSURE**

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According to §15.247(b)(4) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

The radiated output power of this intentional wireless radio is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. The internal wireless radio operates within guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, which reflect the consensus of the scientific community. The level of energy omitted is far less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by wireless devices such as mobile phones.